

# The Artesia Advocate.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1914.

ARTESIA, NEW MEXICO.

VOL. 12 NO. 13

## First National Bank

Artesia, New Mexico.

With ample capital, modern equipment and a genuine desire to render helpful financial service, we are in position to give the people of this town and community the best there is in banking.

We invite you to feel at home with us.

ABSOLUTE SAFETY is the best thing we have to offer.

## Thanksgiving SALE

Table Linens, Napkins and Fancy Towels for one week

\$2.00 table linen	\$1.65	\$1.00 table linen	.85
\$1.50 table linen	\$1.25	.75 table linen	.60
\$1.25 table linen	\$1.05	.60 table linen	.45



## Take Advantage of This Corset Sale

We have a lot of 50 Corsets in Stock all Winter Weights, in the La Resto and Spiro Bone makes.

To Offer This Week  
At 1-2 Price

Joyce-Pruit Co.

## EDDY COUNTY SWINE BREEDERS ASSOCIATION

At a meeting of farmers held in Artesia Saturday the Eddy County Swine Breeder's Association was organized. The representation at this meeting was small, there being less than twenty persons present, but it was evident that those who attended realized the necessity of organization to promote this industry, for every man readily offered his name as a member and contributed one dollar each as membership fee.

Mr. Trotter was selected as chairman and W. F. Hollomon secretary and treasurer of the permanent organization. The Chairman appointed each and every member a committee of one to solicit others to become members and to urge them to attend the meeting to be held in Artesia next Saturday afternoon, at which time matters of general interest to the swine growers will be taken up, and the organization work of the association carried forward. A large attendance is expected.

The object of the organization has for its main purpose at this time the stamping out of hog cholera in this valley. To obtain aid from the government it is necessary to effect an organization, as the government only co-operates with or through the duly organized associations in the different communities.

The raising of hogs in this vicinity had progressed with such marked success during the past two years until several thousand head existed, and the shipping by car loads had become frequent. Hog cholera had never visited this section, not at least since there had been any hogs here to get sick, and farmers had come to believe their hogs were exempt from the disease in this section. But the recent experiences in some localities, where the entire herds were almost exterminated by the disease, has proven that hogs can have the disease here, and measures to prevent its outbreak and spread must be taken here the same as in other states.

Now, there is one fact that every hog raiser must come to realize, if they have not already done so, and that is that hogs cannot be raised and shipped from this valley with fair profit to the owner if cholera exists among the herds in any portion of the valley. The report goes abroad that cholera exists in the Pecos Valley and buyers will not come and buy where the disease prevails. So, every hog raiser must see and realize the necessity of his coming into the organization and co-operating with his neighbors in an effort to stamp out and prevent a recurrence of the disease.

All swine growers are urged to come to the meeting next Saturday. There are many advantages and benefits to be derived from a united and concerted effort among all the hog raisers in this vicinity, and just at this particular time it is very important that the enterprise have all the encouragement that may be available. We believe the raising of hogs in the

## BROWN OIL WELL WILL BE PUMPED

Well Known Firm of Drillers Have Leased the Property.

R. J. Bigelow and Son have leased the Brown well from the owner, Mr. Chas. S. Brown, and will begin pumping the well again in a very short time. They will remove their families to the property from the Oil City works where they have been employed for the past several months.

It is understood that they have secured a lease on the well for one year and will have entire management of the property during that time, giving the owner of the well one-fourth of the oil produced. The Bigelows have already contracted to supply the Oriental Cement-Plaster Company with oil for their factory at Oriental, which is situated on the Santa Fe railroad, fourteen miles south of the well. This plant uses about 21 barrels of crude oil per day from the Brown well, while the quantity required from the Kansas oil fields is slightly greater, as the oil from the local field burns with greater heat. The oil is used to produce steam in the boilers for power. Heretofore, when the well was pumped the company used oil for fuel, and they are glad to be able to renew contract for it again. The fuel is hauled in tank wagons direct from the well to the storage tank at the cement factory.

The Bigelows will draw out the 6-in casing that has been used to pack off the water, and will put down a 4 and 1-2 inch line and use cement to shut off the water instead of a rubber packer as heretofore used.

In view of the fact that Mr. R. J. Bigelow is a driller of many years experience, having had extensive practical work in Pennsylvania and other oil fields, and being familiar with the formations in this field, it is gratifying to know that he has sufficient confidence in the Brown well to take the property and operate it, depending entirely upon the oil produced from the well for remuneration for labor and expenditures necessary to operate it.

It will be remembered that the Pecos Valley Oil & Gas Co. which held a lease or contract on this property and operated the well, was placed in the hands of a receiver and the affairs of the company adjusted by the court, and since the company has become defunct

Pecos Valley will soon become one of the greatest revenue producing enterprises of the valley. It has been demonstrated that they can be raised in the valley with profit, and it is believed that in this dry climate with its almost continuous sunshine, the hog should be more easily kept free from disease than in other climates where these advantages do not exist.

The following persons were enrolled as members: O. M. Trotter, W. F. Hollomon, B. H. McFadden, E. F. Wilkins, George Frisch, C. A. Call, S. Ramey, W. T. Gisser, Brainard Bros., Wm. Parks, Sperry & Lukins, H. L. Muncy, P. T. Schroeder, C. O. Kroeger, Albright Brothers.

## PREPARE TO OBSERVE THANKSGIVING DAY

To do this you must have the biggest and best dinner of the whole year. We will have everything you need and it will be fresh. Let your meal equal your ability as a cook.

### Saturday Special

For November 21, 1914.

12 pound sack Graham Flour . . 40c  
This is the cold weather kind

## Joyce-Pruit Company

—When in doubt call 46—

the leases held by it have reverted to the owners.

It is our belief that the oil field will be developed and we are confident that the Brown well will be operated with profit under the new management.

## SARA RUTH BATES

And Company of Supporting Artists, the Third Number of the Lyceum Course.

Artesia, November 27th.

Miss Sara Ruth Bates and her company of supporting artists are offered for the third number of the High School Lyceum Course. They are adding this year to their already varied program Cello Solos and a Sketch. Their present program consists of Readings, Vocal Solos, Cello Solos, Viola Solos, Instrumental Trios, Lady Quartet, Costume Songs and a Sketch. Friday, November 27th, eight o'clock, at Corrington College.

Tickets go on sale at Mann's, Wednesday. Single tickets for this number are 35 and 25 cts. This most excellent company is stronger and better than ever and will present a snappy new program sure to please. This promises to be one of the best numbers of the course.

Nothing but praise for the young ladies is heard on every hand. The entertainment was the best of its kind ever given here.—Friday Harbor, Washington.

## New Settlers Coming in From Oklahoma to East New Mexico.

Portales, N. M., Nov. 14.—The country in the vicinity of Canton and to the eastward is rapidly being taken up and scarcely any remains subject to entry, according to Albert Finch, a well driller from that vicinity.

These new settlers are coming mostly from Oklahoma and each one has from 10 to 100 head of cattle. These new settlers are profiting by the experience of the early settlers in the dry parts of this country, many of whom tried to make a living without any cattle.

## Boy Loses Eye When Target Rifle Explodes

Carlsbad, N. M., Nov. 16.—Michel, the thirteen-year-old

son of Mr. and Mrs. Claude Birtong, who reside 25 miles southwest of the foothills, met with a peculiar accident at his home. The boy found a shotgun shell, which some hunters had dropped near his home, and which he emptied, putting the entire charge in a little target gun. Upon firing it, the gun exploded, the hammer and lever striking the boy in the right eye. He was brought to town and taken to the office of Dr. Lackey, who turned the case over to Dr. M. Friedman, the specialist. The eye was removed. The boy is now resting well at the Anderson sanitarium.

## Law Firm to Carlsbad.

Just as we go to press we are informed that our popular firm of lawyers, Messrs Osburn and Robinson will soon remove to Carlsbad where they will continue the practice of law. They have secured offices in the Tansil building south-west of the Court house.

## E. S. Bishop Passes Away.

Mr. E. S. Bishop passed away here Monday morning. The funeral was held at the Baptist church Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock, the services being conducted by Rev. J. C. Gage of Hope, assisted by Rev. Palmer of the Christian church. Interment in Woodbine Cemetery.

Mr. Bishop was a Virginian by birth, but has lived in Artesia for the past eight years. He was an ex-confederate soldier having joined the patriots at the first call and participated in some of the most decisive battles to the end of the war. He was an honest upright Christian gentleman and enjoyed respect and esteem of all who were fortunate enough to know him.

To his sorrowing children the Advocate extends sincere condolence, and would point them for perfect consolation to Him in whom Mr. Bishop exercised an abiding faith.

## Artesia Realty Co.

Artesia, N. M.

We want to list your property for sale or exchange. A specialty made in exchanges. We cooperate with men in New Mexico, Colorado, Texas, Oklahoma, Arkansas, Kansas, Nebraska, Iowa, and Illinois. Let us know what you want and we will try and please you.

# GERMANS GIVE UP LAST STRONGHOLD IN THE FAR EAST

### Japanese-British Land and Sea Forces Reduce Tsing Tau Forts After Three Months' Siege.

# MAKE ANOTHER DASH

### Kaiser's Army Resumes Efforts to Reach French Coast—Slavs Claim Greatest Victory of War in Poland.

### (Summary of Events.)

The German colony of Tsing Tau in the Chinese province of Kaio Chow has at last surrendered to the Japanese-British forces after a land and naval siege of more than two months. The capture of this stronghold takes from Germany her last foothold on the Asiatic mainland and her last strategic position outside the German Empire in Europe.

### Make Brave Defense.

For nearly three months the little German garrison amounting to about 7,000 men composed of reservists who were living or doing business in China, has held out against the land and sea attacks of the Japanese and of certain British detachments of both white and Indian troops that found themselves in China at the outbreak of the war. What the losses of the garrison have been are not known, but the official Japanese and British reports have indicated that Tsing Tau has been taken at heavy cost of men on the part of the Allies.

### Germans Try Again.

A second concerted attempt of the German army to blast its way through to the sea, is flaming and roaring from Nieuport to the French frontier without definite result so far on either side. The area near the coast formerly held by the extreme German right and from which the invaders were forced by the Allies after many days of hard fighting, is held only by dead, dying and wounded, the inundation having made the vicinity uninhabitable for living and having prevented an advance of the British, French and Belgian Allies.

### Battle in Sand Dunes.

No decision has yet been reached in the battle in the dunes of West Flanders, and the opposing armies now stand virtually as they have stood for many days. While the Germans keep hammering away at the Allies around Ypres, which route they chose for their march to the coast after they had found the road along the sea barred to them, and the Allies are making an effort to move northward to Ostend, neither side has got very far.

### Floods Hold Both Sides.

The Belgians and those supporting them have found that the floods which they created to stop the German advance are a hindrance to their movements, although they have been able to occupy some villages, including Bixchoote, which had been in the possession of the Germans.

### Coast Campaign Cost Dearly.

The Germans are being hard pressed at a score of points in the long battle line and the military experts at Allies' headquarters say their

offensive has materially lost force. At every point the Allies are pushing their advance. Slow progress is being made because of the determined resistance of the Germans, now made up more than in half of second line troops, but it is insisted that there is no longer any doubt of the final result. The German attempt to advance to the sea is characterized as the most costly defeat of the war.

### Germans Win Sea Fight.

In the most important naval battle of the war between European powers a German fleet engaged the British squadron, composed of the Good Hope, the Monmouth and the Glasgow, off Coronel, Chile, and decisively defeated it. This engagement practically ends the power of the Allies in the South Pacific seas unless a new Anglo-Jap fleet is formed.

### Turkey Withdraws Envoys.

Turkey has definitely broken off diplomatic relations with Great Britain, France, Russia and Serbia. Her diplomatic representatives in the capitals of these countries, acting on orders from the Porte, have demanded and received their passports.

### Turks Fight Russians.

The first reports of the fighting between the Russians and the Turks are as conflicting as were the first Austrian and Russian accounts of the warfare in Galicia. Each contender claims to have invaded the other's territory and to have defeated his frontier armies. These fights, however, probably have been only advance guard affairs, and it is believed that some time may elapse before a pitched battle takes place.

The Anglo-French fleet continues to bombard the Dardanelles forts, but the Turks say the warships have inflicted no damage. In other parts of Turkey, British warships are being kept busy. The government, however, has ordered that holy places shall be respected by the British gun fire, as long as the Indian subjects visiting them are not molested.

This necessity for respecting the felling of her Moslem subjects may hamper Great Britain somewhat in the prosecution of the war against Turkey, but with her large Moslem population, it cannot be disregarded.

### Turks Rush Troops to Egypt.

An advance of Turkish troops in the Sinai Peninsula in the direction of Egypt is reported in Berlin from Switzerland. The Turkish army operating against Egypt is said to number one-fourth million men.

### How Turkey Entered War.

Turkish battle cruisers bombarded two Russian Black Sea ports, damaging property considerably, and sank two or three small Russian war vessels, several days ago.

### Shelled Turkish Fort.

After twenty-four hours of uncertainty, during which hope was expressed that the porte might make amends for the incidents in the Black Sea, the British admiralty announced that the British cruiser Minerva had destroyed the Turkish barracks at Akabah on the Turko-Egyptian frontier. Akabah is at the head of the Gulf of Akabah, an arm of the Red Sea, 150 miles east of Suez.

### Russians Claim Big Victory.

Grand Duke Nicholas, commander-in-chief of the Russian forces in the field, has sent a telegram to General Joffre, commander-in-chief of the French forces, saying the Russians have gained in East Prussia the greatest victory since the beginning of the war.

The Russians have recaptured the Galician town of Jaroslau and have taken five thousand Austrian prisoners, although they have been able to occupy some villages, including Bixchoote, which had been in the possession of the Germans.

The Austrian attempts to cut off the Russian attackers finally have broken down, and the Austrians now are in retreat along the San River.

Austrian troops are pushing through the Carpathians to support the Austrian army falling back before the Russians west of the San River. A correspondent at Lemberg states that these troops have been exhausted by the struggle through the snow-filled mountain passes.

### German Retreat, Russians Say.

The Russian war office says the Germans are retreating precipitately into East Prussia with the Russian armies harassing them at every point. The cold weather has apparently demoralized the Germans and many of them are reported surrendering without a fight.

At several points the Russians have already penetrated the Prussian border and some of the reports indicate that the German left wing has been isolated from the main body of the troops.

### Long German Retreat.

The new position of the German army front, along the River Warthe over seventy-five miles west of the Vistula river, which they reached at the time of the attempted attack on Warsaw, indicates the tremendous retreat of General Von Hindenburg's entire army in Poland the last two weeks. This retreat is regarded as especially important since such noted industrial centers as Lodz, Piotrkow, Radom and Kielce are recaptured by the Russians. The strategic point at Sandomir, which is at the junction of the San and Vistula rivers, has also been retaken.

### "Charity Feedeth a Multitude."

Provisions sent to Brussels by the American commission for the relief of Belgium already are supplying four hundred thousand meals daily and plans are now complete for carrying on a similar work throughout that part of Belgium occupied by the Germans.

# GERMAN CANNON DESTROY YPRES

### WAR LORD'S GUNS DRIVE BACK SHIPS AND RUSSIAN FLEET FLEES FROM TURKS.

# CONFLICT IS CRITICAL

### FRENCH AND ENGLISH ARE REPULSED WITH HEAVY LOSS AS THE ENEMY ADVANCES.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

London, Nov. 7.—The old Belgian town of Ypres was destroyed by German artillery, including some of the most ancient Flemish architecture.

Ypres was the center of attack in the third desperate effort of the Kaiser's army to take possession of the North Sea coast, coming after a lull of nine days in the fighting along the battle lines in Belgium and northern France.

It is also reported from Ostend that the British fleet has been driven away from the coast by the fire of heavy German artillery.

These events mark the opening of what military experts declare will be the most desperate fighting of the war, and the result of the fighting will have an important bearing on the outcome of the general conflict.

Until Monday the allies had been making important advances, but now the Germans claim to have repulsed a sortie near Nieuport with heavy losses to the English and French. The Berlin war office also says that steady gains are being made against the allies southwest of Ypres, where they claim to have taken thousands of prisoners.

An official dispatch from Constantinople says that the Turkish fleet shelled near Kosloe a portion of the Russian fleet, which, however, managed to escape, with the Turkish ships in pursuit.

Despite the reverses which the Austro-German armies have suffered in the East, where the Russians have now set their feet in German territory, both in East Prussia and Posen, the Germans are said to be still sending reinforcements to the west in an endeavor to break down the resistance of the French, British and Belgians, who have been holding their positions.

There has, however, as yet been no decisive action fought along the whole front, but each side is making gains which may count when the crisis is at hand. With the tremendous forces opposing each other any progress may necessarily be slow in these lays of siege battles, but both the allies and the Germans express satisfaction with the way in which the battle has gone thus far.

The slackness in the recruiting in England has been stopped by the marches of some of the crack territorial regiments, and Monday's procession through the streets of London, in connection with the inauguration of the lord mayor, in which the Canadian and other dominion troops took part. From all sections of the country come reports of an increasing number of young men offering themselves for service.

The following official communication was issued by the French war office last night:

"There has been no notable modification in the situation by reason of the difficulties which an intense fog has created in connection with operations of any extent. In the north the day has been good. We have maintained our positions between the river Lys and Langemarck and made appreciable progress between Langemarck and Dixmude."

### MORE STATES QUARANTINED.

Thirteen Now Have Embargo Against Stock Shipments.

Washington.—Federal quarantine orders barring shipments of cattle from Canada to the United States and adding the states of Delaware, New Jersey and Rhode Island to the list of states where foot and mouth disease exists were signed by Secretary Houston of the Department of Agriculture.

The quarantine against Canadian shipments is not because of the disease in the Dominion, but to prevent the return of infected cattle cars to the United States.

Thirteen states now are quarantined. They are New York, Ohio, Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, Indiana, Illinois, Maryland, Michigan, Wisconsin, Iowa, Delaware, New Jersey and Rhode Island.

Secretary Houston said that unless the infection could be localized and quickly eradicated it threatened untold losses among livestock.

### American Federation Convention.

Philadelphia.—The thirty-fourth annual convention of the American Federation of Labor opened here to continue for two weeks. Prior to the meeting there was a short street parade. The city appropriated \$25,000 toward the expenses of the convention and in entertaining the delegates. A court of honor greeted the visitors. Jurisdictional fights, which have feared some of the past conventions of the federation, are likely to take up the time in the present gathering.

# TROOPS GRAB BANK OF MEXICO

### MOB SEIZES NATION'S MONEY STOREHOUSE AS CARRANZA DEFIES NEW PRESIDENT.

# 53 VILLA MEN KILLED

### STATED THAT AMERICAN MARINES HAVE LANDED AT WEST PORT OF THE REPUBLIC.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

Vera Cruz.—According to private telegrams received here, the National Bank of Mexico City has been sacked by a mob led by Constitutional soldiers. This is the biggest bank in the republic and holds much of the government funds.

It is reported that the port of Acapulco on the Pacific has been occupied by American marines.

The occupation is said to have followed a request of the inhabitants, who were suffering great privations owing to the revolution.

Gen. Venustiano Carranza issued an ultimatum declaring himself the chief head of the republic. The proclamation was issued at Cordoba and directed to the military chieftains and the civil employees of the central government, who were ordered to obey Carranza as first chief of the Constitutionalists and to disregard totally the mandates of the Aguas Calientes convention.

To the military chieftains, he said that, unless they left the conference and were back at their posts, their next in rank would assume their places.

Roque Estrada, private secretary of General Carranza, said:

"We have exhausted all legitimate means to bring about a peaceful arrangement of this trouble. The Aguas Calientes convention must obey General Carranza or the delegates to it will be treated as traitors."

Heavy fighting has been in progress in Xochimilco, a suburb of Mexico City, between followers of Emiliano Zapata and General Carranza. Several trainloads of soldiers were sent from the capital to reinforce the Xochimilco garrison.

Naco, Ariz.—Resumption of the siege of Naco, Sonora, the Carranza position, by Governor Maytorena's Villa adherents, was marked by the first gunfire since the declaration of the armistice, Oct. 23.

Washington.—Administration officials admitted that the Mexican situation had again assumed a delicate aspect.

A San Antonio dispatch says General Carranza published a decree in Mexico City Monday ordering the Aguas Calientes convention virtually dissolved by Nov. 10.

### Woman Kills Children; Shoots Self.

East Las Vegas, N. M.—Mrs. J. E. Cleveland, mortally wounded, and the bodies of her two children, Magdeline, aged 9, and Louis, aged 7, were found in the Cleveland home. The woman, who was conscious, said she had shot the two children and then turned the weapon on herself, during the absence of her husband, an engineer. Ill health is believed to have unbalanced the woman's mind.

### Rivers Congress Meets Dec. 9.

Washington.—Senator Ransdell named Dec. 9, 10 and 11 as dates for the annual meeting of the National Rivers and Harbors Congress in Washington.

### TWO CLAIM HEINZE FORTUNE.

One Woman Alleges She Was Common Law Wife and the Other Says She Married Millionaire.

Chicago.—Two women will contest for the estate of Fritz Augustus Heinze, millionaire copper king and financier, who died in New York.

The rival contestants are Mrs. Lillian Hobart French Heinze, claiming to be the common-law wife of the late banker, who says they separated by mutual consent in 1908, and Mrs. Anna McDermott Hollander Heinze, who declares she was married to Mr. Heinze a year ago in New York.

Mrs. Lillian Hobart French Heinze left here for New York to see her lawyers and begin her fight.

Besides her claim to a part of the Heinze estate, Mrs. Lillian Heinze declares that she will enforce her claim to the possession of \$25,000 worth of mining stock which she loaned to him in 1909, and for an annuity of \$2,400 a year, which he settled upon her by written contract in 1910. Furthermore, she claims she is entitled to \$25,000, due on policies on his life.

### Carranza Issues Import Tax Decree.

Vera Cruz.—General Carranza has issued at Cordoba a decree promising that the import taxes collected at Vera Cruz by the Americans since they have been in control of that seaport will not be levied again by Mexicans after the American evacuation.

Ammons and Carlson Go East. Denver.—Governor Ammons and Governor-elect George Carlson left for Madison, Wis., to attend the annual session of the national governors' conference.

# U.S. SENATORS ELECTED

### DEMOCRATS CONTROL HOUSE BY SMALL MAJORITY.

### Republican Gain 13 in Illinois, 12 in New York and 11 in Pennsylvania. —Senators Elected.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

**United States Senators-elect**  
State, Incumbent. New Senator.  
Ala., F.S. White, D. ... O.W. Underwood, D.  
Ark., Mark A. Smith, D. ... Mark A. Smith, D.  
Calif., Jas. P. Clark, D. ... Jas. P. Clark, D.  
Conn., Geo. C. Perkins, R. ... J.S. Phelps, D.  
Colo., C.S. Thomas, D. ... C.S. Thomas, D.  
Ga., E. Brandegee, R. ... E. Brandegee, R.  
Ill., D.U. Fletcher, D. ... D.U. Fletcher, D.  
Ind., Hoke Smith, D. ... Hoke Smith, D.  
Iowa, W.S. West, D. ... W.S. West, D.  
Kan., J.H. Brady, R. ... J.H. Brady, R.  
La., J.V. Sherman, R. ... J.V. Sherman, R.  
Mass., B.F. Shively, D. ... B.F. Shively, D.  
Md., A.B. Cummings, R. ... A.B. Cummings, R.  
Maine, J.L. Brewster, R. ... J.L. Brewster, R.  
Ky., J.N. Camden, D. ... J.N. Camden, D.  
Ohio, Ollie James, D. ... J.C.W. Beckham, D.  
Pa., J.H. Thorson, D. ... R.F. Broussard, D.  
W.Va., J.H. Thurmond, R. ... J.H. Thurmond, R.  
N.C., J.H. Thurmond, R. ... J.H. Thurmond, R.  
N.J., J.H. Thurmond, R. ... J.H. Thurmond, R.  
N.Y., Elihu Root, R. ... J.M. Wadsworth, Jr., R.  
N.D., L.S. Overman, D. ... L.S. Overman, D.  
Ore., A.J. Gronna, R. ... A.J. Gronna, R.  
S.D., T.E. Burton, R. ... W.G. Harding, R.  
Tenn., T.P. Gore, D. ... T.P. Gore, D.  
Vt., G.E. Chamberlain, D. ... G.E. Chamberlain, D.  
Wash., H.C. Penrose, R. ... H.C. Penrose, R.  
Wis., E.D. Smith, D. ... E.D. Smith, D.  
Mont., C.H. Crawford, R. ... E.S. Johnson, D.  
Utah, Reed Smoot, R. ... Reed Smoot, R.  
Wyo., W.P. Dillingham, R. ... W.P. Dillingham, R.  
Neb., W.L. Jones, R. ... W.L. Jones, R.  
Del., W.L. Stevenson, R. ... F.M. Glover, R.

Washington.—Many changes in the organization of the House of Representatives will be made when Champ Clark and "Uncle Joe" Cannon once more face each other across the center aisle at the beginning of the next Congress.

The dwindling of the Democratic majority, which will drop after the close of the December session from 140 to 124, will necessitate a general shifting of the working order in the House.

With their slender majority the Democrats, while able to re-elect Speaker Clark and retain control of the committees, will be forced to maintain an almost perfect organization.

Practically complete returns give the Democrats 229, Republicans 196, Progressives 7, Socialists 1, Independents 1.

ARIZONA—Democrats, 1; Republicans, none. Unchanged.

COLORADO—Republicans, 1; probably Democratic 3. Unchanged.

NEW MEXICO—Democrats, none; Republicans, 1.

WYOMING—Democrats, none; Republicans, 1. Unchanged.

ALABAMA—Democrats, 10; Republicans, none. Unchanged.

ARKANSAS—Democrats, 7; Republicans, none. Unchanged.

CALIFORNIA—Democrats, 2; Republicans, 3; Progressives, 6. Unchanged.

CONNECTICUT—Democrats, none; Republicans, 5. Republican gain 5.

DELAWARE—Democrats, none; Republicans, 1. Republican gain 1.

FLORIDA—Democrats, 4; Republicans, none. Unchanged.

GEORGIA—Democrats, 12; Republicans, none. Unchanged.

IDAHO—Democrats, none; Republicans, 2. Unchanged.

ILLINOIS—Democrats, 9; Republicans, 13; Progressives, 1. Republican gain of 13 over Democrats in Third, Fifteenth, Seventeenth, Eighteenth, Nineteenth, Twenty-first, Twenty-second, Twenty-fourth, Twenty-fifth and two at large, over Progressives in Tenth and Twelfth.

INDIANA—Democrats, 11; Republicans, 2. Republican gain 2 in Seventh and Tenth districts.

IOWA—Democrats, 1; Republicans, 10. Republican net gain of 2. Gains in Second, Third and Sixth districts. Loss in Eleventh.

KANSAS—Democrats, 4; Republicans, 2; probably Republicans 2. Democratic gain 1 in Eighth district.

KENTUCKY—Democrats, 9; Republicans, 2. Unchanged.

LOUISIANA—Democrats, 7; Progressives, 1. Progressive gain 1 in Third district.

MAINE (elected in September)—Democrats, 1; Republicans, 3. Unchanged.

MARYLAND—Democrats, 5; Republicans, 1; Republican gain 1 in Fifth district.

MASSACHUSETTS—Democrats, 4; Republicans, 12. Republican gain 4 in Eighth, Eleventh, Thirteenth and Sixteenth districts.

MICHIGAN—Democrats, 2; Republicans, 11. Republican gain 2 over Progressives in Tenth and Twelfth districts.

MINNESOTA—Democrats, 1; Republicans, 8. Progressives, 1. Progressive gain of 1.

MISSISSIPPI—Democrats, 8; Republicans, none. Unchanged.

MISSOURI—Democrats, 14; Republicans, 2. Unchanged.

MONTANA—Democrats, 2; Republicans, none. Unchanged.

NEBRASKA—Democrats, 3; Republicans, 3. Unchanged.

NEVADA—Democrats, none; Republicans, 1. Unchanged.

NEW HAMPSHIRE—Democrats, none; Republicans, 2. Republican gain 2.

NEW JERSEY—Democrats, 4; Republicans, 7; probably Democratic 1. Republicans gain 5 in Second, Fourth, Eighth, Ninth and Tenth districts.

NORTH CAROLINA—Democrats, 9; probably Republican 1.

NORTH DAKOTA—Democrats, none; Republicans, 3. Unchanged.

NEW YORK—Democrats, 20; Republicans, 21; Progressives, 1; Socialists, 1. Republican gain 12 in the First, Ninth, Tenth, Eleventh, Twelfth, Twenty-fifth, Twenty-seventh, Twenty-eighth, Thirty-fifth, Thirty-sixth and Fortieth districts. Socialists gain 1 in the Twelfth district.

OHIO—Democrats, 10; Republicans, 12; Republicans gain 9 in First, Fourth, Eleventh, Fourteenth, Fifteenth, Sixteenth, Eighteenth, Nineteenth and Twenty-second districts.

SOUTH DAKOTA—Democrats, 1; Republicans, 2. Unchanged.

TENNESSEE—Democrats, 8; Republicans, 2. Unchanged.

# Temperance

### (Conducted by the National Woman's Christian Temperance Union.)

### LICENSE AS A SOPORIFIC.

Purely as an educational measure, the temperance organizations of Massachusetts introduced into the legislature a bill asking that the fee for a first-class liquor license be reduced from its present minimum of \$1,000 to the minimum of \$50. It afforded an opportunity to puncture anew the high license fallacy and to show how the very amount of the fee served as a bribe to the several towns for the licensing of the traffic.

