

# The Crockett Courier.

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VOL. XIX.

CROCKETT, TEXAS, APRIL 23, 1908.

NO. 13.

## SHUPAK Not Too Late

Our line is still complete, with new fashion plates coming in every week. We keep in close touch with all the latest styles and can make a nice two-piece suit for

**\$10.50 and Upward**

We do all kinds of cleaning, pressing, repairing and alteration work. All work positively guaranteed.

**Shupak Tailoring Comp'y**

Makers of the Kind-of-Clothes  
Gentlemen Wear.

### Senator Bailey's Speech.

Senator Bailey would not answer the questions printed and submitted to him, because, as he declared, they reflected on his personal veracity and integrity and were therefore not debatable. He then proceeded to abuse Cone Johnson, Cullen Thomas and Owsley in the most bitter and slanderous manner possible. He had denied any of these men the privilege of being present to defend themselves. Charges of misconduct, as far as they related to him, were not debatable, but as far as they related to his opponents they were. When a public official is accused of a dishonorable act, he should be glad of an opportunity to clear up and remove the accusations if he is not guilty. As it is, the charges remain against him. Would it not have been more honorable for him to have publicly defended his honor as a United States senator?

Senator Bailey asked if when Cullen Thomas was here he had said that Senator Bailey sat in the gallery between J. P. Morgan and August Belmont while Senator Aldrich was making his speech on the currency bill. When informed that Thomas had said so, he said: "Well, may God have mercy on the souls of liars!" What Thomas said was that he had read a report in the newspapers that Bailey was seen in the gallery with J. P. Morgan during the debate on the Aldrich currency bill. It must be borne in mind that many days were consumed in this debate, Senator LaFollette's speech alone consuming three days. Senator Bailey said that he was on the floor of the senate during Aldrich's speech, but was careful not to say during all the debate. He went on to say that he had never in his

life sat on the same bench with Morgan and that he did not meet Morgan but once on the day of that speech, and then he merely shook hands with him after being introduced, and had not even passed the usual greeting, but quickly joined Mrs. Bailey who was present early to hear, with several Texas ladies, the debate open. He said as to being between Morgan and Belmont that Belmont was not even there. He seemed to know whether or not Belmont was there. Was the newspaper report, taking Senator Bailey's statement for it, correct in saying that Senator Bailey was seen in the gallery with Morgan during the debate?

Senator Bailey's speech was full of such inconsistencies, but the Courier has not the space to review them further.

### Don't Put Off

for tomorrow, what you can do today. If you put off buying a bottle of Ballard's Snow Lintment, when that pain comes you won't have any, buy a bottle today. A positive cure for Rheumatism, Burns, Cuts, Sprains, Contracted Muscles, etc. T. S. Graham, Prairie Grove, Ark., writes:

"I wish to thank you for the good results I received from Snow Lintment. It positively cured me of Rheumatism after others had failed. Sold by Murchison & Beasley.

### Good Judgment

is the essential characteristic of men and women. Invaluable to good business men and necessary to house-wives. A woman shows good judgment when she buys White's Cream Vermifuge for her baby. The best worm medicine ever offered to mothers. Many indeed are the sensible mothers, who write expressing their gratitude for the good health of their children, which they owe to the use of White's Cream Vermifuge. Sold by Murchison & Beasley.

### COUNTY DEMOCRATIC EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

#### Meet and Issue Call for Primary Election—Precinct and County Conventions.

At a meeting of the Houston county democratic executive committee held at Crockett April 15, 1908, the following resolutions were adopted, to-wit:

Be it resolved, That a primary election is hereby called and directed to be held in all of the voting boxes of Houston county on Saturday, May 2, 1908, for the purpose of electing delegates and alternates for the state at large to the national convention to be held at Denver in July, 1908; and that said primary election shall be held as far as practicable in the manner and in accordance with the rules and regulations governing primary elections for state offices.

Provided that the several presiding officers of said voting precincts, as designated by the commissioners' court of Houston county as managers of said voting precincts at the general election to be held in November, 1908, are hereby designated as the managers of the said primary election to be held on May 2, 1908; and in the event they or either of said managers cannot or will not act at said primary, then the assistant managers of said several precincts as designated and named by said commissioners' court for said year shall act as the managers of said precincts at said primary election. The presiding officers of each of said voting precincts who shall hold said primary shall appoint two judges and two clerks to assist in holding said primary election. One judge and one clerk shall be appointed by him from the advocates of the Bailey ticket, and one judge and one clerk shall be appointed by him from the advocates of the anti-Bailey ticket; and all said appointments for the position of judges and clerks shall be appointed from the names furnished to said managers by the representatives respectively of the said Bailey ticket and of the said anti-Bailey ticket.

Be it further resolved that in the event there shall not be furnished to any of said managers by either the advocates of the Bailey ticket or the advocates of the anti-Bailey ticket the names of parties to assist in holding said primary election, then said managers are hereby directed to appoint such judges and clerks to assist in holding said election from the advocates of the ticket whose representatives shall fail to furnish the names of judges and clerks whom they may desire to assist in holding said primary election.

Be it further resolved that the democrats of each of the voting precincts of said Houston county and the said judges and clerks are hereby requested to hold said primary election free and without expense.

Be it further resolved that the ballot boxes and election returns shall be delivered to the county chairman by one of the officers holding said election by twelve o'clock, Tuesday, May 5, on which day the county executive committee will meet to canvass the re-

### DEMOCRATIC OFFICIAL TICKET.

PLEDGE—I am a Democrat, and pledge myself to support the Democratic Presidential Electors nominated by the Democratic Party in 1908; and the nominees of the Democratic Party to be nominated in the primary election to be held in Texas in July, 1908.

#### FOR DELEGATES-AT-LARGE TO THE NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION

No. 1. J. W. BAILEY	No. 1. CONE JOHNSON
No. 2. M. M. BROOKS	No. 2. O. T. HOLT
No. 3. JAMES L. STOREY	No. 3. CULLEN F. THOMAS
No. 4. ANDREW J. BAKER	No. 4. LEE YOUNG

#### FOR ALTERNATES-AT-LARGE TO THE NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION

No. 1. B. F. LOONEY	No. 1. MARSHALL HICKS
No. 2. J. R. KUBENA	No. 2. R. C. DIAL
No. 3. J. R. BOWMAN	No. 3. ALVIN C. OWSLEY
No. 4. C. L. BRACHFIELD	No. 4. WALTER TIPS

turns and declare the result.

Whereas, the election laws of the state of Texas require that precinct conventions shall be held in every voting precinct in the state of Texas on the first Saturday in May of each presidential year, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 8 p. m.,

Therefore be it resolved by the executive committee of Houston county that especial attention is hereby called to said law, and the democrats of this county are hereby advised that it is necessary that precinct conventions be held in each of the voting precincts of this county on Saturday, May 2, 1908, between said hours, and that delegates be selected at said precinct convention to the county convention—one delegate for each twenty-five voters or majority fraction thereof—to be held at Crockett on May 5, 1908. The democrats of each precinct of this county are hereby requested to select from among their number a chairman to preside over said precinct convention, who will certify to the county convention at once the delegates selected.

Be it further resolved by this committee that the voting boxes for Kennard and Ratcliff as designated by the commissioners' court for the general election be designated as the voting places for all primary elections.

