

STOCK YARDS DAILY JOURNAL

A Daily Commercial Newspaper for Modern Farmers and Stockmen and an Advertising Medium That Reaches the Buyers

Vol. XVI, No. 267

ST. JOSEPH, MO., TUESDAY, JULY 1, 1913

LAST EDITION.

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STEER PRICES DECLINE

BREAK TO 10@15c SHOWN IN MAJORITY OF SALES MADE TODAY.

TRADE DRAGGY THROUGHOUT

Top Beaves Sell at \$8.35—Cows and Heifers Strong—Good Yearlings Higher—Stockers Are Steady to Strong.

The beef-steer trade wore a ragged appearance today, with prices tending downward. Supply of cattle here was moderate but the five leading points reported 3,500 head more than a week ago. Trade closed mean at Chicago yesterday and further weakness was reported in early wires from that point today. Kansas City had a lower opening this morning. Naturally these reports from outside centers exerted a rather bearish influence on the trade here.

Streets formed a liberal percentage of the run of 1,500 cattle on offer here. The weather continues hot and cattle accumulated a fat fill. Buyers played a waiting game and early bids were low enough to offset the weight carried under the hides. Yearlings were scarce and the right class got away to good advantage, but medium and lower classes were slow to move. The bulk of the offerings found very slow going in the opening rounds. When buyers and sellers finally got down to a trading basis it was at prices generally 10 to 15c lower on all grades and the close was dull and weak at the decline. Top was \$5.35 on a drove of smooth yearlings finished Hereford averages averaging around 1,300 pounds. A spread of \$7.75@8.25 covered the big end of the day's sales.

Dressed Beef and Shipping Steers

No.	Ave. Price	No.	Ave. Price
21	12.20	25	12.48
22	11.74	26	12.48
23	12.13	27	13.71
24	11.59	28	12.24
25	12.10	29	11.55
26	12.20	30	12.59
27	12.03	31	13.00
28	11.34	32	11.40
29	12.10	33	11.75
30	11.81	34	11.77
31	11.94	35	11.69
32	12.24	36	12.07
33	12.07	37	12.07
34	12.24	38	12.07
35	12.24	39	12.07
36	12.24	40	12.07
37	12.24	41	12.07
38	12.24	42	12.07
39	12.24	43	12.07
40	12.24	44	12.07
41	12.24	45	12.07
42	12.24	46	12.07
43	12.24	47	12.07
44	12.24	48	12.07
45	12.24	49	12.07
46	12.24	50	12.07

COWS, BULLS AND MIXED

The supply butchers' stock on sale here today was again very light, bulk of the cattle receipts consisting of beef steers. There was an especially meager showing of medium and mixed yearlings, and useful heifers. Buyers wanted this class of stock and the limited offerings were snapped up early at prices around a dime higher than yesterday. The best of the mixed yearlings sold at \$8.00@8.25. The common grades of yearlings and heifers on the grass, half-fat order did not show special activity, although there was a reasonably good amount of steady prices for them. Cows by reason of the general scarcity of butchers' stock, met prompt demand at steady to strong rates. Prices on the general run of cows for the two days show about a dime advance.

BULLS AND STAGS

No.	Ave. Price	No.	Ave. Price
1	12.20	2	12.48
3	11.74	4	12.48
5	12.13	6	13.71
7	11.59	8	12.24
9	12.10	10	11.55
11	12.20	12	12.59
13	12.03	14	13.00
15	11.34	16	11.40
17	12.10	18	11.75
19	11.81	20	11.77
21	11.94	22	11.69
23	12.24	24	12.07
25	12.07	26	12.07
27	12.24	28	12.07
29	12.24	30	12.07
31	12.24	32	12.07
33	12.24	34	12.07
35	12.24	36	12.07
37	12.24	38	12.07
39	12.24	40	12.07
41	12.24	42	12.07
43	12.24	44	12.07
45	12.24	46	12.07
47	12.24	48	12.07
49	12.24	50	12.07

HEIFERS

No.	Ave. Price	No.	Ave. Price
1	12.20	2	12.48
3	11.74	4	12.48
5	12.13	6	13.71
7	11.59	8	12.24
9	12.10	10	11.55
11	12.20	12	12.59
13	12.03	14	13.00
15	11.34	16	11.40
17	12.10	18	11.75
19	11.81	20	11.77
21	11.94	22	11.69
23	12.24	24	12.07
25	12.07	26	12.07
27	12.24	28	12.07
29	12.24	30	12.07
31	12.24	32	12.07
33	12.24	34	12.07
35	12.24	36	12.07
37	12.24	38	12.07
39	12.24	40	12.07
41	12.24	42	12.07
43	12.24	44	12.07
45	12.24	46	12.07
47	12.24	48	12.07
49	12.24	50	12.07

COWS

No.	Ave. Price	No.	Ave. Price
1	12.20	2	12.48
3	11.74	4	12.48
5	12.13	6	13.71
7	11.59	8	12.24
9	12.10	10	11.55
11	12.20	12	12.59
13	12.03	14	13.00
15	11.34	16	11.40
17	12.10	18	11.75
19	11.81	20	11.77
21	11.94	22	11.69
23	12.24	24	12.07
25	12.07	26	12.07
27	12.24	28	12.07
29	12.24	30	12.07
31	12.24	32	12.07
33	12.24	34	12.07
35	12.24	36	12.07
37	12.24	38	12.07
39	12.24	40	12.07
41	12.24	42	12.07
43	12.24	44	12.07
45	12.24	46	12.07
47	12.24	48	12.07
49	12.24	50	12.07

