

Crockett Courier.

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VOL. XV.

CROCKETT, TEXAS, FEBRUARY 4, 1904.

NO. 2.

No. 4884.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

OF THE

First National Bank

AT CROCKETT,

In the State of Texas, at the close of business, January 22nd, 1904.

RESOURCES

Loans and discounts	\$160,607.36
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	41,712.87
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	50,000.00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds	1,400.00
Stocks, Securities, etc.	1,250.00
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures	5,000.00
Due from National Banks (not Reserve Agents)	9,461.27
Due from State Banks and Bankers	9,280.89
Due from approved reserve agents	48,629.54
Checks and other cash items	622.88
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents	361.35
Lawful money reserve in bank viz:	
specie	\$10,573.50
Legal tender notes	3,000.00

Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)	2,380.00
Total	\$346,319.91

LIABILITIES

Capital stock paid in	\$50,000.00
Surplus fund	25,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	29,678.21
National bank notes outstanding	50,000.00
Due to other National Banks	1,321.77
Individual deposits subject to check	194,319.93
Total	\$346,319.91

State of Texas, County of Houston, I, H. F. Moore, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

H. F. MOORE, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 29th day of January, 1904.

J. W. MOORE, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: J. C. WOOTERS, JOHN B. SMITH, JAS. S. SHIVERS, Directors.

No. 5953.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

OF THE

Farmers & Merchants

NATIONAL BANK,

AT CROCKETT,

In the State of Texas, at the close of business, January 22nd, 1904.

RESOURCES

Loans and discounts	\$65,322.76
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	5,253.17
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	12,500.00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds	1,015.63
Banking house, furniture and fixtures	2,678.25
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents)	2,407.08
Due from State Banks and Bankers	4,475.97
Due from approved reserve agents	11,712.97
Checks and other cash items	162.41
Notes of other National Banks	500.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents	174.64
Lawful money reserve in bank viz:	
specie	\$5,216.00
Legal tender notes	2,000.00

Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)	625.00
Total	\$114,263.96

LIABILITIES

Capital stock paid in	\$50,000.00
Surplus fund	5,150.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	2,798.62
National Bank notes outstanding	12,500.00
Due to State Banks and Bankers	46.88
Dividends unpaid	176.00
Individual deposits subject to check	43,592.96
Total	\$114,263.96

State of Texas, County of Houston, I, Arch Baker, President of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

ARCH BAKER, President.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 29th day of January, 1904.

J. W. YORNO, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: JOE ADAMS, A. B. BURLIN, S. L. MURCHISON, Directors.

Found a Cure for Indigestion.

I use Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets for indigestion and find that they suit my case better than any dyspepsia remedy I have ever tried and I have used many different remedies. I am nearly fifty-one years of age and have suffered a great deal from indigestion. I can eat almost anything I want to now.—Geo. W. Emory, Rock Mills, Ala. For sale by B. F. Chamberlain.

How to Keep the Youth at School.

Belott, Tex. Jan. 15, 1904.

EDITOR CROCKETT:—Being a tiller of the soil as I am it is somewhat intimidating to try to discuss a question of such vital importance. I feel that I am treading on holy ground; seeing the boys and girls in for Christmas revelries, happy to arrive and happy to return, prompts even the "tottering" hand to pen a few words in behalf of education.

Gov. McRea of Mississippi truly said in his inaugural address before the legislature: "There are but two great ideas—God and liberty, and to appreciate these man must be educated, and to be educated, the means must be provided; and this is the duty of the state."

These words have been a guiding star to the educational interests of our State, and the State in a great measure has performed its duty, and the means are being provided.

The next question arises, how are we to get our boys and girls to avail themselves of the opportunities which the State has placed in the easy reach of every one within her borders? Upon this question depends the stability of the American government. Many problems have been presented to the twentieth century for solution, but education crowns them all in its importance and the magnitude of its influence, and is occupying the careful attention and study of the greatest minds of the day.

The civilized world to-day is the product of education. Education enabled some minds, even in darkest ages, to rise from poverty and obscurity to be the light and guide of mankind. This is a revolution growing out of the constitutions of our natures, and points out the business of education as the duty and calling of man, because it is the law of our being. The American nation is in its infancy and in a short space of time this will be a new nation. It is for this state of things that the present generation is to educate and train its successors and on the care and skill with which their education is conducted will depend the honor and success with which those who come after us will perform their parts on the stage of life. Order must be preserved, not by a military police, but the spontaneous concert of a well informed population.

Education which in the lapse of time makes the vast difference in the case of an educated person, transforms his intellect from what it is at childhood into what it becomes in the mature man. If the intellectual energy is wisely exerted, its exercise, instead of exhausting, increases its strength, and not only this, but as it moves onward from mind to mind, the truths which it embodies are holding on their pathway of light and glory awakening other minds to the same heavenly career.

These are small beginnings, but look around you at the institutions which are the pride and blessing of our country. Whence originated the great reforms in our prisons which have accomplished their wonders of philanthropy and mercy in so short a time, and made the penitentiaries of America the model of the penal institutions of

the world? They were begun on so small a scale that it is difficult to assign their effective origin to any precise source.

Every great work must be started with small beginnings, and great minds are developed from what seems to be an insignificant one at first.

Superstitions resting on ignorance vanish before the diffusion of knowledge, like the mist on a river before the rising sun; and governments are brought down to their only safe and just basis.

Where ignorance beholds nothing but a rough, inorganic mass, instruction discerns the intelligible records of the primal convolutions of the world.

Education means this and more to our State, and not only our State but our nation. The perpetuity of our national government depends on the individuality of her citizenship. The very foundation and fundamental principles of education are individualism.

We are aware of the fact that as we go upward in the grades of our schools we find the percentage of boys in attendance decreasing. Search the records of our schools and you find that above the age of fifteen years and above the tenth grade there are about 30 per cent boys. Start in the freshman class in college with seventy-five promising boys, when the graduating day comes, you will find your class reduced to about fifteen, or a fall off of 30 per cent.

In the face of these facts, and knowing the importance of an educated citizenship, does it not behoove us to inquire into the matter and bring about, if possible, a revolution along this line? For every cause there is a corresponding effect. We have the effect, now let us look back for the cause; for I think there are many to which we might attribute this lamentable fact. First let us go back to the first school and look into the home and we find the parents lacking in interest and appreciation of the school and the development of their boys. "Like begets like" and the boys become negligent of their own future welfare. No teacher can overcome the obstacle of disinterested parents, it matters not what he may do.

So we find it necessary in the first place to educate the parents of our children, in a great measure, and the influence of the parents will reach the boys directly. Let us not confine our school to the little house on the hill, or some little village school, but trudge onward as there's always room at the top for competency, and misery and disappointment at the bottom of the ladder for those working in disguise.

One of the greatest, if not the greatest, is the desire on the part of the boys to put forth their vigorous strength in combat with the battles of life before they have secured the necessary weapons for warfare. What boy is there, who has not had looming up before his vision castles and mansions in some land not far away, and a desire to go out into the world to win a fortune before the years of maturity have begun to dawn? In my experience I believe I have found this to be the most formidable

Garden Seed

IN BULK AT

Baker Bros'.

Also Dwarf Essex Rape for Hogs.

able foe to the school life of a boy. It was the foe to fight in my personal life.

Many have been the boys who imagined that the world was hurriedly in need of their talents and energy and afterwards found themselves trodden down because they could not withstand the foes and overcome the difficulties which every voyager must inevitably meet on the sea of life.

We must impress indelibly on the minds of our boys the results of going into battle unarmed. If we can picture defeat to him in all of its horrors and victory in all of its charms and beauties we have won the victory and he will never stop short of preparation.

The American nation needs no military glory. Let the pride of military glory belong to other nations. Let the fervid sun ripen for other states the luxuries of a tropical climate. Let it be ours to boast that we inherit a land of liberty and light. Let the son of America, whithersoever he may wander, leave that behind him which will make him homesick for his native land.

Let freedom and knowledge, as they are our birthrights, be heralded from every hilltop until the boys and girls over valley and plain shall take up the chorus and join our ranks, and ere another century dawns, America will have leaped the "chasm of ignorance" and poised on a pinnacle of educational fame, shedding abroad educational luminosity to the rest of the world. "A FARMER."

Congratulations.

Mr. John H. Cullom, Editor of the Garland, Texas, News, has written a letter of congratulations to the manufacturers of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy as follows: "Sixteen years ago when our first child was a baby he was subject to croupy spells and we would be very uneasy about him. We began using Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in 1887, and finding it such a reliable remedy for colds and croup, we have never been without it in the house since that time. We have five children and have given it to all of them with good results. One good feature of this remedy is that it is not disagreeable to take and our babies really like it. Another is that it is not dangerous, and there is no risk from giving an overdose. I congratulate you upon the success of your remedy." For sale by B. F. Chamberlain.

A TEXAS WONDER.

Hall's Great Discovery.

One bottle of the Texas Wonder, Hall's Great Discovery, cures all kidney and bladder troubles, removes gravel, cures diabetes, seminal emissions, weak and lame backs, rheumatism and all irregularities of the kidneys and bladder in both men and women, regulates bladder troubles in children. If not sold by your druggist, will be sent by mail on receipt of \$1. One small bottle is two months treatment and will cure any case above mentioned. Dr. E. W. Hall, sole manufacturer, P. O. Box 629, St. Louis, Mo. Send for testimonials. Sold by all druggists. Smith & French Drug Co., Crockett.

CROCKETT, TEX., Jan. 30, 1903.

This is to certify that one bottle of the Texas Wonder, Hall's Great Discovery, cured me of kidney and bladder trouble and I can cheerfully recommend it to others suffering in same manner. Respectfully,
J. A. BRICKER.

A Prisoner in Her Own House.

Mrs. W. H. Layha, of 1001 Agnes Ave., Kansas City, Mo., has for several years been troubled with severe hoarseness and at times a hard cough, which she says, "Would keep me in doors for days. I was prescribed for by physicians with no noticeable results. A friend gave me part of a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy with instructions to closely follow the directions and I wish to state that after the first day I could notice a decided change for the better, and at this time after using it for two weeks, have no hesitation in saying I realize that I am entirely cured." This remedy is for sale by B. F. Chamberlain.

Accept No Substitute.

There is nothing just as good for Malaria, Chills and Fever as Dr. Chamberlain's Chill and Eever Cure. Take it as a general tonic and at all times in place of quinine. If it fails to give satisfaction mail the front of the carton to J. C. Chamberlain, Evansville, Ind., and get your money back. Sold by Smith & French Drug Co.

Best Liniment on Earth.

Henry D. Baldwin, Supt. City Water Works, Shullsburg, Wis., writes: "I have tried many kinds of liniment, but have never received much benefit until I used Ballard's Snow Liniment for rheumatism and pains. I think it the best liniment on earth." 25c, 50c and \$1.00 bottle at Smith & French Drug Co's.

Citation.

