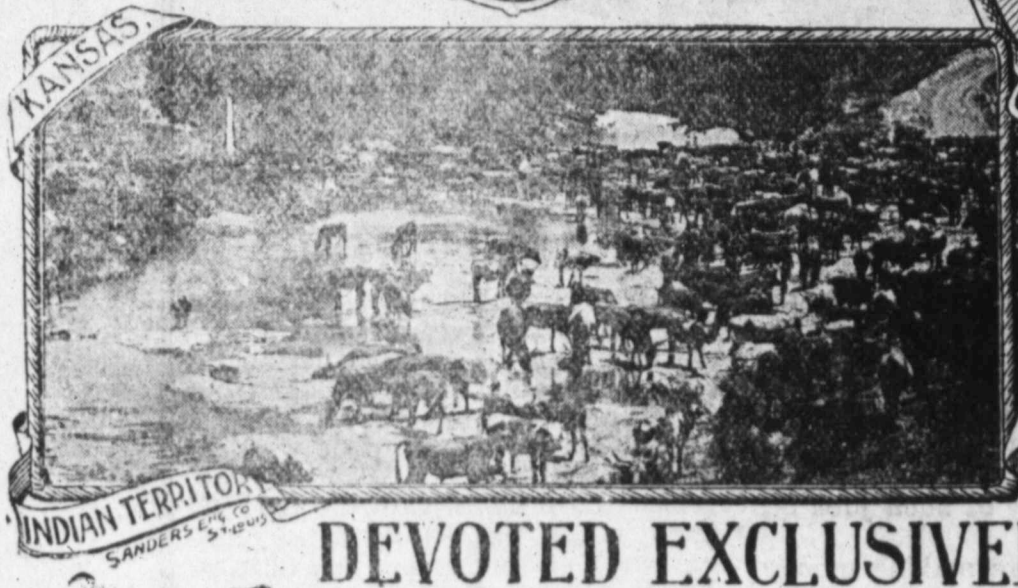


# The LIVESTOCK



Historical Society

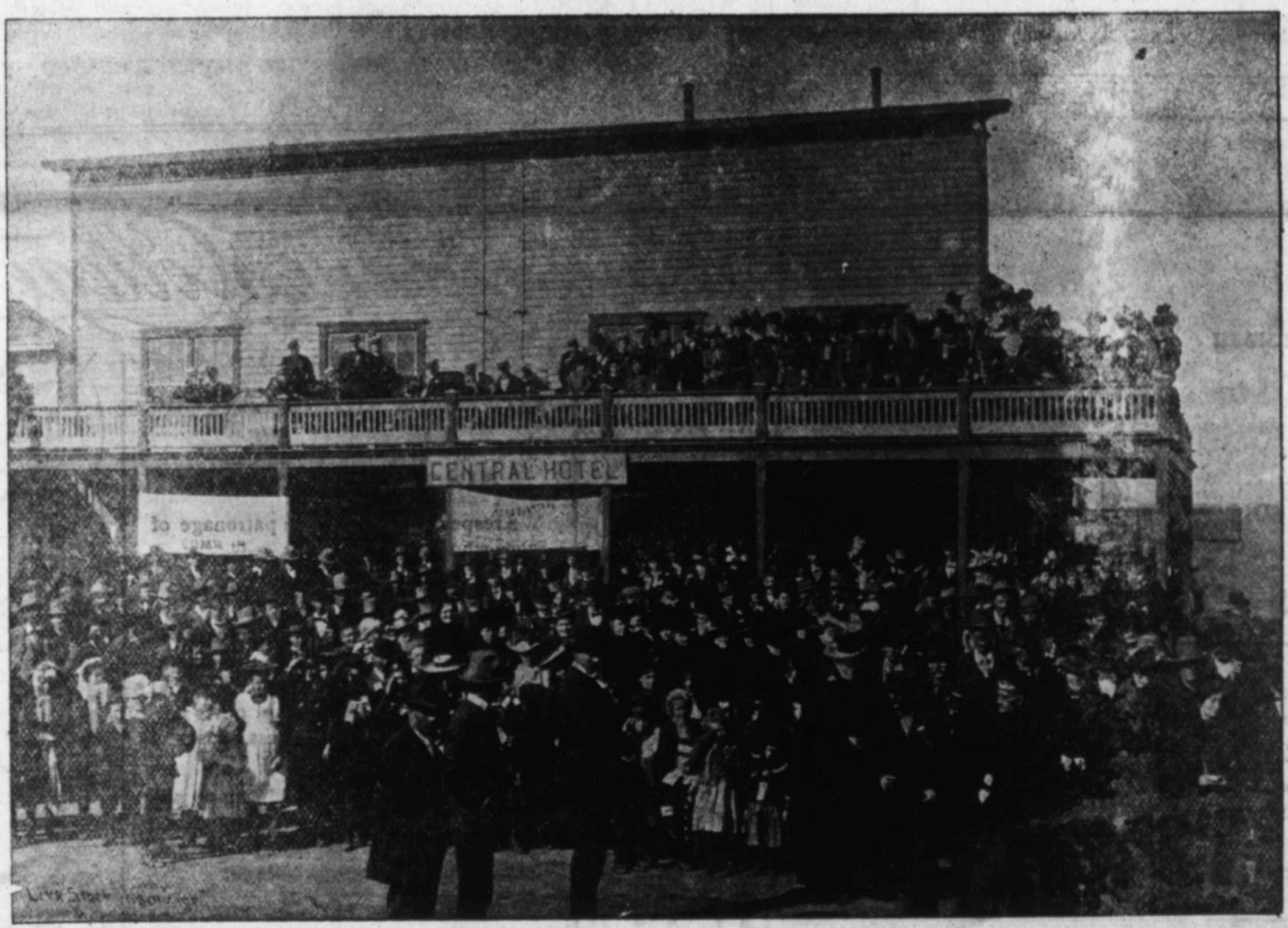
# INSPECTOR

DEVOTED EXCLUSIVELY TO LIVE STOCK INTERESTS.

Thirteenth Year  
No 19 and 20

Woodward, Oklahoma, Kansas City, Missouri, January 15, 1908

50 Cents Per Year



Retrospective—View of Live Stock Convention held at Woodward in 1898

Established 1897

Both Phones 386 Res. Phone 1672

References—National Bank of Commerce

**UNION LIVE STOCK COM. CO.**

A. B. MOORE, Manager

Cattle, Hogs and Sheep handled Exclusively on Commission. Money to Loan on Cattle. Your Business will receive our Personal Attention.

Union Stock Yards . . . . . Wichita, Kans.

**SHIP YOUR**

**Cattle, Hogs and Sheep**

to the Farmers and Stockmans  
Favorite Company

**CHERRY-TILDEN LIVE STOCK**

**Com. Co.**

**KANSAS CITY**

20 Years in Active Business.  
Reference: Any Bank in Kansas City  
Write us. Wire us. Ship to us.



**I.H.C.**  
**GASOLINE**  
**ENGINE**

*A Money Making Power  
for Farmers*

DOING a job with an engine in less than one-half the time and with less than one-half the labor required to do it without the use of gasoline engine power, is making money for the farmer.

There are plenty of such jobs on the farm.

and while you are making money this way you are saving your strength and lengthening your days; another reason for making the investment.

Powers for the farmers' use have come to be a necessity. Think of the uses you can put a gasoline engine to: sawing wood, pumping water, churning or operating the cream separator, running feed mill, shelling or shredding corn, threshing, and numerous other jobs of this nature.

They enable farmers to do their work faster, do it better, do it easier and accomplish more than farmers have ever been able to accomplish before in the history of the world.

I. H. C. engines have done much to bring all this about.

They are the one line of engines that have been perfected and are manufactured specially for farmers' use. The company that builds the I. H. C. engines also makes an extensive line of unexcelled harvesting machines.

It can no more afford to let an inefficient gasoline engine go out from its shops than it can afford to send out a poorly built or poor working binder or mower.

If you will investigate the I. H. C. engines you will find that they are engines you can depend upon always. You must have dependability.

You will find them economical in operation.


You will find them simple and easy to understand. That is all-important to the man who is not an expert mechanic.

You will always be able to get from them their full rating of power, and more. You will have a choice of varied styles and sizes, so that your exact needs will be fully met. Vertical, in 2 and 3-H. P.

Horizontal (including portable and stationary), in 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 15 and 20-H. P.

If you want to be fully advised on superior farm powers, call and take the matter up with our local agents. They will give you all particulars, or write or call for catalog and colored hanger illustrating and describing these engines.

**INTERNATIONAL HARVESTER COMPANY OF AMERICA**  
(Incorporated)  
**CHICAGO, U. S. A.**



Joe P. Smith.  
Cow and Heifer Salesman  
FOR  
Rice Brothers.  
Kansas City Stock Yards.

We don't care what kind of stock you ship to us. We have men who know how to sell all kinds—common to good—old skates or market toppers. Our staff of cattle sellers includes Bill Curtis, Joe Smith, Bob Yancey and George Rice. If you'll bill 'em to us we'll get all they're worth all the time and some times more.

