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WEST OF THE COLORADS.  
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1876 DOMESTIC.

**DAILY EXPRESS.**  
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Official Journal United States.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF BEXAR CO.

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WEDNESDAY MORNING, August 9, 1870.

COKE should be impeached, but as there is no legal Legislature in existence, he and his Tom Scott mob at Austin ought to be enjoined by the courts. All the laws passed by them since July 1st should be resisted by all lawful means.

The Revolutionists seem to be gaining ground on the line of the Rio Grande side of Mexico. The end is not yet. Lorde's government may yet be overthrown, and what then? Will a change of passive to the control of the government effect a change for the better in the law, lawless and tyrannical course of Mexican administrations? What reason have we for any such hope?

GRAIN NEEDED.—The war in Turkey is already increasing the previous great demand for grain from the United States, and this demand will doubtless continue to increase for some time to come. An immense grain crop ought to be put this fall and next spring, in the United States, and especially in the South.

In noticing the names of gentlemen in Western Texas well fitted to make good Congressmen, it is from whom a choice might be made, in case Mr. Schlesinger succeeds to stand by his instrument of Coke who has first nominated, we omitted to mention Judge C. Usan, Gen. J. R. Bayle, Gen. W. S. Knob, Col. Gen. W. Brackenridge, Maj. J. Wadsworth, Hon. H. C. King.

This sight at New Laredo, in eight of the people on the Texas side, as reported in our paper to-day, will show that the revolutionists are determined to get possession of the frontier next to Texas. They need horses and food, and a place of refuge in case of defeat, and all these things can be found nowhere else but in Texas. Texas feels no means whatever side holds the Grands line, and affords no asylum for whoever is defeated and prosed. Glorious land of the free, and home of the hanted are we.

WEST TEXAS needs 100,000 new acres who are willing to till her rich virgin soil, which can produce corn, all the small grains, cotton, all the grasses, excellent fruits, and grapes in abundance, and hay beyond compare. The lands are now cheap, the country healthy, the price of products are good, a market is found at home for everything. West Texas must be fenced up, plowed down deep and planted, and then she can feed the United States. The railroad is nearly here. We want these men this fall.

A MARKET is found at our own doors in Western Texas for all that the ground produces, and the ground will produce all that it is asked for, if the request is by means of good plows held by strong and industrious hands. The army and the various military posts in Western Texas afford a good market for all products, at good prices, and the pay is promptly in cash. This will continue to be the case, since San Antonio has become permanent head-quarters, so long as the Mexican border remains, and the necessity for troops exists, and that will be longer than the present generation will live. West Texas is the country for farms, gardens, orchards and vineyards.

**AN IMPEACHMENT SCENE.**

A correspondent of the New York Herald says that quite a theatrical scene was enacted when the President pro tempore of the Senate, Mr. Ferry, came to announce his verdict. A good deal of interest was manifested as to how he should discharge his duty of President and member of the Court of Impeachment, and he had been interrogated on the subject before by a good many of his fellow Senators. Their curiosity was soon satisfied. Pending the proceedings he had a chair placed on the platform, a few feet from his own. When the name of the "Mr. Ferry" was called he rose at the President's desk and addressed the empty chair saying: "Mr. Senator Ferry, how say you?" then crossing over to the chair he seated himself, rose after a moment's waiting, and turned to the President's desk and said: "Mr. President," and then proceeded to read a written opinion and finally declared his verdict. He then resumed the presiding officer's chair. Mr. Ferry was afterward congratulated for the manner in which he accomplished his very delicate duty in the matter, as he has been in general for his diligence and ability in presiding over the entire trial.

**A WORD TO THE MAYOR AND COUNCIL.**

The EXPRESS has faithfully tried to support the Mayor and Council in every measure and movement, judiciously conducted, looking to the improvement of the interests of the city and the general welfare and prosperity of our people. This has especially been the case in relation to the administration of our public schools. We have felt such a deep interest in this matter that we have sought to uphold the hands of the Mayor and Council in their labors in this behalf even when honest objections were being to their cause by some of our most worthy citizens. Many of our friends seriously objected to our course in refusing to publish their criticisms, we considered that it was much easier to criticize the work of the Mayor and Council than to better it, and then such publications would be calculated to destroy public confidence, so important in the successful management of the schools, and would therefore do harm instead of good.

