

DAILY MARKETS

Official Receipts, 34 Cars, 1080 Cattle; 38 Cars, 2864 Hogs; 1 Car, 89 Sheep.

CATTLE MOSTLY SOUTHERN

No Change Was Noted in Market Condition Compared With Thursday.

WEEK UNSATISFACTORY ONE

Prices For All Fat Steers Sharply Lower Than a Week Ago—Sheep Gets in On the Decline—Stocker Trade Dull and Prices Off—Hogs Show Lower Turn on Light Supply—Sheep Steady.

Receipts from January 1, 1910.

Table showing receipts from January 1, 1910, for Cattle, Hogs, and Sheep.

Live Stock in Sight.

Table showing live stock in sight for Cattle, Hogs, and Sheep.

Receipts by Cars.

Table showing receipts by cars for Cattle, Hogs, and Sheep.

CATTLE.

Not Much Trade Today. Prices Steady at Late Decline.

There were no new turns in the cattle market today. The supply was about the same as it has been coming of late for this day of the week and the demand showed about the same slack tone that has ruled the trade for the week.

STOCKS AND FEEDERS.

In the stocker and feeder trade business has been dull for the entire week. The country demand for common stock, due to the unsatisfactory condition of the fat cattle market and the further fact of stalk fields not being ready for cutting yet.

FEEDING COWS AND STOCK HEIFERS.

The following Chicago board of trade quotations are furnished by T. P. Gordon, 1905-1908 New Corby-Forsace Building, St. Joseph, Mo.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Table showing grain and provisions prices for Wheat, Corn, Oats, and Pork.

OTHER LIVESTOCK MARKETS.

CHICAGO. CHICAGO, Live Stock World, Ill., Nov. 11.—The Live Stock World reports: Cattle—Receipts, 2500. Market steady for all kinds.

the cow trade may show an improved tone before there is any better tone in the trade for the short fed steers.

Good fat heifers are quotable at \$4.50 to \$5.00; bulk are selling at \$4.00 to \$4.50, and common kinds at about \$3.50 to \$4.00.

The veal market has been lightly supplied and prices have held steady for the week with the best grades steadily selling at \$3.50 and the bulk at a range of \$7.00 to the top figure.

Prices for all fat steers sharply lower than a week ago—sheep gets in on the decline—stocker trade dull and prices off—hogs show lower turn on light supply—sheep steady.

RECEIPTS FROM JANUARY 1, 1910.

Table showing receipts from January 1, 1910, for Cattle, Hogs, and Sheep.

LIVE STOCK IN SIGHT.

Table showing live stock in sight for Cattle, Hogs, and Sheep.

RECEIPTS BY CARS.

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45...237... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

55...107... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

65...183... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

75...154... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

85...157... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

95...172... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

105...171... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

115...178... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

125...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

135...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

145...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

155...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

165...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

175...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

185...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

195...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

205...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

215...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

225...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

235...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

245...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

255...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

265...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

275...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

285...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

295...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

305...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

315...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

325...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

335...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

345...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

355...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

365...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

375...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

385...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

395...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

405...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

415...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

425...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

435...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

445...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

455...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

465...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

475...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

485...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

495...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

505...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

515...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

525...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

535...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

545...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

555...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

565...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

575...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

585...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

595...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

605...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

615...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

625...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

635...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

645...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

655...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

665...182... 8 10 65...258... 40 7 80

15c lower. Top \$8.25, bulk \$7.05 @ 7.85.

Sheep—Receipts, 2300. Market 10c higher, feeders steady.

EAST ST. LOUIS. National Stock Yards, Ill., Nov. 11.—Special to The Journal: The National Live Stock Reporter reports:

Cattle—Receipts, 1300, including 1100 southern. Market steady.

Hogs—Receipts, 1500. Market 5c lower. Top \$8.20, bulk \$7.95 @ 8.10.

Sheep—Receipts, 1300. Market steady.

ST. JOSEPH HAY MARKET. Local Quotations Corrected to Date by Local Dealers.

The following quotations are furnished daily by the St. Joseph Hay Receivers and Shippers Association for the benefit of stock yards daily journal readers:

Timothy—Choice, \$13.50 @ 14; No. 1, \$12.50 @ 13; No. 2, \$11.50 @ 12; No. 3, \$10.50 @ 11; No. 4, \$9.50 @ 10; No. 5, \$8.50 @ 9.

Clover—Choice, \$10 @ 11; No. 1, \$9 @ 10; No. 2, \$8 @ 9; No. 3, \$7 @ 8; No. 4, \$6 @ 7; No. 5, \$5 @ 6.

Alfalfa—Choice, \$15.50 @ 16; No. 1, \$14 @ 15; No. 2, \$13 @ 14; No. 3, \$12 @ 13; No. 4, \$11 @ 12; No. 5, \$10 @ 11.

Straw—\$5.50 @ 6.

COTTONSEED, LINSEED, ALFALFA PRODUCE.

LINSEED. Cottonseed is quoted in carlots at \$38 per ton; ton lot \$34; 1,000 lbs. \$33; less quantities \$1.90 per 100 lbs.

Alfalfa meal—Per wet, standard, \$16.50 @ 17; prime, \$15.50 @ 16; standard, \$10 @ 12.50.

RECORD CORN YIELD.

Production of 3,121,811 Bushels Largest in History of Country.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 10.—The crop reporting board of the bureau of statistics of the United States department of agriculture estimated today from the reports of the correspondents and agents of the bureau that the corn yield per acre will be 27.4 and the total production for 1910 3,121,811 bushels, the largest yield of any year in the history of the country.

Such startling figures, which were not expected by even the most optimistic followers of the crop situation, are the result of the fact that the farmers of the country are enjoying an era of prosperity that has hitherto been unremembered.

Following is a condensed report of the corn yield per acre in the country for 1909 and 26.8 for the ten-year average. The production is 3,121,811 bushels in 1910, against 2,772,378,000 bushels in 1909, or a gain of 12.3 per cent against a ten-year average of 84.4.

NOVEL FARM FERTILIZERS.

Chicago Journal: The Agricultural School of Trinity College, Dublin, has developed a novel fertilizer, which the United States department of agriculture and the numerous splendid agricultural schools of this country are now studying with great interest.

Dairy waste has been regarded as useless and injurious and to be disposed of in the most convenient way. Irish experts have invented a process by which the combination of this waste with coarsely ground phosphate of lime and a small quantity of yeast, makes a fertilizer of great value, which will return to the soil a little phosphate removed by milk.

The ground phosphate is simply mixed with a little yellow clay, the top of the heap, and the dairy waste and yeast added. After standing a few days the entire mass is mixed like mortar.

The resultant fertilizer possesses almost the qualities of bone dust, and its value has been estimated by the chemists at more than \$25 per ton, while the cost is less than half that amount.

If the process proves successful, the United States will find another source of income, and the American farmer will be indebted for many millions of dollars a year to the Irish experts.

BARN-YARD MANURE.

Barnyard manure increases the water holding capacity of the soil; and instead of dumping the manure in some convenient out-of-the-way place, or leaving it in the yard to decompose, the farmer can spread it against which it is so frequently piled, the farmer can not only save money, but at the same time conserve the moisture of his soil.

Without moisture, fertility is of little consequence, and moisture without fertility will not produce satisfactory results. The soil must be supplied with organic matter to replace the plant-food extracted from it by growing crops. This must come largely from the barn-yard; from plowing under green weeds, etc.

Without paying attention to modern methods of agriculture our Minnesota farmers will soon be complaining of worn-out soil; the value of the land will drop, and the young men will be going west to seek their fortune elsewhere.—University Farm Press News, Minn.

The climbing or trailing nasturtiums can be planted either with or without support.

In gathering grapes take along a pair of scissors. Clip, not pull, off the bunches.

Seven miles is the greatest recorded height ever reached by a balloon.

A DAIRY COUNTRY

Ozark Region Attracting Attention as Butter and Cheese Prospect.

