

## PRESIDENT IS NOW OUT OF DANGER.

Buffalo, September 10.—The corps of eminent surgeons and physicians in attendance upon the wounded president today committed themselves without reservation to the opinion that their patient is out of danger and that only the possibility of complications threatened his life.

"Of course we will all feel easier when a week is passed," said Dr. McBurney, the dean of the corps. "We would like to see every door locked and double locked, but the danger from possible complications is now very remote."

## M'KINLEY IS SHOT

Twice Wounded by an Assassin at Buffalo.

## RECOVERY HOPED

Second Shot Penetrates Stomach.

## THE CRIME OF AN ANARCHIST

Fired as the President Reached Out to Shake His Hand.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Sept. 6.—President McKinley was shot twice by an assassin as he stood in the Temple of Music at the Pan-American Exposition at 4 o'clock this afternoon. The shots were fired by Leon Czolgosz, who says that he is an Anarchist and has "only done his duty."

The attempted assassination took place in the presence of 3000 persons who had crowded into the Temple of Music, while 10,000 others stood outside the temple waiting for a chance to enter and shake hands with the President.

**TWO BULLETS STRIKE HIM.**  
The first bullet struck the President in the chest, deflected from the sternum to the right and travelled beneath the skin to a point directly below the right nipple. The second bullet penetrated the stomach.

Only a superficial wound was caused by the first bullet, and within five minutes after the physicians reached the President it had been removed. The second bullet was not found.

**SECOND CAUSES DANGEROUS WOUND.**  
An operation was performed on the President at the Emergency Hospital on the Exposition grounds at 6 o'clock by Dr. Matthew D. Mann, Dr. John Parmenter and Dr. Herman Mynter. The President's abdomen was opened, but the bullet was not found. Drainage tubes were inserted, the incision was sewed up and at 7:45 o'clock the President was removed to the home of John G. Milburn at Delaware avenue and Ferry street.

**DOCTORS HOPEFUL.**  
The doctors stated after the operation that they were hopeful, and that while the wound caused by the second shot was serious, it was not necessarily fatal.

**PHYSICIANS STATEMENT.**  
At 7 o'clock to-night and after an operation had been performed

on the President, the following bulletin was issued by the physicians:

"The President was shot about 4 o'clock. One bullet struck him on the upper breast bone, glancing and not penetrating. The second bullet penetrated the abdomen five inches below the left nipple and one and one-half inches to the left of the median line.

"The abdomen was opened through the line of the bullet wound. It was found that the bullet had penetrated the stomach. The opening in the front wall of the stomach was carefully closed with silk sutures, after which a search was made for a hole in the back wall of the stomach. This was found and also closed in the same way. The further course of the bullet could not be discovered although careful search was made.

"The abdominal wound was closed without drainage. No injury to the intestines or other abdominal organs was discovered.

"The patient stood the operation well; pulse of good quality, rate 130. Condition at the conclusion of the operation was gratifying. The result cannot be foretold. His condition at present justifies hope of recovery."

The man who did the shooting was seized immediately by the detectives. He offered no resistance and at first refused to give any information about himself.

Later he said his name was Leon Czolgosz and that he was 28 years old.

**HIS REVOLVER HIDDEN IN HANDKERCHIEF.**

The reception to the President this afternoon was one to which the general public had been invited. President John G. Milburn of the Exposition had introduced the President to the great crowd in the Temple, and men, women and children came forward for a personal greeting.

Among those in line was Czolgosz whose right hand was wrapped in a handkerchief. Folded in the handkerchief was the revolver he was to use.

A little girl was led up by her father and the President shook hands with her. As she passed along to the right the President looked after her, smiled and waved his hand in a pleasant farewell.

**FIRES AS PRESIDENT EXTENDS HIS HAND.**

Next in line came the assassin. As the President turned to the right again, bringing his right hand about in the characteristic attitude with which he extends it while receiving, Czolgosz thrust out both his hands, brushed aside the President's extended hand, and brought the revolver hidden in the handkerchief up against the President's chest. At the same instant

he pulled the trigger. The first bullet entered too high for the purpose of the assassin, who fired again as soon as his finger could move the trigger. On receiving the first shot President McKinley had lifted himself on his toes with something of a gasp. His movement caused the second shot to enter the abdomen.

With the second shot the President doubled slightly forward and then sank back. Detective Geary caught the President in his arms and President Milburn helped to support him.

**ASSAILANT QUICKLY SEIZED.**

Almost before the noise of the second shot sounded, Czolgosz was seized by S. R. Ireland, United States Secret Service man, who stood directly opposite the President. Ireland threw him to the floor, and as he fell a negro waiter named John Harper, also leaped upon him. Soldiers of the United States artillery detailed at the reception sprang forward as did a squad of Exposition police and Secret Service detectives.

Detective Gallagher grabbed Czolgosz' right hand, tore away the handkerchief and seized the revolver. The artillery men seeing the revolver in Gallagher's hand rushed at him and handled him rather roughly. Meanwhile Ireland and the negro held the assassin, endeavoring to shield him from the attacks of the infuriated artillerymen and the blows of the policemen's clubs.

**PRESIDENT MAKES NO OUTCRY.**

Supported by Detective Geary and President Milburn and surrounded by Secretary George B. Cortelyou and half a dozen Exposition officials the President was assisted to a chair. His face was very white, but he made no outcry and sank back with one hand holding his abdomen and the other fumbling at his breast. His eyes were open and he was clearly conscious of all that had happened.

**HIS FIRST THOUGHT FOR HIS WIFE.**  
He looked up into President Milburn's face and gasped "Cortelyou." The President's secretary bent over him.

"Cortelyou" said the President, "my wife. Be careful about her. Don't let her know."

Moved by pain he writhed to the left, and then his eyes fell on the prostrate form of his would-be murderer. Czolgosz lay on the floor, helpless beneath the blows of the guard. The President raised his right hand and placed it on the shoulder of the secretary. "Let no one hurt him," he said, and then sank back in the chair while the guards carried Czolgosz away.

**PRESIDENT REMAINS CONSCIOUS.**

An ambulance from the Exposition Hospital was summoned immediately and the President, still conscious, sank upon the stretcher. Secretary Cortelyou and Mr. Milburn rode with him in the ambulance, and in nine minutes after the shooting the President was awaiting the arrival of surgeons, who had been summoned from all parts of the city and by special train from Niagara Falls.

The President continued conscious and conversed with Mr. Cortelyou and Mr. Milburn on his way to the hospital. "I am sorry," he said, "to have

been the cause of trouble to the Exposition."

Three thoughts had found expression with the President—first, that the news should be kept from his wife; second, that the assassin should not be harmed and third regret that the tragedy might hurt the Exposition.

**BULLET WILL BE LEFT IN BODY.**

Buffalo, N. Y., September 10.—The little piece of lead in the muscles of the back is giving the physicians no concern whatever. Unless it should prove troublesome to the president later on he probably will carry the grim souvenir of the anarchist with him to the end of his days.

The doctors say that once encysted it can do no harm. The X-ray machine is ready for instant use, however, and if there is the slightest inflammation or pain in the vicinity of the bullet, an operation will be performed.

**ASSASSIN IS CLEVER.**

**Police Unable to Get Details They Want From Him.**

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 9.—Czolgosz has made no additional admissions to the police officials, and nothing they have learned from him has added toward the solution of the criminal side of the case. He still insists that he alone conceived, planned and carried out the crime; that he alone must answer for it. He admits that he attended the meetings at which Emma Goldman spoke, and where he and his fellow anarchists discussed their propaganda of murder, but steadfastly denies that any of them had part in his plans. His talks with them were fairly general, he says, and he did not divulge to them any feature of his scheme to kill the President. His statement on that feature made on Saturday created the impression that he acknowledged a general talk with his associates on this particular crime, but he now says there is no justification for that impression. He is to be subjected to another examination by Superintendent of Police Bull and District Attorney Penney, but the results are problematical. The stories that the prisoner is wearing out physically and mentally under the strain of his crime and imprisonment and the ordeal of questioning is denied by the police, who say there is no appreciable change in his general condition. They admit that he was clever enough to avoid admissions of a damaging character on the ground outside his general confession.

**Punishment of Assassin.**

Buffalo, N. Y., September 9.—William J. Bryan telegraphed the Times as follows: "Free governments may be overthrown, but they cannot be reformed by those who violate the commandment: 'Thou Shalt Not Kill.' Under a government like ours wrong can be remedied by laws and the laws are in the hands of the people themselves. Anarchy can neither be excused nor tolerated here. The man who proposes to right a public wrong by taking the life of a human being makes himself an outlaw and can not consistently appeal to the protection of the

government which he repudiates. He invites a return to a state of barbarism in which each one must at his own risk defend his own rights and avenge his own wrongs. The punishment administered to the would-be assassin and to his co-conspirators, if he has any, should be such as to warn all inclined to anarchy that while this is an asylum for those who love liberty it is an inhospitable place for those who raise their heads against all forms of government.

"W. J. BRYAN."

**TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**Will Be Purely a Local Matter, Say Cabinet Officers.**

Buffalo, September 9.—Many sensational reports are being circulated about cabinet action looking to the apprehension and prosecution of Emma Goldman and leaders of anarchists' organizations, of mysterious directions from the secretary of war to the chief of police here and of developments of a startling nature that are anticipated. The great majority of these reports, in the words of the cabinet officers are "manufactured of whole cloth." As to the question of the prosecution of Czolgosz the cabinet are unanimously of the opinion that it is purely a local affair. There is no government statute covering an assault upon the president of the United States, and, in the eyes of the law, the crime of last Friday is merely a local offense committed against a private citizen in violation of the laws of the State of New York and of Erie county. The National government can have no hand in the prosecution of a local offender; his trial will take place in the local courts.

No specific order for the arrest or detention of Emma Goldman has been sent out by Superintendent Bull, but it is possible that she will be arrested on the general request that the police throughout the country locate any persons who may be suspected of complicity in the crime.

**City Ordinance.**

Be it ordained by the city council of the city of Crockett that the limits within which horses, asses, mules and cattle are allowed to run at large be and the same are hereby changed to include boundaries as follows, to wit: Beginning at N. E. corner block No. 23, thence South with the West boundary line Tchoupitoulas St. to the S. E. corner of block No. 35 corner, thence East to the S. E. corner of lot 20, block 32 corner. Thence north to the N. E. corner of lot 14, block 32, corner, thence East to the N. W. corner of the brick school house lot corner, thence south with the western boundary line of said lot to the S. W. corner thereof. Thence east with the southern boundary of same to the S. E. corner thereof, thence north with the Eastern boundary thereof, to the start, thence north with the southern boundary line of said street to the street which connects Main street with Public street, corner, thence north to the northern boundary line of Public street, corner, thence west with the northern boundary line of Public street to the S. E. corner of lot 139 block 20, corner, thence north to the N. E. corner lot 140 block 20, corner, thence west to the place of beginning, and all stock above described found within said limits shall be subject to the provisions of the stock impounding ordinances in force in the said city of Crockett. All ordinances and parts of ordinances in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

S. T. BRASLEY,  
CHAS. LONG, Mayor.  
Secretary.

SEPTEMBER DELINEATOR  
full of bright information  
ON SALE.  
Pattern section.

# The Big Store.

BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS  
SEPTEMBER PATTERNS  
ON SALE.

The up to date dry goods house, also carry the "biggest" line Hardware, Furniture and Groceries of any house in Houston county. Note our prices on a few articles:

**SILKS.**  
We carry the largest and best assorted lines of silk of any house in Crockett. See our low prices:  
Best oiled Taffeta 27 inches wide guaranteed not to split, per yd \$1.  
23 inch Taffeta per yd 75c.  
Peau De Soie Silk, best that's made, 24 ins. wide, per yd \$1.25.  
Good quality Peau De Soie per yd \$1.  
19 inch Peau De Soie per yd 75c.  
China Silks, in pink, blue, red, black, green and white, best quality, per yard 50c.  
Liberty Silks in all colors, per yard 75c.  
Silk shirt waist patterns, 4 yds in each pattern, per pattern, \$2.75.  
27 inch satin, silk back, good as there is made, per yd \$1.  
19 inch satin, per yd 50c.

**DRESS GOODS.**  
Three patterns French lace Leno cheap at 50c yd, closing price 30c.  
Beautiful line silk mulls in dam-

ty evening shades, something suitable for this hot weather per yard, 30c.  
Several patterns of silk striped Silkotins De Chine, something very fashionable in dress goods, closing price 30c.  
Six patterns silk gingham, price from 15c to \$30c per yard.  
Four patterns satin striped Challie, sold at the first of season for 50c, closing price 20c.  
Hindoo Cloth, something new in black goods, washable, per yd 25c.  
The best quality of Foulard silk, good 50c quality, to close out 30c.  
Heavy Sealand domestic, yard wide, 20 yards for \$1.  
100 yards pretty figured Challie, well worth 10c, to close out 4c.

**WHITE GOODS.**  
Beautiful checked and striped Dimity, per yard, 8½c.  
Satin stripe white dress goods, per yard 20c.  
The prettiest and finest in the

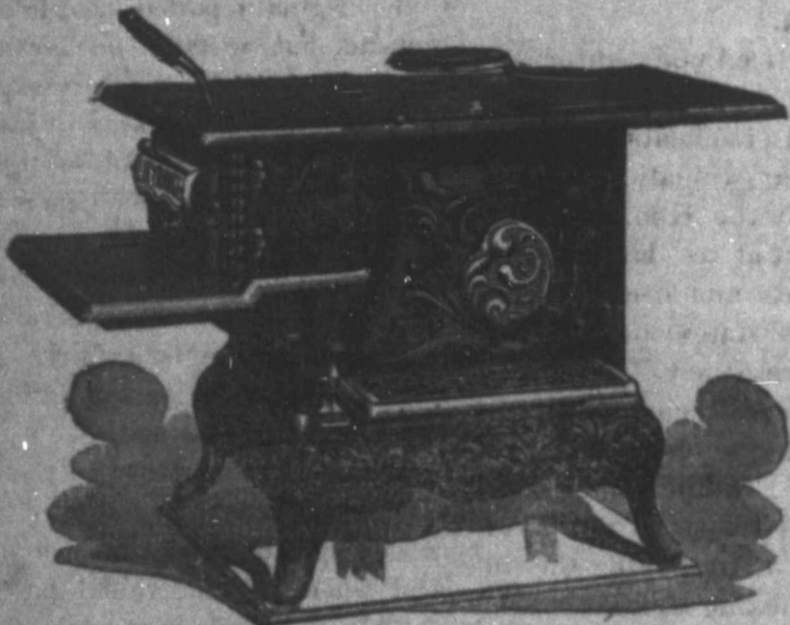
town, stripe plaid and flowered, per yd 40c.  
Twenty yards yard wide bleached domestic \$1.  
Twenty yards best calico for \$1.  
Twenty-five yards good quality lawn or dimity \$1.  
Twenty yards best quality apron gingham \$1.  
Twenty yards India linen \$1.  
Dress linen, good quality, per yard 15c.  
Twenty-five yards plain lawn or checked nasook \$1.  
Good grade cottonade per yd 10c.  
20 yards mattress ticking \$1.  
Best quality feather ticking per yard 12½c.  
Pique, the very best quality, per yd 20c.  
Pique, good quality, per yd 8½c.  
Organdies, best qualities in pink, blue and red, per yd 10c.  
The best figured lawns, original price 15c to 20c yard, to close out per yard 10c.

**EMBROIDERIES AND LACES.**  
500 pieces embroiderv, 6½ yards in each piece, in all widths, best quality, per bolt 35c to \$1.  
Swiss and Hamburg embroidery, sold by the yard from 5c to 40c.  
Valencine laces from 3½c to 20c per yard.  
Torchon laces from 3½c to 50c per yard.  
All over lace from 25c to \$1.50.

