

DEVIL'S RIVER NEWS.

VOL 24

SONORA, SUTTON CO., TEXAS, SATURDAY NOVEMBER 15, 1913.

NO. 1201

BOYS

Drop in and let us
SHOW YOU The Nobbiest
Line of "Boys Fixings"
In town.
NEW CLOTHING, SHOES,
HATS, ETC.

The Sonora Mercantile Co.

THE STORE OF QUALITY

Devil's River News,
PUBLISHED WEEKLY.
MIKE MURPHY, Proprietor.
STEVE MURPHY, Publisher.

Entered at the Postoffice at Sonora
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Sonora, Texas, - - Nov. 8, 1913.

THE SOUTHERN CROSS.

Its Name Does Not Quite Fit This
Wondrous Constellation.

The Southern Cross, wonderful alike
to those living in the southern half
of the world and to the tourist thereof,
is one of the most conspicuous and in-
teresting of all the southern configura-
tions.

Situated at a distance of about thirty
degrees from the south pole, it is plain-
ly visible in all regions south of the
equator, and also to some distance
north, about as far as the tropic of
Cancer. The farther south one travels
the higher in the heavens will appear
the cross, and naturally the more con-
spicuous it becomes.

It seems to have received its name,
not like the northern constellations
from the ancients, but, like most of the
southern configurations from the Por-
tuguese navigators, during their ex-
plorations into the southern waters.
It is said that when Dante came out
from "Inferno" he declared that he
had seen a mighty cross set in the
southern firmament, and the naviga-
tors set about to find such a figure
and set upon this one as best fulfil-
ling the conditions. That it is dif-
cult, at first glance, to picture this as
a true cross, is not surprising, for had
it been named the "kite" a much
closer representation could have been
imagined. The so-called "false cross,"
midway between the cross and the
bright star Canopus, although com-
posed of fainter stars, is much more
regular and symmetrical in shape.

Taken all in all, this constellation of
the Southern Cross, which has been
the wonder of centuries, still holds its
place as a remarkable curiosity, even
with the advance of astronomical in-
vestigation, and with the data obtain-
ed from the spectroscopic and the
photographic, our efforts still find un-
solved problems yet to be solved. And,
above all others, that of the Southern
Cross is yet far from a complete solu-
tion.—Leon Campbell in "Pera Today."

PUZZLES OF SLEEP.

Noise and Slumber and the Marvelous
Rapidity of Dreams.

Both Bismarck and Poyas found that
noise enhanced the value of a night's
rest. Bismarck confided in his old age
to an interviewer that he could "never
sleep in Berlin at night when it is
quiet, but as soon as the noise begins,
about 4 o'clock in the morning, I can
sleep a little and get my rest for the
day."

Poyas records in his diary on Sept.
29, 1901, that he slept at Welling "and
still remember it that of all the nights

that ever I slept in my life I never did
pass a night with more euphorism of
sleep; there being now and then a
noise of people that waked me, and
then it was a very rainy night, and
then I was a little weary, that what
between waking and then sleeping
again, one after another, I never had
so much content in all my life."

The probability that we get snatches
of sleep at odd moments when we sup-
pose ourselves to have remained con-
tinuously awake is supported by the
phenomena of dreams. Mark Twain
accounted for his own "disappearing
visitor" by the belief that he had un-
consciously had a very short nap, and
many have explained visions of ghosts
as due to dreams during such short
naps.

For nothing is better established in
connection with dreams than that an
apparently very long one can occur
during an almost infinitesimal time.
Alfred Marry had a long, vivid dream
of the reign of terror, including the
trial of himself before the revolution-
ary tribunal and his execution, and
was able to show that it all happened
during the moment of awakening by
the fall of a rod from the bed canopy
upon his neck.—London Chronicle.

Nogi's Nerve Tonic.
Having been dedicated to the pro-
fession of arms, General Nogi was
taken, while still a small boy, to see a
certain occultist and was rebuked for
shuddering at the spectacle. After
nightfall, when all was darkness and
silence, he was required to go alone to
the burial ground and bring back the
culprit's head. The ordeal was de-
signed to strengthen his nerves and
teach him to fear nothing, living or
dead.—Francis E. Leupp in Atlantic.

Our Language.
An intelligent foreigner is said to
have expressed himself after the fol-
lowing fashion on the absurdities of
the English language: "When I dis-
covered that I was quick, I was fast;
if I stood firm, I was fast; if I spent
too freely, I was fast, and that not to
eat was to fast. I was discouraged.
But when I came across the sentence,
'The first one won one \$1 prize,' I was
tempted to give up English and learn
some other language."

Neatly Turned.
Jack—I hear that you called on your
girl's father. How did you come out?
Tom—So so! I said to him, "Mr. X, I
love your daughter." He said, "So do
I, now let's talk of something else."
Jack—And then—Tom—Then—well,
we talked of something else.—Boston
Transcript.

Her Talk Not Dead.
"I understand that your wife is a
student of the dead languages."
"Yes," replied Mr. Meekton. "But her
studies are of no particular advantage.
When she talks to me she insists on
using language that I can't fail to un-
derstand."—Washington Star.

Talent's Advantage.
Wille—Paw, what is the difference
between genius and talent? Paw—
Talent gets paid every Saturday, my
son.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

November 28.

Just the next day after. Thanks-
giving there will be given in So-
nora a grand ball at the Sonora
Club House. The music will be
the best obtainable. The Hall
will be lighted by electricity and
the business men and patriotic citi-
zens of Sonora may, when the
proposition is brought to their
attention make it a grand free
dance. Everybody invited. Plenty
of time to get gay togs. The best
Country is a live all the time when
not asleep.

**DeVoe's Weather Forecasts for
November.**

This month will enter with cool,
pleasant weather 1st to 2nd, cool
and pleasant. 3rd to 4th, warm-
er. On the 5th a storm will form
over the lower Mississippi Valley
and move northeastward. 6th to
8th, cloudy with rain. 8th to 9th,
cold wave, followed by rain or
snow. 10th to 11th, warmer. 12th to
13th pleasant. On 14 a storm will
advance from the Pacific Coast
15th cloudy with rain.

16 h, cloudy followed by colder
weather, with rain or snow. 17th
to 18 h, cloudy and squally. 19 h
to 20th, cloudy. 21st a storm will
form over the lower Mississippi
Valley. 22nd to 23, rain turning
to snow. 24th to 25th, cold wave.
On the 26th a storm will form
over the Missouri Valley and
move southeastward. 27th to 28 h
rain and snow. 29 h to 30 h, cold
wave.

**Nearly Every Child Has
Worms**

Paleness, at times a flushed face,
unnatural hunger, picking the
nose, great thirst, etc., are indica-
tions of worms. Kickapoo Worm
Killer is a reliable, thorough medi-
cine for the removal of all kinds
of worms from children and adults.
Kickapoo Worm Killer in pleasant
candy form aids digestions, tones
system, overcomes constipation
and increasing the action of the
liver. Is perfectly safe for even
the most delicate children. Kick-
apoo Worm Killer makes children
happy and healthy. 25c. Guarante-
ed. Try it. Drug stores or by
mail. Kickapoo Indian Medicine
Co., Philadelphia and St. Louis.

To forgive a fault in another is more
sublime than to be faultless oneself.
—George Sand.

Dr. King's New Discovery
KILLS THE COUGH. CURES THE LUNGS.

BAZAARS OF CAIRO

Where Time Is Without Value
and Sales Wait on Patience.

BARGAINING AS A FINE ART.

Polite and Loquacious, the Oriental
Shopkeeper Will Haggle Over the
Price of an Article From Dawn Until
Dark—A Sample Transaction.

He is the selfsame fellow still, the
Calrene merchant, as in the days of
Haroun-al-Raschid. He squats in cross-
legged contentment as of yore, amen-
able only to the loquacious system of
bargaining dear to the heart of the
oriental. The western tourist, foolishly
regarding time as of value, will lose
all equanimity long before he has com-
pleted the smallest transaction. If his
knowledge of the east and his patience
suffice and he begins negotiations early
enough in the day not to be driven
forth as the merchant sets up his shut-
ters at nightfall he may obtain the
article he seeks at a just and equitable
price. If he gains possession of it in
less than the accustomed time he will
certainly have paid more than its mar-
ket value.

Vagabundo, the western traveler ex-
perienced in the ways of the east,
catches sight during a stroll through
the bazaars of an Arabic blade that
takes his fancy. It hangs high at the
top of the open booth, on the raised
floor of which serenely squats the pro-
prietor, with folded legs. Vagabundo,
as from the merest curiosity, pauses
to run his eye over the comely ar-
ticles, suggests with a half stifled
yawn that the scimitar looks like what
might be a convincing weapon in the
hands of an enemy, ventures to hope
that the merchant is enjoying the
weather and strolls leisurely on. The
shopkeeper continues to puff drowsily
at his water bottle until the western-
er is all but out of earshot. Then he ap-
pears suddenly to awake and drones
out a languid invitation to return.
Vagabundo pays no heed to the sum-
mons for some moments, gazes ab-
stractedly upon the wares displayed
in another booth, then wanders slowly
back. The merchant hopes that the
traveler is enjoying the best of health,
invites him to squat in the bit of
space not already occupied by himself
or his wares, offers a cigarette and
falls to discussing the state of the cot-
ton crop in the delta. By the time the
second cigarette is lighted he turns the
conversation drolly to the scimitar and
remarks that though it is hung among
his wares rather for ornament than
for sale it is possible he may some
day tire of beholding it and part with
it for—perhaps 1,000 piasters. Vaga-
bundo, puffing reminiscently for a
time, recalls having heard a friend ex-
press a desire to obtain such a weap-
on for, say, 75 piasters or so, and
wonders, after all, why that friend
should care for so useless an article.
The shopkeeper regrets that the two
prices named do not more nearly coin-
cide, trusts that the inundations will
not be so late this year as last and
reaches again for the tube of his nar-
ghile. Vagabundo expresses his de-
light that the khedive has recovered
from his recent attack, thanks the
merchant for his disinterested hospitali-
ty and saunters away.

