

The Haskell Free Press.

Vol. 8.

Haskell, Haskell County, Texas, Saturday, Aug. 26, 1893.

No. 34.

Directory.

DISTRICT OFFICERS.

Judge, Hon. J. V. Cockrell.
Dist. Attorney, W. W. Beall.

COUNTY OFFICIALS.

County Judge, P. D. Sanders.
County Attorney, F. F. Jones.
County & Dist. Clerk, J. L. Morgan.
Sheriff and Tax Collector, W. B. Anthony.
County Treasurer, Jasper Millhollon.
Tax Assessor, H. S. Post.
County Surveyor, J. A. Fisher.

COMMISSIONERS.

Precinct No. 1, J. S. Rike.
Precinct No. 2, B. H. Orsley.
Precinct No. 3, C. W. Lucas.
Precinct No. 4, J. B. Adams.

PRECINCT OFFICERS.

J. F. Post, No. 1, J. S. Rike.
Constable Prec. No. 1, T. D. Suggs.

CHURCHES.

Baptist, (Missionary) Every 1st and 3rd Sunday.
Rev. W. G. Caperton, Pastor.
Presbyterian, (Cumberland) Every 2nd Sunday and Saturday before.
No Pastor.
Christian (Campbellite) Every 3rd Sunday and Saturday before.
No Pastor.
Presbyterian, Every 2nd and 4th Sunday.
Rev. W. H. McCullough, Pastor.
Methodist (M. E. Church S.) Every Sunday and Sunday night, W. D. Bass, D. D. Pastor.
Prayer meeting every Wednesday night.
Sunday School every Sunday at 9:30 a. m.
P. D. Sanders, Superintendent.

Christian Sunday School every Sunday.
W. H. Standford, Superintendent.
Baptist Sunday School every Sunday.
O. W. Courtwright, Superintendent.
Presbyterian Sunday School every Sunday.
H. E. Sherrill, Superintendent.

Haskell Lodge No. 992, A. F. & A. M.
meet Saturday on or before each full moon.
G. H. Couch, W. M.
J. W. Evans, Sec'y.

Haskell Chapter No. 181
Royal Arch Masons meet on the first Tuesday in each month.
A. C. Foster, High Priest.
J. W. Evans, Secty.

Professional Cards.

J. E. LINDSEY, M. D.
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.
Haskell, Tex.
Solicits a Share of Your Patronage.
All bills due, must be paid on the first of the month.

A. G. Neathery, M. D., J. F. Burkley, M. D.
DRS. NEATHERY & BUNKLEY.
Physicians and Surgeons.
Offer their services to the people of the town and country.
Office at A. P. McLemore's Drug Store during the day and residence at night.
Haskell, Texas.

Dr. F. M. OLDHAM,
DENTAL SURGEON.
Gold Crown and Bridge work a specialty.

OSCAR MARTIN,
Attorney & Counsellor-at-Law.
Notary Public.
HASKELL, TEXAS.

ARTHUR C. FOSTER,
LAND LAWYER.
NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCER.
Land Business and Land Litigation specialties.
HASKELL, TEXAS.
Office one block west of Court House.

S. W. SCOTT,
Attorney at Law and Land Agent.
Notary Public, Abstract of title to any land in Haskell county furnished on application. Office in Court House with County Surveyor.
HASKELL, TEXAS.

H. G. McCONNELL,
Attorney at Law.
HASKELL, TEXAS.

BALDWIN & LOMAX,
Attorneys and Land Agents.
Furnish Abstracts of Land Titles. Special Attention to Land Litigation.
HASKELL, TEXAS.

Ed. J. HAMNER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
HASKELL, TEXAS.
Practices in the County and District Courts of Haskell and surrounding counties.
Office over First National Bank.

P. D. SANDERS,
LAWYER & LAND AGENT.
HASKELL, TEXAS.
Notarial work, Abstracting and attention to property of non-residents given special attention.

C. J. GEORGE, M. D.
HASKELL, TEXAS.
Office at McLemore's Drug Store.
Having located at Haskell, offer my services to the people, and solicit a share of the Public Patronage.
Surgical Cases Especially Solicited.

A. R. BERGE,
DEALER IN
SADDLES & HARNESS,
To my friends in Haskell Co.:—
While in Seymour, call and examine my prices on Saddlery and Harness Goods.
A. R. BERGE,
N. Main St. Seymour, Texas.

HASKELL COUNTY AS A FARMING COUNTRY.

What One Man Can Do.

THE FREE PRESS has recently been doing a little figuring on the result of farming in Haskell county compared with other sections of the state generally looked upon as the best farming portions of the state. It came about in this way, stepping into a store we heard a farmer from Hopkins county who was here looking at the country say, "This is a mighty pretty country to look at, but I'm afraid it's too dry—I'm afraid if I were to pull up and move out here I would starve out." Out came our pencil, and seizing a piece of wrapping paper, we asked him to tell us how many acres one man without help usually cultivated in his section in cotton, corn, wheat and oats, and the average yield per acre of each and the average price received for the several products.

His answer showed the following items and total:

Corn, 15 acres, 525 bus. at 35 cts. ea.	\$178.75
Cotton, 10 acres 3-1/3 bales at 7 1/2 cts.	116.62
Wheat, 15 acres, 150 bus. at 50 cts.	75.00
Oats, 10 acres, 300 bus. at 25 cts.	75.00
Total value of crop	\$445.37

We then made a calculation of what one man could do in Haskell county as follows:

Wheat, 100 acres, 500 bus. at 50 cts.	\$400.00
Oats, 50 acres, 1000 bus. at 25 cts.	250.00
Corn, 15 acres, 50 bus. at 40 cts.	60.00
Cotton, 10 acres, 3 bales, at 7 1/2 cts.	112.50
Total value of crop	\$822.50

It will be seen that the Haskell farmer more than doubled the Hopkins county farmer. Talk about a farmer starving in Haskell county! The above figures for Hopkins county were based on what the gentleman claimed to be the average yield there, while our figures for Haskell county are based on this year's yield, complained of and admitted by farmers to be one of the poorest crops known here. If we had taken the average yield of wheat here, of 15 bus. per acre, it would have raised our estimate \$350, and the average of 45 bus. oats per acre would have raised it \$187.50 more and oats never sell here at 25 cts., the price we figured them at, except a few just at harvest time, the average price should be about 35 cts. which would raise our Haskell total \$225 more. Cotton we will allow to go in at three bales to ten acres, although most of our farmers say it will make fully a half a bale per acre.

Now take the above items and add them to our Haskell county total and you raise it to \$1710.00. Strangers at a distance will question the truth of our estimate because it involves the cultivation of 175 acres by one man, without help! Well, he can just simply do it, and do it easier than the farmer who has grub, roots, crab grass, the vines etc. to contend with can cultivate his 40 or 50 acres. Chopping out cotton here where we have no crab grass, etc., is a comparatively light job, and all the breaking of land, planting and cultivation of crops is done with implements on which the farmer rides. Take the address of any advertiser or citizen, or half a dozen of them, whose names you find in this paper and write to them for the facts and they will every one tell you that one man can cultivate 175 acres of land here.

A day or two after figuring with the Hopkins county man we met a gentleman from Kaufman county, who has been farming there this year, (Kaufman is one of the leading agricultural counties) and figured a little with him. We will not take the time to give the items but simply state the totals. Kaufman county total for one man \$547.36; Haskell county same as in the above calculation, viz: \$947.50 leaving a balance in favor of Haskell of \$400.14 or nearly double. If we take our estimate of \$1710.00 for an average year in Haskell, we beat him more than three to one! We will say that the Kaufman county man said he was giving us the figures of this year's yield as all their crops, except wheat, were a fair average in yield this year.

The president has issued his proclamation opening the Cherokee, Tonkawa and Pawnee reservations to settlement on Sept. 16th.

The vote will be taken by congress on next Monday on the money question.

HASKELL PUBLIC SCHOOL.

Its Organization and Course of Study.

In determining the important question, as to what shall be taught in the public school, it is desirable to keep in mind its true purpose which, though often discussed, has never been so unsettled in the minds of thinking and, it would seem, some unthinking men and women, as today.

It is the prevailing theory that the Public School is supported by the state as a means of self-preservation. That this might be a sufficient reason for its existence is admitted, but the Free Public School, I believe, rests upon the inalienable right of childhood to an education suited to the condition of the society in which it has its birth.

Under any government claiming the faithful allegiance of its citizens, even to the sacrifice of life, the citizen, too, has a claim upon the government for an education enabling him to fulfill his duties in the best manner.

Three more is required than the three R's for the humblest citizens of the Great Republic. The ability to spell out the name on his ballot is of little worth, unless he can read there the character and purposes of those who planned the ballot; unless he has read something of his country's history, and understands somewhat the causes that have made it what it is, knows, too, of the influences now active for its upbuilding or its degradation.

This we believe to be the high purpose of our Public School system, and we think that the present organization of the Haskell Public School, with its corps of able and experienced teachers, who are, too, gentlemen and ladies of the highest moral and social standing, is eminently fitted to fulfill this end, as will be seen from the course of studies outlined below.

The school is divided into three departments; the Primary, Grammar, and High School. The Primary consists of the first, second, third, and fourth grades.

Miss Sallie Ramsey, who has so ably taught the first and second grades, will again have them under her management. In the first and second grades will be taught, Language, Reading, Arithmetic, Drawing, and miscellaneous work, as directed.

Miss Agnes Gragg who has successfully taught in this county for several years, will teach the third and fourth grades.

The studies for these grades are, Language, Reading, Writing, Spelling, Arithmetic, Geography, Science Lessons, Physiology, and Hygiene, Drawing, and miscellaneous work, as directed and occasion will permit.

The Grammar department consists of the fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth grades.

Language, Reading, Writing, Spelling, Arithmetic, Geography, Science (Paul Bert's parts 1 and 11), Physiology, Primary U. S. History, and oral work, will be taught in the fifth and sixth grades. Miss Vennie Henderson has these grades in charge.

The studies for the seventh grade are, Grammar, Elocution, Writing, Spelling, Arithmetic, Geography U. S. History, Physiology. In the eighth grade will be taught Grammar, Elocution, Composition, Spelling, Writing Higher Arithmetic, Elementary Algebra, U. S. History, Geography, and Physiology.

These grades will be under the management of J. D. Warren.

Following is the course of study for the High School:

FIRST YEAR: Elocution, Spelling, Penmanship, Higher Arithmetic, Algebra, Higher English, General History, Physical Geography, Latin, Book-keeping. SECOND YEAR: Elocution, Spelling, Penmanship, Rhetoric, General History, Higher Algebra, Geometry, Latin, Physics, Civil Government, and Chemistry. THIRD YEAR: Spelling, Writing, Elocution, Literature, Mental Philosophy, Book-keeping, Geometry, Trigonometry, Latin, Chemistry, and Word Analysis.

The High School department will be under the control of Prof. T. D. Lemons, late of the Weatherford schools.

BALD HEADS!



What is the condition of yours? Is your hair dry, harsh, brittle? Does it split at the ends? Has it a lifeless appearance? Does it fall out when combed or brushed? Is it full of dandruff? Does your scalp itch? Is it dry or in a heated condition? If these are some of your symptoms be warned in time or you will be bald.