E. B. HALE, Chairman,  
J. E. DOWNES, Secretary.

#### From Porter Springs.

Porter Spring, Texas, April 20, 1908. Editor Courier:—While reading through your paper of the 16th I noticed a piece headed, "A Great Bailey Meeting," held on the night of the 11th. The gentleman from Porter Springs seems to rejoice over the way the Bailey meeting passed off, but he has failed to make a true report of the same, and well does he know it, and so do others that were present. The fact is there were only three anti-Bailey men present, and well does the gentleman know that, and it cannot be disputed by anyone. Why he should misrepresent the meeting no one knows, unless he thinks he can mislead some poor, ignorant man. But I think he will have a hard time trying to do that, for the most of the voters here are just as well read on the Bailey issue as the well-informed gentleman that tries to lead the people and don't know how. It seems that the letter the gentleman has written for the Courier is only for the purpose of misleading the people, and might cause some one to believe that there was only one Bailey vote at Porter Springs. Now, if the gentleman will only stop and think for a moment he will find that there are about forty Baileyites to about eight or nine anti-Baileyites, and well does he know that, too. Just such "bosh" as he has tried to stuff in print is for no other purpose than to try to make it appear his way. But I think on May 2 he

will find out he was very wrong. As far as the chairman and secretary are concerned, they were duly elected, and well does the gentleman know that, and well does he know that he was not asked to help with the Bailey meeting, for they did not think they needed his help, or at least he was so informed that night. I think he had better look out for himself, and Mr. Bailey is sure able to do the same. I believe he thinks Mr. Johnson needs all the help he can get, and I think so, too.

A DEMOCRAT.

#### Hickory Creek News.

Editor Courier:—Mrs. E. D. Lockey spent the day with Mrs. A. P. Bolch a few Sundays ago.

Mr. Tom Barnhill's little girl fell from the gallery and broke her arm, but is doing all right now.

Miss Willie Barlow spent last week in Crockett with her sister.

Miss Addie English of Fort Worth is expected to visit our community soon.

Mr. Dozier Smith was down to see his father a few weeks ago.

Miss Rena Frizzell is visiting Miss Ethel Daniel.

Miss Minnie Woodland has been on the sick list for a few days.

Mr. G. L. Payne was a caller at Mr. A. P. Bolch's Sunday night.

Misses Ernie Woodland, Laverne Bolch and sisters accepted the invitation to an Easter entertainment at Miss Lockey's Sunday and report a good time.

Miss Minnie Woodland spent Saturday at Belott.

E. AND E.

## Shoes

FOR  
Men, Women  
and Children

We have the largest and most complete line of footwear in Houston county. We can save you from 10 to 50 per cent on all shoes.

Hats, Shirts  
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Get the other fellow's price, then come to us and see how much we can save you. Stock clean and brand new. Every article in our store is a bargain.

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FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR  
Cures Colds Prevents Pneumonia

## The Best Always for the Least Money

Let us supply you. We have everything you need in Dry Goods, Clothing, Notions, Shoes and Groceries. Your order, whether large or small, will always receive prompt attention from us.

HARDWARE AND FARM SUPPLIES

# Daniel & Burton.

IF IT'S NOT GOOD WE'LL MAKE IT GOOD.

### BAILEY'S CROCKETT SPEECH

#### Or That Part of It Appearing in the Houston Post.

"I had been advised," he said, "that this list of questions would be submitted, and I declined to accept it, because every question attempted to impeach my honor or my veracity and no honest man will have ought to do with one who assails his personal honor in debate."

He declared the question of one's honor is not a debatable question. "At least," he said, "it is not a debatable question with me; it may be with the men who want me to debate with them on the question of whether or not I am an honest man—I mean that such men would debate with me on the question of whether or not they are honest."

He said if a man would go into the store of a reputable merchant and state that he wanted to debate with him on the subject of whether or not the merchant was honest the merchant would likely pick up a chair and use it vigorously.

At this point Senator Bailey exhibited a slip of yellow paper, on which was printed a statement to the effect that Bailey had said he never drew a draft for \$1500 on Pierce, and it was afterward proven that the draft was drawn.

"I will show you how false this printed statement is. As a general proposition a man who will tell one lie about me," he added, "will tell another and a bigger one to back it up." Mr. Bailey then said that it has been charged that all who are opposed to him are liars and scoundrels. This is a libel as gross as most of the statements, he said, but he said that he had stated that all liars and scoundrels are opposed to him.

He then took up the history of that \$1500 draft, as shown by the records. He dwelt at length upon the details of the allegations set up by his enemies on this subject. It was first set up that Bailey had drawn a draft on Pierce in favor of Henry & Stribling, the idea being to show that Bailey was attorney for Pierce, and in his capacity as attorney he had attempted to corrupt the State's counsel.

He challenged his enemies to produce such a draft, agreeing to resign. If such a draft were produced, he would resign his seat. The repeated claims of his enemies were so insistent upon their contention that some of his intimate friends began to fear he (Bailey) had drawn the draft and had forgotten it. When the matter was finally forced to light, it was found that this charge had been predicated upon a telegram purported to have been sent by Pierce.

At this point Senator Bailey announced that any man who wanted to ask any question was invited to do so, "provided the question is framed in a civil manner, it will receive a civil answer." He stated that he did not intend, however, to be insulted, nor did he intend to have his magnificent audience insulted. This was well received. "I understand that Thomas stated in a speech here that while Aldrich was making his speech on the financial bill, I was seated in the senate gallery between Belmont and J. P. Morgan," said Bailey.

Voices—That's what he said.  
Bailey—Well, may God have mercy on his soul.

Mr. Bailey then went on to say that when Aldrich was making his speech,

he (Bailey) was on the floor of the senate where he ought to have been, as the democrats of the senate had placed him in charge of the minority fight on the bill and he was on the floor of the senate from the first to the last of Aldrich's speech.

He declared that he had not only not sat with Morgan, but he had never sat on the same bench with Morgan. In fact, he had never met Morgan but once, on the day of the speech, and then he merely shook hands with him after being introduced and had not even passed the usual greeting, but quickly joined Mrs. Bailey, who was, with several Texas ladies, present early to hear the debate open. As to being between Morgan and Belmont, why, Belmont was not even there.

In taking up the question of borrowing money, Bailey said he has always borrowed money, and has always paid back what he borrowed. "There is not a member of congress who does not at some time or the other borrow money from National banks and yet every session of congress has bills before it affecting National banks."

Bailey vigorously denied the fact that members of congress borrowed from National banks influenced their actions.

Mr. Bailey said it was charged that he sold Kirby Lumber company stock to the Frisco railroad and yet when the rate bill was under consideration he introduced an amendment to the rate bill which forever prohibits the Frisco from hauling tonnage for the Kirby Lumber company. "And yet they say," he said, "that Bailey is owned by the corporations."

Mr. Bailey then recounted his connection with the Security Oil company. He drew the charter for an individual and he didn't ask the individual who he was representing, nor would any other reputable lawyer, and later he drew a mortgage for \$2,500,000. "Had I ever given the question of ownership a moment's thought, I never would have suspected the Standard as owning it, for I have always thought the Standard had so much money it never had to borrow any money."

Mr. Bailey commented on the fact that the fee charged—\$5000—was reasonable and was less than a New York lawyer would have charged, yet the work had been better done. He had never mentioned the amount of the fee, but, strange, his enemies should have this information.

"They say," he said, "that the Security Oil company is a child of the Standard, and if this is the case, the Standard is furnishing my enemies with information with which to attack me."

After discussing his standing in Cooke county, he said that every one in Cooke county didn't love him, for he had many winning ways calculated to make enemies and he had always taken sides in politics as a citizen should, and this had been a fruitful source of making enemies.

#### Why

have a torpid liver when Herbine, the only liver regulator will help you? There is no reason why you should suffer from Dyspepsia, Constipation, Chills, and Fever or any liver complaints, when Herbine will cure you. F. C. Waite, Westville, Fla., writes: "I was sick for a month with chills and fever, and after taking two bottles of Herbine am well and healthy." Sold by Murchison & Beasley.