The State of Texas, to the Sheriff or any Constable of Houston County, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon the heirs of John C. Hagan, deceased, the heirs of Rosanna Hagan, deceased, the heirs of E. N. Read, deceased, the heirs of Susan A. Read, deceased, the heirs of John M. Murchison, deceased, the heirs of William A. Atkinson, deceased, the heirs of Nancy Atkinson, deceased, the heirs of Mary Rosamond, deceased, the heirs of Lucy Wright, deceased, the heirs of Corinne Combs, deceased, all of whose names are unknown and C. B. Robinson and John G. Wright, whose residences are unknown, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Houston County, to be held at the Court House thereof, in the town of Crockett, on the first Monday in March, 1904, being the 7th day of March 1904, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 6th day of January 1904, in a cause numbered 4838 wherein W. V. Berry is plaintiff, and the unknown heirs of John C. Hagan, deceased, the unknown heirs of Rosanna Hagan, deceased, the unknown heirs of E. N. Read, deceased, the unknown heirs of Susan A. Read, deceased, the unknown heirs of John M. Murchison, deceased, the unknown heirs of William A. Atkinson, deceased, the unknown heirs of Nancy Atkinson, deceased, the unknown heirs of Mary Rosamond, deceased, the unknown heirs of Lucy Wright, deceased, the unknown heirs of Corinne Combs, deceased, C. B. Robinson, John Robinson, Harriet McManners, Doss McManners, Josephine Huffman, John G. Wright, B. F. Read, C. B. Read, John T. Read, Sarah Beeson, Emma Wortham, F. M. Wortham, Louella Stafford, R. N. Stafford, Louisa Giles, R. P. Giles, J. G. Chappell, Mrs. U. C. Murchison, Jas. W. Murchison, Minnie M. Hamby, Robt. M. Hamby, Carrie M. Hart, W. D. Hart and L. Mettewether are defendants, the cause of action being alleged as follows: that plaintiff is the owner in fee simple and right and is in the possession of the following described tract or parcel of land, to-wit: Situated in the County of Houston and State of Texas, about four and one-half miles S. W. from Crockett, being a part of the John Hagan league and bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at the S. E. corner of the T. R. Townsend league and the S. W. or Western corner of the John Hagan league on the John Moore league and its North boundary line, a R-2 Oak 30 in mkd S. T. brs. S. 12 W. 5 3 5 vrs, a Black Jack mkd X brs N. 51 E. 5 vrs; this corner is on the Huntsville road 5 miles from Crockett; thence N. 35 W. with the Townsend and Hagan league line at 950 vrs. corner a Hickory 6 in mkd. X brs. S. 20 W. 11 3 10 vrs.; same being Mrs. L. Wright's S. W. corner; thence N 55 E. with her S. B. line at 1090 vrs. her S. E. corner, a large red oak mkd. X; thence N. 35 W. with her and Mrs. Rosamond's E. B. line 2130 vrs. to corner in San Antonio road an Elm mkd. X; thence with the meanders of said road, N. 37 E. 145 vrs.; N. 61 E. 293 vrs.; N. 45 E. 640 vrs. to corner in said road, a P. O. 10 in mkd. X; thence S. 35 E. with the line of survey No. 4 465 vrs. pass the S. E. corner of No. 4 and with the E. B. line of 69 1-5 acres survey on the N. B. line of 500 acres survey to corner, a Sweet Gum mkd. X; thence N. 55 E. with said survey and the Hazlett tract 355 vrs. to the N. E. corner of said 500 acres survey, bearing trees gone; thence S. 35 E. with the E. B. line of said survey and J. Cason's 343 acres survey, 1473 vrs. to his S. E. corner; thence N. 55 E. 7 vrs. the N. W. corner of Cason's South survey; thence S. 35 E. with said survey 339 vrs. the S. E. corner of the Woodson or Murchison survey; thence S. 55 W. with Albright's N. E. line 1245 4 10 vrs. pass the S. W. corner of 500 acres survey, at 1537 vrs. pass S. W. corner of 49 acres survey, at 2486 vrs. in all to the place of beginning; that defendants are setting up some kind of pretended claim or title to the above described premises which casts a cloud on plaintiff's title thereto, wherefore plaintiff sues to have such cloud removed from his title to said lands, and that he be quieted in his title and possession of same, and he prays for costs and general relief.

for costs and general relief.

You are further commanded to serve this citation by publishing the same once in each week for eight successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in a newspaper published in your county; but if no newspaper is published in said county, then in the nearest county where a newspaper is published. Herein fail not, but have you before said court, on the said first day of the next term thereof, this writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness J. B. Stanton, Clerk of the District Court of Houston County.

Given under my hand and the seal of said court, in the town of Crockett this 6th day of January A. D. 1904.

J. B. STANTON, Clerk District Court Houston Co. Tex.

Citation.

The State of Texas, to the Sheriff or any Constable of Houston County Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon the heirs of Joseph Hodges, deceased, the heirs of Henry Raguet, deceased, the heirs of William G. Logan, deceased, the heirs of Jacob Snively, deceased, the heirs of C. O. Barton, deceased, the heirs of Matthew Cartwright, deceased, the heirs of Louisa C. Coleman, deceased, the heirs of Cornelia Alford, deceased, whose names are unknown, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Houston County, to be held at the Court house thereof, in the town of Crockett, on the first Monday in March 1904, being the 7th day of March 1904, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 7th day of January 1904, in a cause numbered 4840, wherein W. V. Berry is plaintiff and the unknown heirs of Joseph Hodges, deceased, the unknown heirs of Henry Raguet, deceased, the unknown heirs of William G. Logan, deceased, the unknown heirs of Jacob Snively, deceased, the unknown heirs of C. O. Barton, deceased, the unknown heirs of Matthew Cartwright, deceased, the unknown heirs of Louisa C. Coleman, deceased, and the unknown heirs of Cornelia Alford, deceased, are defendants, the cause of action being alleged as follows: that plaintiff is the owner in fee simple and in right, and is seized and possessed of the following described tracts or parcels of land, to-wit: Situated in the County of Houston and State of Texas, about five miles S. E. from Crockett, on the Pennington road, being a part of the Joseph Hodges league, and bounded and described as follows: First tract, Beginning at the S. E. corner of the Joseph Hodges league, in the field, a stake for corner; thence N. 55 E. with the Hodges league line at 950 vrs. pass the corner of Box league, at 2190 vrs; the N. E. corner of the Coleman survey; a Hickory mkd. X; thence N. 35 W. with the old fence row, at 1200 vrs. to Nelson Seaton's N. E. corner in old field; thence S. 55 W. with Seaton's line at 1040 vrs. to corner; thence N. 35 W. with Seaton's line 177 vrs. to Peter Haden's corner, a pin oak 6 in mkd. X; thence S. 55 W. with said Haden's line at 1159 vrs. to the Hodges league line; thence S. 35 E. with said league line 1400 vrs. to the place of beginning.

Second tract, also being a part of said Joseph Hodges league, beginning in the Crockett and Pennington road, where the Nelson Seaton's N. B. line crosses said road; thence with the meanders of said road, S. 65 E. 300 vrs. S. 55 E. 365 vrs. to corner on Matlock's fence; thence S. 10 W. with Matlock's line at 390 vrs. to corner on W. V. Berry's line; thence N. 35 W. with Berry's line at 880 vrs. to the place of beginning.

That defendants are setting up some kind of pretended claim or title to the above described premises which casts a cloud on plaintiff's title thereto, wherefore plaintiff sues to have such cloud removed from his title to said lands, and that he be quieted in his title and possession of same, and he prays for costs and general relief.

You are further commanded to serve this citation by publishing the same once in each week for eight successive weeks previous to

the return day hereof, in a newspaper published in your county; but if no newspaper is published in said county, then the nearest county where a newspaper is published.

Herein fail not, but have you before said court, on the said first day of the next term thereof, this writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness J. B. Stanton, Clerk of the District Court of Houston County.

Given under my hand and the Seal of said Court, in the town of Crockett, this 7th day of January A. D. 1904.

J. B. STANTON, Clerk District Court Houston Co., Texas.

Citation by Publication.

The State of Texas, to the Sheriff or any Constable of Houston County, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon the unknown heirs of W. F. Richardson, deceased, the unknown heirs of Daniel Daley, deceased and the unknown heirs of J. E. Marsh, deceased, by making publication of this citation once in each week for eight successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in any newspaper published in the Third Judicial District, but if there be no newspaper published in said Judicial District, then in a newspaper published in the nearest District to said Third Judicial District, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Houston County, to be held at the Court house thereof, in Crockett, on the 12th day of January 1904, in a suit, numbered on the Docket of said Court No. 4844, wherein B. B. Warfield and C. C. Woodfield are Plaintiffs, and Martha J. Marsh, Thed Marsh, Harvey Marsh, Mister Allen and husband, Dave Allen, Cory Grounds and husband, Bill Grounds, Fannie Caiborn and husband, Harlie Calhoun, Robert Marsh, the unknown heirs of W. F. Richardson, the unknown heirs of Daniel Daley and the unknown heirs of J. E. Marsh are Defendants, and said petition alleging that Plaintiff are the owners in fee simple of the following described tract of land, to-wit: Situated in Houston County, Texas, about 6 1/2 miles N. E. from Crockett and being a part of the W. F. Richardson 320 acre survey. Beginning at a stake, the S. W. corner of the W. F. Richardson 320 acre survey from whence a P. O. mkd. W. F. R. brs. N. 45 E. 17 vrs., a B. J. mkd X brs. N. 76 E. 10 2 vrs., thence N. with the W. B. line of said 320 acres at 1025 vrs., a stake on a bank of small branch from which a sweet gum 9 in. brs. S. 86-30 E. 9 vrs., and a sweet gum 4 in. brs. S. 86-30 E. 12 vrs., thence up with the meanders of said branch to a stake on the S. bank of same from which a Hickory 9 in. brs. S. 44 W. 4 vrs., a P. O. 4 in. brs. S. 30 E. 4 vrs., thence E. at 145 vrs., a stake from which a Hickory 5 in. brs. N. 36 E. 4 vrs., thence S. at 592 vrs., a stake in the S. B. line of said 320 acres, from which a B. J. 5 in. brs. S. 52 E. 13 vrs., a B. J. 5 in. brs. S. 87 W. 3 vrs., thence W. with said line at 740 vrs. to the place of beginning, containing 100 acres. That Plaintiffs are now in possession of said 100 acres of land, and they and those under whom they claim have been in the actual, peaceable and adverse possession of same, using, cultivating and enjoying the same for more than ten years continuously before the filing of this suit, and own same through following deeds, to-wit: Deed from Obadiah Marsh to John Sharp, dated Jan. 1, 1880, conveying 50 acres of said land; deed from John Sharp to John C. Wall, dated Jan. 4, 1882, conveying said 50 acres; deed from Obadiah Marsh to John H. Allen, dated Nov. 15, 1879, conveying 50 acres of said land; deed from John H. Allen to John C. Wall, dated Dec. 21, 1880, conveying last mentioned 50 acres; and deed from P. A. Wall and S. I. Wall to Plaintiffs, dated Dec. 24, 1903, conveying said 100 acres. That said W. F. Richardson, Daniel Daley and J. E. Marsh, all now deceased, claimed said land by conveyances to them, and the heirs of said W. F. Richardson, Daniel Daley and J. E. Marsh, all deceased, have a claim on said land which is a cloud on Plaintiffs title. That said Martha J. Marsh is the widow of said J. E. Marsh, and the other named Defendants are children of said J. E. Marsh and all claim some interest in said land which is a cloud on Plaintiffs title, and Plaintiffs pray for judgment forever quieting their title and removing all cloud therefrom, and for general and special relief.

Herein fail not, but have you before said Court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness, J. B. Stanton, Clerk of the District Court of Houston County.

Given under my hand and the seal of said Court, at office in Crockett this 12th day of January, 1904. J. B. STANTON, Clerk, District Court, Houston County.

J. B. STANTON, Clerk, District Court, Houston Co., Texas.

Simple Colds.

Cease to be simple, if at all prolonged. The safest way is to put them aside at the very beginning. Ballard's Horehound Syrup stops a cold and removes the cause of colds. 25c, 50c and \$1.00 bottles at Smith & French Drug Co's.

Citation by Publication.