Viewed on its merits and considering the liquor traffic from the standpoint of any other legitimate business, it would seem self-evident that the men who pay the license would approve of so wholesale a reduction, and we might have been excused for expecting the wholesalers, retailers, brewers and distillers to be present in large numbers to endorse the measure. They were present, through their paid representative, but not to endorse. On the contrary Mr. Weld spoke with his accustomed ability against the suggested change. Why? Because the large fee acts as a bribe, a soporific to the municipal conscience, a narcotic to the body politic. The "trade" is wise enough to stand for large sums paid into the public treasuries, that therefore their deadly work may be protected.

### "A HORRIBLE EXAMPLE."

During a recent election in Huron county, Ohio, the liquor interests took the town of Findlay, a city of 15,000 population, as a horrible example of what no saloons will do for a city. Hon. Lincoln Groves, mayor of Findlay, produced evidence to show that Findlay has the lowest tax rate of any municipality in Ohio and that the town is better morally, financially and industrially than it had ever been during the "wet" period.

As to the effect upon business, the Business Men's association is quoted as saying:

"The 'wet' towns around have drawn nothing away from Findlay but 'booze and bums,' and neither pay for food or clothing."

The city council said, "Lower taxes, less disorder and fewer paupers."

The Bankers' association stated that "for the three years immediately following the voting out of the saloons from this county, there was an average of over \$20,000 more on deposit in local banks than during the three years immediately preceding the closing of the saloons."

### WHY HE VOTED DRY.

"The other day a man who has lived in this town a long time, and has employment here, came to me, and borrow \$3," said a leading business man in an Illinois town. "It was pay night. I asked him why. He said that when he went to the saloon where he frequently spends too much of his hard-earned wages, he was told that he owed \$1.50 more than the amount of the check he handed in to be cashed. 'I know there isn't a thing to eat in the house at home,' he told me, 'and I must take home some groceries.' I loaned him the money. He's good, and I have no fear that he will not repay me."

"I've seen too much of that sort of thing in recent years, but it was never brought home to me so strongly before how the wives and children have to bear the brunt of this drink evil. Yes, sir, I'm 'dry' from now on."

### FROM BEHIND THE BAR.

An ex-saloonkeeper, writing recently in the Oregon Daily Journal, says: "I know many thousands of saloonkeepers in the United States, but I have yet to hear one express an opinion favorable to his own calling. He will say, 'Well I'm in it for the money, and just as soon as I get enough of that I'll quit the business.' Only recently a down town saloonkeeper said to me, 'Just one day and night spent in a saloon would make a temperance advocate of anyone.'"

"I'm not a churchman, but I will say that my tongue and pen while life lasts will be used in favor of temperance, to make some small amends for the worse than wasted years I spent behind the saloon bar."

### TAXES IN LICENSE AND NO-LICENSE TOWNS.

Mayor Bennett of Rockford, Ill., a city of about 50,000, has this to say concerning taxes in license and no-license cities: "I have looked up the records and I find that out of 15 cities of its class Rockford has the lowest tax rate for the last year of any. This includes all taxes. A man who owns a \$3,000 home in Rockford paid \$45.56 in taxes last year. The tax on the same home in Freeport was \$55.55, and in East St. Louis, the most heavily burdened with saloons of any city in the state of Illinois, the taxes at the same time on a \$3,000 home were \$76.20."

### CASE OF WONDER.

Liquor-sellers in France are declaring for the prohibition of absinthe. "They find, it is said, that absinthe by killing their customers diminishes the number of purchasers too rapidly. Naturally they want their patrons to live as long as possible. Is this why the beer-makers and wine-makers in the United States are trying to prohibit the traffic in distilled liquors?"



### MAJOR GENERAL ALLENBY

Major General Allenby, who has been distinguished himself on the left wing of the allied army in France, is recognized as one of the most capable of Great Britain's cavalry leaders. He won fame in the South African war and in 1910 was made inspector general of cavalry in England.

PEACE POLICY WISE

President Has Strengthened Monroe Doctrine.

Exhibition of Disinterestedness in the Present European Crisis Cannot Fail to Add to Prestige of the Country.

What will be the effect of the peace policy of the administration on the Monroe doctrine? The question is suggested by Ambassador Berstorff's statement that Germany will respect the American view of that doctrine during the course of the war.

An idea is current that little can help the Monroe doctrine except additions to our effective force; that propaganda for peace and governmental activities in favor of peace are, to a great extent, a departure from the course that is its sole support.

This is far from the truth. The main strength of the Monroe doctrine is the prestige and influence of the United States. And this is not based wholly on military power. Important commercial and friendly political relations have much to do with it.

It is reasonable to predict that if the United States succeeds in playing the part of a real friend and mediator to the warring nations, if it happily falls to her lot to be a potent factor in restoring peace to Europe and thus rendering an unmistakable service, the Monroe doctrine will be greatly strengthened.

It may be found, in the long event, that President Wilson and the United States, without the exhibition of force, have given the Monroe doctrine a support that will protect it against aggression, perhaps even the implied challenge to which it is now occasionally subject, for many decades. And it is far enough to look ahead.

It is well to remember that there are other forces in this world besides force. Whatever helps the United States in any way helps the Monroe doctrine.

Splendid Record of Congress.

This newspaper does not by any means approve the work of the Sixty-third congress entire. We opposed the free-listing of sugar as a mistake and a virtual breach of the platform pledge, just as many other Democrats and Democratic newspapers did.

Guilt.

The justice of the peace in a town in Ohio, in pursuance of his duties, had to hear and judge cases that were brought before him and also to perform occasional marriage ceremonies.

Everything had gone smoothly until he asked one bride: "Do you take this man to be your husband?" The bride nodded emphatically.

"And you, accused," said the justice, turning to the bridegroom, "what have you to say in your defense?"

Securing South American Trade.

It is a mistake to shut one's self up within the foolish conceit of speaking only one language. People who know now the language of the South American countries are in demand.

The Test of Efficiency.

President Wilson's unflinching devotion to public duty, and his wise attitude in the midst of strange and perilous times, have not failed to win admiration and respect. In August a great personal bereavement befell him in the death of Mrs. Wilson.

None of Our Business.

Let us refrain from becoming excited over Japan's reported seizure of the Marshall Islands. If Japan seizes a thousand islands in the Pacific, barring our own, it would still be none of our business—unless we should be going into the imperial business.

GAVE PRESENT NAVY BIRTH

Democratic Administration Responsible for Country's Present Magnificent Fleet.

All good Americans, of course, have reason to take pride in the efficiency of the navy. But a Democratic national administration has additional reason for such pride, because it was under a Democratic administration that the new navy really came into existence.

At the close of the Civil war the United States had the most powerful navy in the world. But in the '70s it fell into decay and became an international laughing stock. It was in President Cleveland's first administration, under the direction of that fine executive, William C. Whitney of New York, that the new naval policy was undertaken.

In his first message to congress the president recommended the development of the navy, which he characterized under then existing conditions, as merely "a shabby ornament to the government." In accordance with his recommendation a naval appropriation bill was passed which long afterward was called "historic" by a Republican secretary of the navy, John D. Long.

To maintain the navy on a high level of efficiency is good American doctrine that was first enforced by a great Democratic administration.

Experiments.

"What is there to its credit?" asks our neighbor the Herald in discussing the work of congress. "A tariff law, a currency law, a trades-union law and an anti-trust law—all of them experiments."

A fine old Tory view of government! The Declaration of Independence was an experiment. So was the Constitution of the United States. So was the Emancipation Proclamation.

The Herald itself was once an experiment, but it succeeded, and revolutionized the journalism of its day. To say that a congress has passed experimental legislation is to say that it is alive to its highest duty and that it retains the spirit of Americanism.

Tariff Wall, a Cause of War.

A Fort Leavenworth officer suggests that Germany, if victorious, would probably desire to include Belgium and Holland in its customs union. That is, the essential thing to Germany in dealing with its neighboring states is to have free trade with them.

Whether he is right or not, it is certain that the breaking down of tariff walls is the main object of wars. The possession of territory is of no particular advantage, except in so far as it gives a chance for enlarged trade.

Hoping for Our Trade Expansion.

An importing house at Singapore has this quotation from the Straits Times printed upon its letterhead:

"The registration of ships of other nationality by the United States means that the great nation of the West does not intend to be a passive spectator. This move will enable her to take the bulk of the world's sea-borne trade under her protection.

American trade expansion is not a purely selfish project. Other countries look to it as eagerly as we do.

Chance for American Factories.

A Connecticut toy factory is working 24 hours a day trying to meet the demand that was formerly supplied by imports from Germany. There is no reason why American factories should not turn out just as satisfactory toys as foreign concerns.

Astonished at the Colonel.

It is a lie! I never charged a cent for an autograph in my life. Tell The World not to keep sending me questions. They make me mad.—Colonel Roosevelt.

Why the Progressives Rage.

Progressives know, as well as anybody else, that the president has not yielded a point to the corporation and financial interests, and probably they know that their own wild notions, if reduced to the form of statutes, would destroy business.

THE SOUTHERN PACIFIC

HAS INVESTMENT OF \$14,000,000 IN NEW MEXICO.

Report to State Corporation Commission by Big Company Indicates Railroad is Paying Proposition.

Santa Fé.—The Southern Pacific Railroad Company, owner of the Southern Pacific railway, filed its report for 1914 with the state corporation commission. The report indicates that railroading is still profitable in this country, for it states that a 5 per cent dividend was declared on \$160,000,000, amounting to \$9,000,000 appropriation from surplus. The profit is given as \$7,271,614.25.

The expenditures on the entire line were \$3,357,716.60, and on that part of the road in New Mexico they were \$5,252.77, for additions and betterments.

The company received the sum of \$14,965,917.72 as income from the lease of the road and a total income of \$17,295,595.45.

The investment in New Mexico up to 1907 amounted to \$12,432,191.21, and since 1907 the sum of \$1,958,325.29 was added, making the total investment in this state \$14,490,516.50. During the past year the depreciation amounted to \$490,163.80. The cost per mile of the road in this state was \$83,250.12. The loss on retired road and equipment on the entire line was \$396,614.93.

The Southern Pacific railroad lines traverse Louisiana, Texas, New Mexico, Arizona, California, Nevada, Oregon and Utah. Their total mileage is over 6,700.

Bankers Injured When Auto Capsizes.

Santa Fé.—To be hurled over an embankment as their automobile turned turtle, and then to be pinned under the machine while suffering excruciating pain, escaping just as the automobile caught fire and burned up with all of their personal effects, was the experience of A. Murck, a banker of Dallas, Tex., J. M. Moses, a banker of San Antonio, Tex., and O. P. Wilson, formerly proprietor of the Grand Central hotel at Roswell.

The accident happened at 11 p. m., while the machine was creeping along two miles south of Arroyo Hondo. As a result of the accident Mr. Murck has a dislocated shoulder, Mr. Moses is injured internally and it is thought he has three ribs broken. Mr. Wilson was the least injured. His eye is bruised and his face cut.

McDonald Appoints Delegates.

Santa Fé.—Governor McDonald appointed delegates to three national meetings. The seventeenth annual session of the American Mining Congress drew the largest list of delegates, no less than eleven-being named to attend its meeting at Phoenix on Dec. 7. These delegates were as follows: John M. Sully, Santa Rita; C. T. Brown, Socorro; George H. Utter, Silver City; Rees H. Beddow, Gallup; F. A. Jones, Socorro; George B. Bent, Bent; Thomas O'Brien, Dawson; A. J. Anderson and Thomas F. Cooney, Mogollon; Haines Gridley, San Pedro; G. L. Brooks, Albuquerque.

The fourteenth annual session of the Vocational Art and Industrial Federation, to be held in Chicago, can be attended by Mrs. Theresa B. White, Silver City; Mrs. R. F. Asplund, Santa Fé; J. H. Vaughn, Las Cruces, and V. A. Snydam, Albuquerque, as delegates.

The Half-Century Anniversary of Negro Freedom, to be held next year, can be attended by the following delegates, all of Albuquerque: Mrs. Laura Dennis, Prof. John Allen, Prof. Abraham Mitchell.

Hernandez and Williams Elected.

Santa Fé.—Figures available, with returns incomplete from many counties, indicate the election of Hernandez, Republican, to congress by from 2,900 to 3,000 majority. Williams is elected corporation commissioner.

20,000 Acres of Wheat at Melrose.

Melrose.—In the territory tributary to Melrose the wheat acreage will be from 25 to 40 per cent larger than the past year. This means that there will be from 15,000 to 20,000 acres of wheat, as it was estimated that there was approximately 12,000 acres of wheat in this immediate territory the past year, the estimated yield being from 200,000 to 250,000 bushels. Melrose alone is expected to ship over 100 carloads of new wheat.

Land Office Figures.

Santa Fé.—That there were 213 land entries and proofs aggregating an area of 27,319.13 acres in the federal land office during October is seen in the monthly report compiled by R. F. Fullerton. The amount of money received there were 85 homestead, original entries, totalling 14,532.31 acres and bringing in the sum of \$1,354.17. The total acreage is smaller than that of September.

Makes 1,200-Pound Shipment of Honey.

Alamogordo.—E. C. DeWitt, known locally as the "honey man," has made a shipment of 1,200 pounds of high-grade honey to Tucumcari.

T. D. White Buried in Texas.

Roswell.—The body of Thomas D. White, a member of the board of county commissioners, who died here, was taken to Gonzales, Tex., his old home, for burial.

STATE NEWS

OF INTEREST TO ALL NEW MEXICO PEOPLE

Western Newspaper Union News Service

DATES FOR COMING EVENTS  
Nov. 23-25—Meeting, State Teachers Association at Albuquerque.

Many settlers are filing on land at the Fort Sumner land office.

Seventy men and teams are at work rebuilding the Hebron dam at Maxwell.

Denning people will have their mail delivered by U. S. carriers after Jan. 1.

Grant county reports a considerable gain in its school census, mainly due to the growth of the mining centers around Silver City.

The Colfax county road board has had a force of men constructing and repairing bridges in that county.

The Mimbres Valley Farmers Association has under consideration a plan to establish a cooperative creamery at Deming.

Candidates for the State Legislature have filed their affidavits with the state secretary, giving statements of their campaign expenses.

Of the 350 life insurance agents in the state of New Mexico quite a number may face a fine of \$100 to \$500 for granting rebates in selling insurance.

It is authoritatively reported that 24,000 head of southern New Mexico cattle have been contracted by Los Angeles buyers for that California market.

Goats are being used as "pack" animals in Dona Ana county. Twelve of them are now at work packing the cotton silo on the Turney ranch, a mile south of Las Cruces.

Water application No. 936 has been filed by C. C. Clemans of Artesia, with the state engineer for .65 second feet from Cottonwood Draw to irrigate forty-three acres. This is a flood water project.

Carl Scholz, mining expert of the Rock Island lines, has called to the attention of the United States Geological Survey the recent discoveries of potash and salt in the Rock Island and Carlsbad districts.

D. S. Martin threshed 90,000 pounds of beans in the Venus district. The heaviest yield was raised on the Orr ranch, 21,700 pounds from twenty acres, while the average yield would be between 700 and 800 pounds.

Seven sections of Santa Fé railroad land, known as the Oliviera ranch, twenty-four miles northwest of Clovis, have been purchased from the Santa Fé company by the Shipley Brothers Cattle Company. The price was \$26,000.

The United States Geological Survey is authority for the statement that the production of mineral in New Mexico last year had a value of \$17,862,369, as against \$14,391,253 the year before, and more than double the figures of two years ago.

Jim Delehunte, a cowboy in the employ of the H. Slash outfit, about ten miles west of Blue Springs, ran down with a horse and roped an immense deer recently. The animal was so fat it could not run any distance and Delehunte easily roped it.

E. C. Lamb is feeding two carloads of steers at his ranch near Artesia.

Santa Rosa, in the county of Guadalupe, was incorporated with the following officials at the head of the municipality: Mayor, Julius Moise; clerk, Joaquin A. Bazar; aldermen, A. A. Tipton, George Maes, Simon Cerrano and Urbano Lucero.

A tract of 14,000 acres of state land has been sold to John T. Muir of Lordsburg, an extensive cattle raiser. He paid \$1.01 an acre, or \$43,000. The land is situated in Playas valley, south of Separ, and especially adapted for grazing purposes.

The harvesting of beets at Maxwell is well under way, and farmers are expecting big returns.

Although the farmers in the Rama district raised and properly harvested considerable broom corn, they seem to have a hard time getting a market.

Alleging that he has been made lame for life by the negligence of the company that employed him, George Sares, aged twenty-one, a Greek brought suit in the Federal Court at Santa Fé for \$7,500 damages against the Stag Cañon Fuel Company.

Hagerman now boasts the distinction of being the only town in the United States with two postmasters. T. B. Platt, Republican, has refused to turn over the office to C. M. Stanford, the Democrat recently appointed by President Wilson, and a pretty mix-up has resulted.

After working for the past four or five months in the state penitentiary garden among the cabbages, D. N. Miers, a convict from Quay county, took French leave and now the authorities are hunting him with bloodhounds. It is thought that he will be easily identified as he stutters and has a Swedish accent.

Carlsbad and Loving will put up something like 1,500 bales of cotton this season.

Ten new committees were named by Miss Mabelle A. Myers, state supervisor of industrial education, to work with the committees from the other sixteen counties appointed some time ago in taking charge of the industrial exhibit which will be shown during the New Mexico Educational Association's convention in Albuquerque, Nov. 23 to 25.

\$5.00 IN GOLD... Send us the name of any responsible person who is interested in the purchase of a piano... Be sure and give us correct name and address and tell us party's occupation and how long he has lived in your community.

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Superior... That's the definition, and that's why Post Toasties are called the Superior Corn Flakes—the surpassing, delicate Indian Corn flavour being sealed in by skillful toasting with sugar and salt. Post Toasties are made in clean, airy, modern factories—cooked, seasoned, rolled and toasted to crisp golden flakes—Ready to serve direct from the package. To secure the Superior Corn Flakes, ask for Post Toasties—sold by Grocers.

# The Artesia Advocate

A. W. Henry ..... Editor  
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Published Every Friday.  
 By ARTESIA PUBLISHING COMPANY.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE \$1.50 PER YEAR.

This paper has been entered in the postoffice at Artesia, New Mexico, as second-class mail matter.

Friday, Nov. 20, 1914

### Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M. Nov. 3, 1914.

Notice is hereby given that Frank E. Kepple, of Artesia, N. M., who on Nov. 15, 1911, made H. D. E. Serial No. 023373, for E 1/4 SE 1/4; NW 1/4 SE 1/4; Sec. 19; and SW 1/4 SW 1/4, Sec. 20, Township 17-s, Range 27-e, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before A. M. Thomas, U. S. Commissioner, in his office, at Artesia, N. M., on Dec. 8, 1914.

Claimant names as witnesses: Perry C. Logan, Lee Brown, Albert D. Glezen, Paul N. Whitted, all of Artesia, N. M.

Emmett Patton, Register.

11-6--12-4

### Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico, Nov. 11, 1914.

Notice is hereby given that Elizabeth Roberts, of Dayton, N. M., who, on June 4th, 1913, made H. D. E. Serial No. 027344, for NW 1/4 Section 1, Township 19 south, Range 25 east, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described before A. M. Thomas, U. S. Commissioner in his office, at Artesia, N. M., on Dec. 15, 1914.

Claimant names as witnesses: Ferd A. Berry, Mallory B. Culpepper, Leander Thomas, Jonas B. Randolph, all of Dayton, N. M.

Emmett Patton, Register.

Nov. 13-Dec. 11.

Bring your watch to Edw. Stone.

## Prosperity and Elections

The lesson from the election is that it was republican in sections of the country where depression exists and democratic in those sections where exceptional prosperity exists.

The depression is in the eastern states where manufactures overshadow agriculture. On the other hand, the agricultural states show large democratic gains.

The republican victory in New York, where many causes contributed to it, Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Ohio and Connecticut was in sections where thousands of men, previously employed, are idle. In Massachusetts where the textile factories, which predominate, have been, working full time, the democrats won.

But it is when we get into the breadbasket states that democratic success is most conspicuous. The votes in Kansas and Oklahoma are not exceptional when it is understood crops were short last year and the people have not yet recovered from that depression.

But in Illinois, normally republican by about 75,000, it was exceedingly close. Wisconsin, normally republican by 50,000, went democratic, and Michigan remains democratic. Iowa, ordinarily republican by from 50,000 to 100,000, gave Cummings a scant 40,000 plurality.



Albuquerque, New Mex. and return, one and one fifth fare for round trip. Nov. 20th to 23rd, return limit Dec 1st. Acct. New Mexico Educational Association.

**C. O. BROWN,**  
Local Agent.

ality. Minnesota, normally republican by 60,000, gave the democratic candidate for governor a majority of about 20,000. South Dakota, which ordinarily gives about 30,000 republican majority out of a total vote of a little more than 100,000, elected a democrat to the United States senate over the most popular republican in the state. Nebraska remained democratic and Colorado went republican solely because of her labor troubles in the state.

Those states showing increased democratic votes are agricultural. If they have factories they are usually big flour and corn mills, and they feed immense number of cattle. They have been getting record-breaking prices for all they have to sell, consequently they are prosperous.

Any party in power during a depression may expect defeat, and any party in power during a prosperous era may expect victory unless such party becomes drunken with power and split by factions, as was true of the republicans in the 1912 election.—Albuquerque Journal.

Five hundred attended the annual convention of the American Association of Traveling Passenger Agents, held at San Francisco, and in a body visited the Exposition at that city and two days later the San Diego Exposition. Both California events for 1915 received the unqualified endorsement of the association, whose last official act at San Diego, following the tour of the grounds and visits to Ramon's Marriage place and the Theosophical Brotherhood homestead, by automobile, was to pass resolutions pledging the individual aid of the railroad officials, representing all standard lines of the country.

Every ton of hay sold off the project farms removes fertility worth \$10 while cream enough to make a ton of butter removes only 50 cents worth of fertility; so last September the members of the Otis union recommended that the Water Users' association, take over the local cremery and make it serve the entire project. That the recommendation of the union carried weight with the home folks was shown last week when 700 shares were voted in favor of the proposition to 30 against it by the stockholders of the cremery.—Argus.

The cement work on the canal near Loving, which was stopped on account of the bad weather last week has again been resumed and will be pushed as rapidly as possible. About 200 men are employed in the work and coming at this time, the work and will be of very material assistance.—Carlsbad Current.

The number of cattle shipped from the Carlsbad pens during the month of October totalled 4,431. About 1,700 were from the H. Slash ranch of W. E. Washington and the others were distributed among the Lusk, Livingston and James outfits. The cows netted about \$32 from the Washington outfit and were all Mexicans.—Argus.

## Professional Cards

### NOTARY PUBLIC

B. Stephenson.  
CITY HALL

### GUY A. REED

Lawyer  
National Bank Building  
Carlsbad, New Mexico

### J. D. ATWOOD,

Lawyer  
Clark Building, Artesia, N. M.

J. G. Osburn W. B. Robinson

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### Robt. C. Dow

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Rooms 6 and 7, National Bank Building  
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### J. H. JACKSON,

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Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition  
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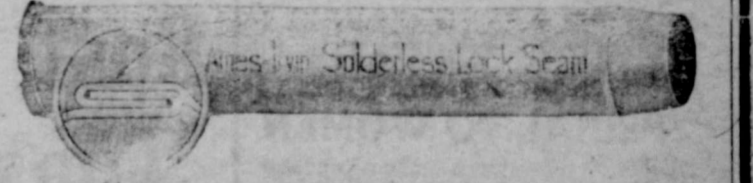
## Roswell Steam Laundry

WILL NEWCOMB, Agent.

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Think of the Immense Loss by Seepage and Evaporation



Water cost money and wasted water is wasted money.  
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WHY does our A-1 Surface Irrigation Pipe stand the hard  
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BECAUSE it is made with a lockseam set down under  
3500 pounds pressure, which requires no soldering to make  
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A-1 Pipe was awarded first prize at Fresno and Santa  
Clara County Fairs in 1913.  
Send for new catalog with prices and valuable infor-  
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Manufacturer's address—Ames-Irvine Co., 8th & Ir-  
vine Streets, San Francisco, California.  
For Sale by J. F. BOWMAN, Artesia, F. M.

## CLASSIFIED COLUMN

### Alfalfa Pasture.

Want stock to pasture on Dr. Baughman 80 acres adjoining town.

E. N. Requa, or  
J. E. Robertson.

For Sale—Austin No. 3 Well Machine, fully equipped. Part cash, balance on time with approved security.

L. A. Highsmith, Artesia.

Bicycle for sale.—will trade for pigs, turkeys or chickens.

Address Box 691, Artesia.

### Trade.

Clear clean \$6,000 stock of racket goods in good town in Oklahoma. Will trade for 40 or 80 acres well watered.

C. E. Stocks,  
Lakewood, N. M.

### Holstein Bull for Sale.

Fine individual. Age eighteen months. Price \$75.00.

C. L. Colby,  
Phone 950-r Roswell, N. M.

### Lost.

Lost on streets of Artesia, ladies blue coat. Finder please report to Mrs. O. E. Palmer or leave with Mrs. Harper at the Criterion.—Reward

For Rent—My place west of town to some one who will take care of orchard, rent will be the cheapest in town.

Chas. S. Brown.

For Sale—One 15 h. p. crude oil V. S. Engine and one 15 h. p. Witte gasoline engine, both in good condition. Inquire of J. McC. Heflin, Artesia, N. M.

### For Sale Engine and Pump.

For Sale—3 Horse Engine. A good International 3 H. P. vertical engine complete, with large cooling tank, heavy gasoline tank, and in perfect running order. A simple and a thoroughly reliable engine.

American No. 2 centrifugal horizontal pump.

A bargain. Will trade for live stock. Inquire at Advocate.

### House and Auto for Trade.

One 6-room house with out-buildings, a variety of fruit trees, apples, cherries and plums—a good place for cows and chickens—also one Auto. Will trade for live stock.

Address X, care Advocate.

### Notice.

To whom it may concern:

I hereby give notice that I have this day withdrawn from sale all my property in Artesia, New Mexico.

Wm. Daugherty,  
Nov. 20, 1914.

## Local News.

Ed. Lamb was a Carlsbad visitor last week.

J. L. Taylor was a business visitor to Roswell Tuesday.

Mrs. George Frisk is visiting in Roswell, the house guests of Mrs. G. F. Ray.

Frank Newkirk was a business visitor at Carlsbad last week.

Harlain Thomas and Bert McCaw returned from their hunting trip to the mountains last Monday.

B. P. Williams was a Roswell visitor Tuesday.

V. M. Bass of Hope, was an Artesia visitor Tuesday night.

Charley Kuykendall and wife left Tuesday for Texas where they will make their future home.

Mrs. H. M. Gage came down from Hope Tuesday.

The Woman's Missionary Society of the Methodist church met Thursday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Dudgeon.

W. C. Marable, Dr. Culpeper, B. P. Williams and editor Burnett, made a trip to Hope last week.

Lee Glasscock and family from Hope were down Tuesday evening to attend the big show at the Majestic Theater.

L. C. Doerr, came in yesterday from a trip up the Valley.

Dr. Greenlaw is confined to his bed by sickness this week.

The friends of Mr. H. C. Rohrbough (everybody) are glad to see him out on the streets again.

H. L. Rohrbough of Long Beach, Calif. came in Monday to spend some time with his brother H. C. Rohrbough.

B. P. Williams of the First State Bank, is expecting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Williams of Henry, Ill. to arrive at any time to spend Thanksgiving with him.

Miss Neff of Artesia left last week for Pleasant Valley school, where she has taken a place as teacher for the coming school year.

Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Campbell are residing in Artesia. Mr. Campbell has charge of the Kemp Lumber Company during the absence of Mr. Kemp.

G. R. Brainard and "Uncle Joe" Graham of the Plains, was at Carlsbad last week continuing the investigation of county matters recently ordered by the Judge. J. D. Atwood, attorney of Artesia, was also in that city on the same business.

Fred Brainard was at Carlsbad last Wednesday. Fred is a professional ball player, and been playing with the Beaumont State League of Texas, but has signed up with the New York Gigants for the coming season.

Miss Jeter was a Carlsbad visitor this week.

Mrs. S. S. Ward and family were over Sunday visitors at Hope.

Dr. Baker, Albert Blake and Mr. Ward are attending Court at Albuquerque this week.

Mrs. Marvin Skeen and Mrs. Earl Bigler will entertain with Auction Bridge on Saturday in honor of Mrs. McNatt.

Mr. Henry M. Carl who has been very ill for some time with typhoid fever is able to join the family circle at meals now.

Mrs. E. E. McNatt and two children of El Paso are in the city, the guests of Mrs. Helmig

and Corbin as well as other old friends. While here, Mrs. McNatt will be the recipient of many social courtesies as during her residence in Artesia of over nine years she was one of the most beloved and popular ladies of the town.

Sara Ruth Bates and Company, Friday, November 27th, Corrington College.

Mrs. Helmig entertained informally, a few of Mrs. McNatt's old friends on Tuesday of this week. Delicious refreshments were served and the afternoon was spent very enjoyably talking over old times. The guests were: Mrs. Atkeson, Brainard, Williams, Corbin, Greenlaw, Skeen, Carl Corbin, Frisk, Blackmore, Welton, Talbot, Brookes, Welton, Keinath, Bigler, Morgan and McNatt.

Be sure to save Friday, Nov. 27th, for Miss Sara Ruth Bates and Company, the third and best number of the Lyceum Course.

The Rebekahs will have a jelly and jam shower Friday evening to send to the Odfellows Home at Roswell for Thanksgiving.

W. M. Carson and wife of Hope were in Artesia last Tuesday visiting Mr. Carson's mother Mrs. Helton, and sister Mrs. Fred Spencer.

Sara Ruth Bates and Company, Friday, November 27th.

The ladies of the Industrial Society of the Presbyterian Church will hold their annual Bazaar on the afternoon of Sat. Dec. 12th.