The shortest instant before he is
finally lost from view in the surging
stream of bazaar loungers he is called
back to learn that the merchant is of
the opinion that the new land tax will
work more effectively than the old,
that the scimitar is probably worth only
750 piasters and that some of the
cyclops trees in the Esbekleh gar-
dens are to be removed. With all
due respect to Cromer Pasha Vaga-
bundo doubts the practicability of his
latest scheme of taxation and hopes
that his friend may somewhere run
across such a scimitar at 100 piasters.

Thus the transaction continues; a
third, a fourth, even a fifth time Vaga-
bundo returns. By the sixth visit he
has dropped the fiction of a friend and
openly offers 225 piasters for the blade,
and the shopkeeper amuses himself
sufficiently to take the weapon down
for inspection and expresses a willing-
ness to part with it for 275.

Over newly rolled cigarettes the ne-
gotiation proceeds, now touching upon
the prevalence of ophthalmia, anon
skirting the matter of scimitars, their
manufacture and price. Speaking of
scimitars, the merchant suspects that
for the one he has in mind he would be sat-
isfied perhaps at 250 piasters. Vaga-
bundo lays that sum—which both
recognized from the beginning as the
just price—on the mat between them,
grasps his newly acquired property
and, amid protestations of lifelong
friendship from the merchant, takes
his departure.

Manchester business men and Chi-
cago captains of industry, scoring
such childish methods, have died into
the mainstream of the bazaars of Cairo
with the avowed intention of "doing
business" after the manner of today
and the west; but all in vain. The
Calrene shopkeeper will hurry in his
transactions for no mortal man. Let
the pulsating westerner press his mer-
cenary suit too forcibly and he dis-
covers to his surprise, and perhaps
even to his dismay, that the merchant
of the east displays his wares and
squats by day among them merely as
a recreation and amusement and that
the notion of selling anything is far-
thest from his thoughts.—Harry A.
Frank in Century.

To forgive a fault in another is more
sublime than to be faultless oneself.
—George Sand.

Dr. King's New Discovery
KILLS THE COUGH. CURES THE LUNGS.

ART OF WEIGHING.

Wonderful Scales That Are Not
Made of Anything.

THE LAW OF FALLING BODIES.

By This, Thanks to Newton and Lieb-
nitz and the Calculus of Differentials,
the Weight of Stars and Planets May
Be Accurately Determined.

The art of weighing has expanded
into a comprehensive science and can
no longer be called a mere art. Scales
are made of metal, but the set heretofore
described is not made of anything.
Scales are in hourly use that can
weigh a pencil mark whose length is
one-fourth of an inch; or a section of
a hair of equal length. The usual
practice in weighing runs from grains,
ounces, pounds up to tons, usually one
ton, and then up to fifty or more tons
in railroad weighing, costing hundreds
and thousands of dollars.

But humans would find it quite diffi-
cult to make scales that would weigh
millions, billions, trillions, quadrillions,
quintillions, sextillions, septillions, oc-
tillions and nonillions of tons, or de-
cillions. An instrument able to weigh a
facillion tons can now be purchased
for one cent—a pencil. The scales are
not made of metal; instead a set and
fixed specific speed is the next to all
powerful engine used. But it is far
more easy to run a locomotive or
steamship without knowing a single
law of these complex machines than
to even attempt to use the speed-
scales without knowing every minute
detail of every velocity law of mov-
ing bodies.

Let a street car start from rest and
keep moving faster and faster until its
rate of motion is, say, twenty miles
per hour at the end of one minute. If
the speed of the car increased uniform-
ly during the entire minute its average
speed is ten miles per hour, be-
cause it started from rest and in-
creased to twenty miles per hour. If
a body moves during one minute at
twenty miles per hour the distance
traversed will be speed multiplied by
time, or twenty miles multiplied by
one-sixtieth of an hour, or one-third
of a mile; but the average speed in
case of the car is ten miles per hour,
so that the distance moved over is half
as great or one-sixth mile. This is a
fundamental law of nature and is of
enormous importance.

Law: For uniformly increasing
speed, starting from rest, the velocity
increases with the time, but the dis-
tance traversed is that moved over by
the moving body with its average
speed, or one-half.

If measuring the distance fallen
through by a body let fall at the rig-
idly exact beginning of one second of
time to the rigidly exact end thereof is
difficult, woe shall be said of finding
how fast it is falling at the end of the
second. Go try; work from the ages of
twenty to sixty years daily and you
will fail. The fact is, the time required
to find the mathematically exact spe-
cific speed of a falling body in still air
was almost that required to measure
the distance of the nearest star, about
120 years.

Then Atwood invented his machine,
and this finally came to some near ap-
proach to accuracy. But this instru-
ment of precision fell far short of the
electrical chronographic apparatus.
When all of this very complex mechan-
ism is in perfect order it releases the
ball at the exact beginning of a sec-
ond and records the absolute time on
the cylinder of a chronograph electrically
and repeats the process at the ab-
solute end of the second so far as hu-
man hands are able to do rigidly accu-
rate work.

The moment that those supermen,
Newton and Leibnitz, discovered that
mighty power, beside which all else
human pales into insignificance—the
stupendous calculus or differentials—
every mathematician saw immediately
that one of nature's most magnificent
laws was found in falling bodies. And
then the final came to some near ap-
proach to accuracy. But this instru-
ment of precision fell far short of the
electrical chronographic apparatus.
When all of this very complex mechan-
ism is in perfect order it releases the
ball at the exact beginning of a sec-
ond and records the absolute time on
the cylinder of a chronograph electrically
and repeats the process at the ab-
solute end of the second so far as hu-
man hands are able to do rigidly accu-
rate work.

Sixteen and one-tenth feet fallen to
end of the first second; 32.2 feet per
second speed at end of first second.
That is, a body let fall will, under
the action of the earth's attraction of
gravitation, fall 16.1 feet during the
first absolute second of time, and at
the absolute end of the second will be
in motion with a velocity of 32.2 feet
per second. These numbers constitute
the most accurate and all powerful
scales in existence—Edgar Lucien Lar-
kin in New York American.

Turkish Postage Stamps.
Every one who has collected stamps
must have noticed the absence of sov-
ereigns' heads from those of Turkey.
That this is so is due to the fact that
Mahomedans think a representation
of the human face or figure unlawful.
Therefore Turkish stamps carry the
crescent, which the Turks borrowed
from the Byzantines after the fall of
Constantinople. They also use a com-
plicated, arbitrary sign, supposed to be
the signature of the sultan.

Search thy own heart; what paineth
thee in others in thyself may be.—John
3, Whitlitt.

ELECTRIC BITTERS THE BEST FOR
BILIOUSNESS AND KIDNEYS

WOOL AND MOHAIR

CHAS. SCHREINER, BANKER.

(UNINCORPORATED)

KERRVILLE, TEXAS.

Makes Liberal Advances on Sheep, Goats, Wool and Mohair
Individual responsibility Three Million Dollars.

MONEY TO LEND ON FARMS & RANCHES

Vendors Lien notes bought
and extended.

E. B. CHANDLER, San Antonio, Tex.

SOUTHERN SELECT Bottled Beer.

Pure, Wholesome Bottled Beer, Made
in Texas for Texans. Try a bottle.

For sale at all the saloons in Sonora

BUILD NOW.

Lumber at San Angelo at San
Angelo prices or at Sonora with
freight added from the wagons.

From the yard in small quantities
the cost of handling is added. Let
me figure on your bill.

B. F. BELLOWES,
Lumber, Sonora, Texas.

**THE SONORA BAKERY is now
Ready to supply all demands
For BREAD and PASTRY.**

BUD HURST, PRO.

JOHN HURST,

EXPERIENCED WELL DRILLER

**Quick, Reliable and Satisfactory
Contracts to go down 1000 feet or less.**

Postoffice Address SONORA, TEXAS.

The DECKER HOTEL,

Mrs. Laura Decker, Proprietress.

This House has just been Remodeled and Refurnished, and
we are prepared to do a first class Hotel business. Nice clean
rooms and first-class fare. Sample Room. Bath room, etc.



The Edgewood Distilling Co

(CINCINNATI, OHIO.)

J. W. TRAINER, Sonora,

DISTRIBUTOR.

Devil's River News,

Published Weekly.
 MIKE MURPHY, Proprietor.
 STEVE MURPHY, Publisher.
 Entered at the Postoffice at Sonora second class matter.
 Advertising Medium of the Stockman's Paradise.

Sonora, Texas, - Nov. 15, 1913.

With Clean Hands.