Is what you need. Its production is not an accident, but the result of a diseased condition. Knowledge of the disease of the hair and scalp is the key to the solution of the problem. It is not a dye, but a thoroughly cooling and refreshing preparation. It follows, it stops falling hair, cures dandruff and grows hair on bald heads.

Keep the scalp clean, healthy, and free from irritating substances, by the use of Skookum Root Hair Grower. It destroys parasitic insects, which feed on the scalp, and destroy the hair.

If your druggist cannot supply you send direct to us, and we will forward promptly, on receipt of price. Grower, \$1.00 per bottle; 4 for \$3.00. Sent by express, 10 cents extra.

THE SKOOKUM ROOT HAIR GROWER CO.,
37 South Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y.

The department of music is under the charge of Mrs. Connie Jones. Lessons one hour every other day at the school house. Tuition (\$4.00) Four Dollars per month.

Miss Mollie Crites will have charge of the Art department. Lessons given every other day at the school house and every other day at Mrs. Rupp's. All the time that is not occupied by the regular recitations in school, may be given to the art lesson.

Tuition for oil painting, pastel, or crayon, lessons every other day, \$3.50 per month. Lessons every day, tuition \$5.00 per month.

All pupils between the ages of 8 and 16 whose parents reside in the No. 1 are entitled to attend the public school free of charge. But non-residents and pupils over and under scholastic age, are subject to the following rates of tuition, payable monthly, to the teacher in charge or to the principal:

Primary grades per month, \$1.50
Grammar grades per month, 2.00
High School grades per month, 2.50

In this article we can only give the branches to be taught in each grade, as space is limited. The rules and regulations and a further direction of work for each grade will appear in the Journal to be issued the week school begins.

The school will open Monday, September 4th.

With a friendly co-operation of teachers, trustees and patrons our school can and will be made a success in every department.

J. D. WARREN.

SAYS Texas Farm and Ranch: "A financial panic is necessary once in a while to take the tomfoolery out of the minds of a certain class of people and teach them that the true wealth of the country is in the soil, and that the man who owns a good farm has a gold mine that, with proper working, is inexhaustible."

Farm and Ranch is correct, there is no man so entirely independent of financial panics and the various other causes which so often combine to wreck the prospects and fortunes of men in every other line of business, as the man who owns a good farm and who is intelligent, enterprising and industrious enough to fill his granery, his smoke house, his potato bins, etc., with its produce, then, add to this his butter and milk, his chickens and eggs and his fruits and vegetables, all the direct productions of a properly conducted farm, and, as we said, he is the most independent man who walks the face of the earth. He will not grow rich as fast as a few lucky persons in other lines of business, but his living is an assured fact and he is blessed with a peace of mind (if he will kick the political agitator and calamity howler, whether it is man or newspaper, off his premises and not allow himself to be harangued into a hysterical condition of mind) unknown to his brethren in other callings. It matters little to him what the rate of interest or the financial condition of the country may be, he can, as it were, "sit under his own vine and fig tree" and drink and eat of his own "milk and honey."

Of course in an adverse year may come to him occasionally, but the prudent man we are talking about has husbanded his resources, has a surplus store laid by and can tide over it far better than can the man in a different business who is dependent for prosperity and comfort on the even flow of business. This is no Utopian dream of an optimist, it can be done, is being done by many; it can be realized right here in Haskell county.

The Congressional Committees.

Speaker Crisp announced his committees on Monday, making several important changes. Hon. W. M. Springer of Ill. was dropped from the head of the ways and means committee (which has the handling of tariff legislation) and Hon. W. L. Wilson was made chairman. It is said that there is no better equipped man in the United States for the head of this committee than Mr. Wilson. He is an intense tariff reformer in his views, but at the same time, a conservative man in action. It is further said that his appointment is taken as the announcement of the speaker that he is in favor of genuine tariff reform, and that it is no secret that the president wanted him at the head of this committee.

Hon. R. P. Bland of Mo., was made chairman of the committee on coinage, weights and measures. Mr. Bland as all know has for a long time been the unflinching champion of silver, and a majority of the committee is in favor of free coinage of silver, but it will have but little influence on the present action of congress, owing to the fact that the subject was already under discussion when it was organized.

Hon. D. B. Culberson of Texas remains at the head of the judiciary committee, still recognized as the ablest lawyer in the lower house, if not in the houses combined.

Hon. J. D. Sayers of Texas, was placed at the head of the appropriations committee, from which position Hon. W. S. Holman of Ind., who long since gained the title of "The watch-dog of the treasury" was dropped.

The foregoing are the most important committees in congress and, two chairmanships out of the four coming to Texas members is an honor and a recognition of ability of which Texans may be proud.

Other Texas members were placed on following committees:

- Mr. Crain, chairman, committee on expenditures on public buildings and election of president and vice-president.
- Mr. Kilgore, three committees: weights and measures, territories and coinage.
- Mr. Culberson banking and currency.
- Mr. Bailey, judiciary.
- Mr. Gresham, public lands, railroads and canals.
- Mr. Cockrell, three committees: mines and mining, private land claims and expenditures of war department.
- Mr. Bell, on Pacific railway committee.
- Mr. Pendleton, two committees: Indian affairs and accounts.
- Mr. Paschal, two committees: irrigation of arid lands and immigration and naturalization.
- Mr. Cooper, two committees: war claims and alcoholic liquor traffic.
- Mr. Abbott, public buildings and grounds and District of Columbia committee.

To Home Seekers

There are thousands of people in the old Texas wanting reliable information about Texas, especially about the great small grain region. There is no other way to get such information as good as a few months' reading of the best papers. Select the locality which you want to know about and then subscribe for the paper published there for four or six months, and through its weekly references to farming operations, crops, stock, fruits, vegetables, the schools, churches, societies, etc., and the doings of individuals and the business notices, advertisements, etc., you will acquire a correct knowledge of what its products are, price of land and other property, the status of its society, schools and churches and the business manager's and nation's of its people's knowledge that it would require weeks of residence to obtain. Haskell county is situated in the heart of the wheat region and is an unpassed as a small grain country. For stock raising or anything else, call on the best of producers and they are ready in northwestern Texas. Sell 50 cents and call this paper four months of \$1.00. Send your name and address to the publisher, The Haskell Free Press, Haskell, Texas.

THE HASKELL NATIONAL BANK,

HASKELL, TEXAS.

A General Banking Business Transacted. Collections made and Promptly Remitted. Exchange Drawn on all principal Cities of the United States.

DIRECTORS:—M. S. Pierson, A. C. Foster, J. L. Jones, Lee Pierson, S. H. Johnson, J. F. Pierson, P. D. Sanders.

HASKELL and SEYMOUR

PASSENGER, EXPRESS AND MAIL LINE.

DAILY BOTH WAYS.

Connects at Haskell with Abilene-Anson and Haskell line.

Leaves Seymour at 7 a. m., Arrives not later than 8 p. m.
Leaves Haskell at 7 a. m., Arrives not later than 8 p. m.

Fare one way \$3.50. Round Trip \$6.00.
JOHN McMITTLEN, Proprietor, Haskell, Texas.

ABILENE, ANSON and HASKELL

PASSENGER, MAIL AND EXPRESS LINE.

DAILY BOTH WAYS.

Connects at Haskell with Seymour line to Haskell.

Connects at Abilene with trains, east and west bound.

GOING NORTH: Leaves Abilene at 4:30 p. m., Arrives at Anson 9:30. Arrives at Haskell at 11:30 next day.
GOING SOUTH: Leaves Haskell at 1 p. m., Arrives at Anson 6:30 p. m., Arrives at Abilene at 10:30 a. m.

Fare one way \$3.50. Round trip \$6.00.
Abilene Office at Fulwider Bros. Livery Stable.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

HASKELL, TEXAS.

All business pertaining to legitimate and conservative banking solicited.

Prompt attention given to collections. Interest paid on time deposits.

DIRECTORS:—A. H. Tandy, J. C. Baldwin, E. Hill, J. S. Keister, B. H. Dodson, R. E. Sherrill, J. V. W. Holmes.

THE CITY MEAT MARKET,

DICKENSON BROS., Prop.

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF Fresh Meat.

HASKELL, TEXAS.

W. W. FIELDS & BRO.

AT THEIR

New Building on West Side of Square.

Where They Have a Full and Complete Stock of—

STAPLE and FANCY GROCERIES.

They propose to keep constantly stocked up with fresh and choice goods, which they will sell as low as such goods can be sold in this market.

They will buy all kinds of—

COUNTRY PRODUCE

and pay best market prices for same.

GIVE THEM A CALL.

ELKHART CARRIAGE AND HARNESS MFG. CO.

No. 1 Farm Harness \$24.50
No. 119 Road Wagon \$27
No. 41 Wagon \$45

Have sold to consumers for 20 years. No. 119 Road Wagon. Largest manufacturer in America selling harness and harness line. Only with price high to examine before any money is paid. We pay freight both ways. Free of charge. We want for two years. We pay in Advance. We go to order for you. We pay freight both ways. We take all the risk of damage in shipping.

WHOLESALE PRICES
Spring Wagons \$25 to \$30. Quaintest and most useful for show and for business. No. 119 Road Wagon. \$27.00. No. 41 Wagon. \$45.00. No. 119 Road Wagon. \$27.00. No. 41 Wagon. \$45.00.

OUR HARNESS
are of A. 1. Quality. Leather. No. 119 Road Wagon. \$27.00. No. 41 Wagon. \$45.00.

W. B. PEATT, Sec. WELSHART MFG. CO.

The Haskell Free Press.

J. B. POOLE, Ed. and Prop.

HASKELL, TEXAS

Those who are waiting for the world's fair for fun and those who are waiting back from necessity will have an opportunity to exchange congratulations at the cross roads.

UNLIKE the duke of Veragua the rajah rajagan of Kapurthala is likely to cable over when he gets home that he is dead broke and anxious for a sympathetic fund.

The man who makes \$100,000 by writing a popular song gets his name in all the papers to excite our envy, but we never read much about the 100,000 men who write songs that are not popular and never make a cent.

The German artist who slashed his own picture in the World's fair art exhibition for fear he might be tempted to sell it for less than \$20,000 may be a splendid artist, but he will never shine with meteoric brightness as a business man. He would have found \$19,000 better than nothing.

LIEUTENANT PEARY does not appear to be approaching the Arctic zone very fast, but he is learning something. It has dawned upon him through the greed of northern that the price of dogs is regulated by the demand. Also that the Colorado burro will not sing his sweetest songs off the Greenland coast.

If the consumption bacillus, with which Dr. Walker of New York has been inoculated, are as another envious doctor has affirmed, "as old as the pyramids," then Walker will probably have "slow consumption." Such old and infirm bacilli as these should not be expected to work very rapidly.

The cost of the Chicago postoffice is one-third of its revenue. Chicagoans not only pay for their own postal facilities, but pay three-fifths of the deficit in the postoffice department on the entire mail service. That's one of the reasons why they object to having the postoffice department let their building alone till it falls down.

"WHY should I hug other women when I have a wife at home who is always glad to be embraced?" asked a man in a New York police court yesterday, when he was accused of hugging women on the street, but the justice fined him \$10 just the same. Probably the justice is a married man himself.

The night that a mob broke into the Memphis jail and took from and lynched a young negro the sheriff very cannily allowed himself to be knocked on the head, and so was not able to defend his prisoner. He is now a candidate for re-election, and his consideration in not shooting at the crowd of lynchers is his strongest campaign material.

