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WELL TAX UPHeld.

Judge Pope Renders Opinion in Artesian Well Case—The Law is Valid.

Hon. William H. Pope, Associate Justice of the Supreme Court and Judge of the Fifth Judicial District Court now sitting in Chaves county, today handed down an opinion in the artesian well case, upholding the validity of the law imposing a tax upon artesian wells to defray the expenses of inspection and supervision. The opinion is printed in full, as follows:

IN THE DISTRICT COURT, CHAVES COUNTY.—No. 785.

Territory of New Mexico vs. Oliver Pearson.

This cause has been submitted upon a motion to dismiss the action upon the ground that the complaint states no violation of law, and this latter is based upon the contention that the Artesian Well Act of February 22, 1905, (Chap. 17 of Laws of 1905) is unconstitutional and void.

I have carefully examined the authorities cited by the defendant, and am of the opinion that the charge of five dollars upon each well to defray the expenses of the inspection of wells as imposed by Section 7 of that Act is a valid exercise of the police power of the Territory. The definition of the police power of the State urged by defendant's counsel that it is confined to the regulation of such acts as constitute nuisances—is in my judgment too narrow. The definition given in 22 A. & E. En. of Laws p. 916, is an accurate and comprehensive one, wherein it is said that "It means the general power of a government to preserve and promote the public welfare by prohibiting all things hurtful to the comfort, safety and welfare of society, and establishing such rules and regulations for the conduct of all persons and the use and management of all property as may be conducive to the public interest." The same authority says (page 930) that "The police power extends to providing for the distribution of water for irrigation." Upon this last proposition the cases of *White vs. Farmers Highline Co.*, 22 Colo. 191, and *Farmers Independent Ditch Co. vs. Agricultural Co.*, 22 Colo. 513, 55 A. S. R. 149, are in point, and upon the general proposition of the police power, see *Territory vs. D. & R. G. R. Co.* (N. M.) 78 Pac. 74, 79 Pac. 295. It is held in the Colorado cases just city the appointment of superintendents of irrigation in Colorado is a valid exercise of the police power of the state, and that the power of superintendents appointed under the act is executive, not judicial.

These cases proceed upon the theory that the proper and economical distribution of water is a matter in which the public is so interested as to be a proper subject of police regulation, and this upon the theory that water is the great element of life in the arid West, its conservation being conducive to the public interest and its regulation by inspection obviating unseemly breaches of the peace.

The only remaining question is whether the artesian wells are subject to police regulation as are surface waters. It is argued for the defendant that a well brought in by land owner on his own land is his own personal property, over which the public can exercise no control, and to whose use no third party can offer any objection, save only when such use, as by flooding, injures the property of such third party.

I am of opinion, however, that this view cannot be maintained. Artesian wells, according to accepted scientific theory are the outflow of a subterranean body of water held under such pressure that when an opening by the sinking of a well is made, the water comes to the surface, and in many instances rises to considerable heights above the surface. The wells do not have separate sources, but at least within certain areas comes from a common source. The consumption of water necessarily takes from the amount in this common source, and to some extent affects the pressure by which such water is through the several wells raised to the surface. The economical use of such water is, therefore, a matter for concern not only on the part of the owner of the particular well, but on the part

of the community interested as it is in the development to the fullest extent of all nature's resources. While yielding to the owner the use of his well to the fullest extent for beneficial uses, it is the province of the Legislature to say to him that the improvident or wasteful use of such well shall not be permitted in the interest of others who would be damaged by having their water supply diminished, and of the public which is entitled to insist that water should be used economically.

A very instructive discussion of the origin of artesian wells and of the necessity for legislation to guard against the exhaustion of the artesian basin is found in Johnson's Universal Cyclopedia p. 247-348, title "Artesian Wells," wherein, among other things, it said:

"Most of the artesian wells show a gradual decrease in the amount of water discharged, this resulting either from the well being gradually filled with fine sand or from increasing leakage into previous strata. Sometimes, however, the diminished flow is due to a gradual exhaustion of the basin or rocks containing the water, due to the fact that the discharge from the wells nearly equals the amount entering from the catchment area of gathering grounds. Artesian areas in California, Colorado, Utah and other localities have been so completely developed and so many outlets provided, that the wells on the higher grounds have ceased to flow, or discharged only after heavy rains. As settlement advances it seems probable that all artesian areas will gradually approach this condition unless protected by efficient legislation. Already in many states laws against the wasting of artesian water have been enacted, and the attempt has been made to compel owners of wells to stop the flow at times when water is not needed. By this means drainage of the saturated beds can be in part prevented, and the wells will be less apt to interfere with each other."

The New Mexico act was doubtless intended to afford the "efficient legislation" which as suggested by this authority, was omitted in California and elsewhere, and being such it is, a valid exercise of the police power. The motion will accordingly be overruled. WM. H. POPE, Judge.

The Roswell Fair.

A letter to the editor of the Advocate from Mr. Lucius Dills, secretary of the Roswell Fair Association says that the association has this early in the season started the work of preparation for next fall's festivities and it is an assured fact that the coming fair will eclipse anything ever attempted in the valley. A special and strong effort will be made to emphasize the agricultural resources of the valley, and to that end some handsome premiums will be offered to the farmers who will show sufficient enterprise to place their products on exhibition. A catalogue showing plans in this direction will be forthcoming later. Arrangements are being made to secure a tribe of Indians from the Mescalero-Apache reservation, who will give war dances for the benefit of visitors. Liberal prizes and purses will be offered in the racing department and some of the best horses ever in the west will be booked. Altogether it is proposed to give a fair that will be a credit to the entire Territory and every citizen in the valley should get in the game and help push the thing along. The Pecos Valley will get some splendid advertising, if her people will get together and work.

What was reported to have been a mad dog was killed in the western part of the city Monday morning and in consequence the city authorities have issued orders to the citizens to keep their canines close at home.

I can write you a an accident policy covering all kinds of sickness as well as accidents. L. W. Martin.



A PASTORAL SCENE ON THE PENASCO--ALFALFA IN THE STACK.

DOWN IN NEW MEXICO.

William T. Sloper, a Winter Visitor Writes Entertainingly of What He Observed While in the Valley.

William T. Sloper, who spent a portion of the winter months in Carlsbad, returning to his home at New Britain, Connecticut, talks inter-tainingly to a reporter of his home paper, the Herald. Some of Mr. Sloper's observations must have been hurriedly taken, as they lack somewhat in accuracy. For instance, that "nobody is allowed to shoot quail, and they become quite tame," whereas in season, quail shooting is indulged in by every man in the community who owns a gun. But the letter as a whole is well written and is worth of reproduction. It is as follows:

"A great deal has been said and written about almost every part of our great country," he said, "but I have never happened to read anything which has been written about the Pecos Valley in southern New Mexico. My visit to this fertile valley has filled me with a desire that my friends should know more about it."

"When I left home bound for New Mexico I had a sort of a hazy idea that I was taking my life in my hands in going down there into the country of bandits and 'Diamond Dicks'; that I was going to a country of barren sand wastes and desert. Now, as a matter of fact, this is just the opposite of what this country really is here in the valley of the Pecos River. The people are mostly eastern people who have come out here for their health or because they liked the country. There are no bandits. The people are a much more law abiding, peaceful class of people than we have in the east. Doors and windows are never locked at night, but are left open inviting the thief that never comes. There are no barren sand wastes or deserts. On the contrary the land is either all under cultivation or else it is used for cattle and sheep grazing."

"The people in this valley either live in small towns of from five hundred to five thousand inhabitants or else they live on large ranches."

"When a person comes out here he wants to get over being in a hurry for things are not done in a hurry here. It's a land of to-morrow. The only man who is in a hurry is the man who is running for sheriff, and he's in a hurry in order to beat the other fellows as every one is running for sheriff because the sheriff has nothing to do once he gets elected. Everyone is well and consequently good natured. There are no chronic dyspeptics in this healthy climate to make life miserable for themselves, and those around them. I did not see a hearse or funeral procession while I was there, and would not have seen the cemetery except that I stumbled on it one day while out chasing a rabbit with a little salt in my hand, which I wished to place on his tail. Rabbits and quail are as plentiful here as any sportsman could desire. No one is allowed to shoot the quail, consequently they are very tame. Sportsmen are allowed and urged to shoot the rabbits, as they

destroy crops, but we have not had much luck, as they always hear us coming before we hear them going.

"The soil in this valley is very fertile once water is put on it. The strangest thing about the country is that whenever you dig down deep enough you will strike water which will shoot up out of the hole you dig many feet in the air. There seems to be no limit to the quantity and it is very pure and cold. We ordinarily think of the earth as being a raging fire under the surface, but out here it seems to be a raging torrent of water. The government is building a dam on the river with which they are going to irrigate the surrounding country. When this dam is completed and the water is put on to these lands, this valley in New Mexico will be one of the most beautiful, fertile valleys in the world, and a most desirable place to live."

Still the Texans Come.

Another caravan of homeseekers from the Lone Star State came into Artesia overland Thursday, having driven from Young county across the Plains in covered wagons, bringing their stock and implements along. They were greeted by quite a crowd of ex-Texans on Main street and given the hearty greeting that characterizes the west. Those comprising the party were: S. E. James and family, Frank Cunningham and family, John Lester and family, Oscar Bowens and family, James Ferguson and family, and Odell Johnson and family. These make about a dozen families who have recently moved to Artesia from Young county, and a number of them have bought valuable property.

Home-Coming-Week in Kentucky.

For the above occasion round trip tickets to Louisville, Ky. will be on sale under the following conditions: Rate: one fare plus \$2.00—\$41.60; Dates of sale: June 11, 12 and 13, 1906; Final limit: June 25, 1906; Continuous passage in both directions. Tickets to be executed at Louisville, for which no fee will be charged; Children: the rate for children between the ages of five and twelve years will be one-half the adult rate.

C. O. Brown, Local Agent.

John C. McKeen, the new Democratic nominee for tax assessor, says he has never seen anything on the schedule warranting him to place an ad valorem tax against artesian wells, and that he will not do so, until a law to that effect shall have been enacted. He says he knows just enough to assess what the law calls for and no more. When he shall have accomplished the full extent of the law, the citizens of Eddy county will be satisfied.

A proposition paying 12 per cent. on \$2500 for \$2250. See L. W. Martin.

Boy Artist's Recital.

The Sherman (Texas) Daily Herald of May 19, has the following very complimentary notice of Master Leeper Norfleet, the four-year-old son of Dr. A. F. Norfleet, cashier of the Bank of Artesia.

Master Leeper Norfleet of Roswell, New Mexico, aged four years, appeared in a recital at the North Texas college a few evenings ago. This little artist has the requisites of true genius, a magnetic personality and love of music. He held his violin as if it was his soul's companion and as his tiny fingers made the tones, his expression of countenance betrayed the feelings of his interpretation in true musical style. The encore was spontaneous and enthusiastic. Like a little prince of the art, the small man came upon the stage and bowed quite like Kubelick, low and gracefully, in acknowledgement of the appreciation shown him.

Flowers in abundance were showered upon him until his head was the only part visible after gathering them up.

He gratified the audience by playing "My Old Kentucky Home," as an encore, which brought the house down.

He smiled, bowed, and seemed really gratified himself that he could give pleasure to a house full of "grown ups." The professionals in the conservatory predict a great future for Master Norfleet.

Unjust Assessments.

The deputy whom Tax Assessor J. L. Emerson recently appointed to enrol property in the Artesia country is enumerating artesian wells as property, and according to the rating, each owner will have the privilege of paying about forty dollars per year, in addition to the \$5 license tax imposed to pay the inspector. There is no law for this, of course, and when the deputy was called down on it, he said he was acting under instructions of Mr. Emerson, who had been instructed by the commissioners court to levy the tax. The Advocate has at hand a statement signed by Mr. George Wilcox member of the court from this precinct, saying that the court never passed any such order. The statement is signed in the presence of and witnessed by two well known citizens of Lakewood. Thus the matter is put square up to Mr. Emerson. If he places an assessment against the well in your yard, it will be because he personally chooses to do so—and not from instructions of the county board.

Notice to the Public.

This is to notify all parties interested that I have sold all my interests in the Henry & Ockerman saloon and also in the Mansion Hotel. I will in no wise be responsible for any debts that may be contracted by either of these establishments.

S. P. HENRY.

Artesia, N. M., May 23, 1906.

Gospel Meetings.

M. E. Church South: Our meeting begins this Sunday. Bro. Brooks will be present, and preach at both services. We intend these meetings to be helpful to all the churches. We invite all Christians to attend and assist us. J. H. Messer, P. C.

For Sale—30-horse power gasoline engine in good condition; complete rotary well drill, boiler and engine; also a No. 3 Star cable rig. Apply to D. C. McCorney, Dayton, N. M.

We do not wish to profit by the misfortune of another; but we do wish to protect that other one against the baneful results of misfortune. A policy in the State Life of Indiana is better than bank stock. For particulars see L. W. Martin.

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READY ROOFING**

Different and better than other prepared roofing. Its life is real asphalt—the natural water-proofing—from the famous Trinidad Pitch Lake. Made and guaranteed by the Barber Asphalt Co., the largest producers in the world.

SOLD ONLY BY
John. Schrock Lumber Co.,
ARTESIA, NEW MEXICO.

The Good Princess and the Actress

Fy FRANCIS GRIBBLE

(Copyright, 1906, by Joseph B. Bowles)

"You think he loves me, Katti?"
"Of course he loves you, Princess."
"But why should he love me, Katti?"
"Because you are so good, Princess."
The Princess paused, and smiled a sad smile, and then:
"I suppose it will be rather an advantage for him to marry me. It will be what people would call a good match for him, Katti, won't it?"
Katti's blue eyes opened in amazement.

"A good match for him? Yes, and a great match. Is not that what all the newspapers are saying—that all the world is saying? You, the daughter of the greatest of the emperors, and he only a Prince in exile, turned out of his miserable kingdom in the Balkans, a soldier of fortune, an adventurer without lands or lieges."

The Princess was by no means sure that he loved her, though she had his word for it. He had courted her, indeed, to begin with, with all a soldier's dashing gallantry, and her heart had yielded readily to the assault. But she knew that the gallantry of soldiers is superficial, and her looking glass told her that she was very plain and insignificant, and she wanted to be very sure of him, and she was not sure.

And of late, in a scandalous paper that had come, by accident, into her hands, she had read a strange scandal about her lover's way of life.

The Princess questioned Katti about the scandal to which she had read dark references in the scandalous newspaper.

"A mere play actress. A minx! A hussy!" cried Katti. "There is no room for jealousy of such a thing as that; there is room only for pity and contempt. A princess can only ignore such creatures, can only behave as though she did not know that they existed."

The actress, who was no early riser, lay upon her sofa, in a demi-toilette of soft nun's veiling;—a faint odor of heliotrope perfumed the room.

The bell rang, and the servant announced that a lady desired to see Madame.

"Her name?" the actress asked, imperiously.

"The lady declined to give her name, but bade me say that her business with Madame was of importance."

The actress thrust the letter she had been reading into her bosom.

"You may admit her," she said; and then soliloquized complacently:

"Some stage-struck fool, no doubt, who wants me to help her with the managers. Ah, well, we'll see. What a thing it is to be good-natured!"

And then the door opened again, and the Princess entered.

"Pray be seated, madam," said the actress, pointing with queenly courtesy to a chair; and the Princess perceived that she had not yet been recognized.

She sat down as she was bidden—albeit she felt that it was a strange thing for her to be doing—and looked her rival up and down with searching eyes.

Not a beautiful woman, she reflected, nor yet a young woman. Not a woman whose natural charms could fearlessly face the daylight without the support of art. Her complexion certainly owed much to the powder-puff, and possibly something to the rouge-pot. It might even be suspected that her hair was dyed. Yet she had eyes that were eloquent and fascinating; character declared itself in her noble mouth; the grace of her movements had a charm that was none the less sure because it was undefinable. Though her features might not follow the classic rules of beauty, this woman was emphatically a rival to be afraid of.

There was music in her voice, too, even when she merely said:

"I understood, madam, that you had important business with me."

The Princess rose to her feet again before replying.

"You do not know who I am?" she asked; and as she spoke she flung back the shabby cape and removed the old-fashioned hat that formed her slight disguise.

Then the actress saw who was her visitor, and sprang to her feet in her astonishment, and the two rivals faced each other. The fire of jealousy flashed in both their eyes; but, for awhile, both of them were too embarrassed to find words.

It was the actress who spoke first. "Your royal highness does me an unexpected honor," she said, bitterly, and in tones that foreshadowed a whole avalanche of angry words to follow.

As she spoke, she moved towards the piano and stationed herself in front of a soldier's photograph, as though there were need for her to guard it. The Princess was visibly

perturbed. She felt that she was in the presence of a woman of stronger character and stronger passions than herself, and that her birth was but a poor substitute for these things in this hour of battle.

"I don't know," she stammered. "I suppose I did wrong to come."

"Wrong?" came the scornful answer, accompanied by a magnificent gesture of contempt. "Nothing that a princess may do is wrong. Your highness thought that she would like to gloat over the unhappy rival whose lover she means to take from her—if she can. Your highness wished to see for herself what charm there could be in a poor play actress to attract a prince. It did not occur to your highness that play actresses as well as princesses might have hearts. So your highness has visited me to gratify an idle whim. I trust that your highness is the happier for what she sees and hears."

"But, mademoiselle, I did not mean—I never thought—"

She was a timid princess, and it was easy to presume to interrupt her.

"You never thought? I know exactly what your highness thought. Your highness thought of me as a blood sucker, who wanted nothing but your Prince's money. But I don't want his money. I don't need his money. What I want is his heart, and I have got it."

The Princess felt humble. She would have given worlds for a passion that would have enabled her to talk in such burning words as those.

"Mademoiselle, mademoiselle," she again protested, feebly; and again the torrent of the other's anger overwhelmed her.

"Take him away from me! Take him away and marry him! It is easy for you to do this, for you are a prin-

cess, and I am but a common woman. But let your highness remember this: he loved me before he loved you, and he will love me afterwards; and though he wed you with every ceremony, and all the blessings of the church, yet, in the eye of God, it is I who shall be his wife."

She ceased, and again the two women gazed silently at one another, as though each sought to read the other's thoughts. This time it was the Princess who broke the silence.

"Yes, if I marry him," she stammered; and the actress saw her chance and changed her tone.

"If you marry him?" she echoed, quickly. "Then it is not certain? Then there is still room for me to hope? Be merciful, Princess. As you are strong, be merciful. Let me kneel to you, and beg you, and implore you to give me back my lover."

And she suited the action to the word, and fell upon her knees, and seized the Princess' hand, and covered it with tears and kisses.

"Rise, rise, mademoiselle. It pains me that you should kneel to me," said the Princess, and the actress stood up and played her final card.

"You think he does not love me? You think it is I who am foolishly infatuated? Then read this—this letter that came to me from him this very morning. Read it, and if you can truthfully tell me that he has ever written you a letter such as that, then I will confess that he has played me false."

She plucked the letter from her bosom, pressed her lips to it, and placed it in the Princess' hands. The Princess took it from her and, standing near the window, read it through with scalding tears coursing down her cheeks.

"Sweetheart," it began, "though I know that I am to see you soon, I shall write to you every day. And yet I have nothing to tell you except that I think of you always while I wake, and dream of you always when I sleep, and that every hour that I spend with you seems but a minute and that every hour that I spend away from you seems an age. Oh! how I love you, and how I love to think that your love is equal to my own."

There were several pages of passionate words. The Princess never had known before that real love letters existed outside the story books.

"Princess," said the actress, presently, in a soft and supplicating voice,



COVERED WITH TEARS.

"Princess, will you not give me back my lover?"

"He is not mine to give," said the Princess, choking back the threatening sobs. "He is yours; he has been always yours."

The actress knelt to kiss her hand in gratitude and the Princess continued:

"Yours is real love, such love as I have never known, but hope to know some day. No act of mine shall hinder such a love as that. Keep him and be happy. I shall write to him and tell him that his duty is to make you happy. Good-by. Perhaps you can guess now why I came to see you."

And, with that, she stooped and kissed the actress on the cheek.

And the Princess kept her word.

"I shall not marry you," she wrote. "I do not wish it, and you in your heart of hearts wish it even less. Your duty is to another, and by marrying her you will win greater happiness than I can ever give you."

That was her last word to him, but when Europe was scandalized by the news of the quiet wedding in the little village on the Riviera, she sent a wedding present to the bride, to prove to her that she bore no malice.

CIRCUS WAGONS IN SHOWS

High Railway Rates Force Manager to Use Vehicles During Long Tours.

Eldora, Iowa.—According to the theory of those who are in a position to speak and know, the spring season of 1906 will see more of the old-fashioned circus wagon shows throughout Iowa, Minnesota and the Dakotas, in fact the entire middle west, than ever before. This will be due to the increased transportation rates.

One manager in this state who is now fitting up a wagon show to start with the coming of spring and summer states that last year the transportation on his show cost about \$150 daily, and this year the rate charged by the railroads will be \$250 a day. All shows, large and small, will be affected by the rise, and as the result many a company will buy equipment, take to the road, make smaller jumps, and save the immense cost in railroad transportation, bringing many of the children of the present day face to face with the old fashioned wagon shows of their fathers.

PROCESS OF DRYING MILK.

Michigan Man Invents a Product Which May Be Handled Like Flour—Details of Plan.

Traverse City, Mich.—William A. McCool, a milk dealer of this city, is organizing a company to erect a plant for the manufacture of dried milk, which can be ground, bolted like flour and shipped in paper sacks or barrels.

In three years' study he has produced a system whereby at a cost of one cent a pound he can accomplish this and has been granted a patent on the process.

McCool's process produces milk that is rendered soluble by the addition of water, but does not collect dampness from the atmosphere and will keep in any climate.

It consists of a blower attached to the dome on a milk can. On the opposite side pipes convey air which has been heated by steam coils to the bottom of the tank. The blower creates a vacuum and the warm air rises to the dome, carrying with it the moisture from the milk, which is drawn out by the blower.

Scapegoat Editors.

The German press law requires every periodical to publish in each issue the name of some person as its responsible editor. At first sight this would seem to serve as a check on outspoken comment on majesty, but the comic periodicals that make a business of attacking the emperor regularly utilize this very provision of the press law as a means of escaping punishment. For a liberal sum the name of some utterly irresponsible party is secured, and when the paper is deprived of his services by an infraction of the law of lese majeste, a substitute is secured, and the paper goes on.

Executions in Dahomey.

Before the French brought some degree of civilization into the West African kingdom of Dahomey, strange and horrible methods of capital punishment were there employed. A terrible slow death was meted out to the paricide. The top of a supple tree was pulled near the ground and fastened by a contrivance of an arch and a rope. The prisoner's head was bound into the upper branches, his hands were tied behind him, the rope which held the tree down was cut, and he was shot up into the air to hang by his head until death ended his agony.

Why Leave So Much?

A bank at Fort Smith which failed owing depositors \$80,000 had \$94,300 on hand. We can understand about the 30 cents, but how did the officials come to overlook the \$947

FARMER AND PLANTER

SEED CORN GERMINATION.

The Importance of Testing the Vitality of All Corn Intended For Seed.

The importance of testing the vitality of corn which is intended for planting can not be overestimated. It is strange that farmers are willing to plant corn without first being reasonably certain that every kernel put into the ground is capable of producing a good, healthy plant.

During the present season more than 90,000,000 acres will be planted to corn in the United States, which will require approximately 15,000,000 bushels of seed. Of this quantity it is almost certain that from 2,000,000 to 3,000,000 bushels, or nearly 20 per cent., of the corn first planted will fail to grow as a result of the low vitality of the seed. Thousands of acres will have to be replanted either in their entirety or in part, and many thousands more will grow to maturity with an imperfect stand.