Whatever the outcome of our difficulties in Mexico may be, it is well now to fix one vital fact in the public mind. Whether the authority of the American people in that country shall prevail in peace or in war, it may most positively be asserted that action in either case will spring from no selfish motive and will cover no ambitious design.

The situation is serious if not critical not because we are aggressive, but because a murderous conspiracy has become arrogant and defiant. We have sought peace and stability in Mexico not so much on our own account, though that is important, as for the welfare of its afflicted people. We have not antagonized Mexico, its institutions or its inhabitants. What we have done is to expose to the execration of mankind a crime against freedom and progress; to subject the desperadoes who hope to profit by it to the blighting scrutiny of civilization and to hold up the hands of those who against desperate odds are fighting for liberty.

Except as there may have been a few sneers in some European and Mexican newspapers, the purpose of the United States in this matter have not been questioned. There is no suspicion of conquest. There is no suggestion of financial or commercial greed. There is no hint of adventure and exploitation. There is not even a trace of jingoism.

The moral pressure that we are exerting south of the Rio Grande is not against the nation or a people. It is against a lawless despot. "We can have no sympathy," said President Wilson last March, "with those who seek to seize the power of government to advance their own personal interests and ambitions."

The example that is to be made of Huerta in whose behalf a constitutional President was assassinated is one that cannot fail to be of lasting benefit to Latin America. What ever may be the fate of their rulers republics are not to be killed on this hemisphere. "I would like to believe," said President Wilson the other day in Pennsylvania that no where could any government endure which is stained by blood or supported by anything but the consent of the governed."

In these sentences we have sentiments at once humanitarian and patriotic. No one doubts their sincerity, but as if perceiving that in stormy days to come some question might arise President Wilson at Mobile, after asserting the desire of the American government to emancipate Latin America from corrupt concessionaires, said: "I want to take this occasion to say that the United States will never again seek one additional foot of territory by conquest."

The President's policy as thus expressed has the approval of the American people. They believe in the doctrine that he sets forth. They believe in him, in his sincerity, in his high purpose, in his wisdom and in his courage. They have faith in themselves. Nobly led at Washington their ideals have never been more sacredly cherished than they are to-day.

We do not want to use force in Mexico or anywhere else, but if the necessity shall arise we may know to a certainty that we go into the disagreeable business with clean hands.—New York World.

A Consumptive Cough.

A cough that bothers you continually is one of the danger signals which warns of consumption. Dr. King's New Discovery stops the cough, loosens the chest, banishes fever and let you sleep peacefully. The first dose checks the symptoms and gives prompt relief. Mrs. A. F. Morris of Glen Ellyn, Iowa, writes: "King's New Discovery cured a stubborn cough after six weeks' doctoring failed to help." Try it, as it will do the same for you. Best medicine for coughs, colds, throat and lung troubles. Money back if it fails. Price 50c & \$1.00 For sale by All druggists, or by mail.
 H. E. Bucklen & Co. Philadelphia or St. Louis—Adv.

Synopsis of Texas Game Laws.

Deer—November 1 to January 1 Limit three bucks for season; unlawful to kill does or fawns
 Turkey—December 1 to April 1 Limit three turkeys for the season
 Quail and Doves—November 1 to February 1 Limit, 25 birds in any one day.

Prairie Chickens—Season closed until 1917
 Not Protected—Rabbit, possum, coon, bear.
 Squirrels—Protected in Liberty County.

You may ship or transport to your home such game as you have lawfully killed by making proper affidavit. This affidavit is to be made before a notary public. The owner of the birds or game must be on the same train with the shipment.

You must not buy or sell any wild game or game birds at any time.

You may kill hawks, crows, buzzards, owls, English sparrows at any time.

You must not hunt game or game birds at night with lanterns, hunting lamps or any other light.

A resident license is required of party shooting in county outside of adjoining one in which he lives. Resident license \$1.75

Nonresidents, unless a bonded inhabitant of, and resident citizen of this State, for six months last past, must take out a nonresident license, \$15

Three days consecutive kill of ducks, 25 each day, total 75 ducks may be shipped or transported on train when party killing same accompanies shipment, and has made the required affidavit during November, December and January.

Possession at any time of the during which game birds are protected shall be prima facie evidence of the guilt of the person in possession thereof.

A day's bag must not contain more than 25 birds, either mixed or of any one kind.

The Federal regulations in brief: Waterfowl—Meaning all ducks and similar birds. The open season begins November 1 at sunup and closes January 31 at sundown. In Louisiana the same dates apply.

Rail—The specifications include all families of rail, coots and gallinules and the same season applies as on ducks in Louisiana, but in Texas the open season is between September 1 and November 30. This fact should be clearly borne in mind. And it should be remembered that the humble poul d'ou comes under the classification of a coot and not a duck.

Woodcock—In Texas the bird may be legally killed during the months of November and December, but not in January. In Louisiana the season is 15 days shorter and the legal killing may take place only between November 15 and January 1.

Shore Birds—This classification includes jacksnipes, Wilson snipe, yellow legs, sandpipers and plovers, both golden and upland. The legal season during which they may be shot is November 1 to January 31.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that a meeting will be held in the Directors Room in the First National Bank of Sonora, at Sonora, Texas on Saturday December 13, 1913, at 8 o'clock P. M., of the lot owners in the Sonora Cemetery, for the purpose of discussing the creation of a corporation under Title 25, Chapter 23 of the Revised Statutes of the State of Texas, 1911, to receive the title to land heretofore dedicated to the purposes of a Cemetery and upon said corporation being created to exercise such other powers and privileges as are conferred by the law aforesaid, and by law.

At such meeting the lot owners and others present uniting in the formation of the corporation shall participate and a majority of those present and voting shall decide upon the question of incorporating and the conveyance of land to the corporation. Such meeting shall select a board of Directors to be named in the Charter, which may consist of lot owners alone; or persons may be chosen as Directors who are not owners of lots in the Cemetery.

If it be decided to incorporate, the board of directors chosen as aforesaid are authorized by law to elect the officers of such corporation.

CEMETARY COMMITTEE

Woodman Circle

Laurel Grove No. 218, meets in Woodmen hall the Second and Fourth Tuesdays in each month. Second Tuesday business meeting. Fourth Tuesday Social meeting. All members cordially invited.

CORNELL & WARDLAW

Attorneys-at-Law,
 SONORA, TEX.
 Will practice in all the State Courts.

H. R. WARDLAW, M. D.

Practice of Medicine and Surgery [formerly House physician, John Sealy Hospital] Galveston, Texas.
 OFFICE CORNER DRUG STORE
 Sonora Texas.

DR. W. T. CHAPMAN

DENTIST
 Hours 9 to 12 a.m. 3 to 6 p.m.
 Office in B. F. Meekel's residence.
 Phone 70.
 Sonora, Texas.

For Sale.

A four roomed house corner lot 50 & 140 near school house. Price \$750. Apply at news office 314f

"Honest All Through
 The Drink For You."

**JIM DOUGLASS
 WHISKEY.**

SOFT AS SILK

SMOOTH AS VELVET.

SOOTHING AS MUSIC

Sold by

**J. W. TRAINER,
 BANK SALOON,
 Sonora, Texas.**

FRED BERGER,

BOOT AND SHOE MAKER.
 REPAIRING NEATLY DONE
 CHARGES REASONABLE.
 Sonora, Texas.

Billies for sale.

I have 50 head of two year old South African Billies, (the Ford stock) which I will sell cheap.
 G. S. Allison.
 Sonora.

For Sale—Lot 50 by 200 feet,

three room new house, gallery, papered and painted, close in, Sonora Texas. Price \$1,000.
 Address
 Mrs. M. E. Woodruff,
 300 N. Border Street, Tyler, Texas.

Tract for Sale.

One-fourth mile from Sonora 17 section ranch. 3 good wells, with sufficient tanks. Price \$7 per acre. Apply to
 AUGUST MECKEL,
 791f.
 Sonora, Texas.

***300 bushels of shelled maize**

for sale. Will crush same without extra charge where desired. Phone or write.
 S. A. Mauldin,
 00tf
 Eldorado, Texas.

***1000 Bales of cane at 40c at my**

Ranch 9 miles Southwest of Eldorado. Also have 5 tons of maize head for sale. Phone or write Oscar Gibson, Eldorado, Texas

WANTED—A RANCH—50,000

to 100,000 acres. Direct from owner or representative. Prefer ranch stocked with cattle. Will buy cattle and ranch if price is right. Must be well watered, good grass, winter protection, at ranch price. Send full particulars first letter. Address, Scott & Sons, Edna, Texas. Reference, Allen National Bank. 1-2

Examine the goods and see for yourself before you buy your Christmas presents. Ask your home merchants about what you want to buy.

THE TREASURER'S QUARTERLY REPORT.

In the matter of County finances in the hands of J. E. Grimland, Treasurer of Sutton County, Texas.

