

# The Crockett Courier.

"Quality, Not Quantity."

CROCKETT, TEXAS, NOVEMBER 14, 1918.

Volume XXIX—No. 13.

Entered as Second Class Matter at Crockett Post-Office.

Subscription Price \$1.50 Per Annum, Payable at Crockett

## CANCELLATION OF DRAFT CALLS

**Movement of 300,000 Men in November Is Halted. Men Assembled Honorably Discharged.**

Washington, Nov. 11.—By orders of President Wilson, Provost Marshal General Crowder today directed the cancellation of all outstanding draft calls, stopping the movement during the next five days of 252,000 men and setting aside all November calls for over 300,000 men.

A small number of men in Eastern states commenced entraining at 6 a. m. today for cantonments under the calls, and the cancellation comes too late to affect their status. They will be considered as in the army until demobilized. Men not yet entrained, whether specially inducted or assembled by general call, by whom the day and hour of service has been set by draft boards, will be considered as honorably discharged, and so paid.

Calls for the navy and marine corps are not affected by the cancellation and entrainments of men for these services will continue as ordered. Draft boards will continue classification of registrants of September 12.

Secretary Baker later announced that, so far as practical, all men who have been called and who have not yet completed their training will be immediately turned back to civilian life.

"To the extent that we can we will turn back those who have been entrained and have not yet reached training camps."

**The German Empire Pays Heavily for Its Peace.**

Washington, Nov. 11.—The strictly military terms of the armistice are embraced in eleven specifications, which include the evacuation of all invaded territories, the withdrawal of the German troops from the left bank of the Rhine and the surrender of all supplies of war.

The terms also provide for the abandonment by Germany of the treaties of Bucharest and Brest-Litovsk.

The naval terms provide for the surrender of 160 submarines, 50 destroyers, 6 battle cruisers, 10 battleships, 8 light cruisers and other miscellaneous ships.

Besides the surrender of the 160 submarines, it is required that all others shall have their crews paid off, put out of commission and placed under the supervision of the allied and American naval forces.

All allied vessels in German hands are to be surrendered and Germany is to notify neutrals that they are free to trade at once on the seas with the allied countries.

Among the financial terms included are restitution for damage done by the German armies; restitution of the cash taken from the National Bank of Belgium and return of gold taken from Russia and Roumania.

The military terms include the surrender of 5000 guns, half field and half light artillery; 30,000 machine guns, 3000 flame throwers and 2000 airplanes.

The surrender of 5000 locomotives, 50,000 wagons, 10,000 motor lorries, the railways of Alsace-Lorraine for use by the allies and stores of coal and iron also are included.

In connection with the evacuation of the left bank of the Rhine, it is provided that the allies shall hold the crossings of the river at Coblenz, Cologne and Mayence, together with bridgeheads and a thirty kilometer radius.

The immediate repatriation of all allied and American prisoners without reciprocal action by the allies is also included.

The right bank of the Rhine and that occupied by the allies is to become a neutral zone and that occupied by the Germans is to be evacuated in fifteen days. The armistice is for thirty days, but the president spoke of the war as "coming to an end."

German troops are to retire at once from any territory held by Russia, Roumania and Turkey before the war.

The allied forces are to have access to the evacuated territory either through Dantzig or by the river Vistula. The unconditional capitulation of all German forces in East Africa within one month is provided.

The repatriation within fourteen days of the thousands of unfortunate civilians deported from France and Belgium also is required.

Freedom of access to the Baltic Sea with power to occupy German forts in the Kattegat is another provision. The Germans also must reveal location of mines, poisoned wells and like

agencies of destruction and the allied blockade is to remain unchanged during the period of armistice.

These are the "high spots" of the terms as the president read them to congress.

Germany's acceptance of them, he said, signalized the end of the war because it makes her powerless to renew it.

All ports on the Black Sea occupied by Germany are to be surrendered and the Russian war vessels recently taken by the German naval forces are to be surrendered to the allies.

The president made it plain that the nations which have overthrown the military masters of Germany will now attempt to guide the German people safely to the family of nations of democracy.

**Philosophy in Brief Paragraphs.**  
Your money can aid.  
Give! Keep the boys "fit."  
A polite man never meets a stranger.

Idle talk is the work of a busy tongue.

Self-possession is nine points with the lawyer.

## DEMobilIZATION TO BE DEFERRED

**America's Great Military Machine Faces Huge Task In Guarding Enemy Until Peace Is Attained.**

Washington, Nov. 11.—Signing of the armistice with Germany, which brings the world war to an end, does not mean that the great American military machine will cease to operate at once. America must play an important part in disarming and guarding the enemy, and until this work is completed, even the movement of troops to France will be continued, although on a greatly reduced scale.

During the interval between the cessation of hostilities and the conclusion of the peace conference, it is assumed that the major portion of General Pershing's expeditionary

forces in France must be retained there. It is possible also that for reasons of international politics some American garrisons may be kept in disputed territory even after the actual peace negotiations have been brought to a close.

Troops which have seen the longest service in France probably will be returned home soon to be replaced by new men now in this country, who will perform guard or other duty overseas. There are more than one million men now in camps in the United States.

Since prompt compliance with the war board's rules is a patriotic duty, it will be complied with by every intelligent newspaper maker in the country, and thus, while the nation benefits through the amount of print paper thus conserved, the publishers, too, will benefit, because they will at last be forced to free themselves of a costly waste and begin to do business in a business-like way by delivering their goods only to such patrons as order and pay for them.

## GERMANY LOSES ALL HER SUBMARINES

**Amendments to the Armistice Terms Made by General Foch Add to Exactions.**

Washington, Nov. 12.—Germany loses her entire fleet of submarines under the armistice terms as amended by Marshal Foch before he signed them with the German envoys Monday morning. Instead of 160 vessels, every one of the undersea pirate craft must be surrendered to the allies and the United States within 14 days.

Eighteen of the articles as originally prepared by the supreme war council and as read by President Wilson to congress, were changed under the limited authority for alteration given the supreme commander in dealing with the enemy envoys.—The state department, Tuesday received and made public the amended articles with the explanation that no information had come as to how the changes were brought about.

Instead of 50,000 railroad cars to be surrendered in evacuated territory the number is made 150,000. On the other hand, the number of machine guns to be delivered by the Germans is reduced from 30,000 to 25,000; the German troops in East Africa are permitted to evacuate instead of being required to surrender; provision is made for considering food needs in Germany in the taking of means of transportation, and a specific reference to the regulation of repatriation of German prisoners of war at the cessation of peace is added.

In response to the German fear of anarchy in occupied Russian provinces after evacuation, the time of evacuation is changed from immediately to "as soon as the allies, taking into account the internal situation of these territories, shall decide that the time for this has come." Territories which belonged to Austria-Hungary before the war were added to those which must be evacuated.

Another added clause provides for an armistice commission, to which Germans will be admitted, to carry out details under the direction of the victorious military authorities and in accord with appended notes, which were drafted during the conference between Marshal Foch and the German delegates.

## IS UNWELCOME AS DUTCH GUEST

London, Nov. 11.—(4:40 a. m.)—The arrival of William Hohenzollern, the former German emperor with his wife and eldest son has caused excitement and much uneasiness among Dutch authorities and the public of that country says a dispatch to the Telegraph from Rotterdam. It is unofficially stated that the refugees did not obtain authorization from Holland to enter the country and crossed the frontier in the neighborhood of Eysden because the Dutch neutrality guards were weak at that point.

It is said the Dutch government faces difficulty as to its treatment of the unwelcome visitors. Many people contend that William Hohenzollern and his eldest son are still German soldiers and must be interned. Others urge that they should be sent back to Germany. Others argue that they can not be prevented visiting their old friend Count von Bentinck.

**Hostilities Cease as Day Dawns in United States.**

London, Nov. 11.—It is officially announced that the armistice between the allies and Germany has been signed. The announcement was made by Premier Lloyd George. He said:

"The armistice was signed at 5 o'clock this morning and hostilities cease on all fronts at 11 o'clock today."

Washington, Nov. 11.—President Wilson, issued a formal proclamation at 10 o'clock this morning announcing that the armistice with Germany had been signed. The proclamation follows:

"My Fellow Countrymen:  
"The armistice was signed this morning. Everything for which America fought has been accomplished. It will now be our fortunate duty to assist by example, by sober, friendly counsel and by material aid in the establishment of just democracy throughout the world."  
"Woodrow Wilson."

Help the war-workers do their wonderful work! Give.



**SUITS**  
**\$25.00**  
**UP**

**OVERCOATS**  
**\$17.50**  
**UP**

Copyright Hart Schaffner & Marx

### The War Is Over

—and now, next to Liberty bonds, you can't make a better investment of money than in

### HART SCHAFFNER & MARX CLOTHES

—They pay you daily dividends of good looks, satisfying service of attractive style. You will find everything about them as good as good clothes can be. There is no letting down in quality to take care of advancing costs. They are as good as ever. They save money for you every day you wear them.

## CARLETON & BERRY

For Men, Young Men and Boys



## A Policy of Progress

The spirit of progress has ever directed our business policy.

We have always believed in advertising because it is the very best means of conveying store news to the public. The war has not changed our convictions regarding this.

Our inability to get certain drugs, the scarcity of efficient help, advanced newspaper rates and numerous other situations have confronted us—but in spite of it all we have kept right on and are going to keep on "carrying on"—so that our customers may continue to receive the same high class service which has always characterized our store.

Service is the Thing

## BISHOP DRUG COMPANY

PROMPT SERVICE STORE

### Local News Items

A. M. Rencher has moved to Grapeland.

Miss Edith Arledge is teaching at Edna, south Texas.

For Rent—Two rooms. Apply to Mrs. Gaines Murchison. 1t.

Mr. T. H. Stout has gone to teach the Pennington school.

Miss Mary Aldrich is teaching at Elmendorf, Bexar county.

A complete and up-to-date abstract. tf. Aldrich & Crook.

J. C. Allee and family have moved to Crockett from Creek.

Nat Patton returned this week from a professional trip to Alabama.

Mr. W. J. Peacock of Lovelady visited his son, Jake Peacock, here last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Taylor Hail of Goose Creek are visiting relatives and friends here.

B. E. Goodrum of Ashwood, south Texas, was transacting business here Thursday.

Money to lend on farms. Terms reasonable, money quick. See J. S. Frengh, Crockett, Texas. tf.

For genuine Ford service, see or telephone Towery Motor Co., authorized Ford Sales and Service. tf.

Get our prices on wire and nails before you buy. tf. Jas. S. Shivers.

Mrs. Tom Brailsford of Houston visited friends in Crockett and Latexo Sunday and Monday.

For genuine Ford service, see or telephone Towery Motor Co., authorized Ford Sales and Service. tf.

As good as the best and better than some—the Darling stoves and ranges—sold by Jas. S. Shivers. tf.

Hal E. Hester left Monday for the non-commissioned cavalry officers' training school at Fort Bliss, El Paso.

Your next visit to Houston will be incomplete unless you visit W. C. Munn Company's Mammoth Store. 10t.

Melvin Boatwright of El Reno, Okla., visited his brother, J. W. Boatwright, in this county Saturday and Sunday.

Now is the time to prepare your land for the next crop. We have all necessary implements. tf. Jas. S. Shivers.

For Sale. Five-passenger Ford bed, 1917 model, about as good as new. 2t.\* Jno. R. Foster.

The Baptist ladies will pack a box for Buckner Orphan's Home Monday afternoon at the church. Everybody is invited to contribute. tf.

For genuine Ford service, see or telephone Towery Motor Co., authorized Ford Sales and Service. tf.

There is nothing like an Oliver implement for easy work. One car load now in stock. tf. Jas. S. Shivers.

Make W. C. Munn Company's big store your headquarters while in Houston. Everything provided for your convenience. 10t.

George Ragland, a former citizen of Crockett, but now living at Dothan, Ala., where he is engaged in business, visited friends here last week.

The Presbyterians are expecting to begin a protracted meeting on the first Sabbath of December. Dr. Frank Hall Wright of Saint Louis is to preach.

Better begin fixing up your old Oliver implements by buying the necessary repairs. We have a complete line of parts. tf. Jas. S. Shivers.

#### Wanted to Exchange.

A good work horse for a good Jersey cow, fresh in milk. W. B. Bagwell, Pennington, Texas. 2t.\*

Many new and stylish hats on sale at greatly reduced prices this week at Hail's Millinery Parlors. Come in and make your selection while the stock is complete. 1t.

#### Male Help Wanted.

Representative—For manufacturer of roof cement, paints, etc. Sales Employment Manager, Standard Paint & Lead Works, Cleveland, Ohio. 1t.\*

#### Died of Wounds.

Sylvester S. Britton of Grapeland is reported by the war department as having died of wounds received on the battle-front in France.