CLIMATE AND GRASSES FAVOR

Study of Ozarks by College Man Brings Out Bulletin of Importance.

CLEANLINESS A NECESSITY

Water Supply of Region Abundant and Pure—Drainage Is Good and There Are No Stagnant Pools—Close to Good Markets Makes Dairy a Promising Prospect in Large Part of South Missouri.

WOULD TEST SEED.

Professor Says Subject Matter Is Not Presented Properly.

"I would put into each district school in the state apparatus for testing the quality of seed corn and a Babcock test for milk," said Dean H. L. Russell of the college of agriculture of the University of Wisconsin.

The primary trouble with agricultural teaching in rural schools is not the subject matter but the way in which the subject is presented. The teacher too frequently has no absorbing interest or sympathy with the subject and fails to arouse the interest of the boys and girls.

The farmer in the Ozarks has no trouble in getting his products on the market, since the roads are good all times of the year. The abundance of road material makes road building easy and less than half the cost of similar roads elsewhere in the state.

Drainage is good and the water is made by applying the proper drainage. An abundance of gravel prevents the muddy roads.

Dairy farming is profitable in the Ozarks also because of the ease with which leguminous crops are grown. With proper care and attention, nearly all of the different branches of dairy goods crops of clover and cowpeas and fairly good crops of alfalfa. These make excellent feed for dairy cattle.

The Ozark region is not only adapted to dairy farming, but fruit and poultry farming are likewise profitable. Professor Marbut tells in his report of the Ozark region that the Ozark farmer is adapted to the Ozarks. A copy of the bulletin may be obtained free by writing to F. B. Mumford, director of Agricultural Experiment Station, Columbia, Missouri.

FOR SALE—Depot wagon in first-class condition. Inquire at Room 239, Live Stock Exchange, South St. Joseph.

CHAMPION FEED CHEAPEST AND BEST

CHAMPION FEED CHEAPEST AND BEST SHEEP FOR TEXAS FARMS.

A Profitable Branch of the Live Stock Industry.

Port Worth, Tex.—A strong effort is being put forth to interest the farmers of Texas in raising hogs. That is good enough, for the scarcity of few hogs and the high prices assure big profits in raising them for several years, at least, says the Reporter. But there is another kind of live stock that is worthy of the Texas farmer's consideration and that is the sheep.

Not all parts of Texas are adapted to hog-raising, and it is the good fortune of our farmers that such parts are not included in the hogs are peculiarly well adapted to sheep-raising. The dry counties in west and south-west Texas are ideal for sheep. That animal thrives best on dry land, and can keep fat on a diet of weeds that no other domestic animal will eat.

Hogs need shade and plenty of water, with root crops and corn or raffin, to do their best. These conditions are not found over a great area of the western part of the state, and hogs cannot be raised profitably there. But sheep browsing in weeds and with water enough to quench their thirst, are at home. It is not asserted here that sheep do not need pasturage and fed and care, for they respond gladly to good treatment; but we mean that they will live and do well amid conditions that are unfavorable for any other farm animals, except goats.

Under favorable conditions the sheep is one of the most profitable kinds of live stock that can be raised. The first essential to success in this business is a liking for it. The second is a proper location. Sheep kept on low pastures become wormy or affected with foot rot and are seldom profitable.

Sheep are able to use large amounts of rough feed that would otherwise go to waste, making economical gains on the feed that the other animals of the farm will not touch. They are especially good for cleaning up weedy land, says the Arkansas Valley-Farmer.

There is no better method of riding a weed infested field of the crop which renders it worthless for agricultural purposes than to turn it over to the tender mercies of a flock of sheep. It matters little what species of weed has obtained the supremacy. It is down to extinction.

For producing high-class mutton Shropshires and Southdowns are large-

ly used. They are the most perfect representatives of the mutton type, but are sometimes criticised because of their small size and consequent lack of capacity for rough feed. Where there is a large amount of roughage to be got away with, some one of the larger breeds of sheep or west-country hardy Merinos—are best adapted to the conditions.

In getting a start in the sheep business especially you can never raised sheep. It is best to buy three or four ewes of the desired breed. In selecting ewes where mutton is to be the chief consideration, considerable attention should be paid to the mutton type.

This is much the same as the meat type in other animals. They should be broad deep and fairly long, with good spring of rib and broad, well covered back and loin. The rump should be long and the hind legs well muscled both inside and out, as this, together with the back loin, is the most valuable part of the sheep. The quality should be good, as shown in the fine head and bone. The constitution should be sound, as shown by depth of chest, large nostrils and width between the fore legs.

Good quality of wool is shown by a loose even crimp. The wool should be dense on all parts of the body. It should be strong and not easily broken. There should be no dead hairs in the wool. Sheep are seen and trimmed so as to appear much wiler and sleeker than they really are. The only way to tell the real from a trimmed sheep is by the hands. Do not dip into the wool with the fingers, thus tearing the values of the fleece, but feed with the palms of the outstretched hands. In having ewes be sure to examine their mouths carefully. Ewes that are "down in the mouth"—that is that are so old that their teeth are worn down to fish gums—are a losing proposition.

Columbia, Mo., Nov. 10.—The Ozark region in Southern Missouri is a land of opportunities for the dairy farmer," says Prof. C. E. Marbut of the geology department of the University of Missouri, in a bulletin recently published in the College of Agriculture. Professor Marbut spent several months in the Ozark region studying the soils of that section. His report is called Research Bulletin No. 3.

Cleanliness, he says, is a necessity in producing good milk. The Ozark region is one of the cleanest and most healthful in the world, because of good drainage and pure water. The beds of the Ozark region are free from the stones and gravel in the soil, which prevents the accumulation of stagnant pools of water, the ordinary cause of the bacteria of the soil. The streams are not muddy as in prairie countries. Climate and water supply are all the dairyman could hope to find. Mild winters and a long sunshine add to the comfort and health of the cattle and lessen the expense for shelter. Numerous springs in all parts of the Ozarks furnish an abundance of pure water.

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STOCK YARDS DAILY JOURNAL, 405 W. Illinois Ave., St. Joseph, Mo.

The St. Joseph Journal Publishing Co., Publishers.

W. E. WARRICK, Editor and Manager.

Entered at the Postoffice in St. Joseph, Mo., as Second Class Matter, September 1, 1897.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES: Daily, per year \$1.00; Daily, six months \$0.50; Daily, three months \$0.25; Daily, one month \$0.10; Tri-weekly, per year \$0.50; Semi-weekly, per year \$0.30; Weekly, per year \$0.15.

In asking change of address, please state your former residence. State whether your paper is Daily, Tri-weekly, Semi-weekly or Weekly.

Advertising Rates Furnished on Application. Usual 10 per cent commission allowed postmasters, who are authorized to take subscriptions.

THE TENANT FARMER.

Live Stock World: The system of tenant farming often has had a bad effect in some ways, as the tenant who can obtain only a short lease is not a short lease is not concerning himself regarding the fertility of the soil in future years.

NIGHT RIDERS WERE BOYS.

Telegrams sent out of Oklahoma last week indicated that "night riders" had taken a hand in the broom corn situation with the object of compelling farmers to hold their crop for higher prices.

Twenty-eight boys, unmasked and started, it is said, fled up the street of Shattuck, turned and fled back again, and a farmer who was next to the game permitted thirty bales of broom corn to be cut and scattered for effect.

TRAINING IN HOUSEKEEPING.

Housekeepers must be trained; there all that is fewer divorces. The temper disease comes from acute disorder. When the housekeeper does not know how or why she thinks it is drudgery.

HOUSEKEEPING IS A BUSINESS.

Housekeeping is a business, a profession, like any other business. More people engage in it than in any other occupation.

VOTING ON AMENDMENTS.

Every election carries with it its lessons and that of Tuesday of this week is no exception. While the voting was heavy in the state, interest was almost all confined to the amendments and as a result the tickets which were in the field were neglected.

