

The Crockett Courier.

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MOTTO: "QUALITY, NOT QUANTITY."

CROCKETT, TEXAS, MAY 27, 1915.

VOLUME XXVI—NO. 18.

CROWDED CONDITIONS GIVE DISEASE A CHANCE TO SPREAD

San Antonio and El Paso Situation Detailed and Pleas Made for Betterment of Conditions.

Austin, Texas, May 22.—In the last installment of his report on tuberculosis in the Southwest, Dr. Ernest A. Sweet, the surgeon of the United States public health service, assigned to study this subject, calls attention to the fact that the death rate among the Mexican population is even higher than among the negroes. Dr. Sweet found that the death rate during a period of 10 years and based upon the Mexican born population of San Antonio of 1910 was 609.7 per 100,000 living, and that the death rate at El Paso was 554.5 per 100,000 living. He attributes this high death rate, primarily, to bad housing conditions, although he states that some physicians in the Southwest attribute this enormous rate to infection derived from health seekers. Dr. Sweet admits that if this theory is correct all of his conclusions relating to indigenous tuberculosis will require modification. In his opinion there is no connection between the coming of tuberculosis invalids to the Southwest and the greatly increased prevalence of the disease among the Mexicans, although, strange to say, they were practically synchronous.

He says, "whoever is familiar with the situation can not but be impressed with the fearful toll which disease exacts from these primitive people, and their utter helplessness before the onslaughts of this infection. Living as they do in a region which is inimical to the development of this scourge, where climatic conditions are conducive to sanitary living, and where there is little excuse for improper housing, the spectacle is all the more striking."

Dr. Sweet calls attention "to the fact that there are two elements of the Mexican population. The first are descendants of the early Spanish settlers, and they are not as prone to tuberculosis as are the other and larger element which are of the peon class, with a large and recent admixture of Indian blood and a standard of living extremely low. Thirty years ago tuberculosis was an uncommon disease among the Mexican population, and it has been found that it is now very prevalent in Old Mexico. In support of his theory that the presence of consumptive strangers has nothing to do with the infection of the Mexican population Dr. Sweet calls attention to the fact that all primitive people have a very low resistance to the disease and that it has been found to be very prevalent in houses which have not been in very close contact with white people.

Recoveries of Mexican consumptives are exceedingly rare and if one member of the family become infected, it results generally in the entire family succumbing to the disease.

Dr. Sweet calls special attention to the "frightful housing conditions which prevail, and these are sufficient in themselves to fully explain the high death rate recorded." He describes the adobe house and the frame structure or shack generally occupied by the Mexican people. He is particularly strong in his de-

nunciation of the corrals as he found them in San Antonio. He refers to one in particular which occupied ground 150 x 465 feet. In this corral, he found 86 families with a total of 336 people. He calls attention to the fact that these being only one-story structures, the congestion is apparent, it being even greater than that of most city tenements.

Within such tenements filth and squalor prevail. One bed is often sufficient for six or eight people, and occasionally one finds none at all. Charcoal pails are used for cooking purposes. There are no facilities for washing other than tubs and pails. He adds, "The unhygienic conditions under which these people live only add to the horror."

Attention is called to the fact that the corral is a very profitable investment. One such corral representing an investment of \$3300 brought to the owner, according to his own statement, a monthly income from \$250 to \$280. Dr. Sweet comments, "And yet we wonder why these miserable people who are forced to live in such structures have a tuberculosis death rate of 609.7 per 100,000. That such frightful housing conditions should occur in one of the principal tourist cities of the country, a city which has many natural advantages and where there is ample room for all, is all the more to be wondered at."

Crockett to Be Visited.

Houston, Texas, Monday, May 24.—Great interest is manifested in the coming convention at Houston June 3rd and 4th, which will have for its purpose the organization of the South and East Texas Development League and which promises to be one of the most effective result-getting gatherings ever held in this part of the state.

Tom Richardson, expert community organizer, Adolph Boldt, secretary Houston Chamber of Commerce, and Geo. S. Bruce, immigration and industrial agent of the I. & G. N. Railway, will visit Palestine, Jacksonville, Conroe, Huntsville, Trinity, Crockett, Tyler and Lufkin, this week in the interest of the South and East Texas Development League Convention. These gentlemen will be in Crockett all of Friday afternoon, May 28.

A meeting just held here had in attendance the most thoroughly representative body of bankers, business men, property holders and citizens that has convened in this city during the last several years. The meeting unanimously pledged co-operation and personal assistance toward making this league a great success.

The city is to be forgotten and the country developed.

Chamberlain's Liniment.

This preparation is intended especially for rheumatism, lame back, sprains and like ailments. It is a favorite with people who are well acquainted with its splendid qualities. Mrs. Charles Tanner, Wabash, Ind., says of it: "I have found Chamberlain's Liniment the best thing for lame back and sprains I have ever used. It works like a charm and relieves pain and soreness. It has been used by others of my family as well as myself for upwards of twenty years." 25 and 50 cent bottles. For sale by all dealers.

Buy Courier advertised goods.

GERMANS GREET WAR WITH ITALY HAPPILY

Paraders Gather in Streets and Cheer for Austria-Hungary—Popular in Venice.

Berlin, via London, May 24.—No arrangements have as yet been made for the departure of the Italian ambassador from Germany.

Owing to the Whitsuntide holidays no newspapers were published today and therefore no press comment on Italy's declaration were made. The public received the news with remarkable calmness.

Street demonstrations took place late last night when the news of Italy's declaration of war became known, small crowds parading and cheering for Austria-Hungary. The paraders attempted to make a demonstration before the Italian embassy, but all the approaches to the embassy have been closed by the police.

What comment is heard on the situation is not flattering to Italy. Her action in declaring war against her former ally is generally regarded by the populace as "political brigandage" and the average German declines to take the Italian military menace seriously.

In discussion of the official Italian explanation for the declaration the comment is everywhere heard that it took Italy a long time to find out that the treaty of alliance had been violated.

Dispatches from Vienna report big street demonstrations in favor of war with Italy. The observations of a correspondent of the Associated Press who spent the greater part of the last two months traveling in Austria-Hungary were that a war against Italy would be highly popular.

The indications were that the average Austro-Hungarian would be almost willing to forego a victory over Russia for the pleasure of punishing their country's former ally for breaking with her.

Germany is wholeheartedly on the side of her ally. The Italian military attaché recently was summoned to German headquarters and shown on a map the location and strength of the Austro-German armies on the Italian frontier so that his government should have no reason to doubt that Germany would assist Austria-Hungary with every available man in case of war.

Patrons of the Schools.

During this month the scholastic census of the county is being taken, and it is my desire to have as perfect and complete a report as possible for each district in the county. In order to get this it will be necessary for each parent to assist by giving the ages of all the children that are in the scholastic age whether they intend going to school.

A child that is seven years of age before the first day of next September is in the scholastic age for next term. All children who do not become seventeen before the first of next September are in the scholastic age for the coming year. The census trustee must enumerate all children according to the above instructions; that is, from seven to seventeen.

A parent must render his child to the trustee in the district in which he resides, and if he desires

to send to a different school he can transfer to the school by communicating with the county superintendent before the first day of August of this year, by giving the names of his children and ages and stating the school that he desires to transfer from and to what school he expects to send to. It must be the parent's bonafide intention to send to this school or the transfer cannot be granted.

If a parent should refuse to render his children to the proper trustee he is liable to prosecution. Every patron should see to it if possible that no child in his district is left off. The census rolls must be in this office by the last day of May in order for it to be enrolled on the county roll. I must send my rolls off before the first of July or we get no money for our schools. Help me.

J. N. Snell,

County Superintendent.

Annual Commencement.

The forty-fourth annual commencement of the Crockett High School will be held Thursday evening, May 27, in the First Baptist church of Crockett at 8 o'clock. The invocation will be by Rev. M. L. Sheppard, followed by the class chorus. The salutatory will be by Clinton Cannon and music by Virginia Foster; the valedictory by John Denny and music by Lucile Millar. President H. F. Estill of Huntsville will deliver the address. Following the presentation of diplomas will be a vocal duet by Clarite Elliott and Roy Baker.

Tomato Shippers.

A meeting of all those who will have any tomatoes to ship is called for Saturday, May 29, at 3 p. m. at the court house. As we will not have carload shipments, we can make arrangements with the East Texas Truck Growers' Association to handle our stuff for a commission of 2 per cent. They will also handle any car lots of potatoes the farmers may have. Crates can be obtained at Jacksonville or Palestine at 6 cents each. Come out and let's decide what to do. L. A. Hollis.

Our "Jitney" Offer—This and So.

Don't miss this. Cut out this slip, enclose with five cents to Foley & Co., Chicago, Ill., writing your name and address clearly. You will receive in return a trial package containing Foley's Honey and Tar Compound, for coughs, colds and croup, Foley Kidney Pills, and Foley Cathartic Tablets. Sold everywhere. Adv.

Talk Less, Avoid Divorce.

Little Rock, Ark., May 24.—In affirming the decision of a chancellor who had refused a divorce to J. K. Meffert of Benton county, the Arkansas supreme court in its decision today said: "The court finds that there is no substantial reason why these parties may not live happily together if they practice their religion more and talk less about it."

Danger to Children.

Serious illnesses often result from lingering coughs and colds. The hacking and coughing and disturbed sleep rack a child's body and the poisons weaken the system, so that disease cannot be thrown off. Foley's Honey and Tar Compound has eased coughs, colds and croup for three generations; safe to use and quick to act. There is no better medicine for croup, coughs and colds. Sold everywhere. Adv.

Buy Courier advertised goods.

AUSTRIAN SHELLS SHOWER UPON ITALIAN BUILDINGS.

Venice Is One of the Cities Bombed by Aeroplanes—Patriotic Demonstrations in Italy and Austria.

London, May 24.—The war declared by Italy on Austria is not yet in full swing, but battles are under way along the frontier, and the Austrians already have undertaken action against the Italian towns on the east coast with warships and aeroplanes. The towns shelled and bombed included Venice, Ancona, Porto Corsina, Potenza, Picerno, Potenzshicena and the Tremiti Islands.

The bombardment of Ancona lasted about two hours and Vienna reports the bombs thrown on the military buildings by the Austrian aeroplanes at that place and on the arsenal at Venice caused "visible damage and fires." The Italian authorities, on the other hand, declare the damage was slight.

Throughout Italy and Austria, the outbreak of war has been made the occasion for demonstrations of patriotism and loyalty. It apparently has been greeted in both countries as a very desirable ending to the diplomatic negotiations for a peaceful settlement.

In London, Paris and Petrograd the Italian residents have held processions with banners flying and many of them are preparing to join the colors.

Plant Black Eye Peas.

Editor Courier.

Learning that, in California, they dry-kiln the black-eyes which supply our Southern markets at \$5 to \$6 per bushel retail, a man was sent over there to see about it, only to learn that the weevil-germ does not inhabit the California pea.

Since then, we have been advocating the dry-kiln process for the Southern black-eye, and are gratified to learn that dry-kilns are going in at a number of points in our sandy land country.

Meantime, one of the largest Texas producing points for black-eyes has made heavy contracts to supply the British army with these peas, and meantime, it is not too late to plant them.

R. R. Claridge,
Longview, Texas.

Don't Be a "Grouch."

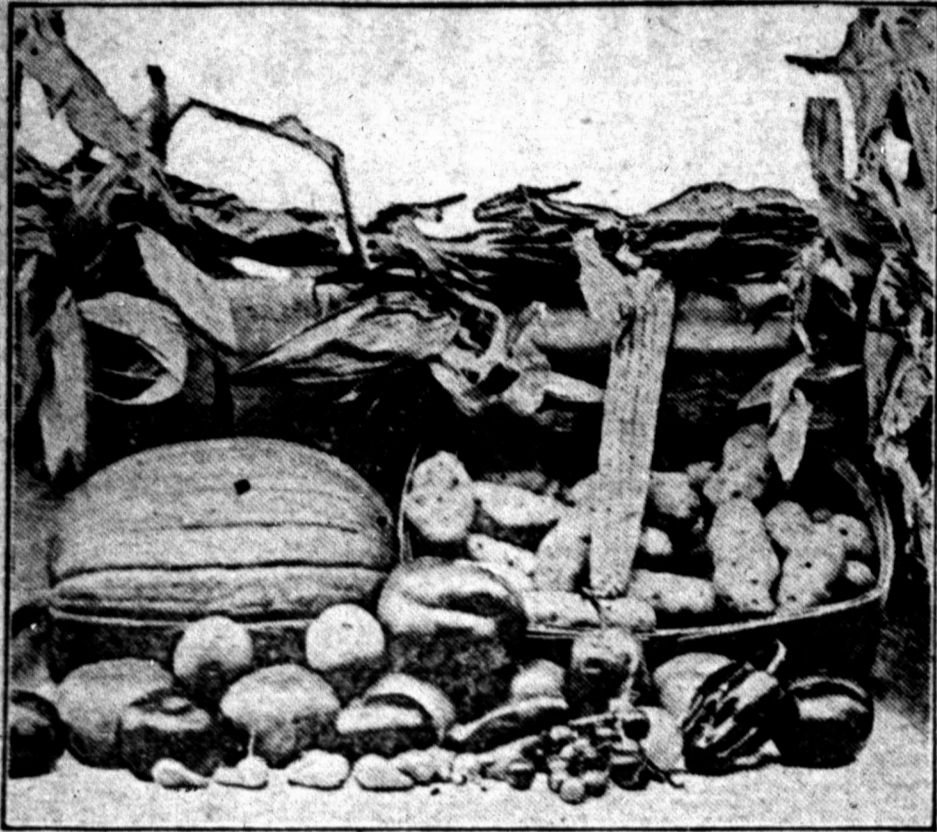
Many persons acquire a reputation for crankiness and grouchiness when their dispositions are not to blame. Peevishness, irritation, morbidness, biliousness, melancholia most often are the result of impaired digestion and torpid liver. Foley Cathartic Tablets make you light, cheerful and energetic. Sold everywhere. Adv.

