

The Crockett Courier.

"Quality, Not Quantity."

CROCKETT, TEXAS, JANUARY 8, 1920

Volume XXX—Number 51

Entered as Second Class Matter at Crockett Post-Office.

Subscription Price \$1.50 Per Annum, Payable at Crockett

RANGERS WITHDRAW FROM EL PASO

Action Is Taken On Advice of Sheriff, Who Promises to Enforce Law.

Austin, Texas, Jan. 3.—By direction of the Governor, Adjutant General W. D. Cope today issued orders withdrawing the company of State Rangers, commanded by Captain Charles E. Stephens, from El Paso county. General Cope, in announcing the issuance of the orders, said that Captain Stevens and his company have been instructed to come to Austin, where they will receive orders as to their new station. General Cope said that he had not yet determined where the company is to be sent, that numerous requests for Rangers have been received from different parts of the State.

Mr. Cope said that the Rangers had been active in interfering with bootleggers and that because many automobiles had been stopped on the highways for the purpose of being searched for contraband liquors, a number of complaints had been made to the Adjutant General's Department and to the Governor against the acts of the Rangers.

"If the people of El Paso county do not want the aid of the Rangers, we will not force the Rangers upon them," said Mr. Cope. "We are short of men and can readily use the company which has been on duty in El Paso county in other sections of the State."

Governor Hobby and the Adjutant General reached a decision on the El Paso situation following receipt of a telegram from Sheriff Seth B. Orndorff of El Paso county, which was sent in answer to a telegram from the Governor making inquiry of the sheriff if in his judgment the situation could be handled and all laws enforced, including laws against bootlegging without the presence of the Rangers. Sheriff Orndorff replied that while withdrawal of the Rangers would place more work on his department in breaking up the bootlegging traffic, he advised that "owing to public sentiment and a number of other circumstances," the Rangers be transferred to some other locality. The Sheriff also notified the Governor that he would exert every means to enforce all prohibition laws, admitting "there is an unusual amount of bootlegging going on at the present time."

Governor Hobby's telegram to Sheriff Orndorff read:

"Please advise me if in your judgment the situation can be handled in El Paso county and all laws enforced, including the laws against bootlegging, without the presence of the Rangers. If so, I will withdraw all Rangers from El Paso county and return them only when advised by your own or from some authoritative source that they are needed for law enforcement. Have had many complaints of bootlegging to Texas oil fields through El Paso county."

Sheriff Orndorff's reply was as follows:

"It will work hardship on me if Rangers are moved, but owing to public sentiment here and a number of other circumstances, I think it best that they be

transferred for the present to some other locality. They have been a great help to me and have worked with me. It will make difficult running down of bootleggers, as I am short of men, but I will do my best to enforce all prohibition laws. There is an unusual amount of bootlegging going on at the present time."

Stockholders' Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the members of the Crockett National Farm Loan Association, numbering over one hundred and fifty residents of Houston county, will be held at the rooms of the Commercial Club in Crockett Tuesday, January 13, at 2 P. M.

This financial institution, which has secured over a third of a million dollars of this five and a half percent government money to enable the tenant farmers to become home owners, and others who have for years been laboring under the heavy handicap of eight and ten percent interest charges, to refund this indebtedness on a basis of about one half of what they have been carrying, and extended over a period of thirty-five years, has grown wonderfully during the past year, and secured a place among the permanent institutions of the county.

The act creating the Federal Farm Loan banking system provides that each borrower shall take five percent of the amount secured, in the stock of the local Association which really means stock in the Federal Farm Loan Bank in Houston, and in this manner all of the stock of this bank is held by the borrowers. This is an investment that draws dividends if the bank is prosperous, and the money paid for this stock is credited on the last payment of the loan. This stock enables the borrowers to elect the officers and directors of the bank and control its management.

At this annual meeting of the members to be held on the 13th all of the members present will be handed a check representing the first dividend that has been available, as the first one declared by the bank was held in the treasury of the association to pay expenses. Now the association has progressed to a point where the dividends can be regularly handed to the borrowers, and it is essential that every one be present at this meeting.

Directors to serve the present year will be chosen and duplicate stock certificates will be given members, so that evidence of this stock investment will be had for filing with other valuable personal papers.

Every member is especially requested to invite one or more farmer friends, who are prospective borrowers, to come with him to the meeting, where all the features of this system will be fully explained. H. A. Fisher, Secretary-Treasurer.

Under government encouragement Korea's cotton crop was increased to nearly 80,000,000 pounds this year and an annual production of 250,000,000 pounds in a few years is expected.

When one old house is pulled down it is no small job to remove the rubbish.—Webster's Blue Back Speller, Page 50.

MUST TAKE UP WAGE PROBLEM AGAIN

Extension of Government Control of Roads Necessitates Action.

Washington, Dec. 25.—President Wilson's proclamation returning the railroads March 1 lends a new aspect to wage problems before Director General Hines.

In the opinion of railroad administration officials, the president's order should tranquilize the labor situation inasmuch as the time of the government control is extended by two full months. Union officers, who have been pressing for a settlement of their demands before the roads went back on the supposition that the transfer would be made Jan. 1, the date originally set, have not indicated how the proclamation will affect their plans.

The only wage demands now before Mr. Hines are those of the 500,000 shopmen, who were refused a general increase of 25 per cent last summer, President Wilson and the director general taking the position that the war cycle of advancing wages and increasing living costs must come to an end.

President Jewell and the executive council of the six shop crafts recently renewed their demands. They were asked to await an official report by Attorney General Palmer, since made public.

Mr. Palmer's report showed that the customary upward march of prices during the fall months had been much less this year than in the past, and expressed the conviction that the next two months would show substantial results in reducing the inflation of living costs. The cost of living question, therefore, still is unsettled in the minds of high government officials, and will not be settled until after government control of the rail systems has expired. It remains to be seen what view the president and the director general will take of the shopmen's renewed demands for more money in the light of the attorney general's statement.

State Supervisor of High Schools Visits Crockett.

On November 14, Prof. Peyton Irving Jr., State Supervisor of High schools for the Department of Education, visited the Crockett high school, spending most of the day in a close inspection of class work and the general equipment of the school. Prof. Irving expressed himself as being well pleased with his findings in all phases of the school's work. Below is printed in full the report he submitted to the Department:

"Crockett High School, Donald McDonald, Superintendent. Visited November 14, 1919, by Peyton Irving, Jr.

"Crockett High School is advantageously located in a new and well designed high school, in excellent condition. Laboratories and libraries are well selected and efficient. Some laboratory material has been bought but has not yet arrived, but the instruction is not yet suffering from its lack. Some additions may have to be made to source books used in connection with

modern history, as many of those used formerly with medieval history are now suitable only for early European history. The superintendent will see that this matter is checked up, and whatever needs may be found to exist will be supplied.

"Classes in American history, in Cicero, in French were seen and all the laboratory material examined. Credit is now given to the Crockett school for a half unit in American history. The superintendent, is considering the advisability of giving an entire year to the subject; in case it is done, application for an additional half unit of credit in the subject will probably be asked in the winter.

"French is given in place of German, which was abandoned a year ago. The classes are live and interested; the more advanced class uses the direct method, and get along well in conversation. It is under the direction of a competent teacher who pays special attention to pronunciation and accent and who insists on actual conversation in the class room. As the advanced class has had one year, it is now doing what appears to be a typical year's work for a second year class in a modern language. When the language was offered it was thrown open to pupils of all classes; some of those in the second year are junior and senior pupils. The result is the class made an unusually good showing.

"The supervisor feels the faculty and board of trustees of the Crockett high school are to be congratulated on the spirit among the students and their attitude toward their work and on the excellent condition in which they keep their beautiful building."

The Crockett high school is rated by the Department of Education as a first class school, having, since the discontinuance of German, 17 units of affiliation credits, distributed as follows:

Agriculture, Physical Geography and Physiology, each a half unit; Botany and Physics, one unit each; Ancient, Mediaeval and Modern, and English History, one unit each; American History and Cicero, a half unit each; Algebra, two units; Plane Geometry, one unit; Solid Geometry, a half unit; English, three units, and Latin, three units. It is expected that the school will be in a position to ask for credit in the new French course either this year or next.

George Bailey Coming.

Hon. George M. Bailey of Houston, the witty "paraphraser" of the Houston Post and one of the leading laymen of Texas, writer, speaker and Christian gentleman, will deliver an address at Crockett on Sunday, the 25th of January. The hour and the place of speaking, together with a general program for the occasion, will be announced later.

Mr. Bailey comes to Crockett under the auspices of the recently organized "Joe Adams Laymen's Movement for Houston County," a brief account of which was published in the county press a short time ago. It is being planned to make of the proposed occasion a general "rally day" for this movement, and the laymen from all over the county will be appealed to to attend and give to the movement an impetus whereby it is hoped much good may come of it. Laymen of all the churches and those not members of any church

CONGRESS TAKES UP LONG SESSION WORK

Both Bodies Get Rapidly Down to Work on Waiting Legislation.

Washington, Jan. 5.—Congress went to work immediately today upon reconvening after its fortnight holiday recess.

Without formality, both house and senate began disposition of bills on their calendars and within an hour or so both bodies resumed their normal appearance of scant attendance during speech-making. Miscellaneous bills only were considered and few of the less important passed. The senate late in the day started debate on the water power development bill, consideration of which promises to continue into next week. The Sterling sedition bill, which senate leaders had expected to take up today, went over until tomorrow.

There were few developments and only perfunctory discussion of the peace treaty in the senate. Senator King of Utah, democrat, presented formally his set of compromise reservations, and many senators were engaged all day in private conferences on the treaty, but nothing tangible resulted.

Victor Berger, the Wisconsin socialist, re-elected after being refused a seat by the house, did not arrive today, but tomorrow, or immediately upon his presentation of re-election credentials, house leaders planned to refuse again to grant him a seat. Representative Mann of Illinois, former republican leader, surprised house members by announcing he would support Berger's claim.

Many committees of both senate and house got into action today and prepared to grind out the endless procession of bills and resolutions which are expected to hold congress here for the next nine or ten months.

New Year's Program.