The variety of hats at Hail's Millinery Parlors is broad enough for any woman to choose from as her preferences dictate. Take advantage of the reduced prices this week. 1t.

#### Died of Disease.

Private Laurie S. Nash of Lovelady is reported by the war department in its casualty list as having died of disease in army overseas service.

#### Lost.

Automobile bumper, lost either on Belott or Pennington road. Will pay liberally for recovery. A. F. Daniel, Crockett, Texas. 1t.\*

#### Saw Mill for Sale.

Complete, engine, boiler and saw mill machinery. Capacity about 15,000 feet per day. See Warfield Brothers, Crockett, Texas. 4t

#### Lost Mule.

One sorrel mare mule, about 15 1-2 hands high, white spot in forehead, rope burn under neck. Will pay \$5.00 for her recovery. 3t.\* A. W. Wolf.

#### For Sale.

My two houses and one acre of land, one block from the public square. Will sell one or both, cash or terms, or will trade for farm. 2t. John D. Friend.

The new millinery at Mrs. Hail's Millinery Parlors includes the latest fashion ideas that have come from authoritative sources, and many hats are now being offered at reduced prices. 1t.

#### Land for Sale.

Parties wanting to buy land for farms see M. Bromberg. His holdings represent all kinds of land suitable for any kind of farming, including a big tract on Trinity river. tf.

Dr. and Mrs. W. C. Lipscomb and Miss Bella Lipscomb have returned from Virginia, where Dr. and Mrs. Lipscomb were called by the illness of their daughter, who has recovered sufficiently to return home.

## Money to Loan

We buy vendor lien notes—Loan Money on long time. Have been doing it for fourteen years with Houston county farmers. We can refer you to a host of farmers we have helped and they now own their farms clear. See us before placing a loan with anybody.

The Firm that Gives Personal Service to Farmers,

### WARFIELD BROTHERS

Office North Side Public Square.

CROCKETT, TEXAS.

## Coming Soon!

### OUR ONE-CENT SALE

### WATCH FOR IT

## THE REXALL STORE

BAKER & CASTLEBERG, Proprietors.

#### Cotton Crop Short.

Houston county has ginned 22,513 bales of cotton from the 1918 crop as compared with 25,913 for the same period last year. These figures are for the year ending October 18.

#### Stray Mare.

Strayed from my place 6 miles south of Crockett, a dark blue filly, 2 years old, branded N on left shoulder. Will pay \$5.00 reward for her recovery. G. W. Jackson, 2t.\* Route 4, Crockett, Texas.

#### Notice, City Tax Payers.

The tax rolls of the city have been completed and your taxes are due now. Please come and settle same and avoid the rush at end of season. C. A. Hassell, 2t. City Tax Collector.

For Sale—My farm, one and a half miles from Crockett, containing 200 acres of land, one five-room house and two tenant houses; all under good fence, partly hog fence; 150 acres under cultivation, balance pasture. Apply to W. M. Eardley, Crockett, Texas. 2t.\*

#### House for Sale.

Two lots, 7-room house, barn, garage and cow lots; up-to-date house, bath tub, sink, electric wired for lights. City water and sewerage. About two blocks from court house square. For cash or Liberty bonds. 2t.\* Jno. R. Foster.

#### For Sale.

550 acres river bottom farm, 200 acres of the bottom land above overflow, 500 acres bottom land and 50 acres valley land, all under hog proof fence, fine spring and well water, three tenant houses; also 200 acres improved farm 3 miles of Crockett fronting graded road, 80 acres cleared, one new four room house, all under hog wire fence. This is a dark level land, 195 acres subject to cultivation; will make an ideal home. J. W. Hail, Crockett, Texas. 4t.

#### To Our Friends and Patrons.

Usually doctors have a busy summer and an idle fall, but this year the reverse has been true, as you know the recent epidemic has worked the life out of all of us.

Now to the point: the epidemic came on at a time when we should have been collecting bills and as a result the financial end of our business has been neglected. This can't go on much longer. We MUST collect our accounts and do it NOW.

Therefore, we are going to ask those of you who are indebted to us, to come in as soon as you receive a statement, and make an adjustment, not in part, but in full. We don't feel like this is asking too much. Sincerely,

J. S. Wootters,  
J. L. Heard,  
W. W. Latham,  
E. B. Stokes.

## We are Overloaded On Potatoes

And must move them. The stock is white, and quality good. While small, they will cook equal to the larger ones. While they last will sell at

**\$1.50 per sack to anybody.**

Sacks weigh about 110 pounds each. Why pay over \$2.00 per bushel, when these cost you only about 75 cents? Come and get a sack or so while we have them.

## Edmiston Brothers

## Specials for Saturday

NOVEMBER 16, 1918

1200 yards Sea Island brown domestic, 36 inches wide, worth 30c, per yard ..... 23c

1000 yards good grade bleached domestic, 36 inches wide, worth 35c, per yard ..... 23c

700 yards good grade Gingham, 27 inches wide, worth 30c, per yard ..... 23c

800 yards good grade outing, special, per yard ..... 22c

500 yards cotton checks, worth 25c, per yard ..... 16 2-3c

1500 yards Tupelo chevviots, worth 35c, per yard ..... 28c

## W. V. McCONNELL



## GERMANY'S FATE IN ITS OWN HANDS

Marshal Foch Gives Delegates Seventy-Two Hours in Which to Answer Terms.

Washington, Nov. 8.—The question of whether Germany will surrender immediately or wait to be crushed between the advancing allied and American armies on the west front and the revolution at home, rested to-night with an extraordinary conference at German great headquarters. Marshal Foch has given until 11 o'clock Monday morning, Paris time, for the answer.

At the conference the kaiser is reported to be, perhaps, appearing for the last time as supreme war lord and, according to German wireless reports, defying the civilians who are seeking through submission to the inevitable to save something out of the wreck of an empire. A courier was due some time during the night with the text of the American and allied armistice terms, handed to the German envoys behind the lines this morning by Marshal Foch. He carried the word sent ahead by wireless that the allied commander in chief had refused a provisional cessation of hostilities and demanded an answer within seventy-two hours.

The American government was advised from Paris late today of the reception of the Germans by Marshal Foch at 10:35 o'clock in the morning and its result. Secretary Lansing immediately made the news public at the state department. Later unofficial information of the movements of the German courier and knowledge of the difficult roads over which he must travel for 100 miles after leaving the allied lines, led to the conclusion that he could not get back with a reply before tomorrow even if not kept waiting for a decision.

In the meantime the result is awaited here with entire confidence and calm. American and allied military men say the end must come quickly one way or the other. That if the Germans are unable to agree among themselves and accept the allied terms the problem will be settled for them with no great delay. Some believe that acceptance is assured and will be hastened now that a final effort to quibble with hostilities stopped is ended, on the theory that even the kaiser himself must realize that unless peace is made quickly there will be no government in Germany to make it.

## OUR STANDING IN EASTERN GROUP

Dallas, Texas, November 6, 1918. Editor Courier:

I hope you can find space to print this list of counties, showing in the first column the rank which your county has among the 252 counties in Texas, and in the last column the cash sales of War Savings Stamps per capita, this latter column indicating the order in which your county stands among your neighboring counties. We have not considered it quite fair to compare a Panhandle county with an East Texas county; therefore, have arranged them by geographical groups.

I am sure this report, which is the

last official cash report up to October 16, will be of interest to your readers and we sincerely hope that it will stimulate greater activity in the sales of government war savings stamps.

We thank you for the cooperation given this department of the government and are not ashamed or afraid to ask a continuance of it. Yours very truly,  
Louis Lipsitz,  
State Director.

State Grade	County	Per Capita Sales
9	Rusk	\$15.06
24	Smith	12.43
27	Delta	12.24
36	Gregg	11.31
42	Anderson	11.08
46	Henderson	10.83
48	Cherokee	10.64
49	Nacogdoches	10.61
60	Walker	10.13
62	Grimes	9.96
64	Angelina	9.92
67	Van Zandt	9.79
80	Madison	8.78
82	Wood	8.73
91	Jasper	8.25
96	San Augustine	7.79
99	Tyler	7.64
104	Polk	7.47
110	Camp	7.23
111	Montgomery	7.23
116	Morris	7.10
118	Trinity	7.02
120	Franklin	6.99
124	Shelby	6.82
133	Titus	6.48
134	Freestone	6.46
137	Upshur	6.28
141	Hopkins	6.14
150	Houston	5.93
153	Sabine	5.90
165	Harrison	5.50
165	Leon	5.43
169	Newton	5.28
173	Rains	5.00
178	Cass	4.83
179	Panola	4.81
193	Marion	4.29
210	San Jacinto	3.28

## INFORMATION ABOUT THE MAI

Camp Travis, Texas, November 8.

—Thanksgiving is at hand and Christmas is coming soon. Mothers and sisters and sweethearts already are planning the big boxes of "eats" they are going to send their loved ones in Camp Travis. In order that these "goodies" get to those for whom they are intended and that they are in fit condition to be enjoyed when they arrive, it will be necessary that the greatest care be taken in selection of things that can be safely shipped, that they are properly packed and correctly addressed. Camp Travis as well as all other army postal authorities are anxious that there be no repetition of the experiences of last year when jellies, jams and fruits escaped from poor containers, not only being lost to those for whom they were intended, but smearing the entire contents of mail sack after mail sack into one sticky mess. Many parcels also failed to reach their destinations because of being improperly addressed.

Confusion and missending of mail due to incorrect addresses has reached such a point that the first assistant postmaster general at Washington has issued the following order: "Postmasters are hereby instructed to withhold from dispatch in the mails all ordinary, insured or C. O. D. parcels which are addressed to members of the Regular Army, National Army or National Guard, which are not specifically addressed to company and regiment or other military unit."

Therefore great care should be taken that the number of the regiment and the letter of the company are given if the soldier is in the division; and the number of his company and battalion if in the depot brigade. Care should be taken that every portion of the address is carefully and legibly written. Return address of the sender should be given in the upper left hand corner of the addressed side of the parcel.

Here is the proper way to address the parcel so that it will reach its proper destination:

From Mrs. S. S. Smith,  
1432 Miami Street,  
Dallas, Texas.

Private Samuel S. Smith,  
Company "M," 19th Infantry,  
Camp Travis, Texas.

To the end that things sent the soldiers may be delivered in the best possible shape, the following rules should be followed:

Under the general caption of "eats" all sent should be packed to stand the trip. Food packed in such flimsy containers as shoe and hat boxes as food wasteb. Only the heaviest kind of cardboard, or better still, light wooden boxes, should be used in packing eatables. DO NOT send liquids through the mails unless in liquid proof containers. Glassware MUST be in wood or double-faced corrugated paste board boxes, well packed.

Cartridges and other explosives, liquor, live animals, etc., will not be transported in the mails. Writing in parcels also is prohibited.

In case articles are sent by express, even greater care should be taken in their preparation and packing, and nothing except strong board containers used, owing to the rough handling to which they will be subjected.

Instead of sending cigarettes, or tobacco of any kind, chewing gum, candies and toilet articles, it will be much better for the folks at home to

## THE KAISER'S ABDICATION

REIGN OF THE HOHENZOLLERN ENDS WITH GERMAN EMPIRE IN THROES OF REVOLT.

William Hohenzollern, German emperor and king of Prussia, has decided to renounce the throne.

This declaration is made in a decree issued at Berlin by the German imperial chancellor, Prince Maximilian of Baden. The German crown prince will also renounce the throne and a regency will be set up.

Prince Maximilian will remain in office until matters connected with the abdication of the emperor are settled, and Friedrich Ebert, vice president of the social democrat party, will replace him as chancellor during the regency. Thirty years and almost five months after he ascended the imperial throne, William Hohenzollern, his armies defeated in the field, forced to sue for armistice terms, and the German people rising in revolt, gives up his power.

He came into authority with his country at the threshold of an area of peace and material progress; he leaves it torn by revolution and suffering from the hardships and sacrifices of more than four years of war—virtually ruined.

Socialist to Become Chancellor.

Prince Maximilian, the imperial chancellor, will remain in office until questions connected with the abdication of the emperor are settled.

For the regency, Friedrich Ebert, a socialist and president of the reichstag, will be chancellor.

Ernest August, Duke of Brunswick, son-in-law of the emperor, also has abdicated and renounced the rights of his heir.

With the passing from power of William Hohenzollern, all the heads of the governments of the central powers when they entered the war, have died or lost their thrones. Emperor Francis Joseph and the Sultan of Turkey died before their countries agreed to allied armistice terms, and Ferdinand of Bulgaria abdicated to be succeeded by his son, who gave up the throne when his people rose against him. The other European emperor at the beginning of the war, Nicholas Romanoff, was deposed in March, 1917, and murdered in July, 1918.

Official Announcement.

London, Nov. 9.—A German wireless message received in London this afternoon states:

"The German imperial chancellor, Prince Maximilian of Baden, has issued the following decree.