**SHIP TO THE GROWING FIRM.**

**RICE BROTHERS.**  
KANSAS CITY STOCK YARDS.

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**SIXTEENTH YEAR**

We respectfully solicit the patronage of those who desire

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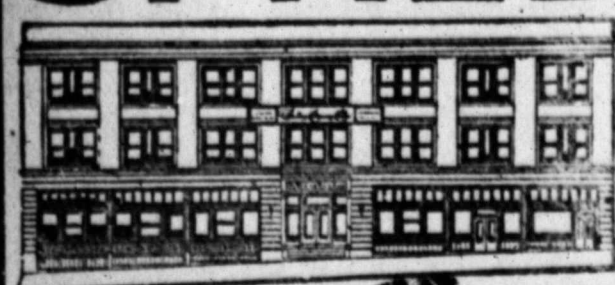
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**COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,**  
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41st YEAR.  
BOOK-KEEPING, SHORTHAND, TYPE-WRITING, TELEGRAPHY AND ENGLISH.  
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GYMNASIUM and AUDITORIUM.  
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Catalogue " " Free.

OUR NEW COLLEGE BUILDING.

THE  
**DAIRY**  
DEPARTMENT

**Cream Ripening in Winter.**

The ripening of cream should at all times be considered a matter of paramount importance in the manufacture of good butter, but more especially so during cold weather. Moreover, ordinary temperatures, such as will insure a fairly vigorous development of lactic acid germs, are not nearly as apt to give us undesirable flavors in milk or cream as those temperatures which stop the growth of these organisms, and which, by virtue of this, foster the development of undesirable kinds capable of growing at relatively low temperatures.

The increased number of undesirable germs, together with the increased length of time during which the milk and cream are kept, undoubtedly accounts for much of the inferior butter made during cold weather. We have long since learned that sweet cream is not always synonymous with good cream. Indeed it may be stated with a considerable degree of certainty that cream which has been kept sweet at 42 to 44 degrees F. for 24 or 36 hours is not in a condition to make the highest quality of butter, no matter how cleanly the conditions under which it has been produced. The writer has never succeeded in making as good butter from cream kept sweet 24 hours as from a similar cream ripened immediately. As a rule, there is a tendency to impart a bitter or strong flavor even in cream produced under cleanly conditions. The moment you check the growth of the lactic acid bacteria you may be certain to foster the development of undesirable organisms which are always present in milk or cream. In attempting to hold milk sweet for any length of time, therefore, we should always remember that conditions which check the development of lactic acid organisms do not necessarily stop the action of undesirable fermentations, and that the larger the number of acid to non-acid germs present the less noticeable will be the effect from the non-acid or undesirable organisms.

Bearing on the past point, a number of experiments were conducted by the writer several years ago in which it was found that when cream was held sweet 25 to 36 hours at a temperature of 40 to 45 degrees F. a bitter and somewhat strong flavor invariably developed; so that even when subsequently ripened with a heavy starter, the butter retained some of the undesirable flavor. When the cream was first soured and then held the same length of time at the same temperature, the flavor of the butter was invariably good.

This, then, teaches us that during cold weather, while cream may readily be kept sweet a day or two, it isn't advisable to do so on account of the undesirable flavors which are certain to develop. But if deliveries of cream are to be made less frequently, starter should be added to the cream as

soon as separated, whether at the factor, skimming station, or farm, so as to insure not only a large predominance of lactic acid bacteria at the start, but for the further reason that the abnormal fermentations will do less mischief when the cream is held over in a moderately sour condition.

A recent writer reported the results of inoculating cream with a starter on the farm, a practice which has been found highly satisfactory during the summer, and we believe that it will prove even more satisfactory during cold weather for the reason that the decreased danger from oversouring would permit the use of a larger amount of starter.—Elgin Dairy Report.

**Dairy Notes.**

Whitewash the stable once or twice each summer. We recommend the use of lime plaster in the gutters

to keep the stable and the dairy room in a cleanly condition. There is no danger of getting things too clean, so that no effort expended in cleaning up things will be wasted.

Milk is a little heavier than water. The specific gravity of milk is from 1.029 to 1.033. If there is any departure from these figures, it shows the presence of water or a large percentage of skim milk.

S. M. Tracy, a dairy expert says it is impossible to secure good milk or make good butter when the cows are obliged to drink from surface ponds. Since 87 per cent of milk is water it is a very important thing that the water should be fresh and pure.

If the separator is used, cool the cream at once to a temperature of about 50 degrees as soon as it comes from the separator. This may be easily done by placing it in a so-called "shot gun" and setting it in cold water. Cover with a cloth lid while it is cooling.

After all, the old rule of giving one pound of grain or bran each day for every hundred pounds the cow weighs is a reasonably good one. It can be probably followed in the absence of scales and the knowledge of the number of pounds of food elements in the feed.

The town and city customers should test the dairyman before they test the milk he sells. If he is found reliable in every respect, the chances are that the milk will come up to the standard. It is the unreliable, dishonest dairyman who adulterates the milk he has for sale.

It is estimated that there are \$500,000,000 worth of dairy cattle in the United States. It is claimed that there is a cow of some sort for every three people in the United States. If these cows were all the right kind of animals, there would be no excuse for the production of oleomargarine,

**HUGE CROPS PILING UP**

THE COUNTRY ON THE THRESHOLD OF ANOTHER BOOM.

Lord & Thomas Make Public Report on the Conditions of the People Which Show Unparalleled Resources—The Same in All Sections.—

Chicago, Dec. 5.—Evidence direct from the farms, positive in nature, corroborates E. H. Harriman's statements made in New York yesterday that the country is on the threshold of a boom unparalleled in history. The evidence is in the form of statistics covering the products of the nation for the year and they show that the farmers are fairly yawning in their wealth, that the vaults of the country banks are groaning under the heavy weight put upon them and that never in history has the farmer been in such a good position as he is today.

The statistics were gathered by C. R. Erwin, president of the advertising agency of Lord & Thomas, who for a number of years has collected figures to determine the pulse of the business of the country. Believing that the most accurate information could be obtained by going back to the soil itself, figuratively speaking, he has made it a practice to seek his information from the farmers and stock raisers themselves and from the editors of the farm publications throughout the country.

From East and West, North and South, the most optimistic and healthy reports have come back. Not a publisher or editor sent in a gloomy response to the request of Mr. Erwin, and a survey of the reports of actual crop conditions shows that the actual prosperity of the nation really is remarkable.

The great stable corn crop of Missouri is better this year than it has been in many a day, is the testimony of the Fruit Grower, St. Joseph, Mo., and the further assertion is made that the season for ripening and gathering has been ideal.

Kansas sent word that is astonishing truth. In Kansas there is 200 million dollars' worth of grain and other products ready for the market and 165 million dollars on deposit in the Kansas banks. The average for the United States is a ratio of one-third cash to the total of farm products and the showing of Kansas made here marks the state as one of the gigantic business centers of the nation and of the world.

Iowa, Nebraska, Minnesota, Wis-

consin, the Dakotas, the coast and Dixie—end the series—epitomized, crops, prosperity, happy.

**Hereford Sale Coming**

According to present arrangements, there will be "something" in Hereford circles in the Kansas territory this spring. A Hereford breeders' association for mutual acquaintance and "institute" work will be organized and a number of sales will be held at Kansas City. Perhaps the most important of these will be the three-day auction under the management of C. A. Stannard, Emporia, Kans., which will be held Feb. 25, 26 and 27. About 200 head of selected cattle will be offered on this occasion, chosen from many of the most prominent herds in the adjoining territory. Gudge & Co. of Independence, Mo., have agreed to sell at least 25 head in this sale. They will put in their best young stock and they promise that their choice bull will be liberally represented.

This bull is Beau President, which is regarded by his owners and practically every one who has visited his great herd recently, as the most influential sire ever used by them, not excepting his famous sire, Beau Brunmel, Frank Rockefeller of Belvidere, Ks. will consign fully 60 head and these will be to the standard established by his previous consignments to the best combination sales. Ten head—both bulls and females—will be supplied by Steele Bros. of Richland, Kans., whose Princeps family have been so prominent in the best show rings for the past 3 years. Jones Bros. of Comiskey, Kans. consigns 12 head and Cargill & Price 12 head. The character of these herds are too well known to need any comment. Among the other consignors who contribute from four to ten head each are R. T. Thornton, B. H. Downing, J. V. Brook, J. J. Early, Walter B. Waddell, Fred Perkins, R. C. Wilson, R. T. Pence, J. W. Lenox, Makin Bros., L. Pinet, T. P. Whittenburg, and J. O. Bryant. Every effort will be made to make this offering the best collection of Herefords of like number ever offered the buying public in one sale. It will undoubtedly afford the greatest opportunity of the season for the selection of up-to-date Hereford breeding stock and we would urge our readers to bear the sale in mind.

Save the calves—fresh Vaccine to prevent Blackleg, on sale at the NEWS office.

**FRIEND or STRANGER**

You are not taking any chances when you do business with us.

**WELCH BROS.** Established in K. C. in 1883.

**Live Stock Commission Agents** Kansas City, Mo.

We refer to all honest folks who know us.

Write, phone or wire us for accurate market information.

HOME PHONE 439 MAIN

BELL PHONE 439 WICKORY

BEN L. WELCH

CHAS. A. WELCH

# THE LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR

PUBLISHED SEMI-MONTHLY BY

**BOLTON PUBLISHING CO.**

MAIN OFFICE  
WOODWARD, OKLA.,

BRANCH OFFICE  
KANSAS CITY, MO

The only journal published in Oklahoma, devoted exclusively to live stock interests and stock farming.

Entered at the post office at Woodward, Oklahoma, as second class mail matter.

