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Prices made so that parties wanting Bulls will buy when they see the cattle，samen

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Over postofficel：EAST LAS VEGAS，N．M．
We deal in an elamper of tire stock．Correspondence sollelted．

## The Armijo House， <br> ALBUQUERQUE，N．M．

ITHWLY MURITISHED NHROUGHOUT．
 Cowern
 CHAB $z$ Bowsath，Hamager．
MRXICAT LANDS $=$
MEXICO AND TEXAS LAND AND CATYLE 00.
EL．PASO TEXAS．

TO EXCHANGE FOR LIVE STUCK． A Large or Bmall A mount of Destrable Real Estate fo the elty of sOCORRO，NEW Mexico．

 IIot springe，te

W．W．बातzeP， FLINT，MORIGAN．
표R円下゚ORD OATMI円，


 Also a number of furme on eag terme．Addrees，JOHN W，FOSTER，Manager，Mint，Michlgan．
 The Denver Live Stock Commission Co．， UNION STOCK YARDS，－－DENVER，COLORADO． Sale of Feeders to Kinasa，Nebriskia and Iown turmers a eppeciaty．Correppopdence solicitel． Q．d．DUFI，Mrameen．Hiax 385 s ．

## lOITET To 1011

 On Thtented Lende in New Iteictor for long time at Beasoheble Rates． For tarther particulams，addrees．J．B．WATIUNS L．II．C0，Dallas，Texas．
8．D．TRWIN．
L．A．ALLEN．
र．N．IRWIK． ESTABMELED 1874
IRWIN，ALLEN \＆CO． Lirestadk Commision Ilerelants，
 J．O．IHARY \＆©O．
Commissiove llerchants for the Sale of live Stock and Ranches








Live Stocr, Feed Farming and Commerce.


Anti-alien land laws are now in operation in all the territories and in the states of New York, Ohio. Indiana, Michigan, Wisconsin and C'alifornia.

The Cattle Trust should hunt upa Mascot at once if it is to fulfil a glori ous mission among the ranchmen. Per haps it would be advantageous for it to exchange its Jonah for a Mascot.

Jonah or a Ma
A Mass of information will be found elsewhere in this issue relative to the buvine disease, pleuro-pneumonia. The cuts accompanying the subject matter make an intelligent understanding of the disease of easy acquirement.

## $\Longrightarrow$

It is reported that Commissioner Colman thinks that he has found the cen ter of infection for the cattle disease that has been ravaging Chicago. The disease is believed to have been communicated from the Elmhurst herd, a bunch of pure bred cattle that were exposed to pleuro-pneumonia about eighteen months ago. This but illustrates, if the facts are as they are believed to be, the exceeding contagiousness as well as tenacity of pleuro-pneumonia

The issuance of instructions by Com missioner Coleman to the railway officials whose lines penetrate the range country as to the carrying of cattle, is one of the best features characterizing the work of the bureau of animal industry that has been accomplished this year. The western agents of the bureau who have given much intelligent thought to the application of proper methods for the protection of our herds should receive the gratitude of every well wisher of the range industry. The bureau through these gentlemen has now given us nearry ab-
solute protection from the incoming of pleuro-pneumonia. It is now apparent to any but the most obtuse understanding, that the action of congress at the close of the last session,in enlarging the powers of the bureau of anmal industry and appropriating funds for its use acted wisely,for the best interests of the country and to the satisfaction particularly of the rangemen.
THE Cattle Trust, so far as the west is concerned, seems to have placed its hopes for enthusiastic endorsement of the scheme on the part of the ranchmen in the names of men connected with the enterprise. It has dawned already on the understandings of those holding down the eastern end of the Cattle Trust that the western investor cares very little for the rattling about in the corral of the promoter. 'The cattleman is not caught by drag nets. He takes only the dollar-and-cents view of a business enterprise.

The market value of northern New Mexico steers from the herds of improved cattle, is from 812 to 813 for ones and $\$ 16$ to 817 for twos. Buyers must come prepared to pay the above prices If they secure any number of steers from sellers. Once in a while a sale may be made at figures shading these prices, but it will be if at all, because the seller is in pressing need of eash. Generally speaking the buyer will not catch many soft snaps of this kind. The cattleman under the extraordinarily good conditions now existing for the prosecution of his business, is not hunting men to give his steers to. His backbone is very stiff and he feels otherwise quite gamey this season.

## ——

CONOERNING THE TRUST. Tris Stock Grower says that eince the organi-
zation of the American Cattie Trust beef cattle nave declined thout zoc cents per hundred, intimat
 headed a journal as the stock Gaowrz has here-
ofore been, is eurprising, to say the least of it neeing thast the Trust hase not yet commenced operation. Since the STock Gmowkr made the above
rapertion beef cattle have advanced. Now it world be in order for the giock Guown to say
the Trust could not bold prices down. Dallas News.
We fear the live stock editor of the Necs does not keep as thoroughly posted on the values of cattle in the markets of slaughter as a gentieman in his position should. The assertion made by us in our issue of the 4th instant was that "since the organization of the Trust cattle have declined about twenty cents per hundred." The organization of the Trust, according to the statements of John L. Routt, Thomas Sturis, and gentlemen of lesser influence connected therewith, was accomplished
about May 10th. The declarations of these gentlemen in the matter were verified at the time by the publication in the Chicago Tribune, Breeder's Gazette and the Record and Farmer, of Kansas City, in their issues of early May that the American Cattle Trust had purchased a lot of steers from the Union Cattle company of Nebraska. Other evidences are notwanting that the pro moters and officers of the Trust considered, when we published our item to which reference has been made, that the "machine" was in operation, however doubtful the chances may be at this writing that the wheels go round. In order, however, to show the News that we are accustomed to weigh well all our utuerances of an editorial nature and that we make no hap-hazard assertions, that guesswork is not a part of the expressed mental operations of the writer, we referred the question as to values of cattle in the Chicago market during the month of May, whether there was a decline or an advance of the same over the quotations of the previous month, to the well known commission house of James H. Campbell \& Co. Their reply verbatim is found in the following

Kamens Citt stort Yakde, June. 16, 1886. To The Stock Grower
The average general decline was thirty-ive to
forty cents per hundred.
We hope this serions decline cannot be laid at the doors of the Trust. We have fondly expected better things of it We have been told that some of the gentlemen connected with the ranch end of the Trust have said that cattle would advance fifty cents per hundred pounds upon the mere announcement of the organization of that body. Cattle values have declined. Somebody has lied to us. Perhaps the Necos man can tell us where the trouble lies. Is the Trust all a lie?

## OLIVER SUMINER TEALC.

 Albuyctiguk, N. M., June 1ĩ, 1887.
## To The stock Grower

Will you kindly say in the columns of the Stock Grower who was the originator of the scheme now known as the Ameriean Cattle Trust? This has been a matter of dispute among a number of stockmen here, and if you can give us exact information on the point at issue we shall be under grateful obli gations. Respectfully yours,
H. AND D.

Ans. The Stock Grower is always delighted to impart information having the quality of exactness. These seek ers after knowledge have probably dis
cussed the merits and demerits of the plan evolved, elaborated and put into operation under the seductive name of the American Cattle Trust, they presuming thereby, the Stock Grow ER assumes, that the Trust wa organized for the benefit of the cattle producer. This feeling of theirs has arisen in respect to the matter from the desire so deeply imbedded in the hearts of nearly all cattlemen for relief from the pressure put upon the industry by the Chicago dressed beef men. Alas, $H$. and $D$., the Stock Grower cannot enjoy your enthusiasm over the probable good results to flow from the American Cattle Trust. In itself the Cattle Trust, or any Trust for that matter, has elements of strength, utility and great benefit for the industry it proposes to operate on in its own work. This, however, is not a characteristic of the Cattle Trust as it is now generally understoood. It is believed by leading men in the range country and many others that the Trust has nothing in common with the best in terests of the range cattlemen. One or two bright fellows in the east have gained a few willing followers in the west, and have launched the craft as a full-sailed vessel to carry on board the range industry ostensibly to a pleasant harbor. The rangemen however, are not satisfied with the captain of the crew-and the vesse is drifting badly. To return to your question: It is a matter of history and to place the credit where it properiy belongs, that the organization of the American Cattle Trust in its every feature, does not belong either to $\mathbf{M r}$ McGillin, Thomas Sturgis, of Wyoming, John L. Routt, of Colorado, Nelse Mor ris, of Chicago, or any of the various gentlemen of moderate brain power who are associated with the Trust. The gentleman who conceived the plan and organized the American Cattle Trust is Oliver Sumner Teall, of New York eity vice president of the Lyons \& Campbel Cattle company, of silver City. It is in all its ramifications the product of his active brain. Last fall the plan in detail was presented to certain ranchmen in St. Louis by Mr. Teall, and they were asked to join the proposed organization which Mr. Teall had elaborated. It wa then intended to make the Trust an or ganization for the sole benefit of the western ranch interests. Its scope and purpose was changed later on and we now find the American Cattle Trust to be an auxiliary to the labors of the dressed beef men of Chicago. The cat tlemen of the west are only expected to turn the crank wheel of the machine.

## THE STOCK GROW ER

## Heath's Foeding Exppriment. To The Stock Growert <br> Continging the results obtzined in feed ing range steers as published in the Stock Grower from time to time,I come now to the Prairie Cattle company's LIT brand statement and experinient comple. ted, cothmencing Novimber 1st, 1886 and endingmay 16 th and 23d, 1887 . <br> November 1st 85 head of three-gear-old Hereford grades weighed 1090; on No vember $25 t h$, the same cattle weighed 1170 each, and had consumed

1030 bu. sheilled eorn at 2 gets
2 tons oats straw $8 z$ per ton
100 ghocks corn foder at 122 cts

## Total cost

8190
87
50
50
$\$ 28140$ prod for twenty-five daye. Re-weighed on December 25th and to that date had consumed
$\begin{array}{r}820040 \\ . \\ \hline \quad 4500 \\ \hline\end{array}$

Total cost.
837080
Weight gained from November 25th to December 25 th, 8,670 , or a cost of $\$ 4.25$ per hundred for gain when Herefords Reweighed on
Rate January 22nd, and
340 bn shelled corn at 28 cts.
340 bu shelled corn at 28 c
340 bu corn meal at 81
8000 ets.
10s bran and shorts at
8000 He bran and shorts at 50 e
10 tons prairie hay at $\$ 2.50 . .$.
100 shocks corn fodder at 12 cts
Total coet tor 29 daye
Total coat for 28 days
Weight of Herefords on above date was 1,344 each. Amount of weight produced was 6,320 ,
for gain.
January 22nd to April 1st, the Herefords consumed
850 bu shelled corn at
900 bu cts
corn meal at 31
cts

Total copt for 67 days.
On April 1st the Herefords weighed 1,530 each. Amount of weight produced, 15,810 , at a cost of $\$ 4.88$ per hundred for
gain. April 1st to May 16th the Hereford consumed
1275 bu corn meal at 31 cts.
24000 Ds bran at 50 ets per ew 20 tons prairie hay at $\$ 4.50$..
3t thane timothy hay at 44.
.559485
May 16th the Herefords weighed 1,608 Hs. each. Amount of weight produced, gain produced
gain produced. grades, three years old, weighed 1,125 Ibs each. From that date to November 25th they consumed:

100 shocke corn fodder at ii
15 tons prairie hay at $\$ z .50$.
Total. Amount of weight produced from No vember 1st to 25 th on shorthorn grades, 7735 lbs , or 1216 each, at a
hundred for gain produced.
Re-weighed on December 25th; to that date had consumed
1040 bu shelled eorn at 3scte
9000 lbs bran at $50 c t s$ per cwt
18 tons hay at 82.00 .7. 18 tons hay at \$2 50 .....
3 tons oate straw at
130 shocks corn fodder at
$\qquad$

Total.
Gain produced, $9,690 \mathrm{lbs}$ or 1330 each at a cost of $\$ 4.121 / 2$ per hundred. Re-weighed had consumed
350 bu corn meal at 28sts.
400 bu corn meat at
3lets
8500 lon corn meal at siets
10 tons prairie hay at tow 00 .
100 shocks corn fodder at 1 .
was oats straw at $\boldsymbol{\xi z}$..
Total
Amount of weight produced, 7225 lbs at
a cost of $\$ 4.22$ per hundred. Average
welgbt of cattle 1415 each.
Re-weighed April 1st and to that date had consumed
900 bn shelled corn at 28cts
940 bu cora meal ak - Hets.
$\$ 30550$
$\begin{array}{r}898 \\ 194 \\ \hline\end{array}$


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## Comespondence Promptly Attended tor and Market Reports Furnished by Mail or Wire on Applieatian.

## ate

 $0 \left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { part } \\ & \text { part } \\ & \text { log }\end{aligned}\right.$ Americaperous growth and has a gred
## A Stock Grower Representative's Trip to Yavapai County.

