
R. G. MEMRETEEY \& OO.

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R. P. AEFMEP:
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TO EXCHANGE FOR LIVE STUCK. A Lerge or siman Amount of Depinble teat Fitute the the elty of socorpo, NEW Mexcico.







 The Denver Live Stock Commission Co., UNION STOCK YARDS,
 MEXICAN LANDS $==$ MEXIOO AND TEXXAS LAND AND OATTHE 00. EL PASO TEXAS.

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 J.®. T. AT A TM \& M@ Commission Merchants for the sale of live Stoct and Ranches





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Call on us before buying: samb will hato your interest and save you money; wh. B. Ill streat cars vaios peror stop at our store.


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sote ACFMT FOH ir. D, TELHS \& Co.
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KAUSAS CITT, . . MISsoURI
A complete line of Stehoin's Hath tor ptockrien, Seqil statoment of alie wom, nd hat *ili be (4) Jother.

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Two Bloren, Fant and Weet Bide, IU Teals, Hisw mecioo

Pence Wire in Car Lots.
TYEOMAS JONES,
Grade Hereford Cattle.




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## GODLEY \& FLOOD,

## Land and Cattle Commission Brokers,

ST. GEORGE HOTEI, DAKTIAS, THYAS.

 We matres \&pecialty of contrectipg and deliverigg stock carde and all kiale of oter capte te par
 J,WM. ROBERT

Win lave for amle for
sมepintc Duntivanax As amber of fine

## GRADE SHORTHORN BULLS.

 Wh. RORERT, Roemat X. I.

## A. D. HUDNATL,

West Las Animas, Colorado,


## POLLED ANGUS <br> AND

## Hereford Cattle.

Has sold in New Mexico during the past eeason over 1,000 head of grade and thoroughbred buile, and would refor thtending purchiesers to any of my customern for the quality and condition of the cattle furniahed.



I will Oontmet now for Apring Dolivers. Onclond Toti a Eppetilty. J. O, HBARY \& 00, Agents, Lee Vegae.


Live Stoch, Feed Farming and Commerce.

## Costents



GoEthe said, "I hate explatations. The Cattle Trust fellows diwcount the ut terance of the philomophical German by -aying that it will be a H. O. T. before we cive away the secrets of the Nelse Morris on bine.
The Ntock Grower has again showed its devotion to the interests of the cattle men by its prompt exposure of the wheme of the American Cattle Trust. The uni versal sentiment now is that the Cattle Trust is $\mathrm{n} . \mathrm{g}$. They want none
Nelae Morkis is impatiently asking the western manager of the Trust to hand over the cattlemen and their proberty be claimed to be carrying on the palm of his hand. Nelse must get his grip on some thing before the machine explodes.

Moxoplies, combines, trusts and all ganizations that have for their purpose the advancement of the few at the expense of the many, must meet their inevitable doom-which is the end that has conse to the now famous Fidelity trank, of Cincinnati
The Inter-state Commerce conmission will shortly make a trip to Califoruia over the southern route. It is said that the commission will stop at the Hot Springs of Las Vegas a day or two in order to get data regarding the range cattle carrying rade

The International Range association, the Interstate Lad company and the American Cattle Trust are now in that mummitied condition which indicater sus. pended animation, with a speedy dissolution nigh as the last act of the farces that have been played.

The possession of the land on which the stockmen carry on their business will be one of the greatest elements tending to the success of cattle raising in the future. The agriculturist is going to cut off many tine sections now used by the grazier. While changes are taking place in the business the prudent man will look out for his land holdings. That cattle man who does not depend on the bounti-
ful area of grazing on the public domain but is preparing to occupy greatly $r$ strictell grounds for the use of his herds but grounds that will prodnce an abund ance of alfalfa and , ther domestic grasses. will he the one who will make money in the stack buiness in the future

Providence ix doing more than half this year. to put the cattle busiuess in proper shape for sure and permanent profits. The gentle rains, the numerous calves, the sleek steers, are all factors which are building up the business again to make of it under the new conditions a splendid industry.
Tile western end of the Cattle Trust is perspiring with rage and humiliation be. cause it cannot so much as deliver one range outfit to Nelse Morris and his asso ciate wreckers. Litterly without influence among their fellow cattlemen because of their treachery to the industry, they see Iow one here who is willing th confess that he is yet unable to manage his own business better than a paid retainer of the Trust, who must prey upon the cattlemen for a living.
The works of the Chicago Packing and Provision company, of Chicago, were the tally destroyed by tire on June 26. The loss reaches $\$ 1,250,000$. Phil Armour lost by the tire 17,000 barrels of mess pork valued at $\$ 350,000$. As Philip just now holds nearly all the mess pork in America, sympathy need not be two generously ex tended to him. tor he can place the cards so that this trivial loss (to him) can all be made good in a few days. The consum. ers of pork, however, have no means of recouping against the loss.

Mr. Sparks, upon the allegation of one f his special agents that the Goshen Hole Irrigation company, of Wyoming, had been guilty of irregularities in making final proof, is seeking th dispossess the company of 35,000 acres of land. Mr. Sturgis, one of the trustees of the com pany, shows conclusively that the company has bonestly complied with erery requirement of the law in the acquire ment of the land, and further that sui has been begun against his company by reason of Sparks' maliciousness and lumcause the land commissioner needed an other rictim in the west to support the notion that he is still reforming every thing from Arizona to Washington Terri ory. This contest begun by Sparks will Sturgis is not a man to allow a son of gun, like Sparks, to sit very heavily on him. In his persecutions by the land commissioner Mr. Sturgis has the entire sympathy of the west.

## A Fraudulent Scheme.

The Illuxtrated South, one of the ablest Papprer
Trust

## Trust

With annther column will be found an interview
with Lyte dipped from the san Antonio isproxs, rezardine the Cathe trust. Here then is the practical realization of a scheme which has
ony been hatching. In the name of economy ther wound give Texas a tab and foreverdeotroy
ther chancee of becoming a packing centre for it ir chancee of becoming a packing centre: for it
on othing more nor less than a move on the part if Nothing more nor less than a move on the part and swith to perppttante the packing in' ineresto of
Chicapo and Kaneas City at the expenee of Texas. All those who are lending themeflies to the achemes of these arch manipulatore are enemies
un Texas and th, the south, and it is the dutr of the prese $\psi$ show up in its true light this nefari

## ALIEN LAND-HOLDINGS.

Chicago, June 22.- Editor of the Tribune.] I yesterday received the London Iatily Finamaitl Neass of June 7 , con-
taining my correspondence, published in the Chicig, Tribune of June 1, relative to Alien Latud Holdings in Cnited States Territories." which I cabled to that London journal. Today I have received the following correspondence exhibiting another phase of that important subject.
R. C. Alden.

The anglo Dakota Lane e Tregt compant, The Hon Lewie E. Payonn, Pontiac, II Dine 7 . Land law, of which we undersisnd you are the authur, we make bold we ask your opinion as to tany Anence it might have upon our asoociation, the
An fo-Dakota Loan \& Trust company. Thie An to-Dakota Loan \& Trust company. This Territory of Dakotarand ats officers are citizens of the U' nited states. The capital strock is pri.
posed to be sold in America and England. Will poied to be eold in America and England. Will
hiti Alien law prevent the sale of this company's thit Ahien liww prevent the sale of this compang's
steck wo liens It has ben formed for the nequo-
 this ection of Dakuta, and the issuing of deben
ture bonds ecured by a deposit of euch mortyages. These foreign share holders will not own anv of the lapd, but will only obtain interest on their monev invested, and their participation of
the dividends. Joun $F$. Gocur \&os.

Povtiac, III, June 19.-Gentlemen: The act March 3 , . Wit. Alien Land Ownin- Will not in nrifere with the loaning of money in the way you
name: but, if more than $\geqslant 0$ per cent, of the stock of he company is held abroad, titie cannot be ac. lums made after the paseloge of of the motrtgage on

## A PLAN OF ORGANIZATION

The Stock Grower elsewhere in this issue presents Exgovernor Hadley's report of the operations of the executive committee of the International Range as. achation during its trip to eastern points last spring, to ascertain facts relative to the intluence and power of the dressed beef men in Clicago in producing the depression in the cattle growing industry. The committee was delegated by the asso(iation to make exlaustive search for the rauses that were underlying the troubles affecting the prolucer of beef. It was also expected to furnish a plan of relief. Govrnor Hadley tells frankly how the com. mittee worked, what was done by them and what was discovered with respect th the losses sustained by the cattlemen through the dressed beef men. What the other two members of the committee did for the best interests of the cattle raising industry of the west the cattlemen themselves can judge of its utility. By nearly
all the work of these two gentlemen will e read between the lines : of Governor Hadley's report and that work will not be found creditable to the gentlemen who were entrusted with such high and responsible duties as was contemplated by the association in empowering that committee to do the work of the association. Governor Hadley very properly refers to the Anerican Cattle Trust and candidly states why be believes that organization can be the means of no relief to the cattle industry. His words are well weighed and coming from one who is a recognized authority in ranch cattle matters, they will be accepted generally as the right estimate to be placed upon the utility of the Trust.
In the consideration of the plan which Governor Hadley presents it will be generally admitted, we think, that he has given to the industry the one really practical scheme whereby the cattlemen can unify their interests for protection and promotion as against the oppressive hand, of the dressed beef men. It is simple, to the point, and if adopted will be undoubtedly the most effective power that can be put intu operation for grand results. Its special feature of recommendation lies in the fact that it gives to the membership direct representation in the affairs of the organization : there are no star chamber mysteries connected with it for the favored few, no absorbiag of power by a handful of men who can use that power for the immediate benefit of themselves and a few friends, as is the confessed purpose of the Cattle Trust. Neither wilt this plan admit of an alliance of the producers with the enemies of the western range men, nor does it give an opportunity to a few men to trade upon the necessities of the cattlemen. There is here no chance for clap-trap or buncombe.
This plan also answers the sneers and innuendoes of the Cattle Trust gentlemen that while the cattlemen would tear down their structure, they have nothing better to take its place. The plan here offered refutes the allegations of these self-seekers and traders, some of whom have basely betrayed the interests they were expected to faithfully serve. This is a plan which the producer of heef can adopt and feel that he is aiding his own interests and the interests of a common industry by so doing.

And at this time when the general purpose of the cattlemen is of that nature which encourages the hope in the bearts of all that by organization the cattle industry can be made more profitable, we ernor Hadley should not find expression by a prsctical application of the plan pra posed. It is good and will meet the views of stock men generally.

# Live Stock, Feed Farming and Commerce. 

Vol. IV. No. 16
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Weekly, \$3 a Year
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## A Fraudulent Scheme

## The Illustrated South, one of the ablest

 paprs in the country, says of the cattleIInst : another column will be fonnd an interiew With capt. Lytle dilipped from the tan Antonio
 lung ben hatching. In the name of economy
the ownid give Texas a tan and forever destroy hit chanceos of becoming a packing centree for it nithing more nor less than a mowe on the part


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the prese the bow up in its true light this nefari

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The anglo Dakota lion \& Theqt copany The Hon Lewie E. Payenom, Pontiac, IIt. Land law, of which we understiand you are the au thir, we make bold to ask your opinion as to any in Hnence it might have upon our asenciation the the
An fo-Dakota Loan d Trust company. This
 of the C Cited states. The capital stock is is pro.
poced $w$ be sold in America and England.
WiII thit Alien law prevent the sale of this cumpany's
stick to aliens? It has been formed for the negio stick to niliens: It has been formed for the neego tiation of frst mortzage loane on real estate in in
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any of the land, but will only obtain interest on anv of the land, but will only obtain interest on
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 March 3, 18i, Alien Land Owning-will not in
trrere with the loaning of money in the way you nalue: but. if more than $x 0$ per cent, of the stock
of the col othr company is held dirosi, title cannot be ac
quired to lands oy foreclosure of morgage on luans made after the passage of the act. L . E. PATsox.

