

The Crockett Courier.

"Quality, Not Quantity."

CROCKETT, TEXAS, JULY 31, 1919.

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EVERY FARMER A HOME OWNER

A Hundred Million Dollars to
Loan to Texas Farmers at
5½ Per Cent.

The Federal Land Bank of Houston, which is represented by the Crockett Farm Loan association, supported by the Commercial Club, advertises that it has this enormous amount of money to loan to tenants who want to become home owners and to replace eight and ten per cent money in the form of vendor lien notes on their farms.

This government financial institution, which was created for the purpose of helping the farmers a little over two years ago, has already loaned over twenty-five million dollars to the farmers of Texas, the farmers of Houston county having received over \$150,000, and at the rate applications are coming in the amount will be doubled by the close of the current year.

A special effort is now to be made until the first of next January to induce tenant farmers to become home owners, believing there are tenants everywhere who would buy, and owners who would sell at fair prices, farms or farm lands if some one would bring them together and suggest terms that would appeal to both. There is scarcely a day but what both tenants and owners call at our office to learn the particulars about this farm loan plan, and when the facts are understood there is seldom any trouble in getting to a trading basis.

Home Owner a Better Citizen.

Every one knows that when a tenant who has been moving around from place to place every year or two buys a farm of his own and settles down to make a permanent home for his wife and babies that he looks at life from an entirely different angle and takes a much greater inter-

SEVEN KILLED AND TWO SCORE WOUNDED

The Chicago "Black Belt" Is Battle
Ground for Over Five
Hours.

Chicago, Ill., July 28.—Seven persons were killed and more than two score wounded, many of them seriously, in a renewal of race riots in the Chicago "black belt" tonight.

For more than five hours the five-mile area in the south side was a battleground of scattered fights between whites and blacks and between policemen and negroes who fired from housetops, from dark alleys and from other points of vantage.

The call of troops to quell the outbreaks resulted in four regiments of national guardsmen having mobilized, but at a late hour tonight they had not been dispatched to the disturbed district, and Chief of Police Garrity expressed the belief that the worst of the disorder had passed.

Five of the dead are negroes and two are whites.

The wounded in most cases were hurried to hospitals, after which they were removed to homes when their conditions permitted.

There was no concerted battle by the blacks, the outbreaks dotting a large area.

Chief of Police Garrity at a late hour said that it was impossible to make an exact estimate of the casualties because of the contradictory reports.

est in the community. Soon as he gets settled in the new place that he can henceforth call his home, he begins to plan permanent improvements that bring added comforts and the whole family realize that there is much more in life for them than they supposed possible and the neighborhood begins to feel a new uplift that makes for general prosperity. Just imagine every farm in Houston county being operated by its owner, and such a condition is possible under the liberal terms of this Federal farm loan law, and you can readily see such a prosperous condition of affairs that Crockett as the capital city would develop size, character and prominence superior to any agricultural county town in Texas. Let us try to make this vision come true.

H. A. Fisher, Secretary.

Lucia Painter's Houseparty.

Friday evening Mrs. J. S. Wootters entertained the younger set with a lovely lawn party, honoring the members of Lucia Painter's houseparty. An enjoyable evening was spent, and delightful refreshments concluded a grand time.

The home of Mrs. J. H. Painter was opened on Saturday to twenty-two of the young girls of Crockett. The event was in honor of the houseparty, and at 1 o'clock a most delightful luncheon was served. Music, games and car rides passed away the hours quickly. The honorees were Misses Nettie Joe Slaughter, Belle Temple Nash, Dorothy Gaston and Larelle Clark of Kaufman, Adabel Leaverton of Grapeland and Suzabel Høllon of Waco.

On Saturday evening Mrs. Robert Wootters entertained the houseparty of Lucia Painter with much of pleasant and delightful things. Lovely refreshments were served and all voted it a perfect evening.

Miss Queenie Vee Sams had a most novel party Monday evening on her lawn. It was a "kid" party, and the costumes, games and program gave much amusement and delight. Appropriate invitations had been issued and nothing tended to break the entire union. The scheme was carried out to perfection and at a late hour all bade a reluctant goodbye. The honorees were the members of Lucia Painter's houseparty.

Miss Jeanette Craddock delightfully entertained the members of the Painter houseparty at El Kaney club Tuesday morning with a sunrise breakfast and an early swim. There was never a happier day and all enjoyed the novel pleasure.

Miss Mabel Hassell entertained for Lucia Painter's houseparty Tuesday night with a slumber party. Baker's Theatre was visited by the happy crowd of young people before the slumber hours, and the evening marked another event in the round of pleasures that have been the lot of this happy set of bright and pretty girls.

GERMANY CAN USE COTTON NEXT YEAR

Mills With 10,000,000 Spindles
Are Ready to Begin
Operations.

Washington, July 28.—German cotton mills with 10,000,000 spindles estimated as still suitable for operation, can consume about 1,000,000 bales of cotton during the next year if means are found to finance the movement of the commodity from the United States, said a report by Erwin W. Thompson, commercial attache of the bureau of foreign and domestic commerce, made public Monday night.

Mr. Thompson outlined a plan by which Danish and Dutch traders may be furnished cotton for resale to Germany and allowed to assume a part of the credit and risk. Out of 4,067,018 bales of cotton in storage in the United States on June 30, he estimated a very large proportion was classified in the lower grades which are especially suitable for German mills.

"At this time the German mills would be eager buyers for the lowest grades," Mr. Thompson's report said, pointing out that during the war they have been operating on wasters, shoddies, nettle fiber and paper, owing to the pressure of the blockade.

"Cotton experts are agreed that cotton in public storage in the United States is nearly all of grades below those most desired by domestic mills."

Declaring that the problem for the American producers and holders of cotton was to find a way to offer large assorted stocks of cotton to the German spinners, and at the same time be secured for the value of their property, Mr. Thompson said that warehouse and exchange facilities in Rotterdam, Holland, now were available for handling such a trade.

"Several strong trading companies in Rotterdam are in a

Marine Units Leave Brest for America—Others Follow.

Washington, July 28.—Departure from Brest of a number of the units of the famous marine brigade and Second Division was reported today to the navy department. The other units will leave July 30 and the entire brigade is expected to be in New York by the middle of August.

The general staff has no plans under consideration for a parade of the Second Division on its arrival, it was learned today. In any event, officers said weather conditions were severe for parading, particularly as returning troops were coming from a very mild climate and still were in heavy woolen uniforms.

The work of the men of the Second Division in the war was again sharply brought out in revised figures on casualties published today. The tables of June 3 show that the total casualties of the Second Division were 22,230, of whom 4,478 were rated as battle deaths. The First Division came next on the list with 21,612 casualties, including 4,411 battle deaths.

Commercial Club Philosophy

Much oratory and newspaper space that is now spent in urging the farmer to diversify could be saved and the farmer much better served by providing him a ready cash market for his products. Show him where he can convert his diversified crops into cash and he will do the rest without urging. :: :: ::

position to handle and finance cotton into Germany as fast as they can consume it," he said. "Matters can be so arranged with them that American bankers can finance the cotton in any amount into safe warehouses in Holland. Then Holland can arrange their credits for delivery to German spinners in lots to suit their weekly or monthly requirements.

"Owing to great labor troubles at the moment, it will be hard to start spinning at full capacity, even if the cotton were on the spot. But it is estimated that within a few months after cotton begins to arrive the mills could use 40,000 bales a month."

Houston County Laymen's Movement.

We, the undersigned laymen of Crockett and Houston county, realizing the importance of more activity by the laymen in social, moral, educational and religious matters, and feeling that there is a work for us to do in the promotion of the cause of Christianity, hereby tender to the different churches and the people of the county generally, and especially to the people in the rural sections, our services in the matter of delivering addresses at the several churches and other places throughout the county upon religious and kindred subjects, at such times and places as may be desired by the people at such places.

It is not intended that these addresses shall be of a denominational or doctrinal character, but are to be cast upon a plane of broad social, moral, educational, spiritual and religious effort.

Also, these addresses are to be made only upon the special invitation of the various localities desiring such service, to the end that there may be no confusion or misunderstandings, and out of a desire that there be no suspicion of intrusion.

In the hope that we may be of at least some service in the direction indicated, we hereby pledge our best efforts and our sincere intentions. Respectfully submitted.

J. W. Madden,
A. A. Aldrich,
I. A. Daniel,
Joe Adams,
B. F. Dent,
J. H. Painter,
John I. Moore,
J. W. Young,
J. H. Rosser.

40,000 American Troops Will Be Left on Rhine.

Coblentz, July 28.—The Third Division of the American army has been ordered home from the occupied area of Germany. It will begin entraining for Brest Aug. 5.

The 75-millimeter and 155-millimeter guns of the Third Division, which were instrumental in stopping the Germans at the Marne a year ago, will be shipped on barges down the Rhine to Rotterdam and thence to the United States.

The movement of the Third Division to the port of embarkation is expected to be completed within one week.

The departure of the Third Division will leave approximately 40,000 American troops on the Rhine. These consist of the First Division holding the bridgehead proper, and various units connected with the headquarters of the American forces in Germany, such as the hospital, commissary, engineers and sanitary experts, together with squads engaged in disposing of army material and on other necessary duties.

In Japan individuals own only the surface of the ground and its products, all mineral deposits being government property.

M'NEALUS BREAKS WITH DEMOCRATS

Dallas Senator Believes the Time
Has Come to Strike Down
Radicalism.

Dallas, Texas, July 28.—Senator J. C. McNealus, veteran member of the senate from the Dallas district, has split with the majority of the Texas democrats and will make the race for the office of lieutenant governor of the State at the next election aligned with Joseph W. Bailey's "people's democratic party" and running on an anti-suffrage and anti-Dean prohibition bill platform. This announcement he gave out here Monday.

"I have no apologies to offer for a single act of my official record," Senator McNealus said. "If I had the opportunity to vote upon every question coming before that body during my term of service again I would vote just as I did. Those who oppose me will have a chance to express that opposition; those who endorse the democracy for which I stand will have an opportunity of expressing their approval.

"I expect to attend the meeting (of the people's democratic party) called in Fort Worth for August 1 and will take part in its proceedings. The time has come when we must either have a new party expressive of genuine democracy or we must have a compromise with the tyrannical and fanatical majority now in control of our politics. The party must be purged of socialism, both State and national."

Senator McNealus said the Dean bill should never have been enacted, declaring it was an effort by politicians to keep prohibition an issue. He said he obeyed the dictates of the people of Texas in opposing ratification of national suffrage.

TALKS OF OLD TIME DEMOCRATIC FAITH

FORMER SENATOR HARKS BACK
TO THOMAS JEFFERSON
PRINCIPLES.

Orange, Texas, July 28.—Speaking to a great crowd at Stark park here Monday night, former Senator Joseph W. Bailey declared that the "old time democracy was not the stuff Cyclone Davis was advertising but the stuff fought for by Thomas Jefferson, John H. Reagan and others." State rights, he said, were a distinct principle of democracy. He said that it was true that a man could be a pro or anti so far as State's rights were concerned but could not be a national prohibitionist and be a true democrat.

As to the league of nations, he declared that had the idea been fostered by the republican party, that every democratic congressman would have voted against it. He reiterated his opposition to woman suffrage and referred to the fact that there were instances where girls who had taken the places of soldiers who faced the Prussian guards were now clamoring to retain them through the spirit advocated by the suffragettes.

Senator Bailey was introduced by Mayor O. R. Sholars, who presented him as a democrat who had remained in line while others had strayed.

Mr. Bailey arrived here Monday morning from Washington to take up private business matters with the Southern Dry Dock and Shipbuilding company. At noon the former senator was the guest of F. H. Farwell and a large party of leading citizens at a dinner served at the Holland hotel.

Splendid Values In Stationery

Good paper always reflects an air of refinement. It need not necessarily be high priced, but should be well chosen.

We can furnish an elegant quality of paper with envelopes to match—at a very reasonable price.

The style is correct. Our stationery contains the latest things in

**Box Papers, Bulk Papers
Correspondence Cards
Tablets, Etc.**

BISHOP DRUG COMPANY

Prompt Service Store—Two Phones: 47 and 140

We - Practice - Professional - Pharmacy

LOCAL NEWS ITEMS

J. S. French was at Athens this week.

Good hay wire for sale cheap at R. L. Shivers'. 2t.

Mr. and Mrs. Dan P. Craddock announce the arrival of a baby girl.

House and lot for sale. Apply to Geo. W. Crook for particulars.

Paul Stokes is at home from Southern Methodist University, Dallas.

W. G. Cartwright reached home Tuesday from the northern markets.

Mrs. Eskell Jensen has come from Fort Worth to be with her husband in Crockett.

For Sale.
Piano in A-1 condition. See Mrs. T. G. McConnico. tf.

See those good buggy harness at R. L. Shivers'. He can save you money and give you the best goods. 2t.

Miss Mildred Collins of Lovelady and Miss Grace Collins of Groveton were visitors in Crockett last week.

L. L. Murray has moved his Nash automobile agency to Lufkin, where he will also handle the Dodge automobile.

Mrs. J. B. Deal and children left Wednesday afternoon for Amarillo to visit her parents, Judge and Mrs. R. W. Hall.

The wagon for service, long life and convenience is the Weber, sold by Moore & Shivers, in both oak and bois d'arc. tf.

We buy hides, green or dry, and pay top price. See us before you sell. Arnold Brothers. tf.

