

# U.S. Votes War On Japs Japan Bombards U.S. Outposts

## Britain Makes War On Japan As War Bulletins Dead And Wounded In Hawaii Total 3,000 U. S. Navy Fleet Stalks Enemy

By The Associated Press

Great Britain formally declared war against Japan Monday as imperial Tokyo headquarters claimed smashing naval and air victories over the United States and mighty forces of the U. S. fleet were reported combing the Pacific to seek battle with Japanese warships.

In London, the House of Commons cheered tumultuously as Prime Minister Winston Churchill, fulfilling his pledge of a month ago, invoked war against the Tokyo government, made allies of Thailand and Free China, and declared:

"Every preparation in our power has been made and we shall give a good account of ourselves."

"There is the closest accord with the powerful American Naval and Air forces and with the strong, efficient forces of the Netherlands East Indies."

A White House statement acknowledged serious damage to American forces in Hawaii, but considerably less than the naval losses which the Japanese claimed they had inflicted.

Casualties from Sunday's attack were expected to mount to 3,000 it said.

The White House said Japanese attacks had resulted in the capsizing of an old battleship—whereas the Japanese claimed two battleships had been sunk—and reported the loss of a destroyer, damage to two other vessels and the destruction of a relatively large number of planes.

The White House said several Japanese submarines and planes had been accounted for and that active resistance was "still continuing" against the Japanese attacking force in the vicinity of Hawaii.

Some observers believed it was possible American warships had already met Japanese naval forces in battle somewhere between Hawaii and the Philippines.

One or more Japanese aircraft carriers, presumably escorted by strong naval formations, were reported to have engaged in the opening attack against Honolulu, and it seemed a fair conjecture that U. S. dreadnaughts, were in hard pursuit of actual contact with the invaders.

While Japanese parachute troops were reported landing in the Philippines, Tokyo headquarters declared that two U. S. battleships had been sunk, four others damaged, two destroyers sunk and six heavy cruisers hit in the attack on Pearl Harbor.

Simultaneously, Australia decided to declare war as Japanese forces attacked the tiny British-mandated island of Nauru.

An Italian broadcast quoted Dorel as listing the 33,100-ton U. S. S. Pennsylvania and the Oklahoma as the American battleships sunk. Two United States destroyers and two oil tankers were also reported lost.

Japanese headquarters said a United States aircraft carrier had been sunk by a submarine off Honolulu and that many merchant ships had been captured in the Pacific.

The Tokyo announcement asserted there were no Japanese losses in striking the heavy blows against the United States fleet at Honolulu.

While Americans waited for some word from Washington of United States counter-blows, the Japanese reported 50 or 60 U. S. planes had been shot down in air combats over Clark Field, in the Philippines, and another 40 over Iba, 80 miles north of Manila.

Only two Japanese planes were acknowledged lost.

The Japanese also announced an agreement between Japan and Thailand for transit of Japanese troops through Thailand—presumably for an attack on British Malaya, site of Britain's Far East fortress of Singapore, or British Burma, both adjoin Thailand.

**U. S. Marines Surrender**  
Japanese troops were reported to have landed at two points on the Gulf of Siam, far down the Thai coast near Malaya.

An official British announcement at Singapore said Japanese war-craft which landed troops at two places in British Malaya, near the Thailand frontier, had been put to flight.

Japanese forces still remaining on the beach were being heavily machine-gunned, the British said.

Dorel, the Japanese news agency, was quoted as saying that Japanese and British troops already were fighting in Thailand.

In Manila, Admiral Thomas C. Hart, commander of the U. S. Asiatic fleet, announced a small detachment of American marines at Peiping, China, had been forced to surrender to overwhelming Japanese forces.

An NBC broadcast said the U. S. aircraft carrier Langley was reported unofficially in Manila to have been damaged in action with Japanese warplanes.

A CBS broadcast reported at least 290 casualties inflicted by high-flying Japanese planes in two attacks on the Philippines.

Manila itself apparently had escaped attack thus far.

**Base at Guam Raided**  
A U. S. Army bulletin said 30 Japanese bombers attacked Davao on Mindanao island and bombed Baguio, the summer-time capital of the Philippines. One Japanese plane was reported shot down in Davao Bay.

Francis B. Sayre, American high commissioner in the Philippines, declared the situation was "well in hand."

A WOR-Mutual broadcast from Manila, reporting that Japanese parachute troops had landed on the islands, said native Japanese had seized control of some communities but that in other sections Filipino police were rounding up the empire's nationals.

"In the naval war, the ABCD (American, British, Chinese and Dutch East Indies) fleets under American command appeared to be successful against Japan air and sea invasions," the broadcast said.

Other reports said it had been confirmed that the Pan American Airways base at Guam had been attacked by Japanese air raiders and that large fires had been set in gasoline stores.

A Reuters (British news agency) dispatch quoted a British communique from Singapore declaring "It is reported but not confirmed that mustard gas has been dropped" in Japanese attacks on Malaya.

**U. S. Ships Steam Out**  
In Washington, a steady confidence was apparent after early rapid-fire reports, mostly adverse, told of heavy losses.

A White House statement indicated that the Navy had taken hard knocks, but it was reported the ships of the fleet were now steaming out from their battered base to do battle.

From Hawaii to the Philippines, (See WARFARE Page 5)

**NEW YORK. (AP.)**—An national broadcasting reporter in the midst of an early Tuesday morning air attack on Manila said "terrific damage" had been left by the Japanese attackers, including the apparent destruction of the gasoline supply at Nichols Air Field.

**TEGUCIGALPA, Honduras. (AP.)**—Honduras declared war on Japan Monday and the government established martial law throughout the republic.

**RIO DE JANEIRO. (AP.)**—President Getulio Vargas and his cabinet agreed at a meeting Monday to "give absolute solidarity to the United States," the Brazil government announced.

**NEW YORK. (AP.)**—Manila is under bombardment by Japanese planes, an NBC correspondent reported late Monday, with the raiders smashing at Fort William McKinley, Nichols Airfield and the Radio Corporation of America short wave transmitter.

**BERLIN. (AP.)**—A DNB dispatch Monday night from Tokyo, quoting a report in the Japanese newspaper Yomiuri from Saigon, French Indo-China, said a United States transport had been sunk with a loss of 350 men in waters around Manila.

**WASHINGTON. (AP.)**—The United Brotherhood of Welders, Cutters and Helpers, an independent labor union Monday rescinded an order of yesterday calling for a nation-wide strike and instructed all local officers to get their men ready "for a sudden and determined walkout."

A strike which had been set for Tuesday was called off because of the war situation.