JANUARY 15, 1908

**NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.**

**REMITTANCES.** In sending money to the LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR please observe that the Clearing House will not accept private checks at par. Remit by postal or express orders, eastern bank exchange, registered letter, or if by private check add twenty-five cents for collection. Amounts of less than \$1 can be paid in postage stamps.

**DISCONTINUANCES.** Subscribers wishing the LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR stopped at the expiration of their subscription must notify us in writing to that effect otherwise we shall consider it is their wish to have it continued and we will make collection for the same.

**CHANGES OF ADDRESS.** When a change of address is ordered, both the new and old address must be given and notice sent two weeks before the change is desired. We require this on account of our heavy mailing list.

**Official Organ of the Oklahoma Live Stock Association.**

**Advertising Rates.**

Display advertising 10 cents per line, agate fourteen lines to the inch.

Special reading notices 10 cents per line. Business cards or miscellaneous advertisements will be received from reliable advertisers at the rate of \$1.50 per agate line for one year.

Annual cards in the Breeder's Directory, consisting of four lines or less for \$6.00 per year, including a copy of the Live Stock Inspector free.

Electrics should have metal base. Objectionable advertisements or orders from unreliable advertisers, when such is known to be the case, will not be accepted at any price.

To insure prompt publication of an advertisement, send cash with the order; however, monthly or quarterly payments may be arranged by parties who are well known to the publishers, or when acceptable references are given.

All advertisements intended for the current issue should reach this office not later than the 10th or 25th of each month.

Every advertiser will receive a copy of the paper free during the publication of the advertisement.

Address all orders to

LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR, Woodward, Okla.

THE LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR exercises great care in admitting advertisements to its columns. If any of our readers wish information regarding any advertisement or advertiser we would be glad to give same. If you wish to buy anything that is not advertised in our columns, write us and we will refer you to the best place to buy.

A postal card, addressed to the Secretary of the Oklahoma Live Stock Association, Woodward, Okla., will bring by return mail a full set of blanks necessary for becoming a member of the Association, also full information pertaining to the same.

The conductor's story told by the Sabetha Star: A woman and a boy got on the train with a full fare and a half-fare ticket. "Madam, I can't take this ticket for the boy, he wears long pants," said the conductor. "All right," said the woman, "take the full fare ticket for him."

L. P. Jennins in the Gage Record advises all farmers to hold their grain and if offered 1 to 5 cents less than old market price to store it or haul it home and dump in bin, and not haul any more for several weeks. That if they will all do this the panic won't hurt them and will soon blow over.

It is said that farmers will not

stand by their friends and therefore their efforts at organization fail. We do not believe it. Farmers may for a time be deceived as to who their friends are, but they cannot be deceived for long, and when they learn the truth it will be time for somebody to "step aside."

Security idea by Col. M. M. Murdock: "It would also be a good idea to compel the bank presidents and directors to deposit all their earthly possessions in their bank and if in case of a failure the discovery should be made that the bank president and the directors had drawn out their funds, then and in that case condemn them to be shot."

Whenever a local merchant ships in from abroad produce his neighboring farmers can furnish him, he is injuring his home interests and crippling his home customers. Whenever a farmer sends away to a catalogue for goods with which his local merchant can supply him at practically the same price, he is distracting from his home business and impeding local prosperity. Neither should do it.

The fence swindler is now getting in his best licks in Oklahoma. He leaves a machine and 40 rods of wire for the farmer to try, asking, of course, that the farmer sign a receipt for them. He never shows up again but the "receipt" does as a note for \$300. Never sign a paper for a stranger. How many times that advice has been given and how many times needed! Just consider that we have offered it again.

Everything that a farmer buys except harvesters has increased in price—from 10 to 50 per cent. He pays more his plows, wagons and every other machine and tool he handles. He pays more his clothing and food and everything that he sells has increased in price in a corresponding ratio during that time. The cost of manufacture and all the materials he uses have advanced. Pig iron has increased from \$13.50 to \$20.75 per ton; since the consolidation, steel from \$1.35 to \$1.66 per hundredweight, pine lumber from \$26 to \$37.50 per thousand, hard wood from \$25.50 to \$37.50 per thousand, crating from \$9 to \$15 per thousand, cotton duck from 27 to 36 cents a yard, and labor from an average of 19.4 to 22.6 cents an hour.

**To Delinquent Subscribers.**

According to an order from the postmaster general at Washington, D. C., subscribers to daily and weekly newspapers, monthly magazines and all periodicals entitled to second class postage rates must pay their subscription up to date if they wish to receive the publication after January 1, 1908. The order is a drastic one and does not leave any alternative to the publisher other than to collect the subscription price or stop the paper. The order provides that dailies must not be sent though the mails to subscribers who are more than three months arrears in their subscription; monthly

papers, four months; weekly papers to subscribers who are more than twelve months in arrears. This order is effective January 1, 1908. It came as a surprise to the publishers and will work a hardship upon many. —Curtis Courier.

**East Behind in Education.**

A fact which will be surprising to some easterners is that people of the middle west are ahead of them in the matter of average education. The rate of illiteracy in cities of 5,000 or over in the North Atlantic states, which include New England, New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania, was at the date of the last national census 5.8 per cent and outside the cities 7.3 per cent.

In the north central states, which include Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, North and South Dakota, Nebraska and Kansas, the percentages were 3.3 and 4.6 respectively. In the former division there are 87 universities and colleges, with 29,995 undergraduates and 3,003 graduate students, while in the latter there are 187 institutions of this character, with 40,537 undergraduates and 2,827 graduate students.

**"What Fols These Mortals Be!"**

[Ashland Clipper—Non-Par.]

Here are a few right off the bat. Truly, little pinhead politicians had better quit. Catch this last one from the Medicine Lodge Index:

"It was Grover Cleveland who gave this country its last dose of Democratic tariff reform and though people soon forget, it is not probable that a great majority of them will fail to remember the times that followed." —Kraigman Leader-Courier.

But let us not borrow trouble over ancient things. It's the present that is disturbing the people and "it is probable" that "a great majority" of the people are in a mood to forget what is doing this day. And we have the old blessed protective tariff, the infallible gold standard, a republican president, a republican congress, republican courts, and yet, what's the price of hogs and cattle, and how's business generally? Oh you pinhead politicians, you selfish, unprincipled pie-eaters! You should be more than willing not to hold up the days of old Grover if the other fellows are kind enough to withhold remarks.

**TO PROTECT OKLAHOMA BIRDS**

**Terms of the Measure Introduced in the State Legislature.**

Guthrie, Ok., Dec. 19.—A bill for the protection of game and insectivorous wild birds, prepared by the United States bureau of biological survey, has been introduced in the lower house by Representative T. B. Wortman, chairman of the fish and game committee. This bill has the backing of the state Audubon society.

In a letter to General J. C. Jamison of Guthrie at whose solicitation the bill was drawn, C. E. Brewster of the biological survey wrote that at the request of the legislature a representative of the survey would be sent to Oklahoma to assist in making plain the merits of the bill. By the terms of the bill all wild animals and birds are made the property of the state. The open seasons are:

Quail, wild turkeys and prairie chickens, November 15 to January 15; snipe, plover, woodcock and all waterfowl, October 18 to December 31.

The bag is limited to one turkey a day, and five in a season; twenty quail in a day and 100 in a season, three prairie chickens in a day and twenty-five in a season. Only twenty waterfowl and twelve snipe, plover or woodcock may be killed in a day. No gun larger than a ten gauge may be used, and must be shot at arm's length and without a rest. The plumage and eggs of wild birds may not be taken except for scientific purposes and only by persons licensed for this purpose.

**Winter Tree Planting.**

Fruit and shade trees may be set any time during the winter if the soil is in proper condition for the working. The condition of the soil at the time trees are set has more to do with the success or failure of the trees than does the season of the setting. If the land is in good condition in the fall and the trees can be obtained it is better to set them than to wait and run the risk of having risk of not having the soil in good condition later on. The land should be in a thorough state of cultivation and should be moist enough to work well when the trees are set. If they are in good condition there is no need of watering them.

Trees set in early winter may be a little difficult to protect from rabbits, but they are usually in better condition to start growth in the spring than those that have been heeled in all winter. There are not so many poor trees sold in the fall as in the spring and for this reason fall setting usually gives better results than spring setting.—Oklahoma Station.

**Western Oklahoma, Kansas and Panhandle Country.**

Two or three weeks ago a dispatch was sent out from Washington which seemed to be of such a nature as to discourage the brave settlers in western Kansas western Oklahoma and the Panhandle.

It made the positive statement that the settlement of western Kansas would not increase the rainfall, and that while more rain had fallen in that section the past two years, the dry seasons would surely return and the farmers would be compelled to desert their farms or starve.

This is certainly a very discouraging statement. If the names of men connected with the weather bureau had not been given we should have supposed the statement had originated with some cattle baron. Along in the sixties we had the word of the cattle men that the fifty mile wide strip in the southern part of Kansas opened to settlement could never be anything but a cattle range on account of drouth. The drouths and hot winds were here all right, but now that fifty mile strip is the most productive part of the earth.

The cattle barons were backed by some weather bureau men in the statement that all that part of the Indian territory west of the Arkansas river was a drouthy desert that never could be more than very poor cattle range.

Look at the population and productive farms of that section of former Indian territory west of the big Arkansas river today. Its wonderful productions and development is all contained in that one word—Oklahoma.