"The kaiser and king has decided to renounce the throne.

"The imperial chancellor will remain in office until the questions connected with the abdication of the kaiser, the renouncing by the crown prince of the throne of the German empire and of Prussia and the setting up of a regency have been settled.

"For the regency he intends to appoint Deputy Ebert as imperial chancellor, and he proposes that a bill shall be brought in for the establishment of a law providing for the immediate promulgation of general suffrage and for a constitutional German national assembly, which will settle finally the future form of government of the German nations and of those peoples which might be desirous of coming within the empire. The Imperial Chancellor.

"Berlin, November 9, 1918."  
Deputy Ebert, who, according to the German wireless message is to be appointed imperial chancellor, is Friedrich Ebert, vice president of the social democratic party and president of the main committee of the reichstag.

send the money for such articles to the men in camp and let them make the purchases at the army exchanges in Camp Travis. Not only do the exchanges sell articles much cheaper than they can be bought at home, but the added expense of packing and postage is eliminated in this way. Furthermore, the soldiers profit in all sales made by the exchanges, as all profits go into company funds from which extras are purchased for the men.

Germany Whipped in One Hundred Days.

Paris, Nov. 8.—One hundred days ago the Germans were 35 miles from Paris. Today they are begging for peace.

After many occasions, when hope has been deferred, and of bitter disappointment, France knows at last that triumph has come and gives free rein to its joy. The conviction is universal that whether the German delegation signs articles of capitulation or not, Germany is beaten.

The allied advance, particularly the exploit of the Americans in entering Sedan, a name which thrills every French heart, shows clearly that continuation of hostilities by Germany can lead only to a military debacle in the near future. This feeling is confirmed by news received from reliable quarters that Germany's internal affairs are drifting toward chaos.

Many a young man on returning from his vacation at the seashore leaves his heart behind—also his trunk.

# WRIGLEYS

**We will win this war—  
Nothing else really matters until we do!**

**Be patient here—Our Boys are getting  
WRIGLEYS  
over there!**

## REGISTRANTS GO TO PRAIRIE VIEW

Following is a list of colored registrants who entrained for the military school at Prairie View Normal on November 6, 1918, leaving on the south-bound Sunshine Special via Houston:

- Elias Langrum.
- Arthur Allen.
- Robert Tillia.
- Anthony Smith.
- McKinley Carr.
- Odee Dightman.
- Cornelius Cooper.
- Austin Young.
- Emmett Washington.
- Henry Forman.

The Prohibition Wave (From the San Antonio Express.)

In Tuesday's election five more States were added to the "dry" column, making thirty-three in all, only three less than three-fourths of the whole number of States.

In all the States in which prohibition was an issue in this election the "drys" won, except in California, where the wine-making industry was strongly arrayed against the proposition to prohibit the manufacture of wine; in Missouri, where the overwhelming "anti" majority in the city of St. Louis outnumbered the enormous "pro" majority in the balance of the State.

The States just added to the "dry" column are Ohio, Minnesota, Nevada, Wyoming and Florida. This leaves only three "wet" States west of the Mississippi river, only one, Louisiana, politically classed as "Southern." The "wet" States outside these political divisions are Illinois and Wisconsin, and all the group north of Virginia, with the exception of Maine. These include Delaware, Maryland, Rhode Island, Connecticut, Massachusetts, New York, Pennsylvania, Vermont and New Hampshire, and Kentucky.

Of the "wet" States, five have already ratified the proposed amendment to the Federal constitution providing for nationwide prohibition and one other, Vermont, has elected a legislature with a majority pledged to ratification. It is naturally assumed that all of the "dry" States will ratify the national amendment, which would assure its adoption by considerably more than the necessary three-fourths of the whole number in the Union.

The legislatures of all the States which have not acted on the amendment will meet in January, and it is probable that ratification will be ac-

complished early in the sessions by the legislatures, which are that way disposed, possibly in time for congress to enact legislation to put the amendment into effect during the coming short session. However, the law may not be put into effect for some time after its passage, if further time be allowed for the disposal of stocks of liquors on hand and to adjust business matters to the new conditions.

American Right Wing Pushes Forward, Clearing Woods.

With the American Forces on the Meuse Front, Nov. 8, 6 p. m.—The right wing of General Pershing's forces advanced Friday, pushing into the western edge of Eueury wood and in the Woevre forest.

In the Eueury wood region the whole line advanced, cutting off the salient of the Bois De La Montagne, Haramont and Brandeville.

In the Woevre forest sector it was patrols who penetrated the edge of the forest and they met with resistance. This section of the battle line contains virtually the last strong enemy defensive positions. His withdrawal far to the rear is practically certain.

Former Kaiser Reaches Holland, Says Report to American General Staff.

Washington, Nov. 10.—William Hohenzollern arrived this morning in Holland and is proceeding to Middachten castle in the town of Desteege, according to a dispatch received by the American army general staff from The Hague based on press reports in the Netherlands capital.

The dispatch dated today said: "Press reports state that the kaiser arrived this morning at Maastricht, Holland, and is proceeding to Middachten castle in the town of Desteege, near Utrecht."

Crowder Discusses Revoking of Calls.

Washington, Nov. 8.—Provost Marshal General Crowder called into conference today the heads of all sections of his office to discuss possible suspension of the November draft calls, under which more than 300,000 men have been ordered to army camps.

With 4,000,000 men already under arms overseas and at home, the feeling is growing that no more will be needed, even though it may be a long time before American forces can be recalled from France and some additional men may be sent over.

Stand back of the war-workers with your money.

Money is poor stuff unless you use it right.

## Reasons!

Why you should use Cardui, the woman's tonic, for your troubles, have been shown in thousands of letters from actual users of this medicine, who speak from personal experience. If the results obtained by other women for so many years have been so uniformly good, why not give Cardui a trial?

Take

# CARDUI

### The Woman's Tonic

Mrs. Mary J. Irvin, of Cullen, Va., writes: "About 11 years ago, I suffered untold misery with female trouble, bearing-down pains, headache, numbness. . . I would go for three weeks almost bent double. . . My husband went to Dr. . . for Cardui. . . After taking about two bottles I began going around and when I took three bottles I could do all my work." E-80



## LAST ENEMY SUPPLY ARTERY IS SEVERED

MAUBEUGE SECTOR IS CUT OFF BY CAPTURE OF TOWN BY THE BRITISH.

Washington, Nov. 9.—Capture of Maubeuge by the British, General Peyton C. March, chief of staff, said today marks the definite severance of the last German artery to that sector of the west front and will make it impossible for the enemy to shift his forces to meet a new attack.

Summarizing the allied successes since the inauguration of the forward movement, General March pointed out that the Germans have been driven sixty-four miles further from Paris and the territory they occupy in France has been reduced from 10,000 square miles to less than 2,500.

The American First Army under General Pershing has advanced thirty miles in the last eight days.

American divisions operating with the British in Flanders were identified as the Thirty-seventh (Ohio), under Major General C. S. Farnsworth, and the Ninety-first (Pacific coast, Alaska, Wyoming, Montana, Nevada and Utah), under Major General W. H. Johnson. The Ninety-first was, at last reports, on the heights of Ardenne on the Scheldt River.

General March characterized the publication of the erroneous announcement of the armistice as "very bad for the military program of the United States." For instance, he said, in New York the stevedores who were engaged in loading very essential supplies for the expeditionary forces stopped work and did not return at all on that day or the next day and army food shipments are thus delayed.

In commenting on this incident the chief of staff made the statement that the American army will be in France for some time, even when peace is declared.

### Changes in Commanders.

The reorganization of the American expeditionary force into two field armies has resulted in several changes in corps commanders.

These include the following: First Corps, Major General Joseph Dickman; Second Corps, Major General George W. Reed; Third Corps, Major General L. J. Hines; Fourth Corps, Major General Charles H. Muir; Fifth Corps, Major General C. P. Summerall; Sixth Corps, Major General William H. Wright; Seventh Corps, Major General Charles H. Mencher.

In replying to questions concerning individual units the chief of staff announced that the 351st Aero Squadron was at an artillery observing school in France, the 346th Machine Gun Battalion was attached to the Ninety-first Division in Flanders, the 303d Field Artillery Brigade was at Clermont-Sur-Aisne at last reports, the 164th Field Artillery Brigade, originally with the Thirty-ninth Division, has been in action in Flanders, the Fifty-first Division (Pacific coast, Montana, Idaho and Wyoming), still is acting as a replacement unit and the Thirty-eighth Division (Kentucky and West Virginia), has not been reported since Oct. 23, when it was in action west of the Meuse.

### List of Commanders.

In connection with the reorganization of the American expeditionary forces, which also caused some changes in corps commanders, General March gave the names of division commanders at the front. They are:

- First—Brigadier General Frank Parker.
- Second—Major General John A. Lejeune, U. S. M. C.
- Third—Brigadier General Preston Brown.
- Fourth—Major General Mark L. Hersey.
- Fifth—Major General Hanson E. Ely.
- Sixth—Major General Walter H. Gordon.
- Seventh—Major General Edmund Wittmeyer.
- Twenty-sixth—Brigadier General F. E. Bamford.
- Twenty-seventh—Major General

- John F. O'Ryan.
- Twenty-eighth—Major General William H. Hay.
- Twenty-ninth—Major General C. E. Morton.
- Thirtieth—Major General Edward M. Lewis.
- Thirty-first—Major General Leroy S. Lyon.
- Thirty-second—Not reported.
- Thirty-third—Major General George Bell Jr.
- Thirty-fourth—Not reported.
- Thirty-fifth—Major General Peter F. Traub.
- Thirty-sixth—Major General William R. Smith.
- Thirty-seventh—Major General Charles F. Farnsworth.
- Thirty-eighth—Major General Robert L. Howze.
- Thirty-ninth—Major General Henry C. Hodges.
- Fortieth—Major General F. S. Strong.
- Forty-first—Not reported.
- Forty-second—Major General Charles D. Rhodes.
- Seventy-sixth—Major General Harry F. Hodges.
- Seventy-seventh—Major General Robert Alexander.
- Seventy-eighth—Major General James H. McRae.
- Seventy-ninth—Major General Joseph E. Kuhn.
- Eightieth—Major General Adelbert Cronkhite.
- Eighty-first—Major General Charles L. Bailey.
- Eighty-second—Major General George B. Duncan.
- Eighty-third—Major General E. F. Glenn.
- Eighty-fourth—Major General Harry C. Hale.
- Eighty-fifth—Major General Chase W. Kennedy.
- Eighty-sixth—Major General Charles H. Martin.
- Eighty-seventh—Major General S. D. Sturgis.
- Eighty-eighth—Major General William Weigel.
- Eighty-ninth—Major General Frank L. Winn.
- Ninetieth—Major General Henry T. Allen.
- Ninety-first—Major General William H. Johnston.
- Ninety-second—Major General Charles C. Ballou.

### Impatient to Go Across and Get into Action.

The Courier has received the following letter from one of the Houston county boys now in one of the army training camps:

"Am enclosing herewith my check for \$1.50, renewal of my subscription to the Courier for another year. Find that the arrival of the Courier every week helps to bring me nearer Crockett and the happenings thereabout, so have to keep my subscription active.

"You may discontinue sending it to me at my present address as I won't be here any longer after this week. Have been transferred to another location, and will notify you what my new address is just as soon as I arrive and get located.

"Am getting along fine at present, but am getting impatient to be on my way across, if the fireworks don't stop before I get an opportunity to get a chance to move.

"Am glad you didn't stop my paper without giving me the gentle reminders that have been coming so regularly. I was aware of the fact that you had to have the cash in advance now, and didn't intend to delay as long as I have in remitting."

### French Crush the Germans on Meuse Front.

With the French Army in France, Nov. 8, 10 p. m.—General Gouraud tonight holds the west bank of the Meuse river from Sedan to the outskirts of Mezieres, his troops during the day having made an advance of from five to eight miles.

Scores of villages were liberated and the French troops accomplished the signal feat of bringing up artillery and supplies over roads deep with mud and cut at many places by immense mine craters.

The Germans showed more determined resistance as the river was approached and appeared to hold the east bank strongly with artillery and machine guns.

The advance of the French continued also on the left wing, increasing the menace to Hirson and Maubeuge.

### Free for Fighters.

Free canteen work, the serving of hot or cold drinks, as the weather necessitates, to soldiers on the march or on the line, tobacco to men in the firing trenches and hospitals, is a big item of Y. M. C. A. work overseas. Until the war is won, its cost to date can not be computed, but for the year beginning this October \$3,648,000 will be spent this way.

### Philosophy in Brief Paragraphs.

The Yankee dollar makes Huns hollar. Give like a friend and the war will end. Give your money to help win the war. Your money will put "pep" into the boys.

Hit the kaiser with an open hand—give! Be a soldier too. Fight with your money. Put "pep" into the boys—with your money. Help put the I "can" in American—give!

