

The Crockett Courier.

"Quality, Not Quantity."

CROCKETT, TEXAS, SEPTEMBER 5, 1918.

Volume XXIX—No. 33.

Entered as Second Class Matter at Crockett Post-Office.

Subscription Price \$1.50 Per Annum, Payable at Crockett

NONESSENTIAL WAR WORK IS OUTLINED

Houston County Community Labor Board Ruling—Industries Held To Be Nonessential.

The Department of Labor authorizes the following:

The Community Labor Board of the United States Employment Service of the County of Houston, Texas, acting in conformity with the declaration of the labor-recruiting program as prescribed by the Department of Labor, declares as nonessential or non war work the unskilled labor employed in the industries hereinafter mentioned in which male employees are now working, and on both employer and employee a formal notice will be served if that course is necessary. The voluntary release of these men by their employers so that they may be transferred to war work is expected without such formal notice from this board.

Men who are released from the various nonessential industries as now or hereafter designated by this Board may apply at the local office of the United States Employment Service where they will be given employment in essential war work.

The men at this time to be released by establishments determined by this board to be nonessential are the clerks, laborers, janitors, porters and other unskilled workers engaged in the following industries here classified by this board as nonessential war work:

Auto industry accessories.
Drivers of service cars.
Drivers, cleaners and deliverers of pleasure cars.
Drivers of auto trucks engaged in work other than fuel or government work.
Cleaners and dyers.
Cooks and waiters in restaurants and hotels, confectioners and delica-

tessen establishments, fruit stands, soft drink establishments.

Bath and barber shop attendants.
Peanut vendors and junk dealers.
Mercantile stores, bottlers and bottle supplies.

Book and all other agents making house to house canvasses.

The above list will be added to by the Board from time to time. Coal mining, railroading and farming are all war work, the latter two to the extent that they are protected from all recruiting by other industries. The mere making of lumber or other products which may ultimately be used for war purposes, but which are not to be delivered either directly to the government or some government contractor, is not considered as war work.

By authority of the U. S. Department of Labor.

Houston County Community Labor Board.

J. H. Painter, Chairman,
G. M. Mahoney,
J. L. Polley,
Members.

WAS REMANDED WITHOUT BAIL

George Crenshaw, who has been in jail since the killing of Buck Hicks at Weches early in the summer, was given a hearing by District Judge John S. Prince at Crockett Saturday morning and remanded to jail without bail. Crenshaw was seeking bail by habeas corpus proceedings and was represented by his attorneys, Messrs. Madden & Benny. Judge Prince came to Crockett Friday evening, accompanied by his wife and a son. They returned to their home at Athens Sunday, returning, as they had come, by automobile.

WILSON CALLS MEN BETWEEN 18 AND 45

ESTIMATED NEARLY THIRTEEN MILLION WILL SIGN UP AT THAT TIME.

Washington, Aug. 31.—All men from 18 to 45 years of age in the continental United States, except those in the army or navy or already registered, were summoned by President Wilson today to register for military service Thursday, Sept. 12.

Machinery of the provost marshal general's office was set in motion to carry out the second great enrollment under a presidential proclamation issued soon after the president had signed the new manpower act extending the draft ages. The bill, completed in congress yesterday, had been sent to the White House for the president's signature today soon after the house and senate convened.

It is estimated that at least 12,778,758 will register this time, compared with nearly 10,000,000 on the first registration of men from 21 to 31, June 5, 1917. Of those who enroll now it is estimated that 2,300,000 will be called for general military service, probably two-thirds of the number coming from among the 3,500,000 or more between the ages of 18 and 21.

General March has said all registrants called into the army will be in France before next June 30, swelling the American expeditionary force to more than the 4,000,000 men expected to win the war in 1919. The last to be called will be the youths in their eighteenth year, but those of that age

who desire and who have the necessary qualifications may be inducted into service Oct. 1 for special technical or vocational training.

Registration this time will be conducted as heretofore by the local draft boards. All federal, state, county and municipal officers are called upon to aid the board in their work, to preserve order and to round up slackers. All registrants will be classified as quickly as possible under the questionnaire system and a drawing will be held at the capitol to fix the order of registrants in their respective classes.

MEN ARE GIVEN DEATH PENALTY

Frank Wallace and Alvin Henry, the two young white men who were captured at Kittrell after being pursued by a posse through the western half of Houston county, were tried at Fairfield, Freestone county, last week and given the death penalty by the jury for killing the constable at Butler. These men shot and wounded a deputy while being pursued through Houston county. They were kept in the jail at Crockett for several days and were visited by a great many people anxious to get a look at the desperadoes. The killing of the Butler constable was proven on trial to be a cold-blooded murder.

Some men lose their hair by cutting in at the wrong time.

Some girls can do anything except acquire husbands.

PRESIDENT SETS REGISTRATION DAY

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, FROM 7 O'CLOCK A. M. TO 9 O'CLOCK P. M.

The president has proclaimed Thursday, September 12, 1918, as registration day for all male inhabitants of the United States of America between the ages of 18 years and 45 years inclusive who have not heretofore registered. This age limit includes those who have attained the age of 18 years on or before September 12, 1918, up to and including those who have not attained the age of 46 years on said registration date. Every male inhabitant included in the above age limit must register on the above date. For the convenience of the registrants, registering booths will be located at the following places in Houston county, Texas, and said booths will be open from 7 a. m. to 9 p. m. of said date, to-wit:

Crockett—Two booths in charge of Jno. LeGory and Joe Adams, respectively.

Grapeland—Two booths in charge of Will Darsey and H. Leaverton, respectively.

Augusta—In charge of A. S. Moore.

Ratcliff—In charge of R. J. Conner.

Kennard—In charge of Claibe Latimer.

Lovelady—In charge of J. O. Monday.

Weldon—In charge of W. H. Mangum.

Porter Springs—In charge of J. H. Rosser.

The registrants are hereby authorized to go to the registration booth most convenient to their place of residence or business for the purpose of registering.

The above named registrars are hereby requested to report to the Local Board at Crockett at once for instructions, etc.

By order of Houston County Local Exemption Board.

J. H. Painter, Chairman.
S. B. Wooters, Chief Clerk.

American Expeditionary Force.
July 25, 1918.

Mrs. R. A. High:

Dear Mother—Received your letter to-day and you know was glad to get it, and also glad to hear that everybody was feeling fine. No, I have not seen any berries in France yet—only straw berries. They sure raise some fine straw berries here. Yes, they raise quite a bit of fruit, such as peaches, apricots and grapes. Have also seen some nice tomatoes, but they cost a man a young fortune to buy them. Did the storm do much damage to the fruit and crops? I sure hope not. Tell Jack I said he had better hold that sand hill down until I get back there, for I want to stick my old No. 11s in that sand once more before it blows away. Say, tell Mr. Barrier I said he ought to see some of the gas engines we have over here. It would make him want to throw his in the creek. Ha! Ha! Well, we still have the Germans on the run. The U. S. boys have just got in the scrap good, and, "believe me," we are showing them what we are made of. You just ought to hear what the French people say about the boys from the Old U. S. A. Say, mamma, gather up two or three of the Crockett Couriers and send them to me, will you? It won't take much to send them. Would like to read the news of my own home town. Well, guess I will close for this time. So tell them all hello for me, and give them my best regards. This includes the "Hon. Mr. M. E. Barrier." With love and best wishes,
Private Earle P. High,
Co. E, 19th Reg. Engrs. Ry. A. P. O. 708, American E. F., France.

A miserly man is the one who refuses to lend money.

Solid business men aren't necessarily hard characters.

Be Patriotic About Buying Clothes—

The war has taught one important thing to those who are willing to learn. It has made things cost more; and when we pay more for a thing we're apt to be more particular to know what we're getting. The war has taught that good quality pays in economy, tho we have to pay more to get it.

You don't buy anything in which quality is more important than clothes; you ought to be very particular about what you get for your money, especially because it's so easy to make poor quality in clothes look very good, and there's plenty of poor quality to be had.

Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes are one of the ways in which we serve; all-wool fabrics, the best tailoring, the most distinguished styles; clothes that you can rely on, absolutely. Such clothes as these, made carefully for service, are the best means of saving money for yourself and resources for the country.

The New Styles are Economical.

In regard to style, you'll find that they are as smart looking as ever; but there's simplicity in them, and everything has been designed to save materials and labor. You'll like the new models we're sure; we have many good things to show you.

Carleton & Berry

For Men and Boys



Copyright Hart Schaffner & Marx

Let the Children Come to Our Store for School Supplies

At the beginning of a new school term there are so many items needed that it is almost impossible for pupils to start in with a full equipment.

We carry a complete line of school supplies and shall be glad to furnish your needs at all times.

Q Pencils, Pens, Erasers, Inks, Crayons, Writing Paper, Tablets, Rulers, Paste, Composition Books, Drawing Material, Etc.

The children also like to come to our store for candy, soda water and other things.

We appreciate the children's trade and show them every courtesy.

BISHOP DRUG COMPANY

Prompt Service Store. Phone 47 or 140.

Local News Items

666 cures Bilious Fever. 10t.

Miss Hallie Aldrich has returned from Battle Creek.

Highest price paid for your cotton at Shivers Brothers'. tf

Miss Sue Denny is at home from a summer school at Austin.

A complete and up-to-date abstract. tf. Aldrich & Crook.

Misses Maude McConnell and Mary Ellis are visiting in Houston.

Mrs. Sol Bromberg of Galveston is a guest of Mrs. M. Bromberg.

Miss Mary Killingsworth of Houston is visiting Miss Queenie Sams.

Mr. and Mrs. N. L. Asher and son have returned from St. Louis.

Miss Wilma Shivers left Wednesday for Kidd-Key College, Sherman.

William McConnell of Camp Mabry was at home Saturday and Sunday.

Pure refiners' syrup at 70 cents per gallon at the Crockett Bottling Works. tf.

Just received—our fall line of shoes. Call and see them at Shivers Brothers'. tf.

J. L. Monk has accepted a position with the Deupree & Waller furniture store.

See Shivers Brothers for dry goods, groceries, leather goods and hardware. tf.

Miss Alice Willcox of New York was a guest of Miss Grace Denny this and last week.

Try a sack of coconut meal for your hogs, horse or cow. Sold by Shivers Brothers. tf.

Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Bishop and sons have returned from their visit at Hot Springs.

Hi-Life, one of the best mixed feeds for horse or cow, for sale by Shivers Brothers. tf.

Miss Nellwyn Cole of Longview is being entertained by Miss Sarah Mac Crook.

A complete stock of leather goods of all kinds can be found at Shivers Brothers'. tf.

Mrs. Hail is making great preparations for the fall and winter millinery trade. New hats are arriving almost daily. Come in and see them now. 1t.

Owensboro wagons, one of the best on the market, for sale by Shivers Brothers. tf.

Mrs. Harry Ellis has gone to Elkhart to remain while her husband is in the army.

Mr. E. F. Rigsby of San Antonio was a visitor in this city Saturday and Sunday.

Joe Matlock returned last week from a trip to Hot Springs in the interest of his health.

If in the market for a new saddle, let us show you our stock. tf. Shivers Brothers.

I want to buy cheap for cash two second-hand cultivators. 2t. R. C. Stokes.

Village School shoes for boys or girls, made on Billiken style, for sale at Shivers Brothers. tf.

Money to lend on farms. Terms reasonable, money quick. See J. S. French, Crockett, Texas. tf

For genuine Ford service, see or phone Towery Motor Co., authorized Ford Sales and Service. tf.

Misses Ruth and Kate Jensen spent Sunday with their sister, Mrs. Preston Langham of Elkhart.

K. D. Sherman is ill of fever at the home of his parents, Dr. and Mrs. T. M. Sherman, at Kennard.

For genuine Ford service, see or phone Towery Motor Co., authorized Ford Sales and Service. tf.

F. P. Hudson of Kennard was here Tuesday enroute Marlin to try the hot baths for his rheumatism.

Mr. and Mrs. M. P. Jensen and son, Arthur, of Galveston were here Saturday, Sunday and Monday.

For genuine Ford service, see or phone Towery Motor Co., authorized Ford Sales and Service. tf.

Mrs. F. P. Chandler of Houston was a recent visitor with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. V. Berry.

666 cures Headaches, Biliousness, Loss of Appetite, or that tired aching feeling, due to Malaria or Colds. Fine Tonic. 10t.

Rev. S. F. Tenney is expecting to preach at Oakland church next Sunday afternoon at four o'clock.

Harold Hail, who has been in the navy since graduating from the Annapolis school, is at home on a brief furlough to visit his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Hail.

Dodge for Sale.

Practically new DODGE TOURING CAR for sale. See Fisher Arledge. 1t.

Mrs. Harry Weiss and child of Mertzon, Irion county, are visiting their mother, Mrs. M. Bromberg.

Miss Louise Walker, who has been visiting Miss Nodelle Jordan, left Thursday for her home at Granger.

Mrs. B. B. Warfield, Miss Ruth Warfield and Mrs. Lucina Long have returned from their trip to Hot Springs.

