

The Crockett Courier.

"Quality, Not Quantity."

CROCKETT, TEXAS, FEBRUARY 24, 1921

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TAMPICO IS FILLED WITH UNEMPLOYED

Americans Are Warned to Stay Away Unless They Have Capital.

Tampico, Mex., Feb. 19.—While most chambers of commerce are begging people to locate in their cities the American Chamber of Commerce of Tampico is beseeching them to stay away. The following warning, signed by the American Chamber of Commerce of Tampico will be published in the Tampico Tribune and also widely circulated throughout the United States during the coming week:

"So many jobless men have come to Tampico from the United States that there are far more men here than the oil industry can find work for.

"Besides that, the principal companies have decided on a policy of retrenchment, much construction work is to be deferred, and many more men soon are likely to be laid off. It is unwise at the present time for any man without capital to come to Tampico unless he has a definite job to come to.

Living Is High.

"Living is exceedingly high here. Incoming men have to walk the streets or sit up in the parks, unable to get a cot. In some cases men and their families have to go without shelter.

"Business is good in Tampico, and a normal flow of labor from elsewhere easily could have been accommodated, but the influx recently has been abnormal. The recent depression in the United States caused thousands of men to start for Tampico. Unless this flood stops immediately thousands are likely to find themselves stranded, roofless and actually suffering during the rainy season, which will begin in March.

"There is plenty of room here for men with capital, as the rapid growth in population offers many opportunities for investment. Tampico has grown from a town of 17,000 inhabitants to a city of 100,000 in a few years. It is probably the fastest growing city in the world today. The needs of the population have not all been supplied.

"For instance there are no gas works, no steam laundries, few amusements of interest to Americans, and not enough hotels, office buildings, houses or apartments.

"But there is an oversupply of all kinds of labor and office workers, and we advise men without capital to start in business to stay where they are at present unless assured of work here."

Protect Your Home and the Public Health Against Rats.

Editor Courier:

Rats are a menace to the public health because they disseminate infectious diseases which are dangerous to man, and they should be exterminated for sanitary as well as economic reasons. Rats are most numerous where there is an abundance of food for them, and suitable places for nesting and breeding. The starved and homeless rat will soon disappear.

Existing rats should be destroyed by trapping, poisoning

or by their natural enemies, as the dog and cat.

Rats are wary and cautious, and will not enter traps for food or eat poisoned food when other food is available. Attempts to trap or poison them often fail because the discriminating taste of the well-fed rat is not taken into account. The hungry rat falls an easy victim to the trap or poisoned food.

Poison for rats should never be placed in open places where it is accessible to children or domestic animals. If phosphorous is used, the danger from spontaneous combustion must be kept in mind.

Baits for catching rats should be some attractive morsel which they have not been getting, as meats or green vegetables for catching rats in granaries; or seeds or grain for rats where meat is plentiful.

Traps should not be placed in large open places, but in the narrow runways of the rat or close to a wall. The surroundings should be disturbed as little as possible. Traps must be disguised and free from odor of human hands or rats previously caught in them.

Cut off the food supply of the rat by making all food storage places ratproof, with covering of wire screen of half-inch mesh. Make it impossible for rats to feed on garbage and offal by keeping them in tightly closed metallic receptacles, which should be frequently emptied and kept clean.

Rats should be permanently eradicated by being "built out of existence." This is best done by use of concrete or cement in all construction work, screening of basements, abolition of all openings and crevices in cellars and out-buildings, and replacements of plank sidewalks with concrete or cement. When concreting is impractical, resort to elevating floors to permit free access to the natural enemies of the rat.

The rat, deprived of the two conditions necessary for its life—food and suitable places for nesting and breeding—cannot survive.

Make every effort to cooperate with the State Board of Health in its efforts to eliminate the rat. Manton M. Carrick, M. D., State Health Officer.

Harris County Sheriff Returns With Two Prisoners.

Houston, Texas, Feb. 21.—The final chapter in the Mortie Conroy murder mystery is now believed nearing a close. Sheriff T. A. Binford of Harris County returned from Gatesville with two prisoners who are said to be of the party of four men and one woman who left Houston with Conroy, service car driver, on the night of February 3, when Conroy was murdered and his automobile taken on the Crosby-Goose Creek road. Two other prisoners, a man and a woman, are being held in the Dallas jail in connection with the case. Sheriff Binford said all four prisoners had admitted being in the party that left Houston with Conroy.

Nude Bodies of Teachers Located In Cleveland Suburb.

Cleveland, Ohio, Feb. 17.—Victims of a brutal murder, the bodies of Misses Mabel Foot and Louise Wolf, teachers in a local high school, were found in the road near Parma Heights today. The bodies were horribly mutilated and a bloody club was found near by. Clothes were torn off the women. Posses are searching for the murderers.

WAR IS BLAMED FOR CRIME WAVE

Detective, Visiting Houston, Says Modern Criminals Vicious.

Houston, Texas, Feb. 21.—William A. Pinkerton, of the Pinkerton Detective Agency, arrived in Houston en route to the Southeast from the Pacific coast. He is visiting with the local office of the agency, and in conversation this afternoon said that he thought the present crime wave is a result of the war. He said:

"Crime follows in the wake of every great war and is the result of disrupted conditions during the period of readjustment. The present wave of crime is not confined to the United States, but is world-wide. Our records show that a large number of crimes are being committed by former soldiers and sailors. I do not wish to convey the impression that our army and navy is or was made up of thugs. I have as much admiration as anyone else for the magnificent record of our boys abroad. There were, however, many young men of tough character who were drafted into the service and the experience of war did not in any way improve their morals.

"Discharged from the army and unwilling to work at jobs offered them, they naturally turned to crime and so we find a considerable number of former service men engaging in lawless pursuits. They are the exceptions of course, and it is no reflection on the army and navy to say what many crimes can be traced to young men who served under the flag during the war.

"Our present day criminal is more vicious than the older type. He kills at the slightest provocation, whereas the old-timers had some regard for human life and killed only as a last resort. Of course, the night prowler who enters the home always has been ready to kill if need be, but there are apparently at large more of the class of men who are murderers at heart than in the days gone by."

Holdups at San Antonio Are Believed Cleared Up.

San Antonio, Texas, Feb. 21.—While off duty and unarmed, City Detective P. J. McDonald arrested a man after a chase of several blocks last night, and with his capture officers believe they have cleared up at least a dozen recent highway robberies. The arrest of four other men has been effected. The men are all said to be soldiers stationed at Camp Travis, and are now being held by the military police for further investigation.

The police department had responded to reports of three different highway robberies during the night. Detective McDonald's first knowledge of such activities was when he heard shots fired near a house on East Euclid street. McDonald was calling on friends at the home. Hearing the shots near by, he rushed into the street to investigate. It was then that the hot chase took place and Detective McDonald made his single-handed capture.

"I saw a man in uniform running from the corner of Baltimore and Euclid avenue," McDonald said. "Although without a gun, I immediately took up

the pursuit and after chasing him for several blocks was able to overtake and capture him."

Shots that attracted the attention of Detective McDonald were exchanged between the highwayman and a pedestrian at the corner of Baltimore and Euclid avenue.

Soon after Officers T. O. Miller, Jack Yantis and Osset of the police department reached the place information was secured which led to the arrest of four other men, said to be soldiers stationed at Camp Travis.

After being subjected to a rigid investigation lasting for nearly six hours police officials gained information, they said, regarding twelve highway robberies. Four of the holdups were committed in the city streets last night. The other eight, according to Detective McDonald, occurred about Jan. 7. Only \$7.15 was netted by the bandits in the four holdups last night.

JUST A WORD WITH OUR SUBSCRIBERS

Another good list of subscription renewals this week—about as many as last week. It is a sign that the weather has not been very bad. Farmers tell us that the rain of last Friday night was just what was needed and that the light freeze following did no perceptible damage. However, no one attempts to predict for the present or future.

Some of our subscribers have asked why the Courier does not carry ten and twelve pages like it did last year? The number of pages carried by any newspaper is regulated by the amount of advertising it carries. That is the rule with weekly newspapers, daily newspapers and Sunday newspapers. The more the advertising the more the number of pages. The volume of advertising carried by the Courier this year is far below that carried last year and scarcely justifies the eight pages that are being printed. Our subscribers say that they like to read the advertisements and they hope to see the Courier back on a ten and twelve page basis before long. We all hope to see better times in the near future.

Among the number calling to renew or subscribe, or sending in their renewals and subscriptions, since last issue may be mentioned the following:

L. D. Shuptrine, Medina, Texas.
Mrs. G. M. Thompson, Weldon.
Dr. M. A. Thomas, Crockett.
A. W. Ellis, Crockett.
Mrs. L. R. Allbright, Crockett Rt. 4.
Dr. S. A. Miller, Crockett.
O. E. Hallmark, Crockett Rt. five.
C. H. Hanson, Crockett.
Sloan Brown, Ratcliff Rt. 1.
Dr. W. W. Latham, Crockett.
Mrs. W. D. Jackson, Van Vleck.
J. C. Wootters, Crockett.
W. B. Hearon, Crockett.
Mrs. J. R. Harris, Crockett.
Herman Rich, Lovelady.
Dr. J. B. Deal, Crockett.
Mrs. J. H. Painter, Crockett.
E. K. Capriellan, Crockett.
Lang Smith, Lovelady.
J. J. Bynum, Crockett.
N. H. Phillips, Crockett.
Miss Susie Hall, Longview.
B. F. Chamberlain Jr., Dallas.
Edmund Hill, Crockett Rt. A.
C. M. Smith, Sikeston, Mo.
U. M. Brock, Grapeland.
A. Foy (col.), Kennard.
G. W. Jackson (col.), Crockett Rt. 4.
Amanza Berry (col.), Fordice.

FATHER AND TWO SONS ARE KILLED

Younger Son of Tarrant County Family Held for Shooting.

Fort Worth, Texas, Feb. 21.—The bodies of W. D. Robinson, 65 years old; W. D. Robinson Jr., 40 years old, and Jim C. Robinson, 33 years old, riddled with bullets from a shotgun and pistol, are lying in the morgue of Robertson-Mueller, undertakers, here, and Bert Robinson, 27 years old, son and brother of the dead men, is confined in the Tarrant County jail as the result of a shooting about 9 o'clock this morning.

Officers and ambulance drivers, who responded to a hysterical call in a woman's voice from a neighboring house, left immediately for the scene in the Snatchum community, on Bear Creek, about sixteen miles southwest of here.

They found the bodies of the three men, one within the walls of his home, another in his front yard, and the father a short distance up the road.

Three murder charges were filed against Bert Robinson in Justice of the Peace J. W. McCain's court this afternoon.

Woman Is Injured by Highwayman at Hotel.

Fort Worth, Texas, Feb. 21.—Mrs. H. M. Harrison of Breckenridge, 32 years old, was followed to her room on the third floor of the Westbrook Hotel late this afternoon by a highwayman and as she opened the door to step in was struck on the head with a revolver. Mrs. Harrison was not rendered completely unconscious by the blow and screamed for help. The highwayman, who was a white man, fled when Mrs. Harrison screamed and failed to get several hundred dollars worth of diamonds and other jewelry which she wore. Mrs. Harrison is the wife of H. M. Harrison, president of the Breckenridge Cooperage Store. Physicians said that her condition is serious, but that her wounds will not prove fatal. The only person who saw the assailant of Mrs. Harrison besides herself was a bellboy of the hotel.

Body of Alexander Lind is Dug From Sand.