**MANILA. (AP.)**—The Japanese radio at Taihoku, Formosa, reported in a broadcast Monday Japanese warships have surrounded Guam and said all big buildings on the island were ablaze.

**LONDON. (AP.)**—Exchange Telegraph reported Monday the Egyptian government has decided to break off diplomatic relations with Japan.

**NEW YORK. (AP.)**—Prime Minister Churchill will broadcast to the world at 2 P.M. CST Monday, according to announcements by the principal American networks.

**HAVANA, Cuba. (AP.)**—The cabinet asked Cuba's Congress Monday to declare war on Japan.

**LONDON. (AP.)**—The Free French national committee, meeting Monday under the leadership of General Charles De Gaulle, declared that a state of war existed between all Free French territories and Japan.

**BANGKOK, Thailand. (AP.)**—Thailand, after brief resistance to Japanese invasion from the sea and across the French Indo-China border, ceased firing Monday and opened negotiations with the invaders.

**MANILA. (AP.)**—Japanese bombers struck at military bases and ports the length of the Philippines Monday, smashing at the big Fort Stotsenburg, Clark Field, the summer mountain capital at Baguio, the ports of Davao and Aparri and the far northern Batan Island group.

**SINGAPORE. (AP.)**—Japanese air raiders killed 63 persons and injured 133 Monday in a fierce assault on Singapore, but Japanese units were being "mopped up" in an attempted land invasion of Malaya from the north, a British communique declared.

**BERLIN. (AP.)**—DNB reported Monday Japanese Prime Minister General Hideki Tojo had broadcast a message to his people warning them that they must be prepared for a long war with the United States.

**TOKYO. (AP.)**—The Japanese information bureau announced Monday that about 100 British and American subjects and other foreign nationals were rounded up Monday morning throughout the Japanese empire.

**CHUNGKING. (AP.)**—China has decided to declare war on Japan, Germany and Italy, Foreign Minister Quo Tai-Chi announced at a special press conference Monday night.

**NEW YORK. (AP.)**—The Rome radio said Monday in a broadcast that the Japanese declaration of war "involves, in accordance with the three-power pact, the existence of a state of war between the two Axis powers and the United States."

**WASHINGTON. (AP.)**—Congress voted a formal declaration of war against Japan Monday after President Roosevelt requested immediate action as an answer to Japan's "unprovoked and dastardly attack" on Hawaii.

A united Congress acted swiftly after the President had revealed that American forces lost two warships and 3,000 dead and wounded in the surprise dawn attack Sunday.

As a matter of fact the Army and Navy had been fighting since a few moment after the surprise attack and the nation generally had taken on a war-time tempo.

The Senate vote was 82 to 0.

The White House released the first official information on the scope of American losses at Pearl Harbor shortly before President Roosevelt went to the capitol.

An evidence of the fast-moving protective measures was seen in Attorney General Biddle's announcement that 736 Japanese aliens had been arrested during the night in the United States and Hawaii.

Troops had assumed guard posts throughout the nation at defense industries, key buildings, strategic bridges and public utilities.

The House vote was 388 to 1. Miss Jeannette Rankin (R-Mont) who voted against a declaration of war with Germany in 1917, was the lone member casting a negative vote. Rep. Harold Knutson (R-Minn) who also voted against the 1917 declaration, voted for war against Japan.

As Congress was acting, Japan claimed she had won naval supremacy over the United States in the Pacific. The Japanese claimed in reports broadcast by the official radio in Tokyo that they had destroyed four American battleships and one aircraft carrier and had damaged four other battleships and six cruisers.

A DNB new dispatch from Tokyo said a United States transport had been sunk with loss of 350 men near Manila. In his epochal message to Congress President Roosevelt made no mention of Italy and Germany as he asked for war against Japan.

Roosevelt's war message to Congress follows: "To the Congress of the United States:.....

"Yesterday, December 7, 1941—a date which will live in infamy—the United States of America was suddenly and deliberately attacked by Naval Air forces of the empire of Japan.

"The United States was at peace with that nation and, at the solicitation of Japan, was still in conversation with its government and its Emperor looking toward the maintenance of peace in the Pacific.

"Indeed, one hour after Japanese air bombing had commenced implications to the very life and safety of our nation.

"As commander-in-chief of the Army and Navy, I have directed that all measures be taken for our defense.

"Always we will remember the character of the onslaught against us.

"No matter how long it may take us to overcome this premeditated invasion, the American people in their righteous anger will win through to absolute victory.

"I believe I interpret the will of the Congress and of the people when I assert that we will not only defend ourselves to the utmost but will make very certain that this form of treachery shall never endanger us again.

"With confidence in our armed forces—with the unbounding determination of our people—we will gain the inevitable triumph—so help us God.

"I ask that the Congress declare that since the unprovoked and dastardly attack by Japan on Sunday, December seventh, a state of war has existed between the United States and the Japanese Empire."

### War Text

**WASHINGTON. (AP.)**—The text of the joint resolution adopted by Congress Monday declaring war on Japan follows:

Declaring that a state of war exists between the Imperial Government of Japan and the government and the people of the United States and making provisions to prosecute the same.

Whereas, the Imperial government of Japan has committed repeated acts of war against the government and the people of the United States of America; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the United States in Congress assembled that the state of war between the United States and the Imperial Government of Japan which has thus been thrust upon the United States is hereby formally declared; and that the President be and he is hereby authorized and directed to employ the entire naval and military forces of the United States and the resources of the government to carry on war against the Imperial Government of Japan; and to bring the conflict to a successful termination all of the resources of the country are hereby pledged by the Congress of the United States.

"The attack yesterday on the Hawaiian Islands has caused severe damage to American naval and military forces. Very many American lives have been lost. In addition, American ships have been reported torpedoed on the high seas between San Francisco and Honolulu.

"Yesterday the Japanese government also launched an attack against Malaya. In addition, American ships have been reported torpedoed on the high seas between San Francisco and Honolulu.

"Last night Japanese forces attacked Hongkong.