THE BABY BULL AT WHITE HOUSE.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 10.—Pauline Wynn, the White house cow, gave birth to a 100-pound son yesterday morning. They named him "Big Bill."

There is no other manner so cooling and yet as effective as hot dry soils as cow manure, and this should be used as far as possible.



Daddy's Bedtime Story

Story—The Invisible Lady

"We Fairies Know Everything"

WHAT does 'invisible' mean, daddy?" asked Jack, who had never heard the word until daddy told him and Evelyn the name of this bedtime story.

"It means unseen," answered daddy. "Anything that is invisible cannot be seen. The lady in this story was a rich and good woman who wanted very much to do good to the poor people in the town in which she lived.

"So she did not know what to do. It seemed to her that she must give up her good work and let others do it for her. One day she said to herself, 'Oh, if I could only be invisible while I am going around, then I could leave the good things for the poor folks without their knowing who did it.'"

"The next day the fairy called on the lady. 'I hear you wish to make yourself invisible,' said she, 'in order to keep on doing good without being seen.'"

"Yes," said the lady, 'but I can't imagine how you know it. I am sure I never spoke to any one about it.'"

"Well," said the fairy, 'we fairies know everything. If you really want to become invisible I can tell you how. Always carry with you this package of fern seed. If you have it about you no person will be able to see you. The fairies can do so, but that need not bother you, for they will never interfere with you.'"

"The lady thanked the fairy, took the packet of fern seed and put it into her pocket. 'I think I'll try it now,' she said to the fairy. 'Do so,' said she. "When the lady went out into the street she was astonished to find that no one noticed her. Folks walked right past her as though they did not see her, and indeed, they really did not see her. She was able to go into and out of houses without any one noticing her, only, of course, she had to be careful not to touch anybody or anything. And so she could visit the poor and relieve their wants and do as much good as she liked without being seen."

of the candidate desired, the voters would pass in the ticket as it was, without a scratch, and as a result the senatorial candidates did not receive the votes to which they were entitled.

Another feature of the election that showed that some reform in the manner of balloting should be made, was the fact that to defeat an amendment which was unpopular with the people, many who were not familiar with the questions scratched the yes on all eleven amendments. This put into jeopardy and may be resulted in the defeat of such worthy propositions as the bond issue for a new capitol building and the 3 cent levy for the support of the state university.

Some advocate separate elections for amendments so that the people will have time to give to the questions at hand, without the interference of matters political, which will absorb a certain amount of attention. On the other hand the amendments will detract from the interest in the political campaigns. That there is a problem to be solved seems certain. It is a matter which the next session of the legislature should take up.

GROWING PINEAPPLES.

Coming Industry For Coast Country in Southern Texas.

San Antonio, Tex., Nov. 10.—The growing of pineapples along the Gulf coast south of San Antonio will be an industry of the near future according to the growers now experimenting with the fruit that Mexico a few miles to the south is now shipping in constantly increasing quantities.

Near Tampico pineapples have been grown by the native planters for many years, but in a small way for the local trade and it has only been recently that efforts have been made by them to export the fruit. Peter Lee in 1902 bought a tract of land in the Lake Amatahua district and began experimenting with pineapples. He prospered so well that he increased his acreage. The land is rolling and sandy, an ideal place for the fruit. His success has led to the starting of a number of other large plantations by a Kansas City corporation, Chicago and New York capitalists, in addition to a large number of Mexican plantations.

The American plantations are going into the business as a business, as soon as their plants begin bearing. Mr. Lee has some 75,000 pineapple plants set out and is constantly increasing his fields. In setting out a pineapple plantation the bed should be laid out on rolling ground which is well drained. The most approved plan is to make the beds about twelve feet wide, rows 24 inches apart and the plants 24 inches apart in the rows. This plan will give 5320 plants to the acre. The young plants will begin to bear twenty months from the time of setting out and in addition to the profit derived from the sale of the fruit there is also a considerable profit in the young slips which the plants throw out after the first year, especially if the variety planted is a standard one. The first year there will be no harvest, but ten months after the first year this yield will be doubled. These slips are now worth \$40 per thousand. The young plants are common. It costs, for expenses of plowing, glazing, etc. \$159.84 an acre and the net profit is \$324.40 an acre. This statement does not include the expense of selling any slips which would greatly add to the profits per acre.

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IN WOMAN'S REALM

DESSERT. Lemon and Banana Sherbet.—Mash two perfectly ripe and soft bananas to a pulp add the juice of two lemons and two cups of sugar, mash and blend together, then add one quart full milk, pouring it in slowly to prevent curdling then freeze. Perfectly ripe peaches can be used instead of bananas, if preferred.

Bananas on Half Shell.—Trim ends of bananas, split lengthwise without removing skins; mark sections crosswise with knife, and squeeze a little lemon juice over them, and sprinkle with sugar. Serve on lettuce leaf and garnish with slices of lemon. Nice for breakfast.

Steamed Pudding.—One cup molasses, one cup sour milk, three cups flour, one cup raisins, one-half cup oil, one teaspoonful soda, one teaspoonful salt, steam two and one-half hours. Sauce for steam pudding: Two tablespoonful butter, two tablespoonful hot water; stir impalpable sugar and beat till as stiff as desired and serve on pudding.

NOVEL RECIPES. Rye Bread.—One pint bread sponge, one-half cup of luke warm water, one large cup of rye flour the same of yellow cornmeal, one tablespoonful of lard, one of molasses, one-quarter cup of salt. Knead with one large cup of white flour. When light bake in moderate oven one hour.

Macaroni with Green Peppers.—Material.—Five cents macaroni one sweet green pepper, 5 cents worth of bacon one 10 cent can of tomato soup. Method.—Cook macaroni in boiling water until tender, drain and put in baking dish, chop the pepper and mix in the macaroni; sear the bacon on both sides then cut in small pieces and distribute in the macaroni. Heat the can of soup and pour over the macaroni. Sprinkle cracker crumbs on top and bake.

CREOLE DISH. Chestnut Cream.—One-half pound of chestnuts, one and one-half cupfuls of milk, one-half cupfuls of sugar, three egg yolks, one tablespoonful of granulated gelatin, one-quarter cupful of cold water one tablespoonful of sherry wine or any good homemade wine. Shell the chestnuts, boil, and mash. Scald milk add sugar and eggs, and cook until of a creamy consistency. Dissolve gelatin in cold water. Add to the custard mixture. When well blended add chestnuts and flavoring. Pour into mold, chill, and garnish with beaten cream. Both of these recipes will be found novel and delicious.

MEATS. Chicken and Salt Pork.—Slit a young chicken, remove pin feathers, cut off the neck, cut a line with the tip of the wing bones, cut the chicken down through the backbone and clean on the inside, wash and dry both inside and out. Flatten the breast with a cleaver; in a double roasting pan lay several 3 in slices of fat salt pork, on these lay the chicken, skin side up, dredge with flour and lay over the top several thin slices of pork, turn in half cupful of hot water or broth, cover and let cook one hour and three-fourths; baste several times with the dripping in the pan, dredge with flour after each basting, more broth may be added if needed.

Aladdin Stew.—This is a cheap stew, and is also good. Material.—One pound beef one quart potatoes, one teaspoonful salt, six pepper corns, three allspice berries, one square inch bay leaf, one-quarter cup carrots, one-quarter cup turnips, one cup potatoes, one small onion, two tablespoonfuls flour, one tablespoonful cold water, one teaspoon Worcestershire sauce. Method of preparing:—Cut one pound of beef and one quart of water are brought to the boiling point and then placed in a fireless cooker or similar arrangement for six or more hours. If you want your stew to have a good flavor of the beef it is better to cut the meat in small pieces. One hour before serving the onion, chopped real fine, and the other vegetables, cut in half inch cubes, are added. Also the seasoning at this time. Cook at a temperature just below the boiling point. This can be done easily by using a double boiler. Make a smooth paste of the flour and water and add to stew ten minutes before serving. The Worcestershire sauce is added just before serving.

