

The Crockett Courier.

"Quality, Not Quantity."

CROCKETT, TEXAS, MAY 5, 1921

Volume XXXII—Number 16

Entered as Second Class Matter at Crockett Post-Office.

Subscription Price \$1.50 Per Annum, Payable at Crockett

THE COUNTY FARM BUREAU CAMPAIGN

Mr. W. A. Orr, assistant organization manager, with four helpers from headquarters at Dallas, are operating from Crockett, in conducting a campaign for the purpose of organizing Houston county as a branch of the State Farm Bureau Federation. Meetings are being held in school districts and descriptive literature is being mailed to every farmer in the county. The work is being systematically done and before the close of the campaign every hamlet within the county will have been made acquainted with the plans of this excellent organization, with the result that a strong membership for the local organization will, in all probability, be secured.

When the farmers fully understand what this farmers' organization means to them they do not longer hesitate about joining, for they realize that it is the medium they have for many years been looking for.

It is an organization of farmers, for farmers and by farmers, by which the farmer helps his neighbor and in so doing helps himself. It is the farmers' own organization to put him on an equality with labor and capital, in defending and protecting himself, his family and his interests. It is absolutely non-political and non-partisan. No person can run for office or hold office while serving as an official of the farm bureau.

It is at once the most progressive, most representative and most powerful organization ever devised by farm people. It is an evolution born of necessity.

From the experience of communities in other states and other sections of this state where the bureau has been in operation a number of months or years, it is not too optimistic for us to predict at this time that when the farm bureau begins to function properly in Houston county, from that date, history will record the fact that our permanent prosperity began to take shape. In other words, this organization, through its national scope, is equipped to provide marketing facilities that guarantee the farmer a square and profitable deal in the marketing of his products.

Repairing Highways.

As every one knows, the heavy and almost continuous rains of the past two months have badly damaged our roads, making extensive repairs necessary. And most every one knows there are not enough public funds available to make these repairs. The question now being frequently asked is how is this much-needed work to be done? Our county agent, Mr. Morrison, comes to the front with a suggestion based on successful campaigns that he is familiar with in other sections of East Texas, and he proposes that we try it here. The plan, briefly outlined, is as follows: Take the road from Crockett to Kennard for instance. The citizens at both ends of the line and all farmers in between are organized to give one day's work to the cause and the route is divided into sections of one or two miles with a local overseer in charge and with a general director for the entire route. A day is agreed upon when the stores are all to be closed and everybody who is physically able turns out in overalls and with picks and

shovels puts in a good ten-hour day. Those who have teams and plows and scrapers are to be organized for the foundation work and begin hostilities and the infantry are to follow close behind, with the details so arranged that the work over the whole line will be done in one day. The ladies will be expected to organize the commissary feature with a view of serving a picnic luncheon at noon time, making a genuine gala day of this very important affair.

Meetings will be arranged without delay to take the first steps toward perfecting the details necessary for organizing, and further notice will be given the public as the plans are matured.

H. A. Fisher, Secretary.

ENTHUSIASTIC ROAD MEETING IS HELD

Since writing the editorial on that subject appearing in another place in the Courier this week, an enthusiastic road meeting was held in the rooms of the Crockett Commercial Club. The meeting referred to was held Wednesday morning, although a previous meeting was held Tuesday. Following the meeting held Tuesday it was reported that \$822 had been subscribed and enough was subscribed in addition at Wednesday morning's meeting to run the total subscriptions to about \$1000.

Mr. J. E. Towery, president of the commercial club, presided at Wednesday morning's meeting and Mr. H. A. Fisher, the club's secretary, served the meeting in that capacity. The communities affected were well represented and enthusiastic talks were made by a number present. On the committee's announcing that \$822 had already been subscribed, G. Q. King announced that \$1000 would be readily secured in Crockett for repairing the road between Crockett and Ratcliff. Joe Green of Ratcliff made an enthusiastic talk. I. A. Daniel spoke for Kennard and assured the meeting of Kennard's support.

A road committee was appointed with G. Q. King of Crockett as chairman, the committee to have full charge of the work. C. C. Warfield, Dr. E. B. Stokes and J. C. Miller were added to the committee of which Mr. King is chairman.

A soliciting committee was named as follows: James S. Shivers, S. L. Murchison and H. J. Berry. For treasurer Arch Baker was named.

Representatives of Ratcliff and Kennard announced that meetings would be held in their towns as follows: Saturday, 2 p. m., at Ratcliff; Saturday, 4 p. m., at Kennard. Representatives from Crockett will attend the meetings at Ratcliff and Kennard Saturday, which is May 7.

Men of action have taken hold and a first-class highway, reaching from Ratcliff and Kennard to Crockett, must be the result. The beginning has been made and the movement must not be permitted to get cold. The enthusiasm now so evident must not be permitted to grow less. The road will be reconstructed, but it is going to take a strong and united effort to do it. Let's have no letting down at any end of the log.

Spectacles and goggles have been combined in a single frame for the benefit of persons obliged to wear both at the same time.

PROCEEDINGS IN DISTRICT COURT

The grand jury, in session last week, returned two bills of indictment against Joe Franklin for burglary; also two against Edgar Golden for the same cause. Franklin and young Golden are accused of breaking into the house of Marshall Ivan, a farmer of the Hagerville community, in the extreme eastern end of Houston county, and taking away some syrup and meat. These cases appear on the criminal docket and are subject to call for trial.

Indicted with Joe Franklin and Edgar Golden is Calvin Alexander, who also has two cases of burglary docketed against him. Alexander went to trial Tuesday morning, after a motion by his attorneys for a continuance of his case had been overruled. The state announced ready and the defendant pleaded not guilty. The defendant is perhaps 45 years old, and his aged mother, together with his wife and children, were present in the court room. His defense was that if he committed the burglary—assisted in stealing the syrup and meat—he was drunk and did not know what he was doing. Marshall Ivan and family were away from home when the syrup and bacon were taken. Following the conclusion of the testimony late Tuesday afternoon, the judge charged the jury and the case was being argued Tuesday night.

A case on the criminal docket disposed of Monday was that of the state against Dave Tillis, charging theft of a horse. The defendant entered a plea of guilty and was assessed two years in the penitentiary.

Another case appearing on the criminal docket as the result of the grand jury's investigations last week is one against Frank Golden for unlawfully possessing intoxicating liquor. Frank Golden is the father of Edgar Golden, one of the men accused of the burglary and theft. It was Frank Golden's place on which it is said the whisky and mash for making whisky were found when the officers were searching for the stolen goods. Frank Golden's case is docketed subject to call for trial.

At last week's sitting of the grand jury a bill of indictment, charging assault with intent to murder, was returned against Dr. W. W. Latham, who is under bond.

A bill was also found against William Fobbs, for unlawfully possessing intoxicating liquor. Fobbs is the negro who had his whisky packed like eggs in cotton seeds.

The jury in the Calvin Alexander case brought in a verdict Tuesday night of five years in the penitentiary. Calvin Alexander is a white man of a rather ignorant type, and he and his family are of such a type as to command the sympathy of all who have had better educational opportunities. But ignorance does not justify burglary and theft any more than education and the refinements justify any other rascality, and Calvin Alexander and his family of seven must pay the penalty for his wrong-doing against organized society just as those who have had the advantages of education and good associations should have to do. It was proven in the case that Alexander had not al-

ways been good to his family, which no doubt had its weight in the verdict.

The second case against Calvin Alexander, charging burglary, was brought up for trial Wednesday morning. The two cases are the result of burglarizing both the house and the smoke house of Marshall Ivan by Alexander and his associates. It is said that Alexander took dinner with Ivan in order to ascertain where he kept the things which were afterward stolen. There was much damaging evidence in this respect, although witnesses testified that Alexander had previously borne a good reputation.

In the second case against Alexander for burglary he entered a plea of guilty and was given two years in the penitentiary. This latter verdict makes a total of seven years for Alexander.

The cases against Joe Franklin and Edgar Golden, the two young men indicted with Alexander, were then called. Both entered pleas of guilty and received the lowest penalty, which is two years each in the penitentiary.

These cases being disposed of, the case against Frank Golden, father of Edgar Golden, and who is charged with unlawfully possessing intoxicating liquor, was called for trial. Mr. Golden's attorney, Captain N. H. Phillips, succeeded in having his case continued until the fall term of the district court. Following this continuance the jury for the week was dismissed.

COMMUNITY LOCALS BEING ORGANIZED

Editor Courier:

Representatives of the Texas Farm Bureau Federation have been working in this county for several days organizing community locals. We have found the farmers very friendly to the organization, but their financial condition has prevented them from responding as they wanted to do and realize they should do. Another handicap we have labored under is the fact that everybody is behind with their work on account of weather conditions and therefore very busy. We have secured enough members to form a nucleus of a county organization, and on Saturday, May 7th, a county organization meeting will be held at the court house in Crockett. At this meeting every organized community will be entitled to three delegates. Communities that are not organized can have a voice in the meeting if they have any signed members present. Our representatives will be at the court house before the meeting and new members will be given an opportunity to sign up so they can take part in the action of the convention. The meeting will begin at 10 o'clock so the committees can be appointed and do their work during the noon recess.

Saturday, May 7, should be a red letter day in the agriculture of Houston county. We hope every community in the county will arrange to have a delegation present to see what is done if they do not take part.