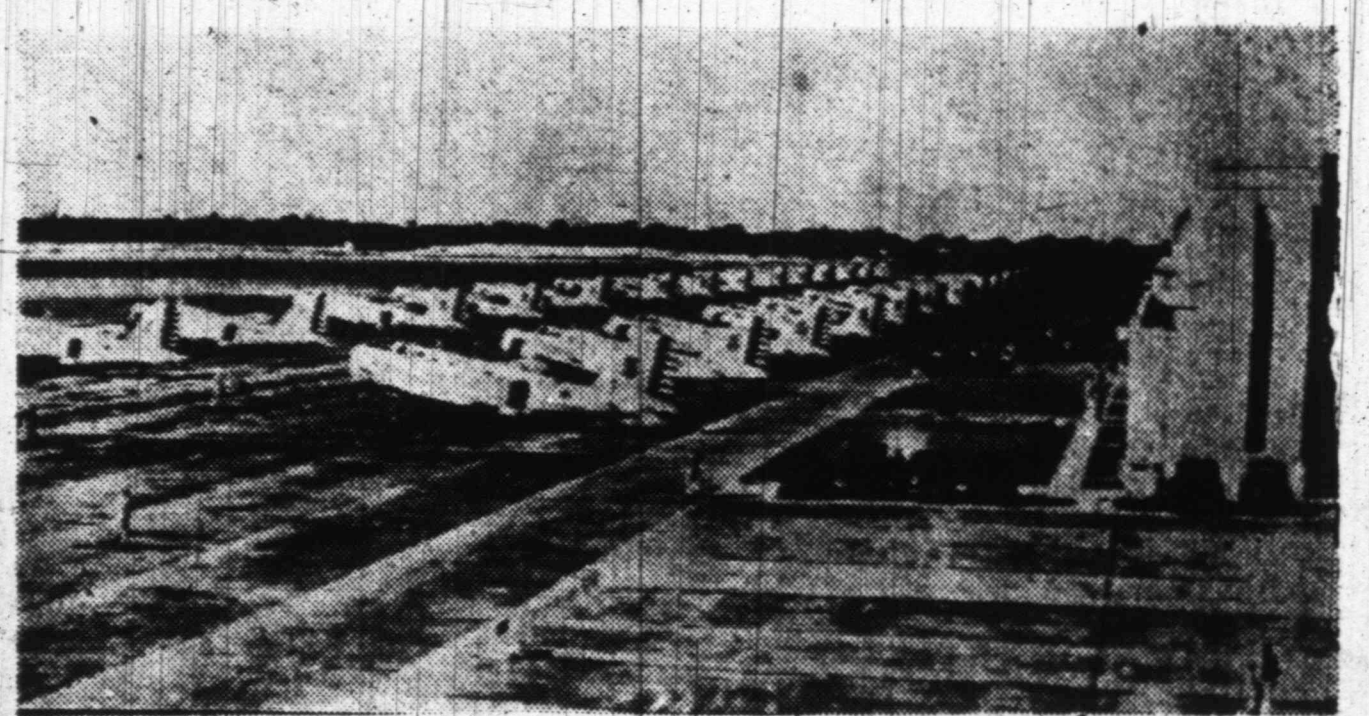
"Last night Japanese forces attacked Guam.

"Last night Japanese forces attacked the Philippine Islands.

"Last night the Japanese attacked Wake Island.

"This morning the Japanese attacked Midway Island.

### Army Air Field Heavily Damaged By Jap Bombers



This is Hickam Field near Pearl Harbor with rows of U. S. Army bombers poised for takeoff. Many were killed when a bomb made a direct hit on a barracks building. (NEA Telephoto).

### Draft Board Receives New Call For 18 Men

The Midland County draft board received a call for Jan. 6 for pre-Army examination at Lubbock of 18 selectees.

The call was number 34 of Selection Service received in this county.

# THE REPORTER-TELEGRAM

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**GOD ALWAYS ON GUARD:** He will not suffer thy foot to be mired. He that keepeth thee shall not slumber.—Psalm 121:3.

## Peace In Industry

Casey Jones is not going to leave the throttle after all, and the wheels of defense will roll over the nation's railroads without interruption.

Settlement of the railroad wage dispute, by dint of 34 hours of continuous conference and within five days of a disastrous national strike, averts once more a major threat to the national defense plans. At the time of the railway settlement, the OPM reported only three strikes involving 1700 workers which were directly hampering defense production. We go into the Christmas season, if not with peace on earth, at least with comparative peace in our own field of industrial controversy.

While the rail situation came unpleasantly close to strike, and while agreement was reached only after the most strenuous mediation efforts, nevertheless the country had some confidence all along that the disastrous strike would not be allowed to develop. Why?

Because there has been no widespread, disastrous strike on the railroads since 1922, almost 20 years ago. The technique of industrial management has been better learned by the railroad men, both those on the trains and in the shops, and in the general offices, than in any other field, possibly excepting the needle and clothing trades, printing, and others where collective bargaining has long been an accepted manner of industrial procedure, not a bugaboo.

There is the additional fact that the leaders of railway labor are not personally ambitious, are not aggressively trying to add meat-cutters, lathers, and insurance clerks to their ranks, or dabbling in international politics. They represent railway labor, and they are content to do that and do it well.

No doubt there will be some disappointment among rail workers at the raise obtained, 9½ and 10 cents an hour.

No doubt there will be some disappointment among rail executives at the additional wage bill implied, possibly \$325,000,000 a year. Yet both are probably convinced that this settlement is in the main fair, and infinitely preferable to a strike, with its bitterness and loss to both sides and its never-to-be-regained setback to national defense.

The railroads, employees and settlers, are to be congratulated on having equitably settled what might have been a nasty problem, and on furnishing to the country and to the world a renewed example of the fact that, given good-will, intelligence, and a sense of responsibility, IT CAN BE DONE.

## The Bill Of Rights

Has man, simply as a human being, any rights in the world merely by virtue of being born into it?

We Americans say, yes. The whole core of our political and social belief revolves around the thought that the individual is sacred—that there is something in each man or woman, simply as men and women, which not governments, not social organizations, not monarchs, Caesars, nor dictators may molest or dilute.

The whole colonial history of North America, from its earliest days, is starred with declarations of rights. Government has always been limited. The people have always felt that it existed for them, not they for the government. Always, in a score of solemn declarations, Americans were asserting, "I am a man. I can be persuaded, but I can't be pushed."

When the present American government was organized, these ringing assertions of the rights of men were strongly in American minds. Assurance was demanded that the new government would not infringe on rights pretty generally conceded to be basic. On Dec. 15, 1791, about three years after the Constitution went into effect, the first 10 amendments became effective. They are called the Bill of Rights.

There was nothing new about them. Practically speaking they were part of the original Constitutions, since adoption was secured on the understanding that they would be included. They simply froze into basic law certain things often asserted before and generally agreed on as fundamental—the right of freedom of worship, of expression, of peaceable assembly and petition for redress of grievances, security against persecutory searches and seizures, of fair trial, of security against loss of private property without fair compensation. All simple things; all things we take too much for granted.

President Roosevelt has done well to call attention to this anniversary, asking that citizens observe Bill of Rights Day on Dec. 15. Whole peoples have not only had these elementary rights snatched from them, but, more terrible still, some have even been persuaded that such rights do not exist at all.