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GOVERNOR HADLEY'S VIEWS. Work of the Executive Committee. Plan of Consolidation. Springer, N. M., June 26.

## To the Di

ENTLEMEN:-One third of the year having elapsed since the lust peeting of the international Range association and Board of Directors thereof, I feet that it is my daty as a member of the executive committee of said board selected to examine into the cause why there is a margin beyond all legitimate protits between the
producer and consumer of range beef of producer and consumer of range beef of
$\$ 10$ or more on every beef steer shipped \$10 or more on every beef steer shipped
from the range country, to report the from the range country, $t$ report the
same to the Board of Directors with such reconumendations and suggestions might be deemed arvisable.
chairman ago, 1 am of the opinion that neither the ago, am of the opivion that neither the called together soon, and I want each and every one of them representing fue different states and territuries to understand my position and my action as a member of the executive committee from the time my appointment to the present, and that purpose I send to each member the Board of Directors a copy of this 1

As per agreement with the other two members of the committee 1 started for Chicago (where we were to meet)and other
eastern cities, February 25th, arriving at eastern cities, February 25th, arriving at
Chicago on the 27th. One member of the committee had been there several days
and the other arrived that night from the and the other arrived that night from the east. The chairman of the committee wis
quite ill and very busy and only met with us three or four times during our stay and only one or two hours at each meeting. Grate the fact that every cattleman upo orate the fact that every cattleman upon
the plains helieves to exist, that through the manipulation
Where, wo do nor receive as much as we ought to for our beef by $\$ 10$ or more per leakage has been, just what "everyixody says is true." The powerful conbination of dressed beef firms is the authority that fixes the price upon our product aldonlutemittee are ended.

Before I had
cago I became satisfiod of two things. One was, that the work of the c.mmittee would end there in Chicago, and the other was that all the members of the commit-
tee were not working to the same end, or tee were not working to the same end, or
at least were not working the saine way, at least were not wrorking the sane way
and further, I was satistied that some ganization or corporation was being orously pushed wowards completion ly one or more members of the cominittee in conneetion with other gentlemen that was not brought forward in the meetings of the committee, and I so stated to one
member and he agreed with me saying he member and
thought so too
At a meeting of the full committee on the 6th of March, the chairman stated that there was a plan being formulated outside of the committee that he thought and cattlemen generally.
and cattlemen generally
and myself very emphaticully committee and myself very emphaticaly stated that whom relief came if
were then informed by the chairman that it was as yet a secret, and be was not at liberty to give us any information in regard to the plan, but was trying to get permission to do so, and he thought by ized to give us an outline of it in strict confidence. In the morning the chairman informed the committee that as be was to start for home at 12 m . that day be could give us the information about the new scheme as far as he "felt authorized to do so" upon the cars if we would travel with
him, but as the other two members were not going to travel by the same route he concluded to impart the information then
and there, and thus I obtained my first and there, and thus "Abtained my irst Trust." Although I did not learn the name or muiztion similar to the Standard Oil Trust and the Cotton Seed Oil Trust, with variations.
Haviag given you what has been done by your executive committee, 1 will inquire what siouldre two members of committee are

## JAMES H. CAMPBELL \& CO. LIVE STOCK COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

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## Correspondenee Promptly Attended to, and Market Reports Furnished by Mail or Wire on Applieation.

are evidently satisfied that the object all cattlemen desire to accomplish, can best this will meet the approval and obtain the co-operation of the cattlemen of the
country is a question yet to be decided. country is a question yet to be decided. American Cattle Trust:
Those I know whose names are connected with it are practical basiness men --this is certainly in its favor. The proposed manner of doing business by carry.
ing on the dressed beef
refrigerating and ing on the dressed beef refrigerating and
exporting business is all very desirable, but I am unable to see how this is to change the modus operandi by which prices have been ficed upon our product for
the last three years, unless the Trust is so desirable that producers will become interested parties, and thereby
extent control the supply
artent control the supply.
As I have understowd it was thought a large number of cantliemen wonld sell
their herds to the Trust, taking in pay. ment its certificates, I have been looking daily for a full eapose of their proposed erties now in the Trust, or to come in hereafter, have been and are to be valued their interests represented and protected. how the books and accounts are of and subject to examination to, certificate holders or their representatives or not.the business done, and the financial con dition of the Trust in which cattlemen
have invested by putting in their herds in ex. hange for certificates.
These are vital questions both to the trustees and those who are expected to put their property in to make up the
other twenty five millions. They are vital to the trustees if they desire cattle owners to join them in their enterprise and be
come stock owners in the Trust upon an equal footing with the projecturs in every particular, for it would be unreasonable
and unbusinesslike wask or expect the cattlemen to join or sell their stock for certificates upon any other basis than that
of perfect equality in every respect. $i+$ is of vital importance also to those who think of piacing their berds with the Trust and taking
which certificates
which certificates are issued, for the in
trinsic value of the certiticates is just
what the property of the Trust is
If they are issued
actual cash value of the property they are worth twenty-five cents on the doflar, and cannot increase in value until the prop.
erty becomes more valuable or net profits of the Trust are added. A speculative ralue may be looked for or expected, bu
this would be the same as going upon the stock board or dealing in futurês. It is therefore but reasonable and burinesslike o suppose that every cattlemnn in the
country will want w, know the value of the property upan which these certificates re predicated, and whether hits property is valued the same as all the
al stand on an equal forting
The cattlemen will then want an equal oice in the management of the business Cattle Trust provides for all these requitre Cattle Trust provides for all these requitre.
ments that will certainly be demanded by the cattlemen as a matter of pure prac herds for certificates.
If all the demands that I have suggest. ed will be made by the cattlemen, are fully provided for in the Trust the nex there any man or number of nen who can appraise the value of any ten herds that
have been runaing upon the open range


## The Plan.

I would organize and ibcorporate a company, say the Cattle Growers' Beef company, the olijecte of which shall be to e. purchase and sell real estate, carry the business of dressing and packing beef port beef and other cattle products-mak ing it broad enough to cover the enti beef business in all its ramifications.
rom each of the feeding states and terri.
tories, to be selected by the cattlemen at
he capital of each state and territory on day named, say August lst next, of which due notice shall be giren. The incorporators so chosen shall meet on a 5th, to , say at Kansas and perfect the organization, also to pro Ide for opening buoks of subscription to the capital stock at different points throughout the entire range and feeding country, elect temporary officers and di other business as the delegates may deem In subsc.
In subscribing stock the most equitable ranc buan and feeder to subscribe in pro portion to the number of beeves he ex-
pects to market annually, that is, if a ranchman or feeder expects to market 500 paid in five annual payments, or *2 year on the number of beeves he ship ments to or through this company ir company has a branch or agency wher he ships his cattle; but the shipper shall not be under any obligation to sell to the pays is as good as can be obtained from other parties, thus giving him all the ben efit of an open market. The shipper slial have the privilege to select any market he Here the inquiry will arise: "Can
will the company pay more for our cattle will the company pay more for our cattle
than other parties ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ I answer, the main object of the company will be to do busi ness for a fair and legitimate proft and make others in the same business do like wise. If four or five firms by manipula tion and intimidation have absolutely controlled the beef markets for the last three years and another firm comes in with all the equipment to compete with them, prepared to do business for a fair
profit, with the opportunity of buying if profit, with the opportunity of buying if
they pay as mucb as anyone else, I see no reason why it will not be effectually ac complished in this way. This company represting the other buyers to pay would thu for low the excessive profit would wo to the producer, where it of right belongs, through the protits of the company. It is said by some that the Chicago com bination is so strong, being backed by immense capital, that any effort on the part be futile. If this is anthrone them will incompetency and want of business sense口o the pait of the producers. Where do these men get their beef upon which they bave made their colossal fortunes? From you, the producers. To whom do they
sell it? To butchers mainly, and they prupuse to do away with them at an early aay and add to their enormons gains by
taking the butchers' pittance takiug the butcbers' pittance.

The whole question resolves itself into
By the plan 1 propose every his. By the plan I propose every beef producer would provide himself with the best means of disposing of his bee through his own channel and without the aid of middlemen at all
ources and financial status of of the re sources and financial status of the com pany at the end of the first year

## range and feeding conatry somasalily, s,000,000 The namber represented in the pror The namber represented in the pro- $2,000,000$ poencon counpany and on stock sobecrip-

It may be estimated that the pro, 000,000 the curnpany have bed al the profits of penses. I would invest in the necessary plant to conduct the business $\$ 2,000,000$ and keep a reserve fund for handing cat the of $\$ 2,000,000$. 1 deem it unnecessary at the present time to go into details as to cost of plant required to carry on the its different branches, althongh I have in vestigated that matter thoroughly and will say that $\$ 2,000,000$ would place the company in the front rank in point of capacity. This company should do business in Denver, Kansas (City, Chicago and at otber points controlling yards equal to their necessities.
To illustrate the principle upon which this organization would be founded, is the saine as though a man should offer his
property for sale at auction and should arrange with some party if an unfair combination some party, if an unfair erty for less than its value, to step in and make the purchase. In other words, the cattlemen, by this organization. will sim piy protect themseives trom an unfair
combination. Again, if there were five reduction works in a mining camp fur nishet ore by 2000 miners and they (the miners) should become satisfied that the per ton less for their ore then they could afford to pay and make good profits, do you suppose the miners would hesitate to put up new works upon such terms as I themselves against such avarice? No, they would act as a unit The cattlemen are laboring under a similar difficulty and shoould act with like unasimity.
In presenting the foregoing general
plan for a thorough organization of the
beef producers of the west, I have tried oo avoid all features that would be looked upon as objectionable and to place it
wholly and unreservedly in the hands of wholly and unreservediy in the hands of general plan carried out properly in all ts details 1 believe will bring the relief nt claim for it perfection, but I believe to be sufficiently clear and explicit to be understood by all and will commend iself to all cattlemen as a good foundaand perfect a structure. I believe also hat every producer in the west realizes the fact that something must lie dobe as a matter of self-protection. And for the urpose of obtaining an expression of
ion I respectfully request every man
is engaged in producing beef in the
country and feeding states th write
briefly your views of the plan as soon t comes under your observation, and I Itake pleasure in arranging and classng the different opinions so as to give all the result, which will also form s upon which to take action-either
nove in the direction indicated or in other mann
our suggest.
Respectyclly Yocre,