We make this statement of the temper and course of the EXPRESS in relation to the management of the public schools by the Mayor and Council because we wish to show that we have the right to make a friendly suggestion in relation to their future course in the premises. That suggestion is that they postpone the election of Superintendent or Principal of the city schools until they see their way clear, and are in a better condition to make a satisfactory choice. The State legislature in relation to our public schools is unfinished, and so far as it has progressed, is evidently unsatisfactory. The school bill did not pass both Houses before the adjournment of the session on Monday July 31st, and any law that may now be passed, will certainly bear the taint of illegality, and the school tax, or any other tax, to be levied under any law that may be passed by the present *de facto* Tom Scott Legislature will certainly be resisted by those who take no interest in public schools. At any rate, we are now utterly at sea in relation to State legislation for the benefit of public schools.

We need all the money we can possibly raise to pay our teachers, who do the hard work of the schools, as well as they should be paid. This is an absolute necessity, and a Superintendent or Principal is not an absolute necessity, at least for the present. When our schools are properly and permanently established, and sufficiently advanced to support a general and thorough system of grading, then it will be time enough to look about for a Principal. At present the Mayor is an *effice* Superintendent of the public schools, and he and the School Board, and indeed, the whole Board of Alderman, can, by personally overlooking and fostering the schools, do a good than a Principal can do, as things now are. When we need a Principal more, and can afford to pay for the luxury, over and above paying our teachers well, it will be time enough to select one.

Moreover, it is better to have no Principal than to select any but a first class man, with such extensive experience as a teacher, commanding character, executive ability, practical common sense, freedom from prejudice, and that general and indefinite wisdom that always succeeds. We fear that we are not likely, under present circumstances, to get the very sort of Principal we need; hence, we had better elect none until we can get that sort of a man.

For cures and eruptive diseases of the skin, Pustules, Pimples, Blotches, Bells, Tetter, Scald-head and Ringworm, Vegotine has never failed to effect a permanent cure.

For pain in the Back, Kidney Complaints, Dropsey, Female Weakness, Loss of Appetite, arising from Indigestion, and arteritis, Disease and General Debility, Vegotine acts directly upon the causes of these complaints. It invigorates and strengthens the whole system, acts upon the secretive organs, allays inflammation, cures ulceration and regulates the bowels.

For Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Habitual Convulsions, Palpitation of the Heart, Headache, Piles, Migraines and General Paroxysms of the Nervous system, no medicine has ever given such perfect satisfaction as the Vegotine. It purifies the blood, cleanses all the organs, and possesses a controlling power over the nervous system.

The remarkable cures effected by Vegotine have induced many physicians and apothecaries whom we know to prescribe, and use it in their own families. In fact, Vegotine is the home remedy, yet disregarded, for the above diseases, and is the only reliable Blood Purifier yet placed before the public.

**PREPARED BY  
H. R. STEVENS, BOSTON, MASS.**

What is Vegotine? It is a compound extracted from bark, roots and herbs. It is Nature's remedy. It is perfectly harmless to any bad effect upon the system. It is nourishing and strengthening. It acts directly upon the blood. It quietes the nervous system. It gives you good sleep at night. It gives you good appetite for your fathers and mothers; for it gives them strength, quiet their nerves and gives them Nature's sweet sleep—as has been proved by many an aged person. It is the great Blood purifier. It is a soothing remedy for our children. It has relieved and cured thousands, it is very pleasant to take when you lie down. It is the best remedy for all diseases originating from impure blood. Try the Vegotine. Give it fair trial for your complaints; then you will say to your friend, neighbor and acquaintance, "Try it, has cured me."

Vegotine for the complaints for which it is recommended, is having a large sale throughout the United States; that any other one medicine, why? Vegotine will cure these complaints.