### Senator Bailey is Innocent.

Ed. Courier:—Inasmuch as you have "closed your columns" to any further article from Mr. Madden, except upon such terms as you yourself may see fit to dictate, and as Mr. Madden cannot, with any degree of self respect and will not, accept your very strange and unheard of pronunciamento, I presume your declaration does not apply to me, and so presuming, I address you this article:

In other words, I presume your very gracious promise of a column and a half of space still holds good, and if so, then I suppose you will publish what follows:

Now I want to submit the question of the "guilt or innocence" of Senator Bailey to your readers. The evidence, as adduced before the "Legislative investigating Committee," is so voluminous that even a brief statement of it cannot be attempted here. So I want to submit the conclusion of some of those who heard all the evidence, and who are in a position to judge of the truth or the falsity of the charges.

After the close of the investigation, four reports were made, viz: the report of the majority of the committee and three minority reports. Messrs. Jenkins, Robertson and McGregor making separate reports. After summing up all the charges and the evidence thereon, the majority said: Therefore, be it resolved first, that the findings of fact herein reported be adopted as the findings of the House of Representatives on the testimony heard by your committee, heretofore in substance published in the daily press of this state. Second: That said findings entitle Senator Bailey to the further finding that he is not guilty of the charges preferred against him, and he is hereby "exonerated therefrom." In minority report No. 1 Mr. Jenkins merely submitted certain "findings" on the evidence in support of, and against, the charges, but expressed no opinion upon them.

In minority report No. 2, Judge Robertson, ex-Governor Hogg's law partner, and one of the ablest lawyers and one of the most upright men in the state, after reviewing the evidence, said: "While the committee did not secure all the evidence desired by all parties, yet it did make a thorough investigation as far as it could secure the attendance of witnesses and as it was practical to do;" and I believe, if all the testimony desired could have been secured, that the general effect of the proof would not have been different.

There was no evidence introduced tending to show that Senator Bailey's official conduct has even been in any manner influenced by any of the transactions above referred to, but to the contrary, the evidence shows that he has in his official acts, at all times, done that which he believed was for the best interests of the people.

In minority report No. 3, Mr. McGregor simply endorsed the report of Mr. Jenkins, with one additional finding, in which Mr. Jenkins concurred, but expressed no opinion upon the matter. So that, of the seven members of the house committee, five of them fully exonerate Mr. Bailey, while the other two did not dare to condemn him, and not having the courage of "acquitt," they simply remained silent as to their opinion. If they had believed him "guilty" do you not know they would have said so? But, the evidence would not justify it, and they knew it. Therefore, we may certainly conclude that not a single member of the committee believed he was

## Attention! To Those Who Are Interested in Good Horses



J. W. T. No. 35496.

He is a genuine registered horse, foaled at Highland, O., in the spring of 1899. He is a large, handsome dark bay horse, with left hind foot white; stands 16 hands 1 inch, weighs 1200 pounds. In conformation he is a grand, big horse, with a beautiful head and neck, and the very best of feet and legs, short back, deep body and very fine knee and hock action. His blood lines are the very best of northern horses. That he will beget speed and grand road qualities there is no doubt, as he not only inherits, but possesses, those qualities. Even common mares bred to a horse of this class cannot fail to produce foals that will find a ready market as carriage horses or roadsters as well as general all-purpose horses. He can be found near freight depot, opposite stock pens. Mares from a distance will be taken care of without charge except for feed. Will not be responsible for any accidents while in our care. Owned by

B. L. Satterwhite & Co., Crockett, Texas.

guilty. But this is not all. Judge Poindexter, an eminent lawyer and jurist of Cleburne, who was employed by the state to assist the senate committee in the investigation, and who heard all the evidence and examined and cross examined the witnesses, and was paid a fee of one thousand dollars or more by the state for his services, now comes out boldly and publicly, and expresses himself as follows: "I submit to you, and to every fair minded man in Texas, that the decision of the majority of the committee was a righteous decision." What other finding could they have made if they followed the evidence? The committee heard all the evidence touching these charges and rendered a verdict of not guilty. Whether satisfactory to all parties or not, I believed then, as I believe now, that the verdict should remain final till Senator Bailey offers himself for re-election in 1913. Bailey is and will continue to be, for the next five years, the accredited representative of the great State of Texas on the floor of the Senate of the United States, and I believe it the duty of every Democrat to stand by him and hold up his hand and aid him in making the best senator possible during his term of office.

Fellows citizens, look at the spectacle! Senator Bailey was tried and acquitted by the legislature of 1901, and was elected to the senate of the United States, came before the people in 1906, was renominated in the democratic primaries in Texas by a vote of 300,000, was declared the nominee by the democratic state convention; was declared not guilty of the charges circulated against him, and his course and conduct as United States senator was endorsed and approved by that convention. Notwithstanding all this, when the legislature of Texas convened in Jan., 1907, he was again charged with practically the same offense, and at the expense of the tax payers of Texas, investigated for five long weeks, and again found not guilty. The flag of the party was placed in his hands, and he was commissioned as one of the great generals of the democratic party of Texas and of the nation, to lead us in the great struggles for maintenance of democratic principles and constitutional government. Scarcely had he taken his seat on the floor of the senate, when the black flag of mutiny was raised in Dallas, and fire opened upon his back and upon the flag he held in his hand. Not because of supposed offenses committed

after his re-election, but because of alleged things he had done years before his election and before his trial and before his acquittal.

I believe he is being reviled and persecuted and pursued beyond the limits of any political warfare known in the history of this civilized world. He is one of the greatest statesmen of his day, one of the brightest constitutional lawyers in America, and if let alone, he will yet render great and valuable service to his people and to his country. He is our senator, and will be for five long years. We owe it to him; we owe it to ourselves; we owe it to our state to stand by him as our representative whilst he holds his position and not shoot him in the back while he is on duty as our sentinel and our leader. The purpose of this war in Texas is to destroy and discredit a senator of Texas, and when you do it, you discredit yourselves and your state.

Democrats of Houston county, these evidences of the innocence of Senator Bailey could be multiplied beyond measure, but the lack of space forbids the mention of further proof. But this certainly ought to be enough to satisfy all reasonable men. Do you not think so? Then will you believe it? Will you accept the verdict of the sworn members of the committee and that of the sworn attorney of the senate committee, or will you throw them aside, conclude that they are perjured scoundrels, and believe the unsworn, malignant and malicious assertions of Senator Bailey's enemies? It is up to you to choose between them, and knowing you as I do, and such is my confidence in your spirit of fairness and your sense of justice, that I am sure you are bound to believe him innocent, and that you will so render your verdict on May 2nd.

JOE ADAMS.

#### Rheumatic Pains Relieved.

Mr. Thos. Stenton, postmaster of Pontypool, Ont., writes: "For the past eight years I suffered from rheumatic pains, and during that time I used many different liniments and remedies for the cure of rheumatism. Last summer I procured a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm and got more relief from it than anything I have ever used, and cheerfully recommend this liniment to all sufferers from rheumatic pains." For sale by Murchison & Beasley.

#### Gentle and Effective.

A well known Manitoba editor writes, "As an inside worker I find Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets invaluable for the touches of biliousness natural to sedentary life, their action being gentle and effective, clearing the digestive tract and the head." Price, 25 cents. Samples free. For sale by Murchison & Beasley.



# THE CROCKETT COURIER

W. W. AIKEN, Editor and Prop'r  
CROCKETT, TEXAS

## New Orleans from the River.

You would never get a good impression of New Orleans from the river, either after dark or before (says a traveling correspondent of the New York Sun). In the daytime little is visible beyond the long protective works but a dull desert of roofs from which a few steeples and skyscrapers emerge without adorning it. The city owes everything to the Father of Rivers, but he is a harsh, intrusive creditor, with whom she does not wish her intercourse to be too close. So far as her front is concerned, she imitates some of her inhabitants, whose street windows are always closely shuttered, while they enjoy themselves in open interiors, pleasant with trees and flowers. And on the other hand, when you have gone a dozen yards ashore the river disappears as if for good. It never forms the background of a prospect from the streets; there are no pleasure promenades on its banks. You might forget that it was anywhere near unless your curiosity should happen to be piqued some fine day by a mysterious moisture darkening the ground. Then you would learn from a native with what freedom the river percolates all through the alluvial deposit on which this terraqueous city—the Venice of America—stands, or perhaps it is better to say, floats.

