

POPULAR ADVERTISING

WANTED—Stockmen to stop at the Hoffman House, Rooms 25c to \$1. Third and Felix.

J. C. Hedenberg 413 Francis St., St. Joseph, Mo. Abstract of Title of the City of St. Joseph and Buchanan County, Telephone No. 187.

HAVE YOU A PATENT? WE CAN SELL IT. TRY US. SECURITY BUSINESS CO. SUITE 4 CORBY BLDG., ST. JOSEPH, MO.

You Would Be Surprised to know how often our Central girl is asked if you have a telephone. Call up Main 1 and the man will call and explain the new arrangements. Missouri and Kansas Telephone Co. Tel. Main No. 1.

FOR EXCHANGE. FOR TRADE—ONE OF THE BEST BRANCHES in Western Kansas. A ranch of 1,800 acres, improvements cost over \$5,000. Price \$15 an acre. Will exchange for a good Northern Missouri farm or good income property. Write or inquire of C. T. Patterson Realty Co., 5th & Edmond Sts., St. Joseph, Mo.

YOU CAN'T BE HAPPY IF YOUR FEET ACHE. Dr. Reed, 10 years successful practice in St. Joseph. Corns, Bunions, Legrowing Toenails successfully treated. 413 Felix. Agent for Dr. Reed's Cushion Shoes.

NOTICE! To the Public in General and Stockmen in Particular. Parties desiring a first-class, well-cooked meal, Steaks, Chops, or Fish will find the same Mrs. Hight superintendent of the kitchen at 413 Edmond who formerly superintended the Old Hill Court Place, 219 Felix. Look for the Big Sign over the door.

Belting! For the Best Write to Lewis Supply Co. 115 S. 4th St., St. Joseph, Mo.

W. F. Haspel, Manufacturer of Fine Harness, Saddles, Etc. Turf Goods a Specialty. Edmond St., St. Joseph, Mo.

CASH for your farm, ranch, home or other property, no matter what its worth, or where located. If you desire a quick sale, send us description and price in care. We quickly furnish cash buyers. IF YOU WANT to buy a farm, ranch, home or property of any kind, anywhere, tell us what you want and where you want it. We can fill your requirements, do it promptly, and to your entire satisfaction. N. B. JOHNSON & CO. 512 - Bank Commerce Bldg. - KANSAS CITY, MO.

Perfect Satisfaction Characterize the Johnson method of tailoring—you take no chances.

T. H. Johnson, MERCHANT TAILOR, 313 Felix Street.

HAMMONDS Coin Special Hams, Breakfast Bacon, Lard and Canned Meats

are the Finest that the Packing House Art can Produce. HAMMOND PACKING COMPANY. Chicago, Ill., Hammond, Ind., St. Joseph, Mo.

To Cancel Insurance. New York, March 14.—The National Board of Fire Underwriters at a special meeting here Monday resolved to recommend the withdrawal of all fire insurance business in the state of Arkansas. This action was taken because of the proposed enforcement of the anti-compact law by the Arkansas legislature. The bill became operative March 23 and if not repealed by that date all policies written in the state of Arkansas will be cancelled.

To Clear the Kaw River. Topeka, Kan., March 14.—J. S. Dean, United States district attorney, instituted suit in the United States circuit court to enjoin the Missouri Pacific railway, the Rock Island railway, the Union Pacific railway, and the Kansas City Belt railway from maintaining their present bridges across the Kaw river in Kansas City, Kan.

regimental commanders and field officers. All the newspaper correspondents with the exception of three or four have left for the north because there is here nowhere to live and nothing to eat. Whipped by defeat, many of the Russian officers are in a surly mood and much of their grudgingly given information is colored with jealousy and the rampant spirit of cabal. It is, however, possible now to give a general view of the battle, the connected story emerging out of the confusion incident to the evacuation of Mukden and the forced retreat to Tie pass.

MORMONS PULL HAIR.

Serious Disturbance in Church Over Cannon's Excommunication.

ONE ELDER DEMANDS FREE SPEECH. Charles A. Smurthwaite Charged with Rebellion Because He Asked That Church Retire from Politics.

Salt Lake City, March 15.—The controversy of former United States Senator Frank J. Cannon, editor of the Salt Lake Tribune, with the authorities of the Mormon church, an incident of which was the withdrawal of

Ex-Senator Frank J. Cannon.



fellowship from Mr. Cannon by the bishops, court of Ogden, has resulted in a formal order from the high council of the Weber stake at Zion, in Utah, sitting in Ogden, excommunicating Mr. Cannon from the church. The action was based on editorials written by Editor Cannon assailing the policy of the higher authorities of the church. Mr. Cannon admitted the authorship of the editorials complained of and insisted that he should be permitted to prove the truth of his assertions which he had made. This point the ecclesiastical court declined to concede and the order of disfellowship and excommunication followed.

Coinciding with the excommunication of Editor Cannon, was the filing of charges against Charles A. Smurthwaite, a merchant of Ogden and a Mormon of influence, summoning him before the bishops, court to answer for alleged rebellious utterances against the authorities of the church, and particularly against President Joseph F. Smith. Smurthwaite, basing his action upon the Cannon case had addressed to his bishop an appeal for free speech, demanding also that the church retire from political domination of the state and from commercialism, demanding an account at the next general conference in April for all the church moneys, demanding an accounting of the property of President Smith since he became president, and demanding also that members of the church obey the laws of the land.

IS NOT YET SAFE.

Russian Army at Tie Pass in Danger of Envelopment.

JAPS HAVE MANY LINES OF SUPPLIES

Gen. Linevitch's Troops Enter Temporary Haven After Being Under Constant Fire for 15 Days—Losses Piling Up.

Tie Pass, March 15.—As after the battle of Liao Yang the advance of Japanese army against the new positions of the Russians at Tie pass is very slow. The leading columns are eight or ten miles southward, and in touch with the Russian van posts but the operations at present are not serious. Field Marshal Oyama shows slight intentions of pressing his advantage in an immediate attack on Tie pass. It is possible, however, that a wide turning movement of which reports are current, is in progress. In such operations the Japanese have the immense advantage of several bases and lines of supplies to which is now added the Siniintin road, while the Russian army necessarily is dependent on one base and one line of communication and therefore may easily be outflanked.