The suicide who put an end to his life by exploding powder in his mouth is sure to have imitators. There are those who maintain that suicide is as much an epidemic as whooping cough or measles. However this may be it is true that any peculiar method, either of suicide or murder, is sure to be imitated.

If Peary means to race with Nansen for the north pole he should not linger about Newfoundland too long and get lost in the fog banks. The general impression prevails that the elusive pole is to be driven to its covert and caught at last, and everybody in America wants Peary to catch it before the other fellows get there.

MESSES. MALLETTO and MATAFAA, rival kings of the Samoan islands, have been amusing themselves with a little private war. The latter was kicked out of his royal sandals, but didn't surrender till pressure was brought to bear by America, England and Germany, the three political guardians of the turbulent South sea children.

Down at Santa Barbara a young man secured a license to marry a young woman, neglecting first to consult her. Armed with the document he broke into her house and scored her nearly out of her wits. Furthermore he got locked in jail on a charge of burglary. A sadder instance of placing the cart before the horse is seldom recorded.

The authorities at Sacramento are asked to send a boy to the reform school because he likes custard pie, and occasionally buys it with money he earns himself. The lad's father makes this request. As a loving parent he probably is entitled, not only to the cake, but the entire bakery, and considers the absorption of custard pie a trespass on his own prerogatives.

A CHIFFER veteran of eighty years proposes to walk from New London, Conn., to Chicago, in forty-two days without money. He may get to Chicago all right, but a man must be more than eighty years old to get along in Chicago without money.

ALEXIS COLUMBUS of Buffalo traces his descent back directly to the admiral. He has two sons, six daughters, thirty grandchildren and nine great grandchildren—all of whom are deeply interested, probably, in the Veragua sympathetic fund.

A WILKESBARRE youth attempted suicide two months ago because he could not marry the girl of his choice. He made another attempt on his life the other day because the stern parents relented and allowed him to marry his alter ego.

THERE is considerable discussion going on just now in regard to the greatest novel. As no two men have the same opinion in regard to the greatness of a novel it looks as if this momentous question would never be settled.

CONGRESSIONAL NEWS.

Why the Senate Reconsidered Its Action and Adjourned Over Till To-day.

REASON: FOR ASKING HIS RESIGNATION.

A Brief Review of the Situation, No Money and Something Must Be Done to Relieve the Distressed Condition of the Country.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—The senate was not in session Saturday. Rather unexpectedly, and after refusing to adjourn over from Friday until Monday, early in the day Saturday the body reconsidered its action behind the closed doors of an executive session. In some quarters it was suggested that the torpedo thrown into the senate by Mr. Butler of South Carolina in the shape of an amendment to the bank circulation bill repealing the state tax on banks had alarmed the senators, who desired speedy action on that measure, and fearing that the amendment might carry and thereby cripple the national bank system unless full time was given to point out the dangers it involved, they permitted an adjournment.

Administration Disappointed.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The speech of Senator Vest in the senate on silver is the subject of much comment among congressmen. The publication of it in the Record has given all an opportunity to know what he said. The chief topic is the attitude of Mr. Vest toward the administration. He has been about the white house a great deal and it was believed he was a close counselor of the president. It has been openly stated all along that he was with the president on the silver question, and that he would vote for the unconditional repeal of the Sherman law. Anyhow, his position on silver and his changed attitude toward silver was the source of great astonishment and forthwith there went forth all sorts of reports as to what the administration would do to get even with him. It is certain that Carlisle was furious at him and was not at all lacking in vigorous language in conversation with his close friends in condemnation of the course of the Missouri senator. The latter stung the former to the quick by half-expressing his position on silver by quoting good silver views and expressions from Carlisle's speeches before he became secretary of the treasury.

The Bank Circulating Bill.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—The time of the senate need not be wasted, for it has before it the bill providing for an increased circulation of national bank currency, and that bill will provoke much opposition. In addition to the amendments proposed to it by Senators Cockrell of Missouri and Allen of Nebraska, and which are conceived in a spirit hostile to national banks, there is another amendment to it which was offered by Mr. Gorman of Maryland. This amendment looks only to the prevention of any sudden or large withdrawal of the circulation of national banks and would seem to be unobjectionable either to the friends or enemies of the national bank system.

Review of the Situation.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—The southern men in the house who favored silver, are about as sick over the debate now going on as they were of anything in all their lives. The morning papers contain to items of significance. One of them is that the North Carolina and Texas farmers have hauled last year's cotton to market and had to return home with it because there was no money to buy it with. The other is the riotous proceedings in New York and the arrest of men for stealing bread. From the north and the south comes the cry that something must be done.

Gold Certificates to Be Increased.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—Senator McMillan of Michigan introduced in the senate yesterday a bill to provide for the more extended use of gold by the people of the United States. It amends the statutes by reducing from \$20 to \$5 the minimum issue of gold certificates for gold and bullion deposits.

Another Repeat Bill.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—The senate finance committee will probably report favorably an unconditional repeal bill to-day and ask that body to fix a date for a vote, perhaps in a day or two after the vote in the house. The committee has agreed upon all but the phraseology of the bill, which will contain a declaration favorable to bimetalism.

To File Proof and Argument.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—Secretary Smith yesterday directed Alighting Agent Duncan to notify all persons who have made selections for allotment in the Cherokee outlet that they will be allowed to file at the interior department proof and argument in support thereof until September 1.

Will Visit the President.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—It is stated at the treasury department that Assistant Secretary Hamlin, while in Massachusetts, will visit President Cleveland, and as a result of that visit on his return to Washington a number of important treasury appointments will be announced.

Let It Alone.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—In the senate yesterday Mr. Mitchell (Republican) of Oregon gave notice of a resolution providing that the Fifty-third congress shall not revise the present tariff laws and Mr. Vest of Missouri introduced a bill for the coinage of all the silver bullion in the treasury.

Visited the House.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—Among the visitors to the house of representatives Saturday were the party accompanying his highness the Kapurthala of India. They were in charge of Col. Massey of the English army.

Repeat Bill Reported.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—As predicted the senate committee on finance yesterday morning reported the bill for the repeal of the purchasing

clause of the Sherman act, accompanying it by a declaration in favor of bimetalism. The committee was in session only an hour and the only point of contention was over the wording of the bill, the committee having reached the conclusion that they would take final action yesterday. The bill was drawn by Voorhees and was put before the committee yesterday morning in printed form, the text being in accordance with former suggestions. The bill thus comes as an original measure, favorably reported and will probably be known as the Voorhees bill. The votes by which it was reported were those of Voorhees, McPherson, Morrill, Sherman, Allison and Aldrich, the last four named being Republicans.

Voorhees Stank Bill.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—The bill of the finance committee of the senate to allow national banks to issue currency to the par value of the bonds deposited by them in the treasury was fairly launched on its voyage in the senate yesterday, but it is sure to experience very stormy weather that will retard if it does not prevent its reaching port in safety. It will take good management to overcome the obstacles, one of which is the amendment offered yesterday by Mr. Cockrell (Democrat) of Missouri directing the secretary of the treasury to redeem such of the outstanding 2 per cent bonds as may be offered, to pay for them at par with accrued interest by a new issue of greenbacks. Mr. Cockrell calculates that if this amendment is incorporated in the bill, and if the bill becomes a law, more than \$20,000,000 of the \$25,000,000 of those bonds will be presented, and that this is an issue of more than \$20,000,000 in greenbacks will be put in circulation. It is understood that he has also in reserve several other propositions that will not be very pleasing to the national banks or their friends in the senate. The new senator from Nebraska, Mr. Allen, is also prepared to attack the bill with an amendment for the suspension of the interest on the bonds deposited by the national banks as a basis for the increased circulation. There are therefore lively times ahead of the bill and Mr. Voorhees will have to put forward all his resources to prevent its being swamped in the senate.

On to Honolulu.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Orders were telegraphed yesterday to Capt. Parker, commanding the cruiser Philadelphia at Callao, Peru, to proceed at once to Honolulu to relieve the cruiser Boston. The Boston will go to San Francisco on the arrival of the other vessel. The Adams, a wooden man-of-war, is now at Honolulu with the Boston and from the present peaceable aspect of things it would seem that she is sufficient to meet any emergency, but the state and navy departments evidently have in mind a contingency that causes them to take a contrary view or else they are determined to be on the side of absolute safety by taking no chances. The Boston will be docked at San Francisco, her bottom scraped and the necessary repairs made.

Killed About Two-Bills.

WEST LAKE, La., Aug. 21.—A killing occurred at Lock, Moore & Co.'s mill about 2 o'clock yesterday evening. Tom Carter shot and killed John Williams. Carter owed Williams 25 cents. Williams asked Carter for the money and he refused to pay. Williams procured an ax and told Carter he would kill him unless he paid it. Carter paid the money and then got a Winchester and fired three shots at Williams, killing him instantly. He then fled to the swamps. Both parties to the killing are colored. The sheriff is in pursuit.

Shot from Ambush.

BEARDEN, Ark., Aug. 21.—Friday night at 11 o'clock, while returning home after a business trip to Camden, when within twenty paces of his residence, Capt. R. T. Justice, a well known lumber dealer and mill owner, was fired upon and mortally wounded by unknown parties from ambush. Instantly he fell, and his personal effects, including his personal notes for about \$200,000, all of which, it is thought, will prove a total loss.

A Bank President Gone.

TOPEKA, Kan., Aug. 16.—Robert Kincaid, president of the defunct Citizens' bank of Mound City, Kan., and a partner in five other banking institutions, has fled. In addition to the bank failures, the people of Lynn county hold his personal notes for about \$200,000, all of which, it is thought, will prove a total loss.

Stabbed His Wife.

SANTA CRUZ, Cal., Aug. 17.—James Neary killed his wife Tuesday night, stabbing her in the groin. No one witnessed the affair. Neary claims that it was purely accidental; that he threw a knife on the table and it glanced and struck his wife, who was sitting beside the table. The woman died in a few moments. The husband is under arrest.

Ten Killed.

PARIS, Aug. 18.—French and Italian workmen fought in Algues Morte, department of Gard yesterday. The fight began in a street at noon and was carried on intermittently for nearly two hours. The police made repeated efforts to restrain the men, but were not strong enough to restore peace. Ten men were killed and twenty-six wounded.

How in Bombay.

LONDON, Aug. 17.—Government dispatches say that Bombay is in possession of a mob. The troops are powerless. Every mosque is destroyed. Many persons were massacred. Europeans are panic-stricken. The troops are protecting only the public buildings. The governor has appealed for help, asking for instructions.

Did a Bit Business.

DENVER, Col., Aug. 21.—Leon M. Carrier of Quebec, Canada, is under arrest here, charged with forgery. By means of forged bills of lading, he is charged, he converted seventy-five car loads of flour to his own use and fled the country. Altogether he is supposed to have obtained \$200,000.

Fifty Men Killed.

BERLIN, Aug. 21.—A premature explosion in the King Ludwig mine, at Hoyme, near Bochum, Westphalia, killed seven miners and wounded six. Later advices state that fifty were killed outright, and that of the scores of injured many will die. It is impossible to obtain further particulars.

A Double Killing.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Aug. 19.—At Gleason, Carroll county, Tennessee, Thursday evening Dr. Wilson, a well-known druggist, meeting Polk Alexander, a prominent citizen, on the street, shot him dead and then shot himself because of a dispute about business matters.

