

The Crockett Courier.

"Quality, Not Quantity."

CROCKETT, TEXAS, MAY 16, 1918.

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TO THE WOMEN OF HOUSTON COUNTY

Chairman of Woman's Liberty Loan Committee Issues Appeal for Red Cross Work.

It is with a feeling of gratefulness that I want to express my sincere thanks to the women of Houston county for the splendid work done on the Third Liberty Loan Drive just closed.

Your magnificent cooperation made the work easy, and allow me to say what a pleasure it has been to have such a splendid spirit of mutual helpfulness displayed by our women.

The work you have done so generously and so freely is its own reward.

Now let us all pull together for the war fund campaign for the Red Cross, beginning May 20, and make old Houston county stand four square for freedom and humanity. Let the women realize that our recreation must be only a change of work until this old war-torn world is free from autocracy and safe for democracy.

Mrs. D. F. Arledge,
Chairman Woman's Liberty Loan Committee.

Golden Wedding Celebration.

Rev. and Mrs. S. F. Tenney celebrated their fiftieth or golden wedding anniversary at the home of Judge and Mrs. A. A. Aldrich Tuesday evening. The celebration was in the form of a reception and there were many callers during the hours designated on the invitations. Numerous gifts in gold were brought by the callers and bestowed upon the celebrants. Rev. and Mrs. Tenney were also the recipients of many valuable gifts that came by mail, express and messenger. Appropriate refreshments, in keeping with the spirit of the times and the occasion, were served by the ladies of the Presbyterian church, of which Mr. Tenney has so long been the efficient pastor.

Many of the older citizens were present and from expressions gathered there has never

been a public celebration of a golden wedding anniversary in Crockett before. It is said that there are three other couples in Crockett who have recently passed their fiftieth wedding anniversary. Those named are Col. and Mrs. Earle Adams, Mr. and Mrs. M. Bromberg and Judge and Mrs. W. B. Wall.

Something of the life and career of the celebrants may be of interest here. Rev. S. F. Tenney was born and reared in Athens, Ga., and was in the Confederate army under General Lee during the four years of the civil war. Mrs. Tenney was Miss Sallie Mills of Mayesville, S. C., and was a sister of Mr. Tenney's classmate in the Theological Seminary at Columbia, S. C. Rev. and Mrs. Tenney were married May 14, 1868, and they came to Texas shortly after their marriage. They are the parents of seven children, five of whom are living—two of them Presbyterian ministers, one a physician and one son working with a mercantile firm. One unmarried daughter, Miss Emma Tenney, is living with her parents. Mr. and Mrs. Tenney have twenty-six grandchildren, twenty-five of them living. The total of their family—husband and wife and their children and children's children—is forty.

Mr. and Mrs. Tenney have been citizens of Crockett 47 years and nearly 50 years citizens of Texas. Mr. Tenney has been preaching fifty years, and has in that time officiated at 195 marriages and preached more than five thousand times. The Presbytery in Georgia that licensed him to preach included Rev. Joseph R. Wilson, D. D., father of President Wilson, and Rev. James Woodrow, D. D., uncle of the president.

Congratulations are always for those couples who have acquired such habits of right-thinking and right-living that they are permitted to celebrate the fiftieth wedding anniversary. A righteous life, both in thought and in deed, is conducive to long life and happiness. May Rev. and Mrs. Tenney, and all who live to celebrate their fiftieth wedding anniversary, continue long in the fruitful enjoyment of those justly the desert of character and purpose.

POSITION CHANGES IN BITTER FIGHT

Twice the Allies and Twice the Enemy Hold Same Ground on French Battle Front.

With the British Army in France, May 12.—An important section of high ground near the Vyverbeek River north of Kemmel has been captured by the French in a strong attack. Both Hill 44 and Doddezone farm, which lie between La Clytte and Vierstraat, were stormed and occupied, thereby giving the French positions which had been a bone of contention for many days.

The Germans also received a knock on the southern battle front, where they made a drive in an attempt to capture defenses on the elevation south of Maily-Raineval. Here the enemy succeeded after hard fighting in obtaining a footing in the French front line at one place, but their success was shortlived, for a prompt counter assault drove them out, and besides their dead they left more than one hundred prisoners.

The battle for Hill 44 was the outcome of the German attack of May 8. When the Germans assaulted the allies were holding the elevation. Bitter fighting ensued all day long, and the Germans in the course of time secured possession of the hill. The next day the Germans again drove forward. They made such a heavy assault that they again captured the hill, which they held until yesterday.

Chautauqua and Patriotism.

Russia seems to have failed in the great war because she lacked the social machinery and the sense of cooperation necessary to maintain public opinion in support of military efforts.

In Germany to whatever extent public thought is unified and mobilized behind German armies, it is done by autocratic force.

That cannot be done in America. Yet a prime necessity to our winning the war is an unflinching support in millions of American homes, rendered without question to our armies in the field.

The miracle of the ages has been performed. A hundred millions of free people have reversed their thoughts and the training of their lives. They have turned from the ways of peace which they love, with courage to participate in a war that for more than three years

they have regarded with horror.

America was able to do this great thing because by the training acquired in free intercourse with each other, her people, as individuals, have obtained sympathetic understanding of the rights and needs of the people as a whole.

The habit and desire of American people to meet together and frequently to be led thus—not forced—into common channels of thought, have been the most potent forces wielded both by Democracy and Christianity.

Since last September I have been in Washington serving my government to the best of my ability.

I have seen the great need for economy in men, labor, materials, and efforts. I can say quite truthfully that I was willing to abandon Redpath-Horner Chautauquas—an institution to which I have given twelve years of my life, if by doing so the Big Cause would be bettered.

But I did not find one man in authority—one man of intelligence who thought Chautauquas should be given up. On the contrary, every one with whom I talked urged that they be maintained. It is a notable list of men who think that they should be continued, a list headed by the president of the United States.

Charles F. Horner.

For Road Superintendent.

W. A. Manning announces his candidacy for the office of county road superintendent. Mr. Manning asks the Courier to say that his platform will be to fill all promises made to the people or resign. His special purpose will be to cooperate with all county road overseers in the distribution of road hands in such a way that all hands will not be called out at once. He believes that the public roads can be better maintained by calling out a few hands at a time than by calling out all hands at once and perhaps at a time when they are not so badly needed as at some other time. His idea is to distribute the work of the road hands throughout the year. He will gladly explain his plan to the people whenever the occasion presents itself and he invites questions as to his plans and purposes. Mr. Manning is a Houston county boy, born and reared on a farm and believes in hard work, whether on the farm, in the factory or store or in public office. Therefore he is not looking for an easy place, but he hopes to be of service to the people. He will appreciate your support now and your vote on primary election day.

CAN WITHSTAND DRIVE UNAIDED

Americans Not to Be Used Until Forces Are Fully Organized.

Ottawa, May 12.—So confident is the entente of its ability to withstand any drive the Germans can launch, that it has been decided not to use the American army until it becomes a complete and powerful force, according to a cable summary of operations on the western front received here Sunday night from the war committee of the British cabinet.

"The position now is," said the summary, "that the Germans, determined to concentrate every available unit on one enormous offensive, are draining their country dry to force a decision before it is too late, while the entente are so confident that if they were given the choice of a small immediate American army for defense or waiting till they are reinforced by a complete, powerful, self-supporting American army, they have chosen the latter."

"To the sledge-hammer uses of masses of men by the entente the allies are opposing the strategy of meeting the blow with the smallest force capable of standing up to the shock, while keeping the strongest reserve possible. Troops in the wings are permitted to give ground within limits whenever the enemy has been made to pay a greater price than the ground is worth, the whole aim being to reduce the enemy to such a state of exhaustion that our reserve, at the right moment, can restore the situation."

"In the present operation the British has withstood many times its own weight of enemy masses. It has retired slowly, exacting the fullest price. Meanwhile Foch holds the bulk of the French in reserve, sending units only to points hard pressed. This strategy has justified itself in that in three weeks it has seen the enemy brought to a standstill without a single objective being fulfilled and with losses so immense that his reserve is in danger of proving inadequate to his policy."

"The German commander, seeing how nearly he is delivering himself to the allied reserve, has been compelled to accept temporary failure and call a halt. His position is tactically exposed in two dangerous salients on waterlogged ground."

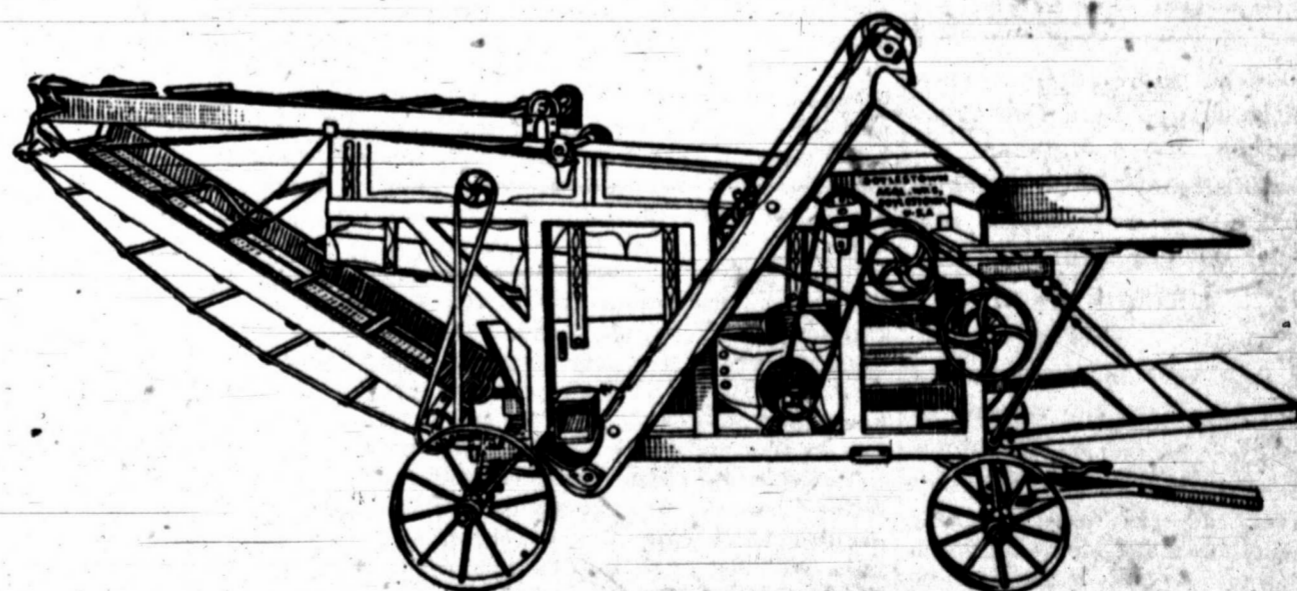
Caprielian Brothers.

It's a new business for us we are going to operate, located on the public square, in the Page building formerly occupied by W. A. Manning & Company.

As a new starter, of course we have to study the real and exact needs of the community, and we are sure we will be able in a short time to meet these needs and be able to give our patrons the comforts enjoyed by city consumers.

We have a strong determination to succeed in our new enterprise, and will devote all our energy to that end. This itself will be your assurance of getting the best service with quality and prices.

Caprielian Brothers.



Cason, Monk & Company
Nacogdoches, Texas

Factory Distributors of Peanut Pickers, Peanut Threshers, Oil and Gas Engines, Hay Presses, Mowers, Rakes, Cane Mills, Etc. Write for Catalogue, prices and terms.

Destroy All Insects That Invade Your House

At this season all forms of insects spring into being and will prove a menace to your health and comfort if permitted to remain in your home.

We have just what is needed in your fight against

Flies, Mosquitos, Ants, Moths, Roaches, Fleas, Bed Bugs, Water Bugs, Etc.

While you are doing your spring house-cleaning, use Insecticides and Germicides freely.

Phone 47 or 140—We Deliver.

BISHOP DRUG COMPANY
"PROMPT SERVICE STORE"

Local News Items

Twine for potato bags at Jas. S. Shivers'. tf.

Amber cane seed \$4.50 bushel at Jas. S. Shivers'. tf.

A complete and up-to-date abstract. tf. Aldrich & Crook.

Miss Bettie Hall of Corsicana is visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Hall.

Miss Gladys Walling of Oklahoma is visiting Mrs. George McLean.

Leroy Moore has some livestock for sale or trade. See him for particulars. It.

Mrs. J. H. Smith and children and Miss Wilma Shivers are visiting in Tyler.

Leave your kodak films with us to be developed. tf. The Rexall Store.

Dick Harkins of Camp Bowie was visiting here and at Kennard this and last week.

For Sale—Good Jersey cow with young calf. tf. A. A. Aldrich.

Mrs. Nugent Beazley of Port Sullivan is visiting relatives and friends in this city.

We develop your kodak films and prints. Satisfaction guaranteed. tf. The Rexall Store.

Money to lend on farms. Terms reasonable; money quick. See J. S. French, Crockett, Texas. tf.

Mrs. J. S. Arrington and Mrs. James Porter left last Thursday to visit relatives in San Antonio.

Miss Corinne Patterson, who has been teaching at Augusta, has returned to her home here.

Sam H. Kyle of Bisbee, Arizona, is spending the week with friends and relatives in Crockett and Augusta.

Amber cane seed \$4.50 bushel at Jas. S. Shivers'. tf.

For genuine Ford service, see or phone Towery Motor Co., authorized Ford Sales and Service. tf.

W. V. Berry, I. A. Daniel and J. M. Lockey attended the ginners' convention in Dallas last week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Cook and John Cook visited Sergeant Loch Cook at Fort Sam Houston last week.

Dr. P. W. Horn of Houston will deliver an address at the First Methodist church Sunday night.

For genuine Ford service, see or phone Towery Motor Co., authorized Ford Sales and Service. tf.

Miss Otice McConnell has returned from Port Arthur, having closed for the season her class in expression.

Mrs. M. A. Thomas, Miss Sue Smith and Milton Thomas were recent visitors to Austin and San Antonio.

We have received another car of Studebaker Wagons and Buggies this week. tf. Jas. S. Shivers.

Hon. Tom Ball of Houston delivered a patriotic address to a large audience at the Methodist church Sunday night.

Amber cane seed \$4.50 bushel at Jas. S. Shivers'. tf.

Mrs. M. M. Stuart, Mrs. Dudley Nelson and Oscar Goolsbee arrived by automobile from Oklahoma City Sunday and will remain for a brief visit.

Lee Irvin Shaw of Camp Travis was called to Ratcliff this week by the death of a relative. He is a member of the 343 Regiment of Field Artillery.

For Sale.
Stock peas (Whippoorwill) in any quantity at \$3.00 per bushel f. o. b. Grapeland.
J. W. Howard,
3t. Grapeland, Texas.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. McLemore have moved from Kennard to Crockett. Mrs. McLemore has been elected as one of the teachers for the next term of the Crockett city schools.

Canning
will be popular this year of thrift. The question will be getting the cans. We have a few left. Come early if you are thrifty. tf.
Smith-Murchison Hdw. Co.

Amber cane seed \$4.50 bushel at Jas. S. Shivers'. tf.

For genuine Ford service, see or phone Towery Motor Co., authorized Ford Sales and Service. tf.

For Sale.

One pair good horses, wagon and harness. Will work anywhere. Cash or part cash, balance this fall. tf. Edmiston Bros.

Notice.

One brown mare mule, 6 years old, 14 hands high, not branded, lost. Finder will be paid \$5.00 reward for delivering to Jas. S. Shivers or J. A. Terry. tf.

For Sale.

Stock peas (Whippoorwill) in any quantity at \$3.00 per bushel f. o. b. Grapeland.

J. W. Howard,
3t. Grapeland, Texas.

For Sale.

My property consisting of two houses and one acre of land one block from the public square. Will sell one or both. 2t. John D. Friend.

Mrs. James M. Tenney of Fort Smith, Ark., is in Crockett on a visit to her brother-in-law, Rev. S. F. Tenney, and to attend the celebration of the fiftieth anniversary of Mr. Tenney's marriage.

Watch and Wait

for G. Ward Shelfer, who comes to our drug store regularly, to have your eyes examined and glasses fitted. He will be with us again in a few days. Beware of incompetent, unworthy peddlers, and phone us for his next date and appointment. Bishop Drug Co., Crockett, Texas. tf.

Money to Loan

We buy vendor lien notes—Loan Money on long time. Have been doing it for fourteen years with Houston county farmers. We can refer you to a host of farmers we have helped and they now own their farms clear. See us before placing a loan with anybody.

The Firm that Gives Personal Service to Farmers.

WARFIELD BROTHERS

Office North Side Public Square.

CROCKETT, TEXAS.

Phosphate.

For those who need more phosphate, we have a small car unloaded. So get yours while it lasts.

Houston County Oil Mill & Manufacturing Co. 2t.

Lots of Rain.

Means lots of hay. Why buy hay when you can cut grass and save the expense? We have field mowers and rakes. Come to see us. tf. Smith-Murchison Hdw. Co.

Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Flatt are away on a trip to Hot Springs, Ark., for health. They lately came from Fort Worth and have become citizens of Crockett, Mr. Flatt having bought the Goodwin farm in the Wesley Chapel neighborhood.

Flies Are Filthy.

Protect yourself early against them. We have screen wire in 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 38 and 40 inches wide, and lots of screen doors, all sizes. Come in and let's figure your requirements. tf. Smith-Murchison Hdw. Co.

Those squeaks in your car are expensive. Squeaks in the working parts of your car mean wear on those parts. Your car should be as quiet as your neighbor's car. His car was as squeaky as yours and the Day & Night Garage "took 'em out." Ask him.

The name of Mrs. A. J. McLemore was omitted by error from the list of teachers for the Crockett city schools as published in the Courier last week. Mrs. McLemore was elected some time ago and therefore was not among those recently elected.

Fine Oats.

Sorghum, peas—that is what these rains are doing for us. That means the farmer has a chance to make his hay. We have field mowers and rakes, and when the sun does shine make hay and buy your mowers of us. tf. Smith-Murchison Hdw. Co.

Red Cross Entertainment.

At the home of Mr. and Mrs. Karl Porter, nine miles west of town, will be given an ice cream supper on Saturday, May 18, hours 4 to 11, Red Cross benefit. Tables and dominoes will be provided for those who care to play 42. You are invited.

Confederate Veterans.

The chapter of the Confederate Daughters will entertain the old Confederate soldiers of Crockett Camp and their wives, and to include Col. D. A. Nunn's company of old soldiers, at Crockett on Wednesday, June 5, 1918. Let all come. E. Winfree, Commander.

The Greatest Mother in the World

☞ Stretching forth her hands to all in need; to Jew or Gentile, black or white; knowing no favorite, yet favoring all.

☞ Ready and eager to comfort at a time when comfort is most needed. Helping the little home that's crushed beneath an iron hand, by showing mercy in a healthy, human way; re-building it, in fact, with stone on stone; replenishing empty bins and empty cupboards; bringing warmth to hearts and hearths too long neglected.

☞ Seeing all things with a mother's seventh sense that's blind to jealousy and meanness; seeing men in their true light as naughty children—snatching, biting, bitter—but with a hidden side that's quickest touched by mercy.

☞ Reaching out her hands across the sea to No Man's Land to cheer with warmer comforts thousands who must stand and wait in stench and crawling holes and water-soaked entrenchments where cold and wet bite deeper, so they write, than Boche steel or lead.

☞ She's warming thousands, feeding thousands, healing thousands from her store; the Greatest Mother in the World—the Red Cross.

☞ Your help is needed—give till the heart says stop.

Contributed to the Red Cross by
Arthur E. Owens.

CAMPAIGN WILL BE OPERATED ON SCIENTIFIC BASIS

Port Arthur, Texas, May 4.—The announcement that the coming Red Cross campaign would be operated as nearly as possible on a scientific basis by having a census taken in each district and the income of every individual in the district looked up and an estimate made upon what he or she should contribute in this campaign, has already begun to have effect. Since this announcement was made a number of people have gone voluntarily to the Red Cross headquarters and donated. The campaign is not to be launched until Sunday, May 19.

In explanation of this method of handling the campaign, Rev. William I. Caughran, the campaign manager, says:

"In ordinary times we resent a person inquiring into our business, and it is right that we should resent such, but at a time like this the real patriot will be glad to give any reason that seems to him sufficient as to why he is not carrying or can not carry his end of the load.

"In Red Cross, Y. M. C. A. and liberty bond campaigns more slackers are revealed than by any other test.

"Since this campaign was started many people have asked the question as to why such matters as this are handled by private subscription rather than by taxation. It is true that if the government depended upon the collection of taxes by a free will offering that it would probably go broke, but on the other hand the government does not want to carry the war on entirely by taxation. If you are merely taxed for the war it is not so much your war as if you of your own free will bought liberty bonds and supported the Red Cross to help finance the struggle and make it a success.

"On the other hand the administration of relief to suffering must be carried on by an organization that is not ham-

pered by the governmental red tape. The Red Cross is one of the most effective organizations in the world. If something must be done the Red Cross does it immediately and there is no long list of warrants to be approved and long waits for money.

"The fact that the Red Cross can act quick and effectively does not mean it is an expensive organization to operate. On the other hand every dollar that you put into the Red Cross means that you are giving about \$1.50 worth of your service. In the first place the Red Cross keeps funds that are not in actual operation on interest. Added to this 2 per cent is the tremendous amount of donated services. The campaign last year was for a hundred million, the same as this campaign will be. About \$36,000,000 of the total amount raised was spent for material which was worked up without cost by the millions of patriotic women of the country.

"In the entire Red Cross organization there is only 423 paid workers. Eighty-five of these workers draw less than \$600 a year; eighty-two of them less than \$1000 per year; eighty-six of them less than \$1500 per year and thirty-three of them less than \$2000 per year. The bulk of the work of the Red Cross is done by philanthropic individuals who absolutely donate their services. There is no organization on earth that makes a dollar go further than the Red Cross."

THRIFT AND WAR SAVINGS

Applicable Now to Aiding in the Work of the Red Cross.

The following essay, written by Sadie McCarter, 15 years old, received the first prize for the best essay on "Thrift and War Savings." Sadie McCarter is a student at Jones School House, whose teachers are Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Dominy, Tom Whittaker and Miss Vantrice Snell. The prize essay follows:

The time has come when our country is in great distress. A great monster is roaming the world, feasting upon the life and blood of humanity.

Everywhere we go we hear the

Chautauqua Begins May 20

The 1918 Brilliant and Patriotic Program at the Crockett Chautauqua Includes:

THE AMERICAN GIRLS

Patriotic music, instrumental and otherwise.

BROOKS FLETCHER

America's foremost dramatic orator.

THE MUSICAL GUARDSMEN

Another thrilling musical program.

LIEUTENANT SHARMAN

A soldier with a brilliant war record. The crowds come to their feet with loud cheering when Sharmen tells his stirring story.

MAUPIN'S BAND

FINE PEOPLE. EXCELLENT MUSIC. A WONDERFUL PROGRAM.

THE STERLING ARTISTS

A musical program of genuine merit.

V. S. WATKINS

America's favorite dramatic interpreter.

ROBERT L. FINCH

Just returned from France as a member of the American Red Cross Commission. An unusually effective speaker with a tremendously important message.

THE DE MARCO ENTERTAINERS

In a class by itself for popular entertainment and rousing music.

THE OLD HOME SINGERS

A quintet of sweet singers singing the songs you like to hear.

DR. FRANK LOVELAND

"The Soul of the German Empire." A thrilling patriotic lecture.

THE SCARLET CROSS

By Margaret Widdemer Of the Vigilantes.

What is it that you do today, who lift the Scarlet Cross? For all the withered world is down in ruin and in loss.

And all the world hears clashing sword, and hears no sound less plain— What can you do who lift the Cross, but heal to fight again?

We guard the women left alone, heartbroken for their dead, We save the children wandering where all save Fear has fled.

We raise again the broken towns swept down by shot and shell, We heal again the broken souls hopeless from learning Hell—

Oh, they who saw but Grief and Hate see now our red sign plain— We save the sad world's soul alive that War had nearly slain!

Bombardments Cannot Drive This Woman Back

She Thinks Coffee for Soldiers More Important Than Safety.

The following extracts are taken from a letter written by a Red Cross Canteen worker, Helen McElhone, an American woman and college graduate now located in a district almost constantly under bombardment:

"Foyer des Allies, Bar-le-Duc.