Gen. Linevitch entered the Tie pass with his regiments in perfect order with music playing and the men singing, and scarcely a straggler was lost in the long, difficult march. Other organizations made equally praiseworthy retreats and especially the rear guards of all the armies, who performed their difficult tasks steadily and resolutely. There is much to be said also for the panic-stricken condition of the troops. They were largely composed of undisciplined men and wagon drivers were mingled with the soldiers, who for 15 days were under constant fire, crowded together in a mass from whence egress was impossible.

It is one of the odd facts of warfare that the morale of the beaten Russian army has been largely restored, while the Japanese, though the victors, apparently are so broken and have incurred such heavy losses that they are unable to press the advantage. Otherwise it is inexplicable why the Japanese have not followed up their vigorous pursuit with an attack on Tie pass when they might have the position almost without a struggle. It is now too late for any easy success. The struggle for the possession of Mukden cost both sides close upon 200,000 men. The Russian loss of officers included a large proportion of the

DON'T TELL ENOUGH.

Kuropatkin Keeps St. Petersburg Guessing as to True Situation.

CANNOT DISPUTE TOKIO'S FIGURES. War Council Has Decided to Conduct a "Last Ditch" Campaign—Two Generals Blamed for Russian Defeat.

St. Petersburg, March 15.—According to the information received by the war office the remnants of Gen. Kuropatkin's army have made good their retreat and are now out of the immediate danger of a new turning movement north of Tie pass. The Japanese are reported to be completely exhausted by their long, hard fight and are compelled to rest and undertake the tasks of burying their dead and looking after their wounded, prisoners and plunder.

The war office admits, however, that Kuropatkin has not furnished specific information as to the whereabouts of Gen. Kawamura who has been reported to be northward of Tie pass or of the Japanese columns reported to be pushing north by forced marches west of the railroad. Kuropatkin has also left the war office in the dark in regard to the number of prisoners captured by the Japanese, having made no detailed report about the separate units. Therefore the general staff is in no position to contradict the Tokio despatches detailing the losses.

While Kuropatkin has assumed full responsibility for keeping a battle at Mukden he has complained to the emperor that his plans miscarried largely through the failure of two generals whose names cannot be recalled to execute his orders. He also throws blame on some of the troops which failed to respond properly at the critical moment.

The war council, held at Tientsin-Solo at which War Minister Sakharoff, Gen. Dragomiroff and others were present is understood to have decided the question of continuing the war in the affirmative. Ways and means were discussed but decision on some points it is understood was reserved. The question of Kuropatkin's successor was also discussed but the emperor has made no final decision. Grand Duke Nicholas-Vitch, second cousin of the emperor and inspector general of cavalry, is again mentioned and Gen. Gripenberg is said to be a candidate together with Gen. Grodekoff but the weight of opinion of the emperor's advisers now favor Gen. Zukhlimoff, governor-general of Kieff, who formerly was Gen. Dragomiroff's aide-de-camp.

HEROES AT FATAL FIRE.

Twenty Persons Lose Their Lives and Several Badly Injured in New York City.

New York, March 15.—At least a score of persons were burned to death, several were so badly hurt that they may die, and 40 others received slighter or hurts, in a fire which practically destroyed a five-story tenement house in Allen street early Tuesday. The fire had gained great headway before it became known to most of the tenants and many of them were cut off before they could make an attempt to save themselves. Thrilling rescues and daring leaps for life marked the fire. Many persons were carried from the blazing building. Firemen climbed the walls on their scaling ladders, braved the flames and reached the imperiled tenants.

MISSOURI LEGISLATURE.

Senate and House Legalize the State Poultry Association—Tubbs' Good Roads' Bill Favored.

Jefferson City, Mo., March 15.—The senate passed a house bill to legalize the state poultry association and appropriate \$2,000 to pay prizes and help pay the salary of the secretary of the association. Senator Buchanan, champion of the measure, said it was the first official recognition the Missouri hen ever received. The senate bill, providing that the railroad and warehouse commissioners shall make necessary regulations regarding the inspection of hay weights, passed the house. The house concurred in the amendment to the police home rule for St. Louis which passed the senate. This amendment merely perfects the bill by requiring the members of the police board to give bond. The bill is now ready for Gov. Folk's approval or disapproval. The Tubbs good roads' bill passed the house. The bill requires that all corporations, other than railroad, building and loan associations, banking and insurance companies, and such cor-

KERENS BLOCKS ELECTION.

The Man Whom Missouri Republicans Defeated in Campaign Is Playing Even with a Vengeance.

Jefferson City, Mo., March 15.—From statements made by members of the legislature who are supporting Richard C. Kerens for the United States senatorship, the efforts of the regular republicans to break the deadlock by selecting former Judge Selden P. Spencer, of St. Louis, as a compromise candidate upon which all factions of the republicans can unite, will not be crowned with success. Representative Grace, of St. Louis, who has taken the brunt of the fight for Kerens upon his shoulders, stated: "Judge Spencer is too close to National Committeeman Atkins for us to ever give him our votes."

The 53 republicans who attended Monday night's caucus were still bound to vote for Judge Spencer today, but those familiar with the situation declare that there is little hope of breaking the deadlock with Judge Spencer and they are now turning their attention to the caucus which will be held to-night when the republicans will again nominate some one more acceptable to the Kerens forces.

SPECIAL GRAND JURY BEGINS WORK.

Jefferson City, Mo., March 14.—A special grand jury was impaneled by Judge Martin, of the Cole county circuit court, to investigate the cases of alleged bribery in the legislature pending against Senators Frank H. Farris and C. A. Smith in Maries county on charge of venue from Cole county. Roosevelt Names Two Kansans. Washington, March 15.—President Roosevelt appointed two Kansans to be second lieutenants in the marine corps. They are Ward Ellis, of Lawrence and David M. Randall, of Newton. Ellis is a son of the late A. B. Ellis, of the Kansas supreme court.

