# (a) ISCK <br> ABIZOTA 

Vol. III. No. 23
LAS VEGAS, NEW MEXICO, SEPTEMBER 25, 1886.
Weakly, \$3 a Year

## PROM ALL POINTB.

## Live Stock Notes Carefully Collected

 From Every Source.U to last week Chicago had received
since January 1st 29,301 more cattle 713 more hogs and $\mathbf{9 0} 0.313$ less sheep than in the same part of 1805.
The exports of live stack and dressed meats from Boston to the English mar.
kets last week were 1,681 cattle and 8,39 ? quarters of dressed beef.
Pierre Lorillard has decided to sell out the whate of his rare stock at Rancocas. all be di p. ssed of in New York by auction about the middle of next month.
It is stated that the berd of cattle in Runndtree township, Moutgomery cunnty, Illinois. supposed to be afticted with Trias fever are merely sufferiug from the
consumption of impure water and dry

Sheep are about where they were two
years an in Chicago. They should be yeaterial!y higher in view of the decreased supply in the country and the fact that
wool is 25 to 30 per cent., higher than last year.

At the September stock sales at London, Otio, 216 yearlings sold at $\$ 11.34$ a38.10 thirty two two year-olds, at $\$ 48.95$; nine teen cows, at $\$ 16 \mathrm{~g} 18$; in alt, 290 head. bringing $8140 @ 175$
The bulk of our present receipts Wyoming furnishing the largest num and Wome yood sheep are coming from quarter as is evidenced by the fact that $\$ 3.50$ to $\$ 3.60$ is being realized.-Breeders' Gazette.
It is reported that pleuro-ppeumonia in Middle village and Macbeth, Long Is land, whence a large portion of the supply of milk used in Brooklyn is obtained. In one stable thirty-sir cows have died with
in two months.
Beef cattle continue to rule from ifty w seventy five cents under the prices of a year ago in the Chicago market. The best grades were then selling at $\$ 6.00$ to \$6.05, while $\$ 5.25$ now tops the market shan at the present tine.

A great many stockmen have been in Cheyenne this week, and taking all their views together we should judge that range
cattle in Wyoming and surrounding cattle in Wyoming and surrounding making an average of their reports there is nothing unusually discouraging to be found, unless it be the low prices at mar ket.-Cheyonne Journal.

Of the horses from England last year the Cnited Btates exportiod head, or per head: and Canada 853 head, or 14 per cent. at an average cost of $\$ 418.64$ Of the cattile we took 691, or 26.06 per cent. at an average cost of $\$ 193.60$; and Ganada 1,331 head, or 60.22 per cent., at an aver age cost of $\$ 119.52$ per head.
The returns of the township asseasors of the diflerent counties in Iowa giving the number of catte, horses and swine in showing $2,484,603$ cattle, 837,783 horses and $2,200,503$ hogs for the while state.
This is an increase of 330,413 in cattle.
and a decrease of 5.985 in horses, and the
wonderful fall off of $2,127,68 \%$ in swine, from last year.
The generous, gentle showers which wuthern Arizona during the paste of week $x$ caused joy and gladness to linger in hearts where, but a short time since,
doubt, despondency and dread found resting place. The cattle, upon a thousand hills, seem to defy adversity and look as if they had been pastured in green flelds lowk is propitiously promising and all is well
The democratic conrention of Corbise county dealt liberally with the stockmen
Three of the nominees for assembly Mike Gray, Scott White and Joseph Pasc boly, are engaged in the stock business: and J. M. Bracewell, proprietor of this "Wovine journal," is another of the assein. bly nominees. John Slaughter, nominee for sheriff, E. R. Monk, for|county judge, and T. J. White, for supervisor, are all
well known cattlemen. - Wilcox A. well know
Stockinaa
Lancaster county. Pa., is the baaner county of the United States in the value of its agricultural products, which are set down at over $\$ 5,800,000$. Monrue county, N. Y. in which is situated the city of
Rinchester, is the secood in rank. There Rochester, is the second in rank. There
are thirty three counties whose annual are thirty-three counties whose annual
products exceed $\$ 4,000,000$, of which fourteen are in New York, seven in Pennsylvania, six in Illinois, two in California Michigan and Connecticut.
The Cbicago Live Stock Review truth ully says: Observation teaches that the termination just as soon to an abrupt butcher his been starved out. " In those eastern markets where the dressed beef dynasty hold undisputed sway the conumer pays as much for his meat as he did before this branch of the trade was as nuch as dreamed of. To the dogs with this drivel about cheap Chicago dressed coef! It is a delusion and a snare. The consumer buys his steak no cheaper than before ;
steers.
We are informed that the feeding barns of the Standard Cattle company, located at Ames, Nebraska, are now filled with cattle and contain 3,008 head. These are ranges. They have been put in fine ranges. They have been put in fine
shape, have gone right to eating withouit the usual delay in "getting used to the change," and are in a very promising condition. No mishaps bave occurred, the cattle are healthy, and as they take so kindly to their new quarters, the company feels quite encouraged with the outlook for its first feeding experiments.-Cheyenne Journal.
The Champion Cattle company have let the contract for a mile and a half of irrigating ditch to be dug on their range on heir range on the Gila, near Coronado ration on the Arizona and New Mexico railway. A dam will also be built across of this place, has secured the contract for building the dam and digging the ditch and is now making preparations to commence work. The ditch will be large enough to carry water for irrigating about 400 acres of land, and about $\$ 3,000$ will be spent by the company in this improvement. -Ctifion Clarion.

There have been but few large cattle
trades made bere at Kansas City this sea son. The most imrortant has just been made public. Messrs. A. J. Snider \& Sons, purchasing 18,000 head of cattle for
\& 274,000 . He gets 6,000 head of two and three-year-old from Major Seth Mabry fo $\$ 100,000 ; 4.000$ beeves from J. D. Miles for $\$ 125,000$ and 2.000 three year-old steers from Chas. Goodnight, of Texas, for

* 50,000 . All these cattle are to be deliv ered on the Cherokee strip where they will be wintered on the range recently Texas Land and Cattle company.
The larges displays of live stock at the leading shows is a very significant indica proved stuck interest among the farming classes. There is a great deal said about farmers being skeptical and slow to appreciate the advantages which are so lavishly extended by enterprising breeders, and a
good deal of this is true. But at the same good deal of this is true. But at the same
time it is erident that the idea of improvement is everywhere making its way, and animals is steadily multiplying iaproved animals is steadily muitiplying, and there
is every reason for the friends of improve ment to be satisfied with the progre they are making.-Breeders' Gasette.
Perhaps the heaviest general rainfall that we have had this year fell Saturday wight and Sunday last. Champion creek was higher than, it has been known in
years, and all the other creeks south of ears, and alatbe other creeks south of
here were bank full. The rain seems to have been heavier in every direction than in town. Monday morning the river commenced to rise rapidly, and was soon
full to the first bynk, showing heavy rain full to the first bunk, showing heavy rain
to the north. At Loraine tank, six miles east the fall was so heavy and sudden that a small trestle was washed out anden that soon repaired. This rain gives but was ance of fine pasturage for the winter in this section, all the streams and water holes being full, and the ground wet to $\&$ depth of eighteen or twenty inches. Many ranchmen say that with a seasonable winer the range will be better than it has been in years.-Colorado City (Texas) Cheyrnse, Wyo., Sept. 20.-- Special
Agent Bowers of the general land office Agent Bowers of the general land office week. It has lesked out that he has special instructions to enter into arrangeing looking to the leasing of immonse tracts of land they have fenced or the sell. ing of the lands to them outright by the government. The agent has made many rips of inspection to different ranches adacent to Cheyenne since his coming, some of them of great extent. It is said that the agent's instructions do not confine him to lands actually fenced, but to any ands which may be possessed by companies or corporations, no matter how great their extent. As a case in puint one oneyenne, owns 580,000 acres of land This great tract extends north of the Union Pacific railroad to the Black Hills and embraces all the water facilities of the sections in which it lies.

Fun With a Gun
Mr. Bill Brown, an employe of the Palo Blanco Cattle company, was working with cattle near Watrous the other day and in company with Mr. "Bar T. Cross Tex" stood on the last guard. When the morn-
ing dawned Bill sent "Tex" to camp to build up the fire to warm by and shortly fterward followed the Lone Star state man to the cheering blaze. Tex, it eemed, had taken offense at some remark of Mr. Brown's, and as the latter stooped ver the fire struck him on the top of the head with a long-barrelled "45." This unfriendly act was followed by a succession of whacks with the aforesaid gun, by reaon of which Mr. Brown's skull was un comfortably caved in in several places. The Watrous doctor shaved the vietim's head and worked on him awhile and the pure chimate of New Mexico and a strong constitution will put Bill in the saddle
after a few weeks. "Bar T. Cross Tex" and the "45" escaped unhurt and the former is still cooking sour dough bread and side meat for R. G. Head's outfit.

## Public Land Sales.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 21.-Commissioner Sparks of the general land office has prepared a statement showing the disposals of public land for the fiscal year ended June 30,1886 , from which it appears that the total number of entries were 227,474 , embracing an area of $20,991,967$ acres. The amount of money received for this land was \$7,412,767. The cash sales aggregated $3,773,498$ acres and the amount received was $\$ 5$. 757,891. Original homestead ehtries were made to the number of 61,653 , covering an area of $9,145,185$ acres. The lists of selections made by the railroad companies under the different grants aggregate 2, 311,537 acres. The number of timber cul ture entries made were 34,996, comprising 5,389,309 acres. The remaining area disposed of consists of military bounty land warrant locations scrip locations state selections, road selections and agri cultural college selections. Final proof was made on 19,315 homestead entrie timber culture entries numbering, and and covering an area of 141694 acies The above totals do not include the dis posuls of Indian lands amounting to 15 , 562 entries, comprising an area of 1,132 , 596 acres, on ac
Under the head of cash sales are in cluded 15,712 pre-emption entries with an area of $2,279,216$ acres and 2,518 deser Tha entries, with an area of 753,688 acres The mineral entries number 1,323, cover ing 22,980 acres. There were 5,877 home stead entries oommuted to cash entries,
corering an area of $1.096,487$ acres. This last area is not included in the total area shown to have beep disposed of, as it was accounted for when the original homestead entries were made.
The number of acres disposed of in the different states and territories was as fol lows: Alabama, 6,627; Arkansas, 277,281; Arizona, 534,139 . California, $1,348,678$ Florida, 231,799; Idaho, 272, 019; Iow Florida, 231,799; Idaho, 272,019; Lowa, 4.337 ; Kansas, $5,636,824$; Louisiana, 142,
564 ; Michigan, 109.963; Minnesota, 417, ; Michigan, 109.963; Minnesota, 417 , ; Montana, 911,574 ; Jebraska, $\mathbf{3 , 5 5 1}$, 518; Nevada. 280,998; New Mexivo, 202, 850; Oregon, 504,863 ; Utah, 299,776 ; Washington Territory, 544,828 ; Wisconsin, 231,58.
$20,991,967$.

## THE STOCK GROWER

## AMERICAN CATTLE

Will a Tax be Imposed Upon Them by the Tories of Great Britain.
The agitation among Scotch leasebold ers for concessions autagous to those be stowed upon Irish occeapants by the Eand act of 1881 is rapidly drating to a head.
Notice has alreaty been given of a motion Notice has already been given of a motion session. This demand, which will be urged with Scotch pertinacity and vigor, is certain to provike a like demonstration on the part of the Welsh tenants, and it is improbable that Engltsh farmers, who suffer-from exactly the same causes, will remain silent.
A concerted movement of this kind will have to be heeded-that is admitted on all hands; and it is usually assumed that the grievances complained of will be al leviated by just such an interference of the state with existing contracts between landlords and tenants as has formed the distinctive principle of Irish agrarian leg. islation. Such would be, no doubt, the remedy applied by Mr. Gladstone were he in power. But there is some reason to
believe that the tories may propose an alternative expedient-namely: the impo sition of such high protective duties on the imports of cattle and meat from the United States as would resture the value of agricultural lands throughout the United Kingdon to the point where it
stood a few years ago. The effect, of stoorse, would be to knock down the price of cattle in the United States and raise the cost of beef on the British consumer; but
it would help the landlords by enabling the tenants to pay them high reats at the expense of the English townspeople and American farmers.
It has for some time been known to
persons conversant with the projects persons conversant with the projects entertained by the present British ministers that they had at least considered worthy version $\omega$ the prote:tive policy against which England has seemed irrevocably Randolph Churchill is reported to be the warmest advocate of such a course. He insists that in a tariff which would give the farmers of the Cnited Kingdom absolute command of the honre market for
animal products is to be found the one animal products is to be found the one
safe and efficient cure for the two gravest dangers to which the social and political fabric of the empire is exposed. It would rescue, he asserts, the land owning aris from the swift impowerishment which from the swift impoverishment which portends extinction. It would put an end
to the precedents for government meddling with private contract, which, unless pres ently arrested, will be carried from agraently arrested, wite carried from agra-
rian relations into all other filds of industry. But, above all, it would, in Lord Randolph's opinion, sever at one blow the
knut of the Irish problem by uaking the tengat farmers independent of the league through enabling them to sell their products at such high figures as would in-
sure to them contentiment and prosperity. sure to them contentment and prosperity.
He would bope in this way to take the wind completely out of Mr. Parnell's sails by offering the Irish peasantry a larger income than they could have twoked
for under the Dublin parlinment proposed by Mr. Gladstone, which, it will be recalled, hadien
castoms duties.
This has, undoubtery, the aspect of a rather clever project, but what are its
ctrances of success? The adrocates of its feasibility may, indeed, advance some specious arguments. They may point out that the protectionist rump which revolted against Peel has expanded into the present conservative party, whose ostensible
acquiescence of late years in free trade accuicescence of late years in free trade principles has never been universal and
whole hearted. They will argue that, whole heurted. They will argue that,
had the first Reform act done what the had the first Reform. act done what the
last oue did-namely. enfranchise the agricultural haborer-the Corn laws could tend that be repudiating doctrines that tend that by repudiating dactrines that
have proved disastrous $u$, tillers of the soil tn every section of the United King. soil in, and by taxing imports, not of grain.
dindeed but of cattle and meat products indeed, put of cattle and meat proancts
ulation to the tory ranks. They can
wrest, so they will urge from Mr. 9 Ilad wrest, so they will urge from Mr. Mlad
stone his controf of Wales and Scotland and firmly knit them to the English rur, voter, no longer deluded with the radical promise of thate tacres and a cow. So ppoe a fiscal innovation witich might pat could their inuence; Greal Britas ald cient - majority in Pu

## protective legishation

There is in all this a show of plansi bility uatil ke hear the other side. The prodacers of went, peuducte in the United sumers. Granted thumbered by the cna with the programme above outlined at traet all the producers, a counter impul sion would with equal certainty array
against them the whole body of consum against them the whole body of consum
ers. Such conflicting interests could only be reconciled by an extension of the pro tective principle to ahl the products of agricultare. or, in other words, by an abrupt and sweeping transformation of the whole system of ecouomical legisla. tion upon which British industry and commerce, in their present form and mag. nitüde, are reared.-New'York Sun.

## oll watered and wel

 araned grant to hame for a term of yearat very low rental. G. L. Brooks, Mana

## Cattie History Repeating Itself

Those who closely watch the live stuck industry of the country have not forgot ten the conbination of hard winter and drouthy summer which so reduced the volume of cattle in the west in 1880 . They will remember how from some parts of the range, as in Colorado, cattle almost entirely disappeared. A natural consequence of all this was that in 1881 and 1882 cattle fairly boomed. Fat beeves
were sufficiently scarce to send prices up rapldly, until they reached a point be yond all expectation. What we are speak-
ing of is a matter of history, and has been ing of is a matter of history, and has been
of such recent occurrence that it should of such recent accurrence mat it
also be a matter of popular meanory.
also be a matter of popular meunory.
Now is there not to a great exte
clear parallel between the condition of things now and six years ago! Last yeur's fatality was in some places unusually severe. This summer's drouth has
followed closely after, compelling such wholesale marketing and sacrifice of catthe as has never been known. The result of this combination must he a very considerable reduction in the number of catthe to go on market in 1887 and 1888, and
this in turn means a reaction prices. If our judgment is not badly at faula all this is clearly outlined in the
prospects of cattle production in the next prospects of cattle production in the next
two years. This may not be realized in this winter's feeding, though there is good reason for believing that it will be favored by some measure of improvement; but
that it will come in the natural course of things we most certainly believe. It does things we most certainly not seem probable that the extravagant values of a few years ago will again be realized under any circumstances which are probable, but cattle feeding must and will again be proatalie, within a reasona-
bly short period. Study the signs of the times, and the course of other kinds of live stock, reader, and see if you do not
reach asimilar conclusion.-National reach a similar conclusion.-Nation
Farmer.