Last week a representative of the STock Grower took a flying trip over the A. \& P. railroad to Flagytaff. A pleasant day-
light run of twelve hours covers the dis. tance from Albuquerque, 344 miles.
The town of Flagstaff is pleasantly situ ated on a lofty plateau and surrounded by a grand forest of pine trees. The place is a favorite shipping point and supply purchasing depot for the stockmen of that American population. The Ayer Iumber

## 

Total for sixty-seren day
On April 1st they weighed $\$ 79890$ ach, or a gain of 16,745 , 1612 lhs. per hundred for gain
lie-weighed le-weighed May 16th and to that date 1400 bu eorn meal at 31cts. 4000 lbs bran at tocts per ewt
20 tons prairie hay at $\$ 250$ 20 tons prairie hay at $\$ 250 .$.
5 tons clover and timoty at
80 shocks corn fodder at 1 zets.
o May 16th when shorthorn grades weighed produced, 7,650 at a cost of $\$ 8.28$ weight produced, 7,650 at a cost
per hundred for gain produced.
Record of 130 bead of two-year-old range cattle of same brand, weighed on date to January 20th they consumed shelled corn, corn meal, bran and shorts corn fodder, hay, oats, and straw to the cost of $\$ 4.39$ per hundred for gain.
Re-weighed April 1st; to that date had wheat consumed of shelled corn, straw to the amount of $\$ 1,150.70$, and weighed 1,405 each. Amount of weight gained, 26,650
Dos, at a cost of $\$ 4.32$ per hundred for gain.
Re. Corn meal whed May 22d and consumed of the amount of $\$ 974$, and weighed 1512 lbs. each. Amount of weight produced, 18,910 gain. 85 Herefords gained 518 lbs each.
85 shorthorns gained 577 lbs. each.
85 shorthorns gained 577 lbs each.
130 two-year-old shorthorns gained 527 pounds each.
Average cost of gain from November to for their gain; 85 shorthorns cost $\$ 5.00$ cor their gain; 130 two-year-nld shortho cost $\$ 4.88$ per hundred for their gain.
The above described cattle been marketed. The 170 bead of atl fords and shorthorns, 85 of eacb, were Darketed at Chicago, May 20th and 21st
Herefords sold May 20 for $\$ 4.75$, the top prices paid that day. 85 shorthorn grades market had declined full ten cents.
130 two-year-old shorthorn grades
on the Kansas City market May 25th the lowest market quoted in siz years, for native shippers sold from $\$ 3.85$ to $\$ 4.00$ per hundred. It will be seen that those
range cattle have fed and sold equal to range cattle have fed and sold equal to with as much profit, if that is not entirely a thing of the past. Respectfully,

## ABIZONA.



## company furnislses employment for sev- eral bundred men and the building of the eral bundred men and the building of the Mineral Belt railroad is an attraction to raw many wotking people. <br> Flagstaff has long felt the need of a bank as a convenience for the merchants and cattlemen. Some inonths ago several energetic and pushing busicess men asso energetic and pushing busicess men associated themselves togrther and organized the Bank of Flagstaff. W. G. Stewart well known in Arizona, is its president well known in Arizona, is its president and E. S. Clark, cashier. This bank num- bers among its patrons the leading cattle bers among its patrons the leading cattle owners and business men of northern Arizona. The growth of the business of the bank will be seen from the fact that it is now awaiting a charter as a National bank wi.ich will largely increase its facilities. The bank of Flagstaff is now erecting a very fine building of which it will occupy a portion, the rest to be used as a hotel, of vault and time lock safe will complete the perfection of the bank. <br> The business bouses of Flagstaff seem flourishing and the stocks of meichandise Carried are large. <br> C. W. Kennedy, of the cattle growing has a large tie contract from the Santa Fe, oad and makes his beadquarters at Flag. The <br> The Arizona Cattle company has its hoadquarters about ten miles north of hradquarters about ten miles north of Flagstaff and is connected with the town <br> Surface water in the Flagstaff conntry is not plentiful but good wells can be sunk The principal cattlemen who make Flagstaff their headquarters are Jacob Miller, S. S. Draper, Brannen \& Finnie, B F. Cupple, Munds \& Willard, R. J. B F. Copple, Munds \& Willard, R. J. Holmes, Houston Bros, T. W. Simmons, Allen Dojle, John Willseraft, C. T. Rog. ers, T. D. Sannders, John T. Shull, H. McCollam, A. A. Moore, Hugh McVeigh. Conksey, O. C. Feltion and Willard Bros. Your cor respondent greatly regrets that extended trip and longer staty could not be taken, but under inore favorable circuinstances he hopes to soon again visit a better letter and one of more iuforma- <br> Railway Development in the Pan- <br> handle. <br> By the courtesy of R. B. Welch, agent

 for the Soutlern Kansas railroad in the ing preliminary work looking to the location of stations and towns along the line we are enabled to hive our readers a few points concerning proposed stations as definitely located up to date.The first station extablished in the Panbandle will be in Lipscomb county, on section 243 , blick 43 , one mile west of the
$100 t h$ nieridian and about 110 miles from New Kiowa. Kansas. A depot is to be built at that point and ample stock pens, and the company expects to be prepared
for lusibess at that phace about the middIe of June, prox.
A distance of eighty miles down the A distance of eighty miles down the
line from the alove primt on the head of Clenr creek, in Hemohill connty, section 54 and bhock No. 1, will be the next staBoth of the above are north of the Canadian river, After the roal crosses the tion of a mile to the valley of Red Deer creek, and then with a slight curve goes southwest-wardly up that valley its entire
length to the plains, a distance approxiunating thirty.fise miles from the Cana.
dian. Coming south of the river and the distance of ove mile up the Red Deer valley, the next station and town site is located on section 77, block 42, where is found a level plateau of good, hard soil, raised sufficiently from the surrounding
vallev to give good drainage and freedom valley to give good drainage and freedom rom excessive moisture, over-fiows and ther is large land disadvantages. This pla nother Chicago. This station will for nother Chicago. This station will be on 179 joining it on the east, is owned by the railroad company Extensive stock pene will be built and facilities for handling a heavy business ; it is thought, owing to geographical position and other favorable conditions, that this will be the principal station on this road, and that the town soon to be started there will be the great city of the Panhandle. This station will be 145 miles from New Kiowa, and will probably be made the end of a division. The next station southwest of the last described will be in Roberts county, on section 71, black M 3-thirty-one miles up the Red Deer, where is found a very favorable location for a town site, with good water, good drainage and otber desirable points. This, two, will shortly become a thriving city, as it will be the tie, and and shipping point for Mobeesoutheast and south of our town. This
sonden the east, place will be eighteen miles from Mo Eighteen miles southwest from the MoEectie suburb, in Gray county, on section 87, block 3, and on the plains will be the next station.
Fifteen mi
Fifteen miles still farther will be a station in Carson county, opposite the rancklyn company's camp No. 1 ("wind brings us to the last station of which we bave note. This is also in Carson connty ou section 53 of the Tyler Tap lands.
The last station is about 354 miles fromer
New Kiowa. We say "about" because the distances given are approxmate only. but we believe they will be tound very

These prospective cities are still in em bryo, but there is present every materia coodition for making them grow and thrive to an extent that in another country would be a mushroom boom: but they will be stable and solid as a roek. The railroad has appointed a surveyor who is an expert town plat maker, to shape af-
fairs properly at the points named, and we understand he is now on bis way to the scene of operations-and there will Me an awful noise over there sbortly.
Mr. Welch has desired the Panhaisdle to state, to the end that no one be mislead or disappointed, that the company is not going to put either switch or depot im mediately south of the crossing of the Canadia. That location is undesirable









PLEURO-PNEUKOATIA. An Interesting Sketch of a Bovine Destroyer
Through the courteay of the Chicago Weekly herald in placing at the dieposition of the Srock and variane fortas of bovine pleuro-pnearoonia, aders a very complete resame of thin diseave, unded upon Proleseor Law sexpianation of the Hlinois sitting in Chicago during the month of esth al
nsidering that it is almost imposible to de-pieuro-pneumonia in any but the moet acute be disease by means of cuts, with a fuill en nation thereol, is is the natare of publicicraction, which must be of beneft to many stock-
desaor Law beaid
irst, as to the nature of the disease, it is conported by cerms-livios diseasee are fed and naked eye, but tiving beings, all the same, that e pbysical organisma and that consume food ewith is presented an fillustration showing a nber of theee pleuro-doeumonia germs or torct, together with four blood giobales. tr small circlee represent the micrococei,
or bacteria, as to their size


two clasees- the pathogenic and the non-
genic. The latter, in the parlance of medical They live and feed on the bodied of dead mals , in the air, in the earth, and in lifving benecessity to nature in almost every etage of manifold manifestations it is the products paseing a decaying carcass, but these are senerally disease prodacing. The pathogenic $i$ the many varieties of them attack the body a bitter struggle. A fingie bacterium is self pocing at a very rapid rate of increase. They haleas, about the same shapp. and nuntiply by
wing loag and aeparating or hresking into two. wing loag and separating or hresking into twn.
nicrucocas that becomes two, say in in bour,
ni, noder like circumatances, maltply into four,



 mal will die Pleuro-pnetmonia or ae Pro-
ar Law prefers to ralp tit, Iung plague, cannot
kinate without this germ. It is parey conta-
ass. and cannot be contracted by any other

er, loss of appetite, and an N: 2 Whays or a week this will have 1 ncreased to
iffecult, oppresed breathing, paroxysmal, paincongh, an extension of the head on the neeck
ith extensivy coosolidation of lugg tisenes ac taiaed by percuasion and anacultation.
cit No.
8 Cut No. 8 representa the recovery. procese or
e encysted lung, commonly called chronic
euro-pneamonia. This is where an effort of
ature


## 

 sack undergoes a proc
the resuiting liquid is mathe in th
of slow solution, til the cyst has beconse contracted to a firm Abri
nons nous kaot. These cases do not show much if
any ferer symptoms: when these cysts are emall
or in the front part of the lang heneath the heavy muscular shoulder, it is very ditilcult to recognize
their their presence, as such can only be done by per-
cuseion and auscuitation. It wil frequently pro
dice more or lese coughing. or even a slightiy dince more or lese coughing. or even a slightly
hurried breathing, if the animal is pxcited. The darneer of opproading the disenalee in this form of
so-called recovered cases is very
great when the oocalled recovered cases is very, greaty
victims are taken into new localitiee.
Cat Chronic stages of the disease. It is when the lung


N: 4
tisene has become ligquefied and aheorbed leaving
the fibrous walls representiag the thickened inter. lobn ar tisane, the appearance being to some ex
lo Cat No. 5 represents cases where the lang tiseue
and interiobular connective tisene have both been

liquefied and absorbed, leaving the branching air tabet of that portion of the lung dieeased thickien-
ed ty the surronnding exudating now organized ato $u$ hite fibrons tisesu
Attempts have been
Attempts have been made to treat the lung
plague, and in some cases 8 perr cent of the
treated casees have recovered, but it has been setHed by an anthorities that to treat the tie sease
with a view wo its cure is a bad policy, as the only with a view io its cure is a bad policy, as the only
may to and tho it out is to destroy the diviseased and
mave been exposed to it.

## Texico as a Grazing Country."

## Noulvs, Arizons, June 11, 1887

To The stock Grower
"Give a dog a bad name and hang him," is an old and trite saying and undoubtedly has its weight with all except the most discerning. So is it, to a greater or less degree, concerning anything that is pub-
lished in the public prints, especially in respectable and responsible journals such as the Stock Gruwer.
It is true that the article under the above caption in your issue of May 28 th, is merely the expressed opinion of one man;
yet, as from your preface the impression is given that Mr. A. S. Farnell is a repre sentative cattleman, it is bound to carry more or less weight. Had the article been
confined to the western border of the Rio Grande river in Mexico, no adverse criticism would have been made, but to down a whole country, extending through twenty five degrees of longitude and sev-
enteen of latitude, on account of a mere fear that the water of a stream which forms its eastern boundary, only one-half of which belongs to her at best, might fail to supply water to the narrow strip of land
on its western bank, is unjust, if not preposterous. After an intimate acquaintance
with northern Mexico for the last twelve
years, I can assure the STOCK Grower years, I can assure the STock Grower
that as fine ranges, especially for breeding that as fine ranges, especially for breeding
purposes, as there is in the world, exist in purposes, as arico; and with an abundant northern Mexico; and with an abundant
supply of the best of water, entirely un ike the sewage of the Rio Grande, wher without the trouble and expense of plant ing alfalifa, the natural grasses of the of cattle in good condition all the year round. Where taxes are merely nomina - Where Texas fever and other cattle die salubrions perfect climate, the calf in crease will double discount Dakota or Montana and can give odds to any part of the Uhited States.- Where to have dead cattle you must kill them.-Whiere there sweep away the earnings of a lifetime. Where there are no Spakks to fire us from our possessions.-Where the "alien law" is at a discount; and where the "coming cattle country," especially for breeding ranges, undoubtedly is.-Where Dillon Bennett, Pierson, Cannon, Halstead and been blinded by the dust from the banks of the Rio Grande, are now stacking their shekels.
In this connection, too, I wish to re
move an erroneous impression with re move an erroneous impression with re
gard to the security and protection for life and property in northern Mexico Judging from the $\begin{aligned} & \text { past, when, owing to } \\ & \text { sparse population, } \\ & \text { ncursions of Indians }\end{aligned}$ sparse population, nocursions of iondans and weak and corrupt local and general doubtedly unsafe, many suppose were un same condition exists there to-dav, whereas, nothing can be farther from the truth. The fact of the matter is, that no part ot our own country has advanced more rapidly in civilization within the past five years than has northern Mexico, and nore Sonora, during the two years last past under the regime of Governor Luis Torres. The laws in Meaico are equal, and in many cases superior to, our own; they having culled from among the best of the Cnited States, English and French laws, and the administration of them, however the extent of their ability. Crimes of al kinds are promptly and severely pun ished, much more so than in our own
country, and life and personal safety is country, and life and personal safety is
more secure there today than in many parts of the United States. It is true there are hundreds of bad Mexicans, as
there are of all other nationalities, but there are of all other ntionalities, but
nearly all of their depredations are com. nearly all of their depredations are com-
mitted on our own side of the line, for mitted on our own side of the line, for Which our own, and not the Mexican
government should be held responsible.