Help put the germ out of Germany—give!

## KAISER AND CROWN PRINCE TO HOLLAND

Former Emperor Is Reported to Have Been Accompanied by Von Hindenburg and General Staff.

London, Nov. 11.—The former German emperor's party which is believed to include Field Marshal Von Hindenburg, arrived at Eysden, on the Dutch frontier at 7:30 o'clock Sunday morning, according to Daily Mail advices.

Practically the whole German general staff accompanied the former emperor, and 10 automobiles carried the party. The automobiles were bristling with rifles and all the fugitives were armed.

The kaiser was in uniform. He alighted at the Eysden station and paced the platform, smoking a cigarette.

Eysden lies about midway between Liege and Maastricht, on the Dutch border.

Chatting with the members of the staff the former emperor, the correspondent says, did not look in the least distressed. A few moments later an imperial train, including restaurant and sleeping cars, ran into the station. Only servants were aboard.

The engine returned to Vise, Belgium, and brought back a second train in which were a large number of staff officers and others and also stores of food. The German consul from Maastricht arrived soon after 8 o'clock. Dutch railway officials, soon made their appearance and many of the inhabitants came to the station attracted by curiosity.

Many photographs were taken by the people of the imperial party. On the whole the people were very quiet, but Belgians among them yelled out "en voyage!"

The Chateau Middachten, to which the former emperor is reported to be proceeding, belongs to Count William Frederick Charles Henry von Bentinck. He is a member of the Prussian Guards and before the war was attached to the German embassy in London and a member of the English Turf and Royal Automobile clubs. He is 38 years old. He belongs to the famous Anglo-Dutch-German house of Bentinck, the continental branch of the family of the Duke of Portland. Middachten castle dates back to the year 1697.

### Vice President of Social Democratic Party Carries on Chancellorship.

Berlin, Nov. 9.—(Wireless to London.)—The German people's government has been instituted in the greater part of Berlin. The garrison has gone over to the government.

The workmen and soldiers' council has decided a general strike. Troops and machine guns have been placed at the disposal of the council. Guards which had been stationed at the public offices and other buildings have been withdrawn.

Friedrich Ebert, vice president of the social democratic party, is carrying on the chancellorship.

The text of the statement issued by the people's government reads:

"In the course of the forenoon of Saturday the formation of a new German people's government was initiated. The greater part of the Berlin garrison and other troops stationed there temporarily went over to the new government.

"The leaders of the deputations of the social democratic party declared that they would not shoot against the people. They said they would, in accord with the people's government, intercede in favor of the maintenance of order. Thereupon in the offices and public buildings the guards which had been stationed there were withdrawn.

"The business of the imperial chancellor is being carried on by the social democratic deputy, Herr Ebert.

"It is presumed that apart from the representatives of the recent majority group three independent social democrats will enter the future government."

### Demobilization Period Critical for Fighting Men.

New York, Nov. 8.—To guard against the demobilization period becoming one of "mental, moral and physical slackness and deterioration" in the American army and navy, the seven welfare organizations united in next week's war work campaign require even more urgently than if hostilities continued the full support of the public, John R. Mott, chairman of the drive, declared here Friday at a rally of the Merchants' association. Not merely \$70,500,000 set as the goal of the campaign, but fully \$250,000,000 will be needed to serve the men in khaki and blue for the year or more that will elapse before they reenter private life, he said.

In his assertion Mr. Mott stated he had the support of President Wilson with whom he conferred recently and the heads of the army and navy.

### What the Red Cross Is Doing in Other Places.

St. Louis, Nov. 8.—The definite program of the proposed Christmas membership drive of the American Red Cross will be announced shortly. The campaign, which will be from December 16 to 23, has for its object the enlisting of every American in the world as a member of the organization. The campaign will be for mem-

## Well---

Our boys whipped the kaiser and won the war, so let's get that automobile in good shape for them when they get home —and what a home-coming that will be!

## B. J. MINCHER

Dodge and Buick Service  
TERMS CASH

## WORLD WAR ENDED ARMISTICE SIGNED

Hostilities End at 6 O'clock Monday Morning or 11 A. M. According to Paris Time.

bers and not for funds. A drive for funds probably will be made in the spring.

Washington, Nov. 8.—The mourning brassard, a black arm band with a gold star, to be worn in lieu of regular mourning by relatives of men lost in the service, has met with general approval of bereaved families, the demand for them indicates. The American Red Cross has just received orders for 20,000 additional brassards. As in the past, they will be given free to parents and widows of the men, and to other relatives at cost.

St. Louis, Nov. 8.—Eugene Pettus, director of conservation of the American Red Cross for the Southwestern Division, has issued an appeal that a more active campaign for collecting fruit pits and nut shells be launched. Pettus suggests that clubs be formed for the purpose of collecting nuts. The pits and shells are used in the manufacture of gas masks for American soldiers.

### Ready to Clean Up.

After cleaning out the Germans and scouring the country from Chateau-Thierry to the Vesle with only a couple of face washes in three weeks, our usually immaculate soldiers regarded soap and water as resembling a million dollars. The Y. M. C. A. handles twenty-four different brands of soap in its post exchanges and for the months of September, October and November ordered 1,800,000 bars. More proof that ours is "the cleanest army in history."

### More Than 400,000 Germans Captured Since July 1.

London, Nov. 8.—Two hundred thousand prisoners were taken by the British on the western front from July 1 to November 5, inclusive, according to an official announcement made in the house of commons. In the same period the French captured 140,000, the Americans 50,000 and the Belgians 15,000.

Can we ever pay our boys for what they are doing? No.

Washington, Nov. 11.—The world war will end this morning at 6 o'clock Washington time, 11 o'clock Paris time. The armistice was signed by the German representatives at midnight. The announcement was made by the state department at 2:50 o'clock this morning.

The announcement was made verbally by an official of the state department in this form:

"The armistice has been signed, it was signed at 5 a. m. Paris time and hostilities will cease at 11 o'clock this morning Paris time."

The terms of the armistice, it was announced, will not be made public until later. Military men here, however, regard it as certain that they will include:

Immediate retirement of the German military forces from France, Belgium and Alsace-Lorraine.

Disarming and demobilizing of the armies.

Occupation by the allied and American forces of such strategic points in Germany as will make impossible a renewal of hostilities.

Delivery of part of the German high seas fleet and a certain number of submarines to the allied and American naval forces.

You give the money and the war workers do the work.

## MONUMENTS

The intention of this space for thirty days is to let my friends know I handle the very best to be found in Tombstones and Monuments of every kind, built out of the finest marble and granite in the United States.

Of course this is the very last thing that many of us care to think about. Yet there comes a time when think we must, and of monuments. And when that time comes help yourselves by placing your order with me.

You also get the best in the matter of erecting, and the saving will be for you and your family.

## I. B. Lansford

PHONE NO. 223.

CROCKETT, TEXAS

## DR. SAM'L A. MILLER

Practice Limited to Diseases of

### EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT

Office Over First National Bank Crockett, Texas

GLASSES SCIENTIFICALLY ADJUSTED FOR DEFECTIVE VISION

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7:00 to 9:00 a. m.

Link Building, Palestine, Texas



## THE ASSOCIATED PRESS' REPORT

German Upheaval and Passing of the Kaiser Marks Virtual Ending of Great War.

The German people, for a generation the obedient and submissive servants of their war lords, for more than four years his pliant instruments in ravaging the world, have spoken a new word and the old Germany is gone. From the confused, sometimes conflicting and often delayed advices from Germany in the last two days, it has now become apparent that William, emperor and king, has been stripped of his power. He is now plain William Hohenzollern, a fugitive in Holland. With his fall topples into ruin William's mad design to rule the world.

Little is known today of the situation in Germany, for that country is in the first days of its new adventure. It is not clear whether the old regime has been permanently dislodged, or whether the new authorities, with the unscrupulous adroitness which has long marked German politics, are merely sacrificing the chief figureheads of kaiserism in the hope of obtaining an easier peace. It appears probable that no one in Germany knows and it is still to be determined which of the contending elements will gain the upper hand.

Revolution is spreading rapidly, and from the fact that a socialist is now chancellor, it may be gathered that the object of the revolution is not merely the quick ending of the war, but the complete severance of the political ties which still bind the nation with its past.

For the allies the problem has changed. The countries which fought Germany and her vassals for more than four years have emerged from it completely triumphant, but within the borders of the countries which menaced the peace of the whole world stalks revolt, famine and anarchy.

The world's next task may be to restore order in the desolated central empires. It may be the lot of the forces who have successfully contested Germany's greed for power, to save her from the fate she imposed on Russia. Likewise, help will have to be given to Austria-Hungary, Bulgaria and Turkey, whose ruin Germany wrought.

### Last of the Great Autocracies.

The German empire was the last of the great autocracies whose fall marks the real significance of the war. In Russia, Austria-Hungary and finally in Germany irresponsible power gave way before the irresistible forces of democracy. Germany, holding on to the last, kept up the hopeless struggle until Field Marshal von Hindenburg's prophetic words, early in the war, came true. The side with the strongest nerves, said he, would win. It was the crumbling of the home front which made it impossible for Germany, notwithstanding her great armies in the field, to carry on any longer.

The collapse of Germany brings the eclipse of the German idea of the state, as opposed to the doctrine of individual rights, to which the nation clung with hardly a dissenting voice until recently. Under this regime there was developed a nation of which militarism was the embodiment, which murdered and plundered, was heedless of the rights of individuals and made terrorism a matter of studied policy. This terrorism was directed against not only individuals, but against nations, against not only hostile nations, but those with which Germany was officially at peace. Its system of espionage, corruption and violence extended over the world.

It was exemplified by the plots carried out in this country under direction of the government for the destruction of munition plants and ships before the United States entered the war, and by the effort of the German government to embroil this country, then neutral, in war with Japan and Mexico. No capital of Europe was free from German secret agents in the

## COLDS AND GRIPPE YIELD TO CALOTABS OVERNIGHT

To break up a cold over night or to cut short an attack of influenza or grippe, physicians and druggists are now recommending Calotabs, the new nausealess calomel, that is purified from all dangerous and sickening effects. Those who have tried it say that it acts like magic, by far more effective and certain than the old style calomel, heretofore recommended by all physicians.

One Calotab on the tongue at bed time with a swallow of water,—that's all. No salts, no nausea nor the slightest interference with eating, work or pleasures. Next morning your cold has vanished and your whole system feels refreshed and purified. Calotabs is sold only in original sealed packages, price thirty-five cents. Recommended and guaranteed by all druggists. Your money back if you are not delighted.

years preceding the war, and the nations lived in growing dread of the huge military machine which Germany was building up, to the accompaniment of the emperor's boastings of the "shining sword" and German boasts to "Der Tag" in voices which echoed around the world.

### Collapse Is Dramatic.

The virtual ending of this greatest of conflicts has come with dramatic swiftness. Four months ago today the German military power apparently. The unchecked forces of the enemy had battered their way through the French and British lines until Paris was in danger and the British were fighting with their backs to the wall to prevent themselves from being forced to the sea. Late in July the world was thrilled with the news of an allied counter-attack between the Aisne and the Marne. The Germans were hurled back along the whole sector and since that day the victorious progress of the allies has been maintained.

Various causes have contributed to this reversal. The entrance of America into the struggle, with her vast resources of men and materials is conceded by the allies to have turned the scale. One of the most important effects of this country's act was the heartening to an enormous extent of the wearied allied nations and a corresponding deterioration of German morale.

Exhaustion of German raw material and years of semi-starvation assisted in the process of beating down the enemy to a submissive frame of mind.

### Foch Man of the Hour.

It is also significant that the establishment of unquestioned allied supremacy in the field almost synchronized with the unification of military control and the appointment of General, now Marshal, Foch to the post of supreme command. Military commentators without exception lay stress upon the importance of single leadership and the genius of Foch in stemming and finally turning the tide.

Among the individual leaders, aside from Foch, whose names stand out most prominently are Marshal Joffre, who saved France in her darkest days of the summer of 1914; Field Marshal Haig, the British commander; General Petain, at the head of the French forces; General Diaz, who, on the Italian front, beat back last summer's great Austrian offensive and later tore the Austrian armies to pieces in a few weeks, and General Pershing.

On the German side are Field Marshal Von Hindenburg, a comparatively obscure officer who leaped into world wide fame by his defeat of the Russians in 1914, and subsequently became the idol of Germany, and General Ludendorff, who, although frequently credited with being the abler of the two, never touched popular imagination as did his colleague. When Von Hindenburg was at the height of his fame a great wooden image of the German hero was set up, a monument to the power which now is broken. It stands today in Berlin, unless the new masters of Germany have torn it down.