Sincerely yours for more profitable farming,
Texas Farm Bureau Federation,
A. W. Orr, in Charge.

Of French invention is a double-walled jardiniere that keeps growing plants moist by capillary action through small siphons.

TIME FOR ACTION—AN EDITORIAL

The Courier has it on reliable information that the trains over the Eastern Texas railroad, from Lufkin to Ratcliff and Kennard, were discontinued with the train out of Kennard Saturday. The railroad company has taken the furniture from the depots at Kennard and Ratcliff and the abandonment of those stations seems to be complete. Crockett does not rejoice that its neighbors in the eastern part of the county are without railway facilities. Crockett has looked on with extreme regret at the losing fight its plucky neighbors were making to maintain their shipping facilities. They are a part of Houston county, and what helps a part of Houston county helps the county as a whole. With their former railway facilities, although inadequate, Kennard and Ratcliff have all along been good friends and customers of Crockett, and a spirit of close friendship has always existed between them. Therefore the regret that they are now without railway facilities is all the stronger.

But the thing that is needed to be done now is to make up in some other way as much as possible the loss to the eastern part of Houston county of its railroad facilities. Kennard and Ratcliff must have a transportation outlet of some kind, for those communities are too substantial to do without some kind of transportation outlet. The most feasible and the simplest solution of the problem is the construction jointly by those communities and Crockett of a practical and enduring highway extending from Ratcliff through Kennard to Crockett. And Crockett, being the county seat and the largest and wealthiest of the towns, should take the lead in the matter. Let us not delay in doing good. The time for action is here. Men of action and not men of many words are needed to formulate a practical plan for the construction of an enduring highway from the county seat to the eastern corner of the county. The highway must be sufficient and adequate to supplant the Eastern Texas railroad. It must be adequate for the conveyance of freight by auto truck and the quick and safe conveyance of passengers by automobile. With the road in fairly good condition to start with, a highway adequate for the purposes outlined is within the reach of the towns affected. Will Crockett take the initiative in the matter? We ought to and must, and not only that, but we must act without delay.

Speaking Dates.

The following schedule of speakers on Christian Education at the places and dates designated are supplied the Courier by the church director:

Enterprise, May 8, 11 o'clock, Mrs. W. A. Norris.
Liberty Hill, May 15, 11 o'clock, J. W. Madden.
Lovelady, May 15, 11 o'clock, Leroy L. Moore.
Augusta, May 22, 11 o'clock, Leroy L. Moore.
Porter Springs, May 22, 8 o'clock, Judge C. M. Ellis.
Latexo, May 22, 8 o'clock, Leroy L. Moore.
Lovelady, May 29, 11 o'clock, Mrs. John A. McConnell.
Pleasant Grove, May 29, 11 o'clock, I. A. Daniel.

"The shades of night were falling fast
As through the village street he passed;
They tried to stop him on the way,
But only this, they heard him say:
"I'm on my way to get this
Prescription filled at

Goolsby-Sherman Drug Co.
Quality—Dependability—Service
We Never Substitute
Two Phones: 47 and 140

LOCAL NEWS ITEMS

Ben Hearne of Palestine was a Crockett visitor Sunday.

Black oil and coal tar at Smith-Murchison Hardware Company's. It.

Pneumatic balls help the springs to support a new bicycle saddle.

Mrs. Minnie Blue of Arbor is visiting relatives and friends in Crockett.

Stone churns and jars at Smith-Murchison Hardware Company's. It.

Mrs. W. E. Cannon of Bishop is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Carl Goolsby.

Beaumont oil and roofing paint at Smith-Murchison Hardware Company's. It.

The Crockett Drug Company has plenty of pure Mebane Triumph cotton seed. It.

On and after next Saturday you can buy hats at half price at Hall's Millinery Parlors. It.

A. M. Decuir returned last week from Cameron, where he has a road building contract.

Sweeping reductions on all millinery beginning Saturday, May 7, at Hall's Millinery Parlors. It.

Lee Moore of Port Arthur is spending the week with his father, Hon. John I. Moore, and family.

Frank Smith will leave this week for Marshall to take employment with Smith Brothers in road building.

Mrs. W. R. Bishop, who was visiting her husband, Judge Bishop, last week, has returned to her home in Athens.

A shipment of pure Mebane Triumph cotton seed direct from Lockhart just received at the Crockett Drug Company's. It.

Pulley Shafting.

The Courier has about six feet of steel pulley shafting that we would like to dispose of to some one who can use it. This shafting is made useless to us by the replacing of an engine. It.

'AGENCY OF GOOD SERVICE'
General Insurance
Best Old Line Companies
Best Service to All
THOS. B. COLLINS, AGENT
Crockett, Texas, Phone 380

Dinner and Singing.

Some of the good people of the Center Hill community, thirteen miles east of Crockett, have asked the Courier to say they are going to have a dinner all day and singing on the ground—no! a singing all day and dinner on the ground—on Sunday, May 8, to which the general public is invited. You are asked to come and take part in the good time that is promised and to bring a well-filled dinner basket with you. Don't forget the basket! The singing will take care of itself.

Good Store News.

Let us again remind you that good store news is good news. There is good store news in the advertisements in the Courier this week. The Thompsons have a full page of good store news, and there is an abundance of good store news in the smaller advertisements of other merchants and business people. Newspaper advertising is recognized as essential by both the seller and the buyer. It is where the ideas of the seller and of the buyer meet, and if the ideas of the seller are attractive to the buyer the result is satisfactory and profitable to both. The Thompsons and other merchants will have something to say in other issues of the Courier, and our readers are asked to watch these advertisements for what these merchants have to say.

Married in Crockett.

Mr. Riall McConnell and Miss Johnnie Dear were married at the residence of Rev. S. F. Tenney in this city at 8 o'clock Saturday evening, May 30, Rev. Mr. Tenney officiating. The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Dan Dear, who live in the Belott community. She is one of the county's prettiest and most accomplished young girls and has many friends in Crockett who will be glad to know that she is going to make her

home in this city. The bridegroom is a Crockett boy, a son of Mrs. W. V. McConnell, and a young man of splendid qualifications and integrity. He is connected with his brother in the management of the business left by the late W. V. McConnell. Mr. and Mrs. McConnell will make their home in Crockett and will begin married life with the best wishes of a large acquaintance.

Mothers' Day.

Sunday, May 8, at the eleven o'clock service, Mothers' Day will be observed at the Baptist church and the following program has been arranged: Chorus (selected)—choir. Prayer. Duet (selected). Reading, "Mother" — Anna Belle Smith. Song, "Since Jesus Came Into My Heart." The Junior Boys. Reading, "Beautiful Hands"—Mrs. Earl P. Adams. Solo, "God Gave You to Me"—Miss Sarah Mac Crook. Song, "My Mother's Bible." Reading, "To My Mother"—Mr. Clifford Kennedy. Sermon—Rev. L. L. Sams. The sermon will be suited to the occasion and it is earnestly hoped that efforts will be made to get the elderly and the shut-ins to the service. Make it indeed Mothers' Day. Pastor.

Baptist News Notes.

Southern Baptist Convention meets in Chattanooga, Tenn., May 12, 1921. Railroads have granted reduced fares and all messengers can buy round trip tickets. The city is making preparations for an attendance of 10,000 delegates. Dr. Groner reports distress conditions prevailing in many parts of Texas, but hopes the churches will provide the Texas quota of our \$75,000,000 campaign. From June 5 to 8th in Fort Worth at Seminary the Annual

MONEY TO LOAN
BUY VENDOR LEIN NOTES.
AETNA LIFE INSURANCE.
B. B. WARFIELD
CROCKETT, TEXAS.

Convention of our Baptist Sunday School Superintendents convenes, and Brother O'Bannon will go of course from the Crockett Baptist Sunday school. Let the school see to it that the way is made plain and easy for him to be there.

Texas has 400,000 white Baptists and 200,000 negro Baptists; some 3,600 white Baptist churches and 120 associations co-operating with the General Convention.

Baptists have in Texas more than 400 missionaries and missionary pastors who cover every nook and corner of the great state. We have one General Secretary, one Young People's Secretary, one General Sunday School Secretary and four assistants; one B. Y. P. U. General Secretary and three assistants; one General Secretary who works in various schools of the state among Baptist students and six assistants; one Publicity Director.

Remember you are as a Baptist part and parcel of a mighty program and service to conquer Texas for Christ and His church. As a Baptist you are the child of the great King and He expects you to do your part faithfully and nobly.

Preaching by the pastor at Crockett Baptist church next Sunday morning and evening. You are welcome.
L. L. Sams, Pastor.

The study of the manufacture of oxygen from the point of view of the engineer has been undertaken at Harvard university.

A chewing gum concern in Chicago spends \$6,000,000 every year advertising its gum.

Treat You Right

**IS THE STRICT RULE AT
THE BROMBERG STORE**

Whenever better shoes are made,
whenever better fabrics can be
manufactured, whenever stand-
ard merchandise can be sold
you at a lower margin—

Then—and not until then—can you
match the values which you
now find at

THE BROMBERG STORE

WHERE PRICES ARE LOW BUSINESS IS GOOD

GERMANY OUTSTRIPS IN NORMALCY FIGHT

Steel Magnate Declares Labor Costs Underlie American Difficulties.