Seventeen Drowned.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 16.—A fishing fleet was overwhelmed by a storm yesterday in the Baltic sea. Seventeen people are known to be drowned and many others are missing.

Didn't Get Much.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 16.—A south-bound Texas and Pacific train was held up south of Mansfield Monday night. Masked men boarded the train,

A GOLD LADEN TRAIN

Bound for Chicago is Wrecked, and the Money is Scattered, but Recovered.

KILLED ABOUT TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Captain R. T. Justice Shot from Ambush—Fifty Persons Lose Their Lives by a Premature Explosion in a Mine.

WHITTINGTON, Ind., Aug. 21.—Fort Wayne mail and express train No. 7, carrying \$250,000 in gold coin consigned to Chicago, was wrecked here at 1:45 Saturday morning. The engine was thrown from the track and the car which contained the coin was burst open and the treasure was partly thrown out and scattered in the middle of the highway. The wreck caught fire from the engine, and but for the prompt action of the fire department the train with the precious load would have been consumed. A score of men were procured to guard the money and at dawn it was taken to Chicago by another train. No one was injured save two laborers, who will recover.

Beaten and Robbed.

LAKE CHARLES, La., Aug. 18.—Wednesday night about thirteen miles east of Lake Charles J. C. Cantrell, joint ticket agent of the Southern Pacific and the Kansas City, Watkins and Gulf roads, was decamped from home by a negro on a false pretense that a man had been crippled by a railroad train some distance away. He was then knocked in the head, it is said, by the negro and two white men. The negro then returned to Cantrell's house and robbed it. Cantrell is alive, but is expected to die. It is said that three ruffians have been captured in Lafayette.

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covered the engineer and made him take the train to a secluded spot. The express car was entered and the small safe was robbed of a few dollars. The robbers demanded that the combination safe be opened, but the combination was not known to the messenger and it could not be opened until the train reached the city. The robbers made their escape when they found they were unable to open the combination safe, which contained several thousand dollars and other valuables.

Killed His Brother.

FORT SMITH, Ark., Aug. 17.—News reached this city yesterday of a serious shooting affair which occurred in the Choctaw nation about seven miles from here in Monday. Walter and Alex Massey live with their stepfather, named Carter. The latter got into a quarrel with his wife and was beating her when Walter Massey interfered. Carter turned on him and knocked him down. Young Massey got up swearing vengeance, and went out to a neighbor's and borrowed a Winchester. As he was nearing home he saw some one coming around the corner of the house, and supposing it was Carter, opened fire. In this he was mistaken, and he soon learned that instead of shooting his stepfather he had mortally wounded his brother, Alex. Massey was arrested and lodged in the federal jail here. At last accounts his brother was alive with little hopes of recovery.

Hebrew Rioters.

NEW YORK, Aug. 18.—The first of the riots which the labor leaders and others have been predicting for some time as the result of the large number of men out of employment occurred yesterday morning. A crowd of more than 5000 men attacked Wallahalla hall on Orchard street because admittance was denied them. They smashed the plate glass windows into atoms, forced the door and forcibly took possession of the place. Several persons were cut by flying glass. All sorts of missiles were used and finally the police reserve from Eldridge street station was ordered to the scene and succeeded in partially restoring quiet. Those forming the crowds were mostly Hebrews and represented principally the clothing traders.

Children Mutilated.

VIENNA, Aug. 18.—A gang of men have been arrested in Biskupitz, Croatia, because they have mutilated young children. The men for years have made a trade of crippling children and then sending them out to beg, or selling them to others for the same purpose. The children were stolen or misled with promises to visit a house kept by the gang on the outskirts of the town. Once there they were bound and tortured. When the police forced their way into the house they found two girls of 12 or 14 years with their legs broken. Another girl of the same age lay on a bed with her right arm broken and both eyes gouged out. Two children hardly less horribly mutilated were found on cots in the cellar.

A Hartsorn Killing.

FORT SMITH, Ark., Aug. 19.—Deputy Marshal William Ellis was in from Hartsorn yesterday bringing with him a man named Donaghe, who killed a negro named Henry Payne at that place about a week ago. Donaghe is badly wounded in the fleshy part of the leg, near the hip, and had to be placed in the jail hospital. He claims as the reason for shooting Payne, that the negro ran over him with a buggy. Donaghe and his little son were going home from Hartsorn when they were met by Payne and another negro, and were deliberately driven over by them. Donaghe claims that Payne shot at him first and then ran. He fired two shots at the negro, both of which took effect, on account of which Payne afterward died.

Death-Dealing Frank.

BEAVER FALLS, Pa., Aug. 16.—Monday, near Homewood, Frank Graham, 17 years old, knew three other boys were hunting ground hogs about a mile below the village. He got a can of blasting powder, attached a fuse and placed it in a little pile of rocks and waited until the young hunters neared the spot. Then he lit the fuse and dropped it. Burgess Reed, 17 years, James Reed 16, and James Carney, 17, approached the spot as the can exploded. All were maimed and burned terribly. All died yesterday morning. Graham escaped.

Work of Jealousy.

GUTHRIE, Ok., Aug. 17.—Several days ago Miss Burch, a dining-room girl at the Palace hotel, received an anonymous letter in which the writer threatened to kill her and himself if she did not stop receiving attention from a certain admirer. She paid no attention to the threat and Tuesday night as she was passing through the hallway to her room she was struck on the head with a rock, making a bad wound from the effects of which she has lain in delirium since. Her assailant escaped. No clue to his identity.

Paid the Penalty.

QUINCY, Ill., Aug. 19.—William J. Janison was hanged at 11 o'clock yesterday in the basement of the court house in the presence of 100 people. He was a colored herb doctor and he was executed for the murder of Supervisor Charles N. Aaron, on April 19, 1892. This is the third legal execution the county has known in its sixty-five years of history, and they have come just thirty years apart.

Kentucky Lynching.

MORGANFIELD, Ky., Aug. 19.—Charles Walton, a colored murderer was lynched near here Thursday night. Walton lured Sam Keith, white, aged 13, into a cornfield, cut his throat and robbed him of \$4.

Hot Spring Killing.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., Aug. 19.—As the result of an old quarrel Enory Sullivan yesterday afternoon shot and killed John Lowry and then surrendered, asserting self-defense. Hot prominent.

In Gallia.

VIENNA, Aug. 19.—In the last forty-eight hours 23 fresh cases of cholera and 22 deaths have occurred in Gallia

CLEVELAND IS HANGED

In Effigy and Riddled With Bullets by Democrats in Bowie County.

TWO LADIES STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.

Killed by a Blast in a Well—A Tree Falls Upon a Man and Crushes His Life Out—Printer Struck by Lightning.

TEXARKANA, Tex., Aug. 21.—At Buchanan, ten miles west of here, in Texas, a mass meeting of about 150 voters, nearly all Democrats, was held Friday night. Resolutions bitterly denouncing Cleveland as a champion of the money power and an enemy of the common people were adopted, after which the president was hanged in effigy and riddled with bullets. Only a few of the more cool-headed and conservative citizens of the community condemned the crowd's action.

Children Cremated.

PARIS, Tex., Aug. 15.—The old tragedy that has been enacted and reenacted in the south was repeated here Sunday night. The wife of Henry White, a negro living in the northwestern portion of the city, went away from home and left her two boys, Jim and Eugene, aged 6 and 4 years respectively, at home. In order to prevent their leaving during her absence she locked them in the house, in which she left a lamp burning. About 10:30 the house was discovered to be on fire by a negro named Jim Ward who heard the screams of the children. He gave the alarm and broke in the door and managed to get the oldest boy out but the other child perished and his body was literally cremated. The boy who was rescued died of his burns yesterday. He said on being rescued that the fire was caused by the lamp falling off a cupboard and burning.

Struck by Lightning.

DENISON, Tex., Aug. 21.—A wind and electric storm of great severity visited here and vicinity Saturday evening. A number of out-buildings were turned over and a number of houses unroofed. Two young ladies, Misses Rapening and Seales, who were en route home and who stopped under a tree, were struck by lightning and knocked senseless. They lay on the ground in the rain over an hour before they were discovered. Miss Rapening has a very severe wound in the side. Both, however, regained consciousness and will recover.

Little Boy Cremated.

DAINGERFIELD, Tex., Aug. 19.—Two little sons of H. L. Lawton of this place were playing in his barn yesterday and it is supposed they had matches and set the barn on fire. The youngest, about 7 years old, got out, but the older one, about 10 years of age, perished in the flames. His mother ran up a ladder, got in sight of and called him. He started, but the fire by that time was so hot he fell back and burned in sight of his distressed mother. His legs, when the body was taken out of the debris, were burned off above the knees and the body burned beyond recognition.

Printer Hurt.

WACO, Tex., Aug. 21.—An electric storm of great violence, with Waco as a center, lasted an hour yesterday morning. Trees, houses and telegraph poles were struck by lightning. A stranger was found in an unconscious condition beside the Texas Central track near a telegraph pole, which had been struck. He is a small man with one eye and had a printer's composing rule in his pocket.

Angry Depositors.

SAN ANGELO, Tex., Aug. 17.—The sheriff of Sutton county passed through here yesterday morning with W. B. Buchanan, president of the defunct Sutton county bank of Sonora and the bank of Robert Lee, en route for the former place, where he is charged with embezzlement and misappropriating funds entrusted to his bank. There is considerable feeling against Buchanan by the depositors at Sonora.

Drank Kerosene.

DALLAS, Tex., Aug. 19.—A 2-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Johnson, residing on Ashland street, yesterday crawled up to a stove where his grandmother was making a fire. Near the stove on the floor stood a tin cup more than half full of kerosene oil. The child mistook the oil for water and drank it. A physician was at once summoned and by means of emetics he saved the child's life.

Killed by a Falling Tree.

BEAUMONT, Tex., Aug. 21.—S. L. Whitaker, employed at Hook's switch setting out logs for the Hook's Lumber company, had a tree to fall across his chest, killing him. His relatives live at White Path, Ga. They have been telegraphed for disposition of the remains.

Killed in a Well.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Aug. 21.—On the ranch of J. D. Sipple some Mexicans were engaged in blasting in a well. Romano Diaz, thinking the fuse had become exhausted, was lowered to the bottom just as the explosion took place. He was instantly killed.

He Dodged.

COLMESNEIL, Tex., Aug. 15.—At Bowers Sunday John Wren shot at a negro named Briscoe, hitting a tree behind which the negro dodged. Briscoe was shot at and missed by another party at Warren a few days ago.

Killed by a Snake.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Aug. 15.—Ysaac Cortines, a 7-year-old son of a ranchman, was bitten by a rattlesnake Sunday morning and died that night after enduring several hours of terrible suffering.

Hurt in a Runaway.

WEATHERFORD, Tex., Aug. 17.—Frank Hinkley, a grain merchant, was thrown from his delivery wagon in a runaway yesterday and severely hurt, though not seriously.

Instantly Killed.

PALESTINE, Tex., Aug. 18.—Wednesday night at 1 o'clock J. H. Smith, an engineer on the International and

Great Northern railroad, familiarly known as "Polish Smith," attempted to board the caboose of a south-bound freight train in the railroad yards, and was instantly killed. The caboose ran over him and severed one leg and one arm and severely bruised his head and neck. There were no eye witnesses to the immediate killing, though he was seen trying to board the caboose, and was picked up by some men in the yard a few minutes after the accident down the track. He was a member of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, and carried insurance

ALL OVER THE STATE.

