

STOCK YARDS DAILY JOURNAL

A Daily Commercial Newspaper for Modern Farmers and Stockmen and an Advertising Medium that Reaches the Buyers

Vol. XI, No. 123.

ST. JOSEPH, MO., MONDAY, JANUARY 13, 1908.

LAST EDITION.

TERMS: PER YEAR \$6.00
SINGLE COPIES, 1 CENT

DAILY MARKETS

Official Receipts, 111 Cars,
2,889 Cattle; 89 Cars, 7,015
Hogs; 10 Car, 1,911 Sheep.

BIG SUPPLY OF STEERS

Including Some Good Styles—
Market Rather Slow and
Mostly 10c Lower.

COWS HELD ABOUT STEADY

Small Supply the Sustaining Factor—
Keen Demand for Good Dressed
Beef Cows and Desirable Heifers—
Calves Steady—Stocker Trade Lightly
Supplied, Demand Active and
Prices Strong—Hog Trade Slow and
5 to 10 Cents Lower—Sheep Active
and Strong.

RECEIPTS FOR JANUARY 1, 1908.
The following table shows the receipts from January 1, 1908, and receipts for the corresponding time in 1907:

	1908	1907
Cattle	19,599	19,141
Hogs	104,251	72,498
Sheep	22,922	21,735
Horses	303	1,184

LIVE STOCK IN SIGHT.

The following shows the estimated receipts of cattle, hogs and sheep at the live principal western markets:

CATTLE.

Big Run of Steers Here, Market Steady to Slightly Lower.
Estimated receipts of cattle today were somewhat larger than a week ago, both here and at outside points. Chicago reported 40,000, but supplemented this with a notice that no further report could be expected today on account of storm which makes the receipt report look unreliable. On the 40,000 estimate for Chicago the estimated total at five points is 62,500, an increase of 5,000 over total at same points a week ago.

Buyers were out in the local yards in early season and a wanting cattle bid with course with the big total reported in slight they bid a little lower and the market basis was established at around a dime under last week's closing prices, although in a few instances prices on light steers were quoted about steady.

The offering of steers included a fine range of quality with about the best of any considerable number seen here since early in the fall. During early hours of the day there was considerable selling of steers of the qualities that range down from around \$5.15 to as low as \$4.25, the better kinds not arriving until late in the forenoon.

The best cattle in the yards today did not arrive until late in the forenoon, but buyers were waiting for these and went after them readily, taking the tops, a big string of them, at \$5.50, while others sold at \$5.15 and \$5.25.

DRESSED BEEF AND SHIPPING STEERS.
No. Av. Price No. Av. Price
84..... 1468 5 50 10..... 958 4 65
158..... 1449 5 50 59..... 1178 4 65
1..... 1420 5 25 85..... 1139 4 55
1..... 1210 5 25 73..... 1108 4 55
2..... 1362 4 25 7..... 1008 4 60
24..... 1278 5 25 7..... 942 4 39
19..... 1343 5 15 20..... 1124 4 39
19..... 1328 5 20 18..... 960 4 39
19..... 1372 5 00 48..... 1058 4 39
40..... 1246 4 85 9 ddb..... 1009 4 25
17..... 1156 4 85 9..... 912 4 15
2..... 1225 4 85 21..... 891 4 10
17..... 1138 4 75 20..... 1025 4 00
20..... 1240 4 75 4..... 772 4 00
40..... 1209 4 65 7..... 725 3 90

COWS, BULLS AND MIXED.

While general cattle receipts were fairly liberal for opening day of the week steers made up bulk of the run, there were comparatively few cows and heifers on offer. This was a sustaining factor in the trade and the moderate supplies moved out of first hands with a fair degree of activity at generally steady prices, exceptional sales indicating a little weakness. It was on this basis that offerings of cows and heifers were sluggish and when the noon whistle blew there was little she stock unsold. Some improvement in quality was noted and this had a good effect upon the market. Demand for dressed beef cows was active and the call for desirable heifers was strong, outsiders entering the competition. Quite a few sales of good heavy cows were noted in a

HOGS.

Trade Slow to Open, Prices Rule 5 to 10 Cents Lower.
An enormous total of hogs was reported in sight at five leading markets today, the aggregate on morning receipts were not as large as last Monday, but Chicago reported 74,000 which is less than 3,000 under the record run at that point. It is probable, however, that the Chicago report from that point is inaccurate as a storm in that territory is interfering with the movement of trains.

The market here today was a waiting one and up to 11 o'clock there had been practically no business done. Bidding was on a basis of 5 to 10 cents under Saturday prices and it was on this kind of a basis that business of the day was finally established with bulk of sales finally showing around a 5 cent decline.

Hogs were again of quite good quality with long tops of nice smooth medium and heavy weights and not a great showing of mixed droves on rough packing order. Not many pigs are coming and prices were unchanged.

Trade had fair volume during early hours of the afternoon and at closing time there were but few unsold hogs. The close, however, was weak on a basis of the 5 to 10 cent decline.

When noon telegrams began coming in it developed that receipts were not as large as reported early in the day. Prices ranged from \$4.65 to \$4.90, with the bulk selling at \$4.25 to \$4.25. The bulk Saturday sold at \$4.20 to \$4.30, a week ago at \$4.25 to \$4.35, a month ago at \$4.30 to \$4.40, a year ago at \$6.37 to \$6.42 1/2, two years ago at \$5.25 to \$5.30, three years ago at \$4.60 to \$4.75, four years ago at \$4.55 to \$4.65.

PIGS AND LIGHTS—19 Ds AND UNDER

No.	Av. Price	No.	Av. Price
97.....	1.18	4.....	2.24
98.....	1.19	5.....	2.25
99.....	1.20	6.....	2.26
100.....	1.21	7.....	2.27
101.....	1.22	8.....	2.28
102.....	1.23	9.....	2.29
103.....	1.24	10.....	2.30
104.....	1.25	11.....	2.31
105.....	1.26	12.....	2.32
106.....	1.27	13.....	2.33
107.....	1.28	14.....	2.34
108.....	1.29	15.....	2.35
109.....	1.30	16.....	2.36
110.....	1.31	17.....	2.37
111.....	1.32	18.....	2.38
112.....	1.33	19.....	2.39
113.....	1.34	20.....	2.40
114.....	1.35	21.....	2.41
115.....	1.36	22.....	2.42
116.....	1.37	23.....	2.43
117.....	1.38	24.....	2.44
118.....	1.39	25.....	2.45
119.....	1.40	26.....	2.46
120.....	1.41	27.....	2.47
121.....	1.42	28.....	2.48
122.....	1.43	29.....	2.49
123.....	1.44	30.....	2.50

VEAL CALVES.

No.	Av. Price	No.	Av. Price
1.....	1.40	1.....	1.40
2.....	1.41	2.....	1.41
3.....	1.42	3.....	1.42
4.....	1.43	4.....	1.43
5.....	1.44	5.....	1.44
6.....	1.45	6.....	1.45
7.....	1.46	7.....	1.46
8.....	1.47	8.....	1.47
9.....	1.48	9.....	1.48
10.....	1.49	10.....	1.49
11.....	1.50	11.....	1.50
12.....	1.51	12.....	1.51
13.....	1.52	13.....	1.52
14.....	1.53	14.....	1.53
15.....	1.54	15.....	1.54
16.....	1.55	16.....	1.55
17.....	1.56	17.....	1.56
18.....	1.57	18.....	1.57
19.....	1.58	19.....	1.58
20.....	1.59	20.....	1.59
21.....	1.60	21.....	1.60
22.....	1.61	22.....	1.61
23.....	1.62	23.....	1.62
24.....	1.63	24.....	1.63
25.....	1.64	25.....	1.64
26.....	1.65	26.....	1.65
27.....	1.66	27.....	1.66
28.....	1.67	28.....	1.67
29.....	1.68	29.....	1.68
30.....	1.69	30.....	1.69

BULLS AND STAGS.

No.	Av. Price	No.	Av. Price
1.....	1.40	1.....	1.40
2.....	1.41	2.....	1.41
3.....	1.42	3.....	1.42
4.....	1.43	4.....	1.43
5.....	1.44	5.....	1.44
6.....	1.45	6.....	1.45
7.....	1.46	7.....	1.46
8.....	1.47	8.....	1.47
9.....	1.48	9.....	1.48
10.....	1.49	10.....	1.49
11.....	1.50	11.....	1.50
12.....	1.51	12.....	1.51
13.....	1.52	13.....	1.52
14.....	1.53	14.....	1.53
15.....	1.54	15.....	1.54
16.....	1.55	16.....	1.55
17.....	1.56	17.....	1.56
18.....	1.57	18.....	1.57
19.....	1.58	19.....	1.58
20.....	1.59	20.....	1.59
21.....	1.60	21.....	1.60
22.....	1.61	22.....	1.61
23.....	1.62	23.....	1.62
24.....	1.63	24.....	1.63
25.....	1.64	25.....	1.64
26.....	1.65	26.....	1.65
27.....	1.66	27.....	1.66
28.....	1.67	28.....	1.67
29.....	1.68	29.....	1.68
30.....	1.69	30.....	1.69

STOCKERS AND FEEDERS.