Annual Christmas Sale by Woman's Guild the first Saturday in December.

There will be a meeting of the Swine Breeders Association at the Majestic Theater to-morrow afternoon. This is important to all interested parties.

### A NEW CREATION WEBSTER'S NEW INTERNATIONAL DICTIONARY

THE MERRIAM WEBSTER  
The Only New unabridged dictionary in many years.

Contains the *pit* and *essence* of an authoritative library. Covers every field of knowledge. An Encyclopedia in a single book.

The Only Dictionary with the *New Divided Page*. 400,000 Words. 2700 Pages. 6000 Illustrations. Cost nearly half a million dollars. Let us tell you about this most remarkable single volume.

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G. & C. Merriam Co.  
Springfield, Mass.

### Woman's Club.

The General Meeting of the Woman's Club was held at the Parish Hall on Wednesday of last week with a good attendance. The program was excellent. Mrs. McFadden gave a piano solo, Miss Bernice Freeman a vocal number and Mrs. G. U. McCrary read a most interesting paper on Orchestration. This paper caused a furore in the music club last year by its excellence and beauty, and the music Committee of the Woman's club asked Mrs. McCrary to repeat it for the benefit of the Club. It will be sent to Santa Fe and filed with other notable Club papers from over the state.

Mrs. J. D. Atwood, delegate to the State Convention gave a most interesting report and the usual business transacted.

The critical illness of the President, Mrs. Kemp made the meeting a very sad one. The next general meeting of the Club will occur Dec. 9th.

The Civic and Child Welfare Committee re-organized last week with Mrs. Walter Daugherty as chairman and planned some novel and delightful things for the children.

The Literary Department of the Woman's Club met with Mrs. Atwood on Wednesday and spent a delightful hour in the study of "As You Like It."

### Public Notice.

The Committee appointed by the court to investigate certain matters referred to in the report of the Eddy County Grand Jury at the September 1914 term of Court will begin its final meeting on the 23d inst. It is expected to complete the hearing before adjournment.

This is to advise any citizen of Eddy County having knowledge of any matter or thing that should be brought to the attention of the committee that it should be presented on or before the above date and any such information will be given proper consideration.

S. I. Roberts,  
Chairman Committee.

In The Probate Court Of Eddy County,  
New Mexico.

### To Whom It May Concern:

Notice is hereby given that the last Will and testament of George W. Frisk, deceased, has been filed in the Probate Court of Eddy County, New Mexico, with a petition for the Probate of said Will and for the issuance of letters of administration to Eva M. Frisk, having been filed by J. B. Atkeson, her attorney.

Now I, A. R. O'Quinn, Clerk of said Probate Court, hereby fix and appoint Monday, the 4th day of January 1915, at ten o'clock A. M. of said day at the Court room of said Court, at the Court house in the town of Carlsbad in said County and State, as the time and place for proving said Will and for hearing said petition.

Dated the 14th day of November, A. D. 1914.

A. R. O'Quinn,  
Clerk of said Court.

11-20 12-4

Men

and

Women

Wanted

to sell the most remarkable bargain in the magazine world this year.

EVERYBODY'S DELINEATOR	Regular Price \$1.50 \$1.50	BOTH \$2
Total	\$3.00	To One Person

A monthly salary and a liberal commission on each order. Salaries run up to \$250.00 per month, depending on the number of orders. This work can be done in your spare time, and need not conflict with your present duties. No investment or previous experience necessary. We furnish full equipment free.

Write for particulars to

THE RIDGWAY COMPANY  
Spring and Macdougall Sts. New York

## HOG CHOLERA

We can furnish Anti-Hog Cholera Serum, ranging in price from 13-4 to 2 cents per C. C. depending on quantity bought.

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## Poultry and Eggs

WANTED.

For which I will pay highest market price.

JOE GOODALE,  
Pecos Valley Poultry Ranch,  
Artesia, New Mexico.

## I Am Prepared to Make That Feed Bill of Yours Still Less

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## Can Save You Money on COAL

## E. B. BULLOCK

Feed, Flour, Coal and Seeds.

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## AUTUMN HUNTING VACATIONS

Season Open October 1st For

Deer, Wild Turkey and Quail

Most Delightful Season of the Year.  
Experienced Guides.

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# The Land of Broken Promises

A Stirring Story of the Mexican Revolution

By DANE COOLIDGE  
Author of "The Fighting Fool", "Hidden Waters", "The Texican," Etc.  
Illustrations by Don J. Lavin

(Copyright, 1914, by Frank A. Munsey)

## CHAPTER XXIII—Continued.

"Now she strikes it!" he announced, as the rumble turned into a roar; but the roar grew louder, there was a crash as the trucks struck a curve, and then a great metal ore-car swung round the point, rode up high as it hit the reverse and, speeding by as if shot from a catapult, swept through the yard, smashed into a freight car, and leaped, car and all, into the creek. "They've sneaked my derailer!" said the roadmaster, starting on a run for the shops. "Who'll go with me to put in another one? Or will I loosen a rail on the curve—that'll call for no more than a clawbar and a wrench!"

"T'll go!" volunteered Bud and the man who stood guard, and as startled sleepers roused up on every side and ran toward the scene of the wreck they dashed down the hill together and threw a handcar on the track.

Then, with what tools they could get together, and a spare derailer on the front, they pumped madly up the canyon, holding their breaths at every curve for fear of what they might see. If there was one runaway car there was another, for the rebels were beginning an attack.

Already on the ridges above them they could hear the crack of rifles, and a jet or two of dust made it evident that they were the mark. But with three strong men at the handles they made the handcar jump. The low hills fled behind them. They rounded a point and the open track lay before them, with something—

"Jump!" shouted the roadmaster, and as they tumbled down the bank they heard a crash behind them and their handcar was knocked into kindling wood.

It was a close call for all three men, and there had been but an instant between them and death, a death by the most approved fighting methods of the revolutionists, methods which kept the fighters out of harm's way.

"Now up to the track!" the roadmaster panted, as the destroyer swept on down the line. "Find some tools—we'll take out a rail!"

With frantic eagerness he tolled up the hill and attacked a fish-plate, and Bud and the young guard searched the hillside for tools to help with the work. They fell to with sledge and clawbar, tapping off nuts, jerking out spikes, and heaving to loosen the rail—and then once more that swift-moving something loomed up suddenly on the track.

"Up the hill!" commanded the roadmaster, and as they scrambled into a gulch a wild locomotive, belching smoke and steam like a fire engine, went rushing past them, struck the loose rail, and leaped into the creek bed. A moment later, as it crashed its way down to the water, there was an explosion that shook the hills. They



Every Sign of War But the Dead.

crouched behind the cut bank, and the trees above them bowed suddenly to the slash of an iron hail.

"Dynamite!" cried the roadmaster, grinning triumphantly as he looked up after the shock; and when the fall of fragments had ceased, and they had fled as if by instinct from the place, they struck hands on their narrow escape. But back at the big house, with everybody giving thanks for their delivery from the powder train, the master mechanic raised a single voice of protest. He knew the sound. He knew that dynamite had not been responsible for the crash that smote the ears of the anxious listeners.

"'Twas not dynamite!" he yelled. "Powder train be damned! It was No. 9! She was sour as a distillery! She blowed up, j tell ye—she blowed up when she hit the creek!"

And even after a shower of bullets from the ridge had driven them all to the creek, they rushed to those who

would listen and clamored that it was the train.

But there was scant time to hold a post-mortem on No. 9, for on the summit of a near-by ridge, and overlooking the black tank, the rebels had thrown up a wall in the night, and from the security of this shelter they were industriously shooting up the town.

The smash of the first wild car had been their signal for attack, and as the explosion threw the defenders into confusion they made a rush to take the tank. Here, as on the day before, was stationed the federal garrison, a scant twenty or thirty men in charge of a boy lieutenant.

Being practically out of ammunition he did not stand on the order of his going, but as his pelones pelted past the superintendent's house the reorganized miners, their belts stuffed with cartridges from their own private stock, came charging up from the town and rallied them in the rear.

Trained by American leaders they were the only real fighting force to be depended upon unless the Americans themselves should take a hand in the game, and that they could not do without the possibility of serious international consequences, a chance they could not take except as a last resort to save the women and children and themselves.

In a solid, shouting mass they swept up the hill together, dropped down behind the defenses, and checked the astounded rebels with a volley. Then there was another long-range battle, with every sign of war but the dead, until at last, as the firing slackened from the lack of cartridges, a white flag showed on the ridge above, and the leaders went out for a parley—one of those parleys so characteristic of Mexican revolutions, and which in reality mean so little, for both sides know that the words uttered are meaningless, and should one of them ever result in a surrender the terms of that surrender would not be regarded, once the victims were in the hands of the victors.

Properly speaking, Del Rey was in command of the town, but neither the federals nor the miners would recognize his authority and the leadership went by default. While they waited to hear the rebel demands the Americans took advantage of the truce to bring up hot food from the hotel, where Don Juan de Dios stood heroically at his post. Let bullets come and go, Don Juan kept his cooks about him, and to those who had doubted his valor his coffee was answer enough.

"Why, my gracious, Mr. Hooker," he railed, as Bud refreshed himself between trips, "ain't you going to take any up to those women? Don't drink so much coffee now, but give it to the men who fight!"

"Ump-um," grunted Bud with a grin; "they got a skinkful of mescal already! What they need is another carload of ammunition to help 'em shoot their first rebel."

"I thought you said they wouldn't fight!" twittered Don Juan. "This is the battle of Fortuna that I was telling you about last week."

"Sure!" answered Bud, "and over there is the dead!"

He pointed to a riot of mescal bottles that marked the scene of the night's potations, and Don Juan gave him up as hopeless.

"A pile of bottles usually represent the casualty list in a Mexican fight," added Bud as Don Juan moved away. But, just as he would, Bud saw that the situation was serious, for the foolhardy Sonorans had already emptied their cartridge-belts, and their guns were no better than clubs. Unless the rebels had been equally reckless with their ammunition they had the town at their mercy, and the first thing that they would demand would be the refugees in the big house.

Before that could be permitted the Americans would probably take a hand in the fight, for, while the great majority of the women in the house were Mexican, there were a few Americans, and they would be protected regardless of international complications. But Gracia Aragon was not an American, and she could not claim the protection of these country-men of hers.

The possession of the town; the arms of the defenders; food, clothing and horses to ride—none of these would satisfy them. They would demand the rich Spanish landowners to be held for ransom, the women first of all. And of all those women huddled up in the casa grande not one would bring a bigger ransom than Gracia Aragon.

Bud pondered upon the outcome as the emissaries wrangled on the hillside, and then he went back to the corral to make sure that his horse was safe. Copper Bottom, too, might be held for ransom. But, knowing the rebels as he did, Hooker foresaw a different fate, and rather than see him become the mount of some rebel chief he had determined, if the town surrendered, to make a dash.

Riding by night and hiding in the hills by day he could get to the border in two days. All he needed was a little jerked beef for the trip and he would be ready for anything.

So he hurried down to the hotel again and was just making a sack of food fast to his saddle when he heard a noise behind him and turned to face Aragon. For two days the once-haughty Don Cipriano had slunk about like a sick cat, but now he was headed for Gracia's big room, and the look in his eyes betrayed his purpose.

"Where you going?" demanded Hooker in English, and at the gruff challenge the Spaniard stopped in his tracks. The old, hunted look came back into his eyes, he seemed to shrink before the stern gaze of the Texan, and, as the memory of his past misdeeds came over him, he turned as if to flee.

But there was a smile, an amused and tolerant smirk, about the American's mouth, and even for that look of understanding the harried hacendado seemed to thank him. He was broken now, thrown down from his pedestal of arrogance and conceit, and as Hooker did not offer to shoot him at sight he turned back to him like a lost dog that seeks but a kind word.

Bud knew that Aragon was entirely at his mercy, that fear had clutched the once arrogant Spaniard by the throat, and it was almost worth the anxiety he felt for this man's daughter to see the father cowed. Aragon



"I'm Going to Get Those Papers!"

crawled closer to Bud as if for the protection he could not get from his own people.

"Ah, señor!" he whined, "your pardon! What?" as he sighted the sack of meat—"you are going, too? Ah, my friend!"—his eyes lighted up suddenly at the thought—"let me ride with you! I will pay you—yes, anything—but if Bernardo Bravo takes me he will hang me! He has sworn it!"

"Well, you got it coming to you!" answered Hooker heartily.

"But I will pay you well!" pleaded Aragon. "I will pay you—"

He paused as if to consider what would tempt him and then suddenly he raised his head.

"What is it you wish above everything?" he questioned eagerly. "Your title to the mine—no? Bien! Take me to the mine—protect me from my enemies—and the papers are yours!"

"Have you got them with you?" inquired Hooker with businesslike directness.

"No, but I can get them!" cried Aragon, forgetful of everything but his desire to escape. "I can get them while you saddle my horse!"

"Where?" demanded Hooker craftily.

"From the agente mineral!" answered Aragon. "I have a great deal of influence with him, and—"

"Bastante!" exploded Bud in a voice which made Aragon jump. "Enough! If you can get them, I can! And we shall see, Señor Aragon, whether this pistol of mine will not give me some influence, too!"

"Then you will take them to go?" faltered Aragon as Hooker started to go. "You will take them and leave me for Bernardo Bravo to—"

"Listen, señor!" exclaimed Hooker, halting and advancing a threatening forefinger. "A man who can hire four men to do his dirty work needs no protection from me. You understand that—no? Then listen again. I am going to get those papers. If I hear a word from you I will send you to join your four men."

He touched his gun as he spoke and strode out into the open, where he beckoned the mineral agent from the crowd. A word in his ear and they went down the hill together, while Don Cipriano watched from above. Then, as they turned into the office, Aragon spat out a curse and went to seek Manuel del Rey.

## CHAPTER XXIV.

In a land of class privilege and official graft it is often only in times of anarchy that a poor man can get his rights. For eight months Hooker had battled against the petty intrigue of Aragon and the agente mineral, and then suddenly, when the times turned to war and fear gripped at their hearts, he rose up and claimed his own, holding out his brawny right hand and demanding the concession of his mine.

In a day the whirligig of fortune had turned, and it was the fighting man who dominated. He spoke quietly and made no threats, but the look in his eye was enough, and the agente gave him his papers. Then he wrote out a receipt for the mining tax and Bud stepped forth like a king.

With his papers inside his shirt and a belt of gold around his waist there was nothing left in Mexico for him. Once on his horse and headed for the line and he could laugh at them all. In Gadsden he could show them to Kruger, he could give answer for his trust and look the world in the eye.

It had been a long and strenuous fight; a fight made against seemingly insurmountable odds; a fight that had cost him much, but he had won. He had proved the trust Kruger had placed in him, and it had been a fight worth winning.

Yes, he was a man now—but his work was not quite done. Up at the big house, with the screeching women around her, was Gracia Aragon, and he owed her something for his rough words. To pay her for that he would stay. Whatever she asked now he would grant it; and if worst came to worst he would take her with him and make good his promise to Phil. He had given his word and that was enough. Now he had only to wait.

It would not be long, for the parley would soon be over, and if the cowardly rurales surrendered the town to the bandits he would make a break for the line and civilization with the girl. It would be a hard ride, and alone he would have no fear of the results, but he would chance it even with the girl rather than leave her.

The boy lieutenant, the brothers Mendoza, the superintendent, and Manuel del Rey, all were out on the hillside talking terms with Bernardo Bravo and his chiefs. With the rebels it was largely a bluff, since field-glasses had shown them to be short of cartridges; but they had over a thousand men massed along the ridges and, with courage, could easily take the town.

Bud knew that courage was the one thing lacking. It was the one thing that was always lacking in these Mexican fights. The Mexican bandit takes but little chance when he goes to war.

As for the Mendozas and their Sonoran miners, they were properly chagrined at their waste of ammunition and swore by Santa Guadalupe to fight it out with hand grenades. Even as their leaders wrangled the Mexican powder men were busily manufacturing bombs, and all the while the superintendent was glancing to the south, for swift couriers had been sent to Alvarez, the doughy Spanish hacendado of the hot country, to beg him to come to their relief.

Twice before Alvarez had met the rebels. The first time he spoke them well and they ran off all his horses. The second time he armed his Yaquis and Yaqui Mayo rancheros against them and drove them from his domain, inflicting a sanguinary punishment.

Since then he had been itching to engage them in a pitched battle, and when the word reached him he would come. Two hundred and forty Yaquis, all armed with repeating rifles, would follow at his back, and even with his boasted thousands Bernardo Bravo could hardly withstand their valor. So, while the rebels parleyed, demanding a ransom of millions and threatening to destroy the town, the defenders argued and reasoned with them, hoping to kill the time until Alvarez should arrive.

In the open space in front of the house the refugees gathered in an anxious group, waiting for messengers from the front, and as Hooker walked among them he was aware of the malignant glances of Aragon. There were other glances as well, for he had won great favor with the ladies by ditching the powder train, but none from Gracia or her mother.

Bud would not have admitted that he resented this lack of appreciation on the part of Gracia. In fact he hardly knew that he did resent it, but he watched anxiously for any sign of approval from this girl who was to be his partner's bride should he conduct her safely to the border.

From the beginning the Senora Aragon had treated him as a stranger, according to the code of her class, and Hooker had never attempted to in-



## ONE PHASE OF MARRIED LIFE

Seemingly Unhappiness Most Probably Due to Lack of Something to Talk About.

It is the eternal tote-a-tete of married life that most critics of that blissful condition find fault with. From it spring boredom and dull, sodden silence, assert these cynics. Therefore, a hint for escaping this one depressing quality of marriage should have our best attention.

To illustrate, you will see it frequently on the trolley, when a man and his wife are sitting side by side—it is almost perpetual silence. They have nothing to say to one another. Perhaps the husband will respond with a nod of the head or a hesitating yes or no. It is most always that way. No common interest observed. In fact, it looks as if they were bored. A young man or woman looking on the couple would be apt to say: "O, you married life."

But they are not mad. Let some charming lady acquaintance come in and sit down by the husband and he is

trude. But if Gracia still remembered that she was an American girl at heart, she forgot to show it to him. To all she was now the proud Spanish lady, thrown with the common people by the stress of circumstances, but far away from them in her thoughts.

The conference between the leaders dragged on and messengers came and went with the news—then, after hours of debate, it broke up suddenly in a row and the emissaries came back on the run. Even at that they narrowly escaped, for the rebels opened fire upon them from the ridges, and before they could get back to cover the dandy, Manuel del Rey, received a bullet hole through the crown of his hat.

A grim smile flickered across Bud's face as he saw the damage it had wrought, for he knew that Amigo was in the hills—and a bullet shot down hill goes high! Some trace of what was in his mind must have come to Del Rey as he halted in the shelter of the house, for he regarded the American sternly as Aragon spoke rapidly in his ear. But if they planned vengeance between them the times were not right, for a rattle of arms came from the lower town and the captain was up and away to marshal his men to the defense.

So far in the siege Del Rey had kept under cover, patrolling the streets and plaza and letting the volunteers fight, but now the war had shifted to his territory and his rurales were running like mad. For, matching treachery against deceit, the rebel leaders had sent men around to slip up near the town and at the first fusillade from the hillside they came charging up the creek.

Then it was that the ever-watchful rurales proved their worth. As the rebels appeared in the open they ran to the outlying houses and, fighting from the flat roofs, checked the advance until the miners could come to their aid.

But in the confusion another party of rebels had rushed down the gulch from the west, and while the fight was going on in the lower town they found lodgment in a big adobe house. And now for the first time there was fighting in earnest—the house-to-house fighting that is seen at its worst in Mexico. While women screamed in the casa grande and the Americans paced to and fro on the hill, the boom of a dynamite bomb marked the beginning of hand-to-hand.

If there was to be a casualty list in this long-looked-for battle of Fortuna, the time was at hand when they could begin counting the dead.

With a fearlessness born of long familiarity with explosives the Sonoran miners advanced valiantly with their hand grenades—baking powder cans filled with dynamite and studded with fulminating caps. Digging fiercely through wall after wall they approached unperceived by the enemy and the first bomb, flung from a roof, filled the adobe with wounded and dead.

A dense pall of yellowish smoke rose high above the town and, as bomb after bomb was exploded and the yells of the miners grew louder with each success, the stunned invaders broke from cover and rushed helter-skelter up the gulch. Then there was a prodigious shouting from the Sonorans and more than one triumphant grenadier swung his can of giant powder by the sling and let it smash against the hill in a terrific detonation.

In the big house all was confusion. Soon the cheers of the defenders heralded victory and, in spite of all efforts to restrain them, the wives of the miners rushed into the open to gaze upon the triumph of their menfolk.

On the hilltops the ineffective rebel riflemen rose up from behind their stone wall to stare, until suddenly they, too, were seized with a panic and ran to and fro like ants. Then, around the curve below the concentrator, a tall man came dashing up on a pure white horse, and behind him, charging as he charged, came the swarthy Yaquis of Alvarez, their new rifles gleaming in the sun.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

## DEFENDS POPULAR REMEDIES

Speaker Says Newspapers Should Investigate Merits of Medicines Before Barring Advertisements.

That an organized attempt has been made to blacken the reputation of the popular family remedies of this country, and to mislead the newspaper publishers into rejecting the advertising of such medicines, was the charge made by Carl J. Balliett, of Buffalo, N. Y., at the convention of the Advertising Affiliation at Detroit.

Mr. Balliett is a director of the Proprietary Association of America, which includes in its membership two hundred firms which make the popular prepared medicines of America.

Mr. Balliett pointed out that it is the duty of the newspaper publisher to refuse the advertising of any fake or fraudulent medicine, just as it is his duty to refuse any fake or fraudulent advertising, but it is not right to shut down on all medical advertising because there have been some fakers, any more than it would be right to refuse to publish all department store advertising because certain stores have made a practice of lying about bargain sales.

Disease and death are mysteries. People who are perfectly well are skeptical. They laugh at the time-worn patent medicine jokes, just as they laugh again and again over the many variations of the operation joke—"The operation was a success but the patient died." This so-called humor has perhaps hurt the medicine business with well people, but the hitherto healthy man feels a severe pain or illness, he immediately wants medicine, and will bless the cure whether it be at the hands of a regular doctor, a homeopath, an osteopath, a Christian Scientist or patent medicine. There is nothing more deadly than disease; nothing more honorable than to cure it.

Mr. Balliett refuted the idea sought to be spread about that patent medicines are unpopular by showing that from 1900 to 1912 the amount of prepared medicines consumed in America increased from \$100,000,000 to \$160,000,000 annually. He showed that, although the American Medical Association is trying as an organization to exterminate so-called patent medicines, the family doctor, individually, is not fighting them but prescribing them. He estimated that 40% of the prescriptions written by doctors today include proprietary medicines.

The writings of Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, he said, have also aimed to destroy confidence in proprietary medicines; but that Dr. Wiley's ideas are not infallible is shown by cases where his analyses were entirely wrong. Mr. Balliett mentioned a case where, with all the power of the Government, he fought a preparation as being dangerous to health, and was ingloriously walloped.

There has been spread the idea that a clever faker can mix a few useless ingredients and, by smart advertising, sell tons of it and win sudden wealth; whereas, as a matter of fact, the medicine business is notoriously difficult, and, where there has been one success at it, there have been a hundred failures. Any medicine which has no merit cannot live, because persons who are duped into buying it once will not buy it again, and the profit from advertising a medicine can only come from repeat sales to the same, satisfied people. Therefore, any medicine which has been on the market for a number of years, and is still advertised, must have merit behind it to account for its success.

In conclusion Mr. Balliett declared that no newspaper is doing justice to its readers in the matter of medical or other advertising, unless it investigates, not only the wording of the advertisement offered for publication, but the merits of the article advertised. He pointed out that the few newspapers who have been deluded into the policy of barring out medical advertising have adopted this general policy, rather than to form an investigation bureau of this kind which could, in a constructive and useful effort, investigate and decide what is a good product and what is a fraud, in not only the medicine business, but in every other business which advertises its wares to the public.

The audience seemed to agree with Mr. Balliett's ideas on the subject and the chairman decided the question at issue in his favor.

It takes a capable wife to yank the conceit out of a man.

## Salesmen Wanted

This includes the Ladies

If you know of any parties who may be interested in the purchase of a piano or player piano, write us and we will take their order or tell you how to take it. We will save them money and pay you for your services and you should make a nice little sum for Xmas spending money. The Steingway, Stock, Stuyvesant, Stroud, Wheelock and the famous Weber "Piano" Pianos, and Fischer, Henry F. Miller, Milton, Schumann, Smith & Barnes, Strohler, Sohmer, Werner, the famous Weber and other pianos are sold by us at lowest possible prices and on convenient terms. We promise better value than anyone else. Write us NOW.

The Denver Music Company  
Established Over 30 Years  
1538 Stout St., Denver, Colorado

FORD STARTER

Throw your crank start from the seat with a SANDO TWO-COM- FRESSON STARTER. Differ from all others. Positively guaranteed to start from now on. Write SANDO STARTER CO. 825 Grand St., New York, N. Y.

PATENTS W. W. Allen & Co., Wash. D. C. Sole U. S. Patent Attorneys. Best results.

**AN EPITOME OF  
LATE LIVE NEWS**

**CONDENSED RECORD OF THE  
PROGRESS OF EVENTS AT  
HOME AND ABROAD.**

**FROM ALL SOURCES**

**SAVINGS, DOINGS, ACHIEVE-  
MENTS, SUFFERINGS, HOPES  
AND FEARS OF MANKIND.**

**Western Newspaper Union News Service.  
WESTERN.**

A week of exceptionally warm, clear weather was followed at San Francisco Sunday night by an almost imperceptible earthquake.

Every county in Oregon gave a majority in favor of state-wide prohibition, according to returns available at Portland.

A permanent committee formed for the relief of sufferers in Belgium pledged \$100,000 at its initial meeting in Chicago.

The foot and mouth disease has been discovered in Montana. A carload of cattle was cut out of a train at Glendive and quarantined under orders of government officials.

Deputy State Veterinarian Tillie of Muscatine was called to Parnell, Iowa, where the foot and mouth disease has appeared. Seven farms have been placed under the most strict quarantine. Cattle and hogs are affected by the plague.

The Omaha Bee (Republican) concedes the control of both Houses of the Nebraska Legislature to the Democrats, with a likelihood that, besides the governor, the Democrats have elected secretary of state, treasurer and attorney general.

At Lorain, Ohio, Mrs. W. C. Massey, fifty-five, announced that she was biting her third full set of teeth. Mrs. Massey has disposed of a set of "ore teeth" she had worn for fifteen years.

The United States battleship Texas, A. W. Grant commanding, arrived at Galveston, Tex., for a five-day visit and to receive two silver, one presented by the school children of Texas and the other a contribution of citizens of the state.

Wheat reached the highest price in more than ten years on the exchange at Portland, Ore., Thursday, and indications were that it would go still higher. Top prices were paid for 45,000 bushels, the highest price being \$1.22 for 50,000 bushels of bluestem for January delivery.

Fire that burned fiercely for several hours, swept the Kansas City stockyards and destroyed thirty acres of pens, covering one-third of the cattle section of the yards. The loss, at first estimated at \$750,000, was a little more than \$125,000, according to yard officials.

C. L. Travis, agent for a New York insurance company, was arrested on a forgery charge in Oakland, Cal., on complaint of the Denver branch of a detective agency. Travis is accused of forging a \$50 check on a bank in Colorado Springs. His home is in Camden, Tenn.

**GENERAL.**

The New York Cotton exchange will open for business Nov. 16, if plans under consideration by the board of managers do not go awry.

A street car at Detroit left the tracks and crashed into the side of a house. It was crowded. Seven passengers were taken to hospitals and a number less seriously injured taken home. None will die.

The mails were denied to copies of "The Nude," the painting which won the Potter Palmer prize of \$10,000 at the annual exhibition of American paintings at the Art Institute in Chicago.

The board of governors of the Consolidated Stock exchange of New York, at a meeting, decided to trade in American wheat.

Two boy bandits who held up a saloon and disarmed Detective Henry Swister at Wausau, Wis., when he attempted to capture them surrendered to a posse in the woods near Eland after both had been wounded, one fatally. Neither of the two youths would give his name.

The will of Mrs. Emilie Huber, widow of Otto Huber, the St. Louis brewer, disposing of \$5,000,000 estate to her sons, Joseph and Max, was executed by the testatrix without undue influence on their part, according to the verdict of a jury in the Surrogate's Court in Brooklyn, N. Y.

The entire state of Massachusetts was quarantined because of the presence of the dreaded foot and mouth disease.

The effect of the war in Europe is felt even in the wilds of Peru, according to a report received at the University of Pennsylvania from Dr. William C. Farrabee, leader of the university's Amazon expedition. Dr. Farrabee arrived in Para on Oct. 16 after

David Lamar, indicted in 1913 on a charge of impersonating government officers with intent to defraud, pleaded not guilty in New York to each of three indictments, and was held in \$30,000 bail.

**SPORT.**

Smothering the Aggies by a brilliant attack, Colorado College at Fort Collins, defeated the Farmers, 24 to 13.

The New Mexico Agricultural College eleven defeated the New Mexico Military Institute, 32 to 6, at Las Cruces.

Yale played below form at New Haven, Conn., and the eleven was forced to extend itself to the limit to defeat Brown, 14 to 6.

Tearing Pennsylvania's defense to shreds in the second and third periods, the University of Michigan football eleven won a 34 to 3 victory at Ann Arbor, Mich.

Millard K. Shaler, the American who visited Brussels on behalf of the American commission for the relief of Belgium, returned to London. He stated that conditions in Belgium are even worse than have been described.

Great Britain formally annexed the island of Cyprus in the Mediterranean, which nominally formed a part of the Turkish empire.

Too many stars and too high salaries hurt baseball, declares Charles Somers, vice president of the American league and owner of the Cleveland Club.