## The Davies \& Lesinsky Herd

In another column will be found a card offering for sale a lot of fine cattle from the well known Davies \& Lesinsky herd of Dona Ana coupty. The offering is.of choice stock from one of the best herds of the range country; is well bred, as only
thoroughbred bulls have been used in thoroughbred bufls have been used in this herd for the past four years. Messrs.
Davies \& Lesinsky have exceptional facilDavies \& Lesinsky have exceppional rach
ities for producing high grade range stock, as owing to the isolation of their range and few watering places, they have
complete control of the breeding of their complete control of tre breeding pf their
stock, and the steers offered will be money makers for feeders, as th young, of yood stock, and there is out
come in their growth. The cattle offered areoold for the parpose of lightening the range, which will hardly accommoofate 1887 . present herd with the increase

Treatment of Eive Stock Disoases. There are some valuable lessons for the peopie of the United States in the recen outbreak of pleuropneumunia at Quebec Canada, and the manner in which it wa treated. We can, as a people well afford to look over the ground a little and see The good points in the action of our Do miniog naighbors And, first of all, we ary acted. The authorities did not wait until, in thé patirnl course of disease everything lis qoarantine bad been destroyed, or until every phase of the trouble had béen difecuseed ln the public press but at onee decided upon the utter de struction of every animal. And we cín thoroughness
were all the animafs condemned, but their carcasses, their madurial droppings, their way communicate infection, were burned As soon as this was determined upon the privy council met and appropriated sunficient funds to cover the entire loss. But what strikes us as peculiarly gratifying in the case is that all this apparently met
with the hearty approval of the people of with the hearty approval of the people of Canada. There was no "kicking"-no re
calcitrant and clildish criticism to embur calcitrant and chilhish criticism to embar
ralss the nuthorities in their work. It was rass the nuthorities in their work. It was
all just as it should have been for the beest all just as it should have been for the best
interests of Canada as a stock raising country
Suppose the same thing land occured in the United States. In the first place, our authorized by law for any such summary proceeding. There would have been bes. all unlikely that the work done would have been sufficiently incomplete of have
failed to fully wocomplish the ouject in view. And what is more shameful than all, a large part of the press of the country
which is ostensibly devited to the inter. ests of agriculture would have given the authorities unmeasured abuse for giving the matter any attention whatever. The
attitude of several prominent papers on attitude of several prominent papers on
this point is simply
outrugeous, and the only consolation in the case is that they Sinot reflect the sentiments of an siderable proportion of the people.
given us sonething, worthy of imitution Then us something, worthy of imithtion. flock or herd calls for just such summary action, wherever it may be located. delays are dangerous in anything it
matters of this kind. If mistak made the people can much better afford to have them on the side of to great se-
verity than on the other. This is one of verity than on the other. This is one of
those thingt in which it is criminal care those things in which it is criminal care-
lessness to assume needless risk. Let us lessness to assume neediess risk. het us
remember all this, and profit by the excellent example set by our northern neighbors.-National Stockman.

500 one and two-year-old New Mexico steers at $\$ 12.50$, and $\$ 16.50$ deltvered at
Magdalena, N. M.
G. L. Brookn, Manager.

## Pima County Ranchmen.

A meeting of the Pima county, Arizona Ranchmen's association, was beld at Tuc son on Saturday last. The subjoined ac count of the proceedings is taken from the Citizen:
In the absence of the president, J. R Tyler was called to the chai
On motion of M. G. Samaniego it was ordered that a committee of five be ap. pointed to divids the county into rodeo districts, and the chair appointed L. H Gormley, Juan Elias, Colonel Wool, Geo. Pusch and C. H. Ward.
The committee, after a brief recess, re ported that they had divided the county to the following districts Mountain to the Rincons, inclusive No. 2-From the Rincons th Pantano. to Culatasas
No. 8 -From the 8 tone bouse near the Sonora line to Calablasas and down the Santa Craz valley to Tucson.
No. 4 - Commencing at Pedro Aguirre's Buena Vista ranch, takiog in Ariraca, M.
Morenos, the east side of the Baboquiva-
ris and the Altar Flat to Maiseh \& Dris coll's well.
No, 5-From the Sopori north to the Slerita mountains, taking in the ranche of Ward, Stevens, and the "Sierritta.
The rér.
adopted.
On motion of L. H. Gormley, the chair appointed a committee of four from each beginning of the rodeos in such districts. as follows
District No. 1-Geo. Pusch, M. G. Sam aniego, P. Charouleau and Sotero Ruellas No. L. H. Gormley, L. Wakefield D. A. Sanford and Lon. Hinthews. No. 3 -Juan Elias, Sabino Otero, Maiseh \& Driscoll and Mr. Towne.
No. 4-R. C. Wond, M. $\underset{\text { No. 4-R. C. Wond, }}{\text { Norre anil M. Moreno }}$
No. 5 - Thomas Elias, John May' and H. Ward. George Pusch presented a report from
District No. 1, as foHows: That the rodeo vould commence at American Flag on to the Gila river, and whrk this way through Picacho, Cerro Prieta. Point of Mountain, Nine mile Water hole to Rilli to. Tanque Verde to the Rincon. M.G Samaniego to Le captain.
L. H Gormley reported from District No. 2 as follows: Commencing on Octo-
ber 20th, at Juan Taos' ranch, thence to Pantano, up than raos ranch, thence to Pennsylvania Cienega to Empire the $S$ poita to Calabasas. Ion. Mathews to be aptain.
The above reports were adopted.
The chairmen of Districts Nos. 3, 4 and 5 were instructed to report to the secreta-
ry, C. H. Ward, on or before September 20 th as to the time of beginning rodeos in their districts.

Pleuro-Pbeumónia Near Chicago. grave feurs that, Sept. 19.- There are farm at Ridgeland, near here, have spread the pleuro pneumonia contagion. When the disease was discovered there the other
day measures were at once taken fine it and yester quarantine were served on Mr. Harvey There are 118 head on the farm, mostly belonging to milkmen who merely pas ure there and as there is not much pasture the animals have wandered all over that section of country. Two cows and a calf have been killed on Mr. Carues' farm and an examination of the lungs of one of the animals showed an unmistakable evidence of pleuro pneurnonia.

Springfieid. III., Sept. 15.-Last year the National Cattleman's association of America, whise headquarters are at Chi cago, and the National Cattle and Horse Growers association of the Lnited States, in this city and thok the preliminary steps for a consolidation of the two associations. Subsequently, as a guaruntee of good
faith, each association elected Hon. D.W. faith, each association elected Hon. D. W.
Smith, of this connty, its president. To day the executive committees of these as suciations met bere and virtually completed the consolidation, by arranging a programme to be carried ont at a meeting
to be held at Springfield this fall. There were present at the meeting uday. Hon. w. W. Smith and Col. Charles F. Mills, of Sangamon county, Col. S. P. Cuaningham, of Fort Worth, Texas: Prof. L. M. Bora ham, of Columbus, Ohio; CrI. John Clay, Breeders'. Gazette, Chicago, and Elmer
Washburn, of Chicago. Col, Cunningham is secretary of the Col. Cunningham Hobse Growers' association and Cattle and ders is secretary of the National Cattle men's association.
George Anderson, who has been bold
ing cattle on the N, ing cattie on the Neutral strip, about two
months ago started abont 800 head of his which Missouri river on a range on the Littie where J. L. Driskill \& Son are ranging their cattle. Mr. Anderson returned home Tuesday last, and will now look after his beef cattle which are yet on his old range. - Dodge City (Kansas) Journal.

One or two train loads of partially graded western Texas yearliny helfers, delivered at Albuquerque at \$11.75 per head. G. L.
Brooks, Manager, Socorro, N. M.

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## AMERICAN CATTLE.

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wind completely out of Mr. Parnell's sails by oflering the Irish peasantry a larger income than they could have fooked for under the Dublin parliam ent piro-
posed by Mr. Gladstone, which, it will be recalled, had no control whatever over castoms duties
This has, undoubtedly, the aspect of a rather clever project, but what are its
ctrances of success? The adrocates of its feasibility may, indeed, advance some specious arguments. They may point out that the protectionist rump which revolted against Peel has expanded into the pres ent conservative party, whose istensible acquiescence of late years in free trade principes They will argue and whole hearn Phey will argue that last one did-namely: enfranchise the agricultural taborer the Corn laws could not have been repealed. They will con cend that by repudiating dectrines that have proved disastrous $t$, tillers of the soil to every section of the United King dom, and by taxing imports, not of grain, todeed, but of cattle and meat products,
they can rally the whole agricultural pop-
ulation to the tory ranks. They can wrest, so they will urge, from Mr. Alad
stone his controf of Wales and Scotina and firmly knit them to the Endtish rur voter, no longer deluded with the radica promise of three acres and a cow. So
that even should the Irishe politicians op poye a iscal innovation which Inight par
alyze their Influence, Great Britaln aloo could je trusted to give the tonles a ang cient majority in Parliauient ton carry or There is in all thi

## bility unti we hoar the other dide. Th

 pronacers of ment pruducts in the Unite ingdomare far dutanumbered by the can with the programme theve ontined at trate sil the prodicers, a counter impu against them the whole body of consum ars. Such confficting interests could onlyer reconciled by an extension of the pry lective principle to all the products manufacturing and mining as well as o agriculture. or, in other words, by an
abrupt and sweeping transformation of the whole system of ecouomical legisla tion upon which British industry and
commerce, in their present form and mag commerce, in their present form and
nitude, arp reared.-Neo York Sun.

## 400,000 aeres of a well watered and well

 craseed grant to loase for a terin of yearat a very low rental. G. L. Brooks, Mana

Cattle History Ropeating Itself
Those who closely watch the live stue industry of the country have not forgot ten the combination of hard winter and drouthy summer which so reduced the volume of cattle in the west in 1880 They will remember how from some parts of the range, as in Colorado, cattle almost entirely disappeared. A natural nsequence of all this was that in 1881 and 1882 cattle fairly boomed. Fat beeves rapidly until they reached a point be ond all expectation. What we are speak ing of is a matter of history, and has been of such recent occurrence that it should also be a matter of popular ménory
Now is there not to a great extent clear parallel between the condition of things now and six years ago! Last
yeur's fatality was in some places unusu ally severe. This summer's drouth has followed closely after, compelling such. wholesale marketing and sacrifice
e as has never been known. Tiver
of this combination must be a very con siderable reduction in the nunber of cat
tie to go on market in 1887 and 1888 , nnd the to go on market in 1887 and 1888 , and
this in turn means a reaction to better prices. If our judgment is not badly a prospects of cuttle production in the prospects of cattle production in the next
two years., This may not be realized in this winter's feeding, though there is good reason for believing that it will be favored by some measure of improvement; but things we most certainly beliave. It does values of a few years ago will again be realized under any circumstances which are probable, bqt cattle feeding must and will again be profitahle, within a reason 4 by short period. Study the signs of the
times, and the course of other kinds of live stock, reader, and see if you do no reach a similar conclusion-National

## The Davies \& Leaingky Herd.

 In another column will be found a card offering for sale a lot of fine cattle from the well known Davies \& Lesinsky her Dona Ana county. The nftering is of choice stock from one of the best herds otthe range country; is well bred, as conly thoroughbred bulls have been used in his herd for the past four years. Messer ities for producing high grade range stock, at owing to the isolation of thei range and few wateriag places, they have Complete control of the breeding of the
tock, and the steers offered will money makers for feeders, as oung, of yood stock, and there come in their growth. The cattle offere are sold for the purpose of lightening the range, which will hardly accemmodate 188 . present herd with the increase of

Treatment of ITve stock Diseases. There are sotne valuable lessons for the people of the Enited Scates in the recen outtreak of pleurappoumonia at Quebec, Cannda, and the manner in whieh it was treated. We can, as a people well afford to look over the ground a little and see we good points in the action of our Do-
minige meighbors And, first of all, we unut edmire the promptness with which theg sacted. The authorities did not wai untit, in the fatirnal course of disease everything fo quarantine / had been de stroyed, or antil every phase of the trouble had been ditcuseed in the public press bat at onee decided upon the utter de struction of every animal. And we can not fail to be impressed, $\mathbf{h o}$, with th thoroughness of the work. Not onl
were all the animais condemned, but their were all the animais condemned, but their
carcasses, their madurial droppinys, their carcasses, their madurial droppingss their
stables, and all things which could in nay stables, and all things which could in nay
way communicate infection, were burned As soon as this was determined upon the privy compcil met and appropriated sufficient funds to cover the entire losss. But What strikes us as peculiarly gratifying in with the hearty approval of the people of Canada. There was no "kicking"-calcitrant and childish criticism to embar rass the nuthorities in their work. It was an just as it should have been for the lest
naterests of Canada as a stock raing country.
Sutppose the same thing lad occured in the United States. In the first place, our
vetarinary nuthorities woold have felt unauthorized by law for any such summary proceeding. There would have been hes
tation and possible delay, and it is not at tation and possible delay, and it is not at
all unlikely that the work done would have been sufficiently incomplete ow have siled to fully accomplish the object in all, a large part of the press of the country ests of a oriculture would have the inter authorities unmeasured abuse fir giving the matter any attention whatever. The attitude of several prominent his point is simply outrageous, and the only consolation in the case is that they do not reflect the sentiments of nay con siderable proportion of the perple
Yes, in this whole affuir the Canuck ha given us something worthy of imitation. hock or herd calls for just such summary action, wherever it may be located. I delays are dangerous in anythigg it is
matters of this kind. mistakes are made the people can much better affurd to have them on the side of ton great se erity than on the other. This is one of hose things in which it is criminal care remember all this, and proft by the exellent example set by our norther neighbors.-National Stoekman.

## soo olle and two-year-old New Mexico

 ooks, ManagetPima County Ranchmen.
A meeting of the Pima county, Arizona Rancbmen's association, was beld at Tue count of the proceedings is taken fron the Citizen:
In the absence of the president, J. R Tyler was called to the chair. On motion of M. G. Samapiego it wa ordered that a committee of five be ap oisted to divide the county into roxeo ans, and the chair appointed L. H. Gormtey, Juan Ehas, Colonel Wood, Geo
Pusch and C. H. Ward.
The committee, after a brief recess, re ported that they had divided the county nto the following distriets
District No. I-From the' P
Mountain to the Rincons, inclusiv
No. 2-From the Rincons to Pantano.
Empire, Crittenden, and down the sonoita Calabasas.
No. 3 -From the Stone bouse near the Sonora line to Calablakas and
Santa Cruz valley to Tucson. Santa Cruz valley to Tucson.
No. 4 Commenciag at $P$. Buena Vista ranch, taking in Arivaca. $\mathbf{M}$ Moreno's, the east side of the Baboqniva
ris and the Altar Flat to Maiseh \& Dri colls well.
Na. $5-$ From the Bopori north to the Sierita mountains, taking in the ranche of Ward, Stevens, and the "sierritta. The re
adopted.
On motion of L. H. Gormley, the ehai appointed a committee of four from enc rodeo district to fix the time and place beginning of the rodeos in such district as follows
Distriet No. 1-Geo. Pusch, M. G. Sam aniegn, P. Charoulean and Sotero Ruellhs D. A. Sanford and Lon. Hatihews.
D. A. Sanford and Wou. Haninas, Sabino Otero, Maisch Driscoll and Mr. Towne
No. 4-R C. Wond, M. agirrer M Mor, Maisch, Pedro No. 5 -Thomas Elias, John May and H. Ward.

George Pusch presented a report from
District No. 1, as fothows. That would commence at American Flag on Oet. 1st, work to Puset's, and then mov o the Gila river, and work this way
through Picacho, Cerro Prieta. Point or Mountain, Nine mile Water hole to Rilli. 6o. Tanque Verde to the I. H Gormley raptain.
I. 2 as follows: Commencing Distric o. 2 as follows: Conmencing on Oct
ber 20th, at Juan Taos' ranch, Pantano, up the Cienega on Empire ranch o Pennsylvania ranch and down the Br poita to Calabsasas. Lon. Matthews to be captain.
The above reports were adopted.
whe chairmen of Districts Nos. 3, 4 and y, C. H. Ward, on or before Sepecmiber Oth as to the time of beginning rodeos in their districts.