DON'T TELL ENOUGH.

Kuropatkin Keeps St. Petersburg Guessing as to True Situation.

CANNOT DISPUTE TOKIO'S FIGURES. War Council Has Decided to Conduct a "Last Ditch" Campaign—Two Generals Blamed for Russian Defeat.

St. Petersburg, March 15.—According to the information received by the war office the remnants of Gen. Kuropatkin's army have made good their retreat and are now out of the immediate danger of a new turning movement north of Tie pass. The Japanese are reported to be completely exhausted by their long, hard fight and are compelled to rest and undertake the tasks of burying their dead and looking after their wounded, prisoners and plunder.

The war office admits, however, that Kuropatkin has not furnished specific information as to the whereabouts of Gen. Kawamura who has been reported to be northward of Tie pass or of the Japanese columns reported to be pushing north by forced marches west of the railroad. Kuropatkin has also left the war office in the dark in regard to the number of prisoners captured by the Japanese, having made no detailed report about the separate units. Therefore the general staff is in no position to contradict the Tokio despatches detailing the losses.

While Kuropatkin has assumed full responsibility for keeping a battle at Mukden he has complained to the emperor that his plans miscarried largely through the failure of two generals whose names cannot be recalled to execute his orders. He also throws blame on some of the troops which failed to respond properly at the critical moment.

The war council, held at Tientsin-Solo at which War Minister Sakharoff, Gen. Dragomiroff and others were present is understood to have decided the question of continuing the war in the affirmative. Ways and means were discussed but decision on some points it is understood was reserved. The question of Kuropatkin's successor was also discussed but the emperor has made no final decision. Grand Duke Nicholas-Vitch, second cousin of the emperor and inspector general of cavalry, is again mentioned and Gen. Gripenberg is said to be a candidate together with Gen. Grodekoff but the weight of opinion of the emperor's advisers now favor Gen. Zukhlimoff, governor-general of Kieff, who formerly was Gen. Dragomiroff's aide-de-camp.

HEROES AT FATAL FIRE.

Twenty Persons Lose Their Lives and Several Badly Injured in New York City.

New York, March 15.—At least a score of persons were burned to death, several were so badly hurt that they may die, and 40 others received slighter or hurts, in a fire which practically destroyed a five-story tenement house in Allen street early Tuesday. The fire had gained great headway before it became known to most of the tenants and many of them were cut off before they could make an attempt to save themselves. Thrilling rescues and daring leaps for life marked the fire. Many persons were carried from the blazing building. Firemen climbed the walls on their scaling ladders, braved the flames and reached the imperiled tenants.

MISSOURI LEGISLATURE.

Senate and House Legalize the State Poultry Association—Tubbs' Good Roads' Bill Favored.

Jefferson City, Mo., March 15.—The senate passed a house bill to legalize the state poultry association and appropriate \$2,000 to pay prizes and help pay the salary of the secretary of the association. Senator Buchanan, champion of the measure, said it was the first official recognition the Missouri hen ever received. The senate bill, providing that the railroad and warehouse commissioners shall make necessary regulations regarding the inspection of hay weights, passed the house. The house concurred in the amendment to the police home rule for St. Louis which passed the senate. This amendment merely perfects the bill by requiring the members of the police board to give bond. The bill is now ready for Gov. Folk's approval or disapproval. The Tubbs good roads' bill passed the house. The bill requires that all corporations, other than railroad, building and loan associations, banking and insurance companies, and such cor-

KERENS BLOCKS ELECTION.

The Man Whom Missouri Republicans Defeated in Campaign Is Playing Even with a Vengeance.

Jefferson City, Mo., March 15.—From statements made by members of the legislature who are supporting Richard C. Kerens for the United States senatorship, the efforts of the regular republicans to break the deadlock by selecting former Judge Selden P. Spencer, of St. Louis, as a compromise candidate upon which all factions of the republicans can unite, will not be crowned with success. Representative Grace, of St. Louis, who has taken the brunt of the fight for Kerens upon his shoulders, stated: "Judge Spencer is too close to National Committeeman Atkins for us to ever give him our votes."

The 53 republicans who attended Monday night's caucus were still bound to vote for Judge Spencer today, but those familiar with the situation declare that there is little hope of breaking the deadlock with Judge Spencer and they are now turning their attention to the caucus which will be held to-night when the republicans will again nominate some one more acceptable to the Kerens forces.

SPECIAL GRAND JURY BEGINS WORK.

Jefferson City, Mo., March 14.—A special grand jury was impaneled by Judge Martin, of the Cole county circuit court, to investigate the cases of alleged bribery in the legislature pending against Senators Frank H. Farris and C. A. Smith in Maries county on charge of venue from Cole county. Roosevelt Names Two Kansans. Washington, March 15.—President Roosevelt appointed two Kansans to be second lieutenants in the marine corps. They are Ward Ellis, of Lawrence and David M. Randall, of Newton. Ellis is a son of the late A. B. Ellis, of the Kansas supreme court.

DON'T TELL ENOUGH.

Kuropatkin Keeps St. Petersburg Guessing as to True Situation.

CANNOT DISPUTE TOKIO'S FIGURES. War Council Has Decided to Conduct a "Last Ditch" Campaign—Two Generals Blamed for Russian Defeat.

St. Petersburg, March 15.—According to the information received by the war office the remnants of Gen. Kuropatkin's army have made good their retreat and are now out of the immediate danger of a new turning movement north of Tie pass. The Japanese are reported to be completely exhausted by their long, hard fight and are compelled to rest and undertake the tasks of burying their dead and looking after their wounded, prisoners and plunder.

The war office admits, however, that Kuropatkin has not furnished specific information as to the whereabouts of Gen. Kawamura who has been reported to be northward of Tie pass or of the Japanese columns reported to be pushing north by forced marches west of the railroad. Kuropatkin has also left the war office in the dark in regard to the number of prisoners captured by the Japanese, having made no detailed report about the separate units. Therefore the general staff is in no position to contradict the Tokio despatches detailing the losses.