## O. A. Hadley

## The Great Beef Factory

is well known that the factory for Liebig's Extract of Beef" at Fray Ben n the river Uraguay, often using 000 cattle a meason, is one of the indus
1 wonders of the world. It employs
500 men,and loads at its own wharves ards of 80 vessels during the year for xport of the produce to Europe. The wing is extracted from a description the concern made by an Englishman The cattle are on arrival driven into large als or paddocks, arranged so as to sup Iy them with water, but no fuod is yiven
them A long, narrow passage, about $x$ or seven feet wide, and skirted by a narrow platform pathway, about the height of the animals' horns, leads down way around and a bridge over the opening into the galpon, which is further closed a movable beam. Below the bridge is a large, low, square iron truck on a tramway which runs into the galpon, and the two trucks may pass each other Along the left side of the slied are long ranges of rails for hanging meat; and ng the right hand a flat, slightly shelv
g. Hagged space for laying the oxen upon. At the end of the slied is a large
brine bath for soaking the skins, and be ond this there are further sheds where e skins are piled up with salt previous
being shipped. In salanderos the skins are generally salted, but on estancias the hides are usually dried. about fifty oxen were being hunted down "race" or paddock into the fatal pad When the paddock was full and the gate shut, a man with a lasso, of which cutside (uatives call it the English horse) went round the pathway and threw the
noose over the most prominent horns he could see, which were by no means ordinarily the nearest to the bridge. The
winch being set going, the beast was hauled, stumbling and slipping and pushhead was chocked up against the other beam leading into the galpon, upon close behind the head with a large dag. ger-bladed knife, cut the spinal cord, and the animal at once dropped with a heary truck; the lower beam was then rapidly withdrawn, the lasso disengaged, and the truck run into the galpon by the men.
Here, by means of a lasso attached to a Here, by means of a lasso attached to a
horse, the unimal was hitched into its place at the side of the shed, where
skinner was waiting for it, who immedi skinner was waiting for it, who immedi-
ately cut its throst and began to skin it ately cut its throat and began to skin it.
The blood was caught in large sconps and The blood was caught in large sconps and
ladled into casks placed for the purpose. Meanwhile the skinner rapidly took the skin off, and, though. sensation was prob ably thoroughly destroyed by severunce of the spinal cord, yet muscular action

Was not, and it was rather ghastly to see the struggles of an animal with half its fuily like a bellow. These movempainfully like a bellow. These movements sermed to take place when certain nerves wet in action. The skin off, it was then set in action. The skin off, it was then traily were taken out and carried away, the ribs cleared of flesh, and carried away, the and taken to the opposite side of the gal poa, and there all the meat was cut frum the bones and hung up on the rails pruvided for that purpose, together with that cut off the ribs, etc., still warm and quiv. ering with life. The skin and horns were
taken in a different direction. This oper ation takes from eight to nine minutes on an average, but on uccasions has been
done in five, and the skinner waits his done in five, and the skinner waits his utes. As the truck is run out, the alter native truck is run into the paddock, and
the beam shot back for another victim. the beam shot back for another victim.
The shed contains about 25 oxen at a
time, so that about 100 are killed, skinned and cut up in an hour, and in the beigh of the killing season as many as 1,200 are thas disposed of per diem, or from 100,000 to 150,000 a season. Each skinner gets
6 pence per head; but if in skinning he makes a hole in the skin be loses his payment. In the height of the
diroses of about 33 in a day.
fiter 150 were disposed of in an bour and a half, the remaibder were left unti up in a marvelously short time, cleared it difficult to believe that such a scene of bloud had been taking place so recently When it has cooled, the meat s cleared drons, in which the water is kept some what below boiling point, as it is a pe. matter which is not soluble in cold a distinguished from boiling water. The thin soup so obtained is then strajned of
and carefully skimmed, which remure any grease that may have remained
in the meat. It is then passed through a er ies of . It is theo passed thrs, out each of which it comes thicker until it reaches a cobsistency rather more solid
than treacle. As much as 90,000 gallons than treacle. As much as 90,000 gallons of water a day is sometimes thus ernimi
ated. It is now ready for use and it packed in large cube tins holding alsout
110 pounds of the extract; each of these ins contains on an average the substance of 15 an
$(250)$.

## ARIZONA CATTLEMEN.

The Tombstone Association Takes Decided Action
Pursuant to a call issued by Mr. Joseph Pascholy, secretary of the Tombstone Stock Growers' association, a meetiny of
the association was held at the Ocridenta botel, Tombstone, on Saturday, the 25 th of June. In the absence of $\mathbf{M r}$. J . Vickers, president, Mr. C. M. Bruce the vice president, took the chair. Among
the gentlemen present were Messrs. Metcalf, Hamm, Monk, Hudson. Fourr Abbott, Slaughter, Pascholy, Hoefler Tevis and Bruce. Although it was not regular meeting of the association, there was quite a number of representative cat
tlemen present, and the work which wa aemen present, and the work which was The report of Messrs. Bruce, Slaughte and Cameron, setting forth the entir practicability of establishing a northern
trail and urging that the trail be located just as soon as the means could be raised territury us discussed at length and un territury, was discussed at length athe wis then discharged, and a committee con sisting of Messrs. Abbott. Fourr aur Vickers, was appointed to solicit at onc tions of Arizona, in contributing the necessary funds to locate the is estimated that each association will b. required to contribute only about $\$ 140$. resolutions, which were adopted
WuErenas. There existes at this time in Arizons
ight local cattle aseociations, situsted in diffor ent parts of the territory, whoee members resid
anceat diatances from each other and
 canized-to all intents and purpoese-for the
consideration of matters pertaining to the im me
onse section in which each may be situated, and
for no other, and
Wherras, There are constantly occurring mat
tern of vital importance to the cattile findaetry of
the thrritory geas whole, whoee consideration does
not lie within the provt che tirritory as a whole, whope consideration doen
not lic within the province of nuy one aspociation,
bat properiy belong to a territorial aspociation; and
Wurgeris, It is recogaized by members of this
acociation, that it is to the interest of all the cat acosociation, that it it to the interest of ali the cat
tiemen of the territory, jnst at this tinee to have a territorial aseociation as the only method
for a sitable representation of their finter-
euts before the Board of eate before the Board of Equalization and for
raising pro rata
northern me means for establishing raising pro rata the means for establishing
northern trail thertfore be it
Resol ved, That a committee of three be ap
po nted to corrat po nted to correspond at one with the other
lucal cattle aseociations of this territory, with
view of lucal cattie asociationg of this territory, with
view of obtaing their co operation is organizing
a Territorial aseocriation, compowed of represent a Territorial asociation, comp
iver from each asenciation
Resolved That the

## Mer an meen

Messrs. Tevis, Monk and Bruce were appointed the committee t evinfer with the other local associations and report the
result, if practical, at the meeting of the association in July
The necessity of baving some Central associntion, as illustrated by the presen alsence of any proper method in exist ence $t$, raise money for the northern trai and to adrocate the interest of the cattle iodustry before the Board of Equalization, was forcibly argued by various member and the resn
sented above.
On motion of Mr. Abbott, C. M. Bruce was appointed a committee to confer with
the Pima County association, and place before it the importance of retaining cofore it the importance of represent the intertsts of the cattlemen of the sonthern part of the ter ritory before the Board of Equalization at its meeting on the 1st of August, and invite it to share with this association the expense of the same. After the consideration of various private matter's pertaining to the welfare of the association, the nueeting then adjourned until the 9th of nueeti
July.

Sparks' Devilish Spite
Cheyenne advices of the 26 th of June are to the effect that Commissioner of and Office Sparks has taken prelimi-ifty-five sections of land in what is known as Goslien hole. The land in question was taken up in the interests of the Goshen Hole Irrigation company, the president of which is Mr. G. B. Goodell, of Cheyenne, who is also one of the officers of the Union Cattle company, of which

Thomas Sturgis is president. The entries were made by seven persons living in Wyoming and forty eight living in New York, Massachusetts and New Jersey. The action of the land commissioner ry, who reports thets of special Agent of entries no ditches that would carry water have been built, no flumes conwork indicating that the entrymen were not complying, and bad no intention of complying with the law-the ditches being mere skeleton work, tuade solely for prov-
ing up purposes and not for the reclama. ing up purposes and not for the reclamation of the land; that in the majority of the claims the entrymen had no interest
in the lands, nor no individual water in the lands, nor no individual water f . Sturgis, merely to oblige fim and bis friends. Mr. Sturgis indignantly denies the statements set forth ia this re states that work was commenced on these ditches in 1883, and has been steadily prosecuted since, except in mid-winter Water has actually been distributed over wenty milles in length in one ditch and ifteen to eighteen in another, and the expeaditure in the work of reclamation, $\$ 250,000$. Sasteral hundred acres of alfal a are growing upon the lands on which che agent states the ditches were not constructed $t$ ) carry water, and that the late ecretary of the interior was advised of the proposed filings by the "foreign" enrymen, as those outside of the territory were styled, and that the scheme with all the details for the full reclamation of the mmense mory of lands had his full approval. Mr. Sturgis also adds that the attack upon himself and his compatny, in the light of the above circumstances, is of secution. The present stutus of the entries secution. The present status of the entries allows the entrymen another hearing be-
fore the Cheyenne land office, to show cause why their entries shall not be cancause why their entries sall not be can-
celle and failing here, an appeal to the secretary of the interior for a fitual de
G.I.BROOKS

Nev Mexico Live Stock Company.


No. 102. From 1,000 to 5,000 yearling heifers, in
one mark and brand, yatador breeeting, Arotclases, htgh grade Panhande heffere, delifvered at
Fort sumner, Albuquerque, Las Vegas or Socor-

## 

 for one, two and three-year-old steers.No. Western Texas she cattle, raised north No. 120. Western Texas she cattle, raised north
of the quarantine line, delivered at Seven RTv-
ers, N. M. Yearling heffers, $89 ;$ two-yearold
heifers and dry cowe, sis; cows and calves, şo.