Go to R. L. Shivers for your next pair of good shoes. You can buy them now cheaper than the wholesale cost will be next spring. 2t.

There are wagons, then there are the Weber wagons, which give the service and satisfaction to all users. Try one from Moore & Shivers. tf.

Lost Casing.

Automobile casing, 30x3 1/2, Amazon. Finder will please leave at Courier office and receive reward. 3t.*

Miss Delha Mildred Wootters returned home Wednesday from her Tyler visit.

Mr. and Mrs. B. R. Purcell have returned from Smithville, where they were called by the accidental death by drowning of a brother of Mr. Purcell.

Miss Delha Mildred Wootters is a member of Miss Frances Sledge's house party at Tyler and writes to her mother that she is having an enjoyable visit.

Advertising Builds.

Advertising builds sales. Backed by good store service, it wins permanent customers. It pays best only when customers come time and again. Merchants know that their advertisements must be truthful before they can win permanent trade.

County Judge Nat Patton informs the Courier that Houston county will receive four and possibly six army trucks from the national government for use on the public roads of the county. The trucks are to be delivered at Tyler and driven from there to Crockett.

Mr. Will Allbright and Mrs. Veronica Engles were married Sunday afternoon by Rev. C. B. Garrett at the Methodist parsonage. Mr. Allbright lives four miles south of Crockett and has many friends. His bride has been living in the Satterwhite community and is equally popular.

Army Air Service.

The following Houston county boys have enlisted in the army aviation service at Ellington Field:
Clifford G. Webb, Crockett.
John B. Leutwyler, Crockett.
Raymond D. Black, Grapeland.
Ben Chaffin, Grapeland.

Strayed.

One bright orange colored Jersey bull, branded A on right hip and right hip knocked down. Also one fawn colored Jersey heifer branded A on right hip. Information leading to recovery will be rewarded.

L. A. Hollis,
Crockett, Route 3.

Home from France.

Gus Meriwether and Chas. Thos. Hall are at home from France and Germany, where they saw service with the 22nd Engineers. Their military training was at Camp Travis. Also returning from France and Germany is Andrew J. Spence, who saw service with the 7th Division. The 7th was a regular army division and trained at Camp McArthur.

Henry J. Berry was again called to Galveston Sunday by the serious condition of Mr. A. M. Carleton, who recently underwent a critical operation. Mr. Carleton's friends here will be glad to note an improvement in his condition.

Dodging Doesn't Pay.

In a recent issue of Associated Advertising, a writer said there was a time when he thought he was slick when he could avoid the advertising solicitor of a newspaper, but that experience had later shown him that he was not slick, but foolish. He has found that advertising pays, and that the newspaper advertising solicitor often has very good suggestions to offer.

Estray Notice.

Taken up by A. O. Atkinson, 4 miles south from Lovelady, in Houston county, and estrayed before C. H. Barbee, J. P., one red spotted cow about 4 years old, marked crop off left and under-half crop in right ear. She has no brands. Owner can get this cow by paying all lawful charges, otherwise she will be dealt with according to law.

C. H. Barbee,
Justice Peace.

Notice to Public.

The board of trustees has given me exclusive right as teacher on school campus, and I solicit the patronage of the public, old patrons and all who wish to take up music. Will teach at old music room, which fronts on campus of school. Fall term will start as soon as school opens.

Terms: \$5.00 for eight half-hour lessons.

Mrs. L. Meriwether,
Authorized Teacher of Progressive Piano Series. 4t.

Money, Land and Life Insurance

I will buy your vendor lien notes—loan you money on long time. No delay—fifteen years right here—you can talk it to me direct. Land for sale in large or small tracts, and I sell the best Life Insurance contract—The Aetna. Let me explain it to you.

The Man Who Gives Personal Service to Farmers.

B. B. WARFIELD

Office North Side Public Square.

CROCKETT, TEXAS

Announcement.

I wish to announce to the people in Crockett, Lovelady and vicinity that I am not able to visit Crockett and Lovelady this year. Those who desire to see me can find me at Trinity, Texas, office at Gibson Hotel until Thursday, August 21. Yours for better eyesight.

2t. Dr. A. H. Rosenthal.

Advertise Your Communities.

If your section of Houston county is not mentioned in the Crockett Courier, its editor is not to blame. Send him the news of your section, boost your advantages and the Courier will give them publicity. If you can not take time to write up the advantages of your locality, don't grouch because they are overlooked in the Courier.

Trinity Wins Again.

Trinity defeated Slocum in a second game of baseball at Crockett Friday afternoon. Thirteen innings were required to decide the game, the result finally standing 2 to 1. It was a good game of ball throughout and drew a big crowd, people being present all the way from Elkhart to Trinity. Slocum is east of Elkhart in Anderson county.

Married at Lovelady.

Mr. Gail Leediker and Miss Mary Carlisle were married Friday night at Lovelady by Rev. T. N. Mainer, the Lovelady pastor. The bride and the bridegroom are among Houston county's most popular young people and they have the best wishes of all. Mr. Leediker's home is in Crockett. The former home of his pretty, young bride was at Creek, but she has been living in Crockett recently, holding a position in the county clerk's office. Mr. and Mrs. Leediker will continue to make their home in Crockett.

Farm for Sale.

138 1/2 acres 10 miles east of Crockett, 1 mile from Belott store and gin, 1 1/2 miles from 9 months high school; 65 acres in cultivation, balance good tillable land in pasture; farm under good fence and cross fenced; two sets good improvements, two tanks, two good wells, one good cistern, one nice garage, good barns and out buildings, nice orchard. No better up-land farm in Houston county. Price \$15.00 per acre. For quick sale see or write

2t.1t.* B. E. Wheeler,
Route A, Crockett, Texas.

New August Numbers of Columbia Records



"Just Another Good Man Gone Wrong"—Fox Trot

Pepfully played by the Louisiana Five Jazz Orchestra, the newest Columbia combination, which also plays the coupling "Yelping Hound Blues," another irresistible fox-trot. A-2742—85c

"Tears (of Love)"—One Step "Yama Yama Blues"—Fox Trot

"Tears (of Love)," introducing "I'm Glad I can Make You Cry" and "Pahjamah," won't make you cry, but dance. "Yama Yama Blues" will make you dance some more. A-2741—85c.

"Mammy's Lullaby"—Waltz "The Red Lantern"—Fox Trot

The Happy Six plays this perfect waltz, and the Waldorf-Astoria Dance Orchestra this famous fox-trot from the music especially composed for Nazimova's great new motion picture, "The Red Lantern." A-2747—85c.

GET THE BIG AUGUST DANCE LIST--READY NOW

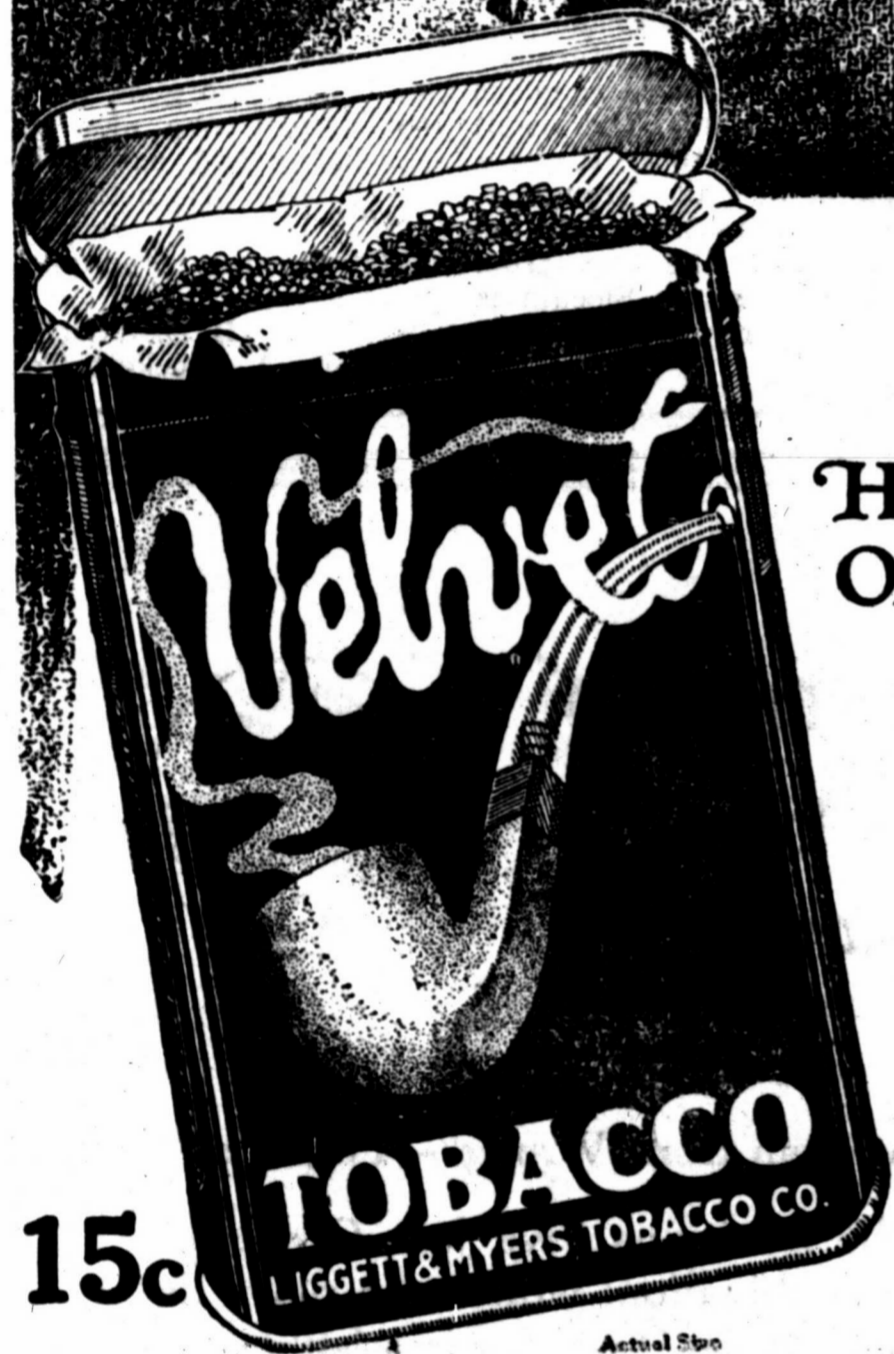
DEUPREE & WALLER, INC.

FURNITURE AND UNDERTAKING



A friendly pipeful makes even the umpire seem almost human.

Velvet Joe



Honest to Goodness Ole Kentucky Burley—

aged for eight seasons by Nature's way—in wooden hogs-heads. That's the true story of Velvet.

Judge Velvet with your eyes wide open. It is just the good old honest tobacco that it looks and smells.

But the mellow, mellow, mellowness—the coolness and the comfort of it! The taste! Well, a pipeful of Velvet proves more than a page of print. Play Ball.

Want a mild, tasty cigarette?
Roll one with Velvet.

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

—the friendly tobacco

JUMPS \$12,121,450 IN TWENTY YEARS

Assessment of 35c Will Be Necessary
Next Year to Provide the Necessary Revenue.

Austin, Tex., July 23.—It cost the state of Texas \$2,878,450 twenty years ago to maintain all its departments and institutions. Appropriations made by the regular and special sessions of the thirty-sixth legislature for the fiscal year 1919-20 are approximately \$15,000,000.

The growth in the appropriations necessary to sustain the various branches of the state government and the state's institutions is shown in a comparative statement prepared by George B. Terrell of Cherokee county. Mr. Terrell has been a member of the legislature twenty years. He has compiled a table showing the taxable values, the appropriations expended and the revenue tax rate for every year from 1900 to the present.

Mr. Terrell's table shows that the taxable values in 1900 were \$946,320,258; in twenty years they have climbed to \$3,101,000,000. The increase in taxable values and in the money spent by the state government has been gradual, while the tax rate has varied. In 1900 the rate was 16 2-3c; while a tax of 35c will be necessary next year to provide the revenue to cover appropriations made by the legislature.

\$28,000,000 Appropriated.
In appropriations made by the thir-

ty-sixth legislature at its regular and two called sessions expenditures of approximately \$28,000,000 have been authorized for the next two fiscal years. Of this amount approximately \$15,000,000 is authorized to be spent in the first year and approximately \$13,000,000 in the second year.

An estimate of probable revenue for the next two years, furnished the legislature by the controller, indicates that perhaps the amount authorized to be spent during the first year exceeds the available revenue. However, the smaller appropriation for the second year is sure to come sufficiently within the available revenue for that year to leave a margin that will take care of any deficit during the first year, if one should develop. It is considered by members of the legislature that the total appropriation for the two years is therefore within the estimated available revenue for the two-year period.

Ex-Governor Gets Verdict Against
Houston Post.

Houston, Tex.—Ex-Gov. James E. Ferguson of Texas was awarded \$10,000 damages by the jury in the district court here in his suit for \$100,000 against the Houston Post for alleged libelous matter printed by the paper during the last gubernatorial campaign. The suit was based on resolutions which the paper printed as adopted by a political club at Columbus, Texas, in which the loyalty of Governor Ferguson was attacked.

The Post contended that the resolutions were "news," whether the allegations were true or not. Five suits are still pending against the Chronicle, totaling \$500,000, and another \$100,000 suit against the Post.

Try Courier advertisers.

URGES COMPLIANCE WITH PEACE TERMS

Dr. Hermann Mueller Tells the Weimar Assembly to Work for Revision.