Farmers have so long been accustomed to having a stand under ordinarily favorable conditions varying from 60 to 85 per cent., that many have come to think a stand of 95 per cent. or more is impossible. Yet experiments have shown that, barring unfavorable weather at planting time, the work of grubs, wireworms, etc., there is no reason why a stand of corn should be less than 95 per cent. Of recent years, however, the conditions have much improved, and never before has there been such a demand for seed corn of high vitality. A few of our best farmers are beginning to realize that one of the greatest factors in profitable corn production is the securing of seed which will show a high percentage of germination.

If each corn grower would give a little time during the early spring to the testing of his seed, the vitality of each individual ear of corn intended for planting could be readily determined. The poor ears could then be discarded, and the 2,000,000 or 3,000,000 of bushels of seed corn which fail to grow each spring could be very profitably converted into pork and beef. However, this is of minor importance in comparison with the increased production of corn which would be made possible in the United States by a judicious selection of the seed ears—weeding out those which are dead or of low vitality.—U. S. Farmers' Bulletin.

PERCHERONS OR MULES?

After All Has Been Said the Negro and the Mule Are the Best For the South.

For purely draft purposes, either in the plow or wagon, there is no breed of horses superior to the Percherons, but there are other things to be considered by our correspondent besides strength in measuring the utility of the Percheron with that of the mule. Surrounding conditions and the purposes for which these animals are to be most generally used should determine their respective values to our correspondent.

In the north and northwest the heavy draft horse is used almost exclusively on the farm as well as in the cities. He is unquestionably better adapted to the climatic conditions, the methods of farming and the kind of crops grown there than any other animal, otherwise he would not be so generally used. In the south his usefulness is confined almost exclusively to the cities, where his superior strength can be used to the greatest advantage in hauling heavy loads of merchandise, but for farming purposes he is supplanted by the mule. For the same reasons the Percherons are preferable for farming in the north and northwest, mules are most desired in the south.

There is no doubt but that a certain amount of Percheron blood, say a quarter, or even a half, would greatly improve the farm horse of the south in giving them strength and size. We have seen a number of these grade Percherons—that is, animals by thoroughbred Percheron sires, or even by grade stallions of this blood, and out of ordinary southern farm mares that were very superior farm animals, more so than the grade Percherons bred in the north and northwest, owing to the fact that they had more finish and action, which they get through the blood of their dams.

The grade Percherons of the north and of the southern farm mare is, more or less, based upon the blood of the thoroughbred runner, and their deficiency in size and strength is in a measure compensated for by their activity and courage. Mares of this kind bred to a Percheron would give most excellent work horses for the farm, but so long as cotton, corn and sugar cane is grown in the south, and so long as we have our present methods of farming there is nothing that will surpass the negro and the mule on the southern farm.

For these reasons, and because a mule will keep in better heart under more adverse circumstances, is less liable to disease, and will thrive on rations that would starve a big Percheron, we would advise our correspondent to stick to his mules for farming in his locality. But

if his surrounding circumstances are such as to warrant him in thinking he can use the big draft horse to better advantage than he can mules, and he is disposed to make the experiment, then get the grade Percherons out of well-bred mares.—Southern Agriculturist.

THE DUAL-PURPOSE COW.

The Animal That Is Rapidly Winning Her Way into the Good Graces of the Farmer.

It is quite natural that anyone engaged in breeding a special class of live stock should prefer it to all others and contend for its superiority over animals of the same variety, but not bred strictly in their lines of blood. For instance, the breeders of Jerseys, Holsteins and Ayrshire cattle, all strictly dairy breeds, hotly contend that the Shorthorn should not be considered other than a beef breed, and ignore the fact that there is such a thing as a dual-purpose cow. Strange to say, there are many Shorthorn breeders who make the same contention, but they are almost without an exception being engaged in breeding fancy animals for the fat stock show ring, or who attach more importance to pedigree than to utility.

But, under all these adverse circumstances, the dual purpose cow is rapidly winning her way to popular favor with both dairyman and farmer, and she is coming with a large preponderance of Shorthorn blood in her veins—blood that made her valuable as a dairy animal long before any of the other breeds were known or recognized for this particular purpose—blood so strong in dairy qualities that after a century of neglect, comes to the front and stamps her and her grades as the best dairy animal the average farmer can have.

And why not? The average farmer has a horse that he uses for riding or driving, and when rushed with work uses him in plow or wagon. Is not this a dual purpose horse? Could the average farmer have a better animal for his purposes? The most popular sheep and the highest priced ones we have today are that variety that combines both wool and mutton.

To the average American farmer this dual purpose cow question is one of importance. The average farmer makes up the majority of the citizens of the United States, and the cow that is best adapted to his purposes is the one that will pay him best. There is not in this country a greater need or more general demand at this time for any domestic animal than the dual purpose cow, for her greatest value and natural home is on the small farm with the average farmer.

Her annual credit account is from twenty to twenty-five dollars for milk or butter, after supplying the needs of the family, and a lusty, vigorous calf that will sell as a yearling or two-year-old for from \$15 to \$30, and then, when her usefulness is over, either as a milker or breeder, dry her off and she can be economically and quickly fattened for beef.

It is not my purpose to say anything against any of the improved breeds, bred for special purposes. They are all valuable in their respective spheres and we could not get along without them, but it is the dual purpose that is for the masses, the special breeds for the few.—Cor. Southern Cultivator.

HERE AND THERE.

—It is well to remember with all classes of stock that it is better to keep one good thrifty animal than two poor ones.

—It is not always the earliest planted corn that produces the earliest or largest ears, but the corn that is put in when the land has been thoroughly prepared.

—The heifer that is expected to make a good dairy cow should always be kept in good thrifty condition—not stunted in growth at any time, as it will prove a drawback to her maturity.

—Before sheep are admitted to the fattening pen they should be carefully examined by an experienced shepherd, and if any evidence of skin disease or vermin is found, they should be dipped thoroughly.

—There is no reason why an unprofitable cow should be retained, yet in all dairy stables may be found cows that do not pay for their food. The profit derived from the best cows is made to cover the loss from others.

—Many hogs are killed by quack nostrums when cholera is supposed to be in the herd. Acconite and concentrated lye are fed plentifully, and the hogs die; starvation is better treatment than rank poison indiscriminately fed.

—No crop but corn produces the income that the dairy cow does. The estimate of the value of dairy products for 1905 reaches \$665,000,000. The farmer's hen competes for precedence with wheat, poultry products aggregating half a billion dollars in value.

—Essex rape is a plant that has long, narrow leaves looking somewhat like a turnip, but has no bulb, and its leaves are valuable for hogs, sheep or cattle. It will grow two feet high, and all stock delight in eating it. It will bloat cattle and sheep, therefore you should be careful in first turning them on it.

Auto Fedon Self Feeding Hay Press.

The only absolutely two horse power self feed press on the market. Has a record of baling 3 tons of alfalfa in one hour.

Leave your orders with

J. R. Blair,
Local agent.
W. B. Ross, Gen. agent,
Roswell, N. M.

ARTESIA LODGE NO. 28,
A. F. & A. M.
Stated communications first Saturday night of each month
J. B. Cecill, W. M.
E. B. Kemp, Sec.

WALNUT CAMP NO. 26
Meets on first, third and fifth Tuesday nights of each month.
Chas. R. Echols, C. C.
J. E. Swebston, Clerk.

I. O. O. F.
ARTESIA LODGE NO. 11
Meets every Thursday night at 7:30.
J. D. H. Reed, N. G.
T. R. Logan, Sec.

RED MEN,
CHEROKEE TRIBE NO. 25
Meets every Friday night in each month.
J. D. Christopher, Sachem.
Non Walden, Chief of Records.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS
ARTESIA LODGE NO. 27
Meets on second and fourth Saturday nights in each month.
Jay C. Idler, C. C.
Lee McIntosh, K. of R. & S.

For First-Class
Blacksmithing
and Wood-work,
Wagon and Buggy
and Farm Implement-
work, Horseshoeing, see
W. H. WATKINS,
ON
Cor. Second and Texas Sts.,
At the
Big Red Shop.
All Work Guaranteed.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera & Diarrhea Remedy

Almost every family has need of a reliable remedy for colic or diarrhea at some time during the year.

This remedy is recommended by dealers who have sold it for many years and know its value.

It has received thousands of testimonials from grateful people.

It has been prescribed by physicians with the most satisfactory results.

It has often saved life before medicine could have been sent for or a physician summoned.

It only costs a quarter. Can you afford to risk so much for so little? **BUY IT NOW.**

REPUBLICANS NAME THEIR MEN.

Would Fain Elect a Full County Ticket. Artesians Are In It.

If the Democratic nominees named by the primary a week or so ago are elected to the respective offices next fall, they will have to go in without the consent and support of that portion of our citizenship who claim allegiance to the Republican party. There is really no good reason why those clever and capable men named by the Democrats should not have the unqualified support of every law-abiding citizen in Eddy county, but the Republicans do not seem to think so, hence the faithful were called to Carlsbad last Saturday night and a full ticket put out in opposition. About a dozen Artesia citizens went down to lend their talents to building a suitable platform and getting some victims to cast their bodies before the juggernaut. It was a real enthusiastic meeting, considering that it was all made believe, anyway, and the Artesia delegation came back in high good humor. Official pie was passed around with a lavish hand and the Artesia patriots took the bait with the dexterity of a black bass from Seven Rivers. The slate of officers as handed to the Advocate is as follows:

For Sheriff Joseph Klassner.
Treasurer Edward F. Phillips.
Assessor John T. Bolton.
Probate Clerk Blaine Richey.
Superintendent W. A. Craig.
Com. 1st Dist. J. W. Turknett.
Com. 2nd Dist. W. P. Mudgett.
Probate Judge Edward Cadwell.
Surveyor E. C. Cook.

The gentlemen named are, without exception, fully competent (and willing) to discharge the duties of the offices for which they are named and the only reason why they will not make acceptable officers of Eddy county is that they will lack a thousand or so votes of getting elected. Edward F. Phillips, who would like to beat Will Merchant for treasurer, is assistant cashier in the First National Bank of Artesia, and will run just as fast and as far as his party strength can carry him. Blaine Richey is a successful and popular young real estate agent of this city, who comes from "running stock" and not a man in his party can consistently vote against him. J. W. Turknett, is the pioneer sheepman of this end of the county and he knows enough about business affairs to make a safe and conservative officer as commissioner, but—he belongs to the wrong party, just like the others. As these gentlemen are our neighbors, we can assure the Republicans that they have made no mistake. They are as good material as could be found in Eddy county, outside of the Democratic party, and are all well able to stand the punishment that is awaiting them in September.

ROSE LAWN

Suburban Tracts: Ideal for Homes and Small Orchards.

If you are looking for small orchard tracts, that in a few years, will make an ideal suburban home, you should look into the Rose Lawn proposition. I have a limited number of these beautiful five to seven acre lots to sell to actual home builders. These lots are under a nice artesian well irrigation system with a reasonable annual water rental. A small water main for domestic use will be supplied as soon as possible. 800 avenue trees are planted, and arrangements are being made for the planting, next season, of two continuous constant-blooming rose hedges along Rose Ave. This avenue begins at a point one-half mile south of Main street, of Artesia, New Mexico, and runs south one-half mile. The land is patented. The title is perfect. If you think this is about what you want, write at once, or come and I will take pleasure in explaining the terms and conditions.

R. M. LOVE, Proprietor.
Rose Lawn Suburban Tracts. Artesia, N. M.

Alfalfa Pasture.

Horses taken at \$2.50 per month, each head. Fine pasture and plenty of water. Rent payable in advance or when horses are taken from pasture. This rule will be strictly adhered to. Pasture 1-2 mile south of

Its Time to Plant Cane.

Farmers desiring to secure seed of the famous Seeded Ribbon Cane, grown so successfully around Artesia last year, can do so by calling at the warehouse of Christopher & Davis. The supply is limited and you should not delay too long.



A Splendid Opportunity

To Save Money on Ladies and Misses

WASH SUITS

All new styles and popular colors. We have an extra large stock to select from. In fact too many and while the wash suit season is just at its height we ask you to come and see them. We are sure you will purchase one after you see the rare bargains we are offering.

Regular \$3.50 and \$3.75 values now Regular \$5.00 and \$5.50 values now

\$2.75

\$4.00

Regular \$4.00 and \$4.50 values now Regular \$6.50 and \$7.60 values now

\$3.25

\$55.0

REGULAR \$8.50 AND \$9.50 VALUES NOW \$6.50

REMEMBER WE ARE SELLING
LADIES HATS



Cold Storage Meat In Summer.

Government reports say "Beef that is kept directly upon or next to ice, in warm weather is unhealthy as well as unpalatable," also that "meat killed one day and used the next is not suitable food in such weather."

We have installed one of the best "Cold Storage Rooms" upon the market to enable us to furnish our customers meat free from the above objections.

A ton of ice can be put in the top at once. Every part of the room is air tight, but it is so constructed that a continuous circulation of cold, dry air is obtained.

With this Cold Storage Room we can assure our trade Swift's "Government Inspected Beef," properly cooked, and free from taint or sourness.

You can't afford to use any other kind, any more than we can afford to sell it.

The Artesia Market Co. Phone 8.

His many friends in Artesia regret very much to learn this week that Mr. J. E. Swebston is quite sick at the home of his father at Point, Texas, where he stopped on his return from the General Conference at Birmingham, Ala. His early recovery is hoped for.

Mrs. A. L. Norfleet, daughters and son, arrived this week from Sherman, Texas, where the children have been attending the Kidd Key College. The Norfleets will occupy the Jno. R. Hodges residence, on Grand avenue.

Croquet sets at Pecos Valley Drug Co.

J. E. SWEPSTON,

FIRE INSURANCE AGENCY.
NOTARY PUBLIC.

GENERAL ACCOUNTING.

OFFICE IN BANK OF ARTESIA BUILDING.

PHONE 140.

ARTESIA, N. M.

Notice to Taxpayers.

I have appointed Mr. T. F. Blackmore deputy county assessor for Precinct No. 6. Personal call will be made on all tax payers, but, if convenient, call at his office over Bank of Artesia and render your taxes for the year 1906.

J. L. Emerson,

Assessor.

For Sale.

The cobble stone house on Richardson avenue. The price is less than the cost of the house alone \$4400 00 and will take half on time. This place is actually worth more than \$5200 00. See J. C. Gage, Artesia, who will show the house.

Suffered for Five Years with Kidney and Liver Trouble.

"I suffered for five years with kidney and liver trouble, which caused severe pains across the back and a blinding headache. I had dyspepsia and was so constipated that I could not move my bowels without a cathartic. I was cured by Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets and have been well now for six months," says Mr. Arthur S. Strickland, of Chattanooga, Tenn. For sale by Fatherree and Robertson.

For Rent—Four room house, new, close in, barn and out houses. Walk right. Apply this office.

LOVE'S AGENCY.

Representing
THE NEW YORK LIFE
Matchless Life and Investment Insurance. Policies incontestable from date of issue.
Stark Bros. Nurseries & Orchards Co.
Fancher Creek Nurseries. The California Rose Co. and The Southwestern Nurseries
Where we get our Government Evergreens and Forest Trees.

NOTARY PUBLIC.
Instruments drawn and acknowledgments taken. Office with the Cleveland Land Agency. Call on or address
R. M. LOVE, Artesia, N. M.

CITY TRANSFER.

Having just added a light one-horse wagon for baggage and other light hauling, will ask you to call me to handle your trunks etc.

Will meet all Trains.

TELEPHONE No. 24.

T. T. Kuykendall.

MANDOLIN, GUITAR BANJO.

Thorough instruction, for terms etc., inquire at the cobble stone house, Richardson avenue.

JOHN E. QUINLAN.

Blank leases for sale at the Advocate office.

WORK INTERFERED WITH.

Phil Jones' Attempt to Prove an Alibi Is a Failure.

Phil Jones' attempt to prove to Recorder Marmouget that he was a captain of industry, resulted badly, says the New Orleans Times-Democrat. The arresting officer said that Phil shunned work like a stegomyia fasciata shuns a health official, and as long as he had known him Phil had spun not, neither had he toiled. The only disparity between Phil and the parable was that he was neither a lily of the field nor was he arrayed like one of them.

"Phil, the officer says you have not worked as far back as he can remember. How about it?"

Joe took on a look of virtue and injured innocence. He held his head way back and rested the tips of his fingers judiciously on the table.

"All I gotter say, jedge, yo onner, am dat I is er hard wukin' lab'r in man, sponded Joe. "Dat officer done got me mix' up wid some yuther man, jedge. I wucks hard, does, jedge. Las' week I made fo' bits en de week befo' dat I almos' made er dollar en ten cents. W'en dat officer tuck'n tuck me I wuz on mer way ter foller er gen'l'mun wich he sayed he wud gimme er quarter fer ter car'y er v'leese fer him. W'en 'd I get out? I got out las' mont', jedge. I done serve mer time."

"I don't think you've served enough of it," commented his honor. "If you are such a high financier I'll give you a chance to earn your grub and board out on the farm. Five dollars or thirty days will just about do you."

Two Hundred Miles of Lions.

In western India there is a place named Junagadh. It is governed by a ruler called a Nawab. This Nawab has a peculiar fad. It is one that probably no other person in the world shares with him; at any rate, if anybody else has the same fad, it isn't likely at all that he can indulge it as the Nawab of Junagadh can, for in his territory is the great forest of the Gir, in whose 200 square miles there are believed to be more lions and panthers than are to be found in any other part of the world—and the fad of the Nawab is lions.

In his territory it is a prison of wense for a native to kill a lion or panther; and it is only when visiting Europeans enter the land that the Nawab permits any hunting. Very prominent Europeans know so well that the Nawab doesn't like to have his lions shot that they politely decline his invitation when he extends it, knowing that this will please their host more than anything that they could do.

Even the viceroy of India, who recently visited the Nawab, refrained from going out to shoot a lion, although, of course, that ruler had made all preparations for a great hunt.

The Nawab naturally has the finest collection of lions in captivity in India, and it happens often that at night the caged animals are nearly driven frantic by the roars of free lions which come out of the jungle and prowl around just outside of the menagerie.

To Lads of Mettle.

Those two Yale students who started out for a tramp last week are showing a lot of the spirit which is known to be continually on tap in New Haven. First they got "broke" and blistered their hands in swimming and a steamer's swell washed away their clothes, which, however, were fortunately recovered. Their next peril was a visit to Vassar college, where they were received by the few girl students remaining like Christian at the house of the comforter. A Baptist church, taking them for genuine tramps, tried to offer them salvation—the only free thing they had thus far met with—and at last accounts they are working on John Jacob Astor's farm for a modest wage per diem. All this will have done them no harm when they get back to college next fall, brown, alert and more resourceful for their little journey into the world.

O'Connor Power and the Alderman.

When O'Connor Power, M. P., was visiting this country, more than a quarter of a century ago, he was the guest for a while of Alderman James Power of South Boston. One evening they were to attend a banquet given in honor of the M. P., and were anxious to get there on time. After a very busy day they were pretty hungry.

As they neared the banquet board the M. P. remarked in a whisper to the alderman: "I am glad to see the edibles forthcoming, Mr. Power, for I have a vacuum in my stomach."

"You have?" answered the alderman, in surprise; "well, now, I have nothing in mine."

Company Will Educate Mechanics.

The Southern Pacific company is to begin the experiment of educating its own mechanics. Orders have been received from headquarters to begin the erection of a building on the railroad grounds at Sparks, Nev., for the purpose.

CHILD MARRIAGES IN INDIA.

Inconceivably Sad Life to Which Widows are Condemned.

More than 250,000 girls in India, 5 years of age or less, were already married when the last census was taken, and of these necessarily many have become widows. Between 5 and 1 years the number of married girls was well over 2,000,000, between 10 and 15 years it had risen to nearly 7,000,000. Of course, to the girls in the first two categories marriage meant nothing more than a contract entered into for them by others, long before they themselves were capable of understanding it; many of them had been bound by engagements when they were still children in arms; some had even been betrothed before they were born.

Most of the widows of such tender years become so before they know what widowhood means. It is only as they grow out of infancy that they learn the sad life to which they are condemned, a life of misery which is inconceivable to people of western countries, yet is enforced by Hindoo customs. It is a life of hardship, of unmerited shame, of irksome penances and of wearisome attendance at religious functions.

Though the English law in India would recognize the legality of a remarriage of these youthful widows, inexorable custom forbids it and its occurrence is rare. There were in India in 1901 nearly 426,000 widows under 15 years of age, of whom nearly 20,000 were less than 5 years old.

She Wanted "Serve."

She looked all of 19 years old and must have been keeping house at least a week. Her inexperience was testing the grocer's ability to suppress his smiles.

"My husband," she said, in a manner intended to show that she had had one for years and years, "tinks succotash is simply lovely. I'll take a pound of it."

The groceryman continued to suppress his felings while he filled a paper bag with beans and green corn, and advised her to have it cooked thoroughly.

He was beginning to feel secure again when she bought a can of soup of a much advertised brand and said: "You can give me five cents' worth of serve."

The man behind the counter was bewildered even after hearing the order repeated. She explained:

"The directions tell you how to cook it and what to put in. But I haven't got everything that's called for. The directions say 'just add hot water and serve.'"

Prof. Williams Told Him Why.

As a means for practical illustration of the principles of art taught in the lecture room Prof. Williams of Brown university used occasionally to walk with his class about the city and discuss the architecture of the various buildings.

When, at one of these out of door sessions, the class was halted before the old Providence station, which had two towers, with a clock in each, one of the students remarked, rather too innocently:

"I wonder why they put a clock on each tower, professor?"

"Oh," came the reply instantly, "that is so that if any one happened to be looking at one the next person wouldn't have to wait until he got through."

The Grumbler Reforms.

At this time of the year all looked as if the world was afire and was ready to take fire at the scratch of a match now its all rain and some may say which is the worst to be wet or to be dry well either is very disagreeable but give me the rain instead of the dry weather and we may get hay for winter while the dry weather would burn up everything, even the pastures and soon every living must die by the intense heat we know when it is so dry as it was some 2 years ago so let all stop our grumbling and say the Lord is good and knows best what we need and for our general good, and so the world goes or moves on.—Downersville Cor. Mermon (N. Y.) News.

Sign of a Domestic Boss.

It is a pretty good sign that a man is the boss if he sits around home in the evening with his shoes and stockings off. A woman likes everything around her house to be neat, and a man's bare feet are built on such a plan that if they were scrubbed with sapolio, rinsed in rose water, powdered with rice flour, and a baby blue ribbon tied around each toe they wouldn't look neat in the parlor.—Atchison, Kan., Globe.

His Passengers Find No Fault.

A Natick (Mass.) undertaker is something of a wit. Not long ago a friend asked him why he did not follow the style and have rubber tires put on his hearse. "Well," he quickly replied, "there is no particular necessity to do so, for the people I take to ride never find fault with the steel tires."

WHERE HE SAW SNAKES.

Australian Traveler Says Sea Near Sumatra Was the Limit.

"The worst snakes I ever saw," said E. H. Hamlin, Melbourne, Australia, to a Milwaukee Free Press man, "was on a journey to the island of Sumatra, when the vessel was fifty miles off the coast. Myriads of sea snakes could be seen swimming about as far as the eye could reach. They kept on the surface and several distinct varieties were recognized by a scientific man on board. During the calm weather the reptiles could be seen sunning themselves upon the ocean surface, remaining motionless except for a slight undulation caused by the movement of the water. When alarmed they dived like arrows, leaving a train of bubbles behind them.

"These water snakes are marked in brilliant colors and are more deadly in their venom than the cobra. Their fangs are very short and do not penetrate so deep as the fangs of most serpents, but only a scratch is necessary to produce serious results. In spite of their death-dealing fangs, the snakes are killed and eaten by sea eagles and large gulls. Sharks and other large fish prey upon the snakes. Their food is fish, which they persistently follow and kill. There was something sinister and uncanny, not to say akin to the fanciful illustrations of the bottomless pit, about these great snakes when seen far out from land, staring at the ship with fixed, glittering eyes. One feels glad to be on a ship and not thrown overboard. Being fish-eaters, the snakes might not feed on human flesh, but they would be unpleasant neighbors."