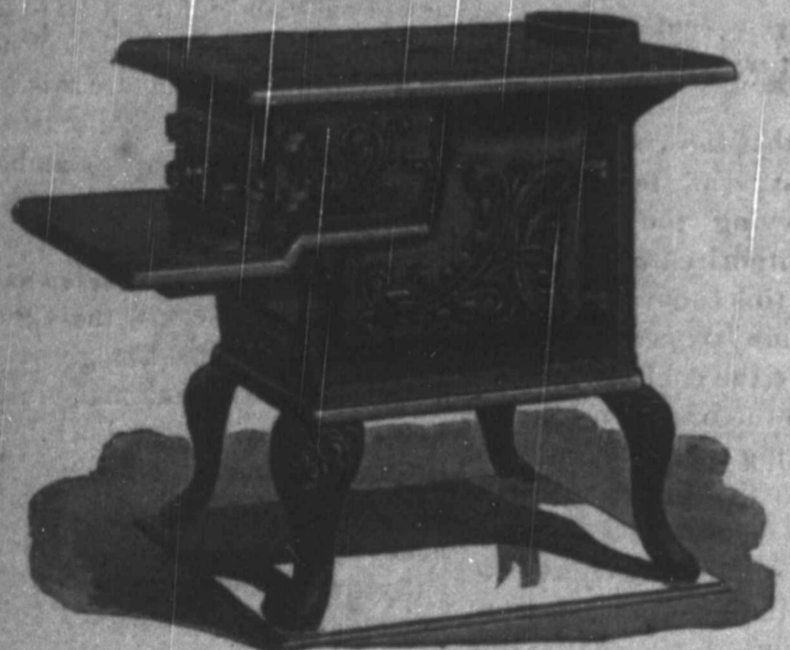
**SOMETHING NEW IN HOSIERY.**  
Beautiful drop stitched hose in black and fancy colors, per pair 50 cents.  
Good quality drop stitched hose in black, per pair 25c.

**SHOES.**  
One lot 1069 ladies' ideal kid four strap sandals, French heel, worth \$3.25. They go in this sale at \$2.75.

One lot ideal kid Oxfords, No. 1028, a bargain for \$3.50, to close, price \$3.  
One lot patent vici, velvet top, French heel Oxfords, a thing of beauty, cheap at \$3. Try a pair at \$2.50.  
16 pairs No. A 6 Las. Oxfords coin toe and common sense heel, good value at \$1.25.  
A few pairs of the Fandango slippers left, we will close out per pair at 22½c.  
Several pairs Mascot Oxford ties, worth \$1.50, will close out per pair at 82c.  
One dozen pairs ladies' ties worth \$1.25, will close out per pair at 65c.  
Men's e-amelled vici, the latest style, good wearer, \$3.50.  
Just in—Desnoyer's men's Ideal Kid, a handsome shoe, the latest style, per pair at \$5.  
One lot patent leather Bals, shape and finish the very latest, another of the new styles, per pair \$3.25.



No. 7. "Lilly Darling," with back shelf, nickel finish. Everything in hollowware and tinware needed with stove. This stove is sold under a strict guarantee. Price \$19.50  
No. 8. Same description as above. \$22.50



No. 8. "Mascot," complete with tinware and 2 pots, 2 bakers, 1 tea kettle, 2 bread pans and everything needed with a stove, and sold under a guarantee. Price \$15.00

We carry a full line of sheet iron heating stoves at the following prices:  
No. 1. "Special," nickel knob finish, price, \$2.75  
No. 2. " " " " " " " " 4.00  
No. 1. "Mars," " " " " " " 2.25  
No. 2. " " " " " " " " 3.75  
No. 125. Iron Heater, 1889 model, price, 5.00  
No. 118. " " Eclipse, " " 3.50  
No. 122. " " " " " " 4.50

## WAGONS.

Hickman Wagons, best that's made. Every Wagon sold under a written guarantee. Hickman wagons have a world wide reputation. Come and see them. Prices are as follows:

1½ in. Steel axle with shafts and lazyback seat	\$37.50
2½ in. T. S. round hounds 22 inch bow-staple beds	52.50
2½ in. T. S. round hounds 24 inch bow-staple beds	55.00
3 in. T. S. round hounds 24 inch bow-staple beds	57.50

## FURNITURE

No. 2. Suit, (3 pcs.) Oak finish, 15x20 mirror,	\$12.00
No. 3. Suit, (3 pcs.) Walnut finish, 18x22 mirror,	14.00
No. 8. Suit, (3 pcs.) all oak, 20x24 mirror,	17.50
No. 73. Suits, " with new style dresser and wash stand, all oak only	20.00
No. 80. Suits, (3 pcs.) Oak dresser with French bevel plate mirror, new style dresser and wash stand. Price	28.50

## BEDS, BEDS, BEDS.

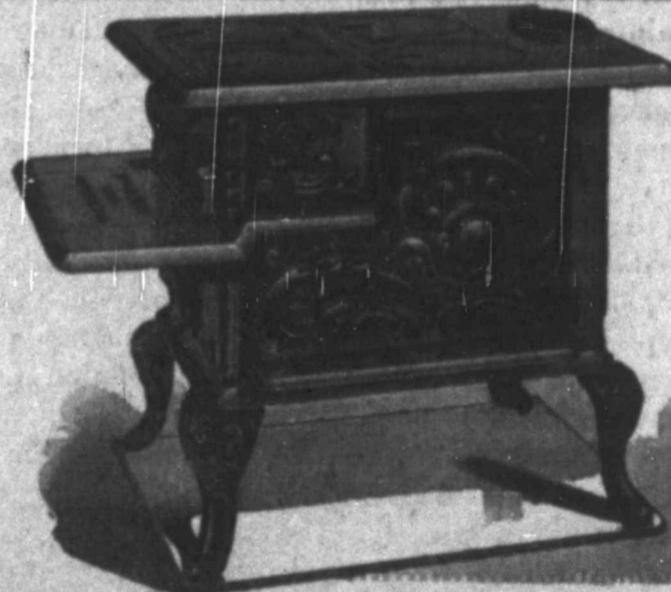
No. 38. Bed,	\$1.50
" 37. " "	2.50
" 35. " "	3.00
" 39. " "	3.75
" 40. " "	4.00
" 41. " "	5.00
" 53. " "	6.10
Iron beds from \$3 to	8.00

We will carry a full line of chairs in willow rockers, parlor chairs, dining-room chairs, matting, rugs, carpets etc., mattresses and springs.

Get our prices before buying.



No. 8. "Queen Darling," silver trimmed with shelves and platform. Everything in tinware and hollowware goes with this stove. No better sold anywhere. We guarantee satisfaction, and O. K. any of our line of stoves or your money refunded. Price on above stove \$30.00  
No. 8-16. Like above cut is our Century Range, with nickel bands and full nickel trim and thing of beauty. Tinware and hollowware and everything needed with a stove. Price complete \$27.50



No. 7. "Prince," complete with hollowware and a full crate tinware. Like above cut. Price \$10.00

## HERE ARE SIX OF OUR STRONG POINTS:

Price always the lowest. Quality always the best. Goods always exchanged. Money always refunded. Truthful advertising. Courteous treatment to all.

# JAS. S. SHIVERS & CO.



### A Baby's Birth

is very much like the blossoming of a flower. Its beauty and perfection depends entirely upon the care bestowed upon its parent. Expectant mothers should have the tenderest care. They should be spared all worry and anxiety. They should eat plenty of good nourishing food and take gentle exercises. This will go a long way toward preserving their health and their beauty as well as that of the little one to come. But to be absolutely sure of a short and painless labor they should use

## Mother's Friend

regularly during the months of gestation. This is a simple liniment, which is to be applied externally. It gives strength and vigor to the muscles and prevents all of the discomforts of pregnancy, which women used to think were absolutely necessary. When Mother's Friend is used there is no danger whatever.

Get Mother's Friend at the drug store, \$1 per bottle.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.  
ATLANTA, GA.

Write for our free book, "Before Baby is Born."

### Editorial Letter.

A movement is in contemplation to endow the Alamo with a fund sufficient to beautify and enlarge its present surroundings and at the same time create a fund in perpetuity for its proper maintenance.

In order to accomplish this an endless chain contribution of fifty cents from every patriotic resident in Texas is proposed; the idea being that the Alamo is the property of the entire state, that every one should have the privilege of sharing in the tribute to the glorious memories of '36, and that by distributing an expense in an infinitesimal manner no individual burden can be felt.

The project has met with the approval of Governor Sayers, the legislature has endorsed it by unanimous resolution and it has the promised co-operation of the most prominent men of the state.

The people at large throughout Texas should now rally to the support of the movement. It should be a matter of pride as well as duty to do so.

The Alamo has been too long neglected.

Nothing since the days of Grecian history offers such a picture of magnificent devotion to a principle. Certainly no other state in the Union can touch the record of those brave men who, refusing to cross the line, died fighting for Texas liberty. It is a lesson which every Texan child should learn next to its evening prayer.

Born in bloodshed and peril, with a tempestuous childhood, Texas may perhaps be forgiven the long delay to fittingly honor the memory of those who gave their lives that she might become great. Today, full grown, triumphant in her knowledge of much accomplished and more to be achieved, there is no further excuse.

The state should as one voice proclaim its reverent gratitude for the past, its sense of obligation to the present and to all future time.

A brief outline of plan to beautify the Alamo in a manner due its unique position as chief and most precious relic of Texas is hereby submitted:

First. Buy all property available of the block now surrounding the Alamo. Develop and beautify as a park.

Second. Build monument in the martyrs of '36, directly opposite

site the Alamo, where the bodies were burned, present strip of park being extended as far as Houston street, and surround Alamo north, east and west by park.

Third. Endow Alamo, monument and park with a fund in perpetuity, sufficient for their proper care.

Fourth. Form board of trustees, three in number, to be appointed by the Governor of Texas, with ex-officio member in the person of the Governor, who shall hold a decided vote in case of disagreement, all action on part of the board to be unanimous.

Fifth. Raise requisite sum for the purchase of the property, for necessary expenditure incidental to enterprise, and for permanent endowment fund, by solicited subscription of 50 cents from every adult Texan.

Sixth. Start endless chain letter October 1st from the 240 county judges, to the effect that any one enclosing full name and address and fifty cents, (or forty-nine cents in stamps with paraffine protection, purchasable of local postmaster) will secure by return mail a photograph of the painting of the Alamo, presented to William McKinley, President of the United States, on the occasion of his recent visit to San Antonio.

The money will be sent to special committee, appointed by the Governor of the state, custodian of the fund to be State Treasurer. Each name of contributor, as received, will be registered and printed upon a monster memorial to be deposited later beneath the corner stone of the monument.

Seventh. Ask postmaster general through congressmen, to authorize postmasters throughout the state to receive and distribute, upon demand, these endless chain letters; also encourage banks, merchants, insurance companies, cattle associations and the like in the state, to become bureaus of distribution for the letters, which will be printed in form and brevity best suited for the purpose to be obtained.

Prizes of three hundred, two hundred and one hundred dollars, will be offered for the best editorial written during the months of August, September and October, on the subject of the Alamo, its history, its moral lesson, the duty of the state toward the preservation, etc.

### Science in Favor of Temperance.

EDITOR COURIER:

The Review of Reviews in a late article on the Tuberculosis Congress, recently held in London, says: "Professor Bronardel, of Paris, in his paper on the prevention of consumption, dwelt upon the importance of dry, well-lighted houses and generally wholesome conditions of life, and placed especial emphasis upon the danger of drink in relation to tubercular diseases. He is quoted as saying that alcoholism is the most potent factor in propagating tuberculosis; the strongest man who has once taken to drink is powerless against it."

"Another eminent French specialist, Dr. Daremberg, has now made an alarming report on the prevalence and steady growth of consumption in France, where one-third of all deaths is now due to that disease. He attributes its recent frightful progress to the manner in which the French nation has of late taken to alcoholic drinks. It is high time that the double fight against poisonous beverages and tubercular infection should be waged by the united efforts of science and government."

S. F. TENNEY,  
Crockett, Texas, Sept. 3d, 1901.

### By All Means, City Ownership.

Yes, by all means. And why stop at electric lights and water works? Let's take in the baker, the butcher, the druggist, the dry goods man, the shoe man, the ice man, the vender of peanuts, the popper of corn, and the peddler of hot tamales. It is such a good thing let's have lots of it. The latter class—the merchants—are the class who get all our money, and if city ownership will prevent these greedy individuals from making us pay for all we have to buy, let us have it. Extend the good thing further: let us have city ownership of newspapers. They are one of the common necessities of the people, and what right has an individual to run a monopoly and charge the people 40 cents a month for subscription, and \$40 a month for a page advertisement? when the city can render the same service at half the money—and it would be cheap at that.

Some people do not seem to think that municipal ownership is practical. In this they are mistaken. All that is necessary is to hire a cheap man—all government employes work cheap and long hours—who is a master jack of all trades, make him superintendent of all the concerns, start the machinery, and sell the products at half the cost we now are getting them for. If the business per se does not pay its way, all they have to do is to tax the people, and the rest of us get the benefits.

The idea grows broader and bigger as we contemplate it. There is no limit to its possibilities. We might ultimately supply all the preachers by city ownership, and finally, as a surmounting triumph, own the I. & G. N. shops, and a real base ball team, and in the end everything will be so cheap we will be getting it for nothing and drawing a salary for using it.

Glory!—Anderson County Herald.

H. C. Watkins, sexton of the Methodist Church, Springfield, Pa., says: "My wife has been very bad with kidney trouble and tried several doctors without benefit. After taking one bottle of Foley's Kidney Cure, was much better, and was completely cured after taking four bottles." J. G. Haring.

**Foley's Honey and Tar**  
cures colds, prevents pneumonia.  
at J. G. Haring's.

## ECZEMA'S ITCH IS TORTURE.

Eczeema is caused by an acid humor in the blood coming in contact with the skin and producing great redness and inflammation; little pustular eruptions form and discharge a thin, sticky fluid, which dries and scales off; sometimes the skin is hard, dry and fissured. Eczeema in any form is a tormenting, stubborn disease, and the itching and burning at times are almost unbearable; the acid burning humor seems to ooze out and set the skin on fire. Salves, washes nor other external applications do any real good, for as long as the poison remains in the blood it will keep the skin irritated.

### BAD FORM OF TETTER.

"For three years I had Tetter on my hands, which caused them to swell to twice their natural size. Part of the time the disease was in the form of running sores, very painful, and causing me much discomfort. Four doctors said the Tetter had progressed too far to be cured, and they could do nothing for me. I took only three bottles of S. S. S. and was completely cured. This was fifteen years ago, and I have never since seen any sign of my old trouble."—Mrs. L. S. JACKSON, 1414 McGee St., Kansas City, Mo.

S. S. S. neutralizes this acid poison, cools the blood and restores it to a healthy, natural state, and the rough, unhealthy skin becomes soft, smooth and clear.

**SSS** cures Tetter, Erysipelas, Psoriasis, Salt Rheum and all skin diseases due to a poisoned condition of the blood. Send for our book and write us about your case. Our physicians have made these diseases a life study, and can help you by their advice; we make no charge for this service. All correspondence is conducted in strictest confidence.  
THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.



## STOPS PAIN

Athens, Tenn., Jan. 27, 1901.  
Ever since the first appearance of my menses they were very irregular and I suffered with great pain in my hips, back, stomach and legs, with terrible bearing down pains in the abdomen. During the past month I have been taking Wine of Cardui and Theodore's Black-Draught, and I passed the monthly period without pain for the first time in years.  
NANNIE DAVIS.

What is life worth to a woman suffering like Nannie Davis suffered? Yet there are women in thousands of homes to-day who are bearing these terrible menstrual pains in silence. If you are one of these we want to say that this same

## WINE OF CARDUI

will bring you permanent relief. Console yourself with the knowledge that 1,000,000 women have been completely cured by Wine of Cardui. These women suffered from leucorrhoea, irregular menses, headache, backache, and bearing down pains. Wine of Cardui will stop all these aches and pains for you. Purchase a \$1.00 bottle of Wine of Cardui to-day and take it in the privacy of your home.

For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

### The Tax Levy for Roads and Bridges.

ED. COURIER:

Having noticed your editorial in reference to the validity of the tax of fifteen (15) cents on the one hundred dollars valuation of property levied by the Hon. Commissioners' Court at its last regular term for roads and bridges, I beg to make this statement: At the February term, the Court levied a tax of fifteen (15) cents, but the order making the levy was not clear as to whether the court meant to levy this tax for roads and bridges, or for paying the interest and creating a sinking fund on bridge bonds now outstanding. If the levy was for roads and bridges, then no additional tax could be levied for that purpose, but if the levy was for the interest and sinking fund on bridge bonds, then the fifteen cents road and bridge tax, it was thought, could be levied.