Commissioners' Court, Sutton County, Texas, in regular Quarterly Session, November Term, 1913

WE, THE UNDERSIGNED, as County Commissioners within and for said Sutton County, and the Hon. E. S. Briant, County Judge of said Sutton County, constituting the entire Commissioners' Court of said County, and each one of us, do hereby certify that on this, the 11th day of November A. D. 1913, at a regular term of said Court, we have compared and examined the quarterly report of J. E. Grimland, Treasurer of Sutton County, Texas, for the quarter beginning on the 10th day of Aug. A. D. 1913, and ending on the 11th day of Nov. A. D. 1913, and finding the same correct have caused an order to be entered upon the minutes of the Commissioners' Court of Sutton County, stating the approval of said Treasurers' Report by our said Court, which said order recites separately the amount received and paid out of each fund by said County Treasurer since his last report to this Court, and for and during the time covered by his present report, and the balance of each fund remaining in said Treasurer's hands on the said 11th day of Nov., A. D. 1913, and have ordered the proper credits to be made in the accounts of said County Treasurer, in accordance with said order as required by Article 567, Chapter 1, Title XXV, of the Revised Statutes of Texas, as amended by an Act of the Twenty-fifth Legislature of Texas, at its regular session, approved March 20, 1897.

And we, and each of us, further certify that we have actually and fully inspected all the assets in the hands of the said Treasurer belonging to Sutton County at the close of the examination of said Treasurer's Report, on this the 11th day of Nov. A. D. 1913, and find the same to be as follows, to wit:

Jury Fund 1st Class	Dr.	Cr.
Balance on hand Aug. 11, 1913	1600 82	
To amount received since said date	10 00	
By amount disbursed since said date		337 47
By amount to balance		1273 35
Total	1610 82	1610 82
To balance in fund		1273 35

Road and Bridge Fund 2nd Class	Dr.	Cr.
Balance on hand Aug. 11, 1913	337 53	
To amount received since said date	1 08	
By amount to balance		338 61
Total	338 61	338 61
To balance in fund		338 61

GENERAL FUND 3rd Class	Dr.	Cr.
Balance on hand Aug. 11, 1913	749 95	
To amount received since said date	1439 16	
By amount disbursed since said date		1435 23
By amount to balance		603 88
Total	2189 11	2189 11
To balance in fund		603 88

COURT HOUSE and JAIL FUND 4th Class	Dr.	Cr.
Balance on hand Aug. 11, 1913	5276 83	
To amount received since said date	1 73	
By amount disbursed since said date		66 06
By amount to balance		5212 49
Total	5278 56	5 78 55
To balance in fund		5212 49

ROAD FUND 5th Class	Dr.	Cr.
Balance on hand Aug. 11, 1913	3119 87	
To amount received since said date	199 04	
By amount to balance		996 97
Total	3318 91	3318 91
To balance in fund		2321 94

Date	RECAPITULATION	Amount
Nov 10.	Balance to credit of Jury Fund on this day	1273 35
Nov 10.	Balance to R & B Fund on this day	338 61
Nov 10.	Balance to credit of General Fund on this day	603 88
Nov 10.	Balance to credit Court House and Jail Fund on this day	5212 49
Nov 10.	Balance to Road Fund on this day	2321 94
Total Cash on hand belonging to Sutton County in the hands of said Treasurer as actually counted by us		6750 27

BONDED INDEBTEDNESS
 The bonded indebtedness of said County we find to be as follows to wit:
 Road and Bridge Bonds \$ 4000.00
 Court House and Jail Bonds \$22000.00
 Total \$26000.00

Witness our hands, officially, this 11th day of November 1913, E. S. Briant, County Judge, W. J. Fields, Commissioner Precinct No. 1; W. A. Miers, Commissioner Precinct No. 2; Arthur Stuart, Commissioner Precinct No. 3
 Sworn to and subscribed before me, by E. S. Briant, County Judge, and W. J. Fields, and Arthur Stuart, County Commissioners of said Sutton County, each representative, on this the 11th day of November A. D. 1913
 J. D. LOWREY,
 [SEAL] Clerk of the County Court of Sutton County, Texas

AUTO SERVICE

I have a good five passenger automobile at your service
 Phone Merck's Garage or Keeton's Restaurant.

Charles Lomax, Sonora

PATRONIZE HOME INDUSTRY

THE MONEY SPENT FOR FOREIGN BEER NEVER COMES BACK.
DRINK SANTONE BEER
 LONE STAR BREWING CO. SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

It Always Helps
 says Mrs. Sylvania Woods, of Clifton Mills, Ky., in writing of her experience with Gardui, the woman's tonic. She says further: "Before I began to use Gardui, my back and head would hurt so bad, I thought the pain would kill me. I was hardly able to do any of my housework. After taking three bottles of Gardui, I began to feel like a new woman. I soon gained 35 pounds, and now, I do all my housework, as well as run a big water mill.
 I wish every suffering woman would give
GARDUI
 The Woman's Tonic
 a trial. I still use Gardui when I feel a little bad, and it always does me good."
 Headache, backache, side ache, nervousness, tired, worn-out feelings, etc., are sure signs of womanly trouble. Signs that you need Gardui, the woman's tonic. You cannot make a mistake in trying Gardui for your trouble. It has been helping weak, ailing women for more than fifty years.
Get a Bottle Today!

Go To THE FAVORITE SALOON

For all kinds of wines, beers, cigars and mineral waters, also all the leading and popular brands of whiskies such as Old Forrester, Hill & Hill, Old Crow, Jersey Cream, Brookwood, Four Star Hennessy, T. B. Ripy, Green River, Payne, Old Barbee, O. d. Hermetage and twenty other different brands to select from.
 Your patronage will be appreciated.

Theo. Savell, Proprietor.

BANK SALOON,

Wants some of your trade. Everything new and up to date. We sell such whiskies as the celebrated Edgewood, Waldorf Club, Cuckenhelmer, Green River, Jersey Cream and many other whiskies of Standard brands. We also carry in stock, Paxton Rye Malt, Corn and Scotch Whiskey. Anything in the wine line we can fill your order. Our cigars are good, Flor D. Milton and El Palencia are our leaders. Our Schlitz and Texas Pride is always cold.
 Give us a call and be satisfied.

J. W. TRAINER, Prop.

THE Rock Front

J. G. Barton, Proprietor.
 Cold Beer and Soft Drinks
 Pure Wines and Liquors
 Choice Cigars, Etc.

PHONE ORDERS TO 97 WILL RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION. YOUR TRADE COURTEOUSLY APPRECIATED

Sonora, Eldorado & San Angelo Mail, Express and Passenger Line.

L. L. Craddock, Proprietor.
AUTOMOBILE OR STAGE SERVICE.
 AUTOMOBILE—Leaves Sonora daily, except Sunday, at 7 o'clock a. m., arrives at San Angelo the same evening. Leaves San Angelo at 7 o'clock a. m. and arrives in Sonora in the evening.
 Automobile Fare \$6 one way. Round Trip \$10.
 STAGE leaves Sonora Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock a. m. arriving in San Angelo that night. Leaves San Angelo Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock a. m. arriving in Sonora that night.
 STAGE FARE, \$4.00. ROUND TRIP \$7.00.
 OFFICE AT NATHANS DRUG STORE, NEXT TO BANK.

LEADS ALL OTHERS!
 OUTPUT 200,000 BOTTLES DAILY
Pride
 THE FAMOUS SAN ANTONIO BEER
WHO CAN BEAT IT?
 SAN ANTONIO BREWING ASSOCIATION

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF SONORA, TEXAS.

CAPITAL STOCK \$100,000.00

SURPLUS - - 40,000.00

The Oldest Bank in the Devil's River Country.

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS:
W. L. ALDWELL; President; **E. F. VANDER STUCKEN**,
 Vice Pres; **G. S. Allison**, **Will Whitehead**,
E. E. Sawyer, **D. J. Wyatt**,
R. E. ALDWELL, Cashier.

We Pay Four Per cent on Saving Deposits.

THE WESTERN NATIONAL BANK

SAN ANGELO, TEXAS

Willis Johnson, President,
 Louis L. Farr, Vice President,
 Ralph H. Harris, Vice President,
 A. B. Sherwood, Cashier,
 W. H. West, Assistant Cashier.

Capital, Surplus and Profits \$225,000.

We Solicit Your Business.

COMMERCIAL HOTEL,

Arthur and Miss Estelle McDonald, Proprietors.

Rates \$2.00 Per Day.

HEADQUARTERS FOR COMMERCIAL MEN.

Best accommodations, Rates Reasonable.
 Sonora, Texas.

Martin & DeWitt,

Land and Live Stock
 Commission Agents

SONORA TEXAS

See, Write or Phone 44

SID MARTIN,

The Live Stock Commission Man
 and Sod Pedlar

He has what you want, or can sell
 what you have.

Sonora, Texas.

WICHITA

MOTOR TRANSIT LINES

SAN ANGELO, TEXAS

Express, Baggage and Freight

To And From Christoval, Eldorado, Sonora

"The Quickest Way"

Phone BART C, DeWITT, Agent, Sonora, Texas.

The Detrouer.
 Your attention is called to the ad of the Detrouer "The Car that Makes Good" in this issue. The price in Sonora or San Angelo is \$975. Have Jack Nabers give you a demonstration, see him for particulars or write R. L. Harwell & Co. San Angelo for specifications.
 Miss Miller entertained the 500 Club Saturday night at the home of Miss Aldwell.

Mr. and Mrs. Ira L. Wheat were visiting in San Angelo this week.
 R. H. Chalk made a business trip to San Angelo this week.
 Mrs. C. S. Holcomb was the guest of the Commercial this week.
 John Robbins and son Eddie were in Sonora from the North Llano Thursday. Lewis Alverson who had been visiting at the ranch for a few days, accompanied them.