HOTEL FOR BROWN SPRINGS. Springfield, Mo.—Plans for a fine modern summer resort hotel to be built at Brown Springs, fifteen miles south of Springfield on the Missouri Pacific Railway, are being made by the Brown Springs Improvement Com-

Advertisement for H. & M. Harness Shop, Stock Yards, St. Joseph, Mo. Features a large illustration of a horse wearing a harness. Text includes: \$37.00 Screw Bolt Hame Buggy Harness Complete With Collars and Breeching. SOMETHING NEW. PRICE IS RIGHT. Sent to your railroad station on approval. H. & M. Harness Shop, Stock Yards, St. Joseph, Mo.

Advertisement for BRADY'S BIG NOVEMBER STOCK-REDUCING SALE. Includes a list of rug prices: 200 Smyrna Rugs—30x60 in.; 300 Wilton Velvet Rugs—27x54 in.; 150 Axminster Rugs—27x54 in.; 250 Axminster Rugs—27x60 in. Also includes a 'Rug Department' section with prices for 40 Axminster Rugs and 50 Axminster Rugs.

Advertisement for WETTEROTH JEWELRY COMPANY. Text: 'Our splendid clientele know that Wetteroth stands for these things. Vast Assortment Gathered from here and abroad. Trustworthy Goods Subject to every test. Exclusive Things as particularly fine stones and ornate mountings. These are just a few of the reasons why discriminating buyers patronize Wetteroth JEWELRY COMPANY. The Quality Store Established in 1870. 717 Felix Street. Member Retail Merchants' Association, Railroad Fares Rebated.'

Advertisement for DUTTON WAY DENTISTS. Text: 'Seven Teeth, Pain and Money It will pay you to learn more about this way which so many praise so highly. DUTTON BROS. DENTISTS 412-4th Felix Street. Retail Merchants' Association Rebates Our Patients' Railroad Fares. SAVE MONEY ON A HIGH GRADE SCALE. FREE TRIAL of 30 days with pocket. 30 cents of obligation. You know you need a scale, but you don't know as to price and value. Before you spend a cent WRITE FOR OUR FREE CATALOG and scale literature that shows you how much we save you on FIT and FITLESS SCALES—all standard and AMERICAN SCALE CO. make—and how much money the scale itself will save you. BEST, MOST DURABLE, ECONOMICAL MADE. Unlimited Guarantee. Simply Ask for Catalog. American Scale Co. 2191 Wyandotte St. Kansas City, Mo.'

Advertisement for CLASSIFIED BUSINESS DIRECTORY. Text: 'Reliable Professional Men and Business Institutions Who Want the Trade of Readers of The Stock Yards Daily Journal. ABSTRACTORS. J.C. HEDENBERG 413 FRANK'S ST. ST. JOSEPH, MO. Abstract of Title and Buchanan County Telephone No. 357. STREET PAVING. HANSAW PAVEMENT—DURABLE, SANITARY, Noiseless and Economical—The Best and Cheapest. Raakliffe and Gibson Construction Co. Rooms 31-32, Commercial Bldg. St. Joseph, Mo. AUTOMOBILES. New and Second-hand Cars for Sale. Write for Prices. St. Joseph Auto & Supply Co. 1633-37 Frederick ave., St. Joseph, Mo. RESTAURANTS. For a Good Meal— Freeman's Cafe 5th and Edmond Tables Reserved for Ladies KINNAMAN'S RESTAURANT 615 Edmond St. Open Day and Night. Newly furnished rooms for gentlemen only. Reasonable prices. New Phone 1178. D. C. Kinnaman, Proprietor. PRINTING. COMBE PRINTING COMPANY ST. JOSEPH, MO. Stationery, Booklets, Outfitters and Lithographers. A Complete Stock of Typewriters, Factory Rebuilt—Low Prices—Send for Our Catalogue. HOTEL. Mr. Stockman When at the yards make my hotel your stopping place, Junction Hotel and restaurant, L. A. EATON, Prop. BELTING. For the Best Write to Lewis Supply Co. 118 S. 4th St., St. Joseph, Mo.'

Advertisement for Bowsher Geared Mill. Text: '2 and 4 Horses. Unequaled in capacity, draft or ease of operation. Warranted capacity, four horses, 60 bus ear corn, 20 bus wheat; 60 bus shelled corn, 20 bus snapped corn. Grinds feed kafir corn in large quantities. Not a miserable little coffee mill to turn out feed by the spoonful. Not a toy, made of pot metal, to go quickly to pieces. Not a horse killer, either. But a successful machine. Patterson Machinery Co. 1226 West 11th Street, Kansas City, Mo. Ohio Feed Cutters. J. B. Patterson, 9th & Jackson, O m a h a, Neb. Agts. for I o w a, N e b., and S o. Dak. BALE TIES STEEL WIRE. Des Moines Bale Tie Co. 1 Vine St., Des Moines Iowa. For the new hotel are now in the hands of W. A. Woods, contractor.'

Advertisement for SHAMROCK WHISKY. Text: 'SHAMROCK WHISKY DISTILLED FOR MEDICAL USE 10 YEARS OLD ASSURED PURE M.J. SHERIDAN, PROPRIETOR, ST. JOSEPH, MO. IMPORTER & DEALER IN WINES AND LIQUORS Established 1873. For Gallon Shamrock Whiskey, jugs or bottles... \$4.00 Tennessee Rye, jugs or bottles... 4.00 McBrayer, jugs or bottles... 3.00 Maryland Rye, jugs or bottles... 3.00 Tennessee White Corn Whiskey... 3.00 Old Anderson Whiskey... 2.00 Kentucky Bourbon Whiskey... 2.25 Holland Gin, jugs or bottles... \$2.00 to \$3.00 Brandy, grape, apple, peach... \$3.00 to \$4.00 Port Wine... \$1.25, 1.50, 2.00, 3.00 and 4.00 Sherry Wine... \$1.25, 1.50, 2.00, 3.00 and 4.00 Angelica Wine... \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$2.00 THIS IS AN OLD, RESPONSIBLE HOUSE. Mail orders shipped promptly. Remit with order. We carry everything in the Wine and Liquor order. Price list mailed on application. Address M. J. SHERIDAN, 323 South Sixth Street, St. Joseph, Mo. Jerry Wing 613 Felix Street Dunlap Hats Men's Furnishings Special—\$10 Stetson Hats Stockmen's Trade a Specialty'

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IMPORTED PERCHERONS

Our annual Fall Shipment of Percherons, direct from France, have arrived.

We can sell you a good horse as cheap as any creditable importer in the world. We pay cash for them. Our Mr. Chas. R. Kirk speaks French and saves to buyers many hundreds of dollars in interpreter's fees. He knows a good horse—knows a well bred one. Every horse of ours has a short back, correct hocks, good feet and pasterns. No home-bred, short-bred scrubs.

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Live Stock Exposition

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November 22 to November 26

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Many New Features Numerous New Attractions
Greater and Better Than Ever

Thirty National Live Stock Association Conventions
A Season of Entertainment and a Trip to Chicago
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Tuesday, Nov. 29, 10 a. m. 50 CHOICE SHEETLAND PONIES.
Wednesday, Nov. 30, 1 p. m. 50 CHOICE ABERDEEN-ANGUS.
Thursday, Dec. 1, 1 p. m. 50 CAREFULLY SELECTED SHORTHORNS.
Friday, Dec. 2, 1 p. m. 50 HIGH CLASS HEREFORDS.

LOWEST RATES ON ALL RAILROADS

St. Joseph Stock Yards Company

St. Joseph, Missouri.

We are in the Market Every Day for Cattle, Hogs and Sheep

WE are especially bidding for Range Cattle and Sheep, both for slaughter and feeding. Located on fourteen railroads, and in the center of the best corn and live stock district in the United States, we are prepared to furnish a good market for all kinds of live stock.

Our packers furnish a daily market for all kinds of Cattle, ranging from Canners to Export Cattle. Look up your R. R. connections, you will find them in our favor.