### Lighting of the Torch.

It was late in June, 1914, that the world was stirred by the murder in Sarajevo, Bosnia of Archduke Francis Ferdinand, the Austrian heir apparent, and his wife. Austria, backed by Germany, accused Serbia of instigating the crime and made demands which Serbia accepted in part. Austria would not agree to arbitrate the demands not accepted by Serbia and the foreign offices in London, Paris and Petrograd failed to swerve Austria from her course.

Austria-Hungary began hostilities on July 27, 1914, by attacking Serbia and within a week Germany had joined her, while France, Great Britain and Russia had thrown their forces against Germany and Austria. As the war went on the number of nations involved increased until the conflict became the greatest in the history of the world.

### Governor Charges Republicans Had Coalition With Ferguson.

Austin, Texas, Nov. 7.—Governor W. P. Hobby Thursday gave out the following caustic statement regarding the result of the recent election in Texas:

"As shown by the campaign it made, the degradation of the republican party in Texas is complete. As shown by the election returns the people of Texas know and understand petty methods in whatever guise they are attempted. The coalition of the republicans with Ferguson and some of his supporters and the failure which followed it is a standing rebuke to those who would try to build up the republican party by making it only a receptacle for the disgruntled and discredited forces of the State, and to those who would try to destroy the democratic party by betraying it after pledging faith to it in the primaries.

"The chief stock of the republicans in the campaign was the use of an advertisement in which the candidate for governor defeated in the democratic primaries absolved his supporters from voting the democratic ticket and bade them vote the republican ticket.

"It was a good deal like the treaty of peace between the kaiser and the bolsheviks, each seeking to take advantage of the other's disloyalty, but neither putting trust in the other's design. It was like it in another respect, too—neither could deliver the goods. The republican party never has stood for much in Texas. After this episode it stands for less."

# Autumn Days Are Sweetheart Days

And successful wooing demands correct apparel. No man can afford to neglect his personal appearance—now, especially.



## Overcoats for Men

The acme of good taste—simple, dignified coats—without a semblance of camouflage, in either fashion or price—

\$12.50

to

\$22.50

**JAS. S. SHIVERS**

Crockett's Big Store

## NO NEED FOR FIXING RAW COTTON PRICE

Belief Is Expressed that Marketing by Other Methods Would Be Effective.

Washington, Nov. 7.—Fixing prices of raw cotton is unnecessary and impracticable, President Wilson will be told by the cotton investigation committee of the war industries board. This announcement was made tonight by Dr. Thomas W. Page, chairman of the committee.

The committee's conclusion, Dr. Page said, was based on the fact that there is no prospective shortage of cotton and the belief that the cotton distribution committee can secure a proportionate marketing of the lower as well as the higher grades of cotton more effectively by other methods. Continuation of the work of this committee is recommended.

Dr. Page's statement was said to embody the essential points of the report to the president. It said that there would be no way of enforcing a fixed price except through "the readiness of the government to purchase" the entire cotton crop.

This, the statement continued, would involve the closing of cotton exchanges, while merchants, bankers and other intermediaries would be seriously affected and many probably put entirely out of business. The establishment at great cost of a government system of inspection and certification also would be necessary, it was said, if price fixing were undertaken.

### Will You Hold Your Head Up Proudly When They Come Home?

By Bruce Barton.

I lifted the receiver of the telephone, and almost dropped it again in surprise. For the voice was that of my good old friend, and I supposed him far away in France.

"What, back so soon?" I exclaimed. "Detailed for special duty?"

"Yes, back," he answered; and it struck me that his voice was slow and older, as though the weeks of his absence had been years. "Back—but not for special duty. There—there is another reason."

And then I knew that he must be wounded.

Wounded—while here at home, I still pursued my ordinary course. Wounded—to protect my home. Wounded—to keep my children safe. It came over me of a sudden, as it

never had before, that I am debtor to him to an amount that I never can repay.

They will all be coming back before long. Some wounded; some grown strangely old. But most of them well and normal enough, thank God.

And we will stand along the sidewalks to see them pass. How shall we feel that day, I wonder.

Will their eyes say to us, "We were hungry for a bit of sweet, and you did not think to send it."

"We were cold and you let the hut fires die; we were lonesome, and the movies stopped because there were no funds to carry on."

Will that be their message of their eyes to us?

Or shall we stand confidently in their presence, greeting them as men who have nothing to repent.

—as men who in their absence gave freely of wealth and time, that there might be warmth and cheer and comfort over there?

They are coming back some day—perhaps before we think.

And what will be the message of their eyes to you?

### Senator Morris Sheppard Asks Contributions to United War Work.

To the People of Texas:

At the request of President Wilson the various organizations engaged in welfare work among our armed forces have united in a common effort to secure funds needed for the continuance of their activities. These organizations are performing an essential and glorious part in the conduct of the war for liberty and humanity. They are brightening the lives of our boys at the front. They are carrying to the camps and trenches as much of the cheer, the inspiration and the comfort of home as is possible under the circumstances. They are keeping before our soldiers the principles and ideals which warriors of righteousness and truth should preserve and exemplify. They are providing our boys with pure and helpful forms of recreation which constitute a perpetual shield against the evils and temptations that in former wars debauched and ruined so many young men. They are moulding and stimulating character amid the crash and roar of battle, and they deserve our enthusiastic and universal support. It is more necessary today than ever to our complete triumph that our boys should feel our continued interest, and be given every evidence of our increasing gratitude and love. Let every one contribute to this campaign, not only as a duty, but as a blessed privilege.

(Signed) Morris Sheppard.

Put your purse behind Pershing.

## ARMISTICE CANARD AROUSES PEOPLE

Report Germany Had Accepted Terms of Peace Cabled by the United Press and Circulated.

New York, Nov. 7.—False reports that Germany had accepted the terms of the armistice and that fighting had ended threw the country into delirium Thursday and turned out to be the greatest hoax of recent years.

Official assurances that the report was false failed to check the almost riotous demonstrations which swept over many American cities and millions of Americans will not know how they were fooled until they read the morning papers.

A dispatch cabled from France to the United Press and picked up and circulated throughout the country by another news agency declared the armistice signed at 11 o'clock Thursday morning and fighting ended at 2 o'clock Thursday afternoon.

Official dispatches from France to the state department at Washington testify that the German commissions were not even to meet Marshal Foch until 5 o'clock this afternoon and dispatches received tonight from the American army on the Sedan front show that at 6:30 p. m. the troops still were advancing.

### German Envoys Blindfolded After Entering French Lines.

Paris, Nov. 8.—Describing the arrival of the German envoys at the French lines the Intransigent says the automobiles carried white flags and were preceded by a trumpeter. Some French soldiers under an officer approached them on the road just outside the lines.

The delegates established their identity and showed their credentials. The eyes of the members of the German party were then blindfolded and the delegates proceeded to the place where they spent the night.

All the company of the German road members which accompanied the envoys did not cross the lines. The party started early in the morning for French headquarters.

General Winterfield and General Von Gruennel wore uniforms of the rank of general. Von Salow was in the uniform of an admiral of the fleet. Mathias Erzberger and Count Oberndorff were in plain civilian dress.

Give with a grin and get to Berlin.



## The Crockett Courier

Issued weekly from Courier Building

W. W. AIKEN, Editor and Proprietor

### PUBLISHER'S NOTICE.

Obituaries, resolutions, cards of thanks and other matter not "news" will be charged for at the rate of 5c per line.

Parties ordering advertising or printing for societies, churches, committees or organizations of any kind will, in all cases, be held personally responsible for the payment of the bills.

In case of errors or omissions in legal or other advertisements, the publishers do not hold themselves liable for damage further than the amount received by them for such advertisement.

Any erroneous reflection upon the character, standing or reputation of any person, firm or corporation which may appear in the columns of the Courier will be gladly corrected upon its being brought to the attention of the management.



... This paper has enlisted with the government in the cause of America for the period of the war .....

A certain editor in northwest Texas, whose office does a business of a thousand dollars a month in normal times, expressed himself as very happy, recently, in that a combination of influenza, the army draft and competing publishers had deprived him of every soul on his pay roll except himself. He was the sole monarch of all he surveyed, from the latchstring to alley apple. He had fat ads to be set, a job hook full of orders and almost two thousand clamorous subscribers, yet there was nobody on hand to run the shop but just he—just he—and he felt like a king for the first time in his life, being as how he for once could run his business exactly like he wanted to run it. He could sit in his swivel chair, with his feet on his desk, and tell his impatient customers to call again and his delinquent subscribers to go to Helgoland.—Galveston News.

### EDITORIALS BY HON. R. T. MILNER.

After all is said about government that has ever been said and that ever will be said, the whole scheme of good government rests upon the proper training and educating of the boys and girls who are to become the men and women of that government. Therefore, remember the school and the relation of all the people to the school.

Liberty is the one great essential to civilization. Liberty, freedom of speech, toleration, freedom of the development of the physical sciences, the right to worship God as one pleases—these have raised mankind from the lowest state of savagism to the highest scale of civilization. All through the ages ignorance, superstition, tyranny and oppression have gone hand in hand with autocratic governments.

We are inclined to the opinion that the men at the head of the Allied armies are the best judges of what the terms of peace should be. They, better than any other men, know the meaning of the war, its cost in men and property, and they can be depended upon to deal out justice to all nations. There is not a man among them who seeks a throne or who believes there should ever be another war.

There are many things that can be said in favor of our political campaigns. One is that when the contestants are honest, clean, able and patriotic, the most sensitive person can not realize the difference as the

offices shift from party to party. As long as the standard of official conduct is required to be the best, the nation will not lack for good and able men to fill the offices. It is a healthy condition nationally that forces the two great parties to put forth their best men for public honors.

When this war shall have come to an end the war debt, which will amount to many billions of dollars, will be scattered throughout the United States, millions of people owning them, thus distributing the war debt in such a way as to bring the least financial harm to the people. What a great country we would have if all the people who buy these bonds would hold on to them! In that event such a thing as a money panic would never be known.—Rusk County News.

### HOLD YOUR LIBERTY BONDS.

Next to the imperative duty of American citizens to support the Liberty loan is their duty to hold their Liberty bonds. It is not full service to the country to purchase Liberty bonds and then throw them upon the market, thus putting upon others the real burden of financing the war. Unless the necessity for disposing of them is very great, every owner of a Liberty bond should hold fast to it.

Holding onto one's bond means that one has not only lent so much money to his government but also that he is not spending that money for goods, labor, and transportation needed by the Nation in the prosecution of the war, and is thus leaving the resources of the country more freely at the disposal of the government as well as giving it financial backing. This is a double service.

Secretary Baker says that the wide distribution of the Liberty bonds amongst the mass of the American people makes our Liberty loans the soundest national financing in history. It is a good thing for every Liberty bond holder to be a creditor of his or her government, and it is a good thing for the Nation for its obligations to be widely scattered amongst its citizens and not congested into the hands of the rich. It is a most hopeful thing for the United States that the best investment in the world, the Liberty bonds, are very widely distributed amongst millions of its citizens.

Judging the future by the past, our government bonds issued during this war are going to rise greatly in value with peace. In 1888, 4 per cent United States bonds sold in the open market as high as \$130, and in 1901 brought over \$139—that is, \$139 and some cents for a \$100 bond. That the Liberty bonds are going to rise well above par in value is something that the most conservative will admit is well within the bounds of possibility.

The shrewd and unscrupulous, the birds of prey in finance, realize the worth of Liberty bonds, and are going to use every effort to secure them from the hands of those owners of them who are uninformed or who are ignorant of stock and investment values. The favorite method will probably be offering stock of wildcat companies or other speculative ventures. Speculative is really too conservative a word to apply to some of these stocks since to say that they have a speculative value is flattering in the extreme; they have no value at all, except in the hands of unscrupulous people, who trade them for money or Liberty bonds to ignorant investors.

### NEWSPAPERS AND THEIR PRICES!

The United States government says there will be no more newspapers to start until the war is over. Somehow we have always thought that some rule or regulation should be placed on the business, since, heretofore, most anybody who could get ink on his fingers or write a bad hand and wear his hair long, together with slouchy clothes, could get in the business and make Rome howl for a while for the man who is trying to make a living at a respectable profit. On this line, we wish to state this: One day a man went into a newspaper office and asked for the price on 8½ by 11 letter-heads, 20-pound stock, which now costs 30 cents per pound. The editor, knowing that he would have been known in ancient times as an austere man, but a tight-wad of the present, told him the price was \$3, provided he did not have too much copy on the letterhead. The man went up in the air and said, being a tightwad: "I used to get them from Wilson for \$2.50 and then I thought they were

# An Old Friend Is With Us Again

For some time we have not handled "WHITE CREST" FLOUR, the mill being unwilling to pack under that brand, not being sure of the proper quality. They have just finished a new mill, which enables them to make a high quality of flour, and, with the selection of the choicest wheat, they are making the BEST FLOUR ON THE MARKET. It will cost you more money than the usual grade, BUT IS WORTH IT. Your grocer has "WHITE CREST" now, or can obtain it, so demand "WHITE CREST" on your next order, and note the great improvement in quality over what you have been using. ALL FLOUR IS NOT THE SAME by any means, and "WHITE CREST" is as much superior to ordinary grades as it ever was.