Cotton looked like it was going to 36 cents on Tuesday, but on Wednesday dropped back around 35 cents.

Pig for Sale.

Fine Poland China pig for sale cheap. For particulars see Elwyn Meriwether. tf.

New shipments of millinery are arriving at Hail's Millinery Parlors. Watch for announcement of fall style show. 1t.

Orin Davis of Slocum, who is in a naval training camp at San Diego, Cal., has been visiting friends in Crockett this week.

We have some pure refiners' syrup for sale at 70 cents a gallon. tf. Crockett Bottling Works.

Thomas F. Richardson of Kennard left last week for the army officers' training school at Camp Zachary Taylor, Louisville, Ky.

For Rent—Nicely furnished bedroom, adjoining bath, all conveniences, running water in room. Garage if desired. Ring 193. tf.

We have a limited quantity of pure refiners' syrup which we will sell for 70 cents a gallon. Call at the Crockett Bottling Works. tf.

The fall style show at Hail's millinery parlors this season will surpass anything of the kind ever held in Crockett. Watch for announcement. 1t.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Fountain and son, Milton, of Bryan motored to Crockett last Sunday and were the guests of their brother, A. M. Carleton.

Rooms for Rent.

Three large, comfortable rooms, with bath privilege, for rent. Prefer man and wife. Telephone No. 62. 2t.

Mules and Horses for Sale.

I will have 30 head of young mules and horses in Crockett Saturday to be sold cheap. 1t.* J. H. Green.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Posey, Mrs. James Mabry and Miss Nona Queen, who were guests of their sister, Mrs. W. G. Cartwright, returned Wednesday to Kerens.

My place of 331 1-2 acres for sale—one 6-room residence, 1 rent house and 2 wells of water, near Shiloh. For particulars call on or write C. W. Jones, Route 4, Crockett, Texas. tf.

For Sale.

My 5-passenger Overland automobile, in first class condition. Cash or terms. Mrs. Mollie Leediker, 4t.* Cut, Texas.

Boarders Wanted.

Would like to have two or three school girl boarders. For particulars see Miss Emma Tenney, at the residence of Rev. S. F. Tenney, Crockett, Texas. tf.

Saw Mill Rebuilt.

This is to advise the public that I have rebuilt my saw mill, located 7 miles west of Crockett, on the Navarro road, and that I am now ready to supply your needs in rough lumber at the most reasonable prices. Your patronage is respectfully solicited. W. R. Turner, 2t.* Rt. 3, Crockett, Texas.

Money to Loan

We buy vendor lien notes—Loan Money on long time. Have been doing it for fourteen years with Houston county farmers. We can refer you to a host of farmers we have helped and they now own their farms clear. See us before placing a loan with anybody.

The Firm that Gives Personal Service to Farmers.

WARFIELD BROTHERS

Office North Side Public Square.

CROCKETT, TEXAS.

One Million Shingles.

To our customers of Houston and adjoining counties and the general public: You will find our yard headquarters for shingles this season, as it was last. We have in stock and in transit a million cypress and red cedar shingles of all grades, and we know that you will find here the most complete stock in east Texas. Come and see us. Brooke-Morris Lumber Co., tf. Crockett, Texas.

Citation by Publication.

THE STATE OF TEXAS. To the Sheriff or any Constable of Houston County, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon Turner Duncan whose residence is unknown, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Houston County, Texas, to be held at the court house thereof, in the City of Crockett, on the 5th Monday after the 1st Monday in September, 1918, same being the 7th day of October, A. D. 1918, then and there to answer a petition filed in the said court on the 11th day of March, A. D. 1918, in a suit numbered 7684 on the docket thereof, wherein Rosie Duncan is plaintiff and Turner Duncan is defendant, the cause of action being alleged as follows: A suit for divorce, plaintiff alleging that on or about the day of 1913 she and defendant were married and lived together as husband and wife until about the day of 1913, at which time the said defendant left the bed and board of plaintiff with the intention of abandonment, and has not lived with the plaintiff since said time, leaving without any fault on the part of said plaintiff. Wherefore plaintiff prays for a decree of divorce and such other relief as to the court may seem proper.

You are further commanded to serve this citation by publishing the same once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, but if there be no newspaper published in your county, then in any newspaper published in the 3rd Judicial District, but if there be no newspaper published in said judicial district, then in a newspaper published in the judicial district nearest to said district.

Herein fail not, but have you before said court, on the said first day of the next term thereof, this writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness, John D. Morgan, Clerk of the District Court of Houston County. Given under my hand and seal of said court, in the City of Crockett, this 4th day of September, A. D. 1918. John D. Morgan, Clerk of the District Court of Houston County. 4t.

Avon Sallas, who left last week for the army training camp at San Antonio, has returned to Crockett, having received an honorable discharge from the army on account of physical disabilities.

Mrs. Willis Higginbotham of Stephenville and Mrs. P. R. Denman and daughter, Berta, of Houston are visiting their sister and aunt, Mrs. J. H. Painter, and other relatives and friends in this city.

Lee Wright of Percilla, Robert Alex Conner of Ratcliff and Grady Blalock of Crockett returned Tuesday night from Camp Travis, having received honorable discharges from the army on account of physical disabilities.

We want to buy a second-hand four to six horse power steam engine for light work. Would also consider an oil or gasoline engine of three to five horse power. Brooke-Morris Lumber Co., tf. Crockett, Texas.

Notice.

Some one is trespassing on my property near Caney Lake and stealing my cane. This is to kindly ask the parties not to do so again, as I do not want to put any one to any trouble or expense. 2t. Jessie Tarver.

Lost Mule.

Black horse mule about five years old, branded on left shoulder with the letters ML (connected and bar under them) and swinney mark on right shoulder. Any information leading to recovery will be liberally rewarded. Porter & Collins, 3t. Lovelady, Texas.

To the Lovelady People.

I wish to announce to the people in Lovelady, Texas, and vicinity that I am unable to visit Lovelady this year. Those who are wishing to see me will find me at Hotel Gibson, Trinity, Texas. Will be there until Monday, September 2, and remain there until Saturday, September 14. Am yours, for better eye-sight, Dr. A. H. Rosenthal.

Lest You Forget!

You get the best there is to be had in automobile repairs at the EAST TEXAS REPAIR SHOP. First class vulcanizing plant. The best battery charging station money can buy.

YOU WILL MAKE NO MISTAKE IF YOU BRING YOUR CAR TO ME.

B. J. MINCHER

Proprietor.

NAMES NET PRICES OF COTTON SEED

Grower Under No Obligation to Put Seed on Market Until He Gets Proper Opportunity.

Waco, Texas, Aug. 29.—Fred W. Davis, chairman Texas Farmers' institute, has given out the appended report:

We, your committee on cotton seed and peanuts, submit the following report on cotton seed:

1. It has been called to our attention that there has been generally circulated a statement that the federal food administration has ruled that the farmers must sell their seed as they gin their cotton, and that they are not permitted to hold their seed until some future time to sell. No such rule or regulation has been made and no price for seed has been fixed by the federal food administration or any other persons. This report has evidently been circulated for the purpose of inducing farmers to sell their seed at the prevailing low prices which the oil mills are offering them. The farmers are permitted, if they so desire, to hold the seed raised by them until such time as they deem it advisable to sell, or until the government, through its agencies, requires it to be sold, and we suggest that the widest publicity should be given to this fact.

Zone Prices Set.

2. We have procured much reliable information relative to the products obtained from cotton seed and the value of these products, and in addition, the cost of crushing the seed and preparing those products for market. After giving the most careful consideration to all the facts in our possession, we recommend that the following minimum prices be fixed for cotton seed, to be paid net to the producers:

In zone No. 1, \$76 per ton, in zones Nos. 2 and 4, \$74.50, in zone No. 3, \$73, and in zone No. 5, \$70. The zones in Texas have been fixed and published by the federal food administration for Texas, and the difference in the prices suggested is based on the varying quantities of oil produced from seed in the several zones. We further recommend that if the prices of the products of seed advance, that the prices suggested herein be correspondingly or proportionately increased.

Pay for Hauling.

We still further recommend that in all cases where the producers sell the seed direct to the oil mills, that they should, in addition to the above prices, receive the cost of hauling from the gins to the mill, and the \$3 per ton allowed by the federal food administration to the ginners and others who buy and sell seed for oil companies. This recommendation is based on the

fact that the federal food administration for Texas has issued rules and regulations which give to those who may buy seed \$3 profit above the price paid at the gin, and also the cost of hauling from the gins off the railroad to the oil mills, or to the railroad points for shipment. If farmers desire to save this difference by hauling their seed and delivering it direct to the oil mills, either by wagon or by railroad transportation, we think they should not only be permitted, but encouraged to do so.

Maximum Prices.

3. In view of the fact that ginning is directly connected with the handling of cotton seed, we most respectfully request the federal food administration for Texas to modify the rules establishing the price for ginning, so that the prices which have been fixed shall be the maximum prices. We believe that the farmers should have the right to contract for their cotton to be ginned for less than the amount fixed for Texas, without having to submit the matter to the federal food administrator for Texas for his approval. In South Carolina the average charge for ginning in 1917 was \$250 per bale and this year it will be about \$3.50 per bale, whereas the charge in Texas this year, unless it is modified, will be \$6.25 or \$6.50 per bale, including wrapping. In Mississippi, the rules and regulations provided by the federal food administration for that State with reference to ginning expressly state "the prices are the maximum prices that ginners may charge for ginning the several kinds of cotton as described," thus giving the farmers the right to contract for lower prices if they desire to do so.

Suggest Representation.

4. We recommend that a permanent committee of five or seven be appointed by the chairman of the Farmers' institute, of which the chairman himself shall be one, to represent the farmers in all matters pertaining to the prices of cotton seed and the ginning of cotton and that said committee be composed of persons who are not interested in cotton gins, oil mills, or in buying cotton seed.

In making the foregoing recommendations, we have not been unmindful of the fact that on account of the short cotton crop, all over Texas, that no price which may be fixed will reimburse the farmers for his crop. We think that the cost of producing the 1918 cotton crop in Texas will be at least 75 cents per pound for lint and at least \$125 per ton for seed, and that there is no way by which the farmers can be reimbursed for their losses. We request that this report be published in the daily and other papers of the State.

J. F. Nash, Chairman.
J. L. Key, Secretary.
W. D. Humphreys.
Robert Isaacs.
J. L. Silvester.
T. N. Jones.

W. L. Holder Made Land and Tax Commissioner.

Among the appointments made Thursday by Federal Manager J. L. Lancaster was that of W. L. Holder of Houston, who has been land and tax commissioner for the International and Great Northern railroad. Mr. Holder is the only International and Great Northern officer who has been named in this region under Mr. Lancaster.

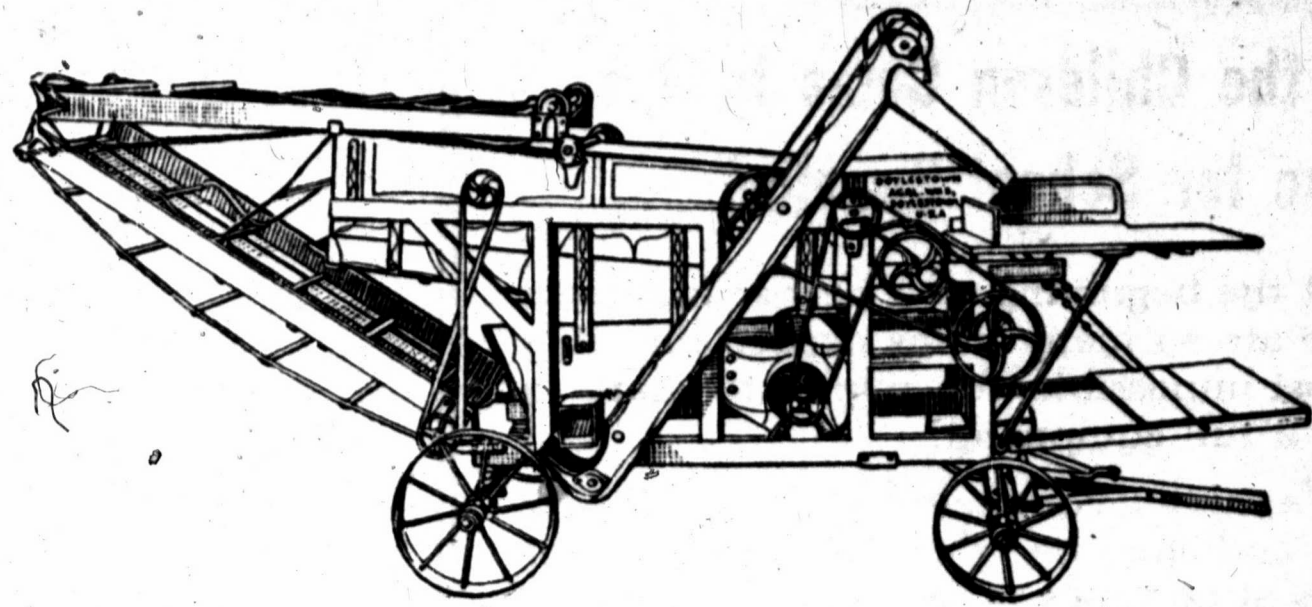
Mr. Holder will have charge of the land and tax work on the following roads: Texas and Pacific, St. Louis Southwestern in Texas, International and Great Northern, Missouri, Kansas and Texas, Beaumont and Great Northern, Galveston, Houston and Henderson, Houston and Brazos Valley and the Transmississippi Terminal.