LET ME FIGURE ON YOUR WORK

Estimates Furnished on Application for Work in Territory Contiguous to St. Joseph.

Plumbing: Gas, Steam and Hot Water Heating; Hubs Packing; Pumps, Gas Fixtures, Closets; Bath Tubs, Boilers, Brass Goods, Lawn Sprinklers, Etc.

Write me or call upon me when in the city.

Fourth and Felix Sts. **M. J. DONEGAN, ST. JOSEPH, MISSOURI**

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SPECIALISTS—**NEW YORK MEDICAL CO.**

Hours 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 9 to 12 only.
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C. F. Rock Plumbing & Heating Co.

MODERN PLUMBING, STEAM and HOT WATER HEATING

Telephone 599. 115 North Third Street.

The Exchange Cotton and Lined Meal Company

Live Stock Exchange, NUFF SAID Kansas City, Mo.

WINSLOW AN APPLE CENTER
Winslow, Ark.—The last car load of apples has been shipped from this place over the Frisco to St. Louis. Thirty cars of apples were shipped from Winslow this year. The apple crop was much better in Washington county this year than was expected. Several thousand acres of young apple trees are being set out by the farmers, as the fruit crop is the best paying investment the farmers in this section of the state.

APPLE ACRE NETS \$1,872.
North Yakima, Wash.—Alfred Chandler, a fruit grower of this city, recently harvested from one and one-quarter acres on his ranch 3,000 boxes of Ben Davis apples, for which he received 85 cents a box, or a total of \$3,000 gross, and 65 cents a box, or a total of \$2,340 net. This averages \$1,872 net per acre. From eight acres including this one and one-quarter tract, Mr. Chandler cleared a net return of \$8,000 this season.

KEEP THE CHILDREN YOUNG

Putting Too Much Responsibility on the Older Ones is Not Entirely Fair.

It is quite fair, do you think, to ask your older children to take the government of the younger out of your hands? Of course, the "little mother" is a pathetic product of the slums; but in families much further up the social scale one sees so often a sort of delegation of command that would be amusing if it were not so hard on the "delegates."

"Mary, take baby out for a walk." "James, I am going out; stay home and watch your sister." "Boys, stop playing; Willie wants you to amuse him." "Surely you're not going out alone, daughter? Take your little brother with you!" Again and again one hears speeches such as these, followed by resigned obedience or sulky rebellion.

Naturally, the older children should feel some sense of responsibility and of helpfulness; they should—and will—love and want to please the younger brothers or sisters; but their mothers should not forget that, after all, they are only children, too, though a few years further off from babyhood, and that they need their playtime.

Indeed, if only for the sake of the younger ones, this lazy practice—for, except in some cases of sickness or overwork, that is all it is—should be discontinued; for the poor little things suffer often by the bad temper or the inexperience of their caretakers.

Keep all your children young as long as you can, even if it means a little extra work with the smallest ones.

MOST ATTRACTIVE AFTER 30

Women Who Have Passed That Age Without Becoming Sour Are Liked by Men.

Some men has said—and many have echoed his sentiments—that the most attractive woman in the world is an unmarried, good-looking woman between 30 and 40—providing her spinsterhood has not soured her disposition. A woman at that age has usually acquired a certain poise, has kept her person exquisitely groomed and her wits sharpened. Cares of the household have not deterred her from keeping up to date in plays and books and music, and even though she may be a bread winner, she is more likely to have found time to acquire some accomplishments which will make her sought after; occasionally she even has that rare one of being a good listener—and every man will agree with me that that, of all feminine accomplishments, is quite the most charming. A man has never seen her with her hair screwed into "natural waves" or pouring the coffee in a soiled dressing gown, but naturally sees only her best side. She, too, has another side—but what does it matter since only she herself knows it? When a maid arrives at the age of twenty-five, from then until forty let her buckle on her strongest armor and take up her spear well sharpened for the fray. She will need them—for it is during that inclusive period that she is most dangerously attractive to men, especially to married men.—Philippa Lyman, in Smart Set.

TEXAS BOY WINS PRIZE.

Fifteen Year Old Lad Plants, Cultivates and Harvests Big Crop.

Karnes City, Texas.—The prize for producing the largest yield of corn per acre in this state this season has just been awarded to South Texas, Willie R. Smith of Karnes City, 15 years old, being the winner. He had more than 3000 competitors scattered all over the state. All of them were boys and 20 years old, as was required by the rules of the contest which was conducted under the auspices of the Texas State Bankers' association.

The record made by the Smith boy was 83 1-8 bushels of corn per acre. He planted, cultivated and harvested the crop himself. The soil upon which he grew this large yield is similar to that which is found all through South Texas. It was through special and careful cultural methods that he was able to obtain the large yield and win the championship of the state in the corn growing contest. He broke the land to a depth of eight inches in November, 1909, and planted it March 5, this year. He used white native seed that had been carefully selected.

Most workers in Switzerland are employed about eleven hours a day.

BAD HABIT BROKEN UP.

This one is told on a Louisville butcher. We shall call him Bill, because that is not his name.

A customer had gone into his shop to purchase a beef roast. Now, it seems that Bill used to have a most annoying habit (to the patrons) of bearing down with a heavy hand upon the scales. This high-cost-of-living thing, and all that, were bad enough in all conscience, thought some of his patrons, but one of them finally broke Bill of this trick, and now he gives full weight every time.

As was stated, the customer was buying a beef roast, and Bill simply was helping out the work of the scales with one pudgy fat when, before a shoutful of people, the buyer said: "Take your hand off that scale, BILL. I'm buying beef, not pork!"

Since then no one has had to chide Bill for a similar act.—Louisville Times.

Outside the Pale.

As the car swung sharply around from Shaker street to a man arose to offer his seat to the handsomely gowned woman who was clinging desperately to one of the straps, says the Chicago News. Whereupon Mrs. Kychers, who was sitting next to her husband, exclaimed indignantly: "I think it is just shameful for all you men to stay seated and make that poor woman stand!" Mr. Kychers was not impressed. "Do you know who that woman is?" he asked. "No," his wife retorted, "I don't know who she is; and it doesn't make any difference who she is; she's a woman, and ought to be treated with decency." Mr. Kychers spoke patiently. "My dear," he said, "she is the wife of the trolley company's president."

The Cat Did It.

At East Liverpool, O., a boy was told to carry a cat away and drown her. He put her in a covered basket and started off; but she got out of the basket and in running away frightened a horse into running away. The animal ran for a mile and then hit a telephone pole and was killed. The boy got a licking, the cat got away and a \$200 horse was killed, all because nobody knew enough to tie a bell to pussy's tail and let her scare herself out of the neighborhood. The bell will work the trick every time.

FOR PURE BRED SEED.

Kansas Agricultural College Believes in Better and Larger Yields.

Manhattan, Kan., Nov. 10.—"The planting of pure bred seed means more wheat and better wheat; more corn and better corn," says Charles Dillon of the department of industrial journalism of the Kansas State Agricultural college. "Kansas is looking for just these things. In 1909, the division of botany and plant breeding in the K. S. A. C. at Manhattan, began experiments in breeding wheat by selection. Over seven hundred heads were originally chosen from about 2,000 plots of varieties from all parts of the world. The seedlings are carefully recorded. They are planted by families so to speak—a family being a group of plants having a single parent as a common ancestor. Then now over 2,000 of these families, of which the best are growing in competition in the field.

"At present the department of plant breeding has eighteen large plots of purebred wheat, the yield from which is destined for future distribution. Also, there are thirty-five smaller plots, and two hundred smaller plots, all of which are being used for yield tests.

"Then a variety of pedigreed wheat is planted, the characteristics of the family are carefully recorded. The weight, size, color and shape of the grains are carefully noted. Data is kept as to the changes that occur in each generation. H. F. Roberts, professor of botany in charge of plant breeding at the K. S. A. C., says that nowhere else is there such a great amount of carefully compiled data on any subject of breeding. Several of the tests already made, several of the purebred wheats have equalled or exceeded the yield of the famous Kharke wheat, which has been used as a standard.