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## THE BITOOK GFOW EMA

## FROIC ALL POINTB.

Live Stock Notes Carefally Collected From Every Source.
Ocean freight rates on live cattle have averaged $\$ 7.25$ per head in the past year Rates are nuw about $\$ 2.50$, bigher.
America probably furnishes one-half of
he cattle imported intin Europe, and Aus the catule imported inth Europe, and Aus
tratia and New Zealand farnish the re mainder.
Rabies among cattle and dogs is causing some trabie in Florida. The same some parts of England.
For the first eight weeks of the present quarfer there were ninuety-nine outbreaks anarter there were niuety-nine outbreaks Britain, and 415 cattle attacked.
It is said that, in 1888 , the Northern acong the line of its road of which num ber two-thirds were in Montana.
In the eleven months ending May 31 we exported 85,303 live cattle, against before; of hogs, 62,189 against 55,845 .
It is stated that the refrigerator work at Medora, Dakuta, will be started up
alout July 1 , and it is expected that 20,000 about July 1, and it is expected that 20,000
head of cattle will be slaughtered there hisead seasou.
The Cattle Trust is still agitating the western stock papers to the extent of sevTrusteremains iñivisible, "waition for the Trustoremains iñisisible, "Waiting for the
clouds to roll by."-The Butchers" Advocloud
In the week ending Saturday, the 18th June, Chicago received the largest number of cattle on record, 53,559 head. The largest number ever previously received
was 52,192 bead--the week eading Octowas 52,192
About the 26th there will arrive here from Texas for the Lee Scott Cattle com
pany, to be driven to their Montana pany, to be driven to their Montana
ranges, 4,481 head of cattle, They are now enroute and consist of 1,924 yearling Keifers, 2,128 yearling steers

Dan Rankin. Addison county, Mo. is thought to the the largest individual feedor of cattle and higi in the world. His farm embraces 25,000 acres, from which he gathered in one year $1,000,000$ bushels
of corn. It is not an uncommon thing for of corn. It is not an uncommon thing for him to turn off as masy
Johnnie Moore, who was just from North Park, gives a glowing account of
that section. He says there is grass that section. He says there is grass enough tr make the cattle tired. The ninety per cent, and the crop of colts. with one oftwo exceptional cases, is un precedented.-Cheyenne Journal.
A cow at West Moaroe, New York, as a
current story gues, refuses to own her off curreot story goes, refuses to own her off
spring because of its very uncalflike ap spring because of its very uncalflike ap-
pearance. It is only half the regulation pearance. It is only half the regulacio
siae, has wool with occasional spots of long, silky hair, its head and tail are those of a sheep, and it bleats like a lamb while only its legs and feet are bovine in onk
Until the last year export steamers have had no restriction regarding the number of cattle they carried, says the Boston Bulletin, but now the dealers and shippers restrict the number to 400 , as
they will not drug the market, although the steamers can carry from 700 to 800 cattle. As Mustrating this and inst year's trade one of the
10,442 cattle; and in 1886
10,441, a ence of one oxe
Whatever has becone of the Marquis de Mores? The elevated stations tha were wont to display his name in gold and crimson letters upon the sign boards of the Great American Cattle company no longer glisten with these adornments. Tital of affidavits and other legal documents relative to litigation. Even the sherifr's office is silent. Whatever has
become of the Marquis de Mores?-The Butchers' Adrocate
Messrs. Sparks \& Tinnin, of Wells, Nevada, reports their spaying operations
ns proving highly successful. They started in this spring to spay 6,000 year ling heifers (what outtit could gathe hing heifers (what outht could gather completed the quota. They experimented
nllittle in Texas last winter and showed
their Nevada cow.pnnchers how it was done, employing no experts. Some wenty or thirty of their riders now perform the operatiou on the ranges and are meeting with no losses. Our informants say they will not lose to exceed a hund-
red head out ofthe 6,000 animals operated red head out ofthe 6,000 a
upon.--Cheyenne Journal.

It is about time to despuir of making the red man good in any other way except dance rg him. A big pow.wow and whi Osage Indians, in which severad granuates of the Carlisle Indian School participated The ceremonies were of a barbarous
kind, and none enjoyed themselves more than the graduates. They were given, on account of their culture, the most delicate morsels of the dogs which had been
cooked, and the fact was demonstrated cooked, and the fact was demonstrated
that education had not changed their love that education had
for the animal. $-E x$.

## A Remedy for Charbon

The Neves is indebted to the Farm and Ranch for a copy of a letter written some time ago by J. L. Taylor, of Harriston, Miss., to the Southern Live Stock Jour nal, on the subject of the disease known as charbon, which is now playing such havoc with the cattle of the southwest. The Farm and Ranch permits the Neva to use the letter in advance of its own publication, in which it will appear. Fol lowing is the letter
"Late in the spring or in early summer it appears, and at no other time. In its
incipiency, taken in time, it will yield to the following remedy: Put one third of an ounce of quinine in a balf pint of good whiskey, shake well and drench. Repeat every three or four hours, sometimes mal. A swelling bsually on a single an makes its appearance anywhere on the under parts of the boxdy or extremi ties, from the lip the the hoof, but most common under the stomach. Scarify the swelling through the skin, making the in cision from a half three fourths of an inch long and about one inch apart. Thor oughly mix good clay and strong vinegar so as to make a pliant, soft poultice ; put nd lat sack about turee inches in swelling; tie good strings at each of the nir corvers of the sack and tie over the noultice wack tight enought to bring the welling and no tighter. Apply fresh poultice eve:y three or four hours. Cover
the animal with a blanket, placing a tub or kettle of water as hot as you can make it underneath the swelling so that the steam may open the pores and cause a
more copious discharge of virus. You more copious discharge of virus. You oward the breast, where the wind pipe and it gullet enter the body, and
reach . that place you bave a dead aninnal. Coninue to scarcify and poultice the swelling wherever it may and poultice the swelling wherever it ma neep it from aforesuid place, or the arms the better your chances of success. Do not confound the swelling with the dis ase-it is merely the evidence of it. As The animal sometimes drops dead and swells afterward. Should the animal live thirty-six hours you need not fear. The patient is safe unless you have cauterized
it all over with a hot iron, sulphuric acid or concentrated lye. in which case it may isease he made its appearance in the neighborhood, give each animal six grains of arsenic. On the third day repeat and
continue for nine days, discontinue nine ays and repeat, and so on as long as the disease remains in the country. I consider this preventive worth all the cures. bererve carefully each animal. Sbould noist eyes appear noist, eyes appear unasually bright and time Stop the nimal from work any ive quinine and whink an work and sive quinine and whinky at once. Repeat been given, you will have a readily yield ing case."

Charbon is one of the most serious and stubborn of all stock diseases and, like
many others, sometimes defies medical
skill. Like several other contagious stock diseases, it is comununicable to man by
inoculation, and in hamding the disease great care must be had, lest the virus come in contact with some abrasion of the skin. This is Mr. Taylor's experience, nad he seems to understand
talking about.-Datlas Neica.

## Receiver McNulta's Way

Ten ear loads of cattle, in all number ing ninety-seven head, in transit over the Walash ruilway, were ditched Sunday morning at Orland, III. A great number of the animals were killed and other badly injured. The stock was owned by W. H. Orton, of College Springs, Page county, Io. On Monday, according tw the Chicago Herald, the cattleman ap
peared in Receiver John McNulta's office to complain and to threaten a law suit if his damages were not made good. His face was long and wore a serious and de termined expression. He had introduced himself by announcing his name, and wa Receiver McNulta took his flaming cigar stump between his tingers and waved it at the cattleman, with an ejaculation "Stop! What is the value of your cattle:" dollars and eighty cents," replied Orton breathless with surpris commanded the dignified little General as be reached for his pen. "We don' wait to be sued on thys road when the
blame is on our side. Here is a check for the amount. I trust we will toth have better luck with your next shipment.
The man from College Springs wilted He had braced himself for a livel scene with the receiver, and had been
disarmed before he had scarcely entered the General's presence. Taking became profuse in his thanks, and, it said, inquired of the receiver if he woundn't "come down nnd take some-
thing." The Walash railway takes the whole load of cattle, and will disprse of actual loss will not exceed of one

## A Good Bull.

The points of a dairy bull should be in a great measure those of a cow, modified by sex. His bead should be broad, with grod sized muzzle. Horns of medium gent, yet mild and expressive, throat clean and free rom loose skin. His neck should be of fair length, clean cut at the head, and arched. A full neck at the top is not an objection, bat rather to be pre
ferred, as showing strength, vigor and muscular development. The shoulder should be thin and close th the bady, and the spine moderately well defined, Lip
broad, back straight, and the tail set on level with the back. The body should be filled behind the shonlders, the legs shout be short, fine and firmly set, he should be wehind. Reject as poison any animal that shows a mountain ,
light hind quarter.
light hind quarter; he may get you a bee
animal, but his chances of getting milker
are poor indeed. The thighs should be thin and wide apart, the scrotum well developed, of light color and soft texture; the addition of teats is a good indication, nd the larger they are the more likely will they be transmitted in gond size to the offspring. The tail should be long
and slim with bushy switch and clean nd sim, with bushy switch and clean drop. The general getup should be mas-
culline, graceful and pleasing. In Scot. land, where the farmers bave to pay high land where the farners bave wo pay high
rents and heavy taxes, they exercise the reatest care in the selection of bulls ead their herds, as the future excellence porters all depends on the judicious selec. porters all depends on the judicious selec.
tin of the sire. On such occasions the rave and careful way in which the Scot. ish farmer examines the animal that he ntends to be his future stock getter,shows hat it is a matter of serious import to him and that all his experience and skill is needed to enable him to decide whether the specimen before him has the form, constitution, characteristics and milk narks in a suffictent degree to warrant bim in giving it the place of honor at the head of his berd. If he makes up his mind that the animal is suitable, the price is then talked of, but that is generally a econdary consideration with the buyer, for if the animal is what he wants, the price will soon be agreed upon, and a bar-
gain concluded. As every gain concluded. As every one is mot an expert at judging cattle, and as the outward markings are pot always a reliable tues, it is therefore of the utmost impor tues, it is therrfore of the utmost impor.
tabee to have a knowledge of the milking qualities of the ancestors.-Wm. Fair weather, to the Ohio Farmer.

## Give Them a Chance:

That is to say, your lungs. Also all your breathing machinery. Very wonderful machinery it is. Not only the litle tubes and cavities leading from them.
When these are clugged and choked your lungs cannot half no to be there And what they do, they cannot do well. Call it cold, cough, croup, pneumonia, catarrab. ennsumption or any of the fam. ily of throat and nose and head and lang obstructions, all are bad. All ought to be got rid of. There is just one sure way to et rid of them. That is to take Boscbee sell you at 75 cents a bottle. Even if depend upon this for certain.

FOR SA工E
1,000 Young Cous and Calree,
ind Two-vear-old Heilers,
500 Yearling Heifers.

## ANMOUNCEMENT OF THE SEVENTH ANNUAL FAIR

New Mexieo Agrieultural, Mining Industrial Expasition Driving Park Ascociation
Albuquerque, N. M, September 20, 21, 22 and 23, 1887
The Cowboy Tournament, for the champlionshipo of the esonthwest, will he the grandeget exhibl
tion of this nature ever beld. The championship prize for "ropink and
 and interesting featnra of the meeting, and the committee earneethy requests all parties who desfre Races.-The speed ring will be more attractive thi
Races.-The speed ring will be more attractive this year than ever before, while the aplendid takes and purses inanre more horses, both running and trotting, better time sand more sport than
ever seen in the southweat. Entries abould be made at once. The Secretary will furnish blanke for entries and all information needed upon application. Fine and comfortabie speed stables, and every
Fine Stock Show. - The Live Stock Show heretofore has stimalated the committee to make this
One of the attractive features of this year's fatr. The Association's chief desire ts to wakee a spirit of friendy competition among the horse, cattle and sheep and other live stuck raisers of this seetion, bat every co
any point.
Other Attraetions.-The details of the Hoee Racee Bicycle Tonrnament and Reces, Running
Racees F Fancy Rading Tounnament for Ladiee, and oame for Boye and Men, Military Drill and Fancy Shooting Mitches will he furnished with pleasure by the secretary.
Applications for ap ace and all communications should be addressed to the Sencretary