"Things look very black to me. I am discouraged at the big outlook of affairs and also at my small doings, but it may be the blackness that comes before dawn. Let us hope so. Our men certainly need help now as much as the poilus. I am beginning to see those who have been at the front. In fact, I am beginning to see some of the results of this life. They are sick and homesick, and worse things have happened to them. Several have said: 'All we ask is to get to the front and do what we have to do. Anything is better than this life.' This morning we had more Americans than I have seen before at one time. One came up to me here as I was

drawing coffee from a big marmite as fast as I could fill cups and, pointing to his pipe, said, 'Tobac, tobac.' I said, 'Do you want some tobacco?' He seemed stunned for a moment and then said: 'Do you know it nearly gave me a fit to hear you speak English. I haven't heard a woman speak English in five months.' He said he had been walking about in the cold since four o'clock last night. He couldn't find a hotel or a bright light because, of course, everything is closed and darkened on account of the bombardments. . . . The Americans are very fond of ham sandwiches. They eat much more than the French soldiers, and when they first came in and ordered six eggs apiece it caused consternation throughout the land. The funniest thing of all is to hear the Sammies grandly urging these wealthy English girls to 'keep the change—oh, keep the change!' . . . We start the day at five and work continuously until nine, when three fresh cantinieres relieve us. At five we go on for the evening shift from five to eight, and it is the most exciting and exhausting of the shifts. There is a certain time when they come down on us like a flood, eight or ten deep around the counter and three or four hundred altogether in this little room, as eager and tired as schoolboys."

The foregoing letter indicates that our soldiers look to the Red Cross Canteen as an oasis in a desert. They would not have it if it were not for your Red Cross.

horrible howling of this monster, trying to destroy our independence and our country.

Shall the hillsides be disfigured again with graves of our noble men to satisfy the high fashions of life?

Shall the stars and stripes be torn to pieces and changed to some dishonorable one? Shall our independence be destroyed as a haystack within the powers of a cannon ball?

What are we going to do? Are we to remain unthinking and see our fathers and brothers marched off empty handed to be slain as infants upon the battlefields of France? Their skulls to decorate the mountain tops?

Shall we let the ones who escape the cannon ball or the poisonous gas die of starvation? While we stay still and live on cakes and pies, dress in silks and satins? No, it is our duty to prevent such destructions.

As the trains roll on with American soldiers on board, the whistles echo as we hear them faintly in the distance, it seems to say, "Thrift and the victory is ours."

First, what does Thrift mean? And why should we buy Thrift Stamps? Because it is a way we can lend small savings to the government. Because every dollar helps to save the lives of our soldiers at the front, and to win the war as united people.

The great army thus formed is going forward to face the fire of battle and to risk everything for the safety and security of our homes, families, and for the existence of our country.

Now that our civilization and humanity cry faintly in battle it is our duty to give the pennies spent for things we can do without, and buy "Thrift Stamps." Instead of spending our money for fancy dressings and going in for display, we are going to buy thrift stamps and liberty

bonds.

A number of little children can not buy a liberty bond, but will gladly buy thrift stamps. It is a great thing to see a little child wearing badges showing their love for their country, and that they are doing their bit to help the government support the soldiers.

It is only our duty to be saving, save every penny and buy thrift stamps. Help protect and supply the necessities of the brave boys in bleeding France.

The money we spend for just one thrift stamp may go to the Red Cross and probably buy a bandage; maybe save the life of some poor soldier lying helpless upon the battlefield.

Thrift stamps will prevent the Stars and Stripes from being torn to pieces.

Thrift stamps will bring happiness to the many mothers who are grieving the loss of a noble son.

Thrift stamps will make the American army unconquerable. And when the victory is won, we hear the trumpets of freedom resounding over the world, and see our brave soldiers marching home again shouting, "It is all over, we won," then we can gladly meet them saying we bought thrift stamps and brought you back to live in peace. We can see the dear Stars and Stripes honorably wave, over the land of the free and the home of the brave.

Therefore, I say again, protect your countrymen and your country from being devoured by the enemy by obeying the words, Buy Thrift Stamps.

Sadie McCarter.

It is rumored that the three railroads entering Jacksonville will in the near future have a joint agent, located at the I. & G. N. depot, and that all trains, both freight and passenger, will

come into this station, this being done in the interest of economy in operation while the roads are in the hands of the government, during the war.

This rumor may not be absolutely correct, but it is a certainty that charges of this kind are being contemplated, and officials of the various roads have been here recently making an investigation as to its feasibility. It is not known who will be appointed joint agent in case the change is made, but the presumption is that it will fall to Jas. Valentine of the I. & G. N.

We understand that a similar change is contemplated at Rusk, where the business of the Cotton Belt, T. & N. O. and State Road is to be handled by one agent, and trains are to run through Rusk from Palestine to Gallatin, thereby eliminating one train crew.

Nothing definite is known yet, but we may expect to learn something in the near future.— Jacksonville Banner.

DR. SAM'L A. MILLER

Practice Limited to Diseases of

EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT

Office Over First National Bank Crockett, Texas

GLASSES SCIENTIFICALLY ADJUSTED FOR DEFECTIVE VISION

Make your spring drive to health by taking Admire Tonic Sarsaparilla.

An Excellent Tonic that prevents malaria, builds up the system, purifies the blood and restores health. A sure appetizer. Guaranteed. Price \$1.00

Eggs 50c Per Dozen

Chickens 25c Per Pound

These prices have been paid in the cities this winter, and yet some people will permit their poultry to die from roup and cholera.

Go to Crockett Drug Company's and get a can of Kreso Dip, disinfect your hen houses by mixing with water and apply with a spray pump. Kill the germs and stamp out the disease. This will also rid hens of lice, mites, fleas, etc. Keep them clean and insure perfect health.

CROCKETT DRUG COMPANY

THE HOUSE OF SERVICE

Local News Items

Lots of Rain.

Means lots of hay. Why buy hay when you can cut grass and save the expense? We have field mowers and rakes. Come to see us.

tf. Smith-Murchison Hdw. Co.

Captain E. C. Jensen from Deming, N. M., a member of the Minnesota National Guard in training there, has taken advantage of a brief furlough to visit his brother, M. P. Jensen, in this city. Captain Jensen arrived Friday.

Flies Are Filthy.

Protect yourself early against them. We have screen wire in 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 38 and 40 inches wide, and lots of screen doors, all sizes. Come in and let's figure your requirements.

tf. Smith-Murchison Hdw. Co.

Fine Oats.

Sorghum, peas—that is what these rains are doing for us. That means the farmer has a chance to make his hay. We have field mowers and rakes, and when the sun does shine make hay and buy your mowers of us.

tf. Smith-Murchison Hdw. Co.

Mr. W. V. Meek was married on May 2 to Miss Martha Sharp of Latexo. Mr. and Mrs. Meek have just returned from a bridal trip to Louisiana. They will make their home on the San Antonio road, ten miles west of Crockett, where Mr. Meek has been living.

Those squeaks in your car are expensive. Squeaks in the working parts of your car mean wear on those parts. Your car should be as quiet as your neighbor's car. His car was as squeaky as yours and the Day & Night Garage "took 'em out." Ask him.

Mrs. Ned Alterman and little daughter, who were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. N. L. Asher the entire month of April, have returned to their home in San Antonio. Mrs. Alterman made many friends during her visit in Crockett, and several entertainments were given in her honor.

Lost Steer.

A brindle steer, two years old, last seen eight miles east of Crockett, on the Kennard road. Branded 77 on left side and a diamond shaped brand on left shoulder. Will pay reward for return of same.

Jim Merriwether, Kennard, Texas.

Patriotic Rally.

The patriotic rally scheduled for last Sunday night at the Methodist church was postponed until next Sunday night at 8:45 o'clock. Col. Tom Ball of Houston will be the special speaker. Special music will be provided by the choir, and the presence of the public is urged.

Day and Night Garage.

You get high-class work at the Day & Night Garage. No matter what kind of car you have, we are prepared to serve you. You can get good gas and oils, batteries charged or anything that you want. We also give you genuine Ford service, using only genuine Ford parts.

Watch and Wait

for G. Ward Shelfer, who comes to our drug store regularly, to have your eyes examined and glasses fitted. He will be with us again in a few days. Beware of incompetent, unworthy peddlers, and phone us for his next date and appointment.

Bishop Drug Co., Crockett, Texas.

Reception Announced.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Presbyterian church has announced a reception to be held at the residence of Judge A. A. Aldrich on Tuesday evening, May 14, from 7 to 11 o'clock, to celebrate the fiftieth anniversary of their marriage of their pastor, Rev. S. F. Tenney, to which the friends of Mr. and Mrs. Tenney are invited. The honorees are announced in the lower corners of the invitations as Samuel Fisher Tenney and Sarah Carter Mills.

Class Reception.

The mothers of the senior class of the Crockett High School gave a reception at the home of Dr. and Mrs. E. B. Stokes Friday afternoon from 4 to 6 o'clock. Members of the senior class constituted the receiving line, in which seventeen stood to receive the felicitations of relatives and friends at the time of graduation. The house decorations were in the class colors of gold and white. Refreshments were served by the junior class of the Crockett High School. This was only another one of the several enjoyable affairs that have been given for the Crockett High School graduating class.

Commencement Exercises.

The forty-seventh annual commencement of the Crockett High School was held at the First Baptist Church of this city Tuesday evening. The invocation was by Rev. L. L. Sams, followed by a class chorus, Hungarian Rhapsody by Miss Louine McLarty and another class chorus. Kipling's Recessional was read by Miss Hannah Younas, followed by "Old Glory" as a class chorus. "Felice" by Lieurance was sung by Miss Delha Mildred Wootters and Chopin's Valse in C Minor played by Miss Hattie Stokes. The address and presentation of diplomas was by Rev. L. L. Sams and the exercise closed with the class chorus of Mrs. H. B. Edmiston. Mrs. A. M. Decuir had charge of the pipe organ and Mrs. J. D. Woodson of the piano. The audience, which taxed the capacity of the church, was seated by the girls of the junior class.

Junior-Senior Party.

A most novel entertainment was given by the Juniors of Crockett High in honor of the Seniors at the home of Frank Wootters on Thursday night. The guests had all assembled by nine o'clock, and the general merriment was started by the Juniors singing a song entitled "Good-bye, Seniors; Hello, Sophs!" This was thoroughly enjoyed, and after the encoring had subsided, the programme was continued. A charade was given by Wilma Shivers and Hilda Burton, bringing out the characteristics of the different members in the Senior class. This was cleverly carried out and every one was given a card, to see if they were smart enough to recognize each of their class-

DO YOUR TRADING WITH US AND BUY WAR SAVINGS STAMPS WITH THE DIFFERENCE

WE QUOTE HERE A FEW SPECIALS WHICH WILL HOLD GOOD UNTIL WE CHANGE OUR MIND.

35-Pound sack White Liberty Pearl Meal.....\$1.85
10 Pounds Extra Blue Rose Rice.....\$1.00
Pure Ribbon Cane Syrup, per gallon.....\$.95
Peanut Oil in bulk or can, per gallon.....\$1.90
5 Pounds best grade Green Coffee for.....\$1.00
Maxwell House Coffee, \$1.00 seller.....\$.95
Gold Plume Coffee, \$1.00 seller.....\$.95
5 Pounds best roasted Peaberry Coffee.....\$1.00

When you are in need of Fruit Jars let us quote you prices.

Don't fail to see our line of Horse and Mule Fixtures.

We are gradually adding a line of Hardware it will be to your advantage to inspect before buying.

Arnold Brothers

AUTO DELIVERY

TELEPHONE 270

mates. As each boy or girl was represented in the charade, one might hear a great peal of laughter, for it was indeed enjoyable as well as comical. The saying of Robert Burns which is, "O wad some power the giftie gie us to see ourselves as others see us!" will have to be discarded, for in a charade we all see ourselves as others see us.

The Seniors couldn't let the Juniors outwit them, so as long as the Juniors had just as many interesting characteristics as the seniors, Mattye Dell Barnhill and Hattie Stokes volunteered to charade some of the Juniors. Every one knows them so well that no one had trouble in guessing the characters portrayed.

The next surprise was the reading of a class prophecy by Marion Foster. This paper was skillfully prepared, and the future of some boys and girls was not only comical, but ridiculous. This was the most fun of all to hear how some of the class had studied to be great physicians when in school days they could not sharpen a pencil without cutting a finger. After we had all been brought back to our present standing after such a glorious prediction of a future, a class poem was read by Lucia Painter. This poem represented the ambitions as well as the past of some senior and junior

boys and girls.

The home was most beautifully decorated in senior colors of "gold and white." The dining room was the most interesting place, for nestled among gold and white crepe paper and flowers was a big cake iced in gold and decorated with dainty white rosebuds.

Uncle Sam was not forgotten in the merriment of the evening. After a patriotic speech made by Frank Wootters, the seniors were presented with thrift stamps as souvenirs. I am sure the seniors appreciated the implied compliment bestowed upon them by the juniors giving the affair this marked touch of patriotism. Hattie Stokes made a speech in behalf of the seniors, thanking the juniors for the lovely intertainment. After this a yell was given to Uncle Sam which was, "When you're up, you're up; when you're down, you're down; when you're up against Uncle Sam, you're up-side down."

It was a long time before any one recognized that it would soon be Friday morning, but the party disbanded declaring that they had never spent such a pleasant evening. Before saying "Goodnight," one might have heard the familiar tune of "America" being sung by Uncle Sam's loyal future citizens.

A Guest.

Moved to Our New Home

We wish to inform the general public that we have moved our Racket Store to the Bromberg Building, next to Arnold Brothers, where we will be better prepared to handle your every need in anything in our line.

We now have on hand one of the largest stocks of Racket Store Goods ever assembled in this section of the state, and will appreciate a call from every man, woman and child in the county.

Come to see us, and when in need of Racket Store Goods, buy from us.

The Racket Store

John R. Harris, Manager.

Motor Accidents!

A large per cent of auto accidents are really MOTOR accidents.

Your motor is the heart of your car. When it goes bad there's something doing.

INSURE YOUR MOTOR

by bringing it to us for a thorough overhauling. We can put it in first class condition.

We are now prepared to take care of your battery. Bring it to us for recharging.

Crockett Motor Company

W. E. Robinson.

Graduation time is past. Mosquito time will soon be with us—**Rexall** Mosquito Skoot skoots them away.

THE REXALL STORE

BAKER & CASTLEBERG, Proprietors.

The Crockett Courier

Issued weekly from Courier Building

W. W. AIKEN, Editor and Proprietor

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

The Courier is authorized to make the following announcements for office, which announcements are subject to the action of the democratic primary to be held in July:

For Representative

E. WINFREE
J. D. SALLAS

For County Judge

NAT PATTON
S. A. DENNY

For County Attorney

EARLE PORTER ADAMS

For District Clerk

V. B. (Barker) TUNSTALL
JOHN D. MORGAN

For County Clerk

ARTHUR E. OWENS
ALBERT S. MOORE

For Sheriff

P. T. (Preston) LIVELY
E. B. (Bud) HALE
R. J. (Bob) SPENCE

For Tax Assessor

WILL McLEAN
JOHN H. ELLIS

For Tax Collector

C. W. BUTLER Jr.

For County Treasurer

MIKE McCARTY
WILLIE ROBISON
NEY SHERIDAN

For Co. Supt. of Schools

J. N. SNELL

For Road Superintendent

G. R. (Ross) MURCHISON
F. H. BAYNE
WILL CARSON

For Commissioner, Prec. No. 1

J. S. (Sam) LONG
W. J. BRANCH
C. C. MORTIMER

For Commissioner, Prec. No. 3

AARON SPEER

For Commissioner, Prec. No. 4

J. A. (Ab) BEATHARD
O. T. RATCLIFF

For Justice Peace, Prec. No. 1

C. R. STEPHENSON
J. D. (Jeff) SEXTON

For Justice Peace, Prec. No. 4

CAL BARBEE

For Constable, Precinct No. 1

J. H. (Jim) PATTON
C. R. McPHAIL
O. W. ELLISOR

THE LIBERTY LOAN AND THE NEWSPAPERS.

The relation of the newspapers of the country to the Liberty Loan and other governmental efforts is expressed in the telegram of Secretary McAdoo to the editors assembled in New York last week in attendance on the meeting of the American Newspaper Publishers' Association.

"Will you be good enough to express to the members of the American Newspaper Publishers' Association, now in session, my sincere and warm appreciation of the great service they have rendered to their country by their consistent, unselfish, and patient support of the successive Liberty Loans, which have been offered by the treasury department.

These loans could not have

succeeded without the support of the newspapers, and it gives me great pleasure to make this acknowledgment. An enlightened public opinion is the chief asset of a democracy. By keeping the people of America informed on public events and transmitting word of the financial and other needs of the government, the American newspapers have performed a public and incalculable service to the Nation. I know that the service will be continued and that the newspapers will do their full share in assisting America to win this war for democracy and justice."

There was never such a demand on the newspapers for free space as now. Propaganda of all sorts, much of it of questionable origin, is asking free entrance to the columns of every newspaper. It is time the newspapers were formulating some rules and regulations for their own government and protection in these matters. The whole world, as never before, is realizing the value of newspaper publicity.

BANDS AND MONEY.

Being as the editor of this sheet learned to toot a horn in his younger days, which great accomplishment the majority of the people of this city know we possess, we are frequently asked, "Why hasn't Groveton a brass band?" The average business man thinks if a fellow toots a horn he should be willing and anxious to play in a band—and the majority of country musicians are. And we can see no reason why a musician should not play—that's what he learned music for, but there is another way of looking at the brass band proposition in a country town. Country musicians, so-called, have to depend on their skill as section hands, printers, painters, ability as business men, etc., for a living, all of which consumes a considerable portion of their time. To be able to play an instrument in a band a musician must first have an instrument. Instruments cost money and come c. o. d. when you buy them. If the members of a town band expect to remain citizens of the town they must not play from memory, as some of them are equipped with a very poor memory. They must have music. Music also costs money. Rehearsing is absolutely necessary, and can not take place during rainy or exceedingly hot weather unless there is some protection from the elements. The landlord of a hide house, barn or other suitable room for band rehearsals would be unwilling to turn his building over for this purpose free gratis for nothing. Should a town band appear for the purpose of welcoming some worthy and distinguished gentleman within its gates, dressed in overalls, high-water breeches, brogan shoes, shirts of every color of the rainbow (the band boys—not the extinguished gentleman), the gentleman would be in doubt as to whether the town really meant to extend him the glad hand or hurrah him. To make

this point clear to the visitor and give a band "style" it should by all means have uniforms for its members. The tailors who manufacture uniforms, contrary as it may seem to some of us, make a charge for every uniform they send out. No small town would think of paying a band for music for patriotic meetings and other occasions where only a few hymns are needed, but for a band to play an engagement, no matter how short or long, it is necessary that it be equipped. If the band men buy their instruments, put in years to learn to play, which time is absolutely a dead loss, rehearse together until their music can be tolerated, thy figure that the town or community that wants a band will bear the expense of equipping and maintaining it.—Groveton News.

Resolutions of Sympathy.

Whereas, it has pleased our Heavenly Father to take to Himself our beloved sister, Fannie Kennedy, and

Whereas, she had long been a member of this society, and

Whereas, she was known for her humble Christian character, her unselfish devotion to duty, and her purity of life, delighting always in the service of the Lord. Therefore

Be it Resolved, That we hereby express our deep sense of loss, and our sympathy with her family.

That a copy of this preamble and resolution be spread upon the minutes of our auxiliary.

Mrs. I. J. Young, Pres.

Mrs. T. L. Fullbright,

Mrs. J. O. Monday,

Mrs. R. J. McMurrey,

Committee.

Sheriff's Sale.

The State of Texas, County of Houston.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a certain order of sale issued out of the Honorable District Court of Houston County, on the 7th day of May, 1918, by John D. Morgan, Clerk of said District Court, for the sum of Eight Hundred, Sixty-eight and 26-100 Dollars, and costs of suit, under a final judgment, in favor of Mrs. T. J. Arendale, widow, Mrs. Maud Binford, joined by her husband T. A. Binford, Mrs. Minnie Ray, joined by her husband Chas. Ray, J. M. Arendale and Mrs. Kate Hinkle, joined by her husband R. W. Hinkle, in a certain cause in said Court, No. 5730, and styled Mrs. T. J. Arendale et al vs. Sherman Hyatt, placed in my hands for service, I, R. J. Spence, Sheriff of Houston County, Texas, did on the 7th day of May, 1918, levy on certain real estate situated in Houston County, Texas, described as follows, to-wit: 100 acres of land, more or less, about 12 miles West of Lovelady, being a part of the Ignacio Lopez League and bounded and described by field notes as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at the S. E. corner of said league. Thence north with the east boundary line of said league 750 varas to corner. Thence west 750 varas. Thence south 750 varas to corner on south boundary line of said league. Thence east with said boundary line 750 varas to the beginning, and which land is most generally known as the Sherman Hyatt tract, and levied upon as the property of defendant, Sherman Hyatt, and that on the first Tuesday in June A. D. 1918, the same being the 4th day of said month, at the court house door of Houston county, in the city of Crockett, Texas, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m., by virtue of said levy and said order of sale, I will sell above described real estate at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, as the property of said Sherman Hyatt.

And in compliance with law, I give this notice by publication, in the English language, once a week for three consecutive weeks immediately preceding said day of sale, in the Crockett Courier, a newspaper published in Houston county.

Witness my hand, this 7th day of May, A. D. 1918.

R. J. Spence,
Sheriff, Houston County, Texas.
By W. A. Hooper, Deputy. 3t.

We Sell THRIFT STAMPS

Kent & Trube

Dealers in

STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES.

—Phone 155—

Let Us Fill Your Next Order.

WE DELIVER

PRICES RIGHT

Sheriff's Sale.

The State of Texas, County of Houston.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a certain order of sale issued out of the Honorable District Court of Houston County, on the 6th day of May, 1918, by John D. Morgan, Clerk of said Court, for the sum of Two Hundred Sixty-two and 30-100 Dollars and costs of suit, under a certain judgment, in favor of A. C. Collins et al., in a certain cause in said Court, No. 5695, and styled A. C. Collins et al vs. Iley Wyatt et al., and placed in my hands for service, I, R. J. Spence, as Sheriff of Houston County, Texas, did, on the 6th day of May, 1918, levy on certain real estate, situated in Houston county, Texas, described as follows, to-wit: All that certain tract of land lying in Houston County, Texas, about 12 miles S. E. of Crockett, the same being defendant Iley Wyatt's one-fourth undivided interest in and to one hundred acres of land out of a 640 acre survey patented to Elizabeth Marion, known as survey No. 711, Patent No. 73, Vol. 3, Class 3, by virtue of her headright certificate. Beginning at the N. E. corner of said E. Marion 640 acre survey, which is described in said patent, a stake from which a dogwood brs. S. 25, W. 2 2-10 vrs, a sassafras brs. S. 70 E. 8-10 vrs. Hence south, the east line of said 640 acre survey at 1194 vrs., which is also the N. E. corner of 140 acres sold to Thomas H. Nelms, a stake from which a hickory 12 in dia brs S. 76, E. 8 vrs, a P. O. 12 in dia brs N 77-5 vrs. Thence west 472 5-10 vrs, stake from which an elm 12 in dia brs

N. 53, E. 4 vrs, a pin oak 16 in dia brs S. 26, W. 3 vrs. Thence north 1194 vrs to stake on N. B. line of said 640 acre survey, which is also the N. E. corner of 167 acres sold to Thomas H. Nelms, from which a hickory 7 in dia brs N. 85, E. 2 vrs. Thence east on said N. B. line 472 5-10 vrs to the place of beginning, containing 100 acres of land and levied upon as the property of Iley Wyatt, and that on the first Tuesday in June, 1918, the same being the 4th day of said month, at the Court House door of Houston County, in the town of Crockett, Texas, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m., by virtue of said levy and said order of sale, I will sell said above described real estate at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, as the property of said Iley Wyatt.

And in compliance with law, I give this notice by publication, in the English language, once a week for three consecutive weeks immediately preceding said day of sale, in the Crockett Courier, a newspaper published in Houston county.

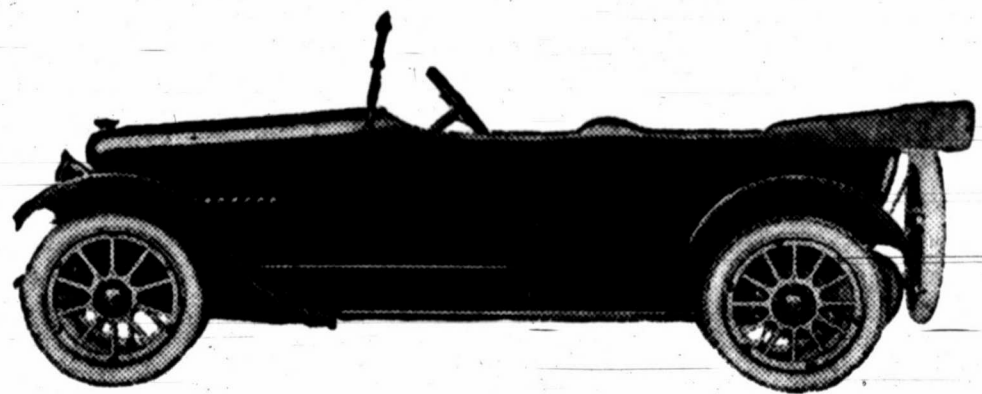
Witness my hand, this 7th day of May, 1918.