**FOREIGN.**

The Hon. Frederick William Lambton, brother of the earl of Durham, and popular in Jockey club circles, is reported among the killed in action by a London dispatch.

A special dispatch to a Rome newspaper says that Count Von Scherwila, a relative of the Kaiser, who was wounded at the battle of the Marne, has died from his wounds.

More than 100 state banking institutions throughout the United States have applied to the Federal Reserve Board for admission to the new banking system.

The American steamer Kroonland has been released by British officials at Gibraltar and will sail, leaving the copper and rubber of her cargo for a verdict of a prize court.

Gen. Juan I. Jimenez, once president of the Dominican republic, but driven by revolution into exile in Porto Rico, apparently was chosen again for the Presidency at last week's elections, according to dispatches to the State Department.

Acting Secretary Lansing promised Senator James of Kentucky to request Great Britain to place tobacco in the same class with cotton and give assurances that shipments in neutral vessels to Germany and Austria will not be interfered with.

**WASHINGTON.**

Astronomers at the naval observatory in Washington trained their big telescopes on the Heavens to observe Mercury, the smallest planet of the sun's satellites, the appearance of which had been awaited with keen interest. The little planet entered upon the sun's disk at 5 a. m., and disappeared four hours later, not to appear again until May, 1924. Its last daylight appearance was in November, 1907.

John Knebel, accused of participating in the management of a policy game, was acquitted in Municipal Court at Pueblo. Magistrate Crossman told Knebel he considered him guilty, but that the evidence presented by the police did not prove it.

More than 7,000 garments will be distributed by the Denver branch of the Needlework Guild of America. The articles were donated by the members of the guild and will be divided among thirty-six charity institutions of Denver.

The provision of the Mann white slave act, which requires persons harboring foreign women of ill repute to file a statement with the federal authorities, has been upheld by the Supreme Court, in the case of Elie Portale and his wife, Juliette Portale, both of Denver.

The body of Lieut. Gen. Adra R. Chaffee, U. S. A., who died recently in California, accompanied by Mrs. Chaffee and other members of the family, arrived in Washington, where funeral services, with full military honors, were held with interment in Arlington national cemetery.

Secretary McAdoo announced that \$80,000,000 of the \$100,000,000, which northern banks are to subscribe to the \$135,000,000 fund, already has been raised and the remainder is assured.

British and French subjects in Turkey may elect to remain or depart, according to a statement made by the Turkish minister of the interior to American Ambassador Morgenthau, who is facilitating departure of subjects of the allied powers in Turkey.

A. H. Nichol, superintendent of the land department of the Canadian Pacific railroad at Vancouver, B. C., was found dead at Port Mellen, on Howe sound, north of Vancouver, with a gun shot wound through the heart.

Maj. Leslie D'Henin Hamilton of the Goldstream Guards and the heir presumptive to Lord Hamilton of Dalzell, it was announced in London, was killed in action on Oct. 25.

The effect of the war on British trade is shown in the figures published by the Board of Trade for the month of October. Imports decreased \$100,850,000 and exports decreased \$90,100,000.

The worst outbreak of foot and mouth disease ever known in the United States is the Department of Agriculture's estimate of the livestock epidemic which has forced federal quarantine over six states and threatens a temporary reduction of the nation's food supply.

**COLORADO IS DRY**

**LATE RETURNS INDICATE ABOUT  
8,000 MAJORITY.**

**Liquor Men's 9,849 Lead in Denver  
Meets As Full County Returns  
Come in From Over the State.**

**Western Newspaper Union News Service.**

Denver, Nov. 10.—Late returns from the state indicate that Colorado is steadily swinging further into the "dry" column, in spite of the majority of 9,849 votes given the "wets" in Denver county.

Estimates based upon partial returns from forty-nine counties in the state, including Denver, show the vote to be: "Dry," 111,649, and "wet," 103,282. A majority of 8,367 for the "drys." The counties yet to be heard from will probably go "dry."

The Denver county total vote on the prohibition amendment was: For, 28,575; against, 38,424; making an anti-prohibition majority of 9,849 in Denver county.

**Prohibition in State.  
(49 out of 63 counties.)**

Counties—	Wet.	Dry.
Adams	652	521
Alamosa	626	792
Arapahoe	789	1,801
Archuleta	565	395
Baca	552	521
Bent	545	1,223
Boulder	3,045	4,743
Chaffee	520	600
Cheyenne	318	497
Conejos	889	723
Costilla	300	425
Crowley	573	970
Custer	231	118
Delta	796	1,823
Denver	38,424	28,575
Dolores	48	43
El Paso	4,417	7,843
Fremont	2,069	3,170
Garfield	1,467	1,854
Gilpin	497	296
Grand	558	274
Huerfano	1,360	1,003
Jackson	200	200
Jefferson	2,490	2,208
Kit Carson	602	929
Lake	2,378	1,119
La Plata	591	561
Larimer	1,659	2,898
Las Animas	4,682	1,898
Lincoln	754	1,123
Logan	725	1,989
Moffat	1,385	2,103
Morano	80	96
Montrose	864	1,972
Morgan	823	1,478
Otero	1,726	4,283
Ouray	286	236
Park	295	136
Phillips	222	137
Prowers	1,821	721
Pueblo	7,347	7,486
Rio Blanco	416	353
Rio Grande	55	1,458
Routt	389	410
San Juan	639	312
Sedgewick	919	548
Summit	390	485
Teller	489	226
Washington	2,614	2,805
Weld	580	8,007
Yuma	2,925	5,844
Totals	103,282	111,649



**Senator Chas. S. Thomas.**

**Independent Wins in Alaska.**  
Juneau, Alaska.—James Wickesham, running as an independent candidate, was re-elected delegate to Congress from Alaska by a plurality of less than 1,000 votes over Charles E. Bunnell, Democrat, and John Brooks, Socialist.

**Drys Carry Washington by 12,000.**  
Seattle, Wash.—With only 200 small precincts unreported, the vote on the prohibition amendment stands: For, 169,497; against, 157,029; prohibition majority, 12,468. The majority of Senator Wesley L. Jones, Republican, will be slightly over 35,000. The Republican majority in the new Legislature will be even larger than in the present body. Few Progressive members were re-elected.

**Cummins' Plurality in Iowa Is 42,348.**  
Des Moines.—Complete unofficial returns from every county in the state placed the plurality of Senator Albert B. Cummins (Rep.) over Maurice Connolly (Dem.) at 42,348. Cummins received 205,481 and Connolly 163,133. Complete returns give Clarke (Rep.) for governor a plurality of 25,751 over John T. Hamilton (Dem.). Clarke's vote was 203,620 and Hamilton's 177,800.

**Austria Forbids Mourning.**  
Vienna.—Mourning for those in action in the war has been forbidden by a special imperial decree.

**Hernandez Elected Congressman.**  
Albuquerque, Nov. 7.—The election of B. C. Hernandez, Republican, over Congressman H. B. Fergusson, Democrat, is conceded. While returns from precincts that cannot be reached by telephone or telegraph wires will be missing for several days, both parties concede they will not change the results. Partial returns give Hernandez 6,528 and Fergusson 4,355. Republicans claim the election of Hernandez by 4,000. The Republicans control the legislature.

**Put That Pain to Use**

The network of nerves in your body, like the network of wires in a burglar alarm system, gives quick warning when anything is going wrong inside. Looking at it in this way a pain is a useful alarm. Now, kidney weakness is a dangerous thing—a condition not to be neglected—and it is wise to know and pay attention to the early alarm signals of sick kidneys. Backache is a common warning of congestion or inflammation in the kidneys. It may be dull, nagging pain, or a sharp twinge when stooping or lifting. There are likely to be disorders of urination, dizziness, headaches, and drowsy, despondent, tired feelings. It is very hard to strengthen weak kidneys at first, but neglect invites rheumatic or neuralgic attacks, gravel, dropsy, and fatal Bright's disease. As a special medicine for weak kidneys Doan's Kidney Pills have been used for years all over the civilized world, and surely are considered reliable. The patient can always help the medicine immensely, however, by dieting lightly, using little or no liquor, tea or coffee, keeping regular hours and drinking lots of pure water.



As to Doan's Kidney Pills, read the following enthusiastic endorsement by one who has tested them.

**LAI D UP TWO YEARS  
Colorado Man in Bad Shape with  
Kidney Ills**

Louis Johnson, engineer, 457 Third Ave., Durango, Colo., says: "When kidney trouble came on me my health began to fail and I went down fast. I came very near having congestion of the kidneys and I was laid off from work for two years. The doctor's medicine was so strong that it made me worse instead of better. The pain in my kidneys and bladder was intense and the secretions from my kidneys were in awful shape. My back was so painful and lame that I couldn't stoop and I couldn't lift the lightest weight. My strength seemed to give out all of a sudden and I was almost helpless. At night the kidney secretions passed far too often and some nights I had to get up so much that I wasn't able to get any sleep. I was in terrible shape and didn't know what to do until I heard about Doan's Kidney Pills. I procured a supply and they brought me so much benefit from the first that I kept on taking them. My back got stronger than it had been for years, the pain left me, the kidney secretions were cleared up and the passages regulated. Doan's Kidney Pills alone brought about this wonderful improvement and they will always have my strongest endorsement. I still take Doan's Kidney Pills off and on and they keep my kidneys in good working order."

"When Your Back is Lame—Remember the Name"  
**DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS**  
Solely by all Dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., Proprietors

**OBJECTION PLACED ON AGE**

**But Young Lady's Idea Was Altogether  
Different From What Corporal  
Had Feared.**

"What pensions, what millions and billions in pensions, this horrible war is going to entail," said Major Fitzgerald of Boston. He added: "And some of these pensions will go on longer than they should, because some of the pensioners in their old age will marry young girls—for an old pensioner makes a good part, since his pension, you know, falls on his death to his widow." "I heard the other day about an old Civil War pensioner who proposed to the hired girl next door, a very pretty girl of twenty or so. But she refused him." "Perhaps," he stammered then, stroking in his embarrassment his long and snow-white beard, "perhaps I am too old."

Preparing for Eventualities.  
Shortly after the declaration of war in Germany, the cashier of the largest bank in Berlin received from a stranger the following letter, postmarked Dresden:

"Dear Sir: A few weeks ago, while in Berlin on my vacation, I found myself temporarily in need of money and pawned my diamond ring. I enclose the pawn ticket to you, asking that you redeem the ring, sell it for what you can and turn the proceeds over to the Red Cross fund. It may be that I shall have no further use for jewels."

**A Reformer.**  
"Twobble is noted for his passionate striving after perfection." "I must say that's a commendable trait." "In some cases, yes, but Twobble spends all his time trying to achieve it in other people."

**Human Nature.**  
"Now, Ethel, Howard says he's sorry he broke your doll, so I want you to forgive him." "I'd feel more like forgiv'g him, mother, if I could swat him one first." —Life.

There are few really great men on earth, but there are a lot of others who are willing to admit their greatness.

**A REBELLION  
Food Demanded.**

The human body will stand a lot of abuse, but sometime it will surely rebel and demand proper food in place of the pasty, starchy, greasy stuffs on which it has been made sick. Then is the time to try Grape-Nuts, the most scientific and perfect food on the world. A lady of Washington says: "Three years ago I was very ill with catarrh of the stomach and was given up to die by one doctor. I laid in bed four months and my stomach was so weak that I could not keep down medicine or hardly any kind of food and was so weak and emaciated after four months of this starvation that my daughter could easily lift me from bed and put me in my chair." "But weak as my stomach was, it accepted, relished and digested Grape-Nuts without any difficulty the first time that wonderful food was tried." "I am now strong and in better health than for a great many years and am gradually growing still stronger. I rely on Grape-Nuts for much of the nourishment that I get. The results have certainly been wonderful in my case and prove that no stomach is so weak it will not digest Grape-Nuts." "My baby got fat from feeding on Grape-Nuts. I was afraid I would have to stop giving the food to him, but I guess it is a healthy fat, for his health is just perfect." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Look in pkgs. for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville." "There's a Reason." Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

**Accuracy First.**

Far down in the basement is a machine of particular interest to astronomers and scientists. It is the celebrated dividing engine, which makes it possible, to the delight of mathematicians, to divide a circle accurately, even to within one second of arc—surpassing the records of all previous dividing engines. This degree of accuracy was accomplished after years of experiments in a room heated to 80 degrees, or as near as practicable to the heat of the body of the operator, for even a breath might interfere with the tiny scratches on the silver bands of the revolving disk.—An Afternoon with Ambrose Swasey, by Joe Mitchell Chapple, in National Magazine.

**Too Good.**  
REGGY—Sweet Arline, will you be mine?  
Sweet Arline—Before I answer your question let me ask you one. Do you swear when you lose your collar stud?  
Reggy—Never!  
Sweet Arline—Then it cannot be. I cannot marry a man who has no spirit.

**Generally.**  
"Where was that big sea fight of which you were speaking?"  
"On the front page, I think, my dear."

Makes the laundress happy—that's Red Cross Bag Blue. Makes beautiful, clear white clothes. All good grocers. Adv.

The girl who steals a man's heart is liable to get a life sentence at hard labor.

**A GOOD COMPLEXION  
GUARANTEED. USE ZONA POMADE**

the beauty powder compressed with healing agents, you will never be annoyed by pimples, blackheads or facial blemishes. If not satisfied after thirty days' trial your dealer will exchange for 50c in other goods. Zona has satisfied for twenty years—try it at our risk. At dealers or mailed, 50c. **ZONA COMPANY, WICHITA, KANSAS.**

**BLACK  
LEG  
LOSSES SURELY PREVENTED**

by Cutter's Bleeding Pills. Lumpy, raised, itchy, swollen, or burning sores, or where other vaccines fail. Write for booklet and testimonials. 16-dose size, Bleeding Pills \$1.00. 50-dose size, Bleeding Pills \$3.00. The 50-dose bottles of Cutter's are due to over 10 years of specializing in vasoline and searsa oil. Send for Cutter's. It's irrefragable, order direct. **THE CUTLER LABORATORY, Berkeley, California.**

**Don't Persecute  
Your Bowels**

Cut out cathartics and purgatives. They are brutal, harsh, unnecessary. Try **CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS**. Purely vegetable. Act gently on the liver, eliminate bile, and soothe the delicate membrane of the bowel. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache and indigestion, as millions know. **SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.** Genuine must bear Signature *Brent Wood*. **W. N. U., DENVER, NO. 46-1914.**

**Weak Heart**

Many people suffer from weak hearts. They may experience shortness of breath on exertion, pain over the heart, or dizzy feelings, oppressed breathing after meals or their eyes become blurred, the heart is not sufficiently strong to pump blood to the extremities, and they have cold hands and feet, or poor appetite because of weakened blood supply to the stomach. A heart tonic and alterative should be taken which has no bad after-effect. Such is

**Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery**

which contains no dangerous narcotics or alcohol. It helps the human system in the constant manufacture of rich, red blood. It helps the stomach to assimilate or take up the proper elements from the food, thereby helping digestion and curing dyspepsia, heart-burn and many uncomfortable symptoms, stops excessive tissue waste in convalescence from fevers; for the run-down, anemic, thin-blooded people, the "Discovery" is refreshing and vitalizing. In liquid or tablet form at most drug stores or send 50c per stamp for trial box to Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y.

**Rheumatism  
Muscle Colds**

"It is easy to use and quick to respond. No work. Just apply. It penetrates without rubbing." **Read What Others Say:**  
"Have used your Liniment very successfully in a case of rheumatism, and always have a bottle on hand in case of a cold or sore throat. I wish to say I think it one of the best of household remedies. I would not have used it only it was recommended to me by a friend of mine who, I wish to say, is one of the best boosters for your Liniment I ever saw."—J. W. Fuller, Denver, Col.  
"Just a line in praise of Sloan's Liniment. I have been ill nearly fourteen weeks with rheumatism, have been treated by doctors who did their best. I had not slept for the terrible pain for several nights, when my wife got me a small bottle of the Liniment and three applications gave me relief so that I could sleep."—Joseph Tomblin, 818 Commerce Street, McKeesport, Pa.



**SLOAN'S  
LINIMENT**  
Good for Neuralgia, Sciatica, Sprains and Bruises. All Dealers 25c. Send four cents in stamps for a free TRIAL BOTTLE. **DR. EARL S. SLOAN, Inc. Dept. B Philadelphia, Pa.**

# For Health and Comfort

Your doctor will tell you to protect yourself against winter ailments by wearing substantial, absorbent underwear. We will show you how to do it without being bothered by the desire to scratch or the bunching of the garments.

Whether you prefer union suits or two-piece suits, cotton, wool or wool mixtures, we have your size at *your price*. The range of varieties now in stock assures your being satisfied in every respect *at once*.

## THE CRITERION

WE GIVE TRADING STAMPS

### Ladies Bazaar.

The ladies of the Christain Church will give their annual Bazaar Nov. 28th in the corner room of the Freeman Block. The "seven age" feature will interest you. Many useful articles will be on sale at modest prices, and good cheer and fellowship will be on hand.

### Corrington College.

Tuesday evening, Nov. 24th the Dramatic Club of Corrington College will present "Phyllis Inheritance" a bright sparkling three act comedy. The cast of characters insures an evening of splendid entertainment.

The tickets on sale at Mann's Drug store are at a price within the reach of all—High school and College pupils 15 cents, general public 20 cents, reserved seats 25 cents. The proceeds go to the College which merits the enthusiastic support of the Artesia public.

### Mrs. E. B. Kemp.

The "Silent Reaper" has once more pressed the heavy hand of affliction upon our town and taken Mrs. E. B. Kemp from our midst. The walks of life know her no more. She had been suffering from extreme nervousness for several weeks and had gone to Missouri for rest and treatment but passed away a few days after her arrival.

Mrs. Kemp was not an ordinary woman in any sense of the word. Hers was a character that to be known once was never to be forgotten. She was a vital force toward the betterment of the community, and loved this country and its people. For two years she was President of the Woman's Club and had accomplished much good in this work. Men and women gained help and courage from her every day helpfulness and charity, and little children found happiness at her side, as was shown by her beautiful work and interest in the Children's Fair and thru her untiring zeal and sympathy made it the success it was.

Nannie Ross Kemp was born 43 years ago in Missouri. She came to Artesia with

her brother Dr. Ross nine years ago and was married to Mr. E. B. Kemp five years later. She was a devout member of the Christain Church, and from this circle will be especially missed.

Mrs. Kemp leaves a husband and two brothers and to them in behalf of a sorrowing community the Advocate extends sincere condolence.

### Card of Thanks.

It is with deep gratitude that we express our appreciation of the kind assistance rendered by our friends and neighbors during the illness and death of our dear father.

May God bless each of you.  
Lillian McMill  
A. C. Bishop  
B. A. Bishop  
J. P. Bishop  
Ora Bishop  
Margaret Bishop.

### Local News.

Mrs. Brookes entertained at luncheon on Wednesday. Covers were laid for Mesdames. Helmig, Keinath and McNatt.

Mr. and Mrs. Cauhope of Roswell were house guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Yates Monday. Mrs. Cauhope will be remembered as Miss Francis Gutherie of Mexico, Mo. who visited Mrs. J. R. Yates and Mrs. C. W. Williams, two years ago.

J. A. Perkins who has been visiting other parts for several months has returned to Artesia to stay.

William Sprout has returned to Artesia, he left last spring "permanently" he thought but found no other place as good—its the same old story.

Mr. C. P. Bishop, of El Paso who was called to Artesia by the illness and death of his father, Mr. E. S. Bishop left Wednesday for his home. He was accompanied by his sister Miss Ora Bishop.

Mrs. Joe Wertheim expects her parents Mr. and Mrs. S. Vorenberg of Wagon Mound, N. M. next week to spend Thanksgiving. Mrs. Vorenberg will probably stay a month.

Mr. Vorenberg is an old timer in New Mexico having lived in wagon Mound and other places in the north part of the state for over 30 years. He is in the mercantile and cattle business.

A hunting party composed of E. C. Higgins, "Little" Hig, E. N. Requa, and Judge McCrary spent Wednesday in the open and tried to exterminate the quails, having killed 60. Having something of a reputation for veracity we refrain from mentioning the number of rabbits. Go to the principals for that information.

George R. Ray and family have this week moved to Roswell, where they will reside in the future. They were among the first settlers of Artesia, coming here when the town was new. Mr. Ray was pastor of the Methodist church in 1904. The family will be greatly missed in church and social circles.

Mr. Herman Wertheim, a brother of Joe, is expected to arrive in Artesia about the 1st of December to make this his future home. He will work in the Criterion. His former home was in Bernalillo, N. M. where he worked for a big mercantile establishment.

### Buster Bowman Arrested.

The friends of Buster Bowman were very much surprised last week to learn of his arrest on a warrant issued from Chaves County, charging him with being implicated in the theft of several head of mules. He was carried to Roswell where he made bond for his release, and the hearing of his case was set for November 25th. Other arrests have also been made tending to connect others with the alleged stealing.

The mules which were stolen or strayed from the Smith & Hanger ranch some weeks ago were the property of Mr. Thomas who lives on the ranch. Some of these mules were identified at Roswell, and it is charged that Bowman sold the mules to Roswell parties.

Buster Bowman has done a great deal of buying and selling of stock and has always

enjoyed a good reputation in this vicinity and it is to be hoped that he can show that he is clear of any wrong doing in this transaction.

## THE MAJESTIC HAS NEW OWNER

Mr. Arthur Franklin has purchased the Majestic Theatre from Mr. Chamberlain and is now running this popular place of amusement.


Mr. Franklin has made his home at Roswell for some time and likes the Valley. He will not be a stranger in Artesia, and will soon be at home with Artesia people.

The Majestic will show the best there is in moving pictures and we predict for Mr. Franklin and his son who will soon arrive here, a very satisfactory patronage.

Attend the meeting of swine growers at the Majestic to-morrow afternoon.

—OUR—  
**OPTICAL DEPT.**

When in Doubt Regarding Your Sight Consult Us at Once



Is in a position to give you accurate lens fitting

**Edward Stone**  
Qualified Optometries

Assist Your Vision and it Will Assist You

Increase the volume of your business by advertising in the Advocate.



They can't get too close for the Remington Club

**REMINGTON UMC**

Scatter Load SHOT SHELLS

When they're apt to get up close, slip in a **Remington-UMC** Scatterload—and make your choke bore gun good in brush or thicket.

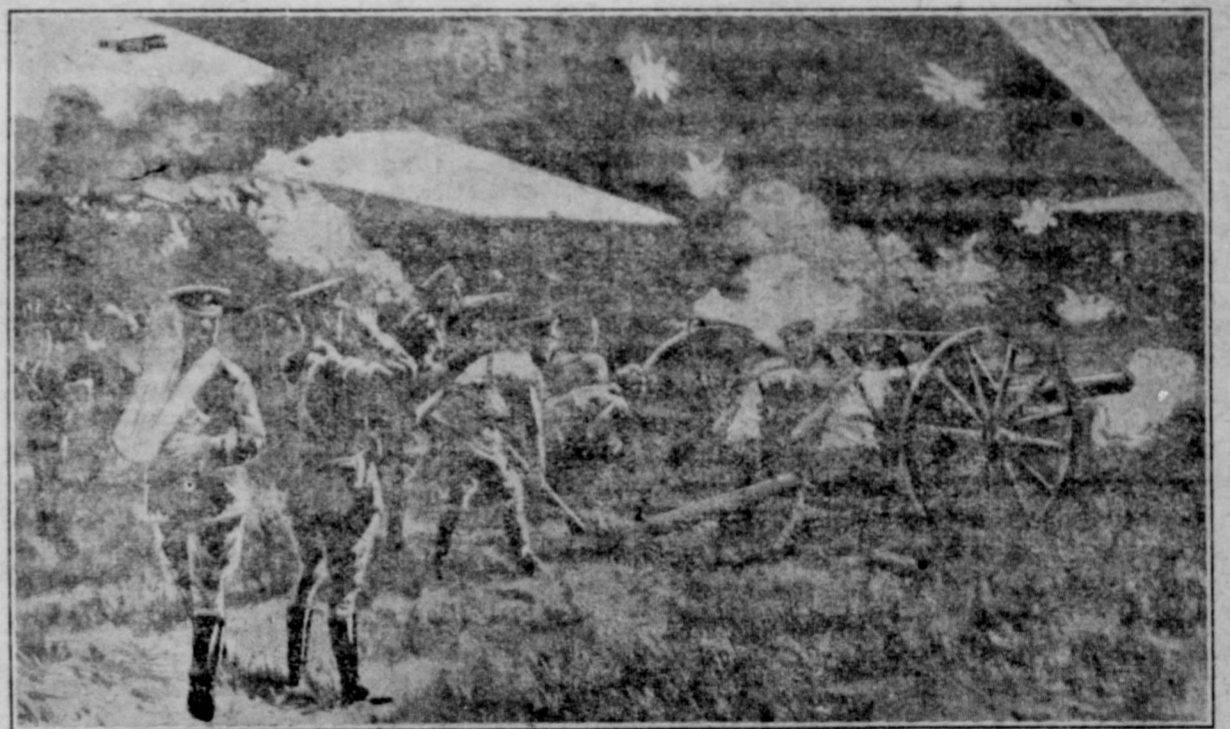
Arrow and Nitro Club steel lined scatterload shot shells open up your pattern so evenly that your bird can neither get too much nor too little.

A special system of wadding gives at 25 yds. a spread equal to that of a standard shell at 40 yds. and with greater penetration.

The steel lining gives the speed plus perfect pattern. Get a box to-day. Your local dealer has them. Try them on a paper target with your old duck gun.



Remington Arms-Union Metallic Cartridge Co.  
299 Broadway New York City



## THE WASTE OF WAR

The war that now engulfs Europe is only a preface to the story of sorrow and desolation that will follow.

The lives that are lost, the cities that are destroyed and the resources that are wasted will have their greatest effect upon future generations.

Until the last chapter is reached there will be a story of stagnant industries, desolate homes, barren fields and fatherless children.

While their great conflict of waste is being waged we Americans are fighting the Battles of Peace.

An army of 150,000 men and women enlisted in the ranks of the Bell System serves the telephone wants of the American public.

Over 6000 of these people work right here in the seven mountain states every day in the year.

**The Mountain States Telephone & Telegraph Co.**

"The Corporation Different."



# The Artesia Advocate.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1914.

ARTESIA, NEW MEXICO.

VOL. 12 NO. 13

## First National Bank

Artesia, New Mexico.

With ample capital, modern equipment and a weathered desire to render helpful financial service, we are in position to give the people of this town and community the best there is in banking. We invite you to feel at home with us. ABSOLUTE SAFETY is the best thing we have to offer.

## Thanksgiving SALE

Table Linens, Napkins and Fancy Towels for one week

\$2.00 table linen	\$1.65	\$1.00 table linen	.85
\$1.50 table linen	\$1.25	.75 table linen	.60
\$1.25 table linen	\$1.05	.60 table linen	.45



## Take Advantage of This Corset Sale

We have a lot of 50 Corsets in Stock all Winter Weights, in the La Resto and Spiro Bone makes.

To Offer This Week At 1-2 Price

Joyce-Pruit Co.

## EDDY COUNTY SWINE BREEDERS ASSOCIATION

At a meeting of farmers held in Artesia Saturday the Eddy County Swine Breeder's Association was organized. The representation at this meeting was small, there being less than twenty persons present, but it was evident that those who attended realized the necessity of organization to promote this industry, for every man readily offered his name as a member and contributed one dollar each as membership fee.

Mr. Trotter was selected as chairman and W. F. Hollomon secretary and treasurer of the permanent organization. The Chairman appointed each and every member a committee of one to solicit others to become members and to urge them to attend the meeting to be held in Artesia next Saturday afternoon, at which time matters of general interest to the swine growers will be taken up, and the organization work of the association carried forward. A large attendance is expected.

The object of the organization has for its main purpose at this time the stamping out of hog cholera in this valley. To obtain aid from the government it is necessary to effect an organization, as the government only co-operates with or through the duly organized associations in the different communities.

The raising of hogs in this vicinity had progressed with such marked success during the past two years until several thousand head existed, and the shipping by car loads had become frequent. Hog cholera had never visited this section, not at least since there had been any hogs here to get sick, and farmers had come to believe their hogs were exempt from the disease in this section. But the recent experiences in some localities, where the entire herds were almost exterminated by the disease, has proven that hogs can have the disease here, and measures to prevent its outbreak and spread must be taken here the same as in other states.

Now, there is one fact that every hog raiser must come to realize, if they have not already done so, and that is that hogs cannot be raised and shipped from this valley with fair profit to the owner if cholera exists among the herds in any portion of the valley. The report goes abroad that cholera exists in the Pecos Valley and buyers will not come and buy where the disease prevails. So, every hog raiser must see and realize the necessity of his coming into the organization and co-operating with his neighbors in an effort to stamp out and prevent a recurrence of the disease.

All swine growers are urged to come to the meeting next Saturday. There are many advantages and benefits to be derived from a united and concerted effort among all the hog raisers in this vicinity, and just at this particular time it is very important that the enterprise have all the encouragement that may be available. We believe the raising of hogs in the

## BROWN OIL WELL WILL BE PUMPED

Well Known Firm of Drillers Have Leased the Property.

R. J. Bigelow and Son have leased the Brown well from the owner, Mr. Chas. S. Brown, and will begin pumping the well again in a very short time. They will remove their families to the property from the Oil City works where they have been employed for the past several months.

It is understood that they have secured a lease on the well for one year and will have entire management of the property during that time, giving the owner of the well one-fourth of the oil produced. The Bigelows have already contracted to supply the Oriental Cement-Plaster Company with oil for their factory at Oriental, which is situated on the Santa Fe railroad, fourteen miles south of the well. This plant uses about 21 barrels of crude oil per day from the Brown well, while the quantity required from the Kansas oil fields is slightly greater, as the oil from the local field burns with greater heat. The oil is used to produce steam in the boilers for power. Heretofore, when the well was pumped the company used oil for fuel, and they are glad to be able to renew contract for it again. The fuel is loaded in tank wagons direct from the well to the storage tank at the cement factory.