Mr. Holder has been in the service of the International and Great Northern for 31 years. He began at the age of 17 as agent at Elkhart and later served as agent at Oakwoods, Franklin, Crockett and Palestine. In 1906 he was transferred to San Antonio, where he was freight and ticket agent. In 1914 he was made land and tax commissioner for the International and Great Northern, with headquarters at Houston.

As his work will be in Dallas, Mr. Holder will move his family there in the near future.—Houston Post.

To Camp Mabry.

Harry Ellis and Homer Leediker left on Wednesday, September 4, for Camp Mabry, the Austin training camp. They are volunteers as automobile mechanics.



Cason, Monk & Company

Nacogdoches, Texas

Factory Distributors of Peanut Pickers, Peanut Threshers, Oil and Gas Engines, Hay Presses, Mowers, Rakes, Cane Mills, Etc. Write for Catalogue, prices and terms.

Citation by Publication.

THE STATE OF TEXAS.
To the Sheriff or any Constable of Houston County, Greeting:
You are hereby commanded to summon the unknown heirs of Maria Jacinto-Chamar, the unknown heirs of Nat Robbins and wife, the unknown heirs of Levi W. Lawler and wife, and the unknown heirs of Mary Samora, all deceased, by making publication of this citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, if there be a newspaper, published therein, but if not, then in any newspaper published in the nearest county to your county, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Houston County, to be held at the Court House of said Houston county, in the town of Crockett, on the fifth Monday after the first Monday in September, A. D. 1918, the same being the 7th day of October, A. D. 1918, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 26th day of August, A. D. 1918, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said court No. 5747, wherein J. F. Scruggs is plaintiff, and the unknown heirs of Maria Jacinto-Chamar, the unknown heirs of Nat Robbins and wife, the unknown heirs of Levi W. Lawler and wife, all deceased, are defendants, and said petition alleging that the plaintiff is the owner in fee simple, being lawfully seized and possessed of those three tracts of land situated in Houston county, Texas, same being a part of the Maria Jacinto-Chamar League, and

First tract containing 214 acres, and described by field notes as follows: Beginning at the northeast corner of a 7 acre tract sold to H. W. Balthrope by R. H. Furlow, rock for corner at gate in front of Balthrope's house. Thence south 55 west 590 varas to the northwest corner of the H. W. Balthrope 30 acre tract and southeast corner of H. W. Balthrope's 106 acre tract, a pine 36 in dia brs N 14 E 3 varas and a Black Jack 6 in dia brs S 47 E 6 4-10 varas. Thence north 35 west 1480 varas to said Balthrope's corner on Big Creek, a pin oak 12 in dia brs S 71 E 6 varas, do 36 in dia brs N 73 E 7 varas mkd X. Thence up said creek with its meanders north 55 east 200 varas, north 35 west 80 varas, north 55 east 80 varas, south 35 east 375 varas to the northwest corner of a 40 acre tract sold by R. H. Furlow to Joe Adams. Thence south 35 east 596 1-2 varas corner, a double Sweet Gum 8 in dia brs N 63 1-4 W 5 2-10 varas mkd X. Thence north 55 east 263 varas to corner in Creek and Ash road, a Black Jack 16 in dia brs S 41 1-2 E 15 9-10 varas mkd X. Thence south 35 east 986 1-2 varas to north east corner of T. K. Furlow's 7 3-10 acre tract. Thence south 55 west with his north line 292 varas his corner on Balthrope's line, a Post Oak 14 in dia brs N 59 1-4 E 19 8-10 varas, do 16 in dia brs N 64 1-2 E 21 1-10 varas mkd X. Thence north 35 west 100 1-2 varas to the place of beginning.

Second tract containing 7 3-10 acres, and described by field notes as follows: Beginning at the northeast corner of a 105 acre tract deeded by Furlow to L. H. Morrow a B J Oak 16 in brs S 65 W 2 varas, also do 16 in brs S 27 E 14 varas (dead) mkd X. Thence north 35 west 137 varas to corner of Furlow's original 40 acre tract Lawler line a B J 4 in brs S 10 1-4 E 1 vara, do 6 in brs N 49 1-2 E 5 4-10 varas mkd X. Thence north 55 east 136 1-2 varas to said 40 acre south east corner in east edge of road P Oak 18 in brs N 36 1-4 W 13 3-10 varas pine 14 in brs S 27 W 9 2-10 varas mkd X. Thence north 35 west 68 varas to stake on east side of road for corner. Thence south 55 west 292 varas to corner on Balthrope's 7 acre east line P Oak 14 in brs N 59 1-4 E 19 8-10 varas, do 16 in brs N 64 1-2 E 21 1-10 varas mkd X. Thence south 35 east with Balthrope's line 205 varas to Furlow's corner in road. Thence north 55 east with Morrow's north line 155 1-2 varas to place of beginning.

Third tract containing 106 1-2 acres, and described by field notes as follows: Beginning at the southwest corner of the H. W. Balthrope's tract of 30 acres from which a Pine 18 in dia brs N 14 E 3 varas and a B Jack 8 in brs N 50 E 5 varas. Thence south 55 west 575 varas to a stake on the southwest boundary line of lea-

gue, a B Jack 6 in brs S 50 E 2 varas W Red Oak 8 in brs N 38 W 12 varas. Thence north 35 west with league line 1670 varas to a stake in the south bank of Cane Creek a Mulberry brs N 41 E 2 6-10 varas, an Ash 12 in brs N 62 W 8 varas. Thence up the Creek with its meanderings north 75 1-2 east 400 varas to stake a Pin Oak 10 in brs N 75 E 6 varas, do 8 in brs S 71 E 4 varas. Thence south 55 east 1521 varas to the place of beginning, bearings mkd X.

Plaintiff sets out in his original petition all of the deeds and other instruments under and by virtue of which he claims title to said three tracts of land.

Plaintiff alleges that he and those under whom he claims title to said land has been in the actual, continuous, peaceable and adverse possession thereof, cultivating, using and enjoying the same under deeds duly registered, paying all taxes due thereon, for periods of five and ten years before the filing of this suit, and plaintiff specially pleads the five and ten years statutes of limitation in bar of any claim asserted by the defendants to any part of said land.

Plaintiff alleges that there is no title out of said original grantee, Maria Jacinto-Chamar, and no title out of either Nat Robbins, Levi W. Lawler or Mary Samora, all of which casts a cloud on plaintiff's title, and any other or further claims of the defendants, or either of them, in and to said land are unknown to plaintiff.

Plaintiff sues, and prays judgment for said land, removing all clouds therefrom, and for general and special relief.

Herein fail not, but have before said court, at its abovesaid next regular term, this writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness, Jno. D. Morgan, Clerk of the District Court of Houston County. Given under my hand and the seal of said court, at office in Crockett, this 26th day of August, A. D. 1918. John D. Morgan, Clerk, District Court, Houston County.

Citation by Publication.

THE STATE OF TEXAS.
To the Sheriff or any Constable of Houston County, Greeting:
You are hereby commanded to summon S. E. Parsley by making publication of this citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Houston county, to be held at the Court House of said Houston county, in the town of Crockett, on the fifth Monday after the first Monday in September, A. D.

1918, the same being the 7th day of October, A. D. 1918, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court on the 17th day of August, A. D. 1918, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said court No. 7797, wherein Bulah R. Parsley is plaintiff, and S. E. Parsley is defendant, and said petition alleging that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married in Upshur county, Texas, on or about the 1st day of June, 1904, and lived together as man and wife until about the 24th day of April, 1915, when defendant without cause or excuse left plaintiff with the intention of permanently abandoning her, and that more than three years has elapsed since defendant thus abandoned plaintiff. That there were three children, to-wit: Bethel A., a girl 13 years old, J. Delton, a boy 10 years old, and Nautilus A. Parsley, a boy six years old, born of said marriage, and that plaintiff is able to care for and rear said children, and that defendant is not.

Plaintiff sues, and prays for judgment dissolving the bonds of matrimony existing between the plaintiff and defendant, and for the custody of said children.

Herein fail not, but have before said court, at its abovesaid next regular term, this writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness, John D. Morgan, Clerk of the District Court of Houston County. Given under my hand and the seal of said court, at office in Crockett, this 17th day of August, A. D. 1918. John D. Morgan, Clerk, District Court, Houston County.

YOU will not have the best if you fail to get EUCALINE for Malaria, Chills and Fever. The general tonic properties restores strength and vitality to the weakened body. Guaranteed. Price 60c

RED CROSS HEADACHE and NEURALGIA REMEDY

Relieves neuralgia and chronic headaches. Free from opiates, quickly absorbed and producing immediate relief. Particularly recommended for headaches resulting from excesses. This and more than one hundred other Red Cross Remedies and Toilet Preparations sold and guaranteed only by BAKER & CASTLEBERG

When your blood is Impure

system run down, appetite poor— and that tired, lazy feeling prevails

Admirine
—Tonic Sarsaparilla
IS THE BEST REMEDY

This is a preparation containing anti-malarial properties together with iron and sarsaparilla making it the most successful blood tonic on the market. As a system builder after chills and fever, none better can be found. A bottle proves it to be a safe family medicine. Guaranteed.

EUCALINE MEDICINE CO., DALLAS, TEXAS

COULD HARDLY STAND ALONE

Terrible Suffering From Headache, Sideache, Backache, and Weakness, Relieved by Cardui, Says This Texas Lady.

Gonzales, Tex.—Mrs. Minnie Philpot, of this place, writes: "Five years ago I was taken with a pain in my left side. It was right under my left rib. It would commence with an aching and extend up into my left shoulder and on down into my back. By that time the pain would be so severe I would have to take to bed, and suffered usually about three days... I suffered this way for three years, and got to be a mere skeleton and was so weak I could hardly stand alone. Was not able to go anywhere and had to let my house work go... I suffered awful with a pain in my back and I had the headache all the time. I just was unable to do a thing. My life was a misery, my stomach got in an awful condition, caused from taking so much medicine. I suffered so much pain. I had just about given up all hopes of our getting anything to help me.

One day a Birthday Almanac was thrown in my yard. After reading its testimonials I decided to try Cardui, and am so thankful that I did, for I began to improve when on the second bottle... I am now a well woman and feeling fine and the cure has been permanent for it has been five years since my awful bad health. I will always praise and recommend Cardui." Try Cardui today. B 78

RUSK COUNTY SOLDIER TELLS

MORE ABOUT FIGHT OF MARNE
—ALSO ABOUT RED CROSS
AND THE Y. M. C. A.

(This is an extract from a letter to his father by D. B. Milner, as published in the Rusk County News.)

"Nantes, France.
"I wonder if you have a full conception of the destruction that is done in a drive like the one we had last month. Of course, you have, but to see it in its different stages makes it so very much more weird and impressive.

"When we first got to the front line the towns were still in perfect order, and the fields covered with wheat, the most luxuriant wheat that I have ever seen. In most cases it was as high as a man's head.

"We had not been there long until the houses in the little villages began to fall to pieces as a result of the artillery, and field after field of wheat was trampled down by both the artillery and infantry, as the roads are not used much at the front, because the enemy shells the roads frantically all the time.

"When we left the towns they were masses of pulverized stone and the wheat fields looked like grounds where a circus had been.

"The forest there was the densest I ever saw, and at the end of our stay, about all that was left were the stubs of trees. Just to look at the place one would think it was impossible for a single human being to go safely through it. But the artillery does not cause so many casualties in this kind of promiscuous firing.

"Mamma asked me to tell her which is doing the better work over here, the Y. M. C. A. or the Red Cross.

"First, I will say that the Red Cross is the more popular, because what it has for the soldiers is free, while, as a rule, the Y. M. C. A. sells its stuff. The soldiers often look no further than that. They do not realize that the Red Cross has larger funds, and that the things it bestows have been furnished free, by the United States, while everything the Y. M. C. A. has it buys.

"Another difference, the Y. works right up in the front line, while the Red Cross does its best work on the line of communication, such as giving out hot chocolates, and tobacco to the men when they are on trains going from place to place.

"Then, after the men reach their destination and are billeted, they find a Y. M. C. A. canteen to attend to their wants, etc.

"The Y is sometimes blamed at the front, because its supply gives out, but there is never any justice in these criticisms, because the wagons that bring up supplies are probably busy bringing up ammunition and food, and therefore cannot be hindered at so critical a time with tobacco, etc.

"They are both wonderful, and are doing a splendid work. The men in both are subject to draft.

"The women workers are wonderful, and they cheerfully undergo innumerable hardships. Not so long ago one woman Y. M. C. A. worker was killed by shell fire. As a rule the women are kept out of range of the guns, but some of them have an infatuation for the danger zone, and if they are not watched they will be up there all the time.