San Antonio, Texas, Feb. 21.—Following the discovery of the badly mutilated body of Alexander Lind of Victoria today in a grove of trees fourteen miles from the place along the San Antonio River, where his blood marked automobile was found Sunday afternoon, six arrests have been made by the authorities at Goliad and Victoria, and the suspects are being closely guarded while the sheriffs' posses from the two adjoining counties continue their search for additional evidence that may lead to a solution of the murder mystery.

Bandits Rob the Toledo Post Office.

Toledo, Ohio, Feb. 17.—Five bandits drove up to the post-office at 2 o'clock this morning and held up the clerks with revolvers and escaped with six sacks of registered mail. The value of the mail taken has not been ascertained. Posses are searching for the bandits.

Your 5, 10, 15 and 25-Cent Packages

Of drugs should be as clean as the drugs that enter into your prescriptions. Ordinarily it means smaller doses are to be given and better results obtained.

FOR YOUR PROTECTION, ALL OF THE PACKAGE GOODS you buy of us are put up in SEALED CARTONS and bear the trade-mark of the manufacturer. Their strength and purity have been CERTIFIED. They cost no more than those without a certificate of STRENGTH and PURITY and they are FREE FROM DIRT AND TRASH.

Be Sure You Get What You Pay For.

Goolsby-Sherman Drug Co.

GRADUATE PHARMACISTS.

Two Phones: 47 and 140

Dependability

Superior Service

LOCAL NEWS ITEMS

Spanish peanuts, \$1.00 per bushel, at R. L. Shivers'. 2t.

Remember that you can get a quick lunch at the bakery. 1t.

You can get what you want and get it delivered at Bishop's. 1t.

Mrs. John Taylor of Oklahoma is visiting her sister, Mrs. F. H. Bayne.

Mrs. Homer West is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Sonley LeMay at Coolidge.

See the \$7.50 special at Mrs. Hail's. It's a wonderful hat at the price. 1t.

Now is the time to use stock food. Bishop has the kind your stock will eat. 1t.

Mrs. Dan Julian of Denison is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Millar.

We will sell you your groceries cheaper than you can buy them elsewhere. We sell for cash and for less. Give us a trial. 1t. Crockett Bakery.

3 Per Cent Real Estate Loans.

Under supervision of Insurance and Banking Commission of Texas.

THOS. B. COLLINS, AGENT
CROCKETT, TEXAS.

The Safe Way

is to have your car examined or overhauled before beginning its regular spring and summer use.

Cars get more or less out of order during the winter weather, and do not work as perfectly as they should. This means additional wear and strain on the parts affected, and increased expense to you if allowed to continue in that condition.

Failure to correct these defects has caused the wrecking of many cars. Don't let it occur with yours.

We can overhaul your car at slight expense.

CROCKETT MOTOR COMPANY
Telephone 303

Mrs. Tom Bayne of Trinity was the guest of Mrs. Asa Bynum last week.

Miss Gladys Harrison left Monday afternoon to visit friends in Palestine.

Don't think it's a "cheap" hat because the price is only \$7.50. See it first at Mrs. Hail's. 1t.

Do you suffer from constipation? O-Sa-To will relieve you. Bishop guarantees it. 1t.

The comedy company, playing in Crockett all of last week, left Sunday morning for Jacksonville.

Miss Stella Sheridan has accepted a stenographic position with a wholesale house in Galveston.

Why worry about dressing your own chicken when you can get it already dressed at the bakery? 1t.

Mrs. T. G. McConico returned last week from a visit with her husband, who is located with an oil company at Strawn.

Roosters Wanted.

Two Barred Plymouth Rock Roosters. H. A. Fisher, Commercial Club. 2t.

Piano Wanted.

I am in the market for a good second-hand piano. See me at Millar & Berry's. 1t. H. J. Berry.

We have a nice lunch room in connection with our grocery and bakery. You can get a nice lunch with coffee at any time. 1t. Crockett Bakery.

For Sale.

One pair of good young mules, one good work horse, one Jersey cow, fresh in milk; also five Poland China pigs. 2t. A. W. Ellis.

Notice.

I have just opened up a modern Electric Studio in connection with Dickson's Jewelry & Optical Store. All work will be appreciated. E. S. Warren, 2t. Photographer.

Car Drivers, Notice.

This is to give notice that our city and state laws regulating and requiring head lights and signal lights on automobiles will be rigidly enforced from now on. Those who ignore these laws will be arrested and prosecuted without impartiality. This also applies to those who violate the speed laws and other regulations. By order of the mayor. T. A. Sifford, 1t. Night Watchman.

Plants for Sale.

Choice frost-proof cabbage plants—Early Flat Dutch, Early Jersey and Charleston Wakefield. Post paid, prompt shipment. One hundred, 35 cents; three hundred, \$1.00.

Jesse Barnes, Trinity, Texas.

Like a Letter From Home.

Medina, Texas, Feb. 16, 1921. Editor Crockett Courier, Crockett, Texas.

Dear Sir:

Enclosed find one dollar and a half (\$1.50), for which you will please send me your paper for another year. I have been in Bandera county ten years and have taken your paper ever since coming here, besides having taken it for years before. It is like hearing from home every week to get the Courier. So please send it at once, and oblige, your friend,

L. D. Shuptrine.

Visits the Old Home.

Mr. and Mrs. Jess K. Aldrich of New Haven, Conn., were in Crockett from Saturday until Tuesday morning, the former to see his mother, Mrs. Julia Aldrich, and sister, Mrs. Ben Satterwhite, whom he had not seen for several years. Mr. and Mrs. Aldrich left Tuesday morning for Dallas and Cleburne, where they will visit for several days before returning to their Connecticut home. The girlhood home of Mrs. Aldrich was at Cleburne. While Mr. Aldrich was born and reared in Crockett, he has been making his home elsewhere for the last twenty years. He has many friends here who are glad to learn of his success in life.

First Methodist Church.

Services well attended last Sunday at the Methodist church. At night the K. of P. services were interesting to all present. Rev. S. F. Tenney of the First Presbyterian church preached the annual sermon for that order. A free-will offering for the starving, needy children of Asia was one of the happy features of the occasion. One hundred and four dollars was contributed. The K. of P. lodge gave fifty dollars of this amount. They requested that twenty-five dollars be sent to the Armenian children and the remainder to the Chinese.

Next Sunday the pastor will preach at eleven o'clock. His subject will be "1921 Volunteers." You are invited to be present. Pastor.

Automobile Accident.

A Ford car, driven by two negro boys, Charley White and Frank Northington by name, turned a complete handspring and landed bottomside up at the intersection of Grace street and Public avenue Sunday evening at about 6 o'clock. The two boys were travelling toward Crockett and, overtaking another car, they passed around it safely, but in getting back into the road they lost control of their car with the result as before stated. They had a miraculous escape from death, as the car changed ends and turned bottomside up with the boys in it. Covered with mud and grease, they were unable to explain how they got out of the wreck alive. They said the accident was caused by failure of the steering gear. The car belonged to Ben Gunter, garage man, and one of the boys was employed as driver.

CITATION BY PUBLICATION.

THE STATE OF TEXAS, To the Sheriff or any Constable of Houston County—Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon the Unknown Heirs of Newell C. Hodges, deceased, the Unknown Heirs of Henry Raguet, deceased, the Unknown Heirs of William G. Logan, deceased, the Unknown Heirs of Jacob B. Snively, deceased, the Unknown Heirs of John Meeks, deceased, the Unknown Heirs of Joseph W. Meeks, deceased, the Unknown Heirs of Daniel W. Parker, deceased, the Unknown Heirs of W. A. Stewart, deceased, the Unknown Heirs of W. H. B. Lacy, deceased, Thomas R. White, Jr., John J. Phelps, Charles W. Cox, the Unknown Heirs of Thomas R. White Jr., deceased, the Unknown Heirs of John J. Phelps, deceased, and the Unknown Heirs of Charles W. Cox, deceased, by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four consecutive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your County, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in any newspaper published in the Third Judicial District; but if there be no newspaper published in said Judicial District, then in a newspaper published in the nearest District to said Third Judicial District, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Houston County, to be holden at the Court House thereof, in Crockett, Texas, on the fourth Monday in March, A. D. 1921, the same being the 28th day of March, A. D. 1921, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 22nd day of February, A. D. 1921, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said Court as No. 5897, wherein J. W. Young is Plaintiff, and the Unknown Heirs of Newell C. Hodges, deceased, the Unknown Heirs of Henry Raguet, deceased, the Unknown Heirs of William G. Logan, deceased, the Unknown Heirs of Jacob B. Snively, deceased, the Unknown Heirs of John Meeks, deceased, the Unknown Heirs of Joseph W. Meeks, deceased, the Unknown Heirs of Daniel W. Parker, deceased, the Unknown Heirs of W. A. Stewart, deceased, the Unknown Heirs of W. H. B. Lacy, deceased, Thomas R. White, Jr., John J. Phelps, Charles W. Cox, the Unknown Heirs of Thomas R. White Jr., deceased, the Unknown Heirs of John J. Phelps, deceased, and the Unknown Heirs of Charles W. Cox, deceased, are defendants, and said petition alleging:

That the plaintiff is the owner in fee simple of that certain 192 acre tract of land out of the Newell C. Hodges League situated about 4 miles North East of the City of Crockett, being known as the Parker land, situated on the North West side of the Crockett and Rusk Public road, and fully described in judgment of partition in the District Court of Houston County, dated March 24th, 1915, recorded in Volume 76, page 625 of the Houston County deed records.

Plaintiff sets out in his original petition all of the deeds and other instruments, under which he claims title.

Plaintiff alleges that he and those under whom he claims has been in the actual, continuous and adverse possession of said land for a period of ten years, and plaintiff pleads the Statute of Limitation in bar of any claim asserted by defendants.

Plaintiff represents that there is no title out of Newell C. Hodges, the original grantee, and that the other defendants are asserting some kind of a claim which casts a cloud on his title.

Plaintiff prays judgment for said land, removing all clouds therefrom. Herein fail not, and have before said Court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and the Seal of said Court, at office in Crockett, Texas, this the 22nd day of February, A. D. 1921. V. B. Tunstall, Clerk, District Court, Houston County. 4t. By J. B. Stanton, Deputy.

'AGENCY OF GOOD SERVICE'

General Insurance
Town and Country
THOS. B. COLLINS, AGENT
Crockett, Texas, Phone 380

MONEY TO LOAN

BUY VENDOR LEIN NOTES.
AETNA LIFE INSURANCE.

B. B. WARFIELD
CROCKETT, TEXAS.

CITATION BY PUBLICATION.

THE STATE OF TEXAS, To the Sheriff or any Constable of Houston County—Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon Robert Moore, Boss Moore, Mrs. Frank Baker and husband, Frank Baker, by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four consecutive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your County, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in any newspaper published in the Third Judicial District; but if there be no newspaper published in said Judicial District, then in a newspaper published in the nearest District to said Third Judicial District, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Houston County, to be holden at the Court House thereof, in Crockett, Texas, on the fourth Monday in March, A. D. 1921, the same being the 28th day of March, A. D. 1921, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 15th day of March, A. D. 1919, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said Court as No. 5792, wherein H. H. Hamilton is Plaintiff, and Hugh Ledford, Charlie Ledford, Florine Ledford, Frances Ledford, the Unknown Heirs of Mrs. Granville Williams, S. A. Moore, Robert Moore, Boss Moore, Mrs. Frank Baker and husband, Frank Baker, and Mrs. Mary Chestnut and husband, J. H. Chestnut, are Defendants, and said petition alleging:

That all of the defendants, except Frank Baker and J. H. Chestnut, who are defendants pro forma, are the only heirs-at-law of Mrs. Martha J. Smith, deceased;

That said Mrs. Martha J. Smith died possessed of certain real estate situated in Houston County, Texas, about 18 miles North of Crockett, a part of the M. Murchison Labor, containing 100 acres and being the same conveyed to Paris Smith by J. C. and G. W. Tipton by deed of date October 29th, 1890, recorded in Volume 13, page 457 of the Houston County deed records, to which reference is made for complete description.