R. J. Spence,
Sheriff Houston County, Texas.
By W. A. Hooper, Deputy. 3t

WATCH HOSPITAL

All sick watches treated by the latest scientific methods. All dead watches and clocks not mortified can be resurrected. A trained nurse to help the specialist.

C. T. JONES, Crockett, Texas
At the Rexall Store



How Much Gasoline Do You Use?

Ask any ELGIN owner what his mileage on gas or oil is. You will be surprised. Also ask them if they lack service.

J. S. Arrington & Company

Elgin Dealers.

WALTER CONNALLY & COMPANY

TYLER, TEXAS

Want to Sell You Your Gin and Sawmill
Machinery and Machinery Supplies

Our Motto: "Quality First."

WE SELL THE CELEBRATED

Murray All-Steel Gin Machinery

You can largely eliminate repair bills by buying this outfit.

Write us to send our salesman to see you. You do not obligate yourself to buy unless we have the goods and the price.

If your machinery needs any repairing, send it to us. We have a first-class machine shop.

Engines and boilers always in stock.

TELEPHONE OR WRITE

WALTER CONNALLY & COMPANY

TYLER, TEXAS

AN AUTOMOBILE CLUB SUGGESTED

There has been some talk of organizing an automobile club in Crockett, with a view of making it county wide in its membership and influence. Several parties have spoken to the secretary of late suggesting that he take the matter up and see what can be done along this line. After giving the subject considerable thought, based largely upon conversations held with interested parties, and especially those who would naturally become active members of such a club in case it was brought into being, we think it time for serious consideration and present herewith a few suggestions that should have a bearing on the subject.

To begin with, let it be said that automobile clubs were quite numerous a few years ago. Almost every town the size of Crockett had one, and the membership being composed of the active, progressive element of the community, much good was accomplished, especially in the direction of promoting the good roads movement. These clubs in the north were given largely to social affairs, next to their work in the interest of better highways. Sociability tours were very popular, and all their activities tended to popularizing the automobile and naturally helped their general introduction. Government and state organizations in a few years took over the highway propaganda largely, and as the auto so rapidly came into general use the touring sociables and other features of the sort naturally went by the board, and it was only a comparatively short time until the practical necessity for the average automobile club was conceded to be over and they largely went out of business. We are speaking of the smaller cities and towns in the north and east.

Conditions Different in South.

As stated at the beginning, the mission of the automobile club is primarily to boost the good roads movement. As every auto owner immediately becomes possessed of a desire for better roads after making his first country tour, he naturally listens to any suggestions along the line of betterment and willingly contributes to the cause.

In the south we have only begun to improve our public highways; in fact, most of them have not been touched in connection with a systematic plan of permanent betterment. The automobile club has still an enormous field of activity in this respect, and from this standpoint

we feel that one in Crockett could be made to do effective work, but at the same time there are a few features of suggested methods of mobilizing this potential force that might be considered to advantage.

Danger of Too Many Civic Organizations.

Two many organizations in any community tend to inefficiency, as necessarily most of the members belong to all of them, and it is difficult and usually impossible to collect financial support sufficient to make them as effective as they should be. This experience has been so general that the tendency now is to have on organization so well financed and managed as to handle all public matters that are undertaken in the community.

This leads to the suggestion in the present case of adding the support of the automobile owners, who are already contributing members, to the Crockett Commercial Club, and thereby strengthen this organization so that it can do the work, already contemplated and partially done, more effectively and take on many other features, including the work of betterment of our highways.

While the Commercial Club during the past two years has done some things of value and we believe given fairly good satisfaction as a whole much more could have been done if the financial support had been greater. If it had been supplied with funds sufficient to have taken the initiative in measures of public concern that required some financing, a number of important projects that have from time to time been proposed would have been started on prosperous careers. Another detail of the utmost importance in any organization of this kind is to be able to handle the correspondence promptly and in a forceful manner. This cannot be done without the aid of a stenographer, as every successful man or firm that handles public affairs well knows. The Commercial Club has never had funds enough to afford help of this kind, consequently the most effective detail of the administration has been badly handicapped. Money has not been available to pay the travelling expenses of officers or committees to attend conventions of similar organizations and to take an active part in matters of public concern that required financing, and which oft-times would be conducive of much good to the club and the community it serves.

I think those who have had similar experience will agree with the opinion, often expressed, that the efficiency of any secretary's work can be more than

doubled with the aid of a stenographer. In this instance, since the club has taken on the burden of the National Farm Loan Association for Houston county, this applies with greater force, as the detail of this work is great in quantity, and most of it could be handled by such an assistant and the time of the secretary devoted to more important matters.

What Could Be Done.

Supposing that two hundred owners of autos that are not now members of the club could be induced to join on the basis of paying, say, dues of \$1.00 per month, just think what that would do in the way of increasing the scope and effectiveness of this organization! In addition to providing for the much needed clerical help, it would enable the club to take the initiative in such matters as completing the King's Highway or Old San Antonio Trail, the most important east and west highway through the state, and which has already been designated as a national and state highway to receive national aid when the local territory has done its part. The secretary could and would visit every important town on the route and organize associations to help create bond issues and do such other things as might be needed to complete the necessary work in each county from San Antonio to the eastern state line. A bridge across the Trinity river connecting Houston and Leon counties would be one of the first results of such an effort, properly organized and energetically pushed. This feature alone would be worth to Houston county many times the total expense of the club.

Industries that have been presented in these columns could be established if the club had funds to make a substantial start to instill confidence.

Hard Surfacing Our Public Highways.

As we all know, in the inexhaustible deposits of iron ore readily available, we have the finest kind of material for top dressing our highways and making them permanent and greatly reducing the cost of maintenance. All it needs is a little money to crush enough of this rock to treat a couple of miles to demonstrate the cost and its usefulness in order to take the steps necessary to bring about this most important feature of our road improvement work. To boil the subject down to brass tacks, it takes money to do anything worth while these days just the same as it always has done, and we think here are suggestions that are at least deserving of thoughtful consideration. This is a good time and a proper subject on which our citizens might express opinions to advantage.

H. A. Fisher, Secretary.

What President Wilson Said.

The following letter was received by the president of the International Lyceum and Chautauqua Association from President Wilson:

The White House,
Washington.

It has been on my mind for some time to thank your organization for the very real help it has given to America in the struggle that is concerned with every fundamental element of national life. Your speakers, going from community to community, meeting people in the friendly spirit engendered by years of intimate and understanding contact, have been effective messengers for the delivery and interpretation of democracy's meaning and imperative needs. The work that the Chautauqua is doing has not lost importance because of war, but rather has gained new opportunities for service.

Let me express the hope that you will let no discouragement weaken your activities, and that the people will not fail in the support of a patriotic institution that may be said to be an integral part of the national defense. Cordially and sincerely yours,
Woodrow Wilson.

A man's ideal woman is one kind of a pipe dream.

WRIGLEYS

Six reasons

WHY It's a good friend:

- 1 - Steadies nerves
- 2 - Allays thirst
- 3 - Aids appetite
- 4 - Helps digestion
- 5 - Keeps teeth clean
- 6 - It's economical

Keep the soldiers and sailors supplied!

Three Flavors



Chew it after every meal

The Flavor Lasts!

VOTE WITHOUT REGISTRATION

Clause in Suffrage Law Requiring Registration Outside of Large Cities Inoperative.

If Attorney General Looney stands pat on his construction of the suffrage law, women residing outside of cities of over 10,000 will get to vote in the July primary without registering.

The Attorney General's department has given out a construction of the law which holds that the provision of the act requiring women who reside outside of cities and towns of 10,000 population and over to register as a qualification to participate in the 1918 primaries is unconstitutional and void. This holding is predicated on section 35, article 3 of the constitution that requires the subject matter of a bill to be expressed in the title and that renders void any subject of a bill not expressed in the title. The title of this bill only mentions the purpose of the legislature to require registration of women who reside in cities of 10,000 and over. The body of the bill not only requires women who reside in such cities to register but also requires all women residing in other precincts to register as a quali-

fication to vote in the 1918 primaries. The opinion of the attorney general is, that this portion of the bill requiring women residing outside of such cities to register, not being mentioned in the caption, but really being contradictory of and inconsistent with the caption, the only women who are compelled to register under this new law are those residing in cities and towns of 10,000 population and over.—Conroe Courier.

Epigrammatic Wisdom.

No, Edgar, a man isn't necessarily a forger because he forges ahead.

It's love that makes a postman go around with a lot of silly letters.

It doesn't pay to bunco a woman whose only asset is a gift of gab.

Submarine Sunk by British Freighter.

An Atlantic Port, May 2.—A British freight steamer, fresh from the yards of her builders, celebrated her maiden Transatlantic voyage by running down and sinking a German U-boat off the Irish coast, her crew reported upon their arrival Thursday. The freighter was equipped with the latest anti-submarine devices which proved very effective.

The submarine came to the surface suddenly a short distance off the ship's bow and was caught by the British helmsman's quick work almost before the U-boat commander could puzzle out through the steamer's remarkable camouflage whether she was going or coming.

Try Courier advertisers.

Modern Plumbing

AND GUTTERING OF THE RIGHT KIND
TINWORK OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

All Work Guaranteed. Repair Work a Specialty. Telephone 120
Our Service is the Kind That Pleases

J. W. SMITH

The Crockett Courier

Issued weekly from Courier Building

W. W. AIKEN, Editor and Proprietor

PUBLISHER'S NOTICE.

Obituaries, resolutions, cards of thanks and other matter not "news" will be charged for at the rate of 5c per line.

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In case of errors or omissions in legal or other advertisements, the publishers do not hold themselves liable for damage further than the amount received by them for such advertisement.

Any erroneous reflection upon the character, standing or reputation of any person, firm or corporation which may appear in the columns of the Courier will be gladly corrected upon its being brought to the attention of the management.



This paper has enlisted with the government in the cause of America for the period of the war.....

THE ALLIED POLICY TOWARD RUSSIA.

Japan's new foreign minister announces, with an explicitness that is in marked contrast with the ambiguity which has usually characterized the pledges of that nation, that Japan will do nothing in the future with regard to Siberia that is not sanctioned by its allies. This means that there will be no intervention in Siberia so long as the president should be opposed to it. Such a statement marks the definite acceptance of the president's policy toward Russia. For Japan's former minister of foreign affairs favored intervention in Siberia, and he was backed by the assent, if not the encouragement, of both Great Britain and France, whereas the president expressed opposition to that course. This announcement comes at an opportune moment, for the news that is getting to us out of Russia indicates that a situation is developing which is well worth the while of the allies to cultivate. The ruthless course of Germany has evidently awakened the Russians to something like a full sense of the danger that German success would expose them to. They are beginning to see that the defeat of Germany is essential to the permanent success of the revolution, and the only element in Russia which does not wish for the permanent success of the revolution is apparently that small number who were bound by ties of self-interest to the Romanoff dynasty. How illusory the peace is that was made at Brest-Litovsk is shown by the fact that Russia still retains the German and Austrian prisoners, despite frequent demands that have been made for their return. To be sure, their continued stay in Russia seems to be due largely to their reluctance to leave, but if Russia, or rather the soviet government, were seriously concerned to maintain friendly relations with Germany, it could have complied with this demand long before now. It is evidently not disposed to comply with it, at least on the terms prescribed by Germany, which apparently wishes to exchange only those Russian prisoners whom it has starved into such feebleness that makes their presence an economic liability, for such of the German prisoners held in Russia as are free of both physical disease and that mental malady which manifests itself in sympathy for democratic government. Against both kinds of contagious Germany is solicitous to safeguard itself, and what it proposes is that Russia shall serve as a hospital for all prisoners, whether Russian, German or Austrian, who have become infected with either bodily disease or liberal ideas of government. The particular nature of Germany's demand betrays the fear it has of Russian democracy, and also its sense of the necessity of suppressing it as soon as its convenience will enable it to undertake the operation.

One need not conjure up any hope of Russia as a belligerent to find rea-

son for believing that the situation in that country presents to the allies an opportunity that it is worth their while to cultivate. It is decidedly a mistake to suppose that Russia is incapable either of helping or hurting Germany. It can do either to a degree which would be felt by the allies. Just now it is making trouble for Germany, notwithstanding its impulses have been restrained by the fear of Japanese invasion. Now that Japan has made an announcement which should quiet that fear, it is entirely possible that under its growing sense of the German menace Russian factions will be drawn together and present an opposition which will convert the Brest-Litovsk peace into a liability.

The wisdom of the president's attitude toward Russia is now so plain that it can hardly be denied by his most obdurate critics. It is to be regretted that our allies were not converted to it six months ago.—Galveston News.

PUTTING THE MAN POWER IN.

It seems to The Post that the administration program of an unlimited number of draft soldiers and a determination to win the war, even if it takes the whole man power of the nation to accomplish it, will be the most heartening step that it is possible for congress to authorize.

That will be an authoritative declaration to the whole world that there are no limitations upon America's participation in the war except those imposed by her numbers, wealth and natural resources.

When the hardpressed allies over the sea read that we are committed to the program of putting into the conflict every man that we can arm, equip and send across, they will know that they are sustained by a strength that is abundant and unflinching.

It will encourage and hearten them, and it will at the same time inform the enemy that there is rising against him a tide of fighting power for which there will be no ebbing.

It will be stronger in 1918 than in 1917, stronger next year than this, and if the war be prolonged it will be stronger ten years hence than nine years hence.

He can compute the possibilities to suit himself. He may estimate to his heart's content just how long his own shrinking legions can stand the grueling and wasting process of hurling themselves against a wall that never weakens, but ever grows stronger.

And best of all, this new program will be both enlightening and encouraging to the people of the United States.

It will teach them that the country is seriously at war, that it has the power to win, that it has the determination to win, and that it has the courage and patriotism to make the sacrifices necessary to victory.

It will serve notice to many that have been hesitating in one way or another that the government is going forward at top speed and that no halting will be tolerated.—Houston Post.

ONE HUNDRED AND FORTY-TWO YEARS AGO.

The American people fought their first battles for liberty and the rights of self-government one hundred and forty-two years ago.

At that time, and for many years thereafter, their realization of their national aspirations and of the goal toward which they were really striving was vague and indistinct. But step by step they struggled onward and upward toward a light which grew clearer as their eyes and minds slowly opened to its significance. Today, as a result of their struggles and their sacrifices, we possess and enjoy our priceless American institutions.

These institutions must be preserved. The structure so laboriously reared in these one hundred and forty-two years will be utterly destroyed if we do not spring to its defense with every atom of our energy and determination. This is not a situation which may be trifled with, or evaded, or put off. It is one which must be met now—today—no matter what sacrifices it may entail, or what the cost may be.

The dispatch from London, based on one from Rome, reporting that "Bohemian troops are joining the Italian troops against Austria, and that the first detachments are already on the Italian fighting line wearing the Italian uniform," is somewhat vague. There are passages

THE KAISER'S DREAM.

(By Sergeant Harry E. Weintraub, Company D, Eleventh Infantry, and Private Thomas Gormley.)

There's a story I'm told, though strange it may seem,
How the great Kaiser Bill had a wonderful dream;

He was dreaming of Allies as he lay in his bed,
When his dream switched about and he dreamed he was dead.

In an ivory coffin he was laying in state
And thousands were there, though none mourned his fate.
His soul busied about and he found to his cost
That all his soldiers were doomed to be lost.

He wouldn't believe it so to heaven went straight,
And arriving at the portals, knocked loud at the gate;
"Hey, Peter, get busy—quick—open the door!"

See who's here; it's the Kaiser—make everything roar!
Tell Gott I have come and we'll have a parade."

St. Peter looked out and in a voice loud and clear,
Said, "Try down below, you can't get in here."

"Tut, tut," said the Kaiser, "You're very uncivil,
You probably know I'm a friend of the Devil,

And I'm going with pleasure," so away he did go,
Whistling like hell, to make a big show.

When he came to the door he was filled with dismay,
For while waiting outside he heard Satan say:

"Look here, boys, take notice, I give you fair warning,
I'm expecting the Kaiser down here in the morning,

But don't let him in, for to me it is clear
He's after my job and we want no scabs here.

So give him the ha! ha! and kick him right out."

"Oh, Satan, dear friend," the Kaiser then cried,
"Excuse me for list'ning while waiting outside,
But please let me in, for where can I go?"

"Indeed," said the devil, "I'm darned if I know."

"Oh, please let me in for I'm feeling so cold,
And if you want money I've plenty of gold."

Let me sit in a corner, no matter how hot—

"No, no," said the devil, "most certainly not."

We don't allow folks here with riches and pelf.

Here's sulphur and matches, make a hell for yourself;
Don't skimp, use a plenty, there's more on the shelf.

For the sultan of Turkey and your friend, Franz Josef."

From his troubled sleep Bill awoke in a sweat,
And said, "That's a dream I shall never forget;

That I won't go to heaven I know very well,
But I never once thought I'd be kicked out of hell."

in it which suggest that these Bohemians are deserters from the Austrian armies, and others which suggest that they are, though still subjects of the Austrian emperor, Bohemians who have been residing in other countries. Though the significance of their presence in the Italian army is much more important if they are deserters from the Austrian armies, it is not without considerable significance even if they are Bohemian residents of other countries who are giving military service for the first time. In either case, the fact testifies impressively to the intensity of the spirit of revolt that is prevalent among the Czechs of the Austro-Hungarian Empire. It affords good reasons for doubting if Austria is capable of any military effort whatever, not only on the western front, but on the Italian front as well. An army made up so largely as that of Austria is of disaffected soldiers can not be a very formidable foe. Instead of fearing any offensive that may be launched with it, the allies have more reason to welcome it, since it is possible, not to say probable, that it would cause an internal explosion which would utterly destroy Austria as a belligerent force. The likelihood is that the political conditions within Austria are not less, but more critical than we have permitted ourselves to believe.—Galveston News.

Crockett Teachers Elected.

At a meeting of the board of trustees of the city school held Monday evening the following faculty was elected for the session of 1918-19: D. McDonald, superintendent; B. F. Thomas, principal; primary department, Misses Bunnie and Lee Arrington, Minnie Craddock and Julia Spence; high school, Misses Leita Lawrence, Lena Bromberg, A. B. Williford, Helen Phillips, Nell Beasley and Mrs. T. H. Archibald and Miss Grace Denny. The salaries were

Notice to Property Owners

The state law condemning up-ground toilets and cesspools on all property contiguous to sewer lines will be rigidly enforced within a short time.

Arrange for your sewerage connections now and save yourself trouble and annoyance.

THE CITY OF CROCKETT

PATRIOTIC NOTE OF METHODISTS

First Business of General Conference Was Resolution Praising President Wilson.

Atlanta, Ga., May 2.—Patriotic as well as religious fervor permeated the opening session here Thursday of the eighteenth quadrennial conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, which convened for sessions that are expected to last through three weeks.

Applause greeted the first mention of President Wilson's name by Bishop E. R. Hendrix, presiding officer, in his introductory remarks, which were followed by Bishop W. R. Lambuth with the prayer of invocation. Victory for American arms was asked by Bishop Lambuth.

All members of the college of Bishops were present when the conference was called to order except James H. McCoy of Birmingham, and Joseph S. Key of Sherman, Texas. Bishop McCoy was prevented from attending by a serious operation he underwent recently while Bishop Key's absence was due to the infirmities of old age.

The first business presented to the conference following the reading of the Episcopal address was a resolution by Rev. P. H. Lynn of Fayette, Mo., on behalf of the Missouri delegation, voicing indorsement of President Wilson. A substitute, more far-reaching in its scope was offered, however, by Dr. John O. Willson of Greenwood, S. C., and after brief discussion, it was decided to name a committee to prepare resolutions to be presented to the conference later.

J. L. HEARD, M. D.

General Practitioner

Office over Chamberlain's Drug Store.

CROCKETT, TEXAS.

Make your spring drive to health by taking Admirine Tonic Sarsaparilla.

An Excellent Tonic that prevents malaria, builds up the system, purifies the blood and restores health. A sure appetizer. Guaranteed. Price \$1.00

2 IN 1 SHOE POLISHES

LIQUIDS & PASTES FOR BLACK, WHITE, TAN, DARK BROWN OR OX-BLOOD SHOES.

KEEP YOUR SHOES NEAT

A QUICK BRILLIANT LASTING SHINE. PRESERVE THE LEATHER.

THE F.F. DALLEY CORPORATION, LTD. BUFFALO, N.Y.

MAKES SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT

For War Savings Meetings in Houston County on June 28th, 1918.

The people of this county are expected to subscribe for and purchase during 1918 War Savings Stamps to the maturity value of \$651,300.00. In order to distribute this allotment of War Savings Stamps equitably among the various parts of the county, a quota has been assigned for each school district which will be stated at the opening of the meeting in each school house on June 28.

The meeting in the Crockett school district will be held at the court house in Crockett. All the other meetings will be held at the school houses and a meeting must be held in every school district. Before the 28th, every adult person in the county will receive a postal card notice, in accordance with the proclamation of President Wilson, summoning them to attend these meetings in their respective school districts. Any person who, for any reason, may fail to receive one of these notices is hereby notified to attend. Every school trustee in the county is hereby specially notified that he is expected to be present at the meeting in his district and assist in holding it. In order to raise the total amount from this county it will be necessary that each district subscribe the amount allotted to it. This will not impose any burden on any persons in the district if each person does his duty and the persons conducting the meetings in each school district have been instructed to insist upon the total amount allotted to it being subscribed before the meetings are adjourned.

Arch Baker,
War Savings Chairman for Houston County.
Appointed by State War Savings Director, Louis Lipsitz, under the authority of the secretary of the United States Treasury.

METHODISTS TO HAVE REVIVAL

The Methodists of Crockett are making huge preparations for a great revival to begin next Sunday, the 16th inst. Evangelist Thurston B. Price of Siloam Springs, Arkansas, will do the preaching and F. W. Rollins is the singer for the services. Each is renowned in his particular line, and the people of Crockett and surrounding country are to enjoy a feast of splendid sermons and the very best music. A great spiritual up-lift is expected in all departments of the church. Rev. Price enjoys the rare distinction of being invited by that prince of revivalists, George Stewart, to conduct a revival in the home city of the latter this summer, which alone is sufficient to establish his efficiency in this character of work. Let everybody come out and hear these great men from start to finish.

Preparatory to and for the purpose of methodically pushing the interests of the revival, the following committees have been appointed:

Entertainment—W. A. Norris and Jno. R. Harris.

Advertising—J. W. Madden, Jno. D. Morgan, W. A. Norris and W. W. Aiken.

Music—The pastor, Rev. C. U. McLarty, L. L. Moore, Mrs. Ruby DeCuir, Miss Hattie Stokes, Mrs. J. P. Hail and Al-

bert Seaman. All the choirs of the town and all singers of all the churches are invited to assist in the singing.

Ushers—Joe Adams, chairman, with power to select his committee.

Finance—Arch Burton, chairman, Dr. E. B. Stokes and G. Q. King.

Visiting preachers—Joe Adams chairman, and to select his assistants.

Distribution of literature—The above-named advertising committee, and to be assisted by the missionary society.

A special invitation has been extended to the Methodist preachers throughout the county and adjoining counties to attend the meeting. Entertainment for them will be provided by the committee on "visiting preachers" above named, Joe Adams, chairman. It is hoped that all these preachers will avail themselves of the opportunity to witness these services.

In this issue of this paper will be found a "cut" of the men who are to conduct these services, together with further information relative thereto, and to which special attention is called. We repeat: Let everybody attend, for the meeting is for the good of all. The hearty co-operation of all the Christians in the town, regardless of denomination, is earnestly solicited.

By order of the pastor, the board of stewards, the Sunday School superintendent and the Woman's Missionary Society.

First Baptist Church.

Next Sunday preaching by the pastor at both the morning and evening hours. You ask the Lord to help him preach the gospel of Jesus and then be sure and hear the sermons for yourself.

Sunday School at regular hours. All invited to attend. Use your phones and ask your friends to report at the church on time for the Bible School work. Study the lesson so you can recite without looking at the quarterly. Be serious and give some time to preparation of your lesson. Prove this by the way you recite in the class.

There will be a Training School for Workers at Henderson, Texas, from June 30 to July 5, 1918. This church is asked to send a full delegation of Sunday School Workers. Make your arrangements to be there.

Pastor married Mr. A. Lumpkin of Conroe and Miss Callie Lee McClain Tuesday morning at 12:15. Have had three baptisms, three weddings and four funerals since I came to Crockett.