Twelve thousand pounds left to charities by a peddler's will, found in an old silk hat, was the subject of a resumed case in the probate division of a London court a few days ago. An old silk hat (so the story runs) was lent by the testator, a Polish peddler, to William Thomas Wall, a hairdresser of Cambridge, that he might attend a funeral, and he returned the hat directly afterwards. Subsequently the peddler brought the hat to Mr. Wall, saying, "You may as well take charge of it." After the peddler's death his will was found in the hat's silk lining. The president of the court, in giving his decision, said the story of the finding might seem a very remarkable one, but in the probate registry at Somerset House there were just as singular curiosities in wills. He came to the conclusion that the will was established, and granted probate of it, the costs to come out of the estate.

No piece of American political furniture would more surprise the founders of the republic than the undesirable three-legged stool which the vice-presidential chair has become. The founders put it in the best room, second only to the president's seat. Now it is out in the back yard of political favor. Yet it is an important office; the presidency of the senate is a place of power. Four vice-presidents have risen to the highest office through the death of the president. Three others—Adams, Jefferson, Van Buren—were vice-president before they were president. In the case of the early vice-presidents, election to the second place meant that they had been candidates for the first place. And what that really means ought to prevail now; that is, no man should be elected vice-president who is not regarded as good enough to be president.

One of the saddest features of life on the North Atlantic is the long array of tragedies, especially during the tempestuous winter season. The record has just been made up, and it appears that during the fall and winter not less than 350 lives were lost off the coast of New England and British North America. Of this total the largest number represents persons who perished in the wrecks of vessels belonging to the fishing fleets. The record shows there were many thrilling experiences and, like most such calamities, the darkness of the picture was lightened by many exhibitions of heroism.

Mrs. Ida Lewis, keeper of the Lime Rock lighthouse in Newport harbor, R. I., is preparing to take a brief vacation, her first in 50 years. In all that time she has never missed a night in the lighthouse. She was suffering from nervousness and loss of sleep. At 45 she is the only woman lighthouse-keeper on Uncle Sam's pay roll. Last fall she received from the American Cross of Honor society at Washington its cross of honor and a life membership. Since then she has been awarded a pension from the Carnegie hero fund for saving 18 lives.

## NORTH TEXAS FLOODS.

EXTENT OF DAMAGE CAN NOT NOW BE ESTIMATED.

### NOT LESS THAN A MILLION.

Five Hundred Families Homeless, Farms Inundated and Railroads Damaged.

Fort Worth, Tex.—Easter Sunday proved to be a visiting day at the many flooded districts about the city, and thousands of local residents availed themselves of the opportunity to witness the highest flood stage ever reached in Fort Worth by the Trinity river. Many of the older residents of the city, who witnessed the high waters of 1889 and the heavy rains of the year following, declare that at noon Sunday all records had been surpassed.

Until the water shall have receded within the regular channels it is almost an impossibility to make an estimate of the damage, inasmuch as considerable railroad business and live stock market transactions have been paralyzed as well as the ruination of residence property in the vicinity of the river, to which is to be added the loss of household effects and stock.

Considering that over 500 families have been rendered homeless and that the adjacent land has been rendered temporarily useless for farming or truck purposes, and figuring on the damage to the railroads and stock business, conservative estimates place the present damage at \$1,000,000, which figure will be materially increased should more rainfall follow, locally or at points up the river.

### BEATEN BY A MINUTE.

Lusitania Lowers Ocean Crossing Record Which Was 5 Days.

New York.—By a remarkable close margin of one minute the big Cunard liner Mauretania established a new record across the ocean over the long route of the voyage which ended here Friday. Her time for the first passage was 4 days 23 hours and 59 minutes. The fastest previous trip—exactly five days—was made by the Mauretania's average speed over the 2889 miles was 24.08 knots. On the last day of the trip she maintained a speed of 26 knots for several hours, but toward nightfall she ran into a strong gale and rough sea, which cut her speed down so that the run for the day was 612 miles.

### Cars Run in Pensacola.

Pensacola, Fla.—For the first time in nine days cars were operated over two of the lines of the Pensacola Electric Company Tuesday. State militia was lined up on both sides of the streets and although there were frequent jeers no violence was attempted. The only disorder of the day occurred when one of the imported motormen was arrested for the violation of a city ordinance.

### Tank Fire Costs \$130,000.

Beaumont, Tex.—The tank of oil at the Security Oil Company's plant, which was fired by lightning Tuesday morning, burned itself out Wednesday morning about 4 o'clock. It is estimated that 40,000 barrels of the crude naphtha were burned and about 5,000 barrels pumped out. The oil is roughly estimated at \$3 per barrel, and the value of the tank, being about \$130,000, with no insurance.

### Hail and Wind Damage at Batson.

Batson, Tex.—It commenced raining Monday morning about 9 o'clock and continued to fall gently throughout the day, but Monday night it fell in perfect torrents all night, accompanied by hail and very high winds, which must have been cyclonic through the oil field here, as over fifty derricks were blown to the ground.

### The Greatest Oil Pool in the World.

Palestine, Tex.—J. M. Sullivan, oil expert of Humble field, after looking over the Neches field situation Wednesday, gives his opinion that under Anderson county lies the greatest oil and gas producing territory in the world, it being necessary only to go to a sufficient depth. The Neches well is being baled and cased.

### Rice Sowing Delayed.

Anahuac, Tex.—Rice sowing is delayed very much on account of dry weather. Some of the farmers have quit work in that line until it rains.

The new ditching machine has been received at last and put to work Thursday of this week. It makes a ditch two feet to three and a half feet deep and eight feet wide at top of ground and two feet wide at bottom of ditch. About sixty rods a day is the rate of progress at dry ditching.

## FLOOD RECEDING RAPIDLY.

RAILROADS ARE IN PRETTY BAD SHAPE.

Number of Families Were Driven From Homes—One City Bridge Is Threatened by Driftwood.

Dallas, Tex.—After having attained a stage of 40.2 feet at noon Monday, the maximum of the present rise, the Trinity river began to fall slowly until 8 p. m., when the water was receding rapidly. The local observer promises that unless further heavy rain should occur in the upper country, there will be a big fall in the water soon.

Monday afternoon the local railroad situation was reported as follows:

The Missouri, Kansas & Texas was said to be open all the way through, as was also the Denton branch.

There were no trains on Rock Island between Dallas and Fort Worth. The Texas & Pacific reported that there would be no trains West of Weatherford until Wednesday. The line is open from Dallas to the East.

On the Santa Fe the schedules were being maintained as usual, except down in the Brownwood country, where trains were unable to get further than Zephyr because of washouts.

The Houston & Texas Central, the Trinity & Brazos Valley and the Cotton Belt reported their lines open and no trouble being expected.

Damage to roads, bridges and farms in the immediate vicinity of this city continued to be reported Monday. Monetary losses could not be estimated, but from the nature of the reports they were believed to be considerable.

## CAUSE OF DEPRESSION.

Harvey Jordan Attributes It to Decline in Cotton.

Atlanta, Ga.—hat the decline in the price of spot cotton, rather than a general trade depression, is responsible for the distress of mill owners throughout the country, is the view taken by President Harvey Jordan of the Southern Cotton Association.

"For several months prior to April 1 the spinning industry in New England and the South was very much disturbed. A goodly number of mills in Massachusetts, the Carolinas and Georgia were forced to go on short time in order to prevent the accumulation of yarns and manufactured goods which did not find ready sale at profitable prices. General depression in this country, following fast upon the heels of the financial panic, precipitated in Wall street last October, caused a slackening up in the buying power of the American people. While many of the mills reduced their working time, a number of new mills, and old mills putting in new machinery, have started."