Weimar, July 21.—Dr. Hermann Mueller, minister of foreign affairs, speaking before the national assembly Wednesday urged the carrying out of the peace treaty to the utmost while working also for its revision. He advocated the friendliest disposition towards Belgium by real sacrifices, thus paving the way for an understanding with Belgium's neighbor nation, France.

The foreign minister entered a strong plea in favor of the league of nations. He declared that the German people, having discarded their militarism, must devote themselves to convincing a distrustful world of their unshakable will to peace, so that the policy of alliances, which precipitated the war shall be buried forever.

In addressing the national assembly, Gustav Adolph Bauer, the premier, alluding to the recent strikes, warned the country against a hasty revolution, which he said could only be a counter-revolution resulting in disaster. The premier admitted the great masses of the people had ground for discontent and said it was the government's task to remove any just reason for this. The remedy, he added, was a law regulating workers' councils and economic councils, which the government would draft. There would also be a bill, the pre-

meir announced, to nationalize electric power stations and socialize the production of lignite. The premier offered a long exposition of the government's policy which he said was one of socialization. He declared that the socialization of other mines would follow that of the lignite mines and said a democratic state possessing railways, electricity and mines would be in a position to give to Germany's economic life that form of contentment which he considered right and possible.

"We shall need to work and to abhor revenge," the premier said in conclusion. "We shall have to renew our national life and give national thought on the foundation of the league of nations idea. On the growth and the strengthening of that idea our hope must rest and from it must come a revision of the peace treaty."

Street Railway Officials Want City to Purchase.

Dallas, Tex., July 24.—Officials of the Dallas Railway Company want the citizens of Dallas to suggest and work out, as far as possible, a plan whereby the properties of the street car company may be turned over to the city of Dallas, J. F. Strickland, president of the company, said today. He declared the officials have no plan for the transfer of the property, but that they realize that something must be done within the next several months in order to enable the street car company to meet its financial obligations in 1922, at which time the organization will have to be refinanced.

Sensitive automatic temperature and humidity regulating apparatus is claimed to reduce to a minimum the losses from irregular drying in a new lumber kiln.

AIR MAIL PILOTS THREATEN STRIKE

Aviators Claim the Post Office Department Is Careless of Their Safety.

Belmont Park, N. Y., July 24.—Asserting that they are forced to fly not only in bad weather, but also in unsafe machines, 20 aerial mail pilots Thursday served notice on Second Assistant Postmaster General Praeger at Washington that they would refuse to fly Friday unless reinstatement was granted two brother pilots, who, they asserted, were discharged because they refused to take the air Tuesday on account of fog.

The airmen Thursday received from Mr. Praeger telegrams stating that the orders applying to the two pilots had not been revoked and asserting that "where flying conditions are such that they cannot operate they have the option to resign."

According to the men at Belmont Field, the strike will affect the aviators at Chicago, Cleveland and Bellefonte, as well as at Belmont Park. They claim the aerial mail to Chicago and Washington will be tied up unless the department reinstates the two discharged pilots and promises to make the machines safer for the pilots who remain in the service.

The aviators, who are said to have invited congressional inquiry, assert that since June 15 during the recent rainy period, no less than 15 accidents occurred, in which ten planes were demolished and two pilots killed.

PUBLISHER SOUNDS TIMELY WARNING

Increase in Rates Urged Before State Press Association in New York.

That the newspapers of the country were not only responsible for the morale of the army and country during the war, but that they are today in a precarious position unless most judicious management is maintained, and that consideration of the cost of production is the keynote to the very existence of many of the newspapers, were among the highlights of a most interesting paper offered by Frank E. Gannett of the Rochester (N. Y.) Times-Union, before the New York State Press association, at a recent meeting held in Saratoga. In part he said:

"The prosperity which is now at hand is being manifested by increased advertising in all publications that go after the business. Many great concerns face a large excess profit tax. These concerns are planning a big advertising campaign to reduce the amount of their tax, realizing that whatever money they put into advertising will be charged up to an expense in this year's balance sheet and yet will greatly increase the valuation of their business in future years. In other words, it is an investment instead of an expense, although under the government rules, it can be charged up as an expense.

"Looking at conditions in general, it is safe to say that newspapers for the next two years will have all the business they can handle.

"In the newspaper business, as in every other business, the labor problem assumes a serious aspect. There is no ground for expecting lower wages in any line of activity. Instead, wages are bound to go higher. The trades that are organized are making great demands and newspapers must expect no exemption from the general tendency. Labor will demand a larger share of profits, and if we are able to keep out of our business radical profit-sharing revolutionary schemes, we may consider ourselves lucky.

"Publishers must accept a constantly increasing wage scale whether they are conducting a paper in a small town or in a large city. During the past decade, the unions have so reduced the number of apprentices that printers now are scarce and it has reached the point where it is now almost impossible for the small town publisher to find a printer outside of his own shop. Indeed, it is not merely a question of how much you will have to pay for printers, but it is a question whether you can get them at all.

Cost of Making a Newspaper.

"The labor costs of making paper have been rising and are already reflected in the price of paper. A recent advance of 10 per cent has caused several concerns to raise the price of their product. Others have absorbed this increase by reducing their margin of profit which I have been told has been much larger than was justified by conditions.

"Facing therefore an increase in labor costs and in the cost of materials, what is a newspaper publisher to do? He has only two sources of revenue: circulation and advertising. With the purchasing power of a dollar cut in half, a newspaper publisher

HANDS, ARMS, LIMBS ASLEEP

And Was Run-Down, Weak and Nervous, Says Florida Lady. Five Bottles of Cardui Made Her Well.

Kathleen, Fla.—Mrs. Dallas Prime of this place, says: "After the birth of my last child... I got very much run-down and weakened, so much that I could hardly do anything at all. I was so awfully nervous that I could scarcely endure the least noise. My condition was getting worse all the time..."

"I knew I must have some relief or I would soon be in the bed and in a serious condition for I felt so badly and was so nervous and weak I could hardly live. My husband asked Dr. about my taking Cardui. He said, 'It's a good medicine, and good for that trouble', so he got me 5 bottles... After about the second bottle I felt greatly improved... before taking it my limbs and hands and arms would go to sleep. After taking it, however, this poor circulation disappeared. My strength came back to me and I was soon on the road to health. After the use of about 5 bottles, I could do all my house-work and attend to my six children besides."

"You can feel safe in giving Cardui a thorough trial for your troubles. It contains no harmful or habit-forming drugs, but is composed of mild, vegetable, medicinal ingredients with no bad after-effects. Thousands of women have voluntarily written, telling of the good Cardui has done them. It should help you, too. Try it."

must make today twice as much money as he did formerly if he is to be as well off as he was before the war. How can he do it with costs increasing without increasing his revenue proportionately?

"Publishers must increase advertising rates and subscription rates.

"Considering the conditions throughout the country, increased cost of composition and increased expense of newspaper publishing, there is all the justification in the world for an increase in advertising rates. Every publisher who raises his rates, makes it easier for the other fellow to do the same. The publisher who does not raise his rates may get more business but he will not in the long run be so well off as the one who has the courage to demand a just rate.

"I want to urge with all my strength an increase everywhere in advertising rates and in subscription rates in order that publishers may continue to maintain the highest possible standard for their publications. It must come if publishers continue in the business.

Permitting Galveston County and City to Issue Bonds for Grade Raising Purposes.

Senate Joint Resolution No. 23.

A joint resolution proposing and submitting to the people of the State of Texas an amendment to Article sixteen of the Constitution of the State of Texas by adding thereto a new section and authorizing the City of Galveston and County of Galveston to issue bonds for protective works, irrespective of Constitutional limitation, in the aggregate of five million dollars for both city and county, as may be by the city or county deemed necessary for the raising of the grade, building seawalls and breakwaters and doing any and all kinds of protective works in said city and county, and to levy and collect taxes to retire said bonds, principal and interest, providing for a sinking fund and creating an emergency.

Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

Section 1. The City of Galveston and the County of Galveston, and each of them are hereby authorized to issue bonds in such amounts not to exceed in the aggregate five million dollars, for both City and County, as may be by the city or county deemed necessary for the raising of the grade, building seawalls and breakwaters, and doing any and all other kinds of protective works in said city and county, without regard to and irrespective of any provisions of the Constitution of the State of Texas limiting tax levies and governing bond issues, and for that purpose to levy and collect taxes to retire and pay same, principal and interest, but no debt shall ever be incurred for such purpose, unless provision is made at the time of creating same, for levying and collecting a sufficient tax to pay the interest thereon and to provide at least two per cent as a sinking fund, this provision being cumulative, and authorizing the issuance of such bonds in addition to those heretofore issued for such purposes and still outstanding, the amount of such additional bonds to be issued by the county hereunder not to exceed one million dollars, and the amount of such additional bonds to be issued by the city hereunder not to exceed four million dollars, but nothing herein shall apply to bonds heretofore or hereafter issued for purposes other than those herein defined, provided however, that that portion of Galveston County not lying within the corporate limits of the City of Galveston shall not be taxed for the purpose of issuing bonds for any of the purposes herein provided within the corporate limits of the City of Galveston, unless such bond issue and tax levy be authorized by a majority of all the tax paying voters residing in Galveston County outside of the Corporate limits of the City of Galveston; provided that no such bonds issued by the city of Galveston shall be valid unless such bond issue and tax levy be authorized by a majority of all qualified tax paying voters of the city of Galveston, voting at an election to be called for that purpose by the Mayor and Board of Commissioners of said City of Galveston.

Sec. 2. The Governor is hereby directed to issue the necessary proclamation for submitting an amendment to the Constitution to the qualified electors of the State of Texas on the first Tuesday in November, 1919, being the fourth day of November, 1919. Those favoring the amendment shall have written or printed on their ballots the words, "For the amendment to Article sixteen of the Constitution of the State of Texas, authorizing the issuance of bonds by the City and County of Galveston." And those opposed to the said amendment shall have written or printed on their ballots the words, "Against the amendment to Article sixteen of the Constitution of the State of Texas, authorizing the issuance of bonds by the City and County of Galveston."

Sec. 3. The sum of five thousand (\$5,000.00) dollars, or so much thereof as is necessary, out of the funds in the State Treasury not otherwise appropriated, is hereby appropriated to pay expenses for the carrying out of the provisions of this Resolution.

George F. Howard,
Secretary of State.
(Attest—A True Copy.) 4t.

A new ferrule for crutches, wooden legs or canes is tipped with rubber and contains a coiled spring inside of tubing so it revolves as well as being resilient.

FEDERAL OWNERSHIP ADVOCATED BY FOSS

Transit Company Official Says That Proposals Are "Stuff and Nonsense."

Washington, July 24.—Eugene N. Foss, former governor of Massachusetts, advocating government ownership of all public utilities, and James L. Quackenbush, counsel for the Interborough Rapid Transit Company of New York, who declared Mr. Foss' proposals were "stuff and nonsense," gave the federal electric railways committee today the liveliest session since it started its investigation of the condition of street railways in this country.

"Private ownership has fallen down," Mr. Foss asserted. "There is left only public ownership, with private operation, or public ownership and operation."

"Put a stop to this cheap talk, to this 'old stuff,'" retorted Mr. Quackenbush. "Unless we can get an increase in fares between now and January it means a receiver for the Interborough. If you are going to do something, get busy."

Other witnesses today were J. D. Mortimer, president of the Milwaukee Electric Railway and Light Company, and James O. Carr of Pittsburg, formerly a member of the New York upstate public service committee. A letter from Thomas Edison was read, in which he said: "The ironclad contracts between the roads and cities, made in pioneering days under normal conditions, have no protective clauses against the greatest change that has taken place in centuries—due to the world war. The municipalities can exact their pound of flesh if they so desire, with the ultimate bankruptcy of these organizations, but the spirit that is now abroad in the world is against this."

Mr. Foss expressed a belief that the electric lines in his state would be well on the way to public ownership "before snow flies." Recent fare increases to 10c in Boston were not popular, he said, resulting in a loss of 25 per cent in traffic and \$4,000 a day in revenue.

Search for Strikers in Army Prison Made.

Leavenworth, Kan., July 26.—The searching of 1,600 of the 1,900 prisoners in the strike at the disciplinary barracks at Fort Leavenworth took place today. Soldiers with repeating rifles were stationed around the big new cellhouse and machine guns were placed to rake the inclosure when the prisoners in wing 1 were given the command to line up. They all did so, when they were marched into the yard, arms folded, and searched while

standing between lines of soldiers. The cells were also searched. Five wings were searched today and the sixth will be searched tomorrow. No dynamite or revolvers were found, but a number of jack knives and daggers made from table knives were discovered.

Even Rose Petal Wine Made at Home Under Ban.

Dallas, Tex., July 26.—The office of the United States district attorney has received numerous inquiries from points in the district as to whether it is a violation of the federal prohibition law to make wines at home for home use. Quoting the wartime pro-

hibition act of Nov. 21, 1918, W. B. Harrel, assistant United States district attorney, has ruled that such manufacture is unlawful, as the wartime act is still in effect.

The provision covering the question says that "no grains, cereals, fruit or other food product shall be used in the manufacture or production of beer, wine or other intoxicating malt or vinous liquors for beverage purposes."

A delicious wine can be made from rose petals, according to information received at the district attorney's office. If this wine can be made without using sugar, its manufacture would be legal, but as sugar is required, even rose petal wine is taboo.