JESSE M. WHEELOCK, Becretary

The Beof Brecia of Cettle tor she About the same time that the Doble. sons, the Collinges, the Batee and the Booths were patienfly engaged in the toilsome procees of increming the alze and molding the formans of the sborthorna into shapes of beanty and unefulness, the Scudamores, the Tomptissen, the Gal lierses and the Prices, like sculptors in marble, were as faithfully at work with their living materials perfecting the Herefords, which wrare destined to be the hief rivals of fluygherthorns as a beef breed. The ine county of Hereford, in England, where it originated. The county is sttuated in the fertile and highly ultivated valley of the river Wye, about 130 miles northwent of London. It is ats serted that the Herefords, Hie the bliortborn breed, were tormed or medilied by an admixture with cattile from the conti nent.
Thomas A. Knight relates that Lord scudamore, previous to 1071. introduced into the county of Hereford, from Flanders, a number of cattle with white faces, and it was to this importation that Mr. Knight attributes the superior quality of
the breed. Marshall, who saw the cattie n 1788 , describes their color as a "middle red, with a bald or white tace, the latter reing esteemed characteristic of the true Hereford breed.
Duncomb, another writer, says the pre vailing color was reddith brown, with a white face. J. H. Sanders in his very interesting book, "The Breeds of Live
Stock," says: "The white face, with more or less white on the top line, es pecially from the shoulders forward, and covered with a heary growth of red hair varying from a pale to a deep red, and frequently quite curly, remains today, as it were a hundred years ago, a character Mc.Donald and ry of Hereford Cattle", their "His main object of these old breeders seems to have been-at leastjat the beginning of cattle that after haviag beea worked in the plow, and having taken an equal share in the labors of the harvest, would fetch a good price from the graziers of the midiand counties, who assembled in large numbers at the Hereford October with a riew of beting fattened for the butcher, or, as Duncomb pat it, "perfected or the Loedon markets.
Some writers have called Benjamin Tompkins, who was born in 1745, the counder of the Hereford breed, but the truth is that his grandfather, who died is 1724, was a famous breeder of cuttle, at was his facher, also named Benjamin Tompkins, and who was the neighbor and contemporary of William Galliers, anwere three greeder of Herefords. There were three generations of the Tompkins family at work on the same otoek for and fasten more frmly their rood qual and fasten more firmly their good qual. duced the white faced catte, from Fian ders, the men who deserve the norot credie tor the formation of the Hereford breet are the Tompking family, Gelliers 'Tully, Skyrme, Haywood, Yeomans and Price. About the year 1800, and for a period of thirty years after, the strife between the breeders of shorthorns and Herefords was vigorous and continual, challenges to each itive exhibitions were frequent, and the victory did not seem to incline to either side; but then followed a period of about forty years, during which, for some enuse, oluntarily retired It is said that the general adoption of shorthorns into their herds by the aristoc. acy of Great Britain about this time was great triumph for the shorthorns, as it furnisbed a wonderfully effective and widespread advertisement of their merits, and rendered them fashionsble for the ime being.
The nobility of Great Britain are, in
general, Intelligenc, general, latelligenc, woh educated men, Who have always manifested great interest in agriculture and stock raising, and
it is not surprising that the coinmon far-
mers should have respected their jude ment, Joolted up to them as loenders nod that there was not much il probable tween the two breede as regards beef production, but that the ghorthorns touk better in the dairy of being acmewhat breeders of Herefords have agat 1870 the bggremalve, the ord have again becone newed more hotly then ever, and beea re at this time as if the Herefords wold mot be Iikely to leave the field

It is thought by some th.
ul popularity of the shorthat the wonder time caused a degeneracy in the breed taken as a whole, the demand for stock being 20 great that every anfmal with four legs and short horns, whether good or bad, was sold and bred from by the buyer who, in tarn, found no dificulty in breeding and selling his scalawags at high prices to somebody else. There may be some truth in this, but there is no doubt that there has always been some breeders who have honestly and concientiously maintained the quality of their berds ap If they have not in fact improved upon it and that most of. the breeders of Here fords, not having the temptation of abled to breed only from the best, and compelled by the situation to sell, only compelied by the situation which were remarkably good. The flrat importation of Hereford This country, importation of Herefords intin count counc, was made in 1818 by Henry Cluy tucky, end is dence that they wa remarkable coinci dence that they were brougnt over at the brought the first shorthorns to America called the Sander's importation. The rivals, having struggled long for the champiunship of Engiand, were deterniined to fight for the supremacy of Amer-
${ }^{\text {Och }}$
nd in importations were made in 1824 Sotham imported five bulls and $\mathbf{W}$ W. H. cows of the Hereford breed. They did not jump immediately into popularity, and it was not until ten or twelve years ago that their superior grazing qualities began to be fully apprecisted and gener sprung up for the breed to cross with the native stock on the western plains.
In regard to their dairy qualities, Mr.
Mason C. Wild, a candid and well informed writer, says: "For good as the Herefords are for fleshmakers and as working oxen, they are small milkers and do not seem on the whole to have been attractuve to our farmers" Mr. J. H. Sanders, in his "Breeds of Live Stnck," says And while th recorded that many superior dairy qualities, their milk being especially rich in cream, yet this point seems to have been entirely ignored in the eftorts for improvement in the breed; mo that while the partisans of the Herefords of today claim for their favorites unsurpassed excellence as a beef-producing breed and unequalled quality as graziers, they do not claim to any
adaption to the uses of the dairy
The craze to obtain superior
this breed has never been an furicis one time for the possession of some par ticular favorites among the chorthorns The highest price aver actually paid for Hereford was paid by Mr. Adams Earl, of Shetield Farm, La Fagette, Ind., for the bull "Grove." The purchase was made in the spring of 1886, and the price paid was \$7,000.
The highest price ever paid for a short horn was paid for the Tenth Dachess of Geneva, 1173, by Lord Bective, of Under-
ly Hall, Westmoreland, England, the price being $\$ 35,000$. - Thoroughbred Jour

## Hay on the Bange

As we have this year an abundant sup ply of grass it would be well for our ranchmen and stockmen to begin, as som as the grass is in condition to cut, to put up a sufficient supply of hay for winter use. The necessity for some hay was demonstrated last winter, and let it not le too soon forgotten. If this winter should be so mild as to do away with the necessity of any feeding, as the indications are that it will be mild, let not this anticipation keep anyone from putting up hay


ADAPTED FOR EVEEF CLIHIATE ANI ANT STYLE OF HOOF. IS ABNOCUTELY WATER-PROOF ANB PRACTICALLY FIRE-PROOF. THE CONEUK HE CAN LAY COREECTLY FROM 6 TO 10 gquARES PER DAY. IN USEE E TEAESEIN
 try this ROOFING

## M. EHRTT \& 00 .

rainamenria,
Tr. LOU18,
and CHICACo.
THE BROWNE \& MANZANARES CO.
GOLE AGENTE FOR NEW HEXTCO 3 VEGAS and BOCORRO, NEW MEXICO.

For should it not be necesary to wse hay
during the coming wrinter so much labor will be the coming wiater 20 much labor by topping of the hay can be kept for three years to our certaía knowledge. If this system is parsued we will noik be caught in a bad winter again with nothing to feed. Our prailies are this year cor. ered with some of the finest grass anyone ever saw; in fact, so general is good grass gruwn over olt cow tralls to wher are long.
This is the year $\omega$ make our large grass of hay, and then in semsons when eusy to find sufficient hay to top with.
"Get action" on this year's grass and do not be deluded by any indications of a tine winter
It were well the rangemen generally took the Miles City Stock Growers' Jour. hay they possibly can. and saved all the bay they possibly can.

## A Ranch and Oattle Interprise.

From Golonel J. D. Miles, who has been one of the principal negotiators, and s now an owner, the Brock Grower is able to present to its readers the history of one of the largest land transuction ever made in the southwest and which has resulted in the organization of a Cattle Breeding company that is laying the foundation for one of the largest ranch stablishments in the world.
The purchase made by Colonel Miles or himself and associates, who are Francis E. Hinckley, of Chicago, Don Joee Valenzuela, of Chihuahua, and H. L. acres of land tying sbout 100 miles south of El Paso, in the state of Chiliuahua, and having a river frontage of upwards of 60 miles. The balance of the land lies back and is to a large extent spendidly adapted stock and agricultural purposes. The ract is only 25 miles distant from the $G$ H. \& B. A. railroad

The land has never beez occupied. It is the original territory and overflowing with natural resources. It contains some fine mineral levels including a gold ledge, the ore croppings of which promise a
deposit of immense value beneath the surface. Over 30,000 acres are readily convertible by simple and inexpensive irrigation into magnificent agricultural land and the grazing facilities are abeoIutely unequaled.
The most interesting things in connection with the trade is the extreme probagreat ranch of the Rio Brava company The property of this powerful organize don consists of river front tructe from two in four leagues back and embraces boute of the most desirable property in the
country. The portion of the La Santiss couatry. The portion of the La Bantissiand grant sold by it to to Colonel Miles
their frontage, one-third of the grant land, being reserved by the fino Brava comp, being rewer of the property eold lies company. 8outh of the property eold lies ing a river frontage of seventy-six milles and forming the key to an immense domain of back land. Thus it will be seen that with the Rio Brava land on one side of them, the new comyany mandily finds it desirable to pool issues. On the lower portion of the Munez grant is a colony containing something less than 100 femi. les and were aro abut 10,0 cawle on the land. These will doubtless be increased to 11,000 when the calving ceanon

It is the intention of the conpany to begin stocking the grant with catike, 40 ,000 head of which will be purchased this summer. The organization of theqe ex. tensive interests and the sequifenient of such a large body of land shows moet powerfully the tendency of the simes and the unqualified belief by capitalists in the permanency and exceeding Falue of Thanch and cattie investments at this time. Those who have land noder titie upon rising of cattle borses end tive ant Culong Miles belieres rill come into the hext best conditions of emccone in thelr businesest He slon speaks of the chent opportunity now lying at the doors of the ranchmes of New Mexico and Arizona is supplying Mexico with the improved breeding stock it will reguire for many years to come. Colonel Miles sees fa thin feature of the stock business of the southwest a fine field for enterprise:

## Another Crany Order.

Whlliam Andrew Jackson Sparks hat promulgated recently a ruling with respect to desert land entries, etc. It is a dandy ruling and capable of emanating only from a man of the general land commissioner's peculiar cussedness. AccordIng to his amendatory circular issued to registèrs and receivers of United Statee land ofticers, under date of June $\%$, all lands botdering upon streams, lakes or other natural bodies of agter, through or upon which there is any river, stream arroyn, lake, poad, body of water or living springs, are not subject to entry under the desert land law until the cleareen ished. Iands containing sufficiens mole sure to pruduce a natural growth of tree ure not to be claseed es devert lands. Sur veys of deeert land claims cannot be made in advance of the regular progress of pub. lic surveys.

Trull merals atrite cer Luteriy er madoe, Bullard \& 8 a, with replenlah your colluel wagomb" at jow prices, Thoy keop a mull

ONFF सTHK BOOE Lewher tound, reme by mall an rovelpte price, 75 eente. THE ETOCHE GyOWH3, Inas. Vegne, N.

