Daily Express.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES—IN ADVANCE.

DAILY EXPRESS—By Carrier per month.....$1 00
" " " " quarter.....3 00
" " By mail one year.....10 00
" " " six months.....5 00
" " " three months.....3 00

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Rates for advertisements can be obtained by application to the EXPRESS Counting Room.

Local advertisements will be inserted at 20 cents per line for first insertion and 10 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements in daily one week one third more than daily rates; in weekly only, same as daily.

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San Antonio Daily Express.

Weekly Express.

Published by the EXPRESS PRINTING COMPANY

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Weekly Express One Year, post paid.....$2 00
" " Six Months " 1 00
" " Three Months " 50

All papers will be discontinued at expiration of prepaid fee.

Write name and Postoffice plainly, and state whether daily or weekly is due us.

Send postoffice order or registered letter when possible.

Advertisements inserted in the weekly edition only will be charged at same rate as in daily only.

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THE EXPRESS PRINTING CO.,
San Antonio, Texas.

VOL. 13. SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 6, 1879. NO. 133

China Hall.

Crockery

LAMPS, GLASSWARE,

Chandeliers and Bracket Lamps,

HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS

Gregory & Co.,

Commerce Street, Corner of Bridge St.

C. B. ELBE,

APOTHECARY

Houston street, four doors east of Headquarters.

Personal attention given to

Physician's Prescriptions,

—And none but—

Pure Medicines

Dispensed in their preparations.

D. W. HEARD. J. W. GLASS.

HEARD & GLASS,

Money, Land, Real Estate and

LIVE STOCK

BROKERS!

Will pay taxes, rent houses, purchase and sell city lots, land and land certificates, adjust titles, and do a general agency business. Strangers visiting the city prospecting are specially invited to call and see us. To those in want of information in regard to West Texas climate, lands, sheep, cattle, agricultural or other pursuits, free correspondence solicited. Having for years been close observers of the progress and development of this country, we are in position to be of service to persons desiring to locate or invest. We have lands in this county, Atascosa, Wilson, Uvalde, Medina, Kendall, Kerr, Gillespie, Frio and Northeast Texas to sell in large or small tracts. Plats and sub-divisions of these lands at our office. Sanders county, 5 tracts on Pipe and Privilege creeks, from 320 to 400 acres. Atascosa county, several tracts on Lacoste and Borego creeks. Bexar county lands throughout the county in tracts to suit purchasers, in good neighborhoods. Some improved places near Somerset, beyond the Medina. Wilson county, 3,500 acres, will be divided if desired, well timbered and adapted to hog raising.

References: J. T. Thorntrie, Banker, San Antonio; Trueheart, Norton, Wielton & Co., Bankers, Paducah, Ky.; Ninth National Bank, New York; Murray, Nelson & Co., Chicago; Warren Deposit Bank, Bowling Green, Ky.

LOUIS SCHEIHAGEN.

Importer and Dealer in

SHELF AND HEAVY

Hardware

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

Howe's Scales,

CARRIAGE & WAGON MATERIALS etc

My stock, consisting of full lines of the above, besides all the latest and most improved farming machinery, together with everything to be found in a first-class hardware establishment, is not surpassed by any house west of the Colorado. mch13 1y

Adams & Wickes

Would call attention to their vast and varied tracts of

LANDS

throughout the State, including lots in all parts of the city of San Antonio, which they will sell at

LOW PRICES

and on

GOOD TERMS.

They also have a number of places for rent. For information apply to

GEO. W. CALDWELL,
AGENT,
jan1-tf SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

SHERMAN'S

Prickly Ash Bitters & Malarifuge.

THESE BITTERS will prevent contracting of Chills and all Malarial Diseases if properly used, by invigorating the liver, toning the stomach, and regulating the bowels and kidneys. It is a preparation from such vegetable extracts, of which the Prickly Ash constitutes a leading part, that enters into the regular prescription practice of all medical men, among whom Dr. Sherman is justly classed as the successful compounder, after an experimental practice of 30 years, as a complete antidote to all influences which, if not arrested in time, terminate in Chills and Fever or other malignant disease.

Though pleasant to the taste, it is not a beverage (as the extracts are held in solution in pure Holland gin only) because of its cathartic properties, and is therefore an infallible remedy for habitual constipation.

THE MALARIFUGE is a certain cure for Chills when once contracted. It has never failed to effect a cure where the directions, accompanying each bottle, are followed.

Druggists are hereby authorized to refund the money to any party purchasing who claim a cure is not effected, providing the directions are followed and the empty bottle returned. For sale by all druggists.

Mrs. H. Carter,

PRIVATE BOARDING,

AVE. D, NEAR R. R. DEPOT.

Furnished Rooms, with or without Board.

TERMS MODERATE.

SAN ANTONIO, TEX.

FROM THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Still Introducing Appropriation Bills and Orating on Political Issues.

Interesting and Patriotic Addresses by Senators Hampton, of South Carolina, and Bayard, of Delaware—Nominations, Etc.

SENATE PROCEEDINGS.

Washington, June 5.—The senate took up the bill reported yesterday by Bayard from the judiciary committee relating to juries and to repeal sections 801, 820 and 821 of the revised statutes.

Hampton, of South Carolina, after briefly supporting this bill, proceeded to speak upon the general political issues of the session. Hampton said he could not claim to speak for his party, nor would he try to shield himself from the consequences of his actions behind any party. If the party supported by him was revolutionary and treasonable, he was a revolutionist and a traitor. But what policy is before Congress worthy of such a charge? Continuing, Hampton said: "By no vote of mine will the appropriations necessary for an efficient maintenance of the army be refused. It is competent for congress to declare under what limitations and conditions appropriations shall be made, and the form in which this is done I regard immaterial. In my judgment, it would be best to adhere to the general form, but to secure unanimity I shall acquiesce in the views of the majority; but under no circumstances can I aid in disbanding the army or impairing its efficiency. It is the army of the south as well as the north; it is the army of the whole country. In its history from the days of the revolution, I have some reason by right of my birth and blood to be proud. In the late civil contest on many bloody fields, I tested its valor, and no word or act of mine shall depreciate its value and lessen its usefulness. But because I so regard it, no act of mine shall tend to degrade it. I will not so legislate that against its own honorable instincts and traditions it shall be the instrument of tyranny in the hands of any faction, or any unscrupulous executive who may desire to use it, nor shall I assent because of any difference of opinion between the minority and majority to close courts of justice or embarrass the life of the government. The constitution has provided means by which an appeal to the country can be had, and it is for the people to decide whether the presidential veto has been wisely used to defeat the will of congress which represents the majority of the people. Hampton proceeded to say he had no intention to embarrass the administration, and although he considered the provisions of the bill just, he recognized the difficult position in which the executive found himself. His people remembered that in a political period of their history, when any injudicious action would have been fatal, the president, by a conscientious construction of his duty, removed the United States troops from Louisiana and South Carolina, thus enabling the people to restore their local government to those who represented the popular will. For this wise patriotic action he was grateful, and while it would be his duty to oppose the policy of which the president was a representative, that opposition would not be captious, nor such as to drive the president into a coalition with those who would madly trample on the rights of the people in their struggle to retain power. Mr. Hampton said his party was denounced for wishing to restrict the use of federal troops, but men high in the republican party, whose words he quoted, had also pointed out and denounced the abuse of such a use. It was not the immediate action of the army that he feared, but the ultimate effect of its misuse, and he would oppose any legislation giving the general government power to interfere in any way with elections. Better have turbulence in one or two great cities than military despotism in the whole country. It has been complained that confederate officers were sent here as legislators. Nearly every man in the south bore arms, and she could hardly be blamed for trusting her interests in peace to those who risked their lives and fortunes for her in war. He thought if the north had honored, in a like manner, those who fought her battles, the legislation of the country would not be embittered by reviving sectional strife. If the north was sincere in inviting the southern states to return to the union, she should be glad they sent their best men, honored men, to represent them. The south had no apology to make for the past, and to recall that past now is not in the interest of that harmony for which the whole country longs. The south asks to have stricken from the statute books laws which are the product of distrust as much as were armies and navies. If you asked us to come back as states, treat us as states; join hands with us to establish that national liberty as understood by our fathers.

Hampton's address aroused frequent applause in the galleries.

Bayard then spoke at length in support of the bill. He condemned the action of the president in criticizing, as he had done in the veto message, the methods and practices of congress, and said it was not incumbent upon the president to interest himself in parliamentary reforms. He then referred to the federal jury laws, explained their working, and pointed out the absurdity of allowing ex-confederates to hold the highest offices under the government, and at the same time excluding them from the jury box. The present bill, he said, was framed to secure perfect impartiality in the formation of juries to try political cases, where such impartiality is of the greatest importance. He said the veto power was given to the president to prevent the passage of bad bills through inadvertence or design. Such was not the case with the present bills. They represent the sober second thought of the American people, and the people will finally be called to pass judgment upon the issues now raised. In the meantime, the first duty of the majority is to supply everything needed for the support of the government, but our duty is not to be taught us by a harassing, obstructive executive. It is an obligation resting on us by virtue of our oaths. He then said an effort to misrepresent the democratic party by asserting it intended to cripple the government, would be futile. He would not belong to a party adopting such a course. But he asked, shall it be said that a man, accidentally and wrongfully invested with enormous powers, which have accumulated around the executive office, succeeded in placing this great party with all its patriotic objects and intents in a position of suspicion and doubt before their fellow countrymen? It would be a false, dishonest and untruthful attempt to slander his neighbors. The government shall be supplied with everything needful for a vigorous and just exercise of every constitutional power, but no obstructive executive, no unfair political opponent, shall pervert the true or raise false issues between us and our country.

Mr. Edmunds then moved to amend the pending bill by the addition of a clause prohibiting the exclusion from jury service in any state or federal court of any duly qualified person on account of race, color or previous condition of servitude.

This led to a half humorous colloquy between Hill, of Georgia, and Conkling, and a short speech by the latter.

Thurman remarked that the gentleman—Conkling—had perhaps read of the celebrated English statesman who said he acquired eloquence by speaking every day and on every subject for the first years of his career, and was imitating the latter's example.

After the debate the amendment was rejected.

Several other amendments were proposed and discussed in a desultory manner, and the senate adjourned without taking action on the bill.

HOUSE PROCEEDINGS.

Washington June 5.—More than an hour was consumed this morning in consideration of bills reported from the committee on printing. The bill for the election of a congressional printer was reported, but not admitted, a point of order being raised against it, that it was not such bills as the committee was privileged to report at any time.

Atkins reported the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill, and moved that the bill be printed and recommitted.

Hawley offered an amendment to the motion instructing the committee on appropriations to report a bill substantially in the form of the legislative appropriation bill last agreed to, excluding therefrom all general and political legislation, and all appropriations for judicial expenses.

Atkins thereupon withdrew the bill, and the house then resumed its business of the morning hour.

During the morning hour the bill to remove causes from state to federal courts was discussed.

On the expiration of the morning hour, the president's message transmitting the documents of the Fitz John Porter's case was laid before the house, and referred to the committee on military affairs.

Atkins then reported the legislative, executive and judicial bill, and moved the previous question. The bill was ordered printed, and recommitted. The bill resembles that for the present year, with some exceptions, which are specified.

The bill to prevent the spread of contagious diseases among domestic animals was then taken up and discussed. No action was reached, when the house adjourned at 4 o'clock.

COMMITTEE MATTERS.

Washington, June 5.—The house committee on commerce will hear to-morrow arguments on the Reagan interstate commerce bill.

The committee on privileges and elections commenced to-day the examination of witnesses in the Kellogg-Spofford contest. J. Johnson, colored, who made an affidavit that Kellogg had paid him and others $200 for his vote, was examined by Mr. Merrick, Spofford's counsel, and completely retracted the statements made in his affidavit. Upon cross-examination by D. A. Kellogg, witness testified that a man named Ward persuaded him to sign the affidavit by inducement of a promise of work in the custom house. No other witnesses were examined. The committee meets again to-morrow.

The house committee on elections to-day decided to report to the house the resolution authorizing a session of said committee during recess to dispose of the many pending contested election cases.

NOMINATION.

Washington, June 5.—The president sent to the senate the nomination of Simon B. Conover, of Florida, to be collector of internal revenue in the district of Florida.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Exciting Races Over the Jerome Park Race Course.

Jerome Park, June 5.—Thousands thronged the grounds to day and much interest was felt in the race for the Belmont stakes.

First race—purse $500, one mile and three furlongs. Starters, Danicheff, Baton Rouge, Lord Lyllon, Bonnie Wood, Bell and Startle. Bonnie Wood won in 2:28; Danicheff, good second; Startle, poor third.

Second race — Belmont stakes for three year olds, $100 entrance with $1500 added, one mile and a half. Spendthrift was the favorite. Starters were Pawnee, Jericho, Rochester, Spendthrift, Harold and Monitor. Won by Spendthrift. Time 2:42¾; Monitor second, Jericho third, Harold lost. The greatest excitement prevailed over this race. Passing the grand stand Harold led, with Spendthrift next, Monitor third, Jericho fourth. When going round the hill, Spendthrift and Harold were neck and neck. Spendthrift suddenly drew away, and on coming into the home stretch led by four lengths, and Monitor had taken Harold's place. All the others were well bunched. Spendthrift shot by the winning post with three lengths between him and Monitor, and Jericho third.

Third race—purse $500, mile heats. Little interest was manifested in this race, as Lou Lanier was too hot a favorite. The first heat was won by Lou Lanier in 1:48¼, with McCullough half a length behind. The second heat was also won by Lou Lanier, with George McCullough second, Clifton third. Time, 1:48¾.

Fourth and last race—purse $350, winner to be sold at auction, one mile and a furlong. Starters, Simoon, Melroony, Maryland, Paque, Lucky Hit, Una, Jackscrew and Skylark. Won by Una in 2:01¾, with Simoon second and Skylark third. This race was a fine one from the start to the finish. At the home stretch Una drew ahead and came in the winner.

Desmoines, Iowa, June 5.—The races yesterday were largely attended. Rarus trotted two heats. Time, 2:21 and 2:20¾. He broke badly on the short turns of the half mile track.

DEPREDATING INDIANS.

Supposed to be the same Party that Murdered Mrs. Colson and Children.

Special Dispatch to the Daily Express.