Devil's River News

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.
 MIKE MURPHY, Proprietor.
 STEVE MURPHY, Publisher.

Subscription \$2 A YEAR IN ADVANCE
 Entered at the Postoffice at Sonora
 Second-class matter.

Sonora, Texas. - Nov. 15, 1913.

Everything the best at Nathan's Pharmacy.

J. T. Evans Jr., having sold his ranch in Edwards County, moved his family to Sonora for school.

Jim Brown manager of the Theodoravell ranch was in Sonora Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Sawyer and Mrs. Joe Braslier and son Junior, are visiting in Del Rio.

Tom Russell of Menard and Dr. R. H. Flutch of McKavitt were pleasant visitors in Sonora this week.

Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Martin and Mr. and Mrs. Bart C. DeWitt returned from a visit to San Angelo Wednesday.

Remember that every article of the Famous Nyal Line is guaranteed by Nathan's Pharmacy. Your money back if it does not please.

W. A. Ogle and John Guest were in from the Ogle ranch in Middle Valley country Thursday trading.

Fayette Mayes manager of the Ward Cattle Company's ranch at Big Lake was in Sonora Friday on his way home from a trip to Brackett.

Nathan's Pharmacy has been given the exclusive agency for the Famous Nyal Line of Household remedies and toilet articles.

DR. T. K. PROCTOR,

Specialist in
**EYE, EAR, NOSE
 AND THROAT**
 Including the Scientific
 Fitting of Glasses.
Trust Building.
 San Angelo, Texas.

Have you done your Christmas shopping? Read our advertise-ments.

Charlie Williams one of Ozona's prominent young stockmen was in Sonora several days this week on business.

Frank Baker and Chas Cowser prominent stockmen of Junction were in Sonora Thursday on their way to the O. T. Word ranch to see how things are looking down there.

Do your Christmas shopping early. Read the advertisements of those who desire your trade in the News.

THE SOUTHWESTERN TRUST CO

Will Buy For Cash
 Or
 Will Trade
 For the FOLLOWING
 STOCKS:

San Antonio Life
 Amicable Life
 Great Southern Life
 Southland Life
 Western Casualty
 Guarantee Life
 Southwestern Trust Co.
 Rio Grande Fire
 Amazon Fire
 Austin Fire
 Texas Life
 Texas Bank Stock
 Republic Trust Co.

SUBMIT YOUR OFFER.
 Southwestern Trust Co.,
 1203 Southwestern Life Bldg.,
 Dallas, Texas.

To Unveil Monuments.

The Woodmen orders of Sonora assisted by visiting members, will unveil the monuments erected in the Sonora cemetery, Sunday Nov 23 d.

The monuments to be unveiled by the Woodmen of the World, will be those erected to the memory of Sovereigns J. Lewenthal, W. A. Holland and C. J. Nichols.

Those to be unveiled by the Woodmen Circle were erected to the memory of Mrs. R. A. Hanning and Mrs. I. z Chalk.

Extensive preparations are being made for the occasion and the ceremonies will begin as early Sunday evening as possible. "N. Woodman Lies Beneath an U. marked Grave." The public is invited to attend.

COMMISSIONERS COURT.

The Commissioners Court was in session this week with County Judge E. S. Briant presiding and commissioners W. J. Fields, W. A. Miers and Arthur Stuart present with J. D. L. Wrey clerk, and T. B. Adams sheriff, in attendance.

The reports of the county and precinct officers and the report of the County sheep scab Inspector were examined and approved.

The petition asking for an election to be held to determine if pool rooms be permitted in precinct No. 1, was granted and election ordered to be held November 29.

The returns of the Tick election were canvassed showing a vote of 51 for to 62 against.

Saved His Foot

H. D. Ely of Bantam, O., suffered from horrible ulcer on his foot for four years. Doctor advised amputation, but he refused and reluctantly tried Buskins Arnica Salve as a last resort. He then wrote "I used your salve and my foot was soon completely cured." Best remedy for burns, cuts, bruises and eczema. Get a box to-day Oats 25c. For sale by all druggists or by mail.

H. E. Bucklen & Co Philadelphia or St. Louis - Adv.

Mrs. W. L. Aldwell returned Wednesday from Davenport, Iowa, where she visited her daughter Mrs. John L. Nesbit.

J. L. Cook has the honor of having paid the first poll tax in Sutton county for 1914. The receipt was issued Thursday morning by Deputy Sheriff H. Thiers.

The Ladies of the Woodmen Circle are urgently requested to meet at the Woodman Hall Tuesday 18 at 3 o'clock p. m. Every member should be present.

John Swinburn Sonora's market gardener gathered 56 pounds of fine sweet potatoes from two hills. They were volunteers. His other hills yielded unusually well average about 10 pounds.

Jap Holman and sister Irma and Miss Jewel Decker returned Wednesday from Junction with Mrs. W. T. O. Holeman who had been there on a visit to her father.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Whaley of San Angelo were in Sonora this week. Bert went hunting and Mrs. Whaley was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Chas Seiver.

Nervous and Sick Head-aches

Tropic liver, constipated bowels and disordered stomach are what causes of these headaches. Take Dr. King's New Life Pills, you will be surprised how quickly you will get relief. They stimulate the different organs to do their work properly. No better regulator for liver and bowels. Take 25c and invest in a box to day. All druggists or by mail.

H. E. Bucklen & Co Philadelphia or St. Louis.

W. E. Barbee of Ballinger, representing the Bankers Reserve Life Company of Nebraska, was in Sonora this week.

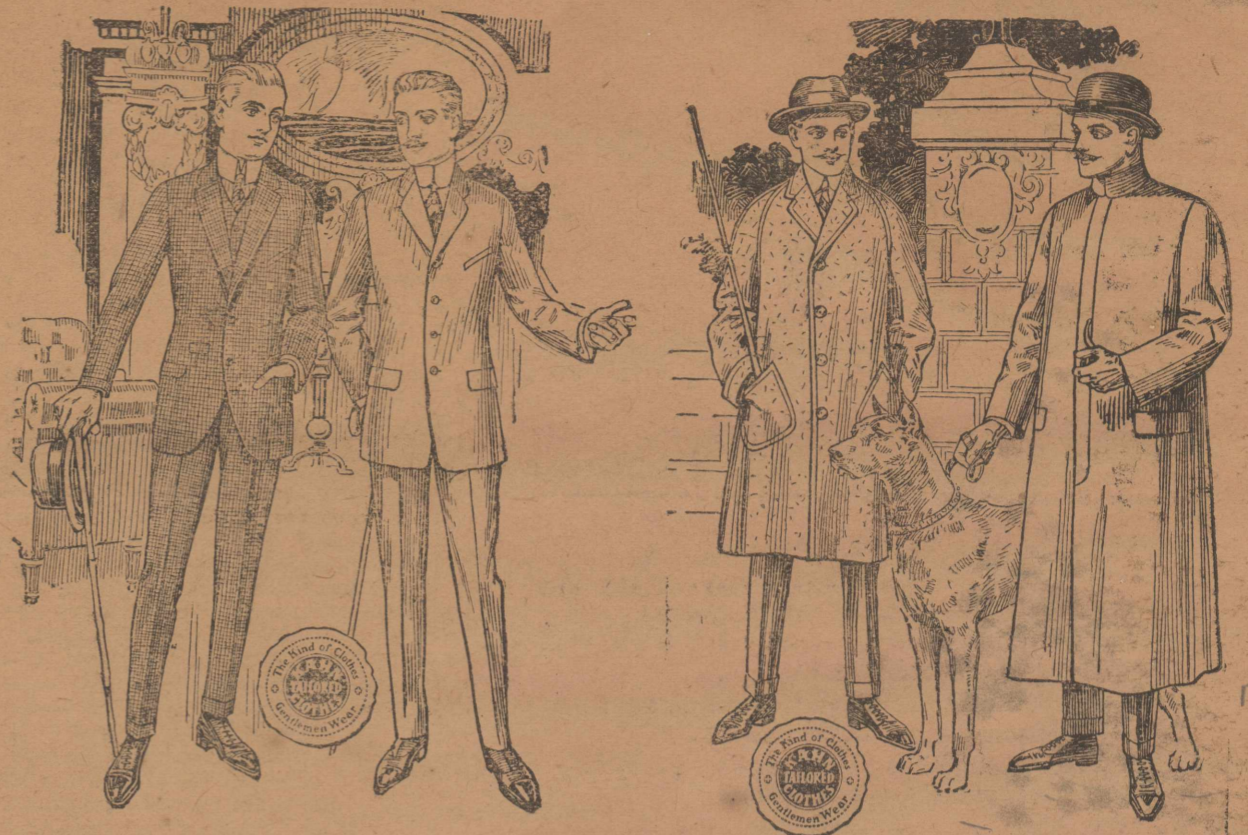
Mr. and Mrs. Henry Bridge and children were up from their ranch on Devil's River several days this week visiting.

Jim Green shipped his household goods to Marfa this week where Mr. and Mrs. Green and the boys will make their home.

C. Henry Calbath, Adrian, Mich. general field agent for the Page Wolf Proof Fence, was in Sonora this week in company with State agent A. J. Basel. Mr. Calbath looks for an advance in wire prices next spring and expects the Sonora country will use 10 miles to where one is now in use.