HEIFERS

No.	Ave. Price	No.	Ave. Price
1	12.20	2	12.48
3	11.74	4	12.48
5	12.13	6	13.71
7	11.59	8	12.24
9	12.10	10	11.55
11	12.20	12	12.59
13	12.03	14	13.00
15	11.34	16	11.40
17	12.10	18	11.75
19	11.81	20	11.77
21	11.94	22	11.69
23	12.24	24	12.07
25	12.07	26	12.07
27	12.24	28	12.07
29	12.24	30	12.07
31	12.24	32	12.07
33	12.24	34	12.07
35	12.24	36	12.07
37	12.24	38	12.07
39	12.24	40	12.07
41	12.24	42	12.07
43	12.24	44	12.07
45	12.24	46	12.07
47	12.24	48	12.07
49	12.24	50	12.07

VEAL CALVES

No.	Ave. Price	No.	Ave. Price
1	12.20	2	12.48
3	11.74	4	12.48
5	12.13	6	13.71
7	11.59	8	12.24
9	12.10	10	11.55
11	12.20	12	12.59
13	12.03	14	13.00
15	11.34	16	11.40
17	12.10	18	11.75
19	11.81	20	11.77
21	11.94	22	11.69
23	12.24	24	12.07
25	12.07	26	12.07
27	12.24	28	12.07
29	12.24	30	12.07
31	12.24	32	12.07
33	12.24	34	12.07
35	12.24	36	12.07
37	12.24	38	12.07
39	12.24	40	12.07
41	12.24	42	12.07
43	12.24	44	12.07
45	12.24	46	12.07
47	12.24	48	12.07
49	12.24	50	12.07

STOCKERS AND FEEDERS

A fair showing of stock suitable for country use was put up for sale here today, more heavy weight feeders being offered than for some time. Buyers were on deck at an early hour, and little time was taken up before light stock cattle were the first to go. The market was very active, with a tendency to take the preference for the heavier grades. Salemen pretty well relieved of their goods before noon. The stock on hand was considered steady to strong, with light stock showing the strength. Throughout

HOGS RULE STRONGER

PRICES STEADY TO STRONG WITH YESTERDAY'S CLOSE—TOPS AT \$8.75.

BULK OF SALES \$8.60-\$8.72

Market Figures Strong to 5c Higher Than Monday's Average—Receipts Fall Off—Pigs Are Generally Steady.

There was a sharp decrease in hog receipts compared with a week and year ago and salemen succeeded in forcing slight concessions from buyers as a result. Around 6,000 hogs were yarded here, the run being only a little over 500 head less than a week ago. The decrease at the live market compared with last Tuesday was over 12,000. Trading opened in good season with a good demand in evidence and prices steady to strong with yesterday's closing basis, or strong to 5c higher than yesterday's average level. The movement was active and a good cleanup was made by noon. Top value was elevated to \$8.75 with a good share of the crop selling at \$8.60@8.72. Quality was about the same as it has been running recently. Pigs were in fair quota, mostly light common stuff. Prices were unchanged on this class of stock.

Prices for hogs averaging 140 lbs. and up ranged from \$8.65@8.75, with the bulk selling at \$8.60@8.70. The bulk sold yesterday at \$8.55@8.70, a week ago at \$8.60@8.72, a month ago at \$8.40@8.50, a year ago at \$7.25@8.40. (Two years ago at \$9.00@9.15, and four years ago at \$7.50@8.05.)

Representative Hog Sales

No.	Ave. Price	No.	Ave. Price
46	12.20	47	12.48
48	11.74	49	12.48
50	12.13	51	13.71
52	11.59	53	12.24
54	12.10	55	11.55
56	12.20	57	12.59
58	12.03	59	13.00
60	11.34	61	11.40
62	12.10	63	11.75
64	11.81	65	11.77
66	11.94	67	11.69
68	12.24	69	12.07
70	12.07	71	12.07
72	12.24	73	12.07
74	12.24	75	12.07
76	12.24	77	12.07
78	12.24	79	12.07
80	12.24	81	12.07
82	12.24	83	12.07
84	12.24	85	12.07
86	12.24	87	12.07
88	12.24	89	12.07
90	12.24	91	12.07
92	12.24	93	12.07
94	12.24	95	12.07
96	12.24	97	12.07
98	12.24	99	12.07
100	12.24	101	12.07

TRAIN OF TEXAS CATTLE

Twenty-one Carloads Shipped Here From Crosson—Prices Good.

A trainload of cattle, shipped from Crosson, Texas, a town located about fifty miles southwest of Fort Worth, was unloaded and sold here yesterday in the Southern division. The train was made up of heavy-one loads of cake and grass-fed steers, and good prices were realized for the offerings. R. C. Kinder marketed four loads at \$1.35@1.40, high offerings being \$1.15 and 1243 pounds respectively. C. S. Lanham also received \$8.00 for 20 steers weighing 1250 pounds, on an average. Other shipments from M. Packinson, J. W. Anderson, J. M. Hunter and B. F. Bone, Jr., sold well in a range of \$6.75@7.50.