That said Mrs. Martha J. Smith died intestate.

That said land is not susceptible of division and partition between all of the parties hereto, and plaintiff asks that said land be sold, and the proceeds distributed among said heirs in proportion to their interests.

That same be ordered sold under the orders of this Court, and Receiver appointed to sell same for the best price obtainable either for cash or part cash and notes as the Court may deem best.

That said amount be deposited in the registry of the Court to be turned over as the interests of the party hereto may appear.

Herein fail not, and have before said Court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and the Seal of said Court, at office in Crockett, Texas, this the 21st day of February, 1921. (Seal) V. B. Tunstall, Clerk, District Court, Houston County. 4t. By J. B. Stanton, Deputy.

Tell him that you saw his ad in the Courier.

Can You Answer This?

Why is it people can save money by buying their flour and feed from us? It is because we buy in quantity lots at quantity prices and save on the freight.

We have just unloaded a solid car of flour, meal, corn chops, shorts, oats and whole maize and are in position to save you money on these goods.

Try buying here yourself for a while and you will be made to realize why others are doing it.

ARNOLD BROTHERS
Groceries, Feed and Hardware

SUMNERS DECLARES BLANTON FALSIFIED

Congressman Asserts Statement in Regard to Salaries is "False as Hell"

Washington, Feb. 17.—Representative Thomas L. Blanton of Texas was denounced in the house of representatives this afternoon by his colleague, Representative Hattin W. Sumners of Dallas, for sending information to Texas newspapers, which Mr. Sumners charged to be "as false as hell," and that Mr. Blanton knew it to be such. The house was in an uproar for a minute or two with Mr. Blanton loudly demanding the right to a question of personal privilege, while other members of the Texas delegation stood close by.

Mr. Blanton made a three-minute rejoinder to Mr. Sumners in which he virtually announced both himself and Mr. Sumners as candidates for the senate, and stated that the chief reason of Mr. Sumners' attack upon him was to remove him as a possible opponent. To this the house arose and cheered.

As to some of the other statements made by Mr. Blanton, Representative Campbell of Pennsylvania and Representative Strong of Kansas arose and stated they were not true.

For a week or more members of the Texas delegation have been smarting by reason of a letter which Mr. Blanton sent to many newspapers in Texas, the assertions in which, the other members declare, place them in the position of being "treasury looters." At the instance of the Texas delegation, today Mr. Sumners was given twenty minutes' time during the general debate on the fortification appropriation bill to reply to the Blanton letter.

Wanted Papers' Aid.

In the letter, which was read in the house, Mr. Blanton told the Texas editors that he needed prompt help to prevent a wrong proposed against the public, that there was a determined effort in both house and senate to pass before adjournment a measure increasing congressional salaries to \$10,000 a year; that for three years he had been forced to remain on the floor of the house constantly "to prevent this proposal from being attached as a rider on appropriation bills;" that by making points of order he had kept it off appropriations bills, and that he had kept it from being brought up as a separate legislative proposition solely by threats that he would force a record vote; both in this and the last congress, Mr. Blanton added in the letter, members having the matter in charge had urged him to absent himself at the proper time or let it go through without a record vote.

"There is not a word of truth in it, and he knows it," shouted Mr. Sumners with his clinched

hand directed to Mr. Blanton seated in the second tier of seats in front of him. At this Mr. Blanton hurried to the seat occupied by Representative Eagan of New Jersey, controlling time in the debate from the democratic side, and asked for time to follow Mr. Sumners. Apparently there was no time available, and he plunged over to the republican side, with no more success. Returning to his seat, Mr. Blanton loudly demanded that he be allowed to express himself on a question of personal privilege. The house was in an uproar, Mr. Blanton trying to talk above the noise, and as he leaned toward Mr. Sumners, Representative Hudspeth of Texas took his stand in the aisle not far away.

Blanton Subsidies.

After demands came that Mr. Sumners be allowed to continue, Mr. Blanton subsided and the Dallas representative told the house that he had never seen a man, except the gentleman from Texas, Mr. Blanton, who would attack the reputation of his fellowman without justification or fact. He reminded Mr. Blanton that if he wanted to secure real effect the letter should have been sent to papers of the nation and not confined to Texas. Mr. Blanton's action, he added, was doing harm to the public opinion of the country.

"In making a desperate effort to increase salaries? Who is making it?" asked Mr. Sumners. "Urged to absent himself? Why, when the reapportionment bill was up the gentleman from Texas hit it up to New York or some place else."

He said the gist of the Blanton letter was that some one was trying to get into Uncle Sam's smokehouse. Sumners then read the comment of an editor in the district of Representative Rayburn, who, after printing the Blanton letter, stated that the effort to carry out the salary increase lowered his (the editor's) estimate of the government.

"No man has the right to play politics with the heart of the country," shouted Sumners, "by sending to Texas a statement that is as false as hell."

Code of Ethics.

The members of the Washington State Press Association, believing in journalism as a profession and its opportunities for service to their state, have established the following code of rules and ethics for government of professional practice as obligatory on every member of the association:

To give due credit for all matter copied from other papers or magazines.

To investigate all questionable advertising and refuse space to misleading and illegitimate advertisements.

To use every endeavor to elevate the standards of journalism and to so conduct their papers that competitors may find it wise, profitable and conducive to happiness to emulate their example.

To strive for no circulation or success that is not founded on the highest justice and morality.

Not to publish or claim circulation in excess of actual figures.

Not to cut prices below published rates.

Not to speak disparagingly through editorial or news columns of competing papers or editors.

Not to engage help employed by a competitor without first informing the competitor and giving him an opportunity, if he wishes, to retain his employee.

CROCKETT TRAIN SCHEDULE.

South Bound
No. 3, Houston Express...10:00 A. M.
No. 1, Sunshine Special...3:09 P. M.
No. 5, Houston Limited...1:35 A. M.
North Bound
No. 4, Local Passenger...11:59 A. M.
No. 2, Sunshine Special...2:40 P. M.
No. 8, St. Louis Limited...4:00 A. M.

Another automobile that may be run over land or upon water has been patented by a Minneapolis man.

LABOR LEADER GIVEN ONE YEAR IN PRISON

President of Kansas Miners' Union Found Guilty of Court Contempt.

Pittsburg, Kan., Feb. 16.—Alexander Howat, president of the Kansas Miners' Union, was found guilty of contempt of court and sentenced to jail by Judge Andrew J. Curran of the Crawford County district court this afternoon.

With Howat were found guilty his five co-defendants in the contempt proceedings, all officers of the Kansas union. They are: August Derchy, vice president; Willard Titus, John Fleming, James McIlwraith and Earl Maxwell, executive board members. All were sentenced to jail.

The calling of a strike in two mines in violation of an injunction caused the contempt proceedings. The strike resulted from a controversy between the miners' union and mine owners over the age of a young miner named Mishmah. The question of his age affected his rate of pay.

All of the defendants were sentenced to a year in jail and to pay the costs.

Mrs. Alexander Howat was in the courtroom when her husband was sentenced. She was in tears. Mrs. Fleming also was in the courtroom.

Howat laughed and joked with officers and friends after he had been sentenced.

"How near is that new jail to completion?" he asked of Sheriff Milt Gould, while recognition papers were being made out. Crawford County is erecting a new jail at Girard.

When Judge Curran pronounced sentence there was a low chorus of "oh!" over the crowded room. Friends of Howat had not expected such a severe penalty.

A public park with grounds for landing passenger airplanes is to be built near Tokio.

NOTICE OF ELECTION IN ROAD DISTRICT NO. 14.

THE STATE OF TEXAS, County of Houston.

On this the 1st day of February, A. D. 1921, the Commissioners Court of Houston County, Texas, being in special session, came on to be considered the petition of H. H. Hallmark and two hundred other persons praying that an election be held in Road District No. 14, of Houston County, Texas, to determine whether or not seventy-five thousand dollars of bonds of said Road District No. 14, shall be cancelled and revoked, the said bonds having heretofore been legally voted by the property tax payers of said district for the purpose of constructing, maintaining and operating macadamized, graveled or paved roads and turn pikes, or in aid thereof; and it appearing to the court that said bonds have not been issued or registered and that they have not been sold and cannot be legally sold, and it further appearing that the said road district No. 14, is described by metes and bounds as follows:

Beginning at the Northwest corner of the M. Morris Survey.
Thence North 300 varas to the Northwest corner of Letts & Jordan survey.
Thence West 150 varas to the Southwest corner of A. B. Follette survey.
Thence North 300 varas stake on Follette West boundary line.
Thence West passing Southeast corner of G. W. Prewitt survey and with South Boundary line of said G. W. Prewitt survey and J. T. Prewitt survey.
Thence 2100 varas to J. T. Prewitts Southwest corner on L. Speers East boundary line.
Thence North 25 West 500 varas to Speers North corner.
Thence South 65 West 1344 varas to Speers West corner.
Thence North 25 West 150 varas to John McKee's North corner.
Thence North 300 varas to Northeast corner of T. Smith survey.
Thence West 1100 varas to Smiths Northwest corner.
Thence South 450 varas to Levi Speers Northeast corner.
Thence West 1500 varas to Speers Northwest corner Wheelers East boundary line.
Thence South 350 varas to G. W. Hallmark Northeast corner.
Thence South 65 West 400 varas another of his corner.
Thence North 25 West 400 varas

LOANS ON FARMS

LANDS BOUGHT AND SOLD

J. S. FRENCH

Crockett, Texas

Baker Theatre

CHANGE OF PROGRAM EVERY DAY

SPECIAL MATINEE EVERY SATURDAY AFTERNOON

another of his corner.
Thence South 65 West 3750 varas his Northwest corner, set stake in the East boundary line of road district No. Three.
Thence South 25 East 6666 varas with the East boundary line of the Joel Banks, J. A. Thompson surveys to the Southeast corner of the D. Alston survey.
Thence South 65 West with said Alston line 1330 varas to one of the corners of the J. A. Thompson survey on R. L. Breeding E B line.
Thence South with the E B line of said Breeding, C. W. Hallmark, W. W. Craddock and John Satterwhite surveys to the S E corner of said Satterwhite survey.
Thence South 55 West with the line of said Satterwhite 740 varas to the corner of said Satterwhite survey in the North line of the Procella league, being the Southeast corner of said Road District No. Three.
Thence East 1000 varas Procella Northeast corner.
Thence South 1950 varas to Coy's Northeast corner.
Thence West with Coy's North boundary line 3750 varas to the Northwest corner.
Thence South with Coy's West boundary line and Raguet East boundary line 7000 varas to Coy's Southwest corner.
Thence East 4650 varas to Owen's West boundary line.
Thence South 1050 varas to Owen's Southwest corner.
Thence East 1500 varas to County line.
Thence with County line 12,700 varas to where N B line of Prado intersects County line.
Thence West with N B line of J. M. Prado to its N W corner.
Thence North with W B line of Jno. Erwin to his N W corner.
Thence East with S B line of E. Broxton to his S E corner.
Thence North with W B line of A. Johnson to his N W corner.
Thence East with N B line of A. Johnson to S W corner of Peter Tumlison.
Thence North with W B line of Tumlison and E B line of B S & F No. 1, to latter's N E corner.
Thence with North boundary line of B S & F No. 1, to S E corner of I & G N Survey No. 8.
Thence North with E B line of I & G N Survey to stake in S B line of S. Harris survey.
Thence West with S. B. line of said Harris survey to his S W corner.
Thence North with W B line of said Harris to his N W corner.
Thence East with N B line of said Harris to S W corner of Sol Allbright survey.
Thence North with W B line of said Allbright Survey to Southeast corner of Letts & Jordan surveys.
Thence West with S B line of Letts & Jordan to their S W corner.
Thence North with the W B line of said Letts & Jordan survey to the N E corner of the M. Morris survey to the place of beginning.
It is therefore considered and ordered by the court that an election be held in said road districts No. 14, of Houston County, Texas, on the 19th day of March A. D. 1921, which is not less than thirty days from the date of this order, to determine whether or not the bonds of said road district No. 14, of Houston County, Texas, shall be cancelled and revoked, the said bonds being due as follows:
No. 1 for \$1000.00 on Jan. 15, 1921.
No. 2 and 3 inclusive amounting to \$2000.00 on Jan. 15, 1922.
Nos. 4 & 5 inclusive amounting to \$2000.00 on Jan. 15, 1923.
Nos. 6, 7 & 8 inclusive amounting to \$3000.00 on Jan. 15, 1924.
Nos. 9 & 10 inclusive amounting to