New York, April 28.—Germany, through the economy and sacrifices of her working people, has settled down to real production and is outstripping the United States and allied nations in the fight toward normalcy, Charles M. Schwab declared here Thursday in an address before the chamber of commerce of the State of New York.

"Germany today can put a ton of steel in England at a price \$20 a ton cheaper than England can make it," he said, "and is selling pneumatic tools in Detroit, where formerly we shipped such machinery to Germany and sold it cheaper than she could make it."

"The difference is solely a matter of labor costs."

"It is estimated that 5,000,000 men are out of work in this country. It is accordingly of supreme importance to the workingman as well as to the capitalist to restore our prosperity."

"Labor costs underlie our railroad difficulty. They are the cause of excessive railroad rates. We formerly sold pig iron at a profit at about \$14 a ton. Today the total freight rates involved in making a ton of pig iron are more than \$14."

"But the railroads can not give service even at present rates with their existing costs."

"Railroad costs must come down, and it is in the interest of national prosperity that our government, acting through the railroad labor board and every other agency, shall reduce railroad wages and bring costs down to a living point."

Limits Service.

"The same situation confronts our merchant marine. In operating, building and repairing ships, labor costs are hopelessly high. That this is true is shown by the millions of tons of shipping now lying idle, the great number of ship yards with no work to do and the hundreds of thousands of idle shipping and shipbuilding workmen."

"In so far as our people in America are prepared to go to work at reasonable wages, in so far as we are prepared quickly to abandon the artificial extravagances of the war we will lay the foundations for a new prosperity such as we have never enjoyed before."

Darwin P. Kingsley, president of the chamber, delivered an address eulogizing Mr. Schwab for his service during the war.

The chamber presented to Mr. Schwab a bronze tablet, at the top of which was inscribed words uttered by Iachimo, a character in Shakespeare's play, Cymbeline. The quotation reads:

"Here's a voucher stronger than ever law could make."

Mr. Kingsley stated that before America entered the world war Germany offered Mr. Schwab \$100,000,000 if he would break his contracts with Lord Kitchener.

"England learned of this," he added, "and countered with an offer of \$150,000,000. Mr. Schwab laughed and said that Germany and England together hadn't money enough to make him break faith with England."

Beginning these remarks, Mr. Kingsley said Mr. Schwab was "flung into the very heart of the world war long before our country was drawn in."

"He was known as a great executive. He was a man who could do things. He was at the head of a great plant which was able to turn out weapons and munitions of war."

"England sought his services. He responded, and in the construction of submarines did the impossible. Then Germany's chief spy in the United States, called in those days an ambassador, tried to block him and

succeeded in embarrassing him."

It was then, Mr. Kingsley said, that Germany "sought to buy him in order to stop him."

Mr. Schwab was a guest at a reception given in recognition of his services to the country in the war.

BILL TO REDUCE FAVORED IN HOUSE

Amendment Adopted Despite Weeks' Request for Larger Forces.

Washington, April 30.—The small army men in the house, effecting a combination with the democrats Saturday, outgeneralized the republican leaders and succeeded in amending the army bill so as to fix the size of the army at 150,000. This action was taken despite the request of Secretary of War Weeks that the army's size should not be reduced below 175,000. The house adjourned without passing the bill after a prolonged debate during which the republican leaders pleaded for a good-sized army because of the disturbed world conditions.

The situation which permitted the democrats and small army men to amend the bill and reduce the army to 150,000 was brought about by a well mapped out program, directed chiefly by the democrats who in the last session, by combining their strength with small army adherents on the republican side, succeeded in holding the army to the size as agreed to Saturday. The house bill was not accepted by the senate, but after a long wrangle in conference the conferees compromised on an army of 156,000. The bill was passed in this shape and President Wilson vetoed it because of its failure to maintain an army of 175,000. This military strength was recommended by the then Secretary of War Baker and Chief of Staff General March.

The bill as reintroduced in the house provided for an army of 168,000. Representative Kahn, chairman of the military affairs committee, offered an amendment to provide for an army of 175,000. Representative Fish presented an amendment to this for an army of 156,000. The Kahn amendment as amended was defeated by a vote of 97 to 74, and then Representative Byrnes of South Carolina moved that the army should be fixed at 150,000. This was adopted by a vote of 109 to 82. By reducing the army to this size the appropriation for the army for the fiscal year is reduced from \$83,000,000 to \$72,000,000.

Representative Kahn pleaded with the republicans to accept the recommendations of Secretary of War Weeks and army officers. He asserted that the disturbed world conditions justified the United States keeping a strong workable army of 175,000 and insisted that the army officials would accept a cut as soon as conditions justified reductions. Republican Leader Mondell also exhorted his side to stand by the administration, as did others, but the house, determined on economies, had its way.

Some Postscripts.

Among the new manufacturers of asbestos is a twine for use with chemical apparatus subjected to acids or heat.

An inventor has combined a pencil holder, ruler, comb, envelope opener and nail file in a single compact implement.

A metal base on casters that can be clamped to any water pail to aid in moving it about is a German invention.

CROCKETT TRAIN SCHEDULE.

South Bound	
No. 1, Sunshine Special.....	2:50 P. M.
No. 5, Houston Limited.....	1:49 A. M.
North Bound	
No. 2, Sunshine Special.....	2:50 P. M.
No. 4, Local Passenger.....	6:37 P. M.



A pipe's a pal packed with P. A.!

Seven days out of every week you'll get real smoke joy and real smoke contentment—if you'll get close-up to a jimmy pipe! Buy one and know that for yourself! Packed with cool, delightful, fragrant Prince Albert, a pipe's the greatest treat, the happiest and most appetizing smokeslant you ever had handed out!

You can chum it with a pipe—and you will—once you know that Prince Albert is free from bite and parch! (Cut out by our exclusive patented process!) Why—every puff of P. A. makes you want two more; every puff hits the bullseye harder and truer than the last! You can't resist such delight!

And, you'll get the smokesurprise of your life when you roll up a cigarette with Prince Albert! Such enticing flavor you never did know! And, P. A. stays put because it's crimp cut—and it's a cinch to roll! You try it!

PRINCE ALBERT

the national joy smoke

Prince Albert is sold in tippy red bags, tippy red tins, handsome pound and half pound tin humidors and in the grand crystal glass humidors with a sponge moistener top.



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SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 4.

A Joint Resolution of the Legislature of the State of Texas amending Sections of the Constitution of the State of Texas as follows: Sections 5 and 21 and 22 and 23 of Article 4, relating to the compensation of executive officers; and Section 24, Article 3, relating to mileage and per diem of Members of the Legislature; of said State.

Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

Section 1. Sections 5 and 21 and 22 and 23 of Article 4, and Section 24 of Article 3 of the Constitution of the State of Texas shall be so amended as to hereafter read as follows:

Section 5. He shall, at stated times, receive as compensation for his services an annual salary not to exceed Eight Thousand (\$8,000.00) Dollars and no more, and shall have the use and occupation of the Governor's Mansion, fixtures and furniture.

Section 21. There shall be a Secretary of State, who shall be appointed by the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, and who shall continue in office during the term of service of the Governor. He shall authenticate the publication of all laws and keep a fair register of all official acts and proceedings of the Governor, and shall, when required, lay the same, and all papers, minutes and vouchers relative thereto, before the Legislature, or either House thereof, and shall perform such other duties as may be required of him by law. He shall receive for his services an annual salary of Five Thousand (\$5,000.00) Dollars, and no more.

Section 22. The Attorney General shall hold his office for two years and until his successor is duly qualified. He shall represent the State in all suits and pleas in the Supreme Court of the State in which the State may be a party, and shall especially inquire into the charter rights of all private corporations, and from time to time, in the name of the State, take such action in the courts as may be proper and necessary to prevent any private corporation from exercising any power, or demanding or collecting any species of taxes, toll, freight, or wharfage, not authorized by law. He shall, whenever sufficient cause exists, seek a judicial forfeiture of all such charters, unless otherwise expressly directed by law, and give legal advice in writing to the Governor or other executive officers, when requested by them, and perform such other duties as may be required by law. He shall receive for his services an annual salary not to exceed Seven Thousand Five Hundred (\$7,500.00) Dollars, and no more.

Section 23. The Comptroller of Public Accounts, the Treasurer, and the Commissioner of the General Land Office, shall each hold office for the term of two years, and until his successor is qualified; receive an annual salary not to exceed Five Thousand (\$5,000.00) Dollars, and no more;

reside at the Capital of the State during his continuance in office; and perform such other duties as are or may be required of him by law. They and the Secretary of State shall not receive to their own use, any fees, costs or prerequisites of office. All fees that may be payable by law for any service, performed by any officer specified in this Section, or in his office, shall be paid, when received, into the State Treasury.

Section 24. Mileage and per diem: the Members of the Legislature shall receive from the public treasury such compensation for their services as may, from time to time, be provided by law, not exceeding Ten (\$10.00) Dollars per day for each regular session of one hundred and twenty days; and not exceeding Five (\$5.00) Dollars per day for the remainder of such session; and provided, further, that Members of the Legislature shall receive not to exceed Ten (\$10.00) Dollars per day for each special session of the Legislature that may be called from time to time by the Governor. In addition to the compensation above provided for, the Members of each House shall be entitled to mileage in going to and returning from the seat of Government which mileage shall be ten cents per mile, the distance to be computed by the nearest and most direct travel by land regardless of railways and water routes; and the Comptroller of the State shall prepare and preserve a table of distances to each county seat, now or hereafter to be established, and by such table the mileage of each Member shall be paid; but no member shall be entitled to mileage for any extra session that may be called within one day after the adjournment of a regular or called session.