Drink
Coca-Cola
DELICIOUS and REFRESHING

Coca-Cola is a perfect answer to thirst that no imitation can satisfy.

Coca-Cola quality, recorded in the public taste, is what holds it above imitations.

Demand the genuine by full name—nicknames encourage substitution.

THE COCA-COLA CO.
ATLANTA, GA.

Sold Everywhere

Camel Cigarettes

What you pay out your good money for is cigarette satisfaction—and, my, how you do get it in every puff of Camels!

18 cents a package

EXPERTLY blended choice Turkish and choice Domestic tobaccos in Camel cigarettes eliminate bite and free them from any unpleasant cigarette aftertaste or unpleasant cigarette odor.

low-mildness of the tobaccos yet retaining the desirable "body." Camels are simply a revelation! You may smoke them without tiring your taste!

Camels win instant and permanent success with smokers because the blend brings out to the limit the refreshing flavor and delightful mel-

For your own satisfaction you must compare Camels with any cigarette in the world at any price. Then, you'll best realize their superior quality and the rare enjoyment they provide.

E. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO COMPANY, Winston-Salem, N. C.

STATE TAX RATE FIXED AT 75 CENTS

This Is an Increase of 20 Cents Per \$100 Valuation Over the Present Rate.

Austin, Texas, July 24.—The State tax rate for 1920 is to be 75 cents per \$100 valuation. This is the limit of 35 cents ad valorem, 20 cents school, 15 cents for free text books and 5 cents for pensions for Confederate veterans. This is an increase of 20 cents over the limit for this year, 5 cents more for the ad valorem and 5 cents for text books. The total appropriations to be cared for during the year 1920 will be \$17,710,703 and the rate as fixed, plus about a million dollars still in the treasury unexpended, being a surplus from the preceding year and the total of unexpended appropriations for drouth relief, will prevent any deficit despite the fact that the estimated revenues will be somewhat short of the amount appropriated.

Had the total appropriations for the two years been taken into consideration and the tax equitably divided there would have been no necessity for the maximum, but the appropriations for 1921 are some \$5,000,000 less than those for 1920. Unless there are unforeseen contingencies, entirely probable, the rate will be cut at least 10 cents for the following year.

Comptroller Terrell stated that the unprecedented growth of the State makes it certain that receipts from sources other than ad valorem taxes will be far greater than in the past, and they amounted to \$5,360,648 during the past year for the general revenue and \$3,636,698 for the available school fund.

There will be no hawking of warrants and every man who gets one will find the money in the treasury with which to redeem it.

The estimated total of the county tax rolls against which the ad valorem tax will be assessed is \$3,100,905,726, which is an increase of approximately \$88,000,000 over last year. There is no probable loss to either the general revenue or to the school fund as a result of prohibition because there has been practically no revenue from that source for the past year.

Two Youthful Joy Riders Come to Grief.

Saturday night while B. A. Harrison and family were attending the picture show at the Best Theatre, their new Ford automobile disappeared from in front of the theatre, and when they came out to go home the theft was discovered and immediately reported to officers. Sheriff McInnis and others got busy, and soon had the surrounding territory covered with phone messages asking neighbor officers to be on the lookout for the car.

Early Sunday a message came from Grapeland, from a deputy sheriff, saying the car was there in charge of

ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR

SAXA

Nature's Gift to Suffering Humanity.

A natural mineral deposit and very effective antiseptic.

In powder form for cancers, piles, running sores, flesh cuts, burns, all skin diseases.

In liquid form for indigestion, chronic dyspepsia, impoverished blood, general debility, kidney trouble, rheumatism.

Should be kept in every household for emergencies.

READ WHAT OTHERS SAY ABOUT SAXA

For a sure cure of bloody protruding piles I highly recommend Rogers' mineral (now known as Saxa) to all sufferers of that trouble. I am a farmer and had suffered from a severe case of piles for 15 years, and at times was unable to attend to my business. For seven years I could not ride horseback. Many times I would willingly have given \$500 to have been cured. Often my suffering was so intense I would tell my wife that I would give all we possessed, to the amount of \$10,000, to be permanently cured. After using one package of Rogers' mineral (Saxa) (Nature's Medicine) I was permanently cured in a few days, and now am perfectly well and able to ride horseback and do anything I wish to. Use it and be cured.

G. W. Hoegemeyer,
Weimar, Texas.

For sale in Crockett by Crockett Drug Co., Bishop Drug Co.

SAXA PRODUCTS COMPANY
Houston, Texas.

two small boys, apparently about 12 years of age. The officer wired he had taken the boys into custody and would hold them. Sheriff McInnis left at once for Grapeland, but when he arrived there he found the boys had given their captor the dodge and were last seen headed south.

Sheriff McInnis left at once for Lantex and arrested the boys just out of that village. They were brought back here. They told the sheriff, we understand, that they wanted to go to Houston on a visit.—Palestine Herald.

Relating to Confederate Pensions and Increasing Tax Rates for Payment of Same.

House Joint Resolution No. 35. Proposing an amendment to Section 51 of Article 3 of the Constitution of the State of Texas to provide that the Legislature may grant pensions to Confederate Soldiers, sailors and their widows, who have been citizens of Texas prior to Jan. 1, 1910, providing that all soldiers, sailors and their widows eligible under the provisions hereof shall be entitled to be placed upon the rolls and participate in the pension fund created hereunder; levying a tax of seven (\$.07) cents on the \$100.00 valuation of property in the State for the payment of such pension, providing that the Legislature may reduce the rate of pension for such purpose, fixing a time for the election to be held on such amendment, and making appropriation to pay the expenses thereof.

Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

Section 1. That Section 51 of Article 3 of the Constitution of the State of Texas shall be amended so as to hereafter read as follows:

Sec. 51. The Legislature shall have no power to make any grant or authorize the making of any grant of public money to any individual, association of individuals, municipalities or other corporations whatsoever, provided however, the Legislature may grant aid to indigent or disabled Confederate soldiers and sailors, who came to Texas prior to January 1, 1910, and to their widows in indigent circumstances and who have been bona fide residents of this State since January 1, 1910, and who were married to such soldiers or sailors prior to January 1, 1910, and to indigent and disabled soldiers who under special laws of the State of Texas during the war between the States served in organizations for the protection of the Frontier against Indian raiders or Mexican marauders and to indigent and disabled soldiers of the militia of the State of Texas who were in active service during the war between the States and to the widows of such soldiers who are in indigent circumstances and who were married to such soldiers prior to January 1, 1910, provided that the word "widow" in the preceding lines of this section shall not apply to women born since the year 1866, and all soldiers and sailors and widows of soldiers and sailors eligible under the above conditions shall be entitled to be placed upon the pension rolls and participate in the distribution of the pension fund of this State under any existing law or laws hereafter passed by the Legislature, and also to grant aid for the establishment and maintenance of a home for said soldiers and sailors, their wives and widows and women who aided in the confederacy under such regulations and limitations as may be provided by law, provided the Legislature may provide for husband and wife to remain together in the home. There is hereby levied in addition to all other taxes heretofore permitted by the Constitution of Texas a State ad valorem tax on property of seven (\$.07) cents on the \$100 valuation for the purpose of creating a special fund for the payment of pensions for services in the Confederate army and navy, frontier organizations and the militia of the State of Texas, and for the widows of such soldiers serving in said armies, navies, organizations or militia; provided that the Legislature may reduce the tax rate herein levied. And provided further, that the provisions of this section shall not be construed so as to prevent the grant of aid in cases of public calamity.

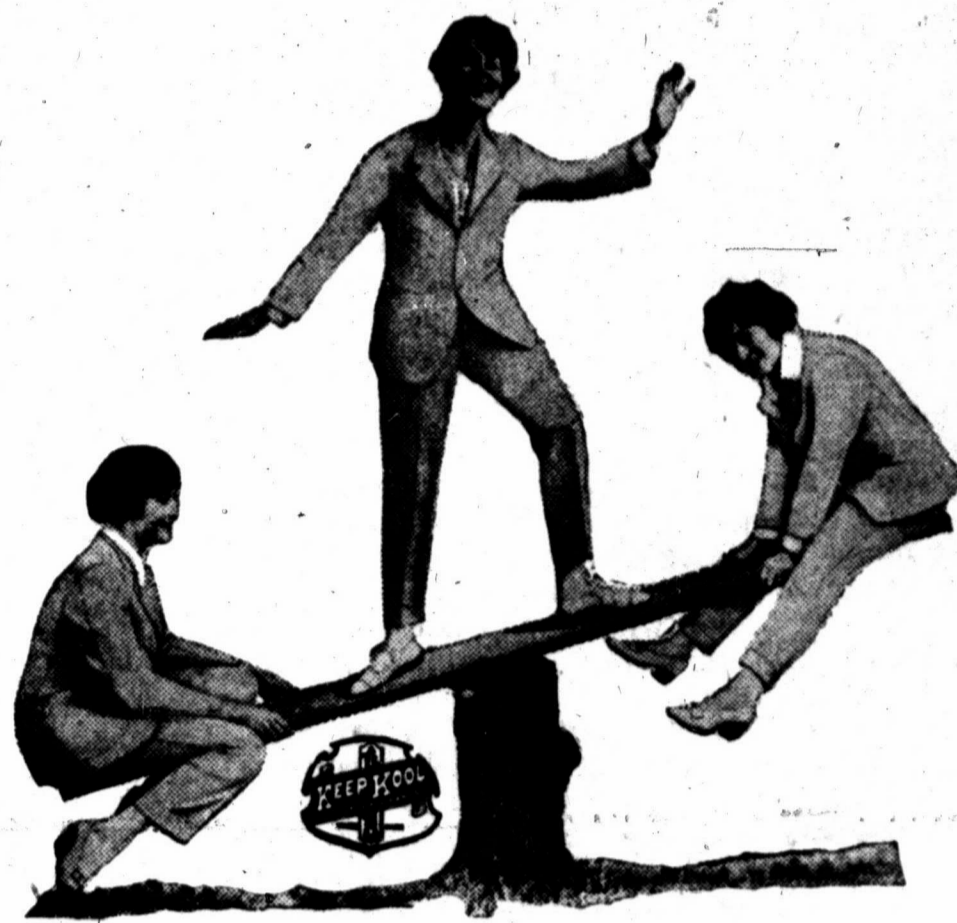
Sec. 2. The foregoing Constitutional amendment shall be submitted to a vote of the qualified voters of this State at an election to be held on Tuesday after the first Monday in November, A. D. 1919, at which all voters shall have printed or written on their ballots: "For amendment to Section 51 of Article 3 of the Constitution authorizing the Legislature to grant aid to Confederate soldiers, sailors and their widows who have been residents of this State since January 1, 1912," and "Against amendment to Section 51 of Article 3 of the Constitution, authorizing the Legislature to grant aid to Confederate soldiers and their widows."

Sec. 3. The Governor is hereby directed to issue the proclamation for said election and have the same published as required by the constitution and laws of this State, and the sum of Five Thousand (\$5,000.00) Dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby appropriated out of the general funds of this State not otherwise appropriated for expenses of (publications and elections thereunder.

George F. Howard,
Secretary of State.

(Attest—A True Copy.) 4t.

Earth pigments and ochers have been discovered near the Cape of Good Hope and South Africa's first paint factory has been opened.



You know that tropic-thin Summer Clothes are in style, but you don't know how much style is in Summer Clothes until you wear

Keep-Kool

The National Summer Suit for Men

"Keep-Kool" is our trademark; it is not a general trade term. Every "Keep-Kool" Suit has the label sewn under the collar.

JAS. S. SHIVERS

THE BIG STORE

PRODUCTION AND PROSPERITY

New York, July 22.—High wages alone will not insure that men will stick to their jobs and make their efforts productive in a maximum degree. There must be, in addition to good wages, a real understanding, a realization of mutuality of interest, between the employer and the employe, whether this be applied to factory, store or farm.

This fact has been recognized by the Associated Advertising Clubs of the World, with the result that the program for the world convention of advertising, which will be held in New Orleans September 21 to 25, will have for its central theme the promotion of advertising as an instrument of first importance in bringing about just such an understanding between capital and labor as will insure maximum production with its resulting prosperity.

In connection with this announcement by officers of the advertising clubs today, it was announced that Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, had accepted a place on the convention program, and that a man equally representative of capital would present the other side of the story.

It is the expectation that, in this manner, there can be formulated some fundamentals upon which capital and labor can agree in this movement for greater production with its resulting prosperity.

Following these addresses, a message will be framed, to go out to employers and employes, not attempting to force the details of any arrangements for an understanding, but setting forth the general principles and advocating the employment of advertising as the means for making each element in the world of industry better understand the other.

But the world convention of advertising in New Orleans will go further than this. It will recognize the fact that increased production and continued prosperity will depend upon finding markets for the goods thus produced, and again will truthfully advertising step into the discussion. Those skilled in creating markets hold that markets are in the minds of people and that, through advertising, it is possible to create demand, or

markets.

Hand in hand with the greater production needed to insure high wages and continuing purchasing power, therefore, advertising must be used to create the markets to absorb the goods.

In addition to discussions of these all important subjects at the advertising convention, there will also be an exhibit of advertising, at which will be shown complete advertising campaigns, both of the kind that have been used to insure an understanding between employer and employe and of a market-creating character.

A Frenchman claims to have invented an electric curling device for women's hair so effective the hair retains its shape for months.

Philadelphia Bank Looted of Nearly a Million.