The Bigelows will draw out the 6-in casing that has been used to pack off the water, and will put down a 4 and 1-2 inch line and use cement to shut off the water instead of a rubber packer as heretofore used. In view of the fact that Mr. R. J. Bigelow is a driller of many years experience, having had extensive practical work in Pennsylvania and other oil fields, and being familiar with the formations in this field, it is gratifying to know that he has sufficient confidence in the Brown well to take the property and operate it, depending entirely upon the oil produced from the well for remuneration for labor and expenditures necessary to operate it.

It will be remembered that the Pecos Valley Oil & Gas Co. which held a lease or contract on this property and operated the well, was placed in the hands of a receiver and the affairs of the company adjusted by the court, and since the company has become defunct

Pecos Valley will soon become one of the greatest revenue producing enterprises of the valley. It has been demonstrated that they can be raised in the valley with profit, and it is believed that in this dry climate with its almost continuous sunshine, the hog should be more easily kept free from disease than in other climates where these advantages do not exist.

The following persons were enrolled as members: O. M. Trotter, W. F. Hollomon, B. H. McFadden, E. F. Wilkins, George Frisch, C. A. Call, S. Ramey, W. T. Gisser, Brainard Bros., Wm. Parks, Sperry & Lukins, H. L. Muncy, P. T. Schroeder, C. O. Kroeger, Albright Brothers.

## PREPARE TO OBSERVE THANKSGIVING DAY

To do this you must have the biggest and best dinner of the whole year. We will have everything you need and it will be fresh. Let your meal equal your ability as a cook.

## Saturday Special

For November 21, 1914.  
12 pound sack Graham Flour . . 40c  
This is the cold weather kind

Joyce-Pruit Company

—When in doubt call 46—

the leases held by it have reverted to the owners.

It is our belief that the oil field will be developed and we are confident that the Brown well will be operated with profit under the new management.

## SARA RUTH BATES

And Company of Supporting Artists, the Third Number of the Lyceum Course.

Artesia, November 27th.

Miss Sara Ruth Bates and her company of supporting artists are offered for the third number of the High School Lyceum Course. They are adding this year to their already varied program Cello Solos and a Sketch. Their present program consists of Readings, Vocal Solos, Cello Solos, Violin Solos, Instrumental Trios, Lady Quartet, Costume Songs and a Sketch. Friday, November 27th, eight o'clock, at Corrington College.

Tickets go on sale at Mann's, Wednesday. Single tickets for this number are 35 and 25 cts.

This most excellent company is stronger and better than ever and will present a snappy new program sure to please.

This promises to be one of the best numbers of the course.

Nothing but praise for the young ladies is heard on every hand. The entertainment was the best of its kind ever given here.—Friday Harbor, Washington.

## New Settlers Coming in From Oklahoma to East New Mexico.

Portales, N. M., Nov. 14.—The country in the vicinity of Canton and to the eastward is rapidly being taken up and scarcely any remains subject to entry, according to Albert Finch, a well driller from that vicinity.

These new settlers are coming mostly from Oklahoma and each one has from 10 to 100 head of cattle. These new settlers are profiting by the experience of the early settlers in the dry parts of this country, many of whom tried to make a living without any cattle.

## Boy Loses Eye When Target Rifle Explodes

Carlsbad, N. M., Nov. 16.—Michel, the thirteen-year-old

son of Mr. and Mrs. Claude Birtroug, who reside 25 miles southwest of the foothills, met with a peculiar accident at his home. The boy found a shotgun shell, which some hunters had dropped near his home, and which he emptied, putting the entire charge in a little target gun. Upon firing it, the gun exploded, the hammer and lever striking the boy in the right eye. He was brought to town and taken to the office of Dr. Lackey, who turned the case over to Dr. M. Friedman, the specialist. The eye was removed. The boy is now resting well at the Anderson sanatorium.

## Law Firm to Carlsbad.

Just as we go to press we are informed that our popular firm of lawyers, Messrs Osburn and Robinson will soon remove to Carlsbad where they will continue the practice of law. They have secured offices in the Tansil building south-west of the Court house.

## E. S. Bishop Passes Away.

Mr. E. S. Bishop passed away here Monday morning. The funeral was held at the Baptist church Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock, the services being conducted by Rev. J. C. Gage of Hope, assisted by Rev. Palmer of the Christian church. Interment in Woodbine Cemetery.

Mr. Bishop was a Virginian by birth, but has lived in Artesia for the past eight years. He was an ex-confederate soldier having joined the patriots at the first call and participated in some of the most decisive battles to the end of the war. He was an honest upright Christian gentleman and enjoyed respect and esteem of all who were fortunate enough to know him.

To his sorrowing children the Advocate extends sincere condolence, and would point them for perfect consolation to Him in whom Mr. Bishop exercised an abiding faith.

## Artesia Realty

Artesia, N. M.

We want to list your property for sale or exchange. A specialty made changes. We work with men in New Mexico, Colorado, Texas, Iowa, Nebraska, Arkansas, Missouri, Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Pennsylvania, and please you.

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Artesia...  
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# The Land of Broken Promises

A Stirring Story  
of the Mexican  
Revolution

By DANE COOLIDGE  
Author of  
"The Fighting Fool"  
"Hidden Waters"  
"The Texican," Etc.  
Illustrations by Don J. Lavin

(Copyright, 1914, by Frank A. Munsey)

## CHAPTER XXIII—Continued.

"Now she strikes it!" he announced, as the rumble turned into a roar; but the roar grew louder, there was a crash as the trucks struck a curve, and then a great metal ore-car swung round the point, rode up high as it hit the reverse and, speeding by as if shot from a catapult, swept through the yard; smashed into a freight car, and leaped, car and all, into the creek. "They've sneaked my derailer!" said the roadmaster, starting on a run for the shops. "He'll go with me to put in another one? Or we'll loosen a rail on the curve—that'll call for no more than a clawbar and a wrench!"

"I'll go!" volunteered Bud and the man who stood guard, and as startled sleepers roused up on every side and ran toward the scene of the wreck they dashed down the hill together and threw a handcar on the track.

Then, with what tools they could get together, and a spare derailer on the front, they pumped madly up the canyon, holding their breaths at every curve for fear of what they might see. If there was one runaway car there was another, for the rebels were beginning an attack.

Already on the ridges above them they could hear the crack of rifles, and a jet or two of dust made it evident that they were the mark. But with three strong men at the handles they made the handcar jump. The low hills fled behind them. They rounded a point and the open track lay before them, with something—

"Jump!" shouted the roadmaster, and as they tumbled down the bank they heard a crash behind them and their handcar was knocked into kindling wood.

It was a close call for all three men, and there had been but an instant between them and death, a death by the most approved fighting methods of the revolutionists, methods which kept the fighters out of harm's way.

"Now up to the track!" the roadmaster panted, as the destroyer swept on down the line. "Find some tools—we'll take out a rail!"

With frantic eagerness he toiled up the hill and attacked a fish-plate, and Bud and the young guard searched the hillside for tools to help with the work. They fell to with sledge and clawbar, tapping off nuts, jerking out spikes, and heaving to loosen the rail—and then once more that swift-moving something loomed up suddenly on the track.

"Up the hill!" commanded the roadmaster, and as they scrambled into a gulch a wild locomotive, belching smoke and steam like a fire engine, went rushing past them, struck the loose rail, and leaped into the creek bed. A moment later, as it crashed its way down to the water, there was an explosion that shook the hills. They

Every Sign of War But the Dead.



crouched behind the cut bank, and the trees above them bowed suddenly to the lash of an iron hail. "Dynamite!" cried the roadmaster, triumphantly as he looked at the shock; and when the fall of the derailer had ceased, and they had been by instinct from the place, he dashed back to the narrow escape at the big house, with giving thanks for their deliverance. He raised a single voice of warning, the sound he named had not been repeated, but the crash that smote the ears of the listeners.

"Dynamite!" he yelled, "damned! It was No. 9, a distillery! She she blew up!"

of bullets them all to those who

would listen and clamored that it was the train.

But there was scant time to hold a post-mortem on No. 9, for on the summit of a near-by ridge, and overlooking the black tank, the rebels had thrown up a wall in the night, and from the security of this shelter they were industriously shooting up the town.

The smash of the first wild car had been their signal for attack, and as the explosion threw the defenders into confusion they made a rush to take the tank. Here, as on the day before, was stationed the federal garrison, a scant twenty or thirty men in charge of a boy lieutenant.

Being practically out of ammunition he did not stand on the order of his going, but as his pelones pelted past the superintendent's house the reorganized miners, their belts stuffed with cartridges from their own private stock, came charging up from the town and rallied them in the rear.

Trained by American leaders they were the only real fighting force to be depended upon unless the Americans themselves should take a hand in the game, and that they could not do without the possibility of serious international consequences, a chance they could not take except as a last resort to save the women and children and themselves.

In a solid, shouting mass they swept up the hill together, dropped down behind the defenses, and checked the ascended rebels with a volley. Then there was another long-range battle, with every sign of war but the dead, until at last, as the firing slackened from the lack of cartridges, a white flag showed on the ridge above, and the leaders went out for a parley—one of those parleys so characteristic of Mexican revolutions, and which in reality mean so little, for both sides know that the words uttered are meaningless, and should one of them ever result in a surrender the terms of that surrender would not be regarded, once the victims were in the hands of the victors.

Properly speaking, Del Rey was in command of the town, but neither the federal nor the miners would recognize his authority and the leadership went by default. While they waited to hear the rebel demands the Americans took advantage of the truce to bring up hot food from the hotel, where Don Juan de Dios stood heroically at his post. Let bullets come and go, Don Juan kept his cooks about him, and to those who had doubted his valor his coffee was answer enough.

"Wy, my gracious, Mr. Hooker," he called, as Bud refreshed himself between trips, "ain't you going to take any up to those women? Don't drink so much coffee now, but give it to the men who fight!"

"Ump-um," grunted Bud with a grin; "they got a skiful of mescal already! What they need is another carload of ammunition to help 'em shoot their first rebel."

"I thought you said they wouldn't fight!" twittered Don Juan. "This is the battle of Fortuna that I was telling you about last week."

"Sure!" answered Bud, "and over there is the dead!"

He pointed to a riot of mescal bottles that marked the scene of the night's potatoes, and Don Juan gave him up as hopeless.

"A pile of bottles usually represent the casualty list in a Mexican fight," added Bud as Don Juan moved away. But, just as he would, Bud saw that the situation was serious, for the foolhardy Sonorans had already emptied their cartridge-belts, and their guns were no better than clubs. Unless the rebels had been equally reckless with their ammunition they had the town at their mercy, and the first thing that they would demand would be the refugees in the big house.

Before that could be permitted the Americans would probably take a hand in the fight, for, while the great majority of the women in the house were Mexican, there were a few Americans, and they would be protected regardless of international complications. But Gracia Aragon was not an American, and she could not claim the protection of these countrymen of his.

The possession of the town; the arms of the defenders; food, clothing and horses to ride—none of these would satisfy them. They would demand the rich Spanish landowners to be held for ransom, the women first of all. And of all those women huddled up in the casa grande not one would bring a bigger ransom than Gracia Aragon.

Bud pondered upon the outcome as the emissaries wrangled on the hillside, and then he went back to the corral to make sure that his horse was safe. Copper Bottom, too, might be held for ransom. But, knowing the rebels as he did, Hooker foresaw a different fate, and rather than see him become the mount of some rebel chieftain he had determined, if the town surrendered, to make a dash.

Riding by night and hiding in the hills by day he could get to the border in two days. All he needed was a little jerked beef for the trip and he would be ready for anything.

So he hurried down to the hotel again and was just making a sack of food fast to his saddle when he heard a noise behind him and turned to face Aragon. For two days the once-haughty Don Cipriano had slunk about like a sick cat, but now he was headed for Gracia's big room, and the look in his eyes betrayed his purpose.

"Where you going?" demanded Hooker in English, and at the gruff challenge the Spaniard stopped in his tracks. The old, hunted look came back into his eyes, he seemed to shrink before the stern gaze of the Texan, and, as the memory of his past misdeeds came over him, he turned as if to flee.

But there was a smile, an amused and tolerant smirk, about the American's mouth, and even for that look of understanding the harried hacien-dado seemed to thank him. He was broken now, thrown down from his pedestal of arrogance and conceit, and as Hooker did not offer to shoot him at sight he turned back to him like a lost dog that seeks but a kind word.

Bud knew that Aragon was entirely at his mercy, that fear had clutched the once arrogant Spaniard by the throat, and it was almost worth the anxiety he felt for this man's daughter to see the father cowed. Aragon



"I'm Going to Get Those Papers!"

crawled closer to Bud as if for the protection he could not get from his own people.

"Ah, señor!" he whined, "your pardon! What? you are going, too? Ah, my friend—his eyes lighted up suddenly at the thought—"let me ride with you! I will pay you—yes, anything—but if Bernardo Bravo takes me he will hang me! He has sworn it!"

"Well, you got it coming to you!" answered Hooker heartily.

"But I will pay you well!" pleaded Aragon. "I will pay you—" He paused as if to consider what would tempt him and then suddenly he raised his head.

"What is it you wish above everything?" he questioned eagerly. "Your title to the mine—no? Bien! Take me to the line—protect me from my enemies—and the papers are yours!"

"Have you got them with you?" inquired Hooker with businesslike directness.

"No, but I can get them!" cried Aragon, forgetful of everything but his desire to escape. "I can get them while you saddle my horse!"

"Where?" demanded Hooker craftily.

"From the agente mineral!" answered Aragon. "I have a great deal of influence with him, and—"

"Bastante!" exploded Bud in a voice which made Aragon jump. "Enough! If you can get them, I can! And we shall see, Señor Aragon, whether this pistol of mine will not give me some influence, too!"

"Then you will take them?" faltered Aragon as Hooker started to go. "You will take them and leave me for Bernardo Bravo to—"

"Listen, señor!" exclaimed Hooker, halting and advancing a threatening forefinger. "A man who can hire four men to do his dirty work needs no protection from me. You understand that—no? Then listen again. I am going to get those papers. If I hear a word from you I will send you to join your four men."

He touched his gun as he spoke and strode out into the open, where he beckoned the mineral agent from the crowd. A word in his ear and they went down the hill together, while Don Cipriano watched from above. Then, as they turned into the office, Aragon spat out a curse and went to seek Manuel del Rey.

## CHAPTER XXIV.

In a land of class privilege and official graft it is often only in times of anarchy that a poor man can get his rights. For eight months Hooker had battled against the petty intrigue of Aragon and the agente mineral, and then suddenly, when the times turned to war and fear gripped at their hearts, he rose up and claimed his own, holding out his brawny right hand and demanding the concession of his mine.

In a day the whirligig of fortune had turned, and it was the fighting man who dominated. He spoke quietly and made no threats, but the look in his eye was enough, and the agente gave him his papers. Then he wrote out a receipt for the mining tax and Bud stepped forth like a king.

With his papers inside his shirt and a belt of gold around his waist there was nothing left in Mexico for him. Once on his horse and headed for the line and he could laugh at them all. In Gadsden he could show title to Kruger, he could give answer for his trust and look the world in the eye.

It had been a long and strenuous fight; a fight made against seemingly insurmountable odds; a fight that had cost him much, but he had won. He had proved the trust Kruger had placed in him, and it had been a fight worth winning.

Yes, he was a man now—but his work was not quite done. Up at the big house, with the screeching women around her, was Gracia Aragon, and he owed her something for his rough words. To pay her for that he would grant it; and if worst came to worst he would take her with him and make good his promise to Phil. He had given his word and that was enough. Now he had only to wait.

It would not be long, for the parley would soon be over, and if the cowardly rurales surrendered the town to the bandits he would make a break for the line and civilization with the girl. It would be a hard ride, and alone he would have no fear of the results, but he would chance it even with the girl rather than leave her.

The boy lieutenant, the brothers Mendoza, the superintendent, and Manuel del Rey, all were out on the hillside talking terms with Bernardo Bravo and his chiefs. With the rebels it was largely a bluff, since field-glasses had shown them to be short of cartridges; but they had over a thousand men massed along the ridges and, with courage, could easily take the town.

Bud knew that courage was the one thing lacking. It was the one thing that was always lacking in these Mexican fights. The Mexican bandit takes but little chance when he goes to war.

As for the Mendozas and their Sonoran miners, they were properly chagrined at their waste of ammunition and swore by Santa Guadalupe to fight it out with hand grenades. Even as their leaders wrangled the Mexican powder men were busily manufacturing bombs, and all the while the superintendent was glancing to the south, for swift couriers had been sent to Alvarez, the doughty Spanish hacien-dado of the hot country, to beg him to come to their relief.

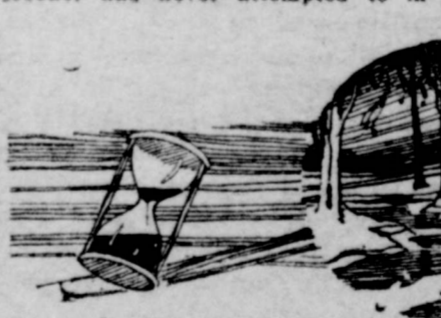
Twice before Alvarez had met the rebels. The first time he spoke them well and they ran off all his horses. The second time he armed his Yaquis and Yaqui Mayo rancheros against them and drove them from his domain, inflicting a sanguinary punishment.

Since then he had been itching to engage them in a pitched battle, and when the word reached him he would come. Two hundred and forty Yaquis, all armed with repeating rifles, would follow at his back, and even with his boasted thousands Bernardo Bravo could hardly withstand their valor. So, while the rebels parleyed, and demanding a ransom of millions, and threatening to destroy the town, the defenders argued and reasoned with them, hoping to kill the time until Alvarez should arrive.

In the open space in front of the house the refugees gathered in an anxious group, waiting for messengers from the front, and as Hooker walked among them he was aware of the malignant glances of Aragon. There were other glances as well, for he had won great favor with the ladies by ditching the powder train, but none from Gracia or her mother.

Bud would not have admitted that he resented this lack of appreciation on the part of Gracia. In fact he hardly knew that he did resent it, but he watched anxiously for any sign of approval from this girl who was to be his partner's bride should he conduct her safely to the border.

From the beginning the Senora Aragon had treated him as a stranger, according to the code of her class, and Hooker had never attempted to in-



## ONE PHASE OF MARRIED LIFE

Seeming Unhappiness Most Probably Due to Lack of Something to Talk About.

It is the eternal tete-a-tete of married life that most critics of that blissful condition find fault with. From it spring boredom and dull, sodden silence, assert these cynics. Therefore, a hint for escaping this one depressing quality of marriage should have our best attention.

To illustrate, you will see it frequently on the trolley, when a man and his wife are sitting side by side—it is almost perpetual silence. They have nothing to say to one another. Perhaps the wife will emit a cheerful peep, but the husband will respond with a nod of the head or a hesitating yes or no. It is most always that way. No common interest observed. In fact, it looks as if they are mad at one another; as if they were bored. A young man or woman looking on the couple would be apt to say: "O, you married life!"

But they are not mad. Let some charming lady acquaintance come in and sit down by the husband and he is

trude. But if Gracia still remembered that she was an American girl at heart, she forgot to show it to him. To all she was now the proud Spanish lady, thrown with the common people by the stress of circumstances, but far away from them in her thoughts.

The conference between the leaders dragged on and messengers came and went with the news—then, after hours of debate, it broke up suddenly in a row and the emissaries came back on the run. Even at that they narrowly escaped, for the rebels opened fire upon them from the ridges, and before they could get back to cover the dandy, Manuel del Rey, received a bullet hole through the crown of his hat.

A grim smile flickered across Bud's face as he saw the damage it had wrought, for he knew that Amigo was in the hills—and a bullet shot down hill goes high! Some trace of what was in his mind must have come to Del Rey as he halted in the shelter of the house, for he regarded the American sternly as Aragon spoke rapidly in his ear. But if they planned vengeance between them the times were not right, for a rattle of arms came from the lower town and the captain was up and away to marshal his men to the defense.

So far in the siege Del Rey had kept under cover, patrolling the streets and plaza and letting the volunteers fight, but now the war had shifted to his territory and his rurales were running like mad. For, matching treachery against deceit, the rebel leaders had sent men around to slip up near the town and at the first fusillade from the hillside they came charging up the creek.

Then it was that the ever-watchful rurales proved their worth. As the rebels appeared in the open they ran to the outlying houses and, fighting from the flat roofs, checked the advance until the miners could come to their aid.

But in the confusion another party of rebels had rushed down the gulch from the west, and while the fight was going on in the lower town they found lodgment in a big adobe house. And now for the first time there was fighting in earnest—the house-to-house fighting that is seen at its worst in Mexico. While women screamed in the casa grande and the Americans paced to and fro on the hill, the boom of a dynamite bomb marked the beginning of hand-to-hand.

If there was to be a casualty list in this long-looked-for battle of Fortuna, the time was at hand when they could begin counting the dead.

With a fearlessness born of long familiarity with explosives the Sonoran miners advanced valiantly with their hand grenades—baking powder cans filled with dynamite and studded with fulminating caps. Digging fiercely through wall after wall they approached unperceived by the enemy and the first bomb, flung from a roof, filled the adobe with wounded and dead.

A dense pall of yellowish smoke rose high above the town and, as bomb after bomb was exploded and the yells of the miners grew louder with each success, the stunned invaders broke from cover and rushed helter-skelter up the gulch. Then there was a prodigious shouting from the Sonorans and more than one triumphant grenadier swung his can of giant powder by the sling and let it smash against the hill in a terrific detonation.

In the big house all was confusion. Soon the cheers of the defenders heralded victory and, in spite of all efforts to restrain them, the wives of the miners rushed into the open to gaze upon the triumph of their menfolk.

On the hilltops the ineffective rebel riflemen rose up from behind their stone wall to stare, until suddenly they, too, were seized with a panic and ran to and fro like ants. Then, around the curve below the concentrator, a tall man came dashing up on a pure white horse, and behind him, charging as he charged, came the swarthy Yaquis of Alvarez, their new rifles gleaming in the sun.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

## DEFENDS POPULAR REMEDIES

Speaker Says Newspapers Should Investigate Merits of Medicines Before Barring Advertisements.

That an organized attempt has been made to blacken the reputation of the popular family remedies of this country, and to mislead the newspaper publishers into rejecting the advertising of such medicines, was the charge made by Carl J. Balliett, of Buffalo, N. Y., at the convention of the Advertising Affiliation at Detroit.

Mr. Balliett is a director of the Proprietary Association of America, which includes in its membership two hundred firms which make the popular prepared medicines of America.

Mr. Balliett pointed out that it is the duty of the newspaper publisher to refuse the advertising of any fake or fraudulent medicine, just as it is his duty to refuse any fake or fraudulent advertising, but it is not right to shut down on all medical advertising because there have been some any more than it would be right to refuse to publish all department advertising because certain stores have made a practice of lying about bargain sales.

Disease and death are mysteries. People who are perfectly well are skeptical. They laugh at the time-worn patent medicine joke, just as they laugh again and again over the many variations of the operation joke—"The operation was a success but the patient died." This so-called humor has perhaps hurt the medicine business with well people, but while the hitherto healthy man feels a severe pain or illness, he immediately wants medicine, and will bless the cure whether it be at the hands of a regular doctor, a homeopath, an osteopath, a Christian Scientist or patent medicine. There is nothing more deadly than disease; nothing more honorable than to cure it.

Mr. Balliett refuted the idea sought to be spread about that patent medicines are unpopular by showing that from 1900 to 1912 the amount of prepared medicines consumed in America increased from \$100,000,000 to \$160,000,000 annually. He showed that, although the American Medical Association is trying as an organization to exterminate so-called patent medicines, the family doctor, individually, is not fighting them but prescribing them. He estimated that 40% of the prescriptions written by doctors today include proprietary medicines.

The writings of Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, he said, have also aimed to destroy confidence in proprietary medicines; but that Dr. Wiley's ideas are not infallible is shown by cases where his analyses were entirely wrong. Mr. Balliett mentioned a case where, with all the power of the Government, he fought a preparation as being dangerous to health, and was indignantly walloped.

There has been spread the idea that a clever faker can mix a few useless ingredients and, by smart advertising, sell tons of it and win sudden wealth; whereas, as a matter of fact, the medicine business is notoriously difficult, and where there has been one success at it, there have been a hundred failures. Any medicine which has no merit cannot live, because persons who are duped into buying it once will not buy it again, and the profit from advertising a medicine can only come from repeat sales to the same, satisfied people. Therefore, any medicine which has been on the market for a number of years, and is still advertised, must have merit behind it to account for its success.

In conclusion Mr. Balliett declared that no newspaper is doing justice to its readers in the matter of medical or other advertising, unless it investigates, not only the wording of the advertisement offered for publication, but the merits of the article advertised. He pointed out that the few newspapers who have been deluded into the policy of barring out medical advertising have adopted this general policy, rather than to form an investigation bureau of this kind which could, in a constructive and useful effort, investigate and decide what is a good product and what is a fraud, in not only the medicine business, but in every other business which advertises its wares to the public.

The audience seemed to agree with Mr. Balliett's ideas on the subject and the chairman decided the question at issue in his favor.

It takes a capable wife to yank the concert out of a man.

## Salesmen Wanted

This includes the Ladies  
If you know of any parties who may be interested in the purchase of a piano or player piano, write us and we will take their order or tell you how to take it.  
We will save them money and pay you for your services and you should make a nice little sum for Xmas spending money.  
The Steinway, Steck, Strassburg, Stroud, Wheelock and the famous Weber "Piano" Pianos, and Fischer, Henry F. Miller, Milton, Schumann, Smith & Barnes, Strohmer, Bohmer, Werner, the famous Weber and other pianos are sold by us at lowest possible prices and on convenient terms. We promise better value than anyone else. Write us NOW.

The Denver Music Company  
Established Over 30 Years  
1538 Stout St., Denver, Colorado

## FORD STARTER

Throw away your crank, start from the seat with a SANDBO TWO-COMPRESSION STARTER. Differs from all others. Positively guaranteed to start. Price now \$14. Write for literature. SANDBO STARTER CO. 315 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

PATENTS  
Wattson E. Peterson, Washington, D.C., Bookkeeper, High School Graduate. Best results

AN EPITOME OF LATE LIVE NEWS

CONDENSED RECORD OF THE PROGRESS OF EVENTS AT HOME AND ABROAD.

FROM ALL SOURCES

SAYINGS, DOINGS, ACHIEVEMENTS, SUFFERINGS, HOPES AND FEARS OF MANKIND.

Western Newspaper Union News Service. WESTERN.

A week of exceptionally warm, clear weather was followed at San Francisco Sunday night by an almost imperceptible earthquake.

Every county in Oregon gave a majority in favor of state-wide prohibition, according to returns available at Portland.

A permanent committee formed for the relief of sufferers in Belgium pledged \$100,000 at its initial meeting in Chicago.

The foot and mouth disease has been discovered in Montana. A carload of cattle was cut out of a train at Glendive and quarantined under orders of government officials.

Deputy State Veterinarian Tillie of Muscatine was called to Parnell, Ia., where the foot and mouth disease has appeared. Seven farms have been placed under the most strict quarantine. Cattle and hogs are affected by the plague.

The Omaha Bee (Republican) concedes the control of both Houses of the Nebraska Legislature to the Democrats, with a likelihood that, besides the governor, the Democrats have elected secretary of state, treasurer and attorney general.

At Lorain, Ohio, Mrs. W. C. Massey, sixty-five, announced that she was cutting her third full set of teeth. Mrs. Massey has disposed of a set of "store teeth" she had worn for fifteen years.

The United States battleship Texas, Capt. A. W. Grant commanding, arrived in port at Galveston, Tex., for a stay of five days and to receive two sets of silver, one presented by the school children of Texas and the other a contribution of citizens of the state.

Wheat reached the highest price in more than ten years on the exchange at Portland, Ore., Thursday, and indications were that it would go still higher. Top prices were paid for 45,000 bushels, the highest price being \$1.22 for 50,000 bushels of bluestem for January delivery.

Fire that burned fiercely for several hours, swept the Kansas City stockyards and destroyed thirty acres of pens, covering one-third of the cattle section of the yards. The loss, at first estimated at \$750,000, was a little more than \$125,000, according to yard officials.

C. L. Travis, agent for a New York insurance company, was arrested on a forgery charge in Oakland, Cal., on complaint of the Denver branch of a detective agency. Travis is accused of forging a \$50 check on a bank in Colorado Springs. His home is in Camden, Tenn.

GENERAL.

The New York Cotton exchange will open for business Nov. 16, if plans under consideration by the board of managers do not go awry.

A street car at Detroit left the tracks and crashed into the side of a house. It was crowded. Seven passengers were taken to hospitals and a number less seriously injured taken home. None will die.

The mails were denied to copies of "The Nude," the painting which won the Potter Palmer prize of \$10,000 at the annual exhibition of American paintings at the Art Institute in Chicago.

The board of governors of the Consolidated Stock exchange of New York, at a meeting, decided to trade in American wheat.

Two boy bandits who held up a saloon and disarmed Detective Henry Swister at Wausau, Wis., when he attempted to capture them surrendered to a posse in the woods near Eland after both had been wounded, one fatally. Neither of the two youths would give his name.

The will of Mrs. Emilie Huber, widow of Otto Huber, the St. Louis brewer, disposing of \$6,000,000 estate to her sons, Joseph and Max, was executed by the testatrix without undue influence on their part, according to the verdict of a jury in the Surrogate's Court in Brooklyn, N. Y.

The entire state of Massachusetts was quarantined because of the presence of the dreaded foot and mouth disease.