## TY Sifeicanblun Rrithea  The Snbeeription Price of Tuz Stock Gnow) $\quad$ ke Valley, wap in town on Saturiay. His com

 The Subueription Price of Tux Srock Gnoz. is gsis a year, paymentin advance. Single co
lee, ten cents. New subecritione cea con at any time diuring the year
The Stock Grower is Il an explicit order is received by the put
for its dfacontinuance, and all payment ages is made, ss required by law Dishers mnant be notified by
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only shind dovoled exolimpoly to the stokt

Endorsed
ramempang every cattle association

## Reghectal Paper of the Pima County, Ari- song Ranchpen E) fonliation.

 Asuotighon Ohtiol Paper of the San Migual Countystock Atsociation. stook Accoariation. of the Dona Ana County Stock Growers' Association.
Stook Absecelatioper of the Canallan River Live

Coptee of init paperfor sale by S B.Wmaers, Dpenver Coctordo.

 American Exchange, 35 Boalevate dee Capucinee,

SATURDAY, JULY 2,1887
SOUTHWEST STOOE MOTES.
Short Items Relative to Stock and Stookmem of the Squthwest.
Featheratone \&\& Ely of San Marcial, wil here-
After have harge of the stock yarcio of the Santa
Pe fosid at R1Paso, Demflug, sivver City, San Marciel sad ingadalena.
7) Robert Hopper has bought out the intereet of J.
p Thoupepe in the L O brand of cattle on the (imbrep, tind will continne to run them in cotshawn
N Notwithetinndiag the general ratne with which

weather.
No Texae eatile are reposted to be coming into
New Mexico by way of 51 Pase. Thocesands of
 present time

 It is reported that C. S. Raynolds, of Tremont, men about s, ithe gine wethers at an average of f93 per hesd. These sheep, are taken to
The Long H outat, of Colfax county, under rang, wad tn one weel branded 1,800 celvee on the range, west of the rayil the proportion thie jear compared uith inat seagop is chree to one.
The Ohampion thinks that the eftorts now bo

 matilet
G. H. Brigham, of Deining, recently appealed to
 the cattle had boen taken from his American
ranch to Mexico over a year tigo sand were only
being roturned. The departiont sustained thy collector as the appellant did
that the cattle were the same.







The ractiars of morthyrn. Asimona are meeting
with their just deserts, if we, ane to bolieve the genius of poetic temperament who gatheri iteme
 is beautifully located, where the tial pines wave
thefr inajestic tops,
leaves through whoee quivering leavee the winde oo heaven will ovepg diag., divering
over thoee sitent and newly made gravee." A telegranu sent from \& Pnoo, Toxate, the hemd
quarters of the newspaper romancer, states the Mexican governtuent hag granted to Mr. Hearr B amount of to, 000,000 ncres in the otates of Duran
go sonora and Chinunhan, Those newspape go Sonora and Chinnahna, Thoee newspapes
edtitore in the United States who have credence to
this teekiege Manehanseniem sbould take the truble to be better acquam spoderith Mexican
geography and government policy. The enormoae
 third of the total ared of the three statee men-
tioned. We have good reacon for boileving tha
the povernment has nowhere today land ex the yovernment has nowhere, today, hands ex
ceedfog inm area more than Afth of a0,000,000
acrea in condition to be granted to angbody, acres ic
M exican Finaacer.
A Colorado paper says that "hazing has begun
in cow cifcles over on the weatern slope. A ittle ripple of exitiever on the weestern slope. A ittlle
teresto from their unual pleciar creek eondition to week. It appears that a few weeks ngo oome of
 try. To this the C pper Bear cowmen objected
and gathering their forces rounded ap the steers
and hazed them down the niver. this proceding on the part of the Yearing of
Hayden people the Lower Bear river men marab aled their forcee and pashed the cattle ap into
the Park agatn, following up this move by ineti-
toting proceedinge in the coarts againat a dozen cating proceedinge in the coarta againat a doze
or so ir Yampa ind Bayden people oor their ac
tion in the buainest, smong whom are tion in the businets, smong whom as
Bear river's moet prominent citizens.
A prominent eattieman who came down from
Kangee City yeaterday says the beof outioots is at Kanase City yeesterday say s the beef outlootk in a
blue ne a jaybird. Prices are now below low wa
ter mark, and every owith beetween bere an
 ment in the market about thit time, but when he
careeged that fond hope he wae not aware the the "woods were fuil of cattle and that they
would all go on the market at once and glut hite
they are dofng. The gentleman savs that thoee they are doing. The gentleman save that thoee
who have catue uan the trill are getting boetter
prices than anybody expected. There is fine range up the coantry, and cattle, are needed to
grave it, and thoee who took the trail are mating
iten strike.-Dallas Netes.
 Fe to Byg springs, Texae, where they will be
placed in peatare to mature.

## HORSE NOTES.

Ten Broeck, the great runner, died Jnne 28, o
at $\$ 75,009$.
The famous thoroughbred mare Estella, dam of Alma Mater, lately dropped a fine der's Abadallah.
Tenebreuse, the fllley that won the Hampton and The Baron, who ran first and second in the Epsom Derby, was not thought to bave a chance in the big French event, the odds against her being
Goldfinder, the colt recently purchased Pinkerton, is a slashing twoyyear-old by Glenelg, dam Stamps by Lexington. This
is rare breeding, Stamps being one of the most noted and successfal thoroughbred mares in the country, and Billy Pinkerton is said to be well worth the $\$ 5,000$ paid The pacer Johnston seems to be doing
well in Blair's hands, as that artist drove him three miles last week in $2: 21 / 4$ $2: 15 \frac{14}{4} ; 2: 12 \mathrm{a} /$. It should le remembered,
however; that only one of the heats was at a rate of speed that could fairly be called fast for Jobnston, and furthermore borne in mind that it is a long way from 2:1294 to 2:063, which is the marts. John
Splan gave Johaston two years ago. It is
foct posilble that this mark maty be fow red, vecause Johnston was on the tur only wo years, and wall ach phouoane courd one thet ine may be even better now.: But ft ts inot likely ind horgemen do not look to see the Wisconin-bred pacer even go in $2: 081 / 4$ again.
George W., 2.231/2, that came out last seasoa and made the dowa-east horsemen think be was faster than he really pas; of New York City, and will hereafter be driven double on the roud by that gentleman, his mate being a speedy bay gelding that has no record, but that can beat $2: 30$. Harry Wilkes and the pacer Gossip Jr. are to contend for a $\$ 1,500$ purse at Bel thent Present month, and as there is no pre tense that the affair is anything but a contest for the gate money, the public may be treated to a good race. Fit and well and bave something to spare at the finish. Eva 234, and Sweetheart, 2:22\%, both by Sultan, are now in Kentucky, and will cross, but, as the speed lines are close up on both sides, it should prove a successful one. Eva and Sweetheart ace natural trotters, having made records bettér than : 80 when two years old, but have not proved good campaigners, nor has the
apeed increased materially with age.
Mr. Haggin's great race borse Hidalgo, was completely done up by his great race or the Brooklyn Handicap, in which he and Blue Wing after making a magnit cent run down the home-stretch. So bad is the borse's condition that he has been let up entirely in his work. and been al. ing Mollie Walton by Mortimer, dam the dam of Hindon
Kingfish, a member of the Dyer stable far and away the best two year-old in in which he galloped away from his field
in the Juvenile Stakes astonished even in the Juvenile Stakes astonished even tain to win. Kingfish is a son of Virgil and of the four times that the Dwyers
have won the Juvenile, three times the rick has been done by sons of Virgil Portland, Tremont and Kingfish. Their
other winner of the stake was Onondaga.
The fast miles shown by the Texas mare Libbie 8 . at the recent Philadelphia meeting, in one of which sbe is said to have gone to the balf-mile pole in $1: 06$, have aroused the interest of horsemen it ing of hooking her with a running mate, can lower the 2.06 rigged of $H$. B. Win thip. They are trying to secure Fireorand, the runner that formerly acted as will give an exhibition at Detrolt if a will give an exhibition
suitable purse is offered.
The fastest heat made in a race to har LC. Lee, at Denver, Col., May 24. The winner is a black stallion by St. Elmo (2:27), son of Mohawk by Long Island
Black Hawk, and his dam was a daughter of Kervacky Chlef, be by Mambrino
Chief, out of the dam of Lady Thorne (2:181/9) This mark, 2:171/2; appears to
be a dificult one for pacing stallions to ower. It has stopped Cohahnet, Brown Hal and L. C. Lee. It it a curious fact trotting stock on both sides.

## The Chicago Winner

The winner, C. H. Todd (Jon Hooker-
Rosa B.), of the Chicago derby on Saturday last in $2: 383 / 4$, is a blg, lusty chestnut thite legs, and not a particularly racin outline. Altbough the program said "D. . McCarty, owner," the winner of the . B. Haggin, in whose colors be ran. As 2 year-old be was considered a phenomwas only in the tenth attempt that he managed to reach the wire first-(one wile, time $1: 411 / 2.81$ pounds), at Stockton, Cal., Sept. 21. At San Jose, Cal., Sept. 29, he scored his second victory, running seven-eighths in $1: 28 \frac{1}{4}$ with 110 pounds
up. Three days therenfter he won at one
mifle whth-1189 pounds it TVM3. It San Francisco, Nov.43, fie rati one mile, 110 up, in 1agy, beating amonget other Lardo and Safo Ban, one of his competh
tors yesterday. Three days Inter he tors yesterday. Three days Inter he beaten, was into rettrement. Reap pearing this spring at the San. Trancise pearing this spring it the Gan Iranciseo meeting he started in the Winters Stakes, ope and one-half, carrying, 118 pounds,
only to finish sixth, the time, $2: 89$, being made upon a fist tracti. in this face Safe Ban was second. Three more unauccessful starts, and then, the last day of the meeting, he beat a feld compriting Argo and Binnetto, one and one-quarter haodicap, 95 pounds up, in $2: 00 \%$. week later, at 8acramento, he beat Del Norte at one and one-eighth miles, 118 pounds, time $1: 57$, but in a weight fo age, one and one-quarter mille race, be was beaten by Binnetto the elosing day

Cuaranting on the Morthern Border An official circular was ienced by the Manitoba railroad on Jane 25 to the effect that the cattle from the infected dietricte in Illinois, Pennsylvania, New York, New Jersey, Maryland, Delaware, the District of Columbia, Virginia, Vermont and Texas, destined for points is Montana, would ford. Those destined for Datzota are to be quarantined ninety days at Minnesota Transfer undess accompanied by a certif. cate of bealth from a veterinary surgeon of the district from which they were shipped.

## A Waning Market

A rather dry, matter of fact Minnesota man was here with two cars of thin old cows. They were sold and when the seller asked him bow he wished the monpostage stampa."-Chicaqo Drover.' Jowr.

TO NORTHERN STOCEIGEN
Outhte expeeting to eend wryodr to work rif aud a iareo and varied steelt of al lard \& Co., of Liberty and Emace, and by purehacing there will cave a logg haul

300 Beward
Win be paid by the Conedian River Live Stoek
wociation for the arreat and conviction of and one stealing cattle or hormes from aay nember 0 EX. Com.
E. D. Bonin

## For Bale

 WISHON A ARMENFROUT, Motice.
rafl renning from beck boee to pofint of and the above brasd are the property of
din


## CATTLE FOR SALE.

## YEARLING STEERS,

## BOCT 40 HEAD OF

MIXED TWOS and THREES
Fifty Cows and Calves, bion Head of Cattle, Hosses and Ravch. Theee cattle are of the well known 8L brasd and are anong the beot high grade cattle ta NorthTher
This is a moot deairable outat for angone want to go into the cattle busisees.
The property will be sold at a bargain.