These statements are historical facts, but they are only preliminary to what we are going to say about these weather men. We are going to show that their conclusions about western Kansas are entirely illogical and when we have finished, every intelligent farmer and business man in western Kansas, Oklahoma

and the Panhandle of Texas will be for the Eagle and against "Old Probabilities." We are not going to show that some of the statements of these weather bureau men are not right, but their conclusions as to western Kansas are wrong.

These weather bureau men may be right when they say that the settlement of a country does not increase the natural rainfall, but they are all wrong when they say that settlement does eliminate the drouth conditions. In the early settlement of the trans-Missouri river country, people said the rains in this section came from the snows on the mountains. But when some thought to ask where the snow came from, the editor of this paper answered that the snow and rains in southern Kansas come from the Gulf of Mexico. The Gulf of Mexico has been sending its moisture to this section ever since and before this section was called the Great American Desert. This mist from the ocean has been coming to Oklahoma, to western Kansas and to the Panhandle ever since there was a Gulf of Mexico, but was burned up by the hot winds of these desert lands or vanished in ether, or fell in cloud bursts, making the gullies and dry creeks raging rivers.

Then why has that part of the great desert now comprising this section of Kansas and Oklahoma become a garden instead of a desert, and why will this garden of the world enlarge and take in western Kansas, western Oklahoma and the Panhandle, and eventually a part of Colorado and New Mexico? We will tell you. When the brave people who settled this section of Kansas and Oklahoma came and plowed the prairies and planted trees the moisture began to accumulate in the ground, instead of running off and making rivers of the dry creeks. In a very short time the ground lost its burned, sooty appearance, and gradually the brassy sky came so seldom as to be almost forgotten. Moisture was accumulating. There was not more moisture, but it came and stayed. There may not have been more rains but they were better distributed, but the moist air that reaches vegetation or falls in dew is never measured by the weather bureau.

There is a spirit in the wilderness that moves its arms and cries "Desolation! Desolation!" to scare men away. It scared

some from southern Kansas; it scared many from Oklahoma, and now it has scared the weather bureau out of western Kansas. It is trying to scare the people out of Beaver county, Oklahoma and the Panhandle of Texas. There will be some that will "stand pat" and refuse to run away.

These causes that have developed southern Kansas and Oklahoma admonishes us to make the prediction that not only western Kansas, but western Oklahoma and the Panhandle will soon become a land of prosperous people and happy homes. The Eagle is high on its perch that all the world may hear, and it will continue to scream for western Kansas, western Oklahoma and the Panhandle.—Wichita Eagle.

**BIG POULTRY SHOW**

**Successful Exhibit of Fine Fowls and a Big Attendance.**

The Third Annual Show of the Woodward County Poultry and Pet Stock Association was pulled off here last week with a big attendance and a splendid exhibit of all well known breeds of poultry.

The weather was exceptionally fine and the handsome cups offered premium winners together with the splendid showing made everyone proud of the occasion and shower congratulations upon the association which made it such a success in every particular.

On account of not being furnished a list of the awards as promised, in time for this issue, the list will have to go over for the present.

It has grown to be a common saying in this state that if any thing happens an Oklahoman is there to see it. Nelson Johnson, son of Jere Johnson of Newkirk, reached Peking, China the other day to begin his studies as a student interpreter. He stopped in Kobe, Japan, and seeing a big vessel discharging a cargo of cotton, asked where the cotton came from. "From Oklahoma," was the reply. "The best cotton we get is from Oklahoma," said the Japanese.—Wichita Beacon.

**KILLANCURE STOCK DIP.**

Double in value; about half the cost. Is absolutely safe. Cures all skin diseases of cattle, sheep and hogs. Kills ticks, mites and fleas. Also excellent disinfectant. Used by all leading stockmen of Mexico, where tick and scab are hardest to control. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Sample free. Eminent DOCTOR'S ADVICE for the asking. **KILLANCURE STOCK DIP CO.** 307 Altman Bldg. Kansas City, Mo.

**BIG MONEY IN POULTRY.** Stock, etc. for sale, write for my catalog of poultry and supplies. **MRS. F. WILCOXON,** Ft. Des Moines, Ia.

**CORN HARVESTER** cuts and throws in piles on harvester or windrows. Man and horse cuts equal with a corn binder. Price \$15. Circulars free, showing Harvester at work. **NEW PROCESS MFG. CO.,** Salina, Kas.

**PANHANDLE OF TEXAS. PECOS VALLEY OF N. M.**

If you are interested in either or both of these rapidly developing sections of the Southwest write to

**D. L. MYERS,** T. M. Sou. Kansas Ry. Co. of Texas, and Pecos Valley Lines, Amarillo, Texas.



**Winter's Coming!**

You know what that means to you Don't you want to escape the snow, the cold, the slush--all the discomforts?

Why not plan now where to pass that season so trying to many persons?

Write for information about our

**Winter Tours**

to California, Arizona, New Mexico, Mexico, Texas.

Favorable Rate. Long Limit and Stopovers.

**R. M. McGEE, Agent** Woodward Okla.



Edited by **MRS. F. B. WILCOXON,** Ft. Des Moines, Iowa.

Nearly every breeder has more young stock than will be kept over, and while the flocks are large is the best time for selection, select carefully the ones you intend to keep for next year's breeding purposes. The pullets that will be the best layers are the ones that are hatched first.

If eggs are intended for hatching, a forward well matured cockerel will be much more valuable and serviceable than one that has been slow in growth, and if not fully developed. Liberal feeding, however, will assist to bridge over some of the difficulties and it pays at that, as eggs collected in winter are always worth much more than those of a later period. Thin out all inferior stock. Select the strongest, earliest and most active pullets and pick out cockerels full of vigor and strength.

Feed a warm meal once a day, fowls relish boiled grains.

Green bone not only furnishes almost the exact material required for the egg, but it stimulates and arouses the digestive organs, rendering other kinds of food of greater value in the economy of egg production. Green bone will certainly make hens lay. I have fed it for a long time and noted its effect. I have been obliged to discontinue its use and have always observed a falling off in the number of eggs received. Green bone at a cent a pound is cheaper than grain and far more satisfactory.

Forms or preparations of animal food for hens put in a condition for keeping any length of time may contain all the elements necessary in a hen food, but they are not so easy to digest as fresh article, reserved food are never so healthy as the fresh.

**MRS. F. B. WILCOXON,** Ft. Des Moines, Ia.

**Eggs and Egg Farming**

While nest eggs will act as signposts for the pullet that does not know where to lay her first egg, there is nothing in the theory that they induce egg production.

The demand for fresh eggs is never supplied, especially at this season of the year.

A hen will lay when in good condition, whether she is fat or lean, but a very fat hen is seldom in good condition.

When there is a lack of egg production, it is scarcely ever attributed to the management, although it is generally due to some condition that comes because of the management.

Watery and "weak" eggs are generally due to poor food, food deficient in the elements which go to make a strong, rich egg.

Winter egg production is not so serious an affair with the practical poultryman as it is with the farmer. The reason is plain. The poultryman provides well-built, warm houses mites for egg production, keeps thorough-

breeds only, feeds such food as is rich in nitrogen, avoids overcrowding, and makes his fowls exercise.

It is noticed that the brown egg layers vary the colors of their eggs if they are doing very heavy laying.

The Asiatics—Brahmas, Cochins and Langshans—in their several varieties, lay dark-tinted eggs, brown eggs; the Langshan in particular being very often a very dark, almost a chocolate brown.

**Food and Feeding.**

You cannot offend the hen by giving her a dish of buttermilk.

Busy fowls develop a solid appetite that will mean eggs in plenty.

The high prices of grain are incentives to use more green cut bone, cut clover hay, and vegetables.

Prof. Graham says that regularity of feeding and kindness are necessary for winter egg production.

Dr. Sanborn advises as follows: Study the feeding question for yourself, and do not change from one way of feeding to another after a poultryman has visited you and told of great results from "his feed." You know more about your birds and their needs than does a stranger.

Linseed meals are generally known as oil meals. This is an incorrect name, the oil having been removed to a considerable extent.

Just before it matures, is about the most hungry time in a bird's life. It can eat more than at any other period, and if it does not get all it can eat, more harm is done than can be repaired during the rest of its life.

Ordinary linseed meal contains 30.9 per cent protein and 3 per cent fat, and we are sure of its being perfectly harmless.

Dr. Salmon, in an address, says that too much green bone, meat meal or meat scraps fed the same day will work a great injury to the fowls. In pullets the combs will turn yellow, diarrhoea will follow; the bird will act drowsy and droopy until it finally dies. The doctor thinks that the badly diseased birds should be killed at once, and the doubtful ones removed to quarters by themselves, where they should be fed grain and clover hay. Have no animal food in the mash. Fill hoppers with bran and grit. An hour before sunset feed a full ration of wheat and then see that no more than this is given.

According to the New York Experiment Station, the cost of food, per chick, to weigh one pound, on ground grain, is three cents; on whole grain, three and seven tenths cents.

Whatever the feed is, one must bear in mind that to produce an egg weighing 1.8 ounce every day, a hen weighing four pounds or under will require .48 ounces of protein, .2 of carbohydrates or their equivalent in fat, and in extremely cold weather more carbohydrate and fat.

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EGGS

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History, Cultivation and Merits. Its Uses as a Forage and Fertilizer. By F. D. COBURN, Secretary Kansas Department of Agriculture.