Prayer meeting every Wednesday night at 8:45 and the Ladies' Aid Society meets every Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

Are you doing your best as a Baptist to make your church work prosper? Are you doing a reasonable part in attending church services? Are you satisfied with yourself? Take my advice: Attend church regularly, read your Bible diligently and pray earnestly and daily and you will find yourself soon growing into a life of usefulness. Start this next Sunday morning.

Most cordially,

L. L. Sams, Pastor.

Methodist Revival.

The Price and Rollins revival is drawing tremendous crowds daily, the large tabernacle being filled to its capacity each night. Mr. Rollins has a very large and well trained choir and they are pleasing the people with splendid music. Rev. Mr. Price has seen humanity from every side and has weighed it in a psychological mind and in a delightful manner he preaches the relation of man and religion. His sermons are practical, logical and intensely attractive. The revival will come to a close Sunday night.—Madisonville Meteor.

HALT THE HUN

Provide the boys with the things they need to make short work of him.

Guns, clothes, aircraft, food, munitions and the ships to get over with. These are the things the boys need, and they cost money—hunks of it.

JUNE 28th

NATIONAL WAR SAVINGS DAY

Make a pledge to buy War Savings Stamps

The more quickly our soldiers have all the things they need, the more quickly the ships will be bringing our boys back to us.

National War Savings Committee

This space contributed for the Winning of the War by

TOWERY MOTOR COMPANY

To Speak Here.

Captain Herbert Smith, a British army officer who has seen actual service and who was wounded in the trenches, also formerly professor in Oxford University, will deliver an address on the subject of the war

at the court house in Crockett Friday, June 14, at 2 p. m.

Captain Smith has the reputation of being an exceedingly effective and interesting speaker. He is working under the direction of the national government, and those who fail to

hear him will miss an opportunity of hearing one of the very best addresses on the subject.

What the modern airship navigator needs is a safety anchor and something to anchor to.

A woman doesn't object to a man's smoking a cigar unless the man is her husband.

On June 28th Prove You Are A Loyal American

Will you greet the Fourth of July with a free conscience? Or will you spend the Fourth in shame-faced guilt?

June 28 has been set as National War Savings Day. Your country expects you on that day to pledge every penny you can, up to \$1,000, toward the purchase of War Savings Stamps.

The price of American citizenship is no longer cheap. A new hour has struck. The crash of war has ground all semblance of cheapness out of being an American. It is now a dear-bought honor. You must pay.

On June 28th, Your Country Asks You to Balance Your Patriotic Cash Account

Every penny you withhold, that you are able to give, extends aid and comfort to the enemy.

No sordid legal summons will, for the present, compel payment. You are called to payment by the higher, more chivalric summons to volunteer on June 28 your pledge to purchase this year every dollar's worth of War Savings Stamps you can buy.

National War Savings Committee

This space contributed for the Winning of the War by

CROCKETT STATE BANK

The Crockett Courier

Issued weekly from Courier Building

W. W. AIKEN, Editor and Proprietor

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... This paper has enlisted with the government in the cause of America for the period of the war

BESSIE'S POEM.

Bessie Berry has written a poem and sent to the Courier, which is as follows:

President Wilson is the best president we ever had,
And he and Uncle Sam are going to whip the Kaiser bad;
The way we are going to do them I am ashamed to tell,
For when we get through with them he won't be fit for h—
And old Satan,
For the Kaiser has been waitin'.
And there is none meaner than Satan and he,
And I believe you all agree with me,
We sure will make the Germans fall,
For the American flag whips them all.

FOR CONGRESS.

Last week's Courier contained the name of Hon. W. L. Hill of Huntsville as a candidate for congress. Mr. Hill is a prominent member of the Walker county bar. He represented Walker county in the last session of the legislature. He comes from one of Walker county's pioneer families, and is well and favorably known in this section of east Texas. His acquaintance and standing, however, do not stop here. He was prominent in the legislative halls at Austin and was ever watchful for the best interests of east Texas. As a law maker he was successful and as a practitioner he is successful. The Courier hopes that our people may have the opportunity of meeting Judge Hill during the campaign. He is a man of splendid capacity, a close student of the necessities of the people and possesses the ability to represent with credit the seventh or any other district in the United States congress. It was the Courier's desire to make these observations last week, but the announcement was received too late for anything relating thereto to be written by the editor.

THE "ANTI" ATTITUDE.

In an editorial discussing questions of interest the Chattanooga Times quotes this from Governor Colquitt's Crockett speech:

Let us as citizens of Texas play fair. Let us do our part. And whatever is for the good of the nation, let us do it. Let us stand shoulder to shoulder and bear every burden that comes; and if my anti-prohibition theories have

to step aside for the good of the nation till the end of the war, those theories shall rest until the war is won.

And commenting upon this our contemporary says: "The attitude of the anti-prohibitionists is admirably indicated by ex-Governor Colquitt."

The Times ought to do know that our former governor's language does not indicate the attitude of many of the anti-prohibitionists of Texas.

Some weeks ago, in order to minimize the bootlegger nuisance in the vicinity of Camp Logan, the municipal council of Houston passed an ordinance restricting the license limits of the city and abolishing what are known locally as "ward saloons" or saloons in the residential districts.

The liquor interests petitioned for a referendum and spent thousands of dollars in a campaign to defeat this war measure, but they were defeated in one of the strongest anti-prohibitionist communities of the country.

Later, in order to abate the distressing conditions of immorality and intemperance prevailing in the vicinity of the Texas camps, where 250,000 boys were training for war service overseas, Governor Hobby, an anti-prohibitionist, convoked the legislature and recommended among other things a law prohibiting for the duration of the war, or so long as soldiers occupied the camps, the sale of liquor within ten miles of such camp or other place occupied by the United States troops.

The legislature enacted this zone law as well as other measures deemed necessary for the protection of the soldiers, and received from the war department the warmest expressions of appreciation.

This course on the part of Governor Hobby has arrayed against him all that part of the anti-prohibition element that can be controlled by the liquor traffic.

It is a considerable number, much larger than the Times would think, considering the crisis which the zone law was designed to meet. But Governor Colquitt has faithfully set forth the attitude of the anti-prohibitionists who hold the winning of the war to be above all considerations involving either the right to make or sell or even drink intoxicating liquors.

The anti-prohibitionists who have no selfish interests in the premises, and for whom Governor Colquitt does speak, are the balance of power, and co-operating with all other elements who are standing for country first, will help to give Hobby a patriotic majority of record dimensions.—Houston Post.

Resolutions of Respect.

Whereas, our greatly beloved brother physician, Dr. Lewis Meriwether, has departed this life; and, whereas, we desire to give expression to our love and esteem for him; therefore

Be it resolved by the Houston County Medical Society that, in his death, we have sustained the loss of one of our most faithful and useful members; that he was held in highest esteem by both the profession and the laity on account of his kind, genial and gentle manner, his sterling qualities as a man and his superior qualifications as a physician.

Resolved further that we extend to his family the sympathy of our members.

J. S. Wootters, M. D.,
B. S. Elliott, M. D.,
E. B. Stokes, M. D.,
Committee.

Notice to Our Ice Customers

Owing to the scarcity and high price of sacks, we are compelled to discontinue the custom of supplying sacks to those of our customers who desire to have their ice packed, and we are taking this means of notifying them that hereafter they must come to the Ice Plant prepared to furnish their own sacks if they expect to have their ice packed.

We wish to state that from our observation and experience a blanket or wagon sheet is much better than a sack for preserving ice, and we feel sure that most any one can come prepared to take care of their ice with very little inconvenience to themselves, and avoid the trouble of securing some means of caring for their ice after reaching town.

We also wish to state that our Ice Sales Department is closed at 7 o'clock every afternoon during the week, and we sell ice every Sunday up until 9 o'clock in the morning, and after these hours the Ice House will be closed up, and no ice will be sold to any one, so we trust that you will arrange to secure your supply of ice during our business hours, and not ask us to break our rules.

Crockett Ice, Electric Light & Power Company

GREGG WILL NOT SEEK RE-ELECTION

THREE CANDIDATES WILL FIGHT IT OUT IN SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Washington, June 8.—In the following announcement, addressed to the democracy of the seventh congressional district, Congressman A. W. Gregg Saturday made public his decision not to be a candidate for re-election:

"It has been my ambition and desire to continue to represent and serve the good people of this district. Having supported our president in all matters relating to the pending world war, many think I should remain and continue to uphold his policy and aims until a glorious victory has been achieved. I feel confident that I would be re-elected, if I could go before the people upon the record I have made. Personal reasons, however, make it impossible for me at this time to make a campaign and I respectfully withdraw my name as a candidate for re-election.

"Assuring you of my heartfelt appreciation and sincere gratitude for the consideration and kindness shown me in the past, I am yours very sincerely,
"A. W. Gregg."

Representative Gregg entered the house on March 4, 1903, and has served continuously ever since and in point of service is exceeded by only two members of the present Texas delegation in the house, Slayden and Garner. Expressions of regret

were general among his colleagues when his intention to retire at the close of his present term became known.

There are now three candidates in the Galveston district for Gregg's seat. They are Jeff McLemore, at present member at large from Texas; W. L. Hill of Huntsville and Judge C. S. Briggs of Galveston.

Gregg announced Saturday that he retires in favor of the candidacy of Hill, whom he says he hopes to see nominated and elected.

Mr. Gregg's retirement is due to the prolonged and serious illness of Mrs. Gregg. He will return to Palestine and resume his legal practice.

Barring the contests directly traceable to the redistricting of the State, the sitting members of the house from Texas will have little opposition for renomination at the democratic primaries. Due to redistricting, Representative Eagle and Garrett, the latter now serving at large, will fight it out for the nomination in the reorganized Houston district; McLemore is running in the seventh district; there will be an open field in the new El Paso district and also in the Beaumont district, as Dies is not seeking renomination. Of the sitting members who retain practically their old districts, Representatives Slayden, Hardy, Jones and Blanton have encountered opposition and have active candidates announced against them. The remainder have no opposition for renomination and are assured of re-election.

It doesn't take the average woman half as long to tell what she doesn't want as what she does want.

IMPORTANT TO CANDIDATES

Meeting Called for Saturday, June 15, at Court House in Crockett.

All candidates for both county and precinct offices are requested to meet at the court house in Crockett, Saturday, June 15, to discuss plans as to their future campaigning. Saturday, too, is the last day in which to make application to get name on ticket.

Ed C. Thompson,
Sec. Democratic Executive Committee.

Interment at Crockett.

Referring to the notice in our issue of April 4 last of the death of Mrs. Sarah Jane Holmes, formerly of Crockett, and the pending interment of her remains in the Monroe family plat in Crockett cemetery, this is to advise that the remains are likely to be brought from New York on or about the 20th of the present month (June), instead of "within a few months" as our previous notice read. A decision will shortly be reached as to bringing on the remains this month, and if it is decided to do so a subsequent notice will appear in this paper stating the exact date, if possible, that the burial will take place in Crockett.

Lost Mare.

Please look out for this mare and return to me for liberal reward: Blue gray mare, Spanish brand on hip.

W. H. Johnson,
2t.* Crockett Rt. 4.

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REGISTRANTS WHO ARE TO ENTRAIN

A List of the Next White Increment Who Are to Leave for Camp Travis.

Following is a list of the next increment of white registrants who will go to Camp Travis for training. The exact date of entrainment is yet unauthorized, but orders from the war department indicate that the movement will begin June 24. The list follows:

569 Earl G. Ratteree.
580 Ben F. Sneathen.
604 Napoleon Griffin.
701 Carroll H. Hallmark.
778 Thos. D. Nettles.
858 Wright Sullivan.
935 Ellis Gates.
943 Jim J. Cotton.
953 Preston Maxey.
1044 John Gates.
1097 Geo. Loftin.
1113 Jim Adams.
1121 Ed Buller.
1136 Jno. A. Brimberry.
1171 Thos. H. Buller.
1210 J. W. Westbrook.
1220 Alva C. Conner.
1239 Hoyt Lee Garrard.
1240 Ruff Kennedy.
1297 Malon Wright.
1302 James C. Goodwin.
1191 Chas. C. Kee.
1316 Archie Wilson.
1362 John H. Clark.
1376 James I. Shuptrine.
1381 Edgar B. Daniels.
1394 Jno. Ed Bowdon.
1423 Lacy Smith.
1456 Chas. Leon Ursprung.
1491 Jno. T. Spriggs.
1517 Jack Nessmith.
1535 John Virdie Wagley.
1549 Sallie J. Cherry.
1559 Earl Hughes Fox.
1560 Wm. Richard Allee.
1602 Jule B. McClain.
1638 Thomas Abbit Glenn.
1639 Vernon L. Word.
1652 Jno. Wm. Bowman.
1662 Henry Grady Young.
1671 Dudley Tramwell.
1679 Louis H. Monzingo.
1687 Luther Sullivan.
1693 Grover W. Bowdoin.
1709 Wilsie Gossett.
1714 Dan Moore.
1723 Thomas Rosson.
1740 Joe Huntsman.
1752 Lee Davis.
1756 Ellis Lee Williams.
1760 Ollie Wilson.
1763 Edward Downes Foster.
1771 Alva Pharris.

1772 Charley Powell.
1796 Geo. C. Duren.
1803 Henry Kyle.
1828 Dan Gates.
1832 Raymond W. May.
1850 Henry W. Burran.
1898 Sam'l Preston Lucas.
1908 Arthur W. Starling.
1936 Mickle Cunningham.
1950 Geo. Alvin Poe.
1956 J. H. Hill.
1985 James Wiley Reynolds.
2008 Delmar Lundy.
2013 Wm. Richard Matchett.
2023 Jno. Henry Jones.
2039 Geo. Henry Curry.
2048 Chester B. Spence.
2051 Sam Paul Jones.
2055 John Quincy Adams.

COLORED MEN WILL ENTRAIN

List of Negro Registrants Who Are to Leave for Camp Travis June 19.

Following is a list of the next increment of colored registrants who will go to the training camp at San Antonio. The exact date of entrainment is yet unauthorized, but the next movement of negro registrants to Camp Travis is scheduled to begin June 19. The list follows:

111 Henry Gregg Spencer.
264 Boatley Hale.
639 John Glover.
640 Grant Reeves.
666 Flote Thomas.
697 Sam Johnson.
750 Cary Clark.
755 Wesley Hicks.
768 Emmett Strange.
770 Louis Wheeler.
772 F. L. Hicks.
773 Alvis Ross.
785 John Williams.
892 Ernest Simpson.
896 Daniel Stapleton.
990 Jamon Williams.
1161 Riley Mask.
1285 Kid Larue.
1431 Davis Duren.
1460 Rufus Hays.
1468 Josh Smith Jr.
1473 Reapher Thompson.
1476 Dallas Nathaniel.
1492 Arthur Williams.
1503 Alfred Ellis.
1507 Douglas Foy.
325 Lushing Hawkins.
566 Cleveland Robertson.
1055 Anthony Williams.
1532 Robt. Lee Graves.
1536 Thomas Washington.
1540 Will Dickerson.
1542 William Herod.

Many Are Lending Their Lives— What Are You Lending?

Thousands of our boys are going down into the trenches today—clean-faced, determined, splendid young men. Many are soon to join the army of the lame, the blind or the dead.

You can at least go down in your pockets for them.

Think it over—be ready on

JUNE 28th

NATIONAL WAR SAVINGS DAY

There's an army. Yes, a dozen armies—of stalwart, wind-bronzed, young men standing between you and the grizzly Hun. These young fellows are giving their ease, their comfort, their friends and homes, their bodies, the hope of life—giving for you—for you.

You can at least loan your dollars for them.

National War Savings Committee

This space contributed for
the Winning of the War by

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF CROCKETT

1550 Dewitt Wagner.
1554 Robert Baker.
1569 Sambo Ellis.
1572 Willie Murray.
1578 Edgar Hayden.
1584 Albert O'Neill.
1593 Howard Petters.
1615 Howard L. Wooten.

1621 Reed Connerway.
1664 Eddie Loyd.
1668 Johnie Baker
1669 Haywood Smith.
1677 John Hunter.
1678 Luther Cary.
1688 Willard Gibson.
1690 Winfree Johnson.

1696 Tom Brooks.
1713 Eugene Ross.
1750 Miller Demby.

Either the Lord doesn't know his business, or else the man who docks a horse's tail is a fool.

Many a woman's tongue is kept busy trying to get her out of the trouble it got her into.

Lend Your Money as Freely as They are Giving Their Lives

You don't have to fight, you don't have to die.

But—

Your son does, or your brother who is now across the way—or the kid now in khaki to whom you used to give pennies a short time ago.

That money you have laid away for "a rainy day"—wouldn't you give every nickel of it to keep a Hun's knife away from his throat?

Well, the Hun is here, and so is his knife—and so is the "rainy day"—it's raining now, raining bombs and shrapnel upon our boys "over there."

JUNE 28th

NATIONAL WAR SAVINGS DAY

On that day the nation will call upon you, not just your neighbor—but you—to pledge yourself to the purchase of a certain number of War Savings Stamps during 1918. Lend your money as freely as they are giving their lives.

National War Savings Committee

This Space contributed for
the Winning of the War by

WALTER BENNETT

Food Administration Aiding

The Farmers To  Market Produce



The Food Administration is utilizing every opportunity to assist the farmer in marketing his products, and Administrator Peden has called into service some of the most expert and experienced handlers of perishable products in the country. He is urging compliance with the rules and regulations pertaining to handling, grading, packing and loading of all perishable products. It is only by their enforcement that the Food Administration can render maximum service. Careless sorting, grading, and loading of perishables has caused heavy losses to the producers and shippers. The Food Administration is attempting to minimize these losses by requiring the elimination of all inferior products from all shipments, as these products become a burden on better grades and contribute to the demoralization of markets. The conservation of car space, time, energy, and inferior cull products is an important factor in the successful marketing of fruits and vegetables.



Mr. Peden is receiving many letters expressing approval of the course he is pursuing to secure good pack and grade, and secure loading in the cars of all products going out to the market. The observance of these rules by the producers and shippers enables the Food Administration to protect them against refusals on flimsy pretexts at the point of destination.



PRICE OF ICE AT HOUSTON REASONABLE SAYS FOOD DEPARTMENT

Houston's Method of Arriving at Increased Costs Establishes a Precedent for Summer Ice Over Texas.

Under date of April 26, Herbert Hoover, U. S. Food Administrator, wired Administrator Peden for Texas that the Food Administration was concerned that there should be no profiteering in ice, and especially that cost of ice to those elements of the community who are least able to protect themselves should not be increased over last year unless absolute proof could be given by ice companies for its necessity.

Promptly upon receipt of this telegram Administrator Peden started an investigation to ascertain the cost of manufacturing and distributing ice in Houston this season compared with the cost of last season in order that he might determine from this comparative cost whether the higher prices charged by the manufacturers and distributors this season are justified.

The investigation made under R. F. Crow, head of the ice division for the Texas Food Administration, disclosed the fact that the selling price of ice is practically controlled by the wages paid to employees, the cost of horse feed and the fuel or power cost.

It was found that of the delivery expenses, labor represents over 50 per cent of the total cost, and horse feed and auto truck expenses 25 per cent. The balance of the delivery cost consists of expenses which are not subject to great increases and can be kept within a reasonable limit by proper management or war-time economy. In the factory expenses, fuel represents from 50 to 60 per cent of the operating cost and wages from 25 to 30 per cent. The schedule of prices in effect this season compared with last season shows a maximum increase of 33 1/3 per cent for ward delivered in small quantities down to an increase of 25 per cent at the platform on sales in small quantities.

In view of the fact that the increased cost of wages shows a minimum of 25 per cent and the increased cost of fuel is as high in some instances as 100 per cent, the Food Administration considers the increased selling prices this season over last season as reasonable.

Below is given the schedule of prices the Food Administration considers reasonable at Houston:

Manufacture to charge at platform—	Maximum per 100 pounds.
Wholesale in large quantities.	22 1/2c
Retail in any quantity.	25c
Delivered—	
Wholesale	30c
Retail	40c

HOW TO MEASURE MEAT RATION OF 2 POUNDS WEEKLY

Success of Equitable Meat Distribution Rests With Consumer; Plan Based on Patriotism and Voluntary Denial.

It is estimated that \$50,000,000 would be required if the nation were successfully placed on a ration system for the handling of wheat flour, sugar and meat, nor would this amount cover the monthly operating expenses after the system were inaugurated. "For this reason," announces the Federal Food Administration for Texas, "we look to the individual for co-operation in observing the ration suggested and to the distributor to see that the quantities suggested are dispensed as nearly in the degree suggested as possible.

The placing of all manufacturers using sugar on a rationing basis has been achieved at a great expense to the Food Administration. Sugar used by manufacturers may only be procured through the possession of a certificate issued by the state headquarters and the quantity is based upon a definite schedule of allotments.

The distribution of wheat flour in Texas, now that the State has adopted a wheatless program, is handled alone in Victory bread, through licensed bakers. Homes and public eating places, until the wheatless program was adopted, were on six pounds per person of flour a month. While difficult to make this rationing complete, the distribution to the public through the wholesalers and the retailers nearly approximated that quantity when the sum total of wheat flour for Texas was divided by the sum total of the consuming public.

Bewilderment is now expressed by dispensers of meat, both in public eating places and at meat markets, as to how the individual is to be kept within his ration of two pounds of meat per week. Some have suggested a return to meatless days and meatless meals. The United States Food Administration, in announcing the new meat program, expressed an unwillingness to return to fixed meatless meals or days. It is hoped that the American public will conform their purchases, on patriotic and military grounds, to the two-pound ration of meat, just as the majority have done in the purchase of sugar and flour, and that in the general summation the amount of meat consumed nationally a month in the United States, when divided by the people consuming meat, will reflect the two-pound ration.

While no instructions have been issued defining a program, it is thought

by the Federal Food Administration that the time has come when public eating places and meat markets should begin to approximate their respective trade in numbers. Every meat dispenser should begin to collate a list of families making regular purchases at his place of business. Families of five would be encouraged to buy not more than ten pounds of meat a week; families of two not more than four pounds a week, and so forth. This is not obligatory, but more and more as the war advances and military necessity demands increasing quantities of meat it would be to the advantage of every meat dispenser to know to a man the number of persons buying of his place of business.

If at the end of each day the meat dealer will divide the number of his customers with the pounds of meat bought, he will know the average purchase for the day in pounds per person; and if at the end of each week he will divide the total pounds sold by the total persons represented in the sales of the week, he will soon be in position to gauge whether or not he is meeting the federal requirements. Such information would be invaluable as the program is advanced to meet military necessity.

All of this detail means additional work, but the present war is a test of the fitness of men in service at the front and in the business world to survive, and out of it the Food Administration believes that lack of business methods will disappear and men will come to know accurately the minute details and elements which make up their livelihood—facts which, because of too much prosperity and extravagance, have almost been obliterated from American life.

A HOLY WAR



Scarcely a year ago America had no army!

Scarcely a year ago we were organized for peace;

Scarcely a year ago had the average Texan been told that a year hence he would be not only assenting, but heartily participating in a voluntary ration system which restricted him to—

Bread without wheat;

Three pounds of sugar per month;

Two pounds of meat per week;

He would have laughed it off as preposterous.

TODAY and tomorrow and all the morrows hence until the WAR is won, the marvelous quality of adaptation, plus eagerness to serve, will make the Voluntary System of Rationing quite as simple as the raising of a finished

army of one and a half million men in less than a year.

Texas has set the pace—in a measure—for the U. S. Food Administration.

The SPIRIT of observing the rules and regulations governing Food Commodities has entered into the very blood of Texas men and women and children. They want to give a tangible service; they want the grime and misery and horror of war to be suffused with a something vaster than even Victory. They would clothe their days and their nights with HOLINESS.

The spread board has again become the altar of finer things; the self-imposed fasting reflects the abnegation of men and women who fought the viciousness of the flesh, while animalism sought to deprave the world when Christian ideals sought flowering and propagation in the world.

When men give their lives on the Western front, and homes give up their sons—the mere giving of bread and meat and sugar to sustain others who ARE ABOUT TO DIE that American homes may survive, is so little, so tiny when compared with the greater LOVE that it seems terribly inadequate.

And this—this alone explains why Texans so cheerfully accept to the last degree of self-denial any program that will win the war; and make of it, increasingly, a Holy War.

Any other view is mere sophistry.

TEXAS EATING PLACES ON WHEATLESS BASIS

R. A. Parker, director of hotels and restaurants for the federal food administration for Texas, wired John McBowman, director of the division of hotels and restaurants of the United States food administration, Wednesday, that all of the public eating places of Fort Worth and El Paso have gone on an absolutely wheatless basis.

All other cities of Texas are using in public eating places more or less of quick breads.

The restrictions on bread not containing wheat, which for a time were limited to four ounces to the person, have been removed, and corn bread or rice bread without an admixture of wheat may be served to the extent that the proprietor cares to dispense it.

EGGS MUST BE CANDLED AFTER JUNE 1ST IS THE ORDER OF FOOD DEPT.