REGISTERED JERSEY BULL



SIR WESTLEN, NO. 131,777
OWNED BY DUPUY SHERIDAN
Miller Heights, Crockett, Texas

GROW TRUCK CROPS IN PEACH ORCHARDS



Vegetables From the Family Garden.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The growing of some annual crop between the trees during the first two or three seasons following the planting of an orchard, as an aid in meeting the cost of maintenance during the unproductive age of the trees, is frequently regarded by the grower as an economic measure. This practice is seldom, if ever, any advantage to the trees in comparison with thorough tillage by itself, but if interplanted crops are wisely selected and properly managed with respect to their relation to the trees, they are not likely to result in any serious harm.

A considerable range of choice may be exercised by the grower as to what crops may be used. The relative market value of different crops should, of course, govern the selection to some extent. It should always be seen, however, that whatever is chosen must not interfere with any of the operations required in the development of the trees.

Muskmelons, beans, peas, cabbages, tomatoes and other truck crops are extensively grown in this way in different sections. Potatoes are sometimes used, but they are suitable only when the crop can be so managed that the digging of the potatoes will not amount to a late cultivation, which may be attended with undesirable results. Corn, also, is frequently used, but as very often raised it is objectionable, because it shades the trees excessively. Whenever corn is interplanted, an open strip of considerable width should be left along the rows, so that the trees will be fully exposed to the sunlight throughout the season. If a very tall, strong-growing variety of corn is used, a wider strip should be left unplanted than where a dwarf variety is selected.

The interplanted crop ought to be one which needs essentially the same tillage that the peach trees should have. Where this is the case, the secondary crop does not seriously interfere with that operation. But the grower should realize that he is, in effect, following a system of double cropping and that because of the interplanted crop he may need to give more attention to the maintenance of the fertility of the soil than he would for the peaches alone.

After the trees reach bearing age, they should not be made to compete with another crop. Even if there is sufficient plant food in the soil to produce successfully two crops at the same time, the peach trees will usually need all of the available soil moisture except, of course, in sections where irrigation is practiced, and there is an adequate supply of water for all purposes.

Besides, an interplanted crop would be likely to interfere with the spraying of the trees, if that operation should be necessary, with the harvesting of the fruit and in other ways.

Peach Trees Planted With Apples.
Peach trees are sometimes used as an interplanted crop, especially where apples comprise the permanent crop. This practice is both highly recommended and emphatically condemned by fruit growers of wide experience. It is probably objectionable in that for a period of years both bearing and nonbearing trees occupy the same area, and it is sometimes desirable to treat a fruiting tree very differently from one that is not fruiting, for the best results with each. On the other hand, when a site is particularly favorable for both fruits, a compromise treatment can often be effected, which yields fairly satisfactory results with both kinds of trees.

The United States department of agriculture, Washington, D. C., will send interested fruit growers, free of charge, its Farmers' Bulletin (No. 632) on "Growing Peaches," which gives in detail much information on the pruning of trees, renewal of tops, thinning, interplanted crops, and special practices.

GREEN PASTURAGE FOR HOGS

Common and Practical Experience Indicates Beyond Doubt That Pasturing Brings Best Results.

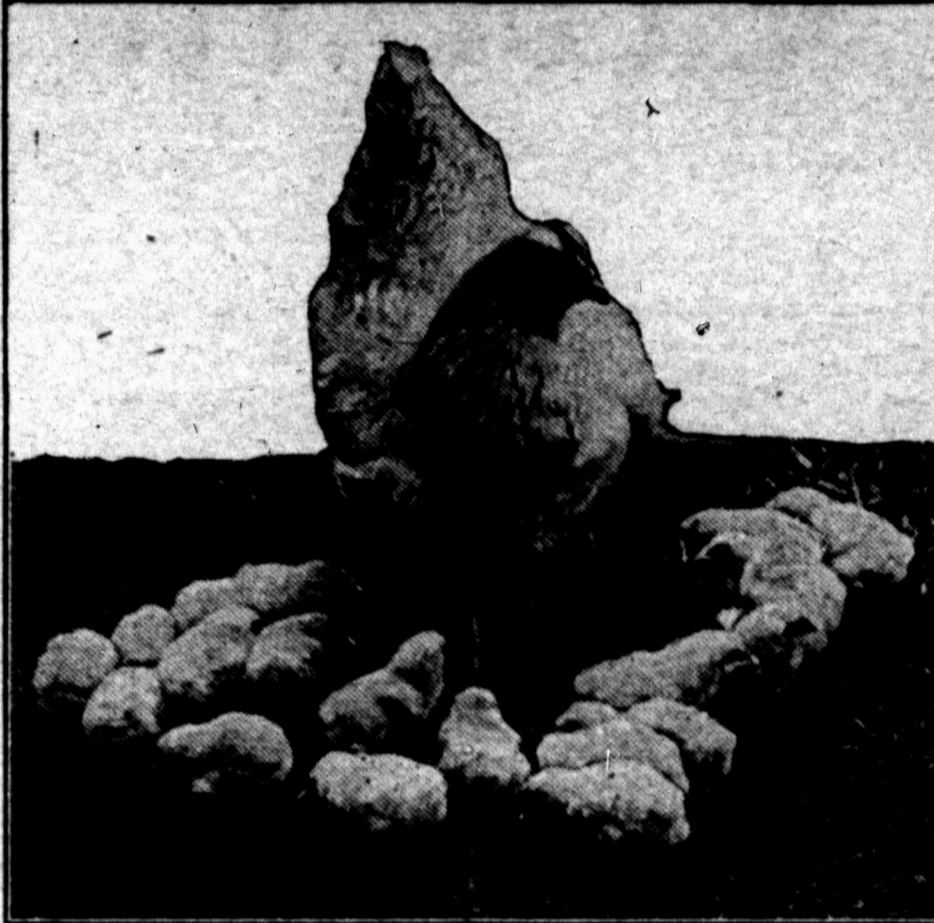
The hog is naturally a grazing animal, but his digestive organs were not intended to handle dry fodder. As a matter of fact a hog will eat but little dry hay unless driven to it by hunger, whereas he eats green pasturage ravenously.

The green alfalfa digests much more readily than the dry hay without a doubt and likewise, on account of its succulence, has a more beneficial effect upon the hog's system.

Common and practical experience indicates beyond all doubt that pasturing brings better results. However, where alfalfa or other pasturage is not available, good results often obtain by allowing hogs, and especially brood sows, to eat as much as they will of good legume hay.

Humus for Potato Crop.
No amount of tillage can tide a crop of potatoes through a continued drought in a soil deficient in humus. Clover or alfalfa are the best known leguminous plants for seeding ground for potatoes, hence the importance of including such crops in the rotation.

USE OF CHICK DETERMINES THE FEED



Mother and Queen of Them All.

In bringing the chick from the hatch to maturity, the kind of feed to be used depends much upon the use to which the bird is going to be put. If the fowl is to be marketed at an early age, rapid growth is essential. The milk feeding method will stimulate this rapid growth.

If the bird is to be used as a layer or breeder, on the other hand, there should be a slow but steady growth. This can best be obtained by feeding a wheat and corn or kafir ration supplemented by bran, shorts, sour milk, beef scraps, clover, oyster shell, and grit.

Many a poultryman makes the mistake of feeding only fat producing foods. He expects the chick to produce bone, sinew and feathers from this one food. Perhaps the grain that is most frequently used in this way is corn. A certain amount of corn is essential in producing energy and animal heat, but the mistake should not be made of feeding it exclusively and expecting the little chick to develop bone and muscle.

Ash and mineral matter are essential parts of the chick's rations if you expect it to develop into a large, strong-boned bird. Some of this mineral matter the chick gets from clover, alfalfa and other green foods, but not enough. Mineral matter, therefore, is supplied in the form of beef scrap and finely ground oyster shell. The beef scrap should be fed in small quantities, and the amount increased as the chicks grow older.

Poultry authorities do not agree as to whether or not the chick should be made to scratch for his food. Some advise a shallow litter of light straw or chaff, some a deeper litter, while some say to use no litter at all. One thing is certain, however—the chick must have exercise.

When the chicks are kept cooped up and cannot run on the ground they soon form the habit of standing around, and then the poultryman's troubles begin. Artificial exercise must be supplied. Some poultrymen make the chick scratch for his food, others suspend vegetables at which the chicks jump. When the chicks can have access to an outdoor runway they will, as a rule, exercise sufficiently so that no artificial form of exercise need be supplied.

For the first week after hatching a feed composed of hard boiled eggs, ground shell and all, mixed with five times as much rolled oats as eggs, will serve as a good feed. A little finely ground chick grit and pulverized charcoal should be sprinkled over the food. Plenty of clean, fresh water must be supplied at all times. Sour milk is good if it can be secured. Finely cracked wheat and corn should gradually be added after the first day or two. A shallow box containing bran should be kept before the chicks at all times. This should be given to them on the first day so that they will form a taste for it. A little beef scrap and cornmeal can gradually be added to the bran.

Constant care, watchfulness and patience are qualities of the good poultryman, and the person who applies these to the raising of young chicks is bound to succeed.

Be particular to keep a supply of pure water in clean vessels for the hens, and grit where they can get it.

If a hen becomes broody when she is not needed for hatching do not let her sit a single day. As soon as she begins to cluck shut her in a cage with slatted bottom and set the cage on supports where the air can circulate under it, and the broody fever will be cooled in two or three days. Keep the chicks growing. Do not

be afraid of overfeeding them. Make a little yard covered over the top, leaving openings in the sides large enough to admit the chicks while preventing the old fowls from passing through.

In this yard keep feed for the chicks all the time so they need not go hungry a minute. The pullet which is fed liberally matures quickly and becomes the producer of winter eggs.

If a poultry keeper is really interested, he will soon learn to read instructions and modify them to suit his locality.

PULLETS FOR LAYING STOCK

One Poultryman Keeps Hens Through First Laying Year and Then Selects Best for Breeding.

How many years shall we keep a hen? This question comes up frequently for discussion, and the answers made by practical poultrymen are bewildering to a beginner. One man says that we should depend upon pullets entirely for laying stock. His scheme will be to keep the hens through their first laying season, then select the best of them for breeders and let the rest go. This plan is based on the general theory that a hen lays more eggs in her first year than in any other. Many poultrymen seem to believe that most of their hens cannot come back and give a profitable egg record the second year. The system based on this theory demands, of course, a vast amount of work in hatching and brooding, in order to keep up a full supply of pullets each year. On the other hand there are poultrymen who say that we may well keep our hens two, three, or even four years, provided we have the ability to judge the layers properly or have some system of weeding out the drones. Naturally if we could keep our hens three years it would mean less work at hatching and brooding.

FEEDING THE YOUNG CHICKS

Nothing Given Until Youngsters Are Two Days Old—Whole Grain Fed at End of Eight Weeks.

(By C. E. BROWN, Minnesota Experiment Station.)

We do not feed little chicks before they are two days old, but from the beginning give them water. During this period the hen is given her food out of reach of the little ones. The first feeds are given sparingly every two hours, and are usually wet mash.

After the third day we feed some of the cracked grains, a little at a time, till, at the end of the fifth or sixth day we are giving the three feeds of the cracked grain. Occasionally we give a little whole wheat, and by the end of eight weeks we are feeding most of the grains whole. If the chicks are unable to get worms or insects in sufficient quantities, they must be supplied with a substitute, such as milk or beef scraps. Green feed is given in the form of finely chopped lettuce, a piece of potato or turnip or mangel when they are not able to run outside on the grass.

Keep One Breed Only.

The farmer should keep but one breed of poultry, just as he keeps but one breed of hogs or cows. Keeping several breeds means much additional work and expense in building the necessary houses and fences to keep them separated. Besides, housed and yarded poultry will not do nearly as well as those allowed the range of the entire farm.

REMARKABLE CASE of Mrs. HAM

Declares Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Saved Her Life and Sanity.

Shamrock, Mo.—"I feel it my duty to tell the public the condition of my health before using your medicine. I had falling, inflammation and congestion, female weakness, pains in both sides, backaches and bearing down pains, was short of memory, nervous, impatient, passed sleepless nights, and had neither strength nor energy. There was always a fear and dread in my mind. I had cold, nervous, weak spells, hot flashes over my body. I had a place in my right side that was so sore that I could hardly bear the weight of my clothes. I tried medicines and doctors, but they did me little good, and I never expected to get out again. I got Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Blood Purifier, and I certainly would have been in grave or in an asylum if your medicines had not saved me. But now I can work all day, sleep well at night, eat anything I want, have no hot flashes or weak, nervous spells. All pains, aches, fears and dreads are gone, my house, children and husband are no longer neglected, as I am almost entirely free of the bad symptoms I had before taking your remedies, and all in pleasure and happiness in my home."



Mrs. J. HAM, R. F. D. 1, Box 22, Shamrock, Missouri.

If you want special advice write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., (confidential) Lynn, Mass.

IF YOU HAVE no appetite, indigestion, flatulence, Sick Headache, "all run down" or losing flesh, you will find



Just what you need. They tone up the weak stomach and build up the flagging energies.

GERMS KILLED BY VINEGAR

Paris Scientists Prove That Typhoid May Be Avoided This Way.

Doctors Loir and Legagneux of Paris have been testing vinegar as a destroyer of the germs of typhoid fever.

That they are killed by a mixture of wine and water in equal parts has long been known. These investigators prove now that 20 grams of vinegar to a liter of water kill the typhoid bacillus in an hour and five minutes.