Tities to property in Mexion is another bugaboo, which frightens many would be careless, i norant men have because a few ments without proper investigation and thorough examination, and have bepn caught by clouded titles, that there are no in the country. This is a fallacy, for as good and secure titles exist in Mexico as in any other country; and more particularly is this the case if they hare been re vised or issued by the present or last ad ministration. Furthermore, the better
educated and more enlightened Mexicans of today, see plainly that if they are to keep step in the march of nations and develop and enrich their own country, foreign civilization, capital and energy must cordially invite foreign immigration and assure them every protection. They ask
nothing in return but obedience to their laws. And any foreigner who will go the laws and let their political affair alone, will have that business protecte and secured.
The writer is not "galvanized" in the slightest degree, but an Amierican from speaks and desires to give justice where justice is due
nominal figures at prevent in that merely with the prospect present in that country least fifty, if not one hundred, per cent within a year. Cattlemen and investor should recognize this fact, and if very de irous of securing some of the finest cattle anges in the world, especially for breed ng purposes, they should come and examine with unprejudiced eyes "Mexico as a grazing country." Very respectfully
yours,
G.工.円ROOKS manager
Ner Mexico Live Stock Company.

o. 102. From 1,000 to 5,000 yearting heifers, in one mark and brand, Matador breeding, frst-
class, high grade Panhandle heifers, deltivered at
Fort $\mathbf{S u m a n e r}$, Albaquerque, ro, at $\$ 13$ per bead.
ro, at $\$ 138$ per bead.
raised, 30 yearling
raised. La Janta,?Colorado.
TRADE. Thorongbred registered Hereford
bulls for yearling New Mexico-raieed belle, or bulls for yearling New Mexico-raised balls, or
for one, two and three-year-old steers. oo 120 . Western Texas she cattie, raised north
of the quarantine line, delivered at Seven Rivers, N. M. Yearling, heifers, 89 ; two-year-old
heifers and dry cows $\$ 13$; cows and calves, $\$ 30$. o. 1/3. A very choice lot of Herefords, very
 Yearing heifers of the same grade $\% 750$ to $\$ 10$
per head lees. Hign-grade two-yearold Short
horn heifers, in calf to imported Hereford horn heifers, in calf to imported Hereford
bulls, at $\$ 42.50, \$ 4$,
year-ild Hereford beifers, in calf to imported year-1ld Hereford heifers, in calf to imported
Hereford bulis, $\$ 10$ additional. Young cows, higb-grade Shorthorn and Hereford, with young,
calves at foot or in calf to inported Hereford hulls at $\$$ and 50 per head leas than the two-feard
old Hereford heifers. Fifty three-fonrthe-bred yearling Shurthorn bulls, price, $\$ 30, \$ 82.50$ and
S5. Northern New Mexico, southern New Mexico or Aricona delivery
o. 151. 2,000 three year-old

## county. northwest Texas one steers, Labbock price, $\$ 21.50$ per head, Las Animas or brand;

 Colorado, delivery. 1,000 she cattle, western Texas-raised, good stock, clisesifying 600 cows,200 two-vear-old heifers and 200 yearling heifers;
price $\$ 18$, Deming deling price $\$ 13$, Deming delivery, $\$ 13.50$, Las heifers,
delivery. Offer open untion No 147. 1,000 western Texas yearling heifers,
raised north of the quarantine line, delivered in July or August at

## Langy at $\$ 1$ per head. equal. 800 two and tree year.old steers, about equaly divided, Magdalena delivery, $\$ 14.50$ and

 Horse Springs, socorro county, at 937 per head.
io. 113 . 600 one and two-year-old eteers, fairly graded, New Mexico-raised, , delivered at and Lamy
or Albuquergue at $\$ 12.50$ and $\$ 15.50$. or Albuquergue at $\$ 12.50$ and $\$ 16.50$ ,000 yearling bieifers or 1,000 two-year-old heif-
ers, fairlv graded New Mexico-raiged, one
mark and brand, mark and brand, Albuquerque delively, price
$\$ 13$ and $\$ 17$. two. 250 yearling steers; price, $\$ 10.50$. 150
two-year-old steers, price, $\$ 14.50$ and 200 year-
ling heifers, price, $\$ 13 ;$ good grede, ling helferr, price, sis'; good grade, thrifty
condition, New Mexico-raised, one mark and brand, Magdalena or Silver City delivery.
No. 116. One car-load of yearlings and two carloads of two-year-old seven elighths to thirty-one-
thirty-seonds Hereford bulls, Colorado-raised; thirty-seconds Hereford bulls, Colorado-raised;
price, $\$ 45$ for yearlings and $\$ 5$ for twos, deliv-
ered at (olorado 8 pringe ered at Colorado springs, cotorado. New Mex-
o. 129. Galloway bulls and heifers-ber
ico-raised from highegradeand full-blood Short-
 heifers, \$83. Silver City delivery.
a. 101 . One or more car-loads of thoronghbred reqistered Hereford bulls one year past, Ru
doph and Anxiety trains, on board the cars at
Heecher. Illinois, Heecher, Illinois, price, sios per beed.
No. 98 . One car-load of good Hereford yearling
bulls, imported sires, on board the cars at bulls, imported sires, on board the cars at
Iring, Kanas, at $\$ 30$ per head. Fifty-two two-year-old and sixty-three
ve. 96 inlings very high-grade Shorthorr New Mex-
jeoraised bulls. Price, $\$ 50$ and $\$ 40$. ico-raised bulls. Price, $\$ 50$ and 340 .
Oo. 89.0 One car 1 oad of good grade two-year-old
Hereford bulls from imported sires. Price,
$\$ 88$ on sic months time Hereford bulls from imported sires. Price,
$\$ 38$ on six months time at 10 per cent. interest


1,500 Angora Goats, on range in Socorro connty;
one-haif, thrie-fourthe, seven eighths and if: one-haif, thrie- fourthes seren-eikhths and hat
teen mixteenths does. Thoronghbred becke and
does. Priees low. Descriptive circular sent on does. Prices
apoligation.
soldier's addit
soldier's additional, Sioux half-hred, Valentine
and Porterfield land acrip benght
archer andporterietd land scrip beught and eold. De-
stion
Large and small ranches, stocked and without
stock. A limited-number of shares and canital stock. in varions good paying whell managed cattle companies for sale. White for prices on
Durango mares, broken and unbroken cow Donies, stallions and Rio Grande valley farming and alfalfa lands. New Mexico.
Adtress, soconno, New

F2012 ALL PONTTS.

## Wre Stock Notes Garefully Collected

 From Every Source.A total of $1,376,580$ animals were im ported by Great B
$1,141,534$ in 1885.
If Cutcago market would hold its pres inge, its vicinity must be rid of all sus picion of pleuro-pneumonia.
The exports of live cattle and dresser beef from Boston to the English market last week were 1,515 cattle and 2,000 qua ers of beef.
An Raglish veterinarian claims that if the losses of English cattle by abortion could be known, they would leave those
cansed by plearo-pneumonia in the shade.

Prices for live cattle in English market have been better for the past two weeks than for some time previous, American cattle commanding $111 / 2 @ 121 / 2 \mathrm{c}$, estimated dressed weight.
Receipts of live stock at Chicago last month, with those of May, 1886 in pare theses: Cattle, 182,275 (138.484): hogs, 435,854 ( 551,196 ): sheep, 81,837 ( 55,319 ) horses, $4,430(2,646)$.
Chicago received 6,378 head of calves in May, 1886, an increase of 1,034 head. Of these all but 50 were slaughtered. Two or three years ago nearly all would have been taken out as stockers.
The Bay State Cattle company served injunction papers on the county commissioners last Saturday restraining them from submitting the herd law to a vo
the people.-Sidney (Neb.) Telegraph.
The receipts of live stock at Chicago, in the first five months of this year show an 118,105 seep 00.036 cattle, 3,776 calve receipts show a decrease of 475,065 .
The once famous cow Electa, fo which the owner, J. A. Cowan, of Venang county. Pennsylvania, once refused $\$ 10$,
000 was sold by him to an Oil City buteh 000 was sold by him to an Oil City butch er the other day for
ruined by over-feeding.
mol
Two hundred head of cattle, affected with pleuro-pneumonia, were killed and the carcasses burned, last week, on the
dairy farm of Edward Brady, in West dairy farm of Ed ward Brady, in Wests. sioners awarded Brady $\$ 12,000$ damages.
A Chicago man has made a big contract with the French government for canned meat. The mills of the gods grind slowly, Texas steer is only a American hog and they cannot get into France in the ham they cannot get into
Andrew Jensen and Chris Anderson, of West Jordan, were arrested by deputies, charged with fencing in the public do main. The complaint against them is made out by W. E. D. Barnett, the special lond agent of the तepart
The Adams Bros.' cattle sold to N. Un derwood, of this city, last week, which Mr. U. Intended to graze in the territory were unloaded at Taylor and put on good pasture at 30 cents per head per month The stocikmen around Taylor were very much surprised to see as good improved
cattle coming from the lower coast councattle coming from the
Bil Root, who has lately been over the ranges considerably in the vicinity of Lar amie City, says there never was a better time. He says that, judging from present time. He says that, judging from presen appearances, ranchmen will scarcely be able to cut and care for all of the hay that
might be put up this year. Bill is one of might be put up this year. Bill is one of of he speaks. -Cheyenne Journal.
America is becoming the most "trust ful" nation on earth. At present there appears to be an epidemic of Trusts. The Standard Oil company, after which all the others modeled their systems. We have now besides the Standard, the Cotton Seed Oil, the Cattie, and now cones the Rubber trust. The enormous success of
the first two of these organizations has created quite a craze for trust monopolies. Butcher National Journal.
Mr. T. R. Jones, who went to Trail City Monday to turn over cattle on contract, writes under date of June 7th that two
herds have already crossed the river and gord north, rmmely : R. Walker, 800 head;
Matador Cattle company, 3,000. Cattle
there to cross: Matador herd, 6,000; Mil ron herd, 3,000; Continental Catlee com about 10,000 curtse from thirty to fifty miles south, held to he delivered on contract and several small bunches on the market-Pueblo Recieve.
Washington, June 9.-The results of educing the tariff on wool are becoming very apparent and the following figures Agriculture tell the story: In 1884 the Agric
numbe
States
tates was 50 erp owned 1985 it 1 o) $48,322,331$ and in 1886 it flll still for ther to $44,759,514$.
an effort will be made. Yext it is suid th further reduce the wool tariff in order to get rid of the surplas.