"Personally, I think one is as good as the other, and as long as I was censoring mail back with the company, I would turn back all letters that complained of either one."

LETTER FROM CAMP BOWIE

Camp Bowie, Texas, Aug. 22.
Editor Messenger:—Since last writing a great transformation has occurred with us. About the time we were becoming trained as a cavalryman or trooper at Ft. Sam Houston, an order came for the conversion of our cavalry regiment into the field artillery. This news was met with displeasure and regret on our part as we had become attached to our branch of service, but when Uncle Sam bids, we have no opinion, choice or preference. Acting under orders, we hurriedly packed up and made ready for the move. Leaving San Antonio last Saturday afternoon at 8:30 o'clock, we experienced a slow journey, com-

ing over the Katy and arriving at Camp Bowie Sunday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock. No little task confronted us. We began to police up the camp which had been unoccupied since the middle of July. The 131st and 132nd Field Artillery preceded us. They have landed safely across the "pond" and we are following surely in their footsteps. We are only in process of organization here and as soon as our brigades are fully organized we shall be transferred to either Camp Beauregard, La., or Camp Dodge, Iowa, where a complete training will be received.

We have not had an insight into our new branch yet but from what we can learn, we are in a most interesting division and one that will assuredly transport us to the great battle front where humanity and humanity's enslaver are engaged in a sanguinary death grapple.

The reason for the existence of field artillery is its ability to assist the other arms, especially the infantry upon the battle field. The two main types of field artillery are the light and the heavy, determined by the caliber of the gun or howitzer. The weight of the projectile from the light artillery guns varies from 15 to 30 pounds; of the heavy, from 60 to 120 pounds, in each case determined by the calibre of the gun shooting it. The characteristics of field artillery are: (1) Great power concentrated in a relatively small tactical unit. (2) Rapidity of fire. (3) Long range and (4) Ability to act from concealed positions. The first characteristic facilitates intelligent direction. The second enables artillery to bring a crushing fire to bear upon a vulnerable enemy before he can escape from its action. The third permits artillery great freedom of action. The fourth facilitates establishing the guns in favorable positions, acting by surprise and preserving freedom of maneuver.

The artillery on the other hand has certain limitations which prevent its employment as an independent, self-sustaining arm. It is unable to act otherwise than by fire. It is extremely vulnerable when exposed in the open to percussion fire at medium ranges; also if exposed to shrapnel fire when in route formation or when in the act of occupying a position, as it can protect itself only with difficulty by fire action, concealment or escapes.

Best wishes to the Messenger and its many readers.
James C. Scarborough,
Battery E, 56th F. A.,
Camp Bowie, Texas.

LIST OF WHITE MEN ENTRAINING

Following is a list of the white men who entrained for Camp Travis, the San Antonio training camp for general military service, on Thursday evening, August 29. Forty-eight were called, but forty-nine entrained, one volunteer, A. M. Rencher Jr., being accepted as such. More than forty-nine were called, but that number entrained and their names are as follows:

- 126 Walter T. Mills.
- 172 Robt. Alec Conner.
- 250 Thomas Isaac Whittaker.
- 300 Clarence Gordon Steed.
- 378 Wendell Anderson.
- 390 Cater Henry Morgan.
- 443 John Compton.
- 573 Geady Blalock.
- 597 1/2 Oscar Eli Whitmore.
- 625 L. P. Reed.
- 783 Clivy H. Sullivan.
- 796 Mayron M. Cook.
- 814 James Thomas Laseter.
- 987 Lee Wright.
- 1000 Ben Vickery.
- 1032 Charles D. Eaves.
- 1174 Falvy Steeley.
- 1212 Benjamin F. Baker.
- 1213 John E. Corley.
- 1221 Benjamin F. Davis.
- 1246 James T. Langston.
- 1330 Albert Gayle.
- 1388 Lucius E. Straughan.
- 1464 R. A. Smith.
- 1505 George Beavers.
- 1719 Henry Turner.
- 1735 Robert L. Dominy.
- 1783 Otis Brown.
- 1799 Earl Bryan.
- 1838 Albert H. Hanby.
- 1977 Glenn Beasley.
- 2023 John Henry Jones.
- 2086 George Calvin Wright.
- 2123 Charles Ernest Warren.
- 2178 Robert Isaac Gayle.
- 2178 L. Avon Sallas.
- 2181 Robert P. Griggs.
- 2192 Morgan A. Hartley.
- 2215 Bill Hurt.
- 2221 Bob R. Buffington.
- 2227 Johnie Buckalew.
- 2249 Lee Gallant.
- 2253 Leo Cummings.
- 2285 Obert Morgan.
- 2303 Charley Thomas Hopper.
- 2317 Earl C. Parker.
- 2342 Rosett Hutto.
- 2360 Eli Rice.
- 2371 A. M. Rencher Jr.

COTTON CONDITION IS SIXTY PER CENT

The Journal of Commerce Estimates Deterioration of 17.4 Points During Month.

New York, Aug. 29.—The decline in the condition of cotton during August has been very excessive, having lost 17.4 points from a condition of 77.4 per cent a month ago, making it 60 per cent on an average date of Aug. 22. This result is obtained from the reports of over 2,000 special correspondents of the Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin and is the lowest condition in ten years, the average for this period being 69.9 per cent. The year of 1917 one of the largest crops on record, namely 15,693,000 bales, showed a deterioration of 14.3 points in August on an acreage of 36,681,000 and a condition of 12.6 by comparison. It might be interesting to cite the other two record crops of the years 1913 and 1914 with yields respectively of 14,156,000 bales and 16,165,000 bales on practically the same acreage of 37,400,000 with conditions of 71.4 per cent and 77.6 per cent. The declines in percentage condition in these two years were 9.7 points in 1913 and 1.2 points in 1914.

Citation by Publication.

THE STATE OF TEXAS.

To the Sheriff or Any Constable of Houston County, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon the unknown heirs of Jacob Masters Senior deceased by making publication of this citation once in each week for four successive weeks, previous to the return day hereof in some newspaper published in your county if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in any newspaper published in the third judicial district; but if there be no newspaper in said judicial district, then in a newspaper published in the nearest district to said district, to appear at the next regular term of the district court of Houston County, to be held at the court house thereof in Crockett, on the first Monday in October, A. D. 1918, the same being the 7th day of October, A. D. 1918, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court on the 31st day of August, A. D. 1918, in a suit numbered on the docket of said court No. 5749, wherein W. L. Moody is plaintiff and the unknown heirs of Jacob Masters Senior deceased are defendants, said petition alleging that the plaintiff is the owner in fee simple of certain hereinafter described land, part of the Jacob Masters Senior Headright survey situated in Houston County, Texas, about 6 miles Northeast from the city of Crockett, in Houston County, Texas, and containing 454 3-10 acres of land as described by field notes in plaintiff's petition.

That the plaintiff derains title to said land as follows: Original grant to Jacob Masters Senior conveying by field notes one league of land situated in Houston County, about 6 miles Northeast from the town of Crockett. Partition of the estate of Jacob Masters Senior wherein Fannie or Francis Albright, formerly Masters, was awarded the land in controversy, and deed executed by the other heirs of Jacob Masters Senior conveying to her said land. Deed of Fannie Albright to Geo. W. Roberts of date July 8, 1874, conveying by field notes 350 acres of the said 459 acre tract of land in controversy. Deed of Jacob Albright administrator of the estate of Fannie Albright deceased to G. W. Roberts conveying by field notes 100 acres of the 459 acre tract of land in controversy.

Transcript of the proceedings of the probate court of Houston County, Texas, showing administration upon the estate of Fannie or Francis Albright by Jacob Albright administrator, his application to sell 100 acres of the land in controversy, the order of the Court granting such application to sell such land and the order of the Court confirming the sale of such land and instructing deed to be made to G. W. Roberts the purchaser at such sale, according to the terms thereof.

Deed of Geo. W. Roberts to John Howard of date January 8, 1878, conveying the 359 acres and 100 acres, being the land in controversy. Deed of John Howard to S. Mims Jr. Trustee for use of Moody and Jemison conveying the 359 and 100 acres of land in controversy. Deed of John Howard by S. Mims Jr. Trustee of date May 8, 1879, conveying to Moody and Jemison the tracts of 359 and 100 acres of land in controversy.

Deed of E. S. Jemison to W. L. Moody and Company conveying the 459 acres of land in controversy. Deed of W. L. Moody Jr. and Frank B. Moody to W. L. Moody conveying the 459 acres of land in controversy.

The plaintiff further alleging that he and those under whom he claims have had and held the peaceable, continuous and adverse possession, under title and color of title from and under the sovereignty of the soil, the land claimed and described in his petition for more than three years after Defendants cause of action accrued, if

any ever accrued, and before the commencement of this suit.

That plaintiff and those under whom he claims have had and held the peaceable, quiet and adverse possession of the land described in his petition, claiming the same under deed and deeds duly recorded, cultivating, using and enjoying the same each and every year, and paying the taxes thereon for a period of more than five years after Defendants cause of action accrued, if any ever accrued, and before the commencement of this suit.

That plaintiff and those under whom he claims have had and held peaceable, continuous and adverse possession of the land claimed and described in his petition, using, cultivating and enjoying the same each and every year for a period of more than 10 years after Defendants cause of action accrued, if any ever accrued, and before the commencement of this suit, all of which Plaintiff is ready to verify, and pleads the three, five and ten years statutes of limitation.

That on or about the 4th day of February 1835 one league of land was granted to Jacob Masters Senior situated in Houston County, Texas, about 6 miles Northeast from the town of Crockett of which the land in controversy is a part and on account of the destruction of the deed records of Houston County, Texas, twice by fire, a great many deeds and links in chains of title have been destroyed and are now missing, and there does not appear of record any conveyance of this land by Jacob Masters Senior during his life time, and no evidence of a conveyance by his heirs since his death, which occurred long years ago, and on account of the absence from the record of any such conveyance there is a cloud cast upon Plaintiff's title. The original deed or deeds if executed have been lost and cannot now be produced and the missing records supplied by recording same.

That the Defendants are asserting and claiming an interest in and to said land which clouds the title of Plaintiff. And praying that on proof being heard that he have judgment for the land sued for, quieting the title thereto, and removing all clouds therefrom and for such other orders and decrees as may be equitable.

Herein fail not, but have before said Court on said first day of next term thereof this writ with your return thereon showing how you have executed the same.

Witness John D. Morgan Clerk of the District Court of Houston County, Texas.
Given under my hand and seal of said Court in the city of Crockett, Texas, the 31st day of August, A. D. 1918.
John D. Morgan,
Clerk of the District Court,
Houston County, Texas.

British Prisoners Total Nearly as Many as Casualties.

London, August 29.—The total enemy allied captures on the western front since July 18 now approach 120,000 prisoners and 2000 guns. The British captured more than 21,000 prisoners between August 1 and August 26, while the British total losses in the same period, including all killed, wounded and missing, were only slightly in excess of that figure. A considerable proportion of the British casualties are in the slightly wounded class.

The total captures by the British since August 8 exceed 47,000 officers and men, and the captured guns number 600.

Paris, August 29.—The number of German prisoners captured by the French in their advance west of the Chaulnes-Noyon line has been comparatively small as the French have been obliged to move cautiously. The Germans left mines at various places, and had scattered infernal machines and traps of various kinds. The war material taken, however, has been considerable.

London, Aug. 29.—It is estimated by experts here that the German losses in killed alone now reach a total of more than two million and probably approach three million. These figures were given out after a study of tables of German and allied losses which have been published.

What is the Matter With Crockett? Is the City Broke?

The undersigned and some of his neighbors have been for several months past humbly petitioning the city authorities to let us have city water on our street. We have had promises, but up to this time no water. We have to pay our city taxes, including water tax, and it seems a hardship that we cannot get the benefit of city water, especially in this dry time when our wells have failed. The writer has lately been carrying from neighboring lots from twenty to thirty buckets of water a day. Is it not bad policy for the city finances to postpone this matter, when the pipe will probably cost much more now than it would have cost if the city had bought it several months ago? Perhaps our mayor can rise and explain.
S. F. Tenney.

MEXICAN GENERAL DISARMS CIVILIANS

ISSUES MANIFESTO ORDERING ALL FIREARMS TURNED OVER TO MILITARY.

Nogales, Ariz., Aug. 20.—Tonight General Plutarco Elias Calles, military governor of Sonora, issued a manifesto ordering all civilians in Nogales, Sonora, to deliver their firearms and ammunition to the general military headquarters at once to prevent further sniping across the border.

The manifesto was distributed in the form of a handbill, and resulted in many rifles, pistols and much ammunition being surrendered to the military authorities. General Calles apparently has complete control of the situation across the line tonight, and no further trouble is anticipated. The Mexican town is under martial law.

Pershing Praised Men of 1st and 3rd Corps.

With the American Army in France, August 27.—General John J. Pershing has issued an order which in part follows: "It fills me with pride to record in general orders a tribute to the service achievements of the First and Third corps, comprising the First, Second, Third, Fourth, Twenty-sixth, Twenty-eighth, Thirty-second and Forty-second divisions of the American expeditionary forces.