**VALUABLE INFORMATION.**

Boston, Dec. 12, 1870.—Gentlemen—My only object in giving you this testimonial is to obtain valuable information. Having been badly afflicted with Salt-Rheum, and the whole surface of my skin being covered with pimples and eruptions, many of which were extremely severe, and knowing that the advertised blind preparations, among which was quantity of Gasparapilin, without obtaining any benefit until I commenced taking the Vegotine, and before I had completed the first bottle, saw that I had got the right medicine.

Dorman, Holmes & Co. units advantages of a Home House and a large Eastern House.

In addition to their own make, "The Dorman, Holmes & Co. Grand Scale Piano," they control for this and several other States the Renowned Chickering Sons, Bradbury, F. C. Light & Co., and other First-class Pianos, that they can deliver to their customers cheap as the same instruments can be bought at the factory to New York or Boston, saving the expense of land carriage and cost of local transportation. They supply families direct, giving them every advantage usually given agents. Parties in this State, wishing to order their instruments before buying, can have them packed in their boxes, without extra expense.

Dorman, Holmes & Co. are among the Largest Dealers in Pianos in the United States, their trade now extending over nearly the entire country, and will guarantee to deliver Pianos and Organs at any point in the State at lower prices and on better terms than any other house.

Pianos and Organs sold on monthly payments of ten to twenty-five dollars, from time to time, and with any amount of any time.

A large stock of Piano Stands and Screens at bottom prices. All kinds of Musical Instruments, Sheet Music and Music Merchandise furnished at lowest prices.

**DORMAN, HOLMES & CO.**  
Vegetine is sold by all Druggists.

**AND CERTIFICATES**

**FOR SALE.**

Apply at the office.

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### MARIONIC.

Ashley Lodge No. 434, F. & A. M.  
Hold its regular meetings on the third Monday of each month at 7 o'clock p.m. in Masonic Hall, on the southeast corner of Main and Harrison streets, and is invited to attend. — R. H. Neal, W.M.  
John Hutton, Secretary.

ALAMO LODGE NO. 11, F. & A. M.  
Holds its stated meetings on the 1st and 3rd Saturday in each month.  
F. M. MCNEAL, W.M.

L. L. BRAUMONT, Sec.

BURLESON, R. A. CHAP. NO. 21.  
Holds its stated conversations on the 1st and 3rd Tuesday in each month.

E. L. BRAUMONT, H. E.

S. A. COMMANDERY NO. 7, K.Y.  
Holds its stated convivatives on the 1st and 3rd Saturday in each month.

H. H. NEAL, E.C.

### F.O.P.

The regular meetings of the independent Fraternal Order of Polka Dots are held every second Friday evening at 8 o'clock at the Hotel Royal, 5th and Main Street, Kansas City, Mo., at which all are welcome.

E. C. BAUER, Sec'y.

BAXER EQUIPMENT, No. 11, I. O. O. F., holds its stated meetings on the 2nd and 4th Friday evenings of each month at 8 o'clock.

D. Y. PORTER, G. P.

### Kights of Pythias.

Held their stated meetings the second and fourth Saturday of each month.

H. L. DERO, G. C.

George S. Williamson, K. of R. & S.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, August 9, 1876.

### TROOPS IN THE SOUTH.

Gen. Sherman was before the Military Committee to-day. Mr. Terry asked him regarding military organizations that had tendered their services, "Would you feel entire confidence in these men?"

Answer—No, sir. Most of them are from cities like New Orleans. Though they are brave men in individual capacity, they would be like children in that Yellowstone country.

Mr. Terry.—In the Indian war, were not more individual courage than is exhibited than

Answer—No, sir. The great trouble is that our Indian failures have resulted from excessive confidence, and from the inability of our men to rally on the first appearance of danger. Our soldiers rally at once to their company standard, but new men scatter, each man seeking his own individual safety, and you soon lose your command.

The men may be brave, but they have not the force of habit to rally. They will scatter about ravines, hollows and woods, and be killed in detail.

Speaking of regular soldiers, Gen. Sherman said: It seems to me, when such officers as Terry, Crook and Sheridan, who are charged with the responsibility of the result, are willing to take this cheap class of inferior men, of whom you speak, Congress should be satisfied.