Sec. 2. The Governor is hereby directed to cause to be issued his necessary proclamation for an election to be held on the fourth Saturday in July, 1921, at which election these amendments shall be submitted to the qualified electors of this State for adoption or rejection and shall make the publication required by the Constitution and laws of the State. Said election shall be held under and in accordance with the general election laws of the State, and the ballots for said election shall have printed or written thereon in plain letters the following words:

"OFFICIAL BALLOT:" "For the amendment to Sections 5 and 21 and 22 and 23 of Article 4 of the Constitution of the State of Texas providing for compensation of executive officers." "Against the amendment to Sections 5 and 21 and 22 and 23 of Article 4 of the Constitution of the State of Texas, providing for compensation of executive officers."

"OFFICIAL BALLOT:" "For the amendment of Section 24 of Article 3 of the Constitution relating to mileage and per diem of Members of the Legislature of the State of Texas." "Against the amendment to Section 24 of Article 3 of the Constitution relating to mileage and per diem of Members of the Legislature of the

State of Texas."

Those voters who favor such amendments shall erase by marking a line through the words "against the amendment to Sections 5 and 21 and 22 and 23 of Article 4 of the Constitution of the State of Texas providing for compensation of executive officers." Those who oppose such amendment shall erase by marking a line through the words "for the amendment to Sections 5 and 21 and 22 and 23 of Article 4 of the Constitution of the State of Texas, providing for compensation of executive officers." And the result of the election shall be published and declared according to the majority of the votes cast in such election; and

Those voters who favor such amendment relating to mileage and per diem of members of the Legislature shall erase by marking through the words "Against the amendment to Section 24 of Article 3 of the Constitution relating to mileage and per diem of the members of the Legislature of the State of Texas." Those who oppose such amendment relating to mileage and per diem of members of the Legislature shall erase by marking through the words "for the amendment to Section 24 of Article 3 of the Constitution relating to mileage and per diem of the members of the Legislature of the State of Texas." And the result of the election shall be published and declared according to the majority of the votes cast at such election.

Sec. 3. If a majority of the votes cast in the election herein provided for should be in favor of the amendments proposed, the maximum sum named herein shall become effective and be the compensation thereafter to be received by the officials named therein on and after the first day of January, 1923, and so remain until otherwise provided by law, and the compensation so allowed shall be paid out of any money in the State Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 4. The sum of Five Thousand (\$5,000.00) Dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby appropriated out of any funds in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated for the purpose of paying the necessary expenses of the proclamation and publication of these amendments and the election to be held hereunder.

S. L. STAPLES,
Secretary of State.

(A True Copy)

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Service early morning and late afternoon only

W. E. HAIL

RURAL SCHOOL BILL STILL HAS CHANCE

Neff Willing to Resubmit Measure if Funds Are Available.

Austin, Texas, April 21.—Miss Annie Webb Blanton, state superintendent of public instruction, has advised city and county superintendents that Governor Neff has agreed to re-submit the rural aid bill to the special session of the legislature, if other sources of revenue can be found. Miss Blanton said that sources suggested by the governor are: A tax on picture shows, theatrical attractions and other amusements; an additional tax on crude oil; a tax on sulphur and coal mined in the state and a revision of the inheritance tax.

"The attorney general has given me the opinion that such taxes will be constitutional and that the legislature may specify how those shall be appropriated," said Miss Blanton. "I am, therefore, hopeful of getting the bill passed again at the special session. I sacrificed some other important bills for the appropriation measures, because there was not time for the consideration of all of them, and felt these to be the most important. I expect to concentrate my efforts at the special session on the passage of the rural aid appropriation. I can not doubt that the people are in favor of this because of the many letters in regard to it which have poured into my office."

Miss Blanton is advising the city and county superintendents that she can not state positively what the rate per capita for the next school session will be until she knows the scholastic enrollment for next year and the property valuation. The probability is, she says, that the per capita will be \$14 or \$14.50. "This depends partly upon whether the orders for textbooks are made carefully and whether you send in all books for exchange that can possibly be used in exchange," Miss Blanton wrote. "If we reduce the cost of textbooks as much as possible, we shall increase the state per capita. This year more than \$2,000,000 from the textbook

fund went into the state per capita. If we are careful to take up all surplus books and redistribute them and to order no books not needed, I believe that we shall have \$3,000,000 from the textbook fund for the state per capita, and if this is the case, it will probably be \$14.50."

Expects Full Quota.

The department of education has this season sent out a per capita apportionment of \$10.50. Another \$1 will be sent on April 25 and another \$1 on May 10. This will leave \$2 of the \$14.50 per capita still to be apportioned. Miss Blanton has every reason to suppose that the full per capita will be collected and sent to the schools during the present scholastic year.

"I have no reason to suppose that this will not be done," said Miss Blanton. "Any statements to the effect that the state would not be able to pay the full \$14.50 per capita have not come from this office. I can not guarantee that you will receive the full amount, for no one can do that. In estimating the present per capita the usual percentage was allowed for the noncollection of taxes. We have sent out a larger proportion than usual of the per capita up to this time. While I can not assure you that you will receive the full amount, there has been no intimation whatever to me that the tax will not be collected. My advice to superintendents would be to count on the full per capita and to borrow the money to run the schools for the usual length of time if this can be done, for I believe that the full amount will be paid."

Miss Blanton also announced that she had submitted to the attorney general the question as to whether, under present laws, she has the authority to distribute textbooks to the country schools, through the office of the county superintendent. She said that a majority of the county superintendents favored this plan.

A rural life conference, conducted by the United States bureau of education, with Dr. J. L. McBrien in charge, is to be conducted at the Sam Houston Normal College at Huntsville April 24 and 25. Miss Blanton will attend the conference and invitations have been sent to the state superintendents and prominent educators of neighboring states.

Patronize our advertisers.

KAISER NEEDED SOME OF OUR JAZZ MUSIC

Berlin Satirist Says Germany Wants Pep and Tells About American Jazz Dance.

Berlin, April 27.—Jazz music might have saved the kaiser from his fall, "Aber, ach! he never learned it," regrets Hans Siemsen, the satirist, explaining jazz to Germany in the current issue of the Welt Buehne, or World Stage.

"America, so they say, has no more liquor," writes Siemsen. "But they don't need it. They have jazz bands. These are orchestras which can make you drunk without alcohol. Jazz is a cross between European dance music and American negro music."

"There is a piano, a violin and perhaps a bass viol. But especially there are cymbals, triangles, drums and a variety of nameless, highly fantastic instruments which, rather than producing music, cause a sort of musical din."

"The fat man who plays these instruments is the soul, the good spirit of the jazz band. He doesn't play them all at once; sometimes he uses this, sometimes that. When the table full of musical appliances does not suffice he grabs something from the wall. The pianist and violinist play—well, at least very un-euro-pean, but the fat man surpasses them all. He gurgles on a bassoon-like horn (the saxophone is unknown to Germany) an independent base melody without bothering in the least about what his comrades are playing."

"Then he decides that for the next passage of music a flute melody is more suitable and picks up a flute. Or he tinkles a triangle. He always knows exactly what is necessary and supplies the music with anything it lacks, whether a boom, a shrill cry, or a deep-toned mysterious gong. And if he hasn't anything else to do he sits down beside the pianist, who for a single person is already doing pretty well in imitating a four-handed player, and plays whatever comes into his head—perhaps a chromatic scale. And at the same time he sings a negro melody."

"Perhaps you think that this is ridiculous. It is comical—but it is also beautiful. Like the cubist pictures of Picasso, or the aquarels of Klee. Seemingly senseless and not harmonious, in truth in its very discord it has harmony."

"This music, this rythm which contradicts all common sense, is irresistible, like poison or like alcohol. Jazz music gets into your very bones, into your limbs. It sets those who really understand it into motion like marionettes. But it must be a real jazz band. The fat man must be a musical genius. There are frightfully poor imitations. Anyone who has heard them must think me an idiot. Beware of imitations!"

"The couple dancing to this hypnotic music are not moving of their own volition, but are controlled by the music. At least they are in the power of the music if they dance well. They proceed slowly and calmly to the beat of the bass drum. Suddenly the shrill tone of the flute penetrates their very bones, their knees bend and they make several steps with swaying bodies until the bass drum steadies them. Then comes the run on the clarionette and they turn about like corkscrews. This music controls the dancers as if they were dolls jumping at the pulling of a string."

"It's a wonderful sensation to surrender yourself to this rhythm, with neither will nor reason. If you have a jazz band you need no brandy; you need no gin."

"But the most beautiful characteristic of jazz is its complete lack of dignity. Jazz destroys

Fine Cotton Seed

This is the time, if ever, to buy cotton seed that will produce the staple, and this will mean thousands of dollars to Houston county, both in price and yield. We are prepared to sell on fall terms to parties giving us good notes.

PLANT SOME OF YOUR LAND IN LONE STAR SEED

And build up your grade of cotton. Our price is \$1.50 per bushel, and seed is sacked in 3-bushel bags. A small lot of Mebane left to go at 70 cents per bushel.