Knowing that the court would, at the August term, take up the matter of levying the road and bridge tax authorized by the new road law for this county, Tax Assessor Holcomb requested me to appear before the court and make inquiry as to the intention of the court in making the levy at the February term, so that the proper entries could be made on his tax rolls. I did so, and the court explained that the February levy was intended for interest and sinking fund on bridge bonds, as authorized by Art. 881 of the Revised Civil Statutes. This being so, then, in order that the levy might be free from ambiguity, the court rescinded the former order and passed an entirely new order, the only change being to make the former order more explicit, and to add the road and bridge tax authorized by the new road law and by section 9 of Art. 8 of the Constitution, to which you refer.  
J. W. MADDEN.

### A Night of Terror.

"Awful anxiety was felt for the widow of the brave General Burnham of Machias, Me., when the doctors said she would die from Pneumonia before morning" writes Mrs. S. H. Lincoln, who attended her that fearful night, "but she begged for Dr. King's New Discovery, which had more than once saved her life, and cured her of Consumption. After taking, she slept all night. Further use entirely cured her." This marvellous medicine is guaranteed to cure all throat, chest and lung diseases. Only 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at Haring's drug store.

### Claims He Didn't Say It.

Much comment, some of it distinctly emotional, was excited by the widely published report that a Chicago judge had proclaimed in open court a strong preference for the testimony of men, as against that of women, and his belief that the latter is always open to suspicion. It seems that Judge Waterman did not say what he was said to have said, and he is now engaged in the difficult task of substituting the truth for a misrepresentation that has already gone all over this country and Europe, receiving everywhere a cordial welcome as showing what a queer lot the judges, and, of course, the other inhabitants, of Chicago are. As explained by the Chicago Chronicle, the case under adjudication was one involving both documentary and oral evidence. Two men swore to one state of affairs, two women to another, and the written testimony corroborated the men. This being the situation Judge Waterman said that while as a rule women were more trustworthy witnesses than men and could be less easily induced to commit perjury, in matters relating to business transactions men were the more to be trusted, since they were more familiar with the language used in such transactions, and, understanding them better, were more likely to remember them accurately. How this gave rise to the original report is hard to comprehend, but mistakes no less mysterious are included in every experience, and this one does not justify the charge so often and so lightly brought, that "the newspapers are willing, and ever eager, to substitute fiction for fact. For the error of the individual there is always leniency, if there is a fairly good excuse for assuming an intention to tell the truth, but malice or gross ignorance is presupposed in the case of journalistic errors, and over them nobody spreads a charitable mantle. And where the individual has one possible critic, the newspaper has a thousand certain ones. The individual is held to strict accuracy of fact as well as of intention only on the witness stand; the newspaper, on the contrary, is always forced to submit second-hand information to first-hand knowledge, and if one statement out of several hundreds is false that statement alone is discussed in estimating the newspaper's ambition to be accurate."

### Farely Business, Dr. Pearson Says.

Dr. D. K. Pearson, the Chicago philanthropist, who has given over \$2,000,000 to educational institutions, says he is not a liberal man. He puts it thus: "I am not a benevolent man. I am the most economical, close-fisted man you ever put your eyes on. You can tell it by my face. It's there. I never went to a horse race or a football game or a baseball game in my life. What I am doing is done on business principles. After practicing rigid economy for seventy years, I asked myself what I should do with my money. I could not carry it out of the world in my dead hands, and coffins were not made to carry money in. For that reason I turned my attention, to sixteen different colleges. I did not establish new ones. We have enough. I wanted to provide a place for the poor boys and girls in the colleges, and that is the reason I have been giving my money away."

### Crown Prince Will Study Law.

The German crown prince, who goes to Bonn university at the end of April or early in May, will especially devote himself to the study of law, but will also attend lectures on history, literature, philosophy, physics, chemistry, etc. The Emperor William's third son, Prince Adalbert, will join the training ship Charlotte as a cadet for his first voyage on April 13.

# THE COURIER.

W. B. PAGE, Editor and Proprietor  
W. W. ALLEN, Publisher & Local Editor

## "LOVE."

In reply to a drummer who wanted to know the meaning of "Love,"  
Love is just a fake,  
Don'tcher know?

It's a short and sweet mistake,  
Don'tcher know?  
If you love a girl right dearly,  
And she sees it very clearly,  
She will pull your leg severely,  
Don'tcher know?

When you get to your last copper,  
Don'tcher know?  
And you go to see her "Popper,"  
Don'tcher know?  
And you ask him for her hand,  
It is more than he can stand,  
And he'll bounce you off the land,  
Don'tcher know?

Then you've played a losing game,  
Don'tcher know?  
And you'll find it just the same,  
Don'tcher know?  
She may let you call her honey,  
Until you're short of money,  
Then she'll shake you and think it's funny,  
Don'tcher know?

Then your "love" is over,  
Don'tcher know?  
And you no longer live in "clover,"  
Don'tcher know?  
You must not try to match it,  
If you do you'll surely catch it,  
Where the chicken got the hatchet,  
Don'tcher know?—E.

## THE PROCESSIONAL.

Road to the Rockies, known of old—  
Cool Colorado Tourist Line—  
Whose daily, solid trains, we hold,  
Comfort and elegance combine,  
Patrons' enthrallment long has showed  
"Only One Road!" "Only One Road!"

The voices of glad singers rise—  
The merry tourists thus depart—  
Seeking the nation's Paradise,  
The climates that health and strength impart.  
How leave these throngs their hot abode?  
"Only One Road!" "Only One Road!"

Far-famed, our trains are much discussed,  
No line compares in the Southwest.  
The people cry "Fike's Peak or Bust!"  
"THE DENVER ROAD" we know's the best!"  
The puddle, large, just this one road,  
"Only One Road!" "Only One Road!"

If Observation Cars delight—  
Parlors with easy chairs, you know,  
If spacious dressing rooms invite  
Ladies—of whom so many go—  
It wins, on details care bestowed,  
"Only One Road!" "Only One Road!"

Reason man's heart? Through his stomach go!  
Has been our plan for several years.  
Our Cafe Cars you surely know—  
A feature that this line endears,  
Day Coach, too, they have no peers!  
"No Apology Necessary!"

## From Grapeland. (DELAYED.)

EDITOR COURIER:—Seeing that you have had no correspondent from the "garden spot" of Houston county (Grapeland) I have determined, as this is the first of the commercial year, to let your numerous readers know what we have done, what we are doing and what we expect to do.

With, through, and by the assistance of a long drought, we have succeeded in making a 4th crop of corn, and near a half crop of cotton. The depot agent, Mr. W. E. Hollingsworth, told me this morning that there were last season shipped from this depot 4376 bales cotton and that if we succeeded in shipping this season one-half of that amount, it would be beyond his expectations. But as Ike Whitaker says that we yet have something to thank the Lord for. He has given us an abundant crop of speckled peas, and the fine rain that we had on Monday evening will start the potatoes to growing and bring up the turnips, therefore we will have something more to be thankful for.

Cotton is coming up very lively, for to be this early. Up to the first of this month there has been seventy bales received here.

Our merchants, it would seem, are expecting a full crop of cotton this season, judging from the immense stocks of goods and groceries they are opening up, and the additions to their stores.

Geo. Darsey is putting up a new brick store joining his already capacious brick store house, which will have equal capacity with the old one.

James Owens & Co., have bought the Tyler house, under the Masonic Hall and are adding forty feet to it, to give them room for their new stock, most of which is already received.

Paris & Spence have added twelve feet to the rear of their

building for an office and a forty foot shed-room to their store building, to give them room for their new stock.

J. E. Hollingsworth will begin the erection of a forty foot shed-room to his present store in order that he may be able to store away his immense stock a large portion of which he has already received.

M. L. Clewis has also added 40 feet to his store building and received and opened up the most of his large stock.

Mose Spence has added a large room to his gin, put in an additional gin stand, and is now ready to gin all the cotton that may come to him.

J. E. Hollingsworth has also repaired his large gin building, and is now ready to mix it with Spence, in cotton ginning.

So you see that our business men have got something else in their heads besides—what they scratch for.

Grapeland High school, with Prof. Mathews as principal, and his wife as first assistant, opened Monday morning, September 2, with about seventy pupils, good for an opening.

Prof. Mathews, since he came here, has induced the trustees and patrons to add to the original school building a room 24x40 for a primary department. This is a long felt want at last supplied.

Prof. Dewes of Percella has returned from Mineral Wells, where he has been spending vacation, and will open his school at Percella, as principal, with Miss Mary Ella Pipkin as 1st assistant, on the 16th inst.

The following schools near Grapeland will open on the first Monday in October:

Hays Springs school, Prof. Alexander, teacher.

Union school, Prof. Sam Dutch, teacher.

New Prospect school, teacher.

Woodland Hall school, Miss Moselle Martin, teacher.

Lively School House School, Prof. Thompson, teacher.

Enon school, Prof. Funderburge, teacher.

Tyer School House school, Prof. Albert Tyer, teacher.

San Pedro school, Mrs. Lula Tyer, teacher.

Miss Kate Woodard has returned from Pecan Gap, Delta county, where she has been spending quite a while, visiting relatives. Her grandfather, Mr. G. A. Hancock, from Pecan Gap, came with her, and will remain here for some time, visiting relatives and friends here, hope he will have a good time.

Miss Clara Grigsby from Oakwoods is here, visiting the family of J. E. Hollingsworth and other relatives.

Miss Ada Hollingsworth is behind the counters at Geo. E. Darsey's.

Fletcher Harmon is behind the counters at Jas. Owens & Co.

Alvin Cunningham, Shipper, and Miss Willie Logan are behind the counters at M. L. Clewis'.

Mr. J. M. Selkirk is to-day unloading a car-load of cotton seed hulls, shipped to him from Shreveport, La. What's the matter? Can't our home mills compete with foreign mills?

The I. & G. N. railroad are adding to the appearance of their property here by having the depot repainted, and also their immense water tank.

This morning the report is out that J. F. Martin and T. H. Leaverton are on the grand jury for the October term. If so, look out boys.

I learn that the Baptist protracted meeting that was to begin here Thursday night, has been postponed until sometime in October.

## A NEGRO FIEND

### Makes a Bold Attempt to Assault a Young Lady.

### Is Caught, Confesses the Crime, and is Punished by the Citizens.

From last week's Grapeland Messenger.

Wednesday night of last week, a daughter of Wm. Uts, who recently moved on the Ed Davis farm for the purpose of gathering his cotton crop, was aroused from sleep to find a buck negro standing in her room about in the act of taking hold of her. She cried out, which awoke her parents in an adjoining room. Upon being discovered, the negro made his escape through an open window and ran off. Officers were notified Thursday morning, and organized a posse and began the search. They had no trouble finding tracks, and after following them diligently, they found that they led directly to the house occupied by a negro named Hillery Robinson; in addition to this the peculiar shape of the track tended to fix the crime upon the Robinson negro.

He was immediately taken in charge by the citizens and after considerable persuading, made a full and complete confession of his guilt. Then the question of what disposition to make of the case came up. Some proposed hanging, others one thing and another. After thoroughly and calmly discussing every phase of the case, it was agreed to give him an old-time whipping, and a limited time in which to leave town, and they say the work was done in a manner calculated to satisfy the most fastidious taste.

This negro will possibly never know how near he came to being lynched; there was not a minute during the time he was in custody, that just a word of sanction from the older citizens would not have set in motion the power that would launch him safely on the shores of eternity.

The mob (if you choose to call it such) were perfectly quiet and orderly, and while fixed in their determination to administer severe punishment, they were willing to hear and obey the voice of reason.

After the whipping had been done to the satisfaction of all present, the boys made up a purse and gave it to him for the purpose of defraying his expense until he was able to resume work. They then read the "riot act" to him, solemnly warning him of the consequences if he ever attempted such crime again, and turned him loose to seek his fortune in other climes.

### Does It Pay to Buy Cheap?

A cheap remedy for coughs and colds is all right, but you want something that will relieve and cure the most severe and dangerous results of throat and lung troubles. What shall you do? Go to a warmer and more regular climate? Yes, if possible, if not possible for you, then in either case take the only remedy that has been introduced in all civilized countries with success in severe throat and lung troubles, "Boschee's German Syrup." It not only heals and stimulates the tissues to destroy the germ disease, but allays inflammation, causes easy expectoration, gives a good night's rest, and cures the patient. Try one bottle. Recommended many years by all druggists in the world. Get Green's Prize Almanac. For sale by Smith & French Drug Co.

Chas. R. Bogle of Atwater, O., was unable to work on account of kidney trouble. After using Foley's Kidney Cure four days he was cured. J. G. Haring

## Jury Lists.

### GRAND JURORS.

To appear on the last Monday in September, 1901:

W. B. Page, J. F. Martin, W. V. Berry, Herbert Leverton, J. C. Sewell, J. S. Newman, Andrew Jones, Billie Campbell, W. F. Dent, John A. Robinson, W. H. McDaugle, F. A. Beckham, B. F. Chamberlain, Joe Long, J. O. Monday, Gayle Clinton.

### PETIT JURORS.

To appear on first Monday in October, 1901:

J. P. Gantt, H. P. Almond, Wm. Hooper, Tucker Baker, John R. Allen, D. C. Appleton, R. E. McConnell, J. A. Spruill, M. L. Clewis, J. B. Ash, G. C. Ellisor, J. T. Banks, A. J. Crowson, L. S. Long, B. H. Roseman, W. A. Walker, Fletcher Thomas, E. P. Bean, C. R. Baggett, L. J. Ashby, G. W. Whitley, J. F. Albright, John H. Green, John L. Brown, Robt. Stokes, J. D. Bynum, O. A. Driskill, B. R. Guice, W. H. Milligan, W. M. Brown, Z. C. Sheridan, Sid Smith, W. F. Hallmark, J. T. Skidmore, Starley Boykin.

To appear on second Monday in October, the 14th day of the month:

Will Brimberry, J. F. Fulton, David Alford, M. L. Hallmark, E. E. Barlow, Nelson Windham, C. W. Sims, H. C. Jones, S. K. Boykin, C. M. Robinson, T. G. Box, W. H. Threadgill, W. S. Crysup, J. A. Bricker, T. D. Craddock, Joe Richardson, Joe Farmer, W. H. Bayne, Wm. Bumgarner, Will Vaught, C. W. Ellis, Bob Teel, J. B. Cunningham, W. J. Garner, D. M. Gantt, John Wright, Z. T. Shaw, M. L. Lively, L. H. Morrow, D. F. Morgan, John W. Hays, John Sims, Dove Allen, Major Lively, D. J. Jones.

To appear on third Monday in October, the 21st day of the month:

C. W. Hallmark, S. S. Adams, W. O. Crowson, J. F. Allen, Alex Jaynes, J. D. Sims, Chas. Shivers, J. D. Herod, E. W. Davis, W. T. Blakeway, John R. Taylor, W. E. Boykin, George Rossier, Arch Baker, J. S. Bitner, E. D. Gallant, J. H. Brazeale, R. S. Garrett, J. F. Allen, John Pool, W. H. Lively, Jno. Bridges, Ike Whitaker, John T. Taylor, Sam Platt, Dan Craddock, J. R. Smith, Albert Tyer, J. R. Brooks, John Hugh Milligan, J. M. Baker, Frank Daniels, A. P. Balch, T. P. Barnhill, Miles Gardner.

To appear on fourth Monday in October, the 28th day of the month:

M. D. Driskill, J. W. Gregg, E. A. Williams, M. F. Gallant, George Allbright, J. R. Howard, Wm. Green, John Lynch, E. F. Dunnam, J. W. Barte, George Patton, J. C. Kenedy, C. A. Turner, J. C. Dunnam, John Dickey, G. W. Ferguson, John Goodwill, Jeff Sexton, Calvin Dickey, M. E. Adams, W. H. Wall, Robt. Mitchell, B. S. Gray, J. L. Smith, A. P. Sherley, H. F. Moore, R. M. Emerson, J. B. Ellis, J. T. Ethridge, T. S. Kent, I. M. Barber, Walter Richardson, W. C. Laseter, W. T. Pridgen, J. N. Parker.

### Stood Death Off.

E. B. Munday, a lawyer of Henrietta, Tex., once fooled a grave-digger. He says: "My brother was very low with malarial fever and jaundice. I persuaded him to try Electric Bitters, and he was soon much better, but continued their use until he was wholly cured. I am sure Electric Bitters saved his life." This remedy expels malaria, kills disease germs and purifies the blood; aids digestion, regulates liver, kidneys and bowels, cures constipation, dropsy, nervous diseases, kidney troubles, female complaints; gives perfect health. Only 50c at Haring's drug store.

## PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

**B. F. BROWN, M. D.,**  
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,  
CROCKETT, TEXAS.  
Office over Haring's Drug Store.