Conditions in the stocker and feeder trade were unchanged with the beginning of the new week. Receipts of cattle suitable for this branch of trade were unimpaired and a strong demand went unsatisfied. For the limited offerings there was a snappy demand that soon cleared the pens and prices were strong to 10c higher at recent advances. A liberal supply would have been readily absorbed on this basis as holdings of young cattle in the stocker division are small and dealers were anxious to re-fill their pens. Several shipments of Colorado feeders, direct to speculators, are expected in during the week. Increased receipts of stockers and feeders, regardless of weight if quality is good, would find ready outlet on this market.

Stock feeders were in small supply. Demand was good for the limited arrivals at last week's closing prices.

STOCKERS AND FEEDERS.

No.	Av. Price	No.	Av. Price
1.....	1.40	1.....	1.40
2.....	1.41	2.....	1.41
3.....	1.42	3.....	1.42
4.....	1.43	4.....	1.43
5.....	1.44	5.....	1.44
6.....	1.45	6.....	1.45
7.....	1.46	7.....	1.46
8.....	1.47	8.....	1.47
9.....	1.48	9.....	1.48
10.....	1.49	10.....	1.49
11.....	1.50	11.....	1.50
12.....	1.51	12.....	1.51
13.....	1.52	13.....	1.52
14.....	1.53	14.....	1.53
15.....	1.54	15.....	1.54
16.....	1.55	16.....	1.55
17.....	1.56	17.....	1.56
18.....	1.57	18.....	1.57
19.....	1.58	19.....	1.58
20.....	1.59	20.....	1.59
21.....	1.60	21.....	1.60
22.....	1.61	22.....	1.61
23.....	1.62	23.....	1.62
24.....	1.63	24.....	1.63
25.....	1.64	25.....	1.64
26.....	1.65	26.....	1.65
27.....	1.66	27.....	1.66
28.....	1.67	28.....	1.67
29.....	1.68	29.....	1.68
30.....	1.69	30.....	1.69

PACKERS' CATTLE PURCHASES.

Company	Amount
Swift & Co.	1,200
Hammond Packing Co.	800
Nelson Morris & Co.	400
Total	2,400

PACKERS' SHEEP PURCHASES.

Company	Amount
Swift & Co.	951
Hammond Packing Co.	450
Nelson Morris & Co.	243
Total	1,644

PACKERS' PURCHASES SATURDAY.

Company	Amount
Swift & Co.	49,582
Hammond	2,147
Morris	5,554
Total	49,118

OTHER LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 13.

Special to The Journal: The Drovers Telegram reports: Cattle—Receipts, 12,000. Market mostly 10c lower; cows and heifers steady; calves firmer. Hogs—Receipts, 12,000. Market 5 to 10c over; top, \$4.25; bulk, \$4.20 to 4.27 1/2. Sheep—Receipts, 9,000. Market strong, active.

SOUTH OMAHA, Neb., Jan. 13.

Special to The Journal: The Drovers Journal-Stockman reports: Cattle—Receipts, 5,600. Market steady; cows stronger. Hogs—Receipts, 6,200. Market 5 to 10c lower; top, \$4.15; bulk, \$4.05 to 4.10. Sheep—Receipts, 800. Market active, stronger.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

EAST ST. LOUIS, National Stock Yards, Ill., Jan. 13.—Special to The Journal: The National Live Stock Reporter reports: Cattle—Receipts, 4,500, including 1,100 Tex. Market steady; natives opened firm, closed lower; top, \$5.75. Hogs—Receipts, 11,000. Market 10 to 15c lower; top, \$4.45; bulk, \$4.25 to 4.35. Sheep—Receipts, 500. Market steady.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

The following Chicago board of trade quotations are furnished by T. P. Gordon, Board of Trade Building, St. Joseph, Mo.

Options	Open	High	Low	Close	Yest.
WHEAT	105 1/2	105 3/4	105 1/4	105 1/2	105 1/2
CORN	59 1/2	59 3/4	59 1/4	59 1/2	59 1/2
OATS	58 1/2	58 3/4	58 1/4	58 1/2	58 1/2
POKE	12 1/2	12 3/4	12 1/4	12 1/2	12 1/2
LARD	7 1/2	7 3/4	7 1/4	7 1/2	7 1/2
RIBS	15 1/2	15 3/4	15 1/4	15 1/2	15 1/2

SATURDAY'S LATE SALES.

Item	Price
191.....	80 1/2
192.....	80 1/4
193.....	80 1/8
194.....	80 1/4
195.....	80 1/8
196.....	80 1/4
197.....	80 1/8
198.....	80 1/4
199.....	80 1/8
200.....	80 1/4

ST. JOSEPH CASH GRAIN MARKET.

Today's cash values: Receipts, wheat, 17 cars; corn, 11 cars; oats, 1 car.

Item	Price
No. 2 red.....	1 01 @ 103 1/2
No. 4 red.....	99 @ 101
No. 2 hard.....	99 @ 103 1/2
No. 3 hard.....	97 @ 101
No. 4 hard.....	95 @ 100
Rejected soft.....	85 @ 93 c
No grade.....	80 @ 85 c
Rejected hard.....	87 @ 95 c
No grade.....	80 @ 90 c

Item	Price
No. 2 white.....	54 @ 54 1/2 c
No. 3 white.....	53 1/2 @ 54 c
No. 4 white.....	52 @ 53 c
No. 2 corn.....	53 1/2 @ 54 c
No. 3 corn.....	53 @ 54 c
No. 4 corn.....	52 @ 53 c

Item	Price
No. 2 white.....	50 @ 51 c
No. 3 white.....	49 1/2 @ 50 c
No. 4 white.....	48 1/2 @ 49 c
No. 2 oats.....	50 @ 51 c
No. 3 oats.....	49 @ 50 c
No. 4 oats.....	48 @ 49 c
Brn.....	45 @ 46 c
Corn chops.....	1 04 @ 1 05
Shorts.....	1 05 @ 1 10

SHEEP.

Small Run Licked Up Readily at Strong Prices.
A small local run of live mutton was in sight this morning. Estimates called for only 1,500 against 3,100 opening day a week ago. Supplies at five points, however, showed an increase of 8,400 compared with Monday of last week.

The market was a snappy affair and was soon over as far as desirable stock was concerned. Prices were generally quoted strong with the high finish of last week with a few traders calling it a dime higher. Lambs were up a point with a top of \$7.05, natives making this price. Big end of receipts consisted of Colorado fed yearlings which passed over the scales early at \$6.00. They were of the

NO TIME FOR PESSIMISM.

Pure Bred Hog Business Showing a General, Steady Growth.
W. M. McFadden, secretary of the American Poland China record, is quoted by the Live Stock World in a "New Year's Word to Poland China Breeders," which he says, "would not be complete without reference to the past year, which was undoubtedly the greatest year known to the business, not only for the American Poland China Record, but for breeders generally. In spite of some reduction during the closing weeks, 1907 certainly can be considered only as a banner year for the pure bred hog business. Looking to the future, I regard as no time for pessimism. Some breeders in old established swine growing territory, noting the changes in the business in the immediate locality, are sometimes inclined to the opinion that the business is on a decline. I have been very closely identified with it for 20 years now, and nothing has impressed me so forcibly as the remarkable expansion of the hog growing territory in the United States. The pure bred business has shown a steady growth, and I think I am in a position to say with authority that it has given every indication of being founded upon the very surest basis of legitimate demand. The business is greater today than ever before in all of what ten years ago were regarded as the only swine growing states. Then during these ten years the number of swine growing states has probably doubled, and the increase of swine growing territory which is yet going on is, I believe, not at all recognized by a great proportion of pure bred swine growers.

"There can be no reasonable question what the returns will continue to be exceedingly satisfactory from a conservatively managed hog business, founded on the principles underlying all good care and conservative business methods, never have yet failed, and this invincible trinity of fundamental principles in the hog business stands ready to award the hog breeder in the future as they always have in the past."

EXPORT OF MANUFACTURES.

Aggregated More Than Three-Quarters of a Billion.
Washington, Jan. 13.—Exports of manufactures from the United States aggregated more than three-quarters of a billion dollars in value in the calendar year 1907. Eleven months of figures supplied by the Bureau of Statistics of the Department of Commerce and Labor show exports of manufactures aggregating over 700 million dollars, a monthly average during those eleven months of 64 millions, thus justifying the statement that the calendar year, if not yet available, will bring the total for the year above three-quarters of a billion dollar line.

This means that the exports of manufactures have averaged more than 2 million dollars a day during the entire year, including every day in the calendar year. It was only beginning with the year 1899 that the exports of manufactures reached as much as 1 million dollars per day, basing the statement upon the average of the year, while prior to 1899 they had never reached as much as a half million dollars a day.

On only three occasions during the past year did the value of manufactures exported fall below 60 million dollars for a single month. In the month of June they exceeded 70 million dollars, or as much for that single month as those of the entire year 1870 in the calendar year. It was only in twelve months prior to that year. The value of manufactures exported in 1907 will approximate 770 million dollars, against 311 millions in 1897, 149 millions in 1887, 144 millions in 1877, 59 millions in 1867, and 41 millions in 1857, the figures of these earlier periods being those of fiscal year.

PROGRAM COMPLETED.

Shorthorn Breeders Are Ready For Their Annual Meeting.
Arrangements are now well along for the meeting of the Central Shorthorn Breeders association, which is to be held here January 29 and 30. The program for Wednesday has

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406 West Illinois Ave., St. Joseph, Mo.