Ed Young, proprietor of the leading general stock yard, J. M. Hunter, an energetic young farmer and stockman, and Harry Baird, southwest representative of the St. Joseph Stock Yards, all of this city, accompanied the train of cattle to the yards.

According to Mr. Hunter, conditions around Crosson are good. "We have been a trifle short of moisture down there this season, but we have seen far worse state of affairs than exists at present," remarked Mr. Hunter. "That part of Texas is developing into a big winter cattle feeding and stock raising country. Several thousand cattle were fed the past winter in the Crosson district and feeders cleaned up good profits on their season's feeding. The winter cattle and yearling crop being the best farming land there at \$20@25 per acre. Now this land is worth \$40@50 an acre. Ten or fifteen years ago the land was used for grazing vast herds of cattle."

BOQUET FOR ST. JOSEPH.

St. Joseph Exchange Delegates Pay Compliments to This City.

The St. Joseph Live Stock Record of yesterday had the following: "Local stock exchange of the National Live Stock exchange recently held at St. Joseph returned to their duties on the market this morning and were busy telling all of their friends and associates about the good time they were shown in the metropol of Missouri during their stay there and about the successful meeting of stockmen."

WARMY ENTERTAINMENT.

The St. Louis delegation were all back at work today and to a man reported that they had thoroughly enjoyed themselves at St. Joseph. The entertainment here was well planned and every visitor was given a hearty, warm welcome.

LIVE STOCK RECEIPTS

Today's Receipts

Receipts from Jan. 1 to Date

The following table shows the total receipts for January 1, 1913, and receipts for the corresponding time in 1912:

	1913	1912	Inc.
Cattle	203,750	214,800	-11,052
Hogs	899,274	1,144,300	-243,469
Sheep	412,750	451,900	-39,150
Horses	17,185	29,383	-12,198
Cows	22,888	29,875	-6,987

Decrease

The following shows the estimated receipts of cattle, hogs and sheep at the live stock markets today and compared:

	Cattle	Hogs	Sheep
Chicago	3,000	12,500	14,500
Kansas City	12,000	15,000	8,000
South Omaha	14,000	4,000	4,000
St. Joseph	1,900	5,800	1,200
East St. Louis	7,000	10,000	8,500

Representative Cattle Sales

No.	Ave. Price	No.	Ave. Price
1	12.20	2	12.48
3	11.74	4	12.48
5	12.13	6	13.71
7	11.59	8	12.24
9	12.10	10	11.55
11	12.20	12	12.59
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29	12.24	30	12.07
31	12.24	32	12.07
33	12.24	34	12.07
35	12.24	36	12.07
37	12.24	38	12.07
39	12.24	40	12.07
41	12.24	42	12.07
43	12.24	44	12.07
45	12.24	46	12.07
47	12.24	48	12.07
49	12.24	50	12.07

Representative Hog Sales

No.	Ave. Price	No.	Ave. Price
1	12.20	2	12.48
3	11.74	4	12.48
5	12.13	6	13.71
7	11.		

STOCK YARDS DAILY JOURNAL

The St. Joseph Journal Publishing Co., Publishers.

W. E. WARRICK, Editor and Manager.

Largest Outside Circulation of Any Paper Published in Buchanan County, Mo.

Entered at the Postoffice in St. Joseph, Mo., as Second Class Matter, September 3, 1897.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES: Daily, per year, \$1.00; Daily, six months, \$0.60; Daily, three months, \$0.30; Daily, one month, \$0.10; Semi-Weekly, per year, \$0.50; Weekly, per year, \$0.25.

In asking change of address, please state four former postoffice addresses. State whether your paper is Daily, Tri-Weekly, Semi-Weekly or Weekly.

Do not send checks on country banks. Remit with postal order or draft, payable to St. Joseph Journal Publishing Company.

Advertising Rates Furnished on Application.

Send 20 per cent commission allowed publishers, who are authorized to take subscriptions.

WATER REQUIRED FOR CROPS.

Five hundred and twenty tons of water are required to produce one ton of dry oats, while 310 tons of water are needed for one ton of corn, and 453 tons of water for one ton of red clover.

NEW STRAINS OF WHEAT.

Several new strains of winter and spring wheat on the experiment plots of the College of Agriculture of the University of Wisconsin have heads well filled with heavy berries.

GROWING HOGS ON GRASS.

The head of one of the large packing plants in Chicago recently asserted that in late years the quality of the hogs received at Chicago has depreciated.

FARMERS' BULLETINS.

During the past year the publication of reports, documents and circulars by the Department of Agriculture amounted to 2119 different articles of which 74,678,557 copies were issued.



Some of the teams and drags in Diagonal June 14. The above cut is from a photo taken on the Diagonal, June 14, road drags on the streets of Diagonal, Mo., Southwestern shows has and the value of the horses in town.



Daddy's Bedtime Story The Revenge Of the Aggy River King.

"NOW," said daddy, "keep very quiet and I'll tell you a story about the river king." "Why, we didn't know the river had a king?" Jack and Evelyn exclaimed.

Strikes smags in love's meandering stream. I lift our shallop from the rocks. And float as if a phidic dream.