"From this," writes the Paris correspondent of the Lancet, "a practical inference may be drawn concerning salads. After washing the salad as usual, detaching each leaf, it should be put into water acidulated with ten gram of vinegar to the liter and remain immersed in this liquid for about an hour and a quarter.

"All vegetables ordinarily eaten uncooked may be subjected without any inconvenience to the same process."

A liter is equivalent to about a quart and ten grams are equivalent to about a third of an ounce. So, if lettuce or other greens for salad be placed in water to which about one-third of an ounce of vinegar has been added and be left for about an hour and a quarter, all danger of typhoid fever will be removed.

China will soon start to mint more than \$700,000,000 in silver.



Grape-Nuts

with cream or good milk, supplies the food elements in excellent proportion for building brain and muscle tissue.

"There's a Reason"



DETERMINE AGE OF CATTLE

Fairly Accurate Idea May Be Had by Observing Teeth—Time of Appearance of Incisors.

The calf when born has two pair of incisors, the other two pair appear during the first month. When a calf is eighteen months old, it loses the middle pair of milk incisors, and grows a permanent pair. The next pair, one on each side, is replaced at twenty-seven months of age, the third pair at thirty-six months, the fourth or outside pair, at forty-five months. The time of appearance of these incisors varies within rather narrow limits, so that we are able to tell the age of young cattle fairly accurately.

The calf also has a temporary set of molars, which are later replaced with permanent ones, but they are not considered in estimating the age of the animal.

Concrete Ranks High.
Permanency is the watchword of modern farm buildings, and in all permanency, concrete ranks high.

SIMPLE REMEDY FOR SCOURS

Good Dose of Castor Oil Will Relieve Young Pigs—Cause of Trouble Is Indigestion.

The cause of scours is indigestion, which often is caused by the young pigs eating some of the food fed to the mother or picked up from another source. This undigested food causes fermentation and the formation of foul gases and the irritation of stomach and bowels.

A good remedy is to give each pig a dessertspoonful of castor oil, which will clean out the stomach and bowels, and if the scours continues after the oil has operated, give each one five drops, each of tincture of opium and spirits of camphor, and ten drops tincture of catechu at a dose in a tablespoonful of water. Repeat every three hours until scours stops.

Milking Machine to Stay.
The milking machine has come to stay, and no mistake. It means a greater specializing in the dairy industry.

FIRST JEWISH GOVERNOR



Moses Alexander, Democratic governor of Idaho and the first Jew to be elected chief executive of any of the United States, knows that poor boys can win fame and fortune, for that is what he himself has done. Personality, perseverance and principles may be said to be responsible for his success in life. Perhaps it was mainly the first named that put him at the helm in a normally Republican state when his Democratic running mates all were defeated. Here is the way Mr. Alexander tells briefly of his career:

"I started in Chillicothe, Mo., working for Jacob Berg & Co., at the munificent salary of \$10 per month and board. That was in the sixties, when we were supposed to work as long as there was anything to do; sunrise to sunset had no reference to a day's task. This firm afterwards became the firm of Wallbrunn & Alexander, of which I was junior partner. After years of commercial life in Chillicothe, I came West on account of ill health and settled in Boise, Idaho. I was married in St. Joseph, Mo., in 1876.

"My first vote was cast for Samuel J. Tilden for president and Phelps for governor. I was elected a member of the city council of Chillicothe in 1886, and was elected mayor of the city in 1887. I was secretary of the committee which built the private normal school. I was also secretary of the committee to procure the right of way to induce the Milwaukee railroad to build through Livingstone county."

MOST BELOVED CHILD

There is a homeless little girl in Europe—a ray of bright sunshine in the bloody murk of a great national tragedy—who, being a symbol of sweet childhood, has by that very magic transformed the world of sympathetic hearts into hearts of children—children the world over, who regard her as the most beloved. She is Princess Marie Jose of Belgium, exiled with her mother in England, where there are being distributed thousands and thousands of postal cards bearing her portrait; also charming plaster busts, souvenirs for her small friends, whose ages range anywhere from six to sixteen. The post cards have already circled the earth.



This is what Lars Anderson, former American minister to Belgium, says of the little princess:

"I knew the little Princess Marie Jose when I was minister at the Belgian court, and she was like a fairy princess, the ideal princess of one's dreams. In our drawing room there is a photograph, a gift to my wife, signed in her childish but strong handwriting as 'Marie Jose de Belgique,' and in it she appears the little royal princess out of a story book, for her wonderful hair is all aglow with the light from a window by which she stands, and her dress seems to recall medieval times. I do not exaggerate her wonderful charm, and these is enough suggestion of mischief in the charm to prove her a little girl as well as a royal princess."

EXPONENT OF SAFETY FIRST



If one enters into conversation with Charles Caldwell McChord, chairman of the interstate commerce commission, on matters that relate to his work, it is almost a certainty that he will talk about "safety first," for Mr. McChord is the leading exponent in official life in the United States of the effort to make the railroads in the country less deadly. Twelve years of service as a member of the Kentucky railway commission and more than four years as a member of the interstate commerce commission have made him a master of the subject. His is the voice of authority.

In the organization of the interstate commerce commission the work of that body in its administration is divided among the members. To Mr. McChord, when he was appointed in December, 1910, was assigned the safety work, and that includes the administration of all the federal laws regarding safety appliances, hours of engines and equipment, investigations of wrecks and the like.

In his four years' service he has completely reorganized what is now known as the division of safety, and built it up into an effective and far-reaching arm of the government. Personal attention did this.

MAHARANEH OF KAPURTHALA

Once she was only a Spanish dancer, graceful and charming, to be sure, but poor and quite without social standing. Now she is the favorite wife of his Highness Jagat Jit Singh Bahadur, maharajah raga-i-rajgan of Kapurthala, and with him is making a tour of the United States, including a visit to the Panama-Pacific exposition at San Francisco.

The maharajah has traveled much in Europe, and it was on one of his trips that he saw the pretty Spanish dancer and succumbed to her charms. He decided that he needed another wife, a contract was drawn up, \$6,000 was paid to the young dancer's parents and she was whisked away to India, nothing loath, and married in regular Sikh fashion. Over there her husband is the lord of a Punjab state 598 square miles in area, and 500 servants are at his call in his palace. That isn't all, either, for his highness already had three wives when he found and won the Spanish girl. But she knows she is the favorite one, being the youngest and prettiest.



RAILROAD COMMISSION MAKES ANNUAL REPORT

A Net Increase of 285.75 Miles of Main Line and Branches is Shown for the Year 1914.

Austin, Tex.—In the twenty-third annual report of the Texas railroad commission for the year ending Oct. 31, 1914, made public this week, a net increase of 285.75 miles of main line and branches is shown for the year. Statements of 125 companies are included in the report. On June 30, 1913, there is shown a mileage of 15,283.57 of main line and branches and on June 30, 1914, 15,569.30 miles. The aggregate amount of track classed as yard track and siding was 2,970.71 miles on June 30, 1913; on June 30, 1914, it was 4,122.70 miles, a net increase of 1,151.99 for the year. The net increase of track of all classes for the year was 437.72 miles.

The new lines placed in operation during the year were the Greenville Northwestern, 11.48 miles; Riviera Beach and Western, 9.70 miles; San Antonio, Fredericksburg and Northern, 25.07 miles; total, 46.25 miles. Old lines increasing mileage were: Galveston, Harrisburg and San Antonio, 9.93 miles; Galveston, Houston and Henderson, 114.61; Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe, 15.81; Houston and Brazos Valley, 4.36; Houston Belt and Terminal, 6.37; Houston and Texas Central, 42.38; International and Great Northern, 5.20; Missouri, Kansas and Texas, 18.14; Pecos and Northern Texas, 103.67; Quanah, Acme and Pacific, 40.70; Rio Grande and Eagle Pass, 4.75; Rio Grande, El Paso and Santa Fe, 4.07; San Antonio and Aransas Pass, 11.78; San Antonio, Uvalde and Gulf, 83.30. Total increase, 410.82; various minor increases, 26.90. Grand total, 437.72.

On June 30, 1914, there was, main line and branches, 15,546.50 miles of standard gauge and 22.50 miles of narrow gauge, the increase of standard gauge for the year being 285.73 miles, and the narrow gauge remaining as reported for 1912, 22.50 miles. Of yard tracks, sidings, etc., 3,900.51 miles were laid with steel and 222.19 miles with iron rails, which is an increase of 179.35 miles of the former and a decrease of 27.36 miles of the latter.

The total capital stock of the Texas railroads is \$128,879,676; bonds, \$357,240,050; equipment trust obligations, \$5,915,198; current and other obligations, \$93,181,987. Total liabilities, \$585,216,911. The general averages per mile of road were: Capital stock, \$8,276; bonds, \$22,942; aggregate, \$31,218. Indebtedness other than stocks and bonds, \$6,364. Total liabilities, \$37,582, which are changes from the preceding year as follows: Capital stock, decrease, \$133; bonds, decrease, \$264; other indebtedness, decrease, \$95; total liabilities, decrease, \$492.

The total passenger earnings was \$33,768,617.06; total freight earnings, \$74,979,809.12; total miscellaneous earnings from operation, \$564,943.66. Total gross earnings from operation, \$109,313,369.84, a decrease of \$7,147,006.31, or 6.14 per cent.

The operating expenses totaled \$90,063,393.86, a decrease of \$928,549.75, or 1.02 per cent. The income from operation was \$19,249,975.98.

The total assessed valuation of railroads in 1914 was \$339,410,849; in 1913 it was \$344,635,318. Average amount per mile in 1914, \$21,842; in 1913, \$22,598.

The aggregate number of tons of freight carried during 1914 was 54,307,310, compared with 57,241,529 in 1913; 49,698,384 in 1912.

The total number of officers and employees for the year ending June 30, 1914, was 66,061, a decrease of 3,198. The total number of killed was 364, and of injured 10,187. When compared with the figures of the preceding year, this shows an increase in the number of persons killed of 46, and an increase in the total number of persons injured of 3,128.

Total coaches and cars of all classes, 54,550; increase, 1,829.

The total free travel for the year was 155,432,162 miles, or 11.60 per cent of entire travel, compared with 159,448,672 miles in 1913, or 11.49 per cent of entire travel. Total paid travel for 1914, 1,184,778,589 miles, or 88.40 per cent; total paid travel 1913, 1,228,550,397, or 88.51 per cent.

During the year ending Oct. 31, 1914, the commission valued 262.75 miles of railroad, and the total mileage appraised since the enactment of the stock and bond law amounts to 14,837.44.

The total value of railway property in Texas amounts to \$400,016,263.46, or \$25,934.81 per mile on 15,423.91 miles.

Britain Orders 8,000 Cannon. Bethlehem, Pa.—The Bethlehem Steel Company Thursday received an order for 8,000 cannon from Lord Kitchener of the British war office. The order was accompanied by a check for \$16,150,000.

HOW SHE ENDED TEN YEARS OF SKIN-TORTURE

Oct. 28, 1914.—"I had eczema on my face for ten years. Little red pimples formed in a small spot on my chin and then spread all over my face. They itched and burned me awfully. I tried almost every remedy and treatment that could be used for this trouble, but nothing did me any good. I used resinol ointment and resinol soap, and was relieved in a day or two. In one month I was cured. This was six months ago and the trouble has never returned."—(Signed) Mrs. C. C. Roberts, Weatherford, Okla. Every druggist sells resinol ointment and resinol soap and doctors have prescribed the resinol treatment for more than twenty years.—Adv.

If you would avoid the fire keep out of the frying pan.

Made since 1846—Hanford's Balsam. Adv.

The Very Thing. Critic—That moving landscape picture needs a dash of color. Friend—Then why not put in a red motor car?

The Truest Critic. It is exactly because a man cannot do a thing that he is the proper judge of it. Creation limits, while contemplation widens, the vision.—Oscar Wilde.

Complexions Costing More.

They say in New York that complexions will cost more this spring because of war prices for imported powders, bleaches and suchlike used by persons anxious to improve on natural conditions. This recalls conditions in a certain small community more than thirty years ago. The little town had, of course, its social circles, and there were those who employed face powders and other complexion aids. But there came a winter when deep snows for weeks cut off communication with the outside world. The people made the best of the situation, of course, and social functions were, if anything, merrier than ever. Suddenly it was found that a face powder famine and an important function were on. What do you suppose happened? No; the function was not postponed. Nor was a single woman absent on the great occasion. But every flour barrel in town was raided. Oh yes—"where there's a will there's a way."

For thrush use Hanford's Balsam. Adv.

To teach rifle shooting a Japanese has invented a crossbow with rifle stock, trigger and sights.

Keep Hanford's Balsam in your stable. Adv.

The Right Man. "I would like to have my character told from my chirography." "Then why don't you go to a chirographist?"

Important to Mothers. Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher* in Use For Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

True as Gold. "His money all gone, his wife immediately deserted him." "Why, I thought she was as true as gold." "She was; but when his gold went she departed, too."

Seeing Her Lawyer. "This client of mine is modest in her demands." "What does she want?" "Wants me to get her a partial divorce with the custody of about \$300,000."

Motor Dishwashing.

A recent invention that Modern Mechanics tells of is a motor-driven dishwasher. Of course, in large hotels dishes have long been washed by machinery under hot water jets, but this invention is for the family kitchen, although in larger size it is made for restaurants and hotels. There is a container which holds wire traps in which the dishes are placed. This is filled with hot suds. At the bottom, which runs to a point, is a dasher that it rotated rapidly by a small electric motor. This forces the water up and between the dishes, cleansing them thoroughly in a few minutes. The swept by waves of hot soapy water, and as the trays are stationary there is no risk of breakage. The conical shape of the bottom of the container insures drainage. With the wide use of electricity in houses here is available another labor lightening device like the vacuum sweeper and the electric clothes washer.