The Chronicle, Colfax, Ills. is authority for the following: "James Sells has a cow hat he bought of Aifinarpole that
mother of four living calves, the oldest being only 11 months old. Just think of it, the mother of four calves and the old est not yet 11 months old. Now walk up hear if you have anything in the bovine line that can equal this one on the breed ing score. On the 25 th of June, 1886, she calves, and mothe 15 th day pair this month she dropped two mure. All are alive and doing well."
Col.C.C. Slaughter will go to Terrell today to buy twelve purely bred Hereford
bulls from Col. stock breeder of that city. Col. Slaughter will ship the bulls to the Diamond ranch. Col. Slaughter is one of the few men who have never for an instant doubted but that the cattle business will again pay. He are only temporary ills, and that thase who hold out faithful to the end will reap he has never stopped buring fine bull and otherwise improving his cattle.-Dal las Neoss.
Below will be seen a tist of cattlemen who have made money out of the boom at Kansas City and vicinity: At Indepen 107,000 ; M. G. Jaith sold 40 acres for $\$ 60,000$; Gudgell \& Simpson sold 40 acres for $\$ 40,000 ;$; Sam Jewett sold 300 acres
for $\$ 40,000 ;$ S. K. K nox sold 200 acres for for $\$ 40,000 ;$ S. K. K nox sold 200 acres for
80,$000 ;$ H. M. Vaile sold 80 acres for $\$ 80,000 ;$ H. M. Vaile sold 80 acres for
$\$ 240,000$ L. O. Swope sold 1,200 acres for $\$ 240,000 ;$
$\$ 300,000$. L. Land is worth in the immedi. $\$ 300,000$. Land is worth in the
ate vicinity from $\$ 500$ to $\$ 1,000$.
A few weeks ago men were sitting around the hotels praying (after a fashion) hat was Now much the same language ased to invoke a invoke the rain is being Stockman doesn't want a boonl. Texas has not fairly recovered yet from the ef fects of her last one. $\mathbf{A}$ reaction always follows a boom and usually completely counterbalances the good effects of it.
What we want is a season of steady pros. perity, but holding down chairs and "cuss ing things blue
Texas Stockman.
Tuesday evening our officers s.rrested a young man by the name of A. F. Lee, on
a warrant from Gatesville, Curyell country. Texas, charged with assault with assauil with intent to kill. It seems that on the
8th day of March last Mr. Lee, while at 8th day of March last Mr. Lee, while at
church, had some words with a Bill Can church, had some words with a Bill Can
trell, and who struck Lee on the hend trell, and who struck Lee on the heni
with a loaded quirt, after which Mr. Lee with a aoaded quirt, atter which anr. Lee t Cantrell, doing no serious damage The matter was then satisfactorily settled in this country and at work for the T An chor ranch for some time past, during which time he has made many friends The boys with whom he has been at work say they will go his bond, if bond is al wed-Tascosa Pioneer.
Pleuro-pneumonia is said to have ar assumed alarming proportions in the northern part of Westchester conots, New
York. That is one of the counties recent. ly quarantined by Commissioner Colman. The disease was first observed in March and has spread with rapidity since. Up to last Saturday evening 360 head of cattle had been condemned. The alleged cause of the malady was a dozen of milch cows it is highly probable the contagion siauply came up the Hudson from New York, or at the farthest from Long Island, for it has
existed in the stables of that southeastern
nook of the state for thirty-five years. The first introduction of the disease into this that region has not been rid of it from that day to this.-Chicago Tribune.
George Slaughter is in from the Long S ranch, where he has, to date, spayed 2,200 employed a veterinary surgeon to go out and give him and the men on the ranch a rew lessons in the art of spaying. They all "caught right on" and went to work on their own howik. Out of the 2,200 they have bandled only twelve died. This is mbrut as low a per cent. of mortality as whe experts cnn show. The success with Which the work of Mr. Slaughter and his men has been attended goes to explode the idea that the services of an accom.
plished veterinarian should be employed n cases of the kiud. It appears that an intelligent man on a ranch can learn in short time to perform the operation quite as succ
News.
We are not fully persuaded but what Wen round-up in discharging all its hred men, including range riders, and de. Claring that no round-up will be instituted until August 1st, has not better acted the part of wisdom than any other round-u in the territory. This, of course, tells a sad story a sad story as regards the cundiis of things; yet, tell what in may, there is nothing to be gained by rustling out oo er range to go through the formaities of spring branding. Calves are not so
numerous but what they can all be brandnuinerous bat what they can all be brand-
ed at the fall round-up, and the maver. icks are not numerous enough to justify the expense of a ronad-up. Theo it would be infinitely better for stock to let them rest --Rocky Mountain Husband

How Improved Stock Pays.
munication in the Thoroughbred Stock Sournal. Every one who reads them will ee struck with their force and truth
Some thirty years ago, when I comnenced farming, I found that I could not than by feeding them to stock. I found that certain kinds of animals consumed a great deal less food to finish them to given weight than others, and I com menced reading up on the subject; and, after reading the experience of $\mathrm{Mr}_{\mathrm{r}}$ Bakewell, I was struck by his course of raising stock, which led bim to adopt a method of improving his breed of cattle. in is related of him when he went to Lonand ifteen hundred sheep, that when he got there he sold bis cattie by the score, and his sheep by the huadred, to the to go into the herd and take the tirst reme, he paiu well for it; I do not now will say a shilling a pound. When he sold the last score, they often did not bring six pence per pound; or, in other
words, the beat of his drove brought him twice as much per pound as the poorest This was repeated so many times in his bome, and in talking of his sales going his neighlwors, he was lefl to reflect that there was certainky something foolish in rais ing the interior ot lower priced cattle
After he had reached this point he was After he had reached this point he was
careful, in his purchases, to throw out all timation, would briug the best prices in the London markei. The next time b went into the Highands to buy cattle be
purchased a goed bull; he next bought with him for breedw, and thok them home with hin for breediug purposes. He fol
lowed the same course with his sheep In all casses he selected his bulls and best cattle, or who raised cattle, having the largest proportion of first-class ani
mals. In four yeary after he commenced this systematic breeding he was renting his lucks for two lundred dollars per tug his stick fubuars more
Colonel Buford,
when returning from a New York sacky blooled stock, was asked if he did no think the prices obtained at the sale were
far beyond the iotrinsic value of the stuck, or whether he throught the cow swec, or whether he thought the cow
which brought $\$ 30,000$ would ever pay
back the price. He answered: I am now 70 years of age, and hence am not a young man. When I was a boy I inherited a steers annually, all raised from calves, and large enough to keep the neceusary cows for raising this amount of stock "The Germ was a herd of caude Hereford and shorthorns mixed-and when $\mathbf{M r}$ Alexander went to England to purchase purchase the first Duke, he looked at him but he thougbt him too small. He after wards purchased Duke." He says that when be commenced to use that class of animals he doubled his beef product. He said that he wrote to his broker, and wanted him in come dowi and parchase his two-year-old helfers. He came down and he sold him 220 from the same farm one-balf cent per pond them at six and to over $\$ 28,000$ for the lot He said thes the farm had more than donbled its that produc "No, those cows were not oeel at too high a price. Whenever any one uses that family of bulls, the beef product will be doubled. In traveling over the state of Pennsylvania, I have thought that if the people would use pare bred ani. mals at an expense of only $\$ 50$ or $\$ 100$ nore, they would more than dotable the beef product with the same mmount o provender and Yood. I say
experience of thirty years."

## The Hereford a Pavorite

Ranchmen who have confidence in the uture of the cattle basiness are going ahead improving their stock so that when an improvement in the market does come they will have better cattle. They are per suaded that the notive stock was good enough when the only cost attending the busidess was that of branding and round. ing up, but that under the new order of things larger and heavier stock are re quired. Some of them think the shorthorn is the best while others are booming the Hereford, bot it is said by those whose opportunities to learn are best, that of late the Hereford is rapidly becoming the favorite against the field of all others, and that the inquiry this year is chiefly for the Hereford, whereas last year it was neck
and neck between the Hereford and short and neck between the Hereford and hiort orn was the decided favorite agaiost all comers.-Dallas Nece.

Bullard \& Co. have now at both their houses at Liberty and Eadee a fall supply and the comboy for his autat the camp

## Feeding Pasturee for Lease.

## A pantare of 1100 neres of splesdid gran.

 of 600 meres and one of 160 neres. Kaeh rowths of blue grass and other mative rasees. In the heart of the corn country ceeding where corn was delivered to the beding pens the past year at 20 cents abushel. Will lease elther one or all the For mataring range steers no hetter opAddrees for further partlenters,

THE STOCK GROWER.

FOR SA工モ

1,000 Young Cows and Calres,
500 Two-year-old Heifers,
500 Yearling Heifer.

## All choice North Texas cattic

Well graded, amooth lot and ralaable es breed gatock.

Panhandle National Bank, Wichite Falle Ters.

## A Growl on Roping.

Last year I worked on the southern range, and there met a man who would tie his lasso to the saddle-horn. I remonstrated with him and was laughed in scorn as either being a tenderfoot or mossback, that knew nothing about cows. It is with joy that I announce the present condition of this gentleman at the present time of writing. He roped a calf a few days ago, with the rope fastened as usual, and the dear little creature tangled the borse in the rope, and they all came down together, breaking the rider's leg. He It is a wonder more of the ropers aren' killed every year. I have seen a man that has ridden the range fir five years tie his rope to a saddle horn and rope a
two.year-old steer out of a big bunch of cattle. Talk about brave men after such an exbibition as that. To a hand that has worked cattie all his life, such an exhibi when he was a boy he had exhibited in much the same manner and somed old grizzled Californian rode out, pulled the ignorant little fool off bis borse and quirt ed him until he agreed not to endanger anybody's life and limbs again.
near relation to the man that ties his rope, is the one that turns his horse's tail
to an animal when holding. There are times (in dragging, etc., when it is neces sary to turn the horsess head from the animal roped, but be that does so take watch the movements of the roped one He also deprives himself of the invalua
ble aid of his borse, which, properiy trained, saves the roper all anxiety, and heaps of trouble.
A popular fallacy on the Colorado
ranges is that a rawhide makes a very ranpes is that a rawhide makes a very
pretty throw rope, but wears out quickly, is nit strong enough for heavy cattle Now my experience has been the
of the last mentioned statement. 1 have used rawhide ropes more than any other kind, was irst taught throwing
with them, and believe that the difference between a rawhide and sea-grass is just the difference between ascience and gneas work roping. There are many giond men that accustomed to it, but those same men would have undoubtedly made extra good opers with the rawhide. two to made years, and hold any steer that ever drank alkali, besides being of perfect balance for throwing. and easier on hands or sad. the length of the average seagrass rope, but such a rope is practically use less for range work,
Every stock hand should aim to thor. oughly understand his business, and per.
fect bimself in every part, as roping is a part, and important one, of the cowboy's rusiness, and yet how many times is time
wasted and work botched and bungled wasted and work botched and bungled
that a little more familiarity with the sci oce of roping would have saved
I know wages are low and the inducehand to use but calue men are few for the himaself in details is man who perfects day is perfected by these very details. He many."-Honda in Pueblo Re

## Ike Clanton Eilled.

The Enterprise of June 10th publishes the following account of the killing of Ike Clantion, one of the last of the cattle thieves of the southwest, and who has western New Mexico for many years: "Starkmen thfoughout Arizona and southerp New Mexico will rejoice to bear that the notorious Ike Clanton has at last been killed. He was recognized by the office rs of both territories as the leader of peradoes ever organized. It is reported that there are twenty.five of his gang still some distance north of Clifton, among them the noted Nick Ware. The partic ulars of the killing of Clantea' we leara from Joe E. Sheridan, who returned on Tuesday from an experting trip to Clifton
and vicinity. It seems two officers with warrants for the arrest of Clanton learned hat be was making Peg-leg Wilson's
ranch on the Blue his rendezvous. They succeeded in getting cloneez to the hous without being seen by their man or any of his desperate band, when they hailed the occupants of Peg-leg's house. Clanton
was the first inan to come to the door when the first inan to come to the door, officers. He immediatuly started to thre the his gun He immediakely started to throw had time he was shot dead by one of the oficers.
The killing of Clanton rids the south crous one of the most daring and treach stolen many huodred head of stock from the ranclimen of the southwest during the past reven or eight years, and been con nected with many a stage robbery, mur dering one or two of Wells, Fargo \& Co. nessungers to gain the booty sought. A one time, several years ago, with the Earp boys and Doc Holliday, Clanton, his father heir own way around Tombstone, Camp Thomas and other Arizona towns, but the gang got at logger-heads over the division of ilfogotun spoils and commenced killing each other, thus saving the officers a duty Officers not care much $t 0$ undertake Officers and citizens generally should teep a sharp lookout for the balance of
the gang known to be located on the Blne They claim that it will require a strong force of men to even capture or rout them as the country they now occupy is im practicable for any luman being but men of their stripe, and they will not give it up without a desperate struggle. This they

## Holsteins to the Front.

The result of the butter contest at the late New York dairy show was a genuine surprise to most cattle men. The test ered the most important trial of all When the prize for producing the great ent weight of milk in one day went to Holstein cow it was the general opinion that it went where it belonged. There was but one Jersey entered and she made cone," poor showing. "Wait till the butter we will prove that our little cattle are as famous at the churn as your big Dutch Cows are at the pail." Before the test 75 could have been ready to admit that the erseys looked sure winners. It has be come almost second nature to speak of
the Jersey as the butter cow par excellence. In order to carry out the popular idea the Jersey cow, if she was to be beaten a all, should have been defeated by the "uernsey or Ayershire-never by the
"waterymilk" Holstein. But beaten she was, and that ingloriously. The first prize went to the Holstein cow Clothilde Which made two pounds seven and one within the preseribed twenty-four yielded The only cow to push her closely was one f her own calves. There was nothing objectionable about the test; it was a fair and square victory for the black-and-white cattle. What does the victory prove? That Clothilde is the best butter cow in sure to gi, that the average the average Jersey, or that the Jersey has now lost her place? Not by any means. It has
simply been proved that Clothilde propuced more butter than any other cow entered for the trial. It is natural to sup-
pose that the Jersey men were anxious to pose that the Jersey men were anxious to win, and that they wok pains to enter
good specimens of the breed. Many Jer sey cows have, in private lests, surpassed Clothilde's record. There are hundreds of Jerseys that can make more than two
pounds seven and one-half ounces of but ter in twenty four hours. Every owner of a Jersey cow will regret that those who have enterprise to bring such animals to the show. This trial does not even prove that Cluthilde was the most economica butter maker at the show. Taking the
cost of her feed ints consideration, her butter may have been more expensive than that from some of the cows she defeated. But one thing has been settled beyond all question-the Holstein cattle have been wonderfully improved during the past ten years. After this contest the by their opponents-Rural New Yerker.