The fundamental rights of man can never be permanently taken from him by force. More insidious, more dangerous by far, is the effort to lull man into forgetfulness of his essential dignity and integrity. It is against this danger, as well as the concrete danger from without, that the President has summoned the American people.

It is good to take part in the observances of Bill of Rights Day. It is better still to read that list of rights itself, carefully and thoughtfully, and then to ask oneself, "What would life be worth without them?"

## Horatius At The Bridge



## Oil Needs Depend On Finding Fields

WILMINGTON, N. C. (AP)—The H.M. Frederichsen, Pure Oil Company tanker, out of Port Arthur, Texas, caught fire at 12:45 a. m. CST Monday but the blaze was confined to the super structure.

The fire apparently started on an oil barge alongside the partly un-loaded tanker and spread to the side of the Frederichsen. The super-structure was counted a total loss.

Federal Bureau of Investigation agents investigated but made no statement. No one was believed injured.

## Crane Forms Junior Band, Plans Concert

CRANE (Sp)—Jacques Nonce's junior band of Crane was organized this week, and a concert is scheduled at the band hall Feb. 2. Lewis Moffett, Grandfalls conductor, will be program guest.

Organization of the band follows: June Crowover, drum major, in charge of saxophones; Mary Lou Boone, band captain, in charge of flutes; Tipton Murrell, student director, in charge of cornets; James Hale, Frank Waller, and Donald Hamblin in charge of clarinets; Betty Wynn, French horns, and John B. Ward, baritone.

Students from the sixth grade down are required to play in the junior band although they also qualify for the senior division. In March the juniors will start marching and drilling for contests with the senior group.

Crane school is one of nine in the state having four credits in instrumental music.

## FBI Agents Probe Fire On Oil Tanker

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## Attacked Vessel Had Passengers

SAN FRANCISCO (AP)—Shipping sources here said Monday that the U. S. transport Hugh L. Scott, reported sunk about 1,600 miles from Manila Sunday, was formerly the American President liner President Pierce.

The source said the liner was not carrying troops, but was bringing passengers to the mainland from the Far East. The 12,579-ton ship left Manila November 28 and was due in Honolulu on December 10.

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## Texas Soldiers Number 127,000

AUSTIN—Texas has a total of approximately 127,000 men in the Army of the United States, Governor Coke Stevenson was advised by Adjutant General J. Watt Page.

In addition to the Texans serving in the Army, there are another 15,000 officers and men enlisted in the Texas Defense Guard. Units already inducted, including air squadrons, total 203.

## Britain Orders Japs To Report

LONDON (AP)—The home office, declaring "the existence of a state of war" between Japan and Britain, Monday ordered all Japanese nationals in the United Kingdom to report at police stations.

Police simultaneously began a roundup of certain Japanese, and among the first taken into custody were representatives of Domei, Japanese news agency.

The home office announcement said: "In view of the existence of a state of war between Japan and this country, Japanese nationals in the United Kingdom now are subject to special regulations applicable to aliens of enemy nationality."

"Accordingly, all Japanese nationals over the age of 16 should report as soon as possible to the nearest police station and produce their registration certificates for necessary endorsement to be made upon them."

## CRANE BAND MEMBERS TO VISIT USO CAMPS

CRANE (Special)—Instead of the trip to the Sun Carnival at El Paso, arrangements are being made to treat the Crane school band to a tour of USO aviation camps, concluded with a visit to Mexico City.

## DOG CHASES RABBIT, GETS INTO TROUBLE

DALLAS (AP)—Roy Eastus jammed on the brakes of his car as a 10-gallon milk can bounded curiously into his path.

Investigation disclosed a large German shepherd dog, his head caught in the can. Roadside efforts at liberation failed but at a garage 30 minutes later the neck of the can was chiseled away from the neck of the dog.

Inside a badly mangled rabbit still struggled.

## Texas Lines Up With U. S. Defense Effort To Defeat Japan As Kinard Pledges Support To Chief Executive

By The Associated Press  
Texas, historic home of fighting men, Monday swung with America into the fight against aggressor Japan.

Already the Lone Star State has taken the lead in defense preparation with the highest percentage of volunteers in the armed forces, greatest number of men in training and the largest and most numerous defense establishments in the nation.

Rep. DeWitt Kinard of Port Arthur, chairman of a legislative committee coordinating defense activities, pledged "our support and the industrial resources of Texas to repel and defeat the invaders and the Axis powers," in a telegram to President Roosevelt.

"Our courage, our heritage, our resources, our love of God together can and will give us victory. We are at your command," Kinard's message said.

Governor Coke Stevenson denounced the "cowardly" Japanese attack and declared the time had come for this nation to lay aside differences and unite.

Texas Guards On Alert  
"Texas will go the limit in defense of our country," Stevenson declared. He saw no need at this time for a special session of the legislature.

Capt. Fred Hickman, assistant director of the state police, said full man power was available to work with Federal agencies, police or military.

On the alert was the Texas Home Defense Guard, largest in the nation with 15,000 officers and men under arms.

Eight hundred air raid warning posts, manned by civilians, were ready for duty.

The fore of guards at the lower Colorado River authority's string of dams above Austin was doubled in response to the government's call for anti-sabotage protection of facilities serving national defense.

Two police officers stood guard at the Houston home and office of Masuru Sano, Japanese consul. Measures were taken to protect

\$300,000,000 worth of National Defense contracts in the Houston area. More than 500 plants in the area are busy on defense orders.

Oil Sabotage Possible  
E. J. Abbotichio, special agent in charge of the Federal Bureau of Investigation office at Houston, said the FBI unit was "under full steam."

Phillip Whitehead, director of the American Federation of Labor Workers in the Texas oil industry, declared there was little doubt that Japanese would try to sabotage the oil industry and asked all workers to become self-appointed guardians of the industry.

Police reserves were thrown around defense industries at Texas City, including the \$3,500,000 tin smelter, oil refineries, the Carbon and Carbide Chemicals Corp. and the Kellogg pipe fabricating concern.

Two Texas representatives who voted against revision of the neutrality act, Charles South and Eugene Worley, Sunday night in Washington called for a declaration of war against Japan.

Worley said: "While we had all hoped to avoid actual conflict until we were fully prepared, I now see no alternative except to roll up our sleeves, tighten our belts and make our enemies rue this day."

South said: "We have been attacked by Japan. We must promptly declare war and prosecute it vigorously to a successful conclusion."

Reps. Paul Kidday, Ed Gossett and Luther A. Johnson and Senator W. Lee O'Daniel generally agreed with this sentiment.

Rep. R. E. Thomason at Gainesville said he favored an immediate war declaration adding: "I'm in favor of giving 'em the works."