The entertainment given by Crockett High School pupils on New Years Night under the direction of Mrs. Archibald, was a delightful surprise to all who were present.

The opening feature of the evening was a play given by the French class, and although unintelligible to many of us, we were all charmed by the mannerisms and costumes of the French maidens, and the unaffected way in which they gave their little speeches. So very quaint was this little play that it alone was well worth the small admission fee charged. The scene of the play was in a French school during a visit of the "Inspector," the teacher being a Red Cross nurse.

Another pleasing feature of the evening was a minstrel show given by a group of High School boys. Several pleasing musical selections were given with Johnson Lundy Ariedge at the piano, accompanied by other minstrels on the Gazook.

Last but not least came the delightful musical comedy, "The Thrift Shop," in which we learned of the wonderful ways of Miss Thrift and how she dealt with each customer, particularly with Mr. Extravagance. The parts were well taken, and the play very interesting. Much credit is due Miss Erin Tunstall for her piano accompaniment, and Miss Itelee Powell for her violin accompaniment.

Between curtains recitations were given by Miss Dorothy Ellen Shivers and by C. C. Jones. The local talent displayed was excellent and we hope for a repetition in the near future of New Year's night.

The entertainment cleared about sixty five dollars which will go toward the school improvement fund. I. D. J.

are invited to co-operate in the prosecution of the plans and purposes of the undertaking. It is the earnest wish of the promoters of this organization that every preacher, regardless of denomination, attend this meeting, give their assistance and bear what Mr. Bailey may have to say.

ED DEALERS
rs, Distributors

Stop and Think!

PHARMACY is a SCIENCE, a knowledge of which is gained by deep study.

THE ART of COMPOUNDING is a practical application of theoretical knowledge.

PRARMACEUTICAL THEORETICAL KNOWLEDGE is obtained only in schools of pharmacy.

Realizing our responsibility to you and yours, we prepared ourselves before we attempted to serve you. Take a moment to yourself and see if this is worth anything to YOU.

Goolsby-Sherman Drug Co.

Successors to Bishop Drug Company
GRADUATE PHARMACISTS ONLY
WE PRACTICE PROFESSIONAL PHARMACY
Two Phones, 47 and 140. Best Service in Town

LOCAL NEWS ITEMS

Downes Foster of Waco was here last week.

Mrs. L. Meriwether was a visitor in Austin last week.

Hyacinth bulbs! I have them. It. John F. Baker, Druggist.

We have a complete stock of face, fire and common brick, lime and cement. Arledge & Arledge. tf.

BAKER'S THEATRE

EXTRA SPECIAL

MATINEE—Doors open at 3 o'clock, show starts at 3:30.
NIGHT—Doors open at 7:00 o'clock, show starts at 7:15.

TONIGHT, JANUARY 8

HAROLD BELL WRIGHT'S IMMORTAL STORY OF THE OZARKS

"THE SHEPHERD OF THE HILLS"

SEE SAMMY LANE AND LITTLE PETE.

SEE DAD HOWETT AND WASH GIBBS AND HIS GANG OF MOONSHINERS.

This picture was filmed in the heart of the Ozarks, where the story was written.

ADMISSION (Both Matinee and Night). ADULTS, 50 CENTS CHILDREN, 25 CENTS

A complete and up-to-date abstract. tf. Aldrich & Crook.

Calvin Aldrich came home from Burkburnett for Christmas.

T. R. Deupree came home from Fort Worth to take Christmas.

C. L. Edmiston returned Sunday from a business trip to Louisiana.

Phil Moore, attending college at Alton, Ill., was at home for Christmas.

Herman Howard of Lake Charles La., was at home for the holiday visit.

Mrs. Thomas Self spent the holiday season with her mother in Whitewright.

Ben Janes, located at Eastland, spent the holidays with his family in Crockett.

Legray Atmar of Houston was among the number taking Christmas at home.

Luther Kleckley of Houston took Christmas dinner with his parents near Crockett.

Mr. Chas. Long of Chappell Hill visited his son, Dave Long, near Crockett last week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Collins of Groveton were among the holiday visitors in Crockett.

Frank and Elbert Betts came home from the north Texas oil field to spend Christmas.

Mr. and Mrs. Billie Allee of Palestine visited relatives here during the holiday season.

Archie Crook Baker of Neame, La., was the guest of relatives and friends here last week.

Lee Foster, who has been living at Corpus Christi lately, was here for the vacation week.

Mrs. Huberta R. Nunn of Houston was a guest of Mrs. Corinne N. Corry last week.

Money to lend on farms. Terms reasonable, money quick. See J. S. French, Crockett, Texas. tf.

We have a complete stock of face, fire and common brick, lime and cement. Arledge & Arledge. tf.

For Sale. Good five-room dwelling in west Crockett with lot 125x195 feet. House nicely finished and in excellent state of repair. tf. Lee Wagner.

William Henry Denny of Houston was here to see relatives and friends during the vacation season.

Mr. W. J. Peacock of the Lovelady country visited his son, J. P. Peacock, in Crockett last week.

Captain J. L. Lipscomb of Dallas, spent Christmas with his parents, Dr. and Mrs. W. C. Lipscomb.

Mrs. Mary Abbey of San Antonio spent the holidays with her son, Mr. Abbey of Baker's theatre.

We have a complete stock of face, fire and common brick, lime and cement. Arledge & Arledge. tf.

Milton Thomas, engaged in the revenue service with headquarters at Lampasas, was here last week.

Mrs. E. A. Hull and son, Clayton, were visitors at Pittsburg, northeast Texas, during Christmas holidays.

Jim Tom Box, who was a visitor with relatives here last week, has returned to his home in San Angelo.

Mr. and Mrs. Dan Craddock and daughter of Kennard were visitors with relatives here during the holidays.

After January 1 John F. Baker, druggist, successor to Baker & Castleberg—same place, same telephone number. It.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. P. Jones of Houston spent Christmas with Mrs. Jones' parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Foster.

B. F. Chamberlain, Jr., with the Texas Company at Houston, was a visitor in Crockett during the holiday vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. Bruner Smith of Longview visited their parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Monday, in Lovelady last week.

Miss Emma Craddock, teaching in the San Antonio city schools, was a visitor here during the holiday season.

Jim Henry, having received his discharge from the navy, arrived home in time to spend Christmas with friends.

Lieut. John Denny of Camp Bennington, Ala., was here to visit his father, Judge S. A. Denny, during the holidays.

Misses Carrie Belle Cochran and Fay Murray of Lovelady were guests of Miss Lucia Painter during the holidays.

Miss Etta Mae Cone has gone to Beaumont to be with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Cone, who recently moved there.

Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Edmiston and Jane Elizabeth of Palestine were here to spend Christmas with relatives and friends.

We buy hides, green or dry, and pay top price. See us before you sell. tf. Arnold Brothers.

Cow for Sale. A Jersey cow, 3 years old, will be fresh in milk about February 15. tf. T. G. McConnico.

Jehu Goolsby, a student of the Texas University Medical College at Galveston, was among the holiday visitors in Crockett.

Mrs. F. G. Edmiston has returned from Palestine to be with her mother and sister, who are coming for a visit from Virginia.

Croppers Wanted. Three or four good families to make crop on shares or rent, good land on Trinity river 16 miles west of Crockett. See B. B. Arrington on the river or J. S. Arrington at Crockett. 3t.

After January 1 John F. Baker, druggist, successor to Baker & Castleberg—same place, same telephone number. It.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Murray of Lovelady took their Christmas dinner in Crockett with Mrs. Murray's mother, Mrs. J. T. Harrison.

Mrs. Harry Castleberg and daughters, Misses Earle and Euda, spent the holiday season with relatives and friends in the old home town.

I. L. Jeffus and family have moved to Brawley, Imperial county, California. The best wishes of Houston county people go with them.

Frost proof cabbage plants, postpaid, thirty-five cents per hundred, three hundred for one dollar. For sale by Jesse Barnes, Trinity, Texas. 4t.

Miss Bella Lipscomb, a student of the College of Industrial Arts at Denton, was among those returning home for the holiday season.

The Courier editor wishes to acknowledge receipt of a holiday greeting card from Sergeant L. K. Meriwether, which was mailed at Port Said, Egypt.

Dudley English from Texas University, Austin, and Clarence Garrett from Southern Methodist University, Dallas, were among the students home for the holiday visit.

Farm Wanted. A roomy, well improved dwelling house and lot, conveniently located, to exchange for a well-improved farm, not too far from the city. It. A. A. Aldrich.

Blacksmith Shop for Sale. Located at Ratcliff and is a paying proposition. Selling because of other business. For terms see me at Ratcliff. 2t* O. T. Ratcliff.

Two automobile accessories have been combined in one attachment by a Detroit inventor, a carrier for two spare tires and a cylindrical gasoline tank.

MONEY TO LOAN

BUY VENDOR LEIN NOTES.
AETNA LIFE INSURANCE.
B. B. WARFIELD
CROCKETT, TEXAS.



Houses that "Jack" builds today have modern lighting with MAZDA lamps. When buying lamps for your home be sure to get

MAZDA LAMPS

in the National Mazda Blue Convenience Carton. Have you seen the new white MAZDA lamp?

John F. Baker

Successor to Baker & Castleberg
The Rexall Store.

AGENTS WANTED—In every locality to look after new and renewal subscriptions. Liberal commissions paid. Also additional big cash prizes and other rewards given. THE PROGRESSIVE FARMER, Slaughter Bldg., Dallas, Texas. 3t

The Ecuadorian government has established a weather service in connection with its agricultural school.

Briquettes made of peat have been used successfully to smelt iron ore in England.

Furniture Tells the Story of the Home

Going to start the new year with a new set of furniture?

Or perhaps you want an odd piece here and there—for the living room, bed room, dining room, kitchen, porch or yard?

Nothing adds a softer or more pleasing touch to a home than good furniture well and harmoniously selected.

Our selections are designed to meet the requirements of this community. We can satisfy your taste, or any other taste.

WE MAKE THE PRICE RIGHT

Waller & Green

Successors to Deupree & Waller.
Furniture and Undertaking.

BLAMED FOR HIGH PRICES OF FOOD

No Relief Until Normal Conditions Restored, British Secretary Says.