WE OUGHT TO HAVE A BIG PROGRAMME FOR CHRISTMAS

Such as races, tournament, goat roping, cigar race, baloon ascension, areoplane flight, stock show, and above all three grand balls



WE OUGHT TO HAVE a Suit and Overcoat made to our measure by L. C. ADAMS, Tailor, and put in our order at once as we cant wait to long. Phone No. 30 for cleaning and pressing.

Married.

Married at the home of the bride in West Sonora, Thursday November 13, 1913, Mrs. Salbe Larson to William Eastwood, E. S. Briant, County Judge, officiating. The News extends its best wishes to the happy couple.

Mear & Wilkinson of Sonora sold to Chas Ware of Fort Worth 900 steers 2's and up at \$45.

S. E. McKnight of Sonora sold 381 calves to Mear & Wilkinson at \$30. These calves were delivered Thursday at the T half circle ranch.

Mrs. E. S. Briant and Rector Cusenbery went over to Ozona, Thursday and returned Friday accompanied by Miss Myrtle Briant who will remain until Sunday evening.

R. L. Harwell of San Angelo district agent for the Detrouer was in Sonora a few days this week in company with local agent Jack Nabers. Harwell before moving to San Angelo lived at Midland and was out this trip getting acquainted.

Dock Simmons has his pasture fenced wolf proof and turned his stock loose, would request the traveling public to see that big gates are closed. He also requests that parties moving herds through his pasture to let him know and he will help them through.

Died.

Charles Savage, son of Oscar Savage, died Friday afternoon at the home of his aunt Mrs. Henry Decker. The manly little fellow was quite a favorite and was six years and 11 months. He had been ill only a few days. Interment was had in the Sonora Cemetery Saturday afternoon. The News extends its sympathy to the sorrowing father, aunt and relatives in their grief.

Robert Johnson whose ranch is about 9 miles east of Sonora, was in town Saturday trading.

Chas Ware a well-known stock man of Fort Worth was in Sonora this week.

Dr. W. T. Chapman was down from Eldorado for a short visit Saturday and Sunday.

Harry Meckel and Clomer Holman have returned from Angelo where they took in the fair and races.

Wllie Holland returned Monday from San Angelo accompanied by his mother Mrs. W. A. Holland and sister Miss Bertha and her friend Miss Lillian Hatcher. After a weeks visit to the ranch the ladies will return to San Angelo.

Mrs. Maud Nichols of San Angelo was in Sonora this week looking after her property interest. Mrs. Nichols reports that her sons Claude and Alvin Keene are doing splendidly in the grocery business.

BUY A DETROITER

THE CAR THAT MAKES GOOD

Only \$975

For Information see JACK NABERS

OR
R. L. HARWELL & CO
 SAN ANGELO, TEXAS

SONORA LUMBER CO.

B. F. BELLOWE, PROPRIETOR
 Lumber, Sash, Doors, Blinds, Etc.
 Full Line of DEVOE PAINTS

Lumber at San Angelo at San Angelo prices or at Sonora with freight added from the wagons.

From the yard in small quantities the cost of handling is added. Let me figure on your bill.

Entertainment Postponed.

The Guild of the Episcopal church has abandoned the entertainment proposed for Thanksgiving night and instead have decided to give a play by home talent at the Court House on December 27.

Play by Home Talent.

The Guild of the Episcopal Church will give a play at the Court House on the night of Dec 27. The title of the play has not been announced but the public may depend upon it being worthy of their patronage.

Mr. and Mrs. Genard Stephenson were shopping in town Thursday.

Will Kelley who ranches in the Owensville country was a business visitor in Sonora Friday.

W. N. Kelley of Eldorado, the well known breeder of Dickinson Delaine sheep was in Sonora this week visiting his brother Sol.

Are You a Woman?

Take Cardui

The Woman's Tonic

FOR SALE AT ALL DRUGGISTS

Editor of Sheep Breeder in Sonora.

L. A. Webster, field editor and illustrator for the American Sheep Breeder of Chicago was in Sonora a few days this week. Mr. Webster was pleased and amazed at the grandeur and beauty of the Sonora country. He was surprised to find such a business town as Sonora 70 miles from a railway. He met a few of our stockmen and visited some of the nearby ranches. His time was limited but he has booked himself for a more extended visit to the great Stockman's Paradise, of which Sonora is the trading center at an early date next spring.

W. N. Kelly, the Eldorado sheepman, went from the fair a happy contented exhibitor. He has been in the sheep business these 24 years, 20 of which has been devoted to the raising of fine rams of the Dickinson Delaine breed, and is the only breeder of this strain in Texas. To this, the first fair in which he ever exhibited his stock, he brought five ewes and as many bucks and as often as the law allows, and swears by the San Angelo fair.—Standard.

JERSEY COWS FOR SALE.

A few Jersey Cows and Heifers for sale
 J. L. TARVER,
 97. Sonora.

Subscription \$2 a Year in Advance
Entered at the Postoffice at Sonora
as second-class matter.

Sonora, Texas, Nov. 8, 1913.

TEXAS SUGAR INDUSTRY

Built Up by Home Patronage State Sands Second in Production.

Sugar and related products are obtained from three widely different classes of plants, to-wit: cane, beets and maple trees. In Texas cane is the only article producing sugar in commercial quantities. The soil and climate of the coast country from the Mississippi to the Rio Grande are especially adapted to the propagation of sugar cane.

We have 40,000 acres in cane, producing 400,000 tons, valued at \$4.50 per ton, and the average production is ten tons per acre. The sugar cane crop for 1912 approximated \$2,300,000 in value. The entire production is manufactured in Texas. We ship into the state from Porto Rico for refining at our mills 10,000,000 pounds of raw sugar per annum, and approximately 50,000,000 pounds from Cuba. We manufacture per annum in Texas 250,000 barrels of sugar and 20,000 barrels of syrup. One-half of the Texas production is compelled to seek a market outside the State, although we consume four times more sugar than we produce. The investment in this industry approximates \$2,000,000 and gives employment to 2,000 people. The annual output has a factory value of \$3,000,000. Texas ranks second with the states in the Union in production of sugar cane, Louisiana leading with almost ten times the acreage of Texas. In the United States 6,240,000 tons of sugar cane were produced in 1909, according to the federal census reports. The West Indian Islands furnish the bulk of the raw sugar manufactured in the United States.

The best sugar producing states are on the Canadian border and the Pacific Coast. The production in the United States in 1909 was 3,933,000 tons. The average consumption of sugar per capita in the United States is 87 pounds per annum. A little more than one-half the sugar consumed is for household purposes; the remainder is used in the manufacturing establishments chiefly in the preparation of articles utilized for food and drink.

Mr. Frank Trumbull, the executive head of the M. K. & T. Railway in a recent communication discussed the litigation instigated by the Attorney General against that line. Mr. Trumbull has brought many millions of dollars to Texas and it is so seldom that we have an opportunity of hearing men who are capable of influencing investments, that his utterances are here reproduced in part:

"I have been particularly interested in the development of Texas as it was formerly my home, and I have been for a number of years connected with properties which are important factors in the industrial life of the state. More than that, I have been instrumental in getting a good many millions of dollars invested in Texas.

"We want to improve our Texas lines. We want to give better service. On the other hand we want to look everybody in the face, including our creditors and shareholders, as well as our Texas friends. We cannot ignore our responsibility to investors. No conscientious man can do that.

"I regret that what seems to me an unwarranted and superfluous impairment of our credit has made some of the things I had hoped to do even less possible than they were before. If the state of Texas had endeavored to find a way to prevent our making extensions, it could have hardly chosen a more effective method than to bring suit for penalties aggregating \$105,000,000. We will do the best we can, all things considered, but ought we to ask our friends to put more money into Texas except for maintenance of existing lines?"

"If the suit brought by the state of Texas is successful, I and all my friends here and abroad will lose every dollar we put into that state. What would you do in my place? This is a broad, far-reaching question, but it is a broad and far-reaching condition and not a theory that confronts us. And I am sure you will agree with me that it is a very sobering question to ask one self."

MATCHING PEARLS.

Oriental Believe in Sex and Affinity in the Gems.

Most brides are partial to pearls, and in some eastern countries no other jewels are allowed to figure among the bridal ornaments. In Persia the notion prevails that the pearls themselves are susceptible of married bliss. Among the hereditary jewelers of the Persian court it is an article of faith that pearls have sex, and that every one has its mate, its equal in size and beauty. The surest way to avoid the dreaded pearl disease is to mount the pearls in pairs. If deprived of their mates they languish and lose luster; hence the desire to match pearls which has led to such extravagance.

It is said that the great glory of the ropes of pearls given to Queen Alexandra by some of the princes of India was the perfect matching of almost all of the pearls. Thus the eastern experts believed they were assuring long life for these jewels. It is believed, to foretell misfortune for the owner of pearls when they contract the pearl disease.

Some readers may remember that the first whisper of coming misfortune for the beautiful Empress Eugenie arose when the news was spread abroad that her pearls were spotted and crumbling away. Of course, the French jewelers would have decided the eastern notion of sex and affinity in pearls, but the keepers of the shah's jewels believe in it, and they have preserved many of the crown jewels for centuries. Modern jewelers are always on the lookout for opportunities of matching pearls. You do not find them so anxious to match diamonds or rubies. And it is curious that persistent searching generally discovers that all pearls have doubles in size, luster and weight.—New York Sun.