While Kuropatkin has assumed full responsibility for keeping a battle at Mukden he has complained to the emperor that his plans miscarried largely through the failure of two generals whose names cannot be recalled to execute his orders. He also throws blame on some of the troops which failed to respond properly at the critical moment.

The war council, held at Tientsin-Solo at which War Minister Sakharoff, Gen. Dragomiroff and others were present is understood to have decided the question of continuing the war in the affirmative. Ways and means were discussed but decision on some points it is understood was reserved. The question of Kuropatkin's successor was also discussed but the emperor has made no final decision. Grand Duke Nicholas-Vitch, second cousin of the emperor and inspector general of cavalry, is again mentioned and Gen. Gripenberg is said to be a candidate together with Gen. Grodekoff but the weight of opinion of the emperor's advisers now favor Gen. Zukhlimoff, governor-general of Kieff, who formerly was Gen. Dragomiroff's aide-de-camp.

HEROES AT FATAL FIRE.

Twenty Persons Lose Their Lives and Several Badly Injured in New York City.

New York, March 15.—At least a score of persons were burned to death, several were so badly hurt that they may die, and 40 others received slighter or hurts, in a fire which practically destroyed a five-story tenement house in Allen street early Tuesday. The fire had gained great headway before it became known to most of the tenants and many of them were cut off before they could make an attempt to save themselves. Thrilling rescues and daring leaps for life marked the fire. Many persons were carried from the blazing building. Firemen climbed the walls on their scaling ladders, braved the flames and reached the imperiled tenants.

MISSOURI LEGISLATURE.

Senate and House Legalize the State Poultry Association—Tubbs' Good Roads' Bill Favored.

Jefferson City, Mo., March 15.—The senate passed a house bill to legalize the state poultry association and appropriate \$2,000 to pay prizes and help pay the salary of the secretary of the association. Senator Buchanan, champion of the measure, said it was the first official recognition the Missouri hen ever received. The senate bill, providing that the railroad and warehouse commissioners shall make necessary regulations regarding the inspection of hay weights, passed the house. The house concurred in the amendment to the police home rule for St. Louis which passed the senate. This amendment merely perfects the bill by requiring the members of the police board to give bond. The bill is now ready for Gov. Folk's approval or disapproval. The Tubbs good roads' bill passed the house. The bill requires that all corporations, other than railroad, building and loan associations, banking and insurance companies, and such cor-

KERENS BLOCKS ELECTION.

The Man Whom Missouri Republicans Defeated in Campaign Is Playing Even with a Vengeance.

Jefferson City, Mo., March 15.—From statements made by members of the legislature who are supporting Richard C. Kerens for the United States senatorship, the efforts of the regular republicans to break the deadlock by selecting former Judge Selden P. Spencer, of St. Louis, as a compromise candidate upon which all factions of the republicans can unite, will not be crowned with success. Representative Grace, of St. Louis, who has taken the brunt of the fight for Kerens upon his shoulders, stated: "Judge Spencer is too close to National Committeeman Atkins for us to ever give him our votes."

The 53 republicans who attended Monday night's caucus were still bound to vote for Judge Spencer today, but those familiar with the situation declare that there is little hope of breaking the deadlock with Judge Spencer and they are now turning their attention to the caucus which will be held to-night when the republicans will again nominate some one more acceptable to the Kerens forces.

SPECIAL GRAND JURY BEGINS WORK.

Jefferson City, Mo., March 14.—A special grand jury was impaneled by Judge Martin, of the Cole county circuit court, to investigate the cases of alleged bribery in the legislature pending against Senators Frank H. Farris and C. A. Smith in Maries county on charge of venue from Cole county. Roosevelt Names Two Kansans. Washington, March 15.—President Roosevelt appointed two Kansans to be second lieutenants in the marine corps. They are Ward Ellis, of Lawrence and David M. Randall, of Newton. Ellis is a son of the late A. B. Ellis, of the Kansas supreme court.

Continuation of Our Renovating Sale!! During Month of February ALL OUR SUITS, CLOAKS AND FURS HALF PRICE. Hirsch Bros Dry Goods Co. 8th Street, Felix and Frederick Aves.

Stockmen and Others visiting the St. Joseph markets are cordially invited to come up town and make the acquaintance of ST. JOSEPH'S BIGGEST AND BEST STORE. IF YOU WISH TO SELECT A DRESS PATTERN, A WRAP, A Pair of Shoes, or anything else for the folks at home, our assortments, new styles and low prices, will afford you every advantage and assurance of getting the correct thing at the right price. Townsend & Wyatt DRY GOODS COMPANY. 5th and Felix Sts., St. Joseph, Mo.

UNEXCELLED SERVICE VIA FRISCO TO POINTS IN Missouri, Arkansas, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi, Georgia, Florida AND THE SOUTHEAST, AND TO Kansas, Oklahoma, Indian Territory, Texas AND THE SOUTHWEST. The Famous Health and Pleasure Resorts. EUREKA SPRINGS AND HOT SPRINGS, ARKANSAS. Bred Trip Homeowners' Tickets at rate of ONE FARE plus \$2. In sale first and third Tuesday of each month. J. C. LOVRIEN, SECRETARY GENERAL PASSENGER SERVICE, KANSAS CITY, MO.

ST. JOSEPH Stock Yards Company, St. Joseph, Mo. We are in the Market Every Day for Cattle, Hogs and Sheep. We are especially bidding for range cattle and sheep, both for slaughter and feeding. Located on fourteen railroads, and in the center of the best corn and live stock districts in the United States, we are prepared to furnish a good market for all kinds of live stock. Our charges for yardage and feed are: YARDAGE: Cattle, per head.....25c | Horses, per head.....25c | Pigs, per head.....50c | Corn, per bushel.....90c | Hay, per 100 lbs.....80c. FEED: OUR PACKERS furnish a daily market for all kinds of cattle, ranging from canners to export cattle. Look up your railroad connections and you will find them in our favor.