## CHURCH SERVES LUNCH

PITTSFIELD, Mass. (UP)—Parents here have little trouble getting their children to attend Sunday school. The First Baptist Church breaks the monotony of a long session in class by serving a light lunch of crackers and cookies during a recess period.

## Cranium Crackers

### DESERT WARFARE

Soldiers fighting on the sands of Libya know well the meaning of the term "heat of battle" for nothing could be hotter than the inside of a tank on the blazing desert. You'll find this set of questions about the North African war front warm entertainment for these cool evenings.

1. Did Winston Churchill say "Tobruk is not Tobruk," that is the question," in the House of Commons just before the new Libyan drive began?

2. What two brothers, and a third officer with a similar sounding name, lead the opening British land sea and air offensive against Libya?

3. Bomba, Benghazi and Bardia are all Libyan cities. Locate each in its relation to the Egyptian border.

4. "To the shores of Tripoli" is a familiar U. S. Marine Corps phrase. Does it refer to Tripoli, the capital of Libya?

5. Is Libya bigger than Texas: than Mexico?

Answers on Classified Page

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## Scenic California



Ah, so tired! That's the way platinum-tressed Marion Martin feels after a jaunt around her 11-acre farm near Hollywood. The California scenery in background is pretty, too.

# SOCIETY

## Miss Vera Webb And John F. Ingram Are Married In Single Ring Service Read At The First Baptist Church

### Guard Of Honor Lends Military Note To Ceremony Here

Six of the bridegroom's soldier comrades formed a guard of honor, when Miss Vera Webb, daughter of Mrs. J. D. Webb, 107 West Louisiana, and John F. Ingram, Battery A, 197th C. A. (A.A.), son of Mr. and Mrs. S. G. Ingram of Mishawaka, Indiana, were married here Sunday afternoon.

The ceremony took place at 2:30 o'clock at the First Baptist Church with the Rev. H. D. Bruce reading the single ring service.

Mrs. Joseph Mims sang "I Love You Truly."

Wallace Wimberly was at the organ for the wedding music, playing "Love's Old Sweet Song" and the marches.

The bride, who was given in marriage by her brother, Lowell Webb, wore a two-piece black crepe costume with trim of black silk braid. Her hat and shoes were black, her gloves white, and her corsage of red rosebuds.

Miss Adean Dyess, who was maid of honor, was in black with a corsage of yellow roses.

Carlis White was best man. A large group of friends and relatives was present for the wedding.

**Triple-Tiered Cake**

A reception was held afterward at the home of the bride's mother. Red roses decorated the rooms.

The three-tiered white wedding cake, topped by miniature figures of a bride and groom, rested on a candle-lit table.

Mrs. Ingram has lived in Midland for a number of years. She is a graduate of Midland High School, attended business college at Lubbock, and is employed at Montgomery Ward store here.

The bridegroom, who is here on maneuvers with the Searchlight Battalion, graduated from Mishawaka High School and attended Notre Dame at South Bend, Indiana.

Mrs. Ingram will remain in Midland and continue her work for a time. Later the couple plans to live at Mishawaka.

### Mrs. Kelly Hostess To Colonial Club

Mrs. E. C. Hitchcock and Mrs. W. M. Schrock were playing guests when Mrs. R. J. Kelly entertained for the Colonial Card Club.

High prize in the games went to Mrs. Terry Elkin, travel prize to Mrs. J. M. Speed, Sr., and bingo award to Mrs. W. Hey Pratt.

Plans were made for the Christmas party on December 16. Members present were: Meses. Elkin, Barney Graf, Jas. G. Harper, O. F. Hedrick, Pratt, Speed, S. M. Vaughan and the hostess.

### Midland Man's Father Stationed Near Manila

At least one Midland man is vitally interested in the turn of events in the Pacific. He is W. E. Dougherty, geologist for Humble Oil & Refining Company, whose father, Col. Louis R. Dougherty, is in command of field artillery in the Philippine Islands.

Colonel Dougherty is stationed at Fort Stotsenburg, about 60 miles inland from Manila on the island of Luzon.

**IF YOUR NOSE FILLS UP TONIGHT**

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•BUTTER  
•ICE CREAM

**HELPING BUILD WEST TEXAS**

### Charles Reader And Carol Casselman Lead Programs

Charles Reader was program leader at the meeting of the Senior Endeavor at the First Christian Church, Sunday evening.

Taking part in the program on "That We May Know Our Bible Better" were: Betty Ruth Pickering, Joyce Strong, Nellie Elkin Brunson, Frances Jones, Glenna Jones, Doris Jean Shockey, and Tony Howard.

After each talk a discussion period was held. Joyce Strong presided at the meeting which was attended by nineteen.

**Intermediate Endeavor**  
The pre-Christmas program of the Endeavor was led by Carol Casselman.

Norman Cornelius gave the opening prayer and Joe Tom Hood the closing prayer.

Talks were given by Sharon Cornelius, Edwina Hood, Mary Nell Casselman, Van Cummings, and Leroy Reader.

Christmas carols were sung and a Bible drill held.

Others present besides those named were the three sponsors: Mrs. I. E. Hood, Mrs. John E. Pickering, and Mrs. Lee Cornelius, a former sponsor, Mrs. B. W. Reecer, and Bernice Pemberton, Irvin Lee Reecer, Harold Reecer, and David Reader.

### Senior League Hears Of Christmas In Other Lands

Colleen Oates was leader for the Senior League of the Methodist Church in its meeting Sunday evening.

Norma Jean Stice read the scripture lesson and talks on Christmas in other lands were made by Elaine Hedrick, Beth Prothro and Alberta Smith.

A short business session was held and it was decided to give a recreation period for the soldiers Saturday night, December 13.

Sunday night supper will be served to the young people at the Presbyterian Church.

The group has been invited by the Presbyterians to go caroling on Christmas Eve.

About 30 were present. **Intermediate League**

A round table discussion on the sacrament of the Lord's Supper was led by Mrs. Jesse Lee Barber Jr. at the meeting of the Intermediate League.

Present were: Betty Jo Joplin, Audie Merrell, Marie Barber, Helen Shelton, Jack Shelton, Allyn Kelly, and two new members, Grace Baker and Meredith Williams, and the sponsor, Mrs. Barber.