The St. Joseph Journal Publishing Co., Publishers.

W. E. WARRICK, Editor and Manager.

Largest Outside Circulation of Any Paper Published in Buchanan County, Mo.

Entered at the Postoffice in St. Joseph, Mo., as Second-Class Matter, September 3, 1878.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES: Daily, per year, \$4.00; Daily, six months, \$2.00; Daily, three months, \$1.00; Daily, one month, \$0.40; Tri-Weekly, per year, \$1.50; Semi-Weekly, per year, \$1.00; Weekly, per year, \$0.75.

Advertising Rates Furnished on Application. Usual 20 per cent commission allowed postmasters, who are authorized to take subscriptions.

AT THE THEATRES TONIGHT. Crystal—Advanced Vaudeville. Lyric—Renfrow's Stock Co.

BRIEF CITY NEWS.

Fifteen socialists met yesterday afternoon in a hall at Seventh and Charles streets and organized a political club. The election of officers was deferred until next meeting which will be held next Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. Catherine Westfall, aged 88 years, a widow, died at 4 o'clock yesterday morning at the residence of her son, L. M. Westfall, 2733 Julie street. Old age was the cause of death. The funeral services were held this afternoon. Interment in Mt. Auburn cemetery.

Kullman won the shoot at the Gun and Rod club yesterday with a score of 114 out of a possible 125. Senton made 116 out of 150 and Keenan 85 out of 100. Kleinbrodt made 8 out of 25. Harris 19 out of 25. The feature of next Sunday's shoot will be a contest between Harris and Rambo for a purse of \$25.

Henry R. Sterling, assistant yard master at the Union station and who lives at 918 South Eleventh street, has been confounded with a man by the name of Henry Sterling, who figured in a police court case last week. Inasmuch as Henry R. Sterling has never mixed up with the police the similarity in names has caused him much annoyance.

RIVER WORK STOPPED.

More Than 1,500 Cords of Willows to be Used.

Work on the Elwood reclamation dike has been stopped by the cold weather. A floe of ice, which came down the river yesterday, brought with it the confirmation of Engineer Campbell's fears that a cold wave in the north would bring about just such results. He prepared for it on December 23 by putting the entire government fleet of a pile driver boat, two house boats and six barges behind the 1,100 foot longitudinal dike which had been completed up to that time.

Shortly after this, Engineer Campbell fell from a pile and striking against a brace timber, fractured one of the bones of his right leg, and he has only recently returned from Kansas City, his home, where he went immediately after the accident.

Mr. Campbell left yesterday for Sioux Falls, S. D., to take up the work of remodeling and repairing two snag boats which are laid up there. As soon as this work is completed he will return to St. Joseph and take charge of some work which the Union Terminal company is doing in stopping the encroachments of the river.

A large quantity of willows has been cut at Amazonia and as soon as the swamps freeze over sufficiently to haul out the willows, they will be loaded on cars and shipped to the site of the work.

REV. NESTLE DEAD.

End Came to Former Local Pastor in Indianapolis Saturday.

The Rev. C. C. Nestle, former pastor of the Evangelical Lutheran Zion church, died at the home of his son in Indianapolis Saturday night. Meager information concerning his death was received in St. Joseph yesterday. He had been ill for about three weeks and was about 85 years old.

The Rev. Mr. Nestle was pastor of the Zion church at Ninth and Julie streets for twenty-four years. He left here in the fall of 1898, retiring from the ministry because of his advanced age. Since then he had been living with his children in Indianapolis. Memorial services will be held in Zion church next Sunday, conducted by the pastor, the Rev. William Hackmann.

OLD LADY DIES.

Mrs. Mariana A. Pritchard, 85 years old, died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. C. E. Waller, 2505 St. Joseph avenue, yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Pritchard was a native of Alabama and had been a resident of St. Joseph for sixty years. She is survived by two daughters, Mrs. Charles E. Waller and Mrs. W. H. Rough, both of this city, and one son, A. sister, Mrs. Elizabeth Gaudy, lives in Chicago. No funeral arrangements have been made as yet.

Keep posted on the markets by subscribing for The Journal.

LODGE INSTALLATION.

Order Eastern Star Honors Retiring Officers.

The annual installation of officers for St. Joseph Chapter No. 189, O. E. S. Saturday night was the occasion for a pleasant social-meeting following the ceremony of installation. Mrs. Jennie Cronkite, the past matron, was presented with a costly past matron's badge, while Mrs. Anna Lee Smith, past grand matron of the state, was presented with a beautiful jewel case. Mrs. Brach, who for a number of years has been organist of the chapter, was the recipient of a piece of hand painted china. The presentation speeches were made by John Broder at the banquet following the installation and at which more than 200 Masons and Eastern Stars were present.

MICHIGAN CLOCK A MARVEL.

This One is a Music-Box as Well as a Time-Keeper.

Gladstone, Mich.—Possibly the most elaborate clock in the state, probably the most unique, is that which John Novack, a jeweler of Escanaba, has installed at his home across the bay from this city at a cost of approximately \$1,000. It is a massive affair, 8 feet 10 inches in height and weighing nearly as much as a piano. The framework and all the working parts were made from special orders, and on delivery were assembled by the owner of the clock.

By an arrangement of silver tubes ranging from four to seven feet in length and installed in the interior of the timepiece the Westminster and Wettington chimes are struck every quarter hour by hammers resembling those of a piano. Each hour also is marked by the playing of the chimes, and is followed by the requisite number of strokes given on a large tube eight feet in length and toned one note lower than the final note of the chime. The chimes have striking resemblance to those of a church's chimes in the distance, the tones being graduated to produce that effect. The dial of the clock is a beautiful executed plate of pierced gold and silver work, with the hours marked on a raised silver plate. Above the dial is a plate which records accurately the different phases of the moon. The frame is of quartered oak, handsomely carved by hand, and the whole has been given a solid wax finish.

YEARLY MURDERS IN GOTHAM.

Average of 240 Committed, but Only 65 Arrests Made.

New York.—On an average 240 murders are committed in New York city every year. Sixty-five arrests are made for these murders.

Thirty-three alleged murderers are brought to trial. Twenty convictions result. Two of the convicted men are sentenced to death.

Three others receive life sentences. A murderer in New York city stands a chance of one in a hundred of escaping the penalty of his crime.

In the first 25 years of the 19th century there were only two unsolved murder cases in New York.

From 1900 to the present day there have been over 300 unsolved murder cases in New York city.

These figures were furnished by William C. Clemens, the criminologist. The causes, Mr. Clemens says, are inefficient and ignorant detectives, men who are excellent patrolmen, but who know nothing of the science of tracing crime and criminals.

Besides the known murders in this city every year, he says there are at least 25 which are never heard of. These take place in every walk of life and are usually accomplished by the use of poisons, although frequently a knife or a pistol inflicts a death wound and members of the family conceal the facts. Appendicitis, heart failure or some similar cause is marked down as the medium of death.

LONG-LOST BOY IS FOUND.

Left New Hampshire Home Years Ago—Now in St. George, N. B.

Exeter, N. H.—Word has just been received by Chief of Police Gooch and the boy's parents that Edwin Mullin, the 12-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Francis A. Mullin, who disappeared November 4, 1906, has just been found at St. George, N. B.

Young Mullin's departure was widely heralded at the time, and it was thought that he would proceed at once to St. George, where his grandmother lives, and with whom he had made his home for eight years. As time went on and he was not heard from, it became a settled opinion that he had been drowned or lost his life in some unknown manner so that the news came as a joyful surprise to his parents.

Young Mullin left Exeter on a Sunday, after being dismissed from Sunday school and going eastward spent 11 months of his exile in Maine traveling about, and is supposed to have haunted the large towns, ending with Bangor. The details of his wanderings will make interesting reading.

SHOW UP BAD STREETS

Ducks Swim About in Paris Mudholes.

Journalists Drop Fowls in Ponds in the Place de l'Opera and Afford the Greatest Delight to a Crowd of Spectators.

Paris.—When there is in American cities a public uproar over the condition of the pavif, it is usual for the agitators to refer to the "splendid streets of Paris, Vienna and Berlin." Paris thought she had splendid streets, and she has, in the main, but she has just received a jolt. Several journalists went out the other day to demonstrate the evil condition of the streets in the center of the city. It was raining, and the journalists carried each a duck under either arm.

Arriving at the Place de l'Opera, they marched to the very midst of the greatest rush of equipages, cabs and trucks, and solemnly dropped their water fowl into the deep puddles which the rain had formed.

The ducks quacked delightfully and swam about with great enthusiasm. An enormous crowd gathered, applauding the novel sight, since it seemed to enter few minds that the exhibition was anything but a harmless sort of lunacy. The crowd merely laughed at the droilery of a duck pond in the Place de l'Opera.

Police men ran up and angrily demanded what the journalists meant by causing a throng to gather and indulge in unseemly mirth.

"We are the owners of the ducks," gravely admitted the giver of this object lesson. "We find it hard to keep them in good condition in our apartments and all are glad to notice that the municipal authorities of Paris have furnished us convenient duck ponds, centrally situated, in which we can give the poor creatures a little natural enjoyment."

This did not satisfy the policemen, who chased and captured the ducks. They carried them and led the journalists to the station. The crowd followed to the end of the drama. At the police station the journalists announced that they had been detailed by a powerful morning daily newspaper to play this prank in order to call attention to the dreadful condition of the streets.