BATHS IN PARIS.

They Are Something in the Nature of a Public Function.

American tourists when they visit Paris find unexpected difficulties in gratifying their desire for a bath. Conditions are slowly changing for the better, however, and some of the hotels have introduced bathrooms, an innovation brought about mainly to satisfy American demands. A writer in the New York Sun tells how the bath is usually enjoyed:

Like most intimate affairs in France, the bath partakes of the nature of a public function. There is also a choice in the matter. The automobile bath was one franc fifty a bath, or you bought a season ticket for one franc twenty. A man wheels a handcart, which carries a receptacle filled with hot water, surrounded by a tub, to your door. He brings the tub on his head to your room and returns with the hot water, two covered pailfuls at a time. He then retires to the courtyard and waits till you have finished the bath. His cheerful whistle floats up to the window to the accompaniment of your splashing as a reminder that you should not linger which you are not tempted to do in the cramped quarters of a French bath.

The foreign lady's bath is a sort of gala day for the neighborhood. If frequent, the event is discussed by the neighbors across the way. "Truly, that costs dear; they are bien des millions, ces dames Americaines!" And the children flock to count the pails as they are turned out. All of this is well calculated to make the occasion one of keen embarrassment for the foreign lady.

Madest Fitzgerald.

Edward Fitzgerald was utterly careless of his fame. He lived to be an old man, yet not one in a million of his fellow countrymen regarded him as a poet, even if they had heard his name mentioned as an old chum of Alfred Tennyson. Yet he translated "The Rubaiyat of Omar Khayyam" long years before his death. He kept it "checking about" apparently not thinking it worth publication, and when he did print a few copies nobody took any notice of it. Today it is one of the most famous poems in the world.

First Maid Heard of It.

Harry returned to Sunday school, after a long absence, on the day on which tickets for the annual picnic were distributed. He trembled in his seat when the teacher began a quiz on the lesson of the previous Sunday. Finally his turn came.

"Harry, who slew Gollath with a pebble?"

"Honest teacher," said Harry, "I don't know; I didn't even know he was dead."—New York Press.

Just the Other Way.

Old Lady (offering policeman a tract)—I often think you poor policemen run such a risk of becoming bad, being so constantly mixed up with crime. Policeman—You needn't fear, m'm. It's the criminals who run the risk o' becoming saints, being mixed up with us.—London Punch.

Explained.

Mr. Aggie (to Mr. Stoutman, running for a car)—Hello, old boy! I thought you were too lazy to run like that. Mr. Stoutman (angrily)—Easily explained, my dear boy; laziness runs in our family.—Lippincott's Magazine.

Agreed.

Wife—Do you know I have a very little money. In the glass it doesn't look large enough to hold my tongue. Husband (testily)—It isn't.—London Answers.

Men tire themselves in the pursuit of Fast.

—Bterne.

W. McCOMB
WINDMILL
DOCTOR
Phone No. 144
SONORA TEXAS

MARRY TO BECOME MEN.

In Korea Males Are Looked Upon as Children Until They Wed.

The Koreans marry very young, generally between the ages of twelve and fifteen. For a woman to reach twenty without marrying is considered a terrible thing. A peculiarity of these weddings is that they would appear to be a matter of interest to every one except the parties mostly concerned, who often see one another for the first time on the wedding morning. This is because in a Korean household the boys are kept apart from the girls, the father and the sons occupying the front of the house and the mother and daughters living in the rear of the establishment. Moreover, in their social life the boys are not allowed to mix with the girls.

The parents and friends arrange the match in accordance with their own interests, and if both parties agree and the bargain is concluded the formalities are of the simplest. There is no religious ceremony and no legal contract.

Early on the wedding morn, the best man arrives to tie the bridegroom's pigtail in a knot on the top of his head. This not only remains forever as an outward and visible sign of his condition, but entitles him to wear a hat for the first time in his life and to be treated as a man and enter public life. He may be a mere child, twelve years of age, but he has no longer any right to play with his boy friends and must choose his associates among old men.

He has now all civil rights and is expected to behave accordingly. If, on the contrary, a man is unable to afford the luxury of a home and a wife, he may reach the age of fifty, but he must still wear his pigtail down his back, has none of the advantages of citizenship and is expected to play with kites, marbles and such like. Any folly he may commit is excused in the same way as the naughtiness of a child who is not responsible for his actions.

The wedding ceremony itself is most simple. The whole function consists of a procession when the bride and bridegroom are conducted by their respective relations to a dais. There they are put face to face and probably, as already stated, see each other for the first time. They merely glance at one another, then bow, and the knot is tied indissolubly.—Wide World Magazine.

Fingers and Forks.

A New Yorker was speaking of a London horse show he attended.

"A feature of the show," he said, "was the magnificent riding of certain Arab chiefs. These chiefs gave a dinner one evening, an Arab dinner, and they ate the first course—kous-kous—with their fingers.

"An Englishman asked for a fork for his kous kous. When it was brought to him a young Arab said, 'I beg your pardon, but I don't see how you can bear to eat with a fork.'"

"I," the Englishman replied, "was about to remark that I didn't see how you could bear to eat with your fingers."

"But my fingers," said the Arab, "are clean—clean. I know it. I see it myself. But you, sir, how can you feel sure about the cleanliness of your fork?"—New York Tribune.

Japanese Festival Cars.

Most Japanese towns have a shrine or temple dedicated to the tutelary deity of the city. At Ueno, in the Iga province, several beautiful decorated cars are kept at the shrine, and figure annually in a curious procession. When the day of the festival arrives hundreds of pious worshippers drive the cars by means of ropes through the gayly decorated streets of the city—thereby, they believe, greatly pleasing the gods of the shrine. The cars are wonderful examples of Japanese decorative art, richly ornamented with gilding and lacquer work.—Wide World.

How Do You Laugh?

A French paper has discovered that a person's character is expressed in his manner of laughing. If you laugh in "ha-ha" fashion you are frank if a man and inconstant and incapable of keeping a secret if a woman. If you laugh "heh-heh" you are neurotic, melancholy and skeptical. If you adopt a deeper tone and laugh in "ho-ho" you are generous, easy going and good natured. The proper pitch for the fair sex to laugh in is "he-he," while people who laugh with a "ho-ho" effect should be avoided as hypocritical, scandal mongering and miserly.

Morbid Parisians.

Public executions in Paris prove very profitable to the owners of houses commanding the scene. Windows are let out for the occasion, the landlords watching for the first sign of the execution and then at once sending word to the persons who have hired the room. If an ordinary criminal is executed the charge is usually about \$1 per seat, but should the offender have committed any remarkable crime the price runs up to as much as \$50.

Exaggerated Impressions.

"Mr. Meekton says his wife is competent to hold any office in the government."

"That opinion," replied Miss Cayenne, "is the result of his vanity. If he thinks that because she can govern him she must be able to govern the entire nation."—Washington Star.

Flattery.

Flubdub—What do you consider the most delicate form of flattery? Cynus—Telling a married man he doesn't look it.—Judge.

Chance generally favors the prudent.

—Joubert.

Notice to Trespassers.

Notice is hereby given that any one trespassing on our ranches 25 miles southeast of Sonora for the purpose of hunting, cutting timber, hauling wood, hog hunting, working live stock, hunting hogs or injuring fences, without my permission, will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

TRAVELING ENGLISHMEN.

They're Prepared For Anything, From Golf to Sudden Death.

The equipment of the traveling Englishman is the eighth wonder of the world. He is ready for any emergency from golf to sudden death. I recollect once being in a compartment on the Paris boat train, with an English family and their luggage, and I do not remember ever being so pleasantly entertained as I was on that trip. As to the luggage, there were twenty-nine pieces of the hand variety which it took a half hour to dovetail into the racks, while the train stood, in the dingy station at Calais and another half hour to pry out when we reached the dreadful Gare du Nord.

This was only a detail, however, and I have never in my life seen a man work harder to get a family of three women comfortably settled. It was to vain that they protested against more wraps and rugs, against smelling salts and speckled fruit. Being a man, he knew so much better than they what they needed, and he gently but firmly had his way.

Finally he dozed off to sleep, resting audibly from his labors. He had taken off his great coat by his amazing capes and neckties, and as his coat tails became parted in his somnolent writhings I plainly saw a good sized holster protruding through the afore-said coat tails, evidently strapped around his portly waist.

"Alas!" I said to myself, "here we have a mystery! My comrade is perhaps a spy en route to Germany." This holstered—with its supposed brace of fire-arms—fascinated me unexpectably, and about it I built a lovely blood curdling romance as we sped on through the monotonous French country. Finally my neighbor awoke, rosy and refreshed, and upon one of his daughters asking him some question about Paris he unbuckled the holster, took it off and, while I watched with bulging eyes, opened it and calmly extracted a guide book. What else that deceiving case may have contained I have no means of knowing—perhaps a couple of matches or a bottle of Scotch.—Lippincott.

FOUND A HIDING PLACE.

Then They Got a Big Surprise When Daylight Appeared.