The State of Texas, to the Sheriff or any Constable of Houston County, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon Durastus Carr and the unknown heirs of Durastus Carr, deceased, by making publication of this Citation once in each week for eight successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your County, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in any newspaper published in the Third Judicial District; but if there be no newspaper published in said Judicial District, then in a newspaper published in the nearest District to said Third Judicial District, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Houston County, to be held at the Court House thereof, in Crockett on the First Monday in March, 1904, the same being the 7th day of March, 1904, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 12th day of January, 1904, in a suit, numbered on the Docket of said Court No. 4843, wherein J. W. Hail, R. M. Atkinson and W. H. Denny are Plaintiffs and Durastus Carr and the unknown heirs of Durastus Carr, deceased, are Defendants and said petition alleging that plaintiffs are the owners in fee simple of the following described tract of land, to-wit: Situated in Houston County, Texas, and being known as the Robert E. Carr 320 acres survey, Beginning N. 17-48 E. 1214 vrs. from J. Grege's N. W. corner, a stake for corner from which a P. O. mkd X brs. S. 10 E. 1.9 vrs., a pine mkd. X 15 in brs. S. 61 W. 4.5 vrs. thence N. 20 W. at 950 vrs., a stake for corner from which a pine mkd. X 32 in. brs. S. 84 E. 4.5 vrs., a B. J. mkd X 6 in. brs. N. 59 W. 4.5 vrs., thence N. 70 E. at 225 vrs. a branch, course S. E., at 710 vrs. a creek 3 vrs. wide, course S., at 1900 a stake for corner from which a P. O. 4 in. brs. S. 47 W. 1.6 vrs., a pine mkd. X 10 in. brs. S. 74 W. 6.5 vrs., thence S. 20 E. at 950 vrs., a stake for corner from which a pine mkd. X 16 in. brs. N. 55 W. 5.3 vrs. Do. mkd. X 18 in. brs. S. 10 W. 6.7 vrs. thence S. 70 W. 1900 vrs. to the place of beginning containing 320 acres of land. That plaintiffs are now in possession of said 320 acres of land, and they and those under whom they claim have been in actual, peaceable and adverse possession of same, using, cultivating and enjoying the same for more than five years continuously before the filing of this suit under duly recorded deeds and paying taxes on same during said period. That plaintiffs own same as follows: Deed from Unknown Owners by J. R. Sheridan, Tax Collector of Houston County, Texas, to R. M. Atkinson, J. W. Hail, and Madden and Lipscomb, dated April 3, 1894; deed from A. D. Lipscomb to W. H. Denny, conveying all grantors interest in said land, dated March 4, 1901; and deed from J. W. Madden to J. W. Hail, conveying all grantors interest in said land, dated Jan. 1, 1902; by judgment dated April 16, 1901, in cause No. 4881 in District Court of said Houston County, entitled the State of Texas vs. unknown owners et. al. (J. W. Hail et. al., intervenors). That defendants have some claim on said land which is a cloud on plaintiffs title. Wherefore plaintiffs pray for judgment forever quieting their title and removing all cloud therefrom, and for general and special relief.

Herein fail not, but have you before said Court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness, J. B. Stanton, Clerk of the District Court of Houston County.

Given under my hand and the seal of said Court, at office in Crockett this 12th day of January, 1904. J. B. STANTON, Clerk, District Court, Houston County.

J. B. STANTON, Clerk, District Court, Houston Co., Texas.

Kentucky News.

Lang Bros., Druggists, Paducah, Ky., write: "We sell more of Dr. Mendenhall's Chill and Fever Cure than all other remedies combined, having retailed over 700 bottles in one season. The physicians here prescribe it and persons who once use it will have no other." Sold by Smith & French Drug Co.

Citation.

The State of Texas, to the Sheriff or any Constable of Houston County, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon the unknown heirs of Thomas R. Townsend, deceased, the unknown heirs of Ann P. Albright, deceased, the unknown heirs of William Albright, deceased, the unknown heirs of Morris Townsend, deceased, the unknown heirs of Elijah Chairs, deceased, the unknown heirs of Elizabeth Chairs, deceased, the unknown heirs of Susan A. Read, deceased, the unknown heirs of Sarah E. Chairs, deceased, the unknown heirs of James M. Chairs, deceased, the unknown heirs of Andrew H. Chairs, deceased, the unknown heirs of James W. Stanley, deceased, all of whose names are unknown, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Houston County to be held at the court house thereof, in the town of Crockett, on the first Monday in March 1904, being the 7th day of March 1904, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court on the 6th day of January 1904, in a cause numbered 4839 wherein W. V. Berry is plaintiff, and the unknown heirs of Thomas R. Townsend, deceased, the unknown heirs of Ann P. Albright, deceased, the unknown heirs of William Albright, deceased, the unknown heirs of Morris Townsend, deceased, the unknown heirs of Mrs. Morris Townsend, deceased, the unknown heirs of Elijah Chairs, deceased, the unknown heirs of Elizabeth Chairs, deceased, the unknown heirs of Susan A. Read, deceased, the unknown heirs of Sarah E. Chairs, deceased, the unknown heirs of James M. Chairs, deceased, the unknown heirs of Andrew H. Chairs, deceased, the unknown heirs of James W. Stanley, deceased, are defendants, the cause of action being alleged as follows: that plaintiff is the owner in fee simple and in right and is seized and possessed of the following described tract or parcel of land to-wit: Situated in the County of Houston and State of Texas, about five miles S. W. from the town of Crockett, being a part of the T. R. Townsend league, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a stake in old field, same being the N. E. corner of a ten acres tract now in possession of H. W. Moore. Thence N 35 W. 786 vrs. corner. Thence S. 55 W. 1102 vrs. to corner. Thence S. 35 E. to corner on a Pin Oak mkd. X at 786 vrs. Thence N. 55 E. 1102 vrs. to the place of beginning; that the defendants are setting up and asserting some kind of claim or title to said land that casts a cloud upon plaintiff's title thereto, wherefore plaintiff sues to remove such cloud from his title and to be quieted in his title and possession of said land.

You are further commanded to serve this citation by publishing the same once in each week for eight successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in a newspaper published in your county; but if no newspaper is published in said county, then in the nearest county where a newspaper is published.

Herein fail not, but have you before said court, on the said first day of the next term thereof, this writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness J. B. Stanton, Clerk of the District Court of Houston County.

Given under my hand and seal of said Court in the town of Crockett, this 6th day of January 1904.

J. B. STANTON, Clerk District Court Houston Co., Texas.

Rev. Carlisle P. B. Martin, L. L. D. Waverly, Texas, writes: "Of a morning, when first rising, I often find a troublesome collection of phlegm, which produces a cough and is very hard to dislodge; but a small quantity of Ballard's Horehound Syrup will at once dislodge it, and the trouble is over. I know of no medicine that is equal to it, and it is so pleasant to take. I can most cordially recommend it to all persons, needing a medicine for throat or lung troubles." Price 25c, 50c, \$1.00 bottle at Smith & French Drug Co's.

THE CROCKETT COURIER.

W. W. AIKEN, Ed. and Proprietor.

CROCKETT, TEXAS.

Young Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt is seriously thinking of running her husband for Congress.

The price of carpets has advanced sharply, and Mrs. Malaprop says she'll buy only rugs hereafter.

Canada still clings to opera bouffe. Fifteen guns were fired at the opening of the Toronto legislature.

The Mad Mullah gave England quite a nice chance to rest up and is probably sorry now that he did it.

If the corporation of typewriters at St. Petersburg and Tokyo hold out under the strain all may yet be well.

As England views it, this is an occasion when the white man may have to take up the yellow man's burden.

Why should the girls propose, even in leap year, when they can make the men propose at any time they want them to?

Before Russia and Japan get through the Chinese papers will doubtless be able to announce some big real estate transfers.

A Chamberlain parliamentary candidate has been defeated in England, but "Pushful Joe" has several more boroughs to burrow in.

All the world's a stage. We have our exits and our entrances—but sometimes the exits are found to be locked in an emergency.

Do you suppose the girls themselves really like those dances in which they are not supported by a masculine arm or are they only bluffing?

If the revolutionary army in Santo Domingo is so anxious to get to the government army in a hurry why does it not call a cab and go there?

About 10,000 rabbits were killed in a rabbit drive in Oregon. Chicken pie will be a great dish in the hotels in that state for some time to come.

Mr. Carnegie has given \$1,250 to help pay for two church organs in Tiffin, and somebody cheerfully observes that this is real organized charity.

The Pennsylvania railroad threatens to plant hedges to shut off the "unsightly" billboards bordering its right of way. Won't the billboard remove divvy?

In spite of all our efforts to keep from getting mixed up in a war, it looks as if the United States will have to fight. The boll weevil has reached Congress.

The Roxburghes have received another grand ovation from the people who are hanging around the ancestral seat waiting for the duchess to remove the rubber band.

Few poets have been so exacting with the Creator as Laureate Austin who is blasé enough to grumble about the monotony of the "self-same stars in the self-same sky."

Those who figured that it will take thirty or forty years to build the Panama canal have evidently been watching the progress of construction work on government buildings.

The New York Sun speaks of "a close shave for a nurse" of the feminine gender, who narrowly escaped being crushed under falling ice. Charles A. Dana is dead.

A crusade has been inaugurated in Boston against school teachers who "chew gum." How futile! Boston teachers may masticate; it is impossible to think that they chew.

A man 101 years old dropped dead the other day while smoking a pipe—but, perhaps, if he hadn't calmed his nerves all his life long with tobacco he wouldn't have lived to be 101.

Brewer Pabst of Milwaukee left a fortune of \$10,000,000. This is considerably more than has ever been left by anyone who ministered to the spiritual cravings—at least, so far as we know.

It is stated that fully 8,000,000 people in Mexico, more than half the population, live without work. We had no idea that there were so many political offices under the Mexican government.

One New York young woman returns the comment that if "Hamlet" had been the bill in place of "Bluebeard" the loss of his in the Iroquois fire would have been small. Yes, if Eddie Foy had played Hamlet.

COLOMBIA ANGRY

IN MONTH 10,000 SOLDIERS WILL MARCH ON THE ISTHMUS.

WHY GEN. REYES IS REMAINING

Negotiations With the State Department Have Not Been Completely Broken Off, Says the Sun.

New York, Feb. 1.—A cable dispatch was received here Saturday night from an official source in Bogota, according to the Sun.

"The government is helpless in its effort to prevent war. In less than a month from now, 10,000 men will be on the isthmus."

"This information, confirming rumors from Panama that Colombia intends organizing and sending an expedition against Panama, comes as a surprise in view of the changed attitude of the Colombians, who had apparently accepted the inevitable and depended on Gen. Rafael Reyes, their special envoy to Washington, to save what he could from the wreck," says the Sun. Gen. Reyes was to have sailed Saturday for Barranquilla on the steamer *Velesca*, but for the second time, he deferred his departure. Gen. Pedro Nelisphina and De Lucas Caballero, colleagues of Gen. Reyes on the Colombia commission, sailed on the *Velesca*.

The stories continues on seemingly good authority, it is said, that Gen. Reyes remains here because his negotiations with the state department at Washington have not been completely broken off and that he has a tentative promise from this government that Colombia will be taken care of with a pecuniary balm for her injured feelings.

No comments could be solicited from Gen. Reyes at the Hoffman House Saturday night on the threatening dispatch from Bogota.

Reyes Doesn't Know.

New York, Feb. 1.—Gen. Rafael Reyes, special envoy from Colombia, said yesterday regarding the report that his country was about to send an army to Panama:

"If Colombia is thinking of going to war I know nothing about it, and have nothing to do with it."

Gen. Reyes expects to leave for home in a few days. He said that so far as he was concerned his negotiations with the state department at Washington ended with his note of Jan. 13 delivered to Secretary Hay. "Negotiations terminated then," he added, "unless the state department reopens them. I have nothing further to add to that note."

Reyes to Remain.

Washington, Feb. 1.—Gen. Rafael Reyes, the Colombian envoy who came here in the interest of the reintegration of Panama, in a letter from New York to Dr. Thomas Herran, the Colombian charge, announced that he had decided to postpone his departure for Colombia, but gave no reason for his action nor any indication as to when he expected to leave for home.

Saw Neighbor Burned.

Pittsburg, Pa. Neighbors of Henry Magel were compelled to stand helplessly by and see him burned to death in the ruins of his home, which was wrecked by an explosion of gas. Charles Magel, a son of Henry, was also killed, his legs being burned off after he was crushed by a falling wall. Five other members of the family were injured, but all will recover.

Great Place for Poultry.

Cameron, Texas: Cameron and the surrounding country is a great place for poultry. Within the past week there has been shipped out of here more than 1,500 dozen eggs, and the market price was 20c per dozen, making more than \$300 for eggs, when the thermometer most of the time was below freezing point.

Hogbery's Suicide.