**H. DURST, JR.,**  
LAND SURVEYOR,  
CROCKETT, TEXAS.  
Office with E. A. Nichols & Co., over furniture store.

**D. A. NUNN, D. A. NUNN, JR.,**  
**R. W. NUNN,**  
**NUNN, NUNN & NUNN,**  
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,  
CROCKETT, TEXAS.  
Will practice in all Courts, both State and Federal, in Texas.

**W. C. LIPSCOMB, M. D.,**  
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,  
CROCKETT, TEXAS.  
Office over Haring's Drugstore.

**J. M. CROOK, G. W. CROOK,**  
**CROOK & CROOK,**  
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,  
CROCKETT, TEXAS.

**S. B. STOKES, M. D., J. S. WOOTERS, M. D.,**  
**STOKES & WOOTERS,**  
PHYSICIANS & SURGEONS,  
CROCKETT, TEXAS.  
Office in the rear of Chamberlain's Drugstore.

## Crockett Music Store.

Pianos, Organs, Violins, Guitars, sheet music and musical supplies of all kinds always on hand. Also Columbia Graphophone Records and supplies. We buy direct from factory. No second-class or job lot goods. We give our customers benefit of our discounts.

**Jas. DeDaines & Daughter,**  
CROCKETT, TEXAS.

## GOOD NEWSPAPERS

At a Very Low Price.

The Semi-Weekly News (Galveston or Dallas) is published Mondays and Thursdays. Each issue consists of eight pages. There are special departments for the farmers, the ladies and the boys and girls, besides a world of general news matter, illustrated articles, etc. We offer the

**Semi-Weekly News**  
—and—  
**THE COURIER**

for 12 months for the low clubbing price of \$2.00, cash.  
This gives you three papers a week, or 156 papers a year, for a ridiculously low price.  
Hand in your subscription at once.



**MUCH KENTUCKY WHISKY**  
is very impure. Some is quite meritorious but not as good as it should be. Chase's Barley Malt Whisky is absolutely pure. The old-fashioned process (coupled with the Chase system of purification) makes this superior to all other whiskies.

FOR SALE BY  
**W. J. MATHEWS, Crockett.**

## KIDNEY DISEASES

are the most fatal of all diseases.

**FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE** is a Guaranteed Remedy

or money refunded. Contains remedies recognized by eminent physicians as the best for Kidney and Bladder troubles.

PRICE 50c and \$1.00.  
AT J. G. HARING'S.



### A Baby's Birth

is very much like the blossoming of a flower. Its beauty and perfection depends entirely upon the care bestowed upon its parent. Expectant mothers should have the tenderest care. They should be spared all worry and anxiety. They should eat plenty of good nourishing food and take gentle exercises. This will go a long way toward preserving their health and their beauty as well as that of the little one to come. But to be absolutely sure of a short and painless labor they should use

### Mother's Friend

regularly during the months of gestation. This is a simple liniment, which is to be applied externally. It gives strength and vigor to the muscles and prevents all of the discomforts of pregnancy, which women used to think were absolutely necessary. When Mother's Friend is used there is no danger whatever. Get Mother's Friend at the drug store, \$1 per bottle.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO. ATLANTA, GA.

Write for our free book, "Before Baby is Born."

#### Editorial Letter.

A movement is in contemplation to endow the Alamo with a fund sufficient to beautify and enlarge its present surroundings and at the same time create a fund in perpetuity for its proper maintenance.

In order to accomplish this an endless chain contribution of fifty cents from every patriotic resident in Texas is proposed; the idea being that the Alamo is the property of the entire state, that every one should have the privilege of sharing in the tribute to the glorious memories of '36, and that by distributing an expense in an infinitesimal manner no individual burden can be felt.

The project has met with the approval of Governor Sayers, the legislature has endorsed it by unanimous resolution and it has the promised co-operation of the most prominent men of the state.

The people at large throughout Texas should now rally to the support of the movement. It should be a matter of pride as well as duty to do so.

The Alamo has been too long neglected.

Nothing since the days of Grecian history offers such a picture of magnificent devotion to a principle. Certainly no other state in the Union can touch the record of those brave men who, refusing to cross the line, died fighting for Texas liberty. It is a lesson which every Texan child should learn next to its evening prayer.

Born in bloodshed and peril, with a tempestuous childhood, Texas may perhaps be forgiven the long delay to fittingly honor the memory of those who gave their lives that she might become great. Today, full grown, triumphant in her knowledge of much accomplished and more to be achieved, there is no further excuse.

The state should as one voice proclaim its reverent gratitude for the past, its sense of obligation to the present and to all future time.

A brief outline of plan to beautify the Alamo in a manner due its unique position as chief and most precious relic of Texas is hereby submitted:

First. Buy all property available of the block now surrounding the Alamo. Develop and beautify as a park.

Second. Build monument to the martyrs of '36, directly opposite

site the Alamo, where the bodies were burned, present strip of park being extended as far as Houston street, and surround Alamo north, east and west by park.

Third. Endow Alamo, monument and park with a fund in perpetuity, sufficient for their proper care.

Fourth. Form board of trustees, three in number, to be appointed by the Governor of Texas, with ex-officio member in the person of the Governor, who shall hold a decided vote in case of disagreement, all action on part of the board to be unanimous.

Fifth. Raise requisite sum for the purchase of the property, for necessary expenditure incidental to enterprise, and for permanent endowment fund, by solicited subscription of 50 cents from every adult Texan.

Sixth. Start endless chain letter October 1st from the 240 county judges, to the effect that any one enclosing full name and address and fifty cents, (or forty-nine cents in stamps with paraffine protection, purchasable of local postmaster) will secure by return mail a photograph of the painting of the Alamo, presented to William McKinley, President of the United States, on the occasion of his recent visit to San Antonio.

The money will be sent to special committee, appointed by the Governor of the state, custodian of the fund to be State Treasurer. Each name of contributor, as received, will be registered and printed upon a monster memorial to be deposited later beneath the corner stone of the monument.

Seventh. Ask postmaster general through congressmen, to authorize postmasters throughout the state to receive and distribute, upon demand, these endless chain letters; also encourage banks, merchants, insurance companies, cattle associations and the like in the state, to become bureaus of distribution for the letters, which will be printed in form and brevity best suited for the purpose to be obtained.

Prizes of three hundred, two hundred and one hundred dollars, will be offered for the best editorial written during the months of August, September and October, on the subject of the Alamo, its history, its moral lesson, the duty of the state toward the preservation, etc.

#### Science in Favor of Temperance.

The Review of Reviews in a late article on the Tuberculosis Congress, recently held in London, says: "Professor Bronardel, of Paris, in his paper on the prevention of consumption, dwelt upon the importance of dry, well-lighted houses and generally wholesome conditions of life, and placed especial emphasis upon the danger of drink in relation to tubercular diseases. He is quoted as saying that alcoholism is the most potent factor in probagating tuberculosis; the strongest man who has once taken to drink is powerless against it."

"Another eminent French specialist, Dr. Daremberg, has now made an alarming report on the prevalence and steady growth of consumption in France, where one-third of all deaths is now due to that disease. He attributes its recent frightful progress to the manner in which the French nation has of late taken to alcoholic drinks. It is high time that the double fight against poisonous beverages and tubercular infection should be waged by the united efforts of science and government."

S. F. TENNEY.

Crockett, Texas, Sept. 3d, 1901.

#### By All Means, City Ownership.

Yes, by all means. And why stop at electric lights and water works? Let's take in the baker, the butcher, the druggist, the dry goods man, the shoe man, the ice man, the vender of peanuts, the popper of corn, and the peddler of hot tamales. It is such a good thing let's have lots of it. The latter class—the merchants—are the class who get all our money, and if city ownership will prevent these greedy individuals from making us pay for all we have to buy, let us have it. Extend the good thing further: let us have city ownership of newspapers. They are one of the common necessities of the people, and what right has an individual to run a monopoly and charge the people 40 cents a month for subscription, and \$40 a month for a page advertisement? when the city can render the same service at half the money—and it would be cheap at that.

Some people do not seem to think that municipal ownership is practical. In this they are mistaken. All that is necessary is to hire a cheap man—all government employes work cheap and long hours—who is a master jack of all trades, make him superintendent of all the concerns, start the machinery, and sell the products at half the cost we now are getting them for. If the business per se does not pay its way, all they have to do is to tax the people, and the rest of us get the benefits.

The idea grows broader and bigger as we contemplate it. There is no limit to its possibilities. We might ultimately supply all the preachers by city ownership, and finally, as a surmounting triumph, own the I. & G. N. shops, and a real base ball team, and in the end everything will be so cheap we will be getting it for nothing and drawing a salary for using it.

Glory!—Anderson County Herald.

H. C. Watkins, sexton of the Methodist Church, Springfield, Pa., says: "My wife has been very bad with kidney trouble and tried several doctors without benefit. After taking one bottle of Foley's Kidney Cure, was much better, and was completely cured after taking four bottles." J. G. Haring.

**Foley's Honey and Tar** cures colds, prevents pneumonia. at J. G. Haring's.

### ECZEMA'S ITCH IS TORTURE.

Eczeema is caused by an acid humor in the blood coming in contact with the skin and producing great redness and inflammation; little pustular eruptions form and discharge a thin, sticky fluid, which dries and scales off; sometimes the skin is hard, dry and fissured. Eczeema in any form is a tormenting, stubborn disease, and the itching and burning at times are almost unbearable; the acid burning humor seems to come out and set the skin on fire. Salves, washes nor other external applications do any real good, for as long as the poison remains in the blood it will keep the skin irritated.

#### BAD FORM OF TETTER.

"For three years I had Tetters on my hands, which caused them to swell to twice their natural size. Part of the time the disease was in the form of running sores, very painful, and causing me much discomfort. Four doctors said the Tetters had progressed too far to be cured, and they could do nothing for me. I took only three bottles of S. S. S. and was completely cured. This was fifteen years ago, and I have never since seen any sign of my old trouble."—Mrs. M. S. Jackson, 1414 McGee St., Kansas City, Mo.

S. S. S. neutralizes this acid poison, cools the blood and restores it to a healthy, natural state, and the rough, unhealthy skin becomes soft, smooth and clear.

**SSS** cures Tetters, Erysipelas, Psoriasis, Salt Rheum and all skin diseases due to a poisoned condition of the blood. Send for our book and write us about your case. Our physicians have made these diseases a life study, and can help you by their advice; we make no charge for this service. All correspondence is conducted in strictest confidence.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.



### STOPS PAIN

Athens, Tenn., Jan. 27, 1901. Ever since the first appearance of my menses they were very irregular and I suffered with great pain in my hips, back, stomach and legs, with terrible bearing down pains in the abdomen. During the past month I have been taking Wine of Cardui and Theodor's Black-Draught, and I passed the monthly period without pain for the first time in years.

What is life worth to a woman suffering like Nannie Davis suffered? Yet there are women in thousands of homes to-day who are bearing these terrible menstrual pains in silence. If you are one of these we want to say that this same

### WINE OF CARDUI

will bring you permanent relief. Console yourself with the knowledge that 1,000,000 women have been completely cured by Wine of Cardui. These women suffered from leucorrhoea, irregular menses, headache, backache, and bearing down pains. Wine of Cardui will stop all these aches and pains for you. Purchase a \$1.00 bottle of Wine of Cardui to-day and take it in the privacy of your home.

For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

#### The Tax Levy for Roads and Bridges.

ED. COURIER:

Having noticed your editorial in reference to the validity of the tax of fifteen (15) cents on the one hundred dollars valuation of property levied by the Hon. Commissioners' Court at its last regular term for roads and bridges, I beg to make this statement: At the February term, the Court levied a tax of fifteen (15) cents, but the order making the levy was not clear as to whether the court meant to levy this tax for roads and bridges, or for paying the interest and creating a sinking fund on bridge bonds now outstanding. If the levy was for roads and bridges, then no additional tax could be levied for that purpose, but if the levy was for the interest and sinking fund on bridge bonds, then the fifteen cents road and bridge tax, it was thought, could be levied.

Knowing that the court would, at the August term, take up the matter of levying the road and bridge tax authorized by the new road law for this county, Tax Assessor Holcomb requested me to appear before the court and make inquiry as to the intention of the court in making the levy at the February term, so that the proper entries could be made on his tax rolls. I did so, and the court explained that the February levy was intended for interest and sinking fund on bridge bonds, as authorized by Art. 881 of the Revised Civil Statutes. This being so, then, in order that the levy might be free from ambiguity, the court rescinded the former order and passed an entirely new order, the only change being to make the former order more explicit, and to add the road and bridge tax authorized by the new road law and by section 9 of Art. 8 of the Constitution, to which you refer.

J. W. MADDEN.

#### A Night of Terror.

"Awful anxiety was felt for the widow of the brave General Burnham of Machias, Me., when the doctors said she would die from Pneumonia before morning" writes Mrs. S. H. Lincoln, who attended her that fearful night, "but she begged for Dr. King's New Discovery, which had more than once saved her life, and cured her of Consumption. After taking, she slept all night. Further use on tired her." This marvellous medicine is guaranteed to cure all throat, chest and lung diseases. Only 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at Haring's drug store.

#### Claims He Didn't Say It.

Much comment, some of it distinctly emotional, was excited by the widely published report that a Chicago judge had proclaimed in open court a strong preference for the testimony of men, as against that of women, and his belief that the latter is always open to suspicion. It seems that Judge Waterman did not say what he was said to have said, and he is now engaged in the difficult task of substituting the truth for a misrepresentation that has already gone all over this country and Europe, receiving everywhere a cordial welcome as showing what a queer lot the judges, and, of course, the other inhabitants, of Chicago are. As explained by the Chicago Chronicle, the case under adjudication was one involving both documentary and oral evidence. Two men swore to one state of affairs, two women to another, and the written testimony corroborated the men. This being the situation Judge Waterman said that while as a rule women were more trustworthy witnesses than men and could be less easily induced to commit perjury, in matters relating to business transactions men were the more to be trusted, since they were more familiar with the language used in such transactions, and, understanding them better, were more likely to remember them accurately. How this gave rise to the original report is hard to comprehend, but mistakes no less mysterious are included in every experience, and this one does not justify the charge so often and so lightly brought, that "the newspapers are willing, and ever eager, to substitute fiction for fact. For the error of the individual there is always leniency, if there is a fairly good excuse for assuming an intention to tell the truth, but malice or gross ignorance is presupposed in the case of journalistic errors, and over them nobody spreads a charitable mantle. And where the individual has one possible critic, the newspaper has a thousand certain ones. The individual is held to strict accuracy of fact as well as of intention only on the witness stand; the newspaper, on the contrary, is always forced to submit second-hand information to first-hand knowledge, and if one statement out of several hundreds is false, that statement alone is discussed in estimating the newspaper's ambition to be accurate."

#### Purely Business, Dr. Pearson Says.

Dr. D. K. Pearsons, the Chicago philanthropist, who has given over \$2,000,000 to educational institutions, says he is not a liberal man. He puts it thus: "I am not a benevolent man. I am the most economical, close-fisted man you ever put your eyes on. You can tell it by my face. It's there. I never went to a horse race or a football game or a baseball game in my life. What I am doing is done on business principles. After practicing rigid economy for seventy years, I asked myself what I should do with my money. I could not carry it out of the world in my dead hands, and coffins were not made to carry money in. For that reason I turned my attention, to sixteen different colleges. I did not establish new ones. We have enough. I wanted to provide a place for the poor boys and girls in the colleges, and that is the reason I have been giving my money away."

#### Crown Prince Will Study Law.

The German crown prince, who goes to Bonn university at the end of April or early in May, will especially devote himself to the study of law, but will also attend lectures on history, literature, philosophy, physics, chemistry, etc. The Emperor William's third son, Prince Adalbert, will join the training ship Charlotte as a cadet for his first voyage on April 19.

# THE COURIER.

W. B. PAGE, Editor and Proprietor  
W. W. AIKEN, Publisher and Local Editor

## "LOVE."

In reply to a drummer who wanted to know the meaning of "Love."