### Letters To Santa Claus

Dear Santa:  
Please bring me the Joan doll, airline hostess suit and Let's Play Nurse case.  
Thank you,  
Patty Wilkerson

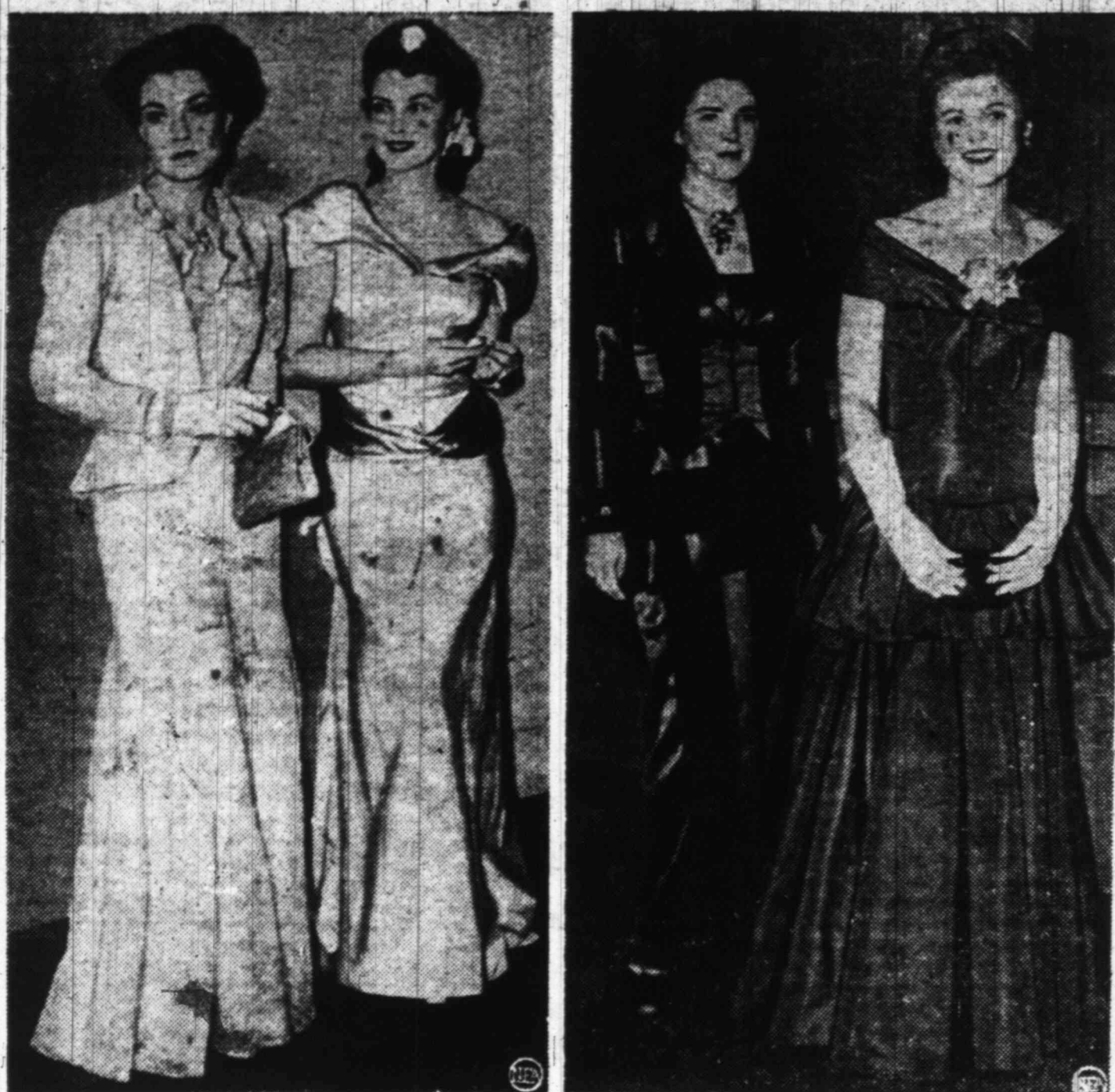
Dear Santa Claus:  
I want a doll with a pink dress, a straw hat, and blond hair; a white fur jacket, and ice skates on and I want a dog that barks for Ronnie and Barbara Sue and a train for Ronnie and I want a dollhouse and furniture, a dresser, a set of tin dishes. I am seven years old.  
Betty Jane Pitzer

### State Employees Pause For President's Speech

AUSTIN (AP)—At the request of Governor Coke R. Stevenson, employees of all state departments Monday were authorized to pause in their regular duties and listen to the President's message to Congress.

### State Defenses Are Prepared For Action

AUSTIN (AP)—Governor Coke R. Stevenson Monday declared all divisions of the state defense organization were prepared for any eventuality.



### Society Goes To Opera Opening

With long sleeve and short glove—Mrs. Harrison Williams, long one of the world's best dressed women, fixes a 1941 formal fashion, at the Metropolitan Opera. Mrs. Williams' gown is of white lace, just touched by sequins. With her is Mme. Aime de Sotio Major, of Brazil, who wears shiny pink satin, moulded like metal, and splashed at the middle with golden sash.

Long toes and swallow-tail lines as society wears them for winter. Mrs. Bradley Geist, left, attended the opera in gleaming satin and dull crepe ingeniously alternating in a sleek dinner suit with tuxedo lapels and "tailed" peplum back. Mrs. Charles W. Nichols, Jr., right, wears a modern taffeta gown reminiscent of the demure days before World War I.

**Coming Events**

**TUESDAY**  
Midland County public health council will meet in the commissioners courtroom at the courthouse Tuesday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

**WEDNESDAY**  
So Sum Club will meet with Mrs. E. C. Hitchcock, 704 N. Pecos, Wednesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

**THURSDAY**  
City-County Federation will meet in the private dining room of Hotel Scharbauer, Thursday morning at 10 o'clock.

**FRIDAY**  
Adult education nutrition study group will meet with Mrs. J. L. Barber, 311 N. Baird, Thursday afternoon at 2:15 o'clock.

**SATURDAY**  
Story Hour will be held in the children's library at the courthouse Saturday morning at 10 o'clock.

**SUNDAY**  
Midland County museum in the courthouse will be open Saturday from 10:30 o'clock in the morning to one o'clock in the afternoon.

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### Midland Girl And Houston Soldier Are Married Here

Miss Bertie Mae Richters and Thomas Boyce Conford, Battery A, 68th CA (AA), were married at the Assembly of God Church, Friday evening at 6:45 o'clock. The Rev. John Wharton officiated.

The bride wore a soldier blue dress with black accessories. The daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Pleas Richters, she has lived in Midland for six years and attended the Midland schools.

The groom is from Houston. Present for the wedding were: The bride's parents, Miss Bennie Jean Branch, Miss Inez Whitaker, and Johnny Mascocenia.

Scharbauer, Thursday morning at 10 o'clock.

Bien Amigos Club will meet with Mrs. L. A. Absher, 1909 W. Holloway, Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Needcraft Club will meet with Mrs. P. F. Kasper, 2007 W. Brunson, Thursday afternoon at the usual hour.