St. Augustine, Fla.: Amandus N. Hogbery of Worcester, Mass., committed suicide at a hotel in this city by shooting himself through the right temple. No motive can be assigned for the act. Mr. Hogbery and his wife returned Saturday from a tour of the East Coast resorts and expected to leave for the North Sunday afternoon.

Thirty Bodies in the Desert.

Salt Lake, Utah: A surveying party reports that they found thirty bodies in various parts of Great Salt Desert. The dead were victims of thirst and exhaustion.

THE MAYBRICK CASE.

Denial in England That She Has Been Pardoned and Set Free.

London: Mrs. Florence Maybrick, who is serving a life sentence for the murder of her husband, has not been released, but was removed from Aylesbury prison on Jan. 25 presumably for the purpose of recuperation. She is still doing sentence under guard, and though apparently not an inmate of any prison, she still remains as much a prisoner in the eyes of the law as when she was at Aylesbury.

On authority of the United States embassy here the Associated Press is authorized to definitely deny that Mrs. Maybrick has been pardoned.

In spite of the mystery with which the official's shroud the action in connection with the reported release of Mrs. Florence Maybrick, who is serving a life sentence for poisoning her husband, it can be definitely said that she has been removed from Aylesbury prison. At the United States embassy here the Associated Press is authorized to definitely deny that Mrs. Maybrick has been pardoned. It was "emphatically declared that she had not been pardoned, and that she was still a prisoner. Where she has been taken remains a mystery, but reports from Aylesbury are to the effect that she has been removed to some institution in Cornwall. The home office and the governor of Aylesbury prison refused to make any kind of a statement on the subject. If the ordinary course had been followed, Mrs. Maybrick would have been taken to Holloway if her immediate release was contemplated, but she is not there and has probably been removed to some other prison of less rigorous discipline, where she can recuperate prior to her release, or possibly she has been conveyed to some government home of detention or to an asylum.

The details given in Lloyd's Weekly Newspaper regarding the visit of Mrs. Maybrick's mother, Baroness de Rogues, to Aylesbury prison, Jan. 25, appear to be correct. She afterwards declared that Mrs. Maybrick was very busy with her work and in much better spirits and looking forward to her release.

No Recent Communications.

Washington: Regarding the case of Mrs. Maybrick, interest in which has been revived by reports that she has been released from prison in England, state department officials say there has been no recent communication between them and the English government in the matter. The last information they had regarding the case, and this is now some months old, was that Mrs. Maybrick probably would be released late in the coming summer.

Mrs. Maybrick in Liverpool.

London: The Daily Mail says that Mrs. Maybrick is now in Liverpool and that the following conditions attach to her release from prison: "That she was not appear on the public stage or write a book of her experiences, and shall in no way endeavor to attract public attention to herself."

Mrs. Maybrick to Be Released.

London: The newspapers announce that Mrs. Maybrick's removal from Aylesbury prison and express the belief that she will be released within two or three months.

Nacogdoches Receipts and Stock.

Nacogdoches, Texas: The total cotton receipts of Nacogdoches for the present season to this date are 17,500 bales, 14,985 by wagon and 3,415 by railroad at the compress. It is estimated that not over 1,000 bales remain in the hands of the farmers of this county.

Need of Work Stock.

Marlin, Texas: Complaint comes from sections of the county of lack of sufficient work stock for plowing. This is a result of many animals dying recently from blind staggers and other diseases.

Residence.

Pittsburg, Texas: The residence of Dr. W. B. Black was burned Saturday afternoon, the fire originating in the kitchen ceiling. Loss on house, \$1,800. Insured in the German for \$1,000. Nearly all the household goods were saved.

Waste Oil Burned.

Sour Lake, Texas: Dr. J. A. Southworth returned from Batson Sunday afternoon and reports that the fire of Saturday night was confined to waste oil and that no damage was done to property.

Whitney Had Operation.

New York: Wm. C. Whitney was operated on Sunday for appendicitis.

FARMERS' CO-OPERATIVE WORK.

Dr. S. A. Knapp Announces Plans for Successfully Growing a Good Cotton Crop.

Houston, Texas, Feb. 2.—After a full canvass of the United States Department of Agriculture of the various lines of work which should be immediately taken for the relief of the farmers in the boll weevil infected districts of Texas and adjoining territory, it was decided that it would not be practical to establish enough general demonstration farms in Texas, the present year, to meet the requirements of the people.

First. To reach all the people there should be two or more farms in every county. The department did not have the force to give such extensive work the necessary supervision.

Second. The funds voted by congress for the boll weevil work were not sufficient to carry out only a plan.

Third. Even if these general demonstration farms were to be established, it would be a simple invitation to the farmers to wait for another year and see the results; whereas the people need immediate relief.

It was further evident that the appropriation would not be sufficient to furnish seed or fertilizer for general distribution in sufficient quantity to give any wide relief.

Under the above conditions the only practical and rational plan for general relief that could be adopted was co-operation.

1st. Arrange to personally meet the farmers and enroll as many as possible in a general co-operative demonstration, in which each farmer agrees to cultivate ten or twenty acres of cotton under instructions given by the United States Department of Agriculture, which have been proven to be a success.

If the progressive farmers of this state will unite in this co-operative movement, it will influence many hundreds to line up in favor of better methods, who might otherwise attempt to make a crop upon the old plan, and bring disaster to themselves and others.

One of the most baneful results of the successive failure of crops is the loss of public confidence, and the ruin of private credit.

CONTINUE TO BOOST COTTON.

February at New Orleans Advanced 100 Points.

New Orleans, Feb. 2.—Yesterday was a day of unusual excitement, even in this season of extraordinary occurrences in the cotton future market.

When the opening of the session was announced panicdominium apparently broke loose. Advances in Liverpool and New York had already been posted on the Cotton Exchange boards, and the first call of the local market showed an advance of 28 to 41 points. The fluctuations during the session were frequent, and, at times, very wide, but prices were always well above the closing figures of Saturday, with an upward trend predominating, the day's trading resulting in net gains of 80 to 84 points. The market closed very firm. Although the range of prices appeared to create an ideal condition for the scalper, it was said about the ring that this class of traders, from some cause, almost invariably "ought on the wrong way."

Leading houses have representations from their traveling men in Texas, who now express the opinion that the Texas crop will not exceed two and a half million bales, and that there is but little cotton in the interior of the state. A cable from Bremen reports that spinners in Germany and Austria were carrying very light stocks, and expressing the opinion that this crop or its equivalent had already been sold.

Derailed by Wind.

Idaho Springs, Colo.: A passenger train on the Colorado and Southern road for Georgetown was wrecked by a gale, three coaches being overturned and badly demolished. The engine and tender remained on the track. Four of the crew and one passenger were injured. The train had come to a stop about 1,500 feet from the station in Georgetown, being unable to proceed further because of the wind. While waiting for the gale to subside the cars were lifted from the rails by the wind and forced over on their sides.

This is especially disastrous where crops are made largely upon advances, as in cotton.

It is only by a general co-operative effort that credit and confidence once destroyed, can be restored.

Men capable of organizing will be sent into every district and a determined effort will be made to secure in the boll weevil sections a good crop of cotton the present year.

We respectfully ask the co-operation of all agricultural associations, farmers' institutes, the agricultural colleges, the executive committee of the Texas Boll Weevil convention, the industrial agents of the railroads, the press of Texas and Louisiana and all practical farmers or associations that can aid in this work.

It is not necessary to wait until our such a cotton demonstration conduct agent calls. Anyone is authorized to send for papers containing full information and organize for co-operation.

2d. The towns are vitally interested in making a successful cotton crop, and can essentially aid this co-operative movement by establishing a special cotton demonstration farm near every town in the state. If a demonstration is necessary to convince the farmers that there must be a change in the methods of raising cotton, then it should be made possible for every farmer in the state to observe the methods pursued and note the results. The only practical way this can be accomplished is to have such a demonstration near every market town.

It should be upon a tract large enough to show field results, and no larger. Ten to twenty acres adjacent to a market town, well located and managed by an energetic, practical farmer, would meet all requirements.

The Department of Agriculture will undertake the full direction of such farms.

We invite the citizens of any town in Texas who are interested in having ed in their locality to send to this office for plans and full information.

S. A. KNAPP,
Special Agent U. S. Department of Agriculture, Bureau of Plant Industry.

Ran Into Train.

Waco, Texas: There was a serious street car accident in this city Monday morning at 10 o'clock, caused by a street car running into a freight train on the Cotton Belt railroad. The motorman claims that his brake slipped, and he could not control the car.

Luckily there was only one or two passengers on the street car. One lady, Mrs. Robert Hall, was thrown against the car and had a gash cut in her head. The wound is not serious, but is an ugly one.

The motorman, I. E. Lyons, was also badly bruised, but not seriously injured. The car was disabled and had to be hauled to the sheds.

Bankruptcy at San Antonio.

San Antonio, Texas: Eugene Eck, formerly a merchant at Kenedy, in Karnes county, filed a petition in voluntary bankruptcy Monday. Liabilities consist of \$800 unsecured claims and assets \$1,215; property claimed exempt. The creditors are J. S. Brown Hardware Company of Galveston, judgment \$400, and C. C. Heath Corpus Christi, promissory note, \$400.

A. B. Pickett Dead.

Memphis, Tenn.: A. B. Pickett, editor and publisher of the Evening Scimitar, died Monday morning at Cincinnati, and his remains will be brought to this city for interment. Mr. Pickett was the proprietor of the Scimitar and was one of the most widely known and influential newspaper men of the South. He was 46 years of age, having been born at Memphis. He had been in bad health for several years.

There Was No Trouble.

Odeasa, Texas: The anticipated trouble in the land rush on January 26 was happily averted. The parties controlling the various leases outnumbered those who were anxious to get them, and the latter withdrew. The former had sixty cowboys on the ground, who filed claims for them.

Mission at Luling.

Luling, Texas: The Rev. M. L. Gordon held mission services at the Episcopal church here Sunday, both in the morning and evening.

THE LATEST SUMMARY

OF GENERAL TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

PANAMA CONSTITUTION ADOPTED.

Panama, Jan. 30.—After a bitter debate, the constitutional convention passed an act substantially similar to the Platt amendment in the Cuban constitution. It only obtained a bare majority, and caused many violent speeches. The act reads that the government of the United States of America may intervene at any point in the republic of Panama in order to re-establish public peace and constitutional order if she has been disturbed. In the event that by virtue of a treaty or convention that nation assumes or has assumed an obligation to guarantee the independence and sovereignty of this republic. The proposition to pass the act came from Amador, who surely will be the first president. Through his personal influence he managed to pass it despite the strongest opposition.

Buchanan the minister, leaves next Tuesday, and probably will not return on account of private business. The report here is that Guder, the consul

general, will probably get the post.

The Panama Legation.

Washington, Jan. 30.—W. W. Russell, at present secretary of Legation at Caracas, has been appointed in charge of the American legation at Panama, and he will conduct the business of the latter legation after the departure of Minister Buchanan, who sails from Colon next Tuesday for the United States. Mr. Buchanan will resign as soon as he reaches Washington, in accordance with the understanding he had when he accepted the mission to Panama. Mr. Russell probably will be named to succeed Mr. Buchanan.

Meetings Suppressed.

Panama: The act passed for American interference caused such excitement that two meetings were called by the natives and the negro element to protest. The government suppressed the meetings. The feeling is very strong.

FIGHT FOR BOLL WEEVIL FARMS

Washington, Jan. 29.—While it has been impossible so far to get the Texas delegation together to caucus on the question of boll weevil farms, individual members are taking the liveliest interest in the matter. Mr. Garner called on Secretary Wilson yesterday and made an earnest argument for one of the farms, and the secretary promised him that a farm he should have if it were possible. Dr. Howard was called in and informed the secretary that the farms have not been definitely located, except that the farms heretofore established would be continued. Other members of the delegation are likewise stirred about the matter as the result of Garner's roar, and it is very likely that the agricultural department will hear much from the Texas members within the next week.

To add to the complication of the situation, State Chairman Lyon of the republican state executive committee, who arrived here yesterday, says that he intends to look into the farm question while he is here, and if he finds that the Texas congressmen are running the boll weevil affair as a political enterprise he intends to put in the claims of the republican party of Texas.