The effect of the war in Europe is felt even in the wilds of Peru, according to a report received at the University of Pennsylvania from Dr. William C. Farrabee, leader of the university's Amazon expedition. Dr. Farrabee arrived in Para on Oct. 16 after David Lamar, indicted in 1913 on a charge of impersonating government officers with intent to defraud, pleaded not guilty in New York to each of three indictments, and was held in \$30,000 bail.

SPORT.

Smothering the Aggies by a brilliant attack, Colorado College at Fort Collins, defeated the Farmers, 24 to 13.

The New Mexico Agricultural College eleven defeated the New Mexico Military Institute, 32 to 6, at Las Cruces.

Yale played below form at New Haven, Conn., and the eleven was forced to extend itself to the limit to defeat Brown, 14 to 6.

Tearing Pennsylvania's defense to shreds in the second and third periods, the University of Michigan football eleven won a 34 to 3 victory at Ann Arbor, Mich.

Millard K. Shaler, the American who visited Brussels on behalf of the American commission for the relief of Belgium, returned to London. He stated that conditions in Belgium are even worse than have been described.

Great Britain formally annexed the island of Cyprus in the Mediterranean, which nominally formed a part of the Turkish empire.

Too many stars and too high salaries hurt baseball, declares Charles Somers, vice president of the American league and owner of the Cleveland Club.

FOREIGN.

The Hon. Frederick William Lambton, brother of the earl of Durham, and popular in Jockey club circles, is reported among the killed in action by a London dispatch.

A special dispatch to a Rome Newspaper says that Count Von Schwerin, a relative of the Kaiser, who was wounded at the battle of the Marne, has died from his wounds.

More than 100 state banking institutions throughout the United States have applied to the Federal Reserve Board for admission to the new banking system.

The American steamer Kronland has been released by British officials at Gibraltar and will sail, leaving the copper and rubber of her cargo for a verdict of a prize court.

Gen. Juan I. Jimenez, once president of the Dominican republic, but driven by revolution into exile in Porto Rico, apparently was chosen again for the Presidency at last week's elections, according to dispatches to the State Department.

Acting Secretary Lansing promised Senator James of Kentucky to request Great Britain to place tobacco in the same class with cotton and give assurances that shipments in neutral vessels to Germany and Austria will not be interfered with.

WASHINGTON.

Astronomers at the naval observatory in Washington trained their big telescopes on the Heavens to observe Mercury, the smallest planet of the sun's satellites, the appearance of which had been awaited with keen interest. The little planet entered upon the sun's disk at 5 a. m., and disappeared four hours later, not to appear again until May, 1924. Its last daylight appearance was in November, 1907.

John Knebel, accused of participating in the management of a policy game, was acquitted in Municipal Court at Pueblo. Magistrate Crossman told Knebel he considered him guilty, but that the evidence presented by the police did not prove it.

More than 7,000 garments will be distributed by the Denver branch of the Needlework Guild of America. The articles were donated by the members of the guild and will be divided among thirty-six charity institutions of Denver.

The provision of the Mann white slave act, which requires persons harboring foreign women of ill repute to file a statement with the federal authorities, has been upheld by the Supreme Court, in the case of Elle Portale and his wife, Juliette Portale, both of Denver.

The body of Lieut. Gen. Adra R. Chaffee, U. S. A., who died recently in California, accompanied by Mrs. Chaffee and other members of the family, arrived in Washington, where funeral services, with full military honors, were held with interment in Arlington national cemetery.

Secretary McAdoo announced that \$80,000,000 of the \$100,000,000, which northern banks are to subscribe to the \$135,000,000 fund, already has been raised and the remainder is assured.

British and French subjects in Turkey may elect to remain or depart, according to a statement made by the Turkish minister of the interior to the American Ambassador Morgenthau, who is facilitating departure of subjects of the allied powers in Turkey.

A. H. Nichol, superintendent of the land department of the Canadian Pacific railroad at Vancouver, B. C., was found dead at Port Mellen, on Howe sound, north of Vancouver, with a gun shot wound through the heart.

Maj. Leslie D'Henin Hamilton of the Goldstream Guards and the heir presumptive to Lord Hamilton of Dalzell, it was announced in London, was killed in action on Oct. 25.

The effect of the war on British trade is shown in the figures published by the Board of Trade for the month of October. Imports decreased \$100,850,000 and exports decreased \$90,100,000.

The worst outbreak of foot and mouth disease ever known in the United States is the Department of Agriculture's estimate of the livestock epidemic which has forced federal quarantine over six states and threatens a temporary reduction of the nation's food supply.

COLORADO IS DRY

LATE RETURNS INDICATE ABOUT 8,000 MAJORITY.

Liquor Men's 9,849 Lead in Denver Meets As Full County Returns Come in From Over the State.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

Denver, Nov. 10.—Late returns from the state indicate that Colorado is steadily swinging further into the "dry" column, in spite of the majority of 9,849 votes given the "wets" in Denver county.

Estimates based upon partial returns from forty-nine counties in the state, including Denver, show the vote to be: "Dry," 111,649, and "wet," 103,282. A majority of 8,367 for the "drys." The counties yet to be heard from will probably go "dry."

The Denver county total vote on the prohibition amendment was: For, 28,575; against, 38,424; making an anti-prohibition majority of 9,849 in Denver county.

Prohibition in State.

Table with columns: Counties, Wet, Dry. Lists 63 counties and their respective votes for wet and dry.

Totals 103282 111649



Senator Chas. S. Thomas.

Independent Wins in Alaska. Juneau, Alaska.—James Wickesham, running as an independent candidate, was re-elected delegate to Congress from Alaska by a plurality of less than 1,000 votes over Charles E. Bunnell, Democrat, and John Brooks, Socialist.

Drys Carry Washington by 12,000. Seattle, Wash.—With only 200 small precincts unreported, the vote on the prohibition amendment stands: For, 169,497; against, 157,029; prohibition majority, 12,468. The majority of Senator Wesley L. Jones, Republican, will be slightly over 35,000. The Republican majority in the new Legislature will be even larger than in the present body. Few Progressive members were re-elected.

Cummins' Plurality in Iowa is 42,348. Des Moines.—Complete unofficial returns from every county in the state placed the plurality of Senator Albert B. Cummins (Rep.) over Maurice Connolly (Dem.) at 42,348. Cummins received 205,481 and Connolly 163,133. Complete returns give Clarke (Rep.) for governor a plurality of 25,751 over John T. Hamilton (Dem.). Clarke's vote was 203,620 and Hamilton's 177,800.

Austria Forbids Mourning. Vienna.—Mourning for those in action in the war has been forbidden by a special imperial decree.

Hernandez Elected Congressman. Albuquerque, Nov. 7.—The election of B. C. Hernandez, Republican, over Congressman H. B. Ferguson, Democrat, is conceded. While returns from precincts that cannot be reached by telephone or telegraph wires will be missing for several days, both parties concede they will not change the results. Partial returns give Hernandez 6,528 and Ferguson 4,335. Republicans claim the election of Hernandez by 4,000. The Republicans control the Legislature.

Put That Pain to Use

The network of nerves in your body, like the network of wires in a burglar alarm system, gives quick warning when anything is going wrong inside. Looking at it in this way a pain is a useful alarm. Now, kidney weakness is a dangerous thing—a condition not to be neglected—and it is wise to know and pay attention to the early alarm signals of sick kidneys. Backache is a common warning of congestion or inflammation in the kidneys. It may be dull, nagging pain, or a sharp twinge when stooping or lifting. There are likely to be disorders of urination, dizziness, headaches, and drowsy, despondent, tired feelings. It is very hard to strengthen weak kidneys at first, but neglect invites rheumatic or neuralgic attacks, gravel, dropsy, and fatal Bright's disease. As a special medicine for weak kidneys Doan's Kidney Pills have been used for years all over the civilized world, and surely are considered reliable. The patient can always help the medicine immensely, however, by dieting lightly, using little or no liquor, tea or coffee, keeping regular hours and drinking lots of pure water.



"I can hardly straighten up."

As to Doan's Kidney Pills, read the following enthusiastic endorsement by one who has tested them.

LAI'D UP TWO YEARS

Colorado Man in Bad Shape with Kidney Ills. Louis Johnson, engineer, 457 Third Ave., Durango, Colo., says: "When kidney trouble came on me my health began to fail and I went down fast. I came very near having congestion of the kidneys and I was laid off from work for two years. The doctor's medicine was so strong that it made me worse instead of better. The pain in my kidneys and bladder was intense and the secretions from my kidneys were in awful shape. My back was so painful and lame that I couldn't stoop and I couldn't lift the lightest weight. My strength seemed to give out all of a sudden and I was almost helpless. At night the kidney secretions passed far too often and some nights I had to get up so much that I wasn't able to get any sleep. I was in terrible shape and didn't know what to do until I heard about Doan's Kidney Pills. I procured a supply and they brought me so much benefit from the first that I kept on taking them. My back got stronger than it had been for years. The pain left me. The kidney secretions were cleared up and the passages regulated. Doan's Kidney Pills alone brought about this wonderful improvement and they will always have my strongest endorsement. I will take Doan's Kidney Pills off and on and they keep my kidneys in good working order."

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS. "When Your Back is Lame—Remember the Name". Sold by all Dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., Proprietors.

OBJECTION PLACED ON AGE

But Young Lady's Idea Was Altogether Different From What Corporal Had Feared.

"What pensions, what millions and billions in pensions, this horrible war is going to entail," said Major Fitzgerald of Boston. He added: "And some of these pensions will go on longer than they should, because some of the pensioners in their old age will marry young girls—for an old pensioner makes a good part, since his pension, you know, falls on his death to his widow. "I heard the other day about an old Civil war pensioner who proposed to the hired girl next door, a very pretty girl of twenty or so. But she refused him. "Perhaps," he stammered then, stroking in his embarrassment his long and snow-white beard, 'perhaps I am too old.' "No," said the pretty hired girl calmly; 'no, corporal, you're too young'."

Preparing for Eventualities. Shortly after the declaration of war in Germany, the cashier of the largest bank in Berlin received from a stranger the following letter, postmarked Dresden:

"Dear Sir: A few weeks ago, while in Berlin on my vacation, I found myself temporarily in need of money and pawned my diamond ring. I enclose the pawn ticket to you, asking that you redeem the ring, sell it for what you can and turn the proceeds over to the Red Cross fund. It may be that I shall have no further use for jewels."

A Reformer. "Twebble is noted for his passionate striving after perfection. "I must say that's a commendable trait."

"In some cases, yes, but Twebble spends all his time trying to achieve it in other people."

Human Nature. "Now, Ethel, Howard says he's sorry he broke your doll, so I want you to forgive him. "I'd feel more like forgivin' him, mother, if I could swat him one first."—Life.

There are few really great men on earth, but there are a lot of others who are willing to admit their greatness.

A REBELLION Food Demanded.

The human body will stand a lot of abuse, but sometime it will surely rebel and demand proper food in place of the pasty, starchy, greasy stuffs on which it has been made sick.

Then is the time to try Grape-Nuts, the most scientific and perfect food in the world.

A lady of Washington says: "Three years ago I was very ill with catarrh of the stomach and was given up to die by one doctor. I laid in bed four months and my stomach was so weak that I could not keep down medicine or hardly any kind of food and was so weak and emaciated after four months of this starvation that my daughter could easily lift me from bed and put me in my chair. "But weak as my stomach was, it accepted, relished and digested Grape-Nuts without any difficulty the first time that wonderful food was tried. "I am now strong and in better health than for a great many years and am gradually growing still stronger. I rely on Grape-Nuts for much of the nourishment that I get. The results have certainly been wonderful in my case and prove that no stomach is so weak it will not digest Grape-Nuts. "My baby got fat from feeding on Grape-Nuts. I was afraid I would have to stop giving the food to him, but I guess it is a healthy fat, for his health is just perfect." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Look in pkgs. for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville." "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

Accuracy First.

Far down in the basement is a machine of particular interest to astronomers and scientists. It is the celebrated dividing engine, which makes it possible, to the delight of mathematicians, to divide a circle accurately, even to within one second of arc—surpassing the records of all previous dividing engines. This degree of accuracy was accomplished after years of experiments in a room heated to 80 degrees, or as near as practicable to the heat of the body of the operator, for even a breath might interfere with the tiny scratches on the silver bands of the revolving disk.—An Afternoon with Ambrose Swasey, by Joe Mitchell Chapelle, in National Magazine.

Too Good. Reggy—Sweet Arline, will you be mine? Sweet Arline—Before I answer your question let me ask you one. Do you swear when you lose your collar stud? Reggy—Never! Sweet Arline—Then it cannot be. I cannot marry a man who has no spirit.

Generally. "Where was that big sea fight of which you were speaking?" "On the front page, I think, my dear."

Makes the laundress happy—that's Red Cross Bag Blue. Makes beautiful, clear white clothes. All good grocers. Adv.

The girl who steals a man's heart is liable to get a life sentence at hard labor.

Weak Heart

Many people suffer from weak hearts. They may experience shortness of breath on exertion, pain over the heart, or dizzy feet, or, oppressed breathing after meals or their eyes become blurred, the heart is not sufficiently strong to pump blood to the extremities, and they have cold hands and feet, or poor appetite because of weakened blood supply to the stomach. A heart tonic and alterative should be taken which has no bad after-effect. Such is

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery

which contains no dangerous narcotics or alcohol. It helps the human system in the constant manufacture of rich, red blood. It helps the stomach to assimilate or take up the proper elements from the food, thereby helping digestion and curing dyspepsia, heart-burn and many uncomfortable symptoms, stops excessive tissue waste in convalescence from fevers; for the run-down, anemic, thin-blooded people, the "Discovery" is refreshing and vitalizing.

In liquid or tablet form at most drug stores or send 50 one-cent stamps for trial box to Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y.

Read Chapter VII on Circulatory Organs in the "Medical Adviser"—A French cloth-bound book of 1008 pages sent on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps, address as above.

Rheumatism Muscle Colds

"It is easy to use and quick to respond. No work. Just apply. It penetrates without rubbing."

Read What Others Say: "Have used your Liniment very successfully in a case of rheumatism, and always have a bottle on hand in case of a cold or sore throat. I wish to say I think it one of the best of household remedies. I would not have used it only it was recommended to me by a friend of mine who, I wish to say, is one of the best boosters for your Liniment I ever saw."—J. W. Fuller, Denver, Col.



"Just a line in praise of Sloan's Liniment. I have been ill nearly fourteen weeks with rheumatism, have been treated by doctors who did their best. I had not slept for the terrible pain for several nights, when my wife got me a small bottle of the Liniment and three applications gave me relief so that I could sleep."—Joseph Tamblin, 615 Converse Street, McKeesport, Pa.

Good for Neuralgia, Sciatica, Sprains and All Dealers 25c. Send four cents in stamps for a free TRIAL BOX DR. EARL S. SLOAN, Inc. Dept. B Philadelphia

# The Artesia Advocate Prosperity and Elections

A. W. Henry ..... Editor

Subscription, one year ..... \$1.50  
 six months ..... 75c

Published Every Friday.  
 By ARTESIA PUBLISHING COMPANY.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE \$1.50 PER YEAR

This paper has been entered in the postoffice at Artesia, New Mexico, as second-class mail matter.

Friday, Nov. 20, 1914

### Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M., Nov. 8, 1914.

Notice is hereby given that Frank E. Kepple, of Artesia, N. M., who on Nov. 15, 1911, made H. E. Serial No. 62573, for E $\frac{1}{2}$  SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ; NW $\frac{1}{4}$  SE $\frac{1}{4}$ , Sec. 19; and SW $\frac{1}{4}$ ; SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , Sec. 20, Township 17-s, Range 27-e, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before A. M. Thomas, U. S. Commissioner, in his office, at Artesia, N. M., on Dec. 8, 1914.

Claimant names as witnesses:  
 Perry C. Logan, Lee Brown, Albert D. Glezen, Paul N. Whitted, all of Artesia, N. M.

Emmett Patton, Register.  
 11-6-12-4

### Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico, Nov. 11, 1914.

Notice is hereby given that Elizabeth Roberts, of Dayton, N. M., who, on June 4th, 1913, made H. E. Serial No. 62734, for NW $\frac{1}{4}$  Section 1, Township 19 south, Range 25 east, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described before A. M. Thomas, U. S. Commissioner in his office, at Artesia, N. M., on Dec. 15, 1914.

Claimant names as witnesses:  
 Ferd A. Berry, Mallory B. Culpepper, Leander Thomas, Jonas B. Randolph, all of Dayton, N. M.

Emmett Patton, Register.  
 Nov. 13-Dec. 11.

Bring your watch to Edw. Stone.

The lesson from the election is that it was republican in sections of the country where depression exists and democratic in those sections where exceptional prosperity exists. The depression is in the eastern states where manufactures overshadow agriculture. On the other hand, the agricultural states show large democratic gains.

The republican victory in New York, where many causes contributed to it, Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Ohio and Connecticut was in sections where thousands of men, previously employed, are idle. In Massachusetts where the textile factories, which predominate, have been working full time, the democrats won.

But it is when we get into the breadbasket states that democratic success is most conspicuous. The votes in Kansas and Oklahoma are not exceptional when it is understood crops were short last year and the people have not yet recovered from that depression.

But in Illinois, normally republican by about 75,000, it was exceedingly close. Wisconsin, normally republican by 50,000, went democratic, and Michigan remains democratic. Iowa, ordinarily republican by from 50,000 to 100,000, gave Cummings a scant 40,000 plurality.



Albuquerque, New Mex. and return, one and one fifth fare for round trip. Nov. 20th to 23rd, return limit Dec 1st. Acct. New Mexico Educational Association.

**C. O. BROWN,**  
 Local Agent.

ality. Minnesota, normally republican by 60,000, gave the democratic candidate for governor a majority of about 20,000. South Dakota, which ordinarily gives about 30,000 republican majority out of a total vote of a little more than 100,000, elected a democrat to the United States senate over the most popular republican in the state. Nebraska remained democratic and Colorado went republican solely because of her labor troubles in the state.

Those states showing increased democratic votes are agricultural. If they have factories they are usually big flour and corn mills, and they feed immense number of cattle. They have been getting record-breaking prices for all they have to sell, consequently they are prosperous.

Any party in power during a depression may expect defeat, and any party in power during a prosperous era may expect victory unless such party becomes drunken with power and split by factions, as was true of the republicans in the 1912 election.—Albuquerque Journal.

Five hundred attended the annual convention of the American Association of Traveling Passenger Agents, held at San Francisco, and in a body visited the Exposition at that city and two days later the San Diego Exposition. Both California events for 1915 received the unqualified endorsement of the association, whose last official act at San Diego, following the tour of the grounds and visits to Ramona's Marriage place and the Theosophical Brotherhood homestead, by automobile, was to pass resolutions pledging the individual aid of the railroad officials, representing all standard lines of the country.

Every ton of hay sold off the project farms removes fertility worth \$10 while cream enough to make a ton of butter removes only 50 cents worth of fertility; so last September the members of the Otis union recommended that the Water Users' association, take over the local creamery and make it serve the entire project. That the recommendation of the union carried weight with the home folks was shown last week when 760 shares were voted in favor of the proposition to 30 against it by the stockholders of the creamery.—Argus.

The cement work on the canal near Loving, which was stopped on account of the bad weather last week has again been resumed and will be pushed as rapidly as possible. About 200 men are employed in the work and coming at this time, the work and will be of very material assistance.—Carlsbad Current.

The number of cattle shipped from the Carlsbad pens during the month of October totalled 4,431. About 1,700 were from the H. Slash ranch of W. E. Washington and the others were distributed among the Lusk, Livingston and James outfits. The cows netted about \$32 from the Washington outfit and were all Mexicans.—Argus.

## Professional Cards

**NOTARY PUBLIC**  
 B. Stephenson.  
 CITY HALL

**GUY A. REED**  
 Lawyer  
 National Bank Building  
 Carlsbad, New Mexico.

**J. D. ATWOOD,**  
 Lawyer  
 Clark Building, Artesia, N. M.

J. G. Osburn W. B. Robinson  
**OSBURN & ROBINSON**  
 LAWYERS  
 ARTESIA, NEW MEXICO

**S. E. FERREE**  
 Lawyer  
 Notary Public. Fire Insurance

**G. U. McCRARY**  
 ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
 Will practice in all courts. Collection carefully attended to.  
 Office: Room 1, Higgins Building.

**S. D. Stennis, Jr.,**  
 LAWYER  
 CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO  
 Office in First National Bank Bldg.  
 Practice in State and Federal Courts.

**Robt. C. Dow**  
 ATTORNEY AT LAW  
 Rooms 6 and 7, National Bank Building  
 Carlsbad, New Mexico.

**J. H. JACKSON,**  
 ATTORNEY AT LAW  
 AND NOTARY PUBLIC.  
 Office upstairs Stipple building.  
 Phone 184.

**JOS. O. GREENLAW**  
 Physician and Surgeon  
 Office Phone 230 Resident Phone 248  
 Artesia, New Mexico

**Dr. H. A. Stroup**  
 Physician and Surgeon  
 Office Phone 67 Residence Phone 217  
 Rear First State Bank Building  
 Artesia, New Mexico

**T. M. Bradshaw**  
 Concrete Buildings and  
 Cement work of all kinds.  
 Have forms for building  
 Walls of poured concrete.  
 Artesia, New Mexico

**Walter M. Daugherty, Fire Insurance.** Losses paid to date \$16,200.00. adv

**Edward Stone,**  
 Expert Watchmaker  
 Bring Your Watches

**Money to Loan**  
 On Farms and City Property.

**Fire Insurance**

**A. C. KEINATH,**  
 Artesia, N. M.  
 Rear room First National Bank.

### Notice Of Foreclosure Sale.

In The District Court, Eddy County, New Mexico.  
 Alfred T. Cooley, Plaintiff,  
 vs.  
 G. W. Thompson, Industry Thompson, F. S. Winter and W. C. Haney, Defendants.  
 No. 1990.

Notice is hereby given, That pursuant to a decree of foreclosure and Sale, made in the above entitled action on the 7th day of September, 1914, in which the amount awarded to the plaintiff, together with interest thereon to date of sale, is Fifty-Seven Hundred, Seventy-Three and 15-100 (\$5773.15) Dollars and Five Hundred, Sixty-Two and 32-100 (\$562.32) Dollars, attorneys fees, and costs, and for the foreclosure of a certain mortgage described therein upon certain real estate, and interest in a certain artesian well and certain ditch rights, hereinafter described, and ordering said real estate, interest in said artesian well and said ditch rights sold to satisfy said judgment, I, the undersigned Special Master, appointed under said decree, will sell at public vendue to the highest and best bidder for cash at 10 o'clock in the morning of the 21st day of December 1914, at the front door of the Post Office at Artesia, Eddy County, New Mexico, the following described real estate, interest in a certain artesian well and ditch rights, situate in Eddy County, New Mexico, to-wit: The North half of the Northwest quarter of Section 14, Township 17 South, Range 26 East, N. M. P. M.; also an undivided one-third interest in and to an artesian well located in the southwest corner of the northeast quarter of Section 15, Township 17 South, Range 26 East, N. M. P. M., together with a ditch right of way leading from said well northerly about 320 feet; thence east crossing the section line road to a point just east of the west line of the south half of the northwest quarter of said Section 14 about 330 feet north of the southwest corner of the south half of the northwest quarter of said Section 14; thence north to the northwest corner of said land; also a continuous stream of water for domestic purposes to flow through said above described ditch, to satisfy said judgment, court costs and costs of Sale.  
 Dated November 17, 1914.  
 WILLIAM DOOLEY,  
 Special Master.

11-20 12-11

### Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed, you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.  
 We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by Catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.  
 F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.  
 Sold by Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

### Notice Of Foreclosure Sale.

In The District Court, Eddy County, New Mexico.  
 C. F. Reynolds, Plaintiff,  
 vs.  
 Charles O. Kroeger and Anna E. Kroeger, Defendants.  
 No. 2009.

Notice is hereby given, That pursuant to a decree of foreclosure and sale, made in the above entitled action on the 7th day of September, 1914, in which the amount awarded to the plaintiff, together with interest thereon to date of sale, is Twenty-Nine Hundred, Six and 88-100 (\$2906.88) Dollars and the sum of Two Hundred, Eighty-One and 30-100 (\$281.30) Dollars, attorneys fees, and costs, and for the foreclosure of a certain mortgage described therein upon certain real estate and a certain interest in an artesian well, hereinafter described, and ordering said real estate and said interest in said artesian well sold to satisfy said judgment, I, the undersigned Special Master, appointed under said decree, will sell at public vendue to the highest and best bidder for cash at 10 o'clock in the morning of the 7th day of January, 1915, at the front door of the Post Office at Artesia, Eddy County, New Mexico, the following described real estate and interest in a certain artesian well situate in Eddy County New Mexico, to-wit: The North half of the south half of the Southwest quarter of Section 26, Township 17 South, Range 26 East, N. M. P. M., together with a one-sixth interest in and to the artesian well located on the above described land, to satisfy said judgment, court costs and costs of sale.  
 Dated November 17th, 1914.  
 William Dooley,  
 Special Master.

11-20 12-25

"A Seven Age Bazaar will be given by the ladies of the Christian Church November 28th."

## RHEUMATIC SUFFERERS GIVEN QUICK RELIEF



Pain leaves almost as if by magic when you begin to use "5-Drops," the famous old remedy for Rheumatism, Lumbago, Gout, Sciatica, Neuralgia and kindred troubles. It goes right to the spot, stops the aches and pains and makes life worth living. Get a bottle of "5-Drops" today. A booklet with each bottle gives full directions for use. Don't delay. Demand "5-Drops." Don't accept anything else in place of it. Any druggist can supply you. If you live too far from a drug store send One Dollar to Swanson Rheumatic Cure Co., Newark, Ohio, and a bottle of "5-Drops" will be sent prepaid.

## First State Bank

of Artesia.  
 Capital Stock \$15,000.00

All employees of this bank are bonded.  
 We solicit the accounts of the Merchants, Farmers and Stockmen.

M. Stevenson Phone 138 Office Phone 21 M. E. Rehberg Phone 228

## STEVENSON & REHBERG All Kinds of Hauling

Special Attention to Piano Moving.  
 Best Piano trucks in town.

Express, Baggage and Freight hauled to and from all parts of the city.

Prompt attention given to all orders.  
 Satisfaction guaranteed.

Office opposite the Post Office.

## We Have them Both--

Gentle Livery Teams and a Safe Speedy Auto.  
 Also pleasant Rooms at the Pecos Valley Rooming House.

**H. CROUCH, Proprietor**  
**E. STONE BARN** PHONE 31

Our Glasses Give Satisfaction.

If Your Eyes Need Help Consult

**Edw. Stone.**  
 Qualified Optician

## Money to Loan

On Farms and City Property.

## Fire Insurance

**A. C. KEINATH,**  
 Artesia, N. M.  
 Rear room First National Bank.

## CLASSIFIED COLUMN

### Alfalfa Pasture.

Will stock to pasture on Dr. Baughman's 24 acres adjoining town.

E. N. Requa, or  
J. E. Robertson.

For Sale—Austin No. 3 Well Machine, fully equipped. Part cash, balance on time with approved security.

L. A. Highsmith, Artesia.

Bicycle for sale.—will trade for pigs, turkeys or chickens.

Address Box 691, Artesia.

### Trade.

Clear clean \$6,000 stock of racket goods in good town in Oklahoma. Will trade for 40 or 80 acres well watered.

C. E. Stocks,  
Lakewood, N. M.

### Holstein Bull for Sale.

Fine individual. Age eighteen months. Price \$75.00.

C. L. Colby,  
Phone 950-r Roswell, N. M.

### Lost.

Lost on streets of Artesia, ladies blue coat. Finder please report to Mrs. O. E. Palmer or leave with Mrs. Harper—at the Criterion.—Reward

For Rent—My place west of town to some one who will take care of orchard, rent will be the cheapest in town.

Chas. S. Brown.

For Sale—One 15 h. p. crude oil V. S. Engine and one 15 h. p. Witte gasoline engine, both in good condition. Inquire of J. McC. Heflin, Artesia, N. M.

### For Sale

#### Engine and Pump.

For Sale—3 Horse Engine. A good International 3 H. P. vertical engine complete, with large cooling tank, heavy gasoline tank, and in perfect running order. A simple and a thoroughly reliable engine.

American No. 2 centrifugal horizontal pump.

A bargain. Will trade for live stock. Inquire at Advocate.

### House and Auto for Trade.

One 6-room house with out-buildings, a variety of fruit trees, apples, cherries and plums—a good place for cows and chickens—also one Auto. Will trade for live stock.

Address X, care Advocate.

### Notice.

To whom it may concern:

I hereby give notice that I have this day withdrawn from sale all my property in Artesia, New Mexico.

Wm. Daugherty.

Nov. 20, 1914.

### Artesia Abstract Co.

INCORPORATED  
ARTESIA, NEW MEXICO

Abstracts of Title  
Correctly Prepared

Prompt Attention Given to  
All Matters Intrusted to Us

## Local News.

Ed. Lamb was a Carlsbad visitor last week.

J. L. Taylor was a business visitor to Roswell Tuesday.

Mrs. George Frisk is visiting in Roswell, the house guests of Mrs. G. F. Ray.

Frank Newkirk was a business visitor at Carlsbad last week.

Harlain Thomas and Bert McCaw returned from their hunting trip to the mountains last Monday.

B. P. Williams was a Roswell visitor Tuesday.

V. M. Bass of Hope, was an Artesia visitor Tuesday night.

Charley Kuykendall and wife left Tuesday for Texas where they will make their future home.

Mrs. H. M. Gage came down from Hope Tuesday.

The Woman's Missionary Society of the Methodist church met Thursday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Dudgeon.