Pleuro-Pneumonia Near Chicago.
Сhicago, III., Sept. 19.-There are grave fears that the cattle of the Harvey the pleuro pneumonia contagion. When day measures were at once taken to con Sne it and yesterday the usual notices of quarantine were served on Mr. Harvey belonging to milk on the arm, moar ure there and as there is nut much pastur te animals have wandered all over that ection of country. Two cows and a cal bave been killed oo Mr. Carues' farm and an examination of the lungsof one of the animals showed an unmistakable evidence of pleuro poeumonia
Sprixifieid, III, Sept. 15.-Last year Se National Cattleman's assonciation of agno, whe headquarters are at Ch cago, and the National Cattle and Horse
Growers' association of the Enited States whose headquarters are at St. Louis, me in this city and twok the preliminary steps
for a consolidation of the two associations Subsequently, as a guarantee of good fabsequently. as a guaruntee of goon each association elected Hon. D. W
faiter smith, of this county, its president. To aciations met bere and virtually com pleted the conosolidation, by arranging programme to be carried oat at a meeting were present at the meeting uday. Hon.
D. W. Smith and Col. Charles F. Mills, of Sangamon county, Col. S. P. Cuaningham
of Fort Worth, Texas : Prof. L. M. Bora ham, of Culombus, Ohio: CaI. John Clay Jr. , of Chicago; A. H. Sanders, of the
Breeders' Gazette, Chicago, and Elmer Washburn, of Chicago. Col. Cunninghan s secretary of the National Catlle and ders is secretary of the National Cattle men's association.

George Anderson, who has been hold ag caule no the Neutral strip, about iw stock cattle for the northern country, which he located on a range on the Little Missouri river, about thirty miles from retarned home Tuesday last, and will now look after his beef cattle which are yet on his old range - Dodge City (Kansas) Journal.

One or two train loads of partially graded western Texas yearliny helfers, delivered
iseh \& Dris
north to the
the ranches erritta.
ey, the ehai
Irom eac ach district.
M. G. Sam
tero Ruellas.
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report from
an Flag on then mov
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icon. $\mathrm{M} . \mathrm{G}$
of District
is thence to npire ranch lown the br
thews to be pted. tos. 3, 4 and
the secreta ag rodeos in

Chicago.

- There are
the Harvey thave spread ion. When
re the other sken to con al notices o Mr. Harvey
arm, mostly nerely past
uch pastur ill over that and a calf
farm and f one of the
le evidence

Last year are at Chi and Horse sited States
Iouis, me ninary steps ussociations ee of good
Hon. D. W sident. To
of these as tually com arranging
it a meeting fall. There uday, Hon
F. Mills, of
uaningham M. Bora
Mand lers, of the and Elmer Cattle and ional Cattle
been hold. Kead of hi in the Eittle mbles from
are ranging arned home ok after his is old range.
tially graded rs, delivered

# NEW MEXICO LIVE STOCK COMPANY <br> G. L. BROOKS, MANAGER. 

## Dealer in Ranches

All classes of Land Scrip at Low-
est Quotable Prices. Loans Negetiated. Shorthorn, Hereford. Polled Angus and Galloway Stock Bought and sold. STEERS FOR SPRIIIG \& SUYIVER DELIVERY
,oncerm

Native and Improved Sheep, Angora Goats and Registered Bucks. Patented Ranch Property and Confirmed Grants. Stock Horses, Stallions and Saddle Horses.
contracts mape for range cattle
From Texas, Hexico and Mew Mexico





$45 x+2$








iaughter shipped to Kamaes City this
Cars of sonore st era, They were a

and oflce at Santa Ye hee raceived no to.
De vef from the Comanimeioner at Weat.
 4. entry eoperion of Cone prose.
 Holton wee formerty cononeted with
Mexico Land and Cate eompay, of
county, and bears an eaviable rephita practical catluearan.
J arger, who wae well knowa in New Mext-
been epgraed fa merchandiniog and
 last week by being thrown from
ine hat the beef contract at that plece.

 ahot. Marficham wian
athan Hall Cattle eompany teas parchased
n ranch ou the Tileroen river, Socorro

 and greatly extends rachee along the
desi ratie conatry.
 ths exploring the northore cganery tor
stert rangitor the ecteo berd of Kyle \&
 thes, of Fagataff, Arizona, paseed throught
sicu this week with eighteen carloade of


FLAGSTAFF,
ARIZONA.
Albsquerque National Bank, Albaqnerque, $\mathbf{N} . \mathbf{M}$.
FER TO:

Governor Hadley and M. M. Chase, of the trans-
portation commitiee of the Northern New Mexi-
co Stock Growert saciation, it a recent confer

 joyed by the deeociation on grain shipments was.
contin sed without change. The oflerings of range cat
Then
marike this week haye stradily the Kaseas City
diny to day,
drom Com
 caseed as fat cattie. The geveral effect of so
many tmmatare cattie being thrown on the marmany tmmatare cattle befing thrown on the mar-
ket was to weiken prices, which on the lower
grades olumped ave to ten centa. Harry Yocom, brother of Mrs. A. W. Archibald.
of Trinided, died Yriday laet at Baker's rasch, 100 milee weat of Magaieas, N. M. He had been preweor revereveloped while taking a banch of cattle
to Magtalena, and trought on spinal meningite
 chat both Mr. and Mrr. Archirald each lost a
brother by death on the same day and atabout the
same hour.
The Nathan Hall Cattle company, of Socorro,
sow have on the trail, in the vicinily of Yairriew,
1,600 head of their la tuments Ter

 range. This lot will be followed by 1,600 head of
the same lot, which will be shipped from Toy hh.
Texas, to Sen Marcial, and thence driven to the Talerosa range and turned loose.
Mearr. Leary a Hed, Whe prchased the monphe aka lack socurday, placed 1,0n0 beed of
oveera on the property, which they will feed on
 which is a sure gaarantee that they will be roling
fant when they gre taken out in Febrnary to be fat when they are taken ont in Prebrna
shipped to the eeatern markets. P Pioneer.
 acnase range to the Valencia conanty, New Mexi-
ea, range he hay leased of Lail
aco bony. About Weeks. Mr. Stoller'e catile are weil graded, and
with an abandance of rangee well grageed and
watemed, he will have, wo hope, no calase for complaint al inis change, or the proft he will realize
The bleck belle introdnced into New. Moxico noet year by the Leonard Bros, have proved theit The bunch of grar es and pure brede purchaeed by.
the Nathan Hall Cattle company is in most ex. the Nathan Hall Cattle company is in most ex.
cellent thape: the pare breds will show np with
the best of their kind on any eastern breeding
farm. In appearance the biacks were much farm. In appearance the thacks were much pleanape of fancy bred beils the writer had the
trip over the range. Wednender the
Wedneediay the lexico and Texas Cattle com-
pany commenced the shipment of 1,500 head pany commenced the shipment of 1,500 head of
stock cattle from the eity of Chifhahua over the Mexican Central railroed. Heretofore it hae seen the practuce to drive up the trail to Deming
and make that the shipphng point. The move.
ment by rail will bring this trade through this citr, which marks a new era in the city of E1
Paso a catte center. The cattie win go from
here vis the sant
 Inter-Rany, of whic
The Acoms Cattle company, with the induetri-
ous, clear headed Hing logether one of the largeet cattle outatis in eion in the marketso. The inte drouth, depres
not deetroy the side isene, doee oot destroy the faith of the gentiomen comprising
the Acomaco. in the desi rability of cattle and ranch stock in the osouthest as as prime inventrient.
This company has recentiy added to their othes numerous purchasee of breeding cetule during
the past semson, a lot of 2,00 head of Mexica cows and ealves, princhased through the well
known eommission house of Mandy Bros,
E1 Pseo. known co
E1 Paeo.
W. A. B
W. A. Burnett has returned from his ranch in quality and more abundapt than he has ever cnown before, and the calf erop nearly doable
what be expected. That before sterting to the
round-up he woild round-up he would have been winhing to have
made sin arrangement with any reeponible party
who would have guaranteed himit 1,000 calves brand, taking for hie part all that was left over,
provided the party would make np all that was
 about half through witt his work and has thas far brapded about 1,000 calves, and thintes he will
have apocher 1,000 to brand.-Triaidad Adver-

Paechal R. Smith, of Grant connty, who has relation to his operations in the five stock indus. try of the territory than any other dozen men en-
gaged in the business here, has recently come to the front once mare, if the Enterpwise is compeproperty in the Burro monntuine valued at $\$ 3002$ coo. It enumerates in detall the extensivel and,
ranch and live stock holdigs of which the
 ing that the colonel "expecte to have at lenat
yooo pead of graded and improved castle" on the
property in the future. ThE trasts fat the ega which has been lald by the
colonel will this colonel will this time develop Into a vig.
healithy chitien, faratively speaking.
A very gentiemanly fellow of twenty, named $W$.
Nele terday morning on a charge of distarbing yes
peace and carrying conces ed weapone. The story
devela

wich place he ran A arge stock ranch.
away and lift fim and came to this city where ahe
sat up an instution of a rather questonable eort,
and put a Mable in front of ber name. Some
time ago ahe wrote her husband that sbe was in
dire diatress and to come on. He eame and eaw
her at her place on 8outh Thirteenth stroe. She
said she was \$200 in debt for her furnitare. He
paid it, and they resumed their old time relations.
said it, and they resamed their ofd -time retations.
paid
she wanted more, and he woildn't give it, where-
upon they quarreled, and Te was arreeted upon
the woman"s complaint. In this case Jadge Cody let the defendant ofin op coets.-St. Louis Globe
Demoera. G. L. BROOKS. Miniager, socorro. N. M. Will contract and teliver to any point in Arizona, she cattle in large or small broed ball in and lora, ola mexico Beforences, Firse Potional Bunks of Veges, Albuquerque, foeorro, and El Paed Socorre Connty Bank, and Benking House, of Bro

San Miguel County Association.
At Las Vegas, N. M., Sept. 18, 1886, called meeting of the executive committee of the San Miguel County Stock association was held in The Stock Grower's rooms. Among those present were Chairman Stapp, Messis. Mendenhall, Mingus, Page, Rathbun and Stoneroad.
Cul. G. W. Stoneroad, of the committee to meet the Northern New Mexico aseo ciation, reported that he had met the rep resentatives of the Northern New Mexico, Wagon Mound and Watrous associations, and agreed with them to the appointment of three inspectors, one at Kansas City, one at Springer and one at Las Vegas, and to pay a pro rata of the expenses on he basis of 30,000 head of cattle as the proportion of the San Miguel County as ociation.
The secretary read letters and statements received from the secretary of the Northern New Mexieo association, show. ciatio proportion levied upon this asso lation this be \$396.10, and
Mr. Mingus moved that the secretary be instructed to levy an assessment of one and one half cents per head upon all cattle wned by members of this meociation and iso to collect all monies and dues now due. F. Hardy, and carried. is Mr Mendenhell moved that of the association be tendered Mr. Hardy for the prompt and efficient manner in which his duties have been performed. Carried.
Col. Geo. W. Stoneroad moved that C A. Rathbun be elected secretary and treasurer of the association. Carried.
Mr. Mingus moved that the secretary be instructed to forward to the secretary of the Northern New Mexico association an monies received, in sums of one bunred dollars, to apply upor the bill rend til the same be paid in full. Carried. Mr. Mingus moved that the secretary be astructed to correspond with the the territory with a view of furthering legislation requiring a suficient number of bulls to be placed on the range by each wner of female cattle. Carried.
The meeting then adjourned.
The Table Edition.
Only a few copiee left of the immense edition contaiping the elabocate and cootit thblee of cat or appear in any other paper., send ten centa
or

How Far Oortain Orosees Give Value A casual look at a catalogue of catile of either breed nitity show several animals far back-in fact, forming what is known as the baes-that are eapeciallity reputuble but very close observation is required to estimate, with reasonable clearness, the extent to which thise far-back crosses have been meutrelized by cposses put on duting later years, that were wot quite equal to those worked in earlier. This condition of things has infrequently hap peaed by men seeuting fndividuald of the higher class, made eo by being the of spriag of those rare and meritorious animals that gave chardeter to the breed at the start, but through not takiog a position of permanency and prominence at the outset, and permitting their purchases to fall into partial obscurity, and to be bred to plain bred bulls costing but little money, the prestige that belongs with the kind of a base to which we refer is mainly lost. It is wise to stop and estimate the influence of the more recent, or the last half dozen crosses, for these necessarily cut an important figure in the make up of a given animal or herd.
Some men have counted unduly upon the prestige of locality, as identified and known as the home of the best cattle of a given breed, and have also given undue herbage, and have relied upon this latter nfluence to give character and create a demand. There are, it is true, districts of country where cattle do better and grow larger in a given time than in others, but this is the outgrowth of the simple fact of abundance of feed, and, to a rea sonable degree, of the absence of severe catule can be grown in just as good form for the show ring or for the butcher in one locality 48 in another, within reasonable distances from the home of eternal ce or excessive heat. All this has been thoroughly proven within the last two decades. It is not the fact of animals hav ing certain crosses that it them for this or that locality, but rather the fact of pos essing inherent adherent adaptability. If wanted for a northern locality, they should possess heat generating power, and this is as likely to be present w
Hardiness, as due to the influence of wise selection of crosses, is as easy to maintla are maintained or increased in the same manner. Fraits and vegetables are limited to a narrow range of heat and cold, simply because they are self limited in the peculiar quality that enables them to stand cold. Specimens of wheat-and the same is true of many other plantshave been discovered growing among others of their own kind that gave evi. dencé of capacity to endure far greater exposure than other plants growing along. ide. This is a mere bappening, and nut the result of any cross or crosess, but the hardy plant so found furnishes a basis for growing seed that will bring a bardy crop. Cattle-and it matters not what the breed can be bred in with a viem to any otew oh hardioesa as whin to esinad qut from day to day atand out in viduals hat without apparens discomport Such are found in neariy all herds, and it doch not require that a man be forty years breeder to be able to judge whichi par. ticular animals in a given collection are whet are known as tender, showing in cold weather no full comfort except within the stable and under a blanket, while others eat shocked corn from ofl the fromen ground with evident relish, seeming tu enjoy the crisp winter air. No one needs w look at the catalogue or spend hours in looking through the herd books to determine whether a beast has or has not hardy crosses within it. These, if they have entered in, will show like colors at the nast head. The same will be true of the meat in the best parts, of an equable neat in the best paris, of an equable. idly, taking on sueh shape and giving idly, taking on such shape and giving
such general expression in the carriage such general expression in the carriage avoluntarily ullow their gaze to go wher.
aver that particular beast goes, and if the ant the premi O buying, animaie hiving the characteris It follows, as a matter of course that with a proportion of buyers, those who desire to investin what are eccepted as nimals of the higher clase reffiting to heir lineage, clome attention will to ? o the requrd of that linete, and of two anityy sofar the closen crunnv can determine, quite aike ne over annther in the recond will have weight. As ented it the outset, certain animals acquired prestige at the starting out, and this applies to each of the breeds. and this forms a sort of trade mark thast
it is reasonable to assume will never be it is reagonable to asgume will never bo
cast aside. In taking an inventory of merits, this, of course, will help to twell e estimate as it always helps to swel the average and the sum total at a sale o Men who breed mater what the breed ten who breen fine cattle, as well as not care to pay a money consideration fo anything that appears on paper touching the origft of a given beast, prefer to have such on hand as will call up recollections of those old and mach prized roots that pussed current in their day as the best living specimens of a noble race. The works of the old artists command enor. mous figures as compared to what men are wiming the pay for those of diferent
orighe. This same spirit has for na hundred years held an important influence in cattle matters, and for all practical pur-
poses it will answer the purpotes of the poses it win answer ife purpoes of hor present generadion ir tis is continued or nal.
1,500 head of the bent grade of Chilhua has eattle rounded-up and ready for shipment, consisting of $1-3$ cows from thriee to $1-3$ yearn ola, $1-3$ two-y ear-old hellors an qne at $\$ 18.00$ per head. G. L. Brooken, Man ager, Socorro, N. M.
An Outbreak of Pleuro-Pnoumonia in the Mroighborhood of Ohicago.
Chicato, III. 'September 19.-The Staté Veterinarian yesterday slanghtered on the farm of a Mr. Carne, at Ridgeland a suburb of Cuicago, two cows and a cal affected with pleuro-pneumonia. All pos sible efforts will be made to thorougbly disinfect the place
The presence of the disease was dis covered early in the week, as were indi cations that the disease was communicated by a cow from the farm of a milkman named Harvey. The state veterinary surgeon and the comminsioners made a visit there and were alarmed to find five head of eattio on the place that were suffering with the disease, two of which were promptly killed and buried. One of them was dissected and the lungs plainly indicated that it must have been tainted wirt the disease for many months.
The usual netice of a quarantine has been served on Harvey but there are grave doubts as to whether be win be able to
enforce it. - There are 118 head of cattle enforce it. - There are 118 head of cattle
on the place, nearly all of them belonging na the place, nearly all of them belonging then.
There is very litule fencing on the farm, and the cows have wandered at will all over that seetion of country. Three that with the proms have been isolated, but charge of each milk man's herd, no rigid quarantine can posal bly be enforced.
Mr. Caswell, the state veterinary sur geon will call a meeting of the board of commissioners early this week, and his first step will be an effirt to induce them ar put a force of men at work to watch the H rrvey eattle night and day.
There was a possibility, he thought, that all the cattle would have to be killed. but he could not tell at preaent. He is of the opinion that the pleuro-pneumonia has been about this immediate region the fact that the lerrible dileoge explains lingering a hout town ingering about town so long witbout belog diacovered, by saying that the cattie of far afiected have been the property of disease her milk fell off to nothing, and the men took no pains to doctor their stock, for they shipped every dry cow to

# Hemind Clating Pampany! 

KANSAS CITY'S BEST CLOTHING HOUSE Range and Etadk Men.