"It is absurd," said Mr. Lyon last night, "to confine the boll weevil experiments to Southern Texas counties exclusively, and I shall urge the importance of having at least one experimental farm in each North Texas district, and my opinion at this time is that every district in the state should have one of these farms. I do not know of a single district that is not to a certain extent ravaged or threatened by the weevil, and it is just as important to teach the people who have suffered slightly as to teach those who have been suffering for years and who have heretofore had the benefit of all the experiments of the agricultural department."

So far nothing can be learned at the department as to the exact location of these farms. There are sixteen congressional districts, and it is proposed to establish only thirteen experimental farms. If two or three districts get the majority of these thirteen of course the larger districts of the state, together with the great cotton region of North Texas, will get limited direct benefits from this year's operations. As the department is not prepared to give out yet any information as to the exact location of the farms, it is difficult to say to just what extent members are endeavoring to corner the expenditure of the \$200,000 in their own districts. If there is any patronage in the matter, or any politics, Col. Lyon is here to put up a roar, as he says there are good republican farmers in Texas who are anxious to aid the government in boll weevil experiments.

"But," said Lyon, "I am going to offer no obstacle to any true scientific work for the relief of the farmers of Texas. I just want the farmers in this, conserved and the state's greatest industry protected. But if democratic congressmen are finding pie in the boll weevil business, then I intend to put in a claim."

Mr. Lyon will call on the secretary of agriculture.

FINE WEEVIL WINTER.

So Mild Thus Far That They Do Nothing But Thrive.

Austin, Texas: Hon. Jefferson Johnson, the chairman of the state boll weevil commission and a farmer, states that he never saw a better winter for the propagation of the dreaded boll weevil; that it has been extremely mild, with little ice and moisture to destroy those in exposed quarters. Because of the favorable conditions for the pest, Mr. Johnson urges the farmers to be out and preparing to resort to the most approved cultural methods, if they would make any sort of a crop. He says he is afraid they will simply swarm next spring and summer, and that unless the cotton growers begin early the devastation will be complete.

Mr. Johnson adds to his statement of several days ago that as soon as the governor decrees it the board or commission will commence witnessing experiments by the would-be rice winners, which, he says, will be the most educating to the farmers, besides saving some of the crop. He says he is waiting for the time to commence planting before the experiments begin.

Texas News

Of the Week

Bullet Through His Heart.

Dallas, Texas: Bishop Holmes, a member of a prominent family of Greenville, and well known over the state, killed himself Friday with a revolver, the ball going through his heart. The verdict of the coroner was that he came to his death by a pistol shot fired by himself. He was about 30 years of age. Holmes was a son of Capt. J. T. Holmes, a retired banker of Greenville. He was for a number of years in the cotton products business, at Greenville, Terrell, Fort Worth and Oklahoma City, but recently in the insurance business at Fort Worth.

Not Rebuilding Burned District.

Sour Lake, Texas: The burnt district is not being built up fast. Most all of the people who did business in the fire district have always been considered on oil property. Mr. J. T. Gossett, who owns a lot in it, has announced his intention to put down a well rather than to rebuild, and if this well comes in, many others will follow Mr. Gossett's example.

Bert Wants Less Bond.

San Antonio, Texas: It was stated Friday that S. F. Bert, indicted on the charge of dynamiting a street car during the strike on South Flores street, and another on West Houston street, and in seven counts for alleged assault to murder, will institute habeas corpus proceedings today for reduction of his bond, which at present is \$18,000.

Assignment at Hillsboro.

Hillsboro, Texas: T. G. Cansler & Co., limited, has filed a deed of assignment with E. McKinney as trustee. The deed was filed some days ago, but was immediately withdrawn, as it was thought that a settlement could be reached, but the settlement failed and the papers were again filed. The liabilities amount to \$7,345.64, and the assets are estimated at about \$13,500.

Struck Salt Rock.

Waco, Texas: Walter Bewley, a farmer, while digging a cistern three miles west of this city, came to a stratum of rock salt, two feet thick, at a depth of ten feet below the surface. The salt is clean, crystalline and in all respects good. An exploration is in progress to ascertain the extent of the find.

Snow at Chappell Hill.

Chappell Hill, Texas: It commenced sleeting about 8 o'clock on Wednesday night, lasting only a few minutes, then a slight rain, ending in a light snow, the first of the season. Not as much ice as last Tuesday, which was the coldest day this winter.

Getting Before the People.

Bryan, Texas: As Brazos county land and industrial agent of the Houston and Texas Central railroad, Major W. R. Cavitt of this city has forwarded to Northern Immigration agencies lists of 14,000 acres of Brazos county lands, improved and unimproved, now on the market.

New Sap Agent at Luling.

Luling, Texas: S. C. Townes has been appointed agent of the San Antonio and Aransas Pass railway at this place. The station has been in charge of J. B. Froeman as agent for several months until Mr. Townes was appointed as permanent agent.

Thompson's Neck Saved.

Austin, Texas: The governor on Wednesday commuted the death sentence of Earnest Thompson to life imprisonment. Thompson was to hang in San Antonio Friday on a charge of criminal assault. The fact was established that the negro was not 17 years of age, and the pardon board recommended commutation.

Gushers No Longer Gush.

Beaumont, Texas: A report that is credited indirectly by Manager and President S. W. Pipkin of the Farafind Oil Company is to the effect that the gushers at Batson no longer gush. Mr. Pipkin, however, seems to think that this is due rather to the clogging of the wells than to a natural diminution in the pressure and supply. Development there continues.

Snowstorm at Bryan.

Bryan, Texas: A two days' blizzard was followed by a snowstorm Wednesday night. Snow covered the ground and was the heaviest for several years. Thursday the weather was fair, having moderated some and the snow melted.

It's Everywhere.

The huts of the poor, the halls of the rich, Are neither exempt from some form of it, Perhaps a distinction may be made in the name, But the rich and the poor must scratch just the same. O, why should the children of Adam endure, An affliction so dreadful, when Hunt's Cure does cure All forms of itching. Price 50. Guaranteed.

A new typewriting machine returns the carriage automatically when the end of a line is reached, so that the operator is not compelled to pause.

Salzer's Fastest Cane.

Another new thing. Can be cut six times during a season and sprouts again with lightning rapidity. Next to Salzer's Teosinte it will make more green fodder than anything else; cheap as dirt and grows everywhere.

Of Salzer's Renovator Grass Mixture, just the thing for drying out pastures and meadows, Mr. E. Rappold, East Park, Ga., writes, "I sowed Salzer's Grass Mixture on soil so poor two trees could not raise a fuss on it, and in forty-one days after sowing I had the grandest stand of grass in the county. Salzer's Grass Mixture sprout quickly and produce enormously." 100,000 barrels choice Seed Potatoes.

SALZER'S NEW NATIONAL OATS.

Here is a winner, a prodigy, a marvel, enormously prolific, strong, healthy, vigorous, producing in thirty states from 150 to 300 bu. per acre. You had best sow a lot of it. Mr. Farmer, in 1904, and in the fall sell it to your neighbors at \$1 a bu. for seed.

JUST SEND 10c IN STAMPS

to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., and receive in return their big catalog and lots of farm seed samples free. (W. N. U.)

Aids Prof. Koch.

A Vienna manufacturer, Leopold Kupelwieser, prompted by the result of Prof. Koch's investigations relating to intermittent fever, has placed at Dr. Koch's disposal the island of Brion (situated west of the peninsula of Istria and about sixty miles south of Trieste) to enable him to continue there his investigations.

Corn Crop Statistics.

The corn crop, which is the most valuable one, required for its production 88,091,993 acres last year, and yielded on an average 25.5 bushels, aggregating 2,244,179,325 bushels, which was marketed at an average price of 42.5 cents, representing a total value of close to a billion dollars—\$952,368,801.

Clever Dogs.

When an Egyptian dog wishes to drink at the Nile he goes a short distance up the river and howls for some time. The crocodiles being attracted by the sound immediately crowd to the place, while the dog hastily runs to the part which the crocodiles have left and drinks in safety.

She Might Have Done Better.

"You are feeling badly because your daughter is going away?" said one of the guests to the sniffling mother of the bride. "Yes," she replied. "I have just learned that two of the young men of the wedding party have more money than the bridegroom."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

DIDN'T BELIEVE

That Coffee Was the Real Trouble. Some people flounder around and take everything that is recommended to them but finally find out that coffee is the real cause of their troubles. An Oregon man says:

"For 25 years I was troubled with my stomach. I was a steady coffee drinker but didn't suspect that as the cause. I doctored with good doctors and got no help, then I took almost anything which someone else had been cured with but to no good. I was very bad last summer and could not work at times.

"On December 2, 1902, I was taken so bad the Doctor said I could not live over twenty-four hours at the most and I made all preparations to die. I could hardly eat anything, everything distressed me and I was weak and sick all over. When in that condition coffee was abandoned and I was put on Postum, the change in my feelings came quickly after the drink that was poisoning me was removed.

"The pain and sickness fell away from me and I began to get well day by day so I stuck to it until now I am well and strong again. Can eat heartily with no headache, heart trouble or the awful sickness of the old coffee days. I drink all I wish of Postum without any harm and enjoy it immensely.

"This seems like a wonderfully strong story but I would refer you to the First National Bank, The Trust Banking Co., or any merchant of Grant's Pass, Ore., in regard to my standing and I will send a sworn statement of this if you wish. You can also use my name." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Still there are many who persistently fool themselves by saying "Coffee don't hurt me," a ten days' trial of Postum in its place will tell the truth and many times save life.

"There's a reason." Look for the little book "The Road to Wellville" in each package.



—From the St. Paul Globe

COLOMBIA INVASION BEGUN.

Mr. Eleia of Panama Says 4,000 Soldiers Are on the Frontier.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Jan. 30.—Eleia, a prominent merchant of Panama, reached here Friday direct from that country via Bocas del Toro, with the news that 4,000 enraged Colombian soldiers are on the Panama frontier awaiting word from the leaders to march on to Panama and Colon. He says the officials of the new republic of Panama are making no preparations to prevent the invasion, because they are absolutely depending on the effectiveness of the 2,000 American marines stationed on the line of the Panama railroad to oppose the Colombians.

"There were 2,000 men from the United States warships stationed around Panama and Colon in defense of the Panama railroad, and also to protect the republic of Panama against invasion," declared Mr. Eleia, who left Panama last Thursday. "At the Empire camp, one of the healthiest places on the line, there are 900 marines, and an additional 600 at Bas Obispo, while between Darien and the Costa Rican frontier on the Pacific side 500 are scattered. These combined forces are sufficient to repel any attack the Colombians may attempt, and if the army of 4,000 swoops down on Panama they will find the Americans strongly fortified and able to drive the invaders back over the frontier and into the mountains; where they will probably fall into the hands of the San Blas Indians and be annihilated. In Panama the government was not alarmed. The merchants were taking the situation without fear and were going about their business in the usual way. Every person took the view that it was not necessary for the Panama soldiers to keep a lookout for the enemy, as the Panamanians believe the United States marines are on the isthmus to do the fighting, and if necessary send reinforcements.

Cut Rate on Grain.

Kansas City, Mo.: The Missouri, Kansas and Texas Friday announced a 12c rate on wheat and corn from Kansas City to Galveston, effective on Feb. 1. The present rate is 17c on wheat and 14c on corn.

A Defaulter's Confession.

Cleveland, Ohio: George A. Rose, the alleged defaulting cashier of the Produce Exchange Bank, which closed its doors Jan. 1, made a confession on Thursday evening to the county prosecutor, telling of his method of using the bank's money, of which he is said to have lost \$187,000. The confession, while brief, is ample in explanation. Rose said that he had done in his alleged speculation, and that his use of the bank's money began about six years ago. He said that about three years ago, when the loss had reached only \$20,000, an auditing committee was appointed to go over the bank's books. Rose had hoped that his short-ago would be discovered then, but at the end of a week or so of investigation the committee reported everything satisfactory with the bank's affairs. Rose declares he lived within his salary of \$125 a month, and has not got a cent of the money lost to the bank by his speculation.