McKavett, June 5.—Indians are reported depredating fifteen miles southwest of here, at Sykes' place, where they ran off a number of horses. The same party is believed to have killed Nick Colson's wife and two girls. A detachment of United States troops, well mounted, promptly started in pursuit this evening.

ATTEMPT TO ASSASSINATE.

Jealousy Assigned as the Cause for the Deed.

Special Dispatch to the Daily Express.

Dallas, June 5.—An attempt was made to assassinate Mrs. Jessie George at the residence of her brother-in-law in Kaufman county. The ball entered her neck and lodged in the left shoulder. She assigns jealousy as the cause, but refuses to give the name of the party.

Louisiana Constitutional Convention.

New Orleans, June 5.—The constitutional convention adopted an ordinance regulating the management of the new basin canal; also a resolution requesting the attorney-general to institute suit against Duncan F. Kenner for rent due the state, said to be about half a million dollars, and the forfeiture of the present lease. An ordinance was adopted reducing the salaries of constitutional officers to the following: Governor, $4,000; attorney-general, $3,000; auditor, $2,500; secretary of state, $1,800; treasurer, $2,000.

The convention received a communication from agents Messrs. Stern Bros., English bondholders, protesting against the action by the convention impairing the present status of Louisiana consols. A communication was also received from Mayor Patton inclosing resolutions of the city council protesting against the adoption of the majority report of the committee on state debt.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE BY TELEGRAPH.

The Rumor of Garibaldi's Death Denied—His Complete Recovery.

Paris Communists Receiving Amnesty—Distress Among the Coal Miners of England—Blanquis to be Pardoned.

MINING TROUBLES IN ENGLAND.

London, June 5.—At a meeting of the south Staffordshire miners, the drainage commission yesterday announced that owing to a debt of forty thousand pounds in the Tipton district, all pumping engines would be stopped last night. The effect of this would be the flooding of hundreds of collieries for miles around. South Staffordshire would never recover from the disaster. A meeting of all the colliery owners is called for Wednesday next to consider the position of affairs.

MISCELLANEOUS PARAGRAPHS.

Alexandria, June 5.—Rear admiral Macklillies, pasha of the Egyptian navy, is dead.

Paris, June 5.—Two hundred and eighty-eight additional communists have received amnesty. The amnesty law expires to-day.

Paris, June 5.—It is stated that the cabinet council to-day decided to pardon M. Blanquis in a few days.

FAILURE.

London, June 5.—The Morning Post's financial article says: "David Stuart & Co., merchants, Liverpool, engaged in the eastern trade, have failed. Liabilities unknown, but believed to be between one hundred and two hundred thousand pounds. They are largely indebted to the Presbyterian missionary agency in America, for whom they were agents.

GARIBALDI COMPLETELY RECOVERED.

Rome, June 5.—Menotis Garibaldi contradicts the Paris rumor of the General's death, and says his father has completely recovered from his recent indisposition.

THE FIRE RECORD.

A Sixty-five Thousand Dollar Blaze in Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, O., June 5.—A five story building, corner Pearl and Elm streets, occupied by Post & Co., extensive dealers in railway and telegraph supplies, was destroyed by fire this morning. Loss on building $20,000; stock and machinery $45,000. Liberally insured.

National G. A. R. Encampment.

Albany, N. Y., June 5.—The national encampment of the grand army of the republic will be held here on the 17th inst. It will be the greatest gathering of the organization ever held. The military display will be the finest ever seen in any state west of New York. The president and most of the cabinet and all prominent generals of the army will be present.

Suspending Operations.

Baltimore, June 5.—The Druid duck mills of Gambrill, at Woodberry, near this city, will suspend operations to-day for an indefinite period. The reason assigned for the suspension is a rise in the price of cotton and approaching the end of the cotton year. From three to four hundred hands will be thrown out of employment.

An Editor in the Penitentiary.

New York, June 5.—Dr. De B. Vigne M. Bennett, editor of the paper called Truthseeker, who was convicted in the United States court some time ago for sending obscene matter through the mails, was sentenced to-day to thirteen months' hard labor in the Albany penitentiary, and to pay a fine of three hundred dollars.

Remanded Without Bail.

Vicksburg, June 5.—The case of Bridwell, county assessor, charged with the killing of W. H. Andrews in March last, was decided to-day by Judge Young refusing bail and remanding the prisoner to jail. An appeal will be taken to the supreme court.

German Baptist Conference.

Linville Creek Church, Va., June 5.—The German Baptist annual conference closed its public business and adjourned this evening. Unusual harmony prevailed during the whole session, although subjects were introduced which excited animated discussion. The church manifested a progressive spirit.

STATE NEWS.

Cotton-picking will soon begin about Brownsville.

There are but ten patients in the Dallas hospital.

The cats have made a home of the San Saba courthouse.

Victoria will vote on the proposition to build a market house.

The Corsicana flea crop this year is said to be abundant.

The publisher of the Fort Worth Journal wants a partner.

Fishing parties continue to be the rage out about Fort Griffin.

Business is good at Lampasas, and many houses are being erected.

The Corsicana and Palestine railway, narrow gauge, is to be built.

Ben Cabell, a Dallasite, is in Loudville hauling coal at $8 per day.

Since April 1, 1866, Washington county has issued $62,084 script.

A Sherman paper thinks it about to begin war on the dogs.

Stafford, the Colorado stock man, has sold 15,000 beeves this season.

Brenham drummers have resolved not to budge for less than two bits.

Thirteen brick buildings are being erected on Main street, Fort Worth.

Tobacco raised at Clarksville is said to bring good prices for the new crop.

A Frenchman has been indicted at Austin for marrying a negro woman.

In Orange county, June 11th, local option will be decided at the ballot box.

John Malone forged a $25 draft in Shreveport and immediately went west.

The colored citizens of Colorado county are to meet in Columbus on the 7th.

The average yield of corn in Washington county is twenty-five to thirty bushels.

Lampasas county has just paid $1,297.25 for keeping prisoners in the Austin jail.

and another monster was hooked but broke an inch rope and escaped.

The Cuero Star reports peaches inferior in quality and superior in price.

An Austin jury fined a man three dollars and costs for using disrespectful language to a policeman.

Prof. Cevor, the aerial navigator, has returned to Waco. He is now planning another voyage in the clouds.

The Rockport Transcript complains of the high freights charged for transporting goods by water from Galveston to Rockport.

The fellow Gibson, recently arrested at Hutchins, while riding in company with the officers, suddenly made a break for his liberty and escaped on a race horse.

In Hunt county myriads of locusts are now infesting the Sulphur bottoms. Old settlers say they never saw anything like it before. So far no damage has been done.

A "schooner" for a dime, a "nickel" for a nickle. A first-class Bacchanalian hurrah for only two-bits. That's how they do it now-a-days in Victoria, and the boys are happy.

Ex-postmaster Crabb, of Quitman, pleaded guilty in the federal court to the charge of robbing the mails, and was given two years in the penitentiary.

The Bryant Pilot and the Beaumont Lumberman are in a controversy, the question being whether the Beaumont or the Bryan mosquito is the greatest sucker.

The burglars, after giving Waco a ten day's rest, broke out again Saturday night, entering several saloons and grocery stores. Evidences showed the villains to be experts.

Several dogs, supposed to have hydrophobia, have been killed recently about Webberville. They are reported to have bitten several hogs and cows before they were killed.

At Whitesboro, Friday night, an alleged horsethief named Little, while under guard, and asking permission to get a drink of water, made a dash through the door, but was fatally shot through the lungs.

A few miles from Dallas, the other night, while Mrs. Marsh was sitting near her window, an unknown party threw a rock through the window, striking her on the head and knocking her down insensible.

Mr. John Mathews, living near Bagdad, cut his wheat three weeks ago, and planted the ground in cotton. Mr. Nuckols and other Travis county farmers propose to plant their wheat fields in cotton after they finish harvesting.

In Terrell, the other day, a five-foot coachship snake created a sensation by crawling into an ice-cream saloon among a number of young ladies, whose screams frightened his snakeship into a hasty retreat. He was finally killed.

A traveling man named W. G. Freey was robbed near Borden, while en route from Columbus to Weimar, by two masked men, who came suddenly out of the bush, presented six-shooters and politely requested him to shell out, procuring about $150.

A Houston jeweler by the name of Chas. Zandrop, died in Houston Sunday from an overdose of morphine. Whether it was suicide or a mistake is a mooted question. The body was taken to Cincinnati, his former home, for burial.

The comptroller, treasurer and attorney general are endeavoring to select a bell punch to be used under the new law. There are a number of patents in competition for the honor.

Undismayed by the Houston Telegram's cabbage head, the Victoria Advocate now trots out a beet which measures twenty-six inches in circumference and weighs thirteen and a quarter pounds. It was raised by Patricio de Leon in Victoria county. Next.

No. 1 of vol. 1 of the Columbus Plaindealer, a sprightly six column weekly is on our table. If each succeeding number is as brimfull of life and vim as this one, we shall have no fear of chronicling another journalistic wreck. Welcome, brother, call often.

The secretary of war gives the governor the option of taking a battery each for the Galveston and Houston artillery companies, or 800 stands of Springfield rifles with equipments. The latter has been accepted with a new plea for the former. The governor had asked for both the batteries and the rifles.

Harvesting is about through in Ellis county. The grain is large, plump and free of rust and smut. The grain is still in shock undergoing sweat. It is estimated the yield will not exceed an average of twelve bushels to the acre on measurement, and it is feared by many that it will not reach ten bushels.

Jesse Allison, colored, was assassinated Monday morning about two o'clock on G. Hanrick's farm in Falls county. He was sleeping with his head from the door or window. The assassin had to crawl into the house to shoot him in the head. Suspicion points to another colored man who, in a fight a few weeks ago, cut Allison very seriously with a razor. Allison's wife was absent, and she may be mixed in it.

A dreadful and most cowardly assassination has occurred in Coryell county, seven miles from Gatesville. An inoffensive man and good citizen, W. F. Smith, and his little son, a deaf mute, at night went some distance from the house to stake a horse. They were fired upon by unknown parties. Smith and his son were both shot in the abdomen and fatally wounded. A man named Leeper has been arrested on suspicion.

The Corpus Christi Bull Dog is no more. Its infantile bark is wrecked and its growls no more disturb the winds on the desolate shores of the Aransas bay. The late editor publishes his own obituary in the columns of the Gazette and says:

"The jay-bird died with the whooping cough,
The sparrow died with the colic;
The 'Bull-Dog'' died for want of cash,
And that put an end to the frolic."

At Denton last Monday afternoon the house of Mr. J. P. Coffman caught fire at the roof. Mrs. Coffman brought water from the branch near by, and having no ladder placed some hogsheads against the house and a chair upon them, then dipping blankets in the water and wrapping them about her she climbed to the roof and succeeded in extinguishing the fire. Her hands and feet were severely burned and her clothing had many holes burned in them. Mrs. Coffman is a very small lady and weakly constituted.

Mount Vernon, the county seat of Franklin county, is situated on a high range of hills, near the southern border of the prairie. It is remarkable for its healthfulness and good water, both in wells and springs. There are about forty residences in the town, a dozen business houses, shops, etc., and has a fine trade. The courthouse is a neat brick structure 48x48 feet, two stories high, which has just been completed and paid for. The churches and church privileges are good. Its schools are not surpassed in northern Texas.

Gray Rock is a nice village about six miles east of Mount Vernon. It is pleasantly situated and commands a large trade from the surrounding country. Beginning about four miles southeast of Mount Vernon are the pineries. Here are located some of the best saw-mills in northern Texas, which not only supply the home demand, but also furnish large quantities of lumber to the adjoining prairie counties. Churches are numerous throughout the county, and church privileges good. All the leading protestant denominations are well represented. Fruits of nearly all kinds found in a temperate climate do well there. The list includes apples, peaches, plums, apricots, cherries, nectarines and grapes, with a full list of small fruits, such as strawberries, raspberries, blackberries, etc.

Colorado Citizen: Since the rain of Sunday last the weather has been much cooler, especially night and morning.....Prof. Schwartz, in the employ of the government, has been spending a few days in our city looking after the cotton worm. On Monday last he found a cotton worm and a few cocoons on the farm of Mr. Anderson, near town. They were discovered in a damp, low place in the field. The professor thinks it probable the miller hibernates in the gins and cotton seed, and that the fight for the protection of cotton should be made against the moth or miller. The plan suggested two years ago by Mr. T. W. Hunter, of having lights in the field, arranged at proper distances, to attract the miller, in the first operation of depositing eggs, appears to be feasible for the demolition of this army in its infancy. The cocoons reproduce the miller in from seven to ten days, and this second army are the main progenitors of the worm which does the mischief. Prof. Schwartz is an indefatigable worker, and we have good faith in his efforts to solve the mystery of the generation of the cotton worm, and adding valuable data with regard thereto for the benefit of our planters. He is already satisfied that their origin is not hemispheral, but local, and his researches will no doubt lead to the best remedy for their extirpation.

Go East White Rates are Low.

In order to get advantage of the low rates see that your tickets read via the I. & G. N. Lone Star route. Take the evening train from San Antonio. It makes direct connections at Houston with the I. & G. N. for all points north east and south-east. You avoid an unpleasant bus transfer at Houston, save 140 miles and gain 12 hours time. Berths in through Pullman palace sleepers will be secured and all information about rates, routes, &c., will be cheerfully furnished by

A. A. GALLAGHER, Pass Agt.,
Menger Hotel.

Loan Offices.

LOAN OFFICE

The oldest and most reliable Loan Office in

SAN ANTONIO.

Southwest corner of Military Plaza, in the two-story building.

Rates Reduced According to the Amounts Loaned.

Also on hand CHEAP Diamond Rings, Gold and Silver Watches, Jewelry of all descriptions, particularly Mexican Jewelry,

Maximilian Dollars,

Arms, Stilles, &c., &c., &c. Ample room for fine Furniture and Pianos.

my17dw tf R. SCHWARZ.

M. KOKNIGHEIM'S

Loan Office,

WEST SIDE MAIN PLAZA.

WILL ADVANCE MONEY ON VALUABLES AT VERY LOW RATES.

Those desiring to pledge articles would do well call on him march11 tf

☞ A large lot of fine watches and jewelry of all kinds for sale, all unredeemed pledges, which can be bought at less than half their real value.