NELSON MORRIS & CO. St. Joseph Stock Yards, South St. Joseph, Mo. SHIPPERS OF Dressed Beef MUTTON, PORK AND PROVISION DEALERS. St. Joseph Stock Yards, Union Stock Yards, National Stock Yards, St. Joseph, Mo., Chicago, Ill., East St. Louis, Mo. Orders Solicited. We Sell Direct to the Trade. PRICE LIST FURNISHED ON APPLICATION.

RELIABLE SEED CLOVER, BARLEY, ALFALFA, TIMOTHY, BLUE GRASS, MILLET, CANE, KAFFIR, SPELTZ. A FINE LINE GARDEN, FIELD AND FLOWER SEEDS. Write for Catalogue, Price Lists, Etc., Mailed FREE. CHESMORE'S SEED STORE, 838-846 So. Fourth St. ST. JOSEPH, MO. J.G. PEPPARD BUYS AND SELLS MILLER, CANE, KAFFIR, POPCORN, SEED CORN, ALFALFA, TIMOTHY, CLOVER AND ALL KINDS OF FIELD AND GRASS SEEDS. That will grow where any corn will grow. The man who buys Vansant's Farmer's Interest, Rapid Yellow Dent or Early Learning makes 20 bushels more per acre on his own crop. Write for our free catalogue and how to select seed corn. Address W. W. VANSANT & SONS, Farragut, Ia. Seed Corn

NOTICE: If you need Household goods, such as FURNITURE, LER, 219 South 6th st., one door south of Gazette office, and you will find that you can buy anything and everything at 50 per cent. less than any other dealer will offer. Stoves are guaranteed to do the work or money repaid. MAX GELLER, 219 S. 6th St.

WAS A TIE VOTE.

Colorado's Joint Assembly Took a Recess Before Deciding the Governorial Contest.

Denver, March 15.—The supreme court's decision that the legislature cannot legally declare a vacancy in the office of governor has simplified the situation by eliminating the proposition to seat Lieut. Gov. Jesse F. McDonald as governor. There is now before the joint convention of the general assembly a clear cut issue between Gov. Alva Adams and James H. Peabody, contestant. The joint assembly must say which of these candidates for the governorship was elected, or, by declining to give any decision in the contest, leave Gov. Adams in the chair where he was constitutionally seated.

Peabody's supporters have endeavored to make his contest a political issue, but at least one-third of the sixty-six republican members of the general assembly have refused to be bound by any action on the question in caucus. Twenty-two republicans were united in favor of Senator Morton Alexander's report declaring a vacancy which the supreme court has decided cannot be legally adopted. Should five of these now fall in line with the other forty-four republicans for Peabody he would have a majority of the joint convention, which consists of ninety-seven members. This would be declared elected. On the other hand, Gov. Adams requires the votes of eighteen republicans in addition to the thirty-one democratic votes to give him a majority on the joint ballot. However, if eighteen republicans refuse to vote for either the Peabody or the Adams report from the contest committee, neither of the contestants will have a majority and Gov. Adams will continue in office.

The joint convention listened to the reading of the supreme court's opinion and then, on motion of Senator Parker, a supporter of Peabody, took a recess until Wednesday morning. A roll call on the motion to adjourn resulted 48 to 48 and Lieut. Gov. McDonald, the presiding officer, then cast the deciding vote in favor of a recess. The reason given for taking a recess was the absence of Senator Wood from the city.

CASTRO BREAKS OUT AGAIN.

Venezuela's President Orders the Seizure of the Property of the French Cable Company.

Williamsport, Pa., March 15.—Advises received here from Caracas, Venezuela, announce that the hearing of the appeal of the New York & Bermuda Asphalt company against the acquisition of its property by the government of Venezuela had been adjourned to make way for the action of the Venezuelan government against the French cable company. It is alleged that President Castro has ordered the court to render judgment annulling the contract and authorizing the seizure of the cable company's property. The government has cut the cable east and west of La Guaira to prevent communication with the revolutionists who are active at Trinidad. The Europeans at Caracas are excited.

TO BEGIN PROBING.

Special Grand Jury Impaneled in Cole County to Investigate Alleged Bribery in Legislature.

Jefferson City, Mo., March 14.—A special grand jury was impaneled by Judge Martin of the Cole county circuit court, to investigate the cases of alleged bribery in the legislature pending against Senators Frank H. Harris and C. A. Smith in Boone county. Judge Martin instructed the grand jury that defects were alleged to exist in the indictments returned against these two senators, and new indictments were desired if the investigation shows the present indictments to be faulty. Judge Martin informed the grand jury that it has authority to investigate into all acts of alleged wrong doing, but he especially called attention to these two cases.

MORE TURKISH INTRIGUE.

Three High Ottoman Officials Compelled to Flee From the Domains of the Sultan.

Constantinople, March 15.—Another palace intrigue, so common in the sultan's entourage, has resulted in the sudden flight of a trio of high Ottoman officials, Gens. Ahmet Pasha and Riza Pasha, aides-de-camp of the sultan, and Arif Bey, his majesty's chamberlain. It is said that the three officials fled abroad to escape the machinations of a secret police cabal at the Yildiz kiosk who were said to be bent on their destruction. Riza Pasha was recently attacked and wounded in a street by a gang of men. The assault is alleged to have been instigated by the chief of the secret police.

PLEGGED TO RESIST PEABODY.

Nineteen Republicans in the Colorado Legislature Stand Together Against Unseating Adams.