No Remedy for Pneumonia.

Chicago, Ill.: "Drug treatment is useless in cases of pneumonia. The medical profession so far as medicaments are concerned, can be of no assistance in the fight against this disease. The sooner the profession will acknowledge this to the public and set to work to discover some specific to save pneumonia patients, the better for all concerned."

This startling statement by Dr. Arthur D. Bevan, who stands high in the profession, has stirred up the members of the Chicago Medical Society at their meeting. Several physicians sprang to their feet to protest against this arraignment. All had to admit, however, that there is no definite remedy known, and they based their protests solely on the contention that they might influence the patient favorably by easing him somewhat and by the moral effect of their presence.

Disposing of Canal Bonus.

Panama: The constitutional convention Thursday approved a measure providing that of the \$10,000,000 to be paid to the republic of Panama by the United States for the right to use the canal zone, \$8,000,000 is to remain untouched for the benefit of the new republic.

Domestic Blunders of Women

By a MERE MAN

THE MANAGEMENT OF SERVANTS



Y one idea in these articles is to be strictly fair to women, and not, as so many other writers have done, to attack them unfairly on subjects of vanity, dress, extravagance, or any of the other well-worn topics. To have followed in the lines of my predecessors would, to my mind, have been to prove my own weakness, for we cannot charge a woman's nature any more than we can man's, and, therefore, to attack women because they are fickle or vainglorious seems to me as absurd as to attempt to prove that man is not the superior animal because he is, by instinct, fond of cakes and ale. Really, I do not want to attack at all, because it is as natural to me to be fond of women as it is for children to be fond of toys. My real idea is to give women an opportunity for defense, and to prove their strength. It is for this reason that I attack them where they elect to be considered strongest, namely, in their homes. The cry of late years is that women are as good as men, that they have been persecuted and kept under for years, and that, therefore, they should not be expected, in the first years of their emancipation, to be up to competing with men as bread-winners. That is quite reasonable, and, therefore, I do not gird at their mismanagement of the political and commercial sides of life.

But the management of the house they have always had, and, as I have said, there they fail sadly either to provide comfort, or to spend money in the proper way.

Woman's mission is to always put the blame on some one else. Eve began it. She put the blame on the serpent, and her daughters have ever since blamed the serpent on the hearth—the servant. Do not run away with any idea that I am going, for mere love of paradox, to champion servants. A French writer has said, "So many servants, so many spies," and, in my mind, servants are many things worse than spies. But let servants be, as they are, woman's excuse for everything that goes wrong, just

I accept the gage. For the purposes of argument, we will admit that servants are at the bottom of all the evils of home life. Now let us inquire into that. The first question to ask the woman in the box, who is giving evidence for the defense, is:

"Who engages the servants?"
The answer is "I do." The witness, be it understood, is speaking on behalf of women generally. The next question is:

"Who directs the servants?"
The answer is the same, "I do." Pursuing this line, I ask the mistress: "From whom do your servants learn their business?"

"From me!"
Then, if the entire education, engaging, paying, managing and discharging of servants is carried on by women, and if the proportion of women over men servants is very large, the entire blame for the unsatisfactory state of the servant question must be due to women?"

The witness does not answer, and, on being pressed, bursts into tears, and finally says:

"It is all the fault of the men!"

Men, as a rule, have nothing to do with servants, the larger proportion of servants are women, and, therefore the faults of servants is only another proof that women are incapable of managing another very large section of necessity which should go to make comfort and economy in the home. But perhaps it is not fair to judge entirely by majorities. Let us look at the exception, which again proves the rule. Bachelors keep their

servants, men or women, for years, and, with a few exceptions, always speak of them as treasures. Why is this?

Ask any servant who applies to you for a situation why he or she left his or her last place. The almost invariable answer is: "I could not get on

with the mistress." Ask why any gentleman's gentleman, or my lady's maid, left his or her other place, and the answers are always, "The missus, the missus, the missus." As a rule, when a servant gives notice, and is asked by his master why he wishes to leave, the answer is: "I can't satisfy my mistress, sir," or "I can't get on with the cook." Servants very seldom complain that they cannot get on with "the master." It is always "the missus." Again I ask—why is this?

The most unsatisfactory and sulky female servant will always smile and do anything cheerfully for her master, or the young gentlemen of the house, and when she is in one of her tantrums, it is, in nine cases out of ten, because she cannot get on with the missus, or the young ladies, or the other female servants—for the complaint of servants is always against what they call "She." "She" is the terror of the servant of either sex, and where there is dissension downstairs, the female servant is always at the bottom of it. Does not all this show that mistresses cannot manage servants, and that female servants cannot manage one another?

The servants of a house cost as much, as a rule, as the rent and taxes, and yet they never give satisfaction, and are never satisfied. Why is this? I could easily find fifty reasons to account for it. The mistress who overworks, the mistress who underworks, the mistress who is unkind, the mistress who is too kind, the mistress who is too strict, the mistress who is not strict enough, the mistress who makes favorites, etc., etc., would all prove fruitful subjects to enlarge upon were they not too obvious. The remarkable thing about the whole question is, that though money will secure you everything on the earth, no amount of wages will induce servants, as a rule, to stop long in a place. It is a mistake to imagine that servants are independent and love to roam. As a matter of fact, they are terrified to leave, because they never know what character a spiteful mistress may give them, and one bad character means the street. It is the haunting fear of this which makes them, if possible give notice, before they receive it, for this is their only protection. Is it natural to suppose that any friendless, and homeless, and moneyless creature willingly leaves a good roof, good food, and good wages, to run the chance of meeting a worse mistress? The thing is absurd, for the motto of servants is the not very lofty one of Gervaise:

"To have enough to eat and drink, to work all their lives, to die in their beds, and be buried decently."

When I was a little fellow, I heard

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The mistress who is overworked.

a servant say that the fate of a servant was:

"To work while you are young, to beg when you are old, and to go to the devil when you die."

I have never forgotten it. There is very much to be said on the subject of mistresses and servants—very much more than I have either space or patience for, and there would be very little use in saying it if I had, as it seems all very obvious when you come to think of it, which women apparently never do. But this fact remains. We are as much indebted to servants for the comforts of home life as we are to our wives and daughters. The only difference between the two classes is that some of us are allowed to try and manage our wives and daughters, and some of us succeed, but none of us are ever allowed "to interfere with the servants"; all wives and daughters mismanage them, to our sore discomfort and their own; another thing is that we can get rid of our servants, but not of our wives and daughters, who, I candidly believe, are really the most to blame, though, poor souls, I do believe most of them try.

The fact remains, however, that women arrogate to themselves the management of servants, and prove their incapacity for the task by the deplorable state of the servant market. Men manage shop girls, waitresses, factory girls, and all sorts of women engaged in their businesses; but men cannot stop at home to manage servants, and if they could, they could not prevent their wives and daughters from interfering. The question is: What is to be done so that we may live in peace when our day's work is done?

Traveling baths on one of the Russian railways are the latest provision for its employes' comfort in the outlying districts.

Engineering in Montana. Henry I. McDaniel, ex-City Engineer of Atlanta, now in charge of Government engineering in Montana, says that he contracted a terrible cough which no physician could relieve, but was cured by Taylor's Cherokee Remedy of Sweet Gum and Mullein.

At druggists, 25c, 50c, and \$1.00 bottle.

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WOMEN ARE ESPECIALLY LIABLE TO COLDS

Colds Invariably Result in Catarrh Which Sets Up a Host of Distressing Diseases.

PE-RU-NA Both Protects and Cures a Cold—Read Proof



Miss Rose Gordon, 2,102 Oakland Ave., Oakland Heights, Madison, Wis., writes:—"A few years ago I caught a severe cold, which resulted in chronic bronchitis and catarrh. Our family physician prescribed medicines which gave temporary relief only. I began taking Peruna and improved at once. Two bottles cured me. I recommend Peruna to all sufferers, and am most grateful to you for your valuable medicine."—Miss Rose Gordon.

Washington, D. C., 609 H street, N. W. Dear Dr. Hartman—"I used to think that the doctors knew all about our aches and pains and were the proper ones to consult when sick, but since I have been sick myself I certainly had good reason to change my mind. During the winter I caught a heavy cold, which developed into catarrh of the bronchial tubes and an inflamed condition of the respiratory organs. The doctors were afraid that pneumonia would set in and prescribed pills, powders and packs until I sickened of the whole thing, as I did not improve. One of the ladies in the Home had a bottle of Peruna and she advised me to try that. Shortly after I began using it I felt that I had found the right medicine.

ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR A FREE PE-RU-NA ALMANAC. EVERY DRUGGIST HAS THEM.

I used two bottles and they restored me easily and pleasantly to perfect health. While my stomach was very delicate. Peruna did not nauseate me in the least, but gave me a good appetite, and I wish to express my gratitude to you for restored health."—Miss Rosalie Von Struening.

CATCHING COLD
Is the Beginning of Most Winter Ailments—Pe-ru-na Protects Against and Cures Colds.

There is no fact of medical science better established than that a teaspoonful of Peruna before each meal during the winter season will absolutely protect a person from catching cold. Now, if this is true (and there is no doubt of it), thousands of lives would be saved, and tens of thousands of cases of chronic catarrh prevented, by this simple precaution within reach of every one.

After a cold has been contracted a teaspoonful of Peruna every hour will shortly cure it, leaving no trace of it behind. After chronic catarrh has become established, or the first stages of chronic bronchitis or consumption have been

reached, it will take much longer to effect a cure. It seems strange that as well known and well established as these facts are any one should neglect to profit by them, and yet no doubt there are many who pay little or no attention to them and go on catching cold, acquiring chronic catarrh, bronchitis and consumption.

Catarrh May Permeate the Whole System.

Mrs. Mary E. Sampson, West Derry, Rockingham County, N. H. writes:—"I had terrible headaches, both ears run and I was nervous all the time, also had trouble each month; was deaf in one ear for thirty years. I took six bottles of Peruna and one of Manalin and am happy to say that it is the best medicine that I ever used. I am not so nervous, my appetite is good, everything I eat agrees with me, and I am feeling better in every way. I think Peruna is a Godsend to women and a blessing to suffering humanity."—Mary E. Sampson.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis. Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

"ENGELIN" will cure any kind of KIDNEY or STOMACH TROUBLES. "Engelin" is the latest medical discovery of D. VON ENGEL, GERMANY. A pure vegetable compound prepared under the protection of the German government. A sure cure for old and the most stubborn cases, as the many testimonials from prominent citizens of Texas and other places prove. If you are a sufferer try a box. PRICE \$1.25, or FIVE BOXES, \$5.00.
WENDELS & KOEDNICK, Importers for U. S. A.
2501 SAN JACINTO ST., HOUSTON, TEX., or P. O. Box 622

HARD WORK MAKES STIFF JOINTS
RUB WITH **MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT**
GOOD FOR PAIN, ACHE OR INJURY TO MAN OR BEAST
THAT IS CURABLE BY A LINIMENT
RUB IT IN HARD

In one of the streets of Vienna, the workmen have dug up part of the stone flooring of a Roman house dating from the third century.

It is said that in London there are no fewer than 10,000 professional musicians of various grades, and that more than half of them are women.

Many a man rushes frantically to his ante after he has said farewell to his ante.

The Wonderful Cream Separator. Does its work in thirty minutes and leaves less than 1 per cent butter fat. The price is ridiculously low, according to size, \$2.75 to \$6.00 each, and when you have one you would not part therewith for fifty times its cost.

JUST SEND THIS NOTICE with 5c stamps for postage to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La. Crosse, Wis., and get their big catalog, fully describing this remarkable Cream Separator, and hundreds of other tools and farm seeds used by the farmer. (W. N. U.)