THE appearance of F. D. Coburn's little book on Alfalfa, a few years since, has been a complete revelation to thousands of farmers throughout the country and the increasing demand for still more information on the subject has induced the author to prepare the present volume, which is, by far, the most authoritative, complete and valuable work on this forage crop ever published.

One of the most important movements which has occurred in American agriculture is the general introduction of alfalfa as a hay and pasture crop. While formerly it was considered that alfalfa could be grown profitably only in the irrigation sections of the country, the acreage devoted to this crop is rapidly increasing everywhere. Recent experiments have shown that alfalfa has a much wider usefulness than has hitherto been supposed and good crops are now grown in almost every state. No forage plant has ever been introduced and successfully cultivated in the United States possessed of the general excellence of alfalfa.



The introduction of this plant into North America, although known in the Old World hundreds of years before Christ, occurred only during the last century, yet it is probably receiving more attention than any other crop. When once well established it continues to produce good crops for an almost indefinite number of years. The author thoroughly believes in alfalfa, he believes in it for the big farmer has a profit bringer in the form of hay or condensed into beef, pork, mutton, or products of the cow; but he has a still more abiding faith in it as a mainstay of the small farmer, for feed for all his live stock and for main aining the fertility of the soil. The treatment of the whole subject is in the author's usual clear and admirable style. as will be seen from the following condensed table of contents:

- I. History, Description, Varieties and Habits
- II. Universality of Alfalfa
- III. Yields, and Comparisons with Other Crops
- IV. Seed and Seed Selection
- V. Soil and Seeding
- VI. Cultivation
- VII. Harvesting
- VIII. Storing
- IX. Pasturing and Selling
- X. Alfalfa as a Feed Stuff
- XI. Alfalfa in Beef-Making
- XII. Alfalfa and the Dairy
- XIII. Alfalfa for Swine
- XIV. Alfalfa for Horses and Mules
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- XIX. Alfalfa for Town and City
- XX. Alfalfa for Crop Rotation
- XXI. Nitro-Culture
- XXII. Alfalfa as a Commercial Factor
- XXIII. The Enemies of Alfalfa
- XXIV. Difficulties and Discouragements
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EGGS FOR HATCHING IN SEASON. STOCK ALWAYS ON HAND  
WE INVITE INSPECTION

U. H. SHULL.  
MULVANE, KANSAS

R. D. No. 2

It is not good practice to put manure in the hole in setting young trees.

The best time to fight the scale is in the spring before the buds begin to swell.

An empty salt sack used to rub the horse down with will make the coat glisten.

Will the coreless apple be followed by the cobless corn and the rindless watermelon?

Don't forget that a thinking cap should be included in your spring equipment of tools.

Lima beans cannot be grown on poor soil, and should never be planted while the ground is cold.

The earlier that the colt is broken the easier it is for the animal and the better is the job done.

The large importations of wool emphasize the fact that more sheep ought to be raised in this country.

Again we say, clean up the orchard, burn all rubbish. Insects will trouble you less next season if you do.

The well balanced farm is the one where stock is kept to rebuild the soil which the grain crops have depleted.

The percentage of profit on any farm is dependent upon the kind of management the farm has, remember that, Mr. Farmer.

The San Jose scale louse is no respecter of persons, attacking all orchard trees, rose bushes, berry bushes, vines and shrubs.

A progressive dairyman will not put up with scrub stock, and a scrub dairyman may be given well-bred stock and soon bring it down to his level.

The more evenly manure is spread over the land the better will it be incorporated with the soil. Don't leave it in lumps. The manure spreader is a great help.

Western farmers are coming to appreciate more fully the value of alfalfa as a forage crop. It may cost extra trouble and expense in getting a good stand, but it pays.

A good hen man when asked whether he gave his hens pepper, said: "No!" and the emphasis was so strong that we concluded that it was not a good practice.

The Mexican Agricultural society announces the discovery of a new kind of wheat grown for several years in the state of San Luis Potosi, which has proved to be immune from attacks of wheat rust.

The styles of harrows are legion and there is no doubt that some makes are better adapted to certain soils than others. The farmer would do well to study the different makes and get the one which will work best on his soil.

A new system of corn culture seeks to retard the over-production of stalk in the early history of the plant's growth and later when the plant is ready to ear stimulating the development of the ear by the use of fertilizers and cultivation.

### NOTES FROM MEADOWBROOK FARM

By William Pitt



Poor plan to yard sheep and cows together. Latter are apt to chase the former and may hurt them.

Remember it is easier to prevent disease than it is to cure it after it has gained a hold upon your stock.

The angry shout at the horse makes the man less a man, and the horse less responsive to the will of its master.

The chief difficulty of butter making in winter is that the cream is either too old or too cold to churn well.

Don't let exposure and insufficient food stunt the young stock. You will never be able to recover lost ground if you do.

If you have any pleasant talk give it to the home folks and not exclusively to the stranger you meet in town or on the highway.

It's the gun that isn't loaded that goes off, and it's the horse that never starts when left standing that bolts and smashes wagon or buggy.

A winter equation for the poultryman to consider is that cut-bone, green food (clover or roots) and exercise equal generous egg production.

The successful farmer has a mission to fill in the community in which he lives by stimulating and encouraging better methods among his neighbors.

A letter from you to the representatives of your district in state or national legislative body concerning any legislation in which you are specially interested will bear fruit.

The hogs like wood ashes, soft coal in small bits, mortar, rotten wood, etc. Such things are a help to digestion and good health. See that they get such things occasionally.

Ever try putting your tongue to a bit of cold iron these cold frosty mornings? Then think how it must feel to the horse to have the ice-cold bit thrust into his mouth.

The newly seeded area of winter wheat is estimated by the department of agriculture at 31,665,000 acres, an increase of 353,000 acres, or 1.1 per cent. over the acreage of 1905.

Green food is particularly advantageous to animals that are fed largely on corn in the winter. Cabbage, sugar beets, turnips, carrots, and the like are much appreciated.

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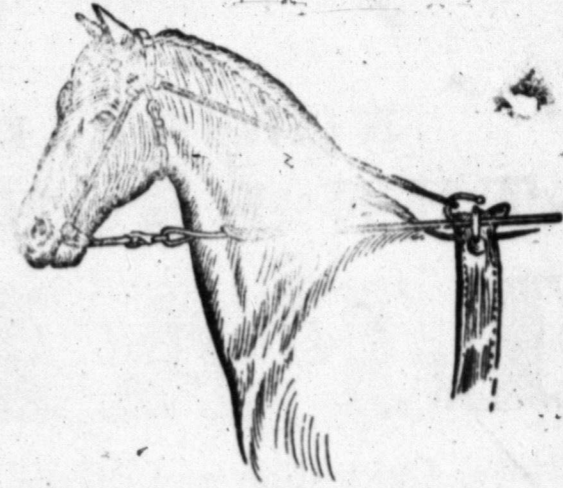
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Thirteenth Year  
No 21

Woodward, Oklahoma, Kansas City, Missouri, February 1, 1908

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## CALL FOR CONVENTION.

Pursuant to decision of Members attending last Annual Convention, all members of the Oklahoma Live Stock Association are requested to meet at Enid, Oklahoma, Tuesday, February, 25th, and Wednesday, February 26th, 1908, for the purpose of holding our 14th Annual Convention.

A good program will be provided, and all subjects affecting the price and profits of the live stock industry will be considered.

A splendid six day show and sale of registered Horses, Cattle and Hogs, will occur in connection, beginning February 24th, and ending February 29th. This splendid exhibit and sale will surpass any event of its kind ever held in Oklahoma.

Bring your friends and neighbors. Membership books of the Association will be open during the dates of the Convention

Remember the date!

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Oklahoma

From experiments at the Maine experiment station the indications are that by selecting best layers for breeding purposes, and by proper feeding, the average egg yield of a flock can be increased.

The government has distributed to about 2,000 fruit growers in the gulf states and in Oregon and Washington specimens of the new citrus fruit known as citrange. This fruit is especially valuable for cooking and in the making of acid drinks and can be grown in regions slightly too cold for the ordinary orange.

The Michigan experiment station mentions green or black root lice, which attack strawberry plants. In early spring they appear on the leaf stems and foliage, and are carried down to the roots by ants. "Clean plants on clean land" seems to be the only safe advice. Soil on which corn and melons have been grown is most likely to be filled with lice. The plants may be cleaned by dipping in tobacco water before they are set.

No practical remedy for cabbage rot has yet been discovered. The removal of diseased leaves, which was at one time advocated, has proven to be useless. Rotation of crops will help matters some. However, it frequently happens that an excellent crop may be grown where rot was destructive the previous year. Much depends on the weather conditions. Sometimes the disease is transmitted through infected seed. Trouble from this source may be avoided by soaking the seed 15 minutes in a weak solution of corrosive sublimate, one part corrosive sublimate to 1,000 parts of water. Corrosive sublimate tablets for making disinfecting solutions are sold by druggists.