"All Keep Your Forks."

William W. Russell, the new minister to Venezuela, was being congratulated on his appointment.

"Thank you," said Mr. Russell. "I appreciate your good wishes, and I will try to do well in my new place."

"In new places," he went on, "we all, with hard work, may do well. Now and then, before unexpected and unprecedented crises, we may err, but there is no need for us to err greatly—to err, for instance, as did the new waitress of a friend of mine."

"This waitress was willing but inexperienced. The first day she prospered. The second day, having developed a good deal of faith in her, my friend gave a dinner party, and there she committed a tremendous solecism."

"She was, it seems, a little short of forks. After each course she should have taken the soiled forks and washed and dried them in the pantry in a pan of hot water prepared for that purpose."

"But, alas! instead of adopting any such method as that, the waitress, as she removed the plates after the fish course, said to the assembled guests in a loud, authoritative voice:

"'All keep yer forks.'"

Little Home Truths.

Advice or reproof does more harm than good when it is so rudely or roughly given that it brings humiliation or indignation.

If from your real affectionate regard for a relative you wish to point out to him or her an error or correct a fault, do so as gently and as cautiously as you know how, and do not try to correct mistakes or point out shortcomings too often, says the Washington Star.

Give your advice in private, and always give less advice than sweet, complimentary speeches. A compliment is not less but more relished when it comes from a member of one's family than when it is a tribute won from a stranger, and these signs of appreciation that you give of some dear one's wit, wisdom or beauty are little home truths that are ever affectionately remembered and come ever like gentle dews to refresh the seeds of affection and loving kindness that are planted in our hearts.

Dist. Atty. French and the Finn.

Dist. Atty. French of the southeastern district of Massachusetts has a sense of humor which he is not always able to suppress. Some time ago it became his duty to try a man in Norfolk county for murder in the second degree. The defendant was a Finn, who knew no English, and testified in his own behalf through an interpreter. He was convicted.

Shortly after the verdict Mr. French was met by a member of the bar, who congratulated him, and added that he supposed he was gratified at the result.

"Yes," replied the district attorney, "because whereas I have heretofore only heard the prisoner's Finnish, I now see it."

Actress Tells of Earnings.

In her bankruptcy examination in London the other day, Mrs. Brown Potter testified that her average earnings on the stage, for several years had been from \$40,000 to \$45,000 a year. In Australia she made \$45,000 in 1897, her most successful season. Since the closing of the Savoy theater she had been playing a temporary engagement at \$320 a week.

KING OF ROGUES.

French Police Have Merry Chase for Crook.

The French police were put to a great deal of trouble some time ago in consequence of the exploits of George Goirand, an exceptionally clever swindler and robber. Goirand was a veritable king of rogues, and his adventures make extraordinary reading.

One of his methods was to inveigle women, over whom, in spite of his commonplace and unprepossessing appearance, he gained a remarkable influence, and use them for his own ends. A woman confederate who was caught by the police confessed that she had obtained a situation as a domestic servant at Goirand's suggestion, and afterward rifled the house, handing the whole of the proceeds of her robbery over to Goirand.

At one time the latter lived in the suburbs of Paris, under an assumed name, in a splendid house and grounds, possessing horses and carriages, as well as motor cars, all of which were paid for out of the proceeds of a servant girl's robberies, which amounted to some £15,000 in eighteen months. Goirand made friends with all the gentry and landowners of the place, inviting them during the season to shoot over his preserves, while in the summer time he went to fashionable watering places, and associated with persons in high official position.

All this time the detectives were looking for him, but he knew far more about them than they ever found out about him. Of course, they never suspected for one moment that such an apparently wealthy and respected man was the Goirand they were looking for. He had a wonderful stock of properties for disguise, including even different sets of teeth, which gave his physiognomy various expressions.

The Fat Man's Tale.

"I abominate canvas-back duck and terrapin," said a fat man, "but I eat Virginia ham every day in the week."

"Nobody here in the north knows how to cook Virginia ham. I'll tell you how it's done."

"You buy up your ham, paying 35 cents a pound for it, and if it isn't as hard and solid as a rock, it isn't the genuine article."

"You boil it in pure apple cider—no water—just the cider alone—and after it is boiled you let it soak for a day and a night in a fresh lot of pure cider."

"Finally you bake it in sherry, basting it with the wine every fifteen minutes."

"Then you eat it."

"What a treat Virginia ham, prepared in my way, is. A confirmed dyspeptic could eat such ham. I used to be dyspeptic, and yet I have eaten it once a day for seventeen years. It cured my dyspepsia, for all I know."—Boston Post.

Elevate the Stage.

The elevation of the stage goes briskly on. Young Mr. Knabenshue, the air-ship inventor, announces that he is about to accept a theatrical engagement; that he will make his stage entrance in a small air ship, and that when once anchored he will deliver a monologue which will be suitably prepared for the occasion. To elevate the stage we must first elevate the actors, and there is no surer way of elevating actors than by sending them up in air ships, providing in advance that those who are not acceptable shall not come down. Mr. Knabenshue explains that he has already contracted with the syndicate, to which we are indebted for so many brilliant histrionic acquisitions, and we have no doubt that his engagement in Chicago will be one of the leading features of the coming theatrical season. It is presumed, of course, that his appearance will be attended by the customary voiceless pony ballet.

Prof. Beale's Lecture on Wills.

Prof. Joseph H. Beale of the Harvard law school was lecturing last session on the drawing of wills. He was trying to impress on the students that there were only two or three absolute essentials of a valid will, namely, that it would be dated, signed and witnessed.

"If these requirements are fulfilled," he went on to say, "anything will pass the probate court. Of course," he continued, "I do not mean this to be taken too literally; I do not mean that a man might date, sign and have witnessed his favorite song and then have that probated."

But at this point, a student convulsed the class by interrupting with: "But, say, professor, suppose his favorite song should be 'I'll Leave My Happy Home for You?'"

Increasing Cost of Battleships.

The cost of a battleship seems destined to increase. A few years ago it rose in England from \$5,000,000 to \$6,000,000; then the secretary of the admiralty stated that the King Edward VII battleship would cost \$7,500,000. Thus it seems likely that before long the value of a battleship will be little under \$10,000,000.

MEETS HIS BROTHER BILL.

Skipper Gifted With an Amazingly Keen Sight in a Fog.

"Some years ago I was ordered to take a long rest," said a man. "I journeyed as far east as New Brunswick in search of a good place, and being in St. John when an old fisherman friend of mine was getting ready to make a voyage to New York, I took a sudden notion to go with him."

"The weather was bad all the way and when we entered the sound you couldn't see the companionway from the wheel. I never saw such a fog. I was on deck with the old man when we entered the sound. He was standing by the wheel. Suddenly I saw him lean over and bawl:

"'Sloop a-hoo-oo-oy!'"

"I didn't hear a thing to indicate the proximity of a sloop or anything else, but those old fishermen from the provinces have a faculty of seeing things in any kind of weather."

"The old man gave his attention to the wheel and presently I heard a faint cry off in the fog."

"'Schooner a-hoo-oo-oy!'"

"The old man straightened up and bawled:

"'Is tha-at the Lucy Ann?'"

"Again the silence for a moment, and then faint and weak, came the answer:

"'Aye, aye! Is that th' Mandy Jane?'"

"'Aye, aye!' bawled our skipper, and he twirled the wheel. He never looked my way and for a time I thought him unconscious of my presence. After fifteen minutes of silence he suddenly turned with an emphatic nod of his head toward that section of the fog from which the answering hail had come and said:

"'That was me brother Bill. I ain't seen him before for a year.' Then he went on with his steering as if nothing had happened."—Washington Star.

Official Gazette Needed.

The president suggested to the commission appointed to examine the methods of conducting business in the federal departments the feasibility of establishing an official gazette. The New York Tribune heartily indorses the suggestion. It says: "An official gazette would certainly serve two excellent purposes. It would lead to better administration, in that it would bring the business operations of each department under more direct scrutiny. Each branch of the service now acts independently of all the others. Again, the public would be greatly served by such an official register. To get any general knowledge now of what is being done in the departments one must go to fifty or one hundred different sources. Appointments, promotions, army, navy and marine corps orders, bids, proposals, and reports dribble out piecemeal; but no convenient and accurate record exists, such as a comprehensive and well-edited gazette would furnish. For newspapers and for the reading public interested in the government's work such a register would prove of genuine value."

Soon Warm the Plate.

Attorney General Moody was discussing certain flaws in the criminal code and certain remedies that had been suggested.

"These remedies," he said, "are not logical; they would not be effective if enforced."

"They are singularly like the remedy that a chophouse waiter once indicated to an impatient guest."

"The guest had ordered a chop, and when it was brought in to him he said with a disgusted air:

"'Waiter, my plate is quite cold.'"

"The waiter smiled encouragingly."

"'Yes, sir,' he said, 'but the chop is hot, sir, which, I think, you'll find it'll soon warm up the plate nicely, sir.'"

When to Take the Cold Bath.

The morning is the best time for a cold bath, because one is warm when he first gets out of bed, and is in the best condition for a healthy reaction. But the bath should be taken immediately upon rising. This does not mean within five or ten minutes, after he has moved about the room and become chilled; it means at once. Only when this rule is strictly followed is the morning cold bath a benefit.

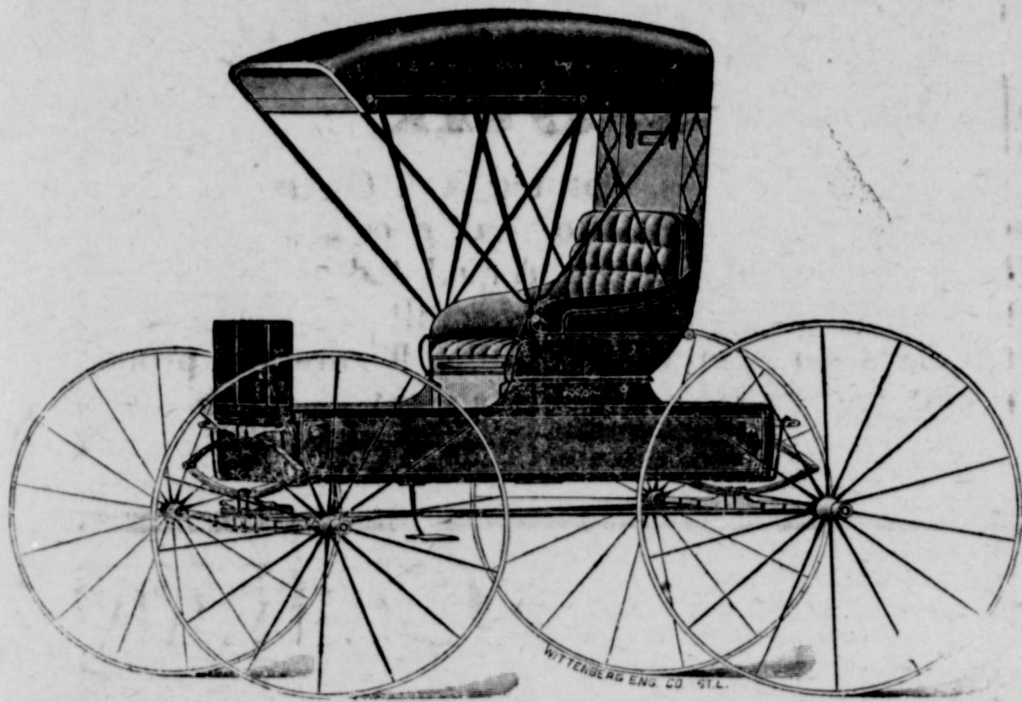
Birthday of the Yukon.

What St. George's day is to Britain, what Dominion day is to Canada, and what Independence day is to the American republic, is Aug. 16 to the Yukon. It was on that day nine years ago that Skookum Jim washed out his famous pan on Rabbit creek, whose result was the bringing of thousands of people to the country and the enriching the world by \$120,000,000 in gold.—Yukon World.

Change of View.

Giffle—"A month ago Jinks was abusing his uncle for an old skinflint. To-day I overheard him praising that relative's notable thrift and frugality." Spinks—"That's natural enough. His uncle died last week and Jinks got all his money."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

The Best On Earth.



We have received a solid carload of
RACINE WAGONS.

And have enroute a car of Racine Buggies. It is a well known fact that the Racine is the best brand of wagons and buggies on the market today and we are fortunate in being able to secure the agency at Artesia. When you want SOMETHING GOOD, come to us. We can sell you a really good vehicle for less money than some folks will ask for shoddy stuff. It will be worth your while to give us a chance to show you.

ROBIN & DYER, Artesia, N. M.

For Sale.

320 acres desert claim 2 miles South-west of Dayton extra fine. Nearly two years work done, Price \$25.00 per acre.

Also 120 acres of patented land 2 miles south of Dayton on R. R. \$15.00 per acre. These two ought to go quick. Write or telegraph,

C. J. MOORE, Charleston, Mo.

VENTURE CLEVELAND.

Cleveland Bay horse, 4 years old, 16 $\frac{3}{4}$ hands high, weight 1350 poundp, will make the season at the Club Stables. Terms of service reasonable. Public generally invited to come and see the horse

H. L. MUNCY, Artesia, New Mex.

ARTESIA TRANSFER LINE.

LEE TURKNETT, Prop.

All kinds of drayage work and hauling. Baggage transferred.

Careful attention given to all work. Phone No. 4.

Christian Church.

Sunday School 9:45; Church services 11:00 by W. F. Schwartz, subject: The value of hard places. Children's Day Exercises in the evening at 8 o'clock.

Wanted.

Mules or horses in exchange for 320 acres desert land, four miles from Artesia, \$6 improvement on land, good location. See me at once. J. A. Clifton, Artesia, N. M.

W. C. Miller arrived this week with his family and a car of goods from Young county, Texas, and are having a neat residence erected on the land recently purchased in the western part of the city. They were accompanied by Mrs. Burks, whose husband preceded her several weeks.

L. W. Martin can loan you money on real estate or bankable paper at 10 and 12 per cent. according to time and security.



For Foreign and American Marble and Granite Monuments, Headstones, Tablets and Iron Fencing, see

J. C. BAIRD, Agent.

Office Artesia Bank Building. Room No. 7.

Human Blood Marks.

A tale of horror was told by marks of human blood in the home of J. W. Williams, a well known merchant of Bac, Ky. He writes: "Twenty years ago I had severe hemorrhages of the lungs, and was near death when I began taking Dr. King's New Discovery. It completely cured me and I have remained well ever since. It cures hemorrhages, chronic coughs settled colds and bronchitis, and is the only known cure for weak lungs. Every bottle guaranteed by Peos Valley Drug Co., druggist. 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

Attention Mule Raisers.

Gray Eagle, the large mammoth black warrior jack is now standing at the Club stable, Artesia, N. M. It will pay you to see him.

J. R. Creath, Owner.

WOODMEN WILL PICNIC.

Lakewood, Dayton and Artesia Camps Will Take to the Woods.

Artesia "choppers" have been busy this week preparing for an outing that is slated for next Tuesday night. The three camps, Lakewood, Dayton and Artesia have decided to meet at a point on the Penasco river, near the Day ranch, along about supper time and join in a mutual celebration for the good of the order—and also for the good of the individual members of the order who still have a taste for the good things of life in the way of eatables. There are a whole lot of fine perch and catfish at that point on the river and it is pretty safe to safe that some one in the bunch will be there with a hook and line. All Woodmen with their wives and sweethearts are expected to be at the lodge hall promptly at six o'clock Tuesday afternoon and free conveyances will be provided to take them to the picnic grounds. It will never do to miss it if you get a chance to go, because we have it from good authority that it will be an affair long to be remembered.

Contest Notice.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office, Roswell, New Mexico, March 20, 1906. A sufficient contest affidavit having been filed in this office by Orville F. Calloway, contestant, against Homestead entry No. 5785, made April 4, 1905, for the NW 1-4 of section 30 Township 16 N., Range 25 E., by John C. Mann Contestee, in which it is alleged that said John C. Mann is a wholly abandoned said tract and has not resided upon and cultivated same for more than six months last past; and that said alleged absence from said land was not due to his employment in the Army, Navy or Marine Corps of the United States in time of war; said parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegations at 2 o'clock p. m. on May 26th, 1906, before the Register and Receiver at the United States Land Office in Roswell, N. M.

The said contestant having, in a proper affidavit, filed March 20, 1906, set forth fact which show that after due diligence personal service of this notice cannot be made, it is hereby ordered and directed that such notice be given by due and proper publication.

Howard Leland, Register. David L. Geyer, Receiver.

Notice for Publication.

HOMESTEAD APPLICATION NO. 2092. Department of the Interior, Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico, April 24, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver at Roswell, New Mexico, on June 6, 1906, viz: Sidney W. Hale, of Artesia, New Mexico, for the NE 1/4 of section 15, T. 17 S., R. 26 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Elisha L. Robertson, of Artesia, N. M., John S. Major, of Artesia, N. M., William Hale, of Artesia, N. M., Harry Crouch, of Artesia, N. M. Howard Leland, Register.

Notice For Publication.

(Desert Land—Final Proof.) United States Land Office, Roswell, New Mexico, April 24, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that Martin M. Fulkerson, assignee of Earl A. Circle of Alva, Woods county, Oklahoma, has filed notice of intention to make proof on his desert-land claim No. 1376, for the NE 1/2 of sec. 19, T. 16 S., R. 26 E., before the Register or Receiver at Roswell, New Mexico on Thursday, the 7th day of June 1906.

He names the following witnesses to prove the complete irrigation and reclamation of said land: William C. McBride, of Artesia, N. M., Samuel A. Butler, of Artesia, N. M., Albert M. Powell, of Artesia, N. M., John T. Patrick, of Artesia, N. M. Howard Leland, Register.

S. P. BAUGHMAN,

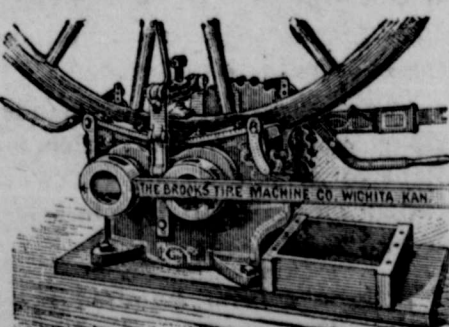
Veterinary Surgeon.

Office at Club Stable

Residence 1-2 mile N. E. of depot.

Your patronage solicited.

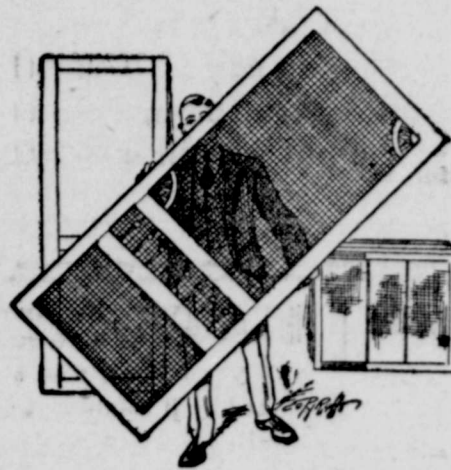
Jack T. Johns



For quick and neat work in Buggy Wagon and Plow repairing. Tires set cold for 50 cents each. We have \$500 worth of black hickory and white oak timber for buggy and wagon repairing. come and give us a call.

Screen Yourself

against the attacks of obnoxious insects. Shut out the germ-carrying housefly and malarial mosquito. Put up



Screen Doors

now. Don't wait until the buzzers have staked out claims on the walls and ceilings.

We carry a full line of plain and fancy doors.

Kemp Lumber Co.

The Best In The City.

That is the Kind of Service

The Club Stable

Gives its patrons. We keep none but Strong, Spirited Horses and the best Vehicles that can be procured. Are constantly adding to our equipment, and our constant effort is to please the public. We will appreciate your patronage and guarantee to give you the best of service to be had in Artesia.

No "brons" or balky horses are offered the public under any circumstances. Give us a call.

CHRISTOPHER & PRICE, Props.

FOURTH STREET.

PHONE 71.

THE BANK OF ARTESIA,

CAPITAL STOCK \$30,000.00

DIRECTORS:

J. C. Gage, E. N. Heath, J. K. Walling, A. V. Logan, Jno. B. Enfield, A. L. Norfleet, A. H. Bromelsick.

OFFICERS:

J. C. Gage, President, A. V. Logan, V-President. A. L. Norfleet, Casier, Jno. B. Enfield, Asst. Cashier.

We appreciate the patronage extended to this bank and assure the customers that all interests committed to its care will be faithfully looked after.

JOHN RICHEY & SONS. REAL ESTATE.

Write for Information Concerning THE PECOS VALLEY AND ARTESIA COUNTRY. 10 years experience farming and improving lands in the Valley.

SEE OR WRITE

The Cleveland Land Agency

FOR Real Estate and Insurance.

Correspondence solicited in regard to farm lands in the Great Artesian Belt. We know the lay of the land and can supply you with Bargains. Represent none but Reliable Fire Insurance Companies.

ARTESIA,

NEW MEXICO

EDDY COUNTY ABSTRACT COMPANY,

(INCORPORATED.)

CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO.

Complete Abstracts of all Lands in Eddy County.

WRITE US

F. G. TRACY, President.

C. H. McLENATHEN, Secy

THE ARTESIA ADVOCATE

GAYLE TALBOT, PUBLISHER.

ARTESIA, NEW MEXICO

That gun crew on the Pennsylvania, which made 17 hits in a minute ought to be signed by some astute baseball manager.

There is always a disposition in those who have them to claim that gray hairs are more a mark of suffering than of age.

"There is no place like home." Refugees from Vesurius are said to be already moving back to their old places on the mountain sides.

At the age of 37 there died in 1798 a clerk of the Bank of England who was said to have been nearly seven and one-half feet high.

Quite a number of congressmen are announcing their purpose to retire. And there be many who will retire, although they are not announcing the fact.

During Queen Anne's reign there was shown in London and other parts of England a most peculiar anomaly—a German giantess without hands or feet who threaded a needle, cut gloves, etc.

Last year 1,285 tigers, 5,370 panthers and leopards, 2,000 bears and 2,086 wolves were killed in India; of snakes—the real scourge of India—no record is possible and unfortunately comparatively few are destroyed.

Nowadays practically all the California honey is extracted before sale. The reason for this is that the wax of the comb is proved to be absolutely indigestible, is beyond the action of acid and is absolutely tasteless. Furthermore, aside from the half given by the pure food laws, it is not as easy to dilute honey as one might suppose.

For the adornment of the city backyard of ordinary size nothing is more suitable than old-fashioned mixed borders, where anything can be planted, and a bouquet cut every day without the effect being spoiled. The backyard of a city of 25 or 30 feet is ample room for a garden of those annuals that are easily grown from seed.

The girl who is fastidious to the point of observing little niceties is chary in her use of perfumes. She never indulges in those which come in liquid form, except to put a few drops in the bath water, and those in powdered form she selects with the greatest care and never by any chance those that are at all aggressive. The immoderate use of heavy scents is in most execrable taste. It suggests blowsy hair and cheap imitation jewelry, and is distinctly to be avoided.

A naturalist says: "Men and animals are born with a propensity to fight. Is there in the whole range of the animal creation one animal that does not fight, if it has sense enough and powers of locomotion. Oysters and clams can not fight. If their organ of combativeness is not wanting, they have no use for it. They even devour each other, and may be said to eat themselves, for, changing their shell and stomach every year, these remains are generally the first morsel to glut their new system."

There are many professions open to women; but there are not many men who have perfected professions for themselves. For that matter there are few men clever enough to originate new lines of work. Yet that is what a Chicago woman has done. She is Mrs. A. E. McCrae. She has not named her profession and has no official title. She might be called a station beautifier, for her work consists in making more pleasing to the eye the station grounds and buildings which mark the ways of railroads.