CAPSICUM VASELINE
(PUT IT IN COLLAPSIBLE TUBES)
A substitute for and superior to mustard or any other plaster, and will not blister the most delicate skin. The pain-relieving and curative qualities of this article are wonderful. It will stop the toothache at once, and relieve headache and neuralgia. We recommend it as the best and safest external counter-irritant known, also as an external remedy for pains in the chest and stomach and all rheumatic, neuralgic and gouty complaints. A trial will prove what we claim for it, and it will be found to be invaluable in the household. Many people say "It is the best of all four preparations." Price 15 cents, at all druggists or other dealers, or by sending this amount to us in postage stamps we will send you a tube by mail. No article should be accepted by the public unless the same carries our label, as otherwise it is not genuine.
CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO.,
17 State Street, New York City.

DROPSY Cured. Gives quick relief. Removes all swelling in 8 to 10 days; permanent cure in 30 days. Trial treatment free.
Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Box 5, Atlanta, Ga.
When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

Local Items.

Buy your seed oats of T. D. Craddock.

Buy your stationery from the Big Store.

Goodman Hall is at home from Lancaster.

Do it to-day—have them pressed at Kennedy's.

Bring your eggs, skins and hides to T. D. Craddock.

Buy your farming implements from the Big Store.

T. D. Craddock sells the best hog fencing—the Kokomo.

S. C. Brown Leghorn eggs for sale by Mrs. W. V. Clark.

Buy furniture, mattresses and springs from the Big Store.

The newest pompadour and back combs at the Big Store.

The newest thing in belts are being shown at the Big Store.

Use Oliver plows they are the best. Get them at the Big Store.

Crysup has comic valentines and the other kind. Go and see them.

Plant King's Improved cotton seed. The Big Store sells them.

500 yard spool of lasting Duro in black or white at the Big Store.

You can get 45 bars of good laundry soap for \$1.00 at the Big Store.

The physicians of the county held their monthly meeting here Tuesday.

The Big Store is showing a swell line of short length embroidery.

Buy your groceries where you can save money, from T. D. Craddock.

It costs you nothing to look at Crysup's valentines and very little to buy them.

Reports of the condition of the two Crockett banks appear in this week's COURIER.

Miss Effie Lively of Grapeland is visiting the family Mr. W. V. Berry this week.

Valentines.

Crysup has them—lots of them, of every description.

Buy a shaving outfit from Crysup and save \$25 or \$30 a year on your barber bill.

J. T. Harrison and family have gone to Waco, where Mr. Harrison has gone into business.

Quite a crowd of Crockettites are in Tyler, summoned there by the Federal grand jury.

Buy your cotton goods now before they advance. The Big Store is the place to get them.

You can get sweeps, bull tongues, land sides and points to fit your plow at the Big Store.

We show the most up-to-date line of neckwear and suspenders.

KING & MILLAR.

Maloney's celebrated shoes for ladies and children are the best yet. Get them at the Big Store.

Miss Buena Gilder has returned from Conroe and accepted a position in the county clerk's office.

If you are looking for fine stationery you need go no farther than Crysup's. He has the finest.

Full line of cutlery, violin and guitar strings, rubber goods and fish hooks and lines at Crysup's.

Doc Smith, who now has a position at Nacogdoches, was visiting his father and family here this week.

Buy your matings, rugs, shades and curtains from the Big Store. They have a fine line to select from.

Don't Go Wrong

This New Year, make it a point to buy your Drugs from us. It will be to your interest, because we sell you only the best. We make close prices and we give you your money's worth. Come and see us.

B. J. Chamberlain,

THE DRUGGIST.

Geo. A. Maves of Porter Springs and E. G. Pennington are among the latest to remember the COURIER.

When did you have your suit cleaned and pressed last?

KING & MILLAR, Tailors.

Don't be a clam; be good to yourself and friends and have that old suit cleaned and pressed at Kennedy's.

Our attention is again called to Kennedy's tailoring department. Cleaning, pressing and repairing solicited.

Get out your last spring suit and let us clean and press it and it will look as good as new.

KING & MILLAR.

E. L. Miller, B. F. Duren, Joe Rice, Dr. C. W. Evans and Henry Rice are among those who have called since our last issue.

United States Marshal A. J. Houston was here Monday summoning witnesses for the Federal court at Tyler.

We don't want to meddle with your personal affairs, but you ought to have that old suit cleaned and pressed at Kennedy's.

Miss Joe MacTavish of Kennard was in Crockett Wednesday on the way to visit her sister, Mrs. J. S. Kennedy, at Madisonville.

The correct dress shirt is plain white, cuffs attached. We have them, also Chester suspenders.

KING & MILLAR, Merchant Tailors.

The boys who are organizing the band have employed a teacher and ordered their instruments and promise to disperse sweet music ere many moons.

We have just received a shipment of the newest things in collars, cuffs and Chester suspenders.

KING & MILLAR, Merchant Tailors.

H. W. McCelvey of Plain, John Kennedy of Augusta and R. S. Hooks of Pennington are among those who remembered the COURIER while in town this week.

We have just received the Royal Tailor spring samples. Let us save you from \$2.50 to \$5.00 on your spring suit—we can do it.

KING & MILLAR, Merchant Tailors.

Capt. W. J. McDonald of the Texas Rangers was in Crockett Monday. He is working up evidence against parties indicted for murder in Kirtrell's cut off, Walker county.

Our friends will please remember that all announcements for office must be paid in advance and govern themselves accordingly. It is not our desire to offend any one, but we must stick to our rule.

Col. W. W. Davis bought a bale of cotton from Lewis Hall Friday that weighed 635 pounds and at 15 1/2 cents brought \$96.05, which was near the \$100 mark.

Wm. Holloway has made money raising hogs and bay. He finds a local demand for both and figures that his hog and bay crop last year beat the average boll-wool cotton crop even at present prices.

We regret to hear of the accident that befell Mr. Z. D. Driskill Sunday before last at San Pedro, where he is postmaster. He was kicked by a horse and severely hurt. While his condition was serious, we are glad to know he is recovering.

Money Lost.

Lost between Edmiston Bros. and Daniel & Burton's store in Crockett Wednesday \$25 in currency—two \$10 bills and one \$5 bill. I will give half of the money to any one returning same to me. My post office address is Cut, Texas. E. A. STEWART, Paso, Texas.

Miss Stella Folk, Miss Adele Winfree and Mr. Jack Campbell of Kennard were visitors to Crockett Friday afternoon and Saturday. Friday evening the young men of the town gave an informal dance for them at the Lotus club rooms which was attended by eight couples. Miss Hortense LeGory entertained for them Saturday evening in a very delightful way.

Notice.

I was appointed at the November term, 1903, of the county court for Houston county, administrator of the estate of J. G. Conner, deceased, and have qualified. My P. O. address is Tadmor, Texas. Notice is hereby given to all parties having claims against said estate to present them to me within the time prescribed by law. W. K. CONNER.

About ten cars of horses and mules have been shipped from this county to Louisiana and Mississippi. The people are making a mistake in selling off their stock unless they have a market. The price of stock will continue to go up for three or four years or until enough can be raised to supply the shortage caused by the drain on the country by the South-African war.

The New Election Law.

Remember that in its issue of the last week in February the COURIER will publish the new election law in full. The law will consume two full pages of the paper and is printed at an added expense. We can not afford to mail it out to subscribers who signify no intention of paying for their paper, so only those in good standing with the paper will get it. All new subscribers should get on our mailing list before the law is published so as to get a copy of the same.

Dissolution of Book Club.

At the last regular meeting of the Wednesday Book Club, the following resolution was offered, passed and ordered published: Resolved that a final meeting of the members of the Book Club be called for Wednesday, Feb. 9, 1904, with a view to dissolving the club; and all who want to have any voice in the disposition of the books asked to be present and by that time to have paid their dues until September 1st, and if they do not respond to this call their membership will be considered forfeited, and the books be divided between those who do respond. All members are urged to be present, and bring in all books they may have. Mrs. THOS. SELF, Librarian.

One Hundred Dollars for a Bale.

Jas. S. Shivers & Co. bought four bales of cotton Tuesday morning that weighed 2481 pounds and cost a total of \$393.86. The heaviest one of the four brought the seller over a hundred dollars. It weighed 635 pounds and at 15 1/2 cents came to \$100.81. Fifteen and an eighth was the price paid for all the cotton. The next heaviest weighed 617 and came to \$97.95; another, 615, bringing \$97.63, and the other, 614, bringing \$97.49 to the seller. This is more money than twelve bales brought six or seven years ago.

Peach and Pecan Orchard.

E. A. Nichols is working on the organization of a stock company to plant peaches and pecans on a large scale. He proposes to organize with a capitalization of about \$20,000 and his plans are to plant at least 100 acres of peaches and pecans during the coming spring and increase the size of the orchard from year to year. The peach trees are to be set between the pecan trees and will be a source of revenue while the pecan trees are coming on, as it will be something like ten years before the latter bear fruit. The peach trees will begin to bear in about two or three years and when they have played out the pecan trees will be yielding profitable returns. Mr. Nichols informed us that he is meeting with considerable encouragement from capitalists here and elsewhere. On being asked as to where his orchard would be established, he said the location was yet to be selected.

New Announcements.

The COURIER has three new announcements for office this week. Jim Barbee announces for sheriff, J. E. Bean for commissioner precinct No. 2, and Gershom Lansford for county clerk. Jim Barbee is now serving as constable of the Lovelady precinct and has made and is making a faithful and efficient officer. Mr. J. E. Bean is now holding the office of county surveyor and is known to every one as an upright and thoroughly capable man. Gershom Lansford, a son of M. E. Lansford of Porter Springs, is a young man, but his qualifications are the best. He has had the misfortune to lose a leg and is at present following the vocation of school teacher. These candidates, as well as those who have previously announced for office through this paper, solicit the support of the voters of Houston county subject to the democratic primaries.

U. D. C. Program for Feb., 1904.

Answer roll call with facts about Raphael Semmes.

Debate or paper, "Resolved that the Confederacy Expected the Neutrality Declared by Foreign Powers to be Real."

Rise and Fall of the Confederate Government, Vol. 11, chapter 38, Jefferson Davis.

Song, "The Harp that Once Through Tara's Halls," Mrs. Grace King.

What was the first step towards the fall of Vicksburg, taken by Grant, Feb. 2, 1868?

Additional questions: Is there necessarily any antagonism between the state and federal systems of government? 2. What did Mr. Calhoun say, in 1817, was the object for which the constitution was formed? Curry's Southern States of the American Union, Chap. 8.

Song, "The Bonnie Blue Flag," Miss Ethel Wootters.

Next meeting will be with Mrs. Angeline C. Craddock, Feb. 13.

Mrs. W. C. LIPSCOMB, Historian.

It Will Pay You

To figure with us when in the market for

Rough and Dressed LUMBER

Lime, Cement, Sash, Doors, Shingles, Moulding, Pickets, etc.

Satisfaction guaranteed.

HOUSTON CO. LUMBER CO.

T. R. DEUPREE, Mgr.

NUMBER OF POLI TAXES PAID.

Given by Precincts—The Total Amount is 3629.

Saturday was the last day for paying poll taxes without being disfranchised for the next twelve months and having a 10 per cent penalty added besides. There has been a rush at Tax Collector Brightman's office for the past two weeks and the total number of poll tax receipts issued by him up to Saturday night was 3629. We publish below the number issued to each precinct: Augus, 215; Antioch, 167; Boggs, 67; Crockett No. 4, 374; Crockett No. 5, 403; Coltharp, 346; Creek, 98; Daly, 157; Daniel, 97; Daldson, 88; Freeman, 65; Grapeland, 450; Holly, 59; Jones School House, 39; Lovelady, 314; Percilla, 80; Pleasant Grove, 115; Porter Springs, 98; Shiloh, 42; Sunflower, 19; Tadmor, 92; Weches, 104; Warren, 6; Weldon, 134. Total, 3629.

The total vote for governor in 1902 was 2277. So it will be seen that 1352 more voters paid poll taxes in 1903 than voted for any candidate for governor in 1902.



A TOUCH OF "RHEUMATIZM?"

Get that prescription of Dr. Helpem that did you so much good last time refilled; or, if the pain's of a different sort, ask the good doctor to write you another one, bring it to us and we will compound it with conscientious care.

SMITH & FRENCH DRUG CO.