Love is just a fake,  
Don'tcher know?  
It's a short and sweet mistake,  
Don'tcher know?  
If you love a girl right dearly,  
And she sees it very clearly,  
She will pull your leg severely,  
Don'tcher know?  
When you get to your last copper,  
Don'tcher know?  
And you go to see her "Popper,"  
Don'tcher know?  
And you ask him for her hand,  
It is more than he can stand,  
And he'll bounce you off the land,  
Don'tcher know?  
Then you've played a losing game,  
Don'tcher know?  
And you'll find it just the same,  
Don'tcher know?  
She may let you call her honey,  
Until you're short of money,  
Then she'll shake you and think it's funny,  
Don'tcher know?  
Then your "love" is over,  
Don'tcher know?  
And you no longer live in "clover,"  
Don'tcher know?  
You must not try to match it,  
If you do you'll surely catch it,  
Where the chicken got the hatchet,  
Don'tcher know?—Ex.

## THE PROFESSIONAL.

Road to the Rockies, known of old—  
Cool Colorado Tourist Line—  
Whose daily, solid trains, we hold,  
Comfort and elegance combine,  
Patrons' enthus' 'em long has showed  
"Only One Road!" "Only One Road!"  
The voices of glad singers rise—  
The merry tourists thus depart—  
Seeking the nation's Paradise,  
The climate that health and strength impart.  
How leave these throngs their hot abode?  
"Only One Road!" "Only One Road!"  
Far-famed, our trains are much discussed,  
No line compares in the Southwest.  
THE DENVER ROAD we know's the best!  
The puddle, large, just this one road.  
"Only One Road!" "Only One Road!"  
If Observation Cars delight—  
Patrons with easy chairs, you know,  
If spacious dressing rooms invite  
Ladies—of whom so many go—  
It wins, on details care bestowed,  
"Only One Road!" "Only One Road!"  
Such man's heart? Through his stomach go!  
Has been our plan for several years.  
Our Cafe Cars you surely know—  
A feature that this line endears,  
Day Coaches, too, they have no peers!  
"No Apology Necessary!"

## From Grapeland. (DELAYED.)

EDITOR COURIER:—Seeing that you have had no correspondent from the "garden spot" of Houston county (Grapeland) I have determined, as this is the first of the commercial year, to let your numerous readers know what we have done, what we are doing and what we expect to do.

With, through, and by the assistance of a long drought, we have succeeded in making a 4th crop of corn, and near a half crop of cotton. The depot agent, Mr. W. E. Hollingsworth, told me this morning that there were last season shipped from this depot 4376 bales cotton and that if we succeeded in shipping this season one-half of that amount, it would be beyond his expectations. But as Ike Whitaker says that we yet have something to thank the Lord for. He has given us an abundant crop of speckled peas, and the fine rain that we had on Monday evening will start the potatoes to growing and bring up the turnips, therefore we will have something more to be thankful for.

Cotton is coming up very lively, for to be this early. Up to the first of this month there has been seventy bales received here. Our merchants, it would seem, are expecting a full crop of cotton this season, judging from the immense stocks of goods and groceries they are opening up, and the additions to their stores.

Geo. Darsey is putting up a new brick store joining his already spacious brick store house, which will have equal capacity with the old one.

James Owens & Co., have bought the Tyler house, under the Masonic Hall and are adding forty feet to it, to give them room for their new stock, most of which is already received.

Paris & Spence have added twenty feet to the rear of their

building for an office and a forty foot shed-room to their store building, to give them room for their new stock.

J. E. Hollingsworth will begin the erection of a forty foot shed-room to his present store in order that he may be able to store away his immense stock a large portion of which he has already received.

M. L. Clewis has also added 40 feet to his store building and received and opened up the most of his large stock.

Mose Spence has added a large room to his gin, put in an additional gin stand, and is now ready to gin all the cotton that may come to him.

J. E. Hollingsworth has also repaired his large gin building, and is now ready to mix it with Spence, in cotton ginning.

So you see that our business men have got something else in their heads besides—what they scratch for.

Grapeland High school, with Prof. Mathews as principal, and his wife as first assistant, opened Monday morning, September 2, with about seventy pupils, good for an opening.

Prof. Mathews, since he came here, has induced the trustees and patrons to add to the original school building a room 24x40 for a primary department. This is a long felt want at last supplied.

Prof. Dewes of Percilla has returned from Mineral Wells, where he has been spending vacation, and will open his school at Percilla, as principal, with Miss Mary Ella Pipkin as 1st assistant, on the 16th inst.

The following schools near Grapeland will open on the first Monday in October:

Hays Springs school, Prof. Alexander, teacher.  
Union school, Prof. Sam Dutch, teacher.  
New Prospect school, teacher.

Woodland Hall school, Miss Moselle Martin, teacher.

Lively School House School, Prof. Thompson, teacher.

Enon school, Prof. Funderburge, teacher.

Tyer School House school, Prof. Albert Tyer, teacher.

San Pedro school, Mrs. Lula Tyer, teacher.

Miss Kate Woodard has returned from Pecan Gap, Delta county, where she has been spending quite a while, visiting relatives. Her grandfather, Mr. G. A. Hancock, from Pecan Gap, came with her, and will remain here for some time, visiting relatives and friends here, hope he will have a good time.

Miss Clara Grigsby from Oakwoods is here, visiting the family of J. E. Hollingsworth and other relatives.

Miss Ada Hollingsworth is behind the counters at Geo. E. Darsey's.

Fletcher Harmon is behind the counters at Jas. Owens & Co.

Alvin Cunningham, Shipper, and Miss Willie Logan are behind the counters at M. L. Clewis'.

Mr. J. M. Selkirk is to-day unloading a car-load of cotton seed hulls, shipped to him from Shreveport, La. What's the matter? Can't our home mills compete with foreign mills?

The I. & G. N. railroad are adding to the appearance of their property here by having the depot repainted, and also their immense water tank.

This morning the report is out that J. F. Martin and T. H. Leaverton are on the grand jury for the October term. If so, look out boys.

I learn that the Baptist protracted meeting that was to begin here Thursday night, has been postponed until sometime in October.

INCLIN SAK.

# A NEGRO FIEND

## Makes a Bold Attempt to Assault a Young Lady.

Is Caught, Confesses the Crime, and is Punished by the Citizens.

From last week's Grapeland Messenger.

Wednesday night of last week, a daughter of Wm. Uts, who recently moved on the Ed Davis farm for the purpose of gathering his cotton crop, was aroused from sleep to find a buck negro standing in her room about in the act of taking hold of her. She cried out, which awoke her parents in an adjoining room. Upon being discovered, the negro made his escape through an open window and ran off. Officers were notified Thursday morning, and organized a posse and began the search. They had no trouble finding tracks, and after following them diligently, they found that they led directly to the house occupied by a negro named Hillery Robinson; in addition to this the peculiar shape of the track tended to fix the crime upon the Robinson negro.

He was immediately taken in charge by the citizens and after considerable persuading, made a full and complete confession of his guilt. Then the question of what disposition to make of the case came up. Some proposed hanging, others one thing and another. After thoroughly and calmly discussing every phase of the case, it was agreed to give him an old-time whipping, and a limited time in which to leave town, and they say the work was done in a manner calculated to satisfy the most fastidious taste.

This negro will possibly never know how near he came to being lynched; there was not a minute during the time he was in custody, that just a word of sanction from the older citizens would not have set in motion the power that would launch him safely on the shores of eternity.

The mob (if you choose to call it such) were perfectly quiet and orderly, and while fixed in their determination to administer severe punishment, they were willing to hear and obey the voice of reason.

After the whipping had been done to the satisfaction of all present, the boys made up a purse and gave it to him for the purpose of defraying his expense until he was able to resume work. They then read the "riot act" to him, solemnly warning him of the consequences if he ever attempted such crime again, and turned him loose to seek his fortune in other climes.

### Does It Pay to Buy Cheap?

A cheap remedy for coughs and colds is all right, but you want something that will relieve and cure the most severe and dangerous results of throat and lung troubles. What shall you do? Go to a warmer and more regular climate? Yes, if possible, if not possible for you, then in either case take the only remedy that has been introduced in all civilized countries with success in severe throat and lung troubles, "Boschee's German Syrup." It not only heals and stimulates the tissues to destroy the germ disease, but allays inflammation, causes easy expectoration, gives a good night's rest, and cures the patient. Try ONE bottle. Recommended many years by all druggists in the world. Get Green's Prize Almanac. For sale by Smith & French Drug Co.

Chas. Boelge of Atwater, O., was unable to work on account of kidney trouble. After using Foley's Kidney Cure four days he was cured. J. G. Haring note.

## Jury Lists.

### GRAND JURORS.

To appear on the last Monday in September, 1901:  
W. B. Page, J. F. Martin, W. V. Berry, Herbert Leaverton, J. C. Sewell, J. S. Newman, Andrew Jones, Billie Campbell, W. F. Dent, John A. Robinson, W. H. McDaule, F. A. Beckham, B. F. Chamberlain, Joe Long, J. O. Monday, Gayle Clinton.

### PETIT JURORS.

To appear on first Monday in October, 1901:

J. P. Gantt, H. P. Almond, Wm. Hooper, Tucker Baker, John E. Allen, D. C. Appleton, R. E. McConnell, J. A. Sprull, M. L. Clewis, J. B. Ash, G. C. Ellisor, J. T. Banks, A. J. Crowson, L. S. Long, B. H. Roseman, W. A. Walker, Fletcher Thomas, E. P. Bean, C. R. Baggett, L. J. Ashby, G. W. Whitley, J. F. Albright, John H. Green, John L. Brown, Robt. Stokes, J. D. Bynum, O. A. Driskill, B. R. Guice, W. H. Milligan, W. M. Brown, Z. C. Sheridan, Sid Smith, W. F. Hallmark, J. T. Skidmore, Starley Boykin.

To appear on second Monday in October, the 14th day of the month:

Will Brimberry, J. F. Fulton, David Alford, M. L. Hallmark, E. E. Barlow, Nelson Windham, C. W. Sims, H. C. Jones, S. K. Boykin, C. M. Robinson, T. G. Box, W. H. Threadgill, W. S. Crysup, J. A. Bricker, T. D. Craddock, Joe Richardson, Joe Farmer, W. H. Bayne, Wm. Bumgarner, Will Vaught, C. W. Ellis, Bob Teel, J. B. Cunningham, W. J. Garner, D. M. Gantt, John Wright, Z. T. Shaw, M. L. Lively, L. H. Morrow, D. F. Morgan, John W. Hays, John Sims, Dove Allen, Major Lively, D. J. Jones.

To appear on third Monday in October, the 21st day of the month:

C. W. Hallmark, S. S. Adams, W. O. Crowson, J. F. Allen, Alex Jaynes, J. D. Sims, Chas. Shivers, J. D. Herod, E. W. Davis, W. T. Blakeway, John R. Taylor, W. E. Boykin, George Rosser, Arch Baker, J. S. Bitner, E. D. Gallant, J. H. Braneale, R. S. Garrett, J. F. Allen, John Pool, W. H. Lively, Jno. Bridges, Ike Whitaker, John T. Taylor, Sam Platt, Dan Craddock, J. R. Smith, Albert Tyer, J. R. Brooks, John Hugh Milligan, J. M. Baker, Frank Daniels, A. P. Balch, T. P. Barnhill, Miles Gardner.

To appear on fourth Monday in October, the 28th day of the month:

M. D. Driskill, J. W. Gregg, E. A. Williams, M. F. Gallant, George Albright, J. R. Howard, Wm. Green, John Lynch, E. F. Dunnam, J. W. Barte, George Patton, J. C. Kenedy, C. A. Turner, J. C. Dunnam, John Dickey, G. W. Ferguson, John Goodwill, Jeff Sexton, Calvin Dickey, M. E. Adams, W. H. Wall, Robt. Mitchell, B. S. Gray, J. L. Smith, A. P. Sherley, H. F. Moore, R. M. Emerson, J. B. Ellis, J. T. Ethridge, T. S. Kent, I. M. Barber, Walter Richardson, W. C. Lasetter, W. T. Pridgen, J. N. Parker.

### Stood Death Off.

E. B. Munday, a lawyer of Henrietta, Tex., once fooled a grave-digger. He says: "My brother was very low with malarial fever and jaundice. I persuaded him to try Electric Bitters, and he was soon much better, but continued their use until he was wholly cured. I am sure Electric Bitters saved his life." This remedy expels malaria, kills disease germs and purifies the blood; aids digestion, regulates liver, kidneys and bowels; cures constipation, dizziness, nervous diseases, kidney troubles, bilious complaints; gives perfect health. Only 50c at Haring's drug store.

## PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

**B. F. BROWN, M. D.,**  
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,  
CROCKETT, TEXAS.  
Office over Haring's Drug Store.

**H. DURST, JR.,**  
LAND SURVEYOR,  
CROCKETT, TEXAS.  
Office with E. A. Nichols & Co., over furniture store.

**D. A. NUNN, D. A. NUNN, JR., R. W. NUNN.**

**NUNN, NUNN & NUNN,**  
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,  
CROCKETT, TEXAS.  
Will practice in all Courts, both State and Federal, in Texas.

**W. C. LIPSCOMB, M. D.,**  
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,  
CROCKETT, TEXAS.  
Office over Haring's Drugstore.

**J. M. CROOK, G. W. CROOK.**

**CROOK & CROOK,**  
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,  
CROCKETT, TEXAS.

**S. B. STOKES, M. D., J. S. WOOTTERS, M. D.**  
**STOKES & WOOTTERS,**  
PHYSICIANS & SURGEONS,  
CROCKETT, TEXAS.  
Office in the rear of Chamberlain's Drugstore.

## Crockett Music Store.

Pianos, Organs, Violins, Guitars, sheet music and musical supplies of all kinds always on hand. Also Columbia Graphophone Records and supplies. We buy direct from factory. No second-class or job lot goods. We give our customers benefit of our discounts.

**Jas. DeDaines & Daughter,**  
CROCKETT, TEXAS.

## GOOD NEWSPAPERS

At a Very Low Price.

The Semi-Weekly News (Galveston or Dallas) is published Mondays and Thursdays. Each issue consists of eight pages. There are special departments for the farmers, the ladies and the boys and girls, besides a world of general news matter, illustrated articles, etc. We offer the

### Semi-Weekly News

—and—

### THE COURIER

for 12 months for the low clubbing price of \$2.00, cash.  
This gives you three papers a week, or 156 papers a year, for a ridiculously low price.  
Hand in your subscription at once.

**MUCH KENTUCKY WHISKY**  
is very impure. Some is quite meritorious but not as good as it should be. Chase's Bailey Malt Whisky is absolutely pure. The old-fashioned process (coupled with the Chase system of purification) makes this superior to all other whiskeys.

FOR SALE BY

**W. J. MATHEWS, Crockett.**

## KIDNEY DISEASES

are the most fatal of all diseases.

## FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE is a Guaranteed Remedy

or money refunded. Contains remedies recognized by eminent physicians as the best for Kidney and Bladder troubles.  
PRICE 50c and \$1.00.  
AT J. G. HARING'S.

**After Further Reflection.**  
**EDITOR COURIER:**  
 Your diatribe of week before last in reference, (not reply for you did not reply,) to our article, was a most amusing exhibition of ill-temper and rage, and of course there is little in it that is worthy of any attention from us. We cannot afford to "retort in kind" and thus condescend to that low grade of discussion, and have no desire to do so. The charge of being "agitators" causes us no loss of sleep. We care nothing for the ridicule and abuse it contains, and are sure that you have, by it, in the eyes of all good people, hurt no one but yourself and your own cause. We have no objection to your repeating it, if you so desire. We are more than satisfied to "let the public contrast" our article with this latest production of "bile" and vilification which you have palmed off to your long-suffering readers. Nor does the charge of want of "capacity" on our part to "organize and conduct a campaign" give us any unrest. We are not at all disturbed by it. We cannot stoop to the methods employed by our opponents in "conducting" a campaign, and have no desire to exhibit a "capacity" in that line by resorting to such methods. We are not possessed of the "win-at-any-price" spirit, as anxious as we are to see local option adopted in this county, and rather than win by the means used by the opposition, and thus exhibit a certain brand of "capacity to organize and conduct a campaign," we prefer defeat a thousand times. We want to win honestly, honorably and fairly, or not at all. Clean hands and a clear conscience, in "organizing and conducting a campaign," are more to be desired by us than any sort of victory purchased by foul means. God forbid that we should ever acquire a "capacity" for "conducting a campaign" and achieving a victory by dishonest and disreputable methods!

The fact that "moral and political reformers" incur the hostility of those who are opposed to such reforms, is but natural, and is to be expected. The idea of reform of any sort is foreign to the wishes and the desires of a few people, and they apparently have no concern whatever for the morals of their community. One is justified in the belief that they much prefer the opposite in improvement in morals. They are just built that way, it would seem, and it is said that the "leopard cannot change his spots, nor the Ethiopian his skin."