ROOFING TIN AND METALS,

Sheet Iron, Zinc and Solder
Bright Tin and Tinners' Supplies,

ALSO IN STOCK

Hayden's Flat Wire Fence.

The best and cheapest farm and pasture fence. Also

Round Fence Wire.

AT VERY LOW PRICES.

J. F. LOCKWOOD,

Next to Telegraph Office,
San Antonio, Texas.

Notice!

The undersigned begs to inform the public that the

NEW HALL

Of the

Leon Springs Hotel

Has just been completed, and that he is prepared to furnish

☞Beer on Ice.☜

MAX AUE, Prop.

NOTICE.

Letters testamentary under the will of Francis Guilbeau, deceased, having been granted from the County Court of Bexar county to the undersigned, on the 27th day of May, A. D. 1879, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to present the same within the time prescribed by law. Persons indebted to the estate are requested to settle at once.

EDWARD GUILBEAU,
EDWARD GUILBEAU,
Administrators.

Office corner Houston and Soledad streets, San Antonio, Texas, May 3, 1879. may4-4m

C. M. BRUCE & CO.

Plumbers

STEAM AND GAS FITTERS,

51 Commerce Street, San Antonio, Texas.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Gas Fixtures, Pumps, Pipe, Hose, Etc.

Jobbing of all kinds promptly attended to. Wind mills a specialty. apr20-1yr

BERGSTROM BROTHERS,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Dry Goods, Groceries, Clothing,

BOOTS, SHOES, ETC., ETC.,

WEST SIDE MILITARY PLAZA

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

All we ask is a trial, as we sell as low as the lowest. The highest price paid in CASH for Hides, Wool, Cotton and all kinds of Produce. apr8-1y

$3.50 Per Week

FOR BOARD AND LODGING.

I have reduced the price of board and lodging to $3.50 per week.

PATRICK BURNS,
my7-1m Cor. Houston St. and Avenue B.

NOTICE.

Letters of administration upon the estate of Benedict Grossenbacher, deceased, having been granted from the county court of Bexar county to the undersigned, on the 23d day of May, A. D. 1879, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to present the same within the time prescribed by law. Persons indebted to the estate are requested to settle at once.

MARY GROSSENBACHER,
Administratrix.
San Antonio, May 28, 1879. may30-4m

Miscellaneous Advertisements

1879 Spring & Summer 1879

SCHRAM & CO.

Offer in the following Departments

RARE BARGAINS.

Shoes! Shoes! Shoes!

For Ladies, Misses and Gents, the cheapest and neatest goods to be had in the city. Our specialties in this department, Newport Ties, Buskins, Sandals and Slippers, are unknown, and we offer them at our well known low figures.

Housefurnishing Goods

Consisting in part of White and Red Table Damask, Towels, Towelings, Napkins, Linens, etc., etc., to name complete them at any other season. We have a very large stock, and the goods must move.

White Goods.

We offer the largest and best assorted stock of White Goods, such as Victoria, Bishop and Linen Lawns, Swiss, Plain, Checked and Striped Nainsook, etc., and Dotted Swiss, etc., Special attention is called to our large stock of Hamburg Embroideries, which we sell at extremely low prices.

Clothing.

For Gents, Youths and Boys, our stock is new and perfect fitting, and guaranteed to give entire satisfaction.

The unprecedented sales in our Millinery and Fancy Goods Department have demonstrated the fact that we have the most complete and desirable goods to be had in the city. We add daily New Hats to our assortment, and invite an examination of our numerous styles before purchasing.

FOR THE SUMMER MONTHS

A. PANCOAST & SON

Offer Good Bargains in

Clothing to Order,

READY MADE CLOTHING

Of the very best Material and Style. A full and complete stock of

Fine White and Colored Shirts.

Underwear of every description, Gloves, Ties in endless varieties, Hats from the BEST to the cheapest, Traveling Caps, Trunks, Valises, etc., etc.

THE CELEBRATED STAR SHIRT ORDERED TO MEASURE AND IN STOCK.

Reduction in Prices

BY

FROST AND BRO.

In order to close out, we will sell the following articles and many similar goods at cost:

Coffee Pots, Milk Pans, Tin Toilet Sets, Tea Kettles, Stew Pans, Spittoons, Sadirons, Kegs, Well Buckets, Wash Tubs, Mirrors, Garden and Field Hoes, Spades, Axes, Drawing Knives, Hammers, Augers, Bridle Bits, Horse Brushes, Curry Combs, Hand Saws, Clocks, Saddles and Saddle Bags, Shot Guns.

Also Lamps, Silver Table Castors, Floor Mats, Market Baskets, Etc., Etc.

FROST & BRO.

L. WOLFSON'S

Great Exhibition of

Spring & Summer GOODS

Presents the Most Extensive Stock of

DRY GOODS

Of all kinds that has ever been shown here. The wants of ladies, young girls, gentlemen and boys have been in every way admirably provided for, and every taste can be satisfied. The stock of Dress Goods includes the best

Calicoes, Jaconets, Organdies, Grenadines and Mozambiques.

Ladies' and Girls' Hats, elegant and handsome, at the cheapest prices. Ladies' and Girls' Shoes and Ladies' Slippers in great variety. Gentlemen will find elegant Summer Suits at lower prices than ever offered, also Gentlemen's and Boys' Summer Hats.

Examine all and Buy the Best.

☞All will do well to inspect L. Wolfson's Spring Exhibition before buying elsewhere. L. Wolfson maintains his old established reputation as the merchant who has taken for his motto—

"Small Profits and Quick Sales."

FRANK FALK'S

MILWAUKEE BEER,

KEG BEER.

Agent, Simon Fest, sr.

A. Guenther & Co.'s

Falk's Bottle Beer.

AGENTS:

MICHAEL BROS

R. G. DUNN & CO.

Comm'n Merchants,

181 FRONT STREET, NEW YORK.

Consignments of all Texas Products solicited. Quick sales and prompt returns. Liberal advances will be made on consignments when desired.

Refer by permission to Messrs. Thomas Lockwood, Wagner & Berry and B. C. Rumsey. June 4 1y

M. STOLLE,

ARCHITECT.

Office corner of Houston and Acequia streets, in Gano's new building.

First class work guaranteed.

Daily Express.

PUBLISHED BY THE

Express Printing Company.

Friday Morning, June 6, 1879.

Ladies

Do you want a pure, blooming Complexion? If so, a few applications of Hagan's MAGNOLIA BALM will gratify you to your heart's content. It does away with Sallowness, Redness, Pimples, Blotches, and all diseases and imperfections of the skin. It overcomes the flushed appearance of heat, fatigue and excitement. It makes a clear of THIRTY apprs but TWENTY and so natural, gradual, and perfect are its effects, that it is impossible to detect its application.

Hall's

FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF

SAFES

G. STORMS, Agent,

At H. Barbeck's Store.

OLD SAFES EXCHANGED.

BUCKS

FOR SALE CHEAP.

200 Vermont Merino Bucks

—AND—

130 Southdown Bucks.

The above Bucks were owned by Babcock, Warren & Garth, and for sale on account of the death of Mr. Garth.

I have good arrangement for shearing and dipping sheep, and splendid range for holding sheep for sale, on reasonable terms. Enquire of

N. MACKEY.

Lewis Ranch, Castroville road, seven miles west of San Antonio. my29-tf

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Bell AND Bro.

We Stock in

Plated Ware — Silver and

Of Latest and most Elegant Designs.

Clocks

Of all Kinds.

Razors, Pocket and Table Knives

Of our own Importation

Celluloid Novelties,

Watches, Diamonds and Jewelry.

Spectacles a Specialty.

BELL & BRO.

SUNSET ROUTE.

Galveston, Harrisburg and San Antonio Railway Company.

The Only all Rail Route to San Antonio

TWO TRAINS DAILY EACH WAY.

ON AND AFTER MARCH 30, 1879,

Trains will run as follows:

EAST.

Leave San Antonio daily (except Sunday) at 4 30 a. m. and 4 45 p. m.

Arrive at Galveston ..... 3 10 p. m. and 3 25 a. m.

WEST.

Leave Galveston daily (except Sunday) at 4 30 a. m. and 4 45 p. m.

Arrive at San Antonio ..... 3 10 p. m. and 3 25 a. m.

Compact, Shortest, Quickest and Best Route to all points East, North and South.

Direct connections made at Houston with Houston and Texas Central, Texas and New Orleans, and Houston and Great Northern Railways; with T. & N. O. R. R.

Connections made at Houston with Houston and Texas Central, Texas and New Orleans, and Houston and Great Northern Railways; with T. & N. O. R. R.

The Only Line in Texas Running Parlor Cars and Sleeping Cars of Its Own.

Parlor cars on day trains and Sleeping cars on night trains, thereby ensuring well ventilated, comfortable, and elegant accommodations for passengers between Galveston and Houston. Route in Sleeping cars reduced to $2 00.

Through tickets at all principal National Offices in the United States and Canada. Baggage checked through.

Any further information will be cheerfully furnished by applying to E. A. ALLEN, Ticket Agent, Galveston, or T. W. PEARCE, Jr., Ticket Agent, Houston, or

T. W. PEARCE, Jr.,
Superintendent.
Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.
GENERAL OFFICES HOUSTON, TEX.

KANSAS CITY

Commercial Indicator.

A weekly publication, devoted to the dissemination of reliable commercial information relating to Kansas City and the great West. Every issue contains quotations of what is going on in the commercial world, and is a reliable guide to merchants, manufacturers, jobbers, and others in all parts of the country. It is published every Saturday morning, and is sent to any address for one year for $1 00. Specimen copy free. Address

STYE & STYER,
Kansas City, Mo.

L. F. Boettler,

Carpenter

AND

BUILDER,

Schoolcraft, Mo., Near the Grand Gulf Mills.

Store and Office Fixing a specialty. Orders promptly attended to. no-12tf

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MAX NEUENDORF,

Notary Public and Conveyancer.

Deeds, Mortgages, Leases, Bills of Sale, Powers of Attorney, Bonds, Contracts, Wills, Affidavits, Petitions, Complaints, Briefs, Transcripts, Depositions, Bills of Exchange, Notes, Accounts, Certificates, Pleadings, Bills of Lading, Manifests, Abstracts, Specifications, Agreements, Leases, Mechanics' Liens, Chattel Mortgages, Bills of Sale, Affidavits, Attachments

Daily Express.

Friday Morning, June 6, 1879.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS

TO AND FROM THE

SAN ANTONIO POSTOFFICE.

Train Mails: Houston and Galveston only—Arrives daily except Monday at 9.30 a. m. Through mails for all points north and east of Houston departs at 4 p. m. daily except Sunday. Through mails from Houston, Austin, Galveston and all points north and east arrive daily except Sunday at 9 p. m.

San Inez—Arrives Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 9 p. m. Departs Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6 a. m.

Corpus Christi—Arrives daily except Monday by 10 p. m. Departs daily except Sunday at 6 a. m.

Eagle Pass—Arrives daily by 6 p. m. Departs daily at 6 a. m.

Fredericksburg and Concho—Arrives daily by 12 m. Departs daily at 1 p. m.

Frio City—Arrives Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday by 12 m. Departs Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6 a. m.

Beeville and Helena—Arrives Wednesday and Saturday by 12 m. Departs Mon. & Thur. at 6 a. m.

Laredo—Arrives daily except Monday by 6 a. m. Departs daily except Sunday at 6 a. m.

Stockdale and Sutherland Springs—Arrives Tuesday Thursday and Saturday by 6 p. m. Departs Monday, Wednesday and Friday 8 a. m.

Through mails for Houston, Austin, Galveston and all points north and east depart daily at 6 a. m.

All mails close half an hour previous to the time of departure.

OFFICE HOURS.

Stamp, Register and Money Order Departments from 8 a. m. to 4 p. m.

General Delivery from 8 a. m. to 5. p. m.

Railroad Time Table.

THROUGH EXPRESS EAST—Daily except Sun.

Leaves San Antonio	6.30 a. m.
" Seguin	8.02 a. m.
" Luling	9.15 a. m.
" Columbus	12.35 p. m.
Arrives at Houston	5.10 p. m.
" Galveston	7.45 p. m.

THROUGH EXPRESS WEST—Daily except Sun.

Leaves Houston	9.55 a. m.
" Columbus	2.37 p. m.
" Luling	6.15 p. m.
" Seguin	7.30 p. m.
Arrives at San Antonio	9.00 p. m.

Train east connect with the Houston and Texas Central for all points east.

NIGHT TRAIN EAST—Daily except Sunday.

Leaves San Antonio	4.45 p. m.
Arrives at Houston	9.30 a. m.

NIGHT TRAIN WEST—Daily except Sunday.

Leaves Houston	5.30 p. m.
Arrives at San Antonio	9.30 a. m.

TICKET OFFICE HOURS.—From 8.30 a. m. till 2 p. m. from 7 to 8.30 p. m. Sundays 9 to 11 a. m., and 7 to 8 p. m.

N. B.—Trains run by Galveston time, which is 15 minutes faster than San Antonio time.

All Sorts of Paragraphs.

The Yale crew are said to be the tallest that ever rowed in this country.

Michigan has a compulsory education law.

The choir of one of the colored Catholic churches in Washington is considered the best at the capital.

The flowers used for decorating Queen Victoria's apartments at the British embassy in Paris on the occasions of her two recent visits there cost $3,000.

Reform is necessary. There must be more lemons and less water in this season's picnic lemonade.—Philadelphia Chronicle-Herald.

Mr. Corcoran, of Washington, has contributed $1,000 of the $6,000 yet required to complete the Lee mausoleum at Lexington, Virginia.

Twelve thousand dollars is the largest sum ever found in a single letter in the dead letter office at Washington.

President Washington sent in two veto messages, Madison six, Monroe one, Jackson nine and Tyler four.

Two men were sentenced at Limerick, Ireland, to a month's imprisonment for throwing eggs at amateur actors during a performance.

An advertisement for 500 cats appeared in a Jacksonville (Fla.) paper. They were needed to feed the largest alligator that had been caught since 1860.

A grocery in Yuma, Cal., has a pugnacious rooster, which was hatched simply by the heat of last summer's atmosphere from an egg lying in a tin can.

The first craft ever built in American waters is said to have been the Virginia, of Agadahock, Me. She was built in the winter of 1607 by the Popha expedition, at the mouth of the Sagadahoc.