A Holstein cow on the farm of W. J. Gillett of Rosendale, Wis., has in a test conducted under the direction of the Wisconsin experiment station made the following remarkable showing: The test began December 24, 1906, and closed February 24, 1907, and shows a production for 63 days of 5529.6 pounds of milk containing 217,207 pounds of butter fat. The highest world's record for seven days was made February 6 to 13, when the tests showed 615.7 pounds of milk containing 28.176 pounds of fat, an average of 4.32%. The world's record for 30 days was established in the period from January 21 to February 20, when the total production was 2873.6 pounds of milk, containing 110,833 pounds of fat, an average of 3.86%. The largest milk yield for one day was that of February 16-17, when the great cow gave 106 pounds of milk containing 3,637 pounds of fat, an average test of 3.43. The largest production of butter fat for one day was on February 9-10, when she had to her credit 4,594 pounds from 90.6 pounds of milk, testing 5.7, equal to 5.34 pounds of commercial butter.

Wash the dairy utensils immediately after using them.

To make the same mistake twice is almost inexcusable. Don't do it.

Barley which has been rolled, not ground, makes one of the best foods for the horse.

Improve the rainy days by work in spring house cleaning in the barn, granaries, cellar, etc.

A mistake is not so bad if the one making it is smart enough and wise enough to profit by it.

In the growing of wheat the milling quality of the grain must be considered as well as the yield.

The true basis of all good farming must be found in the honest pride which the farmer takes in his calling.

Clover hay will be eaten by the calves at an early age and ground oats are a desirable addition to their ration as they grow older.

The successful poultryman says it is not a case of being able to afford a green bone cutter, but rather that he can't afford to be without one.

Sharp edges on the grinding teeth of a horse prevent proper mastication of the food and result in an unthrifty condition of the animal. File these edges off.

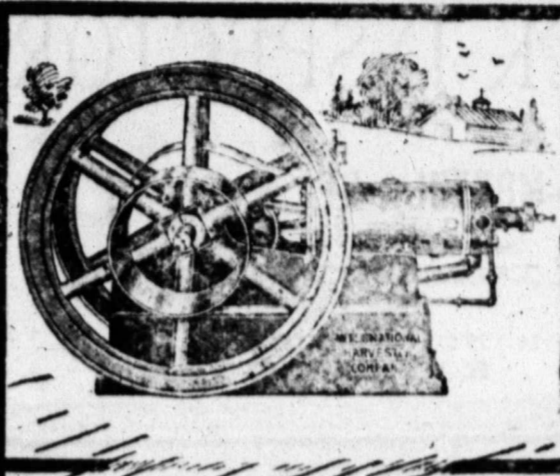
The accumulation of manure in the barnyard is not going to help you grow your crops this season unless you get it on the fields. A ton of manure on the ground is better than two in the barnyard.

Does your interest in folks extend no further than the limits of your own household? Don't be narrow and selfish. Neighbor sick or in trouble, visit him. It will do you good and will cheer the other fellow up and help lift his burden.

There is likelihood that the Illinois university will establish a great veterinary college at the Chicago Union stockyards to be run as one of the departments of the agricultural college.

It must be remembered in seed testing that the same germinating power which is indicated under the favorable conditions of heat and moisture obtained in the test may not be secured when sown in the open field.

Director W. A. Henry of the Wisconsin experiment station has handed in his resignation to take effect next July, and while he will thus sever his connection with the experiment station he will continue with the college of agriculture as professor emeritus.



## A Reliable Power as a Farm Help

established a new order of things. Any one who will carefully consider the matter must see that they are money makers and money savers.

They make short, easy, pleasant work of what always has been hard, slow work. They save the farmer's strength, save him wages of hired men, save time, and enable him to do more work and make more money out of his farm than ever was possible before.

There is no doubt that on the average farm an I. H. C. gasoline engine will more than repay its first cost each year. The nice adaptation of these engines to all farm duties is one of their most excellent features.

They are built in:—  
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FARMERS are getting over doing things the hard, slow way. The very general use of farm powers is an example.

As a matter of fact, the farmer has a great need of a reliable power as the mechanic.

Take the average barn for illustration. Locate one of the simple, dependable I. H. C. gasoline engines, such as is shown here, outside the barn door, or within the barn, for that matter, and what a world of hard labor it will save! You will have a power house on your farm.

It will shell the corn, grind feed, cut ensilage, turn the fanning mill, pump water, run the cream separator, elevate hay to the mow, and do a dozen other things.

The old way was to use the horses in a tread power or on a circular drive, to operate a complicated system of gear wheels.

The consequence was that most of the hard power jobs were hand jobs.

I. H. C. engines, being so simple, so efficient, so dependable, and furnishing abundant power at so little cost, have

INTERNATIONAL HARVESTER COMPANY OF AMERICA, CHICAGO, U. S. A.

## Buy Direct From Our Factory

Saving all expenses and profits of the dealer. Elkhart Buggies and Harness have been sold direct from our factory to the user for 35 years.

We Are the Largest Manufacturers in the World



No. 227. One Horse cut-under Surrey with bike gear, auto seats and 1 1/2-in. cushion tires. Price complete, \$103. As good as sells for \$140 more.

Selling to the consumer exclusively. We ship for examination and approval, guaranteeing safe delivery. No cost to you if not satisfied as to style, quality and price. Over 200 styles of Vehicles and 65 styles of Harness.

Send for New Free Catalog.



No. 676. Top Buggy with padded wing dash and Stanhope seat. Price complete, \$57.50. As good as sells for \$80 more.

ELKHART CARRIAGE & HARNESS MFG. CO., ELKHART, INDIANA

## THE STOCK HOTEL

Good Meals. Clean Beds.  
Prompt Service.  
One block from Live Stock Exchange Building at Stock Yards.

KANSAS CITY. MISSOURI

## Deleware Hotel

CATTLEMEN'S HEADQUARTERS  
140 Rooms. 50 Rooms with Bath

Fort Worth, Texas.

Long & Evans, Props.

## The Elmhirst

F. HULETT, Prop.

The Best Kept Hotel in the Panhandle.

Fine Sample Rooms.

Amarillo, Tex.

## Carey Hotel

European Plan  
Wichita, Kan.



Rates: 75c and 1.00  
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Headquarters for Commercial and Stockmen.  
HUMPHREYS & MOTTLE, PROPS.

When visiting Kansas City, stop

at the BLOSSOM HOUSE,

Opposite Union Depot.

# THE LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR

PUBLISHED SEMI-MONTHLY BY

**BOLTON PUBLISHING CO.**

MAIN OFFICE  
WOODWARD, OKLA.,

BRANCH OFFICE  
KANSAS CITY, MO.

The only journal published in Oklahoma, devoted exclusively to live stock interests and stock farming.

Entered at the post office at Woodward, Oklahoma, as second class mail matter.

FEBRUARY 1, 1908

**NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.**

**REMITTANCES.** In sending money to the LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR please observe that the Clearing House will not accept private checks at par. Remit by postal or express orders, eastern bank exchange, registered letter, or if by private check add twenty-five cents for collection. Amounts of less than \$1 can be paid in postage stamps.

**DISCONTINUANCES.** Subscribers wishing the LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR stopped at the expiration of their subscription must notify us in writing to that effect otherwise we shall consider it is their wish to have it continued and we will make collection for the same.

**CHANGES OF ADDRESS.** When a change of address is ordered, both the new and old address must be given and notice sent two weeks before the change is desired. We require this on account of our heavy mailing list.

**Official Organ of the Oklahoma Live Stock Association.**

**Advertising Rates.**

Display advertising 10 cents per line, (space fourteen lines to the inch.)  
Special reading notices 10 cents per line.  
Business cards or miscellaneous advertisements will be received from reliable advertisers at the rate of \$1.50 per agate line for one year.  
Annual cards in the Breeder's Directory, consisting of four lines or less for \$6.00 per year, including a copy of the Live Stock Inspector free.  
Electrics should have metal base.  
Objectionable advertisements or orders from unreliable advertisers, when such is known to be the case, will not be accepted at any price.

To insure prompt publication of an advertisement, send cash with the order; however, monthly or quarterly payments may be arranged by parties who are well known to the publishers, or when acceptable references are given.

All advertisements intended for the current issue should reach this office not later than the 10th or 25th of each month.

Every advertiser will receive a copy of the paper free during the publication of the advertisement.

Address all orders.

LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR, Woodward, Okla.

THE LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR exercises great care in admitting advertisements to its columns. If any of our readers wish information regarding any advertisement or advertiser we would be glad to give same. If you wish to buy anything that is not advertised in our columns, write us and we will refer you to the best place to buy.

A postal card, addressed to the Secretary of the Oklahoma Live Stock Association, Woodward, Okla., will bring by return mail a full set of blanks necessary for becoming a member of the Association, also full information pertaining to the same.

Woodward is conceded to be the coming chief city of Oklahoma. Push it along.

The trade territory of Woodward merchants is unsurpassed by any city in Oklahoma.

Col. David Leaby has been employed as editor-in-chief of the Wichita Daily Eagle, a worthy successor to the talented and beloved Col. M. M. Murdock.

"Best climate on earth" is the remark of every citizen of Woodward. It is just exactly right, half way up the slope and destined to be the western metropolis of Oklahoma.

Geo. W. Carr is announcing a big combination sale at his place March 4th and 5th, 1908. See bills.

Kansas is hard at work, trying to copy the progress of Oklahoma and will soon have a bank law guaranteeing depositors. All states will soon follow and the days of the "run" on banks will end forever.

G. W. Carr, H. Baker, Chas. Cinnamon and S. B. Kyser were in Woodward last Friday with 14 bales of cotton. Mr. Carr remained over and visited with his family until Tuesday when he returned to his farm near Stone.

Combination sale of Herefords at Kansas City, Feb. 25, 26 and 27. C. A. Starnard, Manager.