The police saw the point. Their officers laughed heartily and released the prisoners as well as the ducks.

GREENHORN BAGS FAT GROUSE.

Thought He Had Killed Farmers' Bantams and Settled for \$5.

McConnellsburg, Pa.—Henry Marks came to Fulton county grouse hunting, and, although a green sportsman, he surprised his friends and himself by his amazing run of luck.

Several hours had been spent in a vain effort to get up birds. He had never seen grouse, but imagined they were something about the size of a turkey. He also had an idea that they lived in trees.

While walking along a little mountain path he saw what he supposed to be a flock of bantam chickens dusting themselves in the sand just ahead.

"Well, if I can't get any grouse," he said to himself, "I can at least have chicken pot-pie," and he fired into the flock. Seven birds toppled over and the hunter stuffed them into his coat and fled, fearing the wrath of the owner.

His heart sank when at the edge of a clearing he met a farmer, but he put on a bold front, told the man how sorry he was for killing his chickens, and offered to settle. When the simple mountaineer saw that Marks had made a wonderful bag of fat grouse he looked serious, and, wiping away a large tear, said:

"Them peeps was the pride of my children, but seeing that they're dead well call it square for a five dollar bill."

HOW IT FEELS 703 FEET IN AIR.

Steeple Jack Capelle Says It's Fine and He Enjoyed the View.

New York.—Ernest Capelle, the nervy steeple jack whose work at the top of the flagstaff on the Singer building, 703 feet from the ground, was watched by 100,000 persons, says he never has the slightest fear or dizziness when working at great heights.

"I don't take any stock in all of the harrowing stories that are written about the work of a steeple jack," he said. "When one gets accustomed to the work it is easy to go so high in the air. I never have the slightest feeling of dizziness while I am at my work, and so far as this job goes I consider it no more perilous than 100 feet in the air, for, should I fall, either would kill me. But I tell you, the view I had from the Singer flagstaff was wonderful. I could see fully 75 miles in every direction. And the air, it was fine, too, so bracing that one almost took a new lease of life. For six years I have been doing this kind of work and I have never had any kind of an accident."

Fall Clears Girl's Mind.

Covington, Ky.—A girl's remarkable escape from death, it is believed, will result in the cure of her mental affliction. Nettie Powl, four years old, fell from a third-story window. She is one of twins and for the last two years has been considered mentally unsound, but is now attaining a normal condition very rapidly.

WILL MAKE POLAR DASH.

Ice Pack and Canvas Boats to be Used in Trip Northward.

Gloucester, Mass.—The former fishing schooner, John R. Bradley, which took Dr. Frederick A. Cook, the Brooklyn explorer, to Etah, from whence he is to make his dash for the pole, is at anchor in the harbor here.

Capt. Moses Bartlett, her commandeer, who was with Peary in the Roosevelt, says that Cook accompanied John R. Bradley, the owner of the schooner, ostensibly upon a hunting trip and until their arrival at Etah he had not announced his intention of trying for the pole to anyone. He took only one man from the Bradley, Rudolph Frankerson, a cook. His plan is to stay in Etah until December or until the ice pack becomes well hardened, then dash along the pack. When open water is met he will cross it in two canvas boats. Capt. Bartlett says that had Peary had these boats he would have succeeded in his attempt.

Dr. Cook will take only a few Eskimos and dogs and will relay them in stations all the way. He will take substantially the same route as Peary. It was found that the Eskimos had rifled Peary's food caches and even overturned his boats. Mr. Bradley left Dr. Cook a supply for 18 months.

Dr. Cook from Etah has about 1,000 miles to cover. He must return by the same route—across Smith sound overland 84 degrees, then over the ice pack and sea.

The attempt will be a costly one. Dr. Cook was a guest on Mr. Bradley's trip and the expenses of the Eskimos and dogs will not be excessive.

WOMAN LIVES YEARS IN A TENT.

Consumptive Recovers by Keeping Outdoors for Long Time.

Boonville, Ind.—That the best relief and cure for the white plague are fresh air, nutritious food and hygienic surroundings is shown by a cure in Rockport. Mrs. W. A. Fee, of that city, had tuberculosis several years, and a year ago could hardly get around her home.

Secretary Hurty, of the board of health of Indiana, sent out a set of rules which were intended to be placed in the hands of the afflicted, and contained the latest methods as to how to combat the malady. Among the most important of these rules is the injunction to have as much fresh air as possible when sleeping, advocating sleeping out of doors in a tent, or other structure where the patient would get nothing but fresh air.

A large tent was placed in her yard near the house. A floor was placed in it and a stove arranged so that it could be heated, but at the same time there was opportunity for plenty of fresh air to get into the tent around the walls. Her husband assisted her to keep open air home, for she was not able to walk that short distance at that time. They slept in the tent all through last winter, and are still sleeping there.

From the beginning Mrs. Fee began to show signs of improvement until she is now almost well.

WOMEN PAINT CHURCH FENCE.

Energetic Members of the Congregation Shame Men by Their Industry.

Washington.—When the members of the First Baptist church at Aurora attended services recently there was a surprise in store for many of them. Instead of the fence with the paint worn off, that they had expected to see as usual, they saw one that had just been painted and that looked quite as good as new.

The fence had needed painting for a long time, but many of the members felt that the church funds were not in such condition that the outlay could be made for the purpose. The spirit was willing, but the supply of coin was rather low.

The women decided to take the situation into their own hands, and, without talking about what they expected to do, they went quietly to work. A committee obtained some donations of paint and brushes, while others secured the necessary money to make some slight repairs.

The women then went to work one morning and toiled hard all day. When the whistles blew at quitting time in the evening the fence had been painted, and the women went home very tired but happy.

WOMAN HAS HORN ON HEAD.

Peculiar Appendage, Measuring Five Inches Long, Removed by Physician.

Hamilton, O.—An extraordinary and fully authenticated medical case has developed at Gratts, a village in Preble county, ten miles from Hamilton. It is reported by Dr. R. C. Lawrence and substantiated by several Hamilton doctors.

A woman 56 years old in the village developed a horn on her forehead. It grew to the length of two inches and was attached to the skull. Some two years ago she struck a door and broke one inch from the bony growth. It again developed more rapidly than before and attained a length in diameter at the base and tapered to a point.

Dr. Lawrence recently saw off the entire horn, which in every way resembles a rein's horn. He confirms the statement in all details, and has exhibited the growth to many Hamilton physicians, who pronounce it a genuine horn. The woman's general health is not affected.

WOLF TO BE WEALTHY

LEFT ON DOORSTEP OF BACHELOR BOARDING HOUSE.

Bouncing Boy Has Won Hearts of Entire Neighborhood at Marquette, Mich.—Will Be Formally Adopted.

Marquette, Mich.—Unique among the functions of Marquette's present social season was the "shower" recently given to "Baby Charlie," a jolly, gray-eyed little youngster, who just a month ago was left on the doorstep of a boarding house tenanted for the most part by wealthy bachelors.

The father and mother of the infant are unknown, and it is a mystery what stress of circumstances caused them to abandon the child to strangers, but it is doubtful if there ever was a baby more blessed with foster parents than is this.

Not only does he rule the Brennan home, but his domain takes in all the entire vicinity. Two hundred invitations were issued to the "shower," and from six until nine p. m. "Charlie," with his best bib and tucker, was the center of attraction for scores of the leading residents of the city.

He got toys by the wholesale, clothes enough for a dozen babies, gold and many other things, and more notable still was the starting of a substantial bank account, which it is altogether likely will eventually grow to a sum well up in the thousands.

It was early one morning of last September when the baby arrived. He came in a clothes basket and his coming was heralded only by the ringing of the door bell. Several hours afterward when he awakened and discovered himself surrounded by the household he looked around, said "Go," and his future home was assured.

Since his arrival, no one has been able to conjecture whence he came, and a little note written in a delicate feminine hand and pinned to his frock vouchsafed the information that:

"My name is Charlie. If you like me and will keep me I will tell you more about myself. Please be good to me."

The whole family has been good to Charlie, so have all who have seen him. The very day of his arrival all in the house contributed to his welfare and they are still doing it.

"Charlie" is a sturdy little chap, square-shouldered and solidly built. He seems to be entirely without the fear that many children of his age show, runs the whole household in his determined little way and when he gets a good hard bump or fall only stares in solemn fashion, rubs the hurt with his little hand, and goes right at the same thing again without a tear.

Not long ago the advent of a baby in the house was wholly unlooked for. To-day the baby is the single factor about which revolve all its affairs. A while ago some half dozen staid and sober bachelors led colorless bachelor lives, unaware of domestic joys. To-day these same bachelors are wiser.

It has been a red letter time for the bachelors and due to the baby they see life from a different point of view. Steps are to be taken to formally adopt the infant and trustees will be duly designated to look after its welfare and manage its estate.

STUDIES RUINS OF LOST CITIES.

Cornell Expedition Makes Valuable Discoveries in Asia Minor.

Ithaca, N. Y.—Prof. Sterrett has just received his first report from the Cornell expedition to the Assyro-Babylonian orient. The party consists of A. T. Olmstead, B. B. Charles and J. E. Wrench. The report says that the principal sites of the region explored have been fixed astronomically for the first time, disclosing many defects in even the best maps. Over 50 sites have been carefully examined and proved to be pre-classic, and of these a considerable proportion can be connected with an already known classic locality.