Of all the millionaires San Francisco possesses, only one was worth much money before 1862—John Parrott—and he made the bulk of his in Mexico. The treasure hunters of 1849 are all poor men now.

The small bronze turbines used in the St. Gorthord tunnel, which makes 155,000,000 turns per annum, after four or five years service, required but slight repairs. Turbines of iron and steel, under the same pressure, do not last over a year.

In the south, since the war, over 200,000 negroes have joined the Methodist church.

The Ohio Sunday law exempts ferrymen, emigrants, toll-gate keepers, Seventh Day Baptists and Jews from the observance of Sunday.

Jacksonville, Florida, is rapidly growing. In 1887 it was said to have 1700 inhabitants. It now has 14,000, and more to follow.

The total revenue receipts from distilled spirits for the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1879, amounted to $50,420,815.80, from fermented liquors for the same period, $9,637,051.78, making an aggregate revenue to the national government of $60,357,867.58.

Two naval officers have invented a very simple life-saving apparatus that is most favorably regarded in official circles. It is a float reel, with life-line attached, which, when launched, will be driven to the shore, and there, from its peculiar formation, will anchor itself, and thus direct communication with the shore is obtained.

A singular phenomenon is observed at Pitcairn, St. Lawrence county. On a farm located in what is known as the "Big Swamp," which was until recently entirely composed of level or low land, small hills are gradually rising; one or two have grown to be eight or ten feet high and about twenty-five feet in width. Rocks are also upheaving all over the farm. A rumbling sound is heard and a quaking of the earth constantly felt. The farmers have become alarmed and are trying to sell out at extremely low low prices.

The police have completed a sanitary census of Baltimore for 1879, giving the aggregate population within the corporate limits of the city as 321,726, and the number of houses 32,943. The aggregate population by the police census of 1870 was 283,070, and by the police census of 1872, 302,893. The census shows the population divided into 270,905 white and 50,821 colored. This does not include any of the suburbs.

A Virginia paper says that the residence of the president of William and Mary college has lately suffered much from fire. The house was originally built in 1732, and was accidentally burned by the French troops under Lafayette, on their way to Yorktown in 1781. It was rebuilt by Louis XVI, out of his private funds, and has survived the fires that have since then so often destroyed the college. It is the only house in Virginia built by a reigning sovereign.

The grand canon of the Arkansas is nine miles in length, being the narrow winding way of a torrent through granite, the walls rising in some places to the height of 2,300 feet. This rock-bound river pathway was discovered by the Spanish missionaries as early as 1642. From that time it is not known that any animal life passed through it until the summer of 1870. Last week a train of cars on the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe railroad made the passage. Along the palisade that forms the northern boundary of the gorge, and about ten feet above the boiling waters, the engineer has carved a roadbed.

The British peers who are at present owners of race horses, and who take an active interest in horse-racing, are the dukes of Westminster and Hamilton, the marquis of Hartington, the earls of Falmouth, Rosebery, Wilton, Rosslyn, Cork, Fitzwilliam, Sefton, Strathmore, Viscount Dupplin and Lord Vivian. In 1864 the jockey club had as members twenty privy councillors, of whom seven were cabinet ministers and two had been twice prime ministers, Palmerston and Derby.

The largest wheat grower in California is Dr. H. J. Glenn, whose ranch in Colusa county embraces 60,000 acres, or about ninety-four square miles of good land, nearly all arable. He has this year 45,000 acres in wheat, which, it is estimated, will yield 900,000 bushels, worth, at 85 cents a bushel, $765,000. And yet, with failures of crops, which come about two years out of five, and the heavy interest he is paying on loans, Dr. Glenn is, perhaps, not so well off as an independent farmer who owns only 100 acres and is out of debt. Nearly all the princely farmers of Illinois of ten years ago have come to bankruptcy, and it will be a wonder if Dr. Glenn escapes that fate. Under the new constitution, the great ranch owners will have their uncultivated lands assessed at the same value as the cultivated—a provision which will force them to break up their estates and sell them out in small farms.

HIS LAST NIGHT.

The Loss Suffered by the British Soldiers in the Action of Fattehabad.

London News.

The Horse Artillery was now moved to the right, and opened on the enemy, and though causing considerable loss did not dishearten them in the least, but they still pushed on to within four hundred yards of the guns. The enemy was now well out into the open, and the order was given to the Guides and Hussars to charge. Maj. Wigram Batty immediately cut and recut his way through the enemy with his Guides, the Tenth Hussars coming up in support, and swept around the right flank. There was a fearful hand-to-hand fight. In this affray the greatest loss of the day occurred in the death of Maj. Wigram Batty. This brave young officer at the commencement of the charge received two bullets in his thigh, and still kept his seat, though bleeding profusely. His men begged of him to have his wound bound up. He replied that there was no time for that now. A little further on his horse was shot under him, received a bullet through its forehead and one in the body. Maj. Batty fell to the ground, and almost immediately a shot struck him through the left arm and entered his chest, penetrating his lungs. He expired in a very few minutes, and thus most gloriously died one of the bravest and best-beloved officers in the Indian service. His cavalry, maddened by the death of their favorite officer, rushed on the enemy and spared none. Lieut. Hamilton is supposed to have killed eight with his own hand. The execution was so effective that the Khugianis began to retire, and at last broke into a run, the horsemen chasing them for five miles and giving no quarter. Revolvers were found to be of little use. An officer of the Hussars shot a man twice, but the bullets seemed to have no effect. He therefore threw his revolver at the man, and while the man was staggering from the blow cut him down with his sabre. A very narrow escape occurred to Capt. Holmes, of the Forty-fifth Sikhs. A ball rebounded from a rock on to his revolver attached to his belt, glanced off into his watch pocket, destroying the works of his repeater, but, not penetrating the outer case, and fell into his pocket. This is the second time this officer has had a lucky escape, being also wounded slightly in the Bazaar Valley. The enemy's loss is estimated at over 400 killed and several hundred wounded, while on our side the casualities were not over forty, the Guides suffering the most killed and wounded.

Man's Destiny.

It is a man's destiny still to be longing after something; and thus the gratification of one set of wishes but prepares the unsatisfied soul for the conception of another.

The child of a year old wants but little food and sleep; and no sooner is he supplied with a sufficient allowance of either of these excellent things than he begins whimpering or yelling, it may be, for the other.

At three, the young urchin becomes enamored of sugar plums, apples, pies and confectionery.

At six, imagination runs on kites, marbles and tops, and an abundance of playtime.

At ten, the boy wants to leave school, and have nothing to do but go bird-nesting.

At fifteen, he wants a beard, and a watch and a pair of boots.

At twenty, he wishes to cut a figure and ride horses; sometimes his thirst for display breaks out in dandyism, and sometimes in poetry. He wants badly to be in love, and takes it for granted that all the ladies are dying for him.

The young man of twenty-five wants a wife; and at thirty he longs to be single again.

From thirty to forty he wants to be rich, and thinks more of making money than spending it. About this time, also, he dabbles in politics and wants office.

At fifty, he wants excellent dinners and capital wine, and considers a nap in the afternoon indispensable.

The respectable old gentleman of sixty wants to retire from business with a snug independence of three or four hundred thousand; to marry off his daughters, set up his sons, and live in the country, and then for the rest of his days, he wants to be young again.

A Former Slave's Devotion to her Old Mistress.

Columbus (Ga.) Enquirer, 21.

We are told of a noble instance of devotion of a colored woman for her former mistress. Mrs. Elizabeth Rogers, aged 73, died yesterday. In ante-bellum days she who was well-to-do, and owned a number of slaves; but as thousands of others lost her all by the war. Among the slaves were a family of negroes whom Mrs. Rodgers raised as she would her own children, and they were very much attached to her. The case of devotion which was told us was one of this family, Laura Mitchell, who is well known in our city as a nurse. At present she is in the employ of Mr. C. E. Hochstrasser, and is a faithful servant. For fourteen long years Laura has supported her old mistress. Her wages rarely amounted to more than ten dollars a month, and she has always given the whole to Mrs. Rogers. When in need of money herself she would go to the old mistress and see if she could spare it. The dying charge of Laura's mother was "care for old missus," and faithfully she has done her duty. Laura employed a girl to wait upon Mrs. Rogers, as she could not do that duty herself, which there's not a doubt would have been more than a pleasure. At the news of her death Laura was overwhelmed with grief, and not, as would be supposed, glad she had got rid of an incumbrance. In this light he was never looked upon, but with the tenderst love a child could possess for a mother the old lady's wants were administered to by this colored woman. Not only did Laura purchase the coffin and bear the funeral expenses, but she had a photographer go to the house and take a photograph of her old mistress.

Grandfather Lickshingle.

Grandfather Lickshingle threw down the paper yesterday in disgust, and exclaimed:

"It makes me sick, by gracious; it makes me sick!"

"What makes you sick, grandfather," asked James.

"Why, here's another woman runs away with his employer's daughter.

"It is certainly too bad," said James.

"And they got married the minute they are out of sight of her father's house."

"The poor, silly thing."

"Well, I should say 'the poor, silly thing!' I should also say the up-head, the shallow-pate, the crazy, crack-brained imbecile," continued grandfather, in a towering rage.

"The poor creatures are just from boarding-school," said James, "with their heads full of romantic—".

"Who's just from boarding-school?" yelled grandfather.

"The poor silly girls are.

"Who's talkin' about girls?" yelled the old man, a little more savagely than before. "It's the coachman I'm a-hittin' at. If I had a son, an' he was a good coachman, an' he would disgrace himself by runnin' away with his employer's giddy daughter, I'd spend my pension money in riotous livin', an' I wouldn't leave him one red cent to rub against another. Now you hear your old grandfather quote Shakespeare."

One of the Beauties.

Boston Post.

Here is one of the beauties of the present protective tariff. Quinine, which is indispensable as a remedy for diseases particularly prevalent in this country, is protected to the extent of $720,000 a year for the benefit of two firms in Philadelphia who monopolize the trade, and each of whom is said to be worth $10,000,000. This is a bitter commentary on legislation and humanity.

Hon. John W. Daniel, of the legislature, has been writing for the papers on the subject of the statehood. He figures out the total amount of revenue for one year $9,726,820.34.

After Kearney.

It is not long ago that the San Francisco Chronicle and Denis Kearney were warmly fraternizing in support of the new constitution, but since the election they have had a falling out over the prospective spoils of victory and are now pulling widely apart. As a sample of the love that exists between them, read the following language which the man of the Chronicle puts into the mouth of the redoubtable Denis:

I'm a workingman. I work with my jaw. I've got a greater mission than ——. These —— —— bummers, these honorable bilks, these hell-hound villains, must go. The Chinese must go. The blatant blatherskites that hop clods in the country must go. The —— —— democrats and the —— ——republicans must go. Everybody must go. The honorable bilks that helped with the late election must go. By ——, I want everybody but myself to go. I'll run this thing, by ——, and I'll make it hotter than the hinges of hell for these —— political polecats and lecherous skunks. When everybody goes but me I'll stay here, by ——, till hell freezes over, by ——, and then I'll slide around on the ice. I'm the tall kangaroo of the golden shores, by ——. I defy the hell-cooked cormorants. I can get all the speeches I want, by ——. I only pay two dollars and a half apiece for them, and I can raise that much money in five minutes on the sand lots any day. We'll elect our own men to office, by ——, and if they don't walk pretty straight we'll shut off their wind. We'll serve them the way we did Bones. We told him we'd hang him, and didn't we do it? Hemp! hem!! hemp!!! A generation hence some curious traveler will stumble on a crumbling tombstone in yonder cemetery, by ——, and there he will read these words, by ——: "Here lies Denis Kearney, by ——, who was formerly a drayman, by ——, but he quit working for a living, by ——, and went to attending to everybody else's business but his own, by ——. He died in his last victorious charge from an over dose of four-bit pieces." Now, by ——, you know, by ——, who Denis Kearney, by ——, is, by ——; and don't you forget it, by ——. You hear me, by ——

——————————!!

The Jaded Head.

Scientific American.

One of the first and most imperative symptoms that the strain of living is becoming too great is the jaded head, which Dr. Agnew described as one that cannot be depended upon for a long stretch of work, that grows weary prematurely, that has to be coaxed from the pillow in the morning, and that does not face the work of the day cheerfully. "There are more of such heads that might be supposed. They are found in every rank of life; but chiefly among persons of sedentary pursuits and among both sexes and almost all ages above 14. Generally, the early symptoms of the malady is discomfort during headwork in the back of the head and in the upper part of the spinal region. He is a happy man who meets this symptom with rest, and seeks in sunlight and fresh air some fresh investment for his nervous system, and drops every habit that does not do him positive good. If he takes to artificial stimulants for relief, he will begin a career which, soon or later, will place him among the incurables or bring him to an untimely end. Alcohol and all sleep-producing drugs are dangerous in the highest degree; for they mask the malady without curing it. No organ in the human body is so abused as the brain, and no organ is so well fitted for daily use. Still, the brain is not so susceptible of disease as some suppose. It was probable there was not a man present who had not during the day abused his brain by overwork, anger, tobacco, alcohol, fuss, hurry, too little sleep, too much sleep, by indolence, by not studying to be quiet, by not doing his own business, by attempting to do something beyond his reach, by attempting to do something for which he had not been sufficiently educated, by carrying an evil conscience or by the unmanly strain of trying to outdo his neighbor. The remedy of the jaded head is the giving up of all habits which cannot be defended by the highest kind of reasoning; the careful determining of each man of his ability to stand work; the avoidance of doing anything for which a man has no adequate education; rest, recreation and the keeping up of the tissue-building powers by wholesome food."

How to Revive Young Trees.

Country Gentleman.

When young trees have been out of the ground a few days, either in transit from the nursery or otherwise, and not properly cared for, the bark becomes shrunken, and although the roots may be in tolerably good condition, there is great danger that the tree may die after it is planted. Especially is this the case with peach trees. This may be prevented by burying the whole tree a few days. To do this, a trench as wide as the tree is high, and about 8 inches deep at one side and 16 inches deep at the other, and long enough to hold all the tree to be buried when laid in the trench five or six trees on the top of one another. Lay the trees in the trench with the roots at the deep side of, it laying them straight and packing them close together, but do not pile them up above the ground. Now cover the trees, tops and roots, 12 to 15 inches with earth. If the ground is very dry, a few few buckets of water should be sprinkled over the earth after the trees are buried. In four or five days they must be taken out and transplanted immediately, being careful to cut back the tops. I have known trees thus buried, when taken from the pit to look as fresh as when dug at the nursery, and with proper care, never knew one of them to die.