HELPFUL CANNING SUGGESTIONS. String Beans.—Select young and tender beans, string them and break them into short lengths.

EGGPLANT.—Pare the eggplant, cut in thin slices, and drop in boiling water for 15 or 20 minutes.

BEETS.—Although beets will keep in the cellar over winter, it is very desirable to can them while they are young and tender.

OKRA OR GUMBO.—This is a vegetable worthy of the extended culture. Although extensively grown in the South, it is comparatively unknown in the North.

TO HELP SILO BUILDERS. Missouri College Offers Expert Service in Silo Construction.

STOCKS OF PROVISIONS.

Table showing stocks of provisions in South St. Joseph at close of business June 30, 1913, as officially reported to The Stock Yards Daily Journal. Columns include June 30 1913, May 31 1913, June 30 1912, and June 30 1911.

SOME THINGS WORTH KNOWING.

TO CURE BEE STINGS.—A physician advises that the best remedy for bee stings is to apply oil of cinnamon with a small brush.

REMOVING GREASE.—Eucalyptus oil will remove grease or oil from any fabric, no matter how delicate.

TO HELP SILO BUILDERS. Missouri College Offers Expert Service in Silo Construction.

George McKnight Decides to Take Up Work Again. Ill Health Drove Him Away—United Doctors Send Him Back.

BASEBALL NEWS

DRUMMERS BEAT DES MOINES.

Easily Win the First Game of Series by 4 to 1 Score.

The Hollanders had little trouble in trimming Isbell's Boosters yesterday, but they held them safe at all times. The final count was 4 to 1.

OTHER RESULTS YESTERDAY. WESTERN LEAGUE.

AMERICAN LEAGUE. Washington, 3; Boston, 1. Philadelphia, 8; New York, 50. Chicago, 6; Detroit, 4.

STANDING OF TEAMS. WESTERN LEAGUE.

Table showing the standing of teams in the Western League. Columns include Club, Won, Lost, and Pct.

MOVES BACK TO THE FARM.

George McKnight Decides to Take Up Work Again. Ill Health Drove Him Away—United Doctors Send Him Back.

THE SEASON FOR BUILDING SILOS.

George McKnight of Valley, Neb., expects to move back to the farm. When he quit farming he did it because his health had failed him.

Just Before Invoicing

We find a lot of Sample Rugs, Odd Rolls of Carpet, Odd Lots of Lace Curtains, Remnants of Carpet, Linoleum and Matting that must be sold this week.

- 5 Sample Tapestry Rugs, 9x12 feet, good quality, regular \$15, now \$10. 100 Sample Lace Curtains, 1 1/2 yards long, for sash curtains, choice, 20c.

THE BRADY CARPET & DRAPERY CO.

The Old Reliable and Only Exclusive Carpet Store. Members Retail Merchants' Association Railroad Fares Related.

Summer Round Trip Rates On Sale Daily to September 30, 1913

Table showing summer round trip rates for various destinations. Columns include 60 Days Limit, Oct. 31 Limit, and 60 Days Oct. 31 Limit.

Portland, Seattle, Tacoma. On sale June 22 to 25, inclusive. Limit Aug. 2, 1913.

Los Angeles and San Francisco. On sale June 20, July 1 to 7, 1913, inclusive. Limit Aug. 31, 1913.

MISSOURI PACIFIC IRON MOUNTAIN. In addition to the above we have rates to hundreds of points, special rates account conventions, circuitous tours.

The Season for Building Silos

Will Soon Be Here Buy the Best and Buy Hollow Blocks from St. Joseph Pressed Brick Co. Phone 3828.

IN WOMAN'S REALM

THE IDEAL HUSBAND TO HIS WIFE. We've lived for forty years, dear wife, and walked together side by side.

PURSUED.

Visitor: Good heavens! The dog! Host: Don't be alarmed; he's only going for Fritz's bread and butter that you've been sitting on.

EVERY TIME I VISIT THE CITY I SEE A LOT OF HUSKY FELLOWS SITTING AROUND WEARING THEIR PAINTS SHINY WHEN THEY

AMUSEMENTS.

BASEBALL TOMORROW St. Joseph vs. Des Moines LEAGUE PARK 1:30 p.m.

SHIPPERS TO ST. JOSEPH

You Are Invited to Call at ST. JOSEPH STOCK YARDS BANK EXCHANGE BUILDING SOUTH ST. JOSEPH, MO.

Ask Us About Our Method of Handling Proceeds of Shipments on Day of Sale

Satisfaction to Yourself and Your Home Bank

Advertise in "The Journal." It Pa

ST. JOSEPH HAY MARKET

Local Quotations Corrected to Date by Local Dealers.

The following quotations are furnished daily by the St. Joseph Hay Receivers and Shippers Association for the benefit of Stock Yards Daily Journal readers:

Timothy—Choice, \$12.50@13; No. 1, \$11@12.50; No. 2, \$8.50@9.50; No. 3, \$6@8.

Clover—Choice, \$11@12; No. 1, \$10@11; No. 2, \$7.50@8.50; No. 3, \$5.50@6.50.

Alfalfa—Choice, \$12@13; No. 1, \$10.50@12; No. 2, \$8@9; No. 3, \$5.50@6.50.