London, Dec. 28.—The world can expect no relief from the present high cost of living and the shortage of commodities until the widespread social and industrial unrest has disappeared and the war-shattered economic machinery has been put into order, according to Charles A. McCurdy, parliamentary secretary to the Ministry of Food. McCurdy expressed this view during an interview with a correspondent of the Associated Press and added that he was not particularly optimistic over the chances of any marked betterment of the situation in the near future.

"We have Bolshevism at one end of the world and widespread strikes at the other," said Mr. McCurdy, "and not until society resumes its normal course can we right economic conditions.

"It is very difficult to prophesy regarding the food situation of the future in view of the fact that the whole economic structure of the world has been so badly dislocated. There is hardly any factor of business that is stable, and we do not know what wages are to be. As a result of these conditions the regular channels of distribution are disorganized and until they are normal it will be impossible to tell what effective supplies there are as compared with the world stocks."

Expects Crisis in Year.

"While it is true that America, England and some other countries are sufficiently supplied now so that there is no distress among the people, yet this comparative abundance is in reality a fictitious one, and may not last. Great sections of the world are actually hungry because of the impossibility of distributing supplies properly. If the channels of distribution were open and the economic conditions were such that foodstuffs could be purchased by those countries which need them we probably would find ourselves faced with a shortage in many things.

"For example, if the peoples of Central Europe should be in position next year to purchase the meat they need there would be a world shortage of several million tons. It is improbable that they will be able to buy but it is impossible to predict so far in advance. I believe that a year from now things will have been brought to a head and that the world will be facing its most critical time.

"There are those who tell me that I am wrong in my outlook and that there will be no shortage, but I can figure it no other way. There certainly are many countries now which are securing far below what they need in the way of foodstuffs, and when the time comes for them to buy, it will be impossible to refuse them their share of what the world produces. We can not let one part of the world starve while another section has plenty.

Production Crippled.

"There is another factor to be considered also. Where production has been stimulated during the war it must ultimately revert to normal. It is not natural as it stands. In the United States, for instance, the meat production has been artificially stimulated and it is hard to estimate when this temporary condition will vanish. America next year may be an importer of meat, instead of a big exporter. See what that would mean to the rest of the world.

"On the other hand, production has been crippled in many countries. In this case the pro-

cess of getting back to normal is likely to be slower than in the case of the war-stimulated production.

"In Europe as a whole there is an actual shortage of 11 per cent in sheep and a larger shortage in pigs. Because of this Europe would have to import 3,500,000 tons of meat this coming winter, if it were to return to its pre-war consumption.

"In regard to wheat, the exportable surplus of the world is down compared with that before the war. Import requirements at the same time are up. The same thing is true of butter and

in some countries its consumption has been increased by the lack of margarine. There is also a sugar shortage. The beet sugar production has dropped off 4,200,000 tons in Europe since 1914. The cane sugar production of the world meantime has increased but only 1,800,000 tons.

Prices High With Surplus.

"In discussing prices, we must consider the meaning of the phenomenon in the United States, where there is no food shortage but an exportable surplus. The food supply is above normal, and

yet the prices have advanced almost proportionately with the increase in Great Britain, which is largely an importing country. This curious situation makes one realize that in estimating food prices the economic effects peculiar to foodstuffs are not the determining factor, but economic conditions as a whole.

"There seems to be a tendency in many countries to expend war wages and profits on consumption—goods, food, clothing, etc., to a greater extent than on the purchase of raw material for the extension of industry. It may be partly due to this con-

sumption that goods on the whole have such an upward trend since the armistice."

To enable him to get about without aid of a cane a Seattle blind man has invented a direction indicator, consisting of a compass and buzzers worn on a belt, the buzzers sounding when he deviates from a set course.

Of French invention is a portable airplane hangar made of balloon material and inflated by a motor driven air pump until it forms a substantial arch.



No one shall take them from me—

I love my pipe and good old Velvet—

My comforters in adversity, my wise counselors when problems vex.

Companions of my loneliness and sharers of my happy hours.

Their friendliness has made me feel more kindly toward my fellow men.

They have made this old world a better place to live in.

I love my pipe and good old Velvet; no one shall take them from me.

Velvet Joe



Write to Velvet Joe, 4241 Folson Avenue, St. Louis, Mo., for his 1930 Almanac. He will send it FREE.

EDITORIALS BY

DR. R. T. MILNER

WHAT THE FORMER A. & M. PRESIDENT WRITES IN THE RUSK COUNTY NEWS.

RADICALLY WRONG.

There is a radical wrong in our country when the stores and banks are crowded with labor, and not a hand to be found to work on the farms. This condition is simply deplorable, and cannot last long without a serious calamity befalling the country. In all the history of mankind an unnatural exodus from the farms to the towns and cities has marked the beginning of decay. It shows that conditions back on the farm are not attractive, that they are not calculated to inspire ambition and thrift, or that false hopes have been created in the towns by the fortunes that have come as a result of the war. Whatever may be the cause, the whole thing portends evil, disaster and ruin. Idle fields, idle shops, idle mines, idle factories, and busy cities may run for awhile but the day of reckoning, of evening up, will come, and terrible will be that day—a day of wailing and gnashing of teeth. This is an agricultural country. It is nothing but an agricultural country, and when the fields shall lie fallow and the soil refuse to yield for the want of men to till it, the stores and the banks will close, the streets will grow weeds and poverty and desolation will curse the places where wealth, luxury, extravagance and frivolity now are engaged in mad revelry by day and by night.

The conditions prevailing throughout the land are unnatural, unreligious, unsuited to sensible and permanent progress, uneverything that is founded upon wisdom and sober intelligence and those who are wise enough to see it and do not raise their voice against it are cowardly enemies of the human race. The time to avoid disaster is the moment that it appears in sight. Black Friday which came near plunging this nation into a revolution was a tame affair compared with what we may expect at the end of the road we are rapidly traveling. Let every person who loves the things and ways that are right, the only things that will endure, raise his voice now that we may avert the bad and evil tide that is bearing upon its waves so

many benighted men and women. They are now lulled by the fascinating wings of the zephyr, but the storm whose fury has not been outdone since the downfall of Rome is muttering in the distance.

Now Is the Time to Plant Your Trees.

A citizen remarked to the writer recently that no trees are as valuable as pecan trees. They are thoroughly adapted to east Texas, grow rapidly and are not surpassed for beauty and for all the purposes that living trees are used. And their commercial value exceeds any crop the land will produce. This farmer who is a middle-aged man declared that if he had planted a few hundred trees when he was a young man his annual income now would amount to thousands of dollars. At prices which pecans sold this year many trees have been known to produce as high as fifty dollars worth of nuts per tree, and in some instances far above that amount.

The best varieties, budded, will begin to bear at an early age. By the time the trees have grown sufficiently large to prevent the cultivation and production of crops among them the yield of nuts will become the largest in dividends of anything else that the land will produce.

The pecan tree will live on and on for hundreds of years. What surer or more profitable heritage can farmers promise their children than pecan trees! It is true that the trees must be cultivated for a few years, but during the period of cultivation profitable farm crops can be grown on the same land.

We cannot think of an investment that any intelligent, industrious farmer can make than to put a few hundred dollars in pecan trees, or if he merely wants a few shade trees, by all means he should get pecans. Do not offer the excuse of old age. About the sorriest man we can think of is the fellow that will not plant a tree because he thinks perchance he may die of old age before it bears fruit. We can think of no more worthy act for an old man, just before he is to be called from earth, than to place in the soil a tree that will grow and bear fruit long after he may have been forgotten. Jim Hogg wanted a pecan tree at one end of his grave and a walnut at the other. They were planted as requested, and are now bearing nuts.

It is about time that the people lay aside all prejudices in the business of electing men to office, and honor none except men of the highest honor and integrity, and who have the courage to stand up for the right and justice, above every other consideration. Woman suffrage, man suffrage, liquor suffrage are no longer issues, but economy all along the line, up and down, from one end to the other, a rigid enforcement of all laws and placing all state institutions upon a basis such as honorable and competent men conduct their private business—these are live issues—and are appealing to every thinking man in Texas. The taxing power is the most dangerous power in our government and it has been abused to a fare-you-well, and the people are in a frame of mind right now to stampede unless relief is forthcoming. Let the slogan be: "Down with taxes; up with the taxpayers."

Do not bother about storms, earthquakes, floods, and things of that sort. The things that men are to fear are the things of which they alone are the authors, such as wars, pestilences, famine, disease, plagues, and other miserable things, which have been the result of their sins ever since the days of Adam. The terrible afflictions that curse the world today were brought upon us by our own injured person through the botanists. Four, five or six years tom, enabling a pilot to load we have done little else than vio-

late the laws and commands of Almighty God. Just as soon as we get our houses in order the world will be all right, and no sooner.

We should not be in a hurry to make up our minds in the gubernatorial race. Let us weigh carefully the men and their platforms. If a strong man, in every way fitted for governor, comes out on a platform of rigid economy, a man who will cut down the number of offices, reduce taxation radically, and see to it that all laws are enforced promptly, and the honor and the dignity of the state raised to a high standard, and who has commanding power sufficient to challenge the backing of the legislature, we should support him. Let us be slow and studious in coming to a conclusion in the matter.

Thousands and thousands of years ago a wise man said: "The thing that hath been, it is that which shall be; and that which is done, is that which shall be done; and there is no new thing under the sun." And then he repeats as follows: "That which hath been is now; and that which is to be hath already been." So let us not be troubled, for "He that observeth the wind, shall not sow; and he that regardeth the clouds shall not reap."

Idolatry is the worship of idols. Pagans worship gods of wood and stone. These are their idols. But among Christians many persons worship other other sorts of gods. Some worship a gay and splendid dress, consisting of silks and muslins, gauze and ribbons; some worship pearls and diamonds; but all excessive fondness for temporal things is idolatry.—Webster's Blue Back Speller.

Nearly every fellow that has started out with the idea that God has ordained and predestinated that he should rule the world, or do some big thing, has made a mess of it. Say what we may, but it is hard to improve on Jefferson, that all just governments derive their powers from the consent of the governed.