Harrisburg, Pa., July 21.—Commissioner of Banking John S. Fisher announced Monday night that Ralph T. Moyer, cashier of the North Pennsylvania bank of Philadelphia, had admitted to James W. McBurney, receiver in charge of the bank, that there was a shortage of \$900,000.

The commissioner has ordered Moyer's arrest.

They Look As Good As They Taste

Imagine a woman in San Salvador, Central America, making tortillas! She would not be wasting her time doing this if she had access to the good things in our bakery where we produce the

MANY GOOD THINGS TO EAT

upon which this community is feasting every day—bread, cakes, pies, doughnuts, cookies and other grand things with the tasty flavor of the home kitchen. They look as good as they taste.

Crockett Grocery & Baking COMPANY

The Home of Sanitary Products

CORRESPONDENCE

Creek Letter.

Editor Courier:

We are enjoying some fine sunshine now. We have had plenty rain. But as God sends both the sunshine and the rain we try to be thankful for both. The men are working hard trying to get the cotton plowed out and hope to make something yet. Our soldier boys are coming home one by one. All the Creek boys have come but two. Little Max Taylor and Aaron McCullar were the only ones who got wounded, so we are thankful that the dreadful war is over and all at peace once more. I feel proud of our America, our President Wilson and our dear soldiers; though some of them lost their lives, they gained the victory.

Mrs. Laura Mangum and children are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Thomasson at Creek.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Hester and family from Robstown are visiting parents and relatives at Creek.

Mrs. Ace Coon has been very sick, but are glad to say she is improving.

Mrs. Clem Weaver and son of Corsicana who have been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Goodwin, in Creek, have returned home.

Mrs. George Erwin of this place is visiting relatives in San Antonio.

Old Creek is looking up once more since Mr. Arthur Sowers has taken charge of the singing. The young folks sing beautifully. Seems like old times. We also have a good Sunday school and as church clerk I am requested by our pastor to state that our Baptist protracted meeting will begin Saturday night before the fourth Sunday in August, and will be conducted by our pastor, Rev. N. J. Mainer of Lovelady, and Missionary J. C. Taylor of Cisco, Texas. Every-

one is cordially invited to come. Will have some good preaching and singing as we think our leader, Mr. Sowers, is the best. It may be the last meeting, and will pray for some of us, so we sincerely pray that God will send showers of blessings for He has promised that where two or three are gathered together in His name He will own and bless them.

L. N. Taylor who has spent many years in Mexico and now resides at Magdalena, New Mexico, has been with us for a few days' visit. He is the second son of Col. B. W. Taylor, now deceased. On account of his extensive mining interests he is returning to Magdalena and will come again in the winter for a two-months visit.

Correspondent.

X. Q. Doolittle Again Defends Woman Suffrage.

Crockett, Texas, July 29.

Editor Courier:

Some time before the election in which the people voted on the amendments, I had an article in your paper regarding woman suffrage. The county went against the issue, as I expected it would, but since that time the legislature has ratified the amendment giving women the privilege of voting in all the states. I have not seen the record as to how the representative of Houston county voted, but as the question is going to become an issue in the next regular primary I do not suppose our representative cares who knows how he voted.

I note that Mr. R. L. Henry, former congressman from Waco, is saying that there is being an organization perfected that will oust every representative who voted to ratify said amendment, and he is denouncing every representative in Texas who voted for the amendment, whose district voted against the amendment to the Texas constitution. I am not attempting to defend the representative of Houston county, for I do not know how he voted, besides I feel confident that he is able to take care of himself if he felt it his duty to vote for the national amendment, but I do want to insist that Mr. Henry's argument, instead of being democratic, as he says it is, is the most undemocratic position any man can take. I will admit that I am not able to quote the great men who are supposed to have organized the party, but I do believe that I know a principle when I see it. In this woman suffrage matter there is a principle involved that the world has been fighting for ages. Mr. Henry says that the Texas legislators disregarded the voice of the people, and of course takes the position that women are not people. Under Mr. Henry's theory what right have the women to a voice in our government? If he is correct in that position, why can't we go further and say they should not have any rights in the government of our homes, churches, schools and society. Mr. Henry goes back 100 years and quotes Jefferson; why does he not go back 2000 years and quote Solomon, for the Bible tells us that he was the wisest and greatest man that ever lived. History also tells us that Solomon had something like 700 wives and had several hundred lady friends on the side. Mr. Henry could have come a thousand years or so closer to our time, in the person of Henry the VIII of England. He was a great man in history, still he did not do a great deal to elevate woman to her present position, and I presume would have opposed woman suffrage more than Jefferson, or even Mr. Henry. Mr. Henry makes himself ridiculous in opposing woman suffrage, for he can not give any but a selfish, egotistical, non progressive reason for man voting against woman suffrage. From a standpoint of justice, man has no right to vote upon that question. We have no more right to say that our wives, daughters, sisters and mothers have no right to vote than we have to say that they shall not have anything to say regarding the government of the family.

The clause in our constitution which forbids woman's voting is a relic of the dark ages, and a disgrace to any and all civilized nations. Through all channels of reason and equity, woman possesses the right to vote, but due to the old time idea of woman inferiority, the framers of our constitution inserted the clause that forbade them the privileges of the ballot. Man is a selfish, egotistical, non-

progressive citizen who will say by his ballot that the woman shall not vote. It is not up to him to say it. It is for the women to say whether or not they want to vote, and until the women say by their own ballot that they do not want the right of suffrage, it is wrong for men to deny them the privilege, and you who have so denied them this privilege cannot come out in the open and defend your position. I do not pretend to say that the world will be better when the women have the privilege, and I do not say it will be worse, but I do say that it is up to the women to decide, just as every man can exercise his judgment as to whether or not he will vote and who he shall vote for. All men do not vote and all women will not vote, but I do believe that a majority of good women will always vote when a moral issue is involved, and no man can truthfully claim that a majority of women are immoral, or that as large a per cent of women are immoral as are of the men. So why not let them vote?

X. Q. Doolittle.

Says Daylight Saving Law Is Opposed by the Farmers.

The Galveston News today for the second time recently comments editorially on the interest of the farmers in the repeal of the daylight saving law and expresses the opinion in substance that the question does not affect the farmer and that he is therefore unwarrantedly interfering in a purely urban problem by his frequent resolutions of protest.

The writer lives at Crockett, the county seat of Houston county, in an important agricultural section of Texas and has practically during his whole life been interested in farms and farming and a close observer of the things which help or hinder successful farm operation.

On all farms contiguous to Crockett the "new time" and a ten-hour day constitute the present basis of pay. Since 7 o'clock by standard time is relatively early by sun time, the farm laborers have a plausible excuse for losing an hour or so in the morning, which they do not make up, as a rule, after the 6 o'clock quitting hour. Common labor commands from \$2 to \$3 per day, and is poor, unreliable and inefficient beyond the reach of the imagination of one who only knew conditions in this country "before the war"; that is, the late great war. The negroes, particularly, think that Uncle Sam is standing sponsor for the new schedule. Many of them think that employers of labor and even laborers themselves may be punished for working beyond the designated limits.

As a result of these conditions, together with the excessive wet weather, one-half of the acreage planted to cotton in this section has been lost in weeds and grass. Thousands of farms in the southeastern part of this state have been wholly abandoned. Hundreds of thousands, yes, millions of dollars advanced as farm crop loans will be charged off the books this fall as a total loss; and yet a great newspaper like the Galveston News ridicules editorially the efforts of intelligent farmers to induce the federal government to cease fostering discontent and bolshevism among their laborers by creating artificial standards to encourage idleness and sloth.

Next year the banks will undoubtedly refuse to advance as readily as they have done this year to farmers in this section. The farmers will have less money either their own or borrowed, with which to pay for farm labor. The worthless gang which has been preying upon the misfortunes and necessities of farmers this year, being dissatisfied and hearing rosy reports of conditions in the cities, will drift toward them and give this country a very real urban problem for solution, namely, what to do with laborers who will not labor.

N. H. Phillips.

Crockett, Texas, July 23, 1919.

THE DANCE.

Editor Courier:

There has often been controversy pro and con as to dancing. I will submit a few points on the con side. I get them from a prominent Baptist minister and he gets some points from a Methodist. Methodists and Baptists are known to agree with Presbyterians on this question.

"Some time ago a Methodist preacher in Austin sent the following question to fifty physicians in that city:

COMING!

DR. G. O. DICKSON

Optical Expert

will be with the Bishop Drug Company Saturday prepared with modern instruments to scientifically correct any error of the eye with correctly fitted lenses. Examination free. Work guaranteed.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 2

"Do you consider the modern dance, as engaged in by our young people, beneficial or detrimental to health? What did they say? One physician was found in that whole city who believed that the modern dance was beneficial to the bodies of men and women. Two or three declined to answer the question. The remainder of these gentlemen declared that injury to the body must result from this practice attributed to these excesses, late hours, necessitated exposures, and other attendant evils, that the dance necessitates and that have ever belonged to it. A half dozen of the most dreadful diseases, especially of women, were named as fattening in the number of victims from this practice. Reason after reason, not to be refuted in the field of science, was given to show that only injury could result from such a practice, the woman being the one most affected. References were made to great surgeons and their thousands of women who were being sent to the operating table by the excesses that are as necessary to the dance as water is to a fish. And what sensible mother is there that is cold-blooded enough to give consent to such practice as will undermine the health of her daughter, make her an invalid, and send her to an early grave? More than twenty of these physicians took up the terrible blight and disastrous consequences that come to the moral nature from the sensual dance of the present day. They declared that it could not be engaged in by normal men and women without the most intense sexual stimulation. They stated that the men who could dance in the ballroom without becoming sexually excited were the exception and not the rule. They then went further and showed that the sexual stimulation and excitement of the modern dance was as intense in the woman concerned as in the man, and much more dangerous to the nervous system, if not to her moral nature. They gave the scientific reasons for these conclusions. The greatest specialist in the city termed the dance 'deadly, disastrous, damning.' Since that time some of the leading medical authorities of this nation have come out in bold utterances. The leading surgeon of Johns Hopkins Hospital has declared that the sensual dance is bringing the nation to moral bankruptcy, and gives scientific reasons to back up his statement. The greatest specialist in St. Louis has issued a state-

ment, making this practice directly responsible for numerous physical ills and leaving no doubt as to its moral results. A group of good medical scientists in the East have named the modern dance the greatest foe to health that physicians have to contend with."

The above statements ought to have weight against dancing, even if we leave out of view the injury caused in a religious point of view.

S. F. Tenney.

FAKERS WHO POSE AS HOUSEHOLDERS.

Furs, diamonds, phonographs and many other articles, says a bulletin from the Associated Advertising Clubs of the World, are being sold, by mail or from private houses, by dealers in such articles who pose as private householders forced to dispose of the goods.

"In almost every instance," says the bulletin from the Association, "gross misrepresentations are made as to the value of the articles offered. It is the custom of such advertisers in the phonograph line, for example, to say that the phonograph is 'the \$250 size' or is 'like the regular \$200 instrument.'"

"In one recent case," the bulletin continues, "a fur dealer in Buffalo was offering furs in an advertisement signed by his wife, in which he said he would sell for \$35, furs worth \$85. The statement of value was untrue. They might have been worth \$35, but were not worth \$85."

The bulletin says the advertising association, which exists for the purpose of making all advertising absolutely truthful, has usually only needed to call the attention of newspapers to the fraudulent character of such advertisements to get them to decline to sell advertising space to such people. In the meantime, the bulletin suggests, the public should beware and should ascertain whether the seller is in fact a worthy householder or a merchant.

"The best way to supply our needs is through the usual sources—through the stores of the community," the bulletin adds. "The local storekeeper stands behind the goods he sells, and if anything should go wrong, he is right on the job to make good."

BAKER'S THEATRE

The Best of High Class Photo Plays.
Watch Our Extra Good Program This Month.

THURSDAY
Constance Talmadge, in "Up the Road With Sally" Select Program. 10 and 20 Cents.

FRIDAY
The Sixth Episode "Perils of Thunder Mountain" with Antonio Moreno and Carroll Holloway
Also a big 2-reel V Comedy, "BEARS AND BAD MEN"

SATURDAY
"THE TIGER TRAIL" Episode No. 2.
Also Fatty Arbuckle in "LOVE" The big laugh.

MONDAY
Special Program Gaby Deslys in "INFATUATION" Don't miss this big special production. 15c and 25c

TUESDAY
Tuesday's Special Mary Pickford, in "THE LITTLE AMERICAN" No advance in price. 10 and 20 Cents.

WEDNESDAY
Special Program "POLLY OF CIRCUS" With Mae Marsh Some picture at 10 and 20 Cents.

Don't miss Gaby Deslys in "Infatuation" Monday, Aug. 4th. Don't fail to see it.

Diamond TIRES AND TUBES

I'LL SAY THAT'S KNOCKING ME DOWN!

Equip Your Car With Diamond Tires and Knock Down the Up-Keep Cost

DAY AND NIGHT GARAGE

NATION-WIDE DRIVE TO IMPROVE STOCK

United States Department of Agriculture Announces Campaign to Eliminate Scrub Sires from Breeding.

Washington, D. C., July 28.—“Better sires—better stock.”

This is the slogan of a national better live-stock crusade, to get actively in motion October 1, that is announced by the United States Department of Agriculture, working in cooperation with the state agricultural colleges and other agencies interested in live-stock improvement. The campaign looks forward to the future food needs of this country's increasing population, and results from long and careful observation of the live-stock industry in this country, and was planned after extensive consultation with specialists and breeders. The plan is to hasten the replacement of the multitude of scrub domestic animals in the United States with pure-bred or high-grade stock, and also to improve the quality of pure breeds themselves. The goal in view is greater efficiency in production.