Straw—\$4@5. Packing—\$4.50@5.50.

ST. JOSEPH HAY AND FEED. L. L. Frederick Grain & Hay Co.

FOGARTY, KNEIB & CO. GRAIN, HAY, MILL FEED

IN THE HAY BUSINESS. 26 years in St. Joseph. Kansas Upland Specialty.

FRENZEL & GILPIN COMMISSION CO. KANSAS CITY HAY AND GRAIN.

The following quotations are furnished daily by the Kansas City Receivers and Shippers Association for the benefit of Stock Yards Daily Journal readers.

Timothy—Choice, \$12.50@13; No. 1, \$11.50@12; No. 2, \$9.50@10.50; No. 3, \$7@8.

Clover mixed—Choice, \$12@12.50; No. 1, \$10.50@11.50; No. 2, \$8.50@9.50; No. 3, \$6.50@7.50.

Alfalfa—Choice, \$12.50@13; No. 1, \$11.50@12; No. 2, \$9.50@10.50; No. 3, \$7.50@8.50.

Straw—\$4@5. Packing—\$4.50@5.50.

KANSAS CITY HAY AND FEED. SAFE ON FIRST CUTTING ALFALFA

PRODUCERS HAY CO. HAY Clark Wyrick & Co.

BRUCE & DYER. "THE FIRM THAT BUSTLES" BRUCE & DYER

IN A RAW DISTRICT

Things Happened When Attempt Was Made to Move County Seat.

By WALTER JAMES DELANEY. "You did us a good turn once, Doc. We intend to return the compliment."

Young Dr. Hector Fairbanks smiled pleasantly but inquiringly—in fact, almost suspiciously. The speaker was Dan Babbitt.

It was a raw district, that of which the young physician had been a resident for about a year. There were two principal points in the county—Ridgeford and Princeville.

For years a small but solidly built structure located just on the township line at a little settlement called Bryan had been the register's office of the county.

The state authorities were advised of this outrage and ordered a special election. The votes of the county were counted.

When the election was held at Bryan, the Breckitts appeared en masse, mounted and armed. So did the "Midnight Riders."

It was an uproarious occasion. The election was held at Bryan. The Breckitts appeared en masse, mounted and armed.

Every holiday throughout the year brings a preparatory race over a short course. From the first week in April, when the sweepstakes races are run until the following April everybody looks forward anxiously to the biggest event in the annals of history.

It was an uproarious occasion. The election was held at Bryan. The Breckitts appeared en masse, mounted and armed.

"I thought I would come and tell you how things stood about the registry office," continued the young out-law leader.

"Why, the election has settled that matter," observed Dr. Fairbanks. "Not by a long shot!"

"Just let them get that building over to Princeville," continued Dan, "and we'll never get it back. The Breckitts count on claiming fraudulent votes. They'll throw the case into the courts

GUIDED BY THE STARS

HOW TIME IS REGULATED IN THE UNITED STATES.

Matter of Extreme Importance Has Been Brought to an Exact Science by Wise Men in Government Employ.

Few people understand how time is accurately obtained and distributed throughout the country, says the Charleston News and Courier.

Every clear night the astronomers at the United States observatory, Washington, D. C., observe the transit of certain stars which are due to cross the meridian at a known time.

The time signals sent out each day are wholly automatic, and consist of a series of short marks produced on an open telegraphic circuit by the beats of a transmitting clock located in the observatory.

These enable any one who is listening to a telegraph instrument at any office that is cut into the circuit during the transmission of the signals to recognize the middle and beginning of each minute.

At each office throughout the United States where time service is established there is a master clock installed for the purpose of transmitting hourly signals to the subsidiary clocks to keep them in perfect time.

At the present time, when scientific business methods make every fraction of a minute valuable, the value of the present system has become invaluable; so much so that a "time" connection is indispensable in nearly every place of business.

Former Judge Peter S. Grosscup is responsible for this one, related at a dinner recently. "Noah Webster had just completed his dictionary. After his strenuous labors he sought relaxation in a flirtation with his wife's housemaid.

"The great lexicographer was startled, but his dignity did not desert him. "Looking at his wife with a frown of disapproval, he said: "My dear, you certainly merit a rebuke. Here you are, the wife of a dictionary maker, and yet when you entered the room just a moment ago you exclaimed, 'I am surprised.' My dear, I am the one who is surprised—you are astonished!"

"President Taft discussed gloomily the other day, said a Washingtonian, "the terrible Turkish war. He pointed out the awful horrors of the cholera. He said that war was an ugly, vile thing, and he would always regret the defeat of his arbitration plans.

"He said that, when he heard any talk about heroism or self-sacrifice in war, he always thought about old Colonel Gore. "Colonel Gore, a young lady once cried, 'they tell me that in one of your battles an enemy died to save your life. Is that true?"

"Quite how beautiful! How noble! Tell me how it happened, won't you?" said the young lady. "Well, ma'am," said the colonel, "it happened like this. The enemy had his gun pressed against my temple, and I ran my bayonet through his stomach."

Both Hands Free. At the suffrage luncheon in New York a woman electrician the other day showed Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont a model of a cradle that rocks by electricity.

RECOGNIZE WORTH OF DOG

Dwellers in Alaska Accord Honor to Hard Worker Who Helps Bear the Burdens of Life.