Under the Magnifying Glass

every flake of sweet, crisp

Post Toasties

shows a fineness of consistency obtainable only from the inner sweet-meats of selected, ripened corn. Note, also, the minute "pearly crinkles" that characterize these nutritious food bits.

If you are fond of the toast flavour for breakfast, try Post Toasties, for in this food you have not only toasty crispness, but you get that true corn flavour—found only in Toasties.

The handy, tight-sealed package brings these bits of corn to you "factory-fresh" and ready to serve with the greatest ease.

Grocers everywhere sell

Post Toasties

AUSTRIA-HUNGARY AND ITALY ARE NOW AT WAR

ITALIANS AND AUSTRIANS HAVE BEGUN FIGHTING ALONG THE FRONTIER LINE.

MINISTER GIVEN PASSPORTS

Italy's Entry into the Great European Conflict Will Provoke Changes No Doubt in the Great Struggle and Battle Lineup.

News of Moment From War Fronts.

Italy is at war with Austria-Hungary. With the issuance of the general mobilization order the Italian government issued a proclamation declaring war.

The Italian ambassador to Austria, the duke of Avarna, Sunday presented to Baron von Burian, the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, the following declaration of war:

"Vienna.—Conformably with the order of his majesty, the king, his august sovereign, the undersigned ambassador to Italy, had the honor to deliver to his excellency, the foreign minister of Austro-Hungary, the following communication:

"Declaration has been made as from the 4th of this month to the imperial and royal government of grave motives for which Italy, confident of her good right, proclaimed, annulled and henceforth without affect her treaty of alliance with Austria-Hungary, which was violated by the imperial and royal government, and resumed her liberty of action in this respect.

"The government of the king, firmly resolved to provide by all means at its disposal for safeguarding Italian rights and interests, can not fail in its duty to take against every existing and future menace measures which events impose upon it for the fulfillment of national aspirations.

"His majesty, the king, declares that he considers himself from now in a state of war with Austria-Hungary.

"The undersigned has the honor to make known at the same time to his excellency, the foreign minister, that passports will be placed this day at the disposal of the imperial and royal ambassador at Rome, and he will be obliged to his excellency if he will kindly have his passports handed to him.

The first skirmish of the Avarna-Austrian war occurred Sunday between Italian and Austrian troops at Forcellini di Montozzo, in the pass between Pont di Legno and Pejo.

An Austrian patrol crossed the frontier, but was attacked by Italian Alpine chassours and driven back over the border.

The Italian senate Friday, by a vote of 262 to 2, passed the bill of Premier Salandra granting plenary powers to the government in dealing with the situation that has arisen through Italy's and Austria's being unable to reach an agreement concerning the demands Italy has made upon Austria.

It appears the Austrians consider that a state of war already exists. They have withdrawn their troops and customs guards from the frontier at Ponte Caffaro and Lodrone after destroying the bridges, the telephone and telegraph lines and the electric light apparatus. Other bridges on the frontier have been mined.

Austrian and German forces of heavy artillery are concentrated on the frontier at Trent, Bozen and Meran and movements of considerable bodies of troops are reported from Munich. Great numbers of Italian troops are massed along the frontier.

In the west in Belgium and France had weather and soggy ground have prevented almost all troop operations and virtually made artillery duels the sole method of offense and defense. No changes of any moment are recorded by the war chancelleries of any of the combatants along this line.

The fighting throughout Galicia is increasing in intensity, according to Petrograd, and the Austro-German forces who have crossed the River San are spreading over the vicinity of Jaroslau, Radawa and Sienlawa. To the south of Przemysl the Teutons have taken Russian advance trenches, but at the cost of enormous sacrifices, according to an admission of Petrograd.

In the north the Russians are still pressing the Germans in the Shavli region, pushing them back on a wide front.

The Austro-German forces have captured Sienlawa and forced a crossing of the River San, taking seven thousand prisoners. North of Sambor the Teutonic allies have captured places which have been defended stubbornly by the enemy, Vienna claims.

GOVERNOR PRESENTS 14 NEW SUBJECTS

GIBSON BILL AND EDUCATIONAL APPROPRIATION BILL UP FOR CONSIDERATION THIS WEEK.

MUCH TO BE ACCOMPLISHED

There Are Many Subjects Before Both Branches of Legislature to Be Considered, and Another Session Most Likely.

Austria, Tex.—The senate was without a quorum Friday, and consequently could transact no business whatever and was unable to take up the Gibson bill, which had been made a special order for 10 o'clock Friday morning.

The absent senators did not return Saturday, and although the senate was called to order at 2:30 in the afternoon, it immediately stood at recess until 10 o'clock Monday morning on motion of Senator Nugent. This leaves the senate on the legislative day of Friday, with, according to most constructions, the million-dollar rural school bill as pending business.

The governor sent fourteen new messages to the legislature Saturday: The fourteen new subjects to investigate and report inequalities of tax renditions of various counties in the state, and to investigate and report upon the advisability of segregating the subjects of taxation to the end that state taxes may be collected from certain classes of property and county taxes from other property, and means of reducing the cost of collecting the public revenue.

Recommendations to be made to the next legislature: Amending the road laws of Madison and Walker counties, for which bills were introduced by Messrs. Dove and Hill.

Changing time of holding court in the forty-ninth judicial district.

Act to validate sales and conveyances of lands made by towns and villages created under Spanish and Mexican authority and of lands granted by said towns and villages whether or not afterward chartered under general laws of Texas.

Act regulating the construction of burial vaults.

Act granting to the board of control of the Girls' Training School additional time to use funds appropriated and donated to the state under section 11, chapter 144 of the general laws. Mr. Dayton introduced a bill to correspond.

Act validating all common school districts in the state heretofore created or to be created. A bill on this subject was introduced by Mr. Sullivan.

Act repealing the in-county witness fee law. Mr. Butler introduced such a bill.

Amendment to the law providing redemption of land sold to the state for taxes. Mr. Butler introduced a bill seeking this amendment.

Creation of Buena Vista, Reagan and Point Independent school districts. Bills to create these were introduced by Messrs. Bryan, Rector and Middleton.

Amendment to the law providing for the sale of land to the State of Texas under judgment foreclosing tax lien, and freeing such lands when sold from any other accrued sale for state and county taxes. Mr. Cope introduced a bill to this end.

Saturday's Legislative Proceedings. The senate began the consideration of the Gibson bill under the legislative day of Friday, as adjournments had been taken from time to time.

Governor Ferguson is still firm in his faith that the Gibson bill will be passed in the senate.

Two appropriation bills remain to be acted upon in the house.

In the house the congressional redistricting bill is set for this week.

Friday's Legislative Proceedings. The educational appropriation bill, carrying nearly \$5,700,000, was passed in the senate in seven minutes.

The bill creating the eightieth judicial district, composed of Harris and Waller counties, was passed finally.

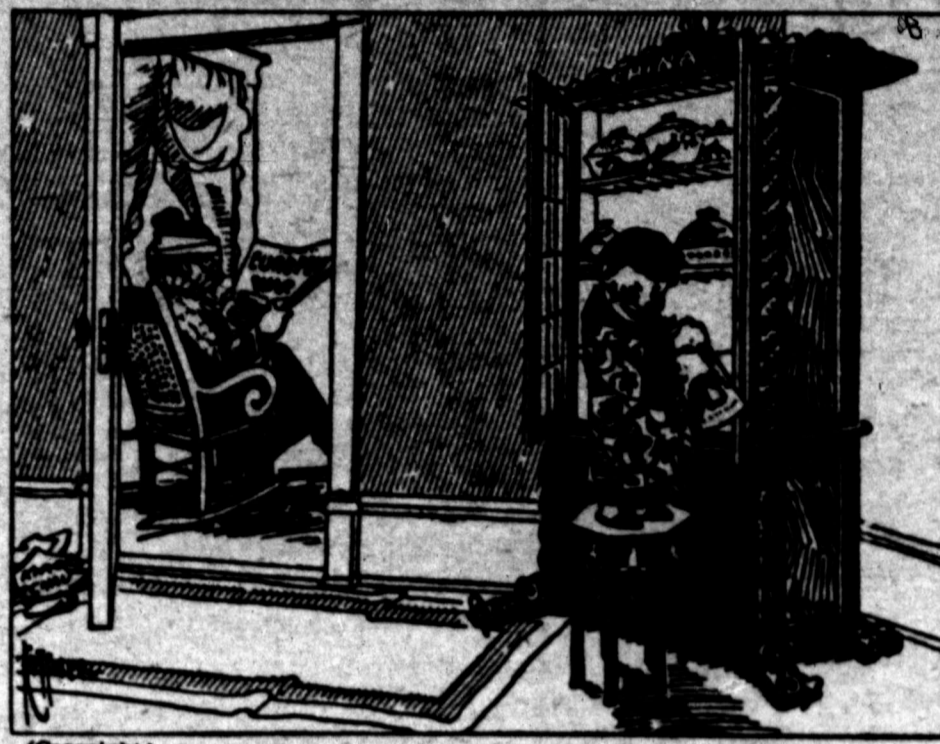
A letter protesting against the arrest of automobilists making over 18 miles an hour on county roads was read in the senate.

Governor Ferguson signed a deficiency bill for \$4,000 to cover printing of tickets and advertising the constitutional amendments.

A resolution asking the governor of Georgia to commute the death sentence of Leo M. Frank to life imprisonment failed to pass by reason of expiration of time.

The appropriations for the department were increased nearly \$50,000 above the original total of \$2,300,000 for two years when that measure was considered.

RAIDING THE CHINA CLOSET



(Copyright.)

A TEXAS YALE SCHOLARSHIP INDIAN OUTBREAK IN MEXICO GROWS SERIOUS FOR A WORTHY TEXAS BOY

Texas Yale Association at a Recent Meeting Decided to Establish a Permanent Scholarship for Texas Boys

There is now a chance for some worthy Texas boy who wants to go to Yale College, but is unable to do so on account of insufficient funds to gratify his wishes in that respect.

The Texas Yale Association at its recent meeting held in Dallas decided to establish a permanent scholarship for the Texas boys who haven't sufficient means to enable them to go to college.

Enough money has already been advanced so the winner of this Texas scholarship can begin his work at Yale next fall.

The entrance examinations will be conducted in Dallas, beginning June 23 and continuing for three days. They will be under the supervision of Prof. Menter B. Terrill, who conducts these examinations annually.

Royal R. Watkins, president of the Texas Yale Association, has appointed a committee of three Yale graduates to award this scholarship. Dr. O. H. Cooper of the class of '73 is chairman of the committee. Dr. Cooper is now connected with Simmons College at Abilene, Texas. Prof. James P. Richardson of the class of '91 is also a member of the committee. Prof. Richardson is the head master of the Prosser Preparatory School at Houston; and the other member of the committee is Prof. James W. Cantwell of the class of '94. Prof. Cantwell is the superintendent of the public schools at Fort Worth, which place he has held for a number of years.

These three men will pass upon the qualifications of all of the candidates and will determine what rules to be established governing the selection of the successful candidate.

Every boy in Texas who is interested in this scholarship, and wants to enter the contest, should write to Stephen H. Philbin, secretary of the Texas Yale Association, Commercial Bank building, Houston, Texas, who will be glad to give him all the information he desires.

President Views Battle Fleet.

New York.—The fleet of warships which has been at anchor in the Hudson river for ten days steamed out to sea Tuesday, with President Wilson reviewing the five-mile line as it passed the Mayflower, off the statue of liberty. Headed by the superdreadnought Wyoming, Admiral Fletcher's flagship, the sixteen battleships and their train of lesser fighting craft steamed past the presidential yacht at a speed of fourteen knots, each ship with its sailors and marines standing at the rail at attention. As each craft neared the Mayflower her six-pounders, fore and aft, let loose white puffs of smoke and over the harbor there roared the thunder of a presidential salute of twenty-one guns. Tens of thousands of persons viewed the procession.

The Texas Bermuda Onion Crop.

Houston, Tex.—South Texas is producing the usual large crop of Bermuda onions this year. The production up to the present time, from the section south of San Antonio, including Laredo, amounts to 2,643 cars. They have brought over a million and a quarter dollars into the State. The season will not close for another four or six weeks, which, it is said, will add several hundred cars to the output. The average price has been a trifle better than \$1 a bushel, which runs the value of the crop so far beyond \$1,250,000.

Villa Forces Have Recaptured Panuco Near Tampico, and British Oil Supply Is Again in Danger.

Washington.—While inquirers at the state department over the safety of Americans in the Yaqui Valley, Mexico, were being answered this week with assurances that the colonists were in no present danger, officials still are apprehensive of another Indian outbreak at any time.

Governor Maytorena, heading the Villa administration in Sonora, is said to have dispatched all the troops he can spare from nearby garrisons and believes they can control the situation. It is known, however, that the best troops in the state have joined General Villa.

The colonists are concentrated at Yaqui Pueblo ready to proceed to the coast if the troops do not quell the disturbance so they can return to their properties.

Advices from Mexico were meager. Consul Silliman at Carranza's headquarters in Vera Cruz reported the recapture of Panuco, near Tampico, by the Villa forces and the situation as to the British oil supply is again made acute.

No advices came from Central Mexico, where the Villa and Obregon armies are engaged.

It is stated that the constitutional administration at Vera Cruz has sent fifty teachers to the United States to go to different institutions.

Eleven Thousand Sheep Destroyed.

Spokane, Wash.—More than 11,000 sheep are dead within a radius of three miles from Boyd's, 75 miles north of Spokane, as the result of eating the "white comas" weed, was the report made Friday by I. J. Minnick, a state food inspector. Crazy by the weed, part of the sheep ran wild through the town until they died in convulsions, while hundreds plunged into the Kettle river and drowned. The sheep were part of a flock of 19,000 shipped there a few days ago to be pastured in the forest reserve.