Col. L. D. Bolton of Texline blew into Woodward one day last week on the hunt for land seekers. He was a prominent factor as chief clerk in the last Oklahoma assembly.

The National Board of Food and Drug Inspection will have a general hearing on the labeling of stock and cattle foods and medicines, at the Chemistry Building in Washington D. C. Feb. 10, 1908 at 10 a. m. All farmers growing cattle or stock feed are invited to be present, and show why?

Before a man is married he can have pillow cushions tucked all around him in any girl's parlor, but after marriage the act of resting his weary head on a pillow calls forth from his wife "Don't put your head on that! Can't you see that cushion is too pretty for any man's greasy head to lie on."—Haviland Onlooker.

The farm hand that would find fault with the offer of a Monroe county, Missouri, farmer would growl at his mother-in-law. This Monroe county man wants a hand and offers \$30 per month in cash, a house rent free, all the milk he can use and his wood, but will the farmer furnish the wood already chopped? If he will and the work is light, we know of a hand or two that he might get.

**Good News For Woodward.**

Topeka, Jan. 10.—The Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway company announced today that regular service will be established on the Belen cut-off, or Eastern railway, of New Mexico, Jan. 18. The line has been four years under construction. This route will avoid the heavy grades of the Raton and Glorieta mountain ranges with their average height of 7,500 feet. The cut-off will be used for the time principally for Pacific coast freight traffic.

The above dispatch is authority for saying that Woodward is now on the "main line to California" of the great transcontinental railway known as the Santa Fe. The opening of this line should furnish cause for jubilation here and the News suggests a meeting of our business men to properly take into account the great value of this splendid addition to the value of the location of our prosperous young city.

**WILL ATTEND CONVENTION.**

Wichita, Kans., Jan. 14th, 1908.  
W. E. Bolton, Woodward, Okla.  
Dear Sir:

Yours of Jan. 9th at hand, and I note what you say in regard to the convention this year, have showed your letter to all the boys and no doubt we will have quite a good delegation from here.

Have also written the manager of the Lowen hotel to save us two of his best rooms, for head quarters. Hoping your convention will be well attended gain this year I am,

Very truly,

H. E. NEWLIN.

Sec'y, Wichita Union Stocks Yds Co.,

**DANDY SHOW AND SALE.**

The following letter from manager of the Enid Convention and Sale is encouraging:

Enid, Okla., Jan. 17th, '08.

Your favor of the 14th was duly received. I also received the letter from the jack an whose name I cannot recall and wrote him giving him the terms of our sale and invited him to bring his stock to the sale.

I note what you say referring Dr. A. D. Melvin and will use the same in our advertising matter.

Everything is moving along very nicely and the outlook is good for a fine and dandy show and sale.

Very truly yours,

F. S. KIRK, Manager.

**Notice, New Forms For Applications and Proofs.**

Department of the Interior, General Land Office, Washington, D. C., Dec. 27, 1907.

New forms of applications for homestead entry, soldier's additional homestead entry, desert land entry, and for timber or stone sworn statements, timber or stone final proofs, and yearly in desert land cases, have been adopted, and on and after March 1, 1908, no entries will be allowed in the class of cases above mentioned unless executed upon the new official forms, or upon forms which are exact duplicates thereof, both as to wording, arrangement, and size. Each of said forms is a combination of the several forms and affidavits formerly forms and affidavits formerly required to be filed in such cases, and the use thereof will result in a saving of time, labor, expense to the local land officers, proof-taking officers, and claimants.

R. A. Ballinger,  
Commissioner.

Minister.—Why is it, John, that you can't go to town without getting under the influence of liquor?

John—De folks axes me ter drink an I kain't bery well 'fuse it, sah.

Minister—'Tut! People don't ask me to drink when I visit them.

John—[I rekkon I's mo' pop'lar dan yo' is, sah.—Judge.

# THE KANSAS CITY STOCK YARDS



PRINCIPAL LIVE STOCK MARKET OF THE WEST



DAILY PACKING CAPACITY 13,000 CATTLE  
35,000 HOGS-14,000 SHEEP



LARGEST STOCKER AND FEEDER MARKET IN THE WORLD



RAILROADS MAKE CONNECTIONS WITH THE STOCK YARDS  
INSURING PROMPT DELIVERY OF STOCK  
EXTRA TERMINAL

SHIP YOUR LIVE STOCK TO  
**KANSAS CITY**

AND YOU WILL GET LARGER NET RETURNS  
THAN AT ANY OTHER MARKET

W. P. CHERRY,  
Pres. & Gen'l Mgr.

H. D. PARKS,  
Vice-Pres.

CHAS. D. TILDEN,  
Treas.

J. F. WAITE,  
Ass't Treas.

JOHN Q. CHORN  
Secretary

# CHERRY-TILDEN Live Stock Commission Co.

We want your business and influence at all times, but especially during 1908 & 1909.

We offer you unequalled service and absolute safety.

We Now Have a Good Trade From Okla.

Big enough to sell and do sell live stock by the train load.  
Small enough and not too proud to sell small consignments.  
TWENTY YEARS IN ACTIVE BUSINESS IN KANSAS CITY.  
Fifteen Experienced men look after the business of the company.

The Farmers and Stockman's Favorite Company.

Rooms 284 A & B Exchange Bldg.

Kansas City Stock Yards

See W. P. Cherry at Enid Convention, Feb. 25, 1908

Wire Us Write Us Ship to Us



**OUR**  
**Poultry**  
**Department**



Edited by MRS. F. B. WILCOXEN, Ft. Des Moines, Iowa.

**How to Examine a Sick Animal.**

By Dr. David Roberts.

First take the temperature of the animal by placing a self-registering Veterinary Fever Thermometer into the rectum, allowing it to remain there from three to five minutes. The normal temperature of a cow is 101 degrees (Fahrenheit) and the normal temperature of a horse is 100 degrees (Fahrenheit); hog 100 degrees; sheep 101 degrees.

Second, take the pulse of the animal, which can be found at the angle of the lower jaw bone. The normal beats of a cow's pulse is from 40 to 50 per minute and that of a horse from 33 to 40 per minute.

Third, count the respirations of the animal, or number of times it breathes by watching the sides of flanks, or by pressing the ear to the side. The normal respiration of a cow is from 15 to 20 per minute, while resting.

If the temperature, pulse or respiration are found to be higher or faster than above described, you will know that the animal is ailing.

**Wry Tailed Fowls**

Wry tailed in fowls are generally the results of injuries suffered by the birds when young. It is very often due to letting chicks run with larger fowls. In this way they are stepped on or otherwise hurt while feeding. huddling together at night they are frequently pushed against the sides of the coops and the injury to their backs is aggravated and often made permanent. When the injury is one that causes the cords which move the tail from side to side to become contract-

ed, it may often be remedied by cutting the contracted cord with a sharp knife. It is often hard to discover the true cause of wry tail, because it does not become apparent until the chick feathers. Fowls that show this defect should not be used for breeding purposes, as the ailment may be of a hereditary nature.

**Mexican Egg Testing.**

Mexicans test eggs by placing the small ends in their mouths. To an on-looker it would appear that they were tasting them, but they are not. In fact the tongue never comes in contact with the shell. It is a common sight on the plaza to see both the customers and the market women place eggs to their lips. Their idea is that when an egg is fresh, one end is colder than the other. As the end that has the air chamber in it is the warmer, it is easy to tell whether the egg is good or bad. If both ends of the egg are the same temperature it is put down as a bad egg, as it is reasonable to suppose that the air cells have become broken and the contents have spread equally within the shell.

**Dust Boxes.**

Do not forget that the fowls should have their dust baths at this time of the year. A great many do not provide dust for even the winter and a number who do so, forget the necessity of it during the spring. The dust bath is nature's way of destroying the lice which sometimes infest the birds, and if you do not give them the natural means of combatting the pest,

If it is dry and has been warm for

some time there may be enough dust in the road for this purpose. If not, take up a gallon or two of ground where it is as dry as possible, and place it in the oven till nearly all of the moisture has been removed. Then mix it equal parts with wood ashes and place this mixture in the dusting box. You will find that this will answer the purpose admirably. In fact, it will be as effective as the finest dust in the roadway. Sometimes it is advisable to mix a little sulphur with the ashes and dried dirt. This assists in destroying some of the pests which are too strong for the dirt or the ash-

**SHORT TALKS.**

For intestinal worms in colts the following mixture is used by veterinarians: Mix together as a base one pound each of salt and granulated sugar, in this mix one half pound of tobacco or fine cut tobacco, four ounces of sulphate of iron powder, six ounces of powdered worm seed. Give a heaping teaspoonful in the feed at first once per day, then twice per day, and keep it up for three weeks.

James Munson, a northern Iowa hog raiser gives this as his treatment for worms in hogs: When I think my pigs have worms I take them off feed and even water at night. The next morning I mix up a good dose of feed and turpentine. In the evening you will see results. If that does not do, give another dose. When they get in that condition they will cough and their coats get rough and they do not eat well.

Every hundred pounds additional weight in the case of a heavy draft horse is worth from 25 to 50 cents more per hundredweight when making a sale. A farmer is in position to feed as cheaply as any professional feeder. To sell well on the market horses must be fat, sleek and well groomed. The buyers demand fat. If one has time to give proper exercise and light work, something may be added to the value of the horse, and it will be ready to go right into the heavy work

of a city buyer. A little additional grooming, together with blanketing, for a month will also add a good bit to the selling price.—Frank Lams.