## COBNEE WHIV AND SITTH STREFT, RUSSS CTTY, MO.





Samplet and Rules for Self Moasurement Sent on Application
We are white men and Americana in name and natura, All ase livited to make oar atore beed We ARE THE BESTLESS CLOTHING MKN.
ut trie ont and bring with you.
HERRICX CLOTHING $C 0$.

## FELIX MARTINEZ,

GFNERAI

## Ranch and LiveStock Broker <br> LAS VEGAS, HEW HEXCOO

Real Estate, Land Grants, Improved Ranches, Cattle Rangee, Native Catula, Improved Cat
General Land Omce Buainess. Titles Becured under the Untted Bratee Land Laws.
the slaughter houses at once, or traded her oil at a sacritice, without stopping to
nake any investigation of the cause of ber illness.
soe to 1,000 head of central Texas, parts ally graded one and two-year-old holferm buquerque at $\$ 13.50$ per head. G. 1 Brooks, Manager, socorro, N. M.

## Practical Irrigation.

In Lombardy, where a tract of a million cres, mort or less, was formerly a desert and has been converted by irrigation into
blooming, garden, exhuberant with the
olive, the mulberry and the vine, there is o such thing known as the rights of prio ppropriators, or the rights of riparian owners. The water belongs to the people and every land owner, whether his land is on the bank of a stream, or a hundred niles distant, and whether be appoopri ated water long ago, or only yesterday, is equal in the right to use it. Lombardy is divided into watersheds. Every cultiva or within each watershed is entitled to his ghare of the water contained therein on paying for it. The purchaser of a piece of land gres to an engineer and sureyor and shows him where his property maps and talls him at asps and chls him anch it, and what he must pay for it to the ge partment of the government which bas ir rigation in charge. He is entitled to lay ditches across his neighbor's property but when he applies for water his neighbors must all be potified so that they shall have an opportunity of protesting if they deem chat his operations will prove injurious w them. When the protests are heard, th gether with his replies thereto, the gov ernment official determines the water rights of the new claimant and he gets riparian. There being in Italian law no riparian rights, there is no trouble on this bead, nor is a procest from an older appropriator on will diminish his supply regerded with favor. Experience has shown that irrigation tends to increase the supply of irrigation tends to increase the supply of
water in springs. It is very difficult to empty a running stream though it be di verted from its course. It has been found in Italy that a water supply, which formerly was deensed insuficient to irrigate over 1,000 acres, will now irrigate 2,000 .

PUBLIC SALE
Of Two Fine
KEVITCKY HORSES
I will gell to the lighest bidder, on ithe
Albuquerque Fair Track
3oth, 1886, the Hishly, Breptember
stallion and ceilding
PAVO' 'PRINCE'
 $\pm 2=42$ 4innty race alker, by Timoleon, the sire of the famone
rooton. Extended pedigree can be PRINCE day of the alale.
Ane geiding; works to aeddle and
harnese; any iady can ride or drive him. He io


 seven thousand doltars. P. HUTCHCRAFT

Patterson, Bocorro Co., N. M

## Tally Booke.

The ewock Gmownir dob Olfee is now prepared fursioh stockmen with a convenient tally-book all cattie be recorded the namber and marki aleo contains paged, with place for date memorasa.
The book is otrongly bound in leather, printed no good paper, and aitogether it forme, one of the that ran be aeed on round-upence in doliveriee
of cattle. Price, one dollar, eent to any addree post-paid. Price, one dollar,


[^0]The Sweepstakes' Winners.
The Sweepstakes Winners rarious fairs is the best evidence of veriority of the atimals in the herds
bited it is no eriterion as to the
riority of the breed for beef prodnc.
rposes, and the only way in which
ut impurtant of all questions to the
raiser of the westion of all beef
is in the competition
for a sweepstakes preminm. In a
of this kind every beef breed is
ire determined by the most experi.
and capable julges. The recent petition at the Chicago fair for the ntakex prizes for the best beef ani
was one of the most exciting and
yontested of the year, and as the
ing account of the affair from the
, the Herial prize of $\$ 1,000$, contributed
orecial prize of $\$ 1,000$, contributed lards, divided into three prizes, of
\$ive to first, $\$ 300$ to secund, and 8:N to third, open to all beef breeds, nat
acited the curiosity of those inter peched, the result, no matter what it It be, was sure to be criticised by yrils of cattle, of which five were
yn. four Herefords, and three ank Polied cattle, participated in the it the requiremeats as to the make
ine herdx eligible for entry being ame ss thise in the society's regular amely: bull two years old or over arve years old or over, two-year-old attle were drawn up in line upon
ater stretch in front of the Olab . the Herefords on the south, Gallo and Aberdeen Angus in the center,
Lie shorthorns on the north, and a Uhe Shorthorns
mittee consisting of one stock yards and two feeders or shippers from the
rior, all supposed to
disinterested selected to make the award. Tw. riety's usual custom to thane the ex. tion, the third man being held in e as referee, and as would haturally perd in the lot was clearly best, they unable to agree. It cannot be said entire satisfaction to the exhibitors. phints were heard on all hands that attle were not being handled enough asion as to which lot were best cor the most important places by good
Whatever uay be said of their Whatever unay be said of thei alieged that it was hastily performed, ample time was consumed in going the different herds. The result of
ailot was a tie between the Hereford mallot was a tie between the Ferearand
of Messrs. Fowler and Vannatta, and horthorns exhibited by "Uncle Har sodowsky. The refree had mean
been having about as grood a look cattle as his collegues had had, and brief comparison of the two herds aut gave his decision in favor of
Whitefuce? berd. Mr. Sodowsky's naturally enoug her Bodowsky second place, and after some littie second place, and after sone intue
ho
rous exhibited by the Messrs. Walker differeni. The animals making up the detail in the above reporterred $w$ in competitions, so that to enter into particu-
lars concerning them again in this con lars concerning them again in this
nection would be useless repetition. It is almost needless to state that It is almost needless to state that many
different combinations would have been different combinations would have been
made by rarious breeders in attendance nade by rarious breeders in attendance
Some insisted that the black-skins onght to have had the third position, and others would prehaps bave selected different Hereford and Shorthorns herds to repre sent those breeds for the first and second prizes. The result was of course very gratifying to the breeders of Herefords, and as the winning berd was one of those that met with defeat in Kentucky, the friends of the Whitefaces naturally of fair plav which they thought had been denied them in the south. Col. Moberly, who was present. took a sly dig at the un
successful Sborthorn exhibiors by inti. mating that if they wanted cattle that couid "lay the Herefords out" they had
better come to the country where they betuer come to the country where they
produced cattle able to beat them, as has reen done on the other side of the Ohio wovize the various conflicting interesta monize the various conficting interests a shake, and witr considerable good-aatured
cafing the crowd gradually dispersed as the half a hundred cattle wended their way back to their stalls.

One or more train loads of wentern Texa tock cattle, partially graded; cows and ern and two-gear-old steers o16.00; yearling helfers and ateers $\$ 11.75$; delivered an in New Mexico or Arizona nt proportion te prices.
o, N. M.

## Sensible Reflections

A writer in the Dallas Nous says that the principal complaint of many stock men just now is the low price of cattle This is the natural result, and nothing else could be expected after reading the columns of "bear" talk indulged in by the gentemen'of the range for the past three months. The everlasting cry of cattle "starving to death," "no grass and less water," etc., given to the public both in and out of Texas, has, as I have stated, naturally brought stock down to bed.rock
Had
Had some of our stockmen been as in dustrious in digging wells and caring for
their cattle as they have been in circulat ing reports in regard to the drouth and starvation, etc., they and their
brethren throughout the state would be brethren throughout the state would be
far better off. You see they (the "bears") shot over their mark. They hoped to be able to discourage the genteman with the hoe, called by some the "nester," from
moving west, and no doubt they did keep $a$ grod many from going west and caused not a few hat were west io return eakt "bear" reports were doing their work in northern, north westeri and eastern states Parties who had intended to engage in the cattle business in Texas changed their mind and came to the conclusion that they did not want any cattle in a country wher water. The result is that there are no buyers, and cattle are going a begging,
known. There are a few of our kings who will no doubt be benefited by the present state of the market. I refer to those who are able to buy. They can and will now stock up their ranges at their own figures, and the small fry, who have
been howling wolf with the hig fish, will been howling wolf with the hig fish, will in time take a tumble, so as to speak, and
realize who got left and who are gainers. realize who got left ta nd who are gainers
The nester who left the west, will drift back again next year, or perhaps this win ere, and will wonder what he left for, and he same old work wil commence again cattle "iust a litle fuither" west is the cattle thast have to depend on nature for everything. Stock that are in the hand of men who put down wells and provided oed with, with their owners, mingle with the man with the hoe and prosper.
Now. don't think for a moment that the writer is trying to make your readers be Reve that this has not been an off year in Texas, inr it has. Yes it certainly has with those who have not provided theit stock with water. But it might have been a great deal worse, and there has not been one.tenth part of the loss that one
would think there was by reading those would think there was by reading those
-bear" reports referred to. It would keep bear a granger and a cattle king on the go continuously to keep up with the good discovered that has gas not yet been year, and I reckon it is safe to hint, if not to say, that "old Texas" will average with most any other state or territory; but the ider we get and the more popalation we man to assist nature $\mathbf{a}$ litule. We cannot always have free grass and abundance of running water and no limit of range. We must change with the times and depend on our own efforts a little more as the range is cut short by the man with the
plow and the hoe. At feast this is the humble opinion of one of your stock and farm subscribers.

## Blood Will Tell.

Up to the present time it looks as if the old blark stallion Virgil woule have a great lead as the winning sire of 1886 . It has been a truly phenomenal year for the black hero of Elmendorf. His son Tre nont has contributed thirteen races with out a defeat, and $\$ 39,135$ in money, which is a great start, while Ben Ali, by his success in the Kentucky Derby and the St Louis Derby, together with his California onquests, has won over $\$ 20,000$. Thus with $\$ 60,000$ to start with, the old hềro has secured a lead that it will he hard to overcome, especially as Ben All is still in raining and likely to win races, while the large number of Virgils in training, ncluding such winners as Santa Rita, Electričty, Junn, Shadow, etc., will help bild the pyramid of winnings, Glenleg, itile Minch Donisette Preciose Ferenai Littie Minch, , ouisette, Preciosa Ferenzl,
Gleaner. Heel-and-Toe, Dry Monopole, Gleaner, Heel and. Toe, Dry Monopo.e,
Grizette, etc. Longfellow, thanks to The Bard, will have a very important place. while, in addition to Mr. Cassatt's great winner Kaloolah and Tom Martin have helped to swell the winnings of this great son of Lexington. King Alfonso, with such winners as Lizzie Dwyer, Joe Cotton,
and etc. will make a grod stand. Equ
will occupy a more prominent position than he has for years, with inspector be
vinnings, which reach over $\$ 30,000$ alone.

Billet will sustain his pre-eminence of previous years, as Miss Woodford has con ributed over $\$ 20,000$. Blue Wing has added to this over $\$ 8,000$. Grinstead, too, shows grandly considering the limited number of his get in training in $\mathbf{M r}$ Baldwin's stable, the winning of his get at Chicago reaching over $\$ 18,000$, while Votante's triumphs at Saratoga and Monmouth have swelled this to nearly $\$ 30,000$ Falsetto, whose success has be is that of Falsetto, whose success has been of a na hopes of him at Woodburn. Dewdrop's winnings alone reach some $\$ 5,000$ whil Rupert has piled up several thousand more, not to speak of Jenny Tracy's two year-old conquests having added over $\$ 10,000$ more, and there are several othe Falsetto winners of smaller sums. In deed, we hardly recall a colt or filly by Falsetto that has not won something, and if the young lord of Woodburn continue as he has begun Mr. Brodhead may look to the greatest average yet obtained when the next sale of yesrlings at Woodburn has rolled around. Mortemer, who was within an ace of leading the series last year. has fallen back owing to the want of another Wanda, and Springbola, who promised so well a few seasons since, has ikewise receded as Markland alnne ha sept the lamp of his sire barning. Still and the positions of the leading sire may undergo many changes of time.-Spirit of the Times.
1,000 hend of well graded Angora goet n herd mear socorrp, ean be sold and de vered at once at very reasonable figur

British Capital in Bouth America
Nearly $\$ 456,000,000$ of British capital according to official statistics, is invested in the Argentine Republic-one-fourth the estimated wealth of the whole nation in 1884. These investments are distrib uted as follows: Railways, $83,600,000$ public debt, $\$ 163,650,000$; banks and com panies, $\$ 07,700,000$, estancia and stock 165,05, w, is the property, $12,200,00$ has to pay to holders resident in Republi coupons or dividends on more than 975 000,000 in Arsentine securities, to $\$ 20,000,000$. Springfeld Republican

A correspondent of the London Live Stock Journal says: Many years ago I witnessed the destruction of an entire farmsteading on the borders. The fire was beyond control when first noticed. The cattle in the courts were saved, bin he cows in the byre were consumed at the stake. At first the horses defied all exertions to have them removed, and the fourteen would have shared the fate of (now dead) ordered the men to put on the (now dead) ondered the men to put on the stable, and all were saved. This experi ence cannot be too generally knowh.

Most of our feeders in Kansas are be ginping to learn a leseon on feeding corn to cattie. The system of keeping their cattle on a chalf feed during the winter season and turning them to grass the following spring will be by many abandoned, and if they feed at all, it will be on full feed to commence with, turning them to beef as rapidly as possible and then to market. They claim that they can make more money even if they do not get quite as big a price for their beef cattle; begides save time and interest on money invested.
-Dodge City Journal.

## THE STOCK GROWER.

LAS VEGAK, NE'W MEXICO.
Omice, Bridge Btreet, in Stock Grower Bufliding.
THESTOCK GROWER COMPANY.
subseription Price,.................ss a Year.
single Copies, Ten Cents.

Only fournal devoled exclusively to the stock
growing interests of the South west. We give the growng intereste of the Southwee
cattle newoe of the range country.



SATURDAY; SEPTEMBER 25, 1886.
The Inspection of fine stock for which one dollar per head is charged is a roar ing farce. It is not worth five cents per head to the stockmen of this territory.

Governor Ross, regardless of the wishes af the stockmen of New Mexico, still authorizes the extortion of one dollar per head for so-called inspection of thorough bred and high grade cattle coming into New Mexico.
What New Mexico's herds need more than anything else is the introduction of blooded stoek. Every animal of this class brought into the territory adds materially to our wealth. The dollar a head inspection fee deters many from moving fine stock into New Mexico. Governor Rose should consider this matter, and at once order the inspector to reduce his charges.
Pourretch considerations are of the slightest consequence in the conduct of their affalirs by the cattlemen of New Mexico. In the inspection service of the quarantine law every stock raiser expects that competency for the service to be performed shall be a characteristic of the inspector. Let politics be divorced from tbat branch of the law of quarantine and give to the cattle interests the protection which the law insures in its proper execu tion.
At a recent meeting of the executive committee of the San Miguel County Stock aseociation, a step was taken by the committae which is in the right direction and which The Stock Grower trusts will meet with a hearty second from all the local stock associations of this territory. It was decided by the committee to Inaugurate measures looking to the enact ment of a general law by our next legis lature wherein the question of the number of bulls every herd owner shall run with each 100 head of female breeding stock he owns or chatrols will be settled by statute. The manner in which many otherwise progressive stockmen have evaded this prime necessity of range management, and have stolen service for their herds from their neighbors' bull stock, has compelted the fair-minded men
in the cattle business to move in the mat ter. apon a line of action which it is generally conceded fis the only sure wny of making the rango robber do the rightit thing. The Stock Grower belleves the notion is nearly a unaimous one among the cattlemenito settle the bull question by legislation.
It is a query with many people who desire economical management in public af. fairs, whether the government, or that part of it represented by W. A. J. Sparks, Land Conmissioner, (which seems to be the greater part) has ever counted the cost in the operations of the land depart ment known as investigations for the dis covery of fraudulent entries. A mathematician of limited ability can easily show that the expense being imposed on the country by Sparks in his fanciful delusion of proving fraud on the settlers of the west, has already cost the government one thousand dollars for every acre of land re stored to the public domain, which had been entered under the public land laws. Most of this money has been spent to secure perjured testimony in following up the clews of men who have subjected themselves to a name the most detestable to be applied to a human being in their desire to get some one into trouble; in the operations of the courts in calling in wit nesses from all portions of the land; the wholesale arrest of settlers and the at tempts to convict them of fraud in their land entries. There bas been a shameful squandering of money in carrying out the purpose of a man who has been dignified by the head of a department, but who should long since have been incarcerated in a lunatic asylum. The excesses of Mr Sparks, which in his department have been as violent as were thibse of Caligula or Domitian in the days of Rome, when they managed affairs as only men bereft of reason can, will certainly react upon the promoters, and to every man who has been wronged, and his property dissipated in defense of his rights and person, from the hounds set upon him by Sparks, will surely come the satisfaction of knowing that God hates a coward, and that for this reason, ${ }^{\text {Splarks will }}$ wo down to posterity the most utterly fdetested man of the century.