When an Alaskan is too old to participate in a race he is "pensioned"—given a home and plenty of food for the remainder of his days. In Alaska dogs die a natural death; they never are killed by their masters.

Many big business firms of the country contribute to the purses hung up at these annual sweepstakes. All winter entertainments are given in the towns represented by a dog team in the races, the proceeds of which help swell the rewards. While the races are being driven business in the towns participating is practically suspended.

Most of the establishments are closed and no attempt is made to transact business. Everybody has something wagged on the outcome—men, women, and children. Even the young women, clerks and telephone operators open their purses and make bets.

Every holiday throughout the year brings a preparatory race over a short course. From the first week in April, when the sweepstakes races are run until the following April everybody looks forward anxiously to the biggest event in the annals of history.

This Nome, Solomon, Topeok, and the other representative Alaskan towns forget their isolation. Hunting the walrus, the polar bear and the whale are tame sports. They are for every day indulgence. But the All-Alaska sweepstakes race marks the rejuvenation of the universe.

"It is something," mused the poet, "to have an imagination that scorns the bondage of earth and soars untrammelled through the cerulean infinity."

He paused to jot the phrase "cerulean infinity" in his note book, hoping to make use of it at some future time.

He gazed wistfully into the window of a quick lunch restaurant. "To have the price of a plate of ham and beans in your pocket is another thing."

Saying which, he sighed meekly and once more mingled with the hurrying throng.

The Crocodile Wrench. An Ideal Farm Wrench. Six Handy Farm Tools in One. FREE. Enclose \$2.00 for six months' subscription to Stock Yards Daily Journal and wrench will be sent you free of charge.

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MORE FOR YOUR MONEY. The "Dutton Way" Makes It Possible. DUTTON BROS., DENTISTS.

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COUPON. I am interested in and intend to purchase within a reasonable time, the machines or articles checked below and will be glad to receive information concerning the same.

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DISINFECTS.
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It has so many uses that it is a necessity on every farm.

CURES WANGE, SCAB, RINGWORM, SCRATCHES

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Summer Pigs

Should be kept pushing right along with uniform profitable daily gains. No-gain days are no-profit days. They should be dipped every two weeks to keep them free from vermin and skin diseases. Their yards and pens should be kept clean and sanitary. For Big Gains and Big Profits they should have a fair supply of corn with the run of a good clover or blue grass pasture or some green forage crop. Besides corn and pasture, if they are to Grow Right, Look Right and Sell Right they should have one-half pound per day of

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Guaranteed Analysis

Protein 60 per cent
Phosphates 6 per cent
Fat 8 per cent

It makes Big Money for others, it will do the same for you. For prices, free sample and literature, write

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The Merchants Hotel
Will take care of you.
Rooms 50c, 75c and \$1.00. Cars direct to stock yards and depots.
9th and Broadway

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TO FIGHT HOG CHOLERA.

Government Starts Practical Experiments in Iowa.

Washington, July 1.—Under a special appropriation of \$75,000 made by congress "for demonstrating the best method of preventing and eradicating hog cholera," the United States Department of Agriculture has undertaken practical experiments in combating this disease. The appropriation becomes available July 1 and the work will be begun first in Dallas county, Iowa, and will be taken up later in Indiana, and in one or two other states. In Iowa the work will be done in cooperation with the state veterinarian and the Iowa state college.

A few years ago the bureau of animal industry of the Department of Agriculture, after years of experimentation, developed a serum which has been demonstrated by repeated tests to be very effective in preventing hog cholera. In many states this serum has been prepared and distributed to farmers with the result that large sums of money have been saved to the farmers, but thus far no systematic effort has been made to eradicate hog cholera. In the work which is now begun the control and eradication of the disease will be the main object, the serum being used in connection with the necessary quarantine and educational measures.

In the work in Dallas county, Iowa, representatives of the state college and of the bureau of animal industry will make a survey of the county, estimating as closely as possible the losses from hog cholera during previous years and securing the names and addresses of hog owners. Through lectures and demonstrations at farmers' meetings and by personal interviews they will also explain to the farmers the object and nature of the work. The state veterinarian will issue and enforce such restrictive regulations as may be deemed necessary, after conference with federal officials to prevent the spread of the disease. The bureau of animal industry will prepare and supply the serum and will undertake to control each outbreak of hog cholera existing in the county at the time the work begins, and also such subsequent outbreaks as may arise during the year. The serum treatment is preventive rather than curative, and will be administered to hogs on infected farms and on neighboring farms with a view to checking and preventing the spread of the infection.

Hog cholera has for many years been a scourge of the hog raising industry, causing heavier direct losses than any other animal disease in this country. The losses for the last year are estimated at \$50,000,000. In the face of short supply and high prices of meat it is becoming imperative that something should be done to check the ravages of this disease. Armed with an effective preventive treatment, the Department of Agriculture hopes by means of these experiments to demonstrate a method which can later be applied on a large scale throughout the infected regions so as to control and eventually to eradicate hog cholera and thus stop the heavy losses and help to increase the country's meat supply.

Close to Des Moines.

Des Moines, June 29.—Dallas county is regarded as the ideal place for making the first experiment in the United States. It is easily accessible from Des Moines, the headquarters of the commission of animal health, and from the state college, and is a county in which hog raising has long been an established industry watched with much care. The work is to commence at once.