\$2000.00 on Jan. 15, 1925.
Nos. 11, 12 & 13 inclusive amounting to \$3000.00 on Jan. 15, 1926.
Nos. 14 & 15 inclusive amounting to \$2000.00 on Jan. 15, 1927.
Nos. 16, 17 & 18 inclusive amounting to \$3000.00 on Jan. 15, 1928.
Nos. 19, 20 & 21 inclusive amounting to \$3000.00 on Jan. 15, 1929.
Nos. 22, 23 & 24 inclusive amounting to \$3000.00 on Jan. 15, 1930.
Nos. 25, 26 & 27 inclusive amounting to \$3000.00 on Jan. 15, 1931.
Nos. 28, 29 & 30 inclusive amounting to \$3000.00 on Jan. 15, 1932.
Nos. 31, 32, 33 and 34 inclusive amounting to \$4000.00 on Jan. 15, 1933.
Nos. 35, 36 & 37 inclusive amounting to \$3000.00 on Jan. 15, 1934.
Nos. 38, 39, 40 & 41 inclusive amounting to \$4000.00 on Jan. 15, 1935.
Nos. 42, 43, 44 & 45 inclusive amounting to \$4000.00 on Jan. 15, 1936.
Nos. 46, 47, 48, 49 & 50 inclusive amounting to \$5000.00 on Jan. 15, 1937, all said bonds to bear interest at 5 1/2 per cent per annum from their date, interest payable semi-annually on the 10th day of April and the 10th of October, each year consecutively after date of said bond, except the first coupons on said bonds shall be due and payable on October 10th, 1920, which order for the issuance of said bonds appears on the minutes of the Commissioners Court, Vol. 11 pages 486 to 490 inclusive, said bonds in the aggregate amounting to the sum of Seventy-Five Thousand Dollars. Notice of said election shall be given by publication in a newspaper published in said County for four consecutive weeks before the date of said election, and in addition thereto there shall be posted notices of such election at three public places in said Road District No. 14, of Houston County, Texas, for three weeks prior to said election. Said election shall be held at the regular voting box at Freeman, and at the regular voting box at Arbor, which said voting boxes are situated in Road District Number Fourteen of Houston County, Texas, and the following names are hereby appointed managers of said election: At Freeman, R. S. Hooks and Levi Starling; at A-bor, C. B. Isbell and J. T. McElvey; said election shall be held under the provisions of road district act passed at the first called session of the Thirty-first Legislature, and under the Road District Act passed by the regular session of the Thirty-Fifth Legislature and Acts amendatory thereof, and only qualified voters who are property tax payers of said road district No. 14, of Houston County, Texas, shall be allowed to vote at said election, and all voters desiring to support the proposition to revoke and cancel said bonds shall have written or printed on their ballots the words, "For the cancellation and revocation of the bonds," and those opposed shall have written or printed on their ballots the words, "Against the cancellation and revocation of the bonds." The manner of holding said election shall be governed by the laws of the State governing general elections, and copy of this order signed by the County Judge of said County shall serve as a proper notice of said election, and the County Judge is directed to cause said notices to be published in a newspaper published in said Houston County or in said Road District No. 14, for four successive weeks next preceding said election and cause to be posted a notice thereof at three public places in said Road District Number Fourteen, of Houston County, Texas, for three weeks prior to said election.
Nat Patton, County Judge,
Houston County, Texas.

Million Packets Of Flower Seeds Free

We believe in flowers around the homes of the South. Flowers brighten up the home surroundings and give pleasure and satisfaction to those who have them.

We have filled more than a million packets of seeds, of beautiful yet easily grown flowers to be given to our customers this spring for the beautifying of their homes.

Wouldn't you like to have five packets of beautiful flowers free? YOU CAN GET THEM! Hastings' 1921 catalog is a 116-page handsomely illustrated seed book with twenty beautiful pages showing the finest varieties in their true natural colors. It is full of helpful garden, flower and farm information that is needed in every home, and, too, the catalog tells you how to get these flower seeds absolutely free.

Write for our 1921 catalog now. It is the finest, most valuable and beautiful seed book ever published, and you will be mighty glad you've got it. There is no obligation to buy anything. Just ask for the catalog.

H. G. HASTINGS CO., SEEDSMEN, ATLANTA, GA.

MARKETING OF THE FARMERS' PRODUCTS

The Most Essential Work—The American Farm Bureau Federation.

It will be remembered by those who have kept in close touch with the work that the Crockett Commercial Club has been doing for the past five years, that providing a ready cash market for those products that the farmer can grow to the best advantage, has from the very start been the slogan of this organization. So firmly convinced was the management of the outstanding importance of this position, that it has been repeatedly stated in talks and in published articles that the lack of proper marketing facilities was really all that was preventing the farmer of the South from becoming as prosperous or even more so than the farmer of the North.

This marketing feature properly applied brings crop diversification, dairying and general live stock raising, the essentials of prosperous and permanent agriculture everywhere. So general has the overwhelming importance of this feature become recognized throughout the South that all other activities along lines calculated to permanently benefit the farmer have been temporarily suspended and the energies of those engaged in the work concentrated in trying to work out methods that would get the quickest results.

This nation-wide organization, which claims a membership of nearly two million farmers throughout the country, and which is proving to be the most practical and beneficial organization for the benefit of agriculture that has ever been attempted in the United States, and is growing in membership and developing at a wonderful pace, is devoting almost its entire energies to the subject of marketing and is accomplishing splendid results. The three general lines of activities of the bureau as set forth in the constitution and by-laws are buying and selling of products for farmers, educational and legislative endeavors. While the greater part of the work is devoted to marketing, much is being done in the educational line and influencing municipal, state and national legislation in the interest of the farmer.

Growth of the Bureau.

Up to January first of this

A Tonic For Women

"I was hardly able to drag, I was so weakened," writes Mrs. W. F. Ray, of Easley, S. C. "The doctor treated me for about two months, still I didn't get any better. I had a large family and felt I surely must do something to enable me to take care of my little ones. I had heard of

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

"I decided to try it," continues Mrs. Ray. "I took eight bottles in all. I regained my strength and have had no more trouble with womanly weakness. I have ten children and am able to do all my housework and a lot outdoors. I can sure recommend Cardui."

Take Cardui today. It may be just what you need. At all druggists.

E. 21

year it had been but four months since the work was started in Texas, and the records showed at that date a membership of 36,000. Of this number 30,000 were new members and 6,000 were members of other farmer organizations which had been absorbed by the bureau on account of its being a superior organization. When it is known that a membership fee of \$10 is required to join and that the annual dues are the same amount, it can be more easily understood what an appeal the presentation of this new organization creates on the minds of the farmer at sight. It is surely going to solve the marketing problem, and all are beginning to realize that, when this has been done, all the other desirable features will follow.

The secretary has been in correspondence with the officials of the State Bureau for some weeks, and all that prevented the work from being taken up here was the fact that we had no county demonstration agent, as one of the rules of the bureau prevents their operation in counties where there is no agent. Now that we have made provision for restoring this branch of educational service, there is nothing in the way of beginning operations, and we are advised that a team of state organizers will soon arrive in Crockett and a thorough canvas of the entire county will be made with a view of securing one thousand or more members. The plan of financing furnishes money sufficient to do all the things necessary and do them right, and when the Houston County Bureau, with headquarters at Crockett, gets to functioning at high speed, supplemented with all the other agencies we have engaged in the campaign for better conditions for this section of East Texas, we can consistently expect more rapid progress.

Taken all in all, we think our local situation has much that should encourage our people to look forward hopefully and enlist their united support.

H. A. Fisher Secretary.

Negro Killed in Wreck Near Ranger.

Ranger, Texas, Feb. 19.—With only the feet visible, the charred skeleton of a man was found this morning lying under the wrecked engine of the Sunshine Special, Texas & Pacific passenger train that last night sideswiped some tank cars and turned over at a siding three miles south of Ranger.

When the engine was lifted late today it was established that the dead man was a negro who was beating his way on the train.

The tank cars, by their own momentum, had split a switch and rolled out on the main line of the railway, and when struck two of them turned over and their contents of 1,200 gallons of gasoline instantly burst into flames. Other than the negro no one was injured beyond a few bruises sustained by the engine crew. Live steam is said to have kept the fire from injuring them, as it spread around their engine.

Passengers, however, became panic-stricken and in spite of the water and mud, men, women and children left the train and dashed away into the darkness. After becoming calm they were all again induced to return to their coaches and a switch engine pulled them back into Ranger.

The loss from the fire following the wreck will include engine, tender, baggage and passenger car, all of the checked baggage of passengers, a quantity of express and closed pouch mail, 1,800 gallons of gasoline, burned and wasted, and the two tank cars.

The Colombian congress is planning to subsidize the first paper making plant in that country.

The largest gold mines in the United States east of the Black Hills are in North Carolina.

NEFF ADDRESSES JOINT SESSION

Governor Favors Abolishing Unnecessary Offices; Is Applauded.

Austin, Texas, Feb. 14.—The house passed finally the Horton, of Dallas, blue sky measure, which provides a commission composed of the secretary of state, attorney general, and chief of the oil and gas division of the railroad commission, to pass on all applications for permits to sell stock. The bill by Williams of McLennan providing for the organization of co-operative marketing associations also was passed finally.

Operation of the government machinery of the State on economical and efficient basis, better enforcement of laws on the statute books and greater co-operation between the legislative and executive departments were features of the plea made by Governor Neff in an address to a joint session of the house and senate Monday morning at 10:30 o'clock. The governor was escorted to the speaker's chair by Senators Witt and Lewis and Representatives Quicksall and Henderson. Lieutenant Governor Davidson was introduced by Speaker Thomas, following which the lieutenant governor introduced Governor Neff.

Governor Neff opened his speech by saying that he came before the joint conference to get acquainted with the legislators so that greater efficiency and more harmonious effort could be exerted in the interest of wise and efficient legislation for the welfare of the people of Texas.

No Spokesman.

Governor Neff declared that in the past it had been the custom for the governor of Texas to have a spokesman on the floor of the house and senate to represent him and champion legislation that he favored. "I have not had and do not intend to have at any time during this administration any such spokesman in the house or the senate," declared the governor, "but shall expect every member of the legislature to be my representative and to further my interests in all measures pertaining to the best welfare of the people of Texas. Should I act wrongly at times, I desire that the members of the legislature show their disapproval of my action."