The pre-classic of Ionia, the most important city of southeastern Asia Minor, has been found. Much of the pottery found there is similar to the early types found at Troy, and a better site for excavation has not yet been seen by the expedition.

Over 3,000 potsherds have thus far been collected and studied. Most important are the various sherds of Mycenaean character showing connection with the Greek world of the time of Homer.

In the light of the material collected, it seems almost certain, says the report, that some of the most widespread views in regard to the earlier people of Asia Minor and their connections must be modified or abandoned. A marble idol of a female hitherto found only in the Greek islands in pre-Mycenaean settlements was found at Angora. This link between the early inhabitants of Greece and of Asia Minor is of very great interest.

Show Higher Living Cost.

Washington.—An object lesson in the increase of the cost of living has been afforded the government in the proposals submitted for supplying provisions to the fleet of Admiral Evans for the trip to the Pacific. There was an increase in the price of every article offered over the prices last year. The most notable case was in the proposal for furnishing 1,000,000 pounds of beef, the increase being a considerable fraction of a cent a pound.

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FORTUNE COMES TO FARMER. Steel Trust Unavoidably Gives Truck or Profitable Business. Chicago, Ill., Jan. 11.—John Kelly, of Burlington, Ind., once was a truck farmer, making a bare living. Now he is an opulent manufacturer of cement blocks with a good income and little outlay. Kelly's home is two blocks from the cement works of the Illinois Steel Company at Burlington, where a \$3,000,000 plant grinds slag and converts it into Portland cement. When the wind blows off the lake clouds of cement-laden dust envelop the Kelly home and truck farm. The owner, in the hope of saving his garden greens, recently constructed an immense shield of the bill-board type at the rear of his lot, facing the cement plant. When the cement dust comes his way it strikes the board and falls in a pile at the base of the shield. After that all that Kelly has to do is to scoop up some gravel, mix it with the

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NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS. Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the shareholders of the Drovers and Merchants Bank will be held and convened in the office of the bank, corner of Cherokee and Lake avenues in the city of St. Joseph, in the county of Buchanan, state of Missouri, on Monday, January 20, 1908, at 9 o'clock a. m. for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year, or until their successors are duly qualified, and for the transaction of such other business as may lawfully come before such meeting. PORTER A. THOMPSON, Pres. W. E. WARRICK, Secretary.

cement and mould the mass into blocks, for which he finds a ready market. Dust is a bad thing for the work horse when it comes from muddy hay, and it is a worse thing for a bunch of shoats when they are compelled to sleep in a dusty shed. Clean out the dust and throw in lots of corn stalks and that will relieve the trouble considerably.

RIOTS IN BERLIN

Monster Popular Demonstrations Continue to Take Place in the Prussian Capital.

LED BY THE SOCIALISTS

During the Whole Day the Entire Police Force Was Kept Busy Dispersing the Processions and Meetings.

Berlin, Jan. 13.—The determination of the socialists to secure direct universal suffrage, combined with their indignation against Chancellor von Buelow's curt declaration refusing their demand, gave rise Sunday to an unusual scene and a monster popular demonstration, accompanied by disorders in the streets of the Prussian capital, in which 40,000 organized socialists participated with 30,000 sympathizers from time to time actively joined in the manifestations.

One of the most remarkable features of Sunday's uprising was the number of women who engaged in the demonstrations, and they appeared even more earnest in their activities than the men. The authorities took the sternest measures to prevent disorders and the strictest precautions to protect the assembly and other public buildings and Prince von Buelow's residence against the outbreak of fury. Groups in the streets were dispersed in the most vigorous manner and collisions between processions of manifestants and the police resulted in the injury of a considerable number of the demonstrators, but so far as is known no fatality occurred in this city. The police refrained from making arrests except in cases of extreme violence.

The movement extends throughout Prussia, where the socialists are exceptionally numerous. Reports received from other cities, however, do not indicate that the demonstrations there were accompanied by violence.

Notwithstanding the police commissions warning that repressive measures would be applied, many thousand socialists gathered in the morning at the 600 local headquarters of the various districts of the capital, and thence proceeded in groups, singing revolutionary songs, towards the eight halls in the city where mass meetings had been announced.

From 10 o'clock in the morning the entire police force had been on duty. Two hundred men with officers were hidden in each of the fire stations and large bodies were held in reserve at the police stations, while public buildings were requisitioned also where the police forces were quartered to act in any emergency.

The socialists showed great determination in their attempts to hold processions, although the police made energetic endeavors to prevent this. Long before the hour of noon, the time fixed to begin the meetings, all the halls were completely packed and the police drew up in force around the doors to hold the crowds in check. Those who could not get within the buildings were driven into the adjoining streets by squads of police. Inside the halls the greatest enthusiasm prevailed, the excitement increasing as the speakers denounced the action of the chancellor, whose name was received with loud hooting and hissing. The speakers did not advise violence, but declared that if violence occurred the responsibility would fall upon the police and the privileged classes, who refused the people their rights.

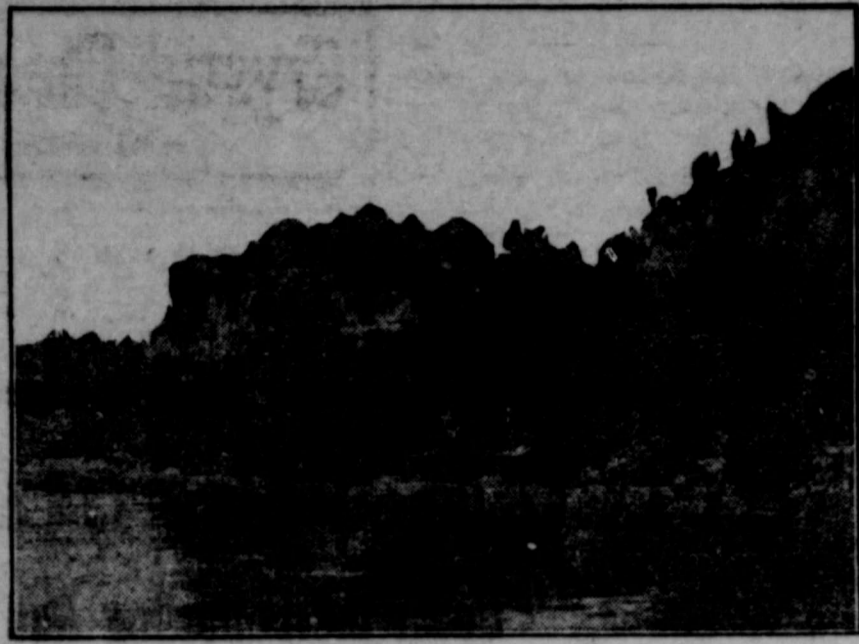
Resolutions favoring universal suffrage and a secret ballot were adopted by acclamation, after which the audience streamed into the streets. The police immediately attempted to disperse the throngs, which showed an evident intention to march in procession towards the palace square. In most cases the processions were soon broken up, the police displaying the utmost energy. Two formidable columns, however, marched as far as Alexander-Platz, within a short distance of the emperor's palace, where the police charged them, inflicting many injuries. Eventually they succeeded with the greatest difficulty in scattering the demonstrators, who retired hooting and cheering ironically towards Unter den Linden. Thousands of spectators already had gathered there from curiosity and the police followed the broken ranks of the paraders, clearing the entire thoroughfare as far as Brandenburger Gate, where most of the people fled rapidly along the paths to Tiergarten. Many of them, however, escaped along the side streets, Friedrichstrasse and Wilhelm Strasse.

Later some thousands of the demonstrators gathered a short distance from Chancellor von Buelow's residence and began shouting down the chancellor who had driven through into Friedrichstrasse. The attitude became so threatening that both the mounted and foot police charged them fiercely, striking right and left with the flat of their sabers. Scores of the manifestants were knocked down and trampled upon and the great crowd at length was broken up into small groups, among whom there were many injured.

Raided a Sunday Theater.

Muskogee, Ok., Jan. 13.—During a performance Sunday when the house was packed with spectators, the New Lyric theater was closed by the sheriff and 20 armed deputies in obedience to the order closing theaters on Sunday.

ILLINOIS RIVER, ABOVE ALTON, ILL.



For a considerable distance along the Illinois river the scenery compares favorably with the famous Grand Canyon country, the rocks rising in stately grandeur for many miles along the water's edge. The route of the proposed deep waterway from the great lakes to the gulf is along this river.

VARIETIES OF YPSILANTI.

Nearly Four Hundred Ways of Spelling It Found.

Detroit, Mich.—Curious postal officers in Michigan and Washington have been keeping for years past a record of the different ways Ypsilanti has been spelled on mail matter, and by comparing the notes they have preserved a list of veritable orthographic wonders has been compiled. This list easily establishes the claim that more different ways for spelling Ypsilanti have been devised than for spelling any other geographical name in America.

In all no less than 372 distinct ways of spelling the name have been counted, and it is probable that the greater number, perhaps all, have been used in good faith by persons who actually believed that the orthographic combinations reproduced were the correct combinations for representing Ypsilanti on the written or printed page. Every letter in the alphabet except "R" has been used as the initial letter of the name, though why so obvious a combination as Rypsilanti should be neglected when others much less obvious have been employed is difficult to explain. As a matter of fact, the variations in the spelling are chiefly confined to the first syllable, "Y" being a letter lacking or having only an indifferent standing in many foreign languages.