W. C. Marable, Dr. Cuipepper, B. P. Williams and editor Burnett, made a trip to Hope last week.

Lee Glasscock and family from Hope were down Tuesday evening to attend the big show at the Majestic Theater.

L. C. Doerr, came in yesterday from a trip up the Valley.

Dr. Greenlaw is confined to his bed by sickness this week.

The friends of Mr. H. C. Rohrbough (everybody) are glad to see him out on the streets again.

H. L. Rohrbough of Long Beach, Calif. came in Monday to spend some time with his brother H. C. Rohrbough.

B. P. Williams of the First State Bank, is expecting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Williams of Henry, Ill., to arrive at any time to spend Thanksgiving with him.

Miss Neff of Artesia left last week for Pleasant Valley school, where she has taken a place as teacher for the coming school year.

Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Campbell are residing in Artesia. Mr. Campbell has charge of the Kemp Lumber Company during the absence of Mr. Kemp.

G. R. Brainard and "Uncle Joe" Graham of the Plains, was at Carlsbad last week continuing the investigation of county matters recently ordered by the Judge. J. D. Atwood, attorney of Artesia, was also in that city on the same business.

Fred Brainard was at Carlsbad last Wednesday. Fred is a professional ball player, and been playing with the Beaumont State League of Texas, but has signed up with the New York Gigants for the coming season.

Miss Jeter was a Carlsbad visitor this week.

Mrs. S. S. Ward and family were over Sunday visitors at Hope.

Dr. Baker, Albert Blake and Mr. Ward are attending Court at Albuquerque this week.

Mrs. Marvin Skeen and Mrs. Earl Bigler will entertain with Auction Bridge on Saturday in honor of Mrs. McNatt.

Mr. Henry M. Carl who has been very ill for some time with typhoid fever is able to join the family circle at meals now.

Mrs. E. E. McNatt and two children of El Paso are in the city, the guests of Mrs. Helmig

and Corbin as well as other old friends. While here, Mrs. McNatt will be the recipient of many social courtesies as during her residence in Artesia of over nine years she was one of the most beloved and popular ladies of the town.

Sara Ruth Bates and Company, Friday, November 27th, Corrington College.

Mrs. Helmig entertained informally, a few of Mrs. McNatt's old friends—on Tuesday of this week. Delicious refreshments were served and the afternoon was spent very enjoyably talking over old times. The guests were: Mrs. Atkeson, Brainard, Williams, Corbin, Greenlaw, Skeen, Carl Corbin, Frisk, Blackmore, Welton, Talbot, Brookes, Welton, Keinath, Bigler, Morgan and McNatt.

Be sure to save Friday, Nov. 27th, for Miss Sara Ruth Bates and Company, the third and best number of the Lyceum Course.

The Rebekahs will have a jelly and jam shower Friday evening to send to the Odfellows Home at Roswell for Thanksgiving.

W. M. Carson and wife of Hope were in Artesia last Tuesday visiting Mr. Carson's mother Mrs. Helton, and sister Mrs. Fred Spencer.

Sara Ruth Bates and Company, Friday, November 27th.

The ladies of the Industrial Society of the Presbyterian Church will hold their annual Bazaar on the afternoon of Sat. Dec. 12th.

Annual Christmas Sale by Woman's Guild the first Saturday in December.

There will be a meeting of the Swine Breeders Association at the Majestic Theater to-morrow afternoon. This is important to all interested parties.

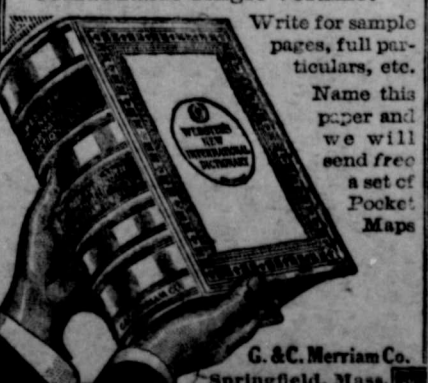
### A NEW CREATION WEBSTER'S NEW INTERNATIONAL DICTIONARY

THE MERRIAM WEBSTER  
The Only New unabridged dictionary in many years.

Contains the *path* and *essence* of an authoritative library. Covers every field of knowledge. An Encyclopedia in a single book.

The Only Dictionary with the *New Divided Page*. 400,000 Words. 2700 Pages. 6000 Illustrations. Cost nearly half a million dollars. Let us tell you about this most remarkable single volume.

Write for sample pages, full particulars, etc. Name this paper and we will send free a set of Pocket Maps



G. & C. Merriam Co.  
Springfield, Mass.

### Woman's Club.

The General Meeting of the Woman's Club was held at the Parish Hall on Wednesday of last week with a good attendance. The program was excellent. Mrs. McFadden gave a piano solo, Miss Bernice Freeman a vocal number and Mrs. G. U. McCrary read a most interesting paper on Orchestration. This paper caused a furore in the music club last year by its excellence and beauty, and the music Committee of the Woman's club asked Mrs. McCrary to repeat it for the benefit of the Club. It will be sent to Santa Fe and filed with other notable Club papers from over the state.

Mrs. J. D. Atwood, delegate to the State Convention gave a most interesting report and the usual business transacted.

The critical illness of the President, Mrs. Kemp made the meeting a very sad one. The next general meeting of the Club will occur Dec. 9th.

The Civic and Child Welfare Committee re-organized last week with Mrs. Walter Daugherty as chairman and planned some novel and delightful things for the children.

The Literary Department of the Woman's Club met with Mrs. Atwood on Wednesday and spent a delightful hour in the study of "As You Like It."

### Public Notice.

The Committee appointed by the court to investigate certain matters referred to in the report of the Eddy County Grand Jury at the September 1914 term of Court will begin its final meeting on the 23d inst. It is expected to complete the hearing before adjournment.

This is to advise any citizen of Eddy County having knowledge of any matter or thing that should be brought to the attention of the committee that it should be presented on or before the above date and any such information will be given proper consideration.

S. I. Roberts,  
Chairman Committee.

In The Probate Court Of Eddy County,  
New Mexico.

### To Whom It May Concern:

Notice is hereby given that the last Will and testament of George W. Frisk, deceased, has been filed in the Probate Court of Eddy County, New Mexico, with a petition for the Probate of said Will and for the issuance of letters of administration to Eva M. Frisk, having been filed by J. B. Atkeson, her attorney.

Now I, A. R. O'Quinn, Clerk of said Probate Court, hereby fix and appoint Monday, the 4th day of January 1915, at ten o'clock A. M. of said day at the Court room of said Court, at the Court house in the town of Carlsbad in said County and State, as the time and place for proving said Will and for hearing said petition.

Dated the 14th day of November, A. D. 1914.

A. R. O'Quinn,  
Clerk of said Court.

11-20-14

## Men and Women Wanted

to sell the most remarkable bargain in the magazine world this year.

EVERYBODY'S DELINEATOR	Regular Price	BOTH
	\$1.50	\$2
Total	\$3.00	To One Person

A monthly salary and a liberal commission on each order. Salaries run up to \$250.00 per month, depending on the number of orders. This work can be done in your spare time, and need not conflict with your present duties. No investment or previous experience necessary. We furnish full equipment free.

Write for particulars to  
**THE RIDGWAY COMPANY**  
Spring and Macdougall Sts. New York

## HOG CHOLERA

We can furnish Anti-Hog Cholera Serum, ranging in price from 13-4 to 2 cents per C. C. depending on quantity bought.

## Mann Drug Co.

The Nyal Store

## Poultry and Eggs

WANTED.

For which I will pay highest market price.

**JOE GOODALE,**  
Pecos Valley Poultry Ranch,  
Artesia, New Mexico.

I Am Prepared to Make That  
Feed Bill of Yours Still Less

—And—

Can Save You Money on  
**COAL**

**E. B. BULLOCK**  
Feed, Flour, Coal and Seeds.

ARTESIA ADVOCATE \$1.50 YEAR

## AUTUMN HUNTING VACATIONS

Season Open October 1st For

Deer, Wild Turkey and Quail

Most Delightful Season of the Year.

Experienced Guides.

**White Mountain I**

Ruidoso, New Mex.

Easily Reached by Auto.

Write

# GERMANS GIVE UP LAST STRONGHOLD IN THE FAR EAST

### Japanese-British Land and Sea Forces Reduce Tsing Tau Forts After Three Months' Siege.

## MAKE ANOTHER DASH

### Kaiser's Army Resumes Efforts to Reach French Coast—Slava Claim Greatest Victory of War in Poland.

### (Summary of Events.)

The German colony of Tsing Tau in the Chinese province of Kaio Chow has at last surrendered to the Japanese-British forces after a land and naval siege of more than two months. The capture of this stronghold takes from Germany her last foothold on the Asiatic mainland and her last strategic position outside the German Empire in Europe.

### Make Brave Defense.

For nearly three months the little German garrison amounting to about 7,000 men composed of reservists who were living or doing business in China, has held out against the land and sea attacks of the Japanese and certain British detachments of both white and Indian troops that surrounded them in China at the outbreak of the war. What the losses of the garrison have been is not known, but the official Japanese and British reports have indicated that Tsing Tau has been taken at heavy cost of men on the part of the Allies.

### Germans Try Again.

A second concerted attempt of the German army to blast its way through the sea, is flaming and roaring from Neuport to the French frontier without definite result so far on either side. The area near the coast formerly held by the extreme German right and from which the invaders were forced by the Allies after many days of hard fighting, is held only by dead, dying and wounded, the inundation having made the vicinity uninhabitable for living and having prevented an advance of the British, French and Belgian Allies.

### Battle in Sand Dunes.

No decision has yet been reached in the battle in the dunes of West Flanders, and the opposing armies now stand virtually as they have stood for many days. While the Germans keep hammering away at the Allies around Ypres, which route they chose for their march to the coast after they had found the road along the sea barred to them, and the Allies are making an effort to move northward to Ostend, neither side has got very far.

### Floods Hold Both Sides.

The Belgians and those supporting them have found that the floods which they created to stop the German advance are a hindrance to their movements, although they have been able to occupy some villages, including Bixschode, which had been in the possession of the Germans.

### Coast Campaign Cost Dearly.

The Germans are being hard pressed at a score of points in the long battle line and the military experts at Allies' headquarters say their

offensive has materially lost force. At every point the allies are pushing their advance. Slow progress is being made because of the determined resistance of the Germans, now made up more than in half of second line troops, but it is insisted that there is no longer any doubt of the final result. The German attempt to advance to the sea is characterized as the most costly defeat of the war.

### Germans Win Sea Fight.

In the most important naval battle of the war between European powers a German fleet engaged the British squadron, composed of the Good Hope, the Monmouth and the Glasgow, off Coronel, Chile, and decisively defeated it. This engagement practically ended the power of the Allies in the South Pacific seas unless a new Anglo-Jap fleet is formed.

### Turkey Withdraws Envoys.

Turkey has definitely broken off diplomatic relations with Great Britain, France, Russia and Serbia. Her diplomatic representatives in the capitals of these countries, acting on orders from the Porte, have demanded and received their passports.

### Turks Fight Russians.

The first reports of the fighting between the Russians and the Turks are as conflicting as were the first Austrian and Russian accounts of the warfare in Galicia. Each contender claims to have invaded the other's territory and to have defeated his frontier armies. These fights, however, probably have been only advance guard affairs, and it is believed that some time may elapse before a pitched battle takes place.

The Anglo-French fleet continues to bombard the Dardanelles forts, but the Turks say the warships have inflicted no damage. In other parts of Turkey, British warships are being kept busy. The government, however, has ordered that holy places shall be respected by the British gun fire, as long as the Indian subjects visiting them are not molested.

This necessity for respecting the felling of her Moslem subjects may hamper Great Britain somewhat in the prosecution of the war against Turkey, but with her large Moslem population, it cannot be disregarded.

### Turks Rush Troops to Egypt.

An advance of Turkish troops in the Sinai Peninsula in the direction of Egypt is reported in Berlin from Switzerland. The Turkish army operating against Egypt is said to number one-fourth million men.

### How Turkey Entered War.

Turkish battle cruisers bombarded two Russian Black Sea ports, damaging property considerably, and sank two or three small Russian war vessels, several days ago.

### Shelled Turkish Fort.

After twenty-four hours of uncertainty, during which hope was expressed that the port might make amends for the incidents in the Black Sea, the British admiralty announced that the British cruiser Minerva had destroyed the Turkish barracks at Akabah on the Turko-Egyptian frontier. Akabah is at the head of the Gulf of Akabah, an arm of the Red Sea, 150 miles east of Suez.

### Russians Claim Big Victory.

Grand Duke Nicholas, commander-in-chief of the Russian forces in the field, has sent a telegram to General Joffre, commander-in-chief of the French forces, saying the Russians have gained in East Prussia the greatest victory since the beginning of the war.

The Russians have recaptured the Galician town of Jaroslau and have taken five thousand Austrian prisoners. Jaroslau is seventeen miles northwest of the Austrian fortress of Premysl.

The Austrian attempts to cut off the Russian attackers finally have broken down, and the Austrians now are in retreat along the San River.

Austrian troops are pushing through the Carpathians to support the Austrian army falling back before the Russians west of the San River. A correspondent at Lemberg states that these troops have been exhausted by the struggle through the snow-filled mountain passes.

### German Retreat, Russians Say.

The Russian war office says the Germans are retreating precipitately into East Prussia with the Russian armies harassing them at every point. The cold weather has apparently demoralized the Germans and many of them are reported surrendering without a fight.

At several points the Russians have already penetrated the Prussian border and some of the reports indicate that the German left wing has been isolated from the main body of the troops.

### Long German Retreat.

The new position of the German army front, along the River Warthe over seventy-five miles west of the Vistula river, which they reached at the time of the attempted attack on Warsaw, indicates the tremendous retreat of General Von Hindenburg's entire army in Poland the last two weeks. This retreat is regarded as especially important since such noted industrial centers as Lodz, Piotrkow, Radom and Kleie are recaptured by the Russians. The strategic point at Sandomir, which is at the junction of the San and Vistula rivers, has also been retaken.

### "Charity Feedeth a Multitude."

Provisions sent to Brussels by the American commission for the relief of Belgium already are supplying four hundred thousand meals daily and plans are now complete for carrying on a similar work throughout that part of Belgium occupied by the Germans.

# GERMAN CANNON DESTROY YPRES

### WAR LORD'S GUNS DRIVE BACK SHIPS AND RUSSIAN FLEET FLEES FROM TURKS.

## CONFLICT IS CRITICAL

### FRENCH AND ENGLISH ARE REPULSED WITH HEAVY LOSS AS THE ENEMY ADVANCES.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

London, Nov. 7.—The old Belgian town of Ypres was destroyed by German artillery, including some of the most ancient Flemish architecture.

Ypres was the center of attack in the third desperate effort of the Kaiser's army to take possession of the North Sea coast, coming after a lull of nine days in the fighting along the battle lines in Belgium and northern France.

It is also reported from Ostend that the British fleet has been driven away from the coast by the fire of heavy German artillery.

These events mark the opening of what military experts declare will be the most desperate fighting of the war, and the result of the fighting will have an important bearing on the outcome of the general conflict.

Until Monday the allies had been making important advances, but now the Germans claim to have repulsed a sortie near Neuport with heavy losses to the English and French. The Berlin war office also says that steady gains are being made against the allies southwest of Ypres, where they claim to have taken thousands of prisoners.

An official dispatch from Constantinople says that the Turkish fleet shelled near Kosloe a portion of the Russian fleet, which, however, managed to escape, with the Turkish ships in pursuit.

Despite the reverses which the Austro-German armies have suffered in the East, where the Russians have now set their feet in German territory, both in East Prussia and Posen, the Germans are said to be still sending reinforcements to the west in an endeavor to break down the resistance of the French, British and Belgians, who have been holding their positions.

There has, however, as yet been no decisive action fought along the whole front, but each side is making gains which may count when the crisis is at hand. With the tremendous forces opposing each other any progress may necessarily be slow in these days of siege battles, but both the allies and the Germans express satisfaction with the way in which the battle has gone thus far.

The slackness in the recruiting in England has been stopped by the marches of some of the crack territorial regiments, and Monday's procession through the streets of London, in connection with the inauguration of the lord mayor, in which the Canadian and other dominion troops took part. From all sections of the country come reports of an increasing number of young men offering themselves for service.

The following official communication was issued by the French war office last night:

"There has been no notable modification in the situation by reason of the difficulties which an intense fog has created in connection with operations of any extent. In the north the day has been good. We have maintained our positions between the river Lys and Langemarck and made appreciable progress between Langemarck and Dixmude."

### MORE STATES QUARANTINED.

### Thirteen Now Have Embargo Against Stock Shipments.

Washington.—Federal quarantine orders barring shipments of cattle from Canada to the United States and adding the states of Delaware, New Jersey and Rhode Island to the list of states where foot and mouth disease exists were signed by Secretary Houston of the Department of Agriculture.

The quarantine against Canadian shipments is not because of the disease in the Dominion, but to prevent the return of infected cattle cars to the United States.

Thirteen states now are quarantined. They are New York, Ohio, Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, Indiana, Illinois, Maryland, Michigan, Wisconsin, Iowa, Delaware, New Jersey and Rhode Island.

Secretary Houston said that unless the infection could be localized and quickly eradicated it threatened untold losses among livestock.

### American Federation Convention.

Philadelphia.—The thirty-fourth annual convention of the American Federation of Labor opened here to continue for two weeks. Prior to the meeting there was a short street parade. The city appropriated \$25,000 toward the expenses of the convention and in entertaining the delegates. A court of honor greeted the visitors. Jurisdictional fights, which have featured some of the past conventions of the federation, are likely to take up time in the present gathering.

# TROOPS GRAB BANK OF MEXICO

### MOB SEIZES NATION'S MONEY STOREHOUSE AS CARRANZA DEFIES NEW PRESIDENT.

## 53 VILLA MEN KILLED

### STATED THAT AMERICAN MARINES HAVE LANDED AT WEST PORT OF THE REPUBLIC.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

Vera Cruz.—According to private telegrams received here, the National Bank of Mexico City has been sacked by a mob led by Constitutionalist soldiers. This is the biggest bank in the republic and holds much of the government funds.

It is reported that the port of Acapulco on the Pacific has been occupied by American marines.

The occupation is said to have followed a request of the inhabitants, who were suffering great privations owing to the revolution.

Gen. Venustiano Carranza issued an ultimatum declaring himself the chief head of the republic. The proclamation was issued at Cordoba and directed to the military chieftains and the civil employes of the central government, who were ordered to obey Carranza as first chief of the Constitutionalists and to disregard totally the mandates of the Aguas Calientes convention.

To the military chieftains, he said that, unless they left the conference and were back at their posts, their next in rank would assume their places.

Roque Estrada, private secretary of General Carranza, said:

"We have exhausted all legitimate means to bring about a peaceful arrangement of this trouble. The Aguas Calientes convention must obey General Carranza or the delegates to it will be treated as traitors."

Heavy fighting has been in progress in Xochimilco, a suburb of Mexico City, between followers of Emiliano Zapata and General Carranza. Several trainloads of soldiers were sent from the capital to reinforce the Xochimilco garrison.

Naco, Ariz.—Resumption of the siege of Naco, Sonora, the Carranza position, by Governor Maytorena's Villa adherents, was marked by the first gunfire since the declaration of the armistice, Oct. 25.

Washington.—Administration officials admitted that the Mexican situation had again assumed a delicate aspect.

A San Antonio dispatch says General Carranza published a decree in Mexico City Monday ordering the Aguas Calientes convention virtually dissolved by Nov. 10.

### Woman Kills Children; Shoots Self.

East Las Vegas, N. M.—Mrs. J. E. Cleverger, mortally wounded, and the bodies of her two children, Magdeline, aged 9, and Louis, aged 7, were found in the Cleverger home. The woman, who was conscious, said she had shot the two children and then turned the weapon on herself, during the absence of her husband, an engineer. Ill health is believed to have unbalanced the woman's mind.

### Rivers Congress Meets Dec. 9.

Washington.—Senator Ransdell named Dec. 9, 10 and 11 as dates for the annual meeting of the National Rivers and Harbors Congress in Washington.

### TWO CLAIM HEINZE FORTUNE.

### One Woman Alleges She Was Common Law Wife and the Other Says She Married Millionaire.

Chicago.—Two women will contest for the estate of Fritz Augustus Heinze, millionaire copper king and financier, who died in New York.

The rival contestants are Mrs. Lillian Hobart French Heinze, claiming to be the common-law wife of the late banker, who says they separated by mutual consent in 1908, and Mrs. Anna McDermott Hollander Heinze, who declares she was married to Mr. Heinze a year ago in New York.

Mrs. Lillian Hobart French Heinze left here for New York to see her lawyers and begin her fight.

Besides her claim to a part of the Heinze estate, Mrs. Lillian Heinze declares that she will enforce her claim to the possession of \$25,000 worth of mining stock which she loaned to him in 1909, and for an annuity of \$2,400 a year, which he settled upon her by written contract in 1910. Furthermore, she claims she is entitled to \$25,000, due on policies on his life.

### Carranza Issues Import Tax Decree.

Vera Cruz.—General Carranza has issued at Cordoba a decree promising that the import taxes collected at Vera Cruz by the Americans since they have been in control of that seaport will not be levied again by Mexicans after the American evacuation.

### Ammons and Carlson Go East.

Denver.—Governor Ammons and Governor-elect George Carlson left for Madison, Wis., to attend the annual session of the national governors' conference.

# U.S. SENATORS ELECTED

### DEMOCRATS CONTROL HOUSE BY SMALL MAJORITY.

### Republican Gain 13 in Illinois, 12 in New York and 11 in Pennsylvania. —Senators Elected.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

United States Senators-elect  
State, Incumbent, New Senator  
Ala. F. S. White, D., O. W. Underwood, D.  
Ariz. Mark A. Smith, D., Mark A. Smith, D.  
Ark. Jas. P. Clark, D., Jas. P. Clark, D.  
Calif. Geo. C. Perkins, R., J. S. Pheasant, D.  
Colo. C. S. Thomas, D., C. S. Thomas, D.  
Conn. F. Brandegee, R., F. Brandegee, R.  
D. C. D. C. Fletcher, D., D. C. Fletcher, D.  
Ga. Hoke Smith, D., Hoke Smith, D.  
Ida. W. S. West, D., W. S. West, D.  
Ill. L. Y. Sherman, R., L. Y. Sherman, R.  
Ind. B. F. Shively, D., B. F. Shively, D.  
Iowa A. B. Cummins, R., A. B. Cummins, R.  
Kans. J. L. Burton, R., C. S. Curtis, R.  
Ky. J. N. Camden, D., J. N. Camden, D.  
La. Ollie James, D., J. C. W. Beckham, D.  
Maine J. H. Thompson, D., R. F. Broussard, D.  
Md. John W. Smith, D., John W. Smith, D.  
Mo. W. J. Stone, D., W. J. Stone, D.  
Nev. F. J. Newlands, D., F. J. Newlands, D.  
N. H. J. H. Gallinger, R., J. H. Gallinger, R.  
N. Y. Elihu Root, J. M. Wadsworth, Jr., R.  
N. C. L. S. Overman, D., L. S. Overman, D.  
N. D. A. J. Gronna, R., A. J. Gronna, R.  
Ohio T. E. Burton, R., W. G. Harding, R.  
Okla. T. P. Gore, D., T. P. Gore, D.  
Or. G. E. Chamberlain, D., G. E. Chamberlain, D.  
Pa. Boies Penrose, R., Boies Penrose, R.  
S. C. E. D. Smith, D., E. D. Smith, D.  
S. D. C. L. Crawford, D., E. S. Johnson, D.  
Tah. Reed Smoot, R., Reed Smoot, R.  
Utah W. P. Dillingham, R., W. P. Dillingham, R.  
Vt. W. L. Conger, R., W. L. Conger, R.  
Wis. J. Stevenson, R., F. E. McGovern, R.

Washington.—Many changes in the organization of the House of Representatives will be made when Champ Clark and "Uncle Joe" Cannon once more face each other across the center aisle at the beginning of the next Congress.

The dwindling of the Democratic majority, which will drop after the close of the December session from 140 to 24, will necessitate a general shifting of the working order in the House.

With their slender majority the Democrats, while able to re-elect Speaker Clark and retain control of the committee, will be forced to maintain an almost perfect organization.

Practically complete returns give the Democrats 229, Republicans 196, Progressives 7, Socialists 1, Independents 1.

ARIZONA—Democrats, 1; Republicans, none. Unchanged.

COLORADO—Republicans, 1; probably Democrats 3. Unchanged.

NEW MEXICO—Democrats, none; Republicans, 1. Unchanged.

WYOMING—Democrats, none; Republicans, 1. Unchanged.

ALABAMA—Democrats, 10; Republicans, none. Unchanged.

ARKANSAS—Democrats, 7; Republicans, none. Unchanged.

CALIFORNIA—Democrats, 2; Republicans, 3; Progressives, 6. Unchanged.

CONNECTICUT—Democrats, none; Republicans, 5. Republicans gain 5.

DELAWARE—Democrats, none; Republicans, 1. Republican gain 1.

FLORIDA—Democrats, 4; Republicans, none. Unchanged.

GEORGIA—Democrats, 12; Republicans, none. Unchanged.

IDAHO—Democrats, none; Republicans, 2. Unchanged.

ILLINOIS—Democrats, 9; Republicans, 17; Progressives, 1. Republican gain of 13 over Democrats in Third, Fifteenth, Seventeenth, Eighteenth, Nineteenth, Twentieth, Twenty-second, Twenty-fourth, Twenty-fifth and two at large, over Progressives in Tenth and Twelfth.

INDIANA—Democrats, 11; Republicans, 2. Republicans gain 2 in Seventh and Tenth districts.

IOWA—Democrats, 1; Republicans, 10. Republican net gain of 2. Gains in Second, Third and Sixth districts. Loss in Eleventh.

KANSAS—Democrats, 4; Republicans, 2; probably Republicans 2. Democratic gain 1 in Eighth district.

KENTUCKY—Democrats, 9; Republicans, 2. Unchanged.

LOUISIANA—Democrats, 7; Progressives, 1. Progressive gain 1 in Third district.

MAINE (elected in September)—Democrats, 1; Republicans, 3. Unchanged.

MARYLAND—Democrats, 5; Republicans, 12. Republicans gain 4 in Eighth, Eleventh, Thirteenth and Sixteenth districts.

MASSACHUSETTS—Democrats, 4; Republicans, 12. Republicans gain 4 in Eighth, Eleventh, Thirteenth and Sixteenth districts.

MICHIGAN—Democrats, 2; Republicans, 11. Republicans gain 2 over Progressives in Tenth and Twelfth districts.

MINNESOTA—Democrats, 1; Progressives, 8; Progressives, 1. Progressive gain 1.

MISSISSIPPI—Democrats, 3; Republicans, none. Unchanged.

MISSOURI—Democrats, 14; Republicans, 2. Unchanged.

MONTANA—Democrats, 2; Republicans, none. Unchanged.

NEBRASKA—Democrats, 3; Republicans, 3. Unchanged.

NEVADA—Democrats, none; Republicans, 1. Unchanged.

NEW HAMPSHIRE—Democrats, none; Republicans, 2. Republican gain 2.

NEW JERSEY—Democrats, 4; Republicans, 7; probably Democratic 1. Republicans gain 5 in Second, Fourth, Eighth, Ninth and Tenth districts.

NORTH CAROLINA—Democrats, 9; probably Republican 1.

NORTH DAKOTA—Democrats, none; Republicans, 3. Unchanged.

NEW YORK—Democrats, 20; Republicans, 21; Progressives, 1; Socialists, 1; Republicans gain 12 in the First, Ninth, Tenth, Eleventh, Twelfth, Twenty-fifth, Twenty-seventh, Twenty-eighth, Thirty-fifth, Thirty-seventh and Fortieth districts. Socialists gain 1 in the Twelfth district.

OHIO—Democrats, 10; Republicans, 12; Republicans gain 9 in First, Fourth, Eleventh, Fourteenth, Fifteenth, Sixteenth, Eighteenth, Nineteenth and Twenty-second districts.

SOUTH DAKOTA—Democrats, 1; Republicans, 2. Unchanged.

TENNESSEE—Democrats, 8; Republicans, 2. Unchanged.

# Temperance

(Conducted by the National Woman's Christian Temperance Union)

### LICENSE AS A SOPORIFIC.

Purely as an educational measure, the temperance organizations of Massachusetts introduced into the legislature a bill asking that the fee for a first-class liquor license be reduced from its present minimum of \$1,000 to the minimum of \$50. It afforded an opportunity to puncture anew the high license fallacy and to show how the very amount of the fee served as a bribe to the several towns for the licensing of the traffic.

Viewed on its merits and considering the liquor traffic from the standpoint of any other legitimate business, it would seem self-evident that the men who pay the license would approve of so wholesale a reduction, and we might have been excused for expecting the wholesalers, retailers, brewers and distillers to be present in large numbers to endorse the measure. They were present, through their paid representative, but not to endorse. On the contrary Mr. Weld spoke with his accustomed ability against the suggested change. Why? Because the large fee acts as a bribe, a soporific to the municipal conscience, a narcotic to the body politic. The "trade" is wise enough to stand for large sums paid into the public treasuries, that therefore their deadly work may be protected.

### "A HORRIBLE EXAMPLE."

During a recent election in Huron county, Ohio, the liquor interests took the town of Findlay, a city of 15,000 population, as a horrible example of what no saloons will do for a city. Hon. Lincoln Groves, mayor of Findlay, produced evidence to show that Findlay has the lowest tax rate of any municipality in Ohio and that the town is better morally, financially and industrially than it had ever been during the "wet" period.

As to the effect upon business, the Business Men's association is quoted as saying:

"The 'wet' towns around have drawn nothing away from Findlay but 'booze and bums,' and neither pay for food or clothing."