The value of such protection as our quarantine law is supposed to give the cattle raiser, will appear more forcibly at the present time than for some time in
the past, in view of the sudden and alarming outbreak of pleuro-pneumonia at Chi cago. The west has reason to be alarmed. Every rangeman will look to the outcome of the efforts now being thade to suppress the disease there with no little anxiety Shall it spread further west and the contagion appear among cattle in any of the states contiguous to the range country, the grazing area of the west will very likely be visited by the death dealing enemy of the cattle herds. In view of the probabilities of the wide spread appearance of pleuro-pneumonia during the fall and winter months at different points throughout the west, and the further necessity of New Mexico making use of every means within her power to protect herself from the introdaction of pleuro-pheumonia, which, if it is brought within the limits of the territory, must come in the bunches d high grade stock that are being placed on the range from eastern breeding farms, the governor should at once ascertain as to the competency of all inspectors now doing duty under the provisions of our law of quarantine, in the positions to important point of inspection is at Trini.
dad, बTiere inspection is supposed to be made of all cattle stoeks coming into the territory and the south west over the Ban ta Fe road. It is generally believed by the cattlemen of New Mexico that the in apector at that point has absolutely n . knowledge of povine direases, and that su far as protection results to the cattle in
dustry hore from his operations, or that of Guatry here from hifs operations, or that of
his subordinates or deputies, it is a ni quantity, and that this important elannel through which pleuro-pneumonia may at any come time into New Mexico, is practi cally an open one. The danger is imminent and no delay should be had in effectually guarding our borders by a careful and in telligent inspection.

## THE DANGER IS NEAR

The startling news relative to the break of plearo-pneumonia among the eattle in the vicinity of Chicago, which comes to us this week, may well excite apprehension and alarm in the mind of every cattle raiser of the country. Fol lowing so close upon the violent outbreak of the dread disease in Canada, the country must awake to the fact that the exist ance of pleuro-pneumonia is no longer a mere chimera, as many people have claimed when the signs of distress have
appeared, and the herds were rapidly be. ing thinned out in different portions of the country. It has seemed to the thought. ful ones who have accepted the theory of the exceeeding contagiousness of pleuropneumonia, that the cattle industry of America needed just such an outbreak as s now recorded as having occurred near Chicago to have it realize as one man, the great danger which stands constantly as a menace and a possible quick destruction of our bovine stock. Men from mercer. nary and other considerations have maintained that there was nothing to fear When this insidious disense made its appearance and cattle were dying on every
hand, and the live stock holdings of the land were being jeopardized by negligence in arresting the spread of the disease. The history of the efforts made by the far-seeing ones to have suitabledegislation enacted by congress to protect the herds is famillar to all who have taken an interest n this important matter. Some headway has been made toward surrounding our vast stock interests with such protective features as the exigencies and possibiliies of the industry require. In the coming of pleuro-pneumonia we car take a lesson from the action of the Dominion
suthorities, in the management of the case on their hands: They did not tem porize or assume that some one must act for them in the premises who night be legally invested, with greater authority but recognizing the enornity of the danger staring them in the face, and the probability that unless they themselves were heroic and applied instantaneousl the proper remedies, their cattle interest would be wiped oat, they acted in the right way at once and saved their bovine stock from utter extinction. If reports are trustworthy there are now nearly 2,000 head of cattle under quarantine re
strictions at Chicago. By the laws of Illinois, the live stock commission of tha state have power to slaughter all infected animald and appraise the animals slaught ered (except those already attacked by the disease) and on their order the owne may recover their full value from the state. For the safety of the entire country west as well as east there should be no dilatory work in the treatment of these pleurapneumonia cases. - Quarantine hardly sufficient to eradicate the diselse. and such are the live stock commercial relations of Chicago with an portions of
the land whereby the introduction of the disease is greatly fucilitated intolocalities remote from the now infected cattle, no less a remedy than was employed in Can ada so successfully, sbould be applied in this instance: Kill all the animals in fected, burn them and the portable ma terial of the premises occupied by them, and leave nothing undone, no matter what the expense shall be, to thoroughly stamp out the disease. The cries and lamentations of the timid ones should not avail one whit to deter the authoritied from deing their full duty, and thus saving the industry from the most serious danger that threatens our cattle interests. Unless this matter is handled in a coura geous way, in a way that shall extirpate the disease, in a heroic way we may say the men of the west now employed in cattle raising, will shortly be like Othello without an occupation. Pleuro-pneu monia desolates the farm, ranch and range. When it has run its course there is nothing of the bovine kind left alive. Vigilance is now the price of safety to our herds.

ACTION LUST BE HAD.
The necassity for quick and united ac tion by the cattlemen of the arid area to avert if possible the erils that threaten the industry has become so urgent, that a conference of promineat stockmen repre. senting the industry from the British pos sessions to Texas, was held at Denver on the 22 instant, when it was determined to bring to the International range associa tion that encouragement and support which it requires to pruperly perforn the work which the far-seeing onex engaged in cattle raising feel should be inaugura ted. The depression now prevaling in cattle values enst as well as west, it is be. lieved can be relieved and more encour. aging elements brought into operation to keep the industry out of the slough in Which it finds itself at the present time. It is now seen when the monster pleuropreumonia threatens to consume our berds that the "every man go as you please" system wont work. Leadership and intelligent action is required to cope with the foes which stand as a barrier against the success of the cattle business. The International organization is in a position to do effective work in aid of the range cattle raising industry just as soon as the cattlemen themselves show their faith in the organization by their works. The International association does not require any sympathy in the labor it and ertakes for the interests of the range country. What is specially needed just now is the united support of the cattlemen and a willinguess on the part of all to bring forward the "sinews of war," or, in other words, the spirit manifested which shall be an earnest that the money will be forthcoming, when called for, to enable the association to put into immediate operation every measure of utility and protection that the industry demands. The cattlemen north and south, east and west in the range country, must be coavinced from the way in which matters have ambled along in all the markets of slaughter for the past twelve months, that unless we move to correct the evils which are fastening upon the very vitals of the busingss, the end of proftable ranching in
the $/$ est is near at hand. Transportation conpanies, the dressed beef men of Chica. go, and pleuro-pneumonia are now cheek. ing a natural revival which would have appeared in all range cattle values. We have folded our hands and gazed quietly and serenely at the forces destruying the ndustry. The international assanciation untold benefts to mengh which shall come son as be shows the rangeman just as soon as he shows a desire or the purpos
to be benefled by it.

The weok in Chicago.
The Breaders' Gazette, of Sept. 29th, ports: There has been but little life in the trade during the last week. Even for the choice grades, of which the supply wav very moderate, the market has dis. liyed but little positive strength, while he poorer sorts were dull and weak from first to last. Cable advices have been rather more farmable than for the previUs two or three weeks, but the eastern usiket has been in a sadly demoralized inducernent to branch nut They operated inducement to branch out They operated very conservatively all the week, and
were bearish in the extreme. Moderate receipts alone prevented a serious shrink. ase in values. Sales to shippers ranged riom $\$ 3.40 \mathrm{~g} 3.60$ for rough grass cattle to i $i, 2.0$ on 5.35 for extra stall fed steers. Few of the offerings were fine eaough to com. mand over $\$ 5.00$, while from $\$ 4.0064 .90$ lougtht by far the largest number. The مutlouk for choice beeves is rather encouraging. We do no: look for any fancy prices, but the chances are that the bekinning of winter will see the market matrially higher than at present. Common rades also have undoubtedly passed the Thest point.
The supply of old cows and bulls has krpt ahead of the demand, with the reoult that prices have renained very fiat. They are about as low now as they have been at any time within the last twenty wark Deporing the week numerous stes at $\$ 1.75 @ 2.00$ were very common. Very decent cows sold at $\$ 2.25 @ 2.35$, and $\$ 2.75$ « 4.00 bought choice ones. Veal calves have been in moderate supply, and as they hare met with a gond demand prices have alvanced a point. They are now quoted $\$ 3.00 @ 5.50$ for poor to chnice. The
and tucker trade has improved some. It is not yet active, but there is decidedly more prices than then prevailed. Range cattle hare not arrived as freely as during the previous week, but prices are almost as liw as at any time this season. Sales of t? 75 a 3.30 bought nost of the northera te 75 g 3
rangers.
quetationa.







 day that the Atlantic and Pacific railroad company will in the courts oppose the action of congress in declaring forfeited that portion of the land granted them a quarter of a century ago upon the condition that they would build a railroad acruss the continent, which they never did. Such a contest would affect no less than 800,000 acres of land lying between the towns of Santa Fe. Las Vegas and Albuquerque, which, had the genera land office so desired, it could have thrown open to settlement months ago. The A land attorney at $W$ ashington and is now land sturney at Washington and is now gathering data with a view to taking this District of Columbis and there demand ing an order enjoining the land office of ficials from carrying out the instruction of congress. In the event this injanction is granted the case will finaliy find ite is granted the case win finally ind its cade will pass and these lands in the beart of New Mexico will still be out a the market by reason of this litigation.

## Dishorning Cattle.

"Horning cattle," says the North British Agricalturist, "has been mostly confined to the contral and suutheastern counties. It is however, being gradually abandoned there, and cannot be so a day too soon." The sentiment abroad appears to be de cidedly adverse to the practice, despite all the advantages claimed forit. In thi connection it may be well to again call at tention to the recomnendations of Prof. Walley, of the Eoyal Agricultural college at Edinburg. "that for the purpose of pre venting cattle from injuring each other ic is sufficient to remove so much of the horn as to expose the end of the core, or in the case of goung cattic up to nine months old, 7 satw off the end of the horn abliquely from before backwards-ine it to turn in a back ward direction."
3.1095 .5
4.8095 .00
4.5094 .50
4.1094 .0
3.5064 .00
2.7593 .50 .


#### Abstract

The Concho Cattle Company. Col. Muldrow, acting secretary of the interior, rendered a decision today in the case of the Concho Cattle company and others against Thompson, of Springfield, Mo. The following document bearing on the case was transmitted to General Upshaw, assistant Indian commissioner in reply to the latter's lengthy report


 made to the secretary a few days agoConsmissioner of Indian Affairs: Sir-I have received and considered your report f the 11 th inst. in the matter of the Con cho Cattle company, Jas. H. Campbell \& Co., and Geo. R. Hill, complainants, vs. G. T. Thompson, R. G. Buchanan and J. L. Parker, respondents, which came be fore your office for hearing upon the ap plication of Caited States Indian Agen Owen, of Union Agency, Indian Territory, or the confirmation of an order issued by Indian agent. on the said Chited States placed the above mamed complainants in possession of a herd of cattle and certain broses and mules on the ranch of $G$. T Thompsinn. on Prior's creek, in the Chero kee nation, which order has been countermanded by your office on June 24, 1886, pending an investigation regarding the rights of the parties interested. After a full history of the case you conclude as follows: Firis that it is not within the province of your office to determine the ultimate right of the property in dispute. Second, as the resuit of the iaventigation had by your office in the matters of comThompson in his capacity as an Indian Thompson in his capacity an an Indian, pany and J. H. Camphell Co are en citled to the possesaion of the cattle under the several bills of sale and chattel mort gages so given to them, severally and jointly, and that the order directed to the United States Indian agent suspending the removal of said cattle should be revoked. And you recommend that "prior on the removal of the cattle from the In dian Territory under superintendence of che United States agent aforesaid, the said complainants, the Concho Cattle company and J. H. Campbell and Co. and Geo. R. Hill, be required to give a joint and several bond, with approved security in the penal sum of $\$ 100,000$ conditioned for the due payment to the eaid Th. G Buchanan, J. Parkfter elect to sue as citizen of the United States) of any and all citizen of the United States) of any and an for or by reason of the removal of said cattle or in any manier connected there-
with by any court of competent jurisdicwith by any court of
tion in the premises."
I concur in the findirits and recommendations of your report in the matters as above set forth and you are hereby instructed to take the proper steps apd the necessary action for carrying into effect the recommendations made by you.

## [Signed]

pectfally,
H. L. Muldrow,

## Important Ruling on the Desert Land

The Cheyenne Leader reports the case of a desert land entry of much impor. tance. It arose on the construction of the wood "reclaim" in the desert land act, and the point was whether the bringing of water on the land was a sufficient compliance with the law, or whether in addition, crops must actually have been raised before final proof could be made. Of course, Commissioner Sparks held to that interpretation which would impose the greatest burden and restriction uponthe settler, and ruled that agricultural crops were required, in addition to the reclamation by bringing water upon the land. But he was reversed by Becretary Lamar, who Wrote to Sparks: "By the terms of the by conducting water upon to reclaimed question to be determined is the signiti cance of the word rectaim as as it is signinthe act. In the interpretation of statutes the rule is that, 'words are generally used in their usual and most known signification.' Hence, applying the general meaning to the word 'reclain' as given by Web. ster, and the meaning of the statute is: That the desert lands shall be reduced to an agricultural state by condacting water upon the same. It does not follow however, that an agrioultural crop must be raised in order to show thát such a condi. tion has been arrived at. In other words it is not necessary to show the results of reclamation in order to prove the fact of eclamation. Entertaining the views I do upon this question, I hereby reverse your ecision."
The state of Maryland has accepted the conditions imposed by the animal industry bill and Dr. Salmon, chief of the bueau, in conjunction with the state auchorities, is killing cattle in Baltimore Over are suffering from pleuro-pnaumonia. aver there hundred head have been killed all under the likely to be many more now in a fair way to get rid of the plague.

# Commission 

## Las Yegas. Nen Mexico.

Correspondence Solicited, and all inquiries promptly answered. Beferences: First National Bank, San Miguel National Bank, Browne \& Maneanares Co. Gross, Blackwell \& Co.