Touching upon the economical and efficient administration of State governmental affairs the governor declared he favored abolishing all unnecessary offices and the consolidation of departments that overlapped and duplicated in their functions and duties.

"The government of Texas has become top heavy with too many bureaus and commissions," he declared, "and if I had the power, I would before the sun goes down tonight abolish one-third of the boards, commissions and bureaus now in operation that are now in the employ of the State," he asserted. The governor at this juncture was applauded and the ovation from the members of the house and senate caused an interruption in his address for a few minutes.

"When I came into the governor's office I found only one department that I could abolish without the permission of the state legislature and I abolished the board of pardons the second day I was in office. The state government is better off without the board of pardons," the governor continued. "The thing that I believe is most needed in this state is a tightening up in the enforcement of the laws of this state and a creation of respect for such laws."

A campaign for a debtless home should be the slogan of every citizen in this country. Organized society can not exist upon poverty and despair.

REMEMBER to ask your grocer for Calumet Baking Powder and be sure that you get it—the Indian head on the orange label. Then forget about bake day failures. For you will never have any. Calumet always produces the sweetest and most palatable foods. And now remember, you always use less than of most other brands because it possesses greater leavening strength.



Now Remember—Always Use



CALUMET BAKING POWDER

There is no waste. If a recipe calls for one egg—two cups of flour—half a cup of milk—that's all you use. You never have to re-bake.

Contains only such ingredients as have been officially approved by U. S. Food Authorities, is the product of the largest, most modern and sanitary Baking Powder Factories in existence.

Pound can of Calumet contains full 16 oz. Some baking powders come in 12 oz. instead of 16 oz. cans. Be sure you get a pound when you want it.

Calumet Columbia Muffin Recipe

—4 cups sifted flour, 4 level teaspoons Calumet Baking Powder, 1 tablespoon sugar, 1 teaspoon salt, 2 eggs, 2 cups of sweet milk. Then mix in the regular way.

HONEST ADVERTISING MEASURE TAKEN UP

Bill Passed to Third Reading by Senate at Yesterday's Session.

Austin, Texas, Feb. 19.—The house, continuing today on Thursday's calendar, passed to third reading the senate "honest advertising bill," introduced in the legislature by Senator Harry Hertzberg of San Antonio. The measure, as passed by the senate and house, would prevent any firm or person from placing any advertisements before the public containing an "assertion, representation or statement of fact which is untrue, deceptive or misleading." A penalty of from \$10 to \$200 is provided by the bill.

The bill was amended by the house so that in a prosecution under the proposed act the trade name, trademark with the name, signature, mark of identification of the advertiser shall be considered prima facie evidence of the publication of the statement

or advertisement. The bill applies to advertisements in newspapers and others publications, books, notices, handbills, circulars, pamphlets and letters, and was further amended so as to include window display cards or price tags.

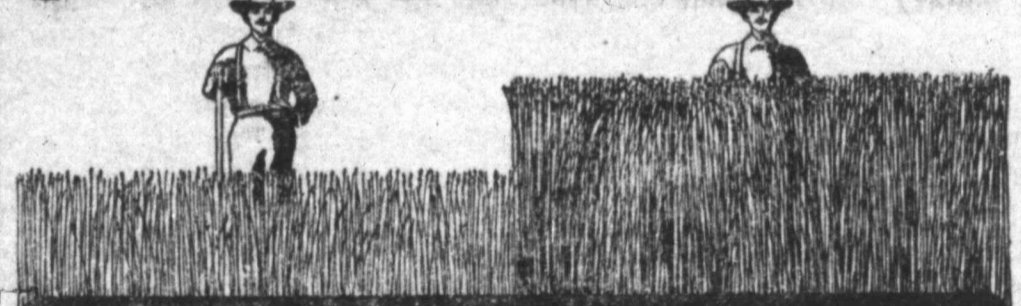
The house rejected an amendment by Greer of Henderson which would require proof of intent to defraud before conviction could be obtained under the provisions of the bill. A substitute amendment by Marshall of Hardeman was adopted which provides that no defense can be based upon ignorance of the untruthfulness of the statements where "diligent inquiry" would have disclosed the fact that the advertising was misleading or false.

The bill exempts publishers from liability under the provisions of the proposed law when accepting advertisements in good faith.

The insertion of a flat coiled spring in a pocket in the back makes a new belt for men elastic.

A new railroad jack lifts 104 pounds for every pound of pressure imparted to its handle.

Armour's



BIG CROP Fertilizers

Which?—Large Acre Yields and Profits or Small Acre Yields and Loss?

Call for your copy of Armour's Farmers' Almanac and literature on the crop you are interested in fertilizing.

ARLEDGE & ARLEDGE

Fuel, Feed and Building Material, CROCKETT

MISSING AVIATOR RIDES HORSEBACK

Rancher Furnishes El Paso Flyer
Horse on Which to Finish
Trip.

Sanderson, Texas, Feb. 16.—Lieutenant Alexander Pearson Jr., who has been missing since he left El Paso for San Antonio last Thursday morning, rode into Sanderson about 9 o'clock Wednesday night on a horse. Lieutenant Pearson was forced to land about 50 miles from El Paso, near the Rio Grande, on account of engine trouble.

Lieutenant Pearson, when forced to land, was in a stretch of sand.

There were no signs of humanity around, he said. The flier found a raft on the Rio Grande and floated on it for a day and night when he came to a goat camp. He stayed at this camp for two days and two nights before any signs of life was found. The rancher was visiting in Sanderson and when he returned, Pearson was given a horse on which he rode into Sanderson.

Without Food 80 Hours.

The flier was without food for 80 hours. He said he had no rations with him when he was forced to land and was forced to do without food until he found the goat camp.

"I was forced to land near the Rio Grande after I had gone only about 250 miles," Lieutenant Pearson said. "My engine went dead and I was forced to abandon it. There was plenty of gasoline in the tank. The machine is undamaged and is lying near the river.

"There was no sign of life around. I scouted the territory for a while, when I located a raft. After riding the raft down the river for a day and night I observed a goat camp. Guiding the raft to shore I found that the owners of the ranch, who I found out later to be named Rutledge, were not at home. I found food in the house, the first since I left El Paso. I stayed here two days and two nights before the Rutledge family returned home from Sanderson, where they had been visiting. They furnished me with a horse on which to make my way to town."

Travels 100 Miles.

Lieutenant Pearson left the goat camp early Wednesday morning and rode to Sanderson, a distance of 100 miles. Although fatigued, the flier declared he felt little ill effects from his experience.

The aviator declared that he had not observed any of the dozens of airplanes which have been scouring this section of the State for him for the past five days.

Lieutenant Pearson who planned to attempt a transcontinental flight late this month from Pablo Beach, Fla., to Los Angeles in less than a day, went to the Sanderson landing field, where

he spent the night. He declared that he expected to leave Thursday for El Paso, where he will report to aviation headquarters at Fort Bliss.

The flier declared he could not say whether he would attempt to carry out his plans for the transcontinental trip, but that this probably would be decided when he got back to El Paso.

The Community House at Jerusalem Corners.

By making over an old barn into an attractive, commodious community house the Jerusalem Corners neighborhood has made over its community life until it affords a broader and more wholesome activity than that available to perhaps 90 per cent of the city dwellers. More than that, Jerusalem Corners now gives its young people a far more healthful and satisfying opportunity for recreation and fun than is afforded many city boys and girls' gone from home every evening to seek youth's pleasures in all sorts of chancy places.

I happened into the Jerusalem Corners community house one Wednesday evening while driving on the Lake road in Erie county, New York. Jerusalem Corners comprises only a church, a cemetery, the minister's home and the community house. Attracted by several cars before the community house, I stopped for supper, which cost 25 cents. After that I stayed for the regular motion picture show, the minister's announcements and then for the dance. It was just the regular entertainment of the neighborhood with perhaps 125 persons there, but it was so delightful, so clean and genuinely wholesome that I couldn't help compare it with the feverish, brazen cabarets and the city's common, so-called pleasures.

For eight years Jerusalem Corners has been having these regular Wednesday night entertainments, to savor the work-day life with necessary pleasure. The community house affords a natural center for business, educational, church and social gatherings. A sleighing or a motor party at night may start from the community house and return there for supper. Women of the neighborhood give parties or teas at the community house and the farm meetings by the men of the neighborhood are held there.

There is a Boy Scouts' room in the community house, a bowling alley, billiard room, rest rooms, large hall for shows, dances and other gatherings and a finely equipped kitchen that even possesses machines for slicing bread and peeling potatoes. The community house is equipped and made to fill the needs of the community. The boys and girls of the neighborhood do not have to leave home for decent amusements.

Ten years ago the community house was a large barn. The church bought the barn and the farm house near it. Then the Reverend Robert G. Leetch, pastor of Sage Memorial Chapel at Far Rockaway, N. Y., was asked to take the job of developing the plan for a satisfying community life. The farm dwelling was made into a parsonage and the barn into the community house.

Mr. Leetch told me that the annual budget for the church and community house was about \$10,000, and it will be larger if plans for a community playgrounds are carried out. The church has only 150 members and this expense might be burdensome, except that the annual church fair is made to help out wonderfully. Last year the fair brought in \$4,000. Other activities in the community house help pay expenses. The Girl's Dramatic club paid off the debt for a motion picture machine one year and last year gave Tagore's "The Postoffice." The proceeds from the Hindu poet's play will be applied on a player piano to be used by the young people for their dances.—Capper's Farmer.

Tell him that you saw his ad in the Courier.

A Merchant We Know

Says that it's his job to please his customers. He is 100 per cent right. It's our job to please merchants by providing the kind of printing that is wanted. Try us and see what we can do. We make good.

The Crockett Courier

TEXANS MAKE REPLY TO BLANTON LETTER

Declare Salary Increase Measure
Opposed and Passage
Unlikely.

Washington, Feb. 19.—Members of the Texas delegation in the house of representatives today made public a letter which has been sent to the newspapers in Texas replying to the letter previously sent to the newspapers by Representative Blanton, in which the latter dealt with his claim of responsibility for preventing action on the amendment to increase the salaries of members of congress. The letter of today is signed by all members of the Texas delegation save Mr. Blanton and Representative Eagle, the latter being absent from the city.

The delegation asks the newspapers that if they have printed the Blanton letter to also print their reply. The delegation takes exception to what it terms the implication in the Blanton letter that other members of the Texas delegation took part in the so-called determined effort to pass the salary increase bill, and that Mr. Blanton is standing alone in the breach and is preventing it from being done.

"Therefore, lest it be thought by some who are not familiar with Mr. Blanton and his methods," says the letter, "that we are in favor of a salary increase, we take this opportunity of saying that we are and have been opposed to a salary increase, and would have opposed it if such a proposal had come up for legislative consideration.

"We feel, however, that candor compels us to say that there has not been the slightest probability of such a measure being passed, either during the pres-

ent session of congress or during the three years in which he says he has been forced to remain on the floor of the house to prevent this proposal from being attached as a rider on appropriation bills. No such bill has been reported favorably by any committee of the house of representatives and there is no prospect that any will be.

"As to the entire statement sent to the Texas papers, we desire to say, individually and collectively, that any insinuation, innuendo or statement therein contained intimating that we have, either in the past or now, favored a bill to raise our own salaries, or that we are either a party to or acquiesce in any effort or plan to make a raid on the public treasury for our own benefit, either as a salary or as to building an apartment building, is absolutely without foundation whatever."