These freezes on top of the vast amount of moisture in the earth are fine things to have. They are hard on insects and good for the soils. All signs would indicate big crops of all kinds next year. Let us hope as much at least.

Those who enjoy the light of the Gospel, and neglect to observe its precepts, are more criminal than the heathen.—Webster's Blue Back Speller, Page 115.

Eyes Are On Us.

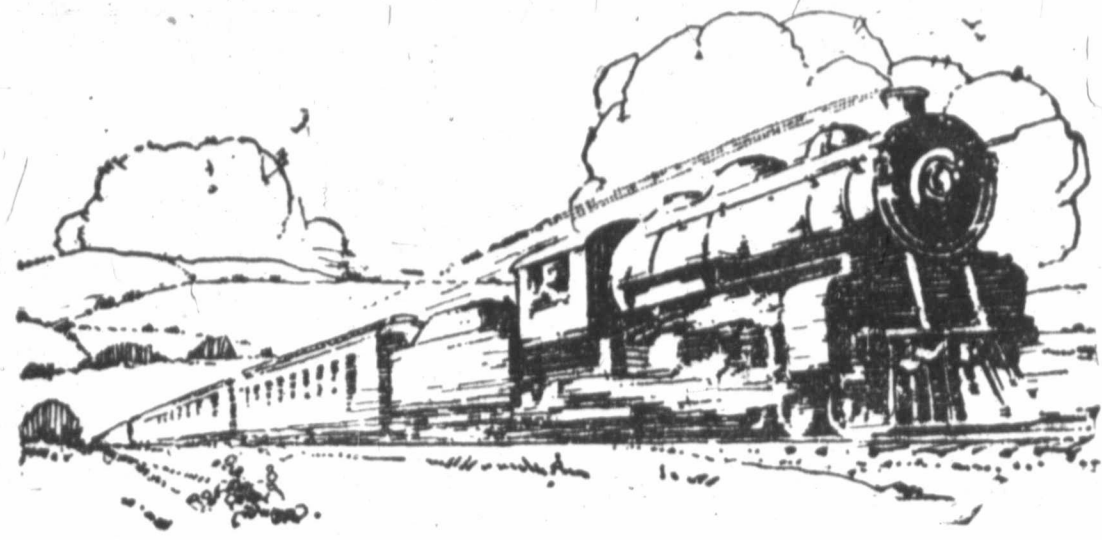
Sikeston, Mo., Dec. 22, 1919. Editor Courier:

I see in your issue of December 18, 1919, the spoke factory talked of again. I certainly hope that you succeed in getting this factory, as I feel sure that it will be of great benefit to your town and country. Better still, I see in the same issue that Houston is expected to have a \$4,000,000 packing plant, and of course if it succeeds in getting this plant it will mean more competing plants in the near future. I doubt if the people of south east Texas realize what a wonderful improvement this will be and I certainly hope that Houston succeeds in getting this great enterprise. There has been a great deal of howl and bunco about big packing plants in different parts of the country, but there is nothing to it. They are a wonderful blessing to any country or nation, as they furnish market for livestock at all times.

Trusting that these enterprises will succeed in Houston and Crockett, I am

Yours very truly,
C. M. Smith, Sr.

Patronize our advertisers.



A vast amount of work now remains to be done which the intervention of war has necessarily delayed and accumulated, and the result is that very large capital expenditures ought to be made to make up for the interruptions inevitably due to the war, and to prepare the railroads to serve adequately the increased traffic throughout the country. WALKER D. HINES, Director General of Railroads.

Work more—
Produce more—
Save more—

But we can't continue increasing our production unless we continue increasing our railroad facilities.

The farms, mines and factories cannot increase their output beyond the capacity of the railroads to haul their products.

Railroads are now near the peak of their carrying capacity.

Without railroad expansion—more engines, more cars, more tracks, more terminals—there can be little increase in production.

But this country of ours is going to keep right on growing—and the railroads must grow with it.

To command in the investment markets the flow of new capital to expand railroad facilities—and so increase production—there must be public confidence in the future earning power of railroads.

The nation's business can grow only as fast as the railroads grow.

This advertisement is published by the Association of Railway Executives

Those desiring information concerning the railroad situation may obtain literature by writing to the Association of Railway Executives, 61 Broadway, New York.

Will Not be One Day Without

PE-RU-NA

This Lady TELLS Her FRIENDS

Mrs. Mary Fricke, 507 Bornman St., Belleville, Ill., is just one of the many thousands of ladies throughout the country who, after an agony of years, have at last found health, strength and vigor in PE-RU-NA.

Her own words tell of her suffering and recovery better than we can do it: "I suffered with my stomach, had awful cramps and headaches so I often could not lay on a pillow. Saw your book, tried PE-RU-NA and got good results from the first bottle. To be sure of a cure I took twelve bottles. I have recommended PE-RU-NA to my friends and all are well pleased with results. I will not be one day without PE-RU-NA. Have not had a doctor since I started with PE-RU-NA, which was about fifteen years ago. I am now sixty-three years old, hale, hearty and well. Can do as much work as my daughters. I feel strong and healthy and weigh near two hundred pounds. Before, I weighed as little as one hundred. I hope lots of people use PE-RU-NA and get the results I did." An experience like that of Mrs. Fricke is an inspiration to every sick and suffering woman.



MRS. MARY FRICKE

If you have catarrh, whether it be of the nose, throat, stomach, bowels, or other organs, PE-RU-NA is the remedy. It is not new; it is not an experiment. PE-RU-NA has been tried. PE-RU-NA has been used by thousands who once were sick and are now well. To prevent coughs, colds, grip and influenza and to hasten recovery there is nothing better.

PE-RU-NA will improve the appetite and digestion, purify the blood, soothe the irritated mucous linings, eradicate the waste material and corruption from the system. It will tone up the nerves, give you health, strength, vigor and the joy of living. Do what Mrs. Mary Fricke and thousands more have done—try PE-RU-NA! You will be glad, happy, thankful.

Tablet or Liquid. Sold Everywhere.

TEACHERS WARNED NOT TO BUY STOCK

Against Law to Be Interested in Use of Any Distinct School Paper.

Warning to the school teachers of the state that they would be violating a state law by becoming stockholders in a textbook publishing company has been sent out by Miss Annie Webb Blanton, State superintendent of public instruction.

Miss Blanton's warning was occasioned by the fact that a school book concern handling Texas school books has offered stock for sale among the teachers of the state, holding out prospects of good return on the investments.

The book concern also conducts a free teacher placing bureau, which Miss Blanton believes is an attempt to influence teachers unduly toward the use of certain books in the schools.

Miss Blanton calls the attention of the teachers to Section 266 of the public school laws, which provides that trustees and teachers shall not handle textbooks.

"In my opinion," Miss Blanton says, "the holding of such stock would constitute a violation of the law. The intent of the law is evidently to prohibit teachers from taking part in the sale of text books. Such an organization as is contemplated in this circular might become a serious menace to the interests of the school children of the state.

"In my opinion, a company like this, which handles the majority of the textbooks of the state, can not properly include among its stockholders teachers employed in our public schools or our state schools. Neither can such an organization properly operate a teacher-placing bureau, free or otherwise. Whether intentional or otherwise such a plan as is set forth in these two circulars has the appearance of an attempt to induce teachers of the state to use their positions to favor the books of certain companies which use their depositories.

"I wish respectfully to ask you to examine carefully this Section 266. Instances were reported to me last fall of teachers who taught in county institutes, and especially recommended to the teachers certain supplementary readers. These teachers acted during the summer as agents for these readers. No teacher who acts as agent for any book company should be permitted to teach in the county institute. In my opinion, teachers who act as book agents for textbooks during the vacation, are violating the spirit, if not the letter of this law. This is also true of teachers or county attendance officers who act as agents for any kind of school supplies. I realize the teacher's necessity, but the teacher's honor is more important. Such persons are always engaged by book companies or others in order that they may use the influence of their position to favor a certain book or certain article. Much of this kind of thing has gone on in the state, and it can not but be a reflection on those engaging in it.

Reduced Consumption of Newsprint Urged.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 17.—Every newspaper in the country had been called upon Wednesday by the house post office committee to reduce its consumption of newsprint paper by 10 per cent for a period of six months in an effort to relieve the present serious shortage which the committee has been told threatened the destruction of a number of small newspapers.

Voluntary co-operation of publishers would obviate the necessity for repressive government-

al action, said the committee statement, prepared by Chairman Steenerson. Members of the committee said that if the publishers carried out the voluntary conservation plan, further action on the Anthony bill to limit the size of newspapers and periodicals using the second class mail privilege would be postponed for the present at least.

Mr. Steenerson's statement to the newspaper publishers follows:

"The committee considered the shortage in the news print paper supply and believes that unless consumption can be materially reduced, it will result in the destruction of a large number of newspapers in the smaller communities served by them, and having in mind the great results accomplished during the war by the voluntary and patriotic co-operation of the people in saving food, fuel and other things necessary, in which you had a creditable part, we speak to you to reduce consumption of news print paper at least 10 per cent during the next six months, thereby averting the threatened injury and obviating the necessity for repressive measures in the future."

Motor Rural Carrier Examination.

The United States Civil Service Commission has announced an examination for the County of Houston, Texas, to be held on January 24, 1920, to fill the position of motor rural carrier at Crockett and vacancies that may later occur on motor rural routes from post offices in the above-mentioned county. The salary on motor routes range from \$1,500 to \$1,800 per annum. The examination will be open only to male citizens who are actually domiciled in the territory supplied with mail by a post-office in the county and who meet the other requirements set forth in Forms 2121 and 1977. Form 2121 may be seen posted at any post-office in the county for which the examination is held, and Form 1977 and application blanks may be obtained from the post-office at which the vacancy exists and where the examination is to be held, or from the United States Civil Service Commission at Washington, D. C. The appointee to this position will be required to furnish, maintain and operate a modern motor vehicle with carrying capacity of not less than 800 pounds and a cubic capacity of not less than 80 feet. Applicants must file with their applications a statement of the equipment they will be able to provide in the event of appointment. Applications should be forwarded to the Commission at Washington, D. C., at the earliest practicable date.

Some Postscripts.