"You came to this battle field at a crucial hour for the allied cause. For almost four years the most formidable army the world has yet seen has pressed its invasion of France and stood threatening its capital. At no time has that army been more powerful and menacing than when, on July 15, it struck again to destroy in one great battle the brave men opposed to it and to enforce its brutal will upon the world and civilization.

"Three days later, in conjunction with our allies, you counter attacked. The allied armies gained a brilliant victory that marks the turning point of the war. You did more than to give the allies the support to which as a nation our faith was pledged. You proved that our altruism, our pacific spirit and our sense of justice have not blunted our virility or our courage."

666 cures by removing the cause.

DR. SAM'L A. MILLER

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7:00 to 9:00 a. m.

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A thousand people look at your face while one glances at your feet—yet you spend money to keep your shoes in condition and neglect your face. RED CROSS Shaving Lotion (the after-shaving luxury), makes old faces look young and keeps all faces in the pink of condition. This and other RED CROSS toilet articles sold only by
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SKILLED NEWSPAPER WORKERS ESSENTIAL

ALL BRANCHES OF WORK GIVEN DEFINITE STATUS BY WAR INDUSTRIES BOARD.

Washington, August 28.—When the War Industries Board, that governmental agency which was created to put all domestic business upon a war basis, declared newspaper publishing to be an essential war industry, it gave a definite war status to every line of labor which a newspaper requires in the assembling or manufacture of newspaper materials, and in the composition and printing of its finished product.

This board did not start at the top and go down the line. It started at the bottom by placing the manufacture of news print paper, without which no newspaper could exist, upon a priority basis. It authorized a sufficient distribution of coal to the paper manufacturers to assure an adequate supply of this material, and arranged with the Railroad Administration to deliver the paper to the publishers.

The second step was to recognize the newspaper as a necessity by providing it with facilities for distribution; that is, granting it full mail privileges on the one hand, and movement upon the railroads upon the other.

Finally, the government has given the newspaper publishing industry a war footing by classifying its personnel as engaged in a needful occupation. This phase of the matter was dealt with by the War Department in issuing the work or fight regulations under the Selective Service Law. This regulation does not apply only to loafers. It applies to men engaged in what the War Industries Board has declared to be useless business.

And in placing the newspaper personnel outside the range of the work or fight rule, the government has not concerned itself merely with the editors and reporters and advertising men. It has included the skilled labor which every newspaper must depend upon in its composing room, its pressroom and elsewhere. The newspaper compositor and pressman are regarded as just as essential to business as the editor or auditor or any other trained member of a newspaper's staff.

As a matter of fact, when the Iowa Draft Board, through an error of judgment, sent out notices to newspaper men within its jurisdiction recently, advising them that they were within the work or fight regulations, this notice went only to the newspaper writers. This board in its ruling took the position that the compositor, the pressman and other skilled workmen on newspapers were not affected by the work or fight ruling, because they were indispensable to their respective papers. The notices to the reporters were later withdrawn with the explanation that a blunder had been committed.

The status which the government has given the newspaper compositors, it might be added, is different from that given the compositor in a private printing establishment, a job office or other plant not yet recognized by the government as essential to the conduct of the war. Each individual line of business must stand upon its own bottom in this matter. It must make its own case. The newspaper has done this, and the recognition of its value to the Nation in war has been given. No such recognition has been accorded printing establishments generally. Their standing is a matter yet to be determined.—New York Sun.

Allies Have Regained Most of the Lost Terrain.

Paris, August 29.—The allies now have won back more than two-thirds of the ground lost since the beginning of the German offensive in March. It was wrung from them by an overwhelming effort of force and they have regained it by the brilliant generalship of their leaders and the skillful maneuvering of their troops.

The working out of Marshal Foch's strategy, according to opinion here, shows that every movement in each section of the long battle line has been carefully thought out in its relation to the whole. Thus the British advanced toward Peronne August 26 had its immediate effect on the sections farther south and for a second time General von Hutier was in danger of being caught in a trap if he hung on

another instant. As a result he was obliged to abandon Roye and Nesle and retire behind the Somme with the French close at his heels.

Epigrammatic Wisdom.

A beautiful girl is one who is pretty and doesn't know it.

A true hero is a man who fights for his country and refuses to scrap with his wife.

The average man tries to get experience in small lots at wholesale prices.

After the cow jumped over the moon she probably wandered down the milky way.

Citation by Publication.

THE STATE OF TEXAS. To the Sheriff or Any Constable of Houston County, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon the unknown heirs of Patrick H. Hayes deceased and all persons asserting and claiming any interest in the land hereinafter described by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four successive weeks, previous to the return date hereof, in some newspaper, published in your county if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in any newspaper published in the third judicial district; but if there be no newspaper published in said judicial district, then in a newspaper published in the nearest district to said district, to appear at the next regular term of the district court of Houston county, to be holden at the court house thereof in Crockett, on the first Monday in October, A. D. 1918, the same being the 7th day of October, A. D. 1918, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court on the 31st day of August, A. D. 1918, in a suit numbered on the docket of said court No. 5750 wherein, W. L. Moody is plaintiff and the unknown heirs of Patrick H. Hayes deceased, B. R. Eaves and wife R. S. Eaves and all persons asserting and claiming any interest in the hereinafter described land are defendants.

Plaintiff alleging in his petition that he is the owner in fee simple of 51 9-10 acres more or less of the William Watson survey of 640 acres of land situated in Houston county, Texas, about 15 miles north 15 deg. west from the town of Crockett, and was lawfully seized and possessed of said land on or about the first day of August, A. D. 1918, holding and claiming in fee simple, and describing the same in his petition by field notes.

That the Plaintiff derains title to the land claimed by him and herein sued for as follows: Patent from the State of Texas to Patrick H. Hayes, assignee of William Watson granting by field notes 640 acres of land situated in Houston county, Texas, about 15 miles northwest from the town of Crockett.

Deed of B. R. Eaves and wife R. S. Eaves to J. E. Hollingsworth conveying the land in controversy.

Deed of J. E. Hollingsworth to Mrs. Eliza Kempner conveying the land in controversy.

Deed of Eliza Kempner to W. L. Moody and company conveying the land in controversy.

Deed of W. L. Moody Jr. and Frank B. Moody to W. L. Moody conveying the land in controversy.

The plaintiff further alleging that he and those under whom he claims have had and held peaceable, continuous and adverse possession, under title and color of title from and under the sovereignty of the soil the land claimed and described in his petition for more than three years after defendants cause of action accrued, if any ever accrued, and before the commencement of this suit.

That the plaintiff and those under whom he claims have had and held peaceable, continuous and adverse possession of the land claimed and described in his petition, using, cultivating and enjoying the same each and every year, and paying the taxes thereon for a period of more than five years after defendants cause of action accrued, if any ever accrued, and before the commencement of this suit.

That plaintiff and those under whom he claims have had and held the peaceable, continuous and adverse possession of the land claimed and described in his petition, using, cultivating and enjoying the same each and every year for a period of more than ten years after defendants cause of action accrued, if any ever accrued, and before the commencement of this suit.

All of which plaintiff is ready to verify and pleads the three, five and ten years statutes of limitation.

That defendants are asserting and claiming an interest in said land which clouds the title of plaintiff, and praying that on proof being heard that he have judgment for the land sued for and quieting the title thereto, and removing all clouds therefrom and for such other orders and decrees as may be equitable.

Herein fail not to have before said court on said first day of next term thereof this writ with your return thereon showing how you have executed same.

Witness, John D. Morgan, Clerk of the District Court of Houston County, Texas.

Given under my hand and seal of said Court in the city of Crockett, Texas, the 31st day of August A. D. 1918. John D. Morgan, Clerk of the District Court, Houston County, Texas. 4t.

Citation by Publication.

THE STATE OF TEXAS. To the Sheriff or any Constable, of Houston County, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon the heirs of Edward Allbright, deceased, whose names are unknown; the heirs of Taffenius Allbright, deceased, whose names are unknown; the heirs of G. W. Allbright, deceased, whose names are unknown; the heirs of W. J. Boggs, deceased, whose names are unknown; the heirs of Lewis Atkinson, deceased, whose names are unknown; the heirs of Jose Miguel Musquez, deceased, whose names are unknown; the heirs of T. Gammage, deceased, whose names are unknown; the heirs of George B. Holmes, deceased, whose names are unknown; the heirs of F. W. Jackson, deceased, whose names are unknown; the heirs of J. H. Baugh, deceased, whose names are unknown; the heirs of T. E. Baugh, deceased, whose names are unknown; the heirs of J. L. Boggs, deceased, whose names are unknown; F. M. McDonald and Louvenia McDonald, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Houston county, to be held at the Court House in the City of Crockett on the 5th Monday after the first Monday in September, 1918, being the 7th day of October, A. D. 1918, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on 31st August, 1918, in cause Numbered 5751 wherein J. W. Hail is plaintiff, and the unknown heirs of Edward Allbright, deceased, the unknown heirs of Taffenius Allbright deceased, the unknown heirs of G. W. Allbright deceased, the unknown heirs of W. J. Boggs deceased, the unknown heirs of Lewis Atkinson deceased, the unknown heirs of Jose Miguel Musquez deceased, the unknown heirs of T. T. Gammage deceased, the unknown heirs of George B. Holmes deceased, the unknown heirs of F. W. Jackson deceased, the unknown heirs of J. H. Baugh deceased, the unknown heirs of T. E. Baugh deceased, F. M. McDonald and Louvenia McDonald, are defendants, the cause of action being alleged as follows:

1. That plaintiff is the owner in fee simple as is signed and possessed of the following described tract or parcel of land to wit: Situated in Houston county, Texas, about 16 miles S. W. of Crockett, being a part of the Edward Allbright league, and bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at the N. W. corner of the Boggs 228 acre tract out of said league of which this is a part. Thence S 25 W with the west boundary of said tract 645 6-10 vrs to Chandlers corner in same. Thence S 75 E with Chandlers N. B. line 1252 6-10 vrs to

his N. E. corner on the east boundary line of said 228 acre tract. Thence N 15 E with said line 637 4-10 vrs. to the N. E. corner of same on the N. B. line of said league, a post oak bears S 29 W 5 vrs B Jack 12 in dia brs S 6 W 6 vrs mkd X. Thence N 75 W with said league line 1138 vrs to the place of beginning, containing 114 acres of land more or less.

That plaintiff and those under whom he derains his title to said land have had and held peaceable and adverse possession of the same, cultivating, using and enjoying the same under deeds duly registered and paying all taxes due thereon, for a period of more than five years before the commencement of this suit, and he claims title to said land under the statute of limitation of five years. Plaintiff also claims title to said land under and by virtue of the statute of limitation of three years and the statute of limitation of ten years. He also claims title to said land under certain deeds and other instruments of writing set out in his original petition, among them being the following: Patent from the Republic of Texas, of date Jan. 26, 1841, granting Edward Allbright one league and labor of land. A deed from A. J. Thomasson to J. W. Hail of date June 11th, 1904, recorded in Book 54 Page 54 of Houston County Deed Records, a deed from John Henry High and wife Ida High, of date Dec. 11th, 1903, to J. W. Hail, recorded in Book 36 Page 179 of Houston County Deed Records.

The fact that there are no conveyances of record from Edward Allbright, or from G. W. Allbright and that the acknowledgements to some of the above mentioned deeds are defective, and that the Edward Allbright Survey conflicts with a pretended grant of land to Jose Miguel Musquez and the further fact that the defendants are setting up and asserting some kind of claim of title to the above described land, the nature of which is not known to plaintiff, creates and causes a cloud upon plaintiff's title to said land which he desires to have removed by a decree of the court.

Wherefore plaintiff sues and prays that the defendants be cited to answer this petition and that on hearing he have a judgment for the title and possession of said land, and removing all clouds caused by any claim of the defendants, or either of them, to the said land or any part thereof, and that he be quieted in his title and possession of same and he prays for general and special relief.

You are further commanded to serve this citation by publishing the same once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in a newspaper published in your county; but if no newspaper is published in said county, then in the nearest county where a newspaper

is published. Herein fail not, but have you before said court, on the said first day of the next term thereof, this writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness, John D. Morgan, Clerk of the District Court of Houston County.

Given under my hand and seal of said Court in the City of Crockett this the 31st day of August, A. D. 1918. John D. Morgan, Clerk of the District Court, Houston County, Texas. 4t.

There is apt to be trouble when the better half discovers how the other half lives.

666 cures Malarial Fever. 10t.

Our Boys in France and Home Protection

The men on the firing line represent the pick of our American youth. One in four of our boys at home was sick, rejected because of physical deficiency. Many times the kidneys were to blame.

If we wish to prevent old age coming on too soon, or if we want to increase our chances for a long life, Dr. Pierce of the Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., says that we should drink plenty of water daily between meals. Then procure at the nearest drug store, Anuric (double strength). The cost is 60 cts. This "An-uric" drives the uric acid out and cures backache and rheumatism.