NO EFFORT MADE TO REFORM PRISONERS

Weldon, Houston Co., Tex., Feb. 16.—No efforts were made to educate or reform prisoners as required by law on the Eastham farm of the state penitentiary system, three miles south of Weldon in this county, the penitentiary investigating committee of the state legislature was informed today by Manager G. M. Rader. Religious services

for the men are held but once a month. Out of 133 line men in the mess hall 57 stood up when Chairman Guinn Williams asked how many served the nation in the army or the navy during the world war; 96 were under 25 years and 36 under 20 years. Fourteen were serving second, third or fourth terms in the penitentiary.

One of the greatest needs of the prison system is to segregate the first offender from the hardened criminals," Manager Rader told the committee. "We have all kinds here and most of these are very young men, but they are all thrown together, both for working and living."

The committee particularly inquired into a large concrete building now under construction for cell house and offices. Mr. Rader said: "It will cost at least \$100,000. Architects prepared the plans but the prison commission has since altered them, principally reducing the size. It is the first permanent building of the kind to be erected on any of the numerous prison farms."

"It looks like good money thrown after bad," Chairman Williams said, commenting upon the state's immense investment in isolated farms. "The prisoners are worked at a loss and they are not reformed either."

Senators Williams and McMillan and Representatives Dorroch and Seagler are visiting Eastham and Ferguson farms, totaling 17,500 acres and working nearly four hundred men.

Don't suffer from Kidney Trouble!

Why let the pain, irritation and inconvenience of kidney and bladder trouble make your life miserable, when hundreds of sufferers have found blessed relief by taking HOBOL Kidney & Bladder Remedy? Why not do as they did and begin taking HOBOL now? This wonderful herb remedy contains no alcohol or harmful drug so it can do you no harm. Yet it CAN give quick and sure relief. Druggists sell HOBOL for \$1.20 the bottle. Hobe Med. Mfg. Co., Shreveport, La.

HOBOL
Kidney & Bladder Remedy

HOLSTEIN FREISIAN BULL
FOR SERVICE

JOHN W. MARKHAM
Crockett, Texas

Texas Half and Half



Our early maturing 5-lock, big boll Texas Half & Half seed makes heaviest yields and highest per cent of good length staple, \$2.50 per bushel, with freight paid to your station. Plant it and prosper. For testimonials, address

SUMMEROUR & SON
VERNON, TEXAS

The Crockett Courier

issued weekly from Courier Building

W. W. AIKEN, Editor and Proprietor

PUBLISHER'S NOTICE.

Obituaries, resolutions, cards of thanks and other matter not "news" will be charged for at the rate of 10c per line.

Parties ordering advertising or printing for societies, churches, committees or organizations of any kind will, in all cases, be held personally responsible for the payment of the bills.

In case of errors or omissions in legal or other advertisements, the publishers do not hold themselves liable for damage further than the amount received by them for such advertisement.

Any erroneous reflection upon the character, standing or reputation of any person, firm or corporation which may appear in the columns of the Courier will be gladly corrected upon its being brought to the attention of the management.

Washington did not talk much about himself. He stated facts with grave direction, but did not usually speak of his own thoughts or feelings. He acted when others would have talked. He has been called a man of action.

Some of the "Rules of Behaviour" that Washington wrote in his copy book while at school were, "Get what you get honestly; use what you get frugally." "Be not angry at trifles, whatever happens." "Read not in company." "Argue not with superiors." "Labor to keep alive in your breast that little spark of celestial fire called conscience."

STATING THE TRUTH.

A writer, in the Saturday Evening Post gives it as his opinion that the only thing the matter with the country is that so many people are seeking to get by with as little work as possible for as much pay as possible. A large portion of the world believes that good times can be promoted by cutting the hours of work down to the very minimum and raising the pay to the maximum. This is a fine theory, but in practice somebody has to pay for this increased cost of production, and this somebody is the consumer, and as the consumer is often the worker also he finds that his higher pay is claimed by the higher prices. It is a theory that blows up when put into actual practice. This country will be prosperous again when people get back to work and are willing to do a day's work for a day's pay, and when they learn to save some of the pay they receive. Efficiency is the only thing that will bring production up to the needs of the times, and the only thing that will restore confidence and good will. We need to get on a better understanding, and then every man do his honest best and be considerate of the other fellow. We will never reach this condition by following radicals and agitators.

THE PROSPECTIVE COTTON CARRY-OVER.

If someone identified with the speculative spinning interest in cotton should put forth a calculation indicating that nearly ten million bales of American cotton will be carried over from this into the next cotton year, he would be pretty certain to feel the wrath of a large number of gentlemen who make themselves the champions of the farmers. They would say that his calculation was made for the purpose of depressing the market and so enabling the "bears" to harvest an unholy profit at the expense of the farmers.

But Mr. Harvie Jordan can not be disposed of in that easy way. No calculation he makes can be subjected to that impeachment. Mr. Jordan is not identified with either the speculative or spinning interest in cotton. He is, on the contrary, identified with the growing interest, and has, in

times past, shown such zeal in behalf of that interest as to bring his judgments under the suspicion of being vitiated by his partiality for the interest with which he has been identified.

And Mr. Jordan, speaking as the secretary of the American Cotton Association, has just put forth a calculation which indicates that at least 9,700,000 bales of American cotton will be carried over from this crop year into the next.

Just what this prospect suggests is manifest. If it were not, it would be impressed on one by Mr. Jordan's further statement that the largest quantity of the world crop ever before carried over from one crop season to another was 8,355,000 bales, in 1914-15, the first named being the year of the war's outbreak. That is less by nearly a million and a half bales than the American crop alone which, according to Mr. Jordan's calculation, will be carried over from this crop season into the next.—Galveston News.

SMALL PAY NO EXCUSE FOR DISHONESTY.

The public will not agree with Judge Landis that poor pay, or even poverty, can be recognized by the law as a legitimate excuse for stealing, burglary or embezzlement.

If this theory were to be accepted, half the wheat and cotton farmers of the country would be justified in turning thieves before tomorrow night.

If this bank teller were warranted in taking such a large sum of money because he received too small a salary to live on comfortably, these farmers would be justified in taking the treasury of the United States.

If Judge Landis' logic is correct, there is no length to which they could not go and still find an ample excuse in the fact that they were not getting enough to live on.

Unless the law proposes to make all men rich it can not afford to base honor and uprightness on what a man earns.

If poor men are licensed to turn dishonest, simply because they are poor, we might just as well kiss good-bye to the thought of any dependable moral code, because the great majority of us are poor, always have been poor and probably will continue to be poor.

When we make rectitude contingent on what men can get, or should receive, we do neither more nor less than accept the doctrine of Lenine, for standards of honor must be common to us all, and if they are to be rated by physical possession, or earnings, the only way of making them common is through communism.

We have a right to insist on a living wage for all. We have a right to condemn those employers who refuse to pay it.

But making poor pay an excuse for crime is a dangerous way to go about it, for, after all, honesty, character and clean life are more important than any pay it is possible for us to receive or guarantee.—Houston Chronicle.

The Chronicle states the whole proposition. If Judge Landis' rule is to prevail then we may expect a crime wave such as no country ever saw, because under the spirit of unrest a great many people think they are underpaid. And many are, as a matter of fact. But honor cannot be surrendered for expediency and such a practice cannot be excused. It is very probable that if the young bank employe had given as much thought to improving his condition, in seeking different employment, as he did to planning on how to get ahead of the bank he would have had no excuse for taking that which did not belong to him.—Palestine Herald.

TRY THE OTHER TACK.

Don't talk pessimism. It puts similar ideas into the minds of other people, and such ideas create doubt and uncertainty and hamper the ordinary prog-

ress of commercial activity and expansion.

If you can't see anything good in the future get some other fellow to do your looking for you until you can adjust yourself to conditions and acquire a better perspective of affairs in general.

If a man goes out in the morning and tells every person he meets that is sick, and keeps up the fiction from day to day it will grow on him until he is in reality unfit for business.

It is so in the business world. If you want to create disaster go out and preach it until other people begin to take stock in what you say and to see things as you do. Then you will soon have disaster—at least for yourself.

But if you want better times go out and preach them, and put the joy of confidence into other hearts as well as into your own. The response will be just as great.

COTTON MILLS FOR TEXAS.

In San Antonio, workmen are busy converting a former brewery into a cotton mill. Henceforth, the product of the plant will be dry, instead of wet. It is significant in that it diverts energy from the making of an injurious and unnecessary product to that of supplying a world necessity.

It is of particular significance in that it indicates a larger development of the cotton manufacturing industry in Texas, and the opening of a new field of trade for the Texas industry. This mill, it is said, will specialize in utilizing Texas cotton of grades especially adaptable for making cloth for use in the South and in the tropical regions of Latin-America. Being nearer to the Latin-American countries than are the mills of the East and of Europe there would seem to be a bright future for business in this field.

Since the world has come to look more largely to America for cotton goods, the present time appears to be propitious for the launching of cotton mill enterprises in Texas, where more than one-fourth of the South's crop of cotton is produced. And especially so, since Central and South America are becoming the best customers for American cotton goods.

According to statistics recently made public by the National City Bank of New York, the exports of cotton manufactured in 1920 exceeded all previous records, and this country is now supplying about 15 per cent of those materials now entering international trade, as compared with only 5 per cent before the war. The exact figures showed that 850,000,000 yards of cotton cloths, with an average value of 29 cents per yard, were exported in 1920, against 326,000,000 yards at an average value of 7 cents exported in 1914.

And the analysis showed further that Latin-American buying recorded the greatest increase of all countries, having bought 425,000,000 yards in 1920, compared with 53,000,000 yards in 1914, or eight times as much in quantity as it bought six years ago. Latin America also bought, these figures show, approximately half of our exports of cotton manufactures last year.

The cities of Texas are now undertaking to extend their relations with Mexico and all the Latin-American nations. Cotton mills ought to play a big part in helping them to cultivate this trade. It has long been apparent that Texas ought to manufacture the cotton produced here, instead of shipping it away thousands of miles for others to collect a profit on before passing it on to the ultimate consumer. With this great, new consumptive field opening right at the door of Texas, interest in cotton manufacturing should receive such stimulation as to get the industry well under way in this State within the next few years.—Houston Post.

EDITORIALS BY

DR. R. T. MILNER

WHAT THE FORMER A. & M. PRESIDENT WRITES IN THE RUSK COUNTY NEWS.

The farmers in the Pine Hill community are now operating a creamery station, and shipping cream at a rate that will amount to more than \$20,000 this year, at present prices. The Pine Hill country is unusually well adapted to dairy cattle. The land in that section is very fertile. Bermuda grass, peanuts, sweet potatoes and other feed crops grow in great abundance for miles around that village.

The citizens there were among the first in Texas to realize the importance of dipping vats for tick eradication, and several were built before the law was passed providing compulsory dipping. It is unfortunate that the Bermuda pastures so numerous in that section are not growing in bur clover. Bur clover would be in its true element on those pastures, and would furnish splendid grazing during the months in which Bermuda grass is dormant. No two grazing crops so completely round up an almost perpetual growth as Bermuda and bur clover, because one gives way to the other in due season without any interval. As the Bermuda passes out late in the fall, bur clover takes its place, and when bur clover is about to seed and die in the spring Bermuda is already there, begging for room. And the beauty about it is the fact that neither one ever requires replanting, when once it takes a start. It is only necessary to take the grazing animals off a short while, and even that is not necessary when once bur clover is at its best. Some day some man a little more enterprising than his neighbors will show farmers what they have been missing by not planting bur clover. It should be planted early in the fall, and the land should be well prepared—plowed well, disced, and the seed harrowed in as turnips are planted. An acre planted on land where the rains will carry the seed to other portions of the pasture will soon cover the entire field, but it will not spread except from the seed. Every animal or fowl that eats green stuff will eat bur clover. An experience of ten years with it emboldens the writer to say that it has no equal in this country as a winter and early spring plant for grazing. And it is one of the best soil builders known. Rescue grass is also fine for stock, so is vetch, but in the opinion of this writer bur clover is superior to them all.