Giants play a part in the mythology of almost all the nations of Aryan descent. The Greeks represented them as beings of monstrous size, with hideous countenances, and placed them in abodes in volcanic districts, whither they were fabled to have been banished after their unsuccessful attempt upon heaven, when the gods, with the assistance of Hercules, imprisoned them under Aetna and other volcanoes. But modern history refutes nearly all the stories and legends concerning giants, even those of a few years back.

Two deer appeared in Winsted, Conn., recently, and, frightened by an approaching team, leaped through the plate-glass window of J. S. Wycock's dry goods store. The crash of the glass awakened persons living in the vicinity of Lake and Main streets, who ran to their windows in time to see two does run up Main street. They crossed Mad river, disappearing in the direction of Highland lake. Mrs. M. B. Hall, who saw the deer jump, said that neither animal touched the sidewalk going or coming from the store.

THE WHITE PAINT OF THE WHITE HOUSE.

The White House at Washington, which has been the "Kings Palace" of the American People since it was first occupied by President Madison in 1809, has recently undergone a thorough course of remodeling, renovation and repair. Every American citizen is owner of an undivided eighty or eighty-five millionth part of the White House, as well as of the other Public Buildings and Monuments in the Capitol City. An item in the renovation of the remodelled White House was repainting. Every visitor to Washington knows why the White House is so called—because it is literally a "white house". The exterior paint must therefore be white. Now while the pure white surfaces and simple lines of the White House, set in the midst of green lawns and beautiful trees, produce a very satisfying effect of dignified simplicity, white paint from a practical point of view, is about the most unsatisfactory kind of paint that could have been selected by the original designers. First, because any white paint is easily discolored by smoke and dust, and second, because ordinary white paint itself gradually turns gray or brownish yellow from exposure.

But white the White House is and white it must remain or it would no longer be the "White House". So the renovators, making the best of a discouraging situation, sought for the best kind of white paint procurable. The average citizen if asked to guess what kind of paint they finally decided on would probably answer—"white lead and oil," but he would guess wrongly. The paint selected as the best obtainable was a ready mixed paint, such as can be bought in any well furnished village store, such as is used by more than half of the eighty or eighty-five million owners of the White House on their own homes. That one brand of mixed paint was used instead of another is a mere accidental detail—there are fifty or a hundred brands on the market that might have been selected in other circumstances, and in fact, a different brand was used in painting the Capitol.

Every property owner, therefore, who paints his house with a high grade ready-mixed paint is following the example set by the Government Authorities at Washington, who used ready-mixed paint, because they could find nothing else as good.

HOW WATERLOO WAS LOST

Poor Penmanship of Napoleon I. Brought Defeat to His Forces.

The nose of Cleopatra had a marked influence on the destinies of the ancient world. The handwriting of Napoleon I, we are assured by recent historians, had a similar effect upon the evolution of the modern world. He did not write—he scrawled. By reason of this, among other causes, he lost Waterloo. Grouchy could not read with exactness his decisive message. Was it "bataille engagee" (battle is on), or, "bataille gannee" (battle is won)?

Grouchy chose the latter significance, and, not believing it necessary to press forward, arrived too late. So much for the curl of a letter, a pen stroke, or an illegible swell to an "a."

This question was brought forward by the writing master of the elder Dumas.

"Remember, Alexander," the master said to him, "the great defeat of the emperor was due only to his scrawling hand. If you wish to succeed in the world be careful of your heavy and your light strokes!" So, if Napoleon had known how to write legibly, or if he had taken the trouble to do so, his descendants would reign to-day in France and we should not have the republic. It appears historically established to-day that Dumas' writing master was right. And on such slight things rest the fate of empires!

Good for Three.

A commercial traveler tells the following of a little social gathering in eastern Ontario:

"Dinner was a little late. A guest asked the hostess to play something. Seating herself at the piano, the good woman executed a Chopin nocturne with precision. She finished, and there was still an interval of waiting to be bridged. In the grim silence she turned to an old gentleman on her right, and said: "Would you like a sonata before dinner?" He gave a start of surprise and pleasure. "Why, yes, thanks!" he said. "I had a couple on my way here, but I think I could stand another."

Sir Walter Scott's Literary Sins.

Sir Walter Scott had a habit of equipping his chapters with quotations of his own fabrication. On one occasion Scott happened to ask John Ballantyne, who was sitting with him, to hunt up a particular passage in Beaumont and Fletcher. Scott's patience became exhausted, and he exclaimed: "Hang it all, I can make a motto sooner than you can find one." And he did, and the habit grew.

FOR THE CONSUMER.

FACTS OF VITAL INTEREST REGARDING HOME PATRONAGE.

Menace to Local Prosperity in Contributions to Centralized Wealth of Metropolitan Concerns.

Dear Mr. Consumer: What shall it profit you if in saving \$25, \$50, \$100, \$500 on the one hand you injure yourself \$50, \$100, \$200 or \$1,000 on the other?

We are writing to you at this time, says the Retailers' Journal, of Chicago, to say that we believe every dollar you save by buying goods away from home costs you two.

If you are a farmer, did you ever stop to inquire what makes your land valuable? It is not the land itself, nor you; that's certain.

Suppose your land, with all its great natural fertility, and your splendid methods of cultivation, were located in the middle of Texas, with no other cultivated ground and no railroads within hundreds of miles of it.

It wouldn't be worth much, would it?

The sole reason why your land is of more than nominal value is because a community has grown up around it.

If you acquired your land years ago when the neighborhood in which you live was sparsely settled, you have had the pleasure of watching it grow in value as the community has grown and prospered.

First came the neighboring farms, then the towns, and finally the railroads, which the towns brought near to your land, all contributing to your's and the general prosperity.

It must be clear to you, in the light of history, that your interests can continue to grow and prosper only if the entire community in which you live shall continue to grow and prosper.

If your community goes backward, you go backward; if its growth and prosperity are retarded, the growth and prosperity of your individual interests are retarded.

How, then, can you expect to advance your interests by taking a pound weight from the prosperity of your community for the sake of a temporary, personal gain in the measure of pennies?

The greatest menace to this country is admitted to be the centralization of wealth, which carries with it, under our present economic system, the tendency to build to tremendous proportions a few chosen communities, at the expense of the many less favored ones.

Yet, let us tell you what you of the smaller communities have done in a single year to hasten forward this tendency, instead of resisting it as might have been expected of you:

In the year 1905, out of the money earned in your communities, and belonging to the commerce and industry of your communities, you contributed to two mail order houses alone, located in the city of Chicago, the stupendous sum of \$80,000,000!

Think of this for a moment, and then consider that it is only the beginning; that dozens of other concerns of the same kind gleaned from the farms and the small communities of the land a golden harvest of a size which only can be guessed at.

Startling when you try to realize it all at once, isn't it?

The two institutions which absorbed \$80,000,000 of your money in one year, although the largest of their kind in the world, still are reaching their hands for more. One already has expended not less than \$1,000,000 for an immense new building, and the other has bought the site for an additional structure which will cost as much.

If the business of these two giants shows the same percentage of increase during the present year as in 1905, their draft upon the country for the year 1906 will be over \$100,000,000!

Will you give it to them?

Reward Sixty Years Delayed.

A kind act performed by the parents of Margaret Mueller, in Germany, has borne fruit after more than 60 years. Miss Mueller, who is now 80 years old, traveled throughout the world in her younger days as a musician, with a brother, but has been in indigent circumstances here for a long time. An annuity that will make her remaining years comfortable has just been settled upon her. Miss Mueller's parents were wealthy and once befriended a little girl who is now rich and living in Philadelphia. This woman has come to the aid of the daughter of the people who gave her a home when she was without friends. Those who know the name of the Philadelphia woman refuse to reveal it, saying that it is in accordance with her wish.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

When "Whig."

A 20-year-old number of Spurgeon's magazine, Sword and Trowel, says: "In Cromwell's day the royalists first called the liberals whigs, taking the first letter of each word in their motto: 'We hope in God,' and forming them into this word."

AN EVERY-DAY STRUGGLE.

Men and Women of Every Occupation Suffer Miserably from Kidney Complaint.

J. C. Lightner, 703 So. Cedar St., Abilene, Kansas, is one of the thousands who suffer from kidney troubles brought on by daily work. "I first noticed it eight or ten years ago," said Mr. Lightner. "The dull pain in the back fairly made me sick. It was hard to get up or down, hard to straighten, hard to do any work that brought a strain on the back. I had frequent attacks of gravel and the urine was passed too often and with pain. When I used Doan's Kidney Pills, however, all traces of the trouble disappeared and have not returned. I am certainly grateful."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Mixed on Title.

The following little anecdote hails from the Highlands: It was Donald the gamekeeper's boast that he knew the full designation of every aristocratic guest at the castle, and "moreover," knew how to address them as "your grace," "my lord," etc. "Man," said one of his cronies, on hearing him reel off a list of titles, "I wonder you mind all these names. Do you never make any mistake whatever?" "No," replied Donald, with pride, but correcting himself, "at least, not often; but this week man, I really think I did mak' a mistake. You see, there was an English clergyman staying with us—a dean or bishop, as they call them. I went out to the shooting with him in the morning, and as we went down the path a rabbit crossed it, and I just said to him, 'Shoot the devil, your holiness,' and, do you know, from the way he looked at me, somehow I don't think I gave him his right title."

Talk to women as much as you can. This is the best school. This is the way to gain fluency, because you need not care what you say, and had better not be sensible.

Tracing Slang's Origin.

Is "fired out" an Americanism? This question is put by a London paper in discussing these of the expression by the Vienna correspondent of the Times in connection with the dismissal of the American ambassador to Austria-Hungary. Anything that seems slangy is generally stamped as an Americanism, but in this case, as in so many others of a similar nature, it is shown that the phrase can be found embedded in the classics of the English language. "Fired out," an Americanism? Well, in one of Shakespear's sonnets, as one of the London papers says, you may read:

Yet this shall I ne'er know, but live in doubt,
Till my bad angel fire my good one out.
An American school teacher, and this is another illustration that comes to mind—decided that his pupils should drop the word "say" because it was inelegant. The tendency to begin a remark or a question with "say" may certainly be overdone, but as a bright pupil pointed out, if "say" is vulgar how shall we regard the use of it in the first line of "The Star Spangled Banner"—"O. Say, can you see"?

The woman who talks a great deal about her family has no sense of proportion.

REPAIRING BRAIN

A Certain Way by Food.

Every minister, lawyer, journalist, physician, author or business man is forced under pressure of modern conditions to the active and sometimes overactive use of the brain.

Analysis of the excreta thrown out by the pores shows that brain work breaks down the phosphate of potash, separating it from its heavier companion, albumen, and plain common sense teaches that this elemental principle must be introduced into the body anew each day, if we would replace the loss and rebuild the brain tissue.

We know that the phosphate of potash, as presented in certain field grains, has an affinity for albumen and that is the only way gray matter in the brain can be built. It will not answer to take the crude phosphate of potash of the drug shop, for nature rejects it. The elemental mineral must be presented through food directly from nature's laboratory.

These facts have been made use of in the manufacture of Grape-Nuts, and any brain worker can prove the value of the proper selection of food by making free use of Grape-Nuts for ten days or two weeks. Sold by grocers everywhere (and in immense quantities). Manufactured by the Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

W. L. DOUGLAS

\$3.50 & \$3.00 SHOES
W. L. Douglas \$4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equaled at any price.



W. L. DOUGLAS MAKES & SELLS MORE MEN'S \$3.50 SHOES THAN ANY OTHER MANUFACTURER IN THE WORLD.

\$10,000 REWARD to anyone who can disprove this statement.

If I could take you into my three large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you the infinite care with which every pair of shoes is made, you would realize why W. L. Douglas \$3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other \$3.50 shoe.

W. L. Douglas Strong Made Shoes for Men, \$2.50, \$2.00, Boys' School & Dress Shoes, \$2.50, \$2, \$1.75, \$1.50

CAUTION—Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitute. None genuine without his name and price stamped on bottom. Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brass. Write for Illustrated Catalog.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

That Delightful Aid to Health

Paxtine

Toilet Antiseptic

Whitens the teeth—purifies mouth and breath—cures nasal catarrh, sore throat, sore eyes, and by direct application cures all inflamed, ulcerated and catarrhal conditions caused by feminine ills.

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French Brier Scarce.

Mr. Murphy, British consul at Bordeaux, states that the supply of "French" brier root is practically exhausted. The product, which formerly came from the Department of the Landes and from near the frontier in the Pyrenees, is now obtained in Scotland exclusively. The pipes are manufactured in St. Claude.

Struck by Lightning.

Mrs. Nancy Cleary, of Brewers, N. C., suffered as if struck by lightning. She says: "I was almost paralyzed from my waist down, and my back hurt me constantly, from female troubles. I had headache, seemed always tired, and felt as if I was dying. I took Wine of Cardui, which cured me, and now I feel like a new person." Cardui relieves periodical pain, and makes sick women well. \$1.10 at drug stores.

An empty human heart is an abyss earth's depths can not match.—Anne C. Lynch.

ILLIANS WERE DEVOTED TO WRESTLING

Sport Favored by London Apprentices Centuries Ago.

The noble art of wrestling, kept alive in the country by such meetings as the Grasmere Sports, has totally died away in London.

Yet for some hundreds of years the London apprentices were passionately devoted to it, and on every St. Bartholomew's Day (Aug. 24) a great tournament was held on Clerkenwell Fields, where Smithfield Market now stands, at which the champions from the city and all the towns around used to contend. The Lord Mayor and Sheriffs attended in state, and his lordship acted as judge and arbiter.

Naturally, as local patriotism sometimes grew very excited, this was not always an enviable office. In 1456, for instance, one of his decisions gave offense to the Prior of St. John of Jerusalem, who called up a body of archers from the priory, close at hand. A fierce conflict ensued. The Lord Mayor's cap was pierced by an arrow, and he was only rescued by the opportune arrival of a strong body of citizens, who issued from the gate with banners flying.—London Chronicle.

DATES BACK TO ANCIENT ROME.

Expression "Not Worth His Salt" a Classic Form of Speech.

"When we say a man is not worth his salt," said a philologist, "we use an interesting and classic form of speech. We go all the way back, in fact, to the time of the ancient Romans.

"The Roman workers in the salt mines were paid in salt. The salt that they got in return for their labor was called their salarium (sal—salt) or salt allowance.

"The word salarium, meaning salt money, or allowance for salt, later on was applied to the fees, or tips, men got for odd jobs. 'For patching my toga,' the noble said, 'I will give that fellow a slight salarium—a bit of money to buy salt with.'

"Finally, 'salarium' came to mean wages, salary, what it does to-day. A salary is essentially salt money, and when we say a man is not worth his salt we mean he is not worth paying wages to."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Housekeeping in Bulawayo.

"Housekeeping in Bulawayo was simple in one respect; so little variety was possible that you soon learned not to expect it," writes a former resident of that African town. "We lived chiefly on tinned food, and thought ourselves fortunate in getting frozen meat and Australian butter. Milk was very scarce, and was mostly bought by the hospital. I have seen a small bottleful fetch 3 shillings (75 cents) in the open market. Eggs were never less than 3 shillings a dozen, and lump sugar 8 pence (16 cents) a pound. So it was rather annoying to have people at home writing of our high rate of pay and totally unable to realize that the cost of the bare necessities of life were so great as to leave no margin for amusements, even had they been procurable."

Seek "Home of the Herring."

Deep-sea denizens of the northern waters are all remarkable for their migratory habits, the herring especially so. These fish approach the Newfoundland littoral to spawn and then are captured in great quantities; but this is only during a few months of the year, while for the remainder they withdraw to some waters the location of which has never been determined. The late Prof. Spencer T. Baird, United States fish commissioner, conducted an expedition to the north thirty years ago to locate this "home of the herring," but without any result. Newfoundland itself is now about to attempt a similar quest, having secured the services of a Scotch fishery expert for the purpose.

Mackerel Change Their Grounds.

The mackerel fishery has been practically extinct in Newfoundland waters for the last quarter century, owing to the migration of these fish to the American seaboard. So enormous was the extent of the fishery in former times that over 1,000 vessels of different nationalities carried on the pursuit there, it being a larger fishery than that for cod, though the mackerel is not much larger than a herring, while the cod is several times as large. If it should now be found that mackerel are resorting to Newfoundland again it will mean that an enormous industry now prosecuted from the New England coast would be transferred thither.

Of Benefit to Tired Brain.

For a tired brain, physical exercise is the best remedy, rather than a resort to drugs. If a brisk walk in the fresh air can be taken, so much the better. A very good remedy for a weary brain is to rise slowly on the toes (lifting the heels from the floor) until the muscles at the calf of the leg ache, and then to kick vigorously a few times. Repeat this simple exercise several times, and excellent results will follow.

MAORI NOTIONS OF CHIVALRY.

Treachery Had No Place Among Fzst-Dying Race.

Sir Richard Tangye in the Sunday Magazine has some good stories to tell about the Maoris of old colonial days. Unlike the American Indians, they were not in the earlier wars with the settlers a treacherous race; they even went so far as to send notice to a settlement before attacking it, and, more Christian than the Christians in some respects, would not fight on Sunday. Nor were they slow to credit their foes with a certain nobility of sentiment by which they were themselves animated; this was well illustrated on the occasion of the storming of one of their fortified "pahs" or villages, by the British. The Maoris, finding themselves running short of ammunition, detailed a number of their boys to pick up the British shells as they fell into the pah with instructions to extract the fuses before they exploded. In this they were occasionally successful, and emptying the shells replenished their stores. The Maoris thought that the chivalrous British, judging from their slackening fire, that they were short of ammunition, took this means of supplying them. On another occasion the Maoris refrained from attacking a British detachment until they had disengaged themselves from a bog in which they were floundering.

MUCH PUZZLED OVER PORCELAIN

Chinese Product Medieval Europe Could Not Understand.

Chinamen have been exporting their porcelain to the west for at least a thousand years and probably longer. Medieval Europe could make nothing like porcelain, and therefore regarded it as a magical product endowed with uncanny powers. It was said, for instance, that a porcelain cup would break if poison were poured into it. Travelers declared that porcelain was composed of various substances which after being tempered were hidden in the ground for ages before being fit for use. Even so erudite a man as Sir Thomas Browne, writing in the later seventeenth century, was "not thoroughly resolved, concerning porcellane or china dishes, that according to common belief they are made of earth." The secret of the true Chinese porcelain was first discovered in Europe a generation later by the German chemist Bottger, the inventor of what is now known as Dresden china.

Centenarian's Bill of Fare.

About sixteen months before his death (at 101) Senator David Wark of Fredericton, N. B., wrote a letter about his way of living: For breakfast, he said, he had oatmeal porridge and milk, to which he had always been accustomed, with a slice of plain bread and a cup of black tea. For many years he had eaten neither beef, mutton nor pork, but took a little fish or fowl at 1 o'clock, with another cup of tea. At 6 o'clock a slice of bread and a cup of tea once more constituted his evening meal. He ate neither pie nor pudding and drank nothing stronger than tea.

Health Hint.

"Sir," says the lady with the lorgnette to the gruff old doctor, "I do not appreciate the way in which you speak to me, as if I were one of the common herd. And you have kept me waiting for an hour. I wish you to know that I have blue blood in my veins."

"Humph! I'm goin' to fix that," growls the doctor. "You'll have to quit eating so much trash, and take some iron and quinine."

As Clear as Mud.

They met on a bridge. Each held out his hand, and they shook, and instantly realized that they were utter strangers. Had not one of them been a genuine Hibernian the situation might have been embarrassing. "Begorra, that's quare," says he; "when we wor so far off that we couldn't see aich other, I thought it was you an' you thought it was me, and now we're here together, begob, it's naylor of us."

A Brave Woman.

A woman may flee at the sight of a mouse, but when real danger arises suddenly she is often as courageous as the most resourceful man. A young lady, attacked by a mad dog on the golf links stood steady while the brute rushed at her, and striking with an iron club just at the precise moment, hurled the dog dead upon the grass. She broke its neck with one swinging blow.

Money.

Boil down your wants until you boil up your energy and get your income in advance of your expenses.

The ability to do hard work and keep at it is wealth in itself. To be accurate and follow the orders of those who pay for the work is a source of executive skill. To know how to work is a trade and a profession combined.—Earl M. Pratt.

Game Name to Small Coinage.

Sir John Swinburne obtained the distinguished honor of having the three-penny bit named after him throughout South Africa. When he went to Cape Town first there was no copper coinage, and he was provident enough to take out a sackful of the smallest "collection in silver," to be used for tipping. So throughout the colony this coin is still known as "Sir John," when it is not called a "tickle."

Chimney Stacks Left Standing.

Some curious beliefs still linger in the country parts. For instance, in Hertfordshire, when ancient houses are destroyed the chimney stacks are left intact, the popular theory being that the houses are still in existence while these remain standing. This may be a survival of some ancient but now almost forgotten legal right.—London Chronicle.

Blood-sucking Bat of Panama.

A traveler in the Panama country has this to say of one of his boatmen: "The negro limped from a sore in his foot. He explained that his toe had been attacked the previous night by a vampire bat, which paid him frequent visits, though he was never conscious of the blood-sucking process until he awoke."

Buttons First Used in Far East.

It was not until after the invention of the buttonhole, which was not a buttonhole at all, but a lacing hole, that some of the dandies of Elizabeth's time imported the notion of buttons from the far east. They filled a long-felt want and have been in steady use ever since.

Only Successful Business Methods.

The only way to hold old business is to hustle for new business. People like to do business with a growing house. Lack of growth suggests dry rot, stagnation. The only sure thing to make things come your way is to go after them early and often.—Exchange.

Varying Methods of Suicide.

In America suicides mostly resort to shooting; Germans stab themselves; the melancholy Turk takes poison; the morbid-minded Italian drowns himself; while in the United Kingdom hanging is the favorite method of "shuffling off this mortal coil."

English Mayor's Robe.

The robe worn by the mayor of Longston (Eng.) is said to be the most beautiful of its kind. It is made of watered silk, lavishly enriched with adornments of gold. It was given to the town by the duke of Sutherland during his mayoralty.

Best Hogs in France.

In France the best breed of hogs is considered to be the Craonnais, which often attains the weight of 550 pounds in fifteen to eighteen months; a prize pig weighed 763 pounds at the age of ten months and twenty-five days.

Little Destitution in Japan.

Real destitution is rarely seen in Japan. Though some of its inhabitants are very poor, yet all seem to be fairly well fed, clothed and housed and are of cleanly habits and rarely untidy.

Loses 10,000 Towels.

During the prosecution of a man who had stolen a towel belonging to an English railway company it was stated that in the last two years the company had lost 10,000 towels.

The Theme of Comedy.

Married life is the most frequent theme of comedy simply because it is the most hazardous enterprise in nature. Thus saith a writer in the London Daily Chronicle.

Finger-Print Identification.

Identification by finger-print is generally supposed to be quite a modern European detective device; but it appears that it was employed in Korea 1,200 years ago.

Honeymoons.

We do not hold with honeymoons. Great must be the love that could bear up against the smashing blow of a second honeymoon.—Saturday Review.

A Gentleman.

Whoever is honest, generous, courteous, honorable and candid is a true gentleman, whether learned or unlearned, rich or poor.—Lynn Item.

Universal Approbation Impossible.

Edmund Burke said: "The very attempt toward pleasing everybody discovers a temper always flashy and often false and insincere."

Kill Man Slayer.

A tigress in Burma that had a record of having killed more than 800 persons, was killed lately by two English engineers.

Good for Nerves.

Herb pillows and herb teas are used to quiet the nerves. A pillow of lavender, a big bag of pine needles, a small sack of catnip, a bunch of clover tied in a pillow case, will give a sweet scent and put one to sleep. These bags are invaluable to have around if one is nervous. Whatever may be the trouble with your nerves you can be sure that there is a remedy for you and for them.