Denver, Col., March 15.—The anti-Peabody members of the legislature and others are opposing the seating of Peabody as governor have lost none of their spirit of confidence as a result of the Peabody strength evidenced by the vote on the motion to adjourn the joint assembly yesterday. Representative Johnson of Pueblo, who voted with the Peabody forces, has issued a statement in which he said he was informed to do so by friends of Senator Wood, who was absent, but was desirous of having a vote on the final disposition of the matter. In concluding his statement Johnson said that he did not believe Peabody was elected governor and he would vote against seating him. This statement has assured the anti-Peabody people, who claim that they still have 19 republicans who will vote with them, and this number together with the 21 democrats, assures them the number to make a majority.

sent, but was desirous of having a vote on the final disposition of the matter. In concluding his statement Johnson said that he did not believe Peabody was elected governor and he would vote against seating him. This statement has assured the anti-Peabody people, who claim that they still have 19 republicans who will vote with them, and this number together with the 21 democrats, assures them the number to make a majority.

DIED A NATURAL DEATH?

President Jordan, of the University Which Bears Mrs. Stanford's Name, Talks of Her Demise.

Honolulu, March 15.—That Mrs. Stanford died a natural death, probably by the conclusion of those who are now investigating the case. President Jordan, of Stanford university, has emphatically expressed the opinion that Mrs. Stanford's death was not due to strychnine poisoning. He says that when he became familiar with her symptoms he reached that conclusion. He is a director of medicine and says that since he has learned that the amount of strychnine taken by Mrs. Stanford was not beyond a medical dose, he is more sure than ever that she was not poisoned.

NEED A LITTLE "THRILLING."

Russian Newspapers Suggesting Ways for the Czar to Inspire Loyalty and Enthusiasm.

St. Petersburg, March 15.—A bold way out of perplexities of the present situation has been suggested, namely, that Emperor Nicholas travel in state to the ancient capital of Moscow, summon the nobles and leading members of the aristocracy around him in the sacred precincts of the Kremlin, frankly lay the situation before them, publicly pledge his word for the execution of the proposed reforms and make a stirring personal appeal through them to the people to rally to the support of the Russian arms and co-operate in prosecuting the war to a successful termination. Such a personal appeal from the autocrat undoubtedly would have a powerful effect throughout the country and for the dynasty would have an advantage over the plan of submitting the question of peace or war to the demurely sober which some of the newspapers are again urging.

ASSAILS THE CHILDLESS.

President Roosevelt Says Those Who Can Have Offspring and Who Will Not Merit Contempt.

Washington, March 15.—Before the National Congress of Mothers President Roosevelt made some strong declarations regarding race suicide. Striking sentences were: "The man or woman who deliberately forgoes these blessings of having children whether from viciousness, coldness, shallowness, self-indulgence, or mere failure to appreciate aright the difference between the all important and the unimportant—why, such a creature merits contempt as hearty as any visited upon the soldier who runs away in battle or upon the man who refuses to work for the support of those dependent upon him, and who, though able-bodied, is yet content to eat in idleness the bread which others provide."

Expected Money to Stop Strike.

Washington, March 15.—Charges have been filed with Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, which are said to reflect on the integrity of individuals connected with the subway and elevated railroad strike in New York. It is said that the charges contain allegations that the strike was engineered for the sole purpose of being broken. Officials of the union, it is declared, received or expected to receive a large reward for bringing about the strike.

Technicality in Peonage Case.

Washington, March 14.—In the peonage case of Samuel M. Clyatt vs. the United States, the supreme court of the United States reversed the decision of the circuit court of appeals for the fifth circuit in favor of Clyatt who was charged with "returning" to involuntary servitude two negroes named Gordon and Ridley. The opinion was handed down by Justice Brewer and while it upheld the constitutionality of the law for the punishment of peonage, it held that as the record failed to show that the negroes had ever before been in custody the charge of "returning" them could not be sustained.

Small Shippers Pay the Freight.

Topeka, Kan., March 14.—In the taking of depositions in the suit against the Santa Fe calling for the appointment of a receiver and revoking of charter, a division tariff sheet was placed in evidence. The coal rate from Frontenac and Pittsburg, Kan., to Kansas City on coal used by the Belt line was shown to be 60 cents; the rate on coal to Kansas City and Argentine in 25 carlots was shown to be 70 cents and the rate to small shippers \$1.40 a ton.

Senate May Adjourn This Week.

Washington, March 14.—The senate will do its utmost to complete the Santo Domingo treaty, ratify it, and adjourn this week.

Convicted of Husband-Killing.

Mount Sterling, Ill., March 15.—In the case of Mrs. Lydia Hughes for the murder of her husband, Frank Higbee Hughes, the jury returned a verdict of guilty, fixing the term of imprisonment at 20 years.

SMALL CHILD'S LEGGINGS.

Full Directions Given for the Manufacture of These Comfortable Adjuncts to Baby's Wardrobe.

For a child two or three years old, leggings are very warm and comfortable when riding or at play. Use a nice quality of Germantown, which is stronger than single wool and does not shrink as much when washed. Use bone needles of medium size. Cast on 96 stitches and knit around twice plain.

Third row—Thread forward. Knit two together and repeat.

Fourth row—Knit plain. This forms holes through which an elastic cord can be run to fasten at the waist.

Fifth row—Knit 3, purl 3, and repeat, to form a ribbing.

Continue like fifth row until the ribbing is an inch deep, then knit plain until the piece is nine inches deep measuring from the top.

Take off the stitches with a needle onto a thread and fasten. Now knit a piece like it for the back and sew them together at each side. The body might be knit entire could needles be found long enough to hold all the stitches.

After sewing the sides, commence at the center of either the front or back piece and take up to make the leg half the stitches on the back and half on the front. Knit across 32 times plain, narrowing the second stitch at the beginning of each needle. Now knit 16 times across, knitting two and purling two and narrowing the second two as before. Then knit plain until by narrowing there are 54 stitches.

Knit 16 stitches and take them off with needle and thread, or on another needle. Knit the next 16 back and forth for the instep of the foot, leaving 16 stitches on each side. Knit down the instep 21 times, then leave it and with the other needle take up the first 16 stitches and knit all around the instep by taking up the outer edge of the piece already knit. Knit across 10 times, purling the eleventh time. Twelfth time, knit together the first two and last two stitches of the middle needle.