Crisp and Choice Cullings Condensed from the Daily Press.

RACY ROUND-UPS RENDERED READABLE.

A Complete Breviary of Interesting Items Gathered from All Parts of the Empire State of Particular Interest.

Recently Mrs. Carry Dobbins, who lives near Van Alstyne, was found dead first and submerged in water in a well near the residence.

The Texas Midland railway has reduced its force about sixty men. They are mostly construction men, engaged in laying the new steelately received.

A petition is being circulated for a county seat election in Hale county. The question of moving the county seat from Plainview is being agitated.

The scholastic census, as finally footed up since the last report was received, is 639,459, requiring \$2,837,025, or \$4.50 per capita.

M. M. Kallenback of Rockport has a vineyard of twenty acres, from which he has made fifty barrels of wine of different kinds this summer.

A negro boy, whose name is believed to be Jim Williams, was killed by the cars while walking along the track in Sherman recently.

The little folks in Fort Worth have instituted a series of "watermelon" parties, at which they are just as happy as happy can be.

Henry Gonzales was recently arrested at Ladonia, Fannin county, and taken to Paris. He is charged with burglary and theft.

The body of a man, name unknown, was recently found on the Missouri, Kansas & Texas road about four miles south of Dallas.

Two lawyers had a regular "knock-down-and-drag-out" affair in the district court at Dallas recently, and were fined \$50 each.

A number of horses have died in Dimmitt county from eating the mesquite bean, of which there is an immense crop.

About 2000 applications for pardon have been turned over by the governor to the board of pardons for investigation.

At Baird, Callahan county, Carl Coppins was accidentally shot and instantly killed recently. He was 11 years old.

Superintendent of Public Instruction Carlisle says the public schools are short on last year's term about \$210,000.

Two negroes, names unknown, robbed a Mexican tamale dealer of \$1.50 at Dallas a few days ago. No clew.

Wool receipts for the season at Galveston are 11,263,227 pounds, of which 2,908,846 pounds are still on hand.

A farmer recently sold a load of watermelons in Denison that averaged thirty-two pounds each.

A GENERAL BRIEVIARY.

Interesting Items from All Over the World Selected from Various Sources.

A FULL AND COMPREHENSIVE REVIEW,

Embracing Serious and Sensational Happenings, and Current News Covering Many Topics of Interest to All Readers.

A. C. Fisk of Denver, Col., by order of the executive committee of the Pan-American Bi-metallic association, has called a convention to be composed of delegates from Mexico and all the states thereof, of all the countries of South America, of Central America, and of all the states and territories south of the Potomac river and east of the Ohio river and west of the Mississippi river, except Maryland, thirty-two in number, to meet in St. Louis Tuesday, October 3, 1893.

Miss Fannie McGwire of St. Louis was engaged to marry Harry Nelson but two days before the ceremony was performed, she packed some clothes in a valise, sent it away by a boy, to wash as her mother thought, went to visit a friend, but has not been seen since. She is supposed to have eloped with John McDonald a former lover, who is a wealthy farmer in Alabama.

United States Senators Hoar and Chandler (Republicans) have sent the federal district attorney at Topeka, Kan., their printed opinions to the effect that John Martin was not elected senator from Kansas—that there was no legal election, hence the governor will appoint, unless the Democratic state overrules their opinions.

Jonathan Ferris, a hat dealer at Steubenville, O., engaged in an altercation with a cousin, Charles Lowe, a few days ago, over the purchase of a hat, and the latter crushed Ferris' skull with a hatchet. He then robbed the cash drawer of \$115 and fled. Ferris is still living, but will die.

Near Knox, Ind., recently Tommie Brown, 14 years old, and William Lane, a young companion, were on a hunting expedition. Lane was carrying his shotgun on his shoulder, when it exploded, shooting Brown, who was walking behind, in the head. No blame is attached to Lane.

Near Pittsburg, Pa., the bodies of two unknown women, one aged about 60 and the other about 35, supposed to be mother and daughter, were found near the Beck's run tract recently. It is supposed they fell off the trestle, which is thirty-five feet high.

At Middlesborough, Ky., recently, James Renfro shot and mortally wounded Lucy Johnson. Renfro fled but was pursued, captured and is now in jail. He claims the shooting was accidental, but jealousy was no doubt the cause.

The Spanish government has authorized Senor Maura, the colonial minister, to negotiate a loan of \$5,000,000, to be secured by Cuban bonds. The money thus raised will be used to pay the floating debt of Cuba.

Mrs. Robert Parker, who says New York is her home, was thrown by two men from the top of the State street bridge, fifty feet high, recently at St. Paul, Minn. She fell on some mud, however, and was not seriously hurt.

A mail pouch containing about \$6000 letters was recently stolen from the mail car while standing at night at Springfield, Ill. The sack was recovered by the police and about 1000 letters had been cut open. No clew.

Ex-Governor Thomas, chairman of the national executive committee has issued a call for a meeting of the International irrigation congress in Los Angeles, Cal., during the week commencing October 10, next.

The mangled remains of a man were found along the tracks of the Hocking Valley railroad, near Fostoria, O., recently. A St. Louis labor card and a letter addressed to C. W. Jones, St. Louis, were in his pockets.

At Peokskill, Ky., recently, Thomas McClure Peters, S. T. D., D. C. archdeacon of the diocese of New York, and rector of St. Michael's church in New York city, was found dead in bed.

Mrs. Mammie Webb was shot and killed at Chicago under peculiar circumstances. Hugh Havens, who was in the room at the time, says she shot herself, but he has been arrested for the murder.

At St. Paul, Minn., C. A. Hawkes, formerly cashier of the Seven Corners bank, was arrested recently on a warrant sworn out by William Bannister on a charge of having embezzled \$3000.

The New Orleans cotton exchange in consideration of the action of the banks, has passed a resolution that all settlements under the rules of the exchange shall be made in certified checks.

The state of Coahuila, Mexico, is almost in anarchy. The good citizens are trying to displace the state government at the ballot box, and are armed everywhere to force a fair election.

At Leadville, Col., Cora Cooper, a dance house girl, after several ineffectual attempts, succeeded in committing suicide recently by severing the arteries of her left arm.

The police made a descent on the speak-easies existing in various parts of Wilmington, Del., recently and arrested forty-four offenders. They sold whiskey without license.

King Oscar of Sweden is arranging for a royal elk hunt to take place in Hunneberg during the summer. Emperor William will be among the distinguished hunters.

Hamp Tuggles, aged about 16, was recently shot by some unknown person in the presence of his mother at her home near Homer, La. The wound is not serious.

A Portland, Me., man makes a specialty of collecting steel pens. His ambition is to own a series comprising every style and make manufactured in the world.

John S. Willis' team ran away with him near Pembroke, Ky., recently. He was thrown from the wagon, his head striking a stone, from the effects of which he died.

Miss Elenora Mullen sues the mayor and board of trustees of the female reformatory of Indianapolis for \$50,000 damages for two years of unlawful detention.

Frank Buss, a prominent farmer living near Waterloo, Ind., committed suicide a few days ago by shooting himself. He had been in poor health for a year.

At Delavan, Wis., recently, P. R. King and family were held up on returning home from the city and robbed of \$1000 in cash and valuable diamonds.

James P. Blount, American minister to Hawaii, has returned. It is said that he favors the United States establishing a protectorate over the islands.

Supreme Judge William Conley of California is said to be the youngest judge of any court of record in the United States. He is just 26 years old.

William Dorr & Sons, bonds and mortgage brokers at Rutland, Va., are insolvent. Scheduled liabilities aggregate \$1,114,575; assets, \$24,115.

Frank Carr shot and killed James Taylor, near the Four Seasons hotel at Middlesborough, Ky., a few days ago. Carr escaped to the mountains.

Mrs. Sallie Parks, aged 26, died recently at the Bateman house, Nevada, Mo., from an overdose of morphine administered to her by a physician.

Henry Hall was hanged a few days since at Pikeville, Ky., for the murder of his younger brother, with whom he quarreled over a game of cards.

The assessors estimate that Boston's population is now about 599,000. The census of 1890 gave the city a population of only 419,500.

Reports from the girls' reformatory at Beloit, Kan., say that the children are treated with great cruelty, and an investigation will be made.

The state officials of Kansas are again after the bond investment companies, which they characterize as frauds and swindles.

Queen Margherita of Italy on the occasion of her silver wedding day received among other things over 22,000 begging letters.

At Minneapolis, Minn., recently, two fires, presumably the work of incendiaries, destroyed over \$1,000,000 worth of property.

VERIFYING A SUPERSTITION.

One Day's Results of Getting Out of Bed on Its Wrong Side.

"So you don't believe in the old superstition about getting up on the wrong side of the bed, eh?" said the down town business man the other day at luncheon.

"I do not," remarked his friend. "Well, I do. I had a dose of it the other day. I hopped out of bed and tumbled into my things and off I went to work."

"I haven't gone more than a block when a drunken man reeled into me and spilled my new hat. The elevated train was late. I could get no seat. At the office there had gone out and the boy who is supposed to attend to that part came in about noon saying that he was sick. I spilled ink all over the books of the firm. Then half a dozen men I owed money came to see me; when the sixth man showed up the head of the firm scowled and remarked that it was about time I took a vacation."

"The luncheon I had that day gave me the indigestion. I hurried back to the office with a splitting headache, madness oozing out of every pore of my body."

"I began to see that I had been 'hoodooed.'"

"In the office again I ran around my chair expecting to break the charm, but it was no go. In a half an hour I came a telegram saying that my brother had died in the West and that I should send money to have his body forwarded to New York. I rushed around to the bank to get the loan and the cashier gave me a wad of the long green that was \$5 short. I failed to count the cash at the desk, and we had a big word war when I tried to convince him of his error."

"I then went to the telegraph office to send the money, but slipped on a banana and in the very entrance, and sprained my ankle. That settled me for the day. I hired a cab to take me home, and cabbie overcharged me three times."

"When I got home the worst stroke of all was to confront me."

"What was that?" put in his astonished friend.

"Why, my mother-in-law was there, bag and baggage, just arrived for a fourth month's stay."

"And the bed?"

"I confidently assert that all this happened because I got out on the wrong side of the bed. To guard against similar misfortune in the future I have placed the bed close to the wall, so that now it has only one side, and the result is grand—luck all day long."

FLOWERS OF GUIANA.

Orchids Grow in Masses Around the Trunks of Huge Trees.

In paddling up the smaller rivers of Guiana the visitor is struck with the beauty and variety of the orchids and other epiphytes perched on every limb and branch above his head, says Youngman's Magazine.

Coming from a temperate climate, where only mosses, lichens and periwinkles are to be seen, under such circumstances, he sees great numbers, with rosettes of leaves six or eight feet in diameter, crowded groups of hard-leaved tillandsias, mistletoe-like bunches of rhipsalis, orchids, ferns and mosses, all struggling for places where they can find room to enjoy life and propagate their species.

In the dense gloom of the forest, where the branches interlace with each other, they cannot secure enough light, but wherever the continuity is broken by river or savannah, the trees on the borders are decorated with a wealth of these interesting plants. From the river notwithstanding but a sloping bank of foliage is visible, but by paddling through the outer screen, which comes down into the water, a pretty scene is revealed overhead. Although the direct rays of the sun are shut out, there is generally sufficient light for the epiphytes, and here they give quite a festive appearance to what would otherwise be a tangle of bare limbs and branches.