The United States food administration has ruled that on and after June 1, 1918, all eggs must be candled by the buyer or seller, whether he be general merchant, egg dealer or huckster. The purpose of this ruling is to stop traffic in eggs which are unfit for human food, to prevent them entering into the channels of trade, and thereby preventing an enormous waste.

Put a Chip of Patriotism on Your Shoulder June 28th

Pledge yourself to buy War Savings Stamps on or before June 28. It's Patriot's Pledge Day—the day the government will call upon you to give a new pledge of loyalty; new proof of your will to win; new evidence that your dollars as well as your hearts are behind the men facing the Hun on the martyred fields of fair France.

NATIONAL WAR SAVINGS DAY

Friday, June 28th

On that day you will be asked to sign a personal pledge to buy

WAR SAVINGS STAMPS

War Savings Stamps are a direct loan from you to Uncle Sam. Nothing can lessen their value. They're always at par. They pay you well, though that isn't half so important to you as what your money does for that boy—maybe your own—"over there." Back him up. Keep food going to him. Keep a coat on him. Keep his clips full of cartridges. And shoes on his feet. See that he has a "tin hat." Buy W. S. S.—send him over the top with the go-get-'em feeling that comes from knowing you are pledged to see that he gets what is coming to him.

Get ready to sign your Pledge of Patriotism on National War Savings Day. And buy W. S. S. until you wonder how you were able to do it.

You'll pay \$4.17 for each W. S. S. on June 28th—and you'll get \$5 each for them.

NATIONAL WAR SAVINGS COMMITTEE

This space contributed for the Winning of the War by

CROCKETT DRY GOODS CO. JOHN C. MILLAR

NEGRO ADJUNCT NAMED FOR FOOD ADMINISTRATION

With the designation of Rev. E. J. Howard, pastor of the African Methodist Church of Houston, as chairman of the Executive Board of the Colored Branch of Food Work in Texas, Administrator Peden has taken the first steps toward organizing the colored people of Texas into a definite group as food workers, with their own organization and officers. The colored section is linked with State headquarters in being a department of the Educational Division.

The Colored Section provides for a State Executive Board with headquarters in Houston, and Dr. Howard as chairman and W. L. Davis as secretary; a State Advisory Board consisting of the heads of colored colleges and Fraternal Organizations; and county deputies in all sections of the State where there is a considerable colored population.

Two Types of Elephants.

There are two distinct types of elephants—the African and Indian. The former have developed the largest animals and are quite different from the Indian type, having only four visible toes on the rear feet, as against five in the Indian, the ears are very much larger and the spinal ridge of the African shows a marked hump or rise, beginning at the hips, whereas the Indian elephant's back slopes gently downward from this point. The African defies the fiercest sun, while the Indian lopes away from it to the heaviest, coolest shade.

The age of the elephants is widely disputed, the best calculations of hunters and scientists being admittedly only a little more than hazards.

Sir Samuel Baker, an authority, states the average life of an elephant to be about 150 years. It is exactly known that elephants have lived in captivity for 130 years. Naturalists believe, however, an elephant's life in the wild state to be twice as long, according to a recently published book called "The Elephant."

He Didn't Know.

Mark Twain and his peculiarities were being discussed by an English class in a high school. One youthful orator had very eloquently described Mark's personal appearance and had laid unusual stress on the author's fondness for wearing white flannels.

"Gee!" said one much-interested youth, "I don't see how the public knows whether his flannels are red or white."

The Crockett Courier.

"Quality, Not Quantity."

CROCKETT, TEXAS, MAY 30, 1918.

Volume XXIX—No. 19.

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HEAVY ATTACKS WERE LAUNCHED

British Troops Near Rheims—Italians Strike Austrians Hard in Mountains.

(Associated Press Report.)

Germany's great offensive on the western front has been resumed. With only brief artillery preparation, two blows have been struck by the Teuton armies which have been reorganized since disastrous losses were inflicted on them by the French and British during the Picardy and Flanders battles in March and April. One attack was on the line from Voormezele to Loivre, southwest of Ypres, the other on a thirty-mile front from Pinon, north of Soissons, to Rheims. This is known as the Aisne sector.

In Flanders, the Germans have gained virtually nothing, but further south the Berlin official statement claims that the German crown prince's troops have carried the whole ridge of the Chemin des Dames and now are fighting on the Aisne River.

The German attack in Flanders is against positions taken by the French May 20, when they recaptured Bruilose and Loivre and strengthened their line on each of Hill 44, which they had retaken a few days before.

On the Aisne front the present battle recalls the fearful fighting of last summer along the Chemin des Dames, where for weeks the German crown prince hurled his men against the French positions, only to see them crushed and beaten.

The attack here is really in the nature of a line-straightening operation. It is being launched from Laon as a center and is aimed at the elbow in the line formed during the fighting in Picardy in March and April. Here, however, the Germans must face permanent work which can be defended quite easily.

Evidence that the allied supreme command was forewarned of the German attack may be found in the fact that British troops are fighting there. It had been believed the British forces did not hold positions much south of the Somme, east of Amiens.

The German crown prince is in command in this sector and this may indicate a serious effort to break the allied line. Crown Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria is the nominal commander in chief in Artois and Picardy and the German crown prince, for dynastic reasons, will strive to outdo whatever success was attained by his colleague further north.

It is probable that American troops are engaged in the fighting in both the battles on the French front. It is known that American troops are close behind the allied lines in Flanders, while some time ago it was reported they were near Rheims.

The late official reports note severe fighting in various sectors, among them the Apremont forest, where Americans are known to be holding positions at the present time. The reports say that the Germans were repulsed in all these attempts.

It is officially reported from Washington that American positions in the Picardy sector, near Cantigny and Montdidier, have been subjected to attack and

that at places the Germans penetrated them. The enemy, however, was driven out by the Americans.

Almost coincident with the new German assaults, the Italians launched a blow at the Austrian lines in the mountain region to the northwest of Lake Garda. According to reports they have carried Monticello Pass, the village of Presna, Monte Zigolon and the mountain spur to the east. Before them lie parallel streams leading down into the Lagarina Valley, and if they successfully carry out their attack there it is possible for them to outflank the entire Austrian position in the north of Italy.

APPEARS SUDDENLY TO ADDRESS SESSION

Tells Representatives to Lay Aside Politics and Pass the Bill.

Washington, May 27.—Just as the German cannon were thundering their herald of the renewed offensive on the western battle front, President Wilson today appeared unexpectedly before congress and demanded that, laying political considerations and all others aside, it remain in session until it has enacted new war tax laws to finance the growing cost of the war and prepare the country for the burden it must bear.

At the conclusion of his prepared address, the president pausing, laid his hand over his manuscript and added another precedent breaker to the long list he has established in his dealings with congress. He addressed the assemblage extemporaneously, speaking earnestly and forcefully while the auditors sat in a rapt and surprised silence.

"May I add this word, gentlemen," said he. "Just as I was leaving the White House I was told that the expected drive on the western front had apparently begun. You can realize how that solemnized my feelings as I came to you, and how it seemed to strengthen the purpose which I have tried to express in these lines."

"I have admired the work of this session. The way in which the two houses of congress have co-operated with the executive has been generous and admirable and it is not in any spirit of suggesting duty neglected but only to remind you of the common cause and the common obligations that I have ventured to come to you today."

WARNS MEN NOT TO GIVE UP JOBS

Feels Certain New Order Was Directed at Idlers and Men Not Working.

(From the Dallas News.)

"Hold your jobs until you hear from your local exemption boards" is the advice given by W. Gregory Hatcher, chairman of the South Dallas exemption board, to registrants in deferred classes, who believe that they will be affected by the recent "work or fight" order of Provost Marshal General Crowder.

"While I believe in the 'back to the farm' policy," Mr. Hatcher said, "I would not advise any man who thinks he is engaged in an unproductive position to give it up now for farm work, because if he does so, economic disaster is sure to result. If a man is in a deferred class, working behind a ribbon counter, for instance, earning enough to support his dependents, and gives up his position to go to the farm while crops are being harvested, he is likely to find that when the harvest is over he will be without work with his family still on his hands. Then when he returns to the city he will be sure to find a woman filling the place he formerly held."

"I feel certain that General Crowder's order was aimed at idlers, professional loafers and the like and also at men whose places can readily be filled by women. Men who hold positions which may not seem to them productive, but which can not easily be filled by women, will probably not be reclassified. A truck driver came to me today and asked if he would be transferred from a deferred class into class 1. I told him to keep his seat on the truck and not offer it to any woman."

"All local exemption boards will be just as lenient as possible with registrants subject to reclassification, and will take special pains to see to it that no hardship is worked on any man. The work of going through the questionnaires and reclassifying men in deferred classes will be difficult and will necessitate the practice of careful discretion on the part of local exemption boards, but we intend to make it hot for those men for whom we are sure General Crowder's order is intended."

"We are looking for the official notification from General Crowder early this week—perhaps tomorrow, and when it comes, it will undoubtedly be

somewhat modified in regard to the occupations first named in press reports. At present we know nothing more than what the public knows about the reclassification, but the delay in receiving the official order may be attributed to the fact that the government intended the first notice as a 'feeler' to bring in objections in order to compile a list of legitimate exceptions. War Department officials are probably thrashing the matter out now in Washington.

"Meanwhile I urge every man who thinks he may be reclassified to go on about his work and not grow excited over the order, for local boards will do full justice to every case."

MEN WHO ENTRAINED FOR THE ARMY CAMP

Thirty-Eight Left Sunday Night for the Training Camp at San Antonio.

Following are the names of Houston county selective registrants who entrained for Camp Travis, the San Antonio army camp, Sunday night. The number of men to be accepted at the camp was changed from 60 to 38. Many relatives and friends were at the train to give the boys a cheering farewell on their departure in answer to their country's call. It has been truthfully said that the boys going to the front are the ones who will rule this country on their return. The list follows:

- 435 James Alvice Stowe, Grapeland.
- 1036 John W. Eddy, Crockett.
- 1050 Oscar J. Patterson, Crockett.
- 1075 Clifford A. Dennis, Grapeland.
- 1076 Andrew C. Lasseter, Grapeland.
- 1088 John H. Puntch, Crockett.
- 1089 Andrew J. Spence, Crockett.
- 1090 C. A. Rossan, Crockett.
- 1095 Horace C. Reeves, Weldon.
- 1098 Richard Oscar Hooks, Pennington.
- 1108 Ed Frizzell, Crockett.
- 1127 John Rankin Salisbury, Crockett.
- 1180 Homer R. Denman, Grapeland.
- 1183 Lane B. Barnes, Crockett.
- 1154 Alvin A. Bynum, Lovelady.
- 1169 Harry G. Williams, Grapeland.
- 1185 Gerald G. McCall, Lovelady.
- 1227 Fred C. Guenther, Grapeland.
- 1242 John Tom Bumgarner, Ratcliff.
- 1277 Roland M. Allbright, Crockett.
- 1309 Edwin Dawson, Creek.
- 1333 Isidor Krenek, Lovelady.
- 1403 Fatie Tims, Augusta.
- 1418 Eugene Torrence, Weldon.
- 1435 John Hooker Brown, Grapeland.
- 1437 Leonidas J. Brooks, Grapeland.
- 1439 Max Taylor, Creek.
- 1441 Jim Crowson, Lovelady.
- 1491 John T. Spriggs, Ratcliff.
- 1516 Garrett M. Dickey, Percilla.
- 1522 Pinkney A. A. Smith, Crockett.
- 1534 M. Pinckney Bennett, Ratcliff.
- 1544 John Swanson Morris, Grapeland.
- 1555 Thomas J. Ham, Lovelady.
- 1588 John Speer Darsey, Grapeland.
- 1605 Harry H. Collins, Grapeland.
- 1634 Rich Frank Holcomb, Ratcliff.
- 1647 F. Harvey Bland, Crockett.

ASKS NEWSPAPERS NOT TO SPECULATE

Secretary Baker Requests That There Be No Comment on Number in France.

Washington, May 25.—Secretary Baker again Saturday appealed to American newspapers not to speculate on the number of American troops in France or in transit. Mr. Baker said he would endeavor from time to time to state the approximate numbers officially, and made his request that the public might not be misled by speculations in possibly incorrect premises.

A good deal of public comment through the press and otherwise is being made on the number of American troops in France and the number from time to time in course of transportation, said the secretary. "I want to ask the newspapers of the country to refrain from comment and speculation on this subject except to the extent that official statements with regard to such numbers are made by the secretary of war."

"I make this request because any program of troop shipment necessarily depends upon a variety of considerations quite apart from the number of troops in the country and the available troop ship capacity, and I am therefore anxious that the people of the country be not unintentionally misled either as to the facts at any given time or by speculative possibilities of the situation."

"I will endeavor from time to time to state to the press approximate numbers. My particular request, however, is that such statements be not made the basis of inference as to future intentions or possibilities."

Recently statements have been made on the subject from the floor of congress or in bills and official publications. It is understood that Secretary Baker's request does not apply to statements of such a nature but purely to newspaper speculation.

Committee Report.

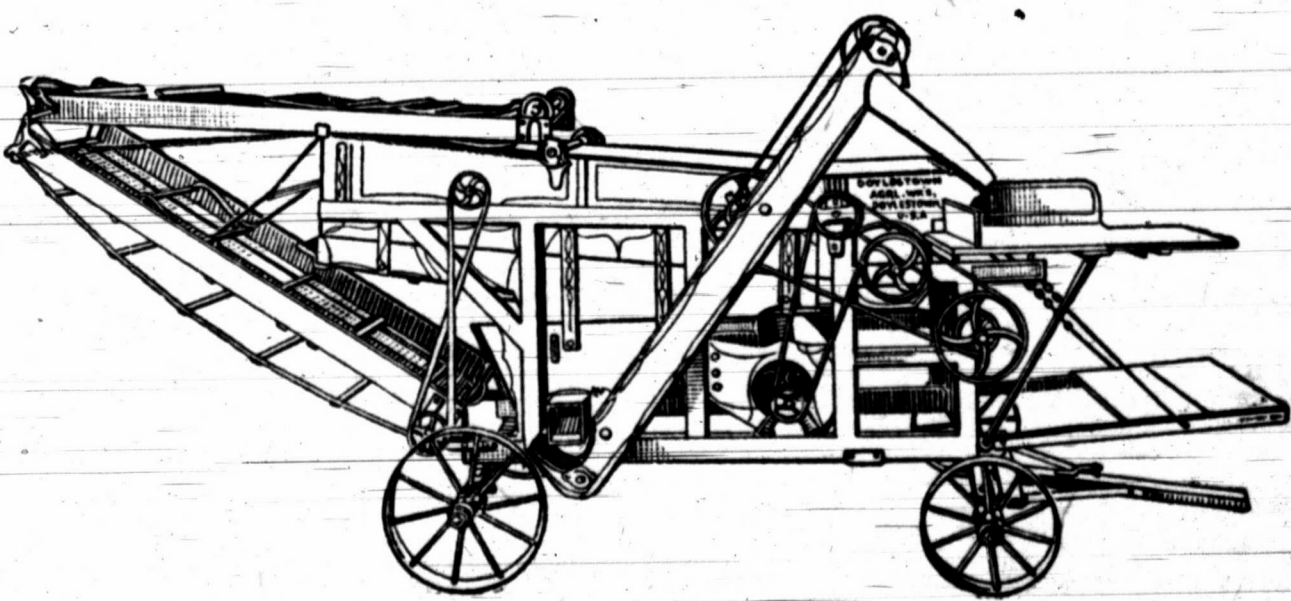
Crockett, Texas, May 22. Hon. B. F. Dent, Local Food Administrator.

Dear Sir—We, the undersigned committee appointed by you to investigate the affairs of the Crockett Ice, Electric Light and Power Company, to ascertain whether the raise in the price of ice from 50 cents to 60 cents per hundred is justifiable, beg to submit the following report:

After thoroughly examining the reports submitted by the officers of the Crockett Ice, Electric Light and Power Company, and verifying said reports by an examination of the books and records of said company, we are of the opinion that the advance of 10 cents per hundred pounds in the price of ice is justified. Without such an increase it is apparent to this committee that the said company would be deprived of a just and fair return upon their investment. The advance of 10 cents per hundred pounds is in keeping with the advanced cost of material, labor and fuel.

Respectfully submitted,
D. O. Klesling,
James S. Shivers,
C. D. Towery,
Committee.

Love should never be treated lightly. That is probably the reason why the light is turned down so often.



Cason, Monk & Company
Nacogdoches, Texas

Factory Distributors of Peanut Pickers, Peanut Threshers, Oil and Gas Engines, Hay Presses, Mowers, Rakes, Cane Mills, Etc. Write for Catalogue, prices and terms.

Decoration Day Doubly Sacred This Year

The sacrifice of men which we are now making for the Freedom of the World causes us to look with unusual pride upon our fellow heroes of this and former conflicts. Their deeds and examples of patriotism, should serve to fire the true fighting spirit of all loyal Americans. On

Thursday, May Thirty,

let us all join in paying tribute to these heroes in a manner that is commensurate with our loyalty and patriotism.

BISHOP DRUG COMPANY

Phone 47 or 140.

"PROMPT SERVICE STORE"

Local News Items

Twine for potato bags at Jas. S. Shivers'. tf.

Miss Ella Temple is visiting in Houston.

Speckled peas for sale at Shivers Brothers'. tf.

Amber cane seed \$4.50 bushel at Jas. S. Shivers'. tf.

Lawn mowers, various prices, at Shivers Brothers'. tf.

Fruit jars, rubbers and rings at Johnson Arledge's. tf.

Feed of all kinds can be found at Shivers Brothers'. tf.

Mr. and Mrs. John Harris visited at Lufkin Sunday.

Window glass, all sizes, for sale at Shivers Brothers'. tf.

Miss Mary Denny has returned from a visit to Lufkin.

Good Ford car for sale. Johnson Arledge. tf.

A complete and up-to-date abstract. tf. Aldrich & Crook.

Stephen Denny will return next week from Rice Institute.

Sinks McLarty has returned from medical college at Galveston.

Barb wire, hog wire, nails and staples for sale at Shivers Brothers'. tf.

When in need of anything in groceries, hardware, dry goods and feed phone 4-4, Shivers Brothers' store—delivery to any part of the city. tf.

Amber cane seed \$4.50 bushel at Jas. S. Shivers'. tf.

Mr. and Mrs. John B. Peyton of Trinity were here Wednesday.

Fresh peanut butter in bulk at Crockett Grocery & Baking Company's. It.

Howard Stockton of Camp Bowie was here Saturday and Sunday.

Bugler Gail Leediker of Camp Bowie was here Thursday and Friday.

Mrs. Albert F. Sayers is visiting relatives and friends in Navasota.

John and Smith Wootters have returned from Baylor University, Waco.

Mrs. Virginia Johnson of Memphis is visiting her sister, Mrs. S. M. Monzingo.

Beech Nut vinegar, per quart 50 cents at Crockett Grocery & Baking Company's. It.

Apple brand hats and Lion brand shoes for men and boys at Shivers Brothers'. tf.

You can get fresh Pettijohn's Bran Flour from Crockett Grocery & Baking Co. It.

Miss Bee Denny has returned from Amarillo where she taught in the city schools.

Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Traylor of New Waverly are visiting Mr. and Mrs. H. Wil.

Sewing Wanted. I would like light sewing. All work guaranteed. Mrs. J. E. Cunningham, 2t* Bruner Addition.

To the Women of Houston County

I have just received an opinion from the Attorney General's department stating that the only women who would have to register are those living in cities of 10,000 population and over, hence the women of Houston county will not have to register. Yours very truly,

C. W. Butler Jr., Tax Collector.
Crockett, Texas, May 27, 1918.

Amber cane seed \$4.50 bushel at Jas. S. Shivers'. tf.

Five pounds good roasted coffee for \$1.90 at Crockett Grocery & Baking Company's. It.

All hats, except white, are on sale at greatly reduced prices at Hail's Millinery Parlors. It.

Misses Leona Thomas and Hazel Parker have returned from school at Sherman.

Use the best vinegar in pickling. I have it. Johnson Arledge. tf.

Get your Buckwheat and Pancake Flour from Crockett Grocery & Baking Company. It.

For Sale—White Spanish peanuts. See us quick. H. J. Arledge & Co. 2t.

I want frying size chickens. Can pay good price. Johnson Arledge. tf.

Edwin McConnell and John Langston have returned from A. & M. College, College Station.

Silver Moon and Maxwell House Coffee at Crockett Grocery & Baking Company's. It.

Bring me your poultry and eggs. Top prices paid. Johnson Arledge. tf.

Money to lend on farms. Terms reasonable, money quick. See J. S. French, Crockett, Texas. tf.

Second-hand Ford car for sale cheap. Good condition. Johnson Arledge. tf.

Fresh bulk sweet pickles, at 30 cents per pound, at Crockett Grocery & Baking Co's. It.

For Sale—One Chevrolet car, 1917 model. A. A. Aldrich. tf.

Heinz pure cider vinegar, per quart 35 cents, at Crockett Grocery & Baking Company's. It.

Walter Hester of the College Station military training camp was here Saturday and Sunday.

A large number of new, smart hats are now on sale at and below cost at Hail's Millinery Parlors. It.

Sergeant Mayes L. Berry of Camp Bowie is spending a brief furlough with his parents in this city.

For genuine Ford service, see or phone Towery Motor Co., authorized Ford Sales and Service. tf.

Grady McConnell left Sunday night for San Antonio to enlist in one of the branches of army service.

Cows for Sale. Cows fresh in milk for sale by F. L. Hill, Route 6, Crockett, Texas. 2t.*

Miss Leita Cunyus will reach home at the end of this week from Ward-Belmont Seminary, Nashville.

Miss Grace Denny will return Saturday from Uvalde, where she has been teaching in the city schools.

Miss Adabelle Leaverton of Grapeland, who was Miss Lucia Painter's guest last week, has returned home.

Fords for Sale. For new Fords, both touring and roadster models, see W. A. Tyler. Immediate delivery. tf.

Mrs. Byrde E. Wootters and Miss Delha Mildred Wootters have returned from their visit to Bryan and Houston.

Saddles, buggy harness, wagon harness, in fact anything in the leather goods line, can be found at Shivers Brothers'. tf.

We have received another car of Studebaker Wagons and Buggies this week. Jas. S. Shivers. tf.

For genuine Ford service, see or phone Towery Motor Co., authorized Ford Sales and Service. tf.

Money to Loan

We buy vendor lien notes—Loan Money on long time. Have been doing it for fourteen years with Houston county farmers. We can refer you to a host of farmers we have helped and they now own their farms clear. See us before placing a loan with anybody.

The Firm that Gives Personal Service to Farmers.

WARFIELD BROTHERS

Office North Side Public Square.

CROCKETT, TEXAS.

Mrs. L. A. Collins and Miss Amelia Collins leave to-day (Thursday) to visit R. M. Atkinson and family at Bentonville, Ark.

Will English of the Great Lakes naval training station is visiting relatives in this county. He has recently recovered from pneumonia.

W. V. Berry has returned from Camp Bowie and was accompanied home by his son, Sergeant Berry, who has been laid up from an accident.

Spanish Peanuts.

I have a limited quantity of Spanish peanuts for sale. See me at the furniture store. T. J. Waller. It.

H. G. Thayer, bandmaster for the first regiment of the first Texas brigade, will be in Crockett Friday afternoon, June 7, and will receive enlistments for his band.

G. Ward Shelfer, who comes to our drug store regularly and makes a specialty of refraction, fitting spectacles and eye glasses, will be with us again Wednesday and Thursday, June 5 and 6th. Read large ad in this issue and come to see us. Bishop Drug Co. 2t.

For Sale.

Stock peas (Whippoorwill) in any quantity at \$3.00 per bushel f. o. b. Grapeland.

J. W. Howard, 3t. Grapeland, Texas.

Notice.

One black mare mule, 6 years old, 14 hands high, not branded, lost. Finder will be paid \$10.00 reward for delivering to Jas. S. Shivers or J. A. Terry. tf.

Red Cross Turkey.

On Saturday, June 1, the Red Cross will sell at auction a fine gobbler. This turkey is donated to the Red Cross by Mr. W. D. Jackson of Crockett Rt. 2.

Now is your opportunity to secure a smart hat at or below cost. Our entire stock, except the white ones, is now on sale at surprisingly low prices. Hail's Millinery Parlors.

Sergeant J. E. Brown of Camp Bowie and Miss Hazel Hillin of Kennard were recently married at Kennard. The bride is one of Houston county's finest young women. Following the marriage she drove her husband in a Ford car to Athens, saw the train leave with him for the army camp and returned in the car to her home at Kennard.