## Proprietors Las Vegas Safe Deposit Company

## RAISING LULES

Poing of the Sanfe Pron a Practical Broder.
Several years ago Mr.C. F. Spencen a
Kentucky breeder, who had been engaged in raising mules for some thirty years, wrote a letter for our columns, in which were many suggestions that are of valuè, and are here reprodaced.
The raising of mules is not profitable in Kentucky or the west, unless of good sile e-say from 143/4 to 151/2 hands high (a hand is four inches)-for the reason
that all things else being equal, size is the measure of strength. I mean by say ing all things else being equal, that a mule $151 / 2$ hands high, with the activity of a mule only 13 hamds high, is a better mole for all purposes. I will not discuss the size of the mule raised in Texas or Mexico as to proft, for they are raised in either country at so little cost, that if they will sell for anything the producer is paid. In order to raise the kind of mules which I have assumed to be proftable, and whith will always command a good price, the size of both sire and dam become import ant factors, and must be taken into consideration. The very best jacks for this class of mules should not be less than 15 hands, and their size should come from a succession of crosses giving them size by right of inheritance-for no stream can rise high unless the fountain is high; and no animal will produce a superior class unless well bred. This proposition is now so, well established among well posted breeders, that to state it is proof enough. The dam is of equal importance. The very best mules I have ever seen in Kentucky were bred from the kind of jack
mentioned above, and out of inmproved blooded mares-in fact, the finer the mare, the better has been the mule, unless too small.
If I intended going into the raising of mules, here or elsewhere, with a view to profit, after the type of jack I have de. coula, the well bred or improved blooded mare.
The most important improvement in jacks in this state, was througho the introduction of the well known Spanish jacks Mam moth and Warrior. These were im. ported from Spain between the years 1835 and $1840-1$ am not precise as to dates. Thed were full sixteen hands bigh. As breed. were ly improved the size of the jack stock by ly improved the size of the jack stock by tucky. Later importations from the same source made additional improvements, but anne so decided as the two above named. Then to Spain, and the island of Malta, we are indebted for the improved Jacks of America.
If kept for mares only, the owner must use a stud for a teaser. for but few jacks are ft for that branch of the operation. Ajack intended for mares only, should be ralsed with a anly; and by letting them
become fond of the horse species,
take easily to mares when treeding.
During the breeding season, heginni bere in Mareh, the fack should toge a sufficiently large to supply tim with grass, at night; but in the day he should be kept in a tight stable. The lot should be located, if , possible, where no horse stock can come to the fence: for if they night nignt, wid may become vicious and some They freque horses through the lence until they getently fret from this cause able. If pernitted to run in the lot during the day, you may feed him three cornes a day four to six ears of good sound corn and two bundtes of sheaf oats, cut ap to the band. I have found by experience this to be the better plan. If the
breeder has no grass lot, he should feed corn and oats, the latter cut fine edough to make chop feed. This is a feed comgromad fine-fine enough for family pur. gromad Mix-nith a stick, and not with
poses. Min your hands, and put a Jitthe salt, if not every time it is fed, at least frequently : and do not feed too much at first, to avoid founder-or the new meal may cause colic.
A jack should be permitted to serve one or two mares at two years of age, bat be careful not to breed the jack intended or mares to jennets before yon have bred him to at least half a dozen mares; and, in breeding, do not let him serve more than two mares a day -one in the morning and the other in the evening-and not over forty mares the first year, nor more than sixty any year. If more are bred, permanent injury to the jack is like. y to result. In litigated cases which has generaly been infured by breeting to jacks have mares as three years old than to many age.
If
If you have jennets, you may have to ase a mare to induce the jack to serve with jack stinck, and never bun with filly, as described, a jennet may have to be used at first, to induce the fack to serve mares. I have occasionally foved, in my experience, a mare very obnoxious to a jack. I have known the jack, instead of serving the mare, seize her with his mouth as if attempting to kill ber: and I had, on ine occasion, at some risk to myself, to
seize the jack by the ear before he would seize the jack
relax his hold.
Caution should be used during the sea son to lrave the jack securely haltered in the day, for some few will watch for an gpord, and bite eariously, I is on his guard, and ble seriously. the back sad yocile, seize his gronm by generally are docile, but until you find out the disposition of your jack, you find better, daring the breeding seasmo, give him no chance to do mischief. The ap plication of a good trickory will soon cure his viciousness.
A jennet will carry ber foal twelve months, and a jack foal often thirteen months; and the owner should be pres ent, if possible, when she foals, for the
young of this kind of stock are more the young of this kind of stock are more Hable to be smothered than mule or horse colts.
should be borne in mind that a young, heailthy jack will get his best colts your jack yourself, never permit him to


#### Abstract

be over bred. I bred qine jennets in the bran, not mixed with, but only sprinkled spring of 1884 to a throe yearolds in the been sired by the famdus jack Mammoth referred to py he formor referred to n my former compunication in your April number, fifteen hands high and although the dam was not very larre the foal grew to be si tteen hands. This was his first get, and bere is an instance showing the stream will rise high where the fountain is high, for the sire of this jack was sixteen hand. The young jack was used by the purchaser, mostly to jen nets, and proved a fatnous breeder. If your jack is fifteen 申 0 fifteen and $a$ half hands, and has that helght by inheritance throagh his ancestry you can, by breed ing him to mares of good size confidently refy upon thaving good sized mntes | If your mule, when |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| mare, or rather an | improved blooded |
| impor |  | mare, or ratber an improved blooded mare, and measures, fiter getting proper mare, and measures, ifter getting proper- ly upon its feet, thre feet five inches, and you give it good care, it will, when and yois give it goog care, it wile, When dam is a good sucklet and is not worked dam is a good suckier, and is not worked grow two inches each month until weaned Whes mules are foaled in April or May they should be weaped by the 25th o September following. If there are two or more, the better plap is to fence a lot with rails, or any other kind of string fencing, large to leep them without crowding and with the fence bigh enough to prevent their leaping over, strong enongh to restrain them from pushing it down, and close endugh to prevent the colts getting their geads through, they are hable to hang themselves. tive: it alsn ne nentralizes the lyeat eargend. ered by the coen. In this cifmate, my preference is to winter mules in an open shed, or hard by thick word, but in no instance in a clow shed. The feed trough should be pro tected against rain and snow. In winter in addition to the ford above mentioned stock fodder may be given advantageous y if vou have it-as much as they will eat. Rude racks may be made by cross. ing common worm fence rails on a log placed on forks tighteen inches high, let ting every other rail life to the righs or left, by which space enough will be left through whith the muter can pall of the fond of this arrangement; and then the ond of this arrangement; and then the talks, which, after short time. ar hed on which the mules can repose The well bred mule, if properly treated after being weaned, will grow the fin year six, and the second year three inches and if well kept in this way for two years will have attained its height. of courre if poorly fed and cared for during the first and second years, they will not ma ture until three years old; but the stant ing business costs the owner one year's additional interest, feed, attention, and care, which never pays. Solder's medatitional serip for surveyed and sloux half-breed merip for masurveyed land, for sale by G. L. Brooks, Manager.


in that way. They shonld remain in this close lot for a month, apd be broken thor cughly of jumping; otherwise they may acquire nis troublesome to you.

## nying and troublesome to you

fed bountifully, To do this weaned, be fed bountifully. To do this, place a suit able trough, fully two feet wide and about
tweaty inches high, and of sufficient tweaty inches high, and, and sumien and then keep constantly in this trough common sheaf oats, cut very fine, and old corn in the ear. The mules, for a day or two. will run around frantically, but will soon begin to eat ; and as at that age they
eat but little at a time, food should af. ways he in at a time, ood shod sized water trough should also be placed in the lot, along the fence, and it should be kept full of water. After the month has ex. pired, you mayy turn your mules on a blue grass pasture, which has been reserved
for that purpose, off from any passage. for that purpose, onf from any passage.
way through it, and enclosed by a good way through it, agd enc osed have kept them idside your first enclosure. yet if the once having thoroughly learned to jump there is no way of breaking them of this there is no way of breaking them of this
ruinous practice that I know of If when you have placed your mules on grass, the graiss is abundant, you may, for a time, dispense with the oat feed, and feed corn in the ear only. Feed just as much at a time as they will eat up clean.
If any is left in the trough after feeding diminish the next ration by so much, or increase it if it seeins necessary. Sone give as much at one feed as will last them for a week; but this is not advisable, for the mules will muss it over until they re fnse to eat it unless very hungry. Be sides, this treatment will bring on a con stipated habit of the bowels, which is more easily acquired by mules than horses.

## The Starter of the Boom

Mention has several times been made in The Journal of the Prairie Cattle com pany. The following regarding their business is taken from the Colorado Live stock Record, Denver: "William Hall. of Hall Brothers, Kansas City, is in the eity This is the firm whose rale of stock and ranches in 1881, started the range cattle boom. At that tims they were on the Dry Cimarron, and were proprietors of the Crosselle ranch. They sold their ranch and cattle to the Pradie Cattle company for $\$ 400,000$ spot cash. The sale was followed by several others to the same company, among whom we mention Jone Brothers, of Bent county, and Peacock Brothers, W. A. Burnett, Sam. Duss and aggregated nearly $\$ 2,000,000$, and dres the attention of capital to the profts of the range cattle business. The invest ments on the part of the Prairie Cattle company were safe and judicious, and were followed by other conservative pur chases. A year later, however, people were mad and reckless investments were made, which, in many instances, have been disappointments. The same history marks the mining business, and yet legitinate mining is as profitable as ever
W. F. Cody has increased the extent of his ranch by the recent purchase of 300 acres of land from the ditch company, or which he paid eight dollars an acre. Bison William has one of the flnest ranch properties in the state and the cattle and horses grazing thereon are finely bred The new ranch residence he is now building is in keeping with the sur
roundings. - North Platte (Neb.) Tribune

## Hard bat Jair.

The action of the Bent County associau a few days ago, involving the estion of range rights, is the most nificant and important evenf that ever urred in the range country. It is sig. icant because it was the first gun la the at movement for an amicable and just foment of $r$ inge rights. It is import.
luccause heavy operators were con
ned. Had the Bent cotinty moeting olved simply the rights of spme man h but a few cattle, it would hase been usst of the feasibility of the prepoxi. u) amicably apportion the range on havis of water rights. Mr. Jim C and George $W$. Thompsen are piocattlemen in Colorado, and are ing the wealthiest. They are both fundoubted courage, and both enwed with an abundance of good horse ine. which is the best kind of sense for iness. When the business interests of , such men clash, and they settle dowi an adjudication of the question of indiLual right, and one is told by the other the must move and the decistion is cefully acquiesced in, we say that it cuts a spectacle of the deepest inter to the eatire range country, and de-n-trates that water rights is the balance which range privileges can be weighed, the standing of every stuck man ascer ze Thompson are warm persoand ndx, and have been for many years the proceedings in Bent country were inducted without reference to the per. nal relations of the two men. They rined to folly realize that they were prewntative storkmen who were eninciple and vast property interests. A ctessful adjudication of their rights by tandurd applicable to every part of the
in region would point the way to all id region would point the way to all andion upon which the security and perity of the industry depends. la.rrfore there was no boyishness or highest type of American manhood. inle the qliestion was, as a matter of and rialonet Thompson, we have and anonef of it as a question be. +en Mr. Jones and Mr. Thompson, for reason that the range involved is wed by Mr. Jones. Mr. Thompson is submitted to a decision forbidding tu do what has so long been done by stockmen with impunity, he is in a in to bring those infringing on his to a show down, and public senti-
will sustain him. We repeat that the most important event in the the important event ia the omplete vindication of our article The Equities of the Range," and. as it y and amicably adjusted the differ cleat that it can be adopted and enheat that it can be adopted and en
oner the range. It appeals to Intice and every man's sense of right It will command public approval, and no insn will prove strning enough to stand up Thotnpson are entitled to a rising vote of thanks.-Colorado Record.

60 hrad of to to $15-16$ grade Hereford Bulk, eighteen to thirty months old, decorro at and railiroad point morth of per heed. G. L. Brooka Manager, sororro, N. M.

What Good Cattle Bring
hicago Reviex, sep.
B. Amos, of Essex, Ia, eighteen head 1.490 lb . cattle today at $\$ 5.20$.
W. R. Burch, of Yates, Mo., sold on the market today fifty-three head of cattle, $1,325 \mathrm{lbs}$ average, at $\boldsymbol{\$ 4 . 2 5}$
W. H. \& M. Yates, of Griggsville, Ill. narketed this morning thirty-eight he D. S. Ashley, of Red Oak, Ia., sold on minys market ninety-one sheep, averag

Wm. Ottman, of Pulton market, New iork, purchased two loads of very prime lurk, purchased two loads of very prime
lueeres, averaging $1,539 \mathrm{lbs}$., at $\$ 5.371 \mathrm{~s}$.

They were fed and marketed by A. S Lavering, of Washington, Kansas. Yesterday Now York putcloer paid 1.402 ib steets. Chitost 100 hend of 1 in Ih Nebraska cattle sold as high as $\$ 1,85$ hut coarse Colorado steers averaging 1,22 Ibs. went as low as $\$ 325$. Texas and wenterns ranged from $\$ 2.00$ to $\$ 3.75$. Stuck calves from $\$ 9.00$ to 8180 , ind
shipping uatives from $\$ 3.30$ to 85.00 mainty below $\$ 46$.

## A Good Inventment

Otten Tife spock Geoweri has palled ettention to the opportanities which the soutlinget pre often. urged all who conid to eatablish and ber th territory, where places could be securat, fide stoek farme. An opportunity to parchaed eth place is now offered by the execators of the Whetrous eatate, at Watrons, Mora county. This to en desirable a property as can he found in Jew Mexico. It is situated at the town of Watrous, Pe railroad. The elevation is abont 6,000 thet, which insures an eqnable climate at all eeasons.
The property embrares about 17,000 acres, ever The property embrares about 17,000 acres, everi
foot of which is either nnperior grazing or mari
enltgral ind it is sitsed citioral iand. It in sitnated at the confluence on
the Mora and sapello rivers, never failing streamas which furnish at all eeasons an abnnd
ance of water for the irrigation of all lande in ance of water for the irrigation of ath lande in
that eection. At present, of this property ther is abon; 2000 acres ander cultivation, a large por-
tion being in alfalfa, and the land is so located
with reference to the rivers that the arreae with reterence to the rivers that the acreage nn-
dor ditch can be very largely increased if desire at a amall expensery. Incladed in the property is
 and a Arst-liase store building, whore at at present
ITh owners are conductina a lucrative business This section of Sew Mexico is pronounced, all all
Chinge considered, to pe the pealthiest, best watered and monet tortile in the territory, and ae Whe property is offered at a barguin it hory, and com.
mand the attention of all intending investors. tmand the attention of all intending investors.
A large and very hinhiy graded strok of cattle
hocated on the ranch is offered with the propAll parties desiring any information concernag the place will addreex. or call on,
CARL
Watrous, New Mexico
Land Scrip For Sale.
SOLDERS ADOTIOSLL HOMRTELD SCRIP

SIOLX HALP-BREED SC'RII
AT VERY LOW PRICES
Address G. W. WINTER, 901 Broadway,
ARIZONA.


Santa Rita Cattle Co.
Lsuc X. Tows, Superintendent. Postafice, Cal hbasea, Pama county, Arizonai
Range, Santa Craz river, Pima ounty, Arizona Caives of 1888 and in
anie as cut on left hip.


Maish e Driseoll
Postoffice, Tucson, Arizons
Range, on Santa
Pima conntr connty.
Horee bran

ARIZONA
 द) No power of attornev given to anybody.


Harry K. Hiddebrant.
Range, Cienegs. Joaquin, Antelope
reek valleys of the $W$ est $H$ nachucses.
Miares bri nded on either hip.
Hores on left hibd leg and
Hares on eft hibd leg and thist
Cattle on both sides or hipes.


Aztee Land and Cattle Company Hexry Warrex, General Manager
Hast office address : Holbrook, Arizona: Post office addrees: Holbrook, Arizons:
Kange, Apache sid Yavapai counties.
All cattle branded same as cut on both sid Horsees
on right and some on
left shoulder, tleo HS fight


Dancan, A. T. Range, Gila river, A. T

wihiam curtis.
Post Omc
Port Omice, Woodruf. Apache County, A. T.
Ear mark: crop rigbt over bit left.
Horse brands,

Gardiner, Gillies \&


Wilmerding P. O.: Narajo Springs,
Apache conty, Arizonà
Range, Deer and Ceadr Range, Deer and Cedro
prings, Apache connty. Ear mapks, right ear ie on brand, have an $X$
on shonlder.

ARIZONA
\$1000
REWARD: Ez_I desire to call attention to my desire to and
brands for cattle, as shown in brands for cattle, as shown in
cut I sell no stock cattie, and
will pay $\$ 1,000$ reward for the person of pereons nulawful conriction of any
the follouing brand and marks.

J. H. Hampeon: P. 6.: E1 Paso, Texas. Ranch P. O.s Range, on Eagle creek, ${ }^{2}$ Graham county Ear marks, crop and split left, crop right. Horse brand, 4 on the left shoulder.


William Gariand.
Pestofice. Albuquerque, New Mexico
Range,
Arizona. Other brands, LO on the left shoulder and the left hip. 0 on the left sid.
Horse brand, same as cut, on the right hip.


Milo A. Smith
P. O.: Springerville, Apache county, Arizona. Ranye, Escadel Pa móntaine, Apache county, Ari-
>ona: and Johhson's Basin, Socorry county, New
 Horse Brands
ELC and also 8 in circle on the left hip.


Smith, Carson \& Co
P. O.: Springerville, Apache connty, Arizona:
Telegraph and express office, Navavo Springs, Atlantic and Pacific railroad.

Earmarke inf. Horses branded:
off the ief.


David Rope.
P. O.: Holbrook,
che county, Arizona. Range Hope's ranch,
tour miles west of Ho: Colorado river, the Little
All cattie have two bars on left jaw, and are marked with a half undercrop in each ear.
Horse brand, $X V$ on the left hip.


Hunings \& Cooley. C $\begin{gathered}\text { Breeders and Impo } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { Thanoughbred } \\ \text { Graded Cattle. }\end{gathered}$ - Graded Cattle P. O.: Show Low, Apec
che county, Arizonk.
Horse brand Horase brand, same as
cattle, on left shoulder.


#  

Rooms 28 and 29, Bxchange Building,
No Arm doing a commiseion business in Kansas City handles, more
New Mexico or Arixona cattle, or obtaina better prices than ourselves, and we refer with pleasure to the many prominent shippers of New

\author{

## Stock Yards, Kansas City, Missouri.

 <br> liberal cash advances on congignments of Live stock.}
ples of breeding, is sustained by the laws
of physiology and the experience of a of physiology and the experience of a
century, and it has been the aim of the century, and it has been the aim of the
Journal to keep this principle at all times before the mind of its readers.-National Journal.
soo or 1,000 partially improved central Texas helfers, dellvered at Atbuquerque.
N. M., at $\$ 11.00$ per head. G. L. Brooks, N. M., at \$11.00 per head.