Sherman thinks any body can make a good soldier if he has good legs and arms, good digestion, and will obey orders. He says there are too many regiments for 25,000 men.

The Chairman.—There were on the 8th of July 3334 troops in the Southern States. Could not reinforcement be made up from these?

A. Some have been drawn from Virginia and some from North and South Carolina. There are now some 3000 troops in the South, outside of Texas. Texas has more troops than any other part of the United States. They are along the Mexican border and the Indian border, but there are more within the settled parts of the State.

Chairman.—Does not the re-election of President Largo de Tejada and the departure of Cortina diminish the danger in that quarter?

Sherman.—Cortina has got back, and it is worse than ever. He is at Matamoros, getting up a new revolution. The Mexican border is in as bad a state as it can be.

Chairman.—Could the army in the Indian country be properly reinforced by the 3000 men now located in the Southern States outside of Texas?

A.—I understand from the highest authority that these troops are needed there by marshals and revenue officers for maintenance of the public peace, etc. This is as far as I have a right to go.

Mr. Heribert.—Some are in garrisons along the seaport forts?

Gen. Sherman.—Yes; there are some 300 in the forts and at Fort Monroe, which is a school of artillery and has really nothing more to do with the South than with Maine.

Gen. Sherman added: Every time that we propose to withdraw troops there is an effort made by the Governors and members of Congress to keep them there. I suppose there is no concealment of the fact that the negroes down there are uneasy and restless. They claim protection from the United States Government, and the orders are to show it to them—

not to interfere with State authori-

ties by any means, but to afford protection to any human being applying for it.

Mr. Cook—I do not think the troops in Georgia have been called on for ten years.

Sherman—I do not know that they have, but the people of Georgia were very glad to have a garrison at Atlanta.

Chairman.—The object of my inquiry was to ascertain whether troops could be spared from the South to reinforce the army in the Indian country?

I am compelled to answer they can not be spared, because those who are entrusted with the power judge their presence necessary. That decision is in the sacred and final, and governs me.

Terry.—You do say, however, that you do judge it?

Sherman.—It is hardly right to ask a soldier for an opinion behind a duty. He ought not to form an opinion.

The examination proceeded in a general way regarding the army. The Secretary of War, who was present, was asked whether he desired to make any statement. He merely replied that he concurred entirely in what Sherman said.

ONE OF THE YOUNGERS ARRESTED.

[Special Dispatch to the Globe-Democrat.]

CARTERAGE, Mo., July 31.—Last night a party of six men, from Grandy, visited Joplin and arrested one Bruce Younger, a cousin of the noted Younger brothers, and took him post haste to Grandy, thence to Monett, county where he is wanted. The men making the arrest, your correspondent learned, said Younger was one of the party who robbed the express at Otterville, some days since. Younger has been a resident of Joplin for about two years, but was absent some time back for a couple of weeks.

Claims against the general and State government presented with dispatch. June 13 day.

Land Certificates bought, sold, and located. Estates managed and Taxes paid for non-residents in all parts of the State.

Highway, roads, bridges, culverts, etc.,

Conveyances, etc.,

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INVESTIGATION.

REAL ESTATE.

We are Headquarters for every thing in the way of

Stereoscopes and Magic Lanterns

Being manufacturers of the

Micro-Skeptic Lamp,

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Advertisers' Stereoscopes;

Artistic.

School Lanterns, Family Lanterns,

Practical Lanterns.

Each style being the best of its class in the Market.

Catalogues of Lanterns and Slides, with directions for using, sent on application.

Any enterprising man can make money

with a Magic Lantern.

Visitors to the Centennial Exposition are likely to find purchasing goods in style until they come to our store in New York, where they will find greater variety and more moderate prices, and can select most at their leisure. But we have a collection to sell some styles of our goods in the building of the Department of Public Contest, and those not coming to New York are invited to call on our representation there.

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Deals in Land Certificates, locates land

for others, and will loan and

invest money.

I have lands in this country,