Cleveland Has Second Big Fire.

Cleveland, Tex.—Fire Tuesday in one hour's time destroyed one block of business houses and stocks representing about \$40,000. The places of business destroyed are: L. A. Isaacks, dry goods and furniture; Central hotel, Cleveland pharmacy, Dick's barber shop, Dr. Brown's store, Dick Tanner's restaurant, Phillips' saloon, Clyde Young's barber shop, Sycamore hotel.

Holders Interurban Must Pay.

Houston, Tex.—In a far-reaching decision, the effect of which will be felt by interurban railway lines throughout the entire state, Judge Charles E. Ashe held that the Galveston-Houston Interurban Railway company must vacate the city streets through which it passes or pay the abutting property owners for the land used by the railway and on which its tracks are laid.

Hatters Demand Price Inquiry.

New York.—The United Hatters of North America passed a resolution Thursday demanding a federal investigation into contracts for the manufacture of hats for the United States army. The resolutions charged that while the government paid only \$1.10 for the army hat, it should cost \$1.25 to manufacture it according to specifications.

THE TEXAS BANKERS' ASSOCIATION CONVENTION

Houston Selected for the 1916 Gathering—Joe Hirsch of Corpus Christi Is Chosen President.

Waco, Tex.—Houston captured the 1916 convention of the Texas Bankers' Association without an effort. This was the last question disposed of before the thirty-first annual convention adjourned early Thursday.

Officers elected by the convention are: President, Joe Hirsch, vice president of the Corpus Christi National bank; vice president, first district, Aug. de Zavala, Houston; vice president, second district, R. K. Mims, Laredo; vice president, third district, R. J. Eckhardt, Taylor; vice president, fourth district, C. M. Campbell, Temple; vice president, fifth district, J. W. Murchison, Athens; vice president, sixth district, L. L. Shields, Santa Ana; vice president, seventh district, F. H. Sherwood, Fort Worth.

Of the vice presidents, those from the fourth, sixth and seventh districts were elected at the meetings of district associations in those districts.

C. A. Flaks of Amarillo was elected treasurer. In accordance with an amendment to the by-laws, the secretary and the assistant secretary will be elected by the executive committee. The date for the 1916 convention will be selected by the executive committee, which is composed of the following: First district, De Witt C. Dunn, Houston; second district, J. K. Beretta, San Antonio; third district, H. F. Hohlt, Brenham; fourth district, H. E. Chiles, Itasca; fifth district, C. H. Fowell, San Angelo; seventh district, J. M. Potter, Gainesville.

A committee composed of P. L. Downs of Temple, F. M. Law of Houston and R. J. Eckhardt of Taylor was named to draft resolutions on the death of General William R. Hamby of Austin, ex-president of the Texas Bankers' Association.

The following resolution was adopted concerning the report of Mr. Walsh, chairman of the federal industrial commission:

Resolved by this association, That we hereby deny that the report of the industrial commission is a fair representative of the real conditions in this state, and it is our earnest belief that any honest and industrious citizen can improve his condition and that of his family by locating in the agricultural sections of this state, which offer greater opportunities than any other state in the union to the homeseeker and home-builder.

The resolution was signed by P. L. Downs, W. H. Fuqua, G. F. Taylor, Nathan Adams and Howell E. Smith.

DEMANDS OF AUSTRIA BY ITALY.

Foreign Minister Sonnino Asked for Trent and Abandonment by Austria of Interests in Albania.

Rome.—The minimum demands made upon Austria in behalf of Italy to keep peace by Foreign Minister Sonnino were:

1. The cession of the entire province of Trent (part of the Austrian Tyrol), according to the frontier of the kingdom of Italy in 1811.

2. Eastern Friuli, comprising Malborghet, Plesio, Tolmino, Gradisca, Goritz, Monfalcone, Gomen and as far south as Nabresina.

3. Trieste, Cape d'Istria and Pirano (the last two in Istria) to form a new state independent from Austria.

4. The islands of Curzola, Lissa, Lasina, Lagosta, Cazza and Meleda (off the coast of lower Dalmatia) to be ceded to Italy.

5. The abandonment by Austria of her interests in Albania, acknowledging Italian sovereignty over Avlona.

More Texas Postmasters Named.

Washington.—Appointment of the following additional Texas fourth class postmasters has been announced: Burrow, Hunt county, William I. Bourland; Alamo Beach, Calhoun county, Miss Edith Seman; Ogden, Cottle county, Thomas H. Yarbrough; Rogerstown, Ochiltree county, Estell W. Rogers; Calf Creek, McCulloch county (formerly Tucker), William W. Currie; Stoneburg, Montague county, Patrick H. Reddy; Ben Franklin, Delta county, William B. Miller; Quanton, Moore county, Charles E. Hunt.

Belgian Children in Trenches.

Paris.—Three hundred children of Belgian farmers living near the fighting line arrived in Paris Tuesday, making a total of 2,000 children brought into the capital from Belgian, French and British camps recently. Many are orphans, or have been separated from their parents. They had been cared for by the soldiers, who call them trench rabbits. Some have actually been sheltered in bomb proof shelters. Nearly all of the children were carrying toys which had been made for them by their soldier guardians.

TEXAS NEWS CONDENSED

The statement of Mexia's three banks just published shows that there is \$488,162.96 on deposit subject to check.

The city council has granted a franchise to construct a sewer system in the city of Pittsburg, and work is to begin at once.

The Liberty school district near Tex rkana, has recently voted \$10,000 in bonds for a new school building.

Preliminary work has been begun on the large oil refinery at Gainesville. Promoters have made application for a charter.

The more than 600 students of the college of industrial arts at Denton, have unanimously adopted a resolution to wear only cotton dress goods the remainder of the term.

Oil excitement is manifest in Bell county, where thousands of acres of land in various sections of the county have been taken under lease within the last two weeks.

The contract has been let for a new passenger depot for Coleman. The building is to be of the mission type with stucco finish. The estimated cost is \$25,000.

The Bosque county fair and race meet will be held this year on Oct. 5, 6, 7, and 8. Arrangements are being made to make this the best fair ever held by this association.

The Graham mill and elevator company of Graham, has let the contract for a grain elevator of 8,000 bushels capacity, to be erected at Megargel, which will be completed in time to handle the growing crop.

With a cargo of cotton and metal valued at \$1,134,188, the steamer Toftwood was cleared at Galveston last week for Harve. The cargo is the most valuable that has cleared in two months.

The plans for Cleburne's new sewer system have been accepted by the council. The work of construction will begin at once. The new sewer system will extend to all sections of the city.

The condensed monthly statement of the conditions of the savings departments of the 29 state banks maintaining such departments, issued by the commissioner of insurance and banking, shows total savings deposits of \$3,438,431.

The congregation of the First Baptist church at Coleman is considering plans and specifications for the erection of a new brick edifice, together with pipe organ and furnishings, will be \$25,000.

All efforts of the opposition to delay consideration of the Grindstaff or modified Gibson bill, amending the Robertson insurance law, failed in the house Friday afternoon and, after all available parliamentary expedients to postpone had failed, the bill went to a vote and was passed finally, 55 to 42, with 18 pairs.

With 1,005 delegates, representing 24,000 churches and 2,500,000 members, from 18 states of the union, and from Canada and Cuba, the sixtieth annual meeting of the Southern Baptist convention was called to order in Houston last Wednesday afternoon. Dr. Lansing Burrows of Americus, Ga., was by acclamation re-elected president. The convention goes to Asheville, N. C., next year.

J. W. Gilpin, aged about 40, a druggist and grocer of Fort Worth, was shot and killed inside the Tarrant county jail Saturday afternoon. He was a prisoner under arrest at the time he was killed. Dee Estes, an attorney, called and asked to see the prisoner. Assistant Jailor McCain admitted him, then went up stairs and liberated Gilpin, informing him that he was wanted in the office below. Gilpin had partly descended the steps when the shooting commenced.

Lieutenant Governor Hobby was married Saturday at the St. Charles hotel in New Orleans to Miss Willie Cooper, daughter of former Congressman Bronson Cooper of the Beaumont district, now one of the appraisers of the port of New York.

The new municipal officers of Deport, all serve without pay. They receive salaries but turn the money back into the treasury as a gift. The city marshal is one of the wealthiest farmers in Lamar county.

Had Pellagra Seven Years Thanks God He's Cured

Cowards, S. C.—David G. Pate, of this place, writes: "I am glad to say to you, after waiting forty days, that I still feel like I am cured of pellagra. I had this disease for the last seven years. The fourth day after beginning your medicine I went back to work and have been able to do my work ever since. I thank God for your remedy."

There is no longer any doubt that pellagra can be cured. Don't delay until it is too late. It is your duty to consult the resourceful Baughn.

The symptoms—hands red like sunburn, skin peeling off, sore mouth, the lips, throat and tongue a flaming red, with much mucus and choking; indigestion and nausea, either diarrhoea or constipation.

There is hope; get Baughn's big Free book on Pellagra and learn about the remedy for Pellagra that has at last been found. Address American Compounding Co., box 2068, Jasper Ala., remembering money is refunded in any case where the remedy fails to cure.—Adv.

According to Macaulay. "Have you any nice, fresh eggs today?" she asked.

"Permit me to state," remarked the grocer, who was also a college graduate, "that all nice eggs are fresh and that all fresh eggs are nice. Of course I have them today. If I had them yesterday you would not be interested. And tomorrow will take care of itself. Do you care for any nice eggs?"

CLEAN SWEET SCALP

May Be Kept So by Cuticura Soap and Ointment. Trial Free.

To have good hair clear the scalp of dandruff and itching with shampoos of Cuticura Soap and touches of Cuticura Ointment to dandruff spots and itching. Nothing better than these pure, fragrant, supercreamy emollients for skin and scalp troubles.

Sample each free by mail with Skin Book. Address Cuticura, Dept. XY, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Not So Easy.

If you think it's easy to be a war correspondent just try to give an accurate description of what happened when house cleaning began in your home and how the place looked after the first onslaught.

TEXANS RESCUED BY WONDERFUL REMEDY

Find Swift Relief From Allments of Years' Standing With First Dose of Treatment.

Many Texans needlessly suffer from stomach ailments and disorders of the digestive tract which appear to be particularly prevalent in the South. Many others have found a way to health by the use of May's Wonderful Remedy.

The first dose of this remedy proves what it will do.

T. B. GOODPASTURE, 802 Sabine St., Houston, Texas, writes: "I took your treatment last spring. I don't think I will have to take any more—it completely cured me."

R. L. RANDELL, Laredo, Texas, writes: "I have just finished my fifth bottle of your treatment and passed several gall stones. Your preparation has worked simply wonderfully during my course of treatment."

May's Wonderful Remedy gives permanent results for stomach, liver and intestinal ailments. Eat as much and whatever you like. No more distress after eating, pressure of gas in the stomach and around the heart. Get one bottle of your druggist now and try it on an absolute guarantee—if not satisfactory money will be returned.—Adv.

Easily Replaced.

"Married again? And you were so deeply pained when you lost your wife."

"Yes, yes. I felt as if I had a tooth pulled. Well, I had another one put in."—Paris L'illustration.

ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE FOR THE TROOPS Over 100,000 packages of Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder to shake into your shoes, are being used by the German and Allied troops at the front because it relieves the feet, gives instant relief to corns and bunions, hot, swollen, aching, tender feet, and makes walking easy. Sold everywhere. Try it TODAY. Don't accept any substitute. Adv.

Way to Hold Them.

"You seem to like Jack's attentions. Why not marry him?" "Because I like his attentions."

Get it to the bottom of the affected part. Adv.

The hump of the camel is regarded as a choice morsel of food in Arabia.

CALOMEL SICKENS! IT'S MERCURY! DANGER

"Dodson's Liver Tone" Straightens You Up Better Than Salivating, Dangerous Calomel and Doesn't Make You Sick— Don't Lose a Day's Work—Wonderful Discovery Destroying Sale of Calomel Here.

You're bilious! Your liver is sluggish! You feel lazy, dizzy and all knocked out. Your head is dull, your tongue is coated; breath bad; stomach sour and bowels constipated. But don't take salivating calomel. It makes you sick, you may lose a day's work.

Calomel is mercury or quicksilver which causes necrosis of the bones. Calomel crashes into your bile like dynamite, breaking it up. That's when you feel that awful nausea and cramping.

If you want to enjoy the nicest, gentlest liver and bowel cleansing you ever experienced just take a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone tonight. Your druggist or medicine dealer sells you a 50 cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone under my personal money-back guarantee that each spoonful will clean

your sluggish liver better than a dose of nasty calomel and that it won't make you sick.

Dodson's Liver Tone is real liver medicine. You'll know it next morning because you will wake up feeling fine, your liver will be working, your headache and dizziness gone, your stomach will be sweet and your bowels regular. You will feel like working; you'll be cheerful; full of vigor and ambition.

Dodson's Liver Tone is entirely vegetable, therefore harmless and cannot salivate. Give it to your children. Millions of people are using Dodson's Liver Tone instead of dangerous calomel now. Your druggist will tell you that the sale of calomel is almost stopped entirely here.

Lard Made From Corn Oil.

After determining that corn oil is an economic substitute for olive oil, Dean L. E. Sayre of the Kansas University School of Pharmacy is experimenting to determine whether it is a satisfactory substitute for lard. Some of the liquid oil, which is heavy and brown, has been hydrogenated. In this condition it appears white and has about the consistency of cocoa butter, and melts at the temperature of beeswax. Dean Sayre has been experimenting with corn oil for more than a year. He found that it makes a good substitute for olive oil in salad dressings, and believes that the hydrogenated oil can be used in place of lard.