Edmiston Brothers

Crockett, Texas

the last semblance of dignity, of stiffness and propriety. Anyone who fears to make himself ridiculous cannot dance to jazz. The German professor can't dance it; the Prussian reserve officer couldn't dance it. If only all the professors and privy counsellors and ministers were compelled to dance jazz. How human, how amiable, how comical they would all become. The humbug circle of stupidity, vanity and dignity could not exist. If the kaiser had only learned to dance jazz, all this would never have taken place. He never learned it! To be German kaiser is easier than to dance to jazz.

Says He Will Make No Effort to Change Case.

San Antonio, Texas, April 28.—Lynn A. E. Gale, alleged radical leader of Mexico, who was deported by President Obregon, and who was transferred to Fort Sam Houston Thursday night from Fort McIntosh near Laredo, Texas, said upon his arrival here that he would make no effort whatever to get his case changed to a United States federal court, declaring that he believed an army court martial would give him fair consideration. Immediately upon his arrival here at 6:01 o'clock Gale was placed in a big army automobile and rushed to the guard house at Fort Sam Houston, which is headquarters for the 8th corps area.

No charge has been filed against Gale as yet, it was announced at corps headquarters Thursday night, although, it was stated, a charge of draft desertion probably would be placed against him as soon as instructions are received from the war department. Gale, who, it is alleged, registered for the draft in 1917 in New York, is listed as a draft deserter, it was pointed out, and upon that information he is being detained by army authorities. Should a court martial be ordered the personnel

would be named by Major General Joseph T. Dickman, commander of the 8th corps area.

Gale talked freely when interviewed by the Associated Press. He laughingly remarked that since his arrival in the United States at Laredo last Friday, when he was turned over to army authorities by immigration officials at the Mexican border, he had received extensive publicity in American newspapers and expected to get some more soon.

Denial that he ever contemplated a hunger strike was made by Gale when asked if he was to do without food while being detained at Fort Sam Houston.

Report Shows No Pardons Given Convicts in March.

Austin, Texas, April 28.—The "pardons granted" sheet of the prison commission report for March is conspicuous for its absence of notations. It bears merely the words "not any." The report shows that at the end of March there were 2598 convicts on hand. There were 136 new ones received, 41 recaptured and 45 escaped. The "pardons granted" sheet also bears the words of "not any." Three convicts died during March.

Tell him that you saw his ad in the Courier.

N. H. PHILLIPS

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CROCKETT, TEXAS

HOLSTEIN FREISIAN BULL FOR SERVICE

GARLAND ELLIS
Crockett, Texas

REMEMBER to ask

your grocer for Calumet Baking Powder and be sure that you get it—the Indian head on the orange label.

Then forget about bake day failures. For you will never have any. Calumet always produces the sweetest and most palatable foods.

And now remember, you always use less than of most other brands because it possesses greater leavening strength.



Now Remember—Always Use



CALUMET BAKING POWDER

There is no waste. If a recipe calls for one egg—two cups of flour—half a cup of milk—that's all you use. You never have to re-bake.

Contains only such ingredients as have been officially approved by U. S. Food Authorities, is the product of the largest, most modern and sanitary Baking Powder Factories in existence.

Pound can of Calumet contains full 16 oz. Some baking powders come in 12 oz. instead of 16 oz. cans. Be sure you get a pound when you want it.

Calumet
Columbia
Muffin

Recipe

—4 cups sifted flour, 4 level teaspoons Calumet Baking Powder, 1 tablespoon sugar, 1 teaspoon salt, 2 eggs, 2 cups of sweet milk. Then mix in the regular way.

SLAYER OF HOUSTON MAN IS FOUND DEAD

R. L. McCurry Who Killed J. C. Sneed in Houston Is Himself Killed.

Houston, Texas, May 2.—Back in the days of the war when the Thirty-third division was stationed at Camp Logan Robert L. McCurry, private in the One Hundred and Eighth engineer corps, beat J. C. Sneed, Houston gambler, to death on a lonely street in the South End. McCurry was tried and convicted and sent to military prison for life. At the time friends of Sneed swore that they would have vengeance.

Recently McCurry effected his release from the government prison. Saturday his bullet-riddled body, bearing the Spanish gratia de Dios—the mark of "the grace of God" upon it, was lying in an undertaking parlor in Hammond, Ind.

Who killed him? That is the mystery that now puzzles authorities of the Indiana town. Knowing of the threat made at the time Sneed was slain, police there are investigating that angle, according to advices received in Houston and transmitted to the local authorities.

McCurry was found lying face downward on the road between Highland and Hammond, Ind., Friday, by a passing autoist. The body bore 13 bullet wounds, including the Spanish death mark, a bullet through the head diagonally from each temple. The killing is surrounded with mystery.

McCurry killed Sneed in Houston on the night of November 7, 1917. At the trial he was defended by Colonel John V. Clinnan. The story of the killing, as told by Colonel Clinnan from Chicago, received Saturday night by The Houston Post follows:

"McCurry was implicated in the murder with two pals, Granville Shaw and Clarence Broberg," said the colonel. "Shaw appears to have been the real plotter, and McCurry, always spoiling for a fight, was his dupe.

"Shaw and Sneed differed over the affection of a girl in Houston.

"Shaw and Broberg plotted to 'get' Sneed and to persuade McCurry to do the 'getting' for them. I don't think there was any intention of murder, but they wished to have Sneed beaten."

McCurry is said to have sworn when he went to the penitentiary

that he would kill Shaw when released. Friends of Sneed are said to have sworn they would kill McCurry.

Night Police Chief Ed Dunman, when told of the killing Saturday night, expressed surprise, saying that he was familiar with the case. Thus far he had received no communication from Indiana authorities seeking additional light on the crime for which McCurry was convicted.

McCurry killed Sneed with his bare hands. When the body was discovered it was not believed possible that a person could beat another as severely as Sneed was beaten. But facts brought out at the court martial proved that McCurry used nothing but his fists to slay the man.

Nothing has been discovered to connect anyone with the murder of McCurry, but the killing by McCurry of Sneed has started an investigation to determine if threats made in 1917 were carried out.

LIFE SENTENCE FOR CASHIER'S MURDER

Defendant Maintains Customary Indifference When Verdict Is Read.

Richmond, Texas, April 28.—The jury in the case of Fred J. Absolon, charged with the murder of Robert Lee Kirby, cashier of the Blue Ridge State bank, returned a verdict of guilty shortly after noon Thursday and assessed punishment at life imprisonment.

The jury brought in the verdict after 14 hours of debate, and after they had asked the judge if it were possible to give a sentence of life imprisonment with the condition that there would be no pardon granted. The judge, in his answer, told them that the pardoning power lay in the hands of the governor of the State. That question was asked of the judge Thursday morning at 9 o'clock after the jury had been out debating the question for 11 hours.

Absolon Indifferent.
When the sentence was read, Absolon maintained very much the same indifference that he has shown throughout the trial. He looked over to Mrs. Robert L. Kirby, wife of the slain man, and possibly smiled. Mrs. Kirby fainted away and was taken out of the court room by her father and brothers. She was revived a few minutes later. Absolon was approached by his lawyer, who had a smile on his face and probably gave the convicted man his congratulations.

District Attorney C. C. Parker, in an argument in the closing hours of debate Wednesday night, asked the jury to return a verdict of guilty with a sentence of death. Parker had recited the incidents of the crime as built up from the evidence produced at the trial and issued a challenge to the jurors for the protection of the individual from the hands of the assassin.

Considered Defense Victory.
The verdict is considered as a victory for the defense.

Robert Lee Kirby was killed on February 15 in an encounter while trying to defend the Blue Ridge State bank from robbery. Kirby, a small man, had been badly beaten in the struggle, his brains being battered out with an iron crank.

Absolon was arrested at a hotel in Houston on Saturday following the crime, charged with the murder. Absolon made a confession at the time of his arrest, in which he said that he had held up the cashier and then slain him as the boy resisted Absolon's efforts to rob the vault.

Mrs. J. H. Allison, now under bond on a charge of being an accomplice to the murder of the cashier, was arrested at the same time as Absolon. Absolon had been rooming at her house in Blue Ridge.

Second Show At Satterwhite's Store Saturday, May 7th

I wish to thank every person who visited our store last Saturday and I assure you that your business is appreciated. The sale will be continued all the week, and if I can possibly make any better prices will be glad to do so, for I realize that now is the time we should all work together. When money becomes more plentiful, farm products are worth more and conditions are better in general, we will naturally hope to make more money, but in these kind of times, let us all stand shoulder to shoulder.

If low prices, combined with high quality goods, fair and square dealings are worth anything to you, I am ready to do my part, and if you appreciate a man like this, I would thank you to come in and see me—Saturday, May 7th, or any other day.

Competition doesn't worry me. I reduce the prices when they are reduced to me, and this seems to be every week.

Yours very truly,

J. C. SATTERWHITE

General Merchant
West Side Court House Square

WAR DECLARED FORMALLY ENDED

Treaty With Germans Will Follow Enactment, Says Lodge.

Washington, April 30.—The senate Saturday night, by a vote of 49 to 23, adopted the Knox resolution declaring the war with Germany and Austria formally at an end.

The measure now goes to the house, where favorable action is expected promptly. President Harding has already indicated that he will sign the resolution without delay.