ADAPTED FOR EVERY CLIMATTE AND ANY STYLE OF ROOF. IS ABEOLUTELY WATER-PROOF AND PRACTICALLIY FIRE-PROOF. THE CONSUIIER CAN LAY COREECTLY FROM 6 TO 10 SQUARES PER DAY. IN USE G TEA and examine goods. Mining and manufacturing men, stockmen, business men should
M. EHRET \& CO.,

PHILADELPHIA,
ST. LOUIS,
THE BROWNE \& MANZANARES CO. SOLE AGENTS FOR NEW MEXICO, sole haents for new mexico,
S VEGAS and socorro, new mexico

## Cattle Disordor.

Cattle fed on fibrous, woody grasses, es pecially when in seed,are liable to attacks of gastric irritation, complicated with symptoms of brain disorder. The, attacks occur in animals grazed on pastures that have got strong and run to seed. The seizures come on suddenly; restlessness and scraping with the fore feet are usually the first evidence of anything amiss ; occasionally there is dullness and drowsi ness; presently the animals are convulsed, and throw themselves wildly about; their unwonted involuntary movements are ob viously controlled by will; they turn omersaults, and attempt to run up the wall of the house or yard in which the are confined. The eyes are bloodshot and the membrana nictitans is drawn partially ver them. In some eases there is violen straining: the bowels are constipated and torpid; the small quantities of urine voided are usually high colored and rurbed These symptoms are somewhat similar th the effects produced by feeding on the
Darling pea, which causes horses and cat Darling pea, which causes horses and cat
the to try and climb trees and perform other mad freaks, during which, some in heir wild frenzy meet with fatal acc vmptoms are traceable to comparatively dipht morbid post mortem parnively tge chief of which consists of congestion nd f m infom matory patchen ost nucous lining of the patches on th mucous lining of the fourth stomach generally yield readity to treatment ood dose of oil, followed at intervals
ix or eight hours by a pound of treacle nixed with two or three ounces of epsom salts, will generally be most beneficial while some presciribe frequent doses of ime water and milk in order to reliev gastric irritation. The violent and fre quent convulsions are usually quieted hy beeding from the jugular vein. Irrita tion of the urinary organs is relieved by eed taging the iberal arinking fluid with which extract of bella dona sloould e administered several times daily.ournal of the National Agricultural So

## $\Delta$ Big sale of Herefords

The Las Animas Leader of the 10th in stant reports the sale of a large number of pure bred and high grade Herefords by our advertiser, Mr. A. D. Hudnall, of Cad doa, Colorado. Many of these tine ani mals were sold to New Mexico stock men, tring especially those bought by Colonel Mothersill, of Engle, and Sam P. Carpenter, of Deming. The Leader says
A. D. Hudnall sold last week to Col. P. Mothersill, general manazer of the De troit \& Rio Grande Cattle company, of Engle, N. M., three cars of the finest bulls ever shipped to the territory. The pur
chase consists of one car of pure bred Herefords and two cars of high grades,all bulls, Anxiety 4th and The Grove 3d. This large purchase in addition to the already large number of pure bred Hereford vulls owned by this company, will make it one of the finest bred herds in New Mexico, and buyers of steers should look well to this herd when looking for good cattle. To P. Millhiser, of Las Vegas, fifty yearling and two-year-old grade bulls. To Jones \& Land, Montrose, Colorado, two pure bred Angus bulls and six grades. pois three pure bre Herefords for hi Kendall ranch To Fred Schiller of Be lem. N. M. five milch cows twenty-five grade heifers, one pure bred bull and one fine Arabian stallion. To Geo. R. Buckey Riverside dairy las Anima pure bred Hereford buli. To Carpenter Stanley Cattle company, of Fort Cum mings, N. M., ifteen one and twoyear-old Deming N M. fifteen one and two Jones, Deming, N.M. inteen one and twoyear-ol rado Springs, three pure bred Hereford bulls. To C. s. Parsons, Adobe creek three imported Angus cows, $\$ 1,000$.

## The Kentucky Jack

The first pure blooded Catalan jack ever brought to Kentucky was in 1832 by the Hon. Henry Clay. His sire and dam had been imported from Spain into Maryland, where Mammoth Warrior was foaled. Warrior, as he was called, was fifteen hands high, and young when imported from Maryland. Kentucky at that time had no jennets bat mongrels, mostly a light shade of blue, with gray, buff and grizzly hair, nearly as stiff as hog bristle generally, with a colored stripe across the shoulders and down the back, ewe-necked, flat in the rib, low carriage and heavy headed, entirely destitute of any good quality except hardihood and ability to get a living where any other animal gave a goat would have sturved to death. With such jennets began the first efforts to im prove the race in Kentucky and to War-
rior they flocked in droves. He seemed rior they flocked in droves. He seemed
to cross advantageously with them, just as or cross advantageousiy with them, just as
the Cashmere goat crosses on the conmmn hairy goat. His progeny seemed rapidly and to inherit in a rails of their dams, and or inheritha remarkable degree the Four years thereafter, Dr. Davis, of South Carrlina, tmported direct from Spain the secoud purê jack, Mammoth by name sixteen hands high, and of great weight to his height. To Mammoth was bred the young Warrior jennets, then just maturing, thus making the second cross of pure day the breeding of the crosses rest to known throughout the United States as the Kentucky jack. It will thus readily be seen that Kentucky owes her position and character as a mule and jack breeding blood.-Perley Poore in Americon Culti oator

THE STOCK GROWER LAS VRGAS, NEW MEXICO. Ohtiog, Bridge Street, in stock Grower

Judge McGinnis, of Wyoming, sustain. ed the motion to quash the indictment againgt Fisber for unlawfully fencing sence of any color of title in defendant, as the statute requires.
Gudgell \& Simpson, Hereford breeders of Independence, Mo., castrated last week twenty five head of yearling thoroughbrid Hereford bulls.
that now prevail, they say thet they prefer having a lot of gooxd
ing bulls at beef prices.
The matter of discrimination against companies
the inter-stat
General Bather. It is believed that the practically ${ }^{\text {p }}$ probibit
car will be removed
The Hereford bull mania is raping in all parts of the southwest. Many bulls of this breed are being brought in from the northern and eastern berds, the good re-
sults of which course will be seen in the sults of which course will be seen in the
choice steers which will be sought after choice steers which will be so
by maturers and slanghterers.
It is said that the Aztec Cattle company of arizona, will shortly place all their
arable lands on the market, probably at
ar arable lands on the market, probably at
public auction, to parties desiring to set tle the same. These arable Innds are sit.
uated on Cottonwood Wash. Show Low uated on Cottonwood Wash, Show Low
and Silver creeks and the Little Colorado and Silver creeks and the Little Colorado
river.
The Soldier Holes Cattle company, of
The Soldier Holes Cattle company, of
Arizona, is doing what every company ought to do, in making a separate range
for their steer herds. This company has for their steer herds. This company has
secured a fine range in the foothills of the secured a fine range in the foothils of the
White Mountains and is removing the steer stock to that locality as rapidly as possible.
The round ap on the west side of the Sacramento is nearly over. Parties in
from there report that there is a larger from there report that there is a larger
number of strays this year than ever be. nombering to the lack of rain and grass. The round up on the Penasco will hegin
about the 20th instant, with Noah Ellis as about the 2esinstant, with Noah Ellis as
captain--Mesilla Valley Denwerat.
Through misinformation the STock Grower published last week that M. M
Chase had sold 3700 head of one, two and Chase had sold 3700 head of one, two and
three. year-old steers at $\$ 9, \$ 14$ and $\$ 18$ respectively. The facts are that the num-
ber of steers sold from the Cinarron pas ber of steprs sold from the Cinasrron pase
ture to Mermod \& Co. is in the neightwrprices paid were $\$ 11.50$ and $\$ 15.50$.
It is reported that the Carrizozo Cattle company is making arrangements
the Texas Pacific railroad to ship then cattle over that road. The Atchison. T peka \& Santa Fe road has advanced the
price per car load shipped on the Burtou price per car load shipped on the Burtou
cattle cars, and the success with which the company has shipped cattle in those
cars warrants Mr. Alcock in deciding to cars warrants Mr. Alc
ship only in those cars.
We are informed that the Graham boys who sold their ranch. cattle and horses at a forced sale, and who took their depart
ure from their old and famillar haunts are from their oid and faminar hants
around the Esquidila mountains, in rath. risguised tanancer "pow stor disguised themselves in some "new store of Arizona from the soles of their boots and took their departure for some healthand took their departure for some hay alth-
ier locality in the far east. May they ier locality in the far east. May they
never return. - St. Johns Herald. Commissioner Sparks appears to bo more mindful of the wellare of a
dirty, thieving, worthless Indians than he does of an entire community of his own race. This recent ruling of his is in perfect
accord with that of his master-Cleve. land, who, notwithstanding the privation and misery he forced upon his own peofrom the Kickapoo reservation after it had by executive order been thrown open
for settlement years before.-A Arizond Citizen.
Mr. G. F. Black has now at Albuquer. que fifty head and at Magdalena seventy.
five head of the choicest grade Hereford dive head of te choicest grade Merefori
bulls ever brought into New Mexica Many o pure breds Mr. Black's shipment com prises 141 head of yearlings and two-yearold. An opportunity will be given to stockmen at the aforenamed places to exampst creditable undertaking on the part Wiley form of Hurst, Black, Kuhne \& Wiley to bring in such superior breeding
stock. The bulls will be sold for cash, on
time, or exchanged for fange steers. This will give the stockmen one of the best Herefords and should be inpuroved. The bulls were raised in the vicinity of Strong City, Kansas, and are dandy fellows.
Herman B. Tuttie, Heary E. Gilbert and Frederick T. schrader, of Colorado, have pany, under the name and style of the $H$. B. Tuttle Horse company. The object for Which the company is formed is for the nising horses, cattle and ail other kinds of live stock. The operations of the comArapahoe counties, Colorado. The capital stock is placed at $\$ 50,000$.
Hurst, Black, Kieline \& Wiley, of Socorm county, recently lost a $\$ 300$ rallotaking the animal for a bear. The bunter was lying on a bear trail early in the
morning, waiting for bruin to put in an appearance, when the Galloway came slowly down the trail going to water. The
bull was shot between the eyes. This is no reflection on the Galloways, but the bunter should in the future confloe his sporting tendencies to fishing, especially
when in the vicinity of a Galloway of cattle.
The report comes from colfax county cinity of Crow creek, that county, last week a lightning bolt struck the wire mules, and ran along the wires to. where a bunch of twenty three animals were standing within a few feet of the fence number, a venerable mule of the bunch only escaping death: He, it is alleged, was thrown over the fence and lost an
eye, but after he had recovered his equa. nimity went quietly to eating again as The stuck belonged to John McKown. Colonel Tiffany has received the pick of Col. Coghlan's large herd on his Three
Rivers ranch and is an finportant addition ) the stock interests of this county. Col. Tiffany proposes to add th this herd a fine
ot of Hereford bulls and further improve t, it alrealy baving been crossed with the shorthorn, and in a few years be will
have a white faced herd posspssiug the rustling qualities of the original native stuck with the addition of the beef pro-
ducing qualities of the shorthorn and Hereford. The range upon which these cattle are being placed is one of the finest in this secrion of the territury and the
hest results cannot tail to be obtained. an Marcial Reporter.
One of the most interesting cases that has ever been in Colorado came up this was bruugbt by Sam Malin against C. M. Mann, as security on a note for sume
$\$ 19,000$
given by $O$. J . Wiren tu Malin Mr. Mann denied positively of laving signed the note, and the suit was brought
on this point. Many experts on band. writing were examined and the case was Warmly contested on both sidies Ball \&
Burney represented the plaintiff and Jen ings \& Martin the defendant. Able ar guments were made by the counsel on
both sides, the addresses taking up an entire day. The jury after being out a ant.-Colorado (Trar.) C'lipper. The following London, Eng, dispatch
will be read with interest by many of the will he read with interest by many of the and borse jockey well known throughout Gila and Duck creek several years ago and will be remembered as baving rode Jack Fleming for the White House ranch. He is now with Buffalo Bill's slow : "Dur show this afternoon Buck Taylor's borse came in collision with a borse, ridden by
Della Farrell, going in the opposite direc tion. Miss Farrell's shoulder caught twisted the limb, breaking it short off a almut the middle of the thigh bone.
There were aloout 12,000 people in the grand stand, and great excitement ensued as Buck was seen to throw up his arms. eel in the saddle, give a territic yell and flying hoofs of the horses lying hoofs of the horses. The perform once was at once stopped, surgeons sent the West London hospital Buck taken the West London hospital. The per.
ably be three months before Buck can ride again and from six weeks to two -The Enterprise.

The Colorado Quarantine Modifled. In accordance with tbe recommenda. tions of the state sanitary veterinary board, Governor Adams has issued a proc lamation modifying the conditions on which cattle from Kansass, Nebraska and Missouri can be admitted to that state. It is as follows
Whereas, The veterinary sanitary board has good reason to believe upon in. vestigation that the domestic animals of free from any contagious or infections diseases, states are using all possible precautions against the introduction of disease withis their borders; and
Wherders; and
Whe
has quarantined ge general government thereby affording a double aistricts, therefore be it
Resolved, That the governor be respect. fully requested to issue his proclamation $W$ the effect that cattle from Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska and Iowa will be allowed to enter Colorado upon presentation of affidavits of two reputable citizens
of the county in which the animals are of the county in which the animals are
owned that the cattle have been kept upon one farm cattle have been kept months immediately preceding date of shipment, during which time they have or infectious disease ; to any contagious from the county sease, also, a statement certifyiog $\omega$, attiant's reliability. county of owner that the cattle shipped affidavit same cattle named in shipped are the above cattle named in the afthdavits, the cattle.
Shiprers of cattle from all other states and countries not mentioned in proclamscomply april 19, 1887, will be required Cattle destined for Denver or poins
yond will be inspected at the quarantine
Cattle to Pueblo or points beyond will
ee inspected at Pueblo.
F. P. Kirnest, President.
Attest: Cinas. G. LAMB, V. S, Secretary. esolutions of the Colorado State Veteri ary Sinitary board, 1, Alra Adams, gov. ernor of the state of Colorado, do hereby
permit cattle from the states of Missoni, Kansas, Iowa and Nebraska to be shipped into Coloradu, when complying with the conditions imposed and accompanied by tions of the State Veterinary Sanitary Tbese conditions and requirements will also apply to shipments from all other
states not included in the proclamation iswued April 19, 1867

Too Secret for Popular Approval.
The American Cattle Trust seems to ave fallen flat on public appreciation. For a short time it was the leading topic of discussion in every stock raising dis. trict, but now the stir which it created has almost entirely subsided, and public attention is already absorbed in newer if very signitis. A clearly noticeable and the concern is that it fiods very little hearty support either in popular expres. sion or in the columns of the press. It
was not to be expected, after its nature came to be understiod, that a scbeme which could advance only the interests of plainsmen, at the expense of producers in would agicultaral portions of the country, the east ; but it is astically advocated in even the range publications are chary in its endorsement, while much of the westtion of the whole affair If condrust is making any impression in the Trust is have failed to discover it-though it is perhaps too soon for its influence to benew berceptible. The movements of the popular approvai.- Pittaburgh Stockman.