"At the present rate of increase, this purebred seed will soon be in the hands of farm co-operators, to grow for sale and general distribution. Hereafter the work of the division of plant breeding will be chiefly in the originalizing of new varieties by crossing. Professor Roberts now has growing about sixty families by hybrid wheats which he has produced.

Similar experiments are being conducted with corn, although not so extensively. The departments of plant breeding has been experimenting with drought resisting corn from China. Plants of this sort have been crossed with six different varieties of Western corn. The crossings have proved remarkably successful. The question remains, which of these hybrids will be the best.

"Nor is alfalfa to be forgotten. A dozen different strains of purebred alfalfa have been selected by selecting the best plants from a nursery plot of alfalfa. These strains have been tested this year for comparative forage yield for their drought resistant qualities so far as this can be judged by the rate of evaporation of water from the plant.

"This plant is of very great importance. It will increase the yield of all plants growing on it, and, being sown, coupled with good culture, will make the crops larger and of better quality."

BREEDERS

SHEEP.
DAYS TO BREED.
Hogs, sheep, cattle, horses, mules, set chickens, or plants, so as to get largest possible returns. Valuable information for 25 cents. Immel Co., 309 Shukert, Kansas City, Mo.

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Penny & Penny
813 to 823 South 7th St.
Receivers and Mill Shippers of Hay Grain and Mill Feed, Oil Cake Meal, Alfalfa and Alfalfa Products, Feed, Oats, Corn, etc. Write for prices on small quantities or on carload.

HAY WANTED!
We want good No. 1 and choice timothy hay. Write us for prices, your tracks.

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1402-4 South 12th St., St. Joseph, Mo.

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Live Stock Auctioneer
BLACKBURN, MO.
References: The best breeders of the country for whom I have conducted sales. Terms Reasonable. Write or Wire Me Before Fixing Dates.

THOS. E. DEEM
Live Stock Auctioneer
Auction Sales of pedigreed live stock and general farm property made everywhere. Write me about your sale. I have a proposition for you. Address

CAMERON, MO.

J. W. ATHEY
The Up-to-Date
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23 years in the sale ring in my record, selling for the best breeders of live stock of America. Wire or phone for dates.
Bell Phone 1023. Atchison, Kan.

OLD HAYWARD WHISKEY
Full 100 Proof Absolutely Straight
Is still winning thousands of friends among the particular folks who want a delicious rich flavored whiskey. Beware of imitations, blend and cheap poisonous brands—give your stomach a treat when you treat it. 4 Full Quarts \$3.50 Express prepaid.

If you order once you'll repeat it. Send trial order, try it liberally and return balance if not delighted—money refunded.

Beautiful Match Box Sale and Best Service every order.

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The following quotations are furnished daily by the Kansas City Receivers and Shippers Association for the benefit of Stock Yards Daily Journal readers and advertisements following are receiving at Kansas City hay and grain merchants who solicit your consignments or orders.

Timothy—Choice, \$13.50@14; No. 1, \$12.50@13; No. 2, \$10@12; No. 3, \$8@9.

Clover mixed—Choice, \$11.50@12; No. 1, \$10.50@11; No. 2, \$7.50@10; No. 3, \$5@7.

Clover—Choice, \$10@11; No. 1, \$8.50@9.50; No. 2, \$7@8.

Prairie—Choice, \$11.50@12; No. 1, \$10.50@11; No. 2, \$8.50@10; No. 3, \$6@8.

Alfalfa—Choice, \$15.50@16; No. 1, \$14@15.50; No. 2, \$11@13; No. 3, \$9@10.50.

Packing hay—\$4@5.

Straw—\$5.50@6.

HAY

HAY DEALERS.
We solicit your consignments or will buy your hay F. O. B. cars your track. Write us.

K. C. HAY CO.
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Correspondence Solicited.
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When shipping to Kansas City we give Liberal advances, quick returns.

We solicit correspondence. Established 1888

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E. R. BOYNTON Hay Co.
Receivers and Shippers of
Hay and Straw
We solicit your business. We make a specialty of handling hay on commission. Orders promptly filled. E. R. BOYNTON HAY CO., 1213 West 11th St., Kansas City, Mo.

Profitable Pigs

Must be bred right, fed right, and marketed in attractive condition. Ten years' experience proves

Swift's Digester Tankage

(60 per cent Protein)

The cheapest and best concentrated feed for growing pigs. No other feed equals it for rapid gains and superior finish.

For particulars, samples, and prices, write

Swift & Company
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Kansas City St. Paul
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SWIFT'S SUPREME HAMS

SWIFT'S SUPREME HAMS
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SWIFT'S SUPREME DRIED BEEF and LION BRAND CANNED MEATS

MORRIS & COMPANY
CHICAGO ST. JOSEPH KANSAS CITY ST. LOUIS

FARM AND FRUIT LAND.

THE LAND OF MILK AND BUTTER

Anybody Can Get the Offered Tract for Nothing Who is Able to Show Me in the U. S. Land Like This for the Money I Want to Sell for.

302 acre best bottom, sandy land there is anywhere on our globe. Located on the main railroad line, one mile from a prosperous little town; 10 acres in cultivation, a common house and barn, rest in blue timber, mostly hickory, oak, gum, elm and some few other kinds. Timber worth at least \$10 per acre clear. Very easy to clear, as there is no underbrush. The land is absolutely dry year around and no overwork; there is a small creek through the land; draining land paid this year in cotton from \$10 to \$120 per acre. The land is mine and take next 20 days \$10 per acre. If not sold till Dec. 1st, \$20 per acre. Full investigation most welcome. Make any terms if two-fifths paid down. Fax to everybody, not four.

F. GRAM, NAYLOR, MO.

FARMS, WAYNE COUNTY, MISSOURI

440 a., 12 miles east of Piedmont, 3 miles from an inland town and postoffice, 340 a. fenced and in cultivation, good 2-story frame house, painted; 2 good barns, concrete spring house right at the house and other good outbuildings, located on St. Francis river, good healthy location, 50 a. first bottom, finest of corn land, balance slightly rolling and best of corn, wheat, oats and meadow land, well watered, about 6 a. in orchard. This is also a fine stock farm and will certainly pay. Price \$2500 per a., and should sell for \$50 per a. Write for list and further description.

252 1/2 a., 10 miles east Piedmont, R. R. division point, 2 miles from good inland town, 160 a. in cultivation, balance good timber and pasture, 100 a. more can be cleared for cultivation. But few rocks, good 2-story 6-room house, frame, barn and other outbuildings. Fine large spring and spring house, good orchard, an ideal home, will bear close inspection. Write for list of other bargains, explain what you want, will send full description of farms that will certainly suit you. Come down and let me show you. Price \$17.00 a. E. D. SHATTUCK, PIEDMONT, MO.

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Eight miles from county seat, 1,000 acres; hog wire fence; 500 in cultivation, 275 bottom; 500 open timber and pasture; several springs and brooks; 6 room frame house; 2 large barns; family orchard. \$25 per acre. Terms: A. W. OHS & CO., Springfield, Mo.

FARM BARGAIN.
200 acres, adjoining best town in county. New 7-room house, good barn, several other buildings, young bearing orchard, good soil, well fenced and watered. A splendid stock farm. Worth more than going for \$75 per acre. Dallas & Phillips, Pleasant Hill, Mo.

VERNON COUNTY, MO.
Where rainfall is plentiful, and corn, timothy, clover and all staples grow to perfection. Lands are steadily advancing in price, but can now be bought for \$20 to \$25 per acre on good terms. Write for our new list, mailed free. DE WITT HOOVER & COMPANY, Bell Phone 153, Nevada, Missouri.

JASPER COUNTY, MISSOURI.
204 acres bottom land, adjoining city of ten thousand. Two sets of improvements. Fine dairy, produce and poultry farm. Two hundred bu. potatoes to acre average. An ideal stock farm. Terms can be arranged. Write Regan Land Co., (owner) Carthage, Mo.