We need not bother about whether or not we will make the crops over here in East Texas. It is the experience of those who know how to farm that an annual failure is not to be anticipated. What we are mostly interested in right now is how to pitch the crop. An old-timer told us a few days ago that he was dividing his crop according to the laws of life: A certainty of acreage in feed and food stuff, such as corn, potatoes, peanuts, melons, etc., and lastly some cotton. He said that had been his rule more than a half hundred years, and that he never failed to make a living and some to spare. He also said that the person who said this is no corn country is misinformed, that a failure is unknown when the soil is properly treated, that the sandy land even produces good corn when properly fertilized. "Of course," said he, "this is no such corn country as the Northwest, but the best farmers here invariably make all the corn they need."

If we can once get all the best people aroused against the abuse of the credit system, and manufacture a sentiment that

would count a person more or less disgraced who would fail in business on account of extravagance, personal extravagance, a long step would be made toward a state of solvency all along the line. If the present business ordeal through which our country is passing will not cause an awakening among all classes and groups of business men, from the peanut vender to the oil magnate, then we will begin to think that the devil is unchained, sure enough. But the best sign is that all men and women of any sense at all are saying mighty hard things of the vanity and extravagance of these times. Extravagance makes debt, and debt makes slaves, and slaves are the poorest and most pitiful things in human form.

A great, big, strong, virile administration of public affairs, and a rigid enforcement of the criminal laws of Texas will help us right now more than a whole book full of new laws. Our tax payers must keep it right square before their eyes that the biggest item in our appropriation is for the judiciary. Think of it! It amounts to millions to enforce our laws. What we give to our State schools is supposed to be an investment—an investment in knowledge that will bless the State—but what goes into the judiciary is all for defense, for protection, for the enforcement of law and order. It is somewhat on the same principle of maintaining a large standing army to keep somebody from fighting us. Yes, the costliest thing in this State is the judiciary, and the man who can simplify it and provide for it just the machinery it needs and no more to make it most just to all and the most effective, is going to be called a statesman. The consolidations and eliminations going on at Austin are all good and commendable, but they are insignificant compared to faults of the judiciary.

When the first Harrison was a candidate for president the principal thing the aristocrats had against him was that he lived in a log cabin. We want to start a campaign in this country in favor of a debtless cabin, be it ever so humble. What a glorious country this would be if a large per cent of the homes were debtless. History teaches us that a debt ridden people sooner or later drift into decay. The soundest prop of our American institutions has always been the rural people. But if that prop should become weakened by debt, hopeless debt, then despair and decay will inevitably lead to ruin.

"Extravagance, extravagance, that's what's the matter with the world," remarked an old-timer to the writer recently. "Extravagance of the people, of the government, of the nation, State, county and town; all together have been going in debt for one thing and another until the whole thing is just about bankrupt," he declared, and the more one sits down on a log and studies the situation, the more strongly is he inclined to the opinion that, whatever may have been the cause of our troubles, the only thing that will ever bring us out will be hard economy and hard work.

Neff is right in his contention that law and order are the foundation of organized society and stable government. A disregard for law leads rapidly to the mob, and mobocracy means chaos and anarchy. The fact that a large majority of the lawless element are boys and young men shows that the home has failed to do its duty. There is a sentiment all through our land that yields to the waywardness of the boys and also indulges them in their notions and wishes at home and at school. As we sow so shall we reap.

One hundred dollars' worth of raiment on a fifty dollar person is an economic deformity.

LOCAL NEWS ITEMS

Hog goober seed, \$2.00 per bushel, at R. L. Shivers'. 2t.

N. L. Asher has returned from his trip to the northern markets.

Hunter Warfield of Galveston was a visitor in Crockett Sunday.

See Mrs. Bricker this week for new spring hats at reasonable prices. 1t.

W. M. Wheeler has gone to Houston to study the vulcanizing business.

Bishop will furnish you a white wash formula with your disinfectants. 1t.

Mrs. Ralph Lundy has taken a place with the Crockett Dry Goods Company.

Miss Frankie Mallett of Palestine was a visitor in Crockett for the week-end.

Mrs. Bricker invites everybody interested in new spring millinery to visit her. 1t.

Hon. J. H. Painter has returned from his professional trip to St. Louis and Chicago.

Cyrus McConnell and family of Hull are visiting the family of Mrs. R. E. McConnell.

John Wootters, a student of the medical college at Galveston, was a visitor in Crockett Sunday.

Everything that's new in spring and summer millinery at Mrs. Hail's. New arrivals every week. 1t.

Miss Katherine Hassell, teaching at Grapeland, spent Saturday and Sunday with her parents in Crockett.

Mr. and Mrs. John A. Grant have visiting them their sister, Mrs. Ira L. Brown, of Birmingham, Ala.

The new hats at Mrs. Hail's are as artistic as they are moderately priced. Look them over before you buy. 1t.

C. R. McPhail, a member of the Dallas police force, is spending the week here. He was formerly the constable in the Crockett precinct.

Kodakers.

For quick service and best results, bring or mail your films to Warren's Studio, in connection with Dickson's Jewelry & Optical Store. 4t.

Let's Go Fishing

Take a day off—forget your troubles and hard times talk and get out on the old fishing ground—spend one day, two days or longer, just enjoying yourself with nothing on your mind but the idea of having a good time. When you get back you will be in better condition to do the work you have to do. Try it.

We have the fishing material, a large assortment just arrived, and you will find among it anything you need in this line.

Jno. F. Baker
 THE REXALL STORE

Miss Mary Spence, teaching at Lovelady, spent Saturday and Sunday with her parents in this city.

Those who have been having their job printing done by the Courier may properly be called "pleased customers." This is evidenced by the large number of repeat orders which the Courier is getting.

County Depository.

The First National Bank of Crockett was designated as the county depository by the commissioners' court in session last week. The bid of this bank was the only one before the court.

We have the best grade of roasted coffee that can be bought. A trial will convince you. We grind it here for you, which makes it a great deal fresher than if you buy it already ground. 1t. Crockett Bakery.

Taking advantage of the opportunity to secure a travelling orchestra, some of the young men of Crockett gave a dance in the American Legion club rooms Friday evening of last week. The dance, properly chaperoned, was attended by about thirty couples of young people.

Sold Out.

J. D. Woodward asks us to discontinue his advertisement because he has sold himself out of a job—sold everything that he advertised. He says that when he has anything else to advertise he certainly will let the Courier do the advertising. We are mentioning this in order that others may profit by his experience.

Truck Growers' Association.

Members of the Houston County Truck Growers' Association already enlisted, and those who would like to join, should know that watermelon and cantaloupe seed are now on hand at the Commercial Club rooms for distribution, with printed instructions as to planting and cultivating cantaloupe for free distribution.

The time for planting watermelons will be here just as soon as the weather warms the soil sufficiently, and cantaloupes should be planted a week or two later, provided the weather remains warm. It is necessary that all should plant the same variety of seed and plant as near the same time as possible. Come in and join the association, if you have not already done so, and get busy trying to grow something that promises a little ready cash early in the season. H. A. Fisher, Secretary.

Courier in Error.

The Courier was in error last week in stating that two of the county commissioners favored cattle dipping and that two of them opposed it, County Judge Nat Patton casting the deciding vote. The Courier has learned since, from a conversation with Commissioner Beathard, that he was the only commissioner who voted to discontinue the dipping. Commissioner Speer has not asked the Courier to make any correction, but we learn that he voted to continue the dipping, and not to discontinue, as announced by the Courier. The Courier's mistake was no doubt made by confusing the vote of the commissioners on cattle dipping with their vote on the county demonstration agent. The vote on the question of a farm demonstration agent was two for and two against, the judge casting the deciding vote. Those opposing the farm demonstrator were Commissioners Beathard and Speer, while those favoring were Commissioners Murchison and Douglass and County Judge Patton.

An inventor has designed a tooth brush with bristles at each end of the handle, one set curved to fit the outside of the teeth and the other formed to fit the inside.

Young Miscreants.

Some small white boys amused themselves Monday night by throwing missiles and breaking the windows of the warehouse of Edmiston Brothers, wholesale grocers. The boys could have had no other motive than their own amusement. People living near and hearing the noise could tell in the moonlight that the boys were white, but could not make out who they were. An officer was telephoned for, but the boys got away before the officer arrived. The parents of those boys should have known where they were and what they were doing after dark. The Courier is of the opinion that much of the crime now prevalent in our country could be traced to a lack of parental duty in the home. There is too much of a trend toward paternalism—too much of a shifting of parental duties onto the schools, the state and even the national government. If the city, state and national governments are to take charge of the child, the offending child may be put on an equal footing with older offenders and punished with them according to the gravity of the offense.

Baseball Club.

Some of the boys of the Crockett High School have been telling the Courier that they are going to have the best baseball team in the history of the school this year. With that end in view, some of the business people of Crockett have been called on for contributions and have contributed the amounts opposite their names, for which they have the thanks of the high school boys. Others will be given a chance to contribute. Those so far contributing are as follows:

- Goolsby-Sherman Drug Co., \$5.00.
- Crockett Grocery & Baking Co., \$2.50.
- Millar & Berry, \$2.50.
- James S. Shivers, \$1.00.
- B. R. Purcell, \$1.00.
- John LeGory, \$1.00.
- Dr. J. S. Wootters, \$1.00.
- Norman Allbright, \$1.00.
- D. C. Kennedy, \$1.00.
- T. D. Craddock, \$1.00.
- Cash, \$1.00.
- G. Q. King, \$1.00.
- Crockett Electric Shoe Shop, \$1.00.
- Harvey McCarty, \$1.00.
- J. W. Young, \$1.00.
- F. A. Smith, \$1.00.
- J. S. Cook, \$1.00.
- Chas. Fuller, \$1.00.
- J. L. Arledge, \$1.00.
- Chamberlain Drug Store, \$1.00.
- C. P. O'Bannon, \$1.00.
- Earle P. Adams, \$1.00.
- Chas. Hassell, \$1.00.
- Eighteen others, 50 cents each.

Smashed Train Window.

As the northbound Sunshine Special was nearing the oil mill crossing Tuesday afternoon, a large, white stone, such as are used for track ballasting, was thrown through one of the windows of the front coach. The coach had a double glass window, and the stone, the force of which was broken by its impact with the glass, fell to the floor on the inside, from where it was picked up by Conductor Turner and delivered to the agent, Mr. Henderson. Sheriff Hale was called by telephone, and people found in the vicinity questioned, but no information upon which to base an arrest could be obtained. Occupying the double seats where the window glasses were smashed were the sheriff of Gregg county and two prisoners, the latter being conveyed by the officer to Longview where they are wanted for burglary or robbery. The two prisoners had been arrested at Shreveport on the Longview charge, but taken to Houston as suspects in a murder case. Found to be not implicated in the Houston murder, they were held at Houston for the Longview sheriff, who was transferring them Tuesday. The window-smashing could have had no connection with the presence of the officer and prisoners on the train, but it can be easily

To the Ladies of Crockett and Houston County

We invite you to take advantage of the dependable dry cleaning and pressing service we offer you. We are equipped to do your work better and to give you a service which will merit your continued patronage.