## TO SELL MUSTANG ISLAND.

Robinson Expects It to Bring in Excess of \$10 an Acre.

Austin, Tex.—Chief Clerk J. T. Robinson, in the absence of Land Commissioner J. J. Terrell, who is in Webb county looking after state school land affairs, Monday announced that all of the Mustang Island land would be placed in the market for sale July 6. There will be no preference rights to purchase and the minimum of \$10 an acre is expected to be greatly exceeded in the competition, which will be restricted to ten acres to each successful bidder. At least 10,000 acres are expected to bring in excess of \$10 an acre.

The land is opposite Rockport and near the celebrated Tarpon Fishing Grounds. Maps are now being printed for distribution, showing the location of the tracts.

## GROUND TO PIECES.

George Hamilton Met a Horrible Death in a Fly-Wheel.

Houston, Tex.—George Hamilton, an engineer in the employ of the Fordien-McKallip Oil Company at Humble, met a horrible death Saturday evening by being caught in the fly-wheel of his engine while oiling the piston rod. His clothing was caught in the large wheel and he was hurled up into the air and dashed to the floor and ground in the machinery. Both his arms were broken, his skull crushed and other bones fractured before the wheel was brought to a stop.

## San Antonio Carnival Opened.

San Antonio, Tex.—The San Antonio Spring Carnival opened Monday night in a blaze of glory. The queen arrived on the Sunset and accompanied by a guard of honor, was taken to the city hall, where she was welcomed by the mayor. Later followed the splendid pageant, the parade of the Knights of Omala. The carnival will continue during the entire week.

## PRESIDENT LOSES OUT.

CONGRESS PUT PRESIDENT ON NOTICE.

### IDEAS THAT WILL NOT PASS.

Wood Pulp Duty, Injunction Restrictions Railroad Pooling and Sherman Law Amendments.

Washington.—The leaders of Congress have notified the president that several laws which he desired to have enacted at this session will not be put through. A recapitulation shows that when the session ends congress will probably have failed to pass many of the important matters recommended by the president. They are as follows: Restricting the power of federal courts in the issuance of injunctions in labor disputes, amending the Sherman anti-trust law; to establish a system of federal licenses for interstate corporations; to enable the railroads to form traffic associations so as to secure greater stability of rates and returns; to remove some of the restrictions from combinations of labor; to prohibit railroads from blacklisting union employes, empowering the interstate commerce commission to control future issues of stocks and bonds of railroad property; to permit the attorney general to name one of the receivers appointed for insolvent railroads; to remove the duty on wood pulp; to provide for the construction of four battleships instead of two, and to establish postal savings banks.

These are the measures which the leaders have agreed to put through if possible: Making more elastic the currency; granting compensation to government employes injured while in the government service; prohibiting child labor in the District of Columbia; authorizing the ways and means committee of the house and the finance committee of the senate to give hearings preliminary to a revision of the tariff; appropriating a sum sufficient to enable the inland waterways commission to continue the work it started last spring.

## LAND IS CHEAPEST NOW.

Tide of Immigration Started This Way Will Make Values Rise.

Austin, Tex.—R. T. Milner, commissioner of agriculture, urges every man in Texas now without a home to buy such property at once, as land is going up and a home may be purchased at present for much less than it will bring in the future. Commissioner Milner said Thursday: "I want to put all the emphasis on the fact that every fellow in Texas not already in possession of a home ought to go right now and buy one. Don't wait for land to get any cheaper, because it will go higher. Land which we thought high at \$3 and \$5 per acre ten years ago is selling now at \$25 and \$25, and in some places the advance has been much greater than that. More people are coming to Texas now than ever before."

## President Wants More Ships.

Washington.—In a special message to congress Tuesday President Roosevelt urged the construction of four battleships of the largest and most approved type at once. The president holds that arbitration cannot be relied upon as an effective guarantee of peace and this country can ill afford to relax into a place where insult would have to be borne in silence. China was held up as a shining example of lassitude.

## Found Body of Negro Long Dead.

Center, Tex.—Sunday a negro was found dead in the Flat Fork community. The officers were notified but owing to the decomposition of the body they could not tell whether he had been murdered or died from natural causes. He was identified by some papers on his clothing. He had been absent about two months.

## Trainloads of Live Stock.

Temple, Tex.—The annual stock rush on the Santa Fe Railway exceeds anything of a similar kind for several years; and surpasses the expectations of the road's officials. Five to eight long trains of livestock from the San Angelo branch are being handled through here daily.

## Child's Fingers Cut Off.

Fredericksburg, Tex.—Tuesday a child of George Klein, who lives a few miles above town, had the misfortune of having three fingers cut off by a window shutter blowing shut, catching the fingers and cutting them entirely off. The child is one year and a half old.

Mexia, Tex.—Another heavy rain fell here Thursday night about 10 o'clock, and Friday was sultry with indications for rain.

## PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

T. R. ATMAR,  
DENTIST,  
CROCKETT, TEXAS.  
Office over Bricker's Jewelry Store. Telephone No. 67.  
Crown and Bridge Work a Specialty.

J. H. PAINTER,  
LAW ABSTRACTS,  
CROCKETT, TEXAS.

E. B. STOKES, M. D. J. S. WOOTTERS, M. D.  
STOKES & WOOTTERS  
PHYSICIANS & SURGEONS,  
CROCKETT, TEXAS.  
Office in the rear of Murchison's Drugstore.

DR. L. MERIWETHER,  
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,  
CROCKETT, TEXAS.  
Office over French's Drug Store.

W. C. LIPSCOMB, M. D.,  
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON  
CROCKETT, TEXAS.  
Office with Murchison & Beasley

**WHITE'S**  
**Cream Vermifuge**  
THE GUARANTEED  
**WORM**  
**REMEDY**  
THE CHILDREN'S FAVORITE TONIC.  
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.  
THE GENUINE PREPARED ONLY BY  
**Ballard-Snow Liniment Co.**  
ST. LOUIS, MO.  
At Murchison & Beasley's



**Our Sympathy**  
is always extended to those in distress, but we have no sympathy to waste on the man who borrows his neighbor's paper when he can have one of his own at a mere nominal expense. Your home paper stands for your interests and the interests of your home town. It deserves your moral and financial support. If you are not a member of our family of readers you should begin now by sending in your subscription.

**All the News** Every-thing that happens in the home town; the births, marriages, deaths, the social affairs, the comings and goings of the people—your neighbors; the notes of the schools and churches; all these and many other new and interesting things this paper will **All the Time** give you

**YOUR DOLLAR**  
Will come back to you if you spend it at home. It is gone forever if you send it to the Mail-Order House. A glance through our advertising columns will give you an idea where it will buy the most.





**A LARGE NEW STOCK OF**  
**DRY GOODS,**  
**Groceries**  
**and Hardware**

We Buy and Sell All Kinds of Country Produce.

**Moore & Smith**

**Local Items.**

Barker Tunstall was at Jacksonville last week.

J. D. Friend was in Houston the first of the week.

A. E. Kent was a visitor at the Courier office Thursday.

Wm. A. Eddy was a visitor at the Courier office Tuesday.

For everything first-class in tailoring see Shupak Tailoring Co.

B. F. Chamberlain's handsome new residence is about completed.

For pure drugs and careful attention call at Sweets' Drug Store.

Street work is going right along in Crockett without interruption.

Barb wire, hog wire at low prices at Jas. S. Shivers & Company's.

Buck's stoves are the best. See them at Jas. S. Shivers & Co's. store.

J. Walter Baird of Muncie, Ind., is here looking after his land holdings.

Mrs. S. A. Collum and children of Ratcliff were in Crockett Wednesday.

Ladies' slippers, men's oxfords, high quality, low prices at the "Big Store."

Now is the time to plant stock peas, get them from Jas. S. Shivers & Co.