To protect them against cold paper shirts are issued to Japan's soldiers.

To prevent the juice scattering an inventor has patented an ornamental glass cover to be placed over a half orange or grape fruit while it is being eaten.

According to an Italian scientist who has classified 4000 cases of self destruction more suicides occur between the ages of 15 and 26 than at any other period in life.

An English inventor's safety suit for aviators is covered with parachute like pockets and the entire garment can be inflated to help break the force of a wearer's fall.

To enable aeroplanes to alight at sea Great Britain has built a ship with a deck 535 feet long, the smokestacks being horizontal and the pilot house and wireless masts collapsible.

The British government has established a research station to determine the fuel value of coal and its products and especially to ascertain the extent to which low grade coal and colliery waste can be utilized.

RAIL MEN DEMAND INCREASE AGAIN

Desire to Have Matter Settled Before Carriers Are Handed Back to Private Owners.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 20.—The big four railroad brotherhoods and representatives of the other railroad employees' unions are preparing again to demand from the railroad administration an increase in wages for the 2,500,000 railway employes which will amount to about a billion dollars.

The officials of the railway unions who have been in conference here for several days have decided to resubmit their demand for a universal wage increase before the railroads are handed back to their owners.

This billion-dollar wage increase will come out of the pockets of the public, either through increased railroad rates or through direct payment by the government because the railroads are not now in shape to stand any increased operating expenses.

Encouraged by the success attained by the coal dealers in getting increased wages through action of the government after failure to secure it by negotiations with their employers the railway workers are anxious that their leaders shall renew their wage increase demands without delay.

The rail workers have been withholding their demands since August 25 last when President Wilson requested that they stay further action until the administration could have an opportunity to force down the high cost of living. Four months now have elapsed and the union leaders declare that while there may have been slight reductions here and there in the price of necessities of life, the general scale of living charges has gone up rather than down. They believe the time is approaching to call upon President Wilson to make good his promise that a delay in the presentation of the wage demands would be by no means prejudicial to the interests of the railway employes. In the event of the failure of his high cost of living campaign the president pledged all of his executive powers to the union in forcing a decision for them from the railway managers.

The brotherhood leaders reported four months ago that the men were restive and getting out of hand. It was with difficulty that unauthorized strikes were checked at that time. The men are now becoming convinced that further delay might prove fatal to their cause, and the chances are that before the new year comes the issue of a nationwide railway strike may once more be before the government.

A new microphone to collect sounds and convey them to the ears of partly deaf persons by almost invisible wires is so compact that it can be worn under a man's necktie.

An instrument has been invented to permit draftsmen to draw perfect ovals and to draw two or more of the same dimensions.

"Oh those Chills"

"How miserable I felt week after week, until I tried SWAMP Chill & Fever Tonic. Now I am well—feel fine every day. It's a wonderful remedy!"

The Doctors' Prescription
60c at All Dealers.

SWAMP
CHILL & FEVER TONIC

MUST ECONOMIZE TO AVERT SHORTAGE

No Known Substitute As Yet For Motor Fuel—Real Problem Declared to Exist.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 20.—"There are no known commercial substitutes for gasoline or lubricating oils. The domestic out-put of these does not meet the present consumption. Of the original available petroleum supplies underground we have consumed 40 per cent."

These statements made by Van H. Manning, Director of the Bureau of Mines, Department of Interior, have been made public to emphasize the great need in the petroleum industry for extensive research.

"It is true," says Mr. Manning, "that there are vast oil resources in foreign countries which can probably meet the demand for the next ten years. Predictions beyond that period are not safe. "Our efforts must be turned toward obtaining perfection in processes and mechanical equipment. In 1918 the value of the output of crude oil and refined products in the United States was \$2,500,000,000 and certainly the petroleum industry can afford to spend more than has been spent heretofore in research to discover new methods and perfect those now in use to make the recovery of oil and its utilization more efficient."

Among the collapsible row boats is one supported by two inflatable floats, the whole affair being carried when folded in a case the size of one used to hold a game of croquet.

Ask for "HILL'S" FIVE MILLION PEOPLE USED IT LAST YEAR HILL'S CASCARA QUININE BROMIDE

Standard cold remedy for 20 years—in tablet form—safe, sure, no opiates—breaks up a cold in 24 hours—relieves grip in 3 days. Money back if it fails. The genuine box has a Red top with Mr. Hill's picture.

At All Drug Stores

WILSON TO RETURN RAILS MARCH 1 NEXT

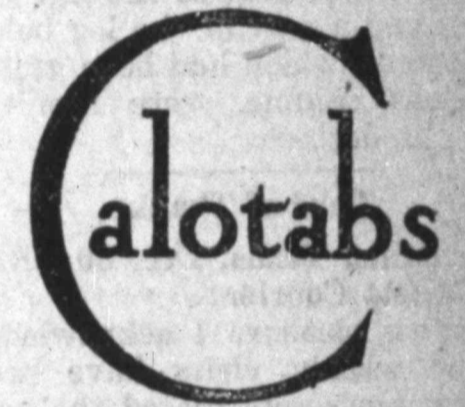
President Announces Carriers Will be Turned Back to Private Owners.

Washington, Dec. 24.—President Wilson has issued proclamations returning the railroads and express companies to private control March 1.

Failure of congress to enact remedial legislation was given as the reason for extending by two months the time originally announced for relinquishing government control of the railroad properties. In his message to congress last May President Wilson said the railroads would be turned back at the end of the calendar year.

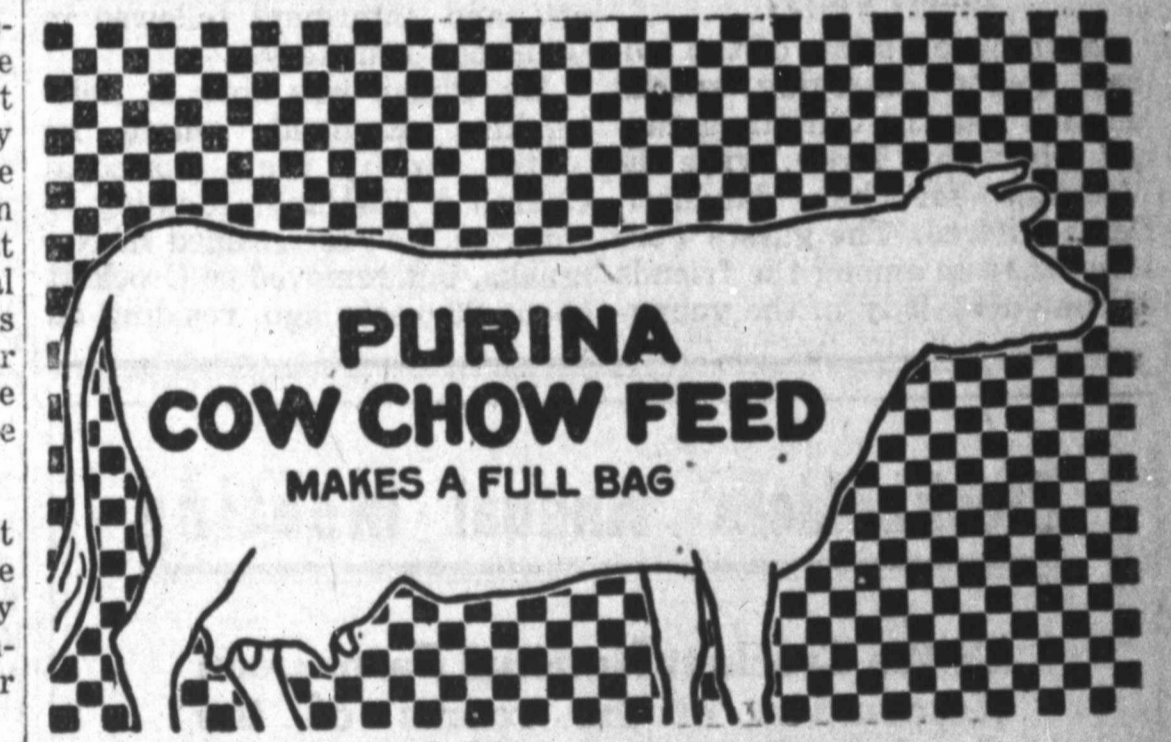
No agreement having yet been reached by congress, Secretary Tumulty said in announcing the proclamation, "it becomes necessary in the public interest to allow a reasonable time to elapse between the issuing of the proclamation and the date of its actually taking effect. The president is advised that the railroad and express companies are not organized to make it possible for them to receive and manage their properties if actually turned over to them December 31."

To abort a cold and prevent complications, take



The purified and refined calomel tablets that are nausealess, safe and sure.

Medicinal virtues retained and improved. Sold only in sealed packages. Price 35c.



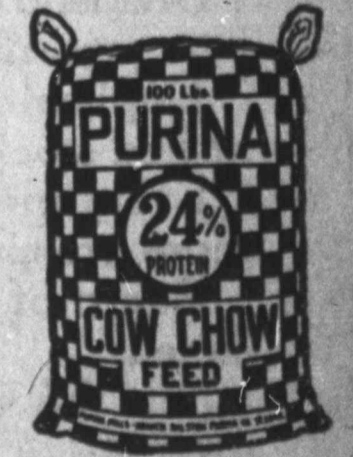
Two or three pounds more milk in every cow's bag every day means a big extra profit at present milk prices.

This increase is possible by the use of Purina Cow Chow Feed, which costs only about a cent a cow more per day than the average ration.

The reason Purina Cow Chow Feed produces such heavy increase is that it contains 20% digestible protein (24% crude), the maximum amount a cow can assimilate and keep in the best condition.

Every ingredient used in Purina Cow Chow is a feed of recognized value. There is no cheap filler. Every pound yields more milk in the pail.

Try a ton and you will understand why dairymen insist on Purina Cow Chow.



FOR SALE BY ALL LOCAL FEED DEALERS
Edmiston Brothers, Distributors

The Crockett Courier

Issued weekly from Courier Building

W. W. AIKEN, Editor and Proprietor

PUBLISHER'S NOTICE.

Obituaries, resolutions, cards of thanks and other matter not "news" will be charged for at the rate of 5c per line.