Fashionable London.

Fashionable London spreads itself over a wide area. For instance, Mr. Gladstone and Col. Stanley (secretary for war) live in streets distant as much as three miles from very fashionable localities. No people, however, "in society" live east of the Regent's circus, Oxford street, and none except the arbishop of Canterbury south of the Thames. Grosvenor square and parts adjacent continue to be just as much in request as ever. No house in that district is ever more than a few weeks vacant. Nearly all Grosvenor square has been rebuilt since 1850; but the same families in many instances occupy the sites they did one hundred years ago. As nearly all London streets at the West End are macadamized, long distances are rapidly traversed in cab or carriage, but the former vehicle has often to make a detour, inasmuch as it is tabooed in Hyde park. One reason why lodgings are so cheap there is that it is the fashion for shopkeepers (who always have a private door) to rent some of their rooms, and people of the best class occupy them. In Pall Mall and its neighborhood members of parliament, etc., are found living in such rooms. They breakfast at their lodgings or at a club, but rarely dine in the former.

The Confederate States Seal.

Charleston (S. C.) News, May 28.

The use of the seal of the Confederate States as the design for one of the plates of the Confederate monument in Magnolia has elicited some interesting information regarding it from a correspondent. The seal was made in England, and received by the Government only a short time before the close of the war, having been only used upon a few documents previous to the withdrawal of the Cabinet and Government offices from Richmond. It was not destroyed or thrown into the Savannah River, as has been generally believed, but was preserved, and now is in the possession of a Confederate soldier.

It now appears that the deficiency appropriations for sheriffs, clerks and attorneys fees will not be sufficient. The appropriation was $200,000, including the amount due for transportation of convicts, and accounts amounting to $240,000 have been filed, and about $50,000 is held by bankers.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

Market Reports by Telegraph.

MONEY, STOCKS AND BONDS.

New York, June 3.—Money easy 3@3½; exchange steady 487¼@487¾; governments steady; new 5's 103¾; 4½'s 108⅝; 4's 107¼.

New Orleans, June 3.—Night N prem; sterling bank 488½; consols 41⅛@41¼.

COTTON MARKETS.

Galveston, June 1.—Cotton—receipts 105 bales; exports none; sales 65; stock 5,459. Market firm; middling 12½c; low middling 12c; good ordinary 11¼c.

Liverpool, June 5, noon.—Cotton easier; middling uplands 7⅝d; Orleans 7 3-16d; sales 8,000 bales; speculation and export 1,000; receipts 2,000; American 2,100; futures opened partially ½d cheaper, but afterwards some points of it recovered; uplands l. m. c. June delivery 7 1-32@7d; June and July 7d@7 1-32d; July and August 6⅞c; 6 31-32c; 6 15-32d; August and September 7 1-32d; 6 29-32d; September and October 7 5-32@7 5-64d; November 6⅞d.

1:30 p. m.—Middling uplands 7⅝d; Orleans 7½d; low middling uplands 6 13-16d; good ordinary 6 11-16d; ordinary 6¼d.

Liverpool, June 5, 4 p. m.—Sales American 6,500 bales; uplands l. m. c. July and August delivery 7 1-16d; August and September 7⅛d; September and October 7 5-32d.

New Orleans, June 3.—Cotton—easy, sales 400 bales; ordinary 11¼c; good ordinary 12 c; low middling 12½c; middling 12¾c; good middling 13c; middling fair 13½c; receipts net 64; gross 67; no exports; stock 48,312.

New York, June 3.—Cotton—no net receipts; gross none; futures closed steady; sales 115,600; July 12.99@12.94; July 13.17; August 13.35@13.36; September 13.00@13.01; October 12.10@12.11; November 11.33@11.35; December 11.41@11.43; January 11.49@11.46.

New York, June 3.—Cotton—dull; sales 229 bales; middling uplands 12½; Orleans 13½; consolidated net receipts 7,044; exports Great Britain 2,903; France 126.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

New Orleans, June 3.—Flour—quiet and firm; superfine $4.00; XX $4.50@5.00; XXX $5.25@5.75; higher grades $5.50@7¼. Corn—in fair demand at 36@38c. Oats—dull and lower at 41@42c. Pork—firmer at $11.00. Lard—steady; tierce 6⅝@6¾c; keg 7¼@7½c. Dry salt meats—quiet and firm; shoulders loose $3.62½; packed $3.75; clear rib $5.00; clear $5.25. Bacon—firmer; shoulders 4½@4¾c; clear rib 5½c; clear sides 5¾c. Hams—choice sugar-cured canvassed 7@8½c, as in size. Whisky—steady; western $1.05@1.10. Coffee—quiet; rather ordinary to prime 10¾@14½c; jobbing lots 14¾c. Sugar—good demand at full prices; common to good common 5⅛@5½c; fair to fully fair 6⅛@6½c; prime to choice 6¾@6¾c; yellow clarified 6⅞@7½c. Molasses—nominally unchanged; fermenting 28@30c; common 25@30c; fair 30@35; primeto choice 32@35c. Rice—firm; ordinary to choice Louisiana 6¼@7¼c. Wheat—nominal.

St. Louis, June 3.—Flour—dull and lower, grades have declined; double extra fall $4.00@4.50; treble $4.75@4.90; family $5.15@5.40; choice to fancy $5.50@6.00. Wheat—lower; No 2 red fall 1.12⅝@1.12¾ cash; $1.12⅝@1.12¾ June; $1.02⅝@1.03⅛ July; $1.00⅞ August; No 3 do. $1.09@1.09½; No. 2 spring 90c. Corn—better; No 2 mixed 33⅞c cash; 33⅞c June; 33⅛@33c July; 30½c August; 33⅛@33½c September. Oats—lower at 30c cash; 30⅛c July. Whisky—steady at $1.02. Pork—dull and quiet at $9.90@9.95. Lard—steady at $6.00. Bulk meats—dull and nominal; clear ribs $4.53@4.60; clear sides $4.70@4.75. Bacon—dull; clear ribs $5.10 cash; $5.30@5.45 August; clear sides $5.25@5.37½.

New York, June 3.—Wheat—without decided change; winter ¼c better, closing lower; ungraded winter red $1.08@1.20; No. 2 do. $1.11@1.11½; No 1 do $1.16. Corn—quiet; Rio in cargoes quoted 13@14½c; in job lots 14½@15½c. Sugar—quiet and unchanged; centrifugal 7⅛@7 3-16c; Cuba muscovado 6 3-16c; fair to good refining quoted at 6 3-16@6 7-16; prime 6⅝@6¾c; refined fair request and steady.

Chicago, June 3.—Wheat—good demand and a shade higher; No. 2 Chicago spring $1.02⅞@1.03 cash; $1.00 July; 99⅞@99⅞c August; No. 3 do $1.00⅞c, rejected 69½c, close wheat firmer and not quotably higher.

Kansas City, June 3.—Wheat—No. 2 spot one car sold $1.06; No. 3 spot five cars at $1.02. Bacon—clear $5.3½; rib $5.25; long $5.12½.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Kansas City, June 3.—Corn-fed Texas steers $3.00@4.00; grass wintered $2.75@3.25.

Daily Review of the San Antonio Market.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY & WEEKLY EXPRESS, Thursday, June 5, 1879.

Both the local and general country trade continues very brisk and in wool the activity is only curtailed by the light supply. The demand exists unabated, but the receipts are quite limited and are eagerly bought up on arrival. The G. W. Bond clip consisting of twelve hundred pounds of No. 1 grade arrived to-day and was bought immediately at 23c. A number of our buyers or their agents have gone into the country and are purchasing such lots as are offered which will be brought to this city and used in filling the large orders now held here.

The last number of the New York Economist, in the course of its review of the wool market, says:

"The new clip of Texas is coming in fine condition this season; it is of good staple and light shrink, and some combing wools can be obtained from it. It will probably produce 15 per cent. more scoured wool than California, and for this and other reasons it must command the attention of manufacturers. Besides its light shrink qualities it is much cheaper in price than California wools, the finest grades selling at 24@25c per lb, which in no wise will cause the scoured pound to exceed 55@62½c for the finest descriptions.

"This accounts for the great excitement among buyers and sellers now in Texas, and unless a halt is commanded very soon these wools too will be soon above the price of a XX Ohio but a short while ago. It is hardly any use to try and quote prices now, for go where you will, excitement has turned the head of all dealers. We have tried our best to be conservative so long as we could, until, as a commercial journalist, our duty is clear to post the trade and deal with facts. In the streets of St. Louis wool could be secured a fortnight ago at 21@22c, which is now worth 25@26c. In Kentucky they have also caught the speculative contagion, until prices have been forced up to 29½c, and now to 31@33c, without apparently appeasing the wild madness of those who started out in search of the golden fleeces."

Hides are active and show a strong rising tendency. To-day's receipts included, besides the usual country lots, 289 Mexican hides of heavy average by B. Oppenheimer & Co., and were afterwards sold at sealed bids for 14 1-10c, as they ran. Messrs. Wulfing & Labatt also received 170 Mexican hides from Eagle Pass. These will be placed on the market to-morrow, together with yesterday's receipts by the same firm.

Grain is strong and advancing, or corn is. The supply of corn to-day was very light, and the demand active with small receipts. Oats are unchanged. Corn meal is a scarce article and has advanced in price with corn. Bran is firm at our quotations and wheat is unchanged. A number of car loads of corn are expected in a few days when the present advance may be checked.

Cotton is unchanged. The receipts are merely nominal.

Country produce is in good supply, except eggs, and fruit is in much larger supply at cheaper prices.

FINANCIAL.

Coin Exchange—	Buying	Selling
Gold Coin	100	100½
Silver Coin	90½	100.
Mexican Dollars	87	88.
Mexican Halves	40	....
Mexican Quarters	20	....
New York Exchange, bankers	¼ dis.	¼ prem.
New Orleans Exchange	¼ dis.	¼ prem.
Galveston Exchange	¼ dis.	¼ prem.
St. Louis Exchange	¼ dis.	¼ prem.
MONEY—		
Bank discounts, good paper		12@18.
Outside discounts, good paper	18@12	24c
Improved real estate securities		12@
GAS CITY IMPROVEMENTS—		
Bonds		par b
COTTON—		
Middling		12½
Low Ordinary and trash		10½
Good Ordinary		9½
Ordinary		9
Low middling		11@11½
HIDES—		
Stamps, heavy weight, 20 lbs. and over		14@15
Mexican, light weight, 15 to 20 lbs		12@13
Butchers, selected, 20 pounds and over		14@15
Butchers, light 15 to 20 lbs		12@ 13
Country, selected, 20 pounds and over		12@14
Country, light, 15 to 20 pounds		12@13
Bulls, Calves and damaged		11@13
Kips, 8 to 15 pounds		10@12
Bulls, calves and damaged	5	@ 6
Deer	13	@15
Goat, selected	19	@21
Goat, damaged	11	@13
Kid		@15
WOOL—		
Extra or fine		22@25
No. 1 or prime medium		17@20
No. 2 or medium		14@17
Mexican and Mexican improved		12@14
BAGGING—		
Wool sacks		Shiftless
Grain bags, two bushels capacity		16
California bag		20
Cotton bagging		....
LUMBER—		
Texas pine, rough per M	8	25
" dressed on one side, per M		30
" " both sides, per M		35
" " flooring, per M		40
White pine siding, clear		35
" " second clear		34
Florida pine, dressed, per foot		4½@5c
" " flooring, do		....
Lathe, white pine, per M	4.00	
" Texas pine, "	3.25	
MARKET PRICES—		
Beef		6@8c
Veal		7@8c
Mutton		6c
Pork		8c
Tripe		4c
Sausage		10@12c
Turkey		20@25c
Wild Turkeys, hens		20@25c
" " gobblers		25@30c
Chickens, retail		20c
" wholesale, per doz	$1.50	to 2.00
Hens per dozen		250@300
Ducks		250@300
Rabbits		10c
Quail, per dozen		60c
Venison, hindquarters per pound		6@7c
" forequarters per pound		3c
GRAIN—		
Wheat		75@87.50
Corn		35@35.10
Oats		40@45

New Advertisements.

AGENTS WANTED for the Best and Fastest-selling Pictorial Books and Bibles. Prices reduced 33 per cent. National Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

$25 to $5000—Judiciously invested in Wall St., lays the foundation for substantial fortunes every week, and pays an immense percentage of profits by the New Capitalization System of operating in Stocks. Full explanation on application to Adams, Brown & Co., Bankers, 26 Broad street, New York.

DEAR SIR: Please write for large illustrated Catalogue of Rifles, Shotguns, Revolvers. Address Great Western Gun Works, Pittsburg, Pa.

BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTER. See that each Plaster has the word CAPCINE cut through it, and insist on having no other. Ask your own Physician as to its merits over all others.

NEW RICH BLOOD! Persons Purgative Pills make New Rich Blood, and will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any person who will take one pill each night from 1 to 12 weeks may be restored to sound health, if such a thing be possible. Sent by mail for eight letter stamps.

I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Bangor, Me.

WILL BUY AT FAIR RATES
Endowment Life Insurance POLICIES,
Not Payable in Event of Death to Children.
Give name of company, number and when due. W. D. Hubbard, Stock and Note Broker, Hartford, Ct.

GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.
Newspaper Advertising Bureau.
For Ten Cents: One hundred page Pamphlet with Lists of Newspapers and Advertising Rates.
For Ten Dollars: Four lines inserted one week in Three Hundred and Fifty Newspapers.

10 Spruce St. N. Y.

MASQUERADE TORN OFF — **TREMENDOUS SALES.**
T. De Witt Talmage. Containing Forty-Chapters in Dr. Talmage's strongest—descriptive powers, sparkling with graceful images and illustrative anecdotes, and are his best efforts in his earnest, aggressive and successful waging warfare on the "FORMS OF SOCIETY." One large octavo volume of 638 pages—66 elegant illustrations. Price $2.00.
Agents Wanted! Send for full particulars and be convinced that this is the most valuable book in the market; or, to save time, send 25 cents of once for Canvassing Book and state your choice of territories. Address, N. D. THOMPSON & CO., Pub., St. Louis, Mo.