Tipay Lanti and Zyp Silanti are met with, and among the spellings farthest away from the accepted and official standard are Whysoilanti and Hipaslandder.

GIANT FIR TREE WORTH \$423.

Contained 42,000 Feet of Lumber and Required Four Cars to Move It.

Raymond, Wash.—Four fir logs, all cut from the same tree, and containing more than 42,000 feet, were shipped to the Kalb-Gilbert Lumber company's mill at this place the first of the week from the company's camp near Raymond. Each log occupied a car. The larger was 101 inches in diameter at its small end and 36 feet in length, containing 17,000 feet. The measurements of two other logs were 80 inches in diameter and 36 feet long, 8,748 feet; 53 inches in diameter and 40 feet long, 5,900 feet. In addition to these four logs another smaller one was cut from the tree, but has not yet been shipped to the mill. This would bring the total up to more than 45,000 feet. The large logs are perfect specimens, and perhaps the largest sawed by a mill at this place. The stump from which the tree was cut measured ten feet eight inches in diameter. At \$10.50 a thousand, which is the price paid in this harbor for high grade fir, the four logs would bring more than \$423.

WAITED 25 YEARS FOR BRIDE.

Farmer Weds Woman He Courted a Quarter of a Century Ago.

Rochester, N. Y.—Released by the death of her invalid mother, uncle and aunt from a vow made 25 years ago, Miss Viola Woodin has at last wedded Clayton B. Baldwin, who patiently waited to lead her to the altar. The bride and bridegroom played together as boy and girl in a village in western New York. Twenty-five years ago Miss Woodin's father was killed by a fall. Turning her back on her admirers, the girl resolved to devote her life to caring for her invalid mother, uncle and aunt. Baldwin pleaded for her hand.

"If you care enough for me to wait until I am free," she replied, "I will marry you."

Baldwin said he would wait. Going to Nebraska he became a farmer. The wedding has just been celebrated here.

Bees Confirmed Toppers.

Hammond, N. J.—Honey from dahlias which grow in rich profusion in this vicinity has been found to have a peculiar effect upon bumble bees. After they have filled themselves with the sweet stuff they appear dazed, and when brushed off the flowers fall to the ground and act like intoxicated men. The honey seems to act like opium upon the insects, and those who have observed declare that one "drunk" is not enough for them, but that they return and become confirmed toppers.

FIND UNKNOWN TRIBE

NEW RACE OF ABORIGINES DISCOVERED IN ALASKA.

Pennsylvania Professor First White Man to See Kuskwagmites—Skins of Birds Furnish Clues—Not Many Left.

Philadelphia.—Dr. George B. Gordon, curator of the University of Pennsylvania's archaeological department, who has just returned after a six months' expedition through the wildest regions of the far northwest, announces the discovery of a new race living along the Koskokwim river in Alaska.

Dr. Gordon brings back a strange tale of this new race, which had never before been seen a white man, and which differs from all other tribes of Alaskan Indians.

Dr. Gordon heard rumors of the race in 1905, and after innumerable hardships he reached the territory in which these aborigines live in Adamic simplicity. They are called by the Eskimos "Kuskwagmites," and show strong traces of Mongolian ancestry. Crime and vice is utterly unknown among them and their religion is natural pantheism.

They know absolutely nothing of corruption and degeneracy with which the whites have infected the Athabaskan Indians and Eskimos. Dr. Gordon lived for several months among them.

"Though they are dying out," Dr. Gordon said, "they are strong and clean physically and intelligent. They have retained the most ancient characteristics of dress and speech. In clothing, instead of wearing furs, they sew skins of birds into robes, using the breasts of loon and various species of ducks which abound in the river."

Of their clothing, utensils, arms, etc., Dr. Gordon gathered collections, and when they arrive he and other ethnologists will try to discover whether the tribe is of Asiatic origin or whether it migrated from lower California.

This new tribe is the only one in Alaska which makes pottery, Dr. Gordon says. All the others are basket weavers. Dr. Gordon believes the race to be of ancient Asiatic origin, gradually driven by Athabaskan Indians and Eskimos to its present quarters, which is a natural fortress. They represent, perhaps, the most ancient dwellers of Alaska, who made their way there from Asia.

They are monogamists, and no such thing as vice is known among them. They are permitted by their priests to have more than one wife, but never do so. They have no laws at all, but are governed by patriarchs. They are tall, and the women graceful and beautiful.

"There are only 400 of them left," said Dr. Gordon. "It is to be hoped for their sake that they die out before the white traders get to them. Then they can die as cleanly and happily as they live."

Dr. Gordon and his helper traveled down the Koskokwim 1,500 miles in a small sloop. When they reached Bering sea they sailed for Nome, where they were caught in equinoctial gales, and were adrift three weeks. Dr. Gordon was forced to throw his provisions overboard to save his specimens. He landed at Nome nearly dead with hunger and exposure.

GIVES SKIN TO COUSIN.

For Second Time Boy Submits to Grafting Operation.

Denver, Col.—To save his cousin from losing his right arm, Floyd Teter, 13 years old, son of Mr. and Mrs. S. Teter, of West Thirty-fourth avenue, has consented to undergo a painful operation of skin grafting at St. Luke's hospital.

Maurice, four years old, son of Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Broderick, of Meade street, was hurt August 17 by falling in front of a street car. His right arm was badly mangled.

At first it looked as if amputation would be necessary to save the boy's life. He was removed to St. Luke's hospital, where the physicians decided that his arm could be saved by skin grafting.

Floyd volunteered to save his little cousin from going through life a cripple. Eight pieces of skin were removed from his arms and legs and grafted upon the injured arm of his playmate.

Unfortunately, the first operation proved unsuccessful, and it now develops that the process will have to be repeated. Floyd again presented himself at the hospital and announced his willingness to be operated upon, and the painful ordeal will have to be experienced again.

8 Months Old; Its Weight 110.

Parkersburg, W. Va.—A remarkable freak of nature is an infant of W. H. Banes, an employe of a factory at Ma-toaka. The babe, which is named William Edward Banes, is only eight months old, and weighs 110 pounds. The babe at birth was of normal weight, but has increased steadily in weight until it is now a prodigy and weighs almost as much as its mother.

New Beethoven Dances Found.

Berlin.—An interesting musical find is reported here. It consists of 11 unknown dances by Beethoven, composed in 1819, for friends forming a musical society at Meeding, a suburb of Vienna. The dances were found at Leipzig. They are orchestrated for seven instruments, and, it is said, will be shortly published.

WHEN ALFONSO COMES OVER.

The King of Spain May Visit Mexico and Other Latin-American Countries.

Madrid, Jan. 12.—The newspapers of all political parties are enthusiastic over the report that King Alfonso next year may make a trip to Mexico and other Latin-American countries. While it is not officially admitted that the king contemplates such a voyage, it is known that he is considering it. The Imparcial in a leader entitled "Race Obligations" says "Spain's future lies in America. As Latins, it is our duty to restore the hegemony of our race which has fallen before the on-sweep of the Anglo-Saxons. As the ancient world was filled with the struggle between Europe and Africa so is the modern world occupied with the struggle between the Latin and the Anglo-Saxon. The ultimate result will depend more upon culture than military force. Spain can represent the role of spiritual Rome against the absorbing industrialism of the Yankees. Our revenge for Cavite and Santiago must come from this side and the first step must be King Alfonso's visit to the Hispano-American countries. Avarice and tyranny separated us from our colonies; tolerancy and love must unite us anew and for ever to them."

Amado Nervo, charge d'affaires of the Mexican legation, has written a letter to the newspapers warmly commending the idea of the king's visit and the results to be obtained from it. Thus far there has been no suggestion that the king should visit the United States during his trip to America.

RUEF POPULAR IN JAIL.

The San Francisco Grafter Playing Prince Bountiful to the Great Edification of His Fellows.

San Francisco, Cal., Jan. 13.—Although but four days in the county jail, Abraham Ruef has become very popular with the 400 odd prisoners. He spends much of his time interesting himself in their troubles, giving advice and not infrequently something more practical. Unlike Schmitz, Glass, Brown and Bartlett, who seldom speak to any of their fellow prisoners and to few of the guards, Ruef has a cheery word for everybody.

It was learned at the county jail that, finding that many of the prisoners had no matches, Ruef ordered 20 dozen boxes, bought at the tobacco, cigars and cigarettes in the commissary department of the jail and distributed them. He is principal customer of the few prisoners who eke out a few cents by making beadwork and various little knickknacks, per-ronizing them to the extent of several dollars a day. Saturday Ruef sent to his house for a large valuable talking machine with several boxes of records from the latest popular songs to the best imperial music and Saturday night gave a concert at which Caruso, Tomango, Melba and other famous singers sang for the prisoners. Two large boxes of cakes, ordered by Ruef, were distributed to the inmates while they listened to the music. It was a break in the monotony of jail life and an unusual treat that appeared to be immensely appreciated.

A New Mining Camp.

Searchlight, Nev., Jan. 13.—Hundreds of miners are flocking to the scene of a reported new strike four miles east of Manvel, in San Bernardino county near the Nevada state line. Vehicles of every description are conveying people from Searchlight to towns adjacent to the new camp. Tents are springing up in the new camp and a townsite has been laid out with a water supply close to the railroad.