Scale of Justice.

"You give me short weight for my money," expostulated the shopper to the butcher. "And you give me a long wait for mine," retorted the butcher, who was a high school graduate, accustomed to the niceties of lingual differentiation.

LADIES!

—Take CAPUDINE—

For Aches, Pains and Nervousness.

IT IS NOT A NARCOTIC OR DOPE— Gives quick relief—Try it—Adv.

A Sensible Doctor.

"What did the doctor say about Professor Grubbin, the historian?" "He said the professor needed a rest."

"Did he send him away to a resort?" "No. He prescribed baseball."

To Drive Out Malaria

And Build Up The System Take the Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELESS chill TONIC. You know what you are taking, as the formula is printed on every label, showing it is Quinine and Iron in a tasteless form. The Quinine drives out malaria, the Iron builds up the system. 50 cents. Adv.

Awakening.

Rankin—Beanbrough used to call his wife his little turtle dove. Phyle—That was before they were married. Now he has found out he can't feed her on birdseed.

For wire cuts use Hanford's Balsam. Adv.

You can usually judge a man's character by the value he places on his wife's ability to earn bread for the family.

The General Says:

You can buy the most durable roofing in the world at a price that is reasonable if you insist on

Certain-teed

Roofing

Your local hardware or lumber dealer can supply you with Certain-teed Roofing. Guaranteed 5, 10 or 15 years according to the thickness. Don't accept a substitute. GENERAL ROOFING MFG. CO.

DAISY FLY KILLER

placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies. Fast, clean, economical, convenient, cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't tip or tip over; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. All doctors or veterinarians paid for it. H. E. HAROLD SOMERS, 100 De Kalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC

not only the old reliable remedy FOR MALARIA but a general strengthening tonic and appetizer. For children as well as adults. Sold for 50 cents. 50c and \$1 bottles at drug stores.

Feros of Habit.

"That fellow wants to talk all the time." "He naturally thinks he has a right to the floor. He lays carpets."

YOUR OWN DRUGGIST WILL TELL YOU Try Dodson's Liver Tone for Biliousness, Watery Eyes and Generalized Acidity. No Salivating—Just Buy Comfort. Write for Book of the Day by mail from Dodson's Liver Tonic Co., Chicago.

The only thing a woman hates worse than newspaper notoriety is not to have her name in the papers at all.

Backache Spells Danger

Census records show that deaths from kidney disorders have increased 75% in 20 years. People can't seem to realize that the first pain in the back, the first disorder of the urine, demands instant attention—that it may be a signal of coming gravel, dropsy or fatal Bright's disease. The best prevention of serious kidney disorders is prompt treatment—the best medicine is Doan's Kidney Pills.

A Texas Case

"Daisy Picture Tells a Story" Mrs. E. R. Murphy, Wolfe City, Texas, says: "For a year or more my kidneys troubled me and the pain across my back was severe. I was sore all over and it felt as though my whole body had been beaten. When I used Doan's Kidney Pills, the pain and soreness in my back left. I am best of all, the cure has lasted. I know of other people who have also been helped by Doan's Kidney Pills."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box. DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS. FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Texas Directory

GENERAL HARDWARE AND SUPPLIES

Contractors' Supplies, Builders' Hardware, Etc. Prices and information furnished on request. PEDEN IRON & STEEL CO. HOUSTON SAN ANTONIO

\$6 CASH

and small monthly payments of \$3.00 each secure this superb GRITTY-FRENCH Typewriter—the ideal typewriter for office or home. At our low price of only \$20.00, every office and home can afford it. It shortens the day's work in the office, in the home, it helps educate your boy or girl.

FREE AGENTS

Instructions with each machine that will enable you to become proficient in a short time. Ask for Circular "A." Other typewriters \$18.00 up. GALVESTON TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE. GALVESTON, TEXAS

VIA PARCEL POST

Cleaning, Dyeing or Laundry

Model Laundry, HOUSTON, TEXAS

McCane's Detective Agency, Houston, Texas. Thirty years experience. Use the Teledetective latest device to obtain evidence in civil and criminal matters. You need it for many reasons. We also furnish bonded police washmen. Rates for either on application. 408-7-B Klamm Building.

W. N. U., HOUSTON, NO. 22-1815.

You Look Prematurely Old

Because of those ugly, grizzly, gray hairs. Use "LA OREOLE" HAIR DRESSING. PRICE, \$1.00, retail.

The Crockett Courier

Issued weekly from the Courier Building.

W. W. AIKEN, Editor and Proprietor.

PUBLISHER'S NOTICE.

Obituaries, resolutions, cards of thanks and other matter not "news" will be charged for at the rate of 5c per line. Parties ordering advertising or printing for societies, churches, committees or organizations of any kind will, in all cases, be held personally responsible for the payment of the bills.

GRAIN SORGHUMS AND CORN.

Mr. A. H. Leidigh of the Texas Experiment Station, College Station, Texas, offers the following suggestions to members of the Boys' Agricultural Clubs in regard to spring and summer cultivation of corn and the grain sorghums:

The intertillage or surface cultivation of summer crops is a thing on which all top-notch farmers put a great deal of importance. The highest type of surface cultivation results in a clean field, but this is incidentally a result of the work done and is not the entire aim of the work, nor is weed-killing the only reason for the clean, thorough tillage of cultivated crops. More depends on thorough and constant cultivation than on almost any other step in the profitable production of grain sorghum or corn. The difference between grain sorghum and Indian corn is very great. No matter what our grain sorghum or corn crop is intended for, we desire the greatest possible profit or return from this crop.

Throughout the widely spread parts of Texas it is customary to plant corn and grain sorghums in many different ways. In the eastern part of the state corn is planted on a small ridge; in the western part of the state crops are planted in a furrow. The grain sorghums rarely make a big crop in east Texas while corn is pretty sure to fail in the extreme west. The conditions that cause these things make necessary different tools and different kinds of work and yet the plant itself, to make a big crop anywhere, has to have certain conditions for its growth. The plant needs light, warmth, a reasonable amount of moisture in the soil and food in the soil which will be carried to the plant in this moisture. Curiously enough, the soil must contain air. Now a baked, crusted soil dries out rapidly and has no air circulation. You see from this that a bare baked field is in a really bad fix and needs to be cultivated even if there is not a weed in it. It is also a fact that too much moisture in the soil will keep out air and decrease the amount of food, while too little moisture will injure the plant in almost the same way.

I assume that already this year you have applied fertilizers to your crop and that the crop is up; also that you have a thick stand of plants. As the young plants are coming through the ground it is a good plan to harrow the field; this harrowing which should scratch the surface to a depth of about one inch will injure a few plants, kill a lot of weeds, break up the surface crust, and make the plants grow. Harrowing stops the evaporating of moisture by putting a mulch on the soil and letting air into the soil. Of course if you plant with a lister in a furrow, you cannot harrow the bottom of the furrow. On listed ground, if the soil is baked, you must either use a drag that operates in the bottom of the furrow, a knife cultivator or a disk cultivator.

You are raising your crop to get the biggest yield of anybody in the state, so after you give the ground its first general working over, you had better use the hoe. The entire field does not need to be hoed—just hoe around each stalk and also cut

out all large weeds; this will make the first cultivation easier. After hoeing, start the cultivator. Any good farmer can cultivate corn that is 3 or 4 inches high and as soon as you have cultivated, begin the work of thinning.

The usually grave responsibilities of those who are the head of our nation are graver at the present moment, and it behooves the newspapers to stand back of them "to a man," not through blatant, flamboyant or boastful utterings, but by a dignified and none the less steadfast upholding of their words and actions. At no other time in the world's history have newspapers played so conspicuous a part in shaping the affairs of nations as at the present. It is at such times as these that the minds of the people in general, whether in our own country or in another, are easily inflamed, and it is oftentimes the word of the newspaper that can and does either soothe with calm and strong words or kindle the fatal spark with violent utterances.

AN OUTSIDE VIEW.

We are told that Crockett is a good town, yet one would never suspect it by looking over the two papers published there. The largest amount of advertising carried by either consists of sheriff's sales. It looks as if the real sensible thing for these editors to do would be to consolidate their plants and move them up to Grapeland, where the merchants are reaching out after trade through the medium of the splendid little paper published there, the Grapeland Messenger.—Lufkin News.

Successful business men, who used to think they were advertising when they carried an inch card in the local paper, now use pages and half pages. Why? Not to help "the poor publisher"—the self-respecting publisher does not want business on that basis—but because the merchants find that the advertising pays, maybe not any one particular advertisement, but that the business that is kept before the people in season and out of season is the business that is going to succeed.

Fruit and Truck Growers.

Realizing that there will be a fairly good crop of fruit in Texas this season, and especially in East Texas, if no unforeseen calamity occurs to destroy it, and realizing that the market conditions in the north are not as good as might be desired, and that the growers are not sufficiently organized to dispose of their products to the best advantage, we have decided to call a meeting of fruit and truck growers and sales managers, who market produce for the growers, in order that a better system may be adopted for marketing the fruit and truck crops this season.

We hereby call said meeting to be held at Mt. Pleasant, Friday and Saturday, June 11 and 12, 1915. We especially urge the growers to send delegates to this meeting and urge every sales manager who handles produce for the growers to attend this meeting, in order that a system of co-operation may be established to avoid competition among the growers in the different localities and to secure a better distribution of the products in the various markets. We have asked the railroads to make reduced rates for this meeting and trust that they will grant our request. We will arrange a program and have some of the most successful salesmen in the state to discuss market problems. We trust that this meeting will be of material benefit to all fruit and truck growers who will attend.

The department of agriculture

will use its best efforts to assist the growers to secure better prices for their products and desires to cooperate in every way possible with the growers for their mutual benefit.

Fred W. Davis,
Commissioner of Agriculture.

Postal Savings by Mail.

Every person in the United States ten years old or over may open an account in a postal savings bank after July 1, according to an instructive leaflet on the postal savings system just issued. This important extension of the service will be made possible by permitting persons living in communities so sparsely settled as not to justify the designation of their local postoffices as regular postal savings banks to open accounts by mail.

Under the plan adopted by the postmaster general for opening accounts by mail an intending depositor, residing where there is no regularly designated postal savings bank, will apply to his local postmaster who will see that necessary identification data is prepared and forwarded to a nearby postoffice authorized to accept deposits. The intending depositor will then be given permission to forward his first and subsequent deposits by money order or registered mail direct to the postmaster at the banking point for which receipts or certificates will be issued. He may withdraw all or any part of his postal savings by mail and on demand together with any interest that may be due him.

The new leaflet points out that any person ten years old or over may open an account in his or her own name; that an account may be opened by a married woman free from any control or interference by her husband; that post office officials are forbidden to disclose to any person, except the depositor, the amount of any deposits; that withdrawals may be made without previous notice; and that the government guarantees to repay all deposits on demand with accrued interest.

Fell on Crochet Needle.

The youngest child of Mr. and Mrs. George McLean happened to a serious accident Thursday afternoon when it fell on a crochet needle, the needle penetrating the liver. Having a hook on the end, the instrument could not be extracted without an operation by the physicians who were called in, and the physicians advised that the child be taken immediately to a hospital for the operation. Acting on this advice the child was taken in an automobile to Palestine and the needle taken out. The wound is said to be healing nicely and recovery is only a matter of time.

Whooping Cough.

"About a year ago my three boys had whooping cough and I found Chamberlain's Cough Remedy the only one that would relieve their coughing and whooping spells. I continued this treatment and was surprised to find that it cured the disease in a very short time," writes Mrs. Archie Dalrymple, Crooksville, Ohio. For sale by all dealers. Adv.

On October 8, 1914, The Cranford Drug Company, of Alba, Texas, phoned to The Eucaline Medicine Company at Dallas, the following: "Express us One Dozen Admirine Tonic Sarsaparilla, and ship us by freight Five Dozen more." Alba people have been using Admirine Tonic Sarsaparilla for ten years. They know that it stops Chills and Fever promptly, relieves the system of Malaria and prifies the blood when it is disordered from Malaria Poison. Price \$1.00 per bottle. Ask for it. For sale by Crockett Drug Co.

PHONE STAR R3401
ENGRAVING COMPANY
1206 1/2 HOUSTON PRESTON



Drink
Coca-Cola

Because it is delicious —
Because it is refreshing —
Because it is thirst-quenching —

And because it is the combination of the three. That marks Coca-Cola as a distinctive beverage.

DEMAND THE GENUINE AND AVOID DISAPPOINTMENT

THE COCA-COLA CO. Atlanta, Ga.

Whenever you see an advertisement for Coca-Cola

It's Like Buying a Government

Bond



when you buy our lumber—a sure thing. We pride ourselves on quality and reliability. These, with promptness in filling orders, constitute our best business assets. And they bring us trade. If you need anything in thoroughly seasoned lumber, we can supply it on short notice, lowest prices.

Crockett Lumber Co.

"The Planing Mill"

SPECIAL SUBSCRIPTION OFFER

The Galveston Semi-Weekly Farm News AND

The Crockett Courier Both One Year Each

(156 copies of the two publications)

For \$1.75

The regular price of the Semi-Weekly Farm News and the Courier is \$2.00 per year in advance. By subscribing now through the Courier you get the two papers for \$1.75—the best farm paper and the best county paper published in Texas.

These two newspapers should be read in the home of every farmer in Houston county. The campaign they are carrying on for the diversification of crops and intensive farming is worth ten times the subscription price of both papers to every farmer who wants to make the most money out of his farm. In addition to valuable farm features and interesting serial stories by famous writers, the Semi-Weekly Farm News also carries the live news happenings of the world and the latest market reports, while the Courier prints the local happenings of Houston county.