Venomous Even in Death.

William English and Milton Davis of near town, were out hunting on the farm of J. D. Powers a few days ago and they shot a large rattlesnake shooting off its head and about four inches of its body. The severed head was hurled by the discharge against the bird dog of Mr. English. It bit the dog and he died within a few minutes.—Perry (Mo.) Enterprise.

Wonderful Jamaica Family.

A century ago there died in Jamaica a woman named Mills. Her age was given as 118 and she was followed to the grave by 295 of her children, grandchildren, great-grandchildren and great-great-grandchildren—no fewer than sixty of whom, all named Ebanks, belonged to the regiment of Militia for St. Elizabeth's parish.

Uncovered Rare Old Painting.

Strange noises being heard from behind a picture in St. Anthony's church, in the village of Scurocola, province of Aquila, Italy, the parish priest removed the panel and discovered a beautiful fresco, representing St. Francis of Assisi, evidently the work of an old master.

Dignity of Chinese Physicians.

Chinese physicians of much repute never visit afoot, but must be carried to the patient on a horse, mule or jack, or in a carriage. At the patient's residence the doctor first rests awhile, and in the meantime is served with liquors, confections and often with a formal meal.

Soap from Pompeii.

A few years ago a soap-boiler's shop was discovered in Pompeii, having been buried beneath that terrible rain of ashes that fell upon the city 79 A. D. The soap found in the shop had not lost its efficacy, although it had been buried 1,800 years.

Philosopher of Folly.

Higher criticism may next be expected to prove that the scriptural statement about the prodigal son feeding among the swine was merely a metaphorical way of saying that he took his meals at a quick-lunch restaurant.—Cleveland Leader.

Origin of Some Spanish Titles.

Spain is said to contain 470,000 "nobles," many of whom owe their titles, such as they are, to the half mad and wholly bad Philip II, who used to create them in batches of 100 at a time at a uniform price of \$50 a head.

Wasted Time.

A successful business man said: "Waste a dollar if you must waste something, but do not waste an hour; the dollar you may get back some time, but the wasted hour has gone forever."

One of Their Own Set.

A party of New York brokers caught a five-foot shark the other day while out yachting. As soon as it gave them the sign of recognition they turned it loose.—Denver News.

Well-Spent Life.

Every person born is possessed of a God-given gift. To find that gift or talent, to develop it fully, and to use it unselfishly in the general cause—that is a well-spent life.

British Goods in Petersburg.

An Englishman traveling in Russia was depressed on scanning a mile of shops in St. Petersburg and finding only one which displayed an article of British make.

And Needs No Indorsement.

A New England reformer said of some statesman cannot "end a bill for graft?" They usually prefer it's harder to trace.—Atlanta Constitution.

Situation of British Cities.

London and Liverpool are both on the level of the sea. Glasgow is thirty feet above it. Manchester fifty feet and Birmingham 300 feet.

Possibilities in Bar of Iron.

A bar of iron of the value of \$5 may eventually be worth more than \$100,000. Indeed, made into watch-spring it would exceed \$250,000.

England's Champion Goose.

England boasts the champion goose, one ancient bird having been engaged in the producing business for more than a century.

The Artesia Advocate

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.

GAYLE TALBOT, Proprietor.

This paper has been entered in the postoffice at Artesia, New Mexico, as second-class mail matter.

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For Probate Judge,
ANANIAS GREEN.
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W. R. OWEN.
For Sheriff,
D. CHRISTOPHER.
Collector and Treasurer,
H. MERCHANT.
Tax Assessor,
JOHN O. MCKEEN.
Superintendent of Education,
M. P. KERR.
For County Commissioners,
A. C. HEARD,
GEORGE WILCOX.
For County Surveyor,
JOE CUNNINGHAM.

JUDGE POPE'S DECISION.

Elsewhere in this issue of the Advocate, we publish in full Judge W. H. Pope's decision on the Artesian well tax question and—in so far as it touches the proposition at issue—it makes very interesting reading matter. Well owners in the valley will be very much disappointed, however, to find that the Court's review does not set at rest the bitter controversy. Intentionally or otherwise, Judge Pope does not enter into a discussion of the propositions upon which the well owners chose to take an appeal from the lower court—that is, that a man has to get permission from an "inspector" to drill a well upon his premises before he can do so, and the further fact that he has to pay a yearly "occupation" tax to said inspector. The decision as given elsewhere deals exclusively with the idea that the output of the artesian wells should be conserved, lest at some time in the future the same would become exhausted. This was not the matter in controversy at all, as we understand it. If it was the certified question for Judge Pope's decision, then the attorneys for the well owners failed to grasp the import of the matter. Judge Pope is eminently correct in the decision he has handed down, and it is hardly possible that a soul in the world will disagree with him. While no one familiar with this artesian field and its watershed to the west anticipates any diminution in the flow, yet it is only common sense that the precious waters be not wasted. This is a matter that every well owner has long since settled for himself and it does not require a judicial decision to teach him the first law of nature—self-preservation.

What the settlers of the Pecos Valley would like for Judge Pope to tell them is, whether a man is committing a crime and subject to a fine if he shall attempt to drill a well upon his own premises until an inspector has given his consent for him to do so. And in case the "inspector" chooses to withhold that permission, what then? Shall no well be drilled, although the government has required an oath from the entryman that he will drill such a well? And in case the permission to drill is secured, shall the owner use water only when further permission is secured? The Judge did not say whether or not he considered it either lawful or right that the well owner should forever after pay a fee of five dollars per year to some inspector to come around every once and awhile to see whether he was using more of his own well's water or not. These are some of the things that we would like to know, although our asking seems treasonable in the eyes of certain officials. A nice little dissertation on the beauties of economy is not out of place, and we thank Judge Pope for the

pains he has taken in citing eminent authorities on the subject, but we would like to see the well owners of the Pecos Valley get a hearing on the line along which they have been contending.

Notice for Publication.

HOMESTEAD APPLICATION NO. 5700.
Department of the Interior,
Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico,
May 3, 1906.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Albert Blake, U. S. Court Commissioner at his office in Artesia, N. M., on June 11, 1906, viz: Lucius F. Shepard, of Artesia, N. M., for the NE $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ and SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ Sec. 11, T. 16 S., R. 26 E.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land:
William T. Kinsinger of Artesia, N. M., Benjamin S. Bell of Artesia, N. M., F. Crowley of Artesia, N. M., H. H. Hess of Artesia, N. M.
Howard Leland, Register.

Notice for Publication.

HOMESTEAD APPLICATION NO. 2890.
Department of the Interior,
Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico,
May 3, 1906.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Albert Blake, U. S. Court Commissioner at his office in Artesia, N. M., on June 11, 1906, viz: Jesse P. VanWinkle, of Artesia, N. M., for the NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ Sec. 21, T. 17 S., R. 26 E.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:
W. W. Bennett, of Artesia, N. M., J. L. Sutton, of Artesia, N. M., Tom Welby, of Artesia, N. M., John B. Cecil, of Artesia, N. M.
Howard Leland, Register.

Notice for Publication.

(Desert Land—Final Proof.)
United States Land Office,
Roswell, New Mexico,
May 26, 1906.
Notice is hereby given that Felix M. Duckworth, assignee of Henry Robertson of Artesia Eddy County, N. M., has filed notice of his intention to make proof on his desert-land claim No. 1071, for the SW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ and SE $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ Sec. 26, T. 17 S., R. 26 E., before Albert Blake, U. S. Court Commissioner at his office in Artesia, N. M., on Wednesday, the 11th day of July, 1906.
He names the following witnesses to prove the complete irrigation and reclamation of said land:
John W. Skaer, George U. McCrary, John W. Watkins, Robert B. Kishbaugh, all of Artesia, N. M.
Howard Leland, Register.

Notice for Publication.

(Desert Land—Final Proof.)
United States Land Office,
Roswell, New Mexico,
May 26, 1906.
Notice is hereby given that Mattie Reese, assignee of George W. Telford of Hope, Eddy County, New Mexico has filed notice of intention to make proof on her desert-land claim No. 925, for the SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ Sec. 32, T. 17 S., R. 26 E., and lot 1 Sec. 5, T. 18 S., R. 26 E., before Albert Blake, U. S. Court Commissioner at his office in Artesia, N. M., on Thursday, the 12th day of July 1906.
He names the following witnesses to prove the complete irrigation and reclamation of said land:
Frank Wickoff, Richard M. Bell, Samuel W. Eakin, David T. Reese, all of Hope, N. M.
Howard Leland, Register.

Notice for Publication.

(DESERT LAND—FINAL PROOF.)
United States Land Office,
Roswell, New Mexico,
May 26, 1906.
Notice is hereby given that John W. Skaer of Eddy County, New Mexico, has filed notice of intention to make proof on his desert-land claim No. 2005, for the NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ Sec. 32 and SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ Sec. 29, T. 17 S., R. 26 E. before Albert Blake, U. S. Court Commissioner at his office in Artesia, N. M., on the 11th day of July, 1906.
He names the following witnesses to prove the complete irrigation and reclamation of said land:
George U. McCrary, Felix M. Duckworth, Clarence H. Wilson, Everett N. Skaer, all of Artesia, New Mexico.
Howard Leland, Register.

Notice for Publication.

(DESERT LAND—FINAL PROOF.)
United States Land Office,
Roswell, New Mexico,
May 26, 1906.
Notice is hereby given that Sarah F. Woodworth of Artesia, New Mexico, has filed notice of intention to make proof on her desert-land claim No. 1684, for the NE $\frac{1}{4}$ Sec. 13, T. 17 S., R. 25 E., before Albert Blake, U. S. Court Commissioner at his office in Artesia, N. M., on Thursday, the 12th day of July, 1906.
She names the following witnesses to prove the complete irrigation and reclamation of said land:
Hugh J. Allison, Thomas R. Chisholm, Thomas A. Merrill, T. W. Whitted, all of Artesia, New Mexico.
Howard Leland, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
HOMESTEAD APPLICATION NO. 4463.
Department of the Interior,
Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico,
May 26, 1906.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Albert Blake, U. S. Court Commissioner at his office in Artesia, New Mexico, on July 12, 1906, viz., Felix Z. Stanfield, of Artesia, N. M., for the SW $\frac{1}{4}$ of Sec. 23, T. 16 S., R. 25 E.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land:
James H. Beekham, Jr., Ethelbert A. Clayton, Charles S. Buck, Charles S. Davis, all of Artesia, N. M.
Howard Leland, Register.

TOOK CARBOLIC ACID.

A Kansas Man Finds Life in Artesia Too Strenuous and Seeks a Long Rest.

Clarence Jones, who has been a resident of Artesia for the past six or eight months, but whose home is in Kansas, swallowed a large dose of carbolic acid at his room at the Hyatt Hotel Monday, and death resulted in about two hours. He has been employed at various times at stables and hotels in the city, but was out of employment at the time of his death. As soon as he had swallowed the acid, Jones called for assistance and Dr. Stoker was called. Every known remedy and restorative was tried, but to no avail, the man's throat and stomach having been literally cooked.

A letter was found in the suicide's room addressed to his mother and another to a young lady at his old home in Kansas. These were forwarded unopened. Another was left addressed "To Whom It May Concern" and it simply said that no one would ever know the cause of his rash deed. Jones had led a strenuous life for the past few weeks and had repeatedly threatened to kill himself. A doctor was called to bring him back to life some days ago, when he pretended to have taken poison, when in fact he had taken nothing but water out of a bottle labeled carbolic acid.

Jones' remains were shipped to his mother in Kansas Wednesday.

Judge Green Very Low.

Judge Ananias Green, is at death's door from a stroke of paralysis, having been stricken Tuesday night. At last accounts he was speechless and unconscious. Mrs. R. H. Pierce of Alamogordo, came last night, and Jim and Will Green, sons of the dying man are also at the bedside.

Judge Green is past 82 and of course cannot survive until the next issue of the SUN. He was nominated for the sixth time for probate Judge, at the late primaries, having no opponent.—Carlsbad Sun.

Notice for Publication.

HOMESTEAD APPLICATION NO. 3704.
Department of the Interior,
Land Office at Roswell, N. M.,
May 3, 1906.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Albert Blake, U. S. Court Commissioner at his office in Artesia, N. M., on June 11, 1906, viz: John W. Watkins, of Artesia, N. M., for the NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$, NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ and SW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ Sec. 4, T. 18 S., R. 26 E.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land viz:
John P. Dyer, of Artesia, N. M., Hubert Logan, of Artesia, N. M., Robert B. Kishbaugh, of Artesia, N. M., William Hale, of Artesia, N. M.
Howard Leland, Register.

Call for County Convention.

The delegates elected in the various precincts of Eddy county to attend the democratic county convention, are hereby called to meet at the court house of Eddy county at ten a. m. Saturday June 9th, in Carlsbad, for the purpose of choosing delegates to represent Eddy county in the representative, council and delegate to congress conventions and for any other business properly coming before the convention.
J. T. Cooper, Chairman.

Notice.

Through a clerical error, all the notices of licenses due on artesian wells were made to read payable at Roswell. The license due on Eddy county wells are payable to the county treasurer at Carlsbad as required by Section 7 of the law.
W. A. WILSON,
Artesian Well Supervisor.

Window glass at Pecos Valley Drug Co.

For second hand goods see Geo. Batton between Mansion Hotel and Bakery shop.

Notice to Taxpayers.

Unless your property is rendered on or before June 1, 1906, a penalty of 25 per cent. will be added thereto. Assessor's office over Bank of Artesia.

List your bargains with L. W. Martin.

I have a few real bargains in city property. L. W. Martin.

If you want those old accounts collected, see L. W. Martin.

The Pecos Valley Drug Company delivers cream to any part of the city.

Eastman Kodaks and supplies at Pecos Valley Drug Co.

Found—a watch west of Lake Arthur. Apply at this office.

Abstracts of title furnished on short notice. Office over Bank of Artesia.

I respectfully solicit your notary work and conveyancing. L. W. Martin.

Have your eyes tested and glasses fitted by Dr. Montgomery, in the Bromelsick building.

John L. Robert returned this morning from a month's visit in the Republic of Mexico.

Merchant J. O. Hough has returned from Oklahoma, where he went to dispose of some real estate.

A. S. Brice, of Lawton, Okla., is spending the week in Artesia, a guest of Mrs. Davidson, at the Gibson.

Geo. Newton, Real Estate Agent and Surveyor. Office at Artesia Feed & Fuel Co.

Wall Paper at Pecos Valley Drug Co.

Bert Roby has secured a fine flow of artesian water on his desert claim eight miles west of Lakewood.

Drink soda from a Sanitary Fountain, and keep healthy. The Pecos Valley Drug Company uses the Twentieth Century.

L. R. Gaidry, assistant cashier of the First National Bank, returned yesterday from a two month's stay in St. Louis.

LOST—A pocketbook containing taining cards and money. Finder will be rewarded by Mrs. J. Dale Graham.

Money to loan. See L. W. Martin.

The Republican Convention at Carlsbad last Saturday named J. R. Blair, H. W. Hamilton and J. A. Orr as committeemen from the Artesia precinct.

The board of town trustees has appointed Dr. Chas. Thomas, J. C. Gago and Gayle Talbot as a board of health for the city. The board has this week condemned certain premises as unsanitary.

For sale cheap—2 $\frac{1}{2}$ acres land in young orchard four blocks from Main street, or would sell house and one-half acre. Apply to C. E. Kouwenhoven care of Dr. J. Dale Graham, phone 70.

Fatherrea & Robertson have this week installed in their drug store on Main street, one of the handsomest soda fountains ever seen in the Pecos Valley—in fact, the finest save one—that of Daniell Brothers, of Roswell.

WELL CONTRACTS—The Parker Drilling Company want contracts The largest combination machine in the Valley.

E. J. Carlin,
Roswell, N. M.

Pasture.

We have a large pasture, fine grass and an abundance of water, five miles southwest of Artesia. Stock pastured at 50 cents per head per month.
Harris Brothers.

Trees.

30,000 coming two year old apple trees, home grown and fine. For sale by the Artesia Nursery.
J. S. Highsmith, Prop.

500,000 Plants.

Sweet potato, Cabbage, Tomato.
Roswell Produce & Seed Co.

Corn for Sale.

About 25 bushels of ear corn.
J. Dale Graham.

For Sale.

Brown Leghorns and White Wyndotte hens. Enquire of A. H. Huber, south of school house.

Notice.

All accounts are due and must be paid on the first of each month.
Artesia Feed and Fuel Co.

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Executive Com

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Farm for

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NOTICE FOR

(Final
United States Land Office
Roswell, New Mexico,
Notice is hereby given
M. Duckworth, assignee
Pos, assignee of James
Artesia, Eddy county
has filed notice of his intent
make proof on his desert
No. 1278 for the NE $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$
NE $\frac{1}{4}$ Sec. 33, T. 17 S., R. 26 E.
Albert Blake, U. S. Court Co
his office in Artesia, New Mexico,
Wednesday, the 11th day of J
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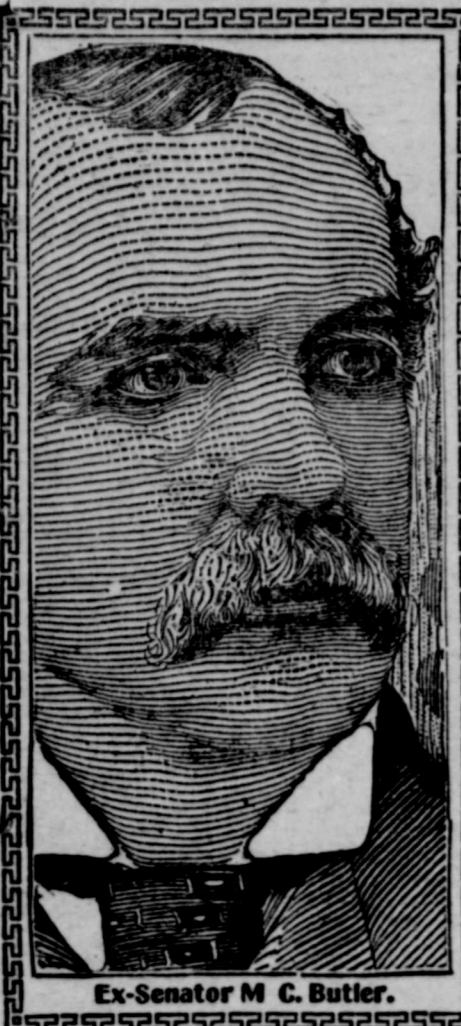
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UNITED STATES SENATOR FROM SOUTH CAROLINA PRAISES PE-RU-NA.



Ex-Senator M. C. Butler.

Dyspepsia Is Often Caused by Catarrh of the Stomach—Peruna Relieves Catarrh of the Stomach and Is Therefore a Remedy For Dyspepsia.

Hon. M. C. Butler, Ex-U. S. Senator from South Carolina for two terms, in a letter from Washington, D. C., writes to the Peruna Medicine Co., as follows:

"I can recommend Peruna for dyspepsia and stomach trouble. I have been using your medicine for a short period and I feel very much relieved. It is indeed a wonderful medicine, besides a good tonic."

CATARRH of the stomach is the correct name for most cases of dyspepsia. In order to cure catarrh of the stomach the catarrh must be eradicated. Only an internal catarrh remedy, such as Peruna, is available. Peruna exactly meets the indications.

Revised Formula.

"For a number of years requests have come to me from a multitude of grateful friends, urging that Peruna be given a slight laxative quality. I have been experimenting with a laxative addition for quite a length of time, and now feel gratified to announce to the friends of Peruna that I have incorporated such a quality in the medicine which, in my opinion, can only enhance its well-known beneficial character."

S. B. HARTMAN, M. D.

Why He Didn't "Butt In."

A boaster related to an admiring crowd some of his marvelous deeds. Afterward a smaller man who knew him well remarked to a friend that the boaster, to his certain knowledge, had never done the things he had claimed to have done. "And why," said the friend, "didn't you call him a liar then and there and let the crowd know just what sort of a man he is?" "For the simple reason," answered the small man, "that my nose is of a blunted sight more importance to me than his reputation is to him."

Woman votes in some States; she rules everywhere.

Torture of Women.

It was a terrible torture that Mrs. Gertie McFarland, of King's Mountain, N. C., describes, as follows: "I suffered dreadful periodical pain, and became so weak I was given up to die, when my husband got me Wine of Cardui. The first dose gave relief, and with 3 bottles I am up doing my work. I cannot say enough in praise of Cardui." A wonderful remedy for women's ills. At druggists; \$1.00.

Borrowed brains have a way of balking when you drive them in, public.

Does Not Irritate.

"I have found Simmons Liver Purifier the mildest and most pleasant in action, and yet the surest remedy for constipation, torpid liver and all kindred troubles, I have ever used. It does not irritate or gripe.

Yours truly,
S. P. Cleary,
Jackson, Tenn.

Put up in tin boxes only, Price 25c.

Mr. Golet Was Honest.

The late Ogden Golet, when a director in a gas company, was called upon to pass upon the making of a contract with another company. He said to his fellow directors: "Gentlemen, I happen to be a director in that company and I never will consent to be a director in one company and pass upon business with another company in which I am a director. I will resign first." And resign he did.

Fairbanks Is Popular.

Few presiding officers of the senate have been as popular as Vice President Fairbanks with the officials of the senate. He has co-operated with them so as to expedite the business of the senate, and that is an important matter to the clerks, who desire to have the business closed up every day.

To Revive Sailing Ships.

The German government has become actively interested in the reviving of the empire's ship-sailing trade, because of the rapid development of its navy and the great need of seamen. Sailing vessels are the only practical schools for deckhands. The government also desires to preserve and promote the small shipbuilding yards, which are declining.

Odd Congratulations.

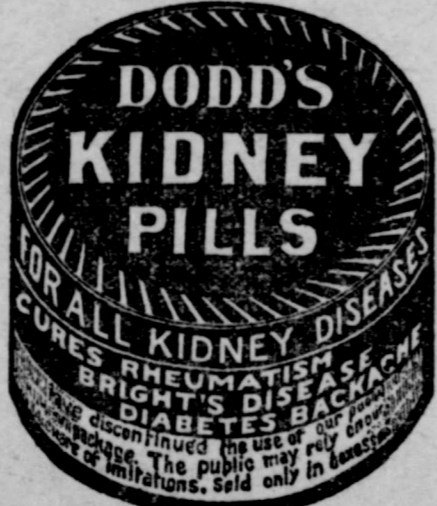
One episode of the election of M. De Fallieres to the presidency has about it something of the unique. He has received from the Moroccan pretender about as curious a letter as ever addressed to the head of a modern State. "Under the invocation of the grace of God," runs this queer missive, "and under his power and by effect of his divine benevolence we have learned with the liveliest pleasure the accession of the sultan of Paris—the Medina of the West—to whom I am happy to send my congratulations and my good wishes."

Woman's Suffrage in Italy.

The agitation of woman's suffrage has spread to Italy, and it is quite on the cards that a lady will come forward as candidate for Mantua. It is enough to make Virgil turn in his grave; but the city on the Minco has changed a good deal of late. The industrial revival of Lombardy has not passed it by, and now that it is on a great railway line, it is no more the sleepy place of last century. There is, in fact, hardly a town in the whole province that has not its factory; one has to cross into Venetia to see the mediaeval customs preserved intact. Vicenza has hardly altered in 300 years and Padua is dead. The university there is not now celebrated, as in Petrarch's time; there is only a garrison nowadays.

San Francisco's Full Name.

The original Spanish name of the stricken city was "Mision de los Dolores de Nuestro Padre San Francisco de Asis," just as Santa Fe's full name, as translated into English, is "The True City of the Holy Faith of St. Francis."



Sermons that are easy on the pulpit may be hard on the people.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

It is hard to be in the swim without getting soaked.

Doomed to Torment.