If we wish to keep our kidneys in the best condition a diet of milk and vegetables, with only little meat once a day, is the most suitable. Drink plenty of pure water, take Anuric three times a day for a month.

Send Dr. Pierce ten cents for trial package.

BINGER, OKLA.—"I had one knee hurt in which rheumatism developed. After-

ward I hurt my back very badly loading wood. I sent for four packages of Anuric Tablets and had taken hardly two packages when they completely cured me. I have not had a twinge of rheumatism in my back or in my knee since. I know the Anuric Tablets did me more good than all the other medicines I ever took.

"I let a neighbor have one package of Anuric. He was down with his back and it did him a world of good. My parents have known of and used Doctor Pierce's medicines for years."—W. B. PHILLIPS, Route 1, Box 79.

Queen Quality SHOES

MEET EVERY REQUIREMENT

Every Queen Quality style is a patriotic style; every shoe is within the Government's requirements. You can rely on Queen Quality shoes.

OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENT:

"There are no restrictions whatever upon the retailer . . . A merchant may sell the shoes on his shelves and sell the shoes he has ordered . . . The restrictions begin at the source; first, the makers of the leather; second, the manufacturers of the shoes."

Our manufacturers are co-operating with the Government. Our store supports the conservation policy. You buy Queen Quality shoes with the full assurance of style safety and maximum value.

Certain highly favored styles are becoming scarce and exclusive, yet prices are steady. We suggest early selections to fulfill your needs.

JAMES S. SHIVERS

Crockett's Big Store.

The Crockett Courier

Issued weekly from Courier Building

W. W. AIKEN, Editor and Proprietor

PUBLISHER'S NOTICE.

Obituaries, resolutions, cards of thanks and other matter not "news" will be charged for at the rate of 5c per line.

Parties ordering advertising or printing for societies, churches, committees or organizations of any kind will, in all cases, be held personally responsible for the payment of the bills.

In case of errors or omissions in legal or other advertisements, the publishers do not hold themselves liable for damage further than the amount received by them for such advertisement.

Any erroneous reflection upon the character, standing or reputation of any person, firm or corporation which may appear in the columns of the Courier will be gladly corrected upon its being brought to the attention of the management.



This paper has enlisted with the government in the cause of America for the period of the war

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

The Courier is authorized to announce the following as the nominees of the democratic primary:

For Congress, Seventh District
CLAY STONE BRIGGS
of Galveston County

For Representative
E. WINFREE

For County Judge
NAT PATTON

For County Attorney
EARLE PORTER ADAMS

For District Clerk
V. B. (Barker) TUNSTALL

For County Clerk
ARTHUR E. OWENS

For Sheriff
R. J. (Bob) SPENCE

For Tax Assessor
JOHN H. ELLIS

For Tax Collector
C. W. BUTLER Jr.

For County Treasurer
WILLIE ROBISON

For Co. Supt. of Schools
J. H. ROSSER

For Road Superintendent
WILL CARSON

For Commissioner, Prec. No. 1
J. S. (Sam) LONG

For Commissioner, Prec. No. 2
J. C. ESTES

For Commissioner, Prec. No. 3
AARON SPEER

For Commissioner, Prec. No. 4
J. A. (Ab) BEATHARD

For Justice Peace, Prec. No. 1
C. R. STEPHENSON

For Justice Peace, Prec. No. 4
CAL BARBEE

For Constable, Precinct No. 1
C. R. McPHAIL

WEEKLY NEWSPAPERS MAY BE FORCED TO RAISE RATE.

The country newspapers are facing a crisis which may force them to raise their subscription rates. Nearly all the papers have raised their price to \$1.50 and now some have announced that they will raise their subscription to \$2.00 per year. The price of news print is 100 per cent higher than it was before the war, and from all indications it is to take another advance. There is a shortage of news print and in order to conserve the output from the mills, the War Industries Board has stepped in to help prevent the waste. They have issued orders that all country newspapers must reduce their supply 15 per cent beginning on the 15th of next month. Each publisher will be required to make affidavit to the amount he has used during the past year, and then his allotment will be 85 per cent of what he has been using. The newspaper men must meet the situation the best they can. No free copies will be allowed to be sent out. Some will have to reduce the size of their paper in order to

meet the situation, others will be able to meet the situation by discontinuing subscribers who have not renewed. The government says that the newspapers will not be allowed to send their paper to any but actual paying subscribers, and they are going to see that this rule is enforced.

Some of our subscribers have asked us to send their paper on and they will pay us the first time they are in town. We would like to do this, but no doubt they have not read the ruling of the government. The war industries board has said that all papers must be paid for in advance, and if they are not paid for in advance they must be discontinued. No publisher may give free copies of his paper. No publisher will be allowed to offer premiums with his paper. No publisher will be allowed to conduct voting or other contests for the purpose of obtaining subscriptions. No publisher will be allowed to issue holiday, industrial or other special editions. No newspaper may be established during the period of the war, except those for which arrangements had been made and plants purchased previous to the issuing of this order.—Livingston Enterprise.

The Newspapers are Facing a Crisis.

The newspaper business is up against numerous trials and tribulations. It could stand the trials and come clear, and it could compromise with the tribulations perhaps, but the expense of both is eating up the presses and gumming up the type. The publishers are beginning to wonder if the Federal Trade Commission and other departments of the government, including the postal department, are under the impression that the printing offices can always be depended on to bounce every time they are thrown down. With white paper climbing the price ladder like the mercury in a Texas thermometer, with the machines and the thousand other contrivances necessary to equip a printing plant advancing every time the clock ticks, with the printers going into the army and the requirements of the postoffice increasing the labor of publishers' mailing departments—and everything, the men who are gamely and grimly running newspapers and giving millions of dollars' worth of advertising to every worthy war work, are standing by with every ounce of their loyalty and hope pledged to "carry on." Sink or swim, survive or perish, eat or starve, the newspaper folks will do their bit, and the few of them who may be able to exact such a profit will do their two-bits.—Dallas News.

Pay Your Subscription in Advance.

The War Industry Board gives us notice that we must cut our newspaper consumption fifteen per cent over last year, and file a monthly report, with affidavit attached to the report. We also have to pay additional postage on excess advertising, so we are left no avenue in which to develop and make our business grow; to the contrary, we must employ the most rigid economy, and hold it down below normal to get by. If it is necessary to winning the war, we will cheerfully submit with our bit, but in the meantime the community is given notice not to expect any "big" things from us while the lid is on. And in cutting down to meet the requirement of a reduction in paper consumption, the rule prescribed from headquarters, the most reasonable, is to chop off those who do not pay up promptly as their accounts come due. So don't blame us if your paper ceases its visit to you; come around and settle up.—Nacogdoches Sentinel.

Subscription to Advance; Free Papers Discontinued.

The order of the Pulp and Paper section of the War Industries Board, issued to the country weekly newspapers makes it necessary for each publisher to put his paper on a paid-in-advance basis, and cut out all those subscribers who are more than three months in arrears for subscription.

The item is, of course, going to conform to the order of the board and we intend to carry out the instructions even though it will work hardship and possibly cause the loss of some readers. We have quite a few subscribers who are in arrears more than three months but we are not going to stop their paper without giving them a chance to renew.—Huntsville Item.

If a married man admits he's a fool, it is his wife's duty to agree with him.

More people have the gift of gab than the gift of silence.

THE CASE OF IRVIN SIMS

From the Ratcliff Herald.

For some time past the rumor has been current that Irvin Sims, a young man who formerly resided at Ratcliff, was not drowned on the transport sunk by a German submarine on the morning of February 5, 1918, and in order to set all these rumors at rest, we give below a description of the sinking of the ship by Captain C. E. Hetrick, who was on the ship and who saw Irvin Sims, with others who were on board, buried. The letter following was sent to Irvin Sim's parents at Rusk, Texas, where they now reside:

To the Parents of Irvin Sims:
It is with deep regret and heavy heart that I write you regarding the death of your patriotic son, Irvin, who was a member of Co. F., 6th Battalion, 20th Engineers.

As you know, we were aboard the ill-fated steamship Tuscania, which was torpedoed off the north coast of Ireland at 5:50 p. m., February 5, 1918.

On this particular day Irvin was well and in fine spirits and, when we were struck, marched to his life-boat station with coolness, got off in the boat assigned to him, and got safely away from the ship. When a short distance away from the ship, the life-boat became overturned in some way, precipitating the occupants into the water.

By this time the sea had become rough, and, being dark, it was next to impossible to rescue every man. Though all were equipped with and had on life belts, they were of little use in such a rough sea.

Irvin's body was recovered the next day, and, together with others, was buried with military honors by the survivors, assisted by the Scottish authorities and the people of the Island of Islay. The kind Scottish people were very tender in their care of both the living and the dead, and lavished a profusion of flowers on the caskets of those who are no longer with us. Poor fellows, now sleeping the last sleep with the solemn music of the ocean beating against the sturdy rock cliff! This will be their requiem: Gone, but not forgotten by loved ones at home and comrades abroad.

Further information may be obtained from Colin Campbell, H. C. W., No. 7 Charlotte St., Port Ellen, Islay, Scotland. This gentleman states that he would be very glad to hear from the people of the men who rest in Port Ellen, and that no expense would be spared to grant their wishes so far as possible.

In extending you my sympathy for your loss, I wish you to take comfort in the noble cause in which your son lost his life, and his patriotism in offering himself to his country in her hour of need. We who survived will not forget those who were lost and, while our time may come later, hope we may be spared until we can render some payment to the pirates who caused so many to go prematurely.

Yours very truly,
C. E. Hetrick,
Captain 20th Engineers, Commanding
Co. F., 6th Battalion.

To further verify his death, the following letter is from the War Department at Washington:

"With reference to our former correspondence announcing the death of your son, Private Irvin Sims, on February 5, in the sinking of the Tuscania, I am now able to tell you that he was buried at Kilnaughton, Isle of Islay, Scotland, in grave No. 63. With deepest sympathy, I beg to remain,
Very sincerely yours,
A. A. Parker,
Adjutant General.

To Our Subscribers.

The United States government has ruled that all weekly papers must cut their paper output down at least fifteen per cent. The extreme high prices that newspapers have had to pay in the last twelve months have been very hard to bear, and this last ruling has hit the newspapers harder than anything that has yet been called upon them to do, but realizing that it is a war measure, we are more than willing to comply with the order.

The law specifically says that no delinquent subscribers can be carried, no papers allowed the "exchange" privilege and no free copies issued. In order to comply with these rulings,

all papers called for at the Herald office in the future will be sold for five cents a copy, and after September 15, all subscribers who are not paid in advance will be dropped from the subscription list.

This is a sweeping move, and we regret having to do it, but we are compelled to do so, and no exceptions will be made. If you fail to get your paper after that date you may know that your subscription has expired and your paper discontinued. Each week after that date, the subscription list will be revised, and all whose paper has expired will be stopped.

No enterprise nor business has done more to help win this war than the newspapers who have given both time and money and thousands of inches of free advertising to the government in order that we may keep this country free from the German military rule, and the latest ruling, while it will injure the newspapers in a way, will help in another, and that is to remove people who are "slow payers" in the subscription department. The Herald intends to obey the law to the letter, and as fast as subscriptions to the Herald expire they will be discontinued.

We have no desire to stop any one's paper, and earnestly ask our subscribers to come in and advance their papers before Sept. 15, in order that we will not have to discontinue their paper. We will appreciate it very much if you will give this matter your attention right now, so that you will not miss the paper in the future.—Houston County Herald.

SIXTY FIVE REGISTERED

Following is a list of those registering with the local board, Crockett, Saturday, August 24, in compliance with the draft law:

Whites.

Ward Thompson, Lovelady.
Jack Barbee, Crockett.
Dick Murchison, Grapeland.
James David Satterwhite, Crockett.
Berdell Wooley, Crockett.
Thomas B. Vaughan, Creath.
N. S. Box, Crockett.
Geo. L. Beavers, Crockett.
Arthur Turner Kinsel, Weldon.
Casper Koch, Weldon.
Luther Currie, Kennard.
Leonard H. Bond, Lovelady.
Solomon Leon Adams, Lovelady.
Collins Robinson Wright, Creek.
Leonard Wright, Percilla.
Bug Steed, Ratcliff.
Jodie Hallmark, Ratcliff.
Henderson Whitehead, Lovelady.
John F. Davis, Lovelady.
Zack Wilson, Grapeland.
William Campbell, Hagerville.
B. A. Frisby, Grapeland.
Andrew H. Datterl, Weldon.
Ed Tolbert, Weldon.
Roley Lester Burson, Ratcliff.
Clarence B. Oliver, Porter Springs.
Asa Bear, Creek.
Wilson Henry High, Ratcliff.
Frank Rich, Crockett.
Hollis Gainey, Grapeland.
Alton Anderson, Grapeland.
Lonnice Atkinson, Lovelady.
Robert Bronson Smith, Palestine.
Horace Grady Allee, Creek.
Ernest Terrell Smith, Elkhart.
A. L. Anglin, Kennard.
W. C. Petty, Kennard.
Alvie Johnson, Crockett.
Sam Walling, Ratcliff.
Lee Reynolds, Porter Springs.