Trall herds strike for Liberty or Endee, Bullard \& Co, will replenish your "ehuek
wagons" at low prices. They keep a full wagons" at low prices. They keep a full

## THIE BTOCK GROW EHE

## HORSE NOTES

The Stock Grower draws liberally for the in-
eresting iteenn of this oolumn from the treeders
 The goreroment of Seu Bruagivec bes import
 2:AQ4, by Denief Lambert.

 Terror well kown in by Hone dest 2 na stepile
 pany,

 beating a vod
 Country rosuly, methe brot moant on Alunew by the etirter his.

 It io reported chat C. W. Fraceo hen bought
 Mr. H. T. Berlay. the Englion brewer, wot





Jubilee Jogrins is the name of one of the most
rukise betuers on the Eugish turf He began

 Aad, may last six monthe ionger.
 part nerrainp wo bay the trotting stadilion, Arritiloery.
it was understued that the price paid was $\$$.




Wild Rake is probablr one of the fastest three

 Nenmark. Wild Rake started in three rucee this
ear winning each of them in three etraipht heata
naking but two breaks, and was never beaced at
ny one of the quarter poles in any one of the




## Clydendale Hornes.

The Clydesdale breed originated in the valley of the Clyde in the vicinity of this city (Glasgow) mostly in the county of La nark, although there are fine animals which have been bred in adjacent counties.
The excellence of thls breed has been obtained by continued care in crossing for about a century. There is a tradition that the original stock came from some Flem ish stallions, which were pure black in color; but this is disputed by some au thorities. If it were true, the black color is seldom seen now, except in the feet,and in the dapples which are alinost universal upon the animals.
There are some dappled greys, but this color is not one chosen by breeders. There are also many dappled bays, but the most beautiful, in my judgment, are the dark dappled browns. They often have a white star in the forehead, and sometimes one
or more white feet. In size they are prally large, sixteen hands and over, and ften weigh nearly 2,000 pounds.
The head of the typical Ciydesdale horse is characteristic. The jaw is broad onding in a not very fine mazzle, with large open nostrils. The eyes are large, sagacious and mild. The forehead is
broad and full between the eyes, but ta broad and full between the eyes, but ta
pers upward toward the ears, which are ong and active.
The efficiency of the Ciydesdale borse is due largely to his quick movements,
and it is the formation of his oblique and and it is the formation of his oblique and
massive shoulder which gives the long massive shoulder which gives the long
quick step for which he is so much val ued. His endurance, especially upon paved streets and hard ruads, is due to
the extraurdinary sulidity of his legs and feet. The forearm is broad, seen from the side; the knee is broad and flat; the sinews below strongly marked; the pas terns sloping and the foot very large.
Doubtiess the fringe of hair from the with the strength of the leg, but this marked feature is never absent from the Clydesdale borse. It is by the fineness
and abundance of this long silky fringe of the fetlock tuft that good judges estimate the purity of blood and enduring qualities of the animal.
The back and ribs of this horse are not always in keeping with his other good
points; and in selecting care is to be taken 4 ) choose one whose back is not ton long or hollow, and whose ribs are well rounded and well set. The hind quarters are low set the thighs muscular, the
bocks br jad and solid, the sinews firm and the pasterns sloping. The long and the pasterns sloping. The long
fringe of silky bair stands out from the
The intelligence of these animals is well known. They are guided either in the plow or cart without reins, and when will, as if they were actuated by con In the streets of this city great numbers are employed and their size, morement docility and fine condition attract the at tentton of strangers. Those owned by the Caledonia railway company and nsed in transporting goods wiond from the station are by far the finest working horses have ever seen.
Large numbers of Clydesdales are sent to the Litited States for breeding pur-
poses.-U.S. Consul Undervood, at Glas-

## Hanover.

It looks now as if Hanover had all the eastern stakes for three-year-olds at his nercy so far does he out-class all the other colts of his age. He started last week in the Brookdale Handicap against Dry Monopole and a lot of cther cracks, and with 111 pounds up ran the distance, a mile and ne-eightl, in $1: 54^{1 / 2}$, winning easily by chree lengths from Dry Monopole, and under a pull at that. In the Withers Stakes the race was practically a walk. over for Hanover, he never being extended in any part of the mile. This race was his sixth consecutive victory-three last year and three this-and although the Dwyers have another unbeaten one. Tremont, in

Hanover, who is a strapping big fellow and disposes of his fields as easily as if he other horses were tied to the fence ear-old form it is difficult to see how the western three-year-olds are going to have any chance against Hanover when they each the tracks by the sea-shore, ask the are evidently a very moderate lot. They
have now run races enough to bave their lass pretty well established, and there is n doubt that a lack of quality is what ails Derby, has since shown that performance Derby, has sice that by being beate menever he be sturt and at mile and half Jim Gore and Libretto are probably the best of their age in the west, the for mer haring run second in the Kentucky Derby, and won the St. Louis Derby last Saturday, carrying a penalty, alwoug ibretto captured the Latonia Derby acobin seems to be able to heat the oth ers of his age at any distance up to a mile and a quarter, but can go no further. Breeder's Gazette.

## Why Horses Shy.

I have never met a veteriuary surgeon ho kuew anything about "cataract of the e" in horses. I call it that as it is an pressive term. The trouble is the most is of any naw affecting the horses of is country. It is the cause of nearly all fail to find a reason for except in "general cussedness." This cataract is of a brown growth, of a fungus nature, that spreads ver the pupil of the eye, from the top ownwards. It has the appearance of sponge growing away from its hold. I is difficult to see unless strong dayligh falls upon the borse's eve exactly right Then it can be seen plainly, a si ent evidence of the animal's defec tive eyesight. I have examined horse after horse, and with but two or three exceptions out of ahout fifty I have found heir eyesight thus nffected. Of course it is worse in some than others. It
grows just like cataract or cancer: at first just dawning ominously on the upper edge of the pupil, then gradually extending itself. 1 have watched it expand on my warked in and its growth has been very I have observed one thing about it that makes me certain that my conclusions are
correct. Every shying horse I arrect. Every shying horse I have ex afflicted. Never have I spen a horse shy whose eye was not clonded by this inex whose eye was not clonded by this inextrying to break my a long oxperi. I him to many veterinary surgeons, but all said it was his cussedness. I used to whip and punish him in every way to break him of it, but I could not. Now I remema suspicious object just as a person with poor sight will try to get a better focus. Finally one day the light happened to The whole thing was in saw the cataract. The whole thing was plain to me then. and the Globe-Democrat will be the first to say anything about this prevailing effect.
If anything has ever been pu'dished about it, and if any reason can be adranced should like th hear of it. Whether it is which, by shutting out the and cruel blinds which, by shutting out the light and cans-
ing the animal to look forward instead of sideways, affect his eyes, or whether it is because of dark stalls. I cannot tell. Bu and much of the stumbling that now make driving and riding so unpleasant and dan-gerous.-A Hur
Globe-Democrat

TO NORTHERN STOCKMEN
Outits expecting to send wagons to work n the Canadian river country during the tock of all supplies at low prices at Elul and \& Co., of Liberty and Endee, and by with loaded wagons.

## Who Owns It P

Who is short a fine, well bred cow branded JP?
if the owner of the Ahove will address THE STock
inow he will yet information.

CATF TAMLY BOOK.
Leather bound, nent by mall on recelpt of price, 75 cents. This book will be found THE STOCK GBOWEB Las Vegas, N. M.


The best Fara, Garden, Poultry Yard, Lava, Perfect Automatic Gate. Cheapest and Neatest
Iron Fences. Iron and wire Summer Houses Lawn
Furniture, and other wire work Best Wire BEDCWICK BRO8 RIOMMOM

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material. Full circle, most rapid, and easieat K
Kansas City Hay Press Co.
HEREFORDS!
REGISTERED BULLLS AND HETFERES.
Pure Bred and Shorthorn Crosses.
Range Cow Horses.

## -

## Road Horses.

AMERICAN STANDARD BRED TROTTERS

CAMERON BROB., Managers,
San Rafael Cattle Company, LOCHIEL, PIMA CO., ARIZ.


## W. H. McBR00M,

Offers an Unusually Fine Lot of HIGF GRADF

## Shorthoril Bulls

To be Delivered in Spring

Fine New Mexico Ntock.
W. H. McBROOM,

Fort Sumner, $\mathbf{~ M}$. $\mathbf{M}$.

## A Curious Story About European Dressed Meats.

Paris advices of May 15th say that the Conseil-General du Nord adopted at its last meeting a resolution which is destined to make a great revolution in the meat supply of France. The motion made was that there be organized on the frontier a line of sanitary inspectors who shall thorughly examine all dressed meats brought into France overland. Tbe system proposed is similar to the one bow in vogue in England.
Every dealer understands that live stock depreciated in value 30 per cent. last year in France as the result, of England getting her almost total foreign meat supply from America. This threw back on the Paris market all the animals from Belgium, Holland, Germany and certain French provinces which had formerly been sold in London. Owing to the large American supply the English Board of Health can
now afford to reject poor stock which thus now afford to reject poop stock which thus
find their way to Paris. find their way to Paris.
M. Marcarez, one of
M. Marcarez, one of the conseil, denounces the barbarous shipment of live stock in France. He gives as an example the market of Lille, where cattle arrive every Wednesday from Amsterdam, Holland. They are three days and two nights Th the cars without either food or drink. depression in live stock prices.
depression in live stock prices.
In addition to this, Paris is threatened with a pestilence as the result of allowing diseased dressed meat to be shipped to er mankets. Prnssis for the transporta organized in Prnssia for the transporta-
tion of European dressed meats. On any railroad can be seen the refrigerator cars coming from Berlin to Paris. The stock shipped in this way consists of all grades. some of the arrivals are bled after dying of all kinds of filthy diseases. All carcasses are given a bath of water mixed in the refrigerator cars, which are sealed in such a manher that they cannot be opened on the frontier. For the Paris markets alone there are shipped weekly
from Berlin over 2,000 carcasses of from Berlin over 2,000 carcasses of
dressed mutton, at the rate of 300 per car dressed mutton, at the rate of 300 per car
load. The stufl is, of course, easily recgnized by the authorities, who, to save trouble of examination, take out about rifteen carcasses near the door of the car
which always happen to be the freshest These are ways happea to be the freshest eraged from their balk. The increasing import trade in dressed meats in France is owing to the tax being much smaller han on live stock. If these 2,000 sheep francs (nearly $\$ 1$ ) per head would nave had to be paid. A toll of ouly 90 centimes (or 18 cents) is asked on each times (or 18 cents) is asked on each tion. While it is true that parliament has raised the price on dressed beef to 12 1892, owing to the commercial treaties now existing.
From the manner in which dressed mutton is shipped into France some idea of the grades of the dressed beef can be obtained. It is no exaggeration to state that the markets of Paris are flooded daily with the stuff, which is known to have died from every bovine disease un
The the sunfic
The traffic in continental dressed beef. while only of short birth, has gained fearful headway, owing to the immense wealth of the controllers of the business.
These monopolists took advantage of the leniency of the French sanitary laws and it is said will extend their operations fur ther in the future, knowing that they are safe under the old Commercial Treaty which holds zood until 1892 . They also derive much support from the Anti-Protectionist League, which is doing all in its suppress likewise any sanitary inspection.

## Credit Abused

Good credit is excellent, and a man is not much thought of who does not have it, but hke all other good things, enough is enough, and too much is apt to be worse than none at all. In these days when we are hearing so much twaddle about the causes of depression in the cattle trade, it
trative of the absurd credit system which western cattlemen have more than stretched to its utmost capacity. Three years ago an excellent south western stockman inherited the saug sum of $\$ 100,000$. He wanted to invest it, and having faith in the cattle trade, went to Wyoming and
bought $\$ 100,000$ worth of cattle, eash down. This was all right, or would have been but he was ambitious to do more, and wo mortgaged bis cash purchase and lought about as many more cattle. The next winter he lost 35 per cent. of his herds. and since his purchase values have decreased 50 cent., making 85 per cent. loss o date, and counting the high interest paid, this man who was worth $\$ 100,000$ cash three years ago is now worth nothing. This is an actual case and is hy no meads an exceptional one. Some of the rangeny wum could have checked out almost any sum of money three or four years ago ply because they abused not in uame, sim. his because they abased their credit. Had caring for the $\$ 100000$ worth of call frst bought, he would now rst bought he out back to the original value. The bane be range cattle business hias lieen the fort of $\$ 10,000$ men to make $\$ 50,000$ deals The lessons of the past few years hav been bitter indeed, but so great is man's greed so prone is he to "bite off more at least a partial repetition of this old, old story after the inevitable collap
'boom."-Drovers' Journal.