NEBRASKA
NEBRASKA AND KANSAS LAND.
We have for sale, choice lands in Southeastern Nebraska and Northwestern Kansas. Rare bargains in various parts of Nebraska. Write us what you want. It will pay you to investigate. Rickards & Saylor, Falls City, Nebraska.

The best stock and grain farm in Nebraska—3 miles from Edgar. Fine improvements, 100 acres cultivated; 26 acres alfalfa, 200 acres native pasture. Outside fence 4 wires; cross fence seven wire, new house, barn, hog-house, granary, 2 wells, with mills and tank and extra 150 bbl. cement cistern. Price for short time \$50.00 per acre. Good terms. Investigate quickly. Harry A. Armstrong, Edgar, Mo.

OUT THERE IN KANSAS.
250,000 acres of the finest ranch and farm land to be found in North-west Kansas and Eastern Colorado; best natural soil and climate in the United States. Tracts of from 1000 to 20,000 acres, ranging in price from \$5 to \$25 an acre. Write for price list and illustrated circular. G. L. Calvert, Goodland, Kansas.

COLORADO.
Colorado Sheep Ranch and Stock for Sale.
Land as follows: 4960 acres of deeded land located northeast of Denver, about 80 miles and near the town of Vignita on the Burlington railroad. Improvements consist of plenty of sheds, barns and corrals for feeding.

Stock—3500 ewes, 1200 lambs, 110 hucks, 4 horses; also harness, wagons, and camp outfits, and a general stock of merchandise that will invoice \$5000.

Price and terms—\$75,000 will buy the entire holdings; \$25,000 cash and the balance to suit the purchaser. The 4960 acres of deeded land are worth \$75,000. Title perfect, and no insurance on this property. The owner has grown rich and wishes to retire. Address R. H. Berger, Smith Center, Kansas.

Advertise in The Journal and get results. Prices will be gladly given on application.

NEBRASKA
Southeastern Nebraska Alfalfa Land. We have for sale choice lands in Jefferson and adjoining counties at rare bargains. Well improved places from \$65 to \$85 per acre. Send for free list. Nider & Hendrichs, Fairbury, Nebraska.

Drink Whiskies of Quality

No other can compare with them

If you desire a perfect Whiskey, good for medicinal and family use, get value for your money and try one of these brands. Send money order or bank draft with your order.

Express Paid. Express Paid. Express Paid.

Golden Dew Four Quarts \$3.15
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Boone Valley Six Quarts \$4.25
Private Stock Six Quarts \$3.80

Golden Dew Eight Quarts \$6.00
Boone Valley Eight Quarts \$5.50
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FREE—Glass and corkcrown; complete price list of our selected stock mailed to you.

Swift's Digester Tankage

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The cheapest and best concentrated feed for growing pigs. No other feed equals it for rapid gains and superior finish.

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CHICAGO ST. JOSEPH KANSAS CITY ST. LOUIS

At the Sale of the Hundley Dry Goods Co.

Wholesale Store 4th and Francis Sts.

Blankets

New lot of Fancy Plaids. Also new number of Gray and Tan that we have not shown before. The best values and the handsomest goods we have shown. The prices are less than our usual wholesale price. You can't afford to pass this lot if you expect to buy blankets in the next year. We save you from \$1.00 to \$5.00 on a pair of Wool Blankets.

(A handsome pair of Blankets will make a fine Christmas or Wedding present.)

Flannels

All Wool Fancy Skirting Flannel. Gray, Blue, Brown, Black and White, stripes or checks. For skirts, children's school dresses, men's shirts. This flannel retails for 25c per yard. The wholesale price is 20c per yard.

Blue or Gray Flannel for shirts, skirts or dresses at 25c per yard. Retail value 50c per yard; 32 and 36 inches wide.

Sheets and Sheetings

Do you know we are selling Sheets, Pillow Cases, Bleached and Unbleached Sheeting at 25 per cent less than the retail price? That's what wholesale prices mean to you.

Underwear

Broken assortments of Men's, Women's and Children's Underwear on sale at less than mill price.

(See Bargain Counter, Underwear department.)

Hosiery

Broken assortments Men's, Women's and Children's Hosiery, values from 15c to 35c, all at 10c per pair.

(See Bargain Counter, Hosiery department.)

Boys' Overalls

10c per Pair

We have several numbers of Overalls in broken sizes. Can fit any boy from 4 to 14 years in some of the numbers. We will begin selling these this morning at 10c per pair.

Boys' Duck Coats

50c to \$1

These Coats are lined with blanket lining and are fine for a boy to have for his play or to "do up his chores" in. We can fit any boy from 4 to 14 years. The retail value of these coats is from \$1.00 to \$1.50 each.

Boys' Shirts

Well made, big assortment, plain blue madras, plain white madras, fancy woven madras. Some of these are made with attached collars, others to wear with white collar. Sizes 12 1/2 to 14. 50c to 60c values, at 35c each. Either soft or laundered. Sizes 10 1/2 to 12 only, 50c to 60c values, at 25c each.

Staple and Fancy Notions

Mennen's or Williams' Talcum Powder, 2 cans for 25c. Hooks and Eyes, all sizes, black and white, 2 cards for 5c. Safety Pins, nickel or black, all sizes, best quality, 2 cards for 5c; English Pins, 300 pins on paper, 3 for 10c. Pearl Buttons, all styles and prices, ranging from 3 cards for 5c up. Hat Pins in cabinets, usual 5c package size, at 3 for 10c. Mercerized and Wool Shirt Braid, all colors, 5 yard rolls, at 5c. Silk Soutache Braid, 12 yard pieces, per piece, 12 1/2c. Hair Nets with elastic, usual 5c retail, at 3 for 10c. Hair Rolls, at 10c up to 35c each. Misses' Hand Bags, big value, all leather bags, a large variety at 50c and 75c each. Novelty Bags. The very latest in neckwear, all colors, Persian effects, at 19c. New Wave Barrettes, shell and amber, at 10c, 20c and 35c.

White Goods

Chiffon Veiling, 18 inches wide, all colors, per yard, 15c. Linen Finish Lawn, retails at 18c, for 10c. Persian Lawn, good quality for aprons, retails at 12c to 15c, at per yard, 7 1/2c. Table Damasks at from 37 1/2c to \$1.25 per yard.

Handkerchiefs

Ladies' Embroidered Handkerchiefs, 25c retail value, a fine assortment, at 15c. Men's All Linen Handkerchiefs at 12c, 10c and 25c.

Silks and Dress Goods

Black Taffeta Silk, an exceptional value, \$1.50 retail value, at per yard, 90c. Fancy Weave Serges, variety of patterns, all the new colorings, at 75c per yard. All Wool Panama, full line colors, 37 1/2c yard.

Take Car to Our Door

FARM AND ORNAMENTAL FENCES



We can fence a field cheaper and more durable than you can. Our ornamental fences are of the latest patterns and we will cheerfully furnish estimates for residence, park or cemetery work. M. K. Fence Co., 815 N. St. Joseph, Mo.

The root is the foundation of the plant. It should be stimulated to early and continuous growth by the best fertilizer at the beginning.

The German locomotive engineer who runs his engine for ten years without accident gets a government reward.

WHY GIRLS EXCEL IN STUDY

Early Development of Their Perceptive Faculties Required by Their Weaker Physical State.

The superiority of female students, both children and adults, has been mentioned and explained hundreds of times, and yet the full pedagogic significance of the fact still seems to be ignored. The girls in many a co-educational college furnish an overwhelming percentage of the best students, and yet in later years the men take the lead in every one of the lines in which as boys they were so backward. It is all due to the well known fact that in her weaker physical state self-protection has demanded an early development of the perceptive faculties. Age for age, girls perceive understandingly what boys scarcely notice. The differences between the two sexes are so great that it is unscientific to class them together, and there is a growing suspicion that each is injured by current co-educational method, the boys unduly stimulated and the girls retarded. In spite of this self-evident conclusion pedagogues seem bent upon the impossible task of making the boys keep up with the girls—a plan sure to be followed by far-reaching bad results. The boys are liable to become discouraged, while the girls are led to embark upon careers as wage earners in professions in which failure is inevitable.—American Medicine.