Negroes.

W. J. Hayes, Augusta.
Nolan Ross, Crockett.
W. H. Govan, Crockett.
Dewey Holly, Crockett.
McKinley Bowens, Creek.
Olden Hanna, Kennard.
McKinley Smith, Grapeland.
Leon Grant, Latexo.
Orange Williams, Crockett.
Sherman Berry, Fodice.
Marvin Bonner, Ratcliff.
Wm. O'Neil Jr., Crockett.
Lavender Wooten, Fodice.
Lawyer Johnson, Crockett.
Tommy Campbell, Reynard.
Clinton Jackson, Crockett.
Arie Jones, Crockett.
Willie James Wheeler, Creek.
Ben Campbell, Crockett.
Lula Reaggins, Crockett.
Brue Hubbard, Weldon.
Maryland Polk, Crockett.
Frank Brown Jackson, Lovelady.
Dan Smith, Crockett.
Henry Colter, Kennard.

Woman's fondness for change prevents many a husband from leaving any in his pockets.

NEW KIND OF CALOMEL SAFE AND DELIGHTFUL

The new kind of calomel, known as Calotabs, retains all of the good medicinal virtues of the old style calomel, yet is entirely purified from all of the nauseating, disagreeable and dangerous qualities. You can, therefore, eat what you please and go where you please, with no loss of time from your work.

One Calotab at bedtime, with a swallow of water—that's all. Next morning you awake feeling fine, your liver cleansed, your system purified and with a hearty appetite for breakfast. Calotabs are sold only in original, sealed packages, price thirty-five cents. Your druggist recommends them and will refund your money if you are not delighted.—(Adv.)

MISSOURIAN SAYS PLANT WHEAT

Stikeston, Mo., August 31.

Editor Crockett Courier:

I see in your paper of August 29 some more talk about people sowing wheat in that section of the country. I notice that you people claim that the people made, during the last season, from 8 to 20 bushels of wheat on land that was sown the fall before. Now 8 or 10 or 12 bushels per acre was about as much wheat as we made here when we first began to sow. I see no reason why it will not grow as good in Houston county as it will in southeast Missouri, and if it does it will make your land rich and valuable, and it will make the people rich just like it did here, because they will raise an immense amount of cow peas and pea hay on their wheat land and thus they get two crops per year, and their land will get richer all the time. The people have got to learn to never stop breaking stubble on account of dry weather. They have got to learn that the way to raise big crops of wheat is as soon as the wheat comes off to go right to breaking and break the land six or seven inches deep, and double disc or harrow it nicely. It depends on how dry and cloddy the ground may be, and then get the peas sowed early.

You see when the people go to raising lots of peas and pea hay, then they will get to handling lots of stock and likely get to raising red clover and alfalfa, if it will grow there, and I believe it will.

We used to have a cotton country here. It grew nicely, but land never grew in value while the cotton was here, and the people stayed very poor that raised it. It is a mistake for the farmers to talk about dry weather being in the way of wheat sowing. The fact of it is, the dryer it is, the better it is to make wheat; for the farmer that will get right into the land and break it, regardless of it being dry, will make the wheat. If the land is not sown in wheat, it should be double disced from five to ten times. It is thought here it will make a bushel of wheat to the acre, every time it is disced, up to ten discings. To-day 80 per cent of our country is in wheat, cow peas, red clover and alfalfa, and the people handle cattle and hogs by the thousands. The raising of wheat got us into these other things, and for years the great mass of people fought against successful wheat raising, pea raising and clover raising.

The best farmers never look to the weather to get their crops. They naturally expect everything to come their way, when they have laid aside all excuses and put on the proper teams, tools and tractors and done their very best. When a man does not have a gilt-edge crop here to-day, we charge it up to the man and he is willing to have it charged to himself. Of course some times when it is unusually dry we can not expect such good crops, but then the man who has done the most work to his crops, especially discing, gets the best results. Now, these are all well established facts in this country, and as I own a little land in Houston county, I would be glad to see that country come to the front as this one has, and what is what will bring it, if it will grow there successfully, and I can not understand why it will not.

Yours very truly,
C. M. Smith, Sr.

Why Do You Feel So Mean?

Miserable because your liver is always out of order and that is reason enough for feeling queer always and the direct cause of headaches, biliousness, indigestion, constipation, upset system and weak nerves. Our Liver Remedy intelligently taken settles these faults immediately and brings you back to normal appreciation of good health and spirits.

CROCKETT DRUG COMPANY

The House of Service

Crockett, :: :: Texas

Local News Items

Gone to Camp Bowie.

The following white registrants left Tuesday evening for Camp Bowie, the army training camp at Fort Worth:

Lacy B. High, Crockett.
Enoch J. Broxson, Lovleady.
These registrants go to fill a call for limited service men.

Otice McConnell's expression and physical culture classes will open at the beginning of the school term. She will teach in the new school building and will be glad to have any pupils who are interested in the work. Terms—\$4.00 a month for expression and physical culture; \$2.00 a month for class work in physical culture. 1t.

Gone Into Training.

The following negro registrants left Sunday evening for the army training camps. The first named registrant went to Camp Dodge, Des Moines, Iowa, and the remaining three to Camp Travis, San Antonio, Texas:

Luther Smith.
Jesse Reece.
Henry Jackson.
Joe Wright.

Peanut Picker for Sale.

An offering my peanut picker for sale. Reason for selling, lack of time to give personal attention. Picker in first-class condition. It is a Benthall peanut picker with 8-horse engine, hay press and outfit complete. Machine thoroughly satisfactory.

John B. Satterwhite,
2t.* Crockett, Texas.

Returns to Navy.

Dewey Jones, a Latexo boy, who joined the navy May 1, 1917, has been visiting his mother, Mrs. Lula Jones of Latexo, and returned to New York Wednesday (28) where he will take his ship, the U. S. S. Arizona. He has been across to France once. He thinks there is no place like the navy, and that every boy who is an American should help Uncle Sammy win this war.

Leads Texas Camps.

Camp McArthur, the army training camp at Waco, is leading by far all other Texas training camps in the number of divisions trained and sent overseas. The Thirty-second, a national guard division from Michigan and Wisconsin, was the first division trained and sent overseas from Camp McArthur. Fol-

lowing that the Fifth Division of regulars was formed and trained there and then the Seventh Division of regulars, which has lately been sent away. Camp Logan at Houston has trained one division, the Thirty-third; Camp Bowie at Fort Worth one division, the Thirty-sixth, and Camp Travis at San Antonio one division, the Ninetieth. There is now forming at Camp Logan the Fifteenth division and at Camp Travis the Eighteenth division.

Another Overseas Casualty.

Joseph Fobbs, a colored farmer living near Crockett, received a telegram Saturday from the war department advising him of the death of his son, Mose Fobbs, in France. The message stated that Mose had died of rheumatic fever. This is the second colored soldier from Houston county to die in France, the other death being that of a colored boy from near Tadmor. Both soldiers died from natural causes.

Cavalry Federalized.

The Seventh Regiment of Texas Cavalry, of which the local cavalry troop is a part, received notice of its federalization by the national government Friday. This is one of the regiments of which General J. F. Wolters is the brigade commander. The local troop is located at Crockett for the present, but expects to be transferred soon to some other location for further military training before going into active duty of patrolling the Mexican border.

Commissioned Second Lieutenant.

Richard Roy Baker, eldest son of Mr. D. R. Baker of Crockett and grandson of County Judge E. Winfree, has been commissioned a second lieutenant at Camp Zachary Taylor, the training camp for army officers at Louisville, Ky. Another Houston county boy receiving a commission as second lieutenant is W. A. Atkinson of Lovelady, who was commissioned at the training school for officers at Camp Pike, Ark. Both young men had been in the army for several months and had been recommended for the officers' training school.

Married at the Parsonage.

Jess Rhoden and Miss Mattie Arnold were married Wednesday evening, August 28. The marriage took place at the Methodist parsonage in Crockett, Rev. Chas. U. McLarty being the officiating clergyman. They took No. 5 for Houston and other south Texas points, returning Saturday.

Jess is a son of Floyd Rhoden and was born and reared in the Pennington community. He has held for some time a position of trust at Groveton. Miss Mattie is a daughter of Mrs. J. H. Arnold of Grace street, Crockett, and has many relatives in the city. She was reared in the Arbor community. During her short residence in our city her charming manners and splendid womanhood have made a host of friends.

These young people have the best wishes of all our people.

Missionary Society Notes.

The following item taken from our August bulletin will be of interest to our Crockett people:

"Mrs. J. W. Downs of Mineral Wells, Texas, recently elected secretary of Home Mission Educational Institutions and Social Service, arrived at Nashville, Tenn., to begin her work on June 1, 1918. Mrs. Downs has been president of the Central Texas Conference eight years and has seen the work in that conference develop in a most gratifying manner under her administration. She brings to her office experience as a teacher, as a social worker and as an executor. The societies are to be congratulated upon having this addition to the secretarial staff."

Mrs. Downs is the widow of one of our beloved pastors and served as our president during her stay among us.

We hope to have a good attendance at the society Monday, as Mrs. John McConnell, our Social Service Superintendent, will conduct the service. The topic will be "Sunday Laws in Our Community Judged by the Standard of Personal and Religious Liberty."
Mrs. Joe Adams,
1st Vice President.

In addition to our JONTEEL TOILET GOODS, we have MARY GARDEN PERFUMES, TOILET WATER, TALCUM and SACHET POWDER.

WE ALSO CARRY DRUGS AND JEWELRY

THE REXALL STORE

BAKER & CASTLEBERG, Proprietors.

HOUSTON COUNTY TO GO OVER TOP

Houston county will go over the top in the war savings stamp campaign within the next three weeks if the plans of the Houston County Council of Defense are successfully carried out. Following a conference at Crockett Monday of leading citizens with Hubert M. Harrison of Dallas, special representative of the Treasury Department for War Savings, Chairman T. H. Leaverton of Grapeland has called a special meeting of the County Council to be held at the county court house at Crockett at 2 p. m. Tuesday, September 10, to make plans for completing the county quota.

Chairman A. Baker of the County War Savings Stamp campaign has reported that the county is still about \$65,000 short of its quota of \$651,300.

A card index of every citizen of this county is being prepared so that the Council of Defense will be able to tell exactly what every one has done for his country in this hour of trial.

"I want to congratulate the good citizens of Houston county who have done their duty in the war savings stamp drive," Mr. Harrison said. "But it is evident from the reports that many citizens of this fine county have not begun to take all the stamps they could and ought to buy. This war will never be won by \$1000 men buying \$25 worth of stamps. We must realize that this war is going to cost us sacrifice—that it will mean that each one of us must give up something he wants to buy in order that we may win.

"The people of this country have not begun to give up their luxuries in order to win the war as the other allied people have done. The people of Houston county can own and support 1,200 automobiles, but they have

not bought their quota of war savings stamps. We must get down to hard pan, and really save and sacrifice—each one of us personally—to whip the Huns. I believe that the people of Houston county are willing to give up some of their pleasures and luxuries in order to back up the boys from this county who are preparing to give their lives. I trust that there will be a full attendance at the county council meeting on Sept. 10."

Lists will be made of the men of Houston county who are known to be able to buy more stamps and these will be seen personally in order to put this county in the patriotic column.

It is going to take every man in the county doing his dead level best to put this over. Let there be none who will fall short of his duty.

With Our Subscribers.

Farmers continue to report local showers over the county. Cotton is coming in fast—faster than the gins can handle it—and is bringing a good price. The crop is early and is being gathered rapidly.

Subscribers calling to renew and sending in their renewals and subscriptions since last issue are as follows:

G. H. Henderson, Crockett.
Miss Alice Henderson, Tyler.
Chas. Long, Crockett Rt. 3.
L. Corder, Crockett Rt. 2.
Mrs. J. N. Tyer, Crockett Rt. 1.
Jess K. Aldrich, Hartford, Conn.
George Clines Jr., Crockett Route 3.
J. H. Hyde, Weldon.
R. C. Stokes, Crockett Rt. 5.
J. P. Smith, Crockett Rt. 5.
W. E. Robertson, Crockett.
C. B. Hallmark, Crockett Rt. 5.
James Kennard (col.), Crockett Rt. 5.

Epigrammatic Wisdom.

Today's worry is the result of yesterday's neglect.
There is apt to be trouble when the better half discovers how the other half lives.

Conservative People Trade With Us

When you stop to consider the number of conservative people who buy their groceries from us, it surely indicates that there must be some good reason.

Perhaps you haven't thought of it in this way.

We offer to the public the advantage of a large stock, moderate prices, prompt and efficient service and quick delivery.

Our first duty has always been to serve faithfully and well the interests of those entrusting their business to us.

Arnold Brothers

AUTO DELIVERY

TELEPHONE 270

Our Profit

Is in the volume of business. That's the secret of our success. We do not sell under the cost, but our small margin on every article sold enables you to save. Don't say, "What is a few cents, more or less?" If you know how to save them, they will amount to dollars.