In the senate vote Saturday night, the republicans presented a solid front in support of the resolution. The only republican who declared himself in opposition to the measure—Senator Nelson of Minnesota—was "paired" so that his name does not appear in the official roll call.

The democrats voting for it were Myers, Montana; Shields, Tennessee, and Watson, Georgia. Two others democrats, Reed, Missouri, and Walsh, Massachusetts, were announced as favoring the resolution.

An amendment by Senator Townsend of Michigan, amending the language of the resolution, was defeated 44 to 26. Senator Sterling of South Dakota was persuaded by republican leaders not to offer his amendment declaring the support of the United States for the allies' position in the reparations controversy.

The Knox resolution repeals the declaration of war against Germany and Austria and declares the war formally ended. It reserves all the rights obtained by the United States under the terms of the Versailles treaty.

Senator Lodge, the republican

leader, announced that the adoption of the resolution undoubtedly will be followed by a treaty with Germany. At the same time he pictured the difficulties of ratifying the Versailles treaty without the league of nations, as suggested by President Harding in his annual address in congress, as well nigh insurmountable. Senator Borah of Idaho followed this with a statement that it would be infinitely worse to ratify the Versailles treaty proper than the league covenant.

Senator Lodge's prediction of a new treaty came out in the debate when Senator Shields of Tennessee, democrat, had declared it impossible to separate the league covenant from the treaty.

"Is it to be supposed," asked Senator Lodge, "that we are to go on in a condition of technical war?"

"The allies did not ask our leave to make their peace. They can not expect us to remain at war while they are all at peace.

"And if we choose to make peace by this resolution and by

a treaty with Germany, which probably will follow, we surely are not deserting them."

After Senator Lodge had said that separation of the covenant of the league of nations from the treaty of Versailles would be difficult, if not impossible, Senator Lenroot of Wisconsin, republican, interrogated him at some length in an attempt to establish that the covenant was only a small part of the treaty and could be eliminated to leave the much more important economic parts.

"I once tried to disentangle the treaty from the league of nations and I found it a pretty difficult undertaking. But if, of course, the treaty of Versailles is to be made over that is only a small part of what is to be done. There is part 13. There is the Shantung provision, and taking us out of the commissions in which we are included and in which we do not want to be, and in which nobody wants us to be. I think the senator will find when he got through that there would not be very much left."

First Aid Articles

A few that should be in every home for prompt use in case of emergency:

- Sterilized Gauze.
- Absorbent Cotton.
- Gauze Bandages.
- Adhesive Tape.
- Unguentine, for burns.
- Hydrogen Peroxide.
- Tr. Iodine.
- Campho-Phenique for wounds.

And others that if used at the right time keep little ills and injuries from becoming big ones.

Jno. F. Baker
THE REXALL STORE

It's Hard to Understand



how we can take a well worn pair of shoes, with the soles full of holes and the heels run down and perhaps the uppers torn, and make practically a new pair out of them—and for little money too. But it's an economy you should not overlook.

- Reduced Prices From May 1.
- Whole sole—men's.....\$2.20
 - Half sole.....\$1.25
 - Women's half sole.....85c to 90c
 - Women's rubber heel.....45c
 - Men's rubber heel.....50c to 60c

The Crockett Electric Shoe Shop

The Crockett Courier

Issued weekly from Courier Building

W. W. AIKEN, Editor and Proprietor

PUBLISHER'S NOTICE.

Obituaries, resolutions, cards of thanks and other matter not "news" will be charged for at the rate of 10c per line.

Parties ordering advertising or printing for societies, churches, committees or organizations of any kind will, in all cases, be held personally responsible for the payment of the bills.

In case of errors or omissions in legal or other advertisements, the publishers do not hold themselves liable for damage further than the amount received by them for such advertisement.

Any erroneous reflection upon the character, standing or reputation of any person, firm or corporation which may appear in the columns of the Courier will be gladly corrected upon its being brought to the attention of the management.

Gifted people are neither complacent nor conceited, as a rule. Newton was highly gifted but he confessed no superiority and compared himself to a child on the seashore playing happily with a few pebbles.

When Ruskin said that idleness was criminal the idle rich barred him from their society and his young wife sued for a divorce. Nevertheless Ruskin's voice is still ringing down the years: "Life without industry is guilt; industry without art is brutality."

Half the torture of making a mistake is the misery of considering what other people will think about it; as if that made any difference! The mistake should make us wise enough not to repeat it. The only point is that we were sufficiently foolish or ignorant to make the mistake at all.

THREE SIGNS TO BE SHUNNED.

Editor Padon of the Elkhart Record in an unguarded moment gave utterance to the thought that "It is better to force a smile than to be grouchy."

We differ with the brother. The grouch is at least sincere. He is giving forth what he really feels, while the forced smile under some conditions is a lie and often a betrayal. We have learned, from experience, to shun three signs that are too often met. They are, a forced smile, a whispering pretended confidant, and a long faced so-called christian. We grew to dislike the forced smiler early in life, because as a newspaper man we soon learned that it was the smearing grease used by the politician or fake stock salesman to put something over on somebody. And it does not take much of an expert to detect such a smile. One certain way to expose it is to encourage it a little and see what is behind it. Usually there is a selfish desire not more than two laps behind the false smile. And it is just as easy to tell the real smile. It is warm and genial and contagious. It is better than a tonic, and we would pay the admission price any time just to hear some people we know laugh.

And the whisperer belongs to the same family. He is even worse, in most cases, and is usually an advance agent of the devil. Most people who whisper confidences are usually helping to spread a scandal or a bit of gossip that they lack the courage to talk out loud. And we have observed another despicable trait of the whisperer, in that he will whisper about you just as readily as he will whisper to you. He is a plague to be shunned. The law may some of these days make it a virtue to kill such nuisances. But it is not lawful now, so the only thing you can do is to shun them, or refuse to loan them an ear to talk in.

And the long faced brother! Usually the fellow who tries to look pious and pretends to be extra good has one of two things the matter with him: He is

fixing to hit you for a loan, or he needs something done to his liver. Really and truly good men and women can afford to be the most cheerful people in the world, and usually are. The fellow who has to advertise his goodness by going about with a long face hasn't very much real honest-to-goodness goodness. We are against the trio as strong as a stack of dynamite.—Palestine Herald.

SUBSCRIPTION CONTESTS.

Granted that there are many contest managers who do exactly as they claim in the matter of securing the subscriptions, awarding the prizes and settling up satisfactorily with the publisher, we do not believe the subscription "contest" is a good thing for the individual newspaper nor for the craft as a whole.

By the means of them subscription lists are loaded up with names of people who do not have an interest in the paper, and people who do have an interest are induced to subscribe for a term of years, by some young lady who is anxious to secure an automobile or a diamond ring at no cost to her except the invocation of her persuasiveness. It would be just as becoming for the contestant to solicit cash funds with which to purchase her automobile or diamond ring or piano.

As to the publisher, there is not one chance in a million that he will set aside a part of his receipts as a reserve to meet the obligation which comes due every year in fulfilling his part of the contract—sending his paper to the names which have been furnished him, and which may continue, in some cases, for years and years. He uses his money as it comes in, probably to better his equipment or repair his building or build an addition to it, but forgets that his subscription list is loaded up for perhaps half a lifetime with an obligation which must be met and discharged. And another handicap he has is that his subscriptions have not netted him much more than 50 per cent of his regular price, because it costs money to engage the services of a contest manager and pay for the expensive prizes which are necessary to make the contest a "success."—Publishers' Auxiliary.

FISH VERSUS COTTON.

Plant less cotton and do more fishing this summer, is our advice to the farmer.—Florence Vidette.

It is good advice, for this one year. It isn't good advice as a rule. Anything is better to be done than the planting of an over-acreage in cotton. The British authorities in Egypt have restricted the Egyptian farmers' cotton acreage this year, requiring that the decreased planting of cotton shall be made up for by increased plantings of rice and other foodstuffs. The idea that British spinners are eager for cheap cotton is not borne out by this British policy in Egypt. Or it may be that the spinners realize they can get all the cotton they want and as cheaply as they want it without regard to the Egyptian output. Knowing as they do that practically every bale of cotton grown this year will be a surplus bale, they have no cause to fear a lack of raw material. Mill stocks are said to be low at present all over the world. The cost of carrying a great stock of cotton is one that no mill need undertake as long as it and all the world knows that abundant stores of cotton are available in all the cotton ports, in all the cotton warehouses, indeed. As long as the oversupply lasts there will be no need for the spinner to be in a hurry to lay in his stock. It is when cotton is scarce that the manufacturer hurries to bid and buy. All that is being done toward arranging credits, toward co-operative marketing, toward organization in any direction is good. But it is but a small good in comparison with the greater

and more vital good that lies in an impressive acreage reduction.—State Press.

WHY KEEP ADVERTISING?

Advertising is more than a business tonic; it is a business necessity. That is why it is needed all the time. Of all advertising, that which carries with it the greatest waste is what is known as the once in awhile kind.

Successful advertisers are the kind that keep it up persistently. They are judged successful because of the resulting success of their business.