The campaign will be the first organized crusade in a large country to improve all live stock simultaneously. It will interfere in no way with any work in live-stock improvement now being conducted, but makes all the work more definite and effective by providing official recognition for progressive breeders.

The campaign will be supervised from the department of agriculture in Washington, and in each state by the state agricultural college. County agents and other field workers of the department of agriculture and of the state colleges will handle the campaign locally. Every live-stock owner actively cooperating and keeping and using none but pure-bred sires of good quality will be given an emblem as an official recognition of meritorious effort.

THE KAISER AND WHAT TO DO WITH HIM.

Trying the kaiser for inaugurating the war is appealing less and less to various people among the allies as the war is left behind. During hostilities, when the German war lords were made to appear in the role of supermen by a crafty propaganda, the kaiser was the symbol of the enemy, in the minds of the allies.

In the popular imagination he was a blood-thirsty figure stalking back and forth across Europe directing the movements of vast, brutal armies. To have captured the kaiser during the war would have been the greatest feat imaginable.

“To get the kaiser” was the slogan of the American doughboy in the days of recruiting, and a song writer or vaudeville artist, to be sure of making a hit with patriotic audiences, worked the sentiment over time.

But now that they have the kaiser, or at least, have him in safe keeping where they can lay hands on him at any time, they don't know what to do with him, and the popular majority perhaps cares little about what is done with him. Personally, he is a past issue, with the allied people. As a bugaboo he no longer exists.

And among leading thinkers and

statesmen, of the allied countries, there is a growing aversion to participating in the trial of the former emperor, for fear of the precedent it would set. A year ago the prospect of bringing the kaiser to London for trial would have caused demonstrations in England and allied countries. Now an influential element of British lords opposes bringing him to London. Belgium has already indicated she did not want him, and Japan has just shown inclination against taking any part in this trial. Americans, while they generally believe he should be punished, have had comparatively little to say about the matter lately.

So it begins to look as though prosecution of the kaiser may actually become a disagreeable duty rather than the event so eagerly looked forward to as the crowning piece of justice. For the kaiser, who used to indulge his vanity to an extreme of showing off, this loss of interest in him, must in itself certainly be a crushing punishment. The egotist would prefer death to being ignored.—Houston Post.

LOAN CERTIFICATES TO FINANCE GOV'T

Semi-Monthly Issuance by the Treasury Department Beginning August 1.

Washington, July 27.—Loan certificates of five months' maturity bearing interest at 4½ per cent will be issued by the treasury semi-monthly on the 1st and 15th beginning Aug. 1 for the remainder of the calendar year for the purpose of financing the government's requirements.

In making this announcement today in a letter to the banking institutions of the country, Secretary Glass said the minimum amount of each issue in August and September would not exceed \$500,000,000, while subsequent issues probably would be about half that amount with the total estimated at \$3,500,000,000. The same period will see the redemption of \$2,907,540,500 in loan and tax certificates leaving a net increase of \$502,459,500 to be funded by the issue of short time notes.

All national and state banks and trust companies will be expected to take not less than 1.6 per cent of their gross resources in each semi-monthly issue of loan certificates during August and September with the percentage falling to .8 per cent toward the end of the calendar year.

Reviewing the financial condition of the country Secretary Glass estimated income for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1920, at \$6,535,000,000 made up of internal revenue of \$4,940,000,000; customs, \$260,000,000; sale of public lands, \$3,000,000; miscellaneous, \$300,000,000, and victory liberty loan installments, \$1,032,000,000.

“In the absence of a budget system or of any treasury control of governmental expenditure,” he continued, “it is even more difficult to foretell the expenditures than the receipts of the government. I have no present reason to believe that the expenditures of the government will exceed the amount of its receipts. If these expectations prove to be correct, the gross public debt should be on June 30, 1920, when presumably the whole cost of war will have been financed, say \$26,516,506,160.”

Scanty Costumes on Beach Are Under Ban.

The fashions in bathing suits have changed. The foregoing is not an item from Vogue nor a clipping from the Delineator, for the change has not yet received the sanction of the arbiters of fashion in this country or abroad. But for Galveston bathers the edict is as effective as if it had occupied a whole page in either of these magazines. For beginning yesterday Chief of Police W. J. Sedgwick's blue-coated arms of the law have entered into the realms of fashion and decreed that styles in bathing suits which transgress the laws of modesty as laid down in the statutes of the city of Galveston must go, without regard to the fact that my lady may have spent hours in making and planning that creation which delights the eye of the beholder but not of the legislator.

“We are going to try to put a stop to the wearing of immodest and indecent bathing suits on Galveston beach,” Chief of Police Sedgwick announced yesterday. “The statutes do not provide for anything more in regard to bathing suits than they must extend to the knee and elbow. My men have been given orders to turn back those not dressed in this way, and I have stationed one on the Boulevard entrance to the Crystal Palace and another on the beach near the water to see that this is done. Some of the suits that are now being used are no more than trunks, and to walk across the Boulevard in them constitutes a violation of the law. It would also be well if all bathers would wear, and keep buttoned, coats or cloaks until they are ready to enter the water, if their suits are too scanty.”—Galveston News.

HASSLER SHOCK ABSORBERS COST NOTHING.

THEY PAY FOR THEMSELVES IN EXTRA MILEAGE FROM TIRES.

THEY PAY FOR THEMSELVES IN REDUCED UPKEEP OF CAR.

THEY PAY FOR THEMSELVES IN EXTRA MILEAGE FROM GASOLINE.

THEY PAY FOR THEMSELVES IN THE INCREASED RESALE VALUE OF THE CAR.

THEY PAY FOR THEMSELVES OVER AND OVER AGAIN IN THE COMFORT THEY GIVE YOU.

TOWERY MOTOR COMPANY
Agent for Houston County.

IN MODERN WARFARE

It is the well-trained men behind the guns plus generalship directed and aided by science, that win battles. These are the combinations essential to the successful ending of campaigns. In modern merchandising the essentials of success is first a well-selected stock bought by men who are expertly trained along scientific lines in the purchase as well as sale of good standard goods, directed by one who not only possesses this knowledge but also has the disposition to give the public the benefit of the knowledge acquired through many years of careful training.

The Bromberg Store

not only has the merchandise, but in addition the sale and distribution of same is being directed by MOSE BROMBERG himself, who is every day dividing his profits with the public in distributing his purchases at live and let live prices.

JOIN THE CROWD AND VISIT AT ONCE

THE BROMBERG STORE

WHERE BUSINESS IS ALWAYS GOOD

ALLIES BAR GERMAN HORSES FROM RACES

Jockey Clubs of Belgium and England Will Not Meet Hun Thoroughbreds.

New York, July 26.—The decision of the English and Belgium jockey clubs to bar from participation in racing and the refusal to accept for registration in the English stud book any alien enemy horses will be a crushing blow to the horse-breeding activities of Germany, Austria, Hungary and Turkey.

Thoroughbred sires, most of them of English lineage, were the foundation of the great army and racing studs developed by Germany and Austria-Hungary. The best were none too good in the establishment of a type of general purpose horse. The English Derby winners Ard Patrick and Galtee More each cost \$110,000. The Thousand Guineas winner, Kirk Connell, and St. Maclou, the grand sire of Harry Payne Whitney's Vindex, were among the other fine sires that were available to farmers and breeders at a nominal fee. The Russian government originally purchased Galtee More, and he was subsequently acquired by Germany chiefly on the recommendation of Count Lehndorf, who had charge of the great Prussian stud of Graditz.

The records of the English stud-book show that for the twenty years prior to the outbreak of the war, 2,250 entire thoroughbreds—some of which were foals at the time and were subsequently gelded—were imported from Great Britain by Germany. During the same period there were approximately 2,000 fillies taken from England for German account. It is reasonable to assume that during the same time heavy drains were made upon French and Belgian studs.

Japan to Negotiate for the Return of Shantung.

Tokio, Wednesday, July 23.—Kenchichi Yoshizawa, former counselor of the Japanese legation at Peking, left here today for the Shantung Peninsula to conduct a special investigation of conditions there preparatory to negotiations with China for the return of its sovereignty over the territory controlled by Japan under the German peace terms. The negotia-

tions, officials indicated, would be initiated after the ratification of the peace treaty by the privy council, which, officials said, they expected would take place before Sept. 15.

Much interest is displayed by officials here in the inquiries made in the United States senate by Senator W. E. Borah of Idaho regarding the negotiations at the peace conference which resulted in the Shantung agreement. Japanese officials said Japan is ready to make all enterprises in Shantung, including railroads and mines, joint undertakings with the Chinese.

Japan, it is understood, is having difficulty in inducing China to discuss the Shantung question. Failure of the Chinese delegation at Paris, it is said, to sign the peace treaty is proving to be a source of embarrassment.

TWO ARE KILLED IN AIRCRAFT SMASH

Army and Navy Planes Are Wrecked in Fall at Colon Harbor Entrance.

On Board the U. S. S. New Mexico, Friday, July 25.—Lieutenant Ellis and Sergeant Vonberg were killed today and three persons were injured in a collision between an army airplane and a naval seaplane at the entrance to Colon harbor.

The two machines were wrecked. Lieutenant Duggan and Machinist Thomas were severely injured. Ensign Ostin was hurt less seriously. The collision occurred during an aerial demonstration given to welcome the battleships of the Pacific fleet. The army airplane struck the tail of the naval hydroplane. Both machines fell 200 feet into Limon Bay. Lieutenant Albert Ellis, who was in the naval machine and was killed, lived at Paterson, N. J. Sergeant Emil Vonberg, who was killed in the army airplane, lived at Oakland, Cal. Lieutenant James R. Duggan was the most seriously hurt of the three men injured.

The bodies of Lieutenant Ellis and Sergeant Vonberg and the injured men were taken on board the battleship Mississippi.

Italy to Appeal to American Bankers for Loan.

Rome, July 26.—It is reported here that an appeal has been made to American bankers for financial aid for Italy to the extent of \$1,000,000,000.

THE BULLETS FLY IN CHICAGO RACE RIOT

Negro Drowned, White Man Reported Drowned, and Others Injured.

Chicago, Ill., July 27.—Two men are dead, according to later police reports of today's race riots, both drowned; two negroes are probably fatally wounded and more than a score, possibly fifty persons, both blacks and whites, wounded or injured by bullets, clubs, stones and other missiles. Fifty or more arrests were made and every available policeman was rushed into the black belt.

Chicago, Ill., July 27.—One negro was drowned, a white man was reported drowned, one negro probably fatally wounded, a policeman wounded and nearly a score of whites and blacks were injured by bullets or missiles in a series of riots in the negro district this afternoon.

The trouble started at the Twentieth street beach, where whites and blacks are segregated, spread along Twentieth street to State street, a distance of nearly a mile, and along the latter, the main thoroughfare in the heart of the negro districts, which extends about five miles. The shooting started near the beach. There was also some shooting in the vicinity of State street.

Although ill feeling between whites and blacks on the south side has extended over a period of months, emphasized by bomb explosions, some shooting and numerous fights, today's riots seem to have had their start in petty quarrels at the beach. Although several reasons were assigned, the police were unable to determine who actually started the disorders.

Wireless-Plane Wedding.

New York, July 26.—Traveling eighty miles an hour 2,000 feet in the air Lieutenant George Burgess of the army aviation corps and Miss Emily Schaeffer of Brooklyn were married today by wireless telephone. The ceremony was conducted by Rev. Dr. Alexander Wouters from another airplane piloted by Lieutenant Eugene Hartsdale, best man. The bridesmaids below also had wireless telephone connection with the airplanes.

The Crockett Courier

Issued weekly from Courier Building

W. W. AIKEN, Editor and Proprietor

PUBLISHER'S NOTICE.

Obituaries, resolutions, cards of thanks and other matter not "news" will be charged for at the rate of 5c per line.

Parties ordering advertising or printing for societies, churches, committees or organizations of any kind will, in all cases, be held personally responsible for the payment of the bills.

In case of errors or omissions in legal or other advertisements, the publishers do not hold themselves liable for damage further than the amount received by them for such advertisement.

Any erroneous reflection upon the character, standing or reputation of any person, firm or corporation which may appear in the columns of the Courier will be gladly corrected upon its being brought to the attention of the management.

CHEAP PAPERS AND GOOD PAPERS.

There are a number of cheap newspapers and magazines in the United States, but in the majority of cases it is only necessary to take one look at them to realize they are cheap in quality as well as price. To put out a good publication takes money and unless the publisher asks a price in keeping with other things today it is only reasonable to look for a deterioration in the quality.

There are a few, a handful, of weekly newspapers in the country which still sell for 75 cents a year. There are some few others which sell for a dollar a year. But the great bulk of the weekly newspapers sell for \$1.50 and \$2 a year and are daily increasing in price, running all the way up to \$5 a year. Invariably these newspapers are the better class of newspapers. They are the papers which bring the most of inspiration and spirit of good citizenship in the home.

There are and always will be "cheap" newspapers. They are cheap in the first place because they know that they cannot compete with the better class papers at the same price. Often they are owned by political office holders or by men who are desirous of office. These men are often willing to give their paper away practically for nothing, merely to get an opportunity to keep themselves before the public.

The cost of everything the publisher of a newspaper must buy has increased from 50 to 100 per cent during the last ten years. Is there any reason why he should not increase his prices accordingly.