Lucky Thirteen Club will have a Christmas dinner party at the home of Mrs. H. S. Collings, 511 W. Louisiana, Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

Palette Club will meet at the home of Mrs. G. H. Butler, 933 N. Baird Street, Thursday evening for a Christmas party.

Adult education nutrition study sponsored by the South Ward PTA will meet at the Calvary Baptist Church across from the South Ward building Thursday morning at 9 o'clock.

Adult education nutrition study group will meet with Mrs. J. L. Barber, 311 N. Baird, Thursday afternoon at 2:15 o'clock.

**FRIDAY**  
Adult education nutrition study group will meet with Mrs. V. G. Stokle, 708 N. Marientfeld, Friday morning at 9:30 o'clock.

Belmont Bible Class will meet with Mrs. Gladys Holster, 600 North A Street, Friday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock.

**SATURDAY**  
Story Hour will be held in the children's library at the courthouse Saturday morning at 10 o'clock.

Midland County museum in the courthouse will be open Saturday from 10:30 o'clock in the morning to one o'clock in the afternoon.

### FEMININE FANCIES

By Kathleen Eiland

Ah, and alas! We've been taken to task by a mere man for thinking that the electric tooth brush mentioned in this column recently is something new. The electric toothbrush, he assures us, with scorn for our ignorance, is YEARS old—not new at all.

To which our only answer is that the men we buy Christmas presents for would never be interested in such anyway, having sufficient energy to scrub their teeth by hand—so why should we ever have read anything about it? We'll warrant there's never been such a toothbrush in West Texas, anyway. We rather hope the "electrification" has not gone so long lengths.

...  
We like: Star-shaped pottery vases (The star stands upright instead of lying flat on the table); white evening gowns touched off with the glitter of brilliants or sequins; a green velvet costume with two quaint Chinese figures used as pins, the touch of yellow on them picking up the effect of a dramatic gold jersey snood covering the hair and falling to the shoulders—a costume chosen by a lady who knows her clothes; tiny genuine rosebuds made up into sachets; the red Christmas lights outlining the Petroleum building so beautifully—more beautifully than

the lights have done in other years, we think.

Most original thing in the way of Texiana which we've noticed recently is a copper-and-powder bracelet. A strip of brinded cowhide, brushed smooth and flat, is laid in a copper bass and held in place by copper banding at either edge. As an expression absolute of the Southwest in costume jewelry, it wins our admiration and four-star applause.

Also worthy of praise is the necklace of copper stars with a soft leather band to tie around the throat. And the copper pins, shaped like tiny maps of Texas.

We like copper—it's one of our favorite metals. When combined with leather, or used alone, it gives beauty and unusualness to Texas novelties.

**Gift Suggestions For the HOME!**

Beautiful New 6 ft. FRIGIDARE **\$159.50**

Philco RADIOS as low as **\$15.00**

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**THE AP NEVER SLEEPS**

Forty-one years ago, in September 1900, The Associated Press was reorganized and rededicated to the principle of truth in news. The AP never sleeps\* in its adherence to this principle—and this newspaper, a member of The AP, wholeheartedly subscribes.

\*Photo shows night view of The Associated Press Building at 50 Rockefeller Plaza, New York.

# McKENNEY ON BRIDGE

By William E. McKenney  
America's Card Authority

About this time of year, when cold weather sets in, I recall the largest card party I ever attended. It was at St. Petersburg, Fla., about 12 years ago. The party was held in the park and I had agreed to talk.

When I arrived I found that more than 5000 people had come with their own bridge tables, and their own cards. As it was held in the open, it was impossible to talk

♠ K865	♠ J1042		
♥ 73	♥ Q52		
♦ KQ105	♦ 643		
♣ J73	♣ 862		
None	Dealer		
♠ A J 10	♠ A Q 9 7 3		
♥ 4	♥ 8 6		
♦ A J 8 7	♦ 9 2		
♣ 10 9 5	♣ A K Q 4		
Rubber—All vul.			
South	West	North	East
1 ♠	3 ♥	3 ♠	Pass
4 ♣	Pass	Pass	Pass
Opening—♥ K.			

to more than a small group at a time.

While most of them were playing auction bridge, I learned a little lesson that afternoon that I have never forgotten. It was in the play of the "honor" combination of cards shown in today's hand.

Holding two honors in one hand and one or none in the other, the rule is to lead from the hand containing the two honors. In this combination, however, you must play from the hand containing one honor if you are to win the maximum number of tricks.

West cashed two hearts and then shifted to the ten of clubs. South won and carelessly laid down the ace of spades. No he was bound to lose a trump trick besides the ace of diamonds.

The declarer should have stopped to think that only a 4-9 trump break could possibly set him. If all four tricks are held by West, they would surely win a trick. But if all four were held by East, they could be picked up by holding the ace-queen over the jack-ten. The first trump lead should have been a low card to the king.

## Lace Treatment



8082

It is new, it is lovely—this pattern which you'll instantly choose for the most important dress in your wardrobe if you are a size 34 to 48. Simple in outline, this dress has many interesting, flattering details; most important of which is the panel permanent in front which is definitely slenderizing. The softly draped bodice features a lovely low neckline, charmingly outlined with a lace edging which continues to form two rosettes placed at the base.

Pattern No. 8082 is in sizes 34 to 48. Size 38, 3/4 sleeves requires 4 5/8 yards 39-inch material, 3 1/2 yards lace edging.

For this attractive pattern, send 15c in coin, your name, address, pattern number and size to The Reporter-Telegram Today's Pattern Service, 211 W. Wacker Drive, Chicago.

Select all your patterns for home sewing in our Fashion Book, a complete directory of styles for the current season. A. sizes shown. Send for your copy today.

Pattern 15c; Pattern Book 15c; One Pattern and Pattern Book, ordered together, 25c.

## Council Takes Action To Stop Blitz-Quitters

CARDIFF, Wales (UP)—The Cardiff City Council, proclaiming use of the word "guts" and "My God" ungentlemanly, has authorized the printing of 10,000 copies of a poem designed to halt the migrations of "blitz-quitters," who nightly leave the city in their cars for places of greater safety.

The "blitz-quitter" was roundly condemned by the city fathers at a recent council meeting. He was described as the man who packs hot water bottles, blankets and pillows into his car, then drives to country districts to spend the night. Authorities said that by

leaving his home unguarded, the "blitz-quitter" endangered his neighborhood by not being on hand in event raiders set his house afire.

Consequently, the city council studied the following poem attacking the "blitz-quitters":

## Funny Business



"Sell you a good watch dog, Mister?"

## Side Glances



"Lester has very decided views, you know—he says if we didn't live so far away, he'd go down to Washington and give Congress a piece of his mind!"