Galloway Cattle in America
Great umbrage is likely to be given breeders of Galloway cattle, both in Sco
land and in America, by the continued r usal of the Illinois State Board of Agri culture to recognize the Galloway breed the state fair of 1887 . In its wishom he State Buard apparently considers that Aberdeen Angus and Galloway cattle are one and the same breed. No agricultural ociety in Scotland would venture to make that assertion. Surely, then, the Galloway worthy of place and encouragement at the Illinois state fair and all other state falrs in America. The breed is spreading widely and meeting with very general approval. Vol. 1. of the Ainerica Gallo way Herd Book contains the names of the largest herds of cattle of this breed n the world. These breeders represent very large number of cattle.
qualities of the Galloway, savs an Ainer can exchange,have been inore than proved on the western ranges. It is estimated that in Colorado alene there are upwards of 10,000 head of Galloways and their grades, and they are numerous in most of
the other western states. All this goes tw show that the Galloway is worthy gnition and encouragement Why the should the breed find no separate class and ist of premiums at the IMinois state
of 1887 ?-Farming World (Scotland).

## A Nevada Cowbow

Scene-Strawberry festival ; portly mer oung lady. Enter Carson-River cowb ust as caller cries, "Grand right and left." Cowboy stands in, and at end of change finds himself standing with portly mer chant's partiner. Portly merchant uncere. moniously
place. Cowboy stands back and deliber ately sizes up portly merchant. Comes to the conclusion that portly merchant would be too much for him at close quarters. hitches up his pants, thrusts his right hand nto the rear pocket thereof, and in ror. I corralled that naverick. 1 corralled that air beifer. ope on her leastwise you hain't got no $p$ with her. Now, lust reckon rill gal. round-up. Light out, or I'll set my old orty-five a barkin'." Portly merchant oralor and sits down. Music starts up and cowboy finishes the "galop" with the and cowboy finishes the "galop" with the

Loans on Western Lands.
Eastern money has been loaned at the west on farm mortgages during the last three years literally to the extent of mil lions of dollars. From inquiries made by the Boston Journal, in New Hampshire,
it appears that many dopositors are withIrawing their funds from the local savings banks in order to place them in Kansas, offered be!ond the Mixsissippl. The
reasurers of all the savings banks in Con cord say that the withdrawals are larger
than usual. One of them declares that during no spring since his institution was organized hase they been more frequent or in greater amounts. The New Hainp.
shire saviogs banks theinxpives are exten. shire saviogs banks theinselves are exten.
sive |enders on real extate abroad. Invest. nents of this description have been great.
y promoted and strengthened, not to say ccasioned. by the creation of the western loman companies which have become so
numerons of late. These concerns must he reckoned an important addition to the
finabcial machinery of the day. Brad:

## He Wanted a Pass. The following is a triegram received by

 stack yards man:Spratieg, Wy. T, April 5 - Mk. Uamp in-I shippee you two car load cattle.
, catchee pass. Whatee matter, o catchee pass. Whatee matter?
Ah Fook
Evidently the inter state commerce law
has been tix) deep for the beathen Cbinee

## Enjoy Life

What a truly beatiful world we live in Nature gires us a grandeur of mountain,
glens añd oceans, and thonsands of means of enjoyment. We can dexire no better the najority of people feel like giving it up disheartened, discouraged and worn ion for this feeling, as every sufferer can Greens Auyust F'lucer, will make them free from disease, as when born. Dyspep-
sia and Liver Complaint are the direct causes of setenty tive per cent. of such Headache. Contireness. Nervous Prostra tion. Dizziness of the Head, Palpitation
$\qquad$
$\qquad$


TELELRAPH ASD TELEPHINE ('O). Exclusive Lessors of Electric Tele-
phones in New Mexico. IELEPHONES, worth their weight in
by naving timeand labor
INV AIU ABIE, When Connected with a Telegraph
Postoftice. RANCH LINES A SPECIALTY H. T. VAILLE, Supt.


SOUTHERN COLORADO

P. O. Address: Trinidad. Colorado
Hanges in western

Kanges in western portion of Las Animan
comnty, Colorado, and eastern portion of Colfax
conntv, X. M.
some branded same as above on right side.
some cattle in the following brand Some cattle in the following brands on either
side or hip: WI HH TI Various ear marks. $\mathrm{N}-N$ in right or left side.
and hip
side with
on left jow right or left
$N+i t p$. Various ear marks.
Horse brande, $\mathbf{N}$ on left hip and $\mathbf{N}-$ on left hip
Hor
amall


Brueder of Hereford cattle North side Arkan Addicional Brand left side, - left thigh ; under hack in
each ear $V$ left shoulder, $V$ left side, $V$ ieft thigh
$\underline{V Y}$ left side $V$ left hip


NORTHWEST TEXAS


Cattle Racier and Pealer.
Postomie. Colorado, Texas. Ranches in Fisher


Lee-Scott Cattle Co.

 dditional Brand


 In addition to the reward offered by the aseocia-.
tion, wewill pay a reward of three hundred dol.
lars for the conviction of lars for the pan a reward of three hundred dol-
butchering butchering or illegaly branding any of our
atock. or markin a any of our calves.
LEE.SCOTT CATTLE CO.

## The Stock Grower.

LAS VEGAS, NEW MEXICO.
SATURDAY, JUNE 18, 1887.

## PERSONAL.

Items of Interest Relating to Stock Growing People.



 at the rancbee of the company during the eneaing
ruonth. Jobn Fipod, the well known cattleman, has re-
cently pufchased about 900 acres of choice Kansas farming lasd and will in the fature make his
bowe in that atate. E J. Simpe E J. Simpeon, asaistant manager of the Aztec
Catte company for the peat two years, has been
making a trip over the company range, to fawith the propert
 (bariee $P$ Leit $=$ h, of Eareks Spring, Arizona left for a six montha' tour to Europe. Hin broth
er, Dr Leitch, who had been vioiting Et Eureka,
refurned with birn to his home at Niles, Ohio, (iovernor Hadley says that the range cattle in
lereats in northern New Mexico, as reapects
 The many friende of Capt. W. H. Kingsbury
will be giad to learn that he is mending slowly but
 patere that be will be obliged to atay there for ap
unardo of a year befure his recovery io complete.
/ater. Republica. J. W. Bradford, of the Hyde Park Cattle com.
pany, is at his home in Chitago, in prearione
 ho in bealth is unwelcome to his friende in New
Mexco, as be is s geutieman the country bere
and the cattie industry especially can hardily afford
in loe
Evidently from the following, which we find in
the Farming World, Edingturg, the foreign


 rm of swan Brothers, of Cbeyebne. Which has
cently suapended payment, wee not in any way
ninected With this company, further than that
 ard think it right to apprise the sharebolders of
is fact tin order to alliyy any uneasinees which
en annoucement of this faliure may have

 rming the sharseholiders that thesers. Swift a
ampbell, of Chicago, the solicitors consuited by io company, believe that a good case can be es
ablished against the vendors for the original
artage of the herde, and have received anthor-

## The Kansas City Market

The Kansas City Live Stock Record and Irmer of this week will say
There was a decided picking up in the eceipts both here and in Chicago and as weather was bot the supply proved xcessive. The result was the improvement noticed in our last review was lost. There seemed $t$, be a demand for most catte, but buyers wanted prices low down. er than the week previous and 9,000 lieavier in Chicago. As noticed a week ago a large per cent. of the cattle coming in show that they have been running on grass which is against them, and buyers make a marked difference between them feeders in sympathy with beef steers were also a little lower. There was a very fair enquiry for good, young, growthy cattle to run on grass, but buyers were insisting
upoo lower values, as they are afraid of the future beef market. It is astonishing how the supply of cattle keeps up, and as past few months inclined to venture an opinion few seem outcome of the July and Angust market Prices atter this month will be controlled by the sopply of western range cattie, which if heavy will keep values down, but only moderate will enable the market recover itself somewhat. Despite the how prices there seems to be a healthy under current to trade and the market possesses an elasticity that is encouragthe week were New Mexico and Indian

Nation steers in stocker condition; no beeves yet arriving. On Tuesiay there were several lots of New Mexico stockers cwt. and on Saturday some good Indian stockers sold at $\$ 2.10$; a lot of Indians stockers av. 954 lbs brought $\$ 3.40$, and a bunch of choice corn fed Colo., half-bred steers av. $1,475 \mathrm{lbm}$ mold at $\$ 4.10$. gootations. Grood
Gair
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Native
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Milch
CornV .130
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cifier
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ve cows,
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ive oxen
ve oxen extr
food
geal.
beent
fair Corn-cod
Corn
Ceded orn-fed Tex stoers yood to choice.
Native col. oteers, and feeders Native Col. oteers, good butchers
Native Col stockers and feeders
Graee Teiste Grase Texans...
Grase Texas cow
Colorado-Texas. Colorado-Texas.......
Western native stoct

|  |
| :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

A Big Calf Crop-The "Trust" Not IVecensary This Year
The general manager of one of the large southwest cattle companies, under date of the 16th instant, writes to the "Please send me fome
have filled up all the old opes and. We hardly begun branding ones and have throughout this section is branding it home now and by the time the general round-up begins will have all early calves branded. The calf crop will be large The range is in splendid condition. We don't think we'll hare to join the "Trust" to be saved this year. Poco tiempo it may be we will. Trust managers are not in it for fun, nor throughany motives of phi lanthropy, but to make money; and unless a man "stands in" with the majority, i. e., the ring within a ring, better were it that the blizzards sbould sweep his herds from the face of the earth or the quick. sands of the nearest stream swallow them

## Don't Like Mustangers.

## To the Stock Groucer: Tascona, Texas, June 10, 188 :

 I see in your valuable paper of May doing a goad business in the Paphand doing a goond business in the Panhand e true. Tanding have been doing a fair business in wn use and benefit and the grand their of Oldham county has been doing a good business also, by finding true bills of indictment against several of these nomadic inhabitants of the plains. Our stockmen down here have met with considerable loss and great inconvenience on account of these adventurers called "mustangers."Of course there are some men mustang. Of course there are some men mustang.
ing who are conducting a perfectly legitimate business, but the majority who are operating in this sectionare a great draw-
back to the stock interests of the Panhanback
dle.
Jud

Judge H. M. Kimball, the Prarie Cattle company, and E. True have been the printent dwellers, and would greatly prefer if they have any horses with the mustangs o send men who are in their employ and under their own direction after them Very respectfully, Jas. H. East.

There is an epidemic of horse stealing all over the southwest. Whenever a horse thief is overtaken let justice be meted out to him at once. He is an enemy of human kind and deserves death.
Billy Green, Joe McFadden and a Mex can, who have been raiding horse herds in San Miguel county the past month. were overbauled nt. La Jo jail at Las nd are now resting in the jail at Las Vegas
tiary.
Secretary Lamar on the 14th inst pened the lands for settlement along the eastern border of Colorado and range 41 in the western part of Kansas, thus closing the Colorado trail in that locality and shutting out the cattlemen from the right to drive across this portion of the public domain to reach the north. The appeal
of the granger was louder in its volume of the granger was louder in its volune herd owner.

## Catching Prairie Dogs.

A great deal of damage is done by prai. rie dogs in Montana, and a bounty is paid for their scalps to encourage the killing of them. The River Press contains the following description of a successful way of catching them:
Joseph Mulligan, of Fort Benton, is rendering it extremely unpleasant for the prairie doge, and proposes to make it more disagreeable for the territoria treasury. He is operating in a prairie dog town on the opposite side of the river, and the manner in which he is gathering the skins of these cautious little animale is not to be despised, except by the dogs and the territorial "bar'l" His method is to snare them. The snare is made of a pliabie willow pole, some seven or eight feet long, which is sharpened at one end and forced into the ground at an angle of about forty-five degrees, and just far enough from the burrow so, that when bent over it will reach almost to the edge of the hole. A notched peg is then firmly driven into the ground a little distance the spring pole in position when the same is set. On the edge of the pole is at tached a fine copper nire with a run-
ning noose, which is carefully placed around the bole, the opening being just large enough to allow the head of the dog to pass through easily as he comes out th the surface. Care should be exercised to
bend the wire just a little at the point where the loop touches it, so that it will always retain its position of a perfect circle. The notched peg should be care fully made, so that the pole is easily released. If these directions are followed, the irst time the dog comes to the surface around his suck makes to freek and ife first jump he and the dog is hung high above the ground. Sometimes their fore legs get through the loop and they are canght around the middle, in which case they often release themselves by cutting the wire with their teeth. The gentleman mentioned now has some five hundred traps set, and in fine weather he is catch ing from forty to fifty per day. He says for the first few days after the snare is set the dogs will not venture out. In rainy weather the catch is small, as the aninials remain under ground. He has found from experience that the copper wire is rather
soft and easily cut, and he had to get a larger size than he first tried. He is thinking of getting steel wire, as it will in equally as pliable and harder to cut
in time his catch has run up into the hundreds.
$\$ 200$ Beward.
Will be paid by the Canadian River Live Stock one stealing cattle or horsee from any member of
the asociation. By order of Ex. Com the aseociation. By order of Ex. Com.
E. D. Bul.