With this preliminary statement we want to say that we are not done with you yet, and are not willing to let you off at this stage of the game. The fact that you have evaded us in the way you have, and have actually "taken to the woods" on the local option question, is not at all satisfactory. You must either "show up or shut up." And since you have had plenty of "cooling time," it is to be hoped that you have so sufficiently "collected yourself," and have so far recovered from the fit of "jim-jams" into which you were thrown by our last week's article, as to be able to "keep cool" and buckle down to a legitimate discussion of the issues raised upon the question of local option. If so, then we beg to submit to you the following questions, and ask that you either answer them, or decline to do so, as you may deem best, viz:

1st: Is it not a fact that the right of the people of Texas, in their local capacity to the extent of a county, to vote for the adoption or rejection of local option,

is embodied, in explicit terms, in the State Constitution?

2nd: Is it not a fact that the constitutional convention that framed that Constitution was a democratic convention?

3rd: Is it not a fact that all laws that have been passed in Texas in pursuance of the demand of that Constitution, have been passed by democratic legislatures?

4th: Is it not a fact that the trend of all legislation in Texas on the local option question has been to provide for its more rigid enforcement?

5th: Is it not a fact that the principle of local option has been sustained by our own highest State courts and by the Supreme Court of the United States, as a proper and correct exercise of the "police powers" of the State?

7th: Is it not a fact that prohibitory laws, such as our local option law, have also been upheld upon "reasons of public policy," and upon the right of the state to guard against "abuse and prevent disorder," and upon its right to promote the "health, peace, comfort, safety and morals" of its people?

7th: Is it not a fact that the "sale of intoxicating liquors" frequently results in abuse and provokes disorder, and that it is a menace to the peace, comfort, health, safety and morals of the people?

8th: Is it not a fact that the contention that local option "will not prohibit" is applicable to all prohibitory laws, such as the laws prohibiting murder, theft, rape, or other crimes, and if local option should not be adopted because it "will not prohibit," then should not the other laws named be repealed because they do not prohibit? Is not that the logical effect of that contention?

9th: Is it not a fact that local option will prohibit if it is enforced, and if it is not enforced, is it the fault of the law, or is it the fault of the officers of the law, that it is not enforced?

10th: Is it not a fact that we have a law that is ample in its provisions to prevent and break up "blind-tigers," and if so, and these animals (!) are not broken up, is it the fault of the law, or the fault of the officers of the law, that it is not enforced?

11th: Is it not a fact that local option is growing stronger every day, and that it is gradually spreading in Texas, and if so, is not this positive proof that the law is received with favor by the people of this State, and is it not also splendid evidence that it is right in principle, and did you not say in 1887 that prohibition was wrong and local option was right?

12th: Is it not a fact that local option was defeated in the recent election in Crockett precinct by the negro vote, and do you not believe that, if a vote on that question could be submitted to the white vote of this precinct or this county, it would carry by a "decisive majority?" And if so, then do you believe there is any credit to any man or set of men, and is it right, to perpetuate the sale of intoxicating liquors in this county by means of that ignorant and debased vote?

In short, sir, if you can give one good reason why local option is wrong in principle, and is a bad thing, and that the sale of intoxicating liquors is right in principle and is a good thing, then we hope you will not hesitate to do so. All that we want is the truth upon this question, and if you can sustain the contention as indicated above, then we will be willing to admit that you are truly a "licker" from "liquorsville," even if you do say it yourself.

Now, the foregoing may be

lacking in "snap and spirit" its "style" may be dull, it may be "loose-jointed" in construction, its reasoning may be "illogical," and it is from a "round dozen prohibition agitators," but it is not very long, and it certainly is free from "vindictive bitterness" and from appeals to "passion and prejudice," and we hope it is sufficiently intelligible for you to comprehend it and will attempt to answer it. And even if it is in part the work of "men commissioned to preach the gospel," you should not let that deter you from answering, for it should be remembered that it is also their duty to oppose sin wherever it may be found, and if there is a greater sin anywhere than the "liquor traffic," then you will confer a special favor upon an anxious public by informing them what that sin is. Besides in free America, where preachers have about as many rights as other people, they do not have to ask permission of "crowned heads" before they can attack the wrong.

Furthermore, Mr. Editor, we would have you understand that we have no malice in this controversy, nor is there anything personal in it. We have no war to make on any man or any set of men. "It is a condition, not a theory, that confronts us." In fact, we know no man in this fight, not even the editor of the COURIER, and what we do is through an earnest desire to rid this county of the evils of the liquor business, and from an honest and conscientious conviction that our cause is just and that right is on our side. And above all, don't get mad. Even if what we may say should contain a little fun or a little pepper occasionally, please bear in mind that you "cast the first stone," and be sure not to forget the old story about folks who "live in glass houses."

**"AN APOSTOLIC TWELVE."**

**Negroes Flogged.**

Waco, Tex., Aug. 15.—Thirty-nine lashes on the bare back were administered to each of the two negroes at Rosebud. This punishment for riding over two young girls at that place yesterday.

The story of their offense was printed in this morning's News. The negroes, both drunk and riding the same horse, galloped through Rosebud yesterday afternoon. There were some children playing in the street directly in their paths, but the negroes swerved not an inch from their course, and one of the children was run down and trampled. A short distance further they ran down another child. Then they continued on their way unconcernedly.

There was intense indignation, and several men started in pursuit. They overtook the negroes about three miles from town and returned with them immediately. The negroes were terribly frightened, not knowing what punishment would be meted out to them. It was decided that a severe flogging would serve every purpose. Both were tied to a tree and 39 lashes given to each. The echo of each stroke was a cry of anguish.

Full details of the affair have not reached here, but it is said the negroes were severely punished.

**Consumption Threatened.**

C. Unger, 212 Maple St., Champaign, Ill., writes: "I was troubled with a hacking cough for a year and I thought I had consumption. I tried a great many remedies and was under the care of physicians for several months. I used one bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar. It cured me and I have not been troubled since." J. G. Haring.

**Foley's Kidney Cure** makes kidneys and bladder right. at J. G. Haring's.

**GUILTY OR NOT GUILTY.**

Don't be guilty of paying one dollar for something that you can get for nearly half the price at

**The Blue Front Store.**

Mr. Asher spent most of this summer in the market watching snaps, buying up bargains, bankrupt stocks, sheriff's sales, sample goods and all for the spot cash.

We now have a heavy stock of clothing, shoes and gent's furnishing goods and we offer it to the trade for at least 25 per cent. less than you have to pay for regular goods.

Come around, price our goods and convince yourself.

**The Blue Front Store,**

H. ASHER, Proprietor.

**TEXAS HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES**

**Officially Recognizes the Shirt Waist.**

The one thing that is sure to stir up The American People is any radical departure from custom—anything that is not in style and lacks Dame Fashion's approval, no matter how sensible and full of service the new idea is—vide the shirt-waist man, for instance. In time, however, the merits of any worthy innovation impress themselves, and the distrusted theory becomes fact—as in the case of the shirt-waist, adopted at Austin, August 8th, by official vote, as the proper thing. "THE DENVER ROAD" was the first to break away from the electro-slug method of display advertising, giving the people something to read, with frequent changes, and it worked well. This year in the interest of our "constant readers" we have put in a little time courting the Muse, also the Amuse, and—has it worked? Well, the shirt-waist man realized that he had been flaged and backed into a blind siding when he heard the talk. The "TALK" was what we were after—we thought the people a trifle slow in coming to a full understanding of what we were offering them for their money.

Within the last three years "THE DENVER ROAD" has made several quite radical departures in the matter of regular, daily equipment and service, viz.: Pullmans with comfortable large dressing-rooms for ladies, Cafe Cars, meals a la carte, Day Coaches—of the most modern variety—a handsome, box-vestibuled train, run thru without change. These trains, as well as our individual advertising—both strictly "Poetry and Motion"—have attracted considerable attention, and we are doing a good business, which is a compliment to the intelligence of the people who are our guests.

W. F. STERLEY, A. G. P. A. A. A. GLISSON, G. A. P. D. CHAS. L. HULL, T. P. A. FORT WORTH, TEXAS.

P. S.—Unless you go via "THE DENVER ROAD," you'll not get quite all you should for your money. Two things to remember: "Only One Road!" and "No Apology Necessary!"

**Commercial Printing**

DONE AT THE COURIER OFFICE IS ALRIGHT.

**\$6.65**

The cost of a 30-day round trip excursion ticket from

**CROCKETT TO MARLIN.**

World's famous hot wells, natural sanitarium and health resort. "The Mecca of the afflicted."

Take I. & G. G. train No. 12 leaving 11:33 a. m. daily for Marlin, Calvert and Bryan.

Between Texas and St. Louis .. THE .. Texas and Mexico  
**I. & G. N.**

International and Great Northern Railroad Company  
**IS THE SHORT LINE** Through Cars and Pullman Sleepers Daily

**Superior Passenger Service.**  
**Fast Trains and Modern Equipment.**

IF YOU ARE GOING ANYWHERE, SEE  
 J. B. VALENTINE, Agent, CROCKETT. L. TRICE, 2nd Vice Pres. & Gen'l Supt. PALESTINE, TEXAS. D. J. FRICK, Gen'l P. & T. A.

Between Texas and Kansas City .. THE .. Texas and Southwest TEXAS  
**I. & G. N.**

## EAST TEXAS

### Mill Reign Drawing to a Close— The Age of Fruit and Vegetable Growing is Dawning.

The travel of the writer in Texas if put in a continuous line, and not repeating over any portion of it, aggregates over 6000 miles. If to this be added the distance over lines he has passed more than once the entire distance traveled away from home over the State aggregates over 12,000 miles. Most of the 6000 miles have been passed over in day-light at least once and careful observations made and noted for reference.

These travels have extended over nearly every section of the State. From Texarkana, along the Red River tier of counties up to the Staked Plains of the Panhandle in Donley County; from Shreveport to El Paso on the west and Galveston on the south; from Beaumont through Houston, San Antonio and Del Rio on the Rio Grande to Fort Davis and El Paso; from Houston through Brenham, Austin to Lampasas; from Aransas Pass to Kerrville, 75 miles northwest of San Antonio; from Denison, through Mineola, Troupe, Palestine, Hearne, San Antonio to Pearsall in Frio County, and from Palestine to Houston; from Waco to Rockport; from Temple to Gillespie and Llano counties by wagon; from Tyler to Corsicana and Galveston repeatedly by various routes.

In all these travels, beginning in 1872 and continuing from time to time up to the present, geological formations, soils, streams, timber and native vegetation have been noted. Progress of settlement, and development in agriculture and commerce have been observed. General grain, grass and cotton agriculture have flourished to the greatest extent, and most prosperously in the muddy, sticky, ticky, chiggery, "black waxy" and creek and river bottom lands of the State, although home life there, owing to the perpetual presence of the black mud, the ticks and chiggers and the general absence of fruits and yard beautification, is more burdensome, monotonous, dreary and devoid of poetical inspiration than in almost any other section of the State.

There the mechanical agriculture of the riding plow, cultivator and reaper flourish most, owing to the ease in using them on the broad, level lands. But, O! how the women folks toil and sweep and scrub and lose temper trying to keep white floors and linen in those seas of tarry mud, and how the children pine and sicken for want of luscious fruits and beautiful lawns on which to play and tumble free from the vile tumor-making chigger! Yet farm lands in these sections sell higher than any other in the State, \$20 to \$75 per acre.

Stock growing on wild grasses thrive best on the vast semi-arid western plains where the short but very nutritious mesquite and blue stem grasses grow and general good health prevails in the pure, bracing ever moving air.

General ranching enterprises are the leading and almost the sole commercial feature of the greater part of the State west of the 100th meridian.

What must we say of social and home life among the ranchers? The owners, generally, are men of capital and mostly live in the larger cities in other parts of the State, or beyond the State in the greater cities, and the social life of the ranches, where little of any

other form of agriculture is present, is well represented in the jolly, generous, but uncouth, ignorant cowboy, and the few girls of the region wretchedly distressed for want of society and refinement of city life.

Schools are necessarily few, far between and poor. True, there are isolated small areas in this vast region where favorably located lands can be and are irrigated, producing the comforting, refining fruits, flowers and beautiful surroundings of home. About these cases cluster the refinement of the Western regions. Lands so located as to derive benefits of this kind in those regions are necessarily high in comparison with lands in Eastern Texas where every natural resource for the most refined civilization exists.

But where in Texas do we always find plenty of everything to comfort the body, the mind and the desires for refined social life, either in the town or county? It is in the timbered, sandy lands, which are well drained and rich enough to naturally grow a great variety of trees, shrubs and grasses.

In such lands all manner of fruits, vegetables, shrubs and flowers grow to perfection. Mud is practically unknown in comparison with black lands. Cotton, sweet potatoes, Irish potatoes, peanuts and melons do splendidly and with judicious fertilizing and culture fine corn and other farm crops do well. Cultivation is of the easiest character, both on man and beast. Vile, irritating insects, such as ticks and chiggers, are not numerous and disappear when the lands are cleared and cultivated. The fierceness of wind storms and summer heat are greatly modified and reduced by the belts of timber which will always more or less remain, and by the orchards and yard shrubberies. Such lands, judiciously set to fruits and vegetables, where good market facilities locally or for shipping exist, yield from 2 to 10 times as much per acre as the belt black waxy lands do in corn, wheat, oats and cotton. But one individual can not cultivate in such crops so much land as he can of ordinary farm crops on the prairie and this compels smaller farms. This makes greater population to same area, hence nearer neighbors, more and better schools. But to successfully carry on horticultural pursuits, better education, greater knowledge of plant life, of commercial methods, is required than for grain and cotton farming. All these conditions tend to improve social conditions, to make a refined and very social community. Just so we find such society in such cities as Gainesville, Denison, Brenham, Paris, Sherman, Tyler, Palestine and Nacogdoches and even the smaller villages in the timber land belts where the fruit industries are carried on commercially.

But an opponent may reply: "Why then is there such a vast country of fine sandy timber land in Eastern Texas yet practically unsettled or undeveloped, except a few places you mention?"

We have not mentioned all such best places by any means, but we will also answer fully the question for it is a proper and important one.

Having been through the little developed country of East Texas repeatedly, some of it quite recently, I had ample opportunity to study the conditions and reasons why.

Take, for example, the country along the line of the Houston East and West Texas Railway from Houston through Harris, Montgomery, Liberty, San Jacinto,

Polk, Angelina, Nacogdoches and Shelby counties and into Logansport and Shreveport, directly through the central part of the great forest region of Eastern Texas, and as representative as any tier of counties that can be named, through a heavily timbered region all the way over 232 miles, where will be found growing vast bodies of pine timber over the uplands, and intermingled and along the streams great quantities of oaks of many species, including white oak; sweet gum, sour gum, elms, sugar maple, magnolia, basswood, hickory of several species, including shellbark hickory, walnut, ash, cedar and a vast profusion of other trees and great variety of other shrubs and flowering plants, and innumerable good grazing grasses. The country is well watered and healthful as any timbered lands in the South. The air everywhere is perfumed with flowers and resin of the pine. As healthy looking people as can be found anywhere are seen in Livingston, Nacogdoches, Lufkin and other places along this line, and who were born and raised in the country, as one may find anywhere.

Then why are these fine lands unsettled to so large an extent, and why can they be bought in large tracts at from \$1 to \$3 per acre and little higher in smaller tracts and at \$5 to \$10 per acre for improved farm lands? Simply because mill men years ago bought up these lands in immense bodies at very low rates and would not sell them until they had taken off the larger old growth of pine, and no advertising of this country and those lands has been indulged in, for selfish purposes. These people had a "good thing" and did not care to have too many know about it. No attempt has been made in that region for various reasons to colonize and organize fruit and truck growers' associations to ship by carloads.

But now there are great bodies of land with which the millmen are done and such can be bought at ridiculously low prices, and there are as good facilities at many points for shipping to the great cities as from anywhere else in the State. It is time these immense advantages of Eastern Texas should be known to the world, and this great wealth producing section in capacity be roused from its slumbers and put to work.