Up until four years ago there was a certain soap that was known around the world. It had been the most persistently advertised article offered in the markets of the world during the previous hundred years. From the day this soap was first put on the market in 1812, it was advertised in a small way, but persistently and continuously. For the last 50 years it has been one of the best advertised products in the world. Then the directors decided that because of the factory selling to capacity, advertising could be discontinued as a useless expense. In less than one year from that time the business of the firm dropped 35 per cent on volume. That soap is again being advertised and we understand it was necessary to spend \$5,000,000 in extra publicity, over previous appropriations, to get back to normal.

This firm was not a "flier" in advertising. Its product had been used for generations and was known in the homes of the world, but it cost its makers \$5,000,000 to learn that advertising was as necessary to it as the raw products that enter into its making. The history of merchandising is filled with stories like this, but only a few have found it possible to win back that foolishly thrown away.—Editor and Publisher.

A soft drink manufacturer spends annually millions advertising his drink.

A large dry goods house in the West spends millions on its advertising campaign every year.

There is a dry goods establishment in Huntsville who never lets a paper, program, or any publicity matter go out that his name is not on it.—Huntsville Item.

DRANK STRYCHNINE AND THEN DIED

George Bishop, age about thirty, said to have been a preacher of the Apostolic faith, and whose home was in or near Crockett, who has been conducting a meeting at Pegoda, five miles southeast of here, died Saturday night when he drank about three ounces of strychnine.

Young Bishop in his exhortations to his hearers, it is said, had demonstrated his professed faith in the Creator's miraculous power by holding a ground rattle-snake in his hands a few nights before and was not harmed.

He had announced that on Saturday night he would drink a portion of strychnine and that God would save his life from the poison.

The strychnine was purchased by a friend at his request and placed upon a small table in front of the speaker's platform. The services were carried on for over an hour, and while a number of his fellow-worshippers were assembled around the platform, praying and singing, he turned the bottle of poison up and drank about half the contents, which was said to have been about three ounces. For twenty or thirty minutes he continued praying and then fell backward in the arms of friends and died before relief could be ministered.

The incident was a deplorable one and the Tribune extends condolence to his bereaved wife, who arrived in Trinity Sunday morning, and to other relatives he leaves.—Trinity Tribune.

EDITORIALS BY DR. R. T. MILNER

What the Former A. & M. President Writes in the Rusk County News.

But the thing that bothers me is that any sane person, of any profession, class, trade or calling, would defend a system as wholly unsound as the credit system which prevails between the cotton producer and the country merchant. If one seeks to defend it on the ground that it is good for the farmer, fifty years of experience will show that it has been a curse. If one seeks to defend it on the ground that it builds up the country, establishes a higher standard of honor and morals, the eternal strife and law suits and the almost total financial bankruptcy of the whole country will testify to the contrary. If it is contended that it affords comforts, good homes, wholesome food, sufficient clothing, plenty of good books, and the pleasures that all people should enjoy, one only has to visit the places where its victims are to be found. If it is argued that it provides means for the education of the children, we only have to visit the cotton patches to find the children, for they are not in the school houses but a short time in the year.

It appears to me that of all the financial and commercial evils that ever existed among an enlightened people, the credit system, the mortgage system, is the worse. I have never known a man who extends it, nor a man who is a victim of it, nor a great moralist, nor an economist, nor a great statesman, nor any other man of sound sense and reason to advocate the system. The credit merchant has become a victim of it in a way that he cannot possibly rid himself of it until his customers pay out, because if the merchant were to stop now, he thinks that he would lose what he has already sold on credit, and his customers are alone able to solve the problem, and that is to retrench, reform, save, economize, work, and live at home on the food that the home will produce, and simply make the home pay cash for the things the home will not produce.

The wife of the ex-German Emperor has paid the debt that all mortals must pay. Her latter days were days of ceaseless trouble. Her proud family had disintegrated, her husband, once the most powerful monarch in Europe, exiled; her children reduced in station to the rank of the humblest and the future offered no gleam of light, no hope for a better day. She had the instincts of all mothers, and when the fate of the greatest autocrats was doomed and her children exiled and alienated from their fatherland, it was she who drank deepest of the dregs that followed their downfall.

A life of noble deeds, pure thoughts, human service and inspiring presence, is after all a full life, and one in the image of a great divinity that overrules all things. Out of these struggles that kind of a life will triumph in the end. It should be the aim and purpose of every young person to give the world a life replete with noble deeds and a service acceptable in the eyes of God. Then vanity and frivolity would pass from the earth, and truth and justice would reign over all the earth.

It is quite common to charge one who publicly appeals to the people in the style of a reformer as being a demagogue. It is an easy way to vent one's spleen against a man who is talking on the side of a question one is not favorable to. Jefferson was denounced as a demagogue. So was Reagan, Jim Hogg, and ev-

ery other man in America who has championed right and justice in a struggle, political or industrial, where an appeal to the masses was necessary to arouse them to action.

Right now is a good time for a few ambitious farm boys to start a fall garden. These merchants import each year all manner and kinds of vegetables from Canada and other far-off places.

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 30.

Relating to the amending of Article 17, Section 58, of the Constitution of the State of Texas; abolishing the Board of Prison Commissioners; providing for the supervision and management of the Prison System, under such laws as may be provided for by the Legislature.

Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

Section 1. That Article 17, Section 58, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, be amended so as to hereafter read as follows:

Section 58. The Legislature shall have full power and authority to provide by law for the management and control of the Prison System of Texas; and to this end shall have power and authority to place the prison system under the supervision, management and control of such officer or officers as the Legislature may from time to time provide for by law.

Sec. 2. The above constitutional amendment shall be submitted to a vote of the qualified electors of this State at a general election to be held on the fourth Saturday in July, 1921, at which election all voters favoring said proposed amendment shall write or have printed on their ballot the words: "For the amendment of Article 17, Section 58, of the Constitution, abolishing the Board of Prison Commissioners." And all those opposing said amendment shall write or have printed on their ballot the words: "Against the Amendment of Article 17, Section 58, of the Constitution, abolishing the Board of Prison Commissioners."

Sec. 3. The Governor of this State is hereby directed to issue the necessary proclamation for said election and have the same published as required by law.

Sec. 4. The sum of \$5,000.00 or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby appropriated out of the funds in the Treasury of the State not otherwise appropriated to pay the expenses of such publication and election.

S. L. STAPLES,
Secretary of State.

(A True Copy) 4t.

Burma raised cotton on 12 per cent more land last year than in 1919.

"CANCER TRUTHS" FREE TO SUFFERERS.

A remarkable book about cancer and its treatment without cutting has been published by Dr. O. A. Johnson, Suite 528, Main Street, Kansas City, Mo. The book, "Cancer Truths," tells of this eminent specialist's experiences in treating thousands of cases of cancer without the knife in the last twenty years. This book should be read by every cancer sufferer. A copy will be sent free, postpaid, to anyone who writes Dr. Johnson.

Tired

"I was weak and run-down," relates Mrs. Eula Burnett, of Dalton, Ga. "I was thin and just felt tired, all the time. I didn't rest well. I wasn't ever hungry. I knew, by this, I needed a tonic, and as there is none better than—

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

... I began using Cardui," continues Mrs. Burnett. "After my first bottle, I slept better and ate better. I took four bottles. Now I'm well, feel just fine, eat and sleep, my skin is clear and I have gained and sure feel that Cardui is the best tonic ever made."

Thousands of other women have found Cardui just as Mrs. Burnett did. It should help you.

At all druggists.

E-87

The Market

On Groceries and Feed is declining. We are following the market.

COME IN AND BE CONVINCED.

ARNOLD BROTHERS
Groceries, Feed and Hardware

LOCAL NEWS ITEMS

Black oil and coal tar at Smith-Murchison Hardware Company's. It.

Robert Reed Nunn of Shreveport was here the first of this week.

Pure Mebane Triumph cotton seed at Crockett Drug Company's. It.

Miss Ola Lynch is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. F. Hensley, in Huntsville.

Stone churns and jars at Smith-Murchison Hardware Company's. It.

C. L. Edmiston and son, Sheeler, have gone to Glen Rose for a few days.

Beaumont oil and roofing paint at Smith-Murchison Hardware Company's. It.

Tom Jordan and Ed Moore have returned from their recreation trip to Glen Rose.

Elwyn Meriwether of Duncan, Okla., is spending a vacation with friends in Crockett.

Stylish hats at and below cost at Hail's Millinery Parlors Saturday and until further notice. It.

Rev. S. F. Tenney is expecting to preach at Oakland church next Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

If you are looking for a bargain in a new, stylish and desirable hat, visit Hail's Millinery Parlors Saturday. It.

For Sale.

Ford sedan in good condition, 1920 model. Apply to B. F. Hodges, Kennard, Texas. It*.

The friends of Mrs. J. R. Harris will be glad to know that she has recovered from her recent appendicitis operation.

For best results plant Mebane Triumph, government tested cotton seed. Shipment just in at the Crockett Drug Company's.

Life Insurance.

When in need of insurance, or settlements on policies you now have, see D. O. Kiessling. Give your business to a home agent. 2t.

Beginning Saturday, May 7, every hat in our stock will go on sale at greatly reduced prices, some being cut as much as one-half.

It. Hail's Millinery Parlors.

Misinformed.

The home of Mr. J. P. Morgan, who died in Crockett last week, was on the Huntsville road and not on the Rusk road, as announced in the Courier. While seemingly immaterial, we regret the misinformation.