## EDMISTON BROTHERS

high." "Wilson?" said the printer. "Four years ago—the last time I ordered some. I do not have letter-heads printed more than once every four years, for I write just about 125 letters per year—sometimes I spoil a sheet, you know." The printer told him that was before the war. He also told Mr. T. W. that some of the goods he sold, calico, used to be 5 cents a yard—before the war, whereas it is now 25 cents per yard. "Can't help that," said T. W. "We can't sell our goods for less than cost. We must have a profit." The printer argued, but it did no good. It would do not one bit of good to tell you how he went from a good humor to a rage when T. W. went to Wilson and told him he would give him the job for \$2.50, or he would take it to the printer he had argued with, though he hated to take work out of his shop—bread out of his mouth. Those two fool printers stood right up, both of them, and let that T. W. beat them over the head with the club of starvation, for here is what the job cost to produce it: Paper, \$1.25; set-up, 50 cents; throw-in, 20 cents; press-wash, 25 cents; make-ready, 25 cents; presswork, \$1; overhead, 25 cents. It is needless to add that Wilson got the job, losing only 95 cents on the first job, and then had to print it over, for he made an error which Tightwad would not stand for. But Wilson had this consolation: He downed Jones, his competitor, one more good time in life, and that was worth something.—Stamford Leader.

### A DEAD ONE.

The other day a casual visitor to a grocery store noticed on one of the upper shelves several packages of the breakfast food which used to be prominently advertised in the newspapers, but which is never heard of any more. "I see," said the visitor, pointing to the packages, "that you are still selling Blank." "No," the grocer answered; "we've got it, but we're not selling it. Want some? This is the only store in this part of the city where you can get it." "Blank" is a dead one, not because it is inferior to a dozen other breakfast foods of its kind, but because its

manufacturers, having built up a great business, thought it would go right along without advertising. When the demand eased off, as it naturally did, the grocers ceased to stock up with it. The public did not ask for it. It was edged off of the shelves by rival commodities that newspaper readers hear about. And now it is almost a curiosity.

If you want to win the public favor for a good article, tell the public about it through the newspapers. But make up your mind to the fact that you won't hold the demand after you have won it unless you keep right on with the advertising. You can't keep the house warm all winter by building a fire in it in the fall; you need a constant supply of fuel. Advertising is the fuel that keeps the steam up in the business boilers. — Philadelphia Record.

### GOOD SUGGESTION FOR CONSERVATION IN WRAPPING.

The Courier is in receipt of a splendid and timely suggestion having to do with the suggestion of conservation of paste which is used in wrapping newspapers for the mail. It is contended that were more care used in the wrapping of papers, particularly the "single wrappers," not only would a vast amount of paste be saved, but also would there be a "conservation" of the temper of the individuals who receive the papers, when they have been so liberally smeared with paste that the paper is badly torn before it can be removed from the wrapper.

The concern offering the suggestion of more care in the use of paste and the method of wrapping newspapers is the weekly recipient of a large number of papers from different sections of the country, and the writer asserts that after a personal investigation it has been found that 90 per cent of the country publishers handle their outgoing mail and wrapping in the same careless manner.

It is contended that not only the subscriber should be given consideration with reference to the mutilation of his paper that usually follows an attempt to remove it from the wrapper, but that since many advertisers

are careful perusers of the country papers they are not likely to be very favorably impressed when every week they receive papers in this condition.

### WHAT DO YOU THINK IS MY SHARE?

By Bruce Barton.

He is a conscientious gentleman, who honestly wants to do right. And he came to me shaking his head.

"I want to do my full part in this United War Work Campaign," he said. "Do you think a hundred dollars is my share?"

And I told him that it would be hard for anyone but himself to decide. "There are so many different ways of looking at money," I said.

A hundred and seventy millions looks big at first glance. It is forty times what Jefferson gave for the Louisiana territory.

It's a dollar and seventy cents for every man, woman and child in the land; it's more than eight dollars and a half for every household.

"You can figure it on that basis," I told him. "On the basis of dollars and cents. Or you can figure it on the basis of boys."

"Of boys?" he questioned. "I do not understand."

"It's less than fifteen cents a day for each of our soldiers and sailors," I answered. "Fifteen cents a day to give them warmth and comfort and entertainment, and lectures, and games, and the thought of mother and of God."

"Fifteen cents a day for a boy; two for a quarter a day. How many boys will you take?"

And his eyes kindled. "I think I could take ten at least," he said. He drew his check book out.

"Figure it out and tell me the price," he said. "I want you to give them the best you've got. What is it going to cost?"

"—for ten boys, for a year, at two for a quarter a day?"

So I figured it out for him: suppose you figure it out for yourself.

The war-workers stand back of our boys. You stand back of our boys. You stand back of them with your money.



## A STRING TO YOUR MONEY

—is something that everyone doesn't have, but whenever you make a purchase from us you can always get your money back if anything that we sell is not as represented or fails to give satisfaction. Building business on a right basis is one of our hobbies. That's why we are growing. All your drug store needs we can supply in a most satisfactory way and guaranteed besides.

### CROCKETT DRUG COMPANY

The House of Service

#### Local News Items

##### Influenza Abating.

The Courier reported thirteen deaths last week. Twenty-five were reported the week before, all among the white people. The influenza situation this week shows further improvement and abatement.

##### Taken to Camp Travis.

Horace Jones, 24 years old and colored, was delivered to the commanding officer at Camp Travis last week by Deputy Sheriff W. A. Hooper. Jones had been held in the Houston county jail as a deserter.

##### United War Work.

An enthusiastic United War Work meeting was held at the court house Monday afternoon. Meetings are being held over the county during the week. All are uniting in the effort to put Houston county's quota "over the top."

##### Toll of Influenza.

The Courier learns with regret of the deaths of S. K. Boykin Jr., a young man slightly past his majority; his sister, Mrs. Beard, and the infant child of Mrs. Beard. These three deaths oc-

curred in the home of S. K. Boykin, father of Mrs. Beard and S. K. Boykin Jr., and were the result of influenza and pneumonia. The elder Mr. Boykin lives at Augusta. Funeral services were held at Augusta last week.

##### For Sale.

Farm of 33 acres, 2 miles from Crockett, Texas, good peach and pear orchard, good level upland, nice location, plenty of well water. Nice lake on the tract. Sell one or both together; 8 acres with lake, 25 for farm. 2t.\* Jno. R. Foster.

Farm for Sale—375 acres land, 9 miles west from Crockett, 250 acres in cultivation, 80 acres hog pasture, balance cow pasture. All fenced. Three sets of improvements, large barn and other out houses. Will sell for \$22.50 per acre, \$2000 cash, balance easy terms at 8 per cent interest. tf. A. L. Prewit.

##### Crockett Celebrated.

Crockett celebrated the ending of the war Monday night with a bonfire on the public square, aerial shooting, fire works and other things. The rejoicing of the populace knew no bounds and the noise thereof reached unto the high heavens. We all rejoice that the war is ended.

#### Texas Boy Commands Division.

Robert L. Howze, raised near Overton and a son of Captain Howze, a Confederate veteran, now commands one of the American army divisions in France. General Howze recently commanded a brigade of cavalry at Fort Bliss, was a colonel of cavalry under General Pershing in Mexico and a major and captain only a short time before that. Overton is in a farming community in Rusk county.

##### To Fort Crockett.

Following are the registrants who entrained for Fort Crockett, the army camp at Galveston, Monday. They were entrained before the order cancelling entrainment was received:

241-2 Dick Murchison.  
a537 Phillip E. Willcox.  
a576 Albert B. Cook.  
a112 Thomas Beard.  
a120 J. A. McQueen.  
a155 John Ed Morrow.  
These are the last boys to leave for the war.

##### All Entrainments Cancelled.

The Houston County Local Board received the following telegram from the adjutant general at Austin late Monday afternoon:

"Have just received instructions from General Crowder that the president directs that all general, voluntary and special calls now outstanding for induction and mobilization of registrants of whatever color or physical qualifications for the army be and the same are hereby cancelled. You will therefore entrain no more men."

##### Sustained Serious Injuries.

Travis Dawson, a son of Mr. J. B. Dawson of Creek, fell from the second floor gallery of the rooms of the Houston County Local Board Monday afternoon. Young Dawson was one of the registrants called in for entrainment. Standing on the gallery with a number of young men, he leaned against the railing which gave way and precipitated him to the ground below. His fall was somewhat broken by striking on the hood of an automobile. He sustained a broken collar bone and a broken arm and was knocked unconscious. While his injuries were somewhat serious, it is announced that he will recover.

##### Entrainments Cancelled.

Eighty-five registrants, whose names appeared in the Courier last week, were called to entrain for Camp Travis on Monday of this week. Twenty-three registrants, whose names also appeared last week, were called to entrain for Camp Bowie. Late Monday afternoon, after the boys were ready to depart for the railroad station, a telegram cancelling entrainment was received by the Houston County Local Board. The men going to Camp Bowie had already gone to the station and gotten into their special car. Those going to Camp Travis were lined up and ready to proceed to the station. The boys, dismissed by the local board chairman, proceeded to join in the celebration that was being held on the public square.

##### Severely Wounded.

Private William H. Garrett of Grapeland has been reported by the war department as severely wounded on the battlefield in France. William H. Garrett was a member of the company of national guardsmen organized at Crockett which afterward became a part of the 36th Division, training at Camp Bowie, Fort Worth. For the last several weeks it has been reported that the 36th Division was in action. Private Garrett is the first member of the company organized at Crockett to be reported in the casualty list. Other casualties in that company will likely follow, as the 36th Division has been in action for several weeks. Casualties heretofore reported have been either in the 90th Division, trained at Camp Travis, San Antonio, or in some of the other army organizations containing Houston county men.

## Special for Saturday Only

Pure peanut oil, full gallons in bulk, for cash only.....\$2.00

Don't forget us when in need of anything in groceries or feed.

The hunting season is now open. We have a complete stock of shotguns and shells.

WE CARRY A FULL LINE OF AUTOMOBILE CASINGS AND TUBES.

## Arnold Brothers

GROCERIES AND FEED.

##### Plenty of Men.

The Houston County Local Board has received notice to send no more questionnaires to registrants above 36 years of age. It has also received notice to proceed with the examination and classification of registrants from 19 to 36 years old. Questionnaires will continue to be mailed to registrants 18 years of age. This is taken to mean that the army has all the men it needs.

It was recently announced from Washington that we have 41 army divisions overseas. These comprise seven divisions—from the first to the seventh—of the regular army; seventeen divisions—from the 26th to the 42nd—of the national guards, and seventeen divisions—from the 76th to the 92nd—of the national army (selective).

In arranging its plan of division numbers, the first twenty-five division numbers were left by the war department for the regular army, the next fifty division numbers for the national guards and all above those numbers for the national army (selective.) The first 100 regiment numbers belong to the regular army, the second and third hundred numbers to the national guards and all above 300 to the national army (selective.) Thus

the Houston county boys in the 143rd Regiment, 36th Division, are a part of the national guards and the Houston county boys in the 360th Regiment, 90th Division, are a part of the national army (selective.) While the national army is made up entirely of selectives, the regular army and national guard divisions are filled up to war strength with selectives. Approximately 59 divisions are now in the American training camps and would have gone over by next summer had the war continued. Some of them may go over yet.

##### District Court Proceedings.

District court re-convened Monday morning and the following proceedings were had this week.

Sank Hearne, theft of cattle by bailee; dismissed as per agreement.

J. W. White, forgery; dismissed on motion of district attorney.

George Crenshaw, murder; case reset for November 18.

Andrew Dally, murder; defendant pleaded guilty to manslaughter; verdict of three years in penitentiary.

George Ashton, murder; case reset for November 13.

Marshall Truss, murder; case reset for November 15.

## A Sale of 25 of Our Best Coat Suits

In order to move these high class garments quickly we are putting them on sale at from twenty-five to thirty-three and one-third per cent off.

### Crockett Dry Goods Company

The Place Where Style, Quality, Women and Children Meet.

## "Final Low Cost"

We are building an unusually large business on the policy of selling goods that satisfy, at "FINAL LOW COST."

Our way of doing business is winning the public approval, our rapidly increasing sales prove that:

GET ADVANTAGE OF OUR LOW PRICES

## Caprielian Brothers'

Groceries and Feed—Phone 52.

"The Store Where Your Dollars Go Farther"



## The Crockett Courier

Issued weekly from Courier Building

W. W. AIKEN, Editor and Proprietor

JUST A WORD WITH OUR SUBSCRIBERS.