Mr. P. C. Keever, Aberdeen, Miss., writes: "For years I suffered from a form of eczema which made life a burden. I thought I was doomed to perpetual torment here below, but your Hunt's Cure rescued me. One box did the work and the trouble has never returned. Many, many thanks." Hunt's Cure is guaranteed.

True prayer wears out the soles faster than the knees.

In a Pinch, Use ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE.

A powder. It cures painful, smarting, nervous feet and ingrowing nails. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Makes new shoes easy. A certain cure for sweating feet. Sold by all druggists, 25c. Trial package, FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Never judge a woman's beauty by her make-up

Emulant Doctors Praise Its Ingredients.

We refer to that boon to weak, nervous, suffering women known as Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

Dr. John Fyfe one of the Editorial Staff of THE ECLECTIC MEDICAL REVIEW says of Unicorn root (*Helonias Dioica*) which is one of the chief ingredients of the "Favorite Prescription":

"A remedy which invariably acts as a uterine invigorator * * * makes for normal activity of the entire reproductive system." He continues "in Helonias we have a medication which more fully answers the above purposes than any other drug with which I am acquainted. In the treatment of diseases peculiar to women it is seldom that a case is seen which does not present some indication for this remedial agent." Dr. Fyfe further says: "The following are among the leading indications for Helonias (Unicorn root). Pain or aching in the back, with leucorrhoea; stonic (weak) conditions of the reproductive organs of women, mental depression and irritability associated with chronic diseases of the reproductive organs of women, constant sensation of heat in the region of the kidneys; menorrhagia (flooding), due to a weakened condition of the reproductive system; amenorrhoea (suppressed or absent monthly periods), arising from or accompanying an abnormal condition of the digestive organs and anæmic (thin blood) habit; dragging sensations in the extreme lower part of the abdomen."

If more or less of the above symptoms are present, no invalid woman can do better than take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, one of the leading ingredients of which is Unicorn root, or Helonias, and the medical properties of which it most faithfully represents.

Of Golden Seal root, another prominent ingredient of "Favorite Prescription," Prof. Finley Ellingwood, M. D., of Bennett Medical College, Chicago, says:

"It is an important remedy in disorders of the womb. In all catarrhal conditions * * * and general enfeeblement, it is useful."

Prof. John M. Scudder, M. D., late of Cincinnati, says of Golden Seal root:

"In relation to its general effects on the system, there is no medicine in use about which there is such general unanimity of opinion. It is universally regarded as the tonic useful in all debilitated states."

Prof. Bartholow, M. D., of Jefferson Medical College, says of Golden Seal:

"Valuable in uterine hemorrhage, menorrhagia (flooding) and congestive dysmenorrhoea (painful menstruation)."

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription faithfully represents all the above named ingredients and cures the diseases for which they are recommended.

The big stick—yes, the big stick at a thing until they accomplish it.

ECZEMA AFFLICTS FAMILY.

Father and Five Children Suffered for Two Years with Terrible Eczema—Wonderful Cure by Cuticura.

"My husband and five children were all afflicted with eczema. They had it two years. We used all the home remedies we could hear of, without any relief, and then went to a physician and got medicine two different times, and it got worse. It affected us all over except head and hands. We saw Cuticura Remedies advertised and concluded to try them. So I sent for \$1.00 worth, consisting of one cake of Cuticura Soap, one box of Ointment, and one vial of Pills, and we commenced to use them. I do not know how to express my joy in finding a cure, for two of my children were so bad that they have the brown scars on their bodies where they were sore. Mrs. Maggie B. Hill, Stevens, Mason Co., W. Va., June 12, 1905."

There are men who never think of glory unless they go by a graveyard.

A Strange Story.

Mrs. Isaac W. Austill, of Chestnut Ridge, N. C., tells a strange story of great suffering. "I was in bad condition for months, but got no relief. My periods had stopped, all but the pain. After taking part of a bottle of Wine of Cardui, nature worked properly and without pain. I advise all suffering women to use Cardui." A pure specific remedy for women's ills. \$1.00, at druggists.

When a man loses sleep he's apt to lose his temper also.

Send to Garfield Tea Co., Brooklyn, N. Y., for free package of Garfield Tea, the herb cure for constipation and liver trouble.

If you have the water of life you will not need to water life's stock.

Stand Head.

There is something about Hunt's Lightning Oil that no other liniment possesses. Others may be good, but it is surely the best. It does all you recommend it for, and more. For sprains, bruises, cuts, burns, aches and pains it has no equal on earth. It stands head on my medicine shelf.

Very truly yours,
T. J. Brownlow,
Livingston, Tenn.

It is only the evil we cherish that has power to chastise us.

Women have a queer way of doing things and men have a queer way of not doing them.

An Interesting Letter.

Mary Bagguley, of 117 Peach St., Syracuse, N. Y., writes to tell of the terrible suffering of her sister, who, for the past 24 years, had been tormented with side ache from female trouble, keeping her weak and ailing. "She took Wine of Cardui and is now well. Cardui has been a Godsend to us both," she writes. For all women's troubles, Cardui is a safe, efficient, reliable remedy. At druggists; \$1.00.

Some men take a trip abroad for pleasure and some take their wives along.

Garfield Tea cures sick-headache, bilious attacks, liver trouble and constipation.

If you would pose as an intellectual person let people know how early and often that you admire them.

Instantaneous Action.

"I was almost distracted by a terrible itching which defied all treatment until I obtained a box of Hunt's Cure. The first application afforded instant and absolute relief. The one box effected a complete cure."

"It is simply wonderful in its instantaneous action."

Geo. Gilliland,
Manitou, O. T.

Cupid takes a day off when the feminine matchmaker gets busy.

An optimist is a man who runs an account with a light-weight grocer.

\$100 Reward, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

No man ever bought a wedding present because he wanted to.

Yesterday a great man was born, today he died and tomorrow he will be forgotten.

THREE FACTS

For Sick Women To Consider

FIRST.—That almost every operation in our hospitals performed upon women becomes necessary through neglect of such symptoms as backache, irregular and painful periods, displacements of the female organs, pain in the side, burning sensation in the stomach, bearing-down pains, nervousness, dizziness and sleeplessness.

SECOND.—The medicine that holds the record for the largest number of absolute cures of female ills is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It regulates, strengthens and cures diseases of the female organism as nothing else can.

For thirty years it has been helping women to be strong, curing backache, nervousness, kidney troubles, inflammation of the female organs, weakness and displacements, regulating the periods perfectly and overcoming their pains. It has also proved itself invaluable in preparing women for childbirth and the change of life.

THIRD.—The great volume of unsolicited and grateful testimonials on file at the Pinkham Laboratory at Lynn, Mass., many of which are from time to time published by permission, give absolute evidence of the value of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Mrs. Pinkham's advice.

Mrs. Pinkham's Standing Invitation to Women.—Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. All letters are received, opened, read and answered by women only. From symptoms given, your trouble may be located and the quickest and surest way of recovery advised. Mrs. Pinkham is daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham and for twenty-five years under her direction and since her decease she has been advising sick women free of charge. Out of the vast volume of experience in treating female ills Mrs. Pinkham probably has the very knowledge that will help your case. Surely, any woman, rich or poor, is very foolish if she does not take advantage of this generous offer of assistance.

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHEE

Pumpkin Seed -
Aloes -
Rhubarb -
Sassafras -
Licorice -
Cinnamon -
Ginger -
Cloves -
Mace -
Peppermint -
Sage -
Sulphur -
Castor Oil

A Perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DROPS - 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of

of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

LEWIS' SINGLE BINDER

STRAIGHT 5¢ MANY SMOKERS PREFER THEM TO 10¢ CIGARS

Ten-dollar hospitality on a \$1 man is \$11 wasted.

Try Garfield Tea! It purifies the blood, cleanses the system, brings good health.

There isn't much love in a sensible love letter

Big Interest On Your Money

All profits paid in dividends. Others have made one hundred per cent. in same business. Sure income for life—and valuable legacy for family. Real estate deeded to Philadelphia trust company for protection of investors. Beautifully illustrated booklet and paper free. Write at once. I. L. and D. Co., Dept. A, 725 Drexel Building, Philadelphia, Pa.

PATENTS for PROFIT

must fully protect an invention. Booklet and Desk Calendar FREE. Highest references. Communications confidential. Established 1857. Mason, Fenwick & Lawrence, Washington, D. C.

DEFIANCE STARCH for starching
W. N. U. DALLAS, NO. — 19 — 1906

You Look Prematurely Old

Because of those ugly, grizzly, gray hairs. Use "LA CREOLE" HAIR RESTORER. Price, \$1.00, retail.

NEW STORE

NEW GOODS

RELIABLE GOODS

Our Doors Open For Business Saturday Morning, June 9th

We extend to you a most cordial invitation to call and inspect our showing of Dry Goods, Hats, Shoes, Clothing and Gents Furnishing Goods. Whether you wish to buy or not we will take pleasure in showing you through, for we are proud of our goods, proud of our store, proud of our prices, and are more than anxious to have you pay us a visit. We want to meet you, get acquainted and make you feel when you visit our store you can be perfectly at home right from the very start. Owing to the fact that we will not be able to get things fixed just as we would have them, for about two weeks yet, have decided not to have our opening until fall. We are not prone to make apologies but trust the public will bear with us for about 15 days longer and promise you in return to have a store of which Artesia may well be proud.



SHOES

We show a full and complete stock for men, women and children. It will pay you to look the line through, see our styles and note our prices

DRY GOODS

Everything you need in the way of Dry Goods, you will be pretty sure to find right here. Give this department a look before stocking up your summer wardrobe.

GENT'S FURNISHINGS

Complete line of Shirts, Underwear, Hosiery, Ties, Etc. Everything of the very newest and strictly up to date. You don't need to send off for your furnishings any more—or go to Roswell.

HATS

Big line for men and boys. We show a full line in both straw and felt. Full assortment of all new and nobby head-gear that is now in vogue, also big stock of the celebrated J. B. Stetson. When you get ready for a top piece, give us a call.

We are strictly a cash house and sell for cash only, mark everything in plain figures and have

ONLY ONE PRICE

OUR MOTTO: Your moneys worth or your money back. Will cheerfully refund money on all articles (not cut from bolt) if same is returned in good condition and not later than one week from date of purchase. We have secured the services of Mr. Joe Conn, and he would be pleased to have all his friends call and see him. Remember the day we open, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 6th. We hope to have the pleasure of seeing you soon.

GRAND LEADER



Clothing

Much rather you would see the line than to attempt to tell you about it, however, will say that 'tis overflowing with new things, good things, pretty things, nobby styles, up to date patterns, and made as right as ready made clothing can be made for the prices we ask. We can show you a big line of clothing—and we can save you some money.

See our Clothing
before you buy

SCHROCK & HIGGINS NEW BUILDING

Official Vote Of Eddy County New Mexico.

FOLLOWING IS THE OFFICIAL COUNT OF VOTES
CAST IN THE DEMOCRATIC PRIMARIES FOR
EDDY COUNTY, MAY 19TH, 1906.

It is Green, Christopher, Merchant, McKeen, Kerr, Heard, Wilcox and Cunningham for county officials the next two years. About 1600 votes were polled and the following table shows the number by precincts:

| CANDIDATES. | PRECINCTS | | | | | | | | | | TOTALS | MAJORITIES | |
|---------------------------|------------|-----------|----------|------------|--------|------------|---------|----------|--------------|-----------|--------|------------|-------------|
| | 1-Carlsbad | 2-Artesia | 3-Dayton | 4-Lakewood | 5-Hope | 6-Monument | 7-Queen | 8-Mahara | 9-Gravy Bend | 10-Hudson | | | 11-Reynolds |
| Probate Judge— | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ananias Green | 561 | 417 | 91 | 128 | 104 | 89 | 63 | 37 | 26 | 15 | 16 | 1547 | |
| Probate Clerk— | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| W. L. Bobo | 558 | 274 | 38 | 48 | 23 | 25 | 9 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 1 | 689 | |
| W. R. Owen | 302 | 148 | 55 | 84 | 83 | 65 | 54 | 34 | 20 | 11 | 15 | 891 | 202 |
| Sheriff— | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| J. D. Christopher | 275 | 293 | 78 | 64 | 46 | 56 | 29 | 19 | 17 | 8 | 3 | 888 | 182 |
| M. C. Stewart | 291 | 148 | 18 | 70 | 59 | 35 | 37 | 19 | 9 | 7 | 13 | 706 | |
| Assessor— | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hubert S. Logan | 27 | 241 | 37 | 13 | 38 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 356 | |
| Jno. O. McKeen | 255 | 133 | 37 | 43 | 47 | 39 | 24 | 14 | 2 | 12 | 3 | 609 | 49 |
| J. L. Emerson | 269 | 42 | 14 | 76 | 24 | 49 | 36 | 13 | 21 | 3 | 13 | 560 | |
| Treasurer— | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| W. J. Barber | 229 | 122 | 21 | 34 | 49 | 37 | 26 | 20 | 12 | 6 | 3 | 559 | |
| W. H. Merchant | 338 | 316 | 74 | 98 | 56 | 53 | 38 | 19 | 14 | 8 | 13 | 1027 | 468 |
| Superintendent of Schools | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| M. R. Kerr | 547 | 432 | 91 | 128 | 103 | 86 | 62 | 37 | 26 | 15 | 16 | 1543 | |
| Commissioner Dist. No. 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Allen C. Heard | 250 | 211 | 39 | 81 | 76 | 65 | 5 | 7 | 20 | 6 | 14 | 774 | 87 |
| Sam B. Smith | 290 | 160 | 41 | 40 | 28 | 23 | 61 | 29 | 5 | 8 | 2 | 687 | |
| Commissioner Dist. No. 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Geo. Wilcox | 333 | 100 | 34 | 117 | 74 | 51 | 37 | 20 | 9 | 0 | 9 | 684 | 153 |
| Geo. P. Cleveland | 110 | 293 | 49 | 9 | 27 | 12 | 10 | 16 | 4 | 6 | 1 | 531 | |
| Surveyor— | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bart A. Nymeyer | 161 | 103 | 42 | 36 | 22 | 48 | 20 | 23 | 12 | 13 | 15 | 495 | |
| Joe Cunningham | 386 | 294 | 45 | 96 | 82 | 34 | 43 | 15 | 12 | 12 | 1 | 1020 | 525 |

Miss Alice Attebery has taken charge of the Artesia's Library reading room, to succeed Miss Ola Venable, who resigned after nine months of close attention.

Mrs. John R. Hodges left Monday for Brownwood, Texas, for an all-summer visit.

Victor Talking Machines at Pecos Valley Drug Co.

The students who are attending Miss Carrie Childress' private school spent today at Spring Lake, five miles southeast of town, picnicing and fishing. They were chaperoned by Miss Childress and a number of parents.

Dr. George P. Stoker returned last Saturday from New York City, where he took a post-graduate course in a surgical institute.

Notice to Contractors.

All contractors and builders are hereby notified that a contract will be let on Tuesday, June 5th, for the erection of a frame school house at Hope, N. M., to be built according to plans and specifications now on file at the office of Morgan Davis, Artesia, N. M., the same not to cost more than three thousand dollars. Anyone desiring to submit bids for the erection thereof must do so before 6 o'clock p. m. on the date mentioned. The Board of Trustees reserves the right to reject any and all bids. Morgan Davis, Chairman.

Miss Millie Davidson is at home this week from an extended visit to relatives and friends in Roswell.

A limited supply of Seeded Ribbon Cane Seed for sale at the Christopher & Davis warehouse. It makes the finest grade of syrup ever grown in the Pecos Valley.

Mrs. Gayle Taibot received a message Monday stating that her father, Milton Brown, was very sick at his home at Quintana, Texas. Milton Brown, Jr., now of Texico, left for his bedside Tuesday.

Prof. L. W. Martin was a visitor to Lake Arthur Wednesday.

Mrs. Ella Davidson, who has so efficiently conducted the Hotel Gibson for the past two years, will on next Wednesday relinquish her lease, and Mrs. Anna Scoggan will take charge. Mrs. Davidson has proven herself a most worthy and capable host and her many friends will regret to know that she expects to leave Artesia.

Abstracts of title to all lands in Eddy county, Artesia office over Bank of Artesia.

Call on Geo. Batton to buy or sell second hand goods.

I have several hundred pounds fresh kaffir corn chops that I will sell reasonably. See me soon for price in large quantities. J. R. Blair.

Spaulding's base ball goods at Pecos Valley Drug Co.

As an evidence of the growth of the Pecos Valley, the increase of business of the Santa Fe railway may be safely cited. Two years ago the Pecos Valley branch of the Santa Fe was handling its business with four train crews. Today it is using seventeen crews and is hardly able to handle the business. A Roswell hardware dealer informs the Advocate that his house last year sold one car of baling wire. This year he has sold four cars for the first cutting of alfalfa alone, and harvest has hardly started. Or the safe supposition that other dealers are doing as well, it is not hard to figure on the increase in alfalfa acreage. It is estimated by the Santa Fe officials at Amarillo that it will require sixteen hundred cars to handle the first cutting of alfalfa in the Pecos Valley.

Let Lee Turknett do your drayage work. He has the best teams in the business and is not reckless in handling goods.

Tourist's Rates.

Effective June 1 and continuing until September 30, round trip summer tourist tickets to Chicago and St. Louis will be on sale at the rate of one and one-third standard fare to Chicago \$49.48, to St. Louis \$42.13. Dates of sale: daily June 1 to Sept. 30 inclusive. Limit: Continuous passage in both directions. Final return limit Oct 31, 1906. Tickets for return passage must be executed by joint agent for which a fee of twenty five cents will be charged. Children: The rates for children between the ages of five and twelve years will be one-half of the rate for adults.

C. O. Brown, Local Agent.

WATSON E. COLEMAN,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
626 F. St. N. W., Washington, D. C.
Opposite Dept. of Interior.

Practice before the General Land Office and before the Secretary of the Interior in Land Contests.

Notice for Publication.

(Desert Land, Final Proof.)
United States Land Office, Roswell, N. M., May 3, 1906.
Notice is hereby given that John W. Watkins, assignee of Thomas Runyan, of Artesia, Eddy county, N. M., has filed notice of intention to make proof on his desert-land claim No. 1231, for the SE1/4 NW1/4 of section 4, T. 18 S., R. 26 E., before Albert Blake, U. S. Court Commissioner, at his office in Artesia New Mexico on Monday, the 11th day of June, 1906.
He names the following witnesses to prove the complete irrigation and reclamation of said land: Robert B. Kishbaugh of Artesia, N. M., Jesse H. Mancey of Artesia, N. M., Gayle Taibot of Artesia, N. M., George P. Cleveland of Artesia, N. M.
Howard Leland, register.

Notice for Publication.

(Desert Land—Final Proof.)
United States Land Office, Roswell, New Mexico, May 3, 1906.
Notice is hereby given that Ola Venable, assignee of Samuel P. Denning, assignee of Archie Blaney, of Artesia, Eddy county, New Mexico, has filed notice of intention to make proof on his desert-land claim No. 1539, for the E1/2 of the SW1/4 of section 5, T. 17 S., R. 26 E., before Albert Blake, U. S. Court Commissioner at his office in Artesia, N. M., on Tuesday, the 12th day of June 1906.
She names the following witnesses to prove the complete irrigation and reclamation of said land: Robert W. Bruce of Artesia, N. M., Joe M. Smith of Artesia, N. M., John S. Major of Artesia, N. M., Stephen W. Gilbert of Artesia, N. M.
Howard Leland, Register.

Notice for Publication.

(Desert Land—Final Proof.)
United States Land Office, Roswell, New Mexico, May 3, 1906.
Notice is hereby given that Sterling P. Henry of Artesia, Eddy county, New Mexico, has filed notice of intention to make proof on his desert-land claim No. 2390 for the SW1/4 NW1/4 of Sec. 28, T. 17 S., R. 26 E., before the register or receiver at Roswell, New Mexico, on Wednesday, the 13th day of June, 1906.
He names the following witnesses to prove the complete irrigation and reclamation of said land: John W. Skaner of Artesia, N. M., George P. Cleveland of Artesia, N. M., William W. Allison of Artesia, N. M., Simeon G. Yeargin of Artesia, N. M.
Howard Leland, Register.

Notice for Publication.

HOMESTEAD APPLICATION NO. 5724.
Department of the Interior, Land Office, Roswell, New Mexico, May 3, 1906.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of her intention to make final proof in support of her claim, and that said proof will be made before Albert Blake, U. S. Court Commissioner at his office in Artesia, N. M., on June 11, 1906, viz: Mary A. Coll, of Artesia, N. M., for the SW1/4 of Sec. 10, T. 17 S., R. 26 E.
She names the following witnesses to prove her continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Lester G. Hadley of Lake Arthur, N. M., Sidney W. Hale, of Artesia, N. M., Cora Hess of Artesia, N. M., Hart Crouch, of Artesia, N. M.
Howard Leland, Register.

Geo. Batton pays a liberal price for second hand goods and sells for small profits.

RELEASE FROM LABOR KILLS

Retired Sea Captains Chafe at Loss of Occupation.

"There's no mistake about habit being a tyrant," said the old sea captain, with a far-away look in his eyes. "I suppose it's just the same in every work and profession, but I have had occasion, of course, to analyze the life of the sea closer than most any other calling. The company I have served most all my life as the captain of a big ocean liner has a rule that masters, when they reach the age of 60, must retire on half pay. As far as the company is concerned, the officer has become useless when that age is reached, and it will no longer accept active service from him, no matter what his feelings are on the matter. The peculiar fact is that the vigorous old mariners, while in perfect health at the time of their retirement, almost without exception, die a few months afterward, simply from homesickness for the sea. I could cite a number of instances to bear out my statement. One old captain, who had been put on the shelf, although it seemed as if he was still in the prime of life, died four months later. An hour before he passed away, he said: 'If they had only allowed me to keep on with my work I would have lived many years longer.' Yes, I had to give up my ship a month ago. I go down to the dock as regularly as clockwork every day. Why I don't know, but a curious something draws me there, and the sight of the familiar old liner wrings my heart. I can feel the strength going out of my body day by day. My work is my life; without it—"
—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

TELL SECRETS O'ER TELEPHONE.

People Apt to Forget That Others Can Hear Them.

"Talk about Col. Mann's safe full of scandals," said the telephone girl; "he doesn't know what scandal is. He ought to be a telephone girl for a little while if he wants to know what people are doing. I tell you it is amazing what grown people trust to telephone girls' ears. There isn't a day that we do not hear appointments and discussions of things done the night before that would turn affairs upside down if we ever told them. Men and women talk as freely over the phone as though they were marooned on an uninhabited island. They use their own names and the names of others interested with the most startling freedom and frankness."
—New York Sun.

Where the Tourists Came In.

On one of the old turnpikes yet remaining in the south a big touring car had twice rushed through the gate without paying toll. The third time it made the attempt the negro toll man shut his gate and brought the car to a stand. With indignation the half-dozen occupants of the car declared they were entitled to ride free. "Look at your own board," said the spokesman. "It says: 'Every carriage, cart or wagon drawn by one beast, 2 cents; every additional beast, 2 cents.' We're not drawn by any beast at all." "No; but here's where ye come in, sah," replied the gatekeeper, pointing to another clause, as follows: "Every half-dozen hogs, 4 cents." An' three times four is twelve," he added. The 12 cents was paid.

Chance to Explain.

Many stories are told of the absent-mindedness of Prof. J. K. Paine of Harvard, and among them is the following: One evening Prof. Paine and his wife were attending a performance of grand opera at the Boston theater. During the last intermission the professor went out to a neighboring pharmacy to have a prescription filled, which, being done, he mechanically took a car home, donned dressing gown and slippers and sat down in his library to read. After a time Mrs. Paine reached home in a carriage, but the professor's query as to where she had been did not tend at once to clear the atmosphere.—Boston Herald.

Grave Statesmen Enjoy Pun.