The lands from Harris county to the Trinity river on the east of San Jacinto county are comparatively low and flat in many places, finely conditioned for rice and sugar growing as any in the South. From Livingston in Polk county northward to the state line is higher, more or less rolling, generally underlaid with red clay and covered with a warm, loamy sand. It is remarkably well adapted to all manner of fruits, vegetables, melons, cotton on the uplands and ribbon cane and cotton in the bottoms. Ribbon cane syrup of the finest quality is made in those regions. The fruits grow on these red sandy lands, the very best grades of which are found in Angelina and Nacogdoches counties, produce fruits of the largest size most richly colored and flavored, as abundantly seen at Nacogdoches. Such peaches, pears, grapes, melons as were seen at Lufkin, Nacogdoches and other places are only equaled by other sections of Eastern and North-eastern Texas as at Palestine, Longview, Tyler, Jefferson, Paris and Denison. At Lufkin is the finest sawmill plant in the South, but at numerous other places throughout this region much lumber is yet sawn, affording the very best and cheapest building and fencing material.

Great quantities of very fine

## TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

### Office of Comptroller of the Currency.

Washington, D. C., August 29, 1901.

Whereas, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that "The Farmers' and Merchants' National Bank of Crockett," in the town of Crockett, in the county of Houston and state of Texas, has complied with all the provisions of the Statutes of the United States, required to be complied with before an association shall be authorized to commence the business of banking;

Now, therefore, I, Charles G. Dawes, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that **The Farmers and Merchants National Bank of Crockett** in the town of Crockett, in the county of Houston and state of Texas, is authorized to commence the business of banking as provided in Section Fifty-one hundred and sixty-nine of the Revised Statutes of the United States.

In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office this 29th day of August, 1901.

[SEAL] CHARLES G. DAWES,  
Comptroller of the Currency.  
No. 5963.

pressed brick are manufactured at Garrison in Nacogdoches county. From there Shreveport obtains the brick, which of recent years have made so many beautiful substantial business blocks of that rapidly growing city of over 30,000 population.

At Timpson in Shelby county are extensive deposits of very good grade of lignite coal which lies in horizontal beds eight feet thick, 10 to 40 feet below the surface. This coal is mined to a considerable extent at Timpson and mixed with bituminous coal makes good steaming fuel.

Everywhere in all the sandy timbered lands from 10 to 50 feet below the surface are found inexhaustible supplies of excellent soft water, generally very fine, but sometimes impregnated with iron and other minerals.

The mill reign in these regions is fast drawing to a close, and the age of fruit and vegetable growing is beginning, and will eventually make a paradise of this richly blessed section, where tornadoes and blizzards do not molest, and where more real value in an acre can be bought with less money than in any other part of the Union. This country has in it comparatively few negroes, and as it will quickly attract intelligent white people when known as it should be, the negro element will ever remain scarce.

In many places, as at Nacogdoches, are extensive beds of very rich marl a few feet from the surface, an outcropping often, which supplies the very character of fertilizer needed by the sandy lands.

A good many of these East Texas towns are now supplied, or soon will be, with competing railway lines, built or under construction, some of which are Springer, in Liberty county; Corrigan, in Polk county; Lufkin, in Angelina county; Nacogdoches, in Nacogdoches county, and Timpson, in Shelby county.

If I were given to prophesying I would predict that the better lands of all this region (as large as the state of Kentucky or larger) will in 25 years sell at as high or higher prices than any other agricultural lands in the state, and that will be no disparagement to other parts of Texas, for vast and rich in natural wealth are all the great divisions of this Empire State. But East Texas has never had her dues in being made known to the enterprising people of the world, and hence special mention of her superior advantages is justifiable.—T. V. Munson, Denison, Texas, in Galveston News.

## Ignorance of the Bible.

"There is nothing so deplorable," said a clergyman to me one day not long ago, "as the ignorance of the Bible which prevails among the modern young folk. I think the study of the book, in a purely secular way, should be included in the course of literature in every school. Aside from its religious significance, its value as an example of perfect English style is inestimable. I attended an evening party not long ago, and I was asked to suggest some means of entertainment. I wrote a number of questions concerning persons, articles, and incidents mentioned in the Bible, and gave each one present three questions to answer. One young woman was asked what an ephod was, what was the fate of Karah, and what kind of a seed manna resembled. She confessed utter ignorance on all three points. Another was asked what kind of flowers bloomed on Aaron's rod, and when I inquired how she knew they were almond flowers, she said she had once used a kind of almond meal with a picture of Aaron's rod on the box. Nobody knew to whom Aaron's garments were given. I asked one young man whose table it was that Lazarus ate crumbs from, and he said the name was 'Divius,' because there was a college song he knew about Lazarus and Divius. Not one person in the room had even a superficial knowledge of the Bible. Indeed, in this latter day, to be able to quote from the Scriptures is as much a mark of rare culture as the ability to quote the Greek and Latin poets used to be. I am shocked at the growing ignorance concerning the Master Book, and think it a matter for educators, both religious and secular to consider."

## This Is the Great Bridge Market.

The market for bridges is far greater in the United States than elsewhere. The States have now 190,000 miles of railways, and it has been estimated that there is an average of one span of metallic bridge for every three miles of railway. This gives 63,000 bridges on existing lines, without including those required for new lines. The increase in the United States of the weight of cars and engines has resulted in wonderful economic changes. This increase of weight of rolling stock has led to the renewal of the 63,000 old bridges by stronger and heavier ones. This demand has brought into existence many bridge building companies, and they can well afford to equip themselves with the best labor-saving and accurate working machinery, regardless of first cost, as they know it would seldom if ever lie idle.

## Willing to Compromise.

The following letter, written by a woman in Kansas, has been received by the Philadelphia police department: "Chief Police, will you see the woman whose name is in the enclosed advertisement, I will settle with her for \$500. She has a medicine which she says will remove hair from the face. I sent her one dollar and got a bottle of the medicine. I had some fun on my face. I used the medicine and it burnt my face and now I have got a heavy beard the doctor say I will have whiskers now all my life. if she will give you \$500 I will take it and say nothing against the woman."

## Many Gladstone Memorials.

Memorials to Gladstone will be numerous in Great Britain. There is to be a monumental statue in London, and another in Edinburgh—his favorite constituency of Midlothian—a memorial library is to be established at Hawarden, his home, and the national memorial, which will be elaborate, has not yet taken shape. The king, who as Prince of Wales, was president of the general committee, has offered to become patron of the memorial.



## Local Items.

John Ellis of Oakhurst was in town Monday.

W. J. Chaffin of Grapeland was in Crockett Tuesday.

The latest and best in stationery at the New Drug Store.

New stock of guns, pistols and saddles at Jim Brown's.

### For Loss of Appetite.

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic.

Any one in need of tinware will find it at cost at Rich & Shell's.

The New Drug Store will handle school books this year.

Choicest teas, spices and extracts at Hail & Dunwoody's.

### To Fertilize the Blood.

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic.

Wagon and buggy material always on hand at Rich & Shell's.

Cream of Wheat, the breakfast dainty, at Hail & Dunwoody's.

### For Pale, Sickly Children.

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic.

Horse shoeing a specialty at Rich & Shell's.

Matting at all prices at the Big Store. JAS. S. SHIVERS & CO.

Always welcome. Glad to see you. JIM BROWN.

Miss Ina McKennon of Lovelady is visiting Miss Jessie Jones.

Go to Rich & Shell for all kinds of tinware at wholesale cost.

The New Drug Store is expecting a big shipment of school books.

### Malaria Makes You Weak.

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic makes you strong.

J. T. Crysup, proprietor of the New Drug Store, is in St. Louis on business.

John Butts will be with the Big Store, Jas. S. Shivers & Co., after November the 1st.

Still in the ring—the largest, coldest and freshest glass of keg beer at Hyman's saloon.

Furniture of every description at the Big Store, from a cradle up. JAS. S. SHIVERS & CO.

Something to eat, Ralston's Breakfast food, Grape Nuts. Just received. JIM BROWN.

Buy your drugs, medicines and school books from SMITH & FRENCH DRUG CO.

Twenty Per Cent More Doses in Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic than in a Bitter Chill Tonic.

We desire to close out our tinware and offer same at wholesale cost. RICH & SHELL.

Buy lowels or duck for cotton sack at the Big Store. JAS. S. SHIVERS & CO.

See our new improved Milburn wagons before you buy. CRADDOCK & CO.

### Malaria Makes Impure Blood.

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic cures Malaria.

Buy your drugs, medicines and school books from SMITH & FRENCH DRUG CO.

Single wagon and harness for sale cheap. In use only two months. Apply at D. Buck's store.

Better for the Blood than Sarsaparilla For those living in the Malaria districts. Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic.

Mrs. Bricker has returned from St. Louis with the latest styles in millinery, which she will be glad to show you at any time.

Buy your farm wagons at the Big Store. Hickman make. Every wagon guaranteed. JAS. S. SHIVERS & CO.

Go to the lumber yard for rough or dressed lumber. Our stock is complete and prices the lowest. T. R. DUEFREE, Mgr.

## Many People

In every section of Houston county have found it to their advantage to do business with us. They have been pleased with the way we treat our customers, and have recommended us to their friends. We want your trade, and will extend to you every accommodation in our power. We see to it personally that every customer has

## The Best

Attention, and our goods and prices are always right. We are headquarters for glass, paints and oils.

## B. F. CHAMBERLAIN DRUGGIST.

A General Strengthening Tonic. Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic.

Mr. J. R. Howard is thinking of moving to California.

J. S. Kennedy of Coltharp spent Saturday and Sunday in Crockett.

### For Nursing Mothers.

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic.

A. C. Barksdale, who formerly ran a saloon here, was in town this week from Tyler.

Mr. McDonough of Coltharp was in Crockett the first of the week on business for his company.

### Pale People Have Pale Blood.

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic makes rich blood.

Mrs. Shoemaker has been quite sick at the home of Mrs. J. H. Wootters, but her condition is now improving.

Col. D. A. Nunn returned Sunday night from Denton where he had been for two weeks on professional business.

The Big Store is prepared to furnish bagging and ties in large or small quantities. Ask for prices. JAS. S. SHIVERS & CO.

### Malaria Causes Biliousness.

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic removes the cause.

Any sickness in the family? Call on Dr. "Joel B. Frazier" at Hyman's saloon. It is the best medicinal whiskey on the market.

Ladies, don't buy anything in fall dress goods till you see ours. The Big Store.

### Strength Enables You to Stand the Heat.

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic gives strength.

### For Sale.

Kiefer pears by the bushel or wagon load. Am at orchard every day. W. B. PAGE.

We give 5 per cent on every purchase in premium tickets at the Big Store.

### Muddy Blood.

Means a muddy complexion. Pure blood means a clear complexion. Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic makes rich, clear blood.

Sol Bromberg of Galveston passed up the road Saturday evening on his way to Louisville, Ky., where his wife is visiting and who is sick.

Cotton is about two and a half cents lower than it was at this time last year. The crop is coming in fast and from reports will soon be gathered and sold.

The I. & G. N. has one passenger and one freight engine fitted up for burning oil. We are informed that as fast as they go into the shops for repairs they will be changed from coal to oil burners.

Ulcers, open or obstinate sores, scalds and piles, quickly cured by Banner Salve, the most healing medicine in the world.

The Big Store will begin receiving their fall stock this week. All bought in New York and all strictly up-to-date.

JAS. S. SHIVERS & CO.

Sash and Doors, Lime, Cement, Shingles, Pickets, Moulding and all kinds of building material at the lumber yard! Our prices defy competition.

T. R. DUEFREE, Mgr.

Get you a good breech loading shot gun (from \$6.00 up) or something new in a Stephens rifle. Call and see them at the Big Store. JAS. S. SHIVERS & CO.

A. LeGory's pasture south of town was set on fire by spark from passing engine last week. It was so dry that it burnt off clean. It took hard fighting all day Sunday to save the fence.

The Houston County Lumber Co. is better prepared to fill orders for any kind of a bill than ever before. Give us a call and be convinced. Satisfaction guaranteed. T. R. DUEFREE, Mgr.

### A Little Known Fact

That the majority of serious diseases originate in disorder of the kidneys. Foley's Kidney Cure is guaranteed. Be sure to get Foley's. J. G. Haring.

"I had a running sore on my leg for seven years," writes Mrs. Jas. Forest of Chippewa Falls, Wis., "and spent hundreds of dollars in trying to get it healed. Two boxes of Banner Salve entirely cured it." Beware of substitutes. J. G. Haring.

## IAGO SAID:

"Who steals my purse steals trash."

His purse must have been different from those we handle, for our purses and pocket books are valuable even when empty.

A good substantial money holder that shuts in your loose change and keeps it is a money saver. Your pocket can easily leak more than the price of a purse. We make extremely close prices on pocket books and purses, and always glad to show them.

J. G. HARING, PHARMACIST.

I am now ready to gin, my outfit being new, consisting of Pratt's Gins with Munger 1901 cleaner. System attached. Guarantee my work to be second to none. Will gin day and night. Respectfully solicit a liberal share of your patronage. Located 200 yards south of depot. W. E. CANNON.

Col. Tom Bowers, who several years ago edited the Crockett Enterprise, has started another paper at Carthage and named it "The Texas Mule." The first issue says the Mule will be a power in the uplifting business and will always be found kicking and braying for the general good of the community. In other words it will fight with both ends.

The local editor spent Sunday at his old home at Henderson. Noticeable improvements in the town have been made during the past year, most conspicuous among them being the electric lights and the modern business fronts and sidewalks. The main streets have been clayed which was done on account of the deep sand. An oil mill is the latest acquisition to the business enterprises of the town.

Foley's Honey and Tar for children, safe, sure. No opiates. at J. G. Haring's.

Now is the time of year to pay for your county paper. If your subscription to the COURIER is not paid up, we will appreciate your attention to the matter.

J. M. Stephens, an ex-I. & G. N. railroad conductor of Henderson, was in Crockett recently looking over the town with a view of going into business here.

J. D. Sims returned home Saturday from St. Louis, Evansville, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, New York and other places of interest. He reports an enjoyable trip.

Ladies, call and see Mrs. Bricker's ladies' tailoring outfit samples of the latest novelties in goods and colors, perfect fit guaranteed, prices reasonable.

The COURIER is now ready to receive arrearages on subscription. Subscription payments have been very light this summer, which was anticipated, but early fall payments will be expected and appreciated.

Miss Marcia Kemp, after spending the summer at home in Arkansas and later studying the fall and winter styles in millinery at St. Louis, has returned to Crockett and resumed her place in the millinery department at Dan McLean's.

Mr. W. Y. Howard, father of Mr. Sam Howard and Mrs. L. J. Jordan and a brother of Mr. J. R. Howard, died last Friday of paralysis of the brain and was buried Saturday morning. The funeral procession was long, attesting the esteem in which the deceased was held during his life. The burial was in Glenwood cemetery.

Mrs. John Hardeman of Henderson was a passenger on the northbound train Saturday evening. She was returning from Beaumont where she had been for some time looking after oil land investments. She sold her beautiful span of horses before leaving Beaumont, which she had taken there with her, for \$650 we are informed by outside parties.

Mr. M. V. R. Shields, one of the oldest residents of Oakwoods, is visiting his grand-daughter, Mrs. S. J. S. Wood, in Crockett. Mr. Shields is an old Confederate soldier and is a Carolinian by birth, but has been living at Oakwoods about twenty years. He is 79 years of age and settled at Oakwoods on coming to Texas from Tennessee, which state he served during the struggle of the Confederacy.

## The New Congressional District.

The new congressional district as fixed by the re-districting committees and the legislature comprises the counties of Anderson, Houston, Trinity, Polk, San Jacinto, Liberty, Chambers and Galveston. It will be readily seen that Houston county is favorably situated and the advantages are obvious. It is believed that a Houston county man will stand good chances for election in the next congressional race.

### Thumb Cut Off in Gin.

Ed Burton, a boy, and son of John I. Burton, happened to the misfortune of getting one of his thumbs cut off in Ran Wherry's gin Tuesday morning. He was brought to Crockett and the wound was dressed by Dr. Smith Wootters.

### Working Night and Day.

The busiest and mightiest little thing that ever was made is Dr. King's New Life Pills. These pills change weakness into strength, listlessness into energy, brain fog into mental power. They're wonderful in building up the health. Only 25c-per box. Sold by J. G. Haring.

## At Hyman's.

"After the Ball,"  
Sang "Old Paul,"  
"Remember Me,"  
Chimed in "Joel B."

### CHORUS:

I don't know why I love you  
Both, I do oo oo.

Mr. G. A. Stillman, a merchant of Tampico, Ill., writes: "Foley's Kidney Cure is meeting with wonderful success. It has cured some cases here that physicians pronounced incurable. I myself am able to testify to its merits. My face to day is a living picture of health, and Foley's Kidney Cure has made it such." J. G. Haring.