## THOMAS LPSTER,

THE STOCK GROWER.
las vegas, new hexico.
SATURDAY, JULY 2, 1887.

## PITB031人L.

Items of Interest Bolating to Stock Growing People.
Secretary Leane, of Stanta Pe, palid the stock
c. W. Wittleefeld. H. . .. Tardy, J. W. Driakill,
ohin Harrie, Wm. Robert and Captain Lee were ohn Harrie, wil theot.
 ne $1 \mathrm{c}_{\mathrm{c}} \mathrm{c}$ catile

1) W. Cobb, ateat of tbe Welle, Fargo Exprese
ompany, gribeo
 attle company
Wm. Nalland, the well koown and popular. For
 More, it sonta Fe, were uantud tin matriage at
Ciark M Carr, of tbe Cebolla Cattle company




 ribery wio ther oae Judge s. E. Booth, of the Fort Beacom Cattle
compay, receany met with a



 Milse has gone to kynen to And pasture hore



 impartied to the comminiotion ou the range catlie

with each succeeding week. We would remind ranch owners, bowever. that it is
a mistanken policy to send in their cattle antil they are fat, as dressed meat men cattle unless they to handile western thus leaving the market for them in the hands of graziers who are buying them how down under the influence of the ex tremely low beef market. On Monday $\$ 2.65 ; 900^{2} 1: 000$ Tbs. Indian *2.75 tue $\$ 3.15$ and a choice lot of 1,004 It nverage brought \$3.45. Some good New Mexicon stickers sold during the week $\$ 2.80$ for 600 to 743 the average. Light thin things $\$ 2.00$ to $\mathbf{\$ 2 . 3 5}$. A distinction continues tu be made between dry corn fed and grass cattie, and the great abun bence of the latter makes buyers very than for some weeks and in sympath with beef cattle a shade lower and buyers cautious owing to the want of confidenc in the future beef market. Bulls and oxen very low and dull. Milch cows
when gnod, selling fairly at quotations but poor ones not wanted. As many the cattle marketed bere during the week nust find saie at the eastern seaboard, the less during the coming week and no im provement in the trade need be looked

## Extra ane ateedration

Fair iog good, av. 1150 iso ision
Sative freders, av. 1000 to
Native stockers, $12 \times 10$
and to
stock beiters
Yative cowse extri
Sative
Save cows,
Native cowe, oca

| Yative |
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Milieb.
Corn fed Tex. stero vood to corice
Corn fed Tex, stockers and feder
Xative col sterc, rood butchers
Yative Col sto
Oree
Texane


## Shorthorns ve. Hereforda.

James H. Pavne, of Kansas City, writes o an eastern stock journal as follows re garding the range steers recently mark eted by J. L. Heath, of Peabody, Kansas 1 have read your comments on the feed ing test made by Mr. J. L. Heath, of Pea body, Kan, and will endeavor to give you a few facts in connection there with which I think and believe to be relitble
The Hall Bros., near Trinidad, (ol., es tablished a ranch of Texas cattle, upon which they used grade shorthorn bulls for several years, which they sold to the Prai rie Cattle company. Either before or after the purchase was made grade or crossbred Hereford bulls from grade sborthorn cows were in part used. Last year Mr. Heath purchased some thirteen or fourteen hundred head of his pick of the Prairie Cattle company's herd for feeding. The crompany, for its own information in the future management of the ranch, offered and paid Mr. Heath a premium of $\$ 500$ to select 100 head of the best of each shorthorn and The steers were threes past, with perhaps a few long twos among them, or fours when sold this spring
That the cattle had the best of attention there is no room todoult, nor is there any roon to question that the test was the rexult I will add that it accords with my "wn experiene. For a number if years (as is well known in the state
if the Mississippi) my business ha the selection and purchase of stork-k feeders at this place, or in this mark for feeding purposes. I have purchasech thousands yearly and have no pecuniary interest either direct ty or
any of the improved breeds, as 1 have not any of the improved iner of them, but in a cent invested in
my experience I hare found the Here. ny experience 10 per cent. lighter, nnd
fords roum 10 then that not over 10 ha sold with the top or arst plek ot those herds Otcourse halls have been used for number of consecutive years.

The Kirby \& Cree steers of Lincoln county, to the number of 485 head, averaging 562 pounds, were sold on the Kansas City market this week at \$2.481/2. 144 cauners from New Mexico weighing 323 pounds, hit the market at $\$ 185$. Wm, Inobert placed ten cars of steers on the market there also. Selling price not tated
Mr. Sparks, at the suggestion of the Surveyor-General of New Mexicn, recom. mends that thirteen acres of the Plaza The Ocate claim, the town of Abiquin, the Las Huertas claim and the Domingo Valdez, are all recommended for rejec Vaion. The Pueblos of Santa Domingo and San Felipe and the Las Truchas claim are believed to be valid and are recommended for confirmation.

Bullard \& Co. have now at both their housen at Liberty and Endee a fall supply of what the stookman wanta for his camp and the cowbey for hin ontat.

Fine Iterino Sheep for Sale.
 154
stolen.
Froun Anton chico, on or aboat the isch of Ma
 hind fiot white, other three bleck. both, mane
and tuil are cropped W soing in the dirpection of Libert, heing rode br
Mexican. Any information leding to ber re


## Notice



 thorized $w$ well or dispose of any of the property Areward of $\$ 100$ will



## \$200.00 REWARD.

$\$ 100$ for the Horses and $\$ 100$ for tbe Thieves.

The following deacribed horsees were atolen
from Endee, San Miguel county, New Mexico, on May 2 End, 1887 :

Ine roan mare, 141/ hands high, branded
(fish) on left shoulder, 8 (faverted $\mathbf{B}$

One bay horse branded JV on left shonlder
has white etar on forebead.
One hay horge branded $J V$ on left shoulder three white feet; on one fore foot is an old ecar from cut of hart wire.
Ose bay horse branded VXA on left hip and
slit eared.


One dun
On lett hip.


Any one knowing their whereaboate will plesee A. S. C. Foraks,
address,
tf Care Day Bros., Eadee, San Miguel Co., N. M

## Notice for Publication.

[Homestead Entry No. $\mathbf{2 6 4 1}$
Land Orfick at Santa Fk,
Notice is bereby given that the following - Dame sinal proof in support of this claim, and that said
froo will be made before the promete $j$ sit
 He names the following witneesee to prove hi
continuons residence mion, and cultivation o
said land viz: P. C. Pixiey, D. G. Mizlen, continuons residence pion, and cultivation of
said land, viz: P. C. Pixileg, D. G. Ftzien, Eg:
bert Fitzjen and I. S. Rogers, of Liberty, N. M.
16t6

## Loat or Btolen. <br> One roan hores, about nine yeers old, braeded  

## Loat.

Wo will par a reward for information leadiog
to the recovery of one bay male brnaded 5 on
 otolen, recozaized by eat on ander lip and with
otringhati in right leg. Addreas ELLEKR Beose.
Eadt Lai

## $\$ 250$ Beward.

Orfice or the A. \& P. CATHE Ageo, A reward of $\$ 250$ will be pald for information Cak will lead 20 the arreet and conviction of any person unlawfully handiling atock belongling to any member of this aseociation, and s110 for offense. Aleo person implital for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of any person or persons for killing cattile and not preserving the hidee for ingpection

HORGES ETOLET - 100 REWARD A. . Powers, postomot Port stanton, N. Y, Mid ranch of tee stolen sock deacribed below. He
will aleo pay sjop for the arreet and conviction of




One light brown hores, 7 or 8 years old, aboat is aude high, branded thas on left thigh,

$\qquad$ .


A. J. CARD, REPRESENTING

PETEERS \& TROU'T,

## MerchantTailors

Hee arrived in Las Vegas with the ineat line of
samples of men's wear ever seen in the weet.
Headquarters at the Plaza Hotel.
Refers to hundreds of stockmen enstomers as to
prices, work and satisfaction.

KANSAS.


Chenrge W. Thompeon:
ress: Trinided, Colorado.
P. O. Address: Trinided, Colorgdio.
Ranges in weetern portion of Animas
coanty, Colorado, and enetern portion of Colfax Rangee in weetern portion of
comnty, Colorado, and eabtern portion of Colfax
conntv, N . M. Some branded same as above on right eide.
some cattie in the following brand on either
side or hip: WI HH TI Varione ear marks. Additional B-ands:
$N-N$ on right or left side. $X$ on left aide
and hipth $X$ on left jaw. $N+N$ on right or left
side writh $N$ on right or left hip. Yarions ear marks.
Horse brands, $\mathbf{N}$ on left hip and $\mathbf{N}$ - on left ${ }^{\text {hip }}$ Hiorses aleo branded asme as on abovecut, but

## 12

SUUTHERN COLORADO.
New Haven Cattie Company. P. T. Bradiey and C. K. Dewell, Assistan P. T. Bradle




A. D. HUDNALL.

Postoffice, West Las Animaa, Colorado.
Breeder of Hereford cattle. North side Arkansas river, Bent county. Colorado.
Ear marked, swallow fork left ear.

O. J. Wiren.

Gattle Raiger and Dealer.
Postoffice, Celorado, Texas. Ranches in Fisher
and Kent counties.


LS both sides; marked, crop and aplit buth ears.

 CM teft aide:
In adation to ine re, undersiope each ear, all In adation to the reward ofiered by the asencia
tion we will pay a reward of three hundred dol.
lare for the conviction of any one stealing, tion, we will pay a reward of three handred din.
lars for tae convition of any one stealing,
butehering or lHegaly branding any of our otock. or marking any of our calves.

## ARIZONA.


A. L. Morrison \& Sons, P.O. : Spriagerville, Ari
zon. Home ranch Mamio


left

## ARIZONA. <br> Milo A. Smith.

P. O.: Springerville, Apache county, Arizons
 Mexico. Other Brands:

| EC side. Oiner Brands: |
| :--- |
| ECC |
| on left side and |
| on left side and | ELC on left side and $B$ on left hip

Horse Branto:
ELC and also 8 in circle on the left hip.
 Axtee Land and Catte Company Heney $w$ Limited.
 Range, A pache and Yavapal countien All cattie branded aame as ent on both pides. Horges
branded:
-1 on tight and some on
left shoulder, viso HS


## 

 Rar marks, right eropped, left slit.All catte in the quarter circle marked undersiope the rikbt, swallowfurk in left
Horse brand, like cut $\because \stackrel{U}{\square}$

 P.O: Lo Angeiee Cal
Rane, Sul Range, Sulphur spring
Valley, six miles north of Railey, six miles north of
Wicox, A. T.
Ear marks, crop leth,

on the left jaw adition to above brand, have an $X$
Horses are all branded $C$. on right shoulder.


Malehe \& Driscoll.
Pootomite, Tucsoa, Arizona.
Range, on Santa rax riva.

Rima coonty. | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Pima conty. } \\ \text { Horse brand }\end{array}$ | on the left hip. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

 Post Offlce, Woodruft, Apache County,
Ear mark:
crop right over bit left. Ear mark: crop right over bit left.
Horse brands,
$\square$

(RIO ARRIBA COUNTX:] |'?