Down to the smallest twigs every one is loaded with upright, drooping or hanging plants, some appearing coarse and aggressive, others handsome in both foliage and flower, while delicate little orchids and ferns among the mosses are most pretty and interesting. Where a tree leans over the river, or great branches stretch across a creek, these are covered with epiphytes, the long, cord-like, aerial roots of some of them hanging from a height of fifty feet or more and branching out into dense, broom-like masses of fibers as they touch the water.

Even the trunks have great clumps of orchids wherever there is a sufficient light, while here and there a plant has made itself at home in the midst of a tangled mass of bushes.

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"President promised Jones an office, didn't he?"

"Yes."

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"Yes; couldn't wait any longer. But he's made a will and left it to his grandchildren when they grow up."—Atlanta Constitution.

Nothing to Fear.

Jimson—I tell you what it is, old boy. You ought to see Dr. Curoall about your case.

Sick Friend—To be frank with you, I am a little afraid of doctors.

Jimson—Oh, you needn't be afraid of Curoall. He isn't a regular doctor.—New York Weekly.

A wave-power motor has been invented by Joseph Serb of San Francisco.

Westfield, Ind., is overrun with burglars.

TABERNACLE PULPIT.

A BOLD CHALLENGE! LAST SUNDAY'S SUBJECT.

Who is He That Condemneth? It is Christ That Died, Yea, Rather That Has Risen Again and Siteth at the Right Hand of God.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Aug. 13.—Rev. Dr. Brooks, in his sermon on "A BOLD CHALLENGE," the text being Romans 8:1, "Who is he that condemneth? It is Christ that died, yea, rather that is risen again, who is even at the right hand of God, who also maketh intercession for us."

"This is the last sermon I shall ever preach," said Christmas Evans on the 14th of June, 1838. "Three days afterwards he expired. I do not know what his text was, but I know that no man could choose a better theme—though he knew it was the last time he should ever preach—than the subject found in this text."

Paul flung his challenge of the text to the feet of all ecclesiastical and civil authority. He feared neither swords nor lions, earth nor hell. Diocletian slew uncounted thousands under his administration, and the world has seen full of persecution; but all the persecutors of the world could not affright Paul.

Was it because he was physically strong? Oh, no! I suppose he was very much weakened by exposure and maltreatment. Was it because he was lacking in sensitiveness? No; you find the most delicate shades of feeling in his epistles and his communications. He burst into tears. What was it that lifted Paul into this triumphant mood? The thought of a Savior dead, a Savior risen, a Savior exalted, a Savior interceding.

All the world has sung the praise of Princess Alice. One child having died of a contagious disease—she was in the room where another was dying and the court physician said to her: "You must not breathe the breath of this child, or you yourself will die." But seeing the child mourning because of the death of her brother, the mother stooped down, and sympathizingly kissed the little one, caught the disease, and perished. All the world sang the heroism and the self-sacrifice of Princess Alice, but I have to tell you that when our race was dying the Lord Jesus stooped down and gave us the kiss of his everlasting love, and perished that we might live. "It is Christ that died."

Can you tell me how tender-hearted Paul could find anything to rejoice at in the horrible death scene of Calvary? We weep at funerals, we are sympathetic when we see a stranger die, when a murderer steps upon the scaffold we pray for his departing spirit; and how could Paul—the greatest of men—find anything to be pleased with at the funeral of God? Beside that, Christ had only recently died, and the sorrow was fresh in the memory of the world, and how could Paul find anything to rejoice at in the fresh memory of a Savior's death could Paul be exultant?

It was because Paul saw in that death his own deliverance, and the deliverance of all those who were outside; he saw the gap into which the race must plunge, and he saw the bleeding hands of Christ close it. The glittering steel on the top of the executioner's spear in his right hand, and the sword in his left hand, were the symbols of death. The persecutors saw over the cross five words written in Hebrew, Greek and Latin; but Paul saw over the cross of Christ on a yon word—"expiation!" He heard in the dying groan of Christ his own groan of eternal torture taken by another. Paul said to himself, "Had it not been that Christ volunteered in my behalf, those would have been my mangled hands, my gashed side, my crimson temples."

"Now," says Paul, "I am free; that suffering purchased my deliverance; God never called me to prison, and I have a receipt in full; if God is satisfied with me, then what do all the threats of earth and hell amount to? Bring on all your witnesses," says Paul; "show all your forces; do your worst against me; I defy you; I dare you; I challenge you. Who is he that condemneth? It is Christ that died." Oh, what a strong argument that puts in the hand of every Christian man! Some day or other, I can live under a tree, and there is generally sufficient light for the epiphytes, and here they give quite a festive appearance to what would otherwise be a tangle of bare limbs and branches.

Down to the smallest twigs every one is loaded with upright, drooping or hanging plants, some appearing coarse and aggressive, others handsome in both foliage and flower, while delicate little orchids and ferns among the mosses are most pretty and interesting. Where a tree leans over the river, or great branches stretch across a creek, these are covered with epiphytes, the long, cord-like, aerial roots of some of them hanging from a height of fifty feet or more and branching out into dense, broom-like masses of fibers as they touch the water.

Even the trunks have great clumps of orchids wherever there is a sufficient light, while here and there a plant has made itself at home in the midst of a tangled mass of bushes.

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start up to find the grave of Christ. We find the morning sun gliding the dew, and the shrubs are sweet as the foot crushes them.

Place to be buried in! Wonder they did not treat Christ as well when he was alive as they do now that he is dead. Give the military salute to the soldiers who stand guarding the dead. But hark to the crash an earthquake! The soldiers fall back as though they were dead, and the stone at the door of Christ's tomb spins down the hill, flung by the arm of an angel. Come forth, O Jesus! from the darkness into the sunlight. Come forth, and breathe the perfume of Joseph's garden.

I give you the third cause of Paul's exhalation. "We honor the right hand more than we do the left. If an accident or battle we must lose one hand, let it be the left. The left hand being nearer the heart, we may not do much of the violent work of life with that hand without physical danger; but the who has a right arm in play has the mightiness of all earthly weapons. In all ages and in all languages the right hand is the symbol of strength and power and honor. Hiram sat at the right hand of Solomon. Then we have the right hand of a right-hand man. Lafayette was Washington's right-hand man; Marshal Ney was Napoleon's right-hand man; and now you have the meaning of Paul when he speaks of Christ who is at the right hand of God."

That means that He is the first great of heaven. He has a right to sit there. The Hero of the universe. Count his wounds; two in the forehead, one on the forehead, one in the side—five wounds. O, you have counted wrong. The severe wounds in the temples; each the more excruciating.

The oldest inhabitant of heaven never saw a grander day than the one when Christ took His place on the right hand of God. How can you say that it may not appropriately utter it, but let the martyrs under the altar throw the cry to the elders before the throne, and they can toss it to the choir on the sea of glass until all heaven shall lift up their voices and sing, and some on string of harp some and some on the lip of the greened branches. Hosanna! Hosanna!

The plea for our eternal deliverance will be Christ's own redemption. He will say: "Look at all these wounds. By all these sufferings I demand the rescue of this man from sin and death and hell. Constantly, knock off the shackles—let the prisoner go free." "Who is he that condemneth? It is Christ that died, yea, rather that is risen again, who is even at the right hand of God, who also maketh intercession for us."

But why all this gladness on the faces of these sons and daughters of the Lord Almighty? I know what you are thinking of. A Savior dead, a Savior risen, a Savior exalted, a Savior interceding. The last great word is "is all that for me?" A! All! Never let me hear you complaining about anything again. With your pardoned sin behind you, and a successful Christ pleading above you, and a glorious heaven before you, how can you be despondent about anything?

"But," says some man in the audience, "all that is very good and very true for those who are inside the kingdom; but for those who are outside, they are outside." Then I say, come into the kingdom, come out of the prison house into the glorious sunlight of God's mercy and pardon and come now.

It was in the year 1793, during the reign of terror, the year 1793. Hundreds and thousands had perished under the French guillotine. France groaned with the tyrannies of Robespierre and the Jacobins. The last great word of sufferers had had their locks shorn by Monchotte, the prison barber, so that the neck might be bare to the keen knife of the guillotine. The carts came up to the guillotine, and the poor wretches were placed in the carts and driven off toward the scaffold; but while they were going toward the scaffold there was an outcry in the street, and then the shouting of the people, and the cry: "Robespierre has fallen! Down with the Jacobins! Let France be free!" But the armed soldiers rode in upon these rescuers, so that the poor wretches in the carts were taken on to the scaffold, and the poor wretches, who were the worst of all Robespierres; it is the tyrant of tyrants; it has built a prison house for our soul; it plots our death; it has shorn us for the sacrifice, but, blessed be God, this morning we hear of God's gracious deliverance, and the door of our prison. Deliverance has come. Light breaks through all the wards of the prison. Revolution! Revolution! Revolution! Revolution! grace does much more abound, than whereas sin reigned unto death, even so grace may reign unto eternal life through Jesus Christ our Lord.

"Now," says Paul, "I am free; that suffering purchased my deliverance; God never called me to prison, and I have a receipt in full; if God is satisfied with me, then what do all the threats of earth and hell amount to? Bring on all your witnesses," says Paul; "show all your forces; do your worst against me; I defy you; I dare you; I challenge you. Who is he that condemneth? It is Christ that died." Oh, what a strong argument that puts in the hand of every Christian man! Some day or other, I can live under a tree, and there is generally sufficient light for the epiphytes, and here they give quite a festive appearance to what would otherwise be a tangle of bare limbs and branches.

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THE BEST GIFT OF ALL.

One and twenty, one and twenty. Youth and beauty, one and twenty. Health and riches, one and twenty. Work to give a soul to pleasure. What can make a man so happy? What can I wish that holds back?

Youth will fade and beauty wanes. Lovers flourish, break their chains. Wealth may fall and riches fade. Pleasures cease to satisfy you. Almost everything that brings happiness is bound to pass.

Woman in Latin America. Mexico has a normal school for women teachers in the City of Mexico, in which free instruction in a four years' course is given to students. The government has also provided for the education of women in a literary and scientific institute which has a high grade of study.

In the Argentine Republic La Senorita Grierson has lately obtained her diploma as an M. D. She is the first young lady to lay aside all ancient traditions and endeavor to win an honorable title for herself.

Retiécles La Mode. If you want to wear the chic you must wear with each gown, be it for the promenade or house, some sort of a "reticelle," in which kerchief, pocket-book, card-case or lozange box may be stowed away with the double convenience of a pocket and a reticelle.

Women and Ties. One of the unpardonable sins in dressing is the wearing of masculine ties by women who do not know how to tie them. This is a crime second only to wearing red-velvet ties.

Women Everywhere. Miss Emily Louise Gerry of New Haven, who has been elected regent of the society of the Daughters of the Revolution, is the last living child of a signer of the Declaration of Independence.

There is nothing that little folks need so much of that helps their physical development so largely as plenty of sleep. Until they are 15 years old they should have at least ten hours of nature's great restorer.

second they are ready to get up. School and household duties, however, make such a course impracticable, but if they are put to bed early enough they will be quite ready to rise without calling at a reasonable hour. Bed-time can be made pleasant by the telling of a story or a few especially loving ministrations and caresses, that will make this an hour more to be anticipated than dreaded.