Lice on cattle indicate lack of attention and poor feed. Grease of any kind will destroy on cattle, but grease should not be used if it can be avoided. First wash the animal with kerosene emulsion and follow with clear water. When the skin is dry, dust every portion of the body with a mixture of a peck of carbonate of lime and a bushel of clean, dry dirt. If a single animal is infested with lice, the others will soon be in the same condition unless remedies are used as preventives.—Dr. Smead.

**DON'T USE SEVERE BITS.**

The use of a severe bit in driving a horse is undoubtedly wrong. A horse man speaking of this matter recently said:

"My experience has been that no horse can be successfully driven with anything like a severe bit. I never saw one that was ever broken of the habit of pulling in that way. If you put a severe bit in the horse's mouth and pull on it, it makes the horse mad and irritates him; the farther you drive him and the harder you pull him the more he will pull against it. When I was a boy, almost every trotting horse would pull in a disagreeable manner when being driven at top speed. At the present time I can not think of one horse that is anything like first class that pulls enough to make it disagreeable for a man at any time. A great many people think that every horse should be driven with an overcheck. I can remember when I had the same opinion myself. I am now satisfied that it is a serious mistake. There are a great many horses that will not take kindly to an overcheck, and if you insist on using it on them it will sooner or later spoil the horse's disposition to a great extent.

"The first thing in training a horse is to make a careful study of the animal, learning all his peculiarities, faults, weaknesses, habits, etc. I think one vital mistake made by men training horses is that they do not seem to think that horses are made of flesh and blood, and very nearly human in all their ways."

GREAT

# Six Day Sale<sup>a</sup><sub>n</sub><sup>d</sup> Show

ALL BREEDS HORSES, CATTLE AND HOGS

WILL BE HELD AT

Enid, Oklahoma,  
Convention Week, FEB. 24--29

Six Hundred and Seven Head of Fine Stock was on Exhibition at Our  
1907 Show. We Want One Thousand in 1908.

**\$5000 HAS BEEN DONATED TO PAY PREMIUMS AND EXPENSES.**

More than three hundred head fine Horses, Cattle and Hogs were sold in our 1907 sale. It was by far the largest and best sale ever held in Oklahoma, nothing on record compares with it, but look out for next one. This is the great annual event of the Oklahoma Breeders, the annual convention of the Improved Live Stock Breeders Association and the Cattlemen's Association.

Twenty five thousand members and visitors will attend this show and sale. Consignments solicited of strictly high class stock, no other kind will be sold. Send in your entries at once as sale will be limited.

**TERMS OF SALE:** \$10 for horses, \$8 for cattle, and \$5 for hogs. Sale charges due with entries.

**TERMS OF SHOW:** Competition open to the world. Free entrance, free stalls, free bedding and free admittance to all. Everybody invited.

SALE AND SHOW WILL BE HELD IN MODERN BRICK  
BUILDING, STEAM HEAT AND ELECTRIC LIGHTS.

## FRANK KIRK, SALE MANAGER

For Oklahoma Improved Live Stock Breeders Association and Cattlemen's Association.

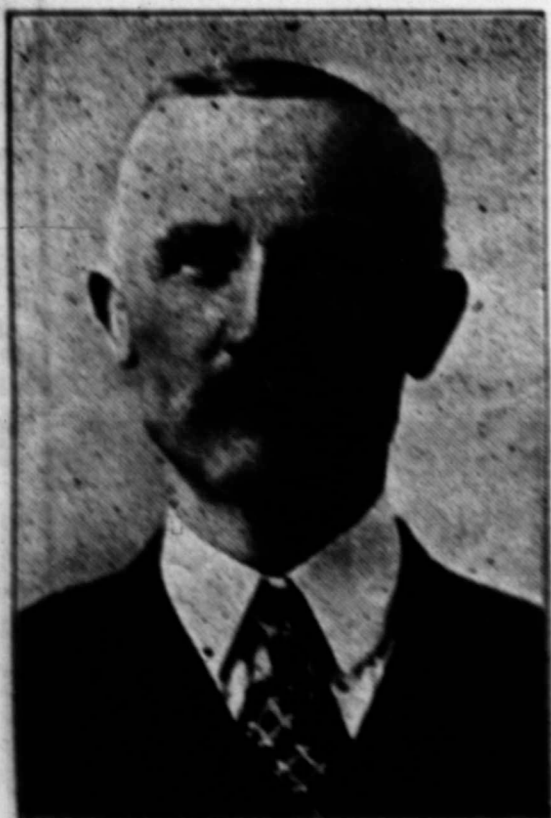
FOR REFERENCE: T. E. Smith, Norman, Okla.; C. S. Williams, Tishomingo, Okla., W. W. Myatt, Tulsa, Okla., Wm. Bolton, Woodward, Okla., Scott & Marsh, Belton, Mo., Case & Newell, Carthage, Mo., Harriman Bros., Bunceton, Mo.

# Wichita Union Stock Yards Co.

MADE AN INCREASE IN BUSINESS FOR YEAR 1907. nearly five times greater than any stock yards in the country. Our increase was 55.38 per cent. We received in 1907, 95666 cattle, an increase of 48877 over 1906. We received in 1907, 436119 hogs. An increase of 134470 over 1906. We thank the people of the great southwest.

## THE WICHITA UNION STOCK YARDS COMPANY

GEO. M. HUNTER, GENERAL MANAGER.

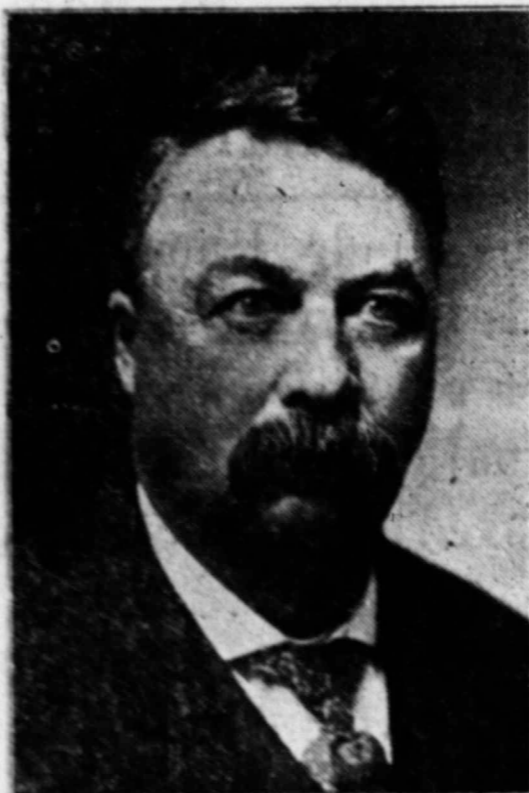


Don't Fall to See  
E. J. HEALY  
at The Enid Convention

Oldest Commission Merchant at  
Wichita Union  
Stock Yards.

He Wants to Tell You  
All About It.

E. J. HEALY & CO.

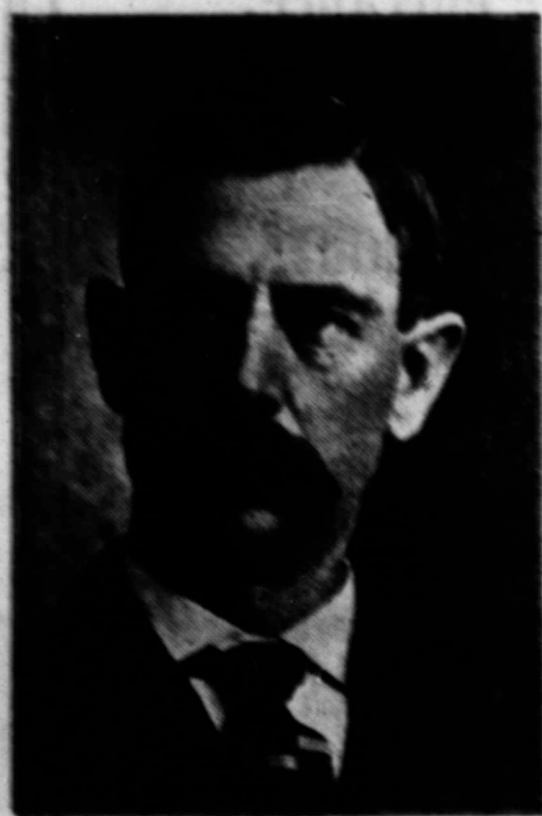


The Best is what you  
want. Bill every  
car to Wichita,  
and we  
will show  
you.

More Profits Less Expense

I want to talk to you  
At The Enid Convention  
A. B. More, Mgr.

Union Live Stock Com. Co. Wichita, Kans.



SEE ME AT  
ENID  
FEB. 25--26 '08

Wichita wants your  
live stock and I'll  
tell you why!

W. M. PAUGH for

W. M. Paugh Live Stock Com. Co. Wichita, Kans.

## Standard Live Stock Com. Co.

IS A NEW FIRM

Composed of Experienced Men,  
Competent and Capable  
in Every Way

J. E. WOOD, Mgr.

Will be at Enid Convention to meet you,  
W. H. Rice, Cattle Salesman J. E. Wood, Hog Salesman  
J. L. Arganbright, Order Buyer

Guarantee Best Market Results. A Square  
Deal to All.

Wichita Union Stock Yards, Wichita, Kans.