H. ASHER

Wants your trade always and is in a position to guarantee satisfaction on all purchases of

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Shoes, etc.

Next door to Baker Bros.

St. Charles Hotel, Crockett, Texas.

On the Way to the Depot.

Regular Meals Only 15c. Beds 15c. Please Give Me a Call.

J. D. HISER, Proprietor.

THE COURIER.

W. W. AIKEN, Editor and Proprietor

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

We are authorized to make the following announcements, subject to the action of the democratic party:

- For Sheriff
A. W. Phillips
John C. Lacy
Jim Barbee
- For County Treasurer
T. C. Lively
- For County Clerk
C. G. (Gershom) Lansford
- For Commissioner Prec. No. 2
J. E. Bean
- For Constable
O. B. (Deb) Hale

Letter from Hon. A. W. Gregg.

Washington, Jan. 27, 1904.
ED. CROCKETT COURIER:
I have been working assiduously to get everything in shape for the farmers of my district to get the full benefit of all experiments and suggestions made and to be made by the agricultural department in its fight against the boll weevil, and with this end in view I have caused Mr. Galloway, Chief of the Bureau of Plant Industry, to address to me the enclosed letter that I might have same published, for the information of the people, in all the papers of my district. Please publish it in the next issue of your paper. Yours very truly,
A. W. GREGG.

Hon. A. W. Gregg, House of Representatives.

My Dear Mr. Gregg:—Referring to your inquiry as to our plans for the work on cotton in accordance with the recent appropriation, I may say that one feature of the work will be the organization at once of the farmers in Texas and Louisiana, for the purpose of demonstrating the efficacy of the results already accomplished in the matter of growing cotton despite the presence of the boll weevil. The Department has shown in former experiments that by planting early maturing varieties and proper cultural methods, from one-half bale to a bale of cotton per acre can be grown, even if the boll weevil is on hand. To bring this work to the attention of as many farmers as possible, it is proposed to organize the farmers in each county and to arrange to have them grow, under the direction of the Department, ten or more acres of cotton, in accordance with a working plan which will be furnished. The Department does not propose to furnish the seed nor fertilizers. It will simply give a definite working scheme, the idea being to have these demonstration experiments serve as object lessons throughout as wide an extent of territory as is practicable.

The work in Texas and Louisiana is to be under the direct charge of Dr. S. A. Knapp, whose headquarters will be at Houston, Texas. Dr. Knapp is desirous of getting in touch with reliable farmers throughout the entire state and any of your constituents who would like to enter upon this cooperative work will be able to get full information by addressing Dr. Knapp. Dr. Knapp will follow up this information by sending one of the regular assigned special agents to visit the county and do everything within his power to bring about practical results.

Enclosed is a copy of the first announcement, which we are now preparing to send out, and which is self-explanatory.

Trusting this information is satisfactory and assuring you of our desire to cooperate with you in every way, I remain,
Very truly yours,
B. T. GALLOWAY,
Chief of Bureau.

FARMERS' COOPERATIVE DEMONSTRATION WORK.

It has been demonstrated by the Division of Entomology in the United States Department of Agriculture that profitable crops of cotton, ranging from one-half bale to one bale per acre, can be raised despite the presence of the boll weevil. The most important work to be accomplished now is to secure the general adoption of the successful methods followed by the Department. To this end it is proposed to effect an immediate organization of the farmers in Texas and Louisiana for the purpose of a general test of the methods so far found successful. Granting that the cultural methods are successful under scientific supervision, the all-important problem is, will the average planter, tenant farmer and laborer adopt them and can he be equally successful without that supervision? The test of this should be as thorough and as universal in the infested districts and adjacent territory as is practicable. To make this test it is proposed to secure the names of as many farmers in Texas and western Louisiana as is practicable, who will be willing to cooperate in the test of these cultural methods, place in the hands of these farmers all necessary information, and direct them in their work for the year.

GENERAL PLAN OF THE WORK.

1st. A central office will be established at Houston, Texas, and Dr. S. A. Knapp placed in charge.
2nd. Two competent organizers will be placed in each Congressional district to organize the counties by districts, the farmers in each district starting a club with a district president. At the time of organization in any district each farmer joining the club will be asked to sign the following agreement:

"I hereby agree to raise acres of cotton in the season of 1904 under the direction of the United States Department of Agriculture and to be governed entirely by such instructions in the raising of the crop as said Department may furnish me. I further agree to fill out and return promptly such report blanks as may be sent me from time to time."

Name.....
P. O.....
County.....
State.....

When the agreement is signed, full working instructions will be given and the list of names will be forwarded to Dr. S. A. Knapp, Houston, Texas, to whom all reports will be sent.

The district president is authorized to secure additional farmers, care being taken that they shall be men who will carry out the instructions of the Department.

Farmers may organize or notify Dr. Knapp that they are willing to organize and a special agent will be sent to assist them.

DR. B. T. GALLOWAY,
Chief, Bureau of Plant Industry,
Washington, D. C.

Labor Agents After Protection.

La Grange, Texas, January 27.—Two parties from Louisiana who are in this section trying to get negro tenants to leave their present landlords and emigrate to that State, seem to have encountered rather forcible opposition, as they today wired the governor that their personal safety was threatened and that the officers were not affording them proper protection. The governor wired the sheriff here and the sheriff in turn phoned the constable at Winchester to select a bodyguard and bring the men down and he would put them in jail for safe keeping from mob violence.

Madisonville Bank Election.

Madisonville, Tex., Jan. 29.—The stockholders of the First National Bank of this city have elected the following as directors: H. F. Moore, Dan McLean, M. Y. Randolph, J. Shapira, John S. Kennedy, J. B. Smith and W. M. Whitcomb.

The following were elected officers: H. F. Moore, president; J. Shapira, vice president; John S. Kennedy, cashier; Harmon Robinson, assistant cashier.

A few days since, on the train, a gentleman told us of a strange case near Crockett. According to his statement, there was a valuable farm of one hundred acres situated near the town of Crockett. Fifty acres, or one half of this farm, was worked by a freedman, and the other fifty by a white man of foreign birth. Nothing separated these tillers of the soil but a turning row. The boll weevil attacked the crop of both these gentlemen. It left, however, nineteen bales to the white man and but three to the black man. Is this not discrimination against race and color, and is it not subject to action under the fourteenth amendment? If Mr. Roosevelt gets hold of this case, we feel sure the boll weevil is doomed.—Rusk Co. News.

Mr. Wm. S. Crane, of California, Md., suffered for years from rheumatism and lumbago. He was finally advised to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm, which he did and it effected a complete cure. For sale by B. F. Chamberlain.

If Unwell,

Try a 50c bottle of Herbine, notice the improvement speedily effected in your appetite, Energy, Strength and Vigor. Watch how it brightens the spirits, gives freedom from indigestion and Debility!

— Isaac Story, Avon, Mo., writes, Sept. 10th, 1900. "I was in bad health. I had stomach trouble for 12 months, also dumb chills. Dr. J. W. Mory prescribed Herbine, it cured me in two weeks. I can not recommend it to highly, it will do all you claim for it." Sold by Smith & French Drug Co.

All Eyes on St. Louis.

The eyes of all the world will be turned toward St. Louis during the year 1904. Everybody will want to get, from first hands, the news of the greatest World's Fair which the world has ever seen. Our readers are advised, therefore, to subscribe for the greatest St. Louis newspaper—a newspaper which acknowledges no equal or rival in the West, and which stands in the front rank among the great newspapers of the world. Subscribe for the St. Louis Globe-Democrat and get all the news of the World's Fair, all the news of the national campaign, all the news of all the earth. See advertisement elsewhere in this issue.

DR. MENDENHALL'S CHILL AND FEVER CURE



(This Picture on Every Bottle)

Cures Chills, Fevers, Malaria, Malaria, Malaria. Take it as a General Tonic and at all times in place of Quinine. Breaks up Coughs, Colds and LaGrippe. NO CURE, NO PAY
J. C. MENDENHALL,
Sole Owner, Evansville, Indiana

Citation by Publication.

The State of Texas, to the Sheriff or any Constable of Houston County, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon George Lester, and the unknown heirs of George Lester, deceased, by making publication of this Citation once in each week for eight successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your County, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in any newspaper published in the Third Judicial District; but if there be no newspaper published in said Judicial District, then in a newspaper published in the nearest District to said Third Judicial District, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Houston County, to be holden at the Court House thereof, in Crockett, on the first Monday in March, 1904, the same being the seventh day of March, 1904, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 12th day of January, 1904, in a suit numbered on the Docket of said Court No. 4842, wherein J. W. Hail, W. H. Denby and R. M. Atkinson are Plaintiffs, and George Lester and the unknown heirs of George Lester, deceased, are Defendants, and said petition alleging that Plaintiffs are the owners in fee simple of the following described tract of land, to-wit: Situated in Houston County, Texas, and known as the George Lester 320 acre survey. Beginning at the S. E. corner of R. M. Bridges survey, whence a P. O. brs. E. 3.8 vrs., a P. O. mkt. B. M. brs. S. 77 E. 7 vrs. Thence S. 30 w. at 1344 vrs., stake whence a hickory brs. S. 37 w. 6.5 vrs., a R. O. brs. S. 3 w. 9.3 vrs., mkt. G. L. Thence N. 60 w. at creek, course N. E. at 1344 vrs., stake whence a R. O. mkt. G. L. brs. N. 37 E. 10 vrs., a R. O. brs. N. 65 w. 10 vrs. Thence N. 30 E. at 1344 vrs. to said

Bridges S. W. corner, a stake whence a P. O. mkt. B. M. brs. N. 1 w. 5.5 vrs., a dog wood brs. N. 15 E. 6.2 vrs. Thence S. 60 E. at 1344 vrs. to the place of beginning, containing 320 acres. That Plaintiffs are now in possession of above described tract of land, and they and those under whom they claim, have been in actual, peaceable and adverse possession of same, using, cultivating and enjoying the same for more than five years continuously before the filing of this suit, under duly recorded deeds and paying taxes on same during said period. That Plaintiffs own same as follows: Deed from Unknown Owners by J. R. Sheridan, Tax Collector of Houston County, Texas, to R. M. Atkinson, J. W. Hail and Madden & Lipscomb, dated April 3, 1894; deed from A. D. Lipscomb to W. H. Denby dated March 4, 1901, conveying grantors' interest in said land; deed from J. W. Madden to J. W. Hail, dated Jan. 1, 1902, conveying grantors' interest in said land; and by judgment dated April 16, 1901, in cause No. 4882 in the District Court of said Houston County, entitled the State of Texas vs. Unknown Owners et. al., (J. W. Hail et. al. Interveners). That Defendants have some claim on said land which is a cloud on Plaintiffs title. Wherefore Plaintiffs pray for judgment forever quieting their title and removing all cloud therefrom, and for general and special relief.

Herein fail not, but have you before said Court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this Writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness, J. B. Stanton, Clerk of the District Court of Houston County.

Given under my hand and seal of said Court, at office in Crockett this the 12th day of January, 1904. J. B. STANTON,
Clerk, District Court, Houston County.

S. MAIER,

Wholesale and Retail Liquor Dealer,
PALESTINE, TEXAS.

Agent for

Budweiser Beer,
Schlitz Beer,
Lemp Beer,
xxx Pearl Beer.

Paul Jones Whisky.

Mount Vernon,
Parker Ky.
Club House,
Bellbrook,
Edgewood.

and many other leading brands.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO MAIL ORDERS.

JAMES DeDAINES,



Musical Instruments and Supplies.



I sell 7 different makes of Pianos ranging in price from \$1100 to \$2000—5 different makes of Organs. These goods are sold on installment plan. Purchasers will save from 25 to 30 per cent by buying organs from store. I keep a full stock of small instruments and supplies. Call and see us. N. W. Cor. square.

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C. M. ELLIS, T. B. SATTERWHITE,
Attorney & Notary, Collector.

ELLIS & SATTERWHITE,
Attorney & Collecting Agency,
CROCKETT, TEXAS.
Office in Moore Building. PHONE 119.