Continue thus, knitting across and sewing back and narrowing until all the stitches of the middle needle are narrowed off, then slip and bind the stitches on the two remaining needles as you would the heel of a stocking. Next sew up the leg and knit the other leg to match. For a busy, cut on about 76 stitches and make the leg shorter. These leggings can easily be fitted by measuring as you knit.—American Agriculturist.

STATE WITHOUT A DEBT.

Connecticut Never Had It One and That Was During the Civil War.

Connecticut has about as many distinctive peculiarities, in relation to Massachusetts, as if it were located in another part of the country and had been settled by people of different origin. One of these peculiarities, says the Springfield Republican, is its freedom from a state debt. We in this state have a large public debt, direct as well as contingent, and would not be able to recognize ourselves without one. It is accepted here as an indication of progress. Every energetic, wide-awake, progressive state, we are apt to reason with ourselves, has a debt, and usually a large and growing one, and the same is generally to be said of municipalities and private business corporations.

But Connecticut is peculiar. It may be said not to know what a state debt is. It never had such a debt at all, apparently, until the civil war, when one of some \$10,000,000 was contributed in aid of suppressing the rebellion. How the good old commonwealth ever came, even then, to be shaken out of its steady debtless habits is a question—one testifying to the profound upheaving influences of that conflict as to no other single bit of evidence is able to. But Connecticut did borrow some money then, and issue some bonds. However, it has never done so since, as it never had done so before, and now that debt is practically extinguished. It amounted only to about \$200,000 net several months ago, and the treasury now has cash on hand sufficient to offset that amount.

HAD FATAL MURDER BRAND

Mark on Texas Steer Played Strange Part in a Number of Tragedies.

The big white steer, which was known to the cowmen and others in west Texas on account of the popular brand which it bore on its left side and the tragedies in which it had played a passive but important part, is dead. The death recalls a series of the startling murders in this region, says an Alpine (Tex.) special to the Kansas City Times. The steer was an outcast for 12 years. It roamed the range at will. Many are the lonely travelers to whom it brought a chill of terror when they caught sight of the words which were branded in large letters across the length of its left side. These words were: "Murder, 1889." Judge Van Sickle, of this place, is familiar with the tragic incidents in the life of this remarkable steer. He said: "In January, 1889, a big roundup took place on the Leon Cipa ranch, in Brewster county. There were many cowboys in this roundup, and some were desperate characters. A dispute arose between H. H. Powe and Fine Gilliland as to the ownership and branding of a certain yearling. The two men fought a desperate duel at close range with six-shooters. Howe

was one-armed. Gilliland killed Howe, mounted a horse and fled to escape the vengeance of the cowboys, who had taken sides with Howe. The yearling was roped and branded "Murder, 1889," and then turned loose on the range. "Six weeks after the killing two members of a ranger squad—John Putnam and T. T. Cook—started on a scout for Fort Stockton. In the mountains they came face to face with Gilliland. In the fight Cook was wounded and Gilliland was killed where he fought beside his dead horse. "Putnam and Cook were surveying the scene of the late battle when a white steer walked out of a bunch of scrubby live oaks and sniffed at Gilliland's body. As the animal turned to walk away the two rangers saw the brand, 'Murder, 1889,' on its left side. That steer was more than 75 miles from where it was branded and turned loose six months before. "Some time before Gilliland's death 'Jeff' Webb, a nephew of Gilliland, left Alpine with a pet bear. The morning following his dead body was found on the road toward Fort Davis. Gilliland suspected that Webb had been killed by Sam Taylor, a desperado. One night not long after this, Taylor was killed in the back room of a saloon at Alpine while playing poker by some one who fired a load of buckshot through the window. He leaned forward over the table, the cards still grasped in his lifeless hand. He had just won a pot with aces and eights, which was thereafter known as a 'dead man's hand.' In after years the outcast steer was seen at night standing meditatively near the window of that saloon."

Too Much Lime in Water.

St. Louis, March 15.—Thousands of minnows held captive in various tanks in the city, to be sold as bait to spring fishermen, suddenly died several nights ago. City Chemist Walter Barnays began a series of experiments, arriving at the conclusion that the solution of lime used in clarifying the city water was too excessive and caused the minnows to die.

Incendary Fire Burned 1,500 Sheep.

Helena, Mont., March 15.—A Prot. of this city, has been advised that a fire has destroyed his corral and 1,500 head of sheep at Chester, Chouteau county. The fire is supposed to have been of incendiary origin and to have resulted from differences between cattlemen and sheepmen in that vicinity.

Killed All Anti-Pass Bills.

Lincoln, N. A., March 15.—The house, by a vote of 43 to 40, agreed to indefinitely postpone the bill making it a crime to give or accept railroad passes. This action disposes of all the anti-pass measures, every one being defeated.

Wisconsin Favors Mutualization.

Madison, Wis., March 15.—The Wisconsin assembly passed a bill for the compulsory mutualization of life insurance companies from stock companies when a company has acquired \$20,000,000 of insurance.

Hearings Will Begin in April.

Washington, March 15.—Chairman Elkins of the senate committee on Interstate commerce announced Tuesday that the committee will begin hearings on the railway rate subject Monday, April 17, at 10:30 a. m.

Train the Tongue.

To control the tongue is one of the first duties incumbent upon the man or woman who really wants to lead a right life. It is also one of the most difficult. The tongue is the great avenue of the mind. Of all our members, it is the most active. It is seldom affected by disease. And the remarkable fact that it never tires physically renders it the most potent of all the parts of the body. Every other species of wrongdoing may be impeded by fatigue, but that which emanates from the tongue knows no such barrier. Hence it is more easy to offend here, not so much because it requires less effort, as that continued effort does not tire.—Philadelphia North American.

Employees Will Tell About It.

Omaha, Neb., March 15.—Nearly a score of persons connected with the large packing houses at South Omaha have been summoned to testify before the federal grand jury's beef trust investigation at the hearing in Chicago March 20. They include general and department managers of all the houses, and will leave Omaha the latter part of the week.