Chama Cattle Connpany. Deiwent H. Surti, Mabager. Postolifice, box 13s, Santa $\mathrm{Fe}, \mathrm{N}$. Range, Canon le Chama grant.
Horse brand, same as cattie only omaller.
Ear manks:
not onte
note

T. D. Berns. N. ${ }^{\text {P. }}$ M. . Tierra Amarilla, Range, Canon Largo. Brand on either side.

BERNALILLO COCNTY

Santa Fita Cattle C
Isasc N. Town, Superintende Postofice, Calabasas, Pima county. Arizona
Range, Santa Cruz river, Pima mintr, Arizona Ranye, Santa Cruz river, Pima muntr, A rixona
Calves of losk and imported bullo are hrand
 P. O.: Lochiel, Ari
Ranke, valley and slope
west luachucad
Mark Mark, swallowfork both
ears.
Horse brand, same aectut.
NEW MEXICO
The Counties under this Reading are all in the
Territory of New Mesico.

## Santa Fe Cattle Co.

additional brands: $F \mathrm{~W}$ A 44


Grayson \& Company. P. O: Les Palomas, si
errs connty, N Range, Anim
sierra county
Kar marka, szder shit
crop esch ear. same
Horse stand, saine
hot on lefi

 22 right hip.
$\theta$ on left hip. WO left aits. 22 right hip.


John McLeod.
P. O.: Rincon, Dona Ana
county.

Range,twel ve milessorth
of Rincon on each side of
Rio Grande,

Horse brand, OM on the left shent



H. T. sinclair. P. O. O. Wagon Mound,
Range, Verriejo and Teta Range, Veriuejo and Teta
Venue
Ani incrasee branded the same as old stock. $\left.\begin{aligned} & \text { on right } \\ & \text { other }\end{aligned} \right\rvert\,-T$ shoulfer Horse brand, HT on the left shoulder.


Shepard t Hall. M. Range, Tequiequite, N. N . Ear marks, erop and un-
derhalf crop riqht; crop and underhit left.
 Other brand Hore brand, $>$ or $3>$ on rigt shoolde

M. Johnston. M. ${ }^{\text {O., Wagon }}$ Rorse, brand, same on
Heft hip.

Ear marks, crop right and swallowfork left.
 La Cueve Ranch Co D. C. Dsuzi, Manager. P. O.: La Cuera, N M,
Range, Coyote and La Jara, Mora conty,
Horseb brand, on the
ight shoalder: $\mathcal{C}$
COLFAX COUNTY.

H. S. Gratz P. O. . Cafulin, N. M tax county
Marks, slit in right ear Horse brand, same as
on the left ahoulder
Otaer
orands $\triangle \Phi \begin{aligned} & \text { on the left side. Marked, with a } \\ & \text { silit in the right ear and tin tag in }\end{aligned}$


Palo Blaneo Cattle Co
O. A. Hadisx, Manager Holkio Pailo Blance No Capse neo Retaple Ear mark, swallow fork the lett $t^{2}$ te creek. Horea brand, esme af cattle, on left thigh.



ANDERSON CATTLE COMPANY.

## Postoffice, Roswell, Lincoln count

New Mexico.
Range, On the Hondo river, Lincoln connty, weat of Roowell


MILNE \& BUSH LAND AND CATTLE CO


IA CUEVA, MORA CO.. N:M.
These bulls bave all been raised on the La Cneva raneh, and are out of high grade cowe and by
orbinghred hnils. ${ }^{\text {They are ready for immediate service. }}$.



Lake Rameh Caetto ${ }_{\text {P. }}$.. . Towners, Manager P. O.: Chico Springan. $\mathbf{N}$.
 Horse
shoulder


SAN MIGUEL COUNTY.
 P. O.: Hyde park, Ille.
Ranee, E1 Salitre, San Miguel conaty.
Horse brad, same as cat, on right hip.
All yoang stock branded Howry Cattle Ce. ,
 S. K. Stdre, Manager. P. O.: At
$\left.\begin{array}{c}\text { Ppriags, } \\ \text { Red } \\ \text { Red }\end{array}\right] \begin{gathered}\text { Red River } \\ \text { Range, on }\end{gathered}$
 and range. All "anchor" cattle belongling to this
company are tally branded
com and all increase of 184 is fo the . Jor
brand. All increase from. is mi
branded as in cut, and marked crop and under half erop the left ear.
Horse brand, RY on the left hip.

 9hat, Kansas City, and Trinided, Colo. Range,
Pecos river, at Fori Sumner Cattle in DO tditional Brancs Some D on left bip and left jaw; a few branded
O on left hip aide and D on left hitp, side and jaw.
Cattle in ${ }^{2}$ g brand have also followiar branda:
 hranded and marked ase in cutreat
All horsee branded
DO on right thign.



Miller \& Harshman.

 Horce brand $\underline{W}$ on the right shoulder.


Urraca Hereford Ranch. Portoflice, Cimarron, Colfax County, N. M.


Thoroughbred berd,, 9 left eldo. Ear mark, as-
derbit right and left. Uerbit right and lief.
Huree brand, 5 on the left ohoulder.


SAN MIGUEL COUNTY.

simon Frankenthal. Range: La Cinta Co Horae: orando: $\mathbf{S F}$ on
left shoulder. Kowis Walker and
Mary Walker. P.O.: L.a Canon Large
Ranne. Canen Bonito and Canon Largo.
 tirree croseen only.
 $\underset{\rightarrow}{\text { and cangon Largo. }} \underset{+}{\text { horesp brand }}$
Both brands kept up.
 Mexice
Hoiref brande, TTT on
the teft hip.
 Nourse: é Day Broa.
P. O.: Lberty $\mathrm{N}, \mathrm{M}$ P.O.: Liberty, N, M. Old dock branded on the
ight right nip; young stock as
in unt and also cat off end
of tail. No ear marks.
 Quiney ${ }_{\text {Cattle }}$ Los. Vogan W S. Lrory manger. P. O.: Cabra spring:


P. O: T Horn.
 City, Mo. Ranye, on reeoe
river, od Fors Bumner re
servation. Cattle also bear
side, not kept up.

COLORADO AND NEW MEXICO.
THE HOLT LIVE STOCK COMPANY.
MYRON W. JONES, Manager Offce, Opera House block, Denver, Colorado. P. O. box 2143.
willian t. holr, Preeldent.
L. WA
 H. M., Asat. Menager


THE BLOOM CATTLE CO.
Fansk G. BLoow, General Manager, Trinidad, Colorado.


Also ouen the following brands:





Thoroughbred fre Figh-cirrade NEW MEXICO RAISED

## HEREFORD BULLS

EOR BALE EY

## ERANCIS CLUTTON,

CIMALRON,
NEW MEXICO.
I am prepared now to make contracts for spring delivery, and invite correepondence, or personal inspection, by intending purchasers.

## HEREFORDS!

REGISTERED BULLS AND HEIFERB. Pure Bred and Shorthorn Croases.

## Range Cow Horses.

## From English Thoroughbreds, Kentucky Saddlers

## Road Horses.

## american standard bred trotters.

 All atock branded $6 \mathbf{T}$ or $\odot$CAMERON BROB, Managera,
San Rafael Cattle Company, LOCHIEL, PIMA CO., ARIZ.


John W. Provers. Ir. Owner and Prederer
 bred and hmported cows, agene ranging from three
to dix yearn old. Addreese all laquirles to A. D. HUDNALL, Manager

Por Joha W. Prowers. Jr.,

SAN MIGUEL COUXTYY.


 san Miguel county, New Mexico.

All Incroese brandel zollapure cat.

 Aleo own all female cattite in follorowing brands,
which are not tept Which are not kept ap





LINCOLN COUNTY.

VALENCIA COUNTY
 lew Hexico Cattle Breeding Company.



ains.
act ear
lez Bros. $\underset{\substack{\text { Samerer, } \\ \text { se, Californis } \\ \text { son river, and }}}{ }$ son river, and
meask. on left
$\widetilde{D}^{2}$ re left ear
 Ear marks, erop and split both ears.
Horse brand, same as cattle, but on left hip.

H. E. holblow.
Postofice, Magdalena, Socorro connty, N. M. M. Postoffice, Magdalena, Socorro connty, N. M.
Kange, west of San Mateo mountains and San Augustive Plains.


Janes D. Rerd, Prest. G. L. Brooks, Sec'y
J. D. Reed Cattle Company.
P. O.: Socorro, N. M Range, western slope of the Magdalena mountains, Gallinas and Hier
olosa monntains and the Bear Springs, all in Socoiro connty, New Mexico.
Bars acrose hips as in cut on both sides. Eat marks, $\begin{aligned} & \text { half under crop left and crop right } \\ & \text { sharpen the left and crop the right }\end{aligned}$



## CHARLES BLANCHARD,

HEADQUARTERS FOR

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oppostef fiest matioxal bank, LAS VEGAS, N. M.



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Caitita Surt,

gino D000.
Sirplis
Josmua ss ray yonds, Cushler.
J. BEYMOLDS, Ereviden:
d.s. Pisirox, A wht, Chaler.

Pin800 OEO. 3, DRMEEK, Flee-Rresilent,

The Fifst National Bank of Albuquerque, N. M, Capitat Stock, $\$ 100,000,00$.

Surplus Fund, $815,000.00$

## feline:

d. सaykitig, Primident.

1. W. FLOUREOY, A ant Caihler dosBua s. BAynoups, viee-kreptent.

The litirsi Nabtonal Bantic of Fh Paso, TYexas. Oapital stook, $8100,000.00$. Surplue Fund, $15,000.00$.
3. RAMKOLDSSP Te中flent:

JOHN W. zoLthas, Vice-Preslient. 14. s. EAvYitan, Cashter


THE GOLDEN RULE CLOTHING CO.

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Boote dind shoed, , MADE TO ORDER "SATSPAGHOI OR MOIRY RERURDRD." ine vigane, ar. a.


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BCCKEYE FORCE PUMP.
The Most Powertul and Durable combination for raising water in the world.

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$\square$ climate and Strong Winds of the West.

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Is the Cheapest and Best Porce Pump in the World for Deep or Shallow Wells.
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## omen fok was, mane janymir,

300 HEREFORD and SHORTHORN GRADE BULLS

R. R, GODLEY, DALEAS, TIOCAS.

The Flrist National Bank of Tas Tegas. N. M: U0U

Whe Eirett National Bank of dibuquerque, $N$, Nr. Cppitat Stock, $\$ 100,000,00$.<br>I, wa weoring pytide.<br>© \%. Fiovesoy, Ace, onhtik'<br>Surplus Fund, $816,000.00$.

The Fricst National Banli of HI Paso, Yexas. Oapital Stock, $\$ 100,000.00$.

Joins w, zoLLLAEs, Wlee-Preeldent.
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The Most Powerful and Durable combination for raising water in the world.

Hequires leas tower and will work with leas wind than any other mill lis the market ind il evpeclally y

## Climate and

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Is the Cheapest and Best Force Pump in the World for Deep or Shattow Weils.

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 AERNTS FOR Wind Min, Gemerna Wher Bupplies St Jout Tim and Artecion Weal rom Ca, Well Machinery and Tooke.
mational tube wobes whith cAsma AND PRPE
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