The "Big Store" carries a complete line of men's spring trousers and summer coats.

Miss Lorena O'Keefe of Port Huron, Mich., is being entertained by Mrs. Evy Hail.

A great line of belts, bags, combs and novelties just received at the "Big Store."

W. I. Kennedy left for Lordsburg, New Mex., Tuesday to recuperate his health.

A full line of baseball goods and fishing tackle always on hand at Sweet's Drug Store.

Try Liquid Veneer on your furniture. Makes it look like new.

MURCHISON & BEASLEY.

Our prescriptions are carefully compounded. Give us a trial.

SWEET'S DRUG STORE.

County Judge John Spence returned Monday from Beaumont, where he attended the federal court.

W. H. Driskill of Holly, G. T. Lundy and S. C. Bitner of Lovelady and Dr. J. R. Miller of Holly were among those remembering the Courier Thursday.

**Feedstuff.**

I will keep constantly on hand at my warehouse at freight depot all kinds of feedstuff, such as Chops, Bran, Ear Corn and all kinds of Hay. Call and see me—prices are right.

Top Price Paid for Hides  
**B. L. SATTERWHITE**

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Downes reached Crockett Wednesday evening on their return from New York.

Mr. R. E. Wheelless of Louisiana, who was a guest at the home of Mr. B. E. Hail, returned home Tuesday.

Feed stuff, such as chops, hay, bran etc., constantly on hand at Jas. S. Shivers & Co's. at the lowest prices.

Heel sweeps, solid sweeps, shovels, and such needfuls as the farmer needs can be supplied by Jas. S. Shivers & Co.

Avery Lovelady, D. S. Williams and H. B. Monday, all of Lovelady, were among those remembering the Courier Tuesday.

See us for rubber goods, fountain syringes, ice bags, hot water bottles, etc.

MURCHISON & BEASLEY.

**Don't Forget**

We are headquarters for ice cream and cold drinks.

SWEET'S DRUG STORE.

**For Sale.**

A small complete ginning outfit and grist mill. All in good running order. ARCH BAKER. 6t

We have the biggest and best line of rubber goods we have ever had. Do you need anything in that line?

MURCHISON & BEASLEY.

Liquid Veneer on old furniture is like a new suit of clothes on a man—improves its appearance wonderfully.

MURCHISON & BEASLEY.

The millinery department of Jas. S. Shivers & Co., conducted by Misses Johnson and Woodson, is having a remarkable business because all hats sold are of the latest styles, newest goods and of the highest quality.

Men's shirts, best known make of any shirt worn by man at prices that cannot be duplicated, at the only store in Crockett that gets them from the manufacturers. Inquire of Jas. S. Shivers & Co. and see styles, qualities and prices.

The music program arranged for Easter service at the Methodist church was postponed on account of the rain until next Sunday. The rain did not interfere with the attendance of many, and the pastor delivered appropriate discourses, both morning and evening.

**Strayed or Stolen.**

One dark brown filley, blaze spot in forehead, also one bay colt, white spot in forehead. Left my place about 15th of March. Liberal reward for information leading to their recovery.

4t. G. W. JACKSON.

Thousands of ladies' hats sold by the millinery department of the "Big Store" have been worn by ladies of this county during the past seasons and it is the universal verdict that the styles, shapes and qualities shown this season excel those displayed any previous season by Crockett's greatest establishment.

Mr. G. W. Stemm and Miss Eva Scott were married Monday evening last. The bride is the daughter of Mr. Scott, the mail carrier on Route No. 3, and possesses much beauty of mind and face. Mr. Stemm is connected with the government snag boat, "The Holland," now at work on the Trinity river. The Courier extends congratulations.

Mr. W. F. West and Miss Pearl Beazley, both living near Daly, were married this week. The bride is a daughter of Mr. Chas. Beazley, one of the most prominent farmers of the county. Mr. West has charge of the plantation owned by Mr. H. F. Moore and others. He is a young man of sterling worth and the Courier wishes him and his fair bride much success and happiness.

Mr. John I. Moore and Miss Effie Roberts were married last Sunday, Rev. F. M. Boyles officiating. The bride is a daughter of Mr. J. T. Roberts of this city and holds a firm place in the affections of all who know her. The groom is well known over East Texas as one of the leading attorneys at the Crockett bar. The Courier extends congratulations and best wishes.

**Grady McConnell**

**The Milk-Shake Man**

**FRENCH'S DRUG STORE.**

The heavy rains are reported to be doing much damage to crops.

**Excursion to Houston.**

Account Spring Festival and Carnival, under auspices Brunner and Houston Heights Firemen, during week April 20-25, excursion tickets will be sold to Houston for trains arriving April 21st, limit April 22nd; also for trains arriving April 25th, limit April 26th. One and one third fare for round trip. See I. & G. N. Agent.

John M. Creasy again presents his name to the democracy of Houston county as a candidate for commissioner of precinct No. 4. It will be remembered that Mr. Creasy made the race two years ago and was defeated by only a small majority. The strong support he received in that election proves that the people have confidence in his ability to fill the office. Being better known he will no doubt draw a stronger support in the coming primary than he did two years ago.

Mr. J. R. Howard announces this week as a candidate for county clerk. He made the race in 1900 and, while defeated, the vote he received was not discouraging but, on the contrary, was flattering. Mr. Howard is a life-long democrat. He has lived for many years in Crockett and is known to almost every man in Houston county. For the past two seasons he has been connected with the Farmers' Union warehouse at Crockett and his qualifications for the office which he seeks are excellent. He respectfully solicits your support.

Mr. S. H. Rook's announcement appears this week as a candidate for commissioner of precinct No. 2. This announcement should have appeared last week, but by some unaccountable manner it was omitted. It is just as good this week as last, except Mr. Rook wanted it to appear last week and it should have appeared. This explication is due Mr. Rook. He is a farmer and a good one at that and the affairs of the county would no doubt be in good hands if placed in his. He is a democrat and his candidacy is subject to the action of the democratic party.

**Letter to H. C. Eichelberger, Crockett, Texas.**

Dear Sir: There are two sorts of paint: one to sell and make money, the other to paint and save money.

Who gets the money? The maker, the seller, the painter. Where does it come from? The owner, of course; he pays the painter for doing the work, and the dealer for gallons of paint; and he pays the paint-manufacturer, gallons again: more gallons, more money all round: for the owner to pay to the paint dealer and paint-manufacturer.

What's the paint that saves the money? Gallons again; less gallons, less money for paint, less money for wages; a gallon of paint is \$5 for wages and paint. Less gallons, less money to pay, \$5 a gallon.

Two sorts of paint: less gallons and more: less money and more: \$5 a gallon difference: two to one in gallons and money.

It costs twice as much to paint the average more-gallons paint as to paint Devoe. When the people find-out, it may not be quite so easy to sell extravagant paint by calling it "cheap."

51 Yours truly  
 F W DEVOE & Co  
 P. S. Murchison & Beasley sell our paint.

**Money to Loan.**

We make a specialty of loans on land and to farmers. We buy vendors lien notes and any other good paper. If you want to borrow money you will DO WELL to call and get our terms before placing your loan. We buy and sell real estate.

**WARFIELD BROTHERS,**  
 Office North Side Public Square,  
 Crockett, Texas

**Compare Our Prices**

Compare the fit and style of our clothes, give us your order for your spring suit and save the difference.

Our many years of experience as a maker of fine clothing goes to our patrons gratis and should be a guarantee of perfect fitting garments. We hope you will grant us your patronage as has been your custom heretofore and we guarantee that you will not regret the confidence so placed with us.

**JOHN MILLAR**

Tailor and Gents' Furnisher. Next to Postoffice.

**Our Schools.**

The Crockett Public School will close session 1907-08 in four weeks, May 22nd.