The city council said, "Lower taxes, less disorder and fewer paupers."

The Bankers' association stated that "for the three years immediately following the voting out of the saloons from this county, there was an average of over \$230,000 more on deposit in local banks than during the three years immediately preceding the closing of the saloons."

### WHY HE VOTED DRY.

"The other day a man who has lived in this town a long time, and has employment here, came to me to borrow \$25," said a leading business man in an Illinois town. "It was pay night. I asked him why. He said that when he went to the saloon where he frequently spends too much of his hard-earned wages, he was told that he owed \$150 more than the amount of the check he handed in to be cashed. 'I know there isn't a thing to eat in the house at home,' he told me, 'and I must take home some groceries.' I loaned him the money. He's good, and I have no fear that he will not repay me."

"I've seen too much of that sort of thing in recent years, but it was never brought home to me so strongly before how the wives and children have to bear the brunt of this drink evil. Yes, sir, I'm 'dry' from now on."

### FROM BEHIND THE BAR.

An ex-saloonkeeper, writing recently in the Oregon Daily Journal, says: "I knew many thousands of saloonkeepers in the United States, but I have yet to hear one express an opinion favorable to his own calling. He will say, 'Well I'm in it for the money, and just as soon as I get enough of that I'll quit the business.' Only recently a down town saloonkeeper said to me, 'Just one day and night spent in a saloon would make a temperance advocate of anyone.'"

"I'm not a churchman, but I will say that my tongue and pen while life lasts will be used in favor of temperance, to make some small amends for the worse than wasted years I spent behind the saloon bar."

### TAXES IN LICENSE AND NO-LICENSE TOWNS.

Mayor Bennett of Rockford, Ill., a city of about 50,000, has this to say concerning taxes in license and no-license cities: "I have looked up the records and I find that out of 15 cities of its class Rockford has the lowest tax rate for the last year of any. This includes all taxes. A man who owns a \$3,000 home in Rockford paid \$45.56 in taxes last year. The tax on the same home in Freeport was \$55.55, and in East St. Louis, the most heavily burdened with saloons of any city in the state of Illinois, the taxes at the same time on a \$3,000 home were \$76.20."

### CASE OF WONDER.

Liquor-sellers in France are declaring for the prohibition of absinthe. "They find, it is said, that abstinence by killing their customers diminishes the number of purchasers so rapidly. Naturally they want their patrons to live as long as possible. Is this why the beer-makers and wine-makers in the United States are trying to prohibit the traffic in distilled liquors?"



GENERAL ALLENBY

General Allenby, who has distinguished himself on the allied army in France, is one of the most capable British cavalry leaders in the South Africa. In 1910 was made in command of cavalry in England.

# WINCHESTER

THE W BRAND



## REVOLVER AND PISTOL CARTRIDGES.

Winchester Revolver and Pistol cartridges in all calibers prove their superiority by the targets they make. Shoot them and you'll find they are ACCURATE, CLEAN, SURE

**Real-Life Romance.**  
In real life one sometimes gets the whole of a romance and sees it result in the leading lady thereof cooking for boarders.—*Atchison Globe.*

A mouse scares a woman almost as badly as a milliner's bill scares a man.

**THE choicest and mildest of tobaccos—a wholesomeness most acceptable! FATIMA the Turkish-blend cigarette.**  
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Be careful of them. Eyes are priceless. A new eye-bath has been discovered that will absolutely relieve all conditions of sore eyes. Red, inflaming eyes, congested eyes, catarrh of the eyes, weak, watery eyes, tired eyes, Ulcers, Scabies, Itching lids and all Acute and Chronic diseases of the Eye, Sun Glare and Smoker's Red Nictine Eyes can be readily relieved by using

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The manufacturer has so much faith in this Eye Bath that he will give you a 30-day trial. Send 5c for a 4-oz. bottle or 11 for a 2-oz. bottle, and if you are not relieved and do not feel that California Eye Bath has done what we claim it to do, return the used bottle and we will refund full purchase price. Send for this Eye Bath today. You will be surprised at the wonderful curative properties and the results will satisfy you. Remember California Eye Bath is a licensed Physician's Prescription.

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## PEACE POLICY WISE

**President Has Strengthened Monroe Doctrine.**

**Exhibition of Disinterestedness in the Present European Crisis Cannot Fail to Add to Prestige of the Country.**

What will be the effect of the peace policy of the administration on the Monroe doctrine? The question is suggested by Ambassador Berstorff's statement that Germany will respect the American view of that doctrine during the course of the war.

An idea is current that little can help the Monroe doctrine except additions to our effective force; that propaganda for peace and governmental activities in favor of peace are, to a great extent, a departure from the course that is its sole support.

This is far from the truth. The main strength of the Monroe doctrine is the prestige and influence of the United States. And this is not based wholly on military power. Important commercial and friendly political relations have much to do with it. The exhibition of great disinterestedness, the rendering of special service to the community of nations, will greatly enhance it.

It is reasonable to predict that if the United States succeeds in playing the part of a real friend and mediator to the warring nations, if it happily falls to her lot to be a potent factor in restoring peace to Europe and thus rendering an unmistakable service, the Monroe doctrine will be greatly strengthened.

It may be found, in the long event, that President Wilson and the United States, without the exhibition of force, have given the Monroe doctrine a support that will protect it against aggression, perhaps even the implied challenge to which it is now occasionally subject, for many decades. And it is well to remember that there are other forces in this world besides force. Whatever helps the United States in any way helps the Monroe doctrine.

**Splendid Record of Congress.**  
This newspaper does not by any means approve the work of the thirty-third congress entire. We opposed the free-listing of sugar as a mistake and a virtual breach of the platform pledge, just as many other Democrats and Democratic newspapers did. We opposed the repeal of the toll-exemption clause, forced over the heads of Democratic leaders in the house for reasons of state not yet fully divulged. We have criticized other measures and acts upon grounds that seemed to us sound. But the infallible congress never has arrived and probably never will arrive. This one, judged by its performances, has achieved a record very much above the average. In the accomplishment of constructive tasks shirked or mishandled by its predecessors it has rendered distinguished and memorable service.—*New Orleans Times-Picayune.*

**Securing South American Trade.**  
It is a mistake to shut one's self up within the foolish conceit of speaking only one language. People who know now the language of the South American countries are in demand. It is worth dollars nowadays to be able to sell goods in those parts of the world. Another kind of man that is in demand is one who knows where to find the facts as to what European nations sell to Latin-American peoples. German, French and Italian languages have a new commercial value given them because of the European war. Yet the facilities for learning the speech of any well-known commercial people are so near at hand that it is surprising how few really make an effort to put themselves in possession of this new means of self-advancement.—*Wall Street Journal.*

**The Test of Efficiency.**  
President Wilson's unflinching devotion to public duty, and his wise attitude in the midst of strange and perilous times, have not failed to win admiration and respect. In August a great personal bereavement befell him in the death of Mrs. Wilson, whose worth of character and grace of personality had given her, as mistress of the White House, a rightful place in the regard of the American people. The president has been sustained in his affliction by the compelling force of his public duties at a moment of unprecedented seriousness in the history of modern nations. Like most of his predecessors, Mr. Wilson has not failed to rise high when great emergencies have afforded a test of character, wisdom and moral power.—*American Review of Reviews.*

**None of Our Business.**  
Let us refrain from becoming excited over Japan's reported seizure of the Marshall Islands. If Japan seizes a thousand islands in the Pacific, barring our own, it would still be none of our business—unless we should be going into the imperial business. Whether Japan confines her efforts in this war as she promised is no more our affair than was Germany's violation of Belgium's neutrality. If Japan breaks her word to the other powers, it will be their misfortune, not ours.—*St. Louis Post-Dispatch.*

## GAVE PRESENT NAVY BIRTH

**Democratic Administration Responsible for Country's Present Magnificent Fleet.**

All good Americans, of course, have reason to take pride in the efficiency of the navy. But a Democratic national administration has additional reason for such pride, because it was under a Democratic administration that the new navy really came into existence.

At the close of the Civil war the United States had the most powerful navy in the world. But in the '70s it fell into decay and became an international laughing stock. It was in President Cleveland's first administration, under the direction of that fine executive, William C. Whitney of New York; that the new naval policy was undertaken.

In his first message to congress the president recommended the development of the navy, which he characterized under then existing conditions, as merely "a shabby ornament to the government." In accordance with his recommendation a naval appropriation bill was passed which long afterward was called "historic" by a Republican secretary of the navy, John D. Long, in his history of "The New American Navy." Under its provisions the first modern types of warships were added to the navy—the battleship Texas, the armored cruiser Maine, the protected cruiser Baltimore, the torpedo boat Cushing and a dynamite cruiser, Vesuvius. All but the last proved permanent types, and the modern navy is merely a multiplication and development of them, with the addition of the submarine.

To maintain the navy on a high level of efficiency is good American doctrine that was first enforced by a great Democratic administration.

**"Experiments."**  
"What is there to its credit?" asks our neighbor the Herald in discussing the work of congress. "A tariff law, a currency law, a trades-commission law and an anti-trust law—all of them experiments."

A fine old Tory view of government! The Declaration of Independence was an experiment. So was the Constitution of the United States. So was the Emancipation Proclamation. So was every great piece of constructive legislation ever passed.

The Herald itself was once an experiment, but it succeeded, and revolutionized the journalism of its day. To say that a congress has passed experimental legislation is to say that it is alive to its highest duty and that it retains the spirit of Americanism.—*New York World.*

## Tariff Wall, a Cause of War.

A Fort Leavenworth officer suggests that Germany, if victorious, would probably desire to include Belgium and Holland in its customs union. That is, the essential thing to Germany in dealing with its neighboring states is to have free trade with them. "She will then be free," he says, "to pursue her commercial ambitions with renewed vigor."

Whether he is right or not, it is certain that the breaking down of tariff walls is the main object of wars. The possession of territory is of no particular advantage, except in so far as it gives a chance for enlarged trade. If there were free trade throughout the world the chief motive for fighting would be removed.—*Kansas City Star.*

## Hoping for Our Trade Expansion.

An importing house at Singapore has this quotation from the Straits Times printed upon its letterhead:

"The registration of ships of other nationality by the United States means that the great nation of the West does not intend to be a passive spectator. This move will enable her to take the bulk of the world's sea-borne trade under her protection. Locally, this may have an enormous remedial effect. Before very long a big trade may be organized and it may be the salvation of our industries."

American trade expansion is not a purely selfish project. Other countries look to it as eagerly as we do.

## Chance for American Factories.

A Connecticut toy factory is working 24 hours a day trying to meet the demand that was formerly supplied by imports from Germany. There is no reason why American factories should not turn out just as satisfactory toys as foreign concerns. Designers and workers should become so proficient before the war ends that the industry will be so firmly established here that it will never again be necessary to send money abroad for toys.

## Astonished at the Colonel.

It is a He! I never charged a cent for an autograph in my life. Tell The World not to keep sending me questions. They make me mad.—*Colonel Roosevelt.*

Why should the colonel get "mad" at an opportunity to call somebody a liar?—*New York World.*

## Why the Progressives Rage.

Progressives know, as well as anybody else, that the president has not yielded a point to the corporation and financial interests, and probably they know that their own wild notions, if reduced to the form of statutes, would destroy business. The Democratic success is removing all reason for the existence of the Progressive party, and enough of the Progressive have relapsed into the G. O. P. to destroy any chances the Progressives can have imagined that they had of carrying the country.

## THE SOUTHERN PACIFIC

**HAS INVESTMENT OF \$14,000,000 IN NEW MEXICO.**

**Report to State Corporation Commission by Big Company Indicates Railroad is Paying Proposition.**

Santa Fé.—The Southern Pacific Railroad Company, owner of the Southern Pacific railway, filed its report for 1914 with the state corporation commission. The report indicates that this country, for it states that a 5 per cent dividend was declared on \$160,000,000, amounting to \$8,000,000 appropriation from surplus. The profit is given as \$7,271,614.25.

The expenditures on the entire line were \$3,357,716.60, and on that part of the road in New Mexico they were \$5,252.77, for additions and betterments.

The company received the sum of \$14,965,017.72 as income from the lease of the road and a total income of \$17,295,595.45.

The investment in New Mexico up to 1907 amounted to \$13,422,191.21, and since 1907 the sum of \$1,058,325.20 was added, making the total investment in this state \$14,480,516.41. During the past year the depreciation amounted to \$490,163.80. The cost per mile of the road in this state was \$83,380.12. The loss on retired road and equipment on the entire line was \$306,014.95.

The Southern Pacific railroad lines traverse Louisiana, Texas, New Mexico, Arizona, California, Nevada, Oregon and Utah. Their total mileage is over 6,700.

## Bankers Injured When Auto Capsizes.

Santa Fé.—To be hurled over an embankment as their Hummobile turned turtle, and then to be pinned under the machine while suffering excruciating pain, escaping just as the automobile caught fire and burned up with all of their personal effects, was the experience of A. Murck, a banker of Dallas, Tex., J. M. Moses, a banker of San Antonio, Tex., and O. P. Wilson, formerly proprietor of the Grand Central hotel at Roswell. The accident happened at 11 p. m., while the machine was creeping along two miles south of Arroyo Hondo. As a result of the accident Mr. Murck has a dislocated shoulder. Mr. Moses is injured internally and it is thought he has three ribs broken. Mr. Wilson was the least injured. His eye is bruised and his face cut.

## McDonald Appoints Delegates.

Santa Fé.—Governor McDonald appointed delegates to three national meetings. The seventeenth annual session of the American Mining Congress drew the largest list of delegates, no less than eleven being named to attend its meeting at Phoenix on Dec. 7. These delegates were as follows: John M. Sully, Santa Rita; C. T. Brown, Socorro; George H. Utter, Silver City; Rees H. Beddow, Gallup; F. A. Jones, Socorro; George B. Bent, Bent; Thomas O'Brien, Dawson; A. J. Anderson and Thomas F. Cooney, Mogollon; Haines Gridley, San Pedro; G. L. Brooks, Albuquerque.

The fourteenth annual session of the Vocational Art and Industrial Federation, to be held in Chicago, can be attended by Mrs. Theresa B. White, Silver City; Mrs. R. F. Asplund, Santa Fé; J. H. Vaughn, Las Cruces, and V. A. Snyder, Albuquerque, as delegates.

The Half-Century Anniversary of Negro Freedom, to be held next year, can be attended by the following delegates, all of Albuquerque: Mrs. Laura Dennis, Prof. John Allen, Prof. Abraham Mitchell.

## Hernandez and Williams Elected.

Santa Fé.—Figures available, with returns incomplete from many counties, indicate the election of Hernandez, Republican, to congress by from 2,300 to 3,000 majority. Williams is elected corporation commissioner.

## 20,000 Acres of Wheat at Melrose.

Melrose.—In the territory tributary to Melrose the wheat acreage will be from 25 to 40 per cent larger than the past year. This means that there will be from 15,000 to 20,000 acres of wheat, as it was estimated that there was approximately 12,000 acres of wheat in this immediate territory the past year, the estimated yield being from 200,000 to 250,000 bushels. Melrose alone is expected to ship over 100 carloads of new wheat.

## Land Office Figures.

Santa Fé.—That there were 213 land entries and proofs aggregating an area of 27,319.12 acres in the federal land office during October is seen in the monthly report compiled by R. F. Pulerton. The amount of money received was \$2,528.85. Of these 213 entries there were 85 homestead, original entries, totalling 14,532.31 acres and bringing in the sum of \$1,354.17. The total acreage is smaller than that of September.

## Makes 1,200-Pound Shipment of Honey.

Alamogordo.—E. C. DeWitt, known locally as the "honey man," has made a shipment of 1,200 pounds of high-grade honey to Tucuman.

## T. D. White Buried in Texas.

Roswell.—The body of Thomas D. White, a member of the board of county commissioners, who died here, was taken to Gonzales, Tex., his old home, for burial.

## STATE NEWS

**OF INTEREST TO ALL NEW MEXICO PEOPLE**

*Western Newspaper Union News Service.*

**DATES FOR COMING EVENTS**  
Nov. 22-23.—Meeting, State Teachers Association at Albuquerque.

Many settlers are filing on land at the Fort Sumner land office.

Seventy men and teams are at work rebuilding the Hebron dam at Maxwell.

Deming people will have their mail delivered by U. S. carriers after Jan. 1.

Grant county reports a considerable gain in its school census, mainly due to the growth of the mining camps around Silver City.

The Colfax county road board has had a force of men constructing and repairing bridges in that county.

The Mimbres Valley Farmers' Association has under consideration a plan to establish a cooperative coommunity at Deming.

Candidates for the State Legislature have filed their affidavits with the state secretary, giving statements of their campaign expenses.

Of the 380 life insurance agents in the state of New Mexico quite a number may face a fine of \$100 to \$500 for granting rebates in selling insurance.

It is authoritatively reported that 24,000 head of southern New Mexico cattle have been contracted by Los Angeles buyers for that California market.

Goats are being used as "pack" animals in Dona Ana county. Twelve of them are now at work packing the 275-ton silo on the Turney ranch, a mile south of Las Cruces.

Water application No. 936 has been filed by C. C. Clemans of Artesia, with the state engineer for .65 second feet from Cottonwood Draw to irrigate forty-three acres. This is a flood water project.

Carl Scholz, mining expert of the Rock Island lines, has called to the attention of the United States Geological Survey the recent discoveries of potash and salt in the Rock Island and Carlsbad districts.

D. S. Martin threshed 90,000 pounds of beans in the Venus district. The heaviest yield was raised on the Orr ranch, 21,700 pounds from twenty acres, while the average yield would be between 700 and 800 pounds.

Seven sections of Santa Fé railroad land, known as the Oliviera ranch, twenty-four miles northwest of Clovis, have been purchased from the Santa Fé company by the Shipley Brothers Cattle Company. The price was \$26,000.

The United States Geological Survey is authority for the statement that the production of mineral in New Mexico last year had a value of \$17,862,369, as against \$14,391,355 the year before, and more than double the figures of two years ago.

Jim Dellehunte, a cowboy in the employ of the H. Slash outfit, about ten miles west of Blue Springs, ran down with a horse and roped an immense deer recently. The animal was so fat it could not run any distance and Dellehunte easily roped it.

E. C. Lamb is feeding two carloads of steers at his ranch near Artesia.

Santa Rosa, in the county of Guadalupe, was incorporated with the following officials at the head of the municipality: Mayor, Julius Moise; clerk, Joaquin A. Bazan; aldermen, A. A. Tipton, George Maos, Simon Cerrano and Urbano Lucero.

A tract of 14,000 acres of state land has been sold to John T. Mulr of Lordsburg, an extensive cattle raiser. He paid \$2.01 an acre, or \$43,000. The land is situated in Playas valley, south of Separ, and especially adapted for grazing purposes.

The harvesting of beets at Maxwell is well under way, and farmers are expecting big returns.

Although the farmers in the Rana district raised and properly harvested considerable broom corn, they seem to have a hard time getting a market. Alleging that he has been made lame for life by the negligence of the company that employed him, George Sarea, aged twenty-one, a Greek brought suit in the Federal Court at Santa Fé for \$7,500 damages against the Stag Cañon Fuel Company.

Hagerman now boasts the distinction of being the only town in the United States with two postmasters. T. B. Platt, Republican, has refused to turn over the office to C. M. Stanford, the Democrat recently appointed by President Wilson, and a pretty mix-up has resulted.

After working for the past four or five months in the state penitentiary garden among the cabbages, D. N. Miers, a convict from Quay county, took French leave and now the authorities are hunting him with bloodhounds. It is thought that he will be easily identified as he stutters and has a Swedish accent.

Carlsbad and Loving will put up something like 1,500 bales of cotton this season.

Ten new committees were named Miss Marnette A. Myers, state supervisor of industrial education, to with the committees from the sixteen counties appointed soon ago in taking charge of the larger exhibit which will be shown store at the New Mexico Educational Convention in Albuquerque this morning.

More movers today.

# For Health and Comfort

Your doctor will tell you to protect yourself against winter ailments by wearing substantial, absorbent underwear. We will show you how to do it without being bothered by the desire to scratch or the bunching of the garments.

Whether you prefer union suits or two-piece suits, cotton, wool or wool mixtures, we have your size at *your price*. The range of varieties now in stock assures your being satisfied in every respect *at once*.

## THE CRITERION

WE GIVE TRADING STAMPS

### Ladies Bazaar.

The ladies of the Christain Church will give their annual Bazaar Nov. 28th in the corner room of the Freeman Block. The "seven age" feature will interest you. Many useful articles will be on sale at modest prices, and good cheer and fellowship will be on hand.

### Corrington College.

Tuesday evening, Nov. 24th the Dramatic Club of Corrington College will present "Phyllis' Inheritance" a bright sparkling three act comedy. The cast of characters insures an evening of splendid entertainment.

The tickets on sale at Mann's Drug store are at a price within the reach of all—High school and College pupils 15 cents, general public 20 cents, reserved seats 25 cents. The proceeds go to the College which merits the enthusiastic support of the Artesia public.

### Mrs. E. B. Kemp.

The "Silent Reaper" has once more pressed the heavy hand of affliction upon our town and taken Mrs. E. B. Kemp from our midst. The walks of life know her no more. She had been suffering from extreme nervousness for several weeks and had gone to Missouri for rest and treatment but passed away a few days after her arrival.

Mrs. Kemp was not an ordinary woman in any sense of the word. Hers was a character that to be known once was never to be forgotten. She was a vital force toward the betterment of the community, and loved this country and its people. For two years she was President of the Woman's Club and had accomplished much good in this work. Men and women gained help and courage from her every day helpfulness and charity, and little children found happiness at her side, as was shown by her beautiful work and interest in the Children's Fair and her untiring zeal and sympathy made it the success

Ross Kemp was years ago in Missouri to Artesia with

her brother Dr. Ross nine years ago and was married to Mr. E. B. Kemp five years later. She was a devout member of the Christain Church, and from this circle will be especially missed.

Mrs. Kemp leaves a husband and two brothers and to them in behalf of a sorrowing community the Advocate extends sincere condolence.

### Card of Thanks.

It is with deep gratitude that we express our appreciation of the kind assistance rendered by our friends and neighbors during the illness and death of our dear father.

May God bless each of you.  
Lillian McMill  
A. C. Bishop  
B. A. Bishop  
J. P. Bishop  
Ora Bishop  
Margaret Bishop.

### Local News.

Mrs. Brookes entertained at luncheon on Wednesday. Covers were laid for Mesdames. Helmig, Keinath and McNatt.

Mr. and Mrs. Cauhope of Roswell were house guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Yates Monday. Mrs. Cauhope will be remembered as Miss Francis Guthrie of Mexico, Mo. who visited Mrs. J. R. Yates and Mrs. C. W. Williams, two years ago.

J. A. Perkins who has been visiting other parts for several months has returned to Artesia to stay.

William Sprout has returned to Artesia, he left last spring "permanently" he thought but found no other place as good—its the same old story.

Mr. C. P. Bishop, of El Paso who was called to Artesia by the illness and death of his father, Mr. E. S. Bishop left Wednesday for his home. He was accompanied by his sister Miss Ora Bishop.

Mrs. Joe Wertheim expects her parents Mr. and Mrs. S. Vorenberg of Wagon Mound, N. M. next week to spend Thanksgiving. Mrs. Vorenberg will probably stay a month.

Mr. Vorenberg is an old timer in New Mexico having lived in wagon Mound and other places in the north part of the state for over 30 years. He is in the mercantile and cattle business.

A hunting party composed of E. C. Higgins, "Little" Hig, E. N. Requa, and Judge McCrary spent Wednesday in the open and tried to exterminate the quails, having killed 60. Having something of a reputation for veracity we refrain from mentioning the number of rabbits. Go to the principals for that information.

George R. Ray and family have this week moved to Roswell, where they will reside in the future. They were among the first settlers of Artesia, coming here when the town was new. Mr. Ray was pastor of the Methodist church in 1904. The family will be greatly missed in church and social circles.

Mr. Herman Wertheim, a brother of Joe, is expected to arrive in Artesia about the 1st of December to make this his future home. He will work in the Criterion. His former home was in Bernalillo, N. M. where he worked for a big mercantile establishment.

### Buster Bowman Arrested.

The friends of Buster Bowman were very much surprised last week to learn of his arrest on a warrant issued from Chaves County, charging him with being implicated in the theft of several head of mules. He was carried to Roswell where he made bond for his release, and the hearing of his case was set for November 25th. Other arrests have also been made tending to connect others with the alleged stealing.

The mules which were stolen or strayed from the Smith & Hanger ranch some weeks ago were the property of Mr. Thomas who lives on the ranch. Some of these mules were identified at Roswell, and it is charged that Bowman sold the mules to Roswell parties.

Buster Bowman has done a great deal of buying and selling of stock and has always

enjoyed a good reputation in this vicinity and it is to be hoped that he can show that he is clear of any wrong doing in this transaction.

## THE MAJESTIC HAS NEW OWNER

Mr. Arthur Franklin has purchased the Majestic Theatre from Mr. Chamberlain and is now running this popular place of amusement.


Mr. Franklin has made his home at Roswell for some time and likes the Valley. He will not be a stranger in Artesia, and will soon be at home with Artesia people.

The Majestic will show the best there is in moving pictures and we predict for Mr. Franklin and his son who will soon arrive here, a very satisfactory patronage.

Attend the meeting of swine growers at the Majestic to-morrow afternoon.

—OUR—  
**OPTICAL DEPT.**

When in Doubt Regarding Your Sight Consult Us at Once



Is in a position to give you accurate lens fitting

**Edward Stone**  
Qualified Optometrist

Assist Your Vision and it Will Assist You

Increase the volume of your business by advertising in the Advocate.

They can't get too close for the Remington Club.



**REMINGTON UMC**

Scatter Load SHOT SHELLS

When they're apt to get up close, slip in a **Remington-UMC Scatterload**—and make your choke bore gun good in brush or thicket.

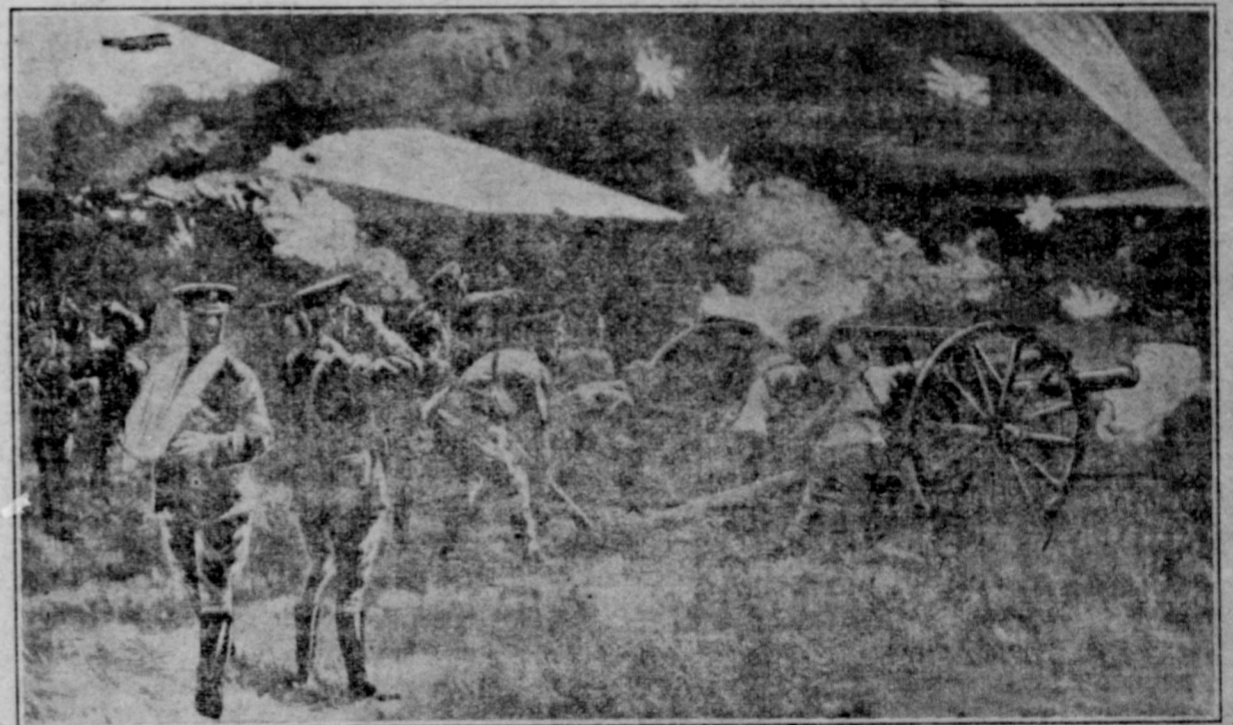
Arrow and Nitro Club steel lined scatterload shot shells open up your pattern so evenly that your bird can neither get too much nor too little.

A special system of wadding gives at 25 yds. a spread equal to that of a standard shell at 40 yds. and with greater penetration.

The steel lining gives the speed plus perfect pattern. Get a box to-day. Your local dealer has them. Try them on a paper target with your old duck gun.



**Remington Arms-Union Metallic Cartridge Co.**  
299 Broadway New York City



## THE WASTE OF WAR

The war that now engulfs Europe is only a preface to the story of sorrow and desolation that will follow.

The lives that are lost, the cities that are destroyed and the resources that are wasted will have their greatest effect upon future generations.

Until the last chapter is reached there will be a story of stagnant industries, desolate homes, barren fields and fatherless children.

While their great conflict of waste is being waged we Americans are fighting the Battles of Peace.

An army of 150,000 men and women enlisted in the ranks of the Bell System serves the telephone wants of the American public.

Over 6000 of these people work right here in the seven mountain states every day in the year.

The Mountain States Telephone & Telegraph Co.

"The Corporation Different."