## Women as Horse Owners.

It may not be geverally known that the real owner of the mare Change is a lady residing at Cassadaga, N. Y.. who at one time was a bookkeeper for Mr: A. Burnham, and who, now that luck has turned against him, is the only one to give the poor fellow a chance to live. This he has in this mare, which be trains and controls. and turns over half the proceeds to Miss Kollmyer. Ladies are not utterly unknown either to the American or English turf, as those conversant with the records know. The owner of saluda is a lady of
German birth. Hotachimie. Marie, Aunie German birth. Hotachimie. Marie, Aunie W., El Capitan and others were the prop-
erty of a Mrs. Victor. Mrs. Hunt Rey. noids ran ber horses in the name of the Fleetwood stables after the death of her husband. Mrs. George L: Lorilhard is doing a similar thing. In England Miss Isabella Graham is one of the most promnent breeders of race lorses in the land, nd her nominations in all the classi stakes are nearly as numerous as those of
any gentleman. The Duchess of Mont-
rose races as "Mr. Manton," and nopermon connected with the turf abroad has more horses in training. The widow of the English jockey Chaloner breeds horses, and her son recently rode a home bred one to victory in fine style. The Irish turf can no doubt furnish instances of ladies rusning horses; at any tate, we known one Irish lady in this country whose great desire is to own and run a good lorse; and as the lady we meanMiss Middy Morgan-is so well versed writer on live stock of all kinds, sh should put some of her themes int,' prac tice, and endeavor to breed a
filly.-Nen York Sportsman.

## "Music Hath Charms,

## And there is not a ranch in New Mexico which does no have sonee musieal instrument to help to "liven tele leigure bour.

A GUITAR, A BANJO, Oreven an accordeon will afford hull
pleasure. Write for list and prices to
Marcellino \& Mernin,
Las Vegas, M. I.
MUSIC WARFHOUSE.

First claca weatern Tesan cows and calven, two to meven years old, delivered nt Albuquerque at te2.s0 per cow anel calf Socorro, N. M.

## For Bale or Exchange.

$\mathbf{2 , 0 0 0}$ head of temale Colorado cattle and afty $\begin{aligned} & \text { head of cow borese, for sale or exchange for } \\ & \text { young steers. Apply to }\end{aligned}$
Dol.s $\&$ OTkmo.

## For Sale.

A quarter interes, ave-eighta, or the entire cal le rasch, located afty milee frum spriager, mon head cattle, so horses, clear title to ive excelient water claimes, controlling rights to large canon. Indncemento oflered to parchaser of the smaller
interest who can take active part in the manage.
ment. Apply to

Apply to
Jous

## Notice

This to notify all persons that N. Graison a partien arners of the following branda, and all $\Theta$ on left hip. $\Omega \begin{aligned} & \text { left hip. Some } \\ & \text { have }\end{aligned}$ 99 on left hip


W O left side. 22 right hilp
22 right hip, 22 right thigh, on the same animal.
Notice of Stray Cattle.
Notice is hereby kiven that one bundred and chirty head of atray cattle, branded $Y$ L connectMesa, as apecial keeper 'has. V. Moed, of La same by paying costo and damages, and proving
the property an regired the property as required by law ine otherwise they
will he sold at pabic anction, in conformity with
the las in will he sold at pabice anetion, in conformity with
the lawe in soch casees mane and provided.
Addreas J. S GABCLA, County Clerk,

Grant County Round-up.
The fall round-up of cattle sonth and e uthweet of Silver City will commeace October 2. The the east side of the Barro mountaine frill take in Grove down: Aparhe Tejo Brahming from Oak rove down. Aparbe Teja, Brahmis and above.
Hugo and Geo. Wihiams, Hudern and viciai.
ty, and Anish at and above the ty, and fnish at and above the Mimbres cattle
company s .

## Information Wanted

Information is wanted of W. D. Kerschner, who somespection of the sonthwest. He was low boy in of in September, 185s, by weat. He was lost heard a resident of st. Louis. In May June, and Jnly,
of 1sish , we was worting for the Weatery Land and
Cattle company, of Colfor che Cattie company, of Colfax county, N. M. Addrees
sil information, ty A. T. ArwatyR, National stock
Yards, St. Louis, Mo.

star ranch on the Peeos.
Will pay Ave dollars for information leading to
recovery. La Cinta, N. $M$.

Water and Grass for Bale.
Water from a sixteen foot wisdmill with tank and trough, capacity of 9,000 galions; will carry
sod head of cattle, with feed for 15,000 head. I believe that water can be got in unlimited quantities at a reasonable depth. Hundreds of equare miles of government land with as good feed as there is in New Mexico, and not a hoof upon it; not more
than 400 feet above the level of the Rio Grande in than toxico, and hove the level of the Rio Grande in
Sacorro coanty; no snow: oplendid plese for socorro coanty; no snow; oplendid place for a
big company to locate. For/particulars inguire of

The Hereford and Shorthorn Crose. The value of a bold eross between two
well bred opposite breeds-opposite not y reason of there being such a vast differ lieve, but by the blood of each having been kept apart and distinct for so long period is not generally well understood best individ -that is best for profit as a feeder-wa oth baving a herd book acord When the experiment is tried between two breeds of swine clearly not mixed in festly towarit improvement. Some most decided improvements have been wrought upon a stock of swine by using freslu blood from an ontside breed, then carrying on the experiment with a view to obliterat come of the cross. The same has betn observed in breeding poultry. The Dork ing has been sometimes chosen as a cros or ging a full breast and plump form ticulars. These ends reached, the variations in color and the fifth toe that may have appeared are bred out by returning o the original stock
There is no business proposition truer than that to turn capital quickly leads most surely to success. Placing the cross ing of two distinct breeds under this test gives an opportunity to ilkestrate thi principle, perhaps, as clearly as can be farm. Exhibitors at oursaction upon the farm. Exhibitors at our fat stock shows heading of this article, and the results have proved highly successful. The resuls of the practice almost never failing to do thts when tried hy coupling two animals of distinct or mainly distinc blood, each having mertt. An instance of the wisdom of such a cross, according tands out with a bold front before the public. It seems to be the practice in that state to get up strings of well bred grades in pairs to compete for prizes of feeding cattle unider the name of "state teams." In the report referred to there are fifteen pairs now ready for the fairs
in the hands of and owned by a If . Bailey. One pair of twoyenpelds, welght
$\mathbf{3 , 5 0 0}$; four pairs of staree-yearolds weights respectively $3,200, ~ 3,335,8,200$ 4,000 ; two pairs of four-year-olds, weights 3,800 and 4,200 ; five pairs of silc-year-olds, weights $4,300,4,450,4,7004,835$, and 5,000 Of the three additional pairs the weights
are not given. It is argued very properly that when cattle can be brougint to the then there should be profft is mowing cattle. The Hereford mefitis thata, as in the west, prove their busiace, astuteviewing it In the Itght of a kind of evi dence to meet-the wants of farmers in
general. in nothing more pointedly than
in showing the unvarnished fact that wel bred, good individuals, opposite in bloom when coupled together will produce of pring better in all the essentials tha opment of all the parts than the pare duce the fifteen sieers referred to abo hown as in the breeding of the grade Herefond bull afd the grade Shorthorn dom in used. There seems to be wis way. We refer to the use of the Here erable to the reverse order of crossing nen claim the Here 1 If , as the Herefor enaity in his futtening tender he Sborthorn then thi thruggh the sir 3 distributed over the entire herd, at leas equisition. (2) That the grade Bhorthor when a calf, intended for early maturit whether for exhibition or eart, will tot thi best start. (3) The Shorthorns being the of high grade cows together from which orear a bunch of calves for the purpose

We dwell upon this, because it is etea $y$ one of the most important features i our higher clasees of cattle. A princi ple is evolved that shows the superlatip results that can be worked out of good in dividuals that are full of blood, and pro creating tendencies, having as tine an ex rase gets short, as in muny localities the present season, and cattle are forced upon , market, simply because there is not gren sustain them, then the superio feattle places ordinary merlt, in that they are quite sur obe in better condition are quiren sup ly of feed than the scrub, and when oaded for sale are quite likely to ought by buyers, while the lower grade main in the pens, and are taken by can ners. Therefore the example set by pro ducing the very best type of beef cattle as shown by the figures given above, and the resuits of the same cross exhibited ne to be made more general than now and the Maine teams, and the results of coming fat stock shows will afford the alin uninformed of the fact that bringing together these bold dashes high class blond, not akin nor of the sa:ne breed, results are obtained that stand ou of bistictly than by any other proces while the feeling has run bigh at times between the advocates of the twa breed Hefeford breeders ba must admit that orn breed a very high compliment rawing upon it to prodice fruis acme that character of growth and personne not possible to be obtained from within bred within itself. At any rate the Here ord men thought so; results at our fat stock shows have proved, many Shorthorn Maine team furnishes further unquestion able proof. This is no new discovers, but

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The Stock Grower.
LAS VEGAS, HEW MEXICO. AATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1886.

## PERSOMAL.







 rovera or Hedley, while deligred in Leo Vege


 $1-\mathrm{n}$ nating tor redoced rater on this year':
 - plearo peoameonio oue proak pear chome oik - Mex Mexic for proveatiag ticititietrop petion of

 - -. -
20.000 heed of partially groded owee and lambe for sale at 75 eta . per heed. G. L Brouks, Manager, Socorro, N. M.

Kansee Oity Market.
Advices from Kansas City this week bre that there have been quite moderreceipts during the past week, up to and including Tuesday, and the market hisw shown considerable fluctuation. On Thurmay there was nothing doing on ac. int of the expoeition. Friday the maropened active and higtier on grassers,
pping back on Saturday, and continu-
Now and weak on all clases at the -ning of the calender week. On Thesthere was a more steady feeling. ex there was a more steady feefing, ex-
on grassers, which were again weak 1 lower, while native shippers, hutchere ans were suctady, and feeders ruled and a shande stronger.
The following shows the highest price un each day of the week ander re. together with the average weight
cattle bringing the figures given: catle bringing the figures given: Tharaday
Fhder
Mardy
y ondar

The highest price poid doring the week
review, was $\$ 4.35$ on Tuesday for
shipping steers, averaging 1,426 shipping, steers, averaging 1,426 grinst $\$ 4.85$ the previous week for
average highest price paid was $\$ 11$
a erage
it the previous week, while
the eneral average weight of "wops", was
pounds against 1,435 pounds the
us week.
The following sales will show some-
ing how western cattle sold at Chicago
Tuesday: Montana, 1,231 to 1,288
 1,000 prounds, $\$ 3.20 \mathrm{Q33.25} ;$ Colo-
exans, 950 to 1,000 pounds, $\$ 3.10 @$ exans, 950 to 1,000 pounds, 83.109

$W$ youning. 1,100 pounds, $\$ 3.009$ | Nebraska-Texans, 900 to 1,000 lbs., |
| :--- |
| , |

It Does Hot Work.
The Rocky Mountain Husbandman anent the resolution recently adopted by the Montana Stack Growers' association to put a check to a prevalent evil of the range, intimates that the rule is practically negatory. It says:
Bome of our stuck growers are not very well pleased with the mandatory order issued recently by the Stock Growers' as
sociation of Montuna, sociation of Montuna, and caused to be
printed on cloth and distributed and posted throughout the territory. They in the first place object to the association at tempting to govern the private business of its members. They do not object to pro viding their men with passes, yet they regard this as a poor protection as any borse thief could write himself a_pass with the greatest ease, but they do object to charg. ing their friends for courtesies received at their hands and some of them assert that they will not do it even though it cost them their membership in the association. The measure which was adopted with a hope of stamping out thieving and
driving thieves fromi the country is a driving thieves fron the country is, we
think, of doubfful utility, and not likely think of doubtrul utitity, and

A ranch for 1000 head of cattle, good Frgoen, locathd hear seeorro, N. M. Price, N. M .

The following herds crossed the Rio Grande and Rio Puerco yesterday and the day before, bound for the following destinations: L. M. Slaughter, brother of our friend W. B. Slaughter, from Crosby county. Texas, with 1,000 bead of cattle, mostly steers, for Arizona; Col. H. A. Blain from Montague and Wise counties, Texas, for his ranch in the western part of Socorro county, with 550 head of stock cattle; Capt. McChristian, of Carroll county, Texas, with 700 head of stock cattle for the west in search of a range; Van Regan, from Jack county, Texas, with 450 head of stock cattle for Arizona: Tom Hazelwood with 1,200 head of stock cattle for his ranch on the head of the Gila in this county; Earnest Perry, of Montague county, Texns with 370 she cattle bound for Col. H. A. Blain's ranch in the westera part of this county: Wathle
Chipman with 350 head of stock catt Chipman with 350 head of stock cattue
for his Mogolton range in this county for his Mogothon range in this county:
Major J. Broyles, in charge of Floyd JarMajor J. Broyles. in charge of stock cattle
rett's herd of 650 head of stan from the Yeso, Lincoln county, destined for the latter gentleman's range in the Datyls, this county. These cattle Mr. Jarrett purchased last winter.--Socorro Bullion.
Listicnise to a public demand and in behalf of a leading industry, Governor Ross wisely instructed the inspectors to rebate the inspection fees on all cattle passing frum Arizona through New Mexico to eastern markets. The twanging for revenue now being played on the inspection string of our quarantine law at Trinidad can be most satisfactorily stopped by Governor Ross by duplicating his Instructions to the inspector there which were so heartily received by all stockmen when the Arizona inspectorships were so happily regulated.

[^1]
## Sheriff Frank Nixon, of Bent county arrived in Denver, Colorado, on Tuesday having under arrest John Millsap, a cat <br> CATTLE WANTED

 theman of Double Mountain Forks, Texas. Millsap is charged with a murderous assault upon Poke Berrybill, another cat tleman, at Trail City, Colorado about a week ago. Millsap and Berryhill were both foremen of herds, and were driving cattle up from Texas. They had both been drinking considerably, it is said, and happened to meet in a saloon during the evening. Some words passed between attacked and at other. The fight lasted but a very short time, Millsap at once proving superior to his antagonist. Before theycould be separated Berryhill was badly could be separated Berryhill was badly
cut up and his recovery is considered deubtful.
soldier's additional serip for surveged and sioux hat-breed serip for unsurveyed land, for sale by G. L. Brooks, Manager socorra, N. M.
Frank T. Robinson,
REPRESENTIN PEIRER \& TROUT,

## MerchantTailors

Has arrived in Las Vegas with the ineat line of
samples of men's wear ever seen in the weet.
Headquarters at the Depot Hotel.

## Refers to handreds of stockmen custo prices, work and satisfaction.

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## 360 Two and Three-year-old Steers,

 mostly twos.250 One-year-old Steers.
300 Bull Calves, and
250 Cows. (Many of the cows improved and broken to milk.)
Steers and bull calves from one-half to three-
quarters bred. A good supply of
THOROUGFBRED BULLS,
Durhan and Herefords, were placed with onr
herds four years ago. DAVIES \& LESINSKY.


John W. Prowees J. Owner and Brededer Of the well-known herd of pure-bred Hereford
cattle, of the late Hon. Johny w. Prowers. Young catile, of the late Hou. Johndw. Prowers. Young
bulls snd helfer for sale; also, twenty five pure-
bred and imported cows, ages ranging from three bres and impported cows, ages ranging from
to six years old. Addrese all inquiries to
J. J. LANE, Guardian for John W. Prowers, Jr.
West Las Animes, Col

## On Shares.

## A cattleman having a fine rangé, with

GRASS AND WATER SUFFICIENT FOR 10,000

## Head of cattle, wishes to take on shares

8,000 to 5,000 Heal of Btock Cattle. Mostiy she cattle, to run for a period of three or
ve years. He hase at present 1,500 head of hie rn cattle on the range.
Satisfactory Guarantioe of the Re-
Of the party desiring to contract for runing

the cattie, as well as his ability to fulal anl obligatione pertaining thereto, will be giyen For ierms and full particulars, addrese Plebce, Hardt \& Warnzr, | Lase Vogas. |
| :---: |

NEW BRANDS.
Clabe Merchant and W. Scott.
P.O.: Ablene,Texas, or
Colorado City, Texas.

Own all cattle in this brand found at any place
in New Mexico PartieB
Anding any of these cattle
will pleage notify

These cattle formerly ranged on the Pecos, near Seven Rivers.

KANSAS.


Ear marks, apper and lower bit left ear.
Additional brands:


SOUTHERN COLORADO.


New Haven Cattle Company.
W. W. Thoxppox, Poreman.
F. T. Bradley and C. E. Dewell, Assietants.

Poetofine Trintil
Brand Las here Aplelapape
Kar marke, under hali
Crop to lefks, under halt
Horee brana same aseat-
tie brand.