Many subscribers have called at the Courier office during the last week. Others have sent in their subscriptions. Those calling, come with smiling faces and report famine, pestilence and war at an end. The recent rains have broken the famine, the influenza epidemic has abated and the war has ended. We are going to have much to be thankful for on our next Thanksgiving day. We have much to be thankful for now.

Our subscribers are giving us their loyal co-operation in complying with the order of the war industries board. They are not only paying their subscriptions in advance, but many of them are now paying for next year, which puts some of them fifteen months or more in advance. We want them to know that we appreciate such loyal support, and they will please accept our thanks for their loyalty.

Those calling to renew or subscribe, or sending in their renewals and subscriptions, since last report are as follows:

Mrs. G. M. Thompson, Weldon.  
C. C. Reynolds, Lovelady Rt. 2.  
W. J. Willis, Grapeland Rt. 3.  
W. M. Steed, Ratcliff.  
G. Q. King, Crockett.  
Mrs. Nettie Green, Ratcliff Rt. 1.  
George W. Patton, Crockett Rt. A.  
J. T. Patton, Melrose, N. M.  
Corporal Jim W. Creath, Rainbow Division, France.  
J. E. Driskell, Lovelady Rt. 3.  
John Cannon, Crockett Rt. A.  
E. W. Winburn, Lovelady.  
W. J. Peacock, Lovelady Rt. 1.  
Jack Beazley, Grapeland Rt. 4.  
J. C. Meriwether, Kennard.  
D. W. Peterson, Crockett Rt. 2.  
J. J. Taylor, Lovelady Rt. 1.  
D. J. Knox, Lovelady.  
L. McManners, Lovelady Rt. 1.  
A. H. Henderson, Augusta Rt. 1.  
B. E. Goodrum, Ashwood.  
Bud Rice, Crockett Rt. 1.  
J. W. Jones, Grapeland.  
R. F. Hall, Crockett Rt. A.  
W. H. Lakey, Kennard Rt. 1.  
Mrs. T. H. McAfee, Slidell, La.  
J. R. Stewart, Crockett Rt. 4.  
H. B. Cruse, Crockett Rt. A.  
J. R. Conner, Ratcliff.  
Miss Ollie Thames, Augusta.  
M. L. Thompson, Augusta.  
O. E. Goodwin, Elmo.  
J. N. Click, Lovelady.  
J. T. Clark, Crockett.  
K. J. Smith, Elmendorf.  
Hon. D. A. Richardson, Douglass, Arizona.  
Mrs. W. L. Dean, Huntsville.  
I. L. Jeffus, Lovelady Rt. 1.  
Kennedy Bros., Grapeland.  
H. G. Patton, Crockett.  
Moore & Shivers, Crockett.  
Mrs. J. D. Friend, Houston.  
C. W. Butler Jr., Crockett.  
A. B. Burton, Crockett.  
A. A. Aldrich, Crockett.  
J. H. Brown, Crockett.  
Mrs. Albert von Doenhoff, New York.  
Mrs. Bruner Smith, Longview.  
Walter Bennett, Crockett Rt. 4.  
D. A. Nunn, Crockett.  
A. M. Decuir, Crockett.  
I. A. Daniel, Crockett.  
Towery Motor Company, Crockett.  
J. R. Howard, Crockett.  
John Morgan, Crockett.  
W. C. Shivers, Crockett.

R. L. Shivers, Crockett.  
Clifford Kennedy, Crockett.  
Mrs. W. J. Wood, Onalaska.  
George W. Crook, Crockett.  
T. B. Satterwhite, Crockett.  
Dr. G. C. Starling, Crockett.  
J. M. Ellis, Crockett.  
W. H. Denny, Crockett.  
Walter Forbes (col.), Crockett Rt. 1.

Every Courier subscriber is asked to lend a hand in helping us to conform to the regulations of the war industries board. One of those regulations, and the one which concerns us most, is the one which demands that all newspaper subscriptions must be paid in advance. Every subscriber can do his part in helping us to conform to this war measure by renewing his subscription before it expires. If you don't like the regulation you have the kaiser to get mad at. The kaiser started the war and the war started the regulation.

Hold fast to that which is good. Keep your Liberty Bonds.

### —NO. 163— Official Statement of the Financial Condition of the Crockett State Bank at Crockett.

State of Texas, at the close of business on the 1st day of November, 1918, published in the Crockett Courier, a newspaper printed and published at Crockett, State of Texas, on the 14th day of November, 1918:

#### RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts, personal or collateral	\$203,235.63
Loans, real estate	20,349.41
Overdrafts	974.72
Bonds and Stocks	5,700.00
Real estate (banking house)	7,000.00
Due from Approved Reserve Agents, net	46,809.28
Cash Items	43.68
Currency	17,282.00
Specie	5,576.65
Interest and Assessment Depositors' Guaranty Fund	3,472.95
Other Resources: Bills of Exchange, U. S. Certificates, Stamps	184,596.98
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$495,041.30</b>

#### LIABILITIES

Capital Stock paid in	\$ 50,000.00
Surplus Fund	30,000.00
Undivided Profits, net	10,875.74
Due to Banks and Bankers, subject to check, net	29,936.45
Individual Deposits, subject to check	291,633.30
Time Certificates of Deposit	42,595.81
Bills Payable and Rediscounts	40,000.00
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$495,041.30</b>

State of Texas, County of Houston.  
We, W. H. Denny, as president, and D. O. Kiessling, as cashier of said bank, each of us, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.

W. H. DENNY, President.  
D. O. KIESSLING, Cashier.  
Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 13th day of November, A. D. 1918. (seal) A. A. ALDRICH, Notary Public, Houston County, Tex. Correct—Attest:  
E. T. OZIER,  
H. J. ARLEDGE,  
B. L. SATTERWHITE,  
Directors.

## POEM ON CROCKETT.

By Edith Harvey.



MISS EDITH HARVEY.

Written Specially for the Courier.

Away off in Texas,  
Up in the eastern part,  
Is a little town we love the best,  
Love it with all our heart.

It has not many attractions  
For the spendthrift boy or girl,  
But for those who are looking for  
Better things, Crockett is a pearl.

You can come at most any time—  
One railroad touches the town;  
It doesn't make any difference  
Whether you are up or down.

For agricultural sections  
Crockett can't be beat,  
And any other country  
Would have to take a back seat.

We raise cotton by the car load,  
Corn and all fruits, too;  
And to see our wonderful gardens,  
Would make you "sort" of blue.

The climate is the finest  
To be found anywhere in the land;  
Even in the summer,  
When your houses are full of sand.

The flowers grow very plentiful,  
Filling our town with beauty,  
Cheering us with their perfumes,  
To our several paths of duty.

The best of love to all mankind  
In Crockett is now spread,  
And no one is unfortunate,  
Nor lacks his daily bread.

We have our rainy days,  
And some times weeks as well,  
But when we see our gardens grow,  
"Thank God" for the rainy spell.

And it seems the air is stifling,  
And we will surely roast,  
On some wonderful summer evening  
When we begin to boast.

The sick become well, like magic;  
No need for graveyard nor hearse.  
There is no living in Crockett  
For a doctor or a nurse.

We love our little city,  
And hate to leave it long;  
Even the jitney's plaintive cry  
Sounds to us like a song.

And when we are speeding home-ward,  
From a stay in another place,  
We think we never will reach  
Crockett,  
With a broad look on our face.

And when that blessed old "brake-man"  
Cries "Crockett," we just start,  
And get our many belongings,  
With a glad song in our heart.

And when we reach the platform  
And see the Crockett faces,  
Nobody in this whole wide world  
Could with us then change places.

## METHODIST CHURCH CROCKETT, TEXAS

Glad News Service, Expressing Our  
Thanks to the Almighty for the  
Conclusion of the War.

Program for Sunday morning 10:30,  
November 17, 1918:  
Organ.  
Marche Brilliant—Lowden.  
Hymn No. 701.  
Prayer—Mr. L. L. Moore.  
Talk—Mr. Earle Adams Jr.  
Anthem—Choir.  
Reading—Miss Katie King.  
Reading—Miss Dorothy E. Shivers.  
Offertory—Organ.  
Reading—Miss Esther May Ellis.  
Talk—Mr. J. W. Young.  
Roll call of our boys in the service; interesting information concerning them.  
Everybody cordially invited.

Modifications in Restrictions Announced by the Board.

Washington, Nov. 12.—As the first step in national readjustment from a war to a peace basis, the war industries board today announced modifi-

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IF YOU ARE, COME TO SEE US FOR YOUR

- WINDOWS
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## Smith - Murchison Hardware Company

modifications in the restrictions against non-war construction and manufacturing.

All industries whose peace time output has been curtailed in the interest of the interest of the nation's war program may now increase their output 50 per cent of the amount of restriction imposed by the board, while all restrictions are removed against the building of farm or ranch buildings, structures, roadways or plant facilities for railroads, railways or other public utilities and the construction, maintenance, improvement or development by federal, State or municipal authorities of highways, roads, boulevards, bridges, streets, parks, playgrounds and public utilities, including water, sewerage, light, power and street railways.

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#### Epigrammatic Wisdom.

Love at first sight supplies a lot of work for divorce judges.

It's a poor picture that attracts less attention than the frame.

Nearly all political candidates are under treaty obligations.

When a man is looking for difficulties he will find two where he expects one.

It's an easy matter to master a grief that is doing a stunt at your neighbor's.

When a man asks what you think of him he doesn't expect to get your real opinion.

He who stoops to brush a banana peel from the sidewalk is bent on doing good.

## You can make your home "what you would have it" with Deupree & Waller furniture.

Deupree & Waller, in spite of the difficulty of transportation, in spite of the scarcity of labor, have achieved a representative showing of beautiful furniture that is a positive pleasure to those who seek it.

Thruout the entire store you will find "the furniture you would have" —if for but a single room, or a complete home.

We want you to make this store Your Store. We feel that we can supply your every household need—immediately.

The United War Work is a worthy cause—help it first, then buy your furniture.

## DEUPREE & WALLER, Inc.

# The Price You Pay

The increased price of good clothes is proportionately less than for those of questionable quality. By good clothes we mean pure wool clothes tailored to order—the kind that wear well and last long.

Real economy consists in paying the price of quality. Yet our hundreds of weaves in pure wool and worsted for tailored suits and overcoats are price-surprises.

Examine the fabrics that we have on display. You'll find the quality to which you are accustomed, or have always preferred, at a price that you will willingly pay.

## John Millar

Cleaning, Pressing and Repairing. Phone 283.



## A STRING TO YOUR MONEY

—is something that everyone doesn't have, but whenever you make a purchase from us you can always get your money back if anything that we sell is not as represented or fails to give satisfaction. Building business on a right basis is one of our hobbies. That's why we are growing. All your drug store needs we can supply in a most satisfactory way and guaranteed besides.

### CROCKETT DRUG COMPANY

The House of Service

#### Local News Items

##### Influenza Abating.

The Courier reported thirteen deaths last week. Twenty-five were reported the week before, all among the white people. The influenza situation this week shows further improvement and abatement.

##### Taken to Camp Travis.

Horace Jones, 24 years old and colored, was delivered to the commanding officer at Camp Travis last week by Deputy Sheriff W. A. Hooper. Jones had been held in the Houston county jail as a deserter.

##### United War Work.

An enthusiastic United War Work meeting was held at the court house Monday afternoon. Meetings are being held over the county during the week. All are uniting in the effort to put Houston county's quota "over the top."

##### Toll of Influenza.

The Courier learns with regret of the deaths of S. K. Boykin Jr., a young man slightly past his majority; his sister, Mrs. Beard, and the infant child of Mrs. Beard. These three deaths oc-

curred in the home of S. K. Boykin, father of Mrs. Beard and S. K. Boykin Jr., and were the result of influenza and pneumonia. The elder Mr. Boykin lives at Augusta. Funeral services were held at Augusta last week.

##### For Sale.

Farm of 33 acres, 2 miles from Crockett, Texas, good peach and pear orchard, good level upland, nice location, plenty of well water. Nice lake on the tract. Sell one or both together; 8 acres with lake, 25 for farm.

Jno. R. Foster.

Farm for Sale—375 acres land, 9 miles west from Crockett, 250 acres in cultivation, 80 acres hog pasture, balance cow pasture. All fenced. Three sets of improvements, large barn and other out houses. Will sell for \$22.50 per acre, \$2000 cash, balance easy terms at 8 per cent interest. tf. A. L. Prewit.

##### Crockett Celebrated.

Crockett celebrated the ending of the war Monday night with a bonfire on the public square, anvil shooting, fire works and other things. The rejoicing of the populace knew no bounds and the noise thereof reached unto the high heavens. We all rejoice that the war is ended.

## A Sale of 25 of Our Best Coat Suits

In order to move these high class garments quickly we are putting them on sale at from twenty-five to thirty-three and one-third per cent off.