Send or Bring \$1.75 to the Office of the Courier Today. Do it Now—So you will get the benefit of the cut price.

A Question of Quality

Put Us to the Quality Test

There's a great difference in drugs. As you buy drugs to speed the recovery of some one who is ill, it is wise to buy goods that can stand the "QUALITY TEST."

We make quality the first consideration when we buy—and if you buy of us you may be sure of getting the purest, freshest and most potent drugs that the market affords. We buy all drug store goods as carefully as we buy drugs.

Quality Is the True Test of Cheapness

Bishop Drug Company

Prompt Service Store

Phone 47 or 140 for Free Ten-Minute Delivery

Local News.

Drugs and jewelry at the Rexall Store.

Plenty of light brown sugar at Patton's. 1t.

Graduation presents at the Rexall Store. 1t.

Dr. W. S. Miles of Pennington was here Tuesday.

Mrs. S. A. Fain was visiting at Trinity last week.

Use "Southern Beauty," the flour of quality, at Patton's. 1t.

M. A. Milliff was here from Port Arthur last week.

Hunter Warfield has gone to the California expositions.

Miss Susie Kennedy of Lovelady is visiting relatives here.

Just unloaded a car of Austin white lime at Patton's. 1t.

Mrs. R. E. Parker of Lovelady is visiting Mrs. W. A. Norris.

Mrs. Myrtle Conaby of Waco is visiting friends in this city.

Misses Pearl and Opal Johnson are visiting at Huntsville.

Mr. and Mrs. Cyrus McConnell have returned from Indiana.

A complete, up-to-date abstract. 1t-adv Aldrich & Crook.

T. S. Brown of Kennard was among Friday's callers at this office.

Best rubber heels in town put on at Electric shoe shop, while you wait. 1t.*

Mrs. A. N. Henry and little daughter of Del Rio are visiting relatives here.

W. V. Berry is experimenting with Sudan grass and meeting with success.

D. D. Hungate of Jewett is among Courier subscription renewals since last issue.

S. H. Kyle of Durant, Oklahoma, is visiting relatives and friends in this county.

Compound lard in bulk, per lb., 9c; dry salt bacon, per lb., 10½c, at Wm. M. Patton's. 1t.

Barbed wire, hog wire, poultry wire, fencing wire and all other wire at the Big Store. 2t.

See Jno. C. Lacy if he has not already seen you, and give him ages and names of children. Do it now.

Jas. S. Shivers, Secretary, 1t. Crockett School Board.

Mrs. J. L. Chiles of Daly and Mrs. A. J. Frick of Huntsville visited relatives here last week.

A guaranteed state souvenir spoon with every dollar purchase at Chamberlain & Woodall's. 1t.

Mrs. C. W. LeGory, Mrs. J. W. Young and Miss Leita Cunyus were visitors to Houston last week.

Lost—Bunch of keys with Chemical Co. check. Finder return to this office and receive reward. 2t.

Chas. Hamlin has gone to North Carolina to engage in business with his two brothers already there.

Largest assortment of Panama hats ever shown in Crockett. See our show window. John Millar.

J. B. Duren, who has been away for special treatment, has returned much improved in health.

A \$10 Colonial China dinner set, 42 pieces, for \$2.98. Ask us about it. 1t. Chamberlain & Woodall.

We use only the best and purest in our prescriptions. 1t. McLean Drug Company.

Invitations announcing two weddings for Crockett about the middle of June are expected to appear soon.

Have your shoe repairing done at the Electric shoe shop. Best of material used. All work guaranteed.

E. L. Jordan of Cut, while transacting business here Monday, renewed his subscription to the Courier. 2t.*

Miss Mary Isbell of Woodville visited the family of her uncle, C. B. Isbell, southeast of Crockett last week.

Tony Gossett, a former citizen of Crockett but now living in Houston, was meeting friends here last and this week.

Wear Champion machine-sewed half soles—they are best—put on at the Electric shoe shop. East side of square. 1t.*

Mayor J. W. Young returned Saturday night from Houston and left the first of this week for a business trip to San Antonio.

Bath tubs, lavatories, kitchen sinks and all plumbing supplies in stock. 1t. Smith-Murchison Hdw. Co.

For a Torpid Liver.

"I have used Chamberlain's Tablets off and on for the past six years whenever my liver shows signs of being in a disordered condition. They have always acted quickly and given me the desired relief," writes Mrs. F. H. Trubus, Springfield, N. Y. For sale by all dealers. Adv.

A beautiful line of dress goods in all the new fabrics at prices within the reach of every one.

2t. Jas. S. Shivers & Co.

Our summer opening of silverware, cut glass and hand painted china on June 3.

1t. McLean Drug Company.

We would like to furnish you an estimate on your plumbing wants, as we carry same in stock. 1t. Smith-Murchison Hdw. Co.

We still have a full supply of wire—barbed wire, hog wire, poultry wire and wire fencing at the right prices. 1t. Jas. S. Shivers & Co.

We offer any piece of cut glass at a very attractive price. This is your chance to buy your wedding gift. 1t. Crockett Drug Co.

We have a large stock of barbed and hog wire, also screen wire, both in black and galvanized. 1t. Smith-Murchison Hdw. Co.

Misses Mary and Jennie McLean and Maude McConnell have returned from Palestine, where they attended the Price-Swann wedding.

Dr. Lawrence Corley, formerly of Midway but later of Frankston, was in Crockett this week. He tells us that he is returning to Midway to live.

Misses Sue Smith and Berta Phillips returned Saturday evening from Lovelady, where they have been teaching in the Lovelady schools.

Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Monday, Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Monday, Miss Verne Monday and Miss Reba Rich, all of Lovelady, were recent visitors in this city.

Mr. and Mrs. T. T. Bitner of Lovelady Route 2 were shopping in Crockett Wednesday. Mr. Bitner incidentally called and renewed his subscription.

Frank Krenek of Lovelady Route 2 was among callers at this office Friday. Mr. Krenek called to renew his subscription and to pay his respects otherwise.

Special for Saturday, the 29th.

Ten lbs. good green coffee, \$1.00; 7½ lbs. best Peaberry coffee, \$1.00; 7 lb. packages Battle Axe soda, 25c, at Wm. M. Patton's. 1t.

Miss Reba Rich of Lovelady, accompanied by her guest, Miss Emory Sweetman of Palestine, and W. H. Collins of Lovelady were visitors in this city Thursday evening.

Our feature bill for this week will be that celebrated line of Keep Kool Palm Beach clothing, morning and afternoon—don't fail to see them. 1t. Jas. S. Shivers & Co.

Attention, Eastern Stars.

Please be present Friday afternoon, May 28, for annual election of officers and payment of dues. 2t.* Mary Hill.

For Sale or Rent.

Six-room cottage, barn and big garden spot, centrally located, \$8.00 per month. 1t.* Mrs. John Horan.

Flour, Flour, Flour.

We sell it for less—our special brands are White Wave, Red One and Queen of the West. Get our prices. 1t. J. D. Sims.

Parent or Guardian.

Jno. C. Lacy is scholastic enumerator. Enroll your children with him. Do it to-day—now.

Jas. S. Shivers, Secretary, 1t. Crockett School Board.

Sick Headache.

Mrs. A. L. Luckie, East Rochester, N. Y., was a victim of sick headache and despondency, caused by a badly weakened and debilitated condition of her stomach, when she began taking Chamberlain's Tablets. She says, "I found them pleasant to take, also mild and effective. In a few week's time I was restored to my former good health." For sale by all dealers. Adv.

Real Estate and Loans.

We have real estate for sale and we would like to examine any vendor lien notes you may have for sale.

CALL ON US AT OUR PLACE OF BUSINESS.

Warfield Bros.

Office North Side Public Square.

CROCKETT, TEXAS

Pupils of Mrs. Lewis Meriwether will give a music recital Tuesday afternoon, June 1, at 4 o'clock. A program of thirteen numbers will be given.

We are headquarters for the genuine Palm Beach Keep Kool line of clothing. Buy the best—it pays. We have them.

2t. Jas. S. Shivers & Co.

Cleanliness predominates at our soda fountain and the drinks we serve are as good as the best and better than the rest.

1t. Chamberlain & Woodall.

We are making Palm Beach suits to your measure at hand-me-down prices. See our samples and get our prices before buying.

1t. John Millar.

Miss Alice Fern Ullery, one of the teachers in Mary Allen Seminary, left Thursday morning for her home at South Bend, Indiana, going by way of Houston and New Orleans.

Mrs. O. M. Bryan has returned to her home at Sour Lake, taking Miss Victoria Johnson of Lufkin with her. Both Mrs. Bryan and Miss Johnson were guests of Mrs. J. E. Towery while here.

J. W. Boatwright of Kennard Route 1 was a caller at this office Thursday. Mr. Boatwright says that farmers this year are making a greater effort than ever before to grow a feed crop.

Queen Quality, Walking, Billiken, McElroy Sloan, Godman, Fair Field, Marion, and T. S. Barry shoes for men, women and children. We fit them all at the Big Store.

2t. Jas. S. Shivers & Co.

W. E. Meriwether of Creath was a visitor at the Courier office Thursday. Mr. Meriwether left Creath a few years ago and went to Alto to live, but has recently returned to his first love—Houston county.

We give special attention to community club bills. It will mean money to you to see us before you buy. We carry the best flour, meal, chops, bran, maize, bacon, lard and other articles of groceries.

1t. J. D. Sims.

Applicants for Certificates.

On the first Thursday, Friday and Saturday in June there will be held the regular county examination for all classes of teachers' certificates.

J. N. Snell, County Superintendent.

For Sale.

132¼-Acre farm, located 4 miles south on I. & G. N. railroad, 60 acres in cultivation, 4-room house, barn and fine well of water. All fenced in. Cash buyer can get farm cheap. 1t.* Mrs. John Horan.

Meeting of Confederate Veterans.

The annual meeting of the Confederate veterans will be held in Crockett on Thursday, June 3, next, when they will be the guests of the D. A. Nunn Chapter of the Confederate Daughters, who will furnish dinner and an interesting program for the old soldiers and their wives who may come.

The baccalaureate sermon before the graduating class of the Crockett High School was delivered at the Methodist church Sunday morning by the Methodist pastor, Rev. D. H. Hotchkiss. The graduates, twenty-one in number, occupied the front seats. The sermon was preceded by a music program of a very high order. The church was filled to its seating capacity.

Just a Reminder.

We have it—peanut butter, grape juice, lobsters, shrimp, crabs, lunch tongue, corned beef, dried beef, veal loaf, Club House salmon, sardines, tripe, asparagus, Campbell's soups, pickles, bottle and keg, pimentoes, fancy cakes, country-made syrup, and anything else you want good to eat. J. D. Sims, Phone 19. 1t. We Deliver.

Winona Mills Announcement.

The Winona Mills salesman, Mr. J. D. Nance of Huntsville, Texas, will be in Crockett sometime in June with a new line of samples of the latest styles of underwear and hosiery, and the prettiest line of up-to-date sweaters, the mills have ever put on the market. New designs and shades of all silk sweaters in addition to new styles of the woolen goods they have always made. Please do not purchase before inspecting his line.

2t.* Winona Mills.

Commencement Exercises.

The Crockett High School commencement exercises will be held at the First Baptist church Friday evening, May 28, at 8 o'clock. Following are the graduates: Jennie Arledge, Mack Burton, Effie E. Downes, Clarite Elliott, Mary Ellis, Virginia May Foster, Lucile Millar, Violet Phillips, Cynthia Sanders, Mildred Slade, Leona Thomas, Lucile Williams, Norman R. Allbright, Richard Royall Baker, David Clinton Cannon, John Thomas Dawes, John Leighton Denny, William H. Denny, Harold Durst Hail, John H. Langston, John Henry Wootters.

Infection in the Air.

Medical authorities agree that colds are infectious. In some cities children with colds are barred from schools. Spring's changing weather brings many colds. The quickest and safe way to stop colds, coughs and croup is to give Foley's Honey and Tar Compound. Sold everywhere. Adv.

Head Ache

Does the hot weather make you head ache—make you feel drowsy and exhausted? If so, try Sherman's Headache Remedy. Price 25c per bottle.

CROCKETT DRUG COMPANY

A. M. DEQUIR

LIPSCOMB SHERMAN

**LONG LIFE REQUIRES EXERCISE.
HEALTH PROMOTED BY WALKING.**
United States Public Health Service Bulletin Says Degeneration of Organs Follows Disease.

Washington, May 31.—If you would live long take exercise, is the injunction given in a bulletin from the United States public health service. A note of warning is sounded in a bulletin entitled "Exercise and Health." The death rate after the age of 40 is increasing in spite of the more sanitary modes of living and greater protection against communicable diseases. The expectancy of life after 40 is less than it was thirty years ago, being due largely to the increase in diseases of degeneration. The muscles, arteries and organs of those who, as a result of sedentary occupation or indolence, take too little exercise, degenerate. Heart disease, kidney disease and other ills follow, says the department's bulletin, and it adds a word of advice as follows:

"Take exercise. Take daily exercise. Have a hobby that gets you out of doors. Walk to your business, to your dressmaker's, walk for the sake of walking. Join a walking club and keep your weekly score of miles. Keep chickens, make a garden, wheel the baby or play golf or any other game, but take two hours outdoor exercise every day. Gymnasium work is good for those who like it and can afford it, but avoid heavy athletics. Don't try to be a 'strong man.' the champion athlete often dies young. Be a moderate, persistent, daily exponent of exercise. You may not burn the family carriage, as Benjamin Franklin suggested, but at least, as he advised, walk, walk, walk."

It has been suggested that two miles walk in the open air daily will add ten years to life, and that the daily two-mile walk with indoor exercise in the morning before a cold plunge will not only keep one free from such ailments as, colds, but add from fifteen to twenty years to life.