MERCHANTS AND ADVERTISING.

During the past ten years a great many small towns have been on the down grade, from a commercial standpoint, owing to the inroads made on their business interests by the large cities, the mail order houses, farmers' unions and other forms of outside competition. Many a country merchant blames the automobile for taking his business away from him, but it is quite likely the automobile could be made to bring trade to him as readily as it is made to take it elsewhere. The fact is that the country merchant, like most of us, will blame everybody and everything for his condition before he will begin to lay the fault to himself.

There is a store in a city of less than 1,200 inhabitants in the state of Texas, which in the year 1918 sold over \$400,000 worth of merchandise. It is the biggest country store in the United States and it has made its town one of the most important trading points in the state of Texas. Yet that town has no better surrounding trade territory than any other town of 1,200. It was done simply by modern merchandising and advertising.

The merchant in the country town has as good a chance to sell merchandise as anyone in the world if he will only sell it; but a great many country merchants have allowed modern methods to leave them away in the rear of the progress parade and have laid down and let some one else do the selling. In this connection it is safe to say that in the trade territory of nearly every small town, outside competition is doing more advertising, twice over, than the local merchant. The only way the country town can

successfully meet this competition is by using the same tactics. In short, the only remedy for a town that is going down hill is modern merchandising, and scientific, systematic and persistent advertising.

LOAD, READY, AIM, FIRE!

Boys, have you observed the enemy in action? He is at Austin and Washington threatening this whole Nation with his extravagance. He is fetching on financial destruction just as fast as he can turn the legislative machinery. Millions, hundreds of millions and billions of dollars are being dispensed to support every kind of extravagance the mind of the legislature can conceive. Taking advantage of the carnival of spending money at the commencement of the war there seems to be no limit to the speed, and it is little less than financial debauchery. "Drunk and down," and still drinking until the spree is chronic.

The Texas legislature, instead of reducing the number of bureaus and public jobs for political henchmen is creating more, increasing the already overloaded tax burden and piling up obligations for unborn generations to meet with sweat and brawn.

Boys, get ready to slay the last enemy of our old-fashioned "pay as-you-go" government.

In the battles as they were fought under the old code the command was "Load, ready, aim, fire." When the American boys were about to land on 'em at Chateau-Thierry, and from then on, and still on 'till the enemy threw up both hands and called aloud for peace, the command was: "Boys, give 'em h—!"

The war is over and we are in favor of eliminating all words bordering on profanity, but as sure as this country shall live and prosper the speed of extravagance must be stopped. The made-to-order jobs, the prostitution of high places, the swapping back and forth of votes for personal emolument and legislative trickery generally must stop.

This pandering to the soldiers, by saddling upon the State fifty millions of dollars worth of bonds, is a sample of the kind of statesmanship that is running riot at Austin. The soldiers have not asked for it. The boys who went to war are not paupers. Neither are they fools. They know that great debts imposed upon the state for bonuses for them is contrary to the traditions of this state and in violation of the principles of good, honest government. They know that the scheme is prompted by demagogues and degenerate politicians.

A soldier, a captain, who was wounded in France, told this writer the other day that he could have resigned, and the remainder of his life drawn three-fourths of a captain's salary. But what did that boy do? Like a true, patriotic American, he stayed by his post until the war was over and is now going back into private life to take his chance with millions of other boys who obeyed the call of their country.

Boys, God bless you, the task is yours to save this country from an army of politicians, blatant cowardly politicians, who, if not checked, will bring shame and ruin upon our institutions, menacing the very foundation sills of civilization itself.

So, boys, let us all load, ready, aim, and fire, and let us keep firing to hit, until the last demagogue shall bite the dust. You have saved France, England, and all that conglomeration of peoples and governments from the ruthless hand of German autocracy, and now it is your task to save this country from a race of public pie eaters who would sell their government for office. And the time to fire is right now, and from now on until public office shall again become a public trust and government a safeguard to thrift and honest industry.

Now that it is against the law to make, sell or drink any intoxicating liquors, the demand for all kinds of soft drinks will increase enormously, so say the authorities on drinking. It seems that the human appetite craves liquids. In other words, the human race was born thirsty. Any drink that has ever been invented or discovered that will stimulate or intoxicate has been popular, and since all sweet drinks contain more or less alcohol their popularity is not surprising to the student of human appetite. Grape juice has finally become the

favorite American drink, and it will soon require billions of gallons to supply the demand. However, coffee will retain its place in the affections of the human race, and tea will lose none of its popularity. In case persons who are destitute of thirst, appetite, feeling, or human passion of any kind, should inaugurate a war on all drinks, perhaps coffee would have the most friends and would be the last to go.

Each farmer should have from fifty to one hundred Elberta peach trees. These trees will, if given proper attention, net the farmers two dollars per tree each year, with rare exceptions. The culls would be ample for canning and preserving.

The constitution says how money shall be raised and for what purpose, and we must keep an eye on these fellows who swear to stand by the constitution, and then refuse to do it. In good, old, plain English a fellow who will do that will swear a lie, provided he has sense enough to understand a plain statement, and if he has not,—well, there is another place for him besides in office.—R. T. Milner in Rusk County News.

Philosophy in Brief Paragraphs.

A European botanist who has studied 4300 species of flowers asserts that white or cream colored ones have the most agreeable odors.

An inventor has designed a small portable circular saw, driven by an electric motor, that can be used for the same work as a hand tool.

The blade of a new food chopper is a coiled spring on which are two handles that permit its shape to be changed to fit the work to be done.

The body of a new electric stove for heating room or cooking on a limited scale is made of a composition of soapstone and asbestos.

An Englishman has invented a steam operated tree felling machine that is said to do more work in a given time than thirty men with hand tools.

A new measuring cup for oils and heavy liquids is supported on legs and has an opening in the bottom through which its contents can be discharged.

Providing for an Issue of Bonds by the State for the Purpose of Construction of Highways.

House Joint Resolution No. 13.

A joint resolution proposing to amend Section 49, Article 3 of the Constitution of the State of Texas relating to the power to create debts by or on behalf of the State so as hereafter to authorize the Legislature to enact such laws as may be necessary directing the Governor of the State to issue bonds in a sum not to exceed \$75,000,000; providing for the levy of a tax to create the necessary interest and sinking fund therefor; and providing that the proceeds from the sale of such bonds shall be used in the construction of durable, hard surfaced roads upon the public highways of the State.

Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

Section 1. Amend said Section so as to read after its adoption as follows:

Article 3. Section 49. No debt shall be created by or on behalf of the State, except to supply casual deficiencies of revenue, repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the State in war, or pay existing debt; and the debt created to supply deficiencies in the revenue shall never exceed in the aggregate at any one time, two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000); provided however, that the legislature may enact such legislation as may be necessary to authorize and direct the Governor to issue bonds of the State in a sum not to exceed Seventy-five million (\$75,000,000) dollars, the proceeds to be used in the construction of durable, hard-surfaced roads upon the public highways of the State; provided that such proceeds shall be apportioned to the different counties of the State according to the needs of the State Highways in such counties; and, provided further that under Legislative authority a tax not to exceed twenty cents on the one hundred dollars valuation of taxable property in the State may be levied, assessed and collected to provide the necessary interest and sinking fund therefor, and said taxes shall be in addition to the taxes authorized by Article 8, Section 9 of the Constitution.

Sec. 2. The foregoing constitutional amendment shall be submitted to a vote of the qualified electors for members of the Legislature at an election to be held throughout the State of Texas on the first Tuesday in November, the same being the fourth day of November, A. D. 1919, and the Governor of this State is hereby directed to issue the necessary proclamation for said election and to have the same published as required by the Constitution and laws of this State. Those favoring the amendment shall have written or printed on their ballots the words "For amendment to Section 49, Article 3 of the Constitution proposing to amend Section 49, Article 3, relating to the power to create debts by or on behalf of the State, so as hereafter to authorize the Legislature to enact a law directing the issuance of bonds by the Gov-

WRIGLEYS



KEPT secret and special and personal for you is

WRIGLEYS

in its air-tight sealed package.

A goody that is worthy of your lasting regard because of its lasting quality.

Three flavors to suit all tastes.

Be SURE to get WRIGLEYS

Sealed Tight Kept Right

The Flavor Lasts



error of the State in a sum not to exceed Seventy-five Million (\$75,000,000) dollars, the proceeds of said bonds to be used in the construction of durable, hard-surfaced roads upon public highways of the State; and providing for the levy of a tax not to exceed 20 cents on the one Hundred Dollars valuation, on taxable property in the State." Those opposing the amendment shall have written or printed on their ballots the words "Against the amendment to Section 49, Article 3 of the Constitution proposing to amend Section 49 of Article 3 relating to the power to create debts by or on behalf of the State, so as hereafter to authorize the legislature to enact a law directing the issuance of bonds by the Governor of the State in a sum not to exceed Seventy-five Million (\$75,000,000) dollars, the proceeds of said bonds to be used in the construction of durable, hard-surfaced roads upon public highways of the State; and providing for the levy of a tax, not to exceed 20 cents on the One Hundred Dollars valuation, on taxable property in the State."

Sec. 3. The sum of Five thousand dollars (\$5,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of any funds in the State treasury not otherwise appropriated to defray the expenses of such proclamation, publication and election.

Sec. 4. The fact that the Legislature is restricted by the provisions of Section 49, Article 3 of the State Constitution from enacting needed Highway Legislation creates an emergency and an imperative public necessity exists, demanding the suspension of the rule requiring bills to be read upon three several days, and such rule is hereby suspended.

George F. Howard,
Secretary of State.
(Attest—A True Copy.) 4t.

The next time you buy calomel ask for



The purified and refined calomel tablets that are nausealess, safe and sure. Medicinal virtues retained and improved. Sold only in sealed packages. Price 35c.

Relief from Malaria



This tasteless tonic seldom requires over three days to break up malaria chills. In thousands of homes it is always kept on hand. Try a bottle. **The Doctors' Prescription** 60c at All Dealers. © 1919

SWAMP CHILL & FEVER TONIC

No office needed by those who own

CORONA

The Personal Writing Machine

Come in and learn what it will do for you.

J. G. BEASLEY
Crockett, Texas



Grandma Says:

"The good old herbs, oils and other old-fashioned remedies have not been improved on for quick relief in home treatment of minor ailments."

Our sales of the well known standard remedies prove this to be true. And we take especial pains to keep a good supply—strictly fresh—of the kinds Grandma knows and trusts.

You will also find here a well-chosen assortment of the advertised proprietary medicines. Only those whose value has been established win a place on our shelves.

Crockett Drug Company
The House of Service.

LOCAL NEWS ITEMS

Miss Emma Craddock is visiting in St. Louis.

A complete and up-to-date abstract. tf. Aldrich & Crook.

Make your dollars reach further by trading with R. L. Shivers. 2t.

Mrs. Albert Thompson has returned from the northern markets.

Moore & Shivers have plenty of the 2 3/4 thimbles for Huntsville wagons. tf.

Miss Gladys Harrison is visiting her sister, Mrs. Karl Murray, in Lovelady.

Save that good hay crop and let R. L. Shivers sell you the wire to bale it up. 2t.

Miss Wilma Shivers has returned from visiting Miss Hazel Parker at Lovelady.

Misses Jennie Kelley and Helen Roscoe of Palestine and Mr. Elbery Benton of the same place were visitors in Crockett Sunday.

County Clerk A. E. Owens made a business trip to Austin this week.

Just received a big stock of leather goods at R. L. Shivers'. Prices right. 2t.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Grounds returned last week from a visit to their son in Houston.

Money to lend on farms. Terms reasonable, money quick. See J. S. French, Crockett, Texas. tf.

Miss Mary Lou Darsey of Grapeland will leave soon to visit Miss Katherine Mitchell at Marfa.

Hon. E. Winfree has returned from Austin, the special session of the legislature having adjourned.

You can always find a good stock of the best and freshest groceries to be found in the city at R. L. Shivers'. 2t.

B. J. Mincher and family left Tuesday morning for Savannah, Ga., where Mr. Mincher will have charge of a sawmill.

Mr. Joe Adams, who has suffered a breakdown of his health, has gone to a Fort Worth sanitarium for special treatment.

A. B. Burton, A. B. Burton Jr., Miss Mac Burton and Miss Otice McConnell are at Hot Springs, where Mr. Burton has gone in the interest of his health.

Baseball News.

Crockett baseball enthusiasts are organizing a ball club to play neighboring towns in Crockett's class during the month of August. They say that organization will be perfected by August 1 and that some good games may be expected during the month.

Mr. and Mrs. Benedict and son, Press Benedict, of White-wright are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Self. Press Benedict has only recently returned from the army, in which he served overseas with the 7th Division, which was from Camp McArthur, Waco.

Lost Mare.

A dark sorrel mare, about 7 years old, branded 7N on thigh, in good order. Left my place 7 miles southeast of Crockett about two weeks ago. Will pay liberal reward for return or any information.

W. H. Johnson,
Crockett Rt. 6.

Arrested for Swindling.

Dave Clark, a transient negro, was arrested last week by Constable C. R. McPhail on a swindling charge. Complaint was made against him that he was disposing of worthless stock among the negroes. Failing to give bond, he was placed in jail to await the action of the next grand jury.

Invitations Out.

Wedding invitations reading as follows have been posted in Crockett:

"Mr. and Mrs. Q. T. Everlove request the honor of your presence at the marriage of their daughter, Tootsie Wootsie, to Mr. Will B. Easycatch on Friday evening, August 1, 1919, 9 o'clock at their residence, Crockett, Texas. Reception."