FINE Furniture
Just Received AT P. MAUREAUX'S
No. 49 Commerce St. San Antonio.
The finest and most completely finished suite of Furniture ever received in this city is now on exhibition at my store.
My present shipment of new furniture is the largest and most costly I have ever purchased.
In Prices and quality of goods, I defy competition.
Moss, Shuck and Spring Mattresses, best in Market, always on hand.
Call and enquire my prices before making purchases.
Furniture made and repaired. Have Sewing Machines always on hand.
PAUL MAUREAUX, 49 Commerce Street
Jan14,dwtf

CHAMPION FLY-TRAP,
THE BEST AND CHEAPEST.
Also Hocking and Canary Bird Cages for Sale at Wholesale and Retail by
L. Huth & Son, Market Street.

Business Cards.

SAN ANTONIO, **Business Guide.**

ARCHITECTS.
ALFRED GUILB, Architect, office Soledad street, next to Courthouse, Room 1.

ACCOUNTANTS, ETC.
A. GILBERT FOSTER, accountant, collector, general produce and house renting agent, 32 Commerce street, San Antonio, Texas, will give prompt attention to any business placed in his hands.

ATTORNEYS.
WESLEY OWEN and Chas. W. Ogden, Attorneys-at-Law, San Antonio, Texas. Will give prompt attention to all professional business placed in their hand

BANKERS.
BENNETT & Lockwood, Bankers and dealers in Exchange, Bullion and Government securities. Collections solicited on all points in Texas. Telegraphic transfers made.

INSURANCE
T. F. BRADY, General Insurance Agent, Life, Fire and Marine. Office, No. 19 Commerce Street, upstairs.

BOOK-BINDERS
R. GERSBMANN, Bookbinder, North Acequia street San Antonio, Texas. Does all kinds of book and pamphlet binding at reasonable rates.

DENTISTS.
DRS. CREWS & SON, Dentists, successors to Dr. W. G. Kingsbury. Office at 28 Commerce Street, San Antonio, Texas. Dental operations performed in the best manner known to the profession for durability, painlessness and despatch.

HOTELS.
MENGER Hotel, Mrs. W. A. Menger Proprietress, Alamo Plaza, San Antonio, Texas.

JEWELERS.
C. F. KLEINE, Watchmaker and Jeweler, Commerce Street, opposite Bennett & Lockwood's Bank.
BELL & BROS., No. 11 Commerce street, Dealers in Watches, Clocks, Silver Table Ware and Spectacles, Fancy Goods, etc.

PHOTOGRAPHERS.
FORBES & Jacobson, Photographers, 64 Commerce st. All work warranted. Copying from old pictures done. Stereoscopic views of San Antonio and vicinity.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

Bryan Callaghan,
LAWYER,
Practices in all the courts. Office—corner of Houston and Soledad streets, San Antonio, Tex. may18 tf

D. C. ROBINSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office: Room No. 3, Judge Devine's Building, Soledad Street, San Antonio, Texas

BELCHER & RING,
Attorneys
AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
Office corner of Houston and Soledad streets. apr18tf

THOS. G. PRAY,
ATTORNEY,
SOLICITOR AND COUNSELOR.
Office over Bennett, Thornton & Lockwood's Bank jan1-3m San Antonio, Texas.

JOHN R. SHOOK. ALBERT DITTMAR.
Shook & Dittmar
LAWYERS,
OFFICE—No. 38 Commerce Street.
P. O. Lock Box 388. SAN ANTONIO, TEX
Will practice in the District and Supreme Courts.

RUSSELL HOWARD. T. S. HARRISON.
HOWARD & HARRISON,
Attorneys-at-Law,
Room No. 3, Devine's New Building, Soledad street, aprdtw-tf North of Courthouse.

T. J. & T. N. DEVINE,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
SAN ANTONIO, TEX.
Office—Rooms Nos. 7 and 8 Devine's Building, north of Court house. nov16 dtf

UNPRECEDENTED ATTRACTION!
Over Half a Million Distributed.
Louisiana State Lottery Co.
This institution was regularly incorporated by the Legislature of the State for Educational and Charitable purposes in 1868, with a capital of $1,000,000, to which it has since added a reserve fund of $350,000. Its Grand Single Number Drawings will take place monthly. It never scales or postpones. Look at the following distribution:
GRAND PROMENADE CONCERT
during which will take place the extraordinary
Semi-Annual Drawing
At New Orleans, Tuesday, June 17.
Under the personal supervision and management of
Gen. G. T

Daily Express.

Friday Morning, June 6, 1879.

Meteorological.

Daily Bulletin—Signal Service U. S. Army, division of Telegrams and reports for the benefit of commerce and agriculture.

Observations recorded at 3 P. M. June 5.

Locality.	Bar.	Ther	Wind	Rain	Weather.
San Antonio	29.85	.87	SE	.....	clear
Eagle Pass	29.82	.90	S	.....	clear
Brazos	29.85	.91	SE	.....	clear
Gill	29.76	.92	SE	.....	clear
Mason	29.99	.88	NE	.....	hazy
Stockton	29.97	.92	NE	.....	fair
Davis	29.13	.88	NE	.....	hazy

Weather Indications for To-Day.

WASHINGTON, June 5.—Indications for the West Gulf States: Lower or nearly stationary pressure, southeasterly winds, slightly warm and clear, and partly cloudy weather.

LOCAL NEWS AND GOSSIP.

—Rye and rock at Walker's.

—Regain health at Sutherland Springs.

—Price A. L. Wood's embroideries.

—Get your Milk Punches at Walker's.

—W. W. Herron, attorney-at-law and notary public. Office in the Devine building, Soledad street.

Gents' night shirts at A. L. Wood's.

—Dr. J. E. Breeding, dentist, from Bowling Green, Ky., comes to San Antonio to locate. Has had nineteen years' practice, and can furnish good references. Office over Rische's cigar store, Commerce street.

—A great reduction in rates to the east via the I. & G. N. Lone Star route.

—There is no better remedy than Reed's Gilt Edge Tonic for dyspepsia and indigestion. For sale by Michael Bros.

—Wax-flower materials and artists' tool and materials at Muller' paint store. tf

—All diseases arising from a disordered stomach yield at once to Reed's Gilt Edge Tonic.

—Reed's Gilt Edge Tonic purifies the blood, restores the appetite and stimulates the digestion. For sale by Michael Bros.

—Ayer's pills contain no mercury or mineral, but are effectual to cure.

—Nothing can compare with Reed's Gilt Edge Tonic for billious and malarial fevers. For sale by Michael Bros.

—Reed's Gilt Edge Tonic cures indigestion and all disorders of the stomach. For sale by Michael Bros.

—Stop at the Central at $1 a day and save a dollar. Free wagon yard.

—The queen's admiral smokes, and so do his sisters and his cousins and his aunts, and recommend everybody to buy Blackman's pure smoking tobacco. Sold everywhere.

—First capital prize in June drawing of Louisiana State lottery, $100,000; second, $50,000; third, $20,000. Under immediate supervision of Gen'l G. T. Beauregard and Gen'l Jubal A. Early.

—Several good waiters can find employment by applying at once at the Menger hotel. je6-3t.

—New goods on A. L. Wood's 5-cent counter.

—Grand extraordinary drawing Louisiana State single number lottery will take place June 17th, 1879. $522,500 to be distributed in prizes.

—To give tone to the stomach and stimulate digestion there is nothing like Reed's Gilt Edge Tonic. For sale by Michael Bros.

—Just received, another shipment of Burdett's sour well water at the agency, Walker's Exchange, No. 20 Main street. Also, three barrels Sutherland Springs sour water, sold at 5c a glass or 50c a gallon.

—The Messrs. Hart Bro.'s, always introducing novel advertisements, have just received toilet soaps neatly put up, three cakes in a box, with their name and business moulded on them in very neat and attractive style. je6-3t

—Prizes paid promptly on presentation of tickets, and no discount in the drawing of Louisiana State lottery.

—A great reduction in rates to the east via the I. & G. N. Lone Star route.

—Erastus Reed sells new furniture of late styles just as cheap as you can buy second-hand furniture.

—The best and purest medicine in the market for fever and ague is Reed's Gilt Edge Tonic. For sale by Michael Bros.

—J. & T. Brady set an excellent lunch for their patrons every morning from 10 to 12. A first-class restaurant is attached to the saloon. Meals furnished at all hours.

—Just received by J. & T. Brady twenty barrels of the celebrated McBrayer whisky, direct from warehouse.

—El Paso onions, wholesale and retail, at Railway & Co.'s.

—Free wagon yards to patrons of the Central. The only hotel in the city at $1 a day.

—Wanted—Partner with about $150 capital in a profitable business. Address box 497, postoffice. june5-3t

—Justice Walters, of the Post Oaks, states that it was with great difficulty that the Poles of his immediate section were prevented from hanging the young man Ethridge arrested a few days ago and imprisoned on the charge of rape.

—Dr. Fisher, Homœopathic physician, office over D. & A. Oppenheimer's. Prompt attention to professional calls.

—As a safe and pleasant invigorant Reed's Gilt Edge Tonic suits ladies in delicate health. For sale by Michael Bros.

—The discovery of the circulation of the blood was an important event in the history of medicine; but if the blood be full of impurities, its circulation, which Providence intended as a blessing, proves a bane. Hence we should cleanse the blood with Rosadalis, the great Southern Remedy.

—Warm again.

—Nights still cool.

—Three hundred sacks of coffee just received by R. Grenet. See advertisement.

—Quite a large party of ladies and gentlemen were out horseback riding last evening.

—The local cold water army had a pleasant picnic at San Pedro springs last night.

—Mr. R. H. Neal, alderman elect from the first ward, took the oath of office and qualified yesterday.

—The congregation of Trinity Methodist church will have a social at the residence of Dr. J. R. Chase, on avenue C, this evening.

—Dosch & Rische's new building, or addition, is almost completed. The contractors have done quick and good work.

—That Lipan Indian, bedecked in all manner of gew-gaws and finnicks, was the great attraction upon the streets yesterday.

—Thanks for an invitation to a musical entertainment, to be given by Prof. Kotzenburger's singing classes and pupils, at Kriesh's hall, Saturday evening.

—The county collector has been engaged for several days past selling property, though the attendance upon the sales has been exceedingly small. This is because they have not been properly advertised. Some say that the sales which are being made are not legal, and for this and other reasons there is little interest taken even among those who happen to be posted.

The San Houston Mine.

Our reporter yesterday met Mr. C. C. Clamp, of Llano county, who is on his first visit to San Antonio. Mr. Clamp states that the mining interests of Llano are looming up rapidly. The San Houston mine, under the direction of Messrs. Tierney, Haynie and others has now reached a depth of one hundred and twenty feet, and a pocket of ore has been discovered which gives the greatest cheer to those managing the enterprise. The ore found in this pocket yields $120 to the ton, and is now paying, though the extent of the pocket is not fully known. An additional number of hands will be put to work on the mine in a few days with a view to its early development.

MORE OF THE MURDER OF COLSON'S FAMILY.

How the Reds did their Work—Where They Came From and Where They Went.

Our reporter yesterday met a gentleman from Fort Clark who was present at the time the killing of Mrs. Colson and her two little girls was first reported. Nic Colson is an old frontiersman, and formerly resided in Menard county, where the red man a couple of years ago outraged and robbed his family. He removed thence to a location near Kickapoo springs, about thirty-five or forty miles north of Fort Clark, on what is known as the Cedar Fork of the Nueces, and adjacent to a large cedar brake. The locality was a fine one, and Colson thought that here he would be safe. But he was mistaken, for only a year ago the red villains came upon one of his sons, a promising boy of seventeen years, and killed him. Still, the adventurousness man remained at the same place, and when a company of rangers was stationed in his vicinity he concluded that protection would be afforded him and that his future prospects were brightening, and promised better than the past. But, after the action of the recent legislature, which virtually disbanded the state troops organization, he felt again that his life hung as by a thread and that his home might at any hour be fallen upon by Indians and robbed of its jewels. And he has not been mistaken. While away from home last Sunday, his wife and two little daughters went down to a spring hard by to get some water, and before they could reach the house they were rushed upon by a large band of Indians. One of the little girls ran and was shot to death with arrows, when the blood-thirsty reds dismounted and made a direct assault upon Mrs. Colson and her other child. The woman was outraged by the villains and then shot through and through with arrows, while the second little girl was caught and her brains beaten out with a cedar rail. The arrows which pierced Mrs. Colson's body, three in number, were brought to Fort Clark, or Brackett, and exhibited at Quintel's boarding house. They were bloody from end to end.

The Indians, after perpetrating the outrage, left on the same trail which was taken by a band which raided through the same section about a year ago, when Colson's son was killed—that is, between Pecan springs and Beaver lake. Their number is not known, but the band is a strong one. Its course was northeastward toward the settlements, and the supposition is that these reds are now within eighty or a hundred miles of San Antonio. On the former occasion, they came down through several counties west of this place, marking their course by rapine and murder.

This band of Indians is undoubtedly from Fort Stanton, New Mexico, and of the Comanche tribe. Some time ago, it will be remembered, Lt. Bullis scouted so far westward on a trail as to settle the question that the Staunton Indians do make raids into Texas.

Farmers and stock men in Menard, Kerr, Uvalde, Kinney and Frio counties are busily engaged, since the receipt of this news, in gathering their horses and mules and corraling them for safety's sake.

Department Notes.

In the cases of Charles Dennis, late private Co. D, 10th cavalry, (general court martial orders No. 11, current series, from headquarters,) and John Brown, late saddler Co. M, 10th cavalry, (general court martial orders No. 16, current series, from these headquarters,) the Kansas state penitentiary, Leavenworth city, Kansas, having been designated as the place for the execution of so much of their sentences as relates to confinement, (paragraph III, special orders No. 75, current series, headquarters of the army, and telegraphic instructions from headquarters of the army, of 3d inst.,) the commanding officer post of San Antonio, will forward them to their destination, at the same time the prisoners mentioned in paragraph V, special orders No. 115, current series, from headquarters, are forwarded.

The Leavenworth military prison having been designated as the place of confinement in the case of Robert Falconer, late private Co. A, 20th infantry, the commanding officer post of San Antonio, will cause him to be forwarded with the prisoners directed in paragraph V, special orders No. 115, current series, from headquarters.