J. C. Satterwhite, the largest local advertiser in the Courier last week, says that he had a splendid business as the result. Read what he has to say in the Courier this week. Good store news is good news and is part of the news service you get through the Courier.

Jury Commission.

Serving this week as a jury commission—to draw jurors for the next term of the district court—were W. M. Caskey of Grapeland, J. A. Hutchings of Lovelady and J. B. Stanton of Crockett. The commission concluded its work Tuesday afternoon.

Arrested by Black.

Will Fobbs, the negro arrested in Crockett last week, charged with bootlegging, was arrested by Deputy City Marshal R. M. Black and not by the sheriff, as reported in the Courier. Mr. Black has not asked nor does he desire that any correction be made, but the Courier desires to be accurate in its reports, which is also the desire of Sheriff Deb Hale.

Mothers' Day.

Sunday, May 8, is Mothers' Day. An appropriate program will be given at the Methodist Sunday school in honor of this occasion. If you love your mother or her memory, demonstrate that fact by your attendance at the Sunday services. There will be something worth while for you to come and hear—9:30 is the hour. We begin promptly. Leroy L. Moore, Superintendent.

Wedding Announced.

Announcements of the coming marriage in Dallas of Miss Frances Marian Earnest to Mr. John Logan Briggs have been received by the friends of the bride in Crockett. The bride will be remembered as having visited in Crockett summer before last. She is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Earnest, who have issued the invitations to the wedding and which is to be at their home in Highland Park, Dallas, on Wednesday evening, May 11, at 8:30 o'clock. The coming bride made many friends during her brief visit in Crockett, whose best wishes are for her happiness and whose congratulations are extended to the bridegroom.

A Great, Big Day.

It was a great, big day at Lone Pine Sunday. The Houston County Singing Convention was in full session and hundreds of people were there from miles around. In the middle of the day's enjoyments a basket dinner was spread that might successfully contradict the hard times we hear so much about, and affording abundant evidence that the people of Houston county have plenty to eat. It is good for our people to be brought together in such social and religious gatherings, and the success of this particular gathering is due in a large measure to the untiring efforts of Mr. Kail Leediker, whose heart and soul is always with the Houston County Singing Convention. The next convention will be held at Percilla, which was determined by vote.

With Our Subscribers.

Farmers continue to report backward crop prospects. Too much rain and cold weather are retarding all operations. We hear of some farmers who have replanted the third time. All are of the opinion, however, that prospects will brighten up with the advent of sunshine and warmer weather.

Among our patrons calling to renew or subscribe or sending in their renewals and subscriptions since last issue may be mentioned the following:

- W. C. Dupuy, Kennard.
 - L. L. Murray, Kennard.
 - Miss Margaret Spence, Crockett.
 - F. M. Hicks, San Antonio.
 - M. B. Creath, Crockett Rt. A.
 - W. H. Henry, Creek Rt. 1.
 - J. M. Satterwhite, Lovelady.
 - S. K. Adams, San Angelo.
 - Mrs. J. J. Porter, Lovelady.
- These and all others will please accept our thanks.

Methodist Church Service.

We are sure it will be gratifying news to the members of

Crockett Methodist church and the public generally to know that the pastor, Brother Maness, is rapidly improving and able to be up, and he hopes to be at his post and fill his pulpit Sunday week, May 15. This means that he will not be able to preach next Sunday, and Hon. Jno. A. McConnell of this city has kindly agreed to fill his place and deliver an address at the regular 11 o'clock services at that time. This church can congratulate itself that it has a number of splendid laymen who are willing to serve the church and help to promote the cause of the Kingdom, and all who know Brother McConnell and have heard him speak feel every assurance that his address will be along lines both edifying and entertaining. To have "home talent" that can be called into requisition when needed is a blessing to any church, and we cordially invite all the members and the public generally to come out and hear Brother McConnell next Sunday. A splendid song service will be given, also.

Board of Stewards.

Cemetery Work.

The Cemetery Unit of the Civic club met at the Methodist church Tuesday, May 3. Following members were present: Mesdames Asher, E. Arledge, V. Collins, Langston, King, Will Denny, Thomas, Jno. LeGory, Painter, Ozier, Parker, Sweet, Millar, C. Kennedy, J. S. Wooters, Joe Adams, Miss Arrington. Following officers were elected: Mrs. Hortense Sweet, Chairman; Mrs. Edgar Arledge, Vice Chairman; Mrs. John LeGory, Secretary and Treasurer.

Mrs. Asher, treasurer of the Crockett Civic club, reported \$115 to credit of the Cemetery Unit, so it was decided to use this money cleaning both Glenwood cemeteries. This work will begin Monday, May 9, under supervision of ladies. Any one

LEGION TO STAGE ENTERTAINMENT

Grapeland Legion Show to Be Presented in Lovelady and Crockett.

The Big Time Minstrels of Jas. O. Ritchey Post 215 American Legion will be presented at the High School Auditorium in Lovelady on Tuesday, May tenth, as a benefit performance for the Lovelady school. This show will be presented in Crockett the following Friday, May thirteenth, under the auspices of Thos. R. Brailsford Post American Legion. This has turned out to be the most popular and one of the best performances ever staged by an amateur bunch of fun makers anywhere and it "went over" big for a two-night stand in Grapeland. The program varies all the way from the latest popular music down to a true-to-life darky presentation of "Polly-Wolly-Doodle," "Dixie" and other old plantation melodies, and is varied all the way through with the choicest of late "stale" gags and specialties, and especially features a true novelty on the amateur stage in the act of "The Mystery Man." A further announcement will appear in next week's Courier. It.

interested and willing to help with time or money is asked to phone one of officers.

Next meeting will be held at Methodist church, Wednesday, May 18, at 3 p. m.

Heated electrically, a device has been invented in France that enables any man to press and crease his trousers.

A blind collier in Wales is the inventor of a patent detonator and safety shot firing appliance for use in mining.

A RECORD SALE



We have a large stock of Columbia and Brunswick records on hand that we must dispose of at once, and in order to accomplish this we are placing the entire stock on sale, excepting a few new ones just received, at the extreme low price of

50c Each

Many desirable records are included and this sale offers a rare opportunity to replenish your library with a lot of good numbers.

We also take pleasure in announcing that Mrs. T. A. Hayes is now in charge of our music department, and you are cordially invited to call in any time and have her demonstrate the superior qualities of the Columbia and Brunswick talking machines. All the new records will be on sale as soon as they are produced. Come in and call for your favorite.

WALLER & GREEN

Furniture and Undertaking

Great Scott! Look!

Biggest Sale in 20 Years Is Coming Off SATURDAY, MAY 7, AT 9 A. M. SHARP

FREE! FREE!

200 Sealed Envelopes, containing tickets, given to first 200 people entering this store opening morning. Many numbers will draw free prizes. See them on display in window now. It is FREE to everybody.

FREE APPLE RACE!

At 9 a. m. Saturday morning, we will throw away 100 apples containing dollars, halves, quarters, dimes, nickels and pennies. Come see the fun.

**BIG
13
DAY
EVENT**

THE REASON

FOR THIS SALE

We find ourselves overloaded. We can use the money to advantage. These are the plain, cold facts, therefore have decided, right in the heart of the season to throw our entire big stock on sale at a gigantic reduction. You can supply yourself for many months to come, saving money as never before on real merchandise at real bargain prices.

MANY GOODS BELOW WHOLESALE

\$30,000.00 WORTH OF DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, MILLINERY, SHOES, WAISTS, SKIRTS, DRESSES, SUITS AND ALL NEW READY-TO-WEAR and the very best merchandise money can buy, right in the heart of the season, to be placed on public sale at gigantic reductions. Never in the history of the oldest inhabitants of this county have such great extraordinary preparations been made to launch a sale of such sweeping magnitude. It's the one real sale of your life time. Make preparations to attend, lay aside everything, cancel all appointments, tell your friends and bring your family.

W. A. Otto Makes the Prices

One lot Voiles worth 85c a yard go in this sale at the yard

39c

One lot Dress Gingham, 15c and 20c values, on sale at the yard

9c

Closing out all Shoes, Ladies' Oxfords, regular \$5.50 values, in this sale for

\$2.69

One lot Ladies' Red Cross high grade Pumps, Oxfords and Ties, values up to \$12.50, Closing Out Price

\$6.89

\$2 Crepe de Chine and Georgette goes in this sale at

\$1.48



W. A. Otto Makes the Prices

One lot Ladies' new Taffeta Dresses, worth \$25, go in the sale for only

\$14.89

One lot beautiful Organdie Dresses, \$29.50 value, your choice

\$19.79

One lot Ladies' \$15 Wool Skirts go in this sale at

\$7.49

One lot ladies' spring Coat Suits worth up to \$39, going in this sale at

\$19.50

Ladies' high grade \$1.50 Hose, black, white and brown, going on sale at

89c

ASSISTED BY CALLAHAN SALE SYSTEM MERCHANDISE EXPERTS

It's the greatest sacrifice and most mighty merchandise movement of modern times. A colossal sale indeed. One with a purpose and a reason. The store is decorated and the stock well displayed. Every nook and corner will be crowded with saving opportunities. Save your money, folks, and wait for this, the most stupendous, the most magnificent and positively the most sincere sensational and startling event you have ever seen in your life.

Closing Out Entire Stock of Shoes

THOMPSON'S

CROCKETT, TEXAS