A New York Tunnel Finished.

New York, Jan. 13.—After three years of continuous work, day and night, the Pennsylvania railroad's tunnels under Manhattan have been completed. It was learned Sunday that the final blast was fired at 5 p. m., Saturday, 60 feet under Sixth avenue and Thirty-second street. It cleaned the last obstacle in the Thirty-second street tube.

Michigan Covered With Snow.

Detroit, Mich., Jan. 13.—Trolley, train and telegraph service was seriously interrupted Sunday by a blizzard that swept a large portion of Michigan. At Bay City 18 inches of snow was reported and all the churches abandoned the Sunday evening service because of the obstructed roads.

The Runder Jury Disagreed.

St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 13.—The jury in the case of Francis B. Runder, the former postoffice cashier, who was accused of embezzling nearly \$8,000 Sunday reported their inability to agree on a verdict and the jury was discharged. Runder will be retried next week.

He Discovered Salt in Michigan.

Saginaw, Mich., Jan. 13.—George Washington Merrill, credited with being "one of the discoverers of salt in Michigan, and for 50 years a prominent business man here, died at his home here Sunday. He was a member of the first common council of the city.

Milwaukee Snowbound.

Milwaukee, Jan. 13.—A fierce blizzard swooped down on Milwaukee early Sunday and Sunday night continued without abatement. The weather bureau reported a fall of 16 inches of snow up to 7 o'clock.

HORSES AND MULES

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Will have fully 300 good horses and 30 mules at their auction, at

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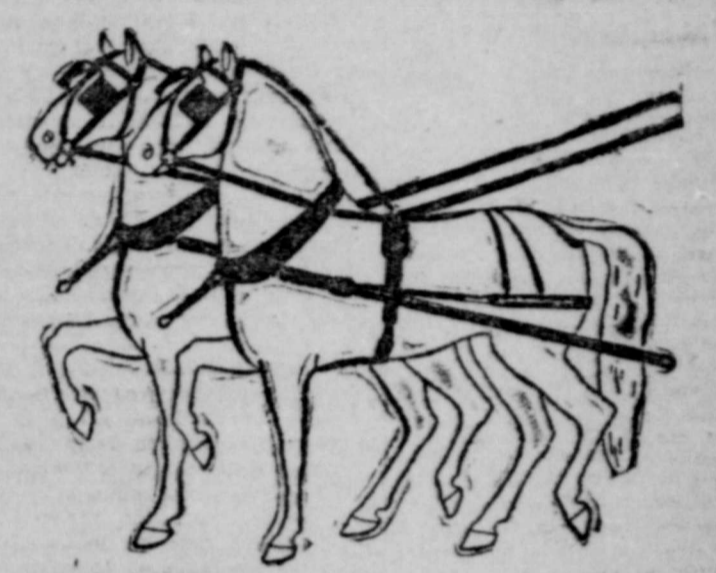
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FLEET AT ANCHOR

After a Run of More Than 3,000 Miles, the Battleships Rest at Rio Janeiro.

GIVEN A HEARTY WELCOME

Left Port of Spain December 29 and All the Way Down the Voyage Was Pleasant and Devoid of Accident.

Rio Janeiro, Jan. 13.—The American fleet of 16 battleships entered the port of Rio Janeiro at 4 o'clock Sunday afternoon, after a passage from Port of Spain, Trinidad, more than 3,000 miles, unmarred by serious accident, replete with interesting incidents and ending with a royal welcome from the thousands that had gathered to greet the visitors.

As soon as the anchorage was made, the Brazilian minister of marine, Admiral Alencar, the captain of the port, the American consul, G. E. Anderson, the commandants of naval divisions and the civic authorities went on board the Connecticut and extended a hearty welcome to Rear Admiral Evans, his officers and men.

All the way down from Port of Spain the voyage was an enjoyable one and all on board the ships were well and seemingly happy.

To some extent the progress of the fleet was hampered by the strong currents and the swell, poor coal and minor derangements of the auxiliary machinery of several of the ships. Until Friday, the 10th, a uniform speed of ten knots was maintained. The speed was then increased to 11 knots and finally to 12. All through the voyage they encountered pleasant weather and at no time was the heat excessive, even while crossing the equator.

The first land sighted from the time of leaving Port of Spain was off Pernambuco on the morning of the 8th, at a distance of 20 miles. The next land to be sighted was Cape Frio Sunday morning. From abreast of Pernambuco there were gentle, variable breezes with a smooth sea and a long swell from the southward. With a favorable current, the battleships successfully completed the longest single passage they have yet made, 3,000 miles, in which their capacity was well tested.

Outside of Rio Janeiro a Brazilian fleet consisting of three cruisers, accompanied by the American tender Yankton, met the American battleships off Cape Frio, and after an exchange of greetings steamed with them along the coast into a roadstead. A hearty welcome was extended to the officers and men by the minister of marine in the name of the Brazilian government and the navy. Bands played and whistles blew, with the waving of many flags as the American ships steamed proudly through and dropped their anchors.

The newspapers here published special editions, describing the splendid welcome extended to the Americans. Several of the papers will issue daily editions in English during the stay of the fleet and have made arrangements to secure extensive special dispatches from the United States, so that the men may have the news of their own country.

Japanese Growing Uneasy.

Tokio, Jan. 13.—Incoming cablegrams, indicating an overwhelming sentiment in America in favor of an exclusion bill, are causing much uneasiness among leaders of all shades of politics, who have repeatedly expressed the conviction that the Americans did not desire to discriminate against Japanese and would accept the attitude of the Japanese government as evidence of its sincere desire not to embarrass the American government and at the same time save the honour proper of the Japanese. Uneasiness has been intensified by the delay of a reply from Washington to the Japanese note of December 31.

Will Celebrate Lincoln's Birthday.

Louisville, Ky., Jan. 13.—Gov. Willson will shortly send a special message to the legislature recommending the passage of a bill providing for an adequate appropriation and the appointment of a state commission to direct the Lincoln centennial. The 100th anniversary of Lincoln's birth falls on February 12, 1909, and preliminary plans made by the Lincoln Farm association for the celebration of the event at Lincoln's birth place, in Larue county, Ky., are now well under way. President Roosevelt has consented to deliver an oration.

Trade Relations With Colombia.

Washington, Jan. 13.—A report on trade conditions in Colombia by Charles M. Pepper, special agent of the department of commerce and labor, has been issued by the bureau of manufacturers. The importance of establishing intimate commercial relations with Colombia is strongly presented. The great natural wealth of the country in soil, forests and mines, has not been distributed largely on account of lack of transportation facilities, but active efforts are in progress to remedy this condition by constructing railroads.

Philippine Delegates Coming.

Honolulu, Jan. 13.—P. Ocampo and B. Legarda, delegates from the Filipino assembly, arrived here Sunday on the steamer Mongolia en route to Washington.

GAS EXPLOSION AT JOPLIN

One Person Killed and One Seriously Injured.

Took Place in Basement of Olivia Hotel and Caused a Loss Estimated at \$8,000.

Joplin, Mo., Jan. 12.—One dead, one probably fatally injured and a property loss of \$8,000 are results of a natural gas explosion in the Olivia apartment hotel here Sunday.

The accident happened at an early hour Sunday morning when Marvin Reynolds of Joplin, aged 20 years, night clerk at the hotel, went to a store room in the basement to feed a pet cat. The electric lights failed to work and when the young man lighted a match escaping gas in the basement was ignited.

The force of the explosion was such that windows across the street were broken while curtains and articles from upper stories were thrown hundreds of feet.

A suite of five rooms directly above the store room occupied by Mr. and Mrs. John F. Stephens, was completely wrecked and both occupants were severely injured. Mrs. Stephens was rescued from a burning pile of wreckage, severely cut and bruised and in an unconscious condition. Her hair was burned from her head and her teeth were knocked out. She is in a precarious condition and may die. O. E. Bendalari, owner of the property; J. C. Barr and Harry Bishop, guests, suffered burns in their efforts to rescue Mrs. Stephens.

Marvin Reynolds was terribly cut and mangled. He was removed to St. John's hospital, where he died after having regained consciousness only long enough to explain how the accident happened.

The Olivia is one of the finest apartment hotels in the Southwest, a six-story structure of stone and brick erected a year ago at a cost of \$225,000.

PROTECTING PUBLIC LANDS.

In Two Years 2,372,224 Acres Has Been Freed From Fraudulent Claims or Unlawful Enclosure.

Washington, Jan. 13.—Commissioner Ballinger of the general land office, has completed his annual report to the secretary of the interior for submission to congress. He asks an appropriation of \$500,000 to carry on the field work of his bureau in the protection of the public lands, an increase of \$250,000 over the current appropriation.

During the fiscal years 1905-7 there were entered on record for investigation 24,459 cases of all kinds; of these the agents investigated and disposed of 12,104 cases and 12,355 cases remained for examination July 1, 1907. Since then the number of cases has largely increased.

There were 2,243 land entries relinquished after the case was in the hands of the special agent for investigation; 353 entries were canceled after hearings had upon special agents charges; 367 unlawful enclosures of public lands were removed restoring 1,949,120 acres to the open range. There were 27 convictions connected with these cases.