The Fan Hunt. They had just ten minutes to catch the Saratoga train, and were getting in a coach when Mrs. Younglove halted, and said: "There, I have come away without my fan! won't you run back and fetch it, please?"

It is there on the dressing-case. Mrs. Younglove screamed after him. "I can't find it! I lost it there." "Where did you say it was?" "On the dressing-case."

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SUDDEN LIGHT. I have been here before. But when or how I cannot tell. I know the door, the door, the door. The light shone round the door. You have been here before. But when or how I cannot tell. I know the door, the door, the door. The light shone round the door.

JOE THE FIREMAN. It was night in a crowded thoroughfare in the borough, where the stench and noise of a mighty multitude rose up on the heavy air. Suddenly there was a clearance to right and to left as the ominous roar and rattle of a fire engine was heard.

Joe the fireman was on duty a "call" arrived which caused him much alarm, for it came from the very street in which he lived himself, where, in a top-floor room, he had left his wife and child. However, there was no consolation, they would not be many minutes getting there at their rate of speed.

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he spoke these words he threw Langford off backwards, who fell headlong into the burning ruins. Not more than five minutes had elapsed since the firemen came up to the door, but it seemed like an age to the poor woman watching from the opposite side of the street, and when she saw the climax of the tragedy, a wild shriek of horror and anguish broke from her lips. Then she rushed from her room and down to the street, like some wild thing. How she got down that dark, narrow staircase she never knew. She flew rather than ran. Once outside, she forced her way through the crowd, shouting: "Stop that man coming down the escape! He has murdered the fireman!"

The cry was quickly taken up and the mob, only too eager for excitement, set upon Hiram Davis with tigerish fury as he reached the bottom of the ladder. They would have torn him to pieces had not the police intervened and, indeed, the wretch, mad with drink and fear and remorse, gave himself up to the constables as a protection from the crowd.

In the meantime Alice, having said her say, thought no more of him. She pressed forward toward the burning house, but was kept back by the firemen and police. "Let me pass!" she cried. "For heaven's sake let me pass! My husband is in there! I must go to him!"

Some of the men knew her and the news was quickly whispered round that this was Joe Langford's wife and that he had been murdered by the man who was in custody, and then they instinctively fell back and made way for her.

She went boldly up in the burning house, without a thought of fear for herself, and the men began to follow her, as they had not dared to do of their own initiative, in very much the same spirit with which Joan of Arc's enthusiasm was caught up a spirit of shame that men should not follow where a woman has led the way.

She fearlessly went up two flights of stairs which were nearly intact. Here she paused at the front room door, and for the first time her heart failed her, she dreaded what she might be about to behold. "I know he is in there," she whispered. "Keep back, Mrs. Langford; it really isn't fit for you to be here."

She attempted to open the door, but it was so blocked up on the inside that all her efforts were for a long time unavailing, and they were at last compelled to batter it down with their axes. At length it fell in with a crash, and they paused on the threshold, stopped by the huge mass of debris which barred the way, choked by the dense smoke that issued from within.

"Hark! he is there! Look! that way! Thank God, he is alive!" Alice Langford exclaimed, pointing into the gloom, for her ear, or perhaps her heart, had distinguished a faint groan proceeding from the farther end of the dismantled apartment. Hastily she seized upon an axe and struck out more bravely than any of them, heaving her way through all obstacles, for it was love that nerve throwing some of their bedding and other effects out of windows—which, in a London crowd, was not much better than leaving them to the devouring flames, so far as the right-owners were concerned—while others were being assisted down one of the escapes.

Langford's wife, from the opposite side of the street could not hear the words that were spoken, but she could distinctly see all that passed, and recognizing the man when he rose up the full horror of the scene and her powerlessness to aid possessed her like a terrible dream. "Halloo, my man!" cried Joe, roughly shaking the drunkard, "don't you know that the house is on fire? Come, or you'll be roasted alive!"

"Joe Langford," he exclaimed, "what the devil are you doing here?" "Hiram Davis!" "Funny, ain't it, when one comes to think you married the woman I loved, and it's through that I'm what I am!"

FIGHT WITH A PANTHER. JAMES KELLY'S ONLY WEAPON WAS A GARDEN HOE. Terrible Experience of a Louisiana Man—A Wild Cat on His Back—The Man Almost Torn to Pieces Before He Finally slew His Assassin.

James Kelly, employed on the sugar plantation of Colonel R. M. Hardwick, situated near Lake Charles, La., recently had an exciting time of it with a panther, which gave him a close shave with death. Kelly had been to town and was returning home, armed only with a new hoe which he had just purchased, when a noise in the undergrowth lining the sides of the railroad track down which he was walking excited his attention.

Supposing it to be only a cow or calf he took no further notice of it, but passed the spot. As he did so the panther leaped at him with great fury, and taking him entirely by surprise, felled him to the earth. Kelly stretched his full length on the track with the animal, which had thrown itself on his back, lying under him. He attempted to rise, but the panther clinging to him and digging every moment its terrible claws deeper into his flesh, he only succeeded in rolling off the track for knowing it was near the hour for the afternoon train, he feared being run over. This done, he tried to throw himself from side to side in an endeavor to dislodge his enemy and finally managed to free himself.

Taking advantage of the moment's respite he ran back to the spot where he had first been attacked, and secured the hoe which he had dropped in the surprise of the assault, says the Philadelphia Times, and as the panther leaped at him again with distended claws and gaping mouth, he aimed a blow at its head, but owing to the rapidity of the animal's movements he failed to inflict a wound to stay it, and only succeeded in cutting a gash in one of the creature's jaws. This seemed to infuriate it with madness, and with a scream it threw itself once more on the man, who, already weakened by the loss of blood from the wounds on his back, fell with the panther on his breast across one of the rails. The animal now sought to seize his throat with its fangs, and it was only with the greatest difficulty that he kept it from doing so.

At this moment the almost-fainting man heard the whistle of the train as it reached the station and realized that without an effort he would soon die the fearful death of being run over, and collecting what strength was left him he endeavored to throw his enemy off, but the big cat, clawing the flesh of his breast almost into ribbons, clung to him desperately, snapping at his face and throat, giving him all he could do to parry these attacks.

Nearer and nearer came the train thundering on its warning to the struggling man, and just as the engine came within a couple of yards of him he rose with the energy of desperation and rolled off the track, falling within a few feet of the cars as they tore past him. So close was this shave that the panther received a gush of steam which the engineer, who had seen Kelly's plight, but not in time to stop the train, discharged in the man's face. It sprang into the air with a shriek as the scalding steam struck it full in the face, but seeing Kelly lying exhausted near returned to the attack with undiminished fury.

Seeing that his peril was not over Kelly managed to crawl behind a clump of bushes, into which the animal rushed blindly and hung for a brief moment, which he utilized in again securing the hoe. The length of the handle making it an awkward weapon, he broke it off within a foot of the blade, and as the panther came round the outwork of bushes he met it with a blow that laid his skull for several inches and drenched both him and the animal with blood. As soon as it was possible the engineer of the train that had just passed halted and sent two of the brakemen back to Kelly's assistance. The only weapon to be found was an old army revolver, which had not been fired since 1865; and, armed with this and an iron bar, the two trainmen ran back to where Kelly and the animal had been seen.

The two antagonists paused, breathless and panting, the man nearly unconscious, while the panther was snarling, but too exhausted to move. But at the sight of the two men it turned its head with a vicious snap at one of them, who, in advance of the other, presented the revolver at its ear, and as he pulled the trigger the weapon exploded and carried away the ear and tore the flesh from the jaw, exposing the teeth. Part of the barrel struck the man in the breast, and he fell backward almost on the other trainman, who, stepping back, also lost his footing and came in violent contact with his mother earth.

The panther now attempted to sink out of sight in the undergrowth, but Kelly, who had revived by this time, was determined not to let it escape, and reckoning on the beast's exhaustion, now attacked with a hoe and succeeded in turning it back. Game to the last, the gapping animal met Kelly with his barred jaws, and was met with a crack on the head which sent it flying head over heels and broke the blade of the hoe. Following up his advantage Kelly attacked the beast with the handle alone and beat it severely, and as the panther opened its mouth to bite him he ran the jagged end of the pole in its throat, and twisting it about, finally succeeded in choking it to death.

Ancient Manuscripts. The most ancient Christian manuscripts in existence are the three great codices of the entire scripture—the Vatican, the Alexandrine and the Sinaitic codex. They were written in the fourth century. The Vatican codex has been for centuries in the Vatican library and is looked on as the most precious of the three. The Alexandrine, so-called because it was brought to England from Alexandria about the middle of the seventeenth century, is kept in the British

museum at London; and the Sinaitic, so-called because discovered by Tischendorf about forty years ago in the convent of Mount Sinai, is preserved at St. Petersburg.

THE NEW WAR SHIPS MASSACHUSETTS NOT DISTINGUISHED FOR GREAT SPEED. The speed of the Massachusetts is not so great as that of most foreign battle ships of recent build. This is not regarded by the Boston Transcript as such a serious fault, though, as might be imagined at first. The law of congress authorizing the construction of the Massachusetts, Indiana and Oregon called for "coal-line battle ships," carrying the heaviest armament and armor possible on a given displacement. It was recognized that the essential qualities of a battle ship were those that would enable her to fight, and the weight that might otherwise have been utilized in machinery and coal was wisely assigned to guns and armor. The Massachusetts is not a cruiser, and therefore the great speed and a large coal-carrying capacity are not essentials in her. The duty she is to perform consists of awaiting hostile battle ships that approach American shores. These she need not run away from, as she is more powerful than they are. The 400 tons of coal that she carries at her ordinary draught of twenty-four feet is not a great quantity, it is true, but as she will nearly always be near a home port she can replenish her supply with great frequency. It is not the purpose of the heaviest ships of the American navy to go around the world on bulging expeditions; they are for defense, not for aggression. Yet, even should occasions arise when the Massachusetts might be called away to a great distance she could do so, as she has bunker capacity for 1,800 tons. This amount would sink her rather low in the water, but as coal was consumed she would rise steadily to her fighting draught. For short voyages she can therefore take on board any quantity of coal up to 1,800 tons. With 1,200 tons she would still have eighteen inches of her armored belt above the water. With 600 tons she would have two feet, and as but 540 tons are needed to carry her across the Atlantic at 11 knots speed, she could arrive on the other side with 660 tons on board and two feet of armor belt above water, which is the same height to which the big British battle ship Victoria rises when at her normal draught. With the normal supply of 400 tons on board the Massachusetts would have three feet of her belt above water.

THE RHINOCEROS. A Beast of Legendary and Mythical Associations. The rhinoceros is a beast of legendary and mythical associations as well as of stern reality. In the mythology of the old world he figures very conspicuously, being worshipped as a god by the early Japanese tribes and lauded as the builder of the earth and the heavens by several East African peoples. The old Jewish Talmud declares "that his skin is folded as a result of having been exposed forty days and four nights in the waters of the flood." The waters of the great deluge were hot, according to Tabari, where we read: "After that Noah sent forth the dove. The dove departed and without tarrying put her feet in the water. The waters of the flood were hot and they scalded and pickled the legs of the dove. It was hot and briny, and feathers would not grow on her legs any more, and the skin scaled off. Now, doves which have roe and featherless legs are of the sort which Noah sent forth for the ark."