Parties ordering advertising or printing for societies, churches, committees or organizations of any kind will, in all cases, be held personally responsible for the payment of the bills.

In case of errors or omissions in legal or other advertisements, the publishers do not hold themselves liable for damage further than the amount received by them for such advertisement.

Any erroneous reflection upon the character, standing or reputation of any person, firm or corporation which may appear in the columns of the Courier will be gladly corrected upon its being brought to the attention of the management.

STICK TO TEXAS COTTON SEED.

The supply of really first-class cotton seed for planting the 1920 crop in Texas is somewhat limited. More limited this year than normal because of weather conditions in the eastern half of the state which cut the 1919 crop for many of the producers of the best seed. The boll weevil has been bad, boll rot has been prevalent and a great deal of cotton has been left in the fields until the seeds have become damaged and often rotten. Weather conditions have made it difficult also to store cotton seed in large bins without damage from heating. These facts have caused apprehension on the part of many people.

Many inquiries are being received as to the source of planting seed. It is the main purpose of this article to advise Texas planters to look for Texas grown seed and to warn them against the indiscriminate purchase of cotton seed inferior to standard Texas varieties for planting under Texas conditions. The staple will be shorter, it will be less storm resistant, and the yield will usually be less, if this eastern seed is planted.

Triumph, Rowden, Lone Star, Truitt and other varieties produced from them by selection, such as Mebane, Kasch, Belton, Bennett, etc., represent early, large boll, high yielding varieties that should be largely grown. And under some conditions Acala, Snowflake, Foster and Meade, representing varieties with better staple, but smaller bolls.

There are two sources of Texas grown seed of the better varieties. One source is to buy the best seed in the cotton breeding sections in various places in the eastern half of Texas from the breeders whose business it is to produce seed; have a better germination test made by the Agricultural Experiment Station at College Station and then plant enough of the seed to obtain a stand, planting a double amount for 50 per cent seed, etc. Choice seed should not be thrown away because of low germination. It still carries the factors for producing superior cotton.

The other source is to get good farm run seed from Texas counties which have suffered least from weather conditions.

West and northwest Texas has produced a very large crop of cotton this past season and the seed is usually very sound. This seed may not be as pure as if purchased direct from some seed breeder, but it is far better than seed of inferior varieties grown at too great a distance from the place where it is to be planted. This is a good source of seed and makes importation as unnecessary as it is undesirable.

An aeroplane ambulance has been designed with a fuselage that can be opened to admit an injured person through the bottom, enabling a pilot to load a patient without assistance.

WHERE SOME OF THE DIFFICULTY STARTED.

In the encouragement of certain classes of labor to demand unreasonable wage scales the government must share part of the blame, for its war-time policy of paying big wages for little work, and yielding to almost every demand of workers on war jobs, has had no little to do with unsettling the industrial situation and giving many people false conceptions of the value of their services.

For instance, the Manufacturers Record comments on the fact that riveters, white and black, in some of the government shipyards were paid \$29 per day, while some Mississippi negroes who had never earned over \$12.50 per week in their lives, were put on government work at \$60 per week.

The record of fabulous wages paid in munition factories and other government controlled war plants is familiar to all.

The result of this sudden and abnormal raise in wage scales by the government was to force other industries to hoist wages, or close up. That process of wage raises and consequent price raises was thus begun which has continued until it has created a serious situation for the great mass of unorganized people, who are employed neither by the government nor the big industries which pass their costs along to the people.

It must be admitted, of course, that the government's work had to be done, but at the same time, it is apparent now that the government was not firm enough in resisting the demands of people which frequently were unreasonable, and that it was unwise, even in an emergency, to squander money as it did in its preparations for war.

All this has contributed to the high cost of living.

The loss to the government itself by this policy was not the worst of it. That is found now in the effects upon civilian industry. The war is over but the same old extravagance is still sweeping over the country, and there is nothing to indicate an early return to normal.—Houston Post.

NOT SETTLED YET.

Settlement of the coal strike is not over, as many fondly believe. It is only postponed for a time to appease the wrath of an exasperated public. It will bob up again soon in all of its devilishness to harrass an already overburdened people.

A committee of three will be in control of the situation in future, and this committee will have the last word in the settlement of controversies. On that committee you will see one man representing the coal operators, one man representing the coal diggers, and one man representing the vast millions who must buy coal regardless of price.

The result? A foregone conclusion, of course. When it comes to a test vote two men of the committee will be interested in the raising of the price of coal to the consumer, so that the digger can have still higher wages and the operator can pile up still greater profits. One lone man may raise his voice for the consumer. But two votes always prevail over one.

LET THE WOMEN ALONE.

Innumerable well meaning people throughout the country are taking the women to task for their vagaries in dress.

They point to the fact that the modern dress exposes a few inches of feminine charms, and they see as a consequence the prompt demoralization of the world.

But why all this hubbub over what a woman wears?

Is her form one of which she should be ashamed? Ask the men!

Eve was garbed in flowing

hair and a fig leaf, yet Adam appears not to have been disturbed at this fact. She was Eve, and that was sufficient for him.

She represented the most beautiful thing in all of the world to him—and from the days of Adam the verdict of man has not changed.

The artist sees nothing immodest in the woman who poses for him, because it is art.

The savage respects the woman who is clothed only from the waist to the knee, because it is the custom of his country—and custom makes right.

The evil, we fear, is often in the eye of the critic and not in the object of his criticism.

"Let him who is without sin cast the first stone."

And, in the meantime, let the women alone—bless 'em!

JUST TO THINK ABOUT.

The statement was made in the senate a few days ago that if we do not promptly conclude a peace with Germany we will be in danger of losing our foreign trade, and that the prices of all articles of export would be lowered in this country because of the lack of foreign demand.

Also, we have been repeatedly told of late that prices are abnormally high because of the great demand for our goods from over the seas. Sugar, for instance, was shipped overseas until a famine was produced at home, and prices went up so high we had to use a stepladder to locate them.

Now, if cutting off our export trade would make the necessities of life more numerous over here, and would thereby reduce prices to a sane level again, wouldn't it be rather a good thing for you, and the rest of the home people?

Of course, a few plutocratic exporters might have to forego some of their fat profits, but what of it?

The popular notion is that bolshevism and kindred cults are exotic to this country, ideas born in the European mind and introduced into this country by ships, cables and wireless. And it may be so; we can profess no such comprehensive and exact knowledge as would warrant a positive statement. But we are reminded by the conviction of twenty-seven Industrial Workers of the World at Kansas City that, according to some who profess to have explored the subject, our reds, instead of having got their inspiration from those of Russia, in reality gave inspiration and suggestion to those of Russia. The statement is, to be more particular, that sovietism is Lenine's adaption to the conditions of Russia of the principles and methods taught by Haywood and other disciples of the I. W. W. philosophy. Of the twenty-seven Industrial Workers of the World convicted at Kansas City, a considerable majority seem to have been non-European, at least in point of nativity. There are a few whose names are Slavic and Teutonic, and who thus seem to be, possibly, imported citizens or residents. But most of them bear good Yankee and Celtic names. The evidence which convicted these twenty-seven also convicted the Industrial Workers of the World as an organization, since the crimes they committed were the carrying out of its creed and injunctions.—Galveston News.

You can tell a farmer by his tracks. The tracks of the successful farmer make a path to the field; the tracks of the others make a path to town. The vehicle tracks of the successful farmer are deepest going to town and shallowest returning, because he carries something to market and returns empty except for salt and sugar, or a few clothes, because he lives at home. The unsuccessful farmer makes a number of shallow tracks go-

THE NEXT LYCEUM NUMBERS WILL BE

"THE FIGHTING AMERICANS"

March 9

And Another Splendid Attraction

April 3

These are all splendid attractions and worth the price

THE CROCKETT LYCEUM

ing to town and deep tracks returning, because he produces nothing to market except his one crop, and must purchase feed, food, etc., at advanced prices and bring them home. What kind of tracks are you making?

Whittling on dry goods-boxes and chairs in town and gossiping around the court house and stores may be interesting and amusing, but it is not very profitable to the farmer. A man can replace a plow, wagon, horse, cow or even money, but he can not replace lost time. Think it over. Does the time spent going to and returning from town except on real business—yield a rich harvest of profit at harvest time?

Any man may invest in pure-bred livestock, but it requires knowledge of the business to make a success of breeding, feeding, marketing, etc. Most failures may be traced to lack of knowledge. The successful farmer of today must be a student. Know your business.

Twelve Rules on Public Health.

Austin, Texas, Dec. 21.—The Texas Public Health Association, which for eight years has been waging war in the state on tuberculosis, has issued "a dozen rules for good health." These rules are to be used to prevent tuberculosis and other diseases. The association is working to prevent the "white plague" as well as to cure it.

The health axioms issued by D. E. Breed, executive secretary of the Texas Public Health Association, are:

"Food: (1) Eat plenty of good, wholesome food, but do not overeat. (2) Do not gulp down your food; chew it thoroughly. (3) Do not confine yourself to meat, potatoes, eggs and bread; eat a variety of foods.

"Fresh Air: (4) Have plenty of fresh air in your home and in the place where you work, and do not be afraid to breathe it clear down to the bottom of your lungs. (5) Ride, walk and keep

in the open air as much as possible, and sleep where there is plenty of ventilation. (6) Wear warm clothes in winter; wear loose porous clothes in the summer, and let your body breathe fresh air.

"Good Habits: (7) Keep the digestive system cleared. (8) Do not stoop or slouch while sitting, standing or walking; keep erect and straight. (9) Keep the body clean externally and internally—wash and bathe regularly, and do not use poisonous drugs. (10) Keep cheerful and do not worry; be an optimist.

"Rest and Exercise: (11) Work hard, but take your proper rest and get plenty of sleep. (12) Play-time is as necessary as work-time—exercise both mind and body pleasantly."

Keep a Bank Account.

In the decalogue of thrift, put out by the American Bankers' association, the third declaration is to keep a bank account, not to carry extreme sums about the person or hide them away like a miser. There is a large measure of common sense in the advice thus given, there would be large protection to property and wealth if it was applied by the public. For weeks one can scarcely pick up a paper from any city without seeing stories of robberies where large sums of currency had been lost. It is folly to carry large sums on the person. The fact that it is carried is certain to become known. That means trouble, possible loss of life when robbery is tried. Put your money in a bank. Pay your bills by check, and protect yourself from attack.—Ohio State Journal.