The commanding officer Fort Davis, will send Andrew Smith, late private Co. I, 25th infantry, Charles Ewings, late private Co. K, 10th cavalry, John Bell, late private Co. I, 25th infantry, and Thomas West, late private Co. H, 10th cavalry, to the post of San Antonio, to be reported to the commanding officer thereof, who will hold them until further orders from headquarters.

The commanding officer Fort Duncan, will send Charles Harris, late private Co. A, 24th infantry, to Fort Clark, and, on his arrival, the commanding officer of that post, will forward him, with Judson Tilden, late Co. B, 8th cavalry, and Andrian Harper, late private Co. A, 4th cavalry, to the post of San Antonio, to be reported to the commanding officer thereof, who will hold them until further orders from headquarters.

Wit and Wisdom.

Editors San Antonio Express:

Under the title "Public schools No. 2," a writer in your yesterday's issue has, with admirable reasoning, set forth the great advantages of free schools. It is to be regretted that the same writer did not apply the same reasoning to other prime necessities of the human family. At the risk of being considered a plagiarist by your intelligent readers, I have ventured to reproduce his logic, and as nearly as may be, his language, in support of free diet. Food is a prime necessity to man, as it is his perquisite. The world owes it to him. Food should be universal, because the necessities of man are universal. To be universal, it must be free alike to the rich and the poor. The hotels and eating houses to furnish this food must be maintained by the people in their corporate capacity, to sustain and develop the children of the people.

As no system of public eating-houses has yet been devised that offered food free to all except a system of public soup houses, it is well to continue and perfect the same lest one fall into indigestion, weakness and skeletonism, or, what is still worse, to a high-spirited people, starvation. Where the rich and well-fed of this decade say to the poor and half starved of the next, instead of growing up and becoming a homogeneous people in feeling, size and purpose, its most violent animosities will be engendered among the fat and lean classes.

The fears that the high prerogative and sanctity of the family relations must be destroyed by a system of public soup-houses is an idea discussed by political frenzy.

The feeding of the children and the grown people of a community together create a common interest and friendly feeling and diffusion of broadcloth and beefsteak and likeness of purpose and the general welfare and happiness. Hence whatever promotes the common weal must alike promote the welfare of the individual and the family. But should the high prerogative of the patent families be harsh and ignoant distention and insolent patronage, with relations of the family to the cook will likely disappear, but whether or not mankind is to be benefited by such a change is easy to define. In a state like ours, whose population is composed of various nationalities, and of citizens of the several states, it is the more necessary that the children of the state should eat together in order that national peculiarities and personal idiosyncrasies may be blended into harmony—that with united purpose and equally well fed bodies the great undertakings of the people may be accomplished. To bring the children together creates the unity of the people. To separate the children into little boarding-houses keeps up the estrangement, cherishes cliques, clans and jealousies. Hence we must have free soup-houses, in addition to free schools.

If the great interests of the state are to be promoted, its railroads built whereon all may ride free, its agricultural improvements, its mines opened, we must have a comprehensive system of public soup-houses to strengthen and nerve the brain and hands to develop these varied interests. P. B. P.

A Request.

The following resolution was unanimously adopted at a meeting of fire company No. 1:

Resolved, That our delegate to the meeting of the state firemen's association of Texas be instructed to request the delegates to said convention to appoint San Antonio as the place for their next annual convention.

SHOT WHILE ASLEEP.

How a Cowardly Mexican Youth Found Satisfaction.

Intelligence has reached our reporter of a most shocking murder which occurred at R. A. Farley's ranch, near San Felipe, Kinney county, a few days ago. Mr. Farley has an interest in an irrigation ditch which runs through his property, but from which families of Mexicans obtain water by purchasing the privilege. One of these families had interfered with Mr. Farley's rights, and his son, a young man about seventeen years of age, protested. Determined to see to it that the Mexicans kept their appointed hours in the use of the water, young Farley strapped about his waist a brace of revolvers and repaired to the locality from which the water was taken. Presently he laid down and fell asleep, it is supposed, from the circumstances, when a Mexican boy about his age came upon him, took his revolvers and shot him twice, once in the mouth and again in the top of the head. The murderer then went to San Felipe and stated that he had killed Farley, but had done it in self-defense. Fortunately, Sheriff Fritter, of the county, happened to be in San Felipe at the time, and took the Mexican into custody. Thence he proceeded with the prisoner to the scene of the killing. The body was found, wounded, as stated, and the hands of the deceased sealed in the pockets of his pantaloons, leading to the conclusion that the young man had been killed instantly and while asleep. The two pistols which Farley had worn were then demanded of the Mexican, who led the officer to where he had buried them, one in one place and the other a short distance off. The Mexican confesses having killed Farley, but in defense of his own life, though this is hardly possible, as the fellow had no arms. It is said that young Farley, when he laid down to sleep during the day in the woods, and with his clothing on, was accustomed to putting his hands into his pockets just as they were when his body was discovered. All circumstances point to a cold-blooded assassination.

The Novel Sight of the Day.

The reporter in his regular rounds yesterday by accident dropped into Hotel de Peg-Leg, Main plaza, where the most novel sight of the day loomed up before his suspicious gaze. The scene may be briefly described as follows. Capt. Frank B. was dining with "Rattanwallopie Split," the chief of the Lipans, and at present a guide for Lieut. Bullis. At first, the news-seeker had some doubts as to which was 'tother, or, as to which was who, but a scrutinous investigation of the matter revealed the fact that Lo ate with knife and fork, while the other Injun used both hands, entirely ignorant of the purpose for which knives and forks were invented. A figure in the back-ground, from whose visage gleamed a ghastly smile, was said to be "Old Peg," who remarked, "them Injuns is come good after all, kase they's gettin' away with every bit of rubbish I had," and he walked to the front door and told the cartman to drive on, while the man with pencil and paper grinned and passed out, leaving the pair of jovial reds busy swapping bones. But, even after the reporter had gone, the scene remained vivid to his memory, and he thought that probably the millennium had come—that good day when the lion and the lamb are to lie down together, &c., Capt. Frank, in this instance, being regarded as the lamb, because of the pallor of his countenance, and his chieftship the lion, for his color was lion-like. Yet, all this is only the out-growth of the republican spirit which rules the people of this common country, and on the latter, and high grounds, "poor Lo" was excusable.

Court Doings.

The following cases have been set for trial in the district court for the days mentioned:

MONDAY, JUNE 9TH.

184. The state vs. Macedonio de la Fuentes.
221. The state vs. Joe Mohavier.
510. " "
496. " John Capps, et al.
642. " Martin Moras.

TUESDAY, JUNE 10TH.

648. The state vs. George Stowl.
633. " J. B. Atwell.
674. " Henry Rucker.
685. " Thomas Copeland.
686. " William Burton.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 11TH.

734. The state vs. J. D. McAuliff.
742. " Carl Rocha.
771. " John Evans.
793. " George Smith, et al.
925. " Frank Eastman.

THURSDAY, JUNE 12TH.

928. The state vs. Jose Flores.
945. " John Marion.
948. " Henry Ross.

FRIDAY, JUNE 13TH.

502. The state vs. Sam Krawitz.
688. " George Munster.
463. " Alf Cox.
80. " Michael Dill.

THE COUNTY COURT.

The following business was transacted in this court yesterday:

741. The state vs. Harris Oppenheimer, displaying deadly weapons on the public highway. Motion of the state to dismiss the appeal, on account of the informal bond, sustained, and writ of procedendo ordered to issue to justice court of precinct No. 6 for observance. Motion to reconsider overruled.

Death of Colonel Francis C. Taylor.

The sad information of the death of Col. Francis Taylor, at Benfeklia, Tom Green county, reached this city by telegraph yesterday morning, and fell with a heaviness upon the hearts of hundreds to whom it became imparted. Col. Taylor was a native of Georgia, and came to this section in the year 1866. Shortly after his arrival, he became interested in mail contracting, and succeeded in building up the finest and best stage company in the country. He was truly a good man—a man whose heart ever appeared to be too large for his body—a man who won a common friendship of the highest order. For several years past, he has resided upon his extensive ranch at Benfeklia, where he succeeded in leading the march of progress and development westward. There were none more enterprising than he, and few, indeed, were more capable of achieving success in their undertakings. He has fed and clothed the poor and needy, helped the sick and sympathized with the distressed. No man knocked for charity at his door and was turned away. Col. Taylor had, by his energy, and aside from his liberality toward all men, amassed quite a handsome fortune, which he expected to enjoy during his declining years. But now he has been taken away from the field of life. Only twenty days prior to the death of Col. Taylor, all that was dear to him in this world, his loving wife, was taken from him by death. The occurrence, so unexpected, weighed heavily upon the heart of her husband, who has since been on the rapid decline which has at last terminated his own life. The disease which afflicted his system was dropsy.

Col. Taylor's name will never be forgotten in western Texas. We had no better or more useful citizen than he. His memory will linger long in the minds of our people, and difficult, indeed, will it be, to find one to fill the place which he has occupied for the past decade.

Notes from Brackett.

Mr. Fred Mahon, of the firm of Mahon & Roach, has purchased the Severance flock of sheep, about 2,000 in number.

Mr. Frank Dignowity is going extensively into the cattle business.

The quarantine which has existed between the post of Fort Clark and the village of Brackett has virtually been raised. Soldiers are now allowed to visit Brackett. The small-pox has almost entirely disappeared.

Miss Mollie Murphy, daughter of James Murphy, of Brackett, died last Saturday and was buried Sunday. The cause of her death was typhoid fever. She was a most estimable young lady, and generally beloved.

The Cordova Petition.

The petition for the commutation of the sentence of Jose Cordova from hanging to the penitentiary for life has gone the general rounds, and bears upwards of two hundred signatures. Those who have signed are principally Mexicans, and the friends of the Cordova family. The petition does not seem to have been extensively to the general public, but appears to have been hunted, almost among those who knew little or nothing of the case, and who cared as little as they knew whether the ends of justice were carried out or not.

A DISTINGUISHED VISITOR.

Don Taniste, Bullis' Lipan Guide, on the Streets of San Antonio.

The renowned Don Taniste, a Lipan Indian, and a guide attached to Lt. Bullis' command of Seminoles, appeared upon the streets of San Antonio yesterday in first-class Indian style. Mr. Frank Bagg and others had gotten Taniste into a back room, put on the war paint about an inch thick, and ornamented him with fancy trinkets and red and white beads, and a gorgeous button-hole bouquet in the shape of a bunch of highly-colored artificial flowers. Taniste speaks the Spanish moderately well, and so was enabled to converse with the Enquire man and others. This reporter asked him what his age was, but the red man's memory didn't revert back far enough to tell, and he simply shrugged his shoulders and remarked, *quien sabe*. The reporter also wanted to know how long he had been with Lt. Bullis, and Taniste replied, "fourteen moons," for the calendar of his people is none other than that afforded by nature's laws. This man seemed to like his treatment here, and said that he had almost made up his mind to come down to San Antonio with his family and become a citizen. He is a stout, robust-looking man, apparently about fifty years of age. He wears a cap, fringed with the skin and hair of a coyote, and wears his long, black hair in rolls which hang down over his shoulders and are fastened at the end by strips of red flannel. Taniste says he likes the white man, for they have been good and kind to him, while he is the enemy of the bad. The Indians who raid and plunder would like to make a safe mark of him, as he is dreaded by them, but he says they shall never have the chance. Taniste was escorted to the photographic gallery of Messrs. Doerr & Jacobson, where his photograph was taken under different circumstances. Though the friend of those who treat him well, it was plain to be seen that the Indian nature still existed within him.

FIRE AT THE GOVERNMENT DEPOT.

Supposed to Have Been the Work of An Incendiary.

Shortly after one o'clock last night the bells pealed forth the alarm of fire at the government depot. A rapid ride soon brought an Express reporter to the grounds, where the following facts were learned from officers:

About twenty minutes after 10 o'clock the watchman in charge of the hay yard discovered a man in the act of setting fire to one of the large hay stacks in the government yard, when he drew his pistol and fired four shots at the incendiary, but without effect. The entire force of soldiers and workmen were soon around, but the fire had taken such a hold that the immense stack was soon enveloped by fire, and impossible to save it. But every possible effort was being made by the large force of hands to keep the fire from spreading to the other large stacks and fences. Had a wind been blowing from the north, the damage would have been great, and probably by this time the depot buildings would have been in ashes.

The fire engine at the depot did good work, until it bursted, when only a small amount of water could be obtained, but sufficient to keep the fire from doing any great damage. Fire engine No. 1 arrived on the grounds as the reporter left for the city.

Personal.

Mr. W. L. Clamp, of Brackett, is in the city.

Lawrence Hagerty, Esq., of Brackett, was upon the streets yesterday.

Mr. Anton Oppenheimer and family took rooms at the Menger yesterday.

Mr. W. G. Rudy and family left the city this morning for their old home in Kentucky.

Col. Blunt, U. S. A., arrived yesterday from Fort Stockton and is stopping at the Menger.

Mr. John Russell, late of Philadelphia, now in our city, leaves for Pleasanton this morning on a business trip for a few days.

Maj. Dunbar O'Neil, a prominent New York merchant, is in the city. During his stay here he will make his headquarters at Frost & Bros.

Mrs. S. O. Bannon, Dallas; Mr. Calvert, A. G. Bennett, Texas; J. Buschner, Houston; R. A. Harper, New Fountain; F. Hemuth, Columbus; R. S. Dunman, Refugio; W. F. Merriweather, W. C. Daugherty, Frio; H. P. Jones, B. Edwards, John Buchanan, London; Robert Chawner, Fort Clark, are quartered at Hord's.

Col. M. M. Blunt, U. S. A., Fort Stockton; Capt. M. Crawford, U. S. A., Dr. H. S. Turrill, U. S. A. W. H. James, U. S. A., Fort Clark; G. Collins, San Diego; W. E. Clamp, Brackett; E. Schorff, New Braunfels; S. Wiener, Philadelphia; R. W. Gollihart, Houston; J. S. Rosenfield, Columbus; W. Tunnell, New York—are at the Menger.

A small party of capitalists were doing the city yesterday, Mr. D. C. Smithson, Manchester, England, Mr. Alfred Dobson, London, England, and Mr. James C. Pegram, of New York. They were chaperoned by Mr. T. P. Robb, of Chicago, a gentleman well known in western Texas, and who will accompany them to Corpus Christi and other points. The gentlemen came to Texas "with an eye open" to investment.