THE JAPANESE HOLIDAYS. The Japanese holidays are the New Year, the celebration of which lasts for three days; God Fox's day on the 2nd of the second month; the Feast of Dolls, for little girls, on the 3d of the third month; the Feast of Flags, for little boys, on the 5th of the 5th month; the Abolition mass in the sixth month; the Tanabata on the 7th of the seventh month; the day of the chrysanthemum flowers and the festival of Inoko late in the fall. Red boiled beans and rice is the delicacy eaten on the 2nd of February, rice cakes wrapped in pink bamboo leaves on the 5th of May. Sake is drunk on all occasions, but with a spray of peach blossoms in the bottle on the 3rd of March, and a bunch of chrysanthemum blossoms on Chrysanthemum day.

AMNESIAC FROM FRANCE. A curious amnesiac was known in China has recently been made known. It is obtained by placing a frog in a jar of flour and irritating it by prod- ing. Under these circumstances it exudes a liquid which forms a paste with the flour. This paste, when dissolved in water, has well marked amnesiac properties. After the fingers have been immersed in the liquid for a few minutes it can be ent to the bone without any pain being felt.

HE CLEANS HIS HANDS SCRATCHED. The bishop of Southwark, England, complains "that few people have any idea how often he gets his hands pricked or scratched, owing to the careless way in which the caps or veils worn by the female candidates for confirmation are fastened on."

FALL MAIL. Fall Mail, the famous locality in London, it is said, is so-called from the fact that in earlier times it was an alley for tennis playing, and took its name from the name by which the net was known—pell mell or pall mail.

UNCLE GEORGE—GOING TO GRADUATE next month, eh? Well, I suppose you are just working yourself to death getting ready for the great occasion? Anabel—Well, I should say so. It has been nothing but try on and try on from morning till night for the last two weeks.

KARICHEN, in the garden—Auntie, look out of the window a bit, will you? Aunt—What is it you want? Karichen—Oh, Auntie, just put your head out; here's Heinrich won't believe that you squint with both eyes.

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BARGAIN COUNTERS. Some of the Dear Treasures Who Haunt These Cheap Departments. "You are a horrid, impudent, insulting man!" The woman who made the remark was particularly well dressed. It was evident that she meant all she said, judging from her flushed face and angry manner. However, the shopkeeper made no response save a polite bow. Turning to a writer for the Washington Star, who stood near, he said: "Now, I call that rather hard. Yet we see so much of that sort of thing that we ought to get used to it. Do you know who that lady is?"

"No." "Well, she is a well-to-do woman. She came in here about four weeks ago and bought one yard of silk. Today she comes back and says that she has decided that she doesn't want it. She wants her money back. I offer to give her a due bill, which is good for equal value in exchange, but she will not take that. She insists that she must have the cash. I tell her that it is against our rules. Then she flies into a passion and assails me with epithets in a manner you have just been a witness to."

"But, of course, you could only have used the yard of silk as a remnant?" "Certainly. To take it back in exchange would have been a loss to us. However, we try to please our customers. We have to draw the line somewhere, for there is no satisfying everybody. Do you see that remnant counter over there, surrounded by a flock of women poking things over?"

"Yes." "Well, that is a browsing ground for birds of prey in petticoats. You would be astonished to know how much of that stuff disappears without being purchased or paid for." "Do you mean that the silks and ribbons are stolen?" "That is what I mean. It would seriously diminish your faith in human nature to superintend that counter for a week. In this shop it bears the name of the 'free lunch' counter, because customers so commonly help themselves. The clerks are always anxious to avoid duty at it simply for that reason. What do we do when we catch anybody at such tricks? Why, nothing. We cannot afford to do anything. If we had anybody arrested it would make a scandal, and many honest people would be afraid to come here. So, we never do anything. Those who touch a person on the shoulder and say: 'We do not care to have you deal with us.'"

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I AM COMPELLED TO HAVE MONEY;

COME AND PAY ME SOME ON YOUR ACCOUNT.

A. P. McLemore, Druggist, Haskell, Tex.

The Haskell Free Press.

J. E. POOLE,
Editor and Proprietor.

Advertising rates made known on application.
Terms \$1 per annum, invariably cash in advance.

Entered at the Post Office, Haskell, Texas,
as Second-class Mail Matter.

Saturday Aug. 26, 1893.

LOCAL DOTS.

—Dr. Oldham made a business visit to Knox Co. this week.

—Buy your goods from S. L. Robertson.

—Mr. J. W. Jones has returned from a trip to DeLeon and vicinity.

—All kinds of Landreth's Turnip seed at McLemore's.

—Mr. Brunley of Hopkins county is here visiting relatives.

—Fresh Lemons at S. L. Robertson's.

—Mr. J. E. Glover was here on time again this week.

—**McEree's WINE OF CARDUI** for Weak Nerves.

—The cowmen started out yesterday on the general round up work.

—I receive fresh Groceries every week and sell them at strictly cash prices.

—Judge P. D. Sanders is gone to attend district court in Archer county.

—All kinds of Landreth's Turnip seed at McLemore's.

—Prof. W. H. Lawson of Brownwood is teaching a singing school here: He has quite a large class.

—If you want cheap goods call around with the cash and try us one time.

—A number of Rayner people were over this week shopping with Haskell merchants.

—All kinds of Landreth's Turnip seed at McLemore's.

—The Baptist meeting closed on Tuesday night. There were several accessions to the church.

—If you buy from us once you will do so again.

—They say that the Haskell chickens can sleep now without putting out pickets.

—Lots of new shoes and boots at S. L. Robertson's and they are being sold at very low prices.

—Mr. A. C. Foster left on Thursday for Archer City, where he has business in the district court to convene next Monday.

—Old man Erwin and wife, "Grandma" Erwin, left this week to reside with a son at Mr. Pleasant, Texas.

—S. L. Robertson wants your trade.

—**McEree's WINE OF CARDUI** cures Constipation.

—Our improvement committee should get a move on them and begin preparations for an exhibit at the state fair.

—We will sell for the cash at cost, in order to reduce our stock of Dry Goods.

—Mr. M. S. Pierson, president of the Haskell National bank, and son, Mr. Wm. Pierson, left this week for Chicago where they will take in the World's fair.

—Call at Rike Ellis and Jones for good cheap machine oil.

—No credit prices at S. L. Robertson's. He needs money and is willing to sell for a small profit.

—The Matthews outfit left this week, and their going did not excite to action the lachrymal glands of any of our citizens.

—Haskell county cotton is doing some 2:40 growing now and is putting on a heavy crop of lolls.

—Plant an orchard this fall, there is no use to do without fruit any longer. The efforts of a few have demonstrated that it will do well here.

—Dried fruits: peaches, apricots, apples, prunes and currants. Choice goods at S. L. Robertson's.

—**McEree's WINE OF CARDUI**, a Tonic for Women.

—S. L. Robertson has just received a nice stock of Hats for men, boys and children. They will be sold cheap for the cash.

—How nice it would be if we could walk along our streets this hot weather in the shade of trees. Just think of it, and decide to plant trees this winter.

Suits to order and fit guaranteed at F. G. Alex- & Co's

Buy your goods of those who advertise; you will find them the most enterprising business men in any community.

Mr. F. G. Alexander will go to St. Louis and Chicago next week to buy the firm's fall and winter goods.

—Shoes, Boots, Hats Underware, Dress Shirts, Work Shirts, Drawers, Pants, Sox, Suspenders, Collars, Ties, etc., are selling mighty low at S. L. Robertson's.

—Mr. Spence Beavers and family have returned from a visit to his parents in Palo Pinto county. He says farmers are in very good condition down there.

—Prof. Lemmon has arrived with his family.

—Mrs. F. P. Morgan has returned from California, fully convinced, after a residence there of nearly a year in the famous fruit belt, that Texas is the better country of the two.

—We often hear there are very low prices in the east but Johnson Bros & Co. are lower than any country on Dry Goods.

—The High School department of the Haskell school has organized a literary society and will publish a monthly journal in the interest of the society and school.

Wanted: Land for Lumber. One or two sections of unimproved Haskell county land will be taken in exchange for lumber. Address with prices and location, A. care of this paper.

—Mr. Jones and family of Dickens county are visiting his sister, Mrs. Rupp. Mr. Jones is tax assessor of his county.

Try BLACK-DRAUGHT tea for Dyspepsia.

—Mr. J. E. Maxwell, a prosperous farmer, of the west side of the county, was in town Saturday and showed us a fine colt following his mare, one that will make just the kind of horse a farmer needs. He said he had a better one at home.

—Mr. T. J. Wilbourn, who moved to this county this summer, is opening up a farm on his land a few miles from town. He says that he will get a hundred acres of sod broken this fall and will continue the work until he gets three hundred acres in cultivation. He has great faith in Haskell county.

—Mr. A. J. Messer had the misfortune to lose his ranch house, a good two story box house, on Monday night, by fire. He remained out at his ranch Monday night and was sleeping in the house at the time it took fire and was only awakened by the heat and roar of the flames in time to get out.

—A wagon load of as fine peaches as we have seen in many a day were marketed here on Wednesday. They were from our neighboring county on the west, Stonewall, and the owner told us they were grown on ordinary land without irrigation. They certainly compared favorably in size and flavor with the peaches of any country.

—Parties knowing themselves indebted to us will please come forward and make settlement by Sept. 1st. We are needing money and must have it, and we have no other way of getting it than from those that we have accommodated.

Respectfully,
W. W. Fields & Bro.

—Some of our stock men who are interested in good horses have suggested that a colt show be made in Haskell during the next term of our district court. If the suggestion meets with favor we would be glad to have horse owners of the county suggest a certain day during the sitting of court so that we can publish the date in time for all to act on it.

—All parties indebted to J. W. Bell for goods furnished on 30 and 60 days time must come in and settle at once. Your accounts are past due and some of them for a long time. I am not in shape to indulge you any longer—a hint to the wise is sufficient—I will pay you the highest cash prices for your produce.

—Mr. M. Mannewitz, immigration agent over the Texas and Pacific railway, is here examining fourteen sections of land lying from six to ten miles from town, to the west. He states that he is about closing a trade for a half interest in the land, in which event he will locate a German colony on it. His visit is to see if the land is as good as has been represented to him and, we are told, he will not be disappointed in that particular.

The City Hotel having had some important additions made to it and having a fresh coat of paint and a general cleaning and renovation, is again in full swing, with Mr. W. F. Rupp as proprietor. Mr. Rupp is known as a successful hotel man, and the hungry and sleepy can go to the City Hotel confident of finding top accommodations.

Mr. J. C. Boswell, one of the best known and most respected citizens of Brownwood, Texas, suffered with diarrhoea for a long time and tried many different remedies without benefit, until Chamberlain's Colic, and Diarrhoea Remedy was used; that relieved him at once. For sale by A. P. McLemore.

For Sale.
At reasonable figures; 30 head of good young saddle horses.
Call on or address.
S. W. SCOTT,
Haskell, Tex.

—It has been showering in various portions of the county this week, pretty good rains falling both north and south of town. The indications are favorable for a massing of the clouds and a good general rain. It is not needed just yet but will do no harm.

A Bargain.
FOR SALE: Three thousand acres of land adjoining the town of Haskell, all under fence and cross fences, 275 acres in cultivation, and plenty of living water; will sell all together, or cut in tracts to suit the purchasers. For further particulars apply to C. P. Killough on the premises or in the town of