George $w$. Thompson. P. O. Address: Trinidad, Colorado.
Range Trimchira and Chacuacua. Some hranded same as above on right side.
Some cattle in the following brands on et alde or hip: WI HH TI various ear marks. Horse brand sament as on above cut, but smaller,
on the left shoulder or left thigh.
NORTHWEST TEXAS

O. J. Wiren.

Cattle Raiser and Dealer.
Postofice, Colorado, Texas. Ranches in Fisher and Kent connties.
Horse brand, circle bar on left hip.


Presnall \& Mussey.
O. : Fort ${ }^{\circ}$ Pack Ter Range, Comanehe creek
and Pecos river Texas
Ear marks, sharpen lef $\left.\underset{\text { brands }}{\text { ear. }} \begin{array}{c}\text { Horse }\end{array}\right) \begin{gathered}\text { on left } \\ \text { bip. }\end{gathered}$

NEW MEXICO.
The Counties under this heading are all in the
Territory of New Mexto.
BERNALILLO COUNTY.


Jacobo Yrisarri.
$\underset{\text { P. O. Abnquerque. }}{\text { Ragge, Trineher }}$ Range, Trinchera moun-
tains
Bar marks, over and under hack in rikht ear.
Other brande same as ent

## FISH \& KECK CO. (INCORPORATED.) <br> LIVE STOCK COMMISSION MERCHANTS!

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above address, or bv Mr. G. E. Lron, Raton. $\mathbf{N}$. M, who is our representative.
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, Vegas, Nex Mexico.
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 TQ THE STOCKMEV AVD OTHERSS, living at a distance: We will gladly fill any ordersyon may send for goods, whether in our line or not, and ship them as promptly as possible.

SANTA FE COUNTY.
Santa Fe Cattle Co.


BERNALILLO COUNTY.


SIERRA COUNTY


Welty \& Miner
W. C. KExDALL Mgr. P. O: Fairview, N. M,
Range, on morth Gork of
Pat
 Horne are lrand in the riytht.
vermont \& Rie Grande
 TEL on left hip or thigb.


Grayeoa \& Company.


 the hnt on left shoulder.



| $\overline{O M}$ |
| :---: |



Old and New Mexico Ranch and Cattle Ca. Lac H. Beows, saperintendent. Whise address ; br: $\times$ Y, Deming, New Mexteo. Mnthwestern Girant roanty, New Mexico.
 some horses br
cattle, as in cut. rand, eight inches long, sour inches

$\qquad$ O.: Deming, N. M. Range, Rio Grande to the
Mimbree river.
Old brand
der 9 on hip. on shoul.
Horse trand on the left
thigh samegas on the left
Ear marka cro.
Ear marka, crop left,
crop and split the right.

## A. D. HUDNALL,

West Las Animas, Colorado, IMPORTER AND BREREDER OF


## POLLED

 ANGUSAND Hereford Cattle.

1 anm prepared to furnish, at any time, thoroughbred or grade brlis, guaranteed of the best The cattle from my herds, at the A!buquerque fair. won all first prizes. Correapondence solicited and inspection of herds invited.

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est acquaintance in this section.
est Acquaintance in thes section.

GRANT COUNTY.


Postofice, Hudoon, New Mexico. Range, Rio
Mimbres, Grant county. Horse brand, same as cattle, on the left hip. Also owne all cattle branded $B$
on the left side, $A$ on the lefthip.
on the lett side.
$E$ on the lett side.
Ear mark, unde: half crop each ear.
Al parties are cantioned against purchasing cat-
cue in the bbove additional braids except from mythe in the above asditional brands pxuept from maty-
seff, ae I have prorchased the brands and all cattie
running in them. ranning in them. Jous Bbockmax.

## 



Missouri-Florida Cattle Co.
Johi J. Yeater, Prest., Sedalia, Mo John M. Weidenyer, Sec. and Treas., Clinton, Mo.


Hoise brand, same, on left hip.
Brand on left side. Marked, sharpen both ears.





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## con Moond

 plititfart, rus. N. MWatrous,
h of \$oors $W$ on the

F WirstNat.Bank Plodoso Yason, Yous
San Miguel countiea
Additional brande:


## J. F. Eatomeres P. O.t Wagon Mound. Range, aear Yort Union Extre Extre brand shoulder Al left side. Ear marka right crop and tillowfor Ear marks, owwillowfork right, crop and two aplite in left.

 Horae brand, same as cattle, an left shoulter

W ATMuse i Reros, Manegers.
P. O.: Wagon Mound
v. Mange on Red river
ind Mora liver, in Mors attie branded on the rightitide.
 EH-


1. W. Leach

P. O.: Wagon Mounc.

Mcinge, soath of Wagon
La Cueva Ranch Co
D. C. Develh Manager.
 Hartonty ind on

## MORA COUNTY <br> 



COLFAX COŨNTY.


COLFAX COUNTY. The Akron Live stock Company, Akron, Ohio
se
Manizer
Auguspus Cubrist Maníger,
I. H. Kiso MAN Range Foreman
 Known as the "stirrup" brand, formerly own
ed by Porter \& Cloonthier. Horse prand, same, on the left hip. Other
brands :-M- $2 S$ and varions other brande.
Range, ocate mess and and and calves with dart; Range, ocate mess and canon, sweetwater and
Cimarron river. Cimarron river
 Western Land and C (Limited) JAs.A. Forazas. Gen. Mgr.
13 Delaware block, cor. of Soventh and Diok ciare Sta.
Kannase Clty Mo
 connty, N
eright ear.
Ear marks, grub the right ear.

D. A. \& J. H. Clonthier. P. O.: Springer, N. M. Range, Rayado and

H. S. Gratz.

## 

P. O.: Capnlfn, N. M.
Range, Dry Cimarron, to-
ltas connty Marks, slit Horse brad right ear. other $\triangle \Phi$ on the left side. Meft shouider.


Illinoib Live stoek Co J. S. Holusxd, Managor.
 thus I L itto bitalinanceased Ear marks-Crop and undersit left, and unde ores brand, same as cut, on left shoolder.


Richard steele. P. O: Tequisquite, N.M.
Range, Tequequite
and Ear creek, colfax connty
Ear marser hat half
cror righ, underbit heft
AR yogat und as if young.
 $\mathrm{D}^{\text {Left }}$ Ahonder, S left h
shoulder.


## 

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elass of stock in quantities to suit purchasers. elass of stock in quantities to suit purchasers.

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stead or pay for preemption.
 120 acre pieces. Liocatable on any lands subject
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i have a large supply of Fractional Adtitional Homestead Claima of from 3 to 19 acrea, which,
by rulings of the general land office, are locatable by rulings of the general land office, are locatable
on fractional sabdivisions of donble their area, or less, the difference being paid for in cask, at $\$ 1.25$
or $\$ 2.50$ per acre, as the case mav be. Send the area of the fractional tract you desire to locate,
and I will send a piece of proper i iLe
Porterfeld Warrants. In 40 acre pieces. Act of April 11, 1s60. Locatable on any unappropri-
ated public lands. The Snpreme court has decided
in Wilcos vs: Jackson that the word ated as applied to public landse word nnappropri. "not legally
disposed of." It will take lands in the corporate limits of a town. See Secretaries decision in will take occupied lands where there is no legal clain. See Bovard vs. Bnnn. It will take with.
drawn land when the withdrawal does not operate
as a diaposal of the land. sase of $\mathbf{W m}$. P. Brown.
SCRIP
 pleces. Act of July 17, 1894. Locatable on any
unsurveyed lands not mineral.
Valentine Srrip- 10
 and anoccupied public lands not mingeral, surveyed
or unsmrveyed. or unsurveyed.
In locating any of the above scrip no settle-
ment or residence is required, and there is no ment or residence is required, and there is no
limit to the quantity one person may use. The
right Mimit to the quantity one person may use. The
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roid entries, locations or selions will n
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COLFAX COUNTY.
Urraca Hereford Ranch.
Poocemec, Clmarron, Colfax County, N. X.


Thorruyhbred herd, 9 left side. Ear mark, an Horse brame, 5 on the left shoulder.


Palo Blanco Cubtile Co
O. A. Hadlexy, Manager. P. O.: Springer, N. M. Range, Chieo, Retaplen,
Hoikio, Palo Blanco, Don Carlo, and C Le crepk.
and Ear mark, swallow fork the left.
Horsep hran Horep hrand, ame an eattio. on left thigh.
Aleo
own

## (

Miller E Hershman.
$\underset{\text { Ear mark. crop and underbit the left }}{\text { Po. Springer, }} \mathbf{N}$ $\begin{gathered}\text { Oher } \\ \text { Orand } \\ \ddagger\end{gathered} \ddagger \times 1 \mathrm{JC} \forall$ shl on left side, Horse brand $\underline{W}$ on the right sboulder.


Lake Ranch Caetle Cu P. C. Townens, Moremaner. P. O.: Chico Springs, N



VALENCIA COUNTY.

Sew Mexico Land and Cattle Company.


L. P. BradLET. Preat
T. S. Muigeter



Dr. E. C. Heariques.
d. L. MuIE, Foreman

de $U]^{7}$ Alt the increase of cattle

© J. w. \& R G. Caritile.


+ nin bet thigh, hish ap.


Howell \& Lynch. B. Hownlh Menager.
P. O.: Latbock, Texas P. O.: Lanbonck, Tex as
Kange. Sping Late on the
Staked Pring.
 Horpe brand the game. Clifton Davis P. O.: Puerto de Leina
Range, Juan de Dios.
Ear mar Ear markse crop. left
and crop and aplit right
Hores hrall Horop horand aplit right ou the
eft shoulder.

1. H. Pinnell.

Pi, O. Sante Riona, N. M.
Range; Lor Thinos Pecos
Civertile branded on both
Caides.
Eate


odchers in
Holstelas, Jerveys, short Horns and Herefords.
noents for
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Ear marks on increase, roro of left
O내 on the ofther brands:

Horse brand, $|\times|$ an the left hip.
 All Increase is not ear
marked, but end of tail
, $\left(\begin{array}{l}\text { marked, but end of tail } \\ \text { cut onf. } \\ \text { Horse brabd, connecte }\end{array}\right.$

 right hip; young stock as
in cut and yiso eat off end
of taif.
No ear

SAN MIGUEĹ COUNTY.


Trujillo Raneh Company. Or Las Vrass.
offce of Browne © Manzana
c. $\mathbf{W}$. Browsw, Manager. P. O.: Red River Spring, New Mexico. Range,
on Trujilo creek, in Oldham eounty, Texas; and Ban Miguel coady Few Mexico.

Y. Kohn \& Co.
P. O.: La Cinta Range, Re,
Arroya de loo Alamosas
and
 and marked doubie jinglebobob in left ear. Also own cattle in following brands $\underset{\text { All increase to be branded ande, hip marked as in cut }}{\text { she }}$



Fuller, Devine áco.
P. O.: Puerto de Luna Range, Spalae.
Ear marks,

W. H. MeBroom. P. O.: Fort Sumner, Raped Foreman, Brow
ARRIS. Additional
bran on left hip. on lett side [on both hips.] $\begin{gathered}\text { Varions ear } \\ \text { thene varions marks on tor } \\ \text { brands. }\end{gathered}$ Horse brand, same as cut

## $\stackrel{\text { Incrase }}{\circ}$ branded both sides. Goodiey Bros.

 and Conehisa.

## 

Heek a MeDowell.
 gitijoe arroyo
some branded only with
sit
 Highore brand
right shonider.
Aliso own all female cattle in following braad TT. lett side. JM ligh. jeft ij rood trand,

7 CNew Eugland Live P. o. : Greeley, Colorado . Y. Range, the Pecoo Aditionnel.
Horses branded same as catule on loferife. Earrastark crop and wo splits in right ear.
Cattle in brand of above ent branded both siden

w. A. Burnett, Trinidad, Colorado J. D. Wruuns, Forems an P. O: Uberty, N. N.
Range Monter
Ran San İgnel county, New Additional IT left side. THI right side hrands: on feffjaw and H on Cft tide

Colorado and new mexico.
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once, opera House blo


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tritit. Toledoond and the extreme Eastern and South-
Eastern points. roit, Toledo and the extreme Eastern and south-
Eastern points. $\quad$ M. HAMPson,
Commercial Agent

SAN Miguel county.






## rpenter.

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## ${ }^{10 \mathrm{c}} \mathrm{CO}_{2}$

 Beccom, so , mesto, No.san miguel county


All arecreaze orande on both sides. tonewall Cattle Compeny. Nick $\$$ wimetos, Manager. Cabra Spriage, San Miguel Co.,N. N.
head of the juan de Bhos, head of the Arroyo and Cuerrito.

Additional brande
 w. B. stapp. P. O: Las Vezna.
Cange Los Conchas. cange Loo Coneha
Idifional bradds. 3 H on left ribe. 36 on left rump or hip.
3 jain, 8 ribe, $S$ thigh.


Monteruma Cattle Co
J. I. Monisk Manager.
 Borseer. branded pamma
cattio on the left sbouide Brand any place on animal.


Puarto Cattle Co.
H. Whiryonk, Proold: D. Bownegrosee sad R. O.: Pas, Vegerty, M rty, s.
Nues branded on both sidee.
f.ar marka, erop and two splita in each ear.


Geof. MeCrohan. P.O. Liberty, San Miguel
councy
Range Recentice,

 Horse brand, same at cut on left shoulder


Chas s. Cowan.

P.O. Pecos Town, N. M
Ranges. Rincon de lae
Trozas, Red River,
Crend Trozse, Red River, and co
Creel, Uper Pecos.
Horse beand
shoulder.
7-on left shoulder.
Ear mark, erop the left and upporihilf crop right Nie eattle branded TA on left
increase branded at
on cat.



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> R. A. JONES, Range Superintendent.

Range, Tulerosa and San Francisco Eivers, and Jobnson Basin, Socorro connty, New Mexico There was a young man who said, "Illow"
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Other brands.
MAY on side, $\mathbf{S}$ on hip. BEL òn side, $\mathbf{S}$ on hipy $\Omega \boldsymbol{\Omega}$ on side. All brands on left side. ALA on side, $\boldsymbol{\infty} \boldsymbol{\infty}$ on hip. $\mathbf{\omega} \boldsymbol{\infty}$ on atide. Oid cattle in rarions marks and brande. horse brandes US and JON S on left hip.


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vive satiafaction as I nae the beet CALIFORNIA give satisfaction. as I use the best CALIF
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reaonable prices.

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 Dan. L. Taylon, President and Monager, Fort Range, Fort sumner, W. M. P. O. Fort Sumper. Ear marks, crop the lef
 some hor right are branded vio

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| :---: | :---: | :---: |

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rons, $\mathrm{N} . \mathrm{M}$. Range, neer 4
berty, sean Miguel


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or morphine habit or the ExCEselve c\&E of NAu Fotics or tobacco.
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and lends-a moothing and restful influence and lends-a soothing and rextrul influence
to the dixturbed mind. If the treatment is
continaed from this stage of restoration the de

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CLEAR and EXALTED
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ministered in coroling drinks or food. ministered in cooling drinks or food. Tts pres
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 0 a left hip, side and jaw.



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Horse brand, same as cut,
on the lett hip. on the left hip. LINCOLN COUNTY

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 the Aqua Azul, Biackwater and Bacs Ranches, Ear marks, crop and ppltileft, split right.
Brand zs ta cut on left side bot somet.

 ous other old brands and marks.


Horse brands, same as cattie Both on light shoulder. (
(3.8. Terrell. thiphe brand, SS on left thigh.

O. IVheotn, $^{\text {N. M. }}$



Old stock on right
side, increase on left. The Coyote Valley and Red Lake coutile D. Grumbies, manager
P. O.: White Oaks, N. M.
Some cattle branded thne: Hage, Oprizozo. me cattle branded thus: H B right side.
Horses branded on either thoulder

A. A. Hubbell, Poet Oflce:
Alerico. Range:

J. \&. S. Raynolda.
A. B. Auner, Foreman. P. O.: Fort Sumber, N.
M. Renge 8 .
Cilice
Rellow river.
Hopere
shoulder.


Sutherland \& Faprell P. O.: Roowell, N. M.
Range, Rio Hondo, abov nosweil.
Ohaver brands: All cattle
have twa bars acrose the


Eddy-Bisel Castie Co
 m. Range, on the Peco
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Cattle brand kept np， $\mathbf{S}$ as in ab
both shoniders．
Grose $C O$ on the left hip of horses．
other Brands：
AMA side，©S hip．Underslope each ear． Crouside and Ioip．or side and hip． Y $\wedge$ side，underslope each ；used as a road
Xade，various marks and other hrands． M side，yarious marks and other brands．

w st Ranch．
J．A．Coors，General Misaige P．O．：Alme，Bocorro county，New Mexico．
Range，San Francieco rives，Socorro Co． Horse brand，same as cattle，vn left sboulde or thigh．

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 and evenly；belog a akir neociavole Irona eold and plane farnitibed．Any man with a little
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