F. Lusby, Esq.; W. S. Dabney, C. B. Whiteman, New York; E. R. Leathers, Wilson county; R. R. Craig, Lavernia; H. M. Daugherty, wife and two children, Frio Town; Mrs. A. McMenay, child and nurse, Rosseliville; M. Gillis, Medina county; W. T. Allen, Austin; R. G. Lain, Pleasanton; C. B. Engle, Bexar county; F. W. Bals, Bandera; G. H. Butler, Pleasanton, are registered at the Central hotel.

From the Far West.

Mr. W. H. Johnson, traveling representative for the wholesale liquor house of Michael & Bros., has just returned from a trip to Concho. He reports stock men moving their herds to the Concho and Pecos country from all sections of the west. They seek health in these streams, because water is more plentiful than in most other parts, while the grass is exceedingly fine.

Mr. Johnson was at Concho during the excitement the other night when the negro woman stabbed a soldier, killing him, as we telegraphed the Express. The woman was drunk, and taking a large knife actually ripped the soldier open, one gash being across his abdomen, from which the entrails came, and another being in the back, between the ribs, exposing the lungs. It is regarded as a cold-blooded murder.

A man named Fry who shot a young German in the back of the head some months ago, was given 20 years at Huntsville as a penalty for his crime.

Why to It.

SAN ANTONIO, June 5, 1879.

Editors San Antonio Express:

By a card in this evening's *Herald*, your subscriber perceives that it is ordained to "citizens" of San Antonio. He is a resident of ward No. 1, yet the street commissioner has not by mail notice appointed a day for the scavenger cart to call thereat. Why does the street commissioner peremptorily refuse to recognize the existence of ward No. 1? Your subscriber has caused the refuse on his premises to be placed in position for scavenger carts, but, lo! and behold! the street commissioner ignores the citizenship of your subscriber as well as his ward in said notice to citizens of the city by wards.

Why should the street commissioner "setting under orders from Mayor J. E. French," hold back the calls of the scavenger cart for days apart, and go twice into ward No. 4 and not call once in ward No. 1? This, and nothing more.

Yours, respectfully,

L. C. NAVARRO.

Unfortunate Old Woman.

Yesterday morning, an old German woman who vends vegetables about the city, while on her regular morning rounds, met with what to her was regarded as an important misfortune. While passing along Crockett street, the horse she drove stopped very suddenly, and after ineffectual attempts to force the animal onward, it dropped to the ground and died in the harness. The cause of the death of the horse is supposed to have been heart-disease, because of the sudden and unexpected result. The old woman was deeply grieved over the occurrence, and tears of regret flowed copiously down her broad cheeks when she realized her loss.

The Chatham Location.

Boston Herald Jackson, Miss., letter.

Regarding Editor Harper's unknown "southern finance" newspaper, published at Chatham, in this state, I have heard but one opinion throughout Mississippi. Nobody of the slightest political consequence believes the management editor of Chatham. That "he is either a knave or a fool," is the universal expression. Harper is not established by the republicans. He is an eccentric genius with mental leanings which, in Massachusetts, would make him a Gunton or a Bigelow. He must be ultra, or nothing. To illustrate the man, let me say that he has never travelled with the democratic party of Mississippi. He is not considered a good democrat here. When Alcorn was against Amnesty governor, Editor Harper considered most obnoxious, yet, and put his name at the head of his columns, and, when the Mississippi democrats wheeled into line for Bowen Governor, Editor Harper fairly roared and hoisted the name of Charles O'Connor. He has a petty following in his own county, but his paper owes its support to people who, while disliking Harper's intense ultraism, yet take the paper for its local news. The Chatham editor is about forty three years old, and his wage are those of an economic. I asked Governor Bowen about the paper, and he said that it had no influence in Mississippi, and regretted not even a respectable fashion. He was surprised that people in the north could take the paper seriously. Several ex-confederate officers, now planters here, tell me that they never heard of the paper's existence till it was brought into notoriety by the republicans in congress—Mr. Frye, of Maine, and others. So much for political humbug.

The South Has Strength.

Louisville Courier-Journal.

Senator Bell, republican senator from New Hampshire, introduced a resolution recently calling upon the secretary of the treasury for information as to the proportion of the direct tax of $20,000,000 levied by congress in 1861, on all the states, to pay war expenses. Sherman has replied, stating that the northern states have paid up, but that $2,750,000 is due from the southern states, and must be collected. Of course everybody understands that Bell's resolution is for a political purpose, and the republican organs have now taken up afresh the hue and cry against the south for not "paying her debts." The New York Tribune of Wednesday contained a scurrilous editorial on the subject, and from now on the organs of fraud will have a good deal to say on the subject. Before John Sherman undertook to collect that tax he will have to credit the south with about $20,000,000 either tax paid, or rather forced from her by the government unconstitutionally, as decided by the United States supreme court, so that the south has overpaid her tax some $17,000,000, and is thus far ahead of the north in that respect. The republican organs had better keep quiet on Bell's resolution. The south has paid her share and more of the $20,000,000, and it cannot be collected twice. If that is the game, let Mr. Sherman try to collect the tax on the northern states twice, also.

The Poultry Nation gives an interesting sketch of an ostrich farm as they are managed in South Africa. Ten years ago the proprietor of this establishment obtained eleven wild birds, and as soon as he found they would lay in the close quarters he was obliged to give them, he began experiments with artificial hatching, and has increased the now the flock of eleven birds to increased to 300, occupying a range of about 1,200 acres of rough ground which was formerly used as a sheep walk, but is now so worn out that nothing but ostriches could possibly live on it. A full grown healthy ostrich is worth $375, and gives two crops of feathers a year to the value of about $75 per annum. They are hatched altogether by artificial means, as the old bird would injure her feathers seriously in the two months required for hatching the eggs, besides being of no protection to the young birds after they are hatched. Notwithstanding the apparent profit in this branch of industry, it is a precarious venture, for it has not existed long enough for those most interested to fully know all the conditions and risks attached to the pursuit.

He was just full enough not to know a gentleman from a ribbon block, and he came along Fourth street tacking from side to side like a ship going against the wind. He struck a dry goods store at last and stuck his head in, and a nervous girl clerk came out to wait on him. "Sir," he said, "you got any nails?" The girl was a little bit scared, but she told him no, that was a dry goods store and they didn't keep nails in stock. Then he went out and started ahead again, but took a crook in himself and turned and got into the same store again. "Sir," he said, "you got any nails?" This time the girl was a little provoked. "No, sir-ee-ee, we haven'-ee-ee-ee to the place to get nails, we don't keep them." Out he went again, and started off as before, but got into the same place, and came back to the same place the third time. "Sir," he said, "you got any nails?" Now the girl was mad, and she snapped out, "No, we ain't got any nails; you're drunk, and you want to stay away from here." "Sir," he answered, "you ain't got no nails?" "No, we haven't." "Well, (hic), if you ain't got no nails, how the dun do you scratch your head?" The policeman took him off before her answer was sent in to his consciousness.—W. J. L., in Cincinnati Saturday Night.

A Move and a Moave.

Captain Gaskill, of the coasting schooner Mary Louise, is in here and a dandy. On the last run from New York to Southern, N. C., his bottom discovered the wreck of the Cheesman Merrick near Hatteras, with five men clinging to the rigging. The captain went forward and clearly observed the signals made by the wrecked men, after which he ordered the boat lowered, and stated that he intended to move them if possible. The wind was blowing a gale and the sea was running very high at the time, and one of his men asked: "Will you try to move them?" The captain replied: "I will go to them or die in the attempt. I see the signals of distress being displayed. Who will volunteer to go with me?" Two of his men at once volunteered, and the three brave men stepped into the yawl and shoved off from the vessel. Their efforts were crowned with success. They reached the men, took them from their perilous position and returned in safety to the Mary Louise. The five men had been clinging to the rigging of the unfortunate wreck six hours.

Corn and cotton about Honey Grove promise abundant yields.

For the Next Thirty Days.

A. L. Wood will offer great inducements to purchasers, in order to reduce his large stock. His line of goods are yet full and purchasers will find an excellent stock of first-class goods there to select from. See notices elsewhere.

Furnished Rooms for Rent,

Containing five rooms, centrally located. R. J. Mann, Hausman Bldg.

A Good House for Sale or Rent.

A good 6 room house for rent cheap, in the business part of the city and plenty of water, or will sell to a responsible party for board for one year. Call soon on

R. M. Walker, auctioneer.

jel-tf. Military plaza.

From a Member of the Sixteenth Legislature.

S. M. Johnson, of South Bosque, McLennan county, Texas, writes as follows:

"My brother, G. W. Johnson, a member of the 16th legislature, writes me from Austin that he is using your wonderful Liver Pad, and that he feels better than he has for years, and that all of his old aches and pains have left him. I am therefore persuaded to try it myself, and also to take the agency of it, if agreeable to you."

Address all correspondence to Dr. Wesley Taylor, Box 368, Galveston, Texas. Price—Infants' Pads, $2.50; Women's, $3; Men's, $3. XXX Pads, for chronic cases, $5. Absorptives, duty on Foot Plasters, 25-cents each. Absorptives, Bathing Suit, 25 cents per package. All except salt will be free of postage; 25 cents per package for explosing. Give symptoms. Sold by unprejudiced druggists.

—Nicely furnished rooms and good board at the Alhambra House, Market street. Board per week, $3.50.

—My stock of dry goods is larger than I am able to carry, and in order to cut it down I will offer great inducements in all lines for the next thirty days. I mean exactly what I say. Call and see for yourselves.

A. L. WOOD.

BRAIN CORPUS CHRISTI AND LAREDO U. S. MAIL AND EXPRESS LINES.

Between San Antonio and Corpus Christi, and San Antonio and Laredo, Texas.

Passenger coaches carrying the U. S. mail will leave San Antonio at 6 o'clock a. m. of each day, for Corpus Christi and way stations, and Laredo and way stations. For passage or further information apply to J. J. Ellis, Commerce street, near the bridge. All express packages must be delivered before 8 a. m.

J. J. ELLIS,
Ag't at San Antonio.

The President's Veto

Does not increase the price of buggies which are being sold at $60 and $75 on Market street.

A. M. STEWART.

AUCTION SALE.

Contents of a Large Boarding House by G. Pettigrew, Auctioneer.

I will sell on Friday, the 6th inst., at 10 o'clock, on the premises on Crockett street, near the corner of Bowie street, two blocks below H. Grenet's store, the entire contents of a large private boarding house, consisting in part of 3 double bedsteads, 6 single bedsteads, 3 walnut bureaus, 6 washstands, 16 mattresses, 1 walnut wardrobe, 1 extension table, chairs, rockers, kitchen safe, matting, tables, baking-stoves, crockery and glassware, tools, hoeing plows.

One good cooking stove and utensils complete, one good family sewing machine and many other goods too numerous to mention.

Attend and get your bargains.

jun5-2t G. PETTIGREW, Auctioneer.

For Rent Cheap.

Two small cottages. Apply to G. post office box 332. jt-tw

Notice to Ice Consumers.

From the 1st of June next we will deliver ice to consumers at 1½ cents per pound. We will sell at the factory at 1½ cents in quantities exceeding 100 pounds. The wholesale price will be $20 a ton delivered. All those taken we will enter into contract with any one of our customers for the season.

J. R. LAMBERT,
Sec. S. A. Ice Co.

House to Rent

On Acequia street. Street cars pass the house. Inquire at Mrs. Frankel's boarding house. june5-3t.

A Card.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, etc., I will send a recipe that will cure you, free of charge. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. Joseph T. Inman, Station D New York City.

mch19-doltkw-1mos

Electric Belts.

A sure cure for nervous debility, premature decay, exhaustion, etc. The only reliable cure. Circulars mailed free. Address J. E. REEVES, 42 Chatham St., N. Y.

mch14-doltkw-1mos

Drayer's Pasture.

Stock will be called for either of Messrs. Robinson & Miller's stables and returned at three hours notice free of charge. The best 400 acres of grass in western Texas and the pasture patrolled night and day by responsible watchmen. Permanent water on the premises, and a walk through near the house. Feeding from seven-years-growth. Terms $2.50 per month. For further particulars address W. Drayer, P. O. Box, 44. apl 29 tf.

Rooms to Rent.

In the Vance house, furnished or unfurnished. Arrangements can also be made for water and baths. Apply to Mrs. Gaeley, on the premises. The lower story, on St. Mary's street, for rent as a restaurant.

apr25-tf

4-Horse Stock Line to Austin.

A comfortable 4-horse hack will leave San Antonio twice a week. Fare four dollars. For particulars enquire at Cincinnati cigar store, 7 Commerce street. mch7-tf

Upholstery Goods.

Tassels, fringes and curtain goods of all kinds, at Bauerer Bros.'s.

Gent's Furnishing Emporium.

The best uniform hats, at Bauerer Bros.'s.

Improved Ranch for Sale Low.

Choice improved ranch, five miles from city. Enquire at this office. jun1-tf

For Rent.

Store occupied by Morrison & Mayer, Commerce St. Possession given June 1st.

May23 tf o.n.d. DAN LAWS.

Notice.

At Mrs. Shumakers's, formerly of Galveston, can be obtained first-class board with or without furnished rooms by the day, week or month, corner Concho and Market streets. jun1-tw

Notice.

I am offering 300 head of stock, consisting of horses, mares and colts, from 1, 2, 3 and 4 years old, at a bargain. For further information call on Antonio R. Pusch, At Schram & Co.'s, San Antonio, Texas.

For Rent.

Two large office rooms in Guilbeau's building, fronting Main street. Apply to may 3 tw TH. SCHRAMM.

Refrigerators,

all sizes, cheap, at Bauerer Bros.'s.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Notice.

ROBINSON R. A. CHAPTER No. 93 will meet in regular convocation this evening at 8 o'clock sharp, for work in the Royal and Select degrees. Visiting companions are fraternally invited. The Council degrees will be conferred. By order of the E. H. Priest.

E. McC. NEWNS, Recy.

COFFEE! COFFEE!

Just Received,

300 Sacks Fair Grades.

For Sale Very Low.

H. GRENET.

jun5-tf

More, Better and Cheaper

LIGHT,

To be Furn