French statesmen are not above the pun. M. Doumer, president of the chamber of deputies, gave a dinner and one of his guests, M. Choumle, keeper of the seals, asked for a little ice. The host whispered in a waiter's ear and presently M. Choumle found three ice pails at his elbow. He expressed a little surprise and M. Doumer said: "But are you not keeper of the pails?" The French for seals is "sceaux" and for pails "seaux." The legend is that this little joke is made wherever the keeper dines out in summer time.

Overdressed Children.

If you have money, dress your children well; but if you do not wish them to be regarded with dislike and contempt, teach them to forget that they are wearing fine clothes. Carefully impress on them that to make comparisons between their own garments and those of children less richly clad is to stamp themselves as ill-bred. Girls are worse than boys in this respect.—Exchange.

WERE DEVOTED TO WRESTLING

Sport Favored by London Apprentices Centuries Ago.

The noble art of wrestling, kept alive in the country by such meetings as the Grasmere Sports, has totally died away in London.

Yet for some hundreds of years the London apprentices were passionately devoted to it, and on every St. Bartholomew's Day (Aug. 24) a great tournament was held on Clerkenwell Fields, where Smithfield Market now stands, at which the champions from the city and all the towns around used to contend. The Lord Mayor and Sheriffs attended in state, and his lordship acted as judge and arbiter.

Naturally, as local patriotism sometimes grew very excited, this was not always an enviable office. In 1456, for instance, one of his decisions gave offense to the Prior of St. John of Jerusalem, who called up a body of archers from the priory, close at hand. A fierce conflict ensued. The Lord Mayor's cap was pierced by an arrow, and he was only rescued by the opportune arrival of a strong body of citizens, who issued from the gate with banners flying.—London Chronicle.

DATES BACK TO ANCIENT ROME.

Expression "Not Worth His Salt" a Classic Form of Speech.

"When we say a man is not worth his salt," said a philologist, "we use an interesting and classic form of speech. We go all the way back, in fact, to the time of the ancient Romans.

"The Roman workers in the salt mines were paid in salt. The salt that they got in return for their labor was called their salarium (sal—salt) or salt allowance.

"The word salarium, meaning salt money, or allowance for salt, later on was applied to the fees, or tips, men got for odd jobs. 'For patching my toga,' the noble said, 'I will give that fellow a slight salarium—a bit of money to buy salt with.'

"Finally, 'salarium' came to mean wages, salary, what it does to-day. A salary is essentially salt money, and when we say a man is not worth his salt we mean he is not worth paying wages to."
—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Housekeeping in Bulawayo.

"Housekeeping in Bulawayo was simple in one respect; so little variety was possible that you soon learned not to expect it," writes a former resident of that African town. "We lived chiefly on tinned food, and thought ourselves fortunate in getting frozen meat and Australian butter. Milk was very scarce, and was mostly bought by the hospital. I have seen a small bottleful fetch 3 shillings (75 cents) in the open market. Eggs were never less than 3 shillings a dozen, and lump sugar 8 pence (16 cents) a pound. So it was rather annoying to have people at home writing of our high rate of pay and totally unable to realize that the cost of the bare necessities of life were so great as to leave no margin for amusements, even had they been procurable."

Seek "Home of the Herring."

Deep-sea denizens of the northern waters are all remarkable for their migratory habits, the herring especially so. These fish approach the Newfoundland littoral to spawn and then are captured in great quantities; but this is only during a few months of the year, while for the remainder they withdraw to some waters the location of which has never been determined. The late Prof. Spencer T. Baird, United States fish commissioner, conducted an expedition to the north thirty years ago to locate this "home of the herring," but without any result. Newfoundland itself is now about to attempt a similar quest, having secured the services of a Scotch fishery expert for the purpose.

Mackerel Change Their Grounds.

The mackerel fishery has been practically extinct in Newfoundland waters for the last quarter century, owing to the migration of these fish to the American seaboard. So enormous was the extent of the fishery in former times that over 1,000 vessels of different nationalities carried on the pursuit there, it being a larger fishery than that for cod, though the mackerel is not much larger than a herring, while the cod is several times as large. If it should now be found that mackerel are resorting to Newfoundland again it will mean that an enormous industry now prosecuted from the New England coast would be transferred thither.

Of Benefit to Tired Brain.

For a tired brain, physical exercise is the best remedy, rather than a resort to drugs. If a brisk walk in the fresh air can be taken, so much the better. A very good remedy for a weary brain is to rise slowly on the toes (lifting the heels from the floor) until the muscles at the calf of the leg ache, and then to kick vigorously a few times. Repeat this simple exercise several times, and excellent results will follow.

MAORI NOTIONS OF CHIVALRY.

Treachery Had No Place Among Fzst-Dying Race.

Sir Richard Tangye in the Sunday Magazine has some good stories to tell about the Maoris of old colonial days. Unlike the American Indians, they were not in the earlier wars with the settlers a treacherous race; they even went so far as to send notice to a settlement before attacking it, and, more Christian than the Christians in some respects, would not fight on Sunday. Nor were they slow to credit their foes with a certain nobility of sentiment by which they were themselves animated; this was well illustrated on the occasion of the storming of one of their fortified "pahs" or villages, by the British. The Maoris, finding themselves running short of ammunition, detailed a number of their boys to pick up the British shells as they fell into the pah with instructions to extract the fuses before they exploded. In this they were occasionally successful, and emptying the shells replenished their stores. The Maoris thought that the chivalrous British, judging from their slackening fire, that they were short of ammunition, took this means of supplying them. On another occasion the Maoris refrained from attacking a British detachment until they had disengaged themselves from a bog in which they were floundering.

MUCH PUZZLED OVER PORCELAIN

Chinese Product Medieval Europe Could Not Understand.

Chinamen have been exporting their porcelain to the west for at least a thousand years and probably longer. Medieval Europe could make nothing like porcelain, and therefore regarded it as a magical product endowed with uncanny powers. It was said, for instance, that a porcelain cup would break if poison were poured into it. Travelers declared that porcelain was composed of various substances which after being tempered were hidden in the ground for ages before being fit for use. Even so erudite a man as Sir Thomas Browne, writing in the later seventeenth century, was "not thoroughly resolved, concerning porcellane or china dishes, that according to common belief they are made of earth." The secret of the true Chinese porcelain was first discovered in Europe a generation later by the German chemist Bottger, the inventor of what is now known as Dresden china.

Centenarian's Bill of Fare.

About sixteen months before his death (at 101) Senator David Wark of Fredericton, N. B., wrote a letter about his way of living: For breakfast, he said, he had oatmeal porridge and milk, to which he had always been accustomed, with a slice of plain bread and a cup of black tea. For many years he had eaten neither beef, mutton nor pork, but took a little fish or fowl at 1 o'clock, with another cup of tea. At 6 o'clock a slice of bread and a cup of tea once more constituted his evening meal. He ate neither pie nor pudding and drank nothing stronger than tea.

Health Hint.

"Sir," says the lady with the lorgnette to the gruff old doctor, "I do not appreciate the way in which you speak to me, as if I were one of the common herd. And you have kept me waiting for an hour. I wish you to know that I have blue blood in my veins."

"Humph! I'm goin' to fix that," growls the doctor. "You'll have to quit eating so much trash, and take some iron and quinine."

As Clear as Mud.

They met on a bridge. Each held out his hand, and they shook, and instantly realized that they were utter strangers. Had not one of them been a genuine Hibernian the situation might have been embarrassing. "Begorra, that's queer," says he; "when we wor so far off that we couldn't see aich other, I thought it was you an' you thought it was me, and now we're here together, begob, it's nather of us."

A Brave Woman.

A woman may flee at the sight of a mouse, but when real danger arises suddenly she is often as courageous as the most resourceful man. A young lady, attacked by a mad dog on the golf links stood steady while the brute rushed at her, and striking with an iron club just at the precise moment, hurled the dog dead upon the grass. She broke its neck with one swinging blow.

Money.

Boil down your wants until you boil up your energy and get your income in advance of your expenses. The ability to do hard work and keep at it is wealth in itself. To be accurate and follow the orders of those who pay for the work is a source of executive skill. To know how to work is a trade and a profession combined.—Earl M. Pratt.

LITTLE BIRD PETS

ENGLISH NATURALIST TELLS OF ANTICS OF GREAT TITS.

Enticed by Nuts and Cheese They Become Regular Visitors, and at Last Consent to Have Pictures Taken.

One of my earliest experiences of great tits was in this wise. It was a sparkling spring morning, and I was roaming about an old-fashioned hillside garden, peering into holes and crevices in search of nests. Up this, long ago, rustic steps had been built, half embracing a tree's huge bole, and leading to an arbour which the tree had invited by dividing some 12 feet from the ground into three strong upward-curving branches. Here the household had been wont to gather 40 years ago, before recently planted trees had joined hands over newly made paths to give shelter from the summer sun. Long disused, the crumbling steps gave but doubtful foothold, as I carefully mounted to explore the mouldering platform



THE OXEYE AND HANGING BLUE TITS.

and seats above. As my head came level with the topmost step I noticed a cleft in the tree just below the fork. A likely place for a nest, I thought, and large enough for me to insert my hand. The action quickly followed the thought; but my hand was more quickly withdrawn, for my fingers were sharply struck within the hole by I knew not what, and there was a hissing as though I had roused an angry snake. Peering in, I could just discern two gleaming specks and two small patches of white below them, and then there was another hiss and a quick stroke of a wing. I found a great tit sitting upon her eggs. Respecting her bravely, I did not disturb her more.

Though there were several pairs of these birds in the garden, it was long before they learned to visit my window larder. They would watch the cole tits carrying off bits of nut and cheese, far in excess of their present needs, and hiding them up and down the close-cut yew hedge. Often enough they discovered and rifled these hidden stores of their little cousins. The great tits much appreciated the cheese, and this finally brought them to the window-perch above the hedge, where they could see big lumps temptingly displayed, and where robins, chaffinches, blue tits, and cole tits were regularly regaling themselves. I remember well the first visit of an oxeeye to my window. He alighted on the perch with such a thud that its insecure fastening gave way, and as the branch sank beneath him he flew off in alarm. I immediately secured the perch firmly, and replenish the supply of cheese and nuts. In a few

minutes the same bird returned, alighted, looked round suspiciously, and after a flute-like double call to his mate in a neighboring tree, inviting her to the feast, he plunged his beak into the cheese. Two months later, when the bird was tamer and not so easily alarmed, I took a photograph, hiding behind a screen inside the room near the open larder window, and peering out of small eye-holes at the comings and goings of the birds.

The oxeeye has a bad character given him by writers on birds, owing to his pugnaciousness and formidable fighting powers, but I have never seen him do much harm to another bird at the window. He will fight and peck fiercely at any bird that will not give him place at the cheese corner, and when there he sends other birds venturing to share his meal on equal terms. A cock bird even tries to prevent its hanging on and pecking from below. The hen great tits, though they show fight even against human intruder at the nest, are peaceful enough at the window. I have seen one frightened away by a hedge-sparrow, the quietest and most peace-loving of window frequenters. The great tit was standing upon a big lump of cheese, and the hedge-sparrow standing on the perch at one side, in trying for a morsel of cheese, pecked one of the great tit's front toes that were spread out and bent down over the edge of the cheese cube. This was obviously an accident, but a very ugly one it might have proved for Shufflewing had the bird on the cheese been Mr. Oxeeye instead of his spouse. As it was, the hen great tit, alarmed, flew off without showing any sign of wishing to retaliate.

HORSE SAVES A CHILD.

Pet Animal Seizes Little Girl's Dress with His Teeth and Drags Her from Canal.

Jersey City, N. J.—According to a story told to the Jersey City police the other day by Mrs. John Patrino, of 315 Pamrapo avenue, her three-year-old daughter Anna was saved from drowning by a horse named Charley, which is owned by her husband. The house and stable are near the Morris canal, and Anna is in the habit of playing on the canal bank.

The horse, which was a pet of the child, was running up and down the field, when Mrs. Patrino saw the child topple over into the water. She ran screaming to the canal, but before she reached it, she says, Charley had seized the child's dress with his teeth and dragged her to safety. As the mother reached them Charley set the child gently at her feet.

When Patrino heard his wife's statement he said Charley should have a padded stall and an extra feed of oats every day of his life. The police were inclined to doubt Mrs. Patrino's story, but it was corroborated by two of her neighbors.

Popular Insurance.

"Industrial" insurance is very popular in Great Britain. The number of policies outstanding is immense, namely, 24,668,502, insuring \$1,210,000,000, at an annual premium expense of \$55,000,000. Expenses fell from 44.5 to 43.5 per cent. of premiums. All, or practically all, these policies are British. After allowing for overlapping, more than half the working classes in Great Britain, men, women and children, are insured with the industrial life offices.

Microbe of Morbidity.

The mass of people are morbid enough about their food. It is not advisable to seek to add to their terrors by exaggeration. If all could reach the comfortable frame of mind of the man who declared that he could stand it if the microbe could people would be less finicky and perhaps there would be less stomach trouble.—Minneapolis Tribune.

DINING CARS USED ALONG PANAMA CANAL.



These cars are fitted up with kitchens and tables for the accommodation of the working gangs. The railroad parallels the canal and it is thus possible to place these boarding houses on wheels at the point most convenient to the laborers. The train here shown has accommodations for 40 white men and 76 blacks.

For Sale.

Poland China and Berkshire Sows, bred to Registered Red Jersey and Poland China Males. Also young Pigs, Stock Hogs and Cornfed barrows.

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Telephone No. 58. Calls answered
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PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office over Bank of Artesia.
Office Phone 155, Residence Phone 134.

D. R. CHAS. THOMAS,
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Boy or girl to help with cooking
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Artesia, N. M.

Notice-Sheriff's Sale.

WHEREAS, in a certain cause heretofore tried in the District Court of Eddy County, New Mexico, at the March term of said Court, wherein the American Well and Prospecting Company, a co-partnership composed of H. G. Johnson, Chas. Rittersbacher and E. H. Akin, was plaintiff, and John R. Hodges and J. S. Venable, were defendants, said cause being numbered 706, on the docket of said Court; which said suit was brought by The American Well and Prospecting Company, against the said John R. Hodges and J. S. Venable, for a debt on an open account for certain iron pipe sold to defendants by plaintiff, for the sum of \$997; and the said defendants pleaded their counter-claim against plaintiffs in the sum of \$2500, and having at the trial of said cause on the 12th day of March 1906, obtained judgment against said American Well and Prospecting Company, plaintiff, in the sum of \$1179.09, together with interest at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum from the date of rendition of said judgment, until paid, and for costs of suit, and

WHEREAS, by virtue of a certain writ of execution issued out of said court on the 12th day of April 1906 and against the property of the above named plaintiff, I have levied upon and seized the following described property belonging to the said American Well and Prospecting Company, to-wit:

71 pieces 6 inch pipe.
20 pieces 9 inch pipe.
8 6 inch gate valves.
2 8 inch gate valves.
2 Boilers together with smok-
stacks.

NOW THEREFORE, by reason of the premises above set out I will proceed to sell the above described property at Artesia, New Mexico, on the 18th day of June at 10 o'clock a. m., at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, which proceeds of said sale shall be applied to paying off and satisfying said judgment of \$1179.09, and the interest in the sum of \$133.36, and the costs of suit in the sum of \$66.25, together with the further costs of making this levy and sale.

Witness my hand this the 12th day of May, 1906.
M. C. STEWART,
Sheriff of Eddy County, New Mexico.

Presbyterian Church.

9:45 Sunday School; 11:00 Preaching by the pastor. Subject: Sonship in the family of God. I John 3:2. 8 p. m. Song service and sermon. A cordial invitation is extended to all to attend these services. Those without a regular "Church Home" and strangers and visitors are especially invited, and all will be made welcomed. "Come thou with us and we will do thee good."
E. E. Mathes, Pastor.

The Woman's Guild will serve ice cream and cake at the Higgins & Schrock building Friday evening, June 7.

Abstract of title Artesia office over Bank of Artesia.

Now is the time to screen. Full stock of doors, screen wire, and trimmings. Best assortment in town. John Schrock Lumber Co.

For white kaffir corn seed go to the Blair Hardware.

Navajo hammocks at the Pecos Valley Drug Company.

Rheumatism Makes Life Miserable.
A happy home is the most valuable possession that is within the reach of mankind, but you cannot enjoy its comforts if you are suffering from rheumatism. You throw aside business cares when you enter your home and you can be relieved from those rheumatic pains also by applying Chamberlain's Pain Balm. One application will give you relief and its continued use for a short time will bring about a permanent cure. For sale by Fatheree & Robertson.

Old wagons, hacks and buggies bought by W. H. Watkins, blacksmith.

For Sale.

Choice re-cleaned alfalfa seed 14 cents per pound also sorghum seed. At Sigman Hog Ranch, one mile west of Lake Arthur.

Do You Rent?

I have a nice 5 room cottage close in to the business center of town. Will sell it very cheap. Small advance payment, balance on easy payments. Call on or write
R. H. McCune,
Roswell, N. M.

To All Parties Interested.

Capt. J. D. Hunt is today ready to close the contract for the boring of a deep well on his land nine miles west of town provided all parties interested in the development of that part of the country assist to the extent of signing the agreement as previously agreed upon, and which is now at the Bank of Artesia. As soon as this is done work will begin, and if the agreement is not signed within the next few days all arrangements for drilling will be off. Immediate action is necessary.

Millinery Cost Sale.

I will put on sale about three dozen ready-to-wear hats, also a few dress hats. Going at cost. Sale beginning Monday, May 27, closes June 6th. Come in and get you a hat cheap, before this sale closes.
Iva Northcut.

Go to John Schrock Lumber Co. for White Lead, oil and painters supplies.

Our perfect adjustable disc cultivators are giving such universal satisfaction that we fear we won't have enough to go round. So if you think of buying one better come early before they are all gone. J. R. Blair.

Go To Howell & Hough

For Staple and Fancy
Groceries.

Satisfaction Guaranteed
or
Money refunded

Hunter's Cream Flour
A Specialty.

Everything For Sale.

160 acres of land 2 1/2 miles northwest of Artesia, house and two lots on corner Fifth and Richardson avenue; also my complete well drilling outfit, wagons, harness and horses; two car loads of well casing. Anyone wishing to go into the well-drilling business, will secure a bargain by seeing me.
J. C. Elliot.

ATLAS,

My FRENCH COACH Stallion, No. 3449, is making the season at the Star Livery Stable, Artesia, N. M. ATLAS was bred by the Government of France, sired by the government stallion, Oberhausen, April 15, 1900, and imported by L. E. Campbell & Co., Paxton, Ill., in 1903. I have his registration papers, both in France and the United States. Stud fee, \$20 to insure living colt to stand up and suck its mother.
W. E. ROGERS, Owner.

COWS FOR SALE—40 Jersey cows and heifers for sale in bulk. Apply to G. P. Cleveland.

Caught Cold While Hunting a Burglar.

Mr. Wm. Thos. Lanorgan, provincial Constable at Chapleau, Ontario, says: "I caught a severe cold while hunting a burglar in the forest swamp last fall. Hearing of Chamberlain's Cough remedy, I tried it, and after using two small bottles, I was completely cured." This remedy is intended especially for coughs and colds. It will loosen and relieve a severe cold in less time than by any other treatment and is a favorite wherever superior excellence has become known. For sale by Fatheree and Robertson.

While we endeavor to adopt the most desirable method of modern banking, we propose never to lose sight of these essential qualities:

Safety, Security, Responsibility, Efficiency, Conservatism.

S. W. GILBERT, President, CHAS. S. HOFFMAN, 1st Vice-President,
R. M. ROSS, Cashier, K. C. SMITH, 2nd Vice-President,
L. R. GAIDRY, Ass't Cashier.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

ARTESIA, N. MEX.

Capital Paid Up, - - \$25,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits, 500.00

The affairs of this bank are governed with that conservatism, combined with enterprise and up-to-date methods, which makes for soundness and satisfactory banking service. Its officers believe that banking connections formed on a basis of good service at a reasonable compensation—and not on sentiment or undue influence—will endure. That a bank which has ample capital and reserve in proportion to its deposit liability, and makes SAFETY THE FIRST CONSIDERATION, and is operated along conservative lines is entitled to and will receive its due proportion of the public patronage.
WE INVITE NEW ACCOUNTS.

DURANGO PRINCE, 2:19.

Registered Under Rule 6, American Trotting Association, No Better sire in America.

Will make the season at my residence on Texas avenue, Artesia. Also two finely bred Jersey Bulls. Terms reasonable. The public is invited to come and see this stock, as no better has ever been brought to the Pecos Valley.

J. D. GOODALE.

THE AMERICAN WELL WORKS,

AURORA, ILLINOIS,

Makes High Grade Well Sinking Machinery at Moderate Prices

SPERRY & LUKINS,

of Artesia, New Mexico

Have in stock a large supply of The American Well Works. Engines, Steam and Power Pumps, Rotaries, Hoisters, all kinds of Rotary tools, well supplies, wrought iron line pipe and casing.

NOTICE:

Farmers and Well Men, don't throw away your old castings, Bring them to us. We can make them good as new.

ARTESIA MACHINE SHOP.

THE STAR STABLE



Is the best in town. The nicest rigs, the fastest horses—gentle drivers suitable for ladies and children to drive. No bronks, or baulky horses. Prompt service night or day. Nothing too good for the public. Give us a call. To treat you right is all we know. Location on 3rd Street South of Gibson Hotel. Phone 88.

J. K. WALLING & SON Props.

Fresh Bread and Cakes

AT ALL HOURS

We bake every day; Special orders for cake and pies promptly filled. Save work and worry by patronizing

THE HOME BAKERY;

Mrs. S. B. Dyer, Prop.

Is the Moon Inhabited.

Science has proven the the moon has an atmosphere, which makes life in some form possible on that satellite; but not for human beings, who have a hard enough time on this earth of ours; especially those who do not know that Electric Bitters cure headache, biliousness, malaria, chills and fever, jaundice, dyspepsia, dizziness, torpid liver, kidney complaints, general debility and female weaknesses. Unequaled as a general tonic and appetizer for weak persons and especially for the aged. It induces sound sleep. Fully guaranteed by Pecos Valley Drug Co., druggist. Price only 50c.

Game Name to Small Coinage.

Sir John Swinburne obtained the distinguished honor of having the three-penny bit named after him throughout South Africa. When he went to Cape Town first there was no copper coinage, and he was provident enough to take out a sackful of the smallest "collection in silver," to be used for tipping. So throughout the colony this coin is still known as "Sir John," when it is not called a "tickle."

Chimney Stacks Left Standing.

Some curious beliefs still linger in the country parts. For instance, in Hertfordshire, when ancient houses are destroyed the chimney stacks are left intact, the popular theory being that the houses are still in existence while these remain standing. This may be a survival of some ancient but now almost forgotten legal right.—London Chronicle.

Blood-sucking Bat of Panama.

A traveler in the Panama country has this to say of one of his boatmen: "The negro limped from a sore in his foot. He explained that his toe had been attacked the previous night by a vampire bat, which paid him frequent visits, though he was never conscious of the blood-sucking process until he awoke."

Buttons First Used in Far East.

It was not until after the invention of the buttonhole, which was not a buttonhole at all, but a lacing hole, that some of the dandies of Elizabeth's time imported the notion of buttons from the far east. They filled a long-felt want and have been in steady use ever since.

Only Successful Business Methods.

The only way to hold old business is to hustle for new business. People like to do business with a growing house. Lack of growth suggests dry rot, stagnation. The only sure thing to make things come your way is to go after them early and often.—Exchange.

Varying Methods of Suicide.

In America suicides mostly resort to shooting; Germans stab themselves; the melancholy Turk takes poison; the morbid-minded Italian drowns himself; while in the United Kingdom hanging is the favorite method of "shuffling off this mortal coil."

English Mayor's Robe.

The robe worn by the mayor of Longston (Eng.) is said to be the most beautiful of its kind. It is made of watered silk, lavishly enriched with adornments of gold. It was given to the town by the duke of Sutherland during his mayoralty.