Scientific dry cleaning—the kind we do—means more wear and a greater saving on women's, as well as men's, clothing. Send or bring us anything you have to be cleaned, no matter how delicate the material. Make us prove our claims.

Mail Orders Will Receive Prompt Attention.

MILLAR & BERRY

imagined that the sheriff and his men may have felt a "little shaky" when the rock came crashing through the window. It is remarkable that no serious personal injury resulted from the breaking glass.

Crime Epidemic.

Houston county is to be congratulated on its escape so far from the epidemic of crime that has overspread other sections of the country. Like a contagious wave it has overspread the country until few sections have escaped. Robbery is usually the motive and the victim is seldom given a chance for his or her life. Easy money following the war and the reversal of conditions now at hand have brought to the surface a school of young criminals heretofore unknown in this country. Rarely if ever more than twenty-five years of age, those constituting this new class of criminals propose to take by force that which does not belong to them, and the fouler the means the better it suits them.

A Brazilian living in New York has invented a machine to cast piston rings at a rate of 18,000 to 20,000 a day by whirling molten metal into shape by centrifugal force.

Mass Meeting.

All owning stock in such oil companies as the MID-TEXAS and CADDO-COTTON and the like will meet in Crockett, Monday, the 28th of February, at 2 o'clock p. m.

W. W. Latham, Ben Chamberlain, J. B. Satterwhite, W. B. Page, J. W. Shivers, T. S. Sepmore, M. B. Matchett and a host of others. 1t.

Some Postscripts.

Oculists have found that a peculiar form of eye strain is due to persons reading while lying down. ***

Electrical apparatus for permanently curling women's hair has been invented by a German scientist. ***

An automatic fire alarm has been invented that is operated by a rapid rise in the temperature of a room instead of depending on sufficient heat to fuse soft metal alloys. ***

The motor and radiator of a new French automobile are mounted close to the rear axle, the inventor claiming this arrangement permits the use of smaller and lighter bodies.

School Auditorium, Thursday Night, February 24

Henry & Company

Auspices Crockett Lyceum

In Magic, Illusions, Psychic Phenomena, Pianologues, Dramatic Readings, Novelty Pictures, Chalk Sketches and Sand Paintings—an entertainment that you will long remember.

With his twelve years before the public, eight in Lyceum and Chautauqua, Henry's program is the result of years' of experience and careful study. He is master of every effect he presents. His novelty entertainments have proven their merit and worth before the best Lyceum and Chautauqua Associations in America.

The Crockett Courier

Issued weekly from Courier Building

W. W. AIKEN, Editor and Proprietor

THE DESTRUCTIONISTS.

Business men were startled when they heard Roger W. Babson state that what the world must have was a revival of religion. This authority upon matters of business was not addressing a church service, nor any congregation of Christian workers. He was talking to hard-headed business men upon the subject of business conditions.—Vernon Record.

Religion, which is the mother of morals, supplies the background, the shrine and altar, of those fundamental decencies which we have learned to call civilization. There was a time in the dim past, perhaps, when religion and morality had no affinity for each other. But that time passed so long ago it is not considerable now. It is clearer to Mr. Babson, very likely, than to most of us whose opportunities are less expanded to observe the decay in public morals in relation to the decay in religious observances. An irreligious world must be an immoral world, and an immoral world is a world of suspicion, assassination, sloth, harlotry and banditry. A revival of religion implies a revival of moral strength, moral purpose. Mr. Babson had such implied revivals in mind when he spoke of the need of a revival of religion. A world turned atheist would be a world turned barbarous, for faith in nothing inspires to nothing that is good, and without aspirations to goodness there is naught but badness or indifference. Whatever else may be said of religion and the churches, it can not be said that those who practice religion and affiliate with the churches are destructive of civilization. It is the nonpractitioners and the non-affiliators who are the destructionists.—Galveston News.

"ISN'T IT WONDERFUL?"

Certain words spring into prominence, and constant usage oftentimes makes them obnoxious. The adjective "wonderful" right now is in the midst of a reign that to some revolutionists seems too long and undeservedly popular. In the theater you learn that the sauerkraut or the herring is "wonderful." In school you have a "wonderful" lesson or a "wonderful" teacher. On the car lines there are "wonderful" conductors and at the concerts the talent of the artists is "wonderful."

It was in a conversation recently that brought to mind this prevalence of the overworked word. In the span of a two-minute monologue by a member of the gentler sex the word popped out no fewer than eleven times. "Wonderful," to many minds, seems to be the height, the final word of praise one can bestow upon any object, abstract or concrete. If the word "wonderful" would suddenly spring to life and speak, there is no doubt its plaint would be: "I've got a lot of cousins, clever, nice, beautiful, dazzling, entrancing, and a host of distant relatives that can do the work for you even better than I. Why pick on me? Why not grant me the eight-hour day? Why not make a resolution that you're going to leave me alone for a single day?"

Keeping to one word means that people are either aping some pseudo perfectly proper person or that the person repeating and repeating the word should purchase a book of "synonyms for all occasions."—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

There is an advertisement for half-and-half cotton seed in the Courier this week. While not denying those who have these seed for sale the right to advertise them, the Courier does not advise the planting of half-and-half cotton seed. Some farmers

tell us that they have ruined the staple of their cotton by planting these seed, and we have heard of communities in counties north of us who have badly injured the marketing of their cotton by planting half-and-half seed. These observations are made for what they are worth to prospective buyers of cotton seed for planting.

THE MONEY HE FOOLISHLY SPENT.

(Written for the Courier by a Farmer Boy Poet.)

The simple young man
I am sorry to say
Is spending the money
He earns every day.
He never thinks it necessary
To save up a dime—
About all he cares for
Is to have a good time.

Some will gamble
And some will roam—
He never once thinks
About needing a home.

His mother or sister
Will do up his clothes,
So he has a good time
Wherever he goes.

With a stylish suit
And a pair of fine shoes,
A stetford hat
And a bottle of booze,
He goes to the garage
And hires him a dream
For a moonshine ride
With his peaches and cream.

But after awhile
He will decide
It would be better
To take him bride.

So he rents him a home
And takes him a wife,
And then he sets out
To enjoy his life.

When he starts out
On his honeymoon,
It will be like
Eating peaches in June

But he soon finds out
He can no longer roam,
For it takes the cold cash
To fit up a home.

And after awhile
When wifey gets ill,
He calls in a doctor
Who makes out his bill.

He settles that bill
And pays up his rent.
He needs that money then
That he foolishly spent.

He has to work harder
Than ever he did,
To make a support
For wifey and kid.

If he had that money
He foolishly spent,
He could buy him a home
And not have to pay rent.

And that is enough
To make him repent
When he thinks of the money
He foolishly spent.

Louisiana Woman Beaten by Unidentified Man.

Lake Charles, La., Feb. 21.—Mrs. J. L. Prewitt, about 40 years old, was assaulted by an unidentified person who entered her home at the sawmill village of Carson, La., Sunday morning. The woman was struck on the head five times by a knuckle pin made of iron, twelve inches long and more than an inch in diameter.

Mrs. Prewitt was in the house alone when she heard a noise in her room and saw a man ransacking the trunks. She screamed and was struck three times. Later she attempted to get out of the bed and was then struck twice. This morning she crawled to a neighbor's house and gave the alarm. Her condition is reported as very serious, as she has lost much blood.

A lighthouse in England has been given a lamp that can be lowered almost to sea level for use in foggy weather that would make it invisible in its regular position.

An electric light company in an Ontario city has installed taps on many of its poles to enable automobilists to keep their cars warm while standing on the streets.

3 Big Dollar Days

Friday, Saturday and Monday

Below we list you a few of the many things that One Dollar will buy from us, and from these prices you can easily see that we are doing our part to reduce prices on dry goods to a pre-war basis.

10 yards Dress Ginghams, plaids, checks and stripes, for\$1.00
7½ yards very best Outings, for\$1.00
10 yards Reliable L. L. 36-inch Brown Domestic\$1.00
3 pairs Huck or Turkish Towels, for\$1.00
Choice of 100 pairs Ladies' Shoes, sizes 1 to 4, for\$1.00
10 yards good, soft finished 36-inch Bleached Domestic, for\$1.00
Choice of any \$2.00 Organdy or Voile Waist, for\$1.00
2½ yards Pepperell 81-inch Brown Sheeting, for\$1.00

You will find our prices throughout the house in keeping with the above values.

Crockett Dry Goods Company

Many Shipments of the New in Ladies' and Misses' Ready-to-wear Received This Week.

COME TO SUNDAY SCHOOL.

(For the Courier.)

O come to Sunday school today,
On this Sabbath morning
hour,
And help the children in their
way,
While you have the time and
power.

Among the years of long ago,
When you were still a romping
boy,
The brightest memories I know
Are those of Sunday school
joy.

Your teacher was a man of God,
The simple Bible truth he told;
Long he has been beneath the
sod,
But his teachings saved your
soul.

And just as you received the
light
From holy friends in days of
youth,
So you should teach the way of
right,
And point the child to God's
own truth.

Then away, away, to Sunday
school,
On every holy Sabbath day,
Should be the aim and constant
rule
Of all the millions on life's
way.
—Rev. E. A. Maness.

Another Normal Cotton Crop Declared Folly.

Waco, Texas, Feb. 21.—"It would be sheer folly unworthy of sane people to tolerate another normal crop of cotton in view of the present market outlook," declared Clarence Ousley of College Station, recognized as probably the greatest authority in Texas on cotton, in a stirring address before the fourth district bankers' annual conference at a local hotel here Monday.

The production of copper in the United States has increased more than 25-fold since 1880.

Some Postscripts.

French and Belgian interests will establish an agricultural school at Zabare, Old Serbia.

Practically all the tools usually needed by glaziers have been combined in a handle into which they fold like pocket knife blades.

Cyprus has revived its former native tobacco industry, producing tobaccos suitable for cigarettes of Turkish and Egyptian types.

Several Japanese cities require automobiles to be equipped with fenders to prevent the wheels splashing pedestrians in wet weather.

A spring mounted back rest to make any chair for workers as comfortable as one specially designed is a Wisconsin woman's invention.

In a Paris aerodynamic laboratory for testing model airplanes wind speeds up to 71 miles an hour are produced by ingenious machinery.

Social investigators have found that there are fewer suicides proportionately among miners than among any other class of workers.

Iron ore mined in the United States last year has been officially estimated at 67,773,000 tons, a 12 per cent increase from the previous year.

Locomotives being built in the United States for an Italian railroad will burn pulverized lignite, automatically fed to the fire boxes, as fuel.

Invented by a New York man, a new motor driven street cleaning machine is claimed to be able to load as much snow into trucks as eight hand shovelers in one-twentieth of the time.

Why, Oh Why!

In the first act the villain of the film tied a beautiful heroine to a railway track just as the express was due. In the second he lured her into an old house, locked her in an upper room, and set the place on fire. In the third act he strapped her under a saw and set the machinery in motion. In the fourth he tore the planking out of a bridge so that her motor car plunged through to the raging flood below. In the fifth he started to make love to her.

"Why do you shrink from me, Nellie?" he asked.



Absolute Perfection

is our only standard in auto repair work. No matter how small a part we have to replace or how apparently trifling an injury or defect we have to treat we make sure that the work is done perfectly and nothing less. Auto owners who have employed us know the thoroughness of our methods and never fail to send their cars here when there is any trouble with them.

Overland Garage