ANNOUNCEMENT

To My Friends and the General Public:

Remember please I will be in Trinity at Mansell's Pharmacy Saturday and Monday, June 1 and 3, two days only. In Lovelady at John B. Turner's Drug Store Tuesday, June 4, one day only. In Crockett at Bishop Drug Co.'s Wednesday and Thursday, June 5 and 6, two days only. In Grapeland at D. N. Leaverton's Drug Store Friday and Saturday, June 7 and 8, two days only. Eyes examined, glasses fitted at most reasonable prices and every pair guaranteed and a record kept of every pair that you may have no more made yourself in case you lose or break a pair. If any of you who bought glasses from me find the frames not wearing as they should, bring them in and I will give you a new pair. Come to see me any way and let me readjust your glasses for you, oftentimes they need straightening and truing up when you think they are allright. Bring them in and I will gladly tighten them up for you without any charges.

A FEW WORDS OF WARNING

Nearly every town I go to some one comes in with a worthless pair of glasses telling me they bought them from some peddler at exorbitant price, who represented himself as being "Dr. Shelfer." Ever so many good, intelligent people are yet trusting these frauds and being swindled, with a telephone right in their home. If you will only step to your phone and call up the druggist where I office you will mighty soon find out that I make no trips out into the country and that "Mr. Peddler" or "Great Eye Specialists," as most of them claim to be, is a fraud of the worse type. If you will phone your drug store where I do business and have your eyes fitted right with just the kind of glasses you need and want, you will have much better eyes, good glasses, and much more money left to help the Red Cross. Do this and help us drive these incompetent, unworthy, trifling frauds out of the state. Did you really ever see an "Eye Specialist" peddling over the country? No, they do not do business that way. \$5,000 is the amount insurance companies pay for the loss of one's eyes. Would you sell yours for \$5,000,000. I doubt it, then why should you trust them to a peddler who will tell you anything simply to sell you a pair of worthless glasses. Think this over, remember my dates at Lovelady, Crockett and Grapeland and come to see us.

G. Ward Shelfer, Optometrist

Office address 1413 Main St.

DALLAS, TEXAS

Personal address P. O. Box 133

MEN OF DRAFT AGE MUST WORK OR JOIN ARMY

DRASTIC AMENDMENT TO SELECTIVE CONSCRIPTION REGULATIONS.

Washington, May 23.—Every man of draft age must work or fight after July 1 under a drastic amendment to selective service regulations announced Thursday by Provost Marshal General Crowder. Not only idlers, but all draft registrants engaged in what are held to be non-useful occupations are to be haled before the local boards and given the choice of a new job or the army.

Gamblers, race track and bucket shop attendants and fortune tellers head the list, but those who will be reached by the new regulation also include waiters and bartenders, theater ushers and attendants, passenger elevator operators and other attendants of clubs, hotels, stores, etc., domestics and clerks in stores.

Deferred classification granted on account of dependents will be disregarded entirely in applying the rule. A man may be at the bottom of class one or even in class four, but if he falls within the regulations and refuses to take useful employment, he will be given a new number in class one that will send him into the military service forthwith. Local boards are authorized to use discretion only where they find that enforced change of employment would result in disproportionate hardship upon his dependents.

It has been known for some time that some form of "work or fight" plan had been submitted to President Wilson, but there had been no intimation that it was so far-reaching in scope. Both the military authorities and department of labor officials believe it will go a long way toward solving the labor problem for farmers, shipbuilders and munitions makers and will end for the present, at least, talk of conscription of labor. The announcement Thursday gives notice significantly that the list of non-useful occupations will be extended from time to time as necessity requires.

The statement of the provost marshal general's office follows: "Provost Marshal General Crowder today announced an amendment to the selective service regulations which deals with the great question of compelling men not engaged in a useful occupation immediately to apply themselves to some form of labor contributing to the general good. The idler, too, will find himself confronted with the alternative of finding suitable employment or entering the army.

"This regulation provides that after July 1 any registrant, who is found by a local board to be a habitual idler or not engaged in some useful occupation, shall be summoned before the board, given a chance to explain, and in the absence of a satisfactory explanation to be inducted into the military service of the United States. "Any local board will be authorized to take action whether it has original jurisdiction of the registrant or not, in other words, any man loafing around a pool room in Chicago may be held to answer to a Chicago board, even though he may have registered in New York and lived there most of his life.

"The regulations which apply to idle registrants will be deemed to ap-

Guarding Our Lines

Guarding our lines is like guarding our health—we must encourage the care of our bodies—train our organs for bodily endurance, efficiency and full achievement. It is not so much a necessity to fight disease as to cultivate health.

If we want to increase our chances for long life—Dr. Pierce, of the Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., says: "Keep the kidneys in good order. Try to eliminate through the skin and intestines the poisons that otherwise clog the kidneys. Avoid eating meat as much as possible; avoid too much salt, alcohol, tea. Try a milk and vegetable diet. Drink plenty of water, obtain Anuric (double strength), for 60 cents at druggists, and exercise so you perspire—the skin helps to eliminate toxic poisons and uric acid."

For those easily recognized symptoms of inflammation, as backache, scalding "water," or if uric acid in the blood has caused rheumatism, "rusty" joints, stiffness, get Anuric at the drug store, or send Dr. V. M. Pierce, Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., 10 cts. for trial package.

STROUD, OKLA.—"I suffered for a year with kidney trouble. I saw Dr. Pierce's advertisement in the paper and wrote for a trial package of 'Anuric.' It helped me so much I went to the drug store and bought a supply of Dr. Pierce's medicine. I bought four bottles of the 'Golden Medical Discovery' one package of the 'Anuric Tablets' and a vial of the 'Pleasant Pellets.' The 'Golden Medical Discovery' cured me of bowel trouble, and the 'Anuric' of the kidney trouble."—MRS. MARY JANE FISHER, Route 5.



ply, also to gamblers of all description and employes and attendants of bucket shops and race tracks, fortune tellers, clairvoyants, palmists and the like who for the purpose of the regulations shall be considered as idlers.

"The new regulations will also effect the following classes:

"(a) Persons engaged in the serving of food or drink, or either, in public places, including hotels and social clubs.

"(b) Passenger elevator operators or attendants, doormen, footmen and other attendants of clubs, stores, apartment houses, office buildings and bath houses.

"(c) Persons including ushers and other attendants engaged and occupied in, and in connection with games, sports and amusements, excepting actual performers in legitimate concerts, operas or theatrical performances.

"(d) Persons employed in domestic service.

"(e) Sales clerks and other clerks employed in stores and other mercantile establishments.

"Men who are engaged as above or who are idlers will not be permitted to seek relief because of the fact that they have a late order number or because they have been placed in class 2, 3 or 4 on the grounds of dependency. The fact that he is not usefully employed will out-weigh both of the advance conditions. It is expected that the list of non-useful occupations will extend from time to time as necessity will require so as to include persons in other employments.

"Temporary absences from regular employment not to exceed one week, unless such temporary absences are habitual and frequent, shall not be considered as idleness. Regular vacations will not be considered as absences in this connection.

"The regulation throws a further safeguard around men not usefully employed by providing that where there are compelling domestic circumstances that would not permit change of employment by the registrant without disproportionate hardships to his dependents or where a change from non-useful occupation would necessitate a removal of the registrant or his family, local boards may give consideration to the circumstances. The regulation further provides where such a change of employment would compel a night employment of women under circumstances which a board might deem unsuitable for such employment of women, the board may take such circumstances into consideration in making its decision.

Explaining the new regulation and the necessity for it, General Crowder said:

"The war has so far disorganized the normal adjustment of industrial man power as to prevent the enormous industrial output and natural organization necessary to success.

"There is a popular demand for organization of man power, but no direct draft could be imposed at present.

"Steps to prohibit idleness and non-effective occupation will be welcomed by our people.

"We shall give the idlers and men not effectively employed the choice between military service and effective employment. Every man in the draft age, at least, must work or fight.

"This is not alone a war of military maneuver. It is a deadly contest of industries and mechanics. Germany must not be thought of as merely possessing an army. We must think of her as being an army—an army which every man and factor in the empire is part of the organized machine running night and day at terrific speed. We must make of ourselves the same sort of effective machine.

"It is enough to ask what would happen if every man in the nation turned his hand to effective work. We must make ourselves effective. We must organize for the future. We must make vast withdrawals from the ranks of industry behind the gap with an accelerating production of every useful thing in necessary measure. How is this to be done?"

"The answer is plain. The first step toward the solution of the difficulty is to prohibit engagement by able-bodied men in the field of hurtful employment, idleness or ineffectual employment and thus induce and persuade the vast wasted excess into useful fields.

"The very situation we are now considering, however, offers great relief by effective administration of the draft as well as great possibilities for the imposition of the labor situation by effective administration of the draft. Considering the selective service law we have two principal causes of deferment of the call to military service—exemption and the order numbers assigned by lot. The exemptions themselves fall into two conspicuous categories—dependency and industrial employment. One protects domestic relations, the other the economic interest of the nation. Between the two there is an inevitable hiatus, for it is demonstrably true that thousands, if not millions, of dependency exemptions have no effect on industrial protection whatever.

"One of the unanswerable criticisms of the draft has been that it takes men from the farms and from all useful employments and marches them past crowds of idlers and loafers away to the army. The remedy is simple—to couple the industrial basis with other grounds for exemptions and to require that any man pleading exemption on any ground shall also show that he is contributing effectively to the industrial welfare of the nation.

"The regulation itself makes plain the determination of the war department. The great organization of local and district boards which has already accomplished a notable work

GOV. COLQUITT'S CROCKETT SPEECH

As Reported to the Houston Post by Upshur Vincent, Austin Staff Correspondent.

Crockett, Texas, May 25.—"I am still an anti prohibitionist, my friends. I still do not believe in that method of handling that problem. But there is a much greater question than that before us today. The question of the honor of the State and the honesty of its conduct is paramount to any other and I am willing to pass the prohibition issue by for the time in order to insure that the affairs of this State shall be administered in an honest manner and by a man who has not been convicted of the misappropriation of the State's money."

Former Governor O. B. Colquitt made these words the text of a sermon on public service, private honesty and personal integrity which was heard by a large audience on the court house square in Crockett Saturday afternoon.

Reading from the constitution of the State, Governor Colquitt showed there is no power which may pardon a man who has been impeached in Texas; that even for the crime of treason there may be forgiveness; but for the man who receives punishment by impeachment there can be no pardon.

"The German kaiser says that treaties are but scraps of paper. Ferguson says the constitution is but a scrap of paper. The kaiser says that might gives him the right to violate all the treaties to which the German nation has affixed its signature. Ferguson is pleading with the people to violate the constitution, which is their one safeguard against kaiserism in Texas. And on July 27 the voters of Texas are going to sweep Jim Ferguson from the political horizon just as some day—and may God, in his wisdom, hurry that time—the American soldier is going to sweep the kaiser and his minions from the face of the earth."

Governor Colquitt reviewed the history of the Canyon City Normal money which was used by Ferguson to pay his personal note to a Temple national bank. Had O. B. Colquitt ever used one cent of the State's money to pay his private debts and had the Texas legislature caught him with the goods and smashed him and convicted him, said the speaker, "I never would have had the audacity to raise my head again in the society of decent people; but even my worst enemies never could or did accuse me of misappropriating one single cent of the State's money."

Governor Colquitt said: "If the people of Houston county should find that a tax collector had used the county funds to pay his private debts they would send that tax collector to the penitentiary. What is the difference between your county official when he disobeys the law and your governor when he disobeys the law? Has Texas one law for the poor county official and another law for the rich occupant of the governor's office?"

The record of the three investigations was gone into. Governor Colquitt said that Ferguson went into the house of representatives and demanded the first investigation; that the committee was appointed by the speaker whom Ferguson had elected and that committee of Ferguson men found that Ferguson was guilty but recommended that he not be punished. The house which voted the impeachment charges was composed of Ferguson's friends and they found him guilty, said Governor Colquitt; the senate which finally convicted and issued the verdict against Ferguson's was composed of that man's friends. All of the courts which tried him and found him guilty were made up of his friends and they convicted him on his own evidence, sworn to on the witness stand.

In closing Mr. Colquitt paid an eloquent tribute to the Red Cross, which was holding a rally the same day.

"Give all that you can give to this great cause," he pleaded. "Give till it hurts and then give more. In that way you can render your greatest service to the nation just as you, the voters of Texas, can render the greatest service to your State by voting for Will Hobby for governor of Texas in the July primaries."

Immediately at the close of the address Governor Colquitt auctioned off a quilt which had been donated to the Red Cross by Miss Addie Meeks. The quilt was the work of Miss Meeks and brought \$25 from G. G. King. It was again donated and auctioned for \$15; the same process brought \$15 and a final auction brought \$5. The later buyers and donors were C. L. Edmiston and B. L. Satterwhite. With a total of \$60 to its credit the quilt will again be auctioned for the Red Cross at the next rally.

The meeting was presided over by former Mayor J. H. Young, who reminded the audience that Governor Colquitt had always carried Houston county and that the people here knew him to be honest and true.

may be relied upon to catch the spirit of the movement and sorely needed man power will soon be flowing into the fields of useful endeavor or into the other direction of military strength."

Some women are kept so busy deciding what men not to marry that they have no time to marry at all.



The Real Meaning of Tire-buying Economy

Your car must give greater service this year than ever before.

It speeds up your work—increases your working power.

The highest car economy lies in utmost service.

The most economical tires are those which will give you greatest use of your car.

That's just what United States Tires will do for you.

You can depend on them for continuous service, —most mileage at lowest mileage cost.

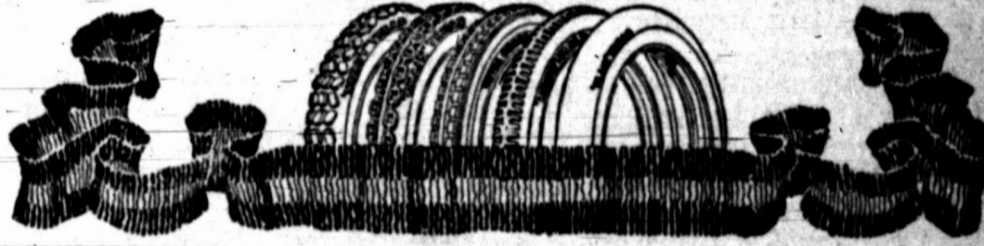
Equip with United States Tires.

Our nearest Sales and Service Depot dealer will be glad to assist you in selection.



United States Tubes and Tire Accessories Have All the Sterling Worth and Wear that Make United States Tires Supreme.

'Nobby' 'Chain' 'Royal' 'Ucco' 'Plain'



A complete stock of United States Tires is carried by the following Sales and Service Depot:

East Texas Motor Company

FREIGHT CHARGES MUST BE PAID

Washington, May 23—Railroad transportation charges must be paid in advance after July 1, under an order issued Thursday by Director General McAdoo abolishing the present system, by which many large shippers and consignees are given credit on their freight bills for weeks or months, while small patrons are required to settle on a cash basis.

"This means that under government management railroads will collect each day the charges on goods shipped or delivered that day, with the exception that credit for two days may be extended those who file surety bond covering payment. Existing bonding arrangements are to be terminated July 1, or as soon thereafter as possible.

"While repeated attempts have been made in the past to check the credit evil," said a railroad administration announcement, "competitive conditions have rendered it impossible to do so. The director general is anxious that the public understand the reason for the promulgation of this order is to prevent discrimination between shippers and consignees."

Instructions issued Thursday cautioned railroad officers to enforce the rule in a businesslike way with as little inconvenience to shippers or consignees as possible. Claims for errors or overcharge may be presented after the payment is made and rules covering this will be issued soon. Local collection bureaus may be extended or created later if they are found necessary or expedient.

WATCH HOSPITAL

All sick watches treated by the latest scientific methods. All dead watches and clocks not mortified can be resurrected. A trained nurse to help the specialist.

G. T. JONES, Crockett, Texas
At the Rexall Store

YOU will not have the best if you fail to get EUCALINE for Malaria, Chills and Fever. The general tonic properties restores strength and vitality to the weakened body. Guaranteed. Price 60c

RED CROSS VANISHING CREAM (WITH PEROXIDE)

A greaseless cream of snowy whiteness. Delightfully perfumed. A day cream for oily skins. Softens the hard lines of the face. Protects it from sunburns, winds, tans and cold weather. Affords an excellent foundation for applying Amrico Beauty Face Powder. This and more than one hundred other Red Cross Remedies and Toilet preparations sold and guaranteed only by

BAKER & CASTLEBERG

THE THIRD LIBERTY LOAN SUBSCRIBERS

A PARTIAL LIST OF SUBSCRIBITIONS RECEIVED THROUGH THE BANKS OF CROCKETT.

Adams, Earle P.	\$100.00
Arlodge, Johnson	50.00
Adams, Bessie R.	50.00
Arnold, E. B.	50.00
Arnold, E. B.	50.00
Asher, N. L.	100.00
Asher, Harvey S.	50.00
Asher, Byrde L.	100.00
Aldrich, A. A.	100.00
Allen, John R.	50.00
Allen, J. W.	100.00
Ashmore, H. A.	100.00
Allen, C. P.	50.00
Allen, George	50.00
Allen, John	50.00
Aiken, W. W.	100.00
Allen, J. H.	50.00
Allee, A. H.	50.00
Ashmore, W. A.	50.00
Arlodge, Emanuel	50.00
Anderson, Sam	50.00
Aldrich, A. A.	100.00
Atmar, Dave	50.00
Alexander, J. B.	50.00
Allen, J. E.	50.00
Allen, W. D.	50.00
Aiken, Tom	50.00
Aldrich, A. A.	100.00
Aiken, Robert E.	50.00
Adams, Todd Robinson	50.00
Arnold Brothers	200.00
Arnold, Mrs. L. H.	50.00
Allbright, G. W.	100.00
Adams, Elizabeth	50.00
Arlodge, Henry J.	100.00
Arlodge, Miss Jennie B.	50.00
Arlodge, Hattie B.	50.00
Arlodge, Mrs. H. J.	50.00
Allee, Billy	50.00
Adair, W. H.	50.00
Bowens, Andrew	50.00
Beavers, J. D.	50.00
Bennett, J. W.	500.00
Bennett, W. E.	100.00
Bennett, D. H.	100.00
Bennett, D. H.	100.00
Barnhill, J. T.	250.00
Arno, Bradt	100.00
Beeson, Miss Anna	50.00
Bynum, J. E.	100.00
Bishop, W. P.	200.00
Brewton, J. C.	100.00
Bynum, N. J.	50.00
Burton, A. B. Jr.	50.00
Bayne, Mrs. E. J.	100.00
Brister, S. B.	100.00
Beeson, Harold	50.00
Baum, Dan	250.00
Bolch, A. P.	50.00
Brown, R. O.	50.00
Brinkman, John A.	400.00
Berryman, Henry	50.00
Buller, N. H.	100.00
Brown, Willie P.	50.00
Bizer, Algia	50.00
Bryan, Earl	500.00
Brewton, Homer (Hernie)	50.00
Blackshear, Charley	50.00
Brooks, L. C.	50.00
Bitner, H. A.	50.00
Brown, M. N.	50.00
Bobbitt, J. H.	50.00
Berry, G. R.	100.00
Berry, A. M.	50.00
Burton, Miss Mac	50.00
Bennett, Mrs. Sid	100.00
Brown, J. L.	100.00
Benton, Jim	50.00
Barbee, N. B.	50.00
Buller, T. M.	50.00
Brinkman, John A.	1100.00
Bennett, Mrs. Sid	100.00
Brewton, J. T.	100.00
Boaz, E. A.	50.00
Berry, Jasper	50.00
Burton, A. B.	1500.00
Baughman, Ray	100.00
Boone, S. M.	50.00
Boaz, E. A.	50.00
Barbee, Jack	50.00
Berry, Isaac	50.00
Beazley, C. H.	100.00
Baker, John F.	100.00
Crook, Geo. W.	100.00
Craddock, Jeannette	100.00
Collins, A. C.	50.00
Craddock, T. D. Jr.	150.00
Craddock, T. D. Jr.	100.00
Craddock, Jeannette	150.00
Craddock, H. F.	100.00
Collins, Mrs. Virginia	50.00
Collins, A. C.	150.00
Calloway, Lester H.	50.00
Cook, T. R.	100.00
Chamberlain, B. F.	200.00
Chamberlain, B. F.	50.00
Collins, Thos. B.	50.00
Clark, J. A.	100.00
Cook, E. B.	50.00
Crawford, Hal	50.00
Cook, A. B.	50.00
Carson, Will	200.00
Cook, W. C.	50.00
Connoway, M. A.	50.00
Curry, F. J.	50.00
Connoway, T. K.	50.00
Crain, Myrtle	50.00
Cappony, Z. S.	50.00
Craddock, Miss Emma A.	100.00
Christian, W. B.	50.00
Clines, Wade H.	50.00
Cook, J. H.	50.00
Coulter, Starry	50.00
Christian, H. C.	100.00
Clark, J. D.	50.00
Crook, Mrs. Hallie	100.00
Cheairs, G. W.	50.00
Collins, W. O.	50.00
Cary, George	50.00
Corry, Mrs. C. N.	200.00
Caldwell, Walter	50.00
Cauthen, E. C.	50.00
Gonnoway, E. L.	50.00
Campbell, Henry	50.00
Christian, W. W.	50.00
Collins, J. V. Estate	300.00
Collins, W. D.	50.00
Calloway, C. H.	100.00
Chamberlain, Ben	50.00
Cook, T. R.	50.00
Crawford, Jim	100.00
Calhoun, Dick	100.00
Denny, Miss Anna	100.00
Denny, W. H.	500.00

Denny, S. A.	50.00
Daniel, I. A.	500.00
Driskill, Frank	50.00
Driskill, J. D.	50.00
Denny, Davis	50.00
Douglas, Burl H.	200.00
Douglas, Burl H.	50.00
Dawson, E. S.	50.00
Diskill, Mrs. J. D.	100.00
Dickson, Willis	50.00
Daniel, J. W.	100.00
Dean, W. H.	50.00
Demossa, Eugene	50.00
Daniel & Arrington	500.00
Daniel, Berry	50.00
Dent, Florence Miss	100.00
Dent, B. F.	100.00
Dent, B. F.	100.00
Davis, Joe	50.00
Douglas, Albert	50.00
Dailey, Darius	50.00
Daniel, I. A.	50.00
Douglas, Mrs. Mary C.	100.00
Dent, Mrs. B. F.	100.00
Davenport, Ira	50.00
Daniel, A. F.	50.00
Driskill, W. H.	50.00
Duke & Ayers	50.00
Davis, Lewis (col)	250.00
Denny, Geo. H.	200.00
Daniel & Arrington	500.00
Edwards, W. H.	50.00
Edmiston, F. G.	50.00
Ellis, Mrs. J. B.	50.00
Eddy, John W.	500.00
Evans, Dr. C. W.	500.00
Ellis, Mrs. G. E. (Boys)	100.00
Evans, Geo. W.	50.00
Eddy, John W.	100.00
Edens, Albert	50.00
Ellis, Mrs. Garland	50.00
Ellis, Mrs. J. B.	500.00
Ellis, Mrs. J. B.	200.00
East Texas Motor Co.	1500.00
Ellis, J. M.	50.00
Ellisor, O. W.	100.00
Ellisor, L. B.	100.00
Fritze, Otto	50.00
Fritze, C. H.	50.00
Fuller, Chas. E.	50.00
Fain, S. A.	50.00
Ford, J. M.	50.00
Fourniquet, Mrs. E. A.	100.00
Fritze, C. H.	250.00
Fritze, C. H.	200.00
Foster, E. D.	100.00
Foster, Mrs. Antillis	100.00
Flatt, R. S.	50.00
Foster, Frank	100.00
Farek, Joe	100.00
Goolsby, J. Carl	50.00
Gasper, C. F.	50.00
Green, Harvey	50.00
Green, P. O.	50.00
Gibson, J. S.	50.00
Gossett, T. M.	50.00
Gentry, Dan	50.00
Gallant, W. L.	50.00
Gibson, Mrs. J. O.	100.00
Gallant, W. E.	50.00
Green, Albert	50.00
Givens, Alex	50.00
Gary, Eph	50.00
Goolsby, J. A.	50.00
Grounds, J. A.	50.00
Grounds, J. L.	100.00
Gipson, J. M.	50.00
Goolsby, J. Carl	50.00
Graham, W.	50.00
Glen, J. D.	50.00
Gunter, Ben	100.00
Hubbard, A. E.	400.00
Hatcher, D. W.	50.00
Hale, J. M.	200.00
Hale, J. M.	50.00
Hallmark, A. B.	50.00
Morgan, John D.	50.00
Hartley, Morgan	50.00
Hooks, Mack	50.00
Hooks, J. A.	50.00
Hargrove, G. J.	50.00
Hallmark, Geo. W.	50.00
Hearn, W. B.	50.00
Hallmark, O. E.	50.00
Hall, Louis	50.00
Hearn, Mrs. R. H.	50.00
Hirons, E. B.	50.00
Hester, J. W.	50.00
Henderson, Guy	50.00
Hairston, Thos. L.	100.00
Holster, Frank	50.00
Hodges, R. F.	50.00
Hallmark, C. B.	100.00
Hallmark, A. A.	50.00
Hallmark, H. F.	50.00
Hearon, J. C.	200.00
Hester, R. A.	50.00
Hanks, J. H.	50.00
Henry, A. L.	50.00
Hester, William F.	50.00
Hale, J. M.	200.00
Hale, J. M.	50.00
Hall, Fletcher	50.00
Hall, E. A.	50.00
Hallmark, H. H.	50.00
Hatcher, Mrs. D. W.	50.00
Hail, Henry	50.00
Hallmark, O. F.	50.00
Houston, Joe	50.00
Heard, Dr. J. L.	200.00
Huntsman, S. Z.	50.00
Hall, R. F.	100.00
Howard, J. R.	50.00
Howard, Mrs. Ella R.	50.00
Hewey, Sherman	50.00
Hays, Mrs. T. A.	100.00
Hearn, B. D.	50.00
Haag, Dr. W. M.	50.00
Hampton, E. M.	100.00
Hill, F. H.	50.00
Hale, E. B.	50.00
Hale, O. B.	50.00
Heard, Dr. J. L.	100.00
Hanne, Albert (col.)	50.00
Harris, Frank	50.00
Holly, H. C.	50.00
Hatchell, Miss Nannie B.	100.00
Ivey, N. A.	50.00
I. O. O. F.	50.00
Johnson, Doc	50.00
Johnson, G. H.	50.00
Johnson, J. B.	50.00
Johnson, C. L.	50.00
Johnson, Boner	50.00
Johnson, Lee	50.00
Jones, Bob	50.00
Jackson, Hirom	100.00
Johnson, Joe	50.00
Jopling, H. S.	200.00
James, Albert J.	50.00
Jarvis, J. F.	50.00
Johnson, W. G.	100.00
Jackson, G. W.	100.00
Jackson, G. W.	50.00
Jones, John	50.00
Johnson, Walter	50.00
Jordan, Sandy	50.00
Jacobi, L. V.	50.00
Jones, C. W.	50.00
Jones, C. H.	100.00

Posted—Keep Out

My farm, lake and pasture are all posted, and this is to give public notice that all trespassers will be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law.