Best Hogs in France.

In France the best breed of hogs is considered to be the Craonnais, which often attains the weight of 550 pounds in fifteen to eighteen months; a prize pig weighed 763 pounds at the age of ten months and twenty-five days.

Little Destitution in Japan.

Real destitution is rarely seen in Japan. Though some of its inhabitants are very poor, yet all seem to be fairly well fed, clothed and housed and are of cleanly habits and rarely untidy.

Loses 10,000 Towels.

During the prosecution of a man who had stolen a towel belonging to an English railway company it was stated that in the last two years the company had lost 10,000 towels.

The Theme of Comedy.

Married life is the most frequent theme of comedy simply because it is the most ludicrous enterprise in nature. Thus saith a writer in the London Daily Chronicle.

Finger-Print Identification.

Identification by finger-print is generally supposed to be quite a modern European detective device; but it appears that it was employed in Korea 1,200 years ago.

Honeymoons.

We do not hold with honeymoons. Great must be the love that could bear up against the smashing blow of a second honeymoon.—Saturday Review.

A Gentleman.

Whoever is honest, generous, courteous, honorable and candid is a true gentleman, whether learned or unlearned, rich or poor.—Lynn Item.

Universal Approbation Impossible.

Edmund Burke said: "The very attempt toward pleasing everybody discovers a temper always flashy and often false and insincere."

Kill Man Slayer.

A tigress in Burma that had a record of having killed more than 800 persons, was killed lately by two English engineers.

Good for Nerves.

Herb pillows and herb teas are used to quiet the nerves. A pillow of lavender, a big bag of pine needles, a small sack of catnip, a bunch of clover tied in a pillow case, will give a sweet scent and put one to sleep. These bags are invaluable to have around if one is nervous. Whatever may be the trouble with your nerves you can be sure that there is a remedy for you and for them.

Venomous Even in Death.

William English and Milton Davis of near town, were out hunting on the farm of J. D. Powers a few days ago and they shot a large rattlesnake, shooting off its head and about four inches of its body. The severed head was hurled by the discharge against the bird dog of Mr. English. It bit the dog and he died within a few minutes.—Perry (Mo.) Enterprise.

Wonderful Jamaica Family.

A century ago there died in Jamaica a woman named Mills. Her age was given as 118 and she was followed to the grave by 295 of her children, grandchildren, great-grandchildren and great-great-grandchildren—no fewer than sixty of whom, all named Ebanks, belonged to the regiment of Militia for St. Elizabeth's parish.

Uncovered Rare Old Painting.

Strange noises being heard from behind a picture in St. Anthony's church, in the village of Scurocola, province of Aquila, Italy, the parish priest removed the panel and discovered a beautiful fresco, representing St. Francis of Assisi, evidently the work of an old master.

Dignity of Chinese Physicians.

Chinese physicians of much repute never visit afoot, but must be carried to the patient on a horse, mule or jack, or in a carriage. At the patient's residence the doctor first rests awhile, and in the meantime is served with liquors, confections and often with a formal meal.

Soap from Pompeii.

A few years ago a soap-boiler's shop was discovered in Pompeii, having been buried beneath that terrible rain of ashes that fell upon the city 79 A. D. The soap found in the shop had not lost its efficacy, although it had been buried 1,800 years.

Philosopher of Folly.

Higher criticism may next be expected to prove that the scriptural statement about the prodigal son feeding among the swine was merely a metaphorical way of saying that he took his meals at a quick-lunch restaurant.—Cleveland Leader.

Origin of Some Spanish Titles.

Spain is said to contain 470,000 "nobles," many of whom owe their titles, such as they are, to the half-mad and wholly bad Phillip II, who used to create them in batches of 100 at a time at a uniform price of \$50 a head.

Wasted Time.

A successful business man said: "Waste a dollar if you must waste something, but do not waste an hour; the dollar you may get back some time, but the wasted hour has gone forever."

One of Their Own Set.

A party of New York brokers caught a five-foot shark the other day while out yachting. As soon as it gave them the sign of recognition they turned it loose.—Denver News.

Well-Spent Life.

Every person born is possessed of a God-given gift. To find that gift or talent, to develop it fully, and to use it unselfishly in the general cause—that is a well-spent life.

British Goods in Petersburg.

An Englishman traveling in Russia was depressed on scanning a mile of shops in St. Petersburg and finding only one which displayed an article of British make.

And Needs No Indorsement.

A New England reformer asks if some statesman cannot "find a check for graft?" They usually prefer cash; it's harder to trace.—Atlanta Constitution.

Situation of British Cities.

London and Liverpool are both at the level of the sea. Glasgow is thirty feet above it. Manchester fifty feet and Birmingham 300 feet.

Possibilities in Bar of Iron.

A bar of iron of the value of \$5 may eventually be worth more than \$100,000. Indeed, made into watch-springs it would exceed \$250,000.

England's Champion Goose.

England boasts the champion goose, one ancient bird having been engaged in the egg producing business for more than half a century.

Queer Medical Prescription.

An official report to Parliament on the condition of Gambia states that generally speaking, the natives are in good health, which is rather surprising, considering that they rely, when ill, on the treatment of a native doctor, who, after examining the patient, writes extracts from the Koran in Arabic on a wooden tablet. The tablet is then washed, and the water drunk by the patient.

The Honeymoon Is Still Shining.

The Ideal Man lives in Atchison. His wife burned the steak and didn't have time to cook anything else. "Perhaps he will not notice it," she thought, "if I put a flower with dew on it beside the steak." So she went out and gathered an aster, and put it beside the burned steak, and he never noticed that the meat was burned. At All.—Atchison Globe.

What He Paid For.

A cynical highland gillie thus explains a certain rich American's action in paying \$25,000 as a year's rental for a castle in the north of Scotland: "He pays \$5,000 for the house, \$5,000 for the fishing, \$5,000 for the deer, \$5,000 for the grouse and \$5,000 for being near Balmora, where the king occasionally visits."

Elephant's Milk.

The milk in an average cow contains about 4 per cent of cream; nearly 20 per cent of the elephant's milk is cream. Even buffalo milk is about twice as rich as cow's milk, and the creamiest of all, that of the porpoise actually holds over 345 per cent of cream, says Knowledge.

Scientific Point Explained.

Why alum and other mineral salts will cause the dirt to settle in turbid water was explained at a recent meeting of the Chemical Society. Turbid water is charged with negative electricity. The alum sets up an electric action and joins positive colloid hydrates.

A Greeley Story.

Horace Greeley was once asked for a donation by a minister "to save people's souls from going to hell." Horace wasn't feeling well that day, so he irritably replied that "there are not half enough people going to hell, as it is." But the minister got his check.

Aids in School Work.

Boston has nine school gardens, and finds them great aids to education, both pedagogically and sociologically, for they bring the children in closer touch with nature and the soil, which make for so much in the past history of New England.

Truth Always Victorious.

All truths are at first badly received by men, but they soon take root, and often the very ones that shrugged their shoulders and refused to listen are the ones who became the most fervent converts.—Dr. Johnson.

Renders Celluloid Incombustible.

A French chemist is said to have discovered a method of rendering celluloid incombustible. His method consists in adding perchloride of iron to an ether-alcohol solution of celluloid.

Dervish Records Found.

A large quantity of papers, including registers and books kept by the old Dervish government, have been unearthed from a deep well, in which they were concealed at Omdurman.

As She Understood It.

A very stout cardinal was visiting in an English house. A little maid was told she must address him as "Your Eminence." She was overheard saying to him "Your Immense."

Married People Live Longest.

Married women live on an average five years longer than maids, while married men live seven years longer than bachelors, according to an eminent authority.

Street Has Bad Record.

Budapest has a dead street of twenty-three houses which no one will enter because of the abnormal death rate that has prevailed there in the past.

"Sure to Be Right."

One of the first requisitions received from a newly-appointed railway station agent was: "Send me a gallon of red oil for the danger lanterns."

Practical Prize for Athlete.

One of the purses at athletic games held recently at Baltimore (County Cork) was a postoffice savings bank, with a deposit of 15s (\$3.75).

Burglars Wear Gloves.

Four burglars, arrested in the act by the London police, were all wearing gloves in order not to leave finger prints behind them.

WHEN THE CITY HORSE SHIED

Was Used to Autos But Could Not Stand Sight of Cow.

A country storekeeper down on Long Island who has had a lot of trouble because his horses refused to get used to automobiles came to town the other day and bought a horse which had been condemned by a department store. Although the animal wasn't fit for a delivery wagon in New York, he was all right for that kind of work in the country. While the native horses down on Long Island were doing all sorts of stunts when they met an automobile on the road, the New York castoff trotted serenely by the biggest and noisiest machine seen in that locality.

The storekeeper has the laugh on his rivals. He was so pleased that he decided to sell his other horses and put city nags in their place. But his joy didn't last long. The first time the ex-department store steed met a cow he cut up worse capers than any native horse did over an automobile. As there are more cows than autos in that part of Long Island, the city horse has had to go back to the paving stones.—New York Sun.

CHAUFFEUR LAUGHED TOO SOON

Forgot that Accidents Sometimes Happen to Touring Cars.

An antique milkman driving a venerable horse of hatrack proportions was slowly ascending a hill in the suburbs when a heavy touring car of the latest fashion rolled up behind him and then whirled by. As the car passed the milkman the chauffeur looked around at the ancient outfit with a derisive smile, and then saluted it with three hoarse "honks" of the shrillest proportions.

Two hundred feet away the car came to grief. A tire blew up with a startling report and the great machine came to a sudden stop.

Then the venerable milkman clucked to his plodding horse and urging him into a trot passed by the car with head well up and a close copy of the chauffeur's derisive smile on his weatherbeaten countenance.

And, as he passed, he stooped and raised his milk pail and gave it three mighty rings, and jogged contentedly along.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Queer Belief Concerning Moon.

Natives in Bulawayo, South Africa, have a curious belief concerning the moon. They say that he has two wives, one of whom treats him well and the other badly. During the first quarter he goes over the hills to the Zambesi and lives with the first wife, whom they call "Keep-the-Door-Open." She feeds him so well that he gets fat and full and round. But on his way back he stays at the hut of the second wife—"Shut-the-Door-Tight"—who starves and ill-treats him, so it is a very thin and woe-begone moon that finally returns to start his travels afresh.

Why Russians Like "Paradise Lost."

A letter from Maurice Baring to the editor of the London Sphere says: "'Paradise Lost' is to the Russian peasant a fairy tale having the authority of scriptural writ. The true analogy of the reason of the popularity of 'Paradise Lost' in Russia would be the popularity of Bunyan's 'Pilgrim's Progress' in England, only it is curious that the Russians should have alighted on 'Paradise Lost.' The language, religious and exalted, reminds them, of course, of what they hear in church; but the thing they like most about it is that they think it is true—like children with fairy tales."

Metaphor Somewhat Mixed.

There are several interesting bulls in the following serious paragraph from the Western News, of Galway, Ireland: "To rob a man of his purse, and then maltreat him for not having it, would pass muster amongst pitiless brutal crimes, but to kill and slay a man to the point of death and then murder him for not dying quick enough is one point better in the catalogue of human infamy. It is enough to make Irishmen set their teeth and talk silently in groups."

Economy Carried to Extreme.

A charming instance of feminine economy is recorded by a district visitor. She found a small child, whose sight she had previously supposed perfect, adorned with spectacles. She began to console with his mother, when she was quelled by this explanation: "Well, you see, mum, it ain't that there's anything wrong with Billy's eyes. They was his grandmother's spectacles, and it did seem a pity to waste 'em."

Final Chapter in a Nutshell.

The final chapter of the serial novel was two columns long, but the editor had only one inch of space for it. Accordingly he compressed the hero's tragic end in the following paragraph: "Arthur took a small brandy, then his hat, besides no notice of his pursuers, meantime a revolver from his pocket, and, lastly, his own life."

NATION OF TEA DRUNKARDS

English Suffer From Complaints of Which They Know Not the Cause.

The public analyst of one of the London boroughs has recently been investigating tea inebriety. He states that, judging from the annual tea bill, each individual in England consumes six pounds of tea every twelve months. This means that the average person swallows 3.6 grains of caffeine and 9.7 grains of tannin per diem.

This is about half as much of the former and nearly as much of tannin as the pharmacopoeia allows as an occasional dose. When to these amounts are added the caffeine and tannin consumed in coffee and other beverages, it is obvious that the present generation of Englishmen is saturating itself with these two poisons.

The symptoms of this form of self-poisoning are seen frequently enough by physicians, but their cause is often overlooked. Many of the patients who suffer from palpitation of the heart, chronic dyspepsia, sleeplessness, emaciation and anaemia are simply tea or coffee drunkards.

ROMANCE IN LIFE OF HUXLEY

Great Biologist Possessed of Unknown Wealth of Tenderness.

Huxley, after steadfast waiting and earnest upward striving toward his life's purpose for eight years, came at last to the time when he felt he could provide a home for Miss Heathorn. With the thousands of leagues between them, she in Sydney and he in England, each had proved the other's fidelity and devotion. When Miss Heathorn arrived in England, Huxley was to learn from a famous physician that she had only six months to live. But he married her, and took her to Tenby, the beautiful watering place in Carmarthen bay. "Six months or not," Huxley had said, "she is going to be my wife." The devotion of the great biologist brought her back to health, and when, after long years of happiness, the Hand beckoned and the Voice called for him, he directed her to inscribe on his tombstone the touching verse:

"Be not afraid, ye waiting hearts that weep,
For still He giveth His beloved sleep,
And if an endless sleep He wills, so best."

Ginger Ale with a Stick in It.

It happened in an uptown Broadway restaurant. He and she used to dine together every night in a quiet, domestic way, for they had only lately been married. She was a strict teetotaler, while he—well, he wasn't exactly. They drank ginger ale with their meal, but hubby, by aid of a tip, inveigled the waiter into putting a good horn of whisky into his soft drink every night. All went well until one evening the wife was more than ordinarily thirsty. Finishing her glass of ginger ale, she reached over for her husband's glass, and before he could stop her she had taken a good average sip from it. She coughed and sputtered, gave the waiter a glance that froze what was left of the liquid, and—the subsequent proceedings interested only the husband.—New York Sun.

Another Poetic Idol Gone.

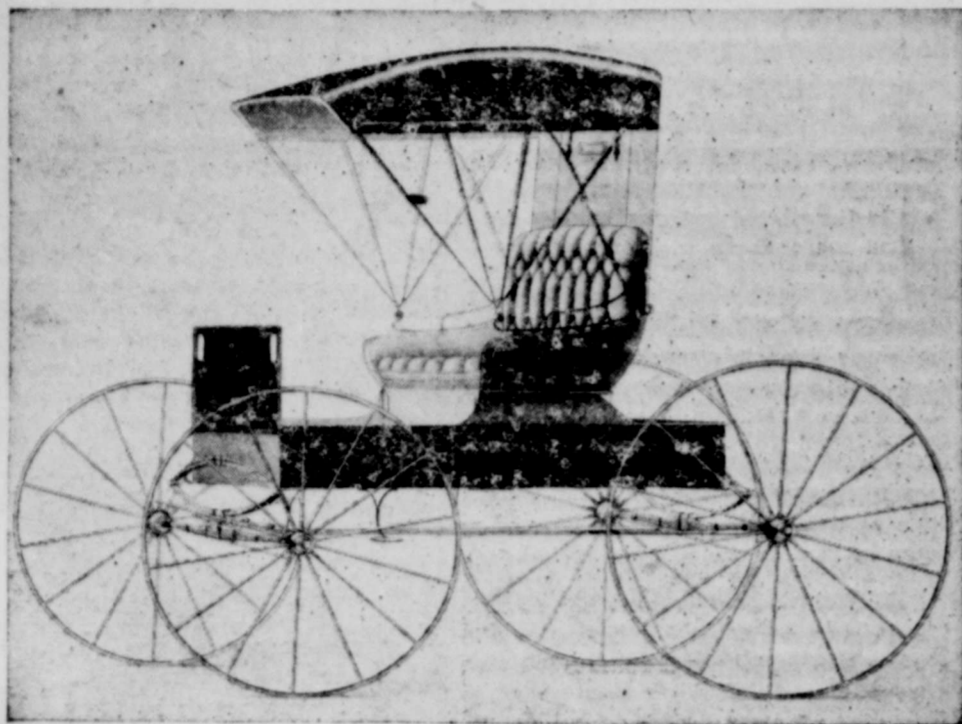
One by one our old poetic idols are being shattered by the utilitarian and practical of the fin-de-siecle woman doctor. The latest iconoclast is responsible for the asseveration that what is so poetical in poetry and the novels about the whiteness of the skin means something not so poetical. It is due, she says, to the languor of the muscular tissues throughout the body, and the slowness and languor that was so often characterized as a charming feminine attribute is associated with indigestion and is therefore thoroughly unromantic. It is one of the ironies of life that women as they stand in literature and romance are not true to life.—Chicago News.

Not Altogether Satisfactory.

A young civil engineer employed some years ago on the line of the Alabama Midland railroad, while he was at work in Henry county, Alabama, chanced to meet a piney woods lass with whom he became infatuated. Among a collection of gifts which he presented to her was a parrot and a very pretty cage. After leaving the section of the state where his lady love resided, he returned to pay her a visit. After a stay at her home of some minutes, he casually inquired, "Mary, how do you like your parrot?" With some hesitation she replied: "Not so well, the meat was rather tough." She had cooked the bird and eaten it.

Apples Long a Food.

The apple has been eaten by man longer than any other fruit. The lake dwellers of Switzerland used to preserve apples by cutting them lengthways, and drying them in the sun. The remains of these dried apples, so large as to be evidently a cultivated variety, have been found among the pile-propped ruins of the island dwellings of this ancient race.



Warranty

Velie Carriage Co.

INCORPORATED CAPITAL \$150,000

BUILDERS OF THE

WROUGHT IRON LINE

ORDER NO. 37

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT Bill Smith, of Artesia, has this day purchased a vehicle of our manufacture which we hereby guarantee for one year from date.

WE GUARANTEE THAT

All Wheels, Shafts, Poles and Gear Wood parts, are made from good, clear hickory stock.
All Springs are graded and oil tempered.

All Axles are double collar and of best quality of steel.

All Bolts, Clips, Bailey Hangers and Body Loops are made from best quality of WROUGHT IRON.

All Fifth Wheels are WROUGHT IRON twelve-inch circle with rear king bolt.

We use the best grade of Paint and Varnishes obtainable and same is applied in a thoroughly competent manner.

All Cloths used are of good quality and the leather used for trimming is the best that is tanned for the carriage trade.

THEREFORE WE AGREE: To replace any part or parts that prove defective owing to poor material or workmanship, providing the breakage is reported to us in writing, within one year from date of purchase, and we have authorized the return of part, which must be made by freight. We will pay freight one way.

We will not repair or replace wheels that have been run with loose tites. Tires should be kept tight on the wheels to insure the life of same.

Velie Carriage Company

SOLD BY PORTER & BECKHAM
ARTESIA, N. M.

Fibre Rugs



Neatest, brightest, always clean, never wear out, especially adapted for southern use. All sizes from

\$100 to \$15.00

ULLERY FURNIURE CO.

DIRECTORS { A. A. FREEMAN, President,
L. O. FULLEN, Treasurer
CHAS. L. PIERCE, Secretary
J. O. CAMERON.

Security Abstract Company

CARLSBAD, NEW MEX.

Incorporated Under Laws of Territory of New Mexico. with capital stock of \$10,000.

Complete Abstracts

of title to any real estate in Eddy county furnished on short notice at reasonable prices

Abstracts Furnished

by this company can be used as evidence of title in all New Mexico courts.

Womans' Club Musical.

The closing meeting of the Womans' Club for the summer, took place Wednesday at the beautiful home of Mrs. J. P. Dyer. This meeting was entirely given over to music and things pertaining to music and was ably conducted by Mrs. G. U. McCrary. At roll-call each member was expected to reply to her name by telling an incident connected with the life of some living musician. The first number on the program was one of Lizzita Rigoletto which was very brilliantly played by Mrs. Beckham. That music might not cloy, Mrs. Edgar McNatt was invited to read—she was ready with a touching little selection which delighted every one. Mrs. Blake read a few anecdotes of famous musicians from "The Etude." Some of these tales were amusing, some pathetic, all interesting. Mrs. Hodges read the story of the Opera of Lohengrin which was to have a prominent place on the program. She interspersed with interesting comments of her own.

The leader then took charge going into details of the opera and made elaborate and carefully prepared explanations especially as concerned the orchestration of the play and Wagnerian methods in general.

Mrs. Phillips followed by playing "The Bridal Procession." Mrs. McCrary at the urgent request of the members played "The Lovely" and Mrs. Phillips sang a little lullaby in negro dialect. Mrs. Dyer served cream and cakes and a short business session closed a most interesting meeting and an instructive club year. Mrs. Dyer presided. Some important amendments were made and plans discussed. The nature of the work to be done next year is left to the deliberation and discretion of the Program Committee.

Miss Helen Mitchell, last year's teacher of Primary in our schools, is spending the summer with her grandmother in Chicago.

Catholic Services Tomorrow.

First services in the new Catholic church will be conducted tomorrow morning (Sunday) at 10 o'clock by Father Juvenal and every Catholic in Artesia and vicinity is urged to be present. The members of the congregation have exhibited laudable enterprise in erecting a neat house of worship on Missouri avenue and next week the citizens of the town will be given an opportunity to assist them, as they have every other denomination in the city.

Some of the finest office rooms in town are those occupying the upper floor of the Higgins & Schrock building. Drs. Baker & Stoker have already taken possession of their quarters as have Drs. McIntosh and Thomas. The Walker & Davisson Real Estate Co. are moving into a beautiful three-room suit. All the rest of the floor is taken up by the hall, which has been leased by the Artesia Commercial Club. This is finely located on the southeast and will be "up-to-now" in every particular. Beautiful furniture and rugs have been bought and the club will soon have as cozy quarters as can be found in the Valley. An opening reception is planned and will soon be formally announced.

According to announcement in last week's paper Rev. E. H. Holmes preached his last sermon to Artesia people Sunday. Rev. Mathes filled his pulpit as usual for the regular service at the Presbyterian church while Prof. McIlhany preached at the Methodist church. Sunday evening Bro. Messer preached as usual. The Presbyterians united with the Christian congregation in their pastor's farewell service. Preparations are going on for Children's Day exercises at the various churches.

W. F. Crandall returned this week from a month's stay in El Paso and Denver and is holding down his old position as bookkeeper at J. P. Dyer's.

Civic Improvement Association.

Monday night, June 4, the following program will be rendered:

Solo—Dr. A. L. Norfleet.

Address—Effect of Environment Upon Character Building—Rev. E. E. Mathes.

Duet—Msdames Porter and Friemood.

Solo—Mr. E. Johnson.

Address—Our Duty to the Destitute and Afflicted—Rev. J. H. Messer.

Duet—Messers. Shepard and Beattie.

To the Public.

Having sold our feed store business to Joyce-Pruit Company, we desire to thank the good people of Artesia and vicinity for the very liberal patronage they have seen fit to extend us in the past. Our bookkeeper, Mr. W. R. Friemood, will have charge of the closing of our books and collecting all outstanding indebtedness, and all who owe us are requested to pay the same to him at the same old stand.

Very respectfully,
CHRISTOPHER & DAVIS.

Baptist Church.

There will be services at the Baptist church Sunday morning and at night. All are invited to attend these services as there is some important business for the day. E. Ward.

Clarence Ullery, president of the Ullery Furniture Company, with stores at Artesia, Roswell and Carlsbad, was this week elected president of the New Mexico Undertakers' Association organized at Santa Fe. It was an honor bestowed upon a worthy man.

J. S. Highsmith's nursery stock on the east of the railroad is beginning to attract attention. There are about 40 acres in tiny trees of all kinds and between rows the kaffir corn is making a fine growth.