Home from France.

George E. Darsey of Grapeland and Robert R. Nunn of Crockett have returned from France and Germany as members of the 5th Division, which recently landed in this country. Bob Nunn is visiting his mother in Houston. The 5th Division was from Camp McArthur, Waco, and was a regular army division. Both young men have been attending military school in France since the armistice was signed.

Important Meeting.

July 28th, 1919.
A meeting of the executive committee of the lower Trinity river navigation project is hereby called for August 4, 1919, 11 o'clock a. m., at Galvez Hotel, Galveston, Texas.

All members of this committee are urged to be present, and all persons interested in the project are invited to attend. This will be an important meeting and all should attend.

D. A. Nunn, Chairman.

Hog Law Validated.

The Houston county hog law, which was recently found to be technically void, has been validated by the legislature, Mr. R. C. Spinks informed us Saturday. He and other members of the Houston County Taxpayers' Protective Association took the matter up with the legislature with the result as above stated. The hog law is now legally operative all over Houston county, and people should be careful as to any violations of its provisions.

Brought Trucks.

The four Nash trucks apportioned to Houston county by the national government were brought in Tuesday by the following Houston county officials and others: County Judge Nat Patton, Tax Collector C. W. Butler, County Clerk A. E. Owens and County Commissioners Estes and Beathard. Others included J. C. Millar, Hunter War-

A Few Attractive Prices On Quality Goods

Four bottles Garrett Snuff, for... \$1.10
Rooster Snuff, for... 25c
Prince Albert Tobacco... 15c
Twenty bars white Laundry Soap... \$1.00
Twenty bars Clairette Soap for... \$1.00
Eighteen boxes Washing Powder... \$1.00
Three boxes Arm & Hammer Soda... 25c
Five cans Pink Salmon... \$1.00
Five gallons Coal Oil... 90c
Matches, per box... 5c

We have compound lard bought before the advance and can save you money.

We sell the best Automobile Casings and Tubes for less.

Bring us your butter and eggs, green and dried hides; we will pay you the top price. Come to see us.

ARNOLD BROTHERS

field and Paul Stokes of Crockett, Morris Dent of Lovelady, Ed Cully and Mack Ratcliff of Ratcliff and William H. Long and Ben Brooks of Grapeland. The four trucks are for use on the public roads of Houston county and are valued at \$4000 each.

War Savings.

Mr. A. J. Holmes of Dallas, representing the war savings department of the national government, was in Houston county this week and gave the Courier the names of the following firms who are handling war savings stamps. Crockett Dry Goods Company, Dan J. Kennedy, Carleton & Berry and Nathan Asher of Crockett, G. M. Mahoney of Ratcliff and Kennard State Bank of Kennard. Mr. Holmes left on Wednesday afternoon for Lovelady and Grapeland.

Home from France.

Ben F. Temple of Crockett and Harry Lively of Grapeland have returned from France and Germany. Ben was a member of the 2nd Division, which is yet a part of the army of occupation. He came home as a casual, having been gassed in action before hostilities ceased. The 2nd Division saw some of the hardest

fighting of the war. Harry Lively also came home as a casual, having been sick when the 36th Division, to which he belonged, came home some weeks ago. Temple was a member of the 36th Division before being transferred to the 2nd, which contained two regiments of regular infantry, two regiments of marines and the other necessary units.

No Delivery After August 1.

This is to give notice that on Friday, August 1, our free delivery service will be discontinued. We take this step because the tremendous expense of maintaining a delivery service makes it unprofitable, and we believe that the "cash and carry" plan, which will enable us to give you better goods for less money, will be of mutual benefit to us and to our customers. We thank you for your past patronage and hope to see you in our store often. 1t.
Crockett Grocery & Baking Co.

The water in a public drinking fountain in a Kansas City park is cooled by running it through a coil of pipe sunk in an old well.

Factories have been established in Spain for the manufacture of paper from vine shoots and of paper pulp from esparto grass.

The Longest Life

obtainable from your car is always coincidental with the amount you bestow upon it through expert garages and mechanics.

WE ARE EXPERTS.

Our knowledge of every make of car insures the most difficult trouble speedy and effectual up-building which will put the stretches of road under your wheels as of old.

You run your car judiciously; take care of it in the same way and she will live to a good old age.

Crockett Motor Company
Garage and Service Station

FREE!

With each purchase of two cakes of Palm Olive soap for twenty-five cents we will give two cakes of Rose Bath soap free. Cut out the coupon below, sign it and send or bring it in any time that is convenient for you and receive four cakes of highest quality toilet soap for 25 cents.

Coupon

Caprielian Bros., Crockett, Texas.
Gentlemen:

Please send me two cakes of Palm Olive soap for 25 cents with two cakes of Rose Bath soap FREE.

Signed.....

CAPRIELIAN BROTHERS

The Home of Satisfied Customers.

The Crockett Courier

Issued weekly from Courier Building

W. W. AIKEN, Editor and Proprietor

WORK FOR THE SOLDIER.

By far the greater part of our young men coming home from the war are strong and well. Outdoor life, plain hearty food and vigorous physical exercise have combined to build up their physique.

Many of them who were indoor workers before the war find that the abundant vigor they have gained inspires them toward life in the open. For men of this inclination the farms of the country offer an excellent opportunity.

The working season is on and the farmers are calling for help. They are willing to pay wages that are comparatively high, when we consider that room and board are included. Necessary expenses are few, so that a young man could save nearly all of his wages. And in the meantime he is living a wholesome life and is securing a knowledge of practical farming which in the future may be of great value to him.

In case he should desire eventually to buy a small farm of his own the information which he has gained about soil and location will aid him in his selection and prevent him from making a poor investment.

We would recommend to the young man who is doubtful about his employment to take into consideration farm work. He will at least have well paying work for several months, which will leave him as "husky" as he is at present. And by that time there may be a larger field for employment of every kind than there is now.

A DEBT TO YOURSELF.

Every man owes it to himself to lay aside a fund for emergencies. Then when the opportunity arises, he is ready to grasp it. The government has provided an ideal means to do this through the new issue of \$100 and \$1000 Registered Treasury Savings Certificates.

Purchasing one of these new \$1,000 Registered Treasury Savings Certificates may be likened to planting a crop and then simply watching it grow with the assurance that it will yield a certain amount. Unlike other crops, however, it is not necessary to cultivate, irrigate or put a fence around this crop. Its growth is certain. And the government insures the crop against loss.

On the other hand, the new Registered Treasury Savings Certificates are unlike most other securities, in that there are no stated intervals at which interest is paid. The interest attaches itself to the principal and when the certificate matures, the owner receives the entire amount. If the holder desires his money back, he can get it with the interest it has earned, by serving the required notice on the government.

Bankers and investment experts agree that these are the most attractive securities ever issued. Every man and woman who can should buy the limit of these certificates, which is \$1,000. A \$1,000 Treasury Savings Certificate only costs \$836 in July. The price increases each month. Buy before the advance comes.

A Preacher Shoots a Bird in Church.

We refrain from comment upon the following sent out by the news service from Sandersville, Ga.:

June 9—W. A. Wray, pastor of the Baptist Church here, created a mild sensation at his morning services yesterday when he stopped in the midst of his sermon, obtained a shot-gun and killed a jay bird that had been flying around the auditorium and sing-

ing while the services were in progress.

Mr. Wray announced just before the congregation sang a hymn that he would kill the bird if it sang again. The moment the congregation stopped singing, the jay began. The preacher immediately stopped services, went to his home near the church, got his gun, returned to the church and took his stand in the center of the building. He fired once, the bird tumbled to the floor and services were resumed after the powder and smoke had cleared away.

The State, of Columbus, S. C., in an editorial upon the incident, says:

It appears from the dispatch that a pastor in a small town in Georgia was interrupted in the midst of his sermon by a jay bird, who flew in and about the church and "singing"—as the reporter puts it, though no mortal ear ever heard a jay sing. Many have heard delightedly his weird war-cry that is borrowed from the predatory hawk, as a small street-prowler might pick up and repeat the truculent oaths of a bruiser. But he has no song.

If the Being the preacher was worshipping watches over the fall of every sparrow, then the death fall of this brilliant and daring adventurer, this finely named Cyanocitta Cristata—Cyanocitta Cristata-Cristata, if he had been a Columbia or a Camden jay—could not have occurred without His knowledge and, let us believe, His compassion.

Perhaps the preacher felt something like an omen or portent in the flight of the beautiful and stately visitor? A Roman priest—we mean a priest of old Rome—might have seen in the "flight" a grave presage of evil, or a promise of good fortune. The Georgia preacher saw in it—only a disturbance, an interruption, that must be punished with death.

Browning, who sings so many fine things about birds, says:

I see my way as birds their trackless way.
He guides me—and the BIRD.

Somehow, we feel sorrier for the pastor than we do for the slaughtered jay. — Our Dumb Animals.

Of Interest to Teachers.

In order to assist schools in the county to secure their teachers for next year, I am requesting that a representative from each school whose contracts have not been made come to the office Saturday afternoon, August 2. Teachers and prospective teachers who have not yet secured work are requested to be on hand at that time and make trades if possible. It is time of the year when contracts should be filed. Those teachers who have verbal contracts should lose no time in filing the regular written form, as the positions are still vacant so far as the records here are concerned.

Unemployed teachers who desire work and who can not possibly come to the office on that day should send application for work, giving all information in regard to themselves which might be of interest to a school board in search of a teacher.

Yours truly,
J. H. Rosser,
County Superintendent.
Crockett, Texas, July 28, 1919.

Envious Barber Whose Patrons Never Complain at Prices.

Syracuse, N. Y., July 27.—When Charles Messenger, a Penn Yan barber, charged John D. Rockefeller 20 cents for a shave the oil king asked him if people ever complained of the increased cost of barbering. When answered in the negative he declared that Messenger was to be envied.

During the war between the States, Mr. Rockefeller said he always shaved himself, but then the price of a shave was only 6 cents and he gave up the practice. In some places the oil king said he had been charged as much as 50 cents for a shave. After his shave, Mr. Rockefeller

tipped Messenger, who says the amount was "enough for a shampoo and haircut in addition to the shave."

Before leaving Mr. Rockefeller exacted a promise from the barber that if he ever bought an automobile that he would use nothing but Rockefeller gasoline. The oil king is touring the Lake Keuka region.

With Our Subscribers.

Recent callers at this office report the prevalence of the cotton boll weevil and much damage to cotton resulting. One caller said that he was having good success in knocking off and plowing under the weevil where the ground is dry enough to plow. Too much rain has caused a rank growth of the stalk and little fruiting. There has also been too much rain for corn in some places, but some farmers report the best corn crop they have had in twenty years. A summary of reports indicate that there will be plenty of corn, but little cotton.

Those calling to renew or subscribe or sending in their renewals and subscriptions since last report are as follows:

J. P. Smith, Crockett Rt. 5.
F. M. Patton, Crockett Rt. A.
T. A. Sifford, Crockett.
J. H. Freeman, Pennington.
Frank Krenek, Lovelady Rt. 2.
S. C. Bitner, Lovelady.
G. W. Allbright, Crockett Route 2.

Too Many Professional Men, Not Enough Workers.

Washington, July 27. — A shortage of agricultural labor as well as common labor in the Western and Southern States and a general surplus of men of professional and technical training and of clerks were noted as the outstanding features of the present employment situation in the United States in the annual report of the division of operations of the federal employment service, made public Sunday.

If you are thinking

of building a new home or remodeling the old one come to us for paint and wall paper. Our prices are so reasonable that you cannot afford to go elsewhere.

BAKER & CASTLEBERG
THE REXALL STORE

D. F. Arledge

H. B. Arledge

Arledge & Arledge

BRICK, LIME, CEMENT
WOOD AND COAL

Office Opposite Freight Depot—Phone 75

Why You Can Believe.

You can believe the advertisements you read because the best business men know that truthful advertising pays best, says a bulletin from the Associated Advertising Clubs of the World, New York. The business man who lies in an advertisement is more than a knave—he is a fool in the bargain. We deal with people we trust, and we do not trust those who are untruthful. Buying from advertisers gives assurance of the best qualities for the money.

U. S. Dreadnoughts Pass Through Panama Canal.

Aboard the Flagship U. S. S. New Mexico, Saturday, July 26.—The Pacific fleet, under the command of Admiral Rodman, tonight is floating in Pacific waters.

Six dreadnoughts, led by the flagship New Mexico, today successfully negotiated the Panama Canal, the largest ships that ever have passed through this waterway. The average time of passage for each warship from Colon to Balboa was ten hours, eliminating anchorage time in Gatun Lake.

"This is the biggest event in the history of the canal," said Governor Chester Harding of the Canal Zone, after the feat had been accomplished.

Attention, Tenant Farmers of Houston County

¶ The Federal Land Bank of Houston has one hundred million dollars to loan to the farmers of Texas to enable them to become HOME OWNERS and to pay off eight and ten per cent vendor lien mortgages on their homes.

¶ This money is loaned at five and a half per cent interest on thirty-five years time if desired, and can be paid off after five years.

Every Farmer a Home Owner

¶ This is what can happen in Houston county if you will only avail yourselves of this most liberal offer to finance you. The payments are much less than what you have been paying as rent. Call at the Commercial Club in Crockett for full particulars, or write to H. A. Fisher, Secretary of the Club, and get a leaflet that gives you full information.