BUY WHERE YOU SAVE!

Caprielian Brothers

Groceries and Feed—Phone 52.

"The Store Where Your Dollars Go Farther"

WHITE MEN CALLED FOR CAMP TRAVIS

Following is a list of white registrants called by the Houston County Local Board to report for entrainment on Wednesday evening of this week. These men were called to be entrained for Camp Travis, San Antonio. It will be noted from the order numbers that the list of 1917 registrants was exhausted by this call and that the list of 1918 registrants of June 5 was gone into, beginning with No. 1. There are a few more to come later out of the 1917 list. Those called to leave Wednesday night were as follows:

- 356 Dan H. Art.
- 711 Dick Daniels.
- 1865 Buddy Boyd.
- 1571 George W. Smith.
- 1855 Rufus R. Pomery.
- 1988 James R. Allert.
- 2293 Chas. Kirksey.
- 2399 William Clyde Denrfs.
- 2406 James A. Leonard.
- 2408 Joe Meriwether.
- 2411 J. D. Baker Jr.
- 2433 George F. Albright.
- 2434 George J. Gregg.
- 2448 Thomas W. Brock.
- 2458 William M. Gee.
- 2462 T. B. Fitchett.
- 2483 Ollie Cecil Hill.
- 2522 Fred Chine.
- 2532 Lee Smelly.
- 2536 Eskell Oliver Lewis.
- 2539 Marshall Jones.
- 2543 George W. Loftin.
- 2555 Arthur Branch.
- 2577 Willie N. Roberson.
- 2581 Sam Young.
- 2595 Jerry M. Stegall.
- 2590 John Taylor.
- 2599 Charlie Smith.
- 2601 Willie Bitner.
- 1 Homer Lee Goldman.
- 11 James H. Covington.
- 13 Reagan Baker.
- 14 Chas. Moore.
- 15 Lloyd D. Murray.
- 16 Arthur R. Willingham.
- 17 Bascom E. Robinson.
- 21 Eurel H. Baker.
- 28 Jesse Herring.
- 35 Chas. B. Bell.
- 37 Carol D. Butler.
- 38 George W. Manning.
- 55 William Robert Scott.
- 62 Martin C. Sims.
- 63 Chas. Stubblefield.
- 65 Herman Daniel.
- 66 Homer Jones.
- 69 N. H. Montgomery.
- 76 C. C. Christian.
- 84 M. A. Dickey.
- 86 Jim Bilberry.
- 104 Alvin P. Straughan.
- 112 Thos. Beard.
- 114 Chas. B. Flourney.
- 115 Fred A. Bowman.
- 116 Ivie Gates.
- 120 J. A. McQueen.

Lovelady News.

Mrs. T. N. Mainer and Miss Martha Mainer are in Crockett with Mrs. Ben Satterwhite.

Mrs. J. E. Peters and children of Livingston were visitors in Lovelady last week, guests of Mrs. W. B. Cochran.

Miss Iva Phipps is in Buckholts where she will teach this fall and winter.

Miss Stella Niissle returned last week from Houston, accompanied by Chas. J. Niissle, who spent the week-end here.

Mr. and Mrs. Sewall Browder left Saturday for Palestine, after a pleasant stay with Mrs. G. T. Lundy.

Miss Gladys Gimon of Trinity spent last week with Mrs. W. D. Gimon.

Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Atkinson have returned from Cooleage.

Miss Marjorie Rayburn has returned home from Denton where she has been attending summer session of C. I. A.

Misses Ruby and Ruth Gooch of Navasota have been entertained by Miss Marjorie Rayburn for the past week. Dinner

parties, moonlight picnics and motor jaunts have been the modes of intertainment.

Lieutenant W. A. Atkinson of Camp Pike, Ark., is spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Rayburn. Lt. Atkinson was in Camp Bowie for some time with the 36th Division, but was transferred to Camp Pike, Little Rock, Ark., where he took the officer's training course and received his commission as a second lieutenant. Lieut. Atkinson helped recruit Company E., 143d Infantry, 36th Division. He goes from here to Camp Beauregard, Alexandria, La., as an instructor.

Miss Lillian Niissle left Saturday night for Saint Joe, Bowie county, to teach this winter.

Mrs. Lee Perry and little son, Clifton Gale, are home from a visit in Conroe.

Mrs. S. M. Briscoe and children are in Galveston with relatives.

Mrs. Delbert Standley and children of Beaumont have been visiting in Lovelady, guests of Miss Fannie Wills.

NOTICE GIVEN TO ALL TEACHERS

The following letter has been mailed to all who have filed contracts or who are known to have agreed to teach in the county:

To the Teachers of Houston County—From the enclosed program you will learn that Houston county has joined with Trinity, Walker, San Jacinto and Montgomery counties in holding a district institute at the Sam Houston Normal College, located at Huntsville. All white teachers of Houston county must attend the institute, provided they hold contracts to teach in Houston county's schools; it is not necessary that the contracts be in writing, a verbal contract is binding. The above applies to all white teachers of Houston county except the teachers of Crockett City Schools, and they may join us, but the law gives all towns and cities that have five hundred or more scholastics the privilege of holding a separate institute.

It is expected that this will be one of the best institutes in the state this year, for each section and department will be in charge of an expert or specialist. No teacher who expects to teach can afford to miss it, if institute work was not compulsory; but, since institute attendance, and diligent work while attending, is compulsory, each teacher's record will be very carefully tabulated both as to attendance and attention to work. No one will be excused except upon personal sickness properly certified to by physician or because of serious sickness or death in family. Penalty for failure to attend, cancellation of contract and certificate. Respectfully submitted by J. N. Snell,

County Supt., Houston County.
From the Department of Education.

Supt. J. N. Snell, Crockett, Tex. Dear Sir—I am glad to note that the counties of Walker, Trinity, San Jacinto, Houston and other counties are planning to hold a joint institute at Huntsville, Texas, and I trust that the superintendents of the several counties will prepare a program that will be very helpful and instructive to all of the teachers of the several counties interested. Many counties in Texas are combining in such institutes in order to strengthen the quality of their work. I believe that it will prove to be an occasion of inspiration to the teachers of your county. Sincerely,

W. F. Doughty,
State Superintendent.

A Box Supper

Will be given at Shiloh camp ground on Saturday, the 14, the proceeds to go to help out our organ fund for our new Methodist church. There will be boxes to suit everybody. First, the young ladies' boxes will be sold to the highest bidder. Second, the little girls' boxes will also go

to the highest bidder. Better watch out, little boy, some of those grown-up boys might get your best girl's box, and you would feel badly and we would be sorry for you. There will be a good supply of nice bachelor boxes with a good supper. They will be sold straight for fifty cents.

We have made arrangements to have some of the county's best singers with us, so we will have good singing and music. There will be a guessing contest. Cake walk and other amusements to amuse both young and old. Lend a helping hand to this good cause. Come and help us out with our organ fund. We will show you a good time and appreciate your help. Just Bob.

ONCE AGAIN SEED WHEAT

About four hundred bushels of seed wheat have been ordered up to this date, and we know that many times that amount is going to be needed to supply the demand. Many of the farmers are neglecting to notify the secretary. Cotton picking or some other pressing work just at this time is responsible, but a postal card and a moment's time are all that is required.

The cost will be about two dollars and fifty cents a bushel (\$2.50) delivered at Crockett in two and a half bushel sacks. When the seed is sown broadcast a bushel will plant an acre. Where a drill is used, three pecks will plant an acre.

It is proposed to give the farmers one more week in which to make their wants known in this respect before closing the list and it is to be hoped that many more will respond.

It may be well to remind you that it requires a thousand acres to be planted in the county to insure a regular custom flour mill to be installed at Crockett, and it will require two thousand acres to supply all the population of Houston county with wheat flour.

That Overall Factory.

We are frequently asked how the proposed overall factory is coming on.

The stock has about all been subscribed and the question of finding enough suitable material, at a price to warrant the starting of the factory, is the only obstacle in the way.

Search is being made for this material, and the latest reports seem favorable for an early beginning.

The project is a good one, and it is proposed to keep the tentative organization intact, until all the requirements needed to guarantee a successful career have been secured, and then the enterprise will be launched.

In other words, we propose to have an overall factory in Crockett just as soon as the details can be safely arranged.

Our Library Suggestion.

We have had very few responses to our proposed Commercial Club library project that we outlined in last week's papers.

We are not going to feel discouraged and throw up our hands at this early stage of the movement for we have learned from previous experience that our people must have a little time to think these things over and make up their minds. That's perfectly proper and we can wait long enough for the good people of Crockett to become familiar with the idea, as we feel sure that when they do understand it they will approve and then the responses will roll in and we will soon have such a library for the use of the rural population as will be greatly appreciated by a large number who otherwise would not be able to enjoy such reading.

H. A. Fisher, Secretary.

Revival Meeting at Creek.

A series of meetings will begin at Creek September 7 at 8 p. m. and continue ten days. The meeting will be conducted by H. E. Harris, assisted by W. R. Campbell of Elkhart. We most earnestly urge the attend-

TRUE ECONOMY!

"Economy lies not in doing things SPARINGLY, but doing all things WELL and PERMANENTLY"

If you would buy Furniture economically—Furniture of strength and character and endurance—visit this store. For you will find pieces of character in delightful array upon its attractive floors, priced honestly and sold in a way that conforms to the high business ideals of this institution. Such Furniture, well bought, is economical Furniture. For the satisfaction of its comfort and the fidelity of its service remains a constant testimonial of its unusual merit years after the price is forgotten. Our salesmen will not urge you to buy beyond your means. Rather they will faithfully endeavor to aid you in the investment of the amount you wish to spend to your greatest personal advantage.

Deupree & Waller, Inc.

FURNITURE AND UNDERTAKING

ance of all Christian workers in the community and also those in the surrounding communities, and that each and every one assist in making the meeting a success. We extend a hearty invitation to our unsaved friends to attend, and get the opportunity to hear the gospel, and to come in touch with the good influence of the meeting. Brother Campbell will have charge of the music and we especially invite all the singers in reach of the meeting to take part in the work. H. E. Harris.

Citation by Publication.

THE STATE OF TEXAS.

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Houston County, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon George L. Gould, the unknown heirs of George L. Gould, Galveston

Gossett, Lucy St. Amant and her husband, S. A. St. Amant, John Reagan, John Reagan Jr., Jeff Reagan, Ernest Reagan, Chester Reagan, whose residences are unknown, by making publication of this citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Houston County, to be holden at the Court House of said Houston County, in the town of Crockett, on the fifth Monday after the first Monday in September, A. D. 1918, the same being the 7th day of October, A. D. 1918, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 4th day of September, A. D. 1918, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said Court No. 5754, wherein J. B. Ellis is plaintiff, and George L. Gould and the unknown heirs of George L. Gould, Galveston Gossett, heir of A. E. Gossett, deceased, Lucy St. Amant and her husband S. A. St. Amant, John Reagan, John Reagan Jr., Jeff Reagan, Ernest Reagan, Chester Reagan, whose residences are unknown, Mary Orr and her husband, who reside in Tarrant county, Texas, Chester Haile whose

residence is in Wichita county, Texas, and Mrs. John Murchison, whose residence is in Bexar county, Texas, heirs of Sam C. Haile, deceased defendants, and said petition alleging that on or about the 1st day of January, 1918, plaintiff was lawfully seized and possessed of the herein-after described tract or lot of land, holding the same in fee simple, being lawfully seized and possessed of said land: Being a part of the A. E. Gossett Survey, situated about two miles east of Crockett and described as follows: Beginning at a stake, witness trees were marked W. H. but are now gone. Thence N. 74 E. 442 vrs. set stake in branch for corner. Thence down and with the meanders of said branch to where the line of S. C. Haile's 30 acre tract crosses said branch. Thence N. 16 W. with said line at 550 vrs. set stake on the Hodges League line. A P. O. mkd. X. Thence South 65 W. with the Hodges League line at 710 vrs. corner, mound. Thence S. 36 E. 1064 vrs. to the place of beginning, containing one hundred and six acres, more or less.

Plaintiff sets out in his original petition all of the deeds and other instruments under and by virtue of which he claims title to said land.

Plaintiff alleges that he and those under whom he claims title to said land, have been in actual, continuous, peaceable and adverse possession thereof, under deeds, and paying all taxes due thereon, for a period of five and ten years before the filing of this suit, and plaintiff especially pleads the said five and ten years statutes of limitation in bar of any claim asserted by the defendants or either of them, to any part of said land.

Plaintiff prays judgment for said land, removing all clouds therefrom, substituting all missing deeds and for general and special relief.

Herein fail not, but have before said Court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness, John D. Morgan, Clerk of the District Court of Houston County.

Given under my hand and the seal of said court, at office in Crockett, this the 4th day of September, A. D. 1918. John D. Morgan, Clerk, 4t. District Court, Houston County.

NOTICE!

QUEEN THEATRE

Has been opened under new management.

Nothing but first-class pictures will be shown.

PROGRAM CHANGED DAILY!

Opens at 2:30 in the Afternoon and 7 O'Clock at Night