DOCTOR G. D. SMALL

EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT

Office Rooms 3, 4, 5, 6 Ritner Building, 103½ Main Street

PALESTINE, TEXAS

Office Hours:

9 to 12 a. m. 2 to 5 p. m.

Good Cotton Seed

The boll worm and weevil, also continued wet weather, have made good planting seed extremely scarce, but by buying early and in sections not affected I have accumulated a lot of good, sound, dry seed which will be sold by me in three-bushel sacks at not exceeding \$2.50 per bushel.

We have more than fifteen hundred bushels of Mebane seed that the cotton out of same sold for 48 to 51 cents per pound. These seed will be sold at a price not exceeding \$2.50, so that all who want to raise cotton and plant good seed will have an opportunity to get them from a man he knows.

We will sell this seed and hold them until spring, you to pay cash at the time of booking your order.

JAMES S. SHIVERS



Sweet?

Which? The girl or the candy? Both! We can conscientiously recommend our candy for its sweetness, tastefulness, purity and quality.

Take home a box or two and try it. You will be its friend and so will your family and neighbors.

"The candy with that home-made flavor, you know."

Crockett Drug Company

THE HOUSE OF SERVICE

LOCAL NEWS ITEMS

Lanier Edmiston was a visitor at Palestine last week.

Miss Sue Smith of Palestine was a visitor in Crockett last week.

Mrs. Ada Shupak of Fort Worth visited her parents here last week.

Miss Jeannette Craddock was at home from school in Dallas for a holiday visit.

Dan Julian and Clifford Hodges of Palestine were among recent visitors here.

Miss Pauline Durst spent the holiday vacation at the old home in Madison county.

666 has proven it will cure Malaria, Chills and Fever, Bilious Fever, Colds and LaGrippe. 10t.

Dr. and Mrs. J. B. Deal and children have returned from their visit to relatives at Malvern, Ark.

666 quickly relieves Colds and LaGrippe, Constipation, Biliousness, Loss of Appetite and Headaches. 10t.

Mr. and Mrs. Morris Worthington of Houston spent Saturday and Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. James S. Shivers.

Rub-My-Tism is a powerful anti-septic; it kills the poison caused from infected cuts, cures old sores, tetter, etc. 10t.

Salesmen wanted to solicit orders for lubricating oils, greases and paints. Salary or commission. Address The Harvey Oil Co., Cleveland, Ohio. 1t.*

Farm for Rent.

T. D. Craddock has a good farm to rent, known as the Wright farm. Has three good houses on it and fences are good. 2t.

John B. Ponder of Houston spent Christmas with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Ponder, near Crockett.

Rub-My-Tism is a great pain killer. It relieves pain and soreness caused by Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sprains, etc. 10t.

Lost—A pink cameo ring on the streets. Finder please return to Mrs. Gossett at Shivers' store and receive reward. 1t.*

Mrs. D. H. Keating, who was visiting in the home of her father, Mr. J. D. Hill, has returned to her home in San Antonio.

To Hog Buyers.

I have 40 head of nice hogs to sell. If interested see me. A. M. Decuir at Smith Murchison Hdw. Co. tf.

Renter Wanted.

To work 30 or 40 acres of good land, one who can furnish himself. Address W. E. Gainey, Creek, Texas. tf.

Needed.

Needed—Several tenants to work on farm on third and fourth. Will sell right man mules if necessary. Call and see me. A. M. Decuir at Smith Murchison Hdw. Co. tf.

Wagon for Sale.

One broad-tired Pekin 2½ size wagon, practically new, for sale at a bargain. This wagon can be seen at Lundy & Thompson's store. 1t.* J. R. Fondren.

F. E. Fisher and son, C. L. Fisher, of Joliet, Ills., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Fisher. The younger Mr. Fisher served with the Rainbow Division in France two years and won an enviable army record.

Mrs. U. S. Minor and daughters, Misses Nina Ruth, Hazel and Helen, have come to Crockett to make their home with Mr. Minor, who has been here for some time. Their former home was in Indiana.

Lost Horse.

Black mare, branded E. H. connected on left fore shoulder, white spot in forehead, about five years old, in good order and gentle. Will pay \$5.00 for recovery. Notify Erastus Hamp, Rt. 1, Creek, Texas, or see Mr. A. B. Burton at Crockett. 2t.*

Now a Major.

Major Godfrey Reese Fowler has been reported as landing at New York from overseas army service. As Captain Reese Fowler, Major Fowler was well known to our people during and following the Spanish war. Later he became a soldier of fortune, serving in South America and Mexico until our war with Germany. He has an army experience that is rarely equalled.

American Legion.

All white ex-soldiers and sailors in the recent unpleasantness are urgently requested to meet at the court house in Crockett on Saturday afternoon, January 10, at 3 P. M. A post of the American Legion will be formed. This is "first call;" "reveille" sounds at 3 P. M. on said date. Every ex-service man in Houston county is expected to answer "here" when the "top" calls the roll.

Harvey Bayne, Acting Adjutant.

About Automobile Taxes.

Crockett, Texas, Jan. 5, 1920. To All Owners of Automobiles:

You will find for your convenience at each bank in the county application blanks which you may secure and fill out and return with check to cover the amount of your car tax, thereby saving you the unnecessary trouble of coming to Crockett in order to pay your 1920 license fee. It is absolutely essential that your car tax be paid not later than January 31, 1920, and should you for any reason fail to pay until February 1, there will be an additional cost of twenty-five per cent and subject to indictment. Please keep in mind that if you have a second-hand car that before it can be registered you must secure a transfer from the party from whom you purchased car, also bill of sale to same.

Do not forget the date that the penalty goes on for all taxes, and at the same time remember that this year is election year, and in order to vote you must pay your poll tax prior to February 1.

I am yours very truly,
C. W. Butler Jr.,
Tax Collector.

For District Judge.

The Courier is authorized to announce this week the name of John S. Prince as a candidate for re-election to the office of district judge for the third judicial district. Judge Prince's home is at Athens, Henderson county. The third judicial district comprises the counties of Henderson, Athens and Houston. Houston county has the office of district attorney, Henderson county the office of district judge and, inasmuch as Anderson county was the home of the former district judge, Henderson county feels that it is again entitled to the office of district judge, provided she has a suitable candidate. In the person of John S. Prince, Henderson county is able to produce a most worthy and able candidate for the high office of district judge. Judge Prince is not untried and not without experience. As a presiding officer his record is highly satisfactory to both practitioner and the commonwealth. His rulings have been noted for their fairness, evenness and common-sense construction, and his trials have been seldom reversed by the higher courts. He is a man of the people and for the people, and he serves in the realization that his official position is by the consent of the people.

Having always been a good democrat, his candidacy is again subject to the action of his party.

Let Us Serve You During 1920

The kind of a store that deserves your steady patronage is the one that always has exactly what you want whenever you want it.

We try to anticipate all the needs of our many customers and then supply quality goods at the most reasonable prices.

Pleased customers become regular customers. That's why our business grows. Our stock of staple and fancy groceries, feed stuff and farm hardware is complete and we are anxious to serve you during the new year of 1920.

ARNOLD BROTHERS

Groceries, Feed and Hardware

For County Clerk.

W. D. (Denny) Collins breaks the mid-winter ice and starts the campaign rolling for the 1920 primary. The attention of the reader is called to his announcement for county clerk, which appears in the regular announcement column of the Courier this week. Denny Collins is at present the efficient and obliging deputy county clerk, being first deputy under the present incumbent, A. E. Owens. He is a Houston county boy, representing the third generation of his family in Houston county. He is the only living son of the late J. V. Collins, who was one of the county's foremost citizens and democrats during his time. Denny Collins is fitted for the office by nature, education and environment. Since being in the office as first deputy, he has been thrown in daily contact with the public and has never failed to measure up to the high standard set by his predecessors. His candidacy is subject to the democratic primary in July. He solicits your vote on his qualifications and capacity to fill the office, and will appreciate the support of all good men and women.

Mrs. Jack Smith Dead.

Mrs. Jack Smith, who was Miss Clara Harden before marriage, died in a Dallas sanitarium, where she had gone for special treatment, on Thursday morning, Christmas day. The remains were shipped to Longview, which was the home of the deceased, for interment, which occurred Friday afternoon.

Mrs. Smith was reared in Crockett, where a large number of relatives and friends are left to mourn her departure. She was about 45 years of age and leaves three children, the oldest of whom is 18 years. She was a member of the Christian church and prominent in church work from early life. Deeds of kindness are remembered as the predominating characteristic of her life while a girl and young woman in Crockett.

Among those going from Crockett to be present at the funeral obsequies were Mr. and Mrs. Johnson Arledge, of whom the deceased was a sister; Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Kennedy and Mrs. J. W. Wood, the latter sisters of the bereaved husband; Mr. I. A. Daniel, an uncle of the deceased, and others whose names we failed to get. The Courier desires to extend a brief message of sympathy to those whose hearts are broken at the passing away of this good woman and mother.

1920 Resolution

RESOLVED—That during the coming year you will buy your groceries from the house that makes a specialty of handling anything and everything necessary to economical living and food conservation.

Start the new year right by buying from the house that consults your interest as well as its own.

CAPRIELIAN BROTHERS,

The Home of Satisfied Customers.

Auto Wind Shields

All sizes, or can be cut to fit any automobile.

CROCKETT SCREEN FACTORY

The Crockett Courier

Issued weekly from Courier Building

W. W. AIKEN, Editor and Proprietor

PUBLISHER'S NOTICE.

Obituaries, resolutions, cards of thanks and other matter not "news" will be charged for at the rate of 5c per line.

Parties ordering advertising or printing for societies, churches, committees or organizations of any kind will, in all cases, be held personally responsible for the payment of the bills.

In case of errors or omissions in legal or other advertisements, the publishers do not hold themselves liable for damage further than the amount received by them for such advertisement.