MEAT SUPPLY OF WORLD

United States Has Greatest Number of Food Animals.

Washington, D. C., July 1.—The total value of meats and food animals entering international trade is, according to the latest figures of the bureau of foreign and domestic commerce, department of commerce, approximately \$50 million dollars per annum, of which about one-third is from the United States, and consists chiefly of pork and pork products.

While the total value of meat products and food animals exported from the United States in the year which ends with this month will be but about \$50 million dollars, against approximately \$50 million in 1906, this reduced total far exceeds that of any other country. Meats and food animals exported from Argentina in 1912 amounted to but \$7 million dollars in value; from Australia, in 1911, \$1 million; from New Zealand, \$1 million; from Canada, \$1 million; and from Uruguay, \$1 million. These six countries—the United States, Argentina, Australia, New Zealand, Canada and Uruguay—are the chief meat-exporting countries of the world. It will be seen from these figures that our meat exports are not only larger than those of any other country, but actually exceed the aggregate of our five principal rivals. The fall in our exports of meats and food animals, which has characterized recent years, has occurred chiefly in beef, pork products, always an important factor in the meat exports, but a slight reduction.

The United States still has, despite the reduction in her live stock in recent years, a larger number of food animals than any other country of the world. Of cattle alone, the number in the United States is 56 million, the only country having a larger number being India, with 113 million; while Russia in Europe and Asia has 51 million; Argentina, 29 million; Brazil, 25 million; Germany, 21 million; and the United Kingdom, 12 million. These figures are in round terms and for the latest available year. Of sheep, the United States has 54 million; Australia, 32 million; Russia, 35 million; Argentina, 27 million; the United Kingdom, 23 million; India, 22 million; Uruguay, 22 million; and New Zealand, 24 million. Of swine, the United States has 61 million; Russia, 13 million; and Germany, 22 million. The total number of food animals (including in this term merely cattle, sheep, and hogs) was at the latest available date, in the United States, 169 million; Russia in Europe and Asia, 149 million; India, 140 million; Australia, 104 million; Argentina, 98 million; Germany, 81 million; the United Kingdom, 46 million; and France, 39 million.

TO RAISE LAKE LEVEL.

International Waterways Commission Makes Recommendation to Congress.

Washington, July 1.—After more than ten years investigation the international waterways commission Saturday through the president, recommended to congress the construction of a submerged dam, or weir, in the Niagara river, to raise the level of Lake Erie and its upper waters.

The commission stated the value of the proposed work to Lake Erie ports could hardly be estimated and that it would result in extensive improvements to harbors and docks.

Several years ago the commission reported against the advisability of constructing an ordinary dam across the Niagara, because of the consequent damage to property below the dam. This dam would have completely regulated the height of the water in Lake Erie, but the latest plan contemplates only partial change.

TRAMP FINDS \$16,000.

Wanderer Enters Hut as Recluse in Threes of Death.

Huntington, Pa., July 1.—When an unidentified tramp received no response as he knocked on the door of the cabin of Willis Browning, a hermit, on the ridge across from the Barre Forge, he opened the door. There he found the recluse in the last throes of death by pneumonia, and before neighboring farmers could be summoned Browning was dead.

In the pockets of a coat in the cabin was \$16,000 all but \$1,000 being in big bank notes. Browning came here five years ago and talked with no one but the storekeeper from whom he bought supplies, never told where he came from, and no living relatives are known.

DOON'TS FOR HOT WEATHER

Advice From Chief of the United States Bureau of Chemistry.

Washington, July 1.—Here are the "Hot Weather Doon'ts" of Dr. Carl A. Albers, successor to Dr. Harvey W. Wiley as chief of the United States bureau of chemistry.

"Don't eat to excess."
"Don't wear too many clothes."
"Don't drink ice cold beverages."
"Don't look at the thermometer and keep thinking how hot it is."
Dr. Albers says cool drinks delay digestion and may disorder the stomach, with consequent loss of appetite. Temperate eating, barely keeping the pangs of hunger in check, he says, is one of the most effective methods of keeping well.

IS READY OPINION WRITER

Announced Justice Holmes Has Given Out 32 in This Term of Supreme Court.

Washington, D. C.—Justice Holmes is the ready opinion writer of the Supreme court, for so far this term he has delivered 32 opinions, more than any other justice. He is only one short of as many opinions to his credit as have been delivered by Justices

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FRUIT JAR PRICES ADVANCE

Cost Goes Up Rapidly Before Active Demand for Them Is Felt.

Des Moines, Ia., July 1.—The cost of fruit jars has been advancing steadily, influenced by the opening of the canning season. Housewives have not begun to buy new fruit jars, and are putting up cherries and strawberries in old jars, but the cost of new containers has been going up. A month ago pint jars were a drag on the market at 55 cents a dozen. The price went up 5 cents at a time, and

PRODUCE INFERTILE EGGS.

Many Advantages of Segregating Sexes After Breeding Period.

Columbia, Mo., July 1.—Out of every hundred eggs that are sent to the market five are thrown away because of chicks developing, according to H. L. Kempster, of the Missouri agricultural college. This means a loss to Missouri farmers annually of over one million dollars. This loss can be prevented by the production of infertile eggs.