The total of moneys recovered by the government on all special agents cases was \$386,251 and 2,372,224 acres of land was either freed from fraudulent claims of title, or released from unlawful enclosure and occupancy.

The commissioner states the present force of agents is only sufficient to handle about one-half of the work in the field.

A Lively Session in Nevada.

Carson, Nev., Jan. 13.—Many members of the state legislature, which has been called by Gov. Sparks to meet in special session next Tuesday for the purpose of providing means to preserve order at Goldfield, had already arrived Sunday. A lively session is looked for, as there are many radical labor sympathizers among the members, who will fight any measure authorizing the organizations of a state militia or a constabulary similar to the Pennsylvania constabulary force. It is said by those who are working for a militia or constabulary force that if the plan is blocked the legislature will be asked to memorialize congress to enact a law establishing a permanent military organization in Nevada.

Plague Slowly Diminishing.

Washington, Jan. 13.—A feature of the annual report of Surgeon General Wyman, of the public health and marine hospital service, transmitted to congress during the past week, is a review of the bubonic plague situation at San Francisco. Up to November 19 there have been 96 cases of this dreadful disease and 60 deaths. The surgeon general states that it has been impossible to discover the origin of the plague outbreak. While the surgeon general states that the disease is reported as diminishing, he asserts that it will of necessity require a long time for complete eradication.

Saw the Miner Burn.

Searchlight, Nev., Jan. 13.—Over 500 people stood helplessly by and saw an aged miner burned to death in his cabin here Saturday night. The unfortunate man was John W. Gregor, 54 years of age. The upsetting of a lamp was the cause of the fire. Two men dashed into the flames but were unable to rescue the miner. His body was burned to a crisp.

STATE MUST ACT

Gov. Sparks Is Notified That the Troops at Goldfield Will Be Withdrawn.

REPORT OF THE COMMISSION

The Governor's Statements Not Sustained by Facts—Will Not Perform Police Duty for Nevada With Regular Soldiers.

Washington, Jan. 13.—President Roosevelt has determined to withdraw the federal troops from Goldfield, Nev., shortly after the legislature begins its special session Tuesday. This intention was made known at the White house Sunday when the report of the special investigating commission was made public, together with a letter from the president to Gov. Sparks, dated January 4. The president says he shall be governed by the recommendations in the report unless the governor can show that the statements of the report are not in accordance with the facts. The report says: "The conditions did not support the general allegations in the governor's request for troops, nor were his specific statements established to any such extent as to justify his use of these statements for the purpose of getting federal troops."

It concludes with this recommendation: "But we also must firmly believe that upon the assembling of the legislature, or within a few days thereafter, the troops should be removed, regardless of any request for their retention that may be made by either the legislature or the governor of Nevada, it being essential that the state of Nevada shall understand this situation completely, shall recognize the fact that there will, at that date, be thrown upon it, and it alone, the primary responsibility of keeping order and that recognizing this responsibility it may take such action as is the duty of the state, and as will be sufficient in the premises."

In his letter to Gov. Sparks, after reviewing the steps so far taken in the Goldfield mining trouble, the president continues: "I have just received the report of these three gentlemen (Murray, Smith and Neill), which sets forth in the most emphatic language their belief, after a careful investigation on the ground, that there was no warrant whatever for calling on the president for troops, and that the troops should not be kept indefinitely in Goldfield. The report further states that there was no insurrection against the power of the state, that nobody supposed that there was such an insurrection and that none of the conditions described in Sections 5297-98-99 of the revised statutes as warranting interference by the federal government existed, and that the effort was and is plainly an effort by the state of Nevada to secure the performance by the United States of the ordinary police duties which should, as a matter of course, be performed by Nevada herself. The report further says: "There is absolutely no question that if the state of Nevada and the county of Esmeralda exercised the powers at their disposal they can maintain satisfactory order in Goldfield; that so far these authorities have done nothing but relying on federal aid and their attitude now is expressed by that of refusing to do anything and desiring to throw their own burdens on the federal government for the maintenance of those elementary conditions of order for which they, and they only, are responsible."

"The signers of the report express their conviction that the troops should remain in Nevada until the assembling of the legislature, so as to preserve the status quo in order that the legislature may deal with the situation as it exists, but that shortly thereafter the troops should be removed. "I agree with the recommendations of this report, of which I enclose a copy, and shall act accordingly. Unless it can be shown that the statements of the report are not in accordance with the facts, it will be incumbent upon the legislature of Nevada when it convenes, itself to provide for enforcement of the laws of the state. The state of Nevada must itself make a resolute effort in good faith to perform the police duties incumbent to the existence of a state."

HEAVY HOG RECEIPTS.

Kansas City Received 150,000 in One Week, Which Broke All Records—Large at Other Points.

Kansas City, Jan. 13.—Kansas City packers paid more than \$1,250,000 for the hogs they purchased last week. The total receipts were by far the largest in the history of the market, amounting to about 150,000.

About \$1,250,000 was paid for the week's supply of cattle, so that during the week the stockmen of the Southwest received no less than \$2,500,000 from Kansas City, after deducting the freight bills.

The movement was large to every other market also. Chicago had 300,000 and the five principal packing centers, Kansas City, Chicago, St. Joseph, Omaha and St. Louis, received 610,000 hogs. A year ago for the same week the five markets received 392,000.

Chicago Gets Touch of Winter.

Chicago, Jan. 13.—Chicago and its environs were cut off for several hours Sunday from wire communication with other points by a snow and wind storm, which began before dawn and raged without a break all day. Snow continued to fall Sunday night. A northeast gale drove blinding masses of wet snow before it. The warmth of the atmosphere caused the heavy flakes partly to melt and stick to whatever they touched. As a consequence over-burdened wires and poles were put out of commission in all directions and wire communication was at a standstill for hours.

A Half Million Dollar Fire.

New York, Jan. 13.—A block of five-story tenement buildings extending from Ninety-third to Ninety-fourth street on First avenue, and which had been remodeled for factory purposes and were occupied by a half dozen enterprises, was burned early Sunday, causing a loss of about \$500,000.

A Kansan Injured in Muskogee.

Muskogee, Ok., Jan. 13.—John C. McShea, of Chapman, Kan., was fatally injured here Sunday when, believing he was pursued, he jumped from the second story of a hotel, breaking his legs and an arm and receiving internal injuries. McShea is a wealthy land owner.

MORE TROUBLE FOR FRANCE

Conditions in Morocco Are Rapidly Becoming More Serious.

The Uprising Assumes a More Fatal Aspect and is Directed Especially Against the French.

Tangier, Jan. 13.—There is much consternation among Moroccan officials at the sensational news from Fez announcing the proclaiming of Mulai-Hafid as sultan and the dangerous conditions now prevailing in the city. Couriers who have arrived here announce also that the people of Mequinez have proclaimed Mulai-Hafid sultan. According to the latest information from Fez, the alamas or wise men were forced to decree the overthrow of Abd-El-Aziz, the sultan of record, and proclaim Mulai-Hafid sultan in his place, by the attitude of the people who were greatly excited over reports that Abd-El-Aziz had sold the country to France.

The announcement by the public criers was received with frantic joy. Mulai-Hafid was proclaimed sultan under certain conditions, which he must accept together with the title. Among these conditions are the following: That he reject the Algeiras act, expels the French troops from Morocco, prohibits access to the interior, of Europeans who, with the Jews, it is set forth, should be allowed to occupy only quarters in the ports reserved for them; prohibits Moorish subjects from placing themselves under the protection of foreign consulates, secures Morocco's rights in the frontier question with Algeria and suppresses taxation.

Paris, Jan. 13.—The French government is greatly embarrassed at the unexpected turn of events in Morocco. The proclaiming of Mulai-Hafid sultan, at Fez, was coincident with the arrival in Paris of Mohammed Sidi El Mokhri, who came here as finance minister to Abd-El-Aziz to negotiate a loan of \$30,000,000 and the march on Rabat of Gen. d'Armide, commander of the French forces in Morocco, with 4,000 men.

In a twinkling the entire situation has become changed and the whole country is threatened with a civil war. It is all the more serious for France as the dispatches which have been received relating to the situation leave no doubt as to the fanatical appeal of the supporters of Mulai-Hafid being directed chiefly against France, and a holy war might arouse France's Mohammedan subjects across the Algerian frontier.

Premier Clemenceau, General Picquart, the minister of war; M. Callaux, minister of finance, and M. Renault, minister to Morocco have been in conference all day, although it is only announced that arrangements were being made to install the police at the ports of Tangier and Rabat. It is the general belief that the government cannot hesitate in taking prompt and energetic action. It is believed that this alone may save the day for Abd-El-Aziz, whose downfall would mean the end of the Algeiras act, the weakness of which is that it did not foresee the possibility of such a change of rulers.

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IOWA FARMER ROBBED. Loses Thirteen Hundred Dollars at Redfield, S. D. Redfield, S. D., Jan. 11.—Joseph Quintrell, an Iowa farmer, was robbed of \$1,300 here last night. He came to town yesterday and made a proposition to purchase a restaurant, exhibiting a large roll of bills. He afterwards went to his room in a lodging house and put his pocketbook containing most of his money under the carpet. He went out to see the town with his friend, the restaurant keeper, and when he returned an hour later the money was gone. Four suspects are under arrest and the authorities are confident that they have the right men.

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