VILLA ENLARGING HIS FORCES.

General Reported to Be Telling Mexicans They Are to Fight United States.

El Paso, Tex., May 31.—Feeling is more tense along the Mexican border tonight as the result of the attitude assumed by President Wilson than it has been since the inception of the first revolution under Madero. For the first time both factions realize that the United States is in earnest and the feeling is becoming so bitter that a communication printed in a local paper here and signed by Carola Berna, former official of the Mexican Central Railroad, resulted in a storm of protest. George C. Carothers, special representative of the state department, left today for Torreon to meet Villa and urge him to use every effort to prevent anything happening to cause an increase in feeling. He did not take President Wilson's note, but preceded it by a day, in order to prepare Villa for the receipt of the president's demand that something be done to remedy the critical situation.

It is understood here that Villa has prepared a bitter anti-American proclamation which was not allowed to reach the border for fear of the effect it would have on the American people. This proclamation is said to have been drafted with the purpose of enlisting troops for Villa's army against Obregon under guise because of the threatened intervention. Villa agents here admit that the chief is drafting a note in reply to Wilson's insistence that Mexico do something to pacify herself at once. But they deny that there is any truth in the report that Villa has issued a proclama-

mation ordering Americans to leave.

The announcement of General Eulalio Gutierrez, former provisional president, that he would cease his independent activities and unite with Carranza, is considered significant. So, also, is the fact that General Antonio Villareal has been invited to resume the provisional presidency, all this in anticipation of a hostile move by the United States, it is said.

Tomato Growers and Shippers.

At the meeting called for Saturday, May 29, it was decided to sell our tomatoes thru the East Texas Fruit and Truck Growers' Association. If we comply with their instructions, they promise to get for us the highest market price and make prompt returns, charging us 2 cents per crate for handling. Please note the following rules:

Grower's name must be on each crate.

All fruit must show pink on blossom end not less than size of a half dollar.

Crates must be packed with fruit of uniform ripeness—do not mix green and ripe fruit in same crate.

Grades—Fancy, 48 or 60 to the crate: To pack 48, place 6 in bottom, stem end down, 6 on top, large enough to fill basket tight; to pack 60, fill bottom as for 48, place 9 on top (3 in either side, blossom end out, with 3 in center to wedge tight.)

Choice 84—Place all fruit on edge, both bottom and top; place 3 rows of 3 each in bottom, on top place 4 of each side, blossom end out; fill center with slightly larger tomatoes, set crosswise to wedge tightly.

Do not fail to comply with the above, and I believe you will be pleased with the returns.

Now as to potatoes. If those having potatoes to sell will let me know how many they will have and when they will be ready, I will do what I can to arrange matters so you can get best price possible.

When your tomatoes are ready, mark crates E. Tex. F. & T. G. Assn., Jacksonville, Tex., and send by express. They will load in cars there and sell with theirs. L. A. Hollis.

Chamberlain's Liniment.

This preparation is intended especially for rheumatism, lame back, sprains and all like ailments. It is a favorite with people who are well acquainted with its splendid qualities. Mrs. Charles Tanner, Wabash, Ind., says of it: "I have found Chamberlain's Liniment the best thing for lame back and sprains I have ever used. It works like a charm and relieves pain and soreness. It has been used by others of my family as well as myself for upwards of twenty years." 25 and 50 cent bottles. For sale by all dealers.—Adv.

GET IN THE SWIM.

Popular Excursion to Galveston via I. & G. N., Saturday, June 5.

Excursion tickets on sale for trains arriving Galveston Saturday evening, June 5, and Sunday morning, June 6; return limit, Monday, June 7. For rate, schedule, etc., see ticket agent, I. & G. N. Railway. 1t.

A Mistake Made By Many.

When you suffer pains and aches by day and sleep disturbing bladder weakness by night, feel tired, nervous and run down, the kidneys and bladder should be restored to healthy, strong and regular action. It is a mistake to postpone treatment. Foley Kidney Pills put the kidneys in sound, healthy condition and keep them active and strong. Sold everywhere. Adv.

Highest aim is quality. It Relieves, Purifies and Strengthens. Take Admirene Tonic Sarsaparilla when your blood is out of order and your system needs strengthening. Take Admirene Tonic Sarsaparilla when you are troubled with Malaria and are having Chills and Fever. Admirene Tonic Sarsaparilla stops Chills and Fever promptly, relieves the system of Malaria, Purifies the Blood and restores Vitality to the weakened body. Price \$1.00 per bottle. Ask for it. For sale by Crockett Drug Co.

MALARIA Warded Off BY PROPER SCREENING.

Precaution That Will Preserve the Health of Workers in Infested Regions.

Field workers of the Bureau of Entomology of the department, who have been carrying on investigations in regard to malarial mosquitoes, have now spent two seasons in the region where malaria is widely prevalent without a single case of the disease having developed in any member of the party. The nature of their work subjects these men to daily contact with the poisonous mosquitoes and it may safely be assumed that they are exposed to more risk of infection than the average visitor to infested sections. For this reason the precautions that they have adopted so successfully against infection should be of interest to all whose affairs carry them into malarious regions.

Malaria is more prevalent in some sections of the United States than in others, but it may occur wherever collections of surface water exist during hot weather, except at high elevations.

It has now been scientifically demonstrated, of course, that malaria is conveyed by certain of the Anopheles mosquitoes, that these mosquitoes are active chiefly at night, and that the problem of avoiding malaria thus consists principally in protecting one's self from mosquito bites after dark.

PIONEER NAMED FOR GALVESTON.

Father of Captain G. M. Gossett Lived Under Five Flags.

Lake Charles, La., May 29.—Captain Galveston M. Gossett of Hampton, Allen Parish, was in the city today to meet his sister, Mrs. Allan Newton of Houston, Texas, who is the guest of relatives here. Captain Gossett was born thirty days after the republic of Texas was formed. His brother, Tony, twenty-one years younger, had the stars and stripes for his native flag, and Texas was under the confederate flag when Mrs. Newton was born. Their father was a Texas pioneer, settling in Texas in 1833, at Crockett, where he spent the rest of his life. He lived under five flags, the republic of Mexico, the republic of Texas, the United States, the confederacy, and the United States again, without changing his residence.

Captain Gossett was born while the newly formed peace was threatened with rupture over Galveston Island and his father promptly named him "Galveston."

Not for Men Only.

Women suffer as much as men do from indigestion and constipation and require the same scientific remedy to keep the stomach sweet, the liver active and the bowels regular. Foley Cathartic Tablets are wholesome and cleansing; do not gripe or cause nausea. Stout people say this is the one cathartic that takes away that over-full and clogged-up feeling. Sold everywhere. Adv.

UNIFORM STATE LAWS ARE NEEDED.

Bureau Says Corporations Are Often Taxed for Unwitting Violations.

Washington, May 31.—A report on state laws for taxation of foreign corporations, submitted to President Wilson today after many months of work by the old bureau of corporations, declares that lack of uniformity of those laws has often seriously restricted and hampered business and that large sums of money have been lost by corporations for unwitting violations.

It emphasizes the importance of uniformity of state laws. The report presents the latest draft of a uniform corporation law made by the commissioners on uniform state

laws in national conference and presents a collation and comparison of laws now existing, which it expects will be of value to those engaged in commerce between the states.

Only a Few Can Go.

Those who do not have to consider expenses are now going to health resorts to get rid of impurities in the system that cause rheumatism, headache, aching joints and painful muscles. If you cannot go, yet feel you need relief from pain and misery, get Foley Kidney Pills. They restore the kidneys to activity and make you feel well and strong. Sold everywhere. Adv.

CROCKETT TRAIN SCHEDULE.

HOUSTON TRAIN.	
Arrives from Houston	11:35 AM
Leaves for Houston	9:55 AM
GALVESTON TRAIN.	
Arrives from Galveston	8:36 PM
Leaves for Galveston	11:05 PM
LONGVIEW TRAIN.	
Leaves for Longview	11:35 AM
Arrives from Longview	9:55 AM
ST. LOUIS TRAIN.	
Leaves for St. Louis	8:36 PM
Arrives from St. Louis	11:05 PM

The Woman of It.

"Mary," said Mr. Thomas, when a silence fraught with unpleasant meaning had followed his first altercation with his young wife.

"Yes?" said Mary interrogatively.

"When a man and his wife have had a — a difference," said Mr. Thomas with a judicial air, "and each considers the other at fault, which of the two do you think should make the first advance toward reconciliation?"

"The wiser of the two," said Mrs. Thomas promptly, "and so, my dear, I'll say at once that I'm very sorry."

Sick Headache.

Mrs. A. L. Luckie, East Rochester, N. Y., was a victim of sick headache and dizziness, caused by a badly weakened and debilitated condition of her stomach, when she began taking Chamberlain's Tablets. She says: "I found them pleasant to take, mild and effective. In a few weeks' time I was restored to my former good health." For sale by all dealers.—Adv.

The Dot Over the "i."

The small letter "i" was formerly written without the dot. The dot was introduced in the fourteenth century to distinguish "i" from "e" in hasty and indistinct writing. The letter "i" was originally used where the letter "j" is now employed. The distinction between "i" and "j" was introduced by the Dutch printers at a comparatively recent date, and the "j" was dotted because the "i," from which it was derived, was written with a dot.

For a Torpid Liver.

"I have used Chamberlain's Tablets off and on for the past six years whenever my liver shows signs of being in a torpid condition. They have always acted quickly and given me the desired relief," writes Mrs. F. H. Trubus, Springfield, N. Y. For sale by all dealers.—Adv.

An Indestructible Color.

The indestructible floral color is yellow. You cannot, even with sulphurous acid fumes, destroy it. Take a heartsease and try. You will consume the purple tint easily enough, but the yellow will remain for all your filthy fumes.—Exchange.

Don't neglect a summer cold. A bronchial cough causes broken sleep and lowers your vitality. Foley's Honey and Tar Compound soothes and heals raw, inflamed membranes, stops tickling in throat and clears stuffy, wheezy breathing. Contains no opiates; children like it; good for all colds, coughs, croup and bronchial affections. Sold everywhere.

On October 8, 1914,

The Cranford Drug Company, of Alba, Texas, phoned to The Eucaline Medicine Company at Dallas, the following: "Express us One Dozen Admirene Tonic Sarsaparilla, and ship us by freight Five Dozen more." Alba people have been using Admirene Tonic Sarsaparilla for ten years. They know that it stops Chills and Fever promptly, relieves the system of Malaria and purifies the blood when it is disordered from Malaria Poison. Price \$1.00 per bottle. Ask for it. For sale by Crockett Drug Co.

KIT CARSON'S COOL NERVE.

How the Daring Scout Tamed a Band of Hostile Kiowas.

In "Kit Carson Days," by Edward L. Sabin, is an account of a dramatic incident that happened after Kit Carson's first return from Washington. It was out in the Platte country:

"Into the first noon camp of the Carson party, twenty-five miles from the Bijou mouth, rode seven Kiowas. I have the story from Wiggins.

"No Indians of early plains days were more to be feared than the perpetually hostile Kiowas, and the arrival of the visitors indicated trouble. Although Carson's reputation among the tribes of the southwest was undiminished, he had been absent so long that to many of the young men his face was unfamiliar. These Kiowas evidently did not recognize him. They sat, ate and the inevitable pipe was filled, lighted and passed.

"Carson understood enough Kiowa to make out what the guttural asides meant. Said the leader to the other bucks:

"These are some of those Carson men who have killed so many of us. When the smoke has gone around the third time, kill them quick."

"Carson understood, but betrayed no emotion other than the suave dignity which characterized the meeting. He spoke to his companions:

"Be attending to the horses. Watch what I do, and if I lift my hand, shoot."

"The pipe passed once, twice, and as Carson took it for the third pull he remarked pleasantly, but clearly, in plain English:

"I suppose this is the last time round; is it? Now you will kill us."

"The Indians understood enough English to interpret aright either the words or the tone. Carson's men of course sprang forward with their weapons. The startled Kiowas threw off their blankets, but they were too late. Carson berated them in Kiowa and English.

"You red dogs! You thought you could murder us. Do you know who I am? I am Kit Carson. Take a good look at me before you die!"

"The Indians collapsed—not so much from alarm as from astonishment. They dropped their guns and bows.

"You're a nice set of cowards," scolded Carson. "Shame on you and your tribe! Go! Go tell your chiefs that you have seen Kit Carson and that he let you live. Stop! he yelled, as they slunk away. "Take your bows and arrows so you can kill a few rabbits on your way. And next time you smoke the peace pipe with a white man don't plan to murder him."

His Day of Reckoning.

As the stout man whose appetite had excited the envy of the other boarders turned to leave the parlor he looked down at his waistcoat. "I declare, I've lost two buttons off my vest!" he said ruefully.

He was a new boarder, but his landlady saw no reason for further delay in showing her banner, "Watchfulness and Economy For All." She gave him the benefit of the chill gaze so familiar to her older boarders.

"I think without doubt you will find them both in the dining room," she announced clearly.—Youth's Companion.

Her Inference.

"Now, I suppose," remarked Mrs. Snaggs, "that the surgeons of the army are attached to the medical corps."

"Your supposition does you great credit," replied Mr. Snaggs sarcastically. "It's a wonder you didn't imagine that doctors joined the army for the purpose of building bridges or going up in a balloon. Where should army surgeons be except in the medical corps?"

"Well, I thought that they might possibly belong to the lancers."—London Mail.

One Sample Enough.

"Why do you keep your daughter practicing so incessantly on that piano piece?"

"I want to be sure she can play something when our friends ask to hear her."

"But suppose they want to hear her play something more?"

"Oh, there's no danger of that!"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.