## THIS CURIOUS WORLD

By William Ferguson



NEXT: A feather in your hat.

## OUT OUR WAY

By J. R. WILLIAMS

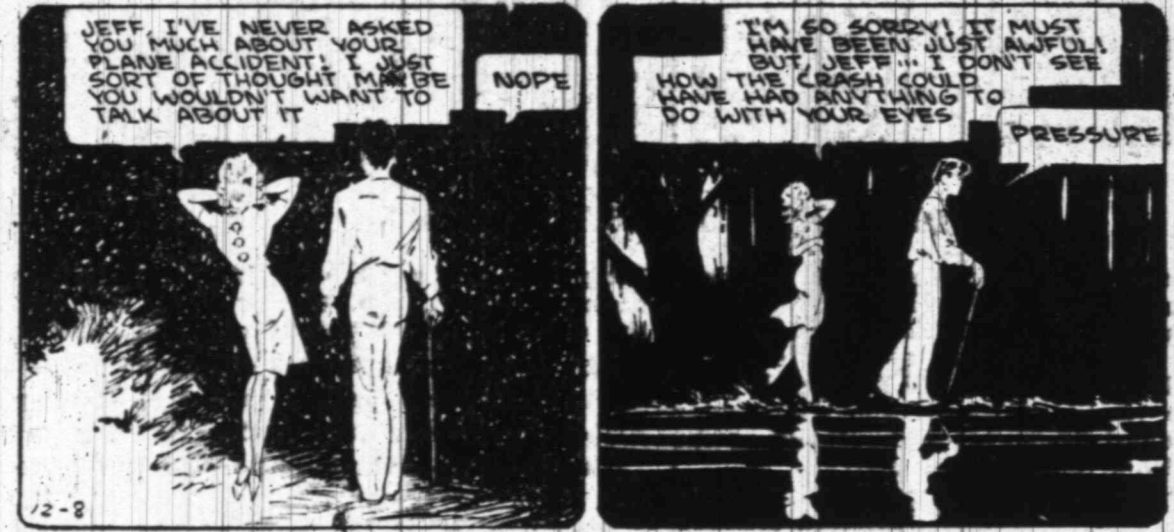


## OUR BOARDING HOUSE

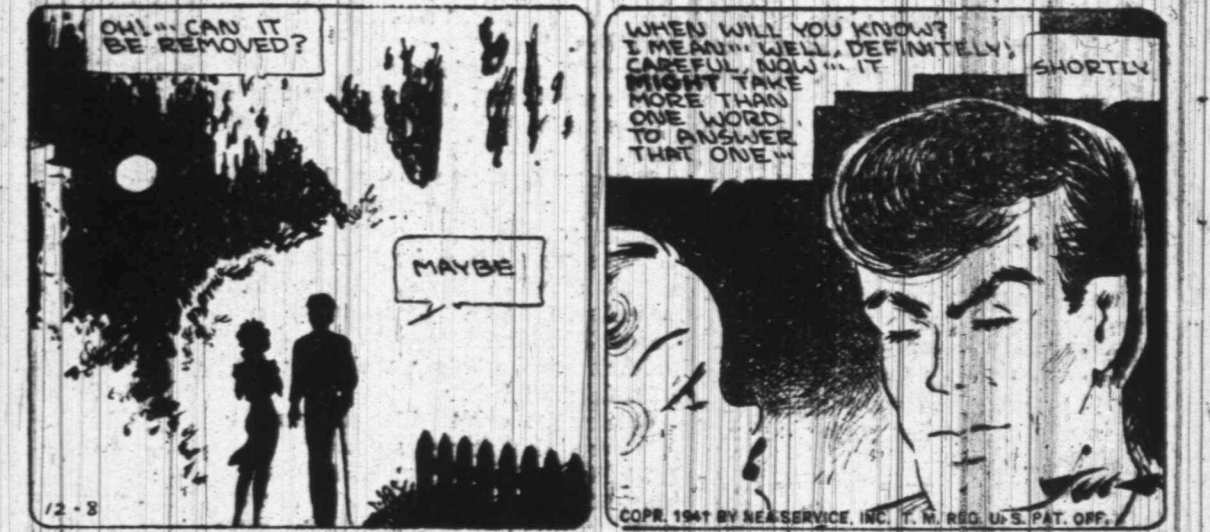
with MAJOR HOOPLE



## BOOTS AND HER BUDDIES



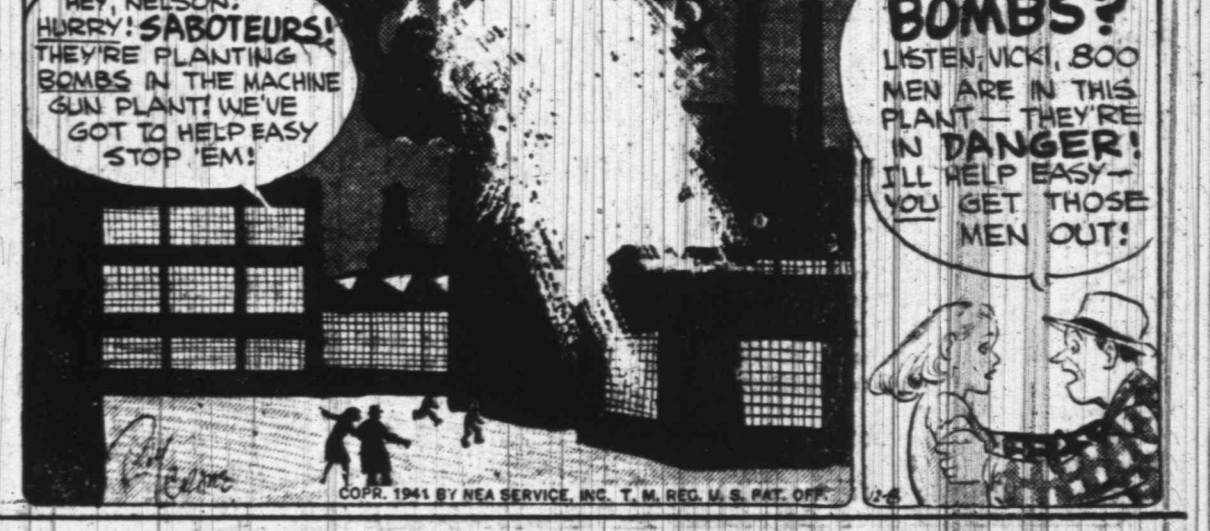
## WASH TUBBS



## ALLEY OOP



## RED RYDER



## FRECKLES AND HIS FRIENDS



## QUINCY ODDS



## THE COOLED CLIMATE