TRUSTED TO HIS JUDGMENT

Squire Lawson Had Plenty of That Left, but His Horse and Buggy Were Gone.

Squire Lawson never asked for or accepted any advice. One day he drove 15 miles to the nearest large town, and there left his horse and buggy in a side street in charge of a strange young man. Then he went off in search of an old friend of his, a Quaker. "Thee didn't leave a valuable horse and carriage to a stranger's care, Thomas?" remonstrated the friend. "Thee'd better get it and drive to the livery stable. This town is not like the little place thee lives in." "I looked the young man over," said Squire Lawson, testily, "and in my judgment it was perfectly safe to leave him in charge. Let us say no more about it." "Very well," said his friend, but when, at the end of two hours, Squire Lawson took his leave, the Quaker shut his office and accompanied the squire to the place where he had left his equipage. It had vanished, and no inquiries brought any information as to where it or the young man had gone. "Well, Amos," said the Quaker, after an hour's hot, unavailing search, "thee has lost a horse and carriage, to be sure, but thee still has plenty of judgment left, I've no doubt."—Youth's Companion.

Fame and Notoriety.

And fame? Why, some good chap, after a lifetime's work, gets a silver loving cup. Who hears of this? Nobody. Fame does not so much as lift her trumpet, much less blow his name to the skies. But if Mister Thief puts out his hand and lifts the silver bauble, Fame grabs her bull's horn and blows and blazes Thief's name and picture throughout the land. Or buy a little, dinky bauble like a pearl or two in Europe. Who cares a farthing for a thing like that? Yes, but only try to stick it in your hat when Sherlock Loeb is on deck, and for one, two, three days you will be heard of more than Caesar, and the Limburger of a sweet-scented reputation will skunk on forever in all your old clothes and acquaintances. There is the sublime penalty of friends. Curse them, they never forget!—New York Press.

The First Potatoes in Scotland.

It is claimed by a correspondent that the first person to grow potatoes in the open field in Scotland was Thomas Prentice, a day laborer in the West Barony of the parish in Glasgow, near Chapel Green; that was in the year 1728.

It was about four years after that date that he (Prentice) entered the market with them and was very successful with his experiment, as he made \$1,500 out of it, which he sank in double interest, and died at Edinburgh in 1762. Robert Graham did much to bring the culture of the potato to perfection. He was the introducer of the way of preparing the land for it. The last of the male line of the Grahams, it is believed, was James Graham of Auchincloch-Kilryth.

"Heraldry and Gents."

"Heraldry and the Gent" every one with a sense of humor must be keenly interested in. There has been so much nonsense written on this subject and with such a pretense of learning that many people believe the College of Arms really can create a gentleman. The college, we fear, can manage nothing more than "gent," and for that they charge quite enough. Heraldry belongs to the antiquary. Modern coats in ancient style (prix fixe) are the last remnants of days which belong only to history.—Saturday Review.

An Effort Toward Romance.

"When you first came to see me you stood under my window with a guitar and serenaded me," said Mr. Prosy's wife.

"I remember that. I haven't time to do so now. But I'll tell you what I'll do. Just let me know what hour will suit you and I'll pay a piano wagon to come around and play all you like."

St. Joseph, Mo. Topeka, Kan. Wichita, Kan. Grand Island, Neb.

TALLOW, FURS, PELTS, WOOL, HIDES



INDICATIONS in the Eastern hide markets point to a fairly steady market on the good hides which are coming in at present and while we expected to be obliged to reduce our prices, we now find we can continue them for another week. We shall be pleased to receive your hides, furs and tallow and assure you anything you send us will receive our careful attention.

The fur market is slow opening up, owing to the warm weather; hence, poor quality furs. Watch this 'ad' for prices next week. In the meantime, anything in the way of furs sent us will bring the best prices our outlet will afford.

Green Cured Hides	No. 1	No. 2	Green uncured hides 1 1/2 less than same grade cured.	DRY HIDES
Natives, long haired	8 1/2c	8 1/2c	Green frozen hides are No. 2	Dry flint butcher, heavy
Natives, short haired	8c	8c	Green half cured, 1/2 less than cured.	Dry flint, under 16 pounds
Side brands, over 40 Hat	8 1/2c	8c	Horse Hides, green, No. 1	Dry salt, heavy
Side brands, under 40 Hat	7 1/2c	7c	Horse Hides, No. 2	Dry tallow
Bulls and stags	8c	8c	Green pony hides	Tallow, No. 1
Balls, side branded flat	7c	7c	Sheep pelts, green	Tallow, No. 2
Green salt cured glue Flat	5 1/2c	5 1/2c	Sheep pelts, red, each	Beeswax
Green salt, red, each	5c	5c	Stunks each	
Stunks each	5c	5c		

FURS Watch This Space for Fur Prices Next Week

JAS. C. SMITH HIDE CO. Second and Edmond Sts., St. Joseph, Mo. - Bell Telephone 995

WATERING TROUGHS LAST FOR LIFETIME

25 Per Cent Off on Watering Troughs. FOR SALE—STOCK WATERING TANKS—made of old boiler iron 1-4 inch thick and 1-8 inch thick, which the sun and frost never effect. One will outwear a half dozen galvanized iron tanks. Either oblong, round or square, 2 1-2 feet deep, prices up to 15 barrels \$1.50 per barrel; 15 to 25 barrels, \$1.25 per barrel; 30 to 50 barrels, \$1.00 per barrel; 60 to 85 barrels, 80c per barrel. Write for prices, or when in the city call at shop and inspect them.

OLD PHONE 957 T. C. AUGUSTINE So. 5th and Cedar Sts., St. Joseph, Mo.

HAMMONDS MISTLETOE

Hams, Breakfast Bacon, Lard and Canned Meats

are the finest that the packing house art can produce.



PLAN IMPORTANT RAILROAD. Wenatchee, Wash.—With a view to constructing a railroad in the Methow Valley, citizens of that section have formed a corporation, to be known as the Methow Valley and Washington Northern Railroad Company, with a capital stock of \$1,000,000. S. P. Valentine, E. W. Rollins, J. C. Platter, Charles G. Andrews and H. W. Henry are the incorporators. The plan of the company is to construct a railroad that will reach ultimately from Spokane through the Methow Valley to the south. Enough stock has been sold already to carry out the work of making the preliminary surveys.

DENVER GETS ASBESTOS PLANT. Denver, Colo.—The Colorado and Southern Railroad has made a reduction in the freight rate on asbestos from Casper, Wyo., to Denver from \$8 to \$3 a ton. W. A. Fisher, general agent of the International Asbestos Mills and Power Company, which has offices in the First National Bank Building, says that as a result of the reduction that company will erect an asbestos manufacturing plant in this city. The company is a \$5,000,000 corporation.

Facts, Value and Quality Alone Count With Us

And they alone should count with you. Our \$2.95 per gallon Comet Whiskey is equal to any whiskey sold at \$4.00 and \$5.00 per gallon. We have gained our reputation by working toward lowest rock bottom prices at which honest qualities of goods can be furnished to our customers and there is not one single firm in the United States which dares to duplicate our values at our prices. All we ask is a trial order and you will be convinced. We send all our goods express prepaid.

O. H. Bramson 222 W. Missouri Avenue So. St. Joseph, Mo.

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Lightning Pileless Scales New Pattern. Solid Channel Steel Frame. Channels are seven inches which is the height of platform from ground. Lower section in shape giving greater strength. Bearing are "rolled". This scale will last a lifetime with ordinary care. Equipped with our pound beam. Purity is absolutely complete except platform. Guaranteed accurate and tested to more than its capacity. Write for price and description before buying. KANSAS CITY MAY PRESS CO. 805 1/2 N. Kansas City, Mo.

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