W. V. BERRY

Is Your Battery Run Down?

If your storage battery is in a weak, run-down condition, bring it to us for recharging. We have special equipment for taking care of this work, and guarantee first-class service.

Crockett Motor Company

W. E. Robertson

Robbins, C. E.	100.00
Reeves, N. G.	50.00
Satterwhite, B. L.	1000.00
Sherman, J. L.	50.00
Sherman, J. L.	200.00
Sams, Rev. L. L.	50.00
Stokes, Dr. E. B.	500.00
Spnks, R. C.	1000.00
Stanton, Mrs. J. B.	200.00
Stanton, Mrs. J. B.	50.00
Stanton, J. B.	200.00
Stanton, J. B.	50.00
Starling, Dr. C. C.	200.00
Starling, Dr. C. C.	50.00
Story, Edd	50.00
Smith, A. Z.	50.00
Sartor, T. J.	100.00
Satterwhite, T. B.	100.00
Smith, J. E.	100.00
Smith, D. M.	100.00
Satterwhite, F. M.	100.00
Satterwhite, Tom J.	100.00
Spence, Clarence M.	100.00
Shields, J. K.	100.00
Simmons, J. T.	50.00
Swearington, George	50.00
Sifford, T. A.	50.00
Short, A. W.	50.00
Salisbury, J. T.	1000.00
Salisbury, J. T.	100.00
Story, Louis	50.00
Shanks, Talmage L.	50.00
Satterwhite, W. H.	100.00
Smith, Mrs. Nettie	100.00
Smith, Tom A.	100.00
Sheridan, J. D.	50.00
Schmidt, Miss Corine	50.00
Stanton, George	100.00
Sayers, Mrs. Ruth	100.00
Shields, Mrs. J. B.	50.00
Strong, H. W.	50.00
Stokes, Miss Laura	50.00
Stokes, Miss Leita	50.00
Spencer, E. M.	50.00
Stokes, Dr. E. B.	50.00
Scurlock, George	50.00
Saunders, C. S.	50.00
Spence, R. J.	100.00
Spence, R. J.	400.00
Stephenson, C. R.	50.00
Satterwhite, John B.	100.00
Scarborough, Martin	50.00
Schmidt, M. N.	50.00
Smith, Jim Asa	300.00
Snell, John N.	200.00
Satterwhite, Mattie	50.00
Seamon, Albert	100.00
Smith, T. F.	50.00
Sallas, L. A.	50.00
Satterwhite, John B.	100.00
Scurlock, Dan (col.)	100.00
Satterwhite, Mrs. John B.	50.00
Spence, J. W.	50.00
Thompson, Sam M.	50.00
Taylor, J. J.	500.00
Turner, C. A.	50.00
Trube, H. J.	100.00
Tyer, J. N.	100.00
Tyer, Clyde	100.00
Thomas, Dr. M. A.	500.00
Taylor, Dr. W. B.	100.00
Thompson, Mrs. Albert	50.00
Teel, R. P.	500.00
Tyer, W. A.	100.00
Taylor, Dr. G. R.	300.00
Tyer, J. N.	100.00
Tatom, P. W.	50.00
Tatom, G. W.	100.00
Tatom, I. W.	50.00
Tatom, R. S.	50.00
Thomas, Prof. B. F.	50.00
Turner, Alton	50.00
Taylor, Dr. G. R.	200.00
Taylor, Dr. W. B.	100.00
Thompson, Dave	50.00
Thames, Mrs. R. R.	50.00

Turner, J. R.	50.00
Thomason, A. A.	50.00
Tarver, T. G. W.	50.00
Thames, D. P.	50.00
Turner, A. C.	50.00
Terry, Johnson	50.00
Turner, J. P.	50.00
Thompson, T. W.	1000.00
Tunstall, T. B.	500.00
Tunstall, V. O.	50.00
Tunstall, J. F.	100.00
Thompson, Albert	50.00
Thompson, Donald	100.00
Vaughn, Joe	50.00
Winfree, Mrs. E.	50.00
Woodson, Miss Lena	100.00
Waller, Tom J.	100.00
Weatherford, S. F.	50.00
West, W. F.	50.00
Worham, Miss Willie	50.00
Woolley, J. A.	50.00
Woolley, G. R.	50.00
Washington, Geo. I.	50.00
Woodson, J. D. Jr.	50.00
Williams, O. J.	100.00
Woolfley, Ben J.	100.00
Webb, A.	50.00
Woods, M. C.	50.00
Wilson, W. D.	100.00
Wheeler, W. M.	50.00
Walker, Grant	50.00
Waller, A. W.	50.00
Wilmore, George	50.00
Willis, R. S.	50.00
Wheeler, B. E.	50.00
Wall, Morgan	50.00
Watson, O. H.	50.00
Wall, S. A.	50.00
Wooten, W. M.	50.00
Woolley, J. W.	100.00
W. O. W. Lodge	100.00
Woods, R. D.	50.00
Warner, Sam	50.00
Ward, W. M.	50.00
White, W. M.	50.00
Wagner, John	50.00
Wynne, Earl	50.00
Ward, Payton	50.00
Woodson, G. W.	50.00
Wright, J. W.	50.00
Wood, W. M. (col.)	50.00
Yawn, J. J.	50.00
Yawn, J. F.	50.00
Zumwalt	50.00

The angler's baited breath catches the big fish stories.

BLOOD IMPURITIES

May be quickly and safely counteracted by taking **ADMIRINE TONIC SARSAPARILLA**, which is an anti-malarial laxative, iron tonic; blood medicine, that purifies the blood, destroys the malaria germ and restores vitality and health. Try one bottle.

GUARANTEED

RED CROSS AMRICO TOOTH PASTE

As antiseptic refreshing paste, that leaves a delightful after-taste. Cleanses the teeth without injuring the enamel. The antiseptic properties aid in keeping the gums and gums in a healthy condition. This and more than one hundred other Red Cross Remedies and Toilet Preparations sold and guaranteed only by

BAKER & CASTLEBERG

REGISTRATION DAY IS SET FOR JUNE 5

Secretary of War Through Committee on Public Information Authorizes Statement.

With the signing by President Wilson of the bill and proclamation designating Wednesday, June 5, as the day on which all men who have reached the age of 21 since last June 5 shall register for military service, Provost Marshal General Crowder's Office immediately began preparations for the enrollment of the men. Instead of using the election machinery as was done last year, General Crowder will call upon the local boards. It is believed that their experience during the past year has peculiarly fitted them to handle the new registration economically and efficiently.

Gen. Crowder has estimated that probably three-quarters of a million men will be added to the American Army by the new registration. His estimate is based on the fact that almost 10,000,000 men registered last year. This number included all between the ages of 21 and 31, and statistics collected by Gen. Crowder's office show that a little more than 10 per cent of these men were 21 years old. On that basis it is estimated by draft officials that the total registration will exceed 1,000,000, of which 750,000 will be available for military service. This makes proper allowances for physical defectives, exemptions because of dependents, and other bars to military service.

The law provides that every young man in the United States who has reached the age of 21 years since June 5, 1917, or will reach that age on or before June 5, 1918, must register. The only exceptions are in cases of men who are actually in active military or naval service. All male persons, except officers and enlisted men of the Regular Army, Navy, and Marine Corps, and the National Guard and Naval Militia while in Federal service, and officers in the Officers' Reserve Corps and enlisted men in the Enlisted Reserve Corps while in active service, must register. Some misunderstanding has

been caused by the publication of reports that medical and divinity students need not register, and Gen. Crowder has issued the following statement:

"Divinity students and students of medicine must register. Under the terms of the law signed by President Wilson on Monday students who were preparing for the ministry in recognized theological or divinity schools and students who were preparing for the practice of medicine and surgery in recognized medical schools on May 20, 1918, are exempt from the draft. However, the law does not relieve such students from the duty of registering on Wednesday, June 5. Registration comes first, exemption afterwards. It is absolutely necessary that these students register."

The registration will be held in the office of the local board having jurisdiction of the area wherein the person to be registered permanently resides, or in such other place as by public notice is designated by the board, between 7 a. m. and 9 p. m. on Wednesday, June 5, 1918.

It is necessary to go to the registration place in person. Any man who expects to be absent from home on Wednesday, June 5, should go at once to the office of the local board where he expects to be and have his registration card filled out and certified. He must then mail this card to the office of the local board having jurisdiction of the place wherein he permanently resides, and in view of the fact that this card must be received by his home local board on or before June 5, it is essential that any one who expects to be away from home on that date arrange for his registration immediately.

Anyone who is sick on June 5 and unable to present himself in person at the office of the local board may send some competent friend, who may be deputized by the clerk to prepare his card.

Any person in doubt as to where he should register should consult the local board in the place where he permanently resides, or he may obtain the desired information from the office of the mayor if he lives in a city of 30,000 population or over, or in the office of the county clerk or parish clerk if he does not live in a city of 30,000.

It is not anticipated that many will be delinquent. It is hoped that none will be, but for those who do fail to perform their duty congress has provided a very heavy penalty. Failure to register on June 5 constitutes a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for one year, and may result, furthermore, in the loss of valuable rights and privileges and immediate induction into military service.

ALL YOUTHS OF 21 MUST REGISTER

Washington, May 25.—The war department Saturday issued a warning to all youths attaining the age of 21 on or before June 5 that they must present themselves for registration on that day. No excuse will be tolerated, the department said, except when the person is actually in the military service.

The department's warning says: "Draft officials wish it clearly understood that no person who has attained the age of 21 since June 5 is excused from registration on June 5 unless on that date he is an actual and active member of the military or naval service. Persons not subject to registration on account of being in the military or naval service become subject to registration and are required to register immediately upon leaving such military or naval service. Any such persons discharged after June 5 must register immediately after their discharge."

Provost Marshal General Crowder, urging young men to study the draft regulations Saturday, issued the following statement:

"It should be clearly understood that registration is a public duty. It is distinct from selective service in that it is only preliminary to the later process of selection. For failure to perform their duty congress has provided a penalty of imprisonment for one year. Furthermore, such failure may result in the loss of valuable rights and privileges and immediate induction into military service.

"No delinquent can be excused for not registering on the ground that he forgot or did not realize his duty. The burden is on him and on him alone to perform that duty and he alone is responsible."

What "Made in U. S. A." Means To You



The use of "Made in U. S. A." products means first that we are protecting and developing our country's commerce; second, that we are forwarding a movement directly beneficial to each of us individually; third, that we are obtaining the best products that the market of the world offers today.

Keep-Kool Clothes are made of American materials by American workmen for red-blooded Americans.

JAMES S. SHIVERS



The Keep-Kool Suit—the All-American-Made Garment is ready for your inspection

—No. 774—
Official Statement of the Financial Condition of the

First Guaranty State Bank

AT WELDON,

State of Texas, at the close of business on the 10th day of May, 1918, published in the Crockett Courier, a newspaper printed and published at Crockett, State of Texas, on the 30th day of May, 1918.

RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts, personal or collateral	\$46,257.54
Loans, real estate	4,140.00
Overdrafts	31.73
Bonds and Stocks	3,000.00
Real Estate (banking house)	2,700.00
Other Real Estate	350.00
Furniture and Fixtures	1,800.00
Due from Approved Reserve Agents, net	16,863.78
Due from other Banks and Bankers, subject to check, net	177.25
Cash Items	117.60
Currency	9,215.00
Specie	1,006.66
Interest and Assessment Depositor's Guaranty Fund	612.42
Other Resources: W. S. S.	590.94
TOTAL	\$86,862.92

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock paid in	\$10,000.00
Surplus Fund	3,500.00
Undivided Profits, net	2,312.78
Individual Deposits, subject to check	62,459.88
Time Certificates of Deposit	8,170.00
Cashier's Checks	420.26
TOTAL	\$86,862.92

State of Texas, County of Houston: We, Alex Thompson, as president, and W. H. Mangum, as cashier of said bank, each of us, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.

ALEX THOMPSON, President,
W. H. MANGUM, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 18th day of May, A. D. 1918.

(seal) J. F. ROSAMOND,
Notary Public of Houston Co., Texas.
Correct-Attest: W. D. JAMES,
J. T. ETHEREDGE,
H. G. CERN,
Directors.

MEETING OF FARM LOAN ASSOCIATION

IMPORTANT THAT ALL MEMBERS SHOULD ATTEND—NEW RULE GOVERNING LOANS.

A special meeting of all members of the Crockett National Farm Loan Association is hereby called for Saturday, June 1, at three o'clock in the afternoon, at the Commercial Club rooms.

It has been several months since a general meeting of the membership has been called and matters of much importance must be disposed of or the continued success of the association may be imperiled. This is something that each member, whether he has secured his money or his loan is still pending, has a personal interest in and should lend his support by being present, for the securing of the money does not end a member's responsibility in the organization. This association is a government institution and is expected to serve the farmers of Houston county continuously: until such time as all of them shall have become so prosperous that they will need no further assistance of this kind.

The following letter which is self-explanatory, has just been received by the secretary of the Crockett Association, that largely increases the scope of the Federal Farm Loan operations and should put at least an additional hundred thousand dollars of this five and a half percent money in circulation in this section of the country during the next few months.

Houston, Texas, May 22, 1918.
To All Secretary-Treasurers and Federal Land Bank Appraisers:

This is to advise that since the indications now point strongly to the conclusion that Federal Farm Loan Bonds can be marketed to the public, and that we will not be dependent upon the sale of these Bonds to the Secretary of the Treasury for the

money needed to close loans, we are authorized by the Federal Farm Loan Board at Washington, to remove the restriction as to a certain class of borrowers held since January not eligible to borrow, to-wit: Farmers whose principal income was from sources other than farming operations. To state it differently, all parties actually engaged in farming whether personally or by hired labor, independent of whether they reside upon the farms, or have their principal income therefrom, may now receive benefits of loans from this bank. It is possible that loans have been declined, since January, to parties not residing on the farms and whose principal income was from other sources, to whom the loans can now be made under the rules herein stated. If there are any such cases in your association give us the names of the parties and advise if they now desire the loans made. Also keep in mind this more liberal rule in the matter of eligibility of borrowers in submitting new applications. Very truly yours,
Federal Land Bank.

H. A. Fisher, Secretary,
Crockett Commercial Club.

American Army Now 2,000,000 Men.
Washington, May 25.—Full strength of the army, including National Army, National Guard and regulars, now is 2,000,000 men, Chairman Dent of the house military committee announced Saturday in his report on the army appropriation bill.

"While it has been generally rumored that we had no airships with our army in France, the fact is that we have between 1300 and 1400 of them, at least 200 of which are fighting machines," the report says.

RED CROSS FUND MAY REACH \$150,000,000

Figures Given Out at Headquarters Show \$144,000,000, With More to Come.

Washington, May 27.—The American people answered Germany's renewal of the offensive on the western front today with an outpouring of more than 32,000,000 mercy dollars, swelling the American Red Cross second war fund to \$144,000,000. Reports still were coming in from some districts at midnight and the final total of the drive, which ended today, will not be known until tomorrow.

The oversubscription was much larger than for the first \$100,000,000 fund last year and was believed by officials to have reflected the determination of the people to see the work extended. Every Red Cross division except the central and every state in the union except Illinois went over its quota.

A nomination may be more nearly equivalent to a collection than an election.

Modern Plumbing

AND GUTTERING OF THE RIGHT KIND
TINWORK OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

All Work Guaranteed. Repair Work a Specialty. Telephone 120
Our Service is the Kind That Pleases

J. W. SMITH

The Crockett Courier

Issued weekly from Courier Building

W. W. AIKEN, Editor and Proprietor

PUBLISHER'S NOTICE.

Obituaries, resolutions, cards of thanks and other matter not "news" will be charged for at the rate of 5c per line.

Parties ordering advertising or printing for societies, churches, committees or organizations of any kind will, in all cases, be held personally responsible for the payment of the bills.

In case of errors or omissions in legal or other advertisements, the publishers do not hold themselves liable for damage further than the amount received by them for such advertisement.

Any erroneous reflection upon the character, standing or reputation of any person, firm or corporation which may appear in the columns of the Courier will be gladly corrected upon its being brought to the attention of the management.



This paper has enlisted with the government in the cause of America for the period of the war.....

"NO WHEAT UNTIL THE NEXT HARVEST"

Mr. Hoover has just issued the following ringing message to the country:

"The confidence of the United States Food Administration that the people of the country would respond enthusiastically and whole-heartedly upon presentation of the facts to any necessary requests for reduction in consumption of food has been fully justified. We have demonstrated our ability not only to think together but to act together. This response of the people is the reason for the present appeal.

"Our work is not yet complete. In spite of the encouraging results of our efforts, in spite of the fact that our exports of foodstuffs are constantly increasing and are approaching the minimum requirements abroad, the need of renewed devotion and effort is present. While all of the requirements of the Food Administration should be constantly observed, there are certain matters which I desire to stress at this time.

"In the case of meat and meat products, the necessities for shipment abroad are very great. Whereas the allied consumption has been reduced to the average of about 1 1-4 pounds per person per week, we are today enjoying about 3 1-4 pounds per person per week. This division is unequitable and the understanding of these facts will justify our request that the consumption of all meats, including poultry, as nearly as possible, be reduced to 2 pounds per week per person over four years of age.

"In the case of sugar we are embarrassed by the necessity of using ships for carrying our soldiers and feeding the allies, and in consequence we must use sugar with great economy. We must emphasize the importance of canning and preserving on a large scale among our people this summer and our available sugar must be conserved for this purpose.

"But the situation in regard to wheat is the most serious in the food supply of the allied world. If we are to satisfy the minimum wheat requirements of our armies and the allies and the suffering millions in the allied countries, our consumption of wheat in the United States, until the next harvest, must be reduced to approximately one-third of normal. It is inconceivable that we should fail in this crisis. For each of us who can personally contribute to the relief of human suffering, it is a privilege—not a sacrifice. All elements of the American population cannot bear this burden equally. Because of the constant daily employment of women and the lack of home-baking facilities, many households in large urban centers require a food ration already prepared, such as bakers' standard 'Victory Bread' loaf. Further we must constantly safeguard the special requirements of children and invalids.

"To meet the situation abroad and to prevent serious suffering at home, it is imperative that all those whose circumstances permit shall abstain

from wheat and wheat products in any form, until the next harvest. It is realized and deeply appreciated that many organizations and some communities have already agreed to follow this plan.

"It is hoped that you will communicate this to your organization and your community, urging those whose circumstances will permit to join with us and take this stand.

"Herbert Hoover."

While many Texans may feel proud that the Lone Star State has led all the rest in its resolutions to do without any wheat, we may accept the above message to the rest of the country as a compliment. It will furnish you with an answer to some of those unthinking, or as yet unconvinced, citizens who ask why we should go without wheat flour when some other parts of the country are not compelled to do so. It should never be necessary to COMPEL any American or American community to give its all to humanity in this struggle for freedom. The reason is clear.

MUSIC NOW MORE THAN EVER

Thomas A. Edison ranks among the few men whose fame reaches around the world to all countries touched by civilization. His own inventions have virtually revolutionized all forms of human activity. He will be known as one of the greatest men of all ages and his words at this time have especial significance.

"You ask me if music is a human essential. To the Eskimo, or South Sea Islander, no. To the American, Frenchman, Englishman, Italian—yes. Mere existence demands nothing but food, drink, clothing and shelter. But when you attempt to raise existence to a higher plane, you have to nourish the brain as well as the body. I don't think there is any sane person who would say that books are unessential to the maintenance of our civilization in America. Yet, after its school days, probably less than one-fourth of our population reads with serious purpose. Music is more essential than literature, for the very simple reason that music is capable of releasing in practically every human mind enlightening and ennobling thoughts that literature evokes in only the most erudite minds.

"Music, next to religion, is the mind's greatest solace, and also its greatest inspiration. The history of the world shows that lofty aspirations find vent in music, and that music, in turn, helps to inspire such aspirations in others. Military men agree that music is essential to soldiers both in camp and in action. The 'Marseillaise' is worth a million men to France. Music is not less essential to those the soldiers leave behind them. Instead of decrying music, the demagogues and others whose hysteria or self-consciousness has distorted their vision and befuddled their brains, should urge the nation to make more music, to hold more concerts, to have more community singing—in short, to do everything that reasonably can be done to make America a music nation during the war. When the casualty lists begin to fill the pages of our newspapers we shall need music to sustain our national spirit. The man who disparages music as a luxury and non-essential is doing the nation an injury."—From the Etude.

IMPROVED PRINTERIES.

State Press is pleased to receive many invitations to attend commencement exercises at Texas high schools and other educational institutions. One particularly pleasing feature of the invitation is that nearly all of them are "all home print," and indicate a workmanship far superior to the printorial standards which prevailed only a few years ago. This circumstance proves two interesting things: That the small town printers are mastering their business, and that the small town offices therefore are coming into better standing as community enterprises. It is a fact that the old-fashioned jerkwater printing office has passed away. Even in the towns of five hundred population modern printing machinery and skilled workmen now offer their facilities to those in need of printed matter. This is a good thing for the printer who is a business man, but it is, confessedly, a hardship on the happy-go-lucky printer-editor who used to set up shop wherever he had a fancy to, and with a couple of hundred dollars' worth of material issue a free lance newspaper and do "all kinds of commercial printing with neatness and dispatch." There are not a few county seat printing offices in Texas today which annually

spend more in renewals of type and machinery than the older printers used to spend in a decade. This has been done to keep the office from deteriorating, and deterioration is one of the things a printing office works at day and night. In brief, the printer has been compelled to become a business man. He has lost in picturesqueness, but gained in pocket-book.

Speaking of printing offices and pocketbooks, there's Carlie Thompson of the McKinney Examiner. Carlie is a practical person. He solicits business from every business house in his town, and after making a long and nerve-racking campaign against a certain plumbing establishment without getting an order, Carlie didn't do a thing but send the plumber a bill based on the time lost in soliciting his business unsuccessfully. Of course the plumber roared. He wrote back a sassy but apologetic letter, saying "If turkey were worth ten cents a piece I couldn't pay for a jay-bird's tail feather." Probably he is right. His self-confessed poverty proves that he isn't an advertiser.—Galveston News.

The Munday Times and the Throckmorton News are suspended for the present on account of the help situation. Printers can't be trained up in a day and the draft has made an aching void in the numberless printing offices over the land. Before a great while the Banner office will doubtless be contributing a man to help put the kaiser down, but we do not intend to close up shop.—Baylor County Banner.