### Crockett Dry Goods Company

The Place Where Style, Quality, Women and Children Meet.

#### Texas Boy Commands Division.

Robert L. Howze, raised near Overton and a son of Captain Howze, a Confederate veteran, now commands one of the American army divisions in France. General Howze recently commanded a brigade of cavalry at Fort Bliss, was a colonel of cavalry under General Pershing in Mexico and a major and captain only a short time before that. Overton is in a farming community in Rusk county.

#### To Fort Crockett.

Following are the registrants who entrained for Fort Crockett, the army camp at Galveston, Monday. They were entrained before the order cancelling entrainment was received:

241-2 Dick Murchison.  
a537 Phillip E. Wilcox.  
a576 Albert B. Cook.  
a112 Thomas Beard.  
a120 J. A. McQueen.  
a155 John Ed Morrow.

These are the last boys to leave for the war.

#### All Entrainments Cancelled.

The Houston County Local Board received the following telegram from the adjutant general at Austin late Monday afternoon:

"Have just received instructions from General Crowder that the president directs that all general, voluntary and special calls now outstanding for induction and mobilization of registrants of whatever color or physical qualifications for the army be and the same are hereby cancelled. You will therefore entrain no more men."

#### Sustained Serious Injuries.

Travis Dawson, a son of Mr. J. B. Dawson of Creek, fell from the second floor gallery of the rooms of the Houston County Local Board Monday afternoon. Young Dawson was one of the registrants called in for entrainment. Standing on the gallery with a number of young men, he leaned against the railing which gave way and precipitated him to the ground below. His fall was somewhat broken by striking on the hood of an automobile. He sustained a broken collar bone and a broken arm and was knocked unconscious. While his injuries were somewhat serious, it is announced that he will recover.

#### Entrainments Cancelled.

Eighty-five registrants, whose names appeared in the Courier last week, were called to entrain for Camp Travis on Monday of this week. Twenty-three registrants, whose names also appeared last week, were called to entrain for Camp Bowie. Late Monday afternoon, after the boys were ready to depart for the railroad station, a telegram cancelling entrainment was received by the Houston County Local Board. The men going to Camp Bowie had already gone to the station and gotten into their special car. Those going to Camp Travis were lined up and ready to proceed to the station. The boys, dismissed by the local board chairman, proceeded to join in the celebration that was being held on the public square.

#### Severely Wounded.

Private William H. Garrett of Grapeland has been reported by the war department as severely wounded on the battlefield in France. William H. Garrett was a member of the company of national guardsmen organized at Crockett which afterward became a part of the 36th Division, training at Camp Bowie, Fort Worth. For the last several weeks it has been reported that the 36th Division was in action. Private Garrett is the first member of the company organized at Crockett to be reported in the casualty list. Other casualties in that company will likely follow, as the 36th Division has been in action for several weeks. Casualties heretofore reported have been either in the 90th Division, trained at Camp Travis, San Antonio, or in some of the other army organizations containing Houston county men.

## Special for Saturday Only

Pure peanut oil, full gallons in bulk, for cash only ----- \$2.00

Don't forget us when in need of anything in groceries or feed.

The hunting season is now open. We have a complete stock of shotguns and shells.

WE CARRY A FULL LINE OF AUTOMOBILE CASINGS AND TUBES.

## Arnold Brothers

GROCERIES AND FEED.

#### Plenty of Men.

The Houston County Local Board has received notice to send no more questionnaires to registrants above 36 years of age. It has also received notice to proceed with the examination and classification of registrants from 19 to 36 years old. Questionnaires will continue to be mailed to registrants 18 years of age. This is taken to mean that the army has all the men it needs.

It was recently announced from Washington that we have 41 army divisions overseas. These comprise seven divisions—from the first to the seventh—of the regular army; seven divisions—from the 26th to the 42nd—of the national guards, and seventeen divisions—from the 76th to the 92nd—of the national army (selective).

In arranging its plan of division numbers, the first twenty-five division numbers were left by the war department for the regular army, the next fifty division numbers for the national guards and all above those numbers for the national army (selective.) The first 100 regiment numbers belong to the regular army, the second and third hundred numbers to the national guards and all above 300 to the national army (selective.) Thus

the Houston county boys in the 143rd Regiment, 36th Division, are a part of the national guards and the Houston county boys in the 360th Regiment, 90th Division, are a part of the national army (selective.) While the national army is made up entirely of selectives, the regular army and national guard divisions are filled up to war strength with selectives. Approximately 59 divisions are now in the American training camps and would have gone over by next summer had the war continued. Some of them may go over yet.

#### District Court Proceedings.

District court re-convened Monday morning and the following proceedings were had this week.

Sank Hearne, theft of cattle by bailee; dismissed as per agreement.

J. W. White, forgery; dismissed on motion of district attorney.

George Crenshaw, murder; case reset for November 18.

Andrew Daily, murder; defendant pleaded guilty to manslaughter; verdict of three years in penitentiary.

George Ashton, murder; case reset for November 13.

Marshall Truss, murder; case reset for November 15.

## "Final Low Cost"

We are building an unusually large business on the policy of selling goods that satisfy, at "FINAL LOW COST."

Our way of doing business is winning the public approval, our rapidly increasing sales prove that.

GET ADVANTAGE OF OUR LOW PRICES

## Caprielian Brothers'

Groceries and Feed—Phone 52.

"The Store Where Your Dollars Go Farther"



## The Crockett Courier

Issued weekly from Courier Building

W. W. AIKEN, Editor and Proprietor

JUST A WORD WITH OUR SUBSCRIBERS.

Many subscribers have called at the Courier office during the last week. Others have sent in their subscriptions. Those calling, come with smiling faces and report famine, pestilence and war at an end. The recent rains have broken the famine, the influenza epidemic has abated and the war has ended. We are going to have much to be thankful for on our next Thanksgiving day. We have much to be thankful for now.

Our subscribers are giving us their loyal co-operation in complying with the order of the war industries board. They are not only paying their subscriptions in advance, but many of them are now paying for next year, which puts some of them fifteen months or more in advance. We want them to know that we appreciate such loyal support, and they will please accept our thanks for their loyalty.

Those calling to renew or subscribe, or sending in their renewals and subscriptions, since last report are as follows:

Mrs. G. M. Thompson, Weldon.  
C. C. Reynolds, Lovelady Rt. 2.  
W. J. Willis, Grapeland Rt. 3.  
W. M. Steed, Ratcliff.  
G. Q. King, Crockett.  
Mrs. Nettie Green, Ratcliff Rt. 1.  
George W. Patton, Crockett Rt. A.  
J. T. Patton, Melrose, N. M.  
Corporal Jim W. Creath, Rainbow Division, France.  
J. E. Driskell, Lovelady Rt. 3.  
John Cannon, Crockett Rt. A.  
R. W. Winburn, Lovelady.  
W. J. Peacock, Lovelady Rt. 1.  
Jack Beasley, Grapeland Rt. 4.  
J. C. Meriwether, Kennard.  
D. W. Peterson, Crockett Rt. 2.  
J. J. Taylor, Lovelady Rt. 1.  
D. J. Knox, Lovelady.  
L. McManners, Lovelady Rt. 1.  
A. H. Henderson, Augusta Rt. 1.  
B. E. Goodrum, Ashwood.  
Bud Rice, Crockett Rt. 1.  
J. W. Jones, Grapeland.  
R. F. Hall, Crockett Rt. A.  
W. H. Lakey, Kennard Rt. 1.  
Mrs. T. H. McAfee, Slidell, La.  
J. R. Stewart, Crockett Rt. 4.  
H. B. Cruse, Crockett Rt. A.  
J. R. Conner, Ratcliff.  
Miss Ollie Thames, Augusta.  
M. L. Thompson, Augusta.  
O. E. Goodwin, Elmo.  
J. N. Click, Lovelady.  
J. T. Clark, Crockett.  
K. J. Smith, Elmendorf.  
Hon. D. A. Richardson, Douglass, Arizona.  
Mrs. W. L. Dean, Huntsville.  
I. L. Jeffus, Lovelady Rt. 1.  
Kennedy Bros., Grapeland.  
H. G. Patton, Crockett.  
Moore & Shivers, Crockett.  
Mrs. J. D. Friend, Houston.  
C. W. Butler Jr., Crockett.  
A. B. Burton, Crockett.  
A. A. Aldrich, Crockett.  
J. H. Brown, Crockett.  
Mrs. Albert von Doenhoff, New York.  
Mrs. Bruner Smith, Longview.  
Walter Bennett, Crockett Rt. 4.  
D. A. Nunn, Crockett.  
A. M. Decuir, Crockett.  
I. A. Daniel, Crockett.  
Towery Motor Company, Crockett.  
J. R. Howard, Crockett.  
John Morgan, Crockett.  
W. C. Shivers, Crockett.

R. L. Shivers, Crockett.  
Clifford Kennedy, Crockett.  
Mrs. W. J. Wood, Onalaska.  
George W. Crook, Crockett.  
T. B. Satterwhite, Crockett.  
Dr. C. C. Starling, Crockett.  
J. M. Ellis, Crockett.  
W. H. Denny, Crockett.  
Walter Forbes (col.), Crockett Rt. 1.

Every Courier subscriber is asked to lend a hand in helping us to conform to the regulations of the war industries board. One of those regulations, and the one which concerns us most, is the one which demands that all newspaper subscriptions must be paid in advance. Every subscriber can do his part in helping us to conform to this war measure by renewing his subscription before it expires. If you don't like the regulation you have the kaiser to get mad at. The kaiser started the war and the war started the regulation.

Hold fast to that which is good.  
Keep your Liberty Bonds.

### Official Statement of the Financial Condition of the Crockett State Bank at Crockett.

State of Texas, at the close of business on the 1st day of November, 1918, published in the Crockett Courier, a newspaper printed and published at Crockett, State of Texas, on the 14th day of November, 1918:

RESOURCES	
Loans and Discounts, personal or collateral	\$203,235.63
Loans, real estate	20,349.41
Overdrafts	974.72
Bonds and Stocks	5,700.00
Real estate (banking house)	7,000.00
Due from Approved Reserve Agents, net	46,809.28
Cash Items	43.68
Currency	17,282.00
Specie	5,576.65
Interest and Assessment Depositors' Guaranty Fund	3,472.95
Other Resources: Bills of Exchange, U. S. Certificates, Stamps	184,596.98
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$495,041.30</b>

LIABILITIES	
Capital Stock paid in	\$ 50,000.00
Surplus Fund	30,000.00
Undivided Profits, net	10,875.74
Due to Banks and Bankers, subject to check, net	29,936.45
Individual Deposits, subject to check	291,633.30
Time Certificates of Deposit	42,595.81
Bills Payable and Rediscounts	40,000.00
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$495,041.30</b>

State of Texas, County of Houston. We, W. H. Denny, as president, and D. O. Kiessling, as cashier of said bank, each of us, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.

W. H. DENNY, President.  
D. O. KIESSLING, Cashier.  
Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 13th day of November, A. D. 1918. (seal) A. A. ALDRICH, Notary Public, Houston County, Tex. Correct—Attest:  
E. T. OZIER,  
H. J. ARLEDGE,  
B. L. SATTERWHITE,  
Directors.

## POEM ON CROCKETT.

By Edith Harvey.



MISS EDITH HARVEY.

Written Specially for the Courier.

Away off in Texas,  
Up in the eastern part,  
Is a little town we love the best,  
Love it with all our heart.

It has not many attractions  
For the spendthrift boy or girl,  
But for those who are looking for  
Better things, Crockett is a pearl.

You can come at most any time—  
One railroad touches the town;  
It doesn't make any difference  
Whether you are up or down.

For agricultural sections  
Crockett can't be beat,  
And any other country  
Would have to take a back seat.

We raise cotton by the car load,  
Corn and all fruits, too;  
And to see our wonderful gardens,  
Would make you "sort" of blue.

The climate is the finest  
To be found anywhere in the land;  
Even in the summer,  
When your houses are full of sand.

The flowers grow very plentiful,  
Filling our town with beauty,  
Cheering us with their perfumes,  
To our several paths of duty.

The best of love to all mankind  
In Crockett is now spread,  
And no one is unfortunate,  
Nor lacks his daily bread.

We have our rainy days,  
And some times weeks as well,  
But when we see our gardens grow,  
"Thank God" for the rainy spell.

And it seems the air is stifling,  
And we will surely roast,  
On some wonderful summer evening  
When we begin to boast.

The sick become well, like magic;  
No need for graveyard nor hearse.  
There is no living in Crockett  
For a doctor or a nurse.

We love our little city,  
And hate to leave it long;  
Even the jitney's plaintive cry  
Sounds to us like a song.

And when we are speeding homeward,  
From a stay in another place,  
We think we never will reach  
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The United War Work is a worthy cause—help it first, then buy your furniture.

## DEUPREE & WALLER, Inc.