\$1,100,000 Dam.

Washington, March 15.—The secretary of the interior has awarded a contract for the construction in Salt river valley, Arizona territory, of what, when completed, will be one of the largest dams in the world. It will cost \$1,100,000.

"Mothers" at the White House.

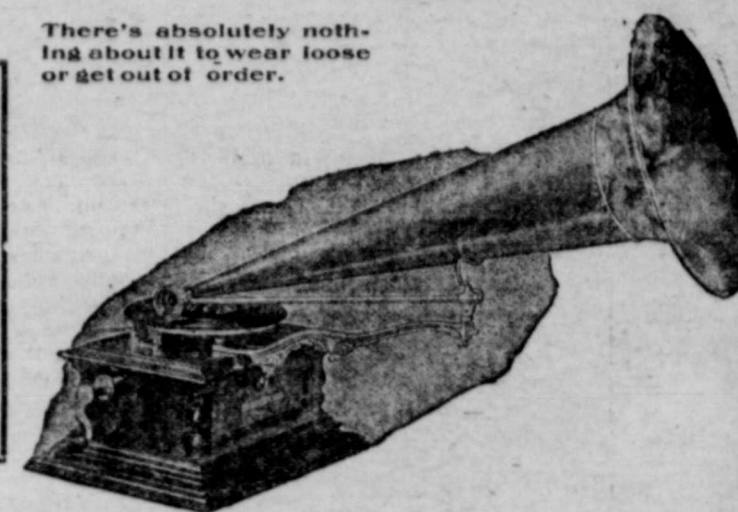
Washington, March 14.—Four hundred members of the Congress of Mothers were received at the white house by Mrs. Roosevelt. The reception lasted about an hour. Tea was served to the assembled guests in the state dining room.

Very Natural Zon-o-Phone

Not a mechanical sounding affair, but a machine that renders music in a sweet, natural manner. Just as good for dancing as an orchestra. VICTOR TALKING MACHINES--Startling Wonderful-reproducing speech as plainly as if coming from the mouth of a person. A complete line always on hand.

Prices - - \$15, \$18, \$20 and up to \$45

Nothing Down \$1 Per Week At the Peoples in South St. Joseph. Supplies, Too!



Nothing Down \$1 Per Week The Peoples controls the sale for South St. Joseph. Wholesale and retail. Better Buy One

Leed's 10-inch Records 35c

ALL THE NEW AND POPULAR PIECES, EACH. The Peoples claims that the Zon-o-Phone is more wonderful than any of the high-priced machines offered about town—and look at the difference in the way of paying; too. Better get a Zono-o-Phone today and install the source of real pleasure in your home.

S. E. Cor. King Hill and Mo. Aves., South St. Joseph, Mo.

THE PEOPLES

They Say It's Grand So Don't Miss It. ORPHEUM HOME OF THE WOODWARD STOCK CO. IN OUIDA'S FAMOUS RUSSIAN STORY "MOTHS".

Follow the Crowd to the Syric FOUR THEATRE. H. WALTER VAN DYKE, Lessee and Mgr. THE VAN DYKE CO. PRESENTS Week commencing Sunday Matinee, March 12.

"Sheridan Keene, Detective" New specialties and moving pictures between acts. Souvenir matinee Wednesday. Photo of Caroline Armin. Amateurs Friday night. The Kinograph will give the inauguration of Roosevelt and Surrender of Port Arthur. 10c and 15c.

Looking for McIntire. St. Louis, March 14.—Arthur F. McIntire, who was convicted in the federal courts of using the mails to defraud in connection with the Hlalto Grain & Investment company, and sentenced to the penitentiary, is being sought for by detectives in every large city in the country. A reward of \$500 has been offered for his apprehension.

To Lop Off Useless Officials. Washington, March 14.—Plans have been practically perfected for a complete reorganization of the working force of the Panama canal commission, involving changes from top to bottom and these probably will be announced in the course of a week. The changes will be in line with the president's declared purpose to dispend with unnecessary officials of high grade.

May Defeat Dominican Treaty. Washington, March 15.—The discussion of the Dominican treaty, in executive session of the senate yesterday resulted in the drawing of party lines. The democrats who have been reported as likely to support the treaty will return to the fold, it is said, and on both sides of the chamber it is admitted there is little prospect that the convention will be ratified.

Gov. Folk Entertains Gen. Lee. Jefferson City, Mo., March 15.—Gov. Folk and Mrs. Folk gave a reception last evening in honor of Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, who was their guest. The general assembly was especially invited to meet him at the mansion.

Racing Dates for Kansas City. Chicago, March 15.—The American Turf association has awarded racing dates for Kansas City, Mo., on April 22 to May 20, inclusive. An epidemic of typhoid fever is prevalent at Lawrence, Kan., believed to be due to impure milk and water.

Manufacturer's Special Sale of New Royal Sewing Machines \$11.98 Up to \$24.50. New Royal Drop Head Machine \$19.50. New Home Drop Head Machine \$27.50. New Singer Drop Head Machine \$27.50. Standard Drop Head Machine \$26.50. Eldredge Drop Head Machine \$26.50. Service Drop Head Machine \$17.50. Queen Drop Head Machine \$11.95. Every Machine warranted the latest improved and up to date. Needles 1 cent each. Oil 5 cents. Largest stock and best goods in the city.

Parrish-Erickson Hdw. Co. 113-115 South Sixth St.

Burlington Route \$20.00 TO Salt Lake City Ogden Butte Helena Spokane \$22.50. Low Rates to Other Points Daily Until May 15. No change of cars. Details on request. R. W. CROZIER, D. P. A., St. Joseph, Mo.

Special Low Rate Excursions South FEB. 21, MARCH 7th and 21st \$22.85 NEW ORLEANS and RETURN Correspondingly low rates to nearly all points in LOUISIANA and MISSISSIPPI. Particulars and copy of booklet, "About the South," at Illinois Central Office, 1403 Farnam St., Omaha. W. H. BRILL, District Passenger Agent.

Advertise in "The Journal."