In addition to the inroads made by the army draft on the printing craft, there do not seem to be as many printers as there used to be. Fewer young men are going in for the printing business apparently. The idea that machines are driving the printers out of work is entirely erroneous. The typesetting machine has increased the output of printed matter enormously and there is in fact a greater demand for printers and pressmen today than ever before. Printing is a good trade, too. The work is interesting and instructive. Printers must be of an intelligent class, because the nature of the work demands more than ordinary literacy.—Galveston News.

CLAY STONE BRIGGS

OF GALVESTON COUNTY

Candidate for

CONGRESS

Seventh Congressional District

Subject to the action of the Democratic Primaries

July 27, 1918.

Your vote and co-operation is respectfully invited.

TO THE CITIZENS OF THE SEVENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT:

In deference to the desire of a large and representative number of citizens, who have personally urged me to enter the race, I consent to stand as a candidate for Congress from the Seventh Congressional District, subject to the action of the democratic primaries, and respectfully invite the co-operation and support of all who have at heart the interests of the nation and of this district. I will immediately commence a personal canvass of the district.

CLAY STONE BRIGGS.

From a Colored Soldier.

Camp Travis, May 13.

To the Crockett Courier:

I, an eye witness of the life led in this camp, want it to be known at home and elsewhere that I find it very pleasant as to what I expected. I had been told that the colored boys were treated very badly, but, there is no truth in the statement. There is no comparison as to the benefits received while stationed here, providing you act as men should and obey all orders from your superior officers. You will be a man among men and best of all you will live in the history of the United States and the great war of humanity. I am glad I can help, altho' it be little. —Wilson Major.

Letter from Camp Travis.

Editor Courier:

Troops at Camp Travis are getting field training now. They march out by regiments and stay out for the day, the company cooks accompanying the men and serving the noon meal from field kitchens. The drills and exercises approximate war conditions as nearly as may be, both men and officers being put through problems of attack and defense over the actual ground, instead of merely being quizzed on what they would do in supposed conditions on supposed territory.

The men appear to enjoy this work much better than the routine drill, although they realize that the latter has its place. But they get out into the country, and when the problem is one of open warfare, the individual soldier gets an opportunity to see something of the entirety of the work. He begins to realize how his role fits in with the whole scheme. When the problem is one of trench warfare, the necessity for co-operation and synchronization of effort is of still greater importance. And the soldier has a chance to see that, too.

The men like it because it is more like "real soldiering," as they say. They are not forgetting why they are here. These exercises are the nearest approach yet to that end. And that is why the men take to them so readily.

When the soldier boy's Evelyn Mae sends him a cake and a shoebox of fudge, why, of course he has to write her and tell her how "dee-licious" it was. What he doesn't tell her is that the cake got mashed in transit and he had to bury it in the garbage can. Nor does he mention the fact that the candy went astray because the address was faulty, and the sweets poor little Evelyn Mae labored over

were dusty dry before they reached her correspondent.

The fact is that the postal service of Camp Travis is cluttered up with ill-packed, ill-addressed, ill-chosen and generally unnecessary parcels of food intended for a body of men who, if the parcels never arrived at all, would be one of the best fed bodies of men in the country. The ration is a balanced one, every component that is required to make the meals nourishing and appetizing being provided. Fruits and vegetables find their place on the menu in season. The men do not need food from home. When it comes, if it is still in edible condition, the entire assemblage in the barracks of the recipient assist him in stowing it away, and a box that took long hours of thought and preparation disappears in five or ten minutes.

For those who have a sweet tooth and desire dainties between meals, the regimental exchanges are within a hundred yards or so of the farthest barracks, and for a few cents the soldier can fill-up on ice cream or candy or other gimcracks. Quarter-pound cakes in sanitary oiled paper may be obtained there also, as well as fruit of all kinds. The ice cream is produced at a factory that has complied with sanitary regulations of the army. The same is true of the candy, and the cakes even bear a "release date" after which they are no longer to be considered fresh and may not thereafter be sold. Although these cakes contain no wheat flour, the substitutes are so cleverly blended that the substitution cannot be detected. All things considered, therefore, if Evelyn Mae wants Private Oswald to have more goodies, she would do far better to send him the money to get them here in camp where they are fresh, than to ship them to him in a fragile hat box or similar container. But even then, Private Oswald is better off as he is for he gets all he can hold at meal times, and more than that is not good for him anyhow.

A mustache once down isn't necessarily down forever.

DR. SAM'L A. MILLER

Practice Limited to Diseases of

EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT

Office Over First-National Bank
Crockett, Texas

GLASSES SCIENTIFICALLY ADJUSTED FOR DEFECTIVE VISION

Sundaes

in a score of ideas

¶ A sundae means a great deal of enjoyment when purchased at our fountain. The matter of selection is at your own option. You can have a little mound of delicious vanilla ice cream with a liberal dash of rich chocolate over it or you can have a more complicated fancy conceit containing ice cream with fruit juices, fruits and whipped cream. We have easily a score of different sundae ideas here and all equally delicious and pleasing, because they are made right and are served right.

CROCKETT DRUG COMPANY

THE HOUSE OF SERVICE

Local News Items

Amber cane seed \$4.50 bushel at Jas. S. Shivers'.

For genuine Ford service, see or phone Towery Motor Co., authorized Ford Sales and Service.

For Sale.

Stock peas (Whippoorwill) in any quantity at \$3.00 per bushel f. o. b. Grapeland.

J. W. Howard, Grapeland, Texas.

Captain Snell informs the Courier that he is still receiving recruits for his national guard company. His company had an enlistment on Tuesday of 120 and authority to continue recruiting.

Quota Oversubscribed.

The figures were not available the first of this week, on account of all reports not being in, but enough information is at hand to vouchsafe an oversubscription of Houston county's quota in the Red Cross war fund. Crockett went considerably over its quota, and other towns heard from guarantee an excess of the county's quota.

Arm Broken.

While riding in an automobile which was being driven by Mrs. P. D. Austin Monday night, Mrs. Nat Patton of this city had an arm broken when the car overturned and threw the occupants out. The accident was caused by one of the wheels dropping into a hole. Those in the car were on their way to attend a lodge or society meeting.

Married in Galveston.

There was the wedding of a popular Crockett young lady to a prominent New Yorker at Galveston Tuesday. The affair was little known of in Crockett until the couple arrived on the afternoon train Wednesday. Proper mention of the event will be made in these columns next week. The marriage was that of Miss Lena Bromberg of this city to Mr. Cline of New York.

Red Cross Contributions.

A beautiful quilt, with the sign of the Red Cross in the center, was sold at auction at the Chautauqua Saturday night and brought a total of \$155. This quilt was made and donated by Mrs. Hal Lacy. Another quilt was sold at auction Saturday afternoon, former Governor Colquitt acting as auctioneer, for a total of \$60, and will be resold at some other time. This quilt was made and donated by Miss

Addie Meek of Porter Springs, who sent a message that it was the only donation she could make, but that she made it gladly. A cake made and donated by Mrs. I. W. Sweet brought \$25 at a recent auction sale. A basket of Irish potatoes, donated by Stell Sharp, living north of town, brought a total of \$18 when auctioned at the Chautauqua Saturday evening.

Army Deserters.

Three deserters from Camp Logan, the army training camp at Houston, were arrested at Lovelady last week, brought to Crockett and jailed. On Tuesday of this week two non-commissioned officers came to Crockett, got the deserters and returned to the training camp. It is said the deserters were members of a provisional company and were recently taken there from Illinois. The men who originally went into training at Camp Logan are gone, it is said.

Mill Rebuilt.

Brooke-Morris Lumber Company have rebuilt their mill which was destroyed by fire last September and will have it in operation by the 1st of June. They have bought the 1500 acres of virgin timber that adjoined their mill, which with the timber they already had will be sufficient to run the mill for years. They will use the output of the saw mill to supply the retail yard at Crockett, where they will carry a full line of lumber, shingles and building material at all times, as they have in the past.

Liberty Loan Subscribers.

The Courier is publishing this week a list of Third Liberty Loan subscribers received through one of the Crockett banks. The list of subscribers received through the other Crockett bank will be published next week. The two lists were too much for one issue. If you were a subscriber to the Third Liberty Loan through a Crockett bank and your name does not appear in this or the next issue of the Courier, it was omitted by error and we will be glad if you will bring our attention to such omission.

Took His Life.

Men were at Crockett Tuesday night to get a coffin and some clothing for Newton Alfred, son of L. S. Alfred, who had taken his own life Tuesday at noon by shooting himself through the head with a rifle. Newton Alfred was said by them to be about 17 years of age. They further said that he had been charged with misconduct toward a very young girl and, finding

that he had been overtaken in the offense, he hurriedly put into execution the deed that deprived him of his existence. He had been considered a good boy and he belonged to a good family. The young girl of whom he was accused of mistreating belongs also to one of the best families of the community, which is known as the Center Hill community, about 14 miles east of Crockett.

Notice of Change.

This is to notify the public that S. A. Fain of this city will be in charge of the lumber yard at Crockett, in place of J. L. Burton, who was in class one and has been called to war. C. B. Littell has been elected secretary, and will be in charge of the accounts and office of the company.

Brooke-Morris Lbr. Co.,
H. Brooke, President
and General Mgr.

It.

Watch and Wait

For G. Ward Shelfer to have your eyes examined and glasses fitted. He will be with us again Wednesday and Thursday, June 5 and 6th. Beware of the peddlers, as many good people are being badly swindled. Dr. Shelfer makes no trips out into the country. A record is kept of all glasses that you may have them duplicated at any time in case you lose or break them. Phone us for appointment and come in as early as you can. Remember the dates, June 5 and 6th only, this trip.

Bishop Drug Company,
2t. Crockett, Texas.

Service Flag.

The service flag of the Methodist church will be raised Sunday night. Some of our very finest young men have been called from the membership of our church and Sunday school to the colors. We love them and desire to place a star in their memory in a flag to be kept constantly before the altar of our God.

We are anxious to secure a correct list. Therefore at the morning hour the list will be read so that if there is one whose name has been omitted it may be added.

The entire community is invited to be present and to participate in this patriotic loving-service. Chas. U. McLarty.

No Barbecues June 19.

At the request of Administrator Peden, Dr. E. R. Howard, chairman of the colored executive board of the colored section of the Federal Food Administration for Texas, has issued an appeal to the colored citizenship of Texas, to forego barbecues on June nineteenth, as being a useless waste of meat and bread.

The board in its address to the colored citizenship suggests other forms of amusement than barbecues. "The colored board," says Dr. Howard, "will discourage any and all kinds of gatherings which have in mind the wasting of food that is required to be conserved by the food administration; and we feel quite sure that our people will respond to our suggestion along these lines."

Galveston Felicitated.

Mr. and Mrs. Dan Craddock and child left Sunday for Galveston where they will make their home. Mr. Craddock has accepted a place with one of the big insurance companies of south Texas. He has resigned his position as cashier of the Kennard State Bank, a position which he has most creditably filled for some time. Previous to that he was connected with the First National Bank of Crockett, where his business ability was demonstrated in such a way as to make his services in demand by other business institutions. His severance of connection with the business concerns of Houston county has been of his own initiation and volition, his going always being with the regret of those with whom he was connected. Crockett and all Houston county regret the departure of himself and family, but congratulate Galveston on the island city's social and business acquisition.

Thrift Stamps FREE!

We will give Thrift Stamps at the rate of 2½ per cent on all accounts paid on or before June 10—and during the months of June and July we will give stamps at the rate of 5 per cent on all cash purchases.

Crockett Dry Goods Comp'y

The Place Where Style, Quality, Women and Children Meet.

Resolution

Adopted by the Presbyterian Ladies' Aid Society on the death of Mrs. H. F. Moore:

Whereas in the natural order of human events, death has visited our society circle and has taken from us one of our best beloved members, Mrs. H. F. Moore.

Be it resolved that in the death of Mrs. Moore, this society has lost one of its most efficient and faithful members. To her much is due for work accomplished by the society. She was always ready and willing to aid in anything she considered helpful or that would increase the usefulness of the church and society to which she belonged. She not only gave the society her time, but she gave it the benefit of her matured thought and contributed freely her share of any money required to carry out the work of the society. She was invariably cheerful, her smile was contagious, and no difficulty ever daunted her courage to overcome. The members of this society each feel she has lost a personal friend, not easily replaced, and we offer such poor consolation to Mrs. Moore's immediate family, as the assurance may bring to them, that we too grieve over the loss we have all sustained by the death of this good woman. Her memory we

shall ever hold dear. Fittingly may it be said of her—"Well done, thou good and faithful servant, enter thou into the joy of thy Lord." Be it further

determined this resolution be spread upon the records of the society in memory of Mrs. Moore, printed in the Crockett papers, and a copy of the resolution sent to Mrs. Moore's family.

Mrs. B. B. Warfield,
Mrs. A. A. Aldrich,
Mrs. W. H. Denny.

It. Resolution Committee.

Some Paragraphs.

A man's good intentions seldom add to his income.

Prosperity is frequently but the prelude to adversity.

The average man is usually too brilliant or too stupid to become famous.

The path that leads to happiness often crosses a bridgeless stream of tears.

Jealousy feels like kicking itself after it is too late to repair the mischief.

Though the office seldom seeks the man the job frequently does—and without success.

A clever woman shuts up and listens when the right man begins to talk about himself.

It is easy to pose as a charitable man—if you have the price and are willing to let go of it.

Specials for Saturday

June 1st

Five pounds best grade Peaberry Coffee for.....	\$1.00
Five pounds washed Cordova green coffee for.....	\$1.00
Maxwell House coffee, \$1.00 seller for.....	\$.95
Cupid brand coffee, \$1.00 seller for.....	\$.70
Nine pounds best fancy Honduras Rice.....	\$1.00
Pure ribbon cane syrup, per gallon.....	\$.95
Dora syrup, per gallon.....	\$.90
Two-pound can tomatoes.....	\$.15
Two-pound can corn.....	\$.15
Three-pound can hominy.....	\$.15
Peanut oil, in bulk or can, per gallon.....	\$1.90
We have a few Velvet beans left, per peck.....	\$1.10
Pure corn chops.....	\$3.60

HIGHEST PRICES PAID FOR EGGS

Arnold Brothers

AUTO DELIVERY

TELEPHONE 270

The Crockett Courier

Issued weekly from Courier Building

W. W. AIKEN, Editor and Proprietor

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

The Courier is authorized to make the following announcements for office, which announcements are subject to the action of the democratic primary to be held in July:

For Congress, Seventh District
CLAY STONE BRIGGS
of Galveston County

For Representative
E. WINFREE
J. D. SALLAS

For County Judge
NAT PATTON
S. A. DENNY

For County Attorney
EARLE PORTER ADAMS
J. F. MANGUM

For District Clerk
V. B. (Barker) TUNSTALL
JOHN D. MORGAN

For County Clerk
ARTHUR E. OWENS
ALBERT S. MOORE

For Sheriff
P. T. (Preston) LIVELY
E. B. (Bud) HALE
R. J. (Bob) SPENCE

For Tax Assessor
WILL McLEAN
JOHN H. ELLIS

For Tax Collector
C. W. BUTLER Jr.

For County Treasurer
MIKE McCARTY
WILLIE ROBISON
NEY SHERIDAN

For Co. Supt. of Schools
J. N. SNELL
J. H. ROSSER

For Road Superintendent
G. R. (Ross) MURCHISON
F. H. BAYNE
WILL CARSON
W. A. MANNING

For Commissioner, Prec. No. 1
J. S. (Sam) LONG
W. J. BRANCH
C. C. MORTIMER

For Commissioner, Prec. No. 3
AARON SPEER

For Commissioner, Prec. No. 4
J. A. (Ab) BEATHARD
O. T. RATCLIFF

For Justice Peace, Prec. No. 1
C. R. STEPHENSON
J. D. (Jeff) SEXTON

For Justice Peace, Prec. No. 4
CAL BARBEE

For Constable, Precinct No. 1
J. H. (Jim) PATTON
C. R. McPHAIL
O. W. ELLISOR

NOT CONTROLLED BY MONEY OR PATRONAGE.

A subscriber called at this office Saturday and inquired if it were true that the editor of this paper would support Hobby for governor. The subscriber was informed, without hesitation and with candor, that the editor of this paper would support Hobby. As a subscriber he had a right to know and he was not long in getting his answer. He then said that he desired his subscription to the Courier immediately discontinued. The incident is not worthy of notice except that it gives rise to the occasion for a brief observation, and that observation is this: Whenever a subscriber reaches that point where he thinks that his subscription is going to control the voice or warp the convictions of a public journal—whenever he thinks that the politics of a reputable newspaper can be bought so cheaply—it is time for him to withdraw his subscription from all reputable newspapers and subscribe for only those whose policies and politics can be molded by the influx of his paltry dollars. And whenever a newspaper stoops so low as to allow any amount of patronage, small or large, to

control its thought and action in the course of its politics and policies, it is time for all of such newspaper's subscribers to discontinue, for it will sell them out the first opportunity. The Courier has always been proud of its subscription list and wants to so continue to be, and in order to so continue we ask that if there are any others who think that their subscriptions are going to control the politics of this paper the quicker they discontinue the better we will like it. The American flag flies as the emblem of liberty in political thought and action. The German flag stands for the reverse. A man may choose his flag, but he gets from under the protection of the American flag when he chooses the other. There is no place in America for the man who thinks he is going to control the politics of the country with his money or his patronage.

THE REAL SLACKER.

The selective draft law was so arranged by congress that there can be no slackers between the ages of 21 and 31. It was the intention of congress that industry should be disturbed as little as possible and for that reason certain deferred classifications, to work automatically, were arranged, to the end that those having the least to do with the industrial affairs of the country would be permitted to go first into the armed service of the country. Those young men have gone and are still going, and others, more necessary to keep the industrial machinery of the world moving, so that the expenses of the war may be met through liberty bonds, thrift and war savings stamps and Red Cross war funds, were given deferred classification with the view of their going later and with the least disturbance to commerce. So the government is seeing to it that there are no slackers between the ages of 21 and 31. It has issued the recent statement that all men between those ages must either be enlisted in some useful occupation or in the army. The country's industries must be kept moving to supply the money to keep the soldiers moving. And, therefore, the only possible slackers are under the ages of 21 and over 31. Those not within draft age who are not exerting every possible effort toward maintaining the industrial life of the country, to the end that they may be able to buy liberty bonds, thrift and savings stamps and help the Red Cross, are the real slackers of our country. We cannot all go to the front, and those of us who are left at home have as much of a patriotic duty to perform as have those who do go to the front. Let there be no real slackers in this community.

"Then the legislature went further. They said—and Governor Hobby indorsed it—that every man, woman and child is today a soldier in the war for liberty and that each of us must do a soldier's part. Therefore, each of us must be free from the vices which weaken and the sins which degrade, and the legislature passed the Statewide law and put whisky out of Texas and Hobby signed that law. And if your sons and my sons are going over yonder to give their lives for the Stars and Stripes, do you, my friends, not think that we who stay at home should be willing to do our part?

"Other war measures are made into law to conserve our

resources; and we indorse them. The food administration cuts down our supply of sugar, and we indorse that. We do without white wheat bread, and we indorse that. We have meatless days, and we indorse that. The industries of the entire country are closed for five days to save coal and we indorse that. But if you shut up the grog shops in order to win the war there are men in Texas who will damn you to the depths of hell because you cut them off from their toddy. "Let us as citizens of Texas play fair. Let us do our part. And whatever is for the good of the nation, let us do it. Let us stand shoulder to shoulder and bear every burden that comes; and if my anti-prohibition theories have to step aside for the good of the nation till the end of the war, those theories shall rest until the war is won."—Ex-Governor Colquitt at Crockett, as reported to the Houston Post.

Dr. Louis Meriwether.

Dr. Louis Meriwether, mentioned of whose death was made in this paper last week, was a son of Dr. F. L. Meriwether, who lived in the Daly community, between Grapeland and the Trinity river. Dr. Meriwether was reared in that community, but his education was finished in the leading schools and colleges of those days. Finishing at medical college, he married Miss Jennie Murchison of Daly, and two daughters, both living at Austin, are the fruits of that union. Following the death of his first wife, Dr. Meriwether married Miss Mattie Champion, and from this union there is a daughter who lives at El Paso. His third and last marriage was to Miss Fannie Keene of Grapeland, who is yet living and who was his companion until death. To this union there came four children, three sons and a daughter. The eldest of the sons, Louis Keene Meriwether, is now with the American expeditionary forces under General Pershing in France. The two younger sons, Elwyn and Yancy, and the daughter, Willie Adelaide, are with their mother in this city.

Dr. Louis Meriwether was a member of the Christian church and of the Masonic lodge. The funeral services were under the direction of the Masons. Interment was from the family residence in this city and in the Grapeland cemetery, the procession being by automobile. It is the closing of another good man's life—the turning of another page in the community's life-book.

Porter Springs.

Dear Editor:—It has been suggested that someone report our campaign in the recent Red Cross drive at Porter Springs.

We have five negro schools in our district. This caused us to be assigned a rather high quota and also required a week of intensive work by our solicitors. We all thought at one time that we could hardly get over the top. Through the skillful management of our chairman, Mrs. Dr. Taylor, and the able assistance of our other rustling ladies, nearly every darky in our section was seen, and many of them showed a fine spirit of patriotism and cooperation.

Some of the girls and ladies, fearing we could hardly raise our quota, went to the fields with the hoes and earned a good many dollars for the cause. Some of these ladies had never worked thus before in their lives, but when duty whispered to them they nobly waved aside all obstacles and went to the front. The women of America are great indeed, aren't they?

The Oakland community having been assigned no quota, and not having been organized for the drive, went ahead anyhow and raised a nice little sum of money which they gave to us to help us over. This was clever and patriotic in them, both nationally and locally, and we extend

We are exclusive agents for Eastman & Ansco Kodaks, Cameras, Films, Paper and all photographic supplies. Take a Kodak with you on your outings and vacations. We give all mail orders prompt and special attention.

THE REXALL STORE

BAKER & CASTLEBERG, Proprietors.

to these good ladies our sincere thanks.

Miss Addie Meek sent a quilt to town Saturday to be auctioned by ex-Governor Colquitt for the benefit of our drive. She had made this for her own use when she was a young lady more than fifty years ago. She shows that she is married to her nation, and tho' she has no wealth to lay upon its altar, she has a boundless patriotism and love. O, the American woman, the queen of creation! The quilt was sold and brought enough money to feed about 1200 Belgian babies.

Messrs. Dent and Daniel came out Saturday night and closed the drive for us. Their talks were good. They appealed to our people in such a way that the yellow was all eliminated and o'er the top we went, with a hundred dollars to spare.

Some of our people, of course, shirked. You already know what we think about them. We are ashamed of them, but if you insist we will hand you their names. Yours for America,
D. W. Cook.

First Baptist Church.

Thursday night at 8:45, let us all observe the request made by President Wilson as a day of prayer, fasting and humiliation.

Preaching next Sunday morning and night at the regular hours. Let all who can be with us. God certainly rewards those who honor His day, and those who abuse the Lord's day will certainly have to pay the price of their sin. Do not frame up an excuse. It will do you no good. God knows and you can not relieve your conscience by weak subterfuges. The religion of Jesus is a man's job and His people cannot escape this personal responsibility of sacrificial service. May the Lord help us to see our duty and find the highest joy in being obedient to His requirements.

Still there are some Baptists holding their letters out from this church. Prove your faith by your works, brother, and

make what you do for Christ declare your love for Him to all men. Let us honor God in our lives and then be happy in His service. L. L. Sams, Pastor.

War Department Not Interfering With Labor.

Washington, May 25.—Formal denial that Provost Marshal General Crowder's "work or fight" regulations were promulgated with intent to affect labor conditions was made Saturday by Secretary Baker. They are purely military measures, and the secretary designed them to modify certain privileges in the way of deferred classification now granted some registrants and are not intended as an indirect conscription of labor.

Replying to a question as to how the regulations would affect workmen of draft who strike, Mr. Baker said while the regulations were silent on that, it was not the war department's intention to affect the labor situation in any way through this indirect method. He added that the whole question was under the administration of the labor department and that the war department had no intention of intervening.

The shortage now existing in some lines of industry, particularly non-skilled branches, is expected to be increased materially when the regulations become effective and men of the draft age now engaged in what the war department terms unnecessary lines of endeavor must turn to essential work.

90,000 U. S. Soldiers Went Over in May.

Washington, May 22.—In a statement inserted in the house record on Wednesday, Representative Caldwell of New York, a member of the military committee, declared that during the first 10 days of May 90,000 American soldiers were sent abroad and said that after the expiration of one year from the arrival of the first shipment of troops from this country the United States would have 1,000,000 men in France equipped with the necessary arms and supplies.

When a request was made for a small expeditionary force from this country critics of the administration, Mr. Caldwell said, declared it would be impossible to ship from 50,000 to 100,000 men in the first year of the war.

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Jas. S. Shivers