The following general plan has been approved by the school board; class work will be completed Thursday May 21st at noon. Teachers will devote the entire afternoon in completing records in daily registers, in making out their annual reports, in getting pupils' reports in proper shape, etc.

On Friday morning at nine o'clock the school will assemble as usual and after certain preliminaries the certificates of promotion will be given to each pupil present, the grades will then be dismissed for the summer vacation. At 8:30 p. m. the High School Society program will be rendered at the opera house. The principal features of this program consist of the declamation and debate contests for the Aldrich medals. The first, the declamation contest will be made by five, and the second, the debate contest, by six high school students. The awarding of these medals will be the closing feature of the program.

On Sunday May 24th the baccalaureate sermon will be preached at the Methodist church by Rev. F. M. Boyles and at 8:30 p. m. on the following day at the opera house the graduating class will give the closing entertainment. The annual address on this occasion will be delivered by Prof. H. F. Estill, Chair of Latin, Sam Houston Normal, Huntsville. To all these exercises the public is most cordially invited.

Let me here add a word of caution about the attendance during the last four weeks of the session. The last month is a most important period. It is the time for teachers to make up their "ledger accounts," to determine where the individual pupil stands. Too often a lesson, so far as the pupil is concerned, is a separate matter in the year's work. In these review lessons he is made to see that every lesson is a necessary part of the great year lesson that has been assigned to his grade. The lessons are all made one great lesson so that each and all have for him a broader and deeper significance.

I think it a matter of regret that a boy or girl should find an obstruction in his way toward the

completion of any good work undertaken. The tendencies—and a tendency if a good one should become a habit—to continue a good effort to the very last is a most important one. Society in its best sense includes all who are adding to the world's blessings and the habit of succeeding gives us the kings and queens of society. Parents and teachers have it in their power to fix this sovereign habit. The responsibility is a most serious one. I would urge every parent to regard this element of perfect attendance to the year of school duties as one of the agencies to be used to develop fidelity to duty. To the record of those who are out during this last month there must be the final "incomplete" written; that is a very unsatisfactory conclusion. Let us do all we can to prevent it.

The following will be graduated from the Crockett High School May 25, '08—John Carl Goolsby, valedictorian, Dan Page Craddock, salutatorian; Joseph Edwin Winfree, Andrew Jameson Newton, Janie Louise Reynolds, Anne Robertson, Emma Augusta Craddock, Mary Lacy, Myrtle Gossett.  
 R. R. SEBRING, Supt.

**Chamberlain's Has the Preference.**

Mr. Fred. C. Hanrahan, a prominent druggist of Portsmouth, Va., says: "For the past six years I have sold and recommended Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. It is a great remedy and one of the best patent medicines on the market. I handle some others for the same purposes that pay me a larger profit, but this remedy is so sure to effect a cure, and my customer so certain to appreciate my recommending it to him, that I give it the preference." For sale by Murchison & Beasley.

**Indigestion.**

With its companions, heart burn, flatulence, torpidity of the liver, constipation, palpitation of the heart, poor blood, headache and other nervous symptoms, sallow skin, foul tongue, offensive breath and a legion of other ailments, is at once the most widespread and destructive malady among the American people. The Herbine treatment will cure all these troubles. 50c bottle. Sold by Murchison & Beasley.

# The Crockett Courier

W. W. AIKEN, Editor and Proprietor.

## PUBLISHER'S NOTICE.

Obituaries, resolutions, cards of thanks and other matter not "news" will be charged for at the rate of 5c per line.

Parties ordering advertising or printing for societies, churches, committees or organizations of any kind will, in all cases, be held personally responsible for the payment of the bill.

## ANNOUNCEMENTS.

THE COURIER is authorized to make the following announcements subject to the action of the democratic primary:

- For District Judge  
J. J. Faulk  
of Henderson county
- W. K. Bishop  
of Henderson county
- B. H. Gardner  
of Anderson county
- For District Attorney  
Tom J. Harris
- For Representative  
W. G. Creath
- For District Clerk  
E. F. Dent  
Joe Brown Stanton
- For County Judge  
John Spence
- For County Superintendent Public Instruction  
J. F. Mangum
- For County Clerk  
Nat E. Allbright  
J. R. Howard
- For Sheriff  
O. B. (Deb) Hale  
A. W. Phillips  
John C. Lacy
- For Tax Collector  
A. L. (Gus) Goolsby
- For County Treasurer  
D. J. Cater  
William Bayne
- For County Attorney  
Earl Adams, Jr.
- For Commissioner Precinct No. 2  
John A. Hughes  
S. H. Rook
- For Commissioner Precinct No. 3  
J. A. Harrelson  
C. H. Barbee
- For Commissioner Precinct No. 4  
E. V. Webb  
Chas. Long  
John M. Cready
- For Justice Peace, Precinct No. 1  
E. M. Callier
- For Constable, Precinct No. 1  
Lawrence Dawson  
O. C. Mortimer  
John Brooks  
Walter Gossett  
E. J. (Bob) Spence  
John C. Sims  
J. N. Wellborn
- For Constable, Precinct No. 4  
J. M. Smith

## BAILEY VS. THE PEOPLE.

Senator Aldrich, republican, and known as the Standard Oil senator, offered an emergency currency bill in the national congress that provided for the issuance of an emergency currency in times of money panics by the national banks. The bill passed the senate and is now in the house. Under its provisions the national banks, in order to be able to issue this emergency currency, would have to invest in county, state, municipal and railroad bonds, which they would have to put away in their vaults to hold for use as a basis on which to issue this emergency currency in case of a money panic. Under the leadership of Senator La Follette, the railroad bond feature of the bill was defeated, and wisely so, for that feature of the bill would have proven a boon for the large investment banks, such as are controlled by Standard Oil and J. P. Morgan. Although purged of this iniquitous feature, the bill was still declared by Senator La Follette to be in the interest of certain banking interests. The small banks over the country could not afford to tie up their money in these securities and even the larger banks of the interior could not afford to do so. It was plain that the bond investment

banks of New York, controlled by Standard Oil and J. P. Morgan, were the only ones that could buy the securities and hold them from year to year awaiting a money panic and that, having these bonds, the great mass of ordinary banks and through them the great mass of people would be at their mercy. Should a money panic ensue, these bond investment banks would put up their securities with the government and issue the emergency currency provided for under the proposed law. The ordinary or country banks, by reason of the fact that they had not been able to invest in these bonds and carry them for an uncertain period, would have no lawful security to put up with the government and consequently could not issue an emergency currency. The banks holding the securities could precipitate a panic at any time and thus have the whole country at their mercy. Thus the iniquity of the Aldrich bill is made plain. Senator Bailey offered a substitute that did not remove a single bad feature of the bill. The only change it made was that the banks, instead of putting up the securities with the government and getting permission to issue this emergency currency, should put up the securities and have the government issue the currency to them. What difference did it make whether the banks issued it or the government issued it through them so long as it was issued under the supervision or with the permission of the government? The security feature was unchanged. If misfortune overtakes an individual and he has to put his horse up as security for money, what difference does it make whether the man giving the security prepares the mortgage or the man taking it prepares it? The banks could not issue the currency without putting up the securities and getting the government's permission, and the government could authorize the banks to issue a certain amount of currency as easily as it could issue the currency to them. Senator Bailey spoke for his substitute, but the two bills were so much alike that he could say nothing against the Aldrich bill. Once during his speech he was interrupted by a fellow-senator who said that he was speaking against a form of asset currency that had not been proposed in the senate. Senator Bailey admitted that such a form of currency had not been proposed, but he was afraid that it might be. He had prepared a nice speech and he must say it. After finishing his speech Senator Bailey left for Texas, and left his substitute in the hands of Senator Teller of Colorado, who, after the substitute failed, voted for the Aldrich bill. Not a single democratic voice was raised in support of Bailey's substitute. Bailey himself endorsed the Aldrich bill (the Courier quoted from him last week), but believed his substitute was better. In view of these facts, it cannot be denied that Bailey supported the Aldrich emergency currency bill. Senator La Follette, Senator Culberson and other senators denounced the Aldrich bill as being in the interest of the Standard Oil and J. P. Morgan group of banks. Did Bailey's Standard Oil fees and loans influence him in this matter? Senator Bailey and his friends have challenged and defied any man to show where any act, vote or speech of his was not in the interest of the people. When the record is quoted will they believe it? They will answer this by saying that it is an attack on the democratic party and then fall at Bailey's feet and worship him. Great is Bailey! Let not any

democrat be fooled by this blind worship. Go to the polls on May 2 and vote for the Cone Johnson ticket and thus show your disapproval of Bailey's Standard Oil trust relations. Let no man deceive you.