Mr. Geo. W. Albright, who lives this side of Lovelady, was in Crockett recently and called to see us. From him we learned of the death of his daughter, Mrs. Ada Montgomery, wife of D. D. Montgomery, who died on the 15th of August. She lived only about three hours after taking sick, and leaves a husband and two little boys. She was buried in Rockland cemetery. This good woman and loving mother was only 31 years old and her death is a sad loss to her family and the community.

### A Shocking Calamity.

"Lately befell a railroad laborer," writes Dr. A. Kellett, of Williford, Ark. "His foot was badly crushed but Bucklen's Arnica Salve quickly cured him. It's simply wonderful for burns, boils, piles and all skin eruptions. It's the world's champion healer. Cure guaranteed. Sold by J. G. Haring."

### For Rent.

My farm one mile north of Lovelady. One hundred acres open land in good shape. Good orchard, plenty of out houses, two tenant houses, good rock cistern will run with two buckets, tank for stock, good garden. Will loan renter some furniture, also some cows. Apply to

J. R. B. BARBEE,  
Lovelady, Texas.

## LEE GOOLSBY,

Dealer in Fine Whiskies,  
Wines, Beer, Etc.

You are invited to try the several brands of whiskey and wines I carry and pass upon their quality, if not already a customer of mine; a single trial order will make you one. The high quality of these goods and the fine flavor will convince those of taste and judgment that I carry the best. Whiskey, per quart, \$1.00  
California Wine, per quart, 75c

## POPULAR EXCURSIONS.

Dates shown are those on which tickets are on sale.

LOUISVILLE, KY., All year round excursion tickets from I. & G. N. points at rate of one and one-third fares, world famous Hot Well, Natural Sanitarium and health resort.

SAN ANTONIO, TEX., Sons of Hermann and German War Veterans, Sept. 16-19.

SAN ANTONIO, TEX., International Fair Association, opens Oct. 19, closes Oct. 30.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Pan-American Exposition, tickets on sale daily. MARLIN, all-year-round excursion tickets from I. & G. N. points at rate of one and one third (1-3) fares. World famous hot well, natural sanitarium and health resort.

Low excursion rates will be made for all of the above occasions.

Ask nearest ticket agent for particulars as to rates, dates of sale, etc., or write to

D. J. PRICE,  
Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agent,  
Palestine, Texas.

### No Relief for 20 Years.

"I had bronchitis for twenty years," said Mrs. Minerva Smith of Danville, Ill., "and never got relief until I used Foley's Honey and Tar which is a sure cure for throat and lung diseases. J. G. Haring."

# THE COURIER.

W. B. PAGE, - Editor and Proprietor  
W. W. AIKEN, Publisher & Local Editor

## THE HATCHETATORS AGAIN.

We publish this week the article of J. W. Madden and others. It is a prosy, long-drawn out effusion. It has been published in every paper in the county and we venture the assertion that outside of those who are parties to it there are not fifty people in the county who read it through. There is not a point raised in the entire article which has not been discussed over and over again, between individuals, in the press and on the streets. The people have heard them and have tired of them. There is little to be gained in discussing these matters with these reformers for two reasons; first, the public is tired of the matter and properly so and secondly, if one were to answer any question they might ask to the satisfaction of reasonable minds, these reformers would come back tomorrow and ask the same questions over again.

That crowd have little else to do but to get together and formulate questions, as simple and as old as the prohibition question itself. Just to illustrate the simplicity of these people we will take one of their questions—the first one.

1st: Is it not a fact that the right of the people of Texas, in their local capacity to the extent of a county, to vote for the adoption or rejection of local option, is embodied, in explicit terms, in the State Constitution?

Yes. It is a fact. And several precincts in this county have adopted such local option. The principle of local self-government is recognized by the constitution, but denied by this dozen of hatchetators. They appealed to this principle in precinct one and got whipped. Now they propose to abandon the principle of local self-government and call on other precincts in the county which already have local option to come over into Macedonia and help them throttle a majority in precinct one. Is that preserving the idea of the principle of local self-government? Isn't it forcing a principle of government on a precinct which has repudiated it and is there any local self-government or local option in such a proceeding? Is it right that other precincts in the county should be conceded the right of local self-government or local option and the same right denied to precinct one. Now this is a fair sample of that tiresome list of questions which they propound, all of which have been answered a thousand times in this county. When these hatchetators have a little spare time, and they seem to have more of it than anybody else, they rake over the prohibition literature of 1887, fish out a lot of it and fire it at a suffering public. This crowd have been before the public in some one or more capacities as reformers for so long that the public care very little for what they may say. When they get something new and present it in such a way that the reading public may know it without having to lose a day's time to go through it, the public and the COURIER will give it some attention. We have taken up a great deal of space and time with their productions, more than any one or all of them had a right to expect of this paper. And for the present at least these columns are closed against anything more from them.

Mr. Tenny's remarks of last week and this are of same character as those put forth by the Apostolic Twelve. And the observations of the COURIER are intended to apply to his as well.

Those people in the county who wish to read both sides of a question can always find them in the COURIER. It is the only paper published in the county which gives both sides.

The COURIER article in reply to the "Apostolic Twelve" flushed the whole flock so badly that they have never been able to get together again. There has been whistling and whistling to call the entire brood together but without success. Some of them hear the call but respond not.

The tax-rolls for Houston county for 1901 show a total taxable wealth of \$3,768,255.00 as against \$3,450,410.00 for 1900, an increase of over three hundred thousand dollars in assessments. This is a very gratifying increase and with the development now going on in the county the increase next year should be a half million or more.

There are some fifteen or twenty felony cases to occupy the time of the court next month, nearly all of which are for murder. There are nineteen now in jail. There is something wrong in the administration of justice when such an appalling state of affairs exists. The prosecuting officers and the judge seem to do their duty vigorously. The wrong must be with the juries of the country. Public sentiment is getting weary over the failure of justice in murder cases.

An issue or two back the COURIER raised the question as to whether the 15-cent tax which the commissioners' court levied under the special road law was authorized by the constitution. Judge Aldrich and J. W. Madden hold that such levy is thus authorized. Article 8, Section 9 of the Constitution is clear and specific on this and while we dislike, not being a lawyer, to take issue on this, we are of the same opinion as before. There is certainly no authority for levying this additional tax of 15 cents. The court has made an effort to bring this new levy within the terms of the constitution by dividing up and assigning the old road levy to other purposes but they have failed in this. We do not believe this new tax will hold and we feel confident that the courts will so declare.

### That Postoffice Matter.

The owner of the building where the postoffice is at present located thought the property should be bringing more rent and accordingly informed Postmaster Dawes that he would have to increase the amount of rental. Mr. Dawes contended that the postoffice department would not pay it, for he had tried them before, but wrote them and they instructed him to get another building and send a plat of the town, showing new location, etc., for their approval. He did so and they instructed him to move. The new location was in the Gail King brick building. The owner of the present location then decided that the postoffice could stay where it was at the same price as heretofore. The business men around the public square circulated petitions to keep the office where it was, wired the department to hold up on the matter and sent the petition in. Their plea was that the new location was nearly a block and a half from the public square and that it would only suit the people doing business and living on that side of town, whereas the present location was more central and convenient. The petition was circulated and sent in Saturday and a wire was received Tuesday by Mr. Dawes to hold up. In the meantime the postoffice remains at the old stand.

## PRAIRIE POINT ITEMS.

### THREE NEGROES FIRED ON BY MASKED MEN.

One Killed, One Badly Wounded and One Escaped—Other News Items.

Special Correspondence of the COURIER.

Prairie Point, Houston County, Sept. 8.—On Friday evening last, while three negroes from Trinity who had been up near the Prairie picking cotton, were returning home, they were waylaid and shot by three or four masked men near the Trinity and Walker county line. One was killed, one badly wounded and one escaped before flying bullets. The wounded negro made his way into Trinity and reported to the officers who went out and arrested Luther Rhoden and Theo. Gilbert, who the negro said did the shooting. The one who made his escape has not been heard of since. The supposition is, he was either killed or badly wounded as he was shot from close range. There is no cause assigned for the deed.

Charlie Parker of this place had the misfortune to lose by fire his dwelling house and its entire contents Saturday night. Also the widow Turner, who was living with Mr. Parker, lost her only child, about 7 years of age, which was burned to death, and with it \$60, her hard earned and only means. The fire occurred from the explosion of an oil can and lamp.

The cotton crop is cut about one-half in this community. Health was never better at this season and the crop is being gathered very rapidly.

Reliable rumor is out announcing the marriage of Mr. Willie Hyde and Miss Pearl McCarter next Sunday evening. We trust it will be a pleasant affair.

We are watching with interest the growth and improvement of Lovelady, but the general consensus of opinion in the county is that it will not last forever and that somebody will, ere many years, wish they had pitched their tents somewhere else. However, we wish for the best.

We (!) have a very good paper in the Lovelady News, but if it hopes for permanent success, it should not let its religious prejudice cause it to ignore some of the very best people in the county. Say, Brother Frick, the people have their eyes on you, and if the proof of this accusation is called for it shall be forthcoming.

RENO.

### Another Open Letter.

ED. COURIER:—Last week you saw proper to answer my letter by attempting to disparage my ministry. As to my ministry in this county it is before the public, and they can judge whether your estimate is correct or not. Allow me kindly to insist that you will no longer dodge the issue, but come back from your wanderings. You have met my arguments and those of the prohibitionists whom you are pleased to call "the apostolic twelve," by attempting to ridicule and disparage us. Now, since you have espoused the cause of the free and open saloon, produce your strong reasons (provided you are not ashamed to do so,) so that the public may know why you are in favor of "more whisky and better whisky." Please tell us also why you despise a reform movement. Is it because you think the public will be benefitted by allowing drunkenness, gambling and other vices linked with these, to run rampant and rough-shod over the public, rather than to attempt any reform—any effort to "Rescue the perishing, to raise the fallen?" An editor is one who might be expected to be a leader of any effort that might lead to reform in public morals. Respectfully yours,  
S. F. TENNEY.

## LATE NEWS FROM PRESIDENT.

### Everybody Hopeful and a Better Feeling Last Night—Many Going Home.

Milburn House, Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 9.—After the 9:30 p. m. bulletin had been issued from the Milburn residence to-night, announcing a continuance of the favorable conditions of the President, there were many complaints that the bulletins gave but meager indications of the improvement of the distinguished patient.

At 9:45 o'clock Miss McKinley, a sister of the President; Dr. and Mrs. Herman Baer, the latter a niece of the President, and the Misses Barber, nieces of the President, left the house, and, taking carriages, announced their intention of returning to-night. Abner McKinley accompanied them to the station, and to the Associated Press representative said:

"The nearest relatives of the President are so confident of his recovery that they have no hesitation in leaving."

Posted Fries of Canton, a friend of the President, who came to-day filled with sympathy, said to-night:

"I go back to-night because I have the most positive assurance that the President is going to make a rapid recovery."

In fact, by 10:30 o'clock to-night the entire temper of everybody seemed to have undergone a radical change. The police did not stop wagons from going by the nearest corner at high speed. The regular army guard was not so particular about those who passed up the guarded street. The newspaper men did not maintain the quiet that has prevailed for the past three days. Even those who came from the mansion where the wounded man lies stopped on the corner to laugh and chat. From somber foreboding the feeling has suddenly turned to joyful confidence that the nation's ruler was to be spared.

At 10:50 to-night the lights in the mansion, except those dimly shining in the sick room, were extinguished, and by 11 o'clock peaceful quiet reigned about the Milburn home. On the dark corner opposite the house, soldiers, policemen and newspaper men kept vigil, however, sheltered beneath their tents.

The 9:30 bulletin, as was promised, was to be the last of the night, and while it was brief, attention was called to the fact that the pulse was exactly the same as this morning, 112, and that the temperature was 8-10ths of a degree lower, a highly favorable symptom.

Senator Hanna was the last official caller at the house. He only stayed a few minutes, but during that time had a short interview with Dr. McBurney. When he came out he declined to talk further than to say:

"Everything is all right, and if the improvement continues, I may go home to-morrow."

### Notice to Creditors.

The undersigned having qualified as administrator of the estate of G. M. Hollingsworth, deceased, hereby notifies all persons having claims against said estate to present the same to him within the time prescribed by law. Letters of administration on said estate were granted the undersigned by the probate court of Houston county, Texas, at its regular August term, A. D. 1901. Residence and postoffice address, Grapeland, Houston county, Texas.

W. E. HOLLINGSWORTH,  
Administrator.

**BANNER SALVE**  
the most healing ointment in the world.  
at J. G. Haring's.

## Citation by Publication.

THE STATE OF TEXAS,  
To the Sheriff or any Constable of Houston County, GREETING:

You are hereby commanded, that you summon, by making publication of this Citation in some newspaper published in the county of Houston if there be a newspaper publisher therein, but if not, then in any newspaper published in the 3rd judicial district; but if there be no newspaper published in said judicial district, then in a newspaper published in the nearest district to said 3rd judicial district, for eight weeks previous to the return day hereof, T. E. Tullis and Stewart whose given name or initials are not known, formerly associated with said Tullis under firm name of Stewart & Tullis and engaged in the land business in the State of Texas, the unknown heirs of T. E. Tullis, the unknown heirs of said Stewart whose given name or initials are not known, Laura E. Tullis and Walter T. Tullis, all of whose residences are unknown, to be and appear before the Honorable District Court at the next regular term thereof, to be holden in the county of Houston, at the court house thereof in Crockett on the last Monday in September, A. D. 1901, the same being the 30th day of September, A. D. 1901, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court on the 19th day of February, A. D. 1901, in a suit numbered on the docket of said court, No. 4585, wherein Wm. B. Lynch et al. are plaintiffs and Stewart and Tullis et al. are defendants. The nature of Plaintiff's demand being as follows:

Suit of trespass to try title as well as for damages for the recovery of 1280 acres of land situated in Houston county, Texas, about 12 miles S. W. from the town of Crockett and described as follows: Beginning at a point N. 58 degrees 30 minutes E. 2500 yds. from the N. E. corner of the Ignacio Lopez league in the N. W. boundary of a survey made for John G. Callison of the Burrell Morris certificate, and being also in the N. W. boundary of a survey patented in the right of Nicholas Lynch to Stewart and Tullis. Thence N. 31 degrees 30 minutes at W. 920 yds. Box road at 1146 yds. stake whence a Pine bears N. 65 degrees E. Black Jack bears N. 44 degrees 30 minutes W. 16 8-10 yds. Thence N. 55 degrees 30 minutes E. 1310 yds. branch 2400 yds. creek, 2904 yds. corner a Black Jack bears N. 38 degrees E. 6 2-10 yds. a Black Jack bears S. 78 degrees W. 5 yds. Thence S. 31 degrees 30 minutes E. 400 yds. creek, 600 yds. another creek, 1340 yds. corner a Post Oak bears S. 75 degrees E. 13 4-10 yds. another bears N. 26 degrees W. 11 yds. Thence S. 58 1-2 degrees W. 1504 yds. to stake in the N. E. line of the said Burrell Morris survey, also the N. E. line of another survey made for the said Nicholas Lynch a Post Oak bears N. 45 degrees W. 4 8-10 yds. Thence S. 31 1-2 degrees E. 1385 yds. with the S. E. boundary of J. E. Burrell survey to his S. W. corner in the N. W. boundary line of Omy Weir league. Thence S. 45 degrees W. with Omy Weir's N. W. line 1831 yds. to corner it being the E. corner of a survey made in the name of James Ashley and in the N. W. boundary line of the said Omy Weir league survey. Thence N. 45 degrees W. at 2060 yds. the N. corner of the said James Ashley survey. Thence N. 31 1-2 degrees E. to the place of beginning, and to cancel the patents embracing said lands issued by the State of Texas to Stewart & Tullis, December 10th, 1872, and December 30th, 1872 respectively, alleging that a certain deed purporting to have been executed by Nicholas Lynch bearing date Jan. 11th, 1853, to Ellis J. Winters to be a forgery, and another deed of date March 7th, 1872, purporting to have been made by Ellis J. Winters to the said Stewart & Tullis to be a forgery and for damages in the sum of three thousand dollars.

Herein fail not, and have you before said Court, on the said first day of the next term thereof, this writ, with your endorsement thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and seal of said Court, at office in Crockett, this, the first day of August, A. D. 1901.  
J. B. STANTON,  
Clerk District Court, Houston County, Texas.