Stolen.
From Anton Chico, on or about the 19th of May last, one iron grey mare, 14 to $141 /$ hands high
branded 2 on the shoulder rather indistinct, ngh hind foot white, other three black: both mane
and tail are cropped Was seen Sunday, sed ult.
oping in the direction of and nail are cropped the direction of Liberty, heing rode by
going
Mexican. Any information leading to her re covery will be thankfully received. by

## Aton Chico, N.

Notice
Is hereby given that I have been appointed by
he District Court of the Fourth Judical District of New Mexict, and tave qualified as Receiver of
of lands, cattle, horses and efferte helonging tol the lands, cattle, horses and efferte belonging to
the late firm of Stap, Ennis ©o. of San
Miguel county, New Mexico. No person is an Miguel county, New Mexico. No person is an
thorized to sell or dispose of any of the property
without written without a written orde
A rew ard of $\$ 100$ will
A reward of $\$ 100$ will he paid for information
leading to the conviction of any person who shal
illegaily brand any illegally brand any of the live stock or handle
anyof the property
Las Vegas, N. M., June $\$, 188 \%$. Lewis LuTz
Leceiver

## NEW BRANDS



Kar marks, grab left ear.
Horse brand, $C$ on lett hip

Wotice.
At a meeting of the executive committee of the
Wagon Moung stock askociation, held ot Wagon Wagon Mound stock association, held at W agon
Mound, June bith, it was decided toacommenoe work at Wagon Mound, June 1sth. Wiil worl ley, thence north to Maxwell fence.
F. C. Crockse, Foreman.

## Lost or Stolen.





## Hotice.

rall ranaing from back bone to point of
 steers from Texas laet year.
Poetofice address, Endee, $\mathbf{N}$.

## Stolen

From my rach peat Fort somper $\mathbf{N}$. M. One



 Wort sameer, N.
Lost.
We will par a rewre for information loodibe
 iff tite , k. olen, reoroznized
tringhalt in right $\qquad$ LDER Bzos.,
Enet Las Vegas, N. M

## $\$ 250$ Reward

Office of the A. © P. CAmpis Asso.,
A reward of $\mathbf{8} 50$ will be paid for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of any person unlawfully handling stock belonging to aay member of this aseociation, and $\$ 100$ for offenge. Also a reward of 8100 for in the same hat will lise a reward of $\$ 100$ for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of any
person or persons for tilling cattle and not preserving the hidee for inspection
G. H. Prapr, Prealdent:

## J. E. SAINT, Secretary

HORSES STOLEN - 100 REWARD A. E. Powers, poetofice, Fort Stanton, N. M,
wil pay a reward of $\$ 50$ for the delivery it his
ranch of the stolen stock deceribed below. He
will aleo pay $\$ 100$ for the arrest and conviction of One small bay horse pony, with blaze face
Oacer, brinded on left shonlder and thas on left thigh and left hip,


One light brown horse, 7 or 8 years old, about 1 , $C B$

ARIZONA
 C. H. Ward.
Grober Frask, Man George Frisk, Manager.
P.O.: Los Angeles Gal.
Range, Sulphur Spring
Valley, six miles north of Ear, marks, crop left, Cattle branded on right hip.


Milo A. Smith.
P. O.: Springerville, Apache county, Arizona Range, Eecadelfa monntains, Apache county, Ari-
zona: and Johnson'o Basin, Socorro count, New
Mexico.
EC eide. Other Brands: HES side.
ELC on left aide and $\mathbf{S}$ on left hip.
on left side and $\mathbf{B}$ on left hip.
ELC and also 8 in circle on the left hip.


Hunings \& Cooley.
Breeders and Importers
of Thoroughbred and
P. O.: Show Low

Pre county, Arizons. as on
Horse brand, same and
attle, on left shenider.



## $\frac{\text { COLFAX COUNTY }}{12}$


J. Linn Smythe $\underset{\text { Range, Gates Canon, Col }}{\text { R. }}$ Eax county,
Ear marks, oplit in the S. M. Folsom.
 A. Cahoos, Foreman P. O.: Cimarron. Range,
Cerooso Canon, Colfax county.
other
orand right sn orand,
left side, also
ald on and left hin Horse brand, $\times \square$


Horse brand, same as cow Mexico. Mora connty.

Miller © Harshman.

P O.: Springer, N. M. Range, Ocate, Colfax Co
Ear mark, erop and underbit the left.
 Horse orand $W$ on the right shoulder.

## $\square$

Western Land and Ca le Company

Ear marks, grab the right ear. Nexic.
 $|0| \begin{gathered}\text { right or left } \\ \text { thigh. }\end{gathered} \overline{\mathrm{V}}$ on the left shoutd
 ? J.s. P.O. Tramperoa, N. M P. O. Tramperos,
Range, Tranperos.
Some cattle Sange,
Somettle pare branded
put all increase i $L^{\text {but all increase }}$ brase hraded as Ear mark orse brand, aame as ent, on left shonider. Judd \& Co. Range : Raton, Colfax Co Range, Sgarite.
Horse brand, $J$ left hip. Anded thus:
Incrase branded
marked as in
mat


KANSAS CITY, MO.
Consignments Solicited.


THE ANGUS $\nabla \vee$ RANCH KIRBY \& CREE


Postoffice, Fort stanton, Lincoln county, Range, Rio Salado, Rio Ronito,
creek, Eakle creek, and kio Ruidoea. Ear marks, underbit in each ear.
$H$ Horse brand, $\mathbf{V}$ on the left aboulder. Additional Brands:
 on left ohouliner, side and hip
ked, crop right and nnderalope ieft.

ANDERSON CATTLE COMPANY.


MILNE \& BUSH LAND AND CATTLE CO.


Main brand.

rub leftandunderslope
right. and crop dditional Rranis:
I X on left side Ear marks, I X on left side le nuder hale right

COLFAX COUNTY


The Akron Live stoek Company, Akron, Ohio.
ugututus Curtiss, Manager.
I. H. KingMa . Range Foreman


Known as the "Stirrup" brand, formerly owned by Porter \& Clouthier.
Horee brand, same, on the left hip. Horse brand, same, on the left hip.
Other
and varions other brande Range, Ocate mess and canon, sweetwater and


SAN MIGUEL COUNTY


Frank Huntington.
Also own cattle in Range, Rincon La Cinta
On on left aide. Horse brand, same as cut, on left thigh


Howry Cattle Co. S. K. Srdes, Manager
 Red River
Have parchaced the on
tereat of Mr. $\rightarrow \begin{gathered}\text { Have parchaced the in- } \\ \text { Cerent of Mr. J. T. IcNa: } \\ \text { mara in the "anchor" herd }\end{gathered}$ and range. All "anchor" cattle belongling to this
company are tally branded company are taly branded
increase of isist is in the and and an
brand All increase from an a mat
branded as in cut, and marked crop and ander haif crop the left ear.
Horse brand, RY on the left
All incroan 1 fft . increase marked crop and under half erop


Johs Pawley, Foreman
 Catcle in Dodditional Branci some $D$ on Pett hrand have also foliowing brande:
O on left hip, side and left jaw; s few branded Cattle in Va brand hawe aleo followigs brands: loin: some Fright side. None of theof
orands are kept up. All increase is
branded and marked an in in branded and marked. as in cut
All horses branded $\mathbf{D O}$ on right thight.

14.


James Conant.

P. O.: Gallinas Springs.
Ran
and Oe, Giallinas
springs

Horee brani, same as cut,
on the left hip.
Frank w Dale.


P.O.: La Cinta.
 Lewis Walker and
Mary Walker.

## P. O.: L.a Canon Largn Range, Canon Bonito and

Canon Largo.
Horse brand, cross on
the lett hip
A few cattle branded in A few cattle branded in
three crosees only. P. O.: Canon Largo, N.
Range, Cano
Bonito $\stackrel{\text { and Canon Largo }}{\substack{\text { harse brand on left } \\ \text { hip }}}$ Both brands kept up. Myers Bros. \& Livezey. Poastoffle, Liberty, New
Moxicol
Horse brande, TTT on the rese bran
Re
Renip.
 county, New Mexico.
Nourse \& Day Broa.

 Cinh stock branded on the
rin hip young stock as
in cat, and also cat of end
of tal No ear marks.

| Quincy ${ }_{\text {Cattle }}^{\text {Las }}$ Co. Vegas |
| :---: | W. S. Livos, Manager.

P. O. Cabra
 doubler jing Ear
dwabl mawfork lef.

O: Trinidad, Colo, or Sas East Ninth Sh. Kananser
City, Mo. Range, on Pecos
Fiter

colorado and New mexico.
THE HOLT LIVE STOCK COMPANY. william t. holt, President. MYRON W. JONES, Manage afice, onpera House Block, Des rer, Colarado. P. O. box 9163.
A. Texple Thorw, Cashler and Acconntant. L. Willace Hoter, i Rivers, N. M., Asast. Manager


THE BLOOM CATTLE CO





Thoroughbredis ifigh-dirade NEW MEXICO RAISED

## HEREFORD BULLS

FOR SALE BY
ERANCIS CLUTTON,
CIMARRON
NEW MEXICO
I am prepared now to make contracts for spring delivery, and invite corres

## E. G. MURPIREY \& CO.,

THE PLAZA PEAARMACY
BRIDGE STREET, LAS VEGAS, NEW MEXICO.

ST
NICFOOAS HOTEI, Sixth st, and Douglas ave, Las Vegas.

Centrally Located. Krading Room (whated. Americananal European Plana.

## SAN MIGUEL COUNTY. <br> 

Trujillo Ranch Company
omire of prowne than Vanzanarea.




 $\underset{\substack{\text { Additional } \\ \text { bra }}}{ }$

Meft hip. on lefitside


H. M. Coy.
P. O. Las Veges, N. M. Range Sandijullas creek,
San Miguel conaty. An in incresse branded $\square \bar{W} J(N) J O D \quad G . E$




Browne \& Manzanares Co.,

Ce, ${ }^{\prime}$ Agts for New Merioo
$10,13,15,16 * 20$ CAUCE.
Thim Heallie Ca's $\square$ WAT:
CARTRIDGES
waxuractuazis mack

BROWNIIIVG; KIING \& CO,
Manafietivers and Betailers of

## FINE CLOTHING <br> AND

Gents' Furnishing Goods,
1101, 1103 \& 1105 Main street Kansas City, MIIO.
Comere of Eloventh


FICTORY, 408, 410, 412 and 416 Broom street, NEW YORK.
eromine AT
Philadelphia, St. Louis, Oincinnati,
Chicago, Milwaukee and Kansas City.

## Gross, Blackwell ¿Co

I, V RHCAE, ITBIW MrBPLCOO.
GROCBRIES, DRI GOODS,
Boots, Shoes, Btc., Btc.

At all times on hand a full itne of the Rache and Schuttier manuthotur of
-wagone.

A Full IIne or stetson Rats, sultable for Ranchmen, always on hand, ranging in

## 

C.Frices quoted when destred and epectal atcention given to mall ordern -

THE GREAT GENERAL EMPORIUM OF


## NEW FURNITURI DEPARTMERTI


GHO. R. BAPGB \& CO.

## LiveStockCommission Ilerchants

Room 27, Live Stock Exchange,
E. W. Molfiany, )
т. e. Ladd, Geatle sulemen. Kansas City, Mo.
$\checkmark$
CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.

The First National Bank of Tas Yegas. N. M.


The First National Bank of Nibuquerque. N. M. Capital Stock, $8100,000,00$.

Surplus Fund, 815,000.00.
The First National Bank of EH Paso, Mexas. Oapital Stook, $8100,000.00$.

Surplus Fund, $815,000.00$. B. s. kavenux, comiter.

THE GOLDEN RULE ANE MLDFR BROS.,
CLOTHING CO.

Deep and Shallow CLOTHING

| HATS, |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CAPS, | FURNISHING <br> G00DS, | BOOTS, <br> SHOES. |



## Well Contractors

AGENTS POR

Nint w Wampe Mata, Cou'celebraied Siar
Wind Mingenerit Water Supplies and Horse Powers.
B6. Jotis Fite and Artaian Well Tool Co.'s Well Machenery and Toole.
NATIONAL TUBE WORES WELL. CABING AND PIPE.
To the cattlemen we wilh to way that wo are
now making 1 Special oitatt for Raticies. Contracts mede for Wells with Hills or Horte Powers, Pow phlonite.
Troughs, efe. eomplete.
Adirene for prices particulars, ete,
ELDER BROS, _CAST LAS VEGAS, N. M. We Take Contracts in New Mexico and Texas. BUCKEYE FORCE PUMP. The Most Powerful and Durable
combination for raising $\frac{\text { GallowayCattle }}{10-2}$ the
P. P. MAST \& C0, 1312 West 10th St., zeATIEAS OITY, MO.

300 HEREFORD and SHORTHORN GRADE BULLS Addreas R. J. BIshop, LUNA, socorre counvi, v. In a