The Bailey side realizes that it is whipped. One of the strongest evidences of this was their appeal to the women to help them. Lack of enthusiasm in Bailey's audience was another. The latest evidence of a waning fight is Bailey's letter, given out at Palestine, declaring at the last moment for Bryan. They are grasping at straws. It is almost time to call off the fight. "Let the wicked man forsake his ways and the unrighteous man his thoughts and the sin which he has sinned shall be mentioned unto him no more forever."

## THE BIG EIGHT VS. THE BIG FOUR.

The Courier would like to call the attention of the friends and supporters of Senator Bailey to the following plain facts:

1. Joe Bailey, while a congressman, joined forces with the republicans in unseating Gen. Joe Wheeler, a congressman from Alabama.
2. Joe Bailey, while a congressman, originally opposed any canal connecting the Atlantic with the Pacific. The transcontinental railroads fought the canal. The south, of all sections, would derive the largest benefits from the measure.
3. Senator Bailey appealed to democrats to support the old Aldrich banking bill, which never became the law. The bill provided for loaning the people's money to certain banks at 1-2 cents and the banks could loan it back to the people at whatever rate of interest they could get.
4. Senator Bailey offered an amendment to the rate bill that would have made it unconstitutional. The amendment denied common carriers the right to transport their own products or denied them the right to engage in the producing business. The amendment was defeated, many democrats, including Senator Culberson, voting against it.
5. Senator Bailey offered an amendment to the rate bill, putting sleeping car companies under the interstate law as common carriers, and it became the law. Southern senators objected, saying that it would bring undesirable people into the sleepers—they said negroes, Bailey says poor people.
6. Senator Bailey opposed the eight-hour work-day for labor. He says he would not deny any man the right to quit work whenever he gets ready, which means that he could also work as long as his boss says.
7. Senator Bailey offered a substitute for the Aldrich currency bill that did not rid the latter of any of its iniquitous features. This bill is discussed editorially in another place.
8. Senator Bailey opposed any improvement of the Trinity river, thus overriding the judgment of the government's engineers and experts. In this he worked against the interests of the people of this immediate section.

The Courier calls on Senator Bailey's friends and supporters to name one single measure that he ever put through that was in the interest of the masses. If he has anything to his credit we would like to know it. We want results and not speeches.

The "individual" whom Bailey mentioned in his speech regarding the Security Oil charter was S. G.

## FACTS--THE BIG FOUR.

The friends and supporters of Senator Bailey challenge and defy those opposing him to show from his official record—

FIRST—One SINGLE vote he ever cast that was not in the interests of the masses.

SECOND—A BILL he ever offered or supported that was not in the interests of the masses.

THIRD—A resolution or amendment to any pending proposition he ever presented that was not in the interests of the masses.

FOURTH—That his VOICE, VOTE and INFLUENCE have not always, uniformly and consistently, without exception, been for the welfare and general betterment of the great mass of our population.

Advertisement.

Bane, president of a New York Standard Oil bank. Why did he not tell his audience that? The "man with whom he had had many transactions" was H. C. Pierce.

Bailey's accusations against Cone Johnson, Cullen Thomas and Owsley have been denounced by their neighbors as untrue. Why does he repeat them? Would it not be better for him to devote more time to clearing up his public record than to besmirching the character of democrats in private life? There might be some excuse if the charges were true.

If any man tells you that the Joe Bailey ticket was put out by the state democratic executive committee, tell him that he is mistaken; that the Joe Bailey ticket was put out by the Bailey campaign committee at Fort Worth, Clarence Owsley, chairman; and that the anti-Bailey ticket was put out by the anti-Bailey campaign committee at Waco, Geo. W. Riddle, chairman; that the state democratic executive committee, Geo. A. Carden, chairman, has recognized both tickets by instructing that both tickets appear on the official ballot to be voted on on the 2nd of May and that none but democrats be permitted to vote. Thus it will be seen that democrats can vote either ticket with as much freedom as they can in the July primary and that after the primary one democrat cannot taunt the other with a charge of party disloyalty. If any man tells you that Joe Bailey has been duly elected to office by democrats, tell him that this election is not to put Joe Bailey out of office but simply to select delegates to the national convention and does not interfere with any previous action of the democratic party.

Senator Bailey's coming down from the United States senate to engage in a contest for the selection of delegates to the national convention is enough in itself to defeat him. He announced at Austin when he was elected to the senate that no man opposed to him should go as a delegate to the national convention and thereby threw himself into the race. Those opposed to Bailey's dictation as to who should compose the Texas delegation met at Waco and put out the opposing ticket headed by Cone Johnson. When Bailey tells you that this fight was forced upon him and that he should be at his seat in the United States senate, he simply takes you for a fool. He is right when he says that he should be at his seat, but he said at the time of his election that he would return to Texas and "devote his best energies" to seeing that none opposed to him were elected, and he is here of his own making. He has no right to interfere in the selection of a na-

tional delegation and his action is an insult to the intelligence of the democratic party. We fail to see where Bailey comes into this contest at all; it is a matter to be decided by democrats without his dictation. We do not recognize his right to interfere in a democratic primary and therefore will scratch his name from the ticket and vote for Cone Johnson, a man in private life.

## THAT \$1500 DRAFT.

In regard to the \$1500 draft which Bailey referred to at Crockett, the investigation record shows the following: That on March 12, 1900, H. C. Pierce, at Lake Nebagamon, Wis., wired Andrew M. Finlay, vice president, St. Louis: "If Johnson approves authorize Bailey to loan Stribling \$1500 on his note. Bailey should quiet all Texas parties. Tell him I will see him soon." On June 13, 1900, J. W. Bailey at Gainesville, Texas, drew a draft through the Red River National bank on H. C. Pierce, St. Louis, for \$1500. David R. Francis, ex-governor of Missouri, under oath, swore that he took up this draft on November 22, 1900, and returned it to J. W. Bailey at Gainesville. Thus the draft was traced by the documents and creditable witnesses to Bailey's possession. Bailey had said if they would produce the draft he would resign and relieve his friends of defending him further. Bailey knew that he was safe in making this proposition, for he either had the draft himself or had destroyed it. During the investigation Bailey said, in regard to the documents in the possession of the attorney general: "None of these exhibits are forgeries, because they did not exhibit the Henry & Stribling draft, and that is the only one that I denounce as a forgery." At Crockett Bailey said: "They claimed to have the Henry & Stribling draft, or else they are the most colossal liars in the world." It is a well known fact as well as a matter of record that Attorney General Davidson never claimed to have this sight draft in his possession, but on the contrary he called upon the Waters-Pierce Oil company to produce it, not knowing at that time that Francis had taken it up and returned it to Bailey. Bailey now denounces Pierce's telegram to Finlay as a forgery, although under oath he said that none of the documents were forgeries except the sight draft which they did not have.

The questions which J. W. Bailey refused to answer in his speech at Crockett, giving as his excuse that they reflected on his personal integrity and veracity, are published in this week's Courier in supplement form. The voter can judge for himself as to whether or not they were proper questions for a democrat in the public service to answer.

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