A fertile egg is one which will develop a chick. It is fertilized by the presence of male birds in the flock. An egg which is fertilized will develop a chick in any temperature above 72 degrees F. Three days at a temperature of 84 degrees to 92 degrees is equal to one day at 105 degrees. One day at a temperature of 105 degrees to 110 degrees will produce an embryo as far developed as three days at a temperature of 105 degrees. In hot weather it is almost impossible to keep eggs cool enough to prevent chick development. The best way is to produce infertile eggs. This can be done by removing the male bird from the flock. Hens will lay as well or better with no male bird present. Sell off the males and produce infertile eggs.

1. They will not develop germs.
2. Will not hatch.
3. Are easily preserved.
4. Are slow to decay.
5. Cost less because you don't have to feed the male.
6. Withstand heat.
7. Stand shipment better.

Justice Holmes.

Hughes, Van Devanter and Lamar combined. As a rule, however, he writes shorter opinions than the other justices.

Justice Day has delivered 26 opinions; Chief Justice White, 25; Justice McKenna, 24; Justice Lurton, 20; Justice Pitney, 17; Justice Lamar, 14; Justice Van Devanter, 10, and Justice Hughes, 9.


Wouldn't Let Wife Eat With Him.

Mrs. Lida L. James of Peckskill seriously objected to eating at the "see and table," even though so ordered to do by her husband, Herbert James, and so she went after a divorce. Furthermore, she got it. Supreme Court Justice Tompkins of White Plains had never heard of a marriage contract calling upon a wife to eat after her husband and children had devoured all of the "white meat." That's why he was so generous with his divorce.

James owns a summer resort comprising a 50-acre park. After a good many years he grew tired of looking at his wife across the table and so ordered her to provide herself with material sustenance after the rest of them had pushed back the finger bowls.

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Below Prices Are Guaranteed for the Week Ending July 5, and Are Delivered in St. Joseph

SALT CURED HIDES		No. 1	No. 2
Natives, strictly short-haired	130	120	
Natives, long-haired or shedders	120	110	
Side brands, over 40 flat	120		
Side brands, under 40 flat	110		
Bulls and stags	11 1/2	10 1/2	
Bulls, side branded flat	9 1/2		
Green salt cured glue flat	7 1/2		
Green salt cured deacons, each	60c@35c		
Slunks, each	25c@15c		
Green uncured hides 2c less than same grade cured.			
Green frozen hides bought as No. 2's.			
Green half cured 1c less than cured.			
Horse hides, green, No. 1	\$3.75@3.00		
Horse hides, No. 2	\$2.75@2.00		
Green pony hides and glue	\$1.50@75c		
Sheep pelts, green	\$1.00@25c		
Dry, according to wool, per pound	8c@10c		

DRY HIDES	
Dry flint butcher, heavy	22c
Dry flint fallen, heavy	21c
Dry flint, under 16 pounds	22c
Dry salt, heavy	17c
Dry culls	12 1/2c

TALLOW	
Tallow, No. 1	5 1/2@5 1/2c
Tallow, No. 2	4 1/2@4c
Beeswax	15 1/2@25c

WOOL		WOOL	
MISSOURI, IOWA AND SIMILAR			
Choice medium combing	17@19c		
Medium clothing and combing, mixed	15@17c		
Low and braid	12@15c		
Light fine and fine medium	12@14c		
Heavy fine	10@12c		

KANSAS, NEBRASKA AND OKLAHOMA	
Bright medium	14@16c
Dark medium	13@15c
Light fine	11@12c
Heavy fine	9@10c

COLORADO, NEW MEXICO, UTAH AND TEXAS	
Light medium	12@14c
Light fine	11@12c
Heavy fine	9@10c

Deductions on burry wool from 3@5c per pound. Short, dirty or defective stock proportionately lower.

Angora mohair, 12 months, 15@20c; common, burry and defective, half price.

Above prices are based on wool tied in original fleeces; on loose wool 2c per pound deduction is made.

Notice—Do not use binding or sisal twine in tying fleeces—where sisal or binding twine is used 1c per pound deduction is made.

Wool Sacks, 7 foot, 3 pound.....50c each
Wool Twine, glazed.....10c pound

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Make specialty of plans and specifications for farm residences and private and public buildings in surrounding territory. Write us.
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St. Joseph, Mo.

We Are in the Market Every Day for Cattle, Hogs and Sheep

We are especially bidding for **Range Cattle and Sheep**, both for slaughter and feeding. Located on fourteen railroads, and in the center of the best corn and live stock district in the United States, we are prepared to furnish a good market for all kinds of live stock.

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\$3.95 for this Swing

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100-102-104-106 Broadway
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Our reference, any bank in Council Bluffs.

Journal Advertising Pays

Wool

GET 2c to 4c more per lb. for your Wool

That's what our customers are getting. You will get the top notch market price every time. No matter where you have been selling your wool heretofore, don't sell it this year until you get our plan and prices. You'll lose money if you do—now, remember that.

Write today for our plan and price stating how much you have. With answer we will send unimpeachable proof and references.

ST. JOSEPH WOOL CO., Geo. Sahlenburg, Mgr., 741 So. 4th St., St. Joseph