Any erroneous reflection upon the character, standing or reputation of any person, firm or corporation which may appear in the columns of the Courier will be gladly corrected upon its being brought to the attention of the management.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

The Courier is authorized to make the following announcements for office, subject to the action of the democratic primary in July:

For District Judge
JOHN S. PRINCE
For County Clerk
W. D. (DENNY) COLLINS

LOCAL NEWS ITEMS

Foot Amputated.

The many friends of Edgar Douglass will be glad to note that he is fast recovering from the recent operation in which he lost a foot. The amputation became necessary as the result of a hunting accident a number of years ago in which he was shot in the lower part of the leg. The foot and a part of the leg below the knee, which had been giving serious trouble, were removed by the doctors.

Card of Thanks.

Christine, Texas, Dec. 30, 1919. Crockett Courier:

With pleasure I acknowledge your weekly visits have been very much appreciated the past year. On your list, I see they continue to come. For this I thank my dear, sweet friend, Mrs. W. A. Norris. I wish for her a year of unclouded happiness.

Success unstinted to the Courier is the wish of
Lenora Goodgion.

Dinner Party.

An enjoyable affair of the holiday season deserving special mention was the Christmas dinner given by Mrs. Byrde E. Wootters for her daughter, Delha Mildred. The guests were selected from among the friends of the young lady in the young-

er set of society folk. The dinner was beautifully served in courses and the source of much enjoyment. Lively Victrola music added to the merriment of the party, and many compliments have been heard concerning the hostess and her charming daughter.

Notice to the Public.

This is to notify our customers and friends that on and after January 11, 1920, we will not open our market on Sunday, as in the past. This change is made in order that we might enjoy the Sabbath, and we feel that it will not cause any unnecessary inconvenience to our customers, inasmuch as all Sunday purchases can be made on Saturday.

We sincerely trust that all of our customers will co-operate with us in this change, thereby helping us to serve you in the best possible way.

Arnold Brothers,
A. E. Cox,
J. B. Callier.

Ready for the Census Man.

The Fourteenth Decennial Census of the United States is on!

Under the immediate direction of J. H. Painter, supervisor of the 7th census district of Texas, census enumerators will call at every dwelling house in this community to secure the information necessary to fill out the questions contained on the printed census schedules.

Census enumerators also will call at every farm in this community to secure the information necessary to fill out the questions contained on the agricultural schedule.

An absolutely accurate and complete census vitally concerns the welfare of this community and of every person living in it. The official population for the next ten years will be determined by the census of 1920.

Be ready with your answers when the census man calls at your house.

Thomas H. Pullen.

Mr. Thomas H. Pullen, for twenty-three years a resident near Crockett, died at his home west of town Friday morning, January 2. Although having been ill during the night, his death came suddenly at about 7 o'clock. Funeral services were held at the family residence at 10 o'clock Saturday morning and were conducted by Rev. S. F. Tenney, pastor of the First Presbyterian church of Crockett, and interment followed in Glenwood cemetery.

Mr. Pullen was born in Leistershire, England, where he united with the Episcopal Church of England. Coming to America, he first resided in Nebraska, but removed to Crockett about 23 years ago, residing on

his farm a mile west of Crockett until he died at the age of 75 years.

Mr. Pullen leaves wife and three children, the names of the children being as follows: Mrs. Kate Sledge of Crockett, Mrs. Cora Walker of Houston and Earnest Pullen of Crockett. He was a good citizen and it is said of him that he was a kindly neighbor. Those bereft have the sympathy of our people.

With Our Subscribers.

Many of our subscribers are helping the Courier to start the new year right by renewing their subscriptions for 1920. Among those calling to renew or subscribe, or sending in their renewals and subscriptions, since last issue are the following, who also remained long enough to remark on the beauty of the weather, early spring plowing, etc.:

- J. L. Beard, Grapeland.
- Miss Fannie Goolsbee, Crockett.
- L. A. Kleckley, Houston.
- G. H. Hairston, Tyler.
- Dr. T. M. Sherman, Kennard.
- H. E. Bitner, Lovelady Rt. 2.
- Lee H. Foster, Corpus Christi.
- A. A. Waller, Lovelady Rt. 2.
- J. O. Monday, Lovelady.
- F. N. Lewis, Lovelady.
- S. J. Heath, Crockett Rt. 5.
- T. A. Fuller, Crockett Rt. 2.
- J. G. Matlock, Crockett Rt. A.
- W. E. Gainey, Creek.
- Mrs. Mary Lane, Crockett Rt. One.
- Jas. Crawford, Fullerton, La.
- Dr. L. S. Harris, Crockett.
- Dave Long, Crockett Rt. 3.
- Mrs. J. I. Spencer, Crockett.
- W. B. Smith, Weches.
- W. J. Peacock, Lovelady Rt. 1.
- Dr. J. L. Heard, Crockett.
- J. C. Thames, Crockett Rt. 1.
- Mary Allen Seminary, Crockett.
- D. H. Jones (col.), Crockett.

Killed by Falling Tree.

Leonidas Parish, the 18-year-old son of Mrs. Laura Parish, was killed by a falling tree Thursday afternoon, New Year's day, at about 4 o'clock. Mrs. Laura Parish is the widow of the late Ezekiel Parish and lives at Arbor, ten miles southeast of Crockett. She was a resident of Crockett during her husband's lifetime and the family is well known here.

The Courier's information is that Leonidas Parish with two other boys or young men, Milton Lowe and Frank Parish, the latter an older brother, had gone to where some grass was on fire when they observed a burning tree. They started toward the tree, supposedly to make an investigation, when the tree fell, the body of the tree falling across Leonidas Parish and killing him instantly. Milton Lowe was also caught under the tree and dangerously injured. Frank Parish was hurt, but not as seriously as was Lowe.

Funeral services were held at the First Baptist Church of Crockett Friday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock and interment followed in Glenwood cemetery. The services were conducted by Rev. L. L. Sams, the Baptist pastor. Leonidas Parish, though only 18 years old, was a member of the Baptist church and Sunday school, and was held in the highest esteem by both teachers and pupils. There are many friends of the family in Crockett, Arbor and elsewhere in Houston county whose sympathies are extended in the hour of bereavement.

Nice Christmas Remembrance.

Judge E. Winfree, now visiting his son, Calvin Bay, at Jena, La., was very nicely remembered by the grandchildren of the late W. E. Mayes at Christmas. Judge Winfree was cashier of the Mayes bank in Crockett before it was taken over by the organization of the First National Bank and was always held in the highest esteem by Mr. Mayes, whose estimation of his friend has been handed down to his

**For That Party You Want
Dainty Cakes**

When your friends gather for an evening of enjoyment the refreshments you offer them will be especially relished if you include some of those dainty and delicious cakes we prepare especially for the occasion.

For the daily meal, our bread ranks A-1. Made of the purest flour, in the latest scientific and sanitary manner, it serves the dual capacity of being both highly nutritious and appetizing. There is none better.

Crockett Grocery & Baking Co.
The Home of Sanitary Products

grandchildren. Judge Winfree has prepared a letter of thanks and forwarded to the Courier for publication, which is as follows: "Jena, La., Dec. 30, 1919.

"To Mr. Earnest Clark, Mrs. M. E. Stokes, Miss Edyth E. Clark, Mrs. Carrie Hobson and Mrs. Willie Mae Croft, Mineral Wells, Texas.

"My Dear, Noble Friends:

"Your timely and generous present of one hundred dollars received yesterday by mail from Crockett gladdens my heart with the warmest gratitude, though some days delayed in reaching me at Jena, La., where Mrs. Winfree and myself are at present staying with our son, Calvin. My daily prayer is that the Lord, in a specially manifest way, reward each of you for what you have done for me. May your life day be bright and long, and may the Lord so prosper the work of your hands that success will crown each of you in all your undertakings. Mrs. Winfree joins me in this—and with love and affection for each of you, dear grandchildren of Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Mayes, I am most sincerely your friend,
"E. Winfree."

Tell him that you saw his ad in the Courier.

Dinner Party.

One of the most enjoyable affairs of the holiday season was the dinner party given on Monday evening preceding Christmas by Mr. and Mrs. T. D. Craddock, honoring their daughter, Jeannette, who was just home from St. Mary's Hall in Dallas.

The Christmas motif was carried out in the decorations. Christmas bells, holly, yupon, mistletoe, chrysanthemums and poinsettias were seen throughout the entire house. The dining room especially presented a festive scene. The long table with its gay runners of red satin, had for its central decoration a miniature Christmas tree decked out in silver and tinsel ornaments and resting on a large silver plaque which reflected the tree in all its beauty and represented snow and ice.

The guests were chosen from those of the younger society set who were home from colleges and universities for the holidays. Youth at its best and happiest characterized the gay party which included beside the honoree, Miss Jeannette Craddock, Misses Marion Foster, Blye Leediker, Sue Powers, Mary Denny, Lucia Painter, Earle Castleberg of Dallas, Hattie Belle Arledge and Helen Quinn, and Messers John Wootters, Philip Moore, W. D. Hail, T. F. Smith, Frank Wootters, Smith Wootters, T. D. Craddock, Steve Denny and Weldon Craddock.

Mrs. Craddock was assisted by Miss Emma Craddock, Misses Mary and Jennie McLean, Mrs. J. S. Wootters and Mrs. Dan McLean.

**Pay Cash and Save
the Difference**

By adopting a policy of selling strictly for cash, eliminating all expenses of book-keeping and collecting, and losses on bad accounts, I am in a position to offer you better goods at lower prices than you can find elsewhere.

My stock of staple and fancy groceries and feed stuff is fresh and clean and I invite your business on the above basis, believing it will be to our mutual advantage.

A. R. McCarty
Patton Building.

Stockholders' Annual Meeting

Of the Crockett National Farm Loan Association, at the rooms of the Crockett Commercial Club

TUESDAY, JANUARY 13, 1920,
AT 2:00 P. M.

Dividend checks will be handed all members present.

Duplicate stock certificates will be furnished stockholders.

Every member asked to invite one or more prospective borrowers.

Board of directors for 1920 will be selected.

It is the duty of every member to be present.

J. L. Heard, President.
H. A. Fisher, Secretary-Treasurer.