The father of Joseph Altsheuler, the writer of war stories, was a Prussian who came to this country a few years before the war between the states broke out and settled in Warren county, Kentucky. By reason of his foreign birth the elder Altsheuler was not subject to draft by either army when hostilities began, but his southern sympathies made him obnoxious to a group of bushwhackers who, posing as Federals, infested the vicinity of the Kentucky-Tennessee state line.

One starless, moonless night in the summer of 1862 a neighbor came with the word that the bushwhackers were on their way to kill Mr. Altsheuler and another resident of the vicinity who had been outspoken in his approval of secession. It was not certain, the messenger said, which road of two the marauders would take to reach the homes of their proposed victims; but it was certain that they would be along soon.

Mr. Altsheuler and the other threatened man gathered up a blanket apiece, and went into the woods to hide. In the darkness they speedily lost all sense of direction. For an hour they wandered about, seeking a suitable camping place. Finally they came to a spot that was free of trees and where the ground felt smooth underfoot. So they spread their blankets and went to sleep, secure in the belief that no bushwhacker could find them there.

The rising sun, shining in their faces, waked them. They sat up and looked around. They had been asleep all night at the only place where the marauders could not have failed to find them had their plans been carried out at the forks of the country road.—Saturday Evening Post.

Diameter of a Fine Wire.

Should you ever find it necessary to obtain the diameter of a fine wire, it may be done in this manner: Wind it carefully around a piece of pencil in one layer for an inch or so, that each turn is touching the previous one. Then measure exactly an inch along the wire and count the number of turns in the inch. You then have the information. Thus, if there are eighteen turns the wire is one-eighteenth of an inch diameter.

Gas in Trees.

An interesting phenomenon, says a writer in American Forestry, is the escape of gas from cavities at the base of hardwood trees in the Ozarks, when the trees are cut down. "When the cavities are cut into the gas escapes with a whistling sound, and if lighted it will burn with a faint yellow flame." Decomposition of the heart wood of the tree is supposed to cause the formation of the gas.

A Mean Man.

"I never was so embarrassed in my life. I came face to face with my first husband."

"What did he say?"

"Nothing much. He just looked up at me and smiled and then said, 'Who are you nagging now, Mary?'"—Detroit Free Press.

Woodpecker's Waterloo.

"That woodpecker may be persistent, but I think he's beaten this time."

"What is he trying to do?"

"Drill a hole in an iron trolley pole."—Pittsburgh Post.

Wrestling With a Razor.

Little Minnie—Oh, mamma, what's that dreadful noise? Mamma—Hush, darling, papa's trying to save the price of a shave.—Puck.

A Man of High Degree.

"Professor Dornedach appears to be a very high man."

"Yes; only on an extremely hot day can the thermometer rival him in the number of degrees."—Buffalo Express.

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Notice is hereby given that all trespassers on my ranch 21 miles south of Sonora for the purpose of cutting timber, hauling wood, working live stock, hunting hogs or injuring fences, without my permission, will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

D. B. CUSENBARY,
Sonora, Texas.

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KICKED ON THE TIPS.

The Waiter Thought the Rule Should Not Work Both Ways.

"My bill at the cabaret, restaurant on Broadway was \$25, and when I gave the waiter a tip of a dollar, he frowned."

"The speaker was a banker from Duluth. He continued warmly:

"What are you frowning about? I asked the waiter, 'Isn't that a generous tip for a few minutes work on your part?'"

"In New York," the man answered, "the rule is always to give a tip of 10 per cent. Your bill, sir, called for a \$2.50 tip. So, naturally, I feel a little aggrieved. But it is easy to see, sir, that you are not a New Yorker, and so it can't be expected that you'd know the rules."

"Well, I pocketed the waiter's insult, and the next time I was in that neighborhood I dropped in on him again. This time I was alone, and, not being hungry, I only ate a \$1.15 meal. When it was over I handed the waiter a tip of 11 cents. You ought to have seen his face. It was worse than before."

"It's all right," I assured him. "It's according to the 10 per cent rule that you taught me. If a man's bill is exorbitant that makes no difference, according to the rule. Well, then, when a man's bill is small, it should make no difference, either."

"The waiter glowered at me. He shook the 11 cents in his palm sarcastically. I said, as I rose to go:

"And, by jove, it won't make any difference either. If you waiters insist on your 10 per cent for large amounts, then you've got to take it for small amounts, too. At least, by jingo, you've got to take it from me. I'm from Duluth, but I know my way about."

The Duluth banker sighed heavily.

"But the fact remains," he said, "that, ever since that waiter called me down, I give 10 per cent on big amounts like a fool and like a fool I give 20 to 30 per cent on small amounts."—Minneapolis Journal.

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TREASURY RELICS

Historical Treasures on File in the Auditor's Office.

These Cover a Period of Eight Years, and Are in the Handwriting of the Great Patriot—Receipts Signed by Daniel Webster, and Henry Clay.

ACCOUNTS OF G. WASHINGTON.

The archives of the United States treasury are rich with relics. In the files of the office of the auditor of the treasury department may be seen the canceled check showing the payment to Lafayette in 1824 of \$200,000 by the United States "in consideration of his services and sacrifices in the war of the Revolution." William H. Crawford, then secretary of the treasury, signed the warrant, and in the characteristic French handwriting on the reverse is the indorsement of Lafayette. A canceled check or warrant for \$15,000,000 represents the payment for the Louisiana purchase under the treaty of 1803.

The purchase under the treaty, characterized at the time as "Seward's folly," of Alaska is evidenced by a warrant for \$7,200,000, signed by F. B. Spinner, who at the time was secretary of the treasury. The wording of the warrant begins and runs: "Pay to the undersigned envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of his majesty the emperor of all the Russias." This warrant called for payment in coin and was so paid through the Riggs bank, then a private banking institution of Washington, after being indorsed by Edward de Stoeckel, the Russian minister at that time.

The purchase of the Philippine Islands from Spain is represented in the important financial transactions of the government by four warrants of \$5,000,000 each. As a treaty cannot be entered into by one country directly with another, the warrants were indorsed by Jules Cambon, the French minister, who had declined the authority to represent the Spanish government.

The Panama canal purchase represented the largest financial transaction of the government. The payment was made by a common draft, payable to "J. Pierpont Morgan & Co., special disbursing agent," through whom it was paid to the French company, the former owner. The late J. Pierpont Morgan himself indorsed the draft. A short time previous there had been issued a warrant for \$10,000,000, covering the cost of the canal zone, an area of ten miles on each side of the canal. As these canceled checks are held as receipts, it could happen, in case of their loss, that the government might not be able to show that the moneys were actually paid.

Not less interesting as relics are "Accounts—G. Washington with the United States, commencing June, 1775, and ending June, 1783, comprehending a space of eight years." Under the caption are three or four dilapidated calf bound account books in the handwriting of the great American patriot. These accounts were justly kept while he was on the war, but they were brought up with great accuracy from day to day.

At the end of each book there is a comprehensive recapitulation. Individual money and funds of the government expended by him are specifically indicated. In a footnote he calls attention to a particular item which he appeared to have paid, but for which he had no voucher. He deducted the amount of the item from his credit until the matter could be definitely settled. All of his accounts are expressed in English money.

A contemporaneous account book kept by Caleb Gibbs shows the personal expenses of Washington and his military "family," meaning, no doubt, his immediate staff. The entries are usually headed, "Headquarters, on the march." For the most part they cover purchases of food supplies, but now and then are such entries as:

"To cash for a broom that Peter bought some time ago, sixpence."

"Cash paid for mending the chariot, 1 shilling."

"Agreed with Peggy for 4 shillings per month for the general's washing and 4 shillings per dozen for the gentlemen of the family."

Among other things of interest in the auditor's office are books showing allowances to members of congress to and from Washington. In the Thirtieth congress \$963 for mileage is recited in a faint, uncertain hand "D. Webster." A payment of \$500 for 111 days' attendance is shown to have been made to Henry Clay.—Harper's Weekly.

Bowling.

Bowling, or bowling, is one of the most popular and ancient of English pastimes; its origin being traceable to the twelfth century. It was held in such disfavor for years that laws were enacted against it, and it was an illegal pursuit. Allevy were built, however, as it could not be played out of doors during the winter, and the game flourished in spite of opposition. In the beginning of the eighteenth century greens began to increase, while the alleys were rigorously and absolutely suppressed. It soon became a royal game, and no gentleman's place was complete without a bowling green.—New York Press.

Notice to Trespassers.

Notice is hereby given that all trespassers on my ranch 6 miles south of Sonora, for the purpose of cutting timber, hauling wood or hunting hogs without my permission, will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

56-1 J. T. Evans, Cr.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

The Best Salve In The World.

BARGAINS IN TITLES.

Plenty of Foreign Countries Where You May Find Them.

Although foreign countries do not openly advertise their real estate to do business with those who aspire to a handle to their names, the fact is generally recognized that a desirable traffic in titles is carried on. The King of Greece, San Marino, which does a thriving trade in titles of nobility at fixed rates, devotes a great part of the profits to the maintenance of its foundling and orphan asylum. It will make you, and all your heirs or only your male heirs, if such is your desire, a duke for \$5,000 or an earl for \$3,750.

An idea of the traffic done in titles may be gathered from the fact that a German firm trading in Sweden sends out a circular, marked "Private and confidential," offering to secure any orders and decorations required.

The orders of St. George vary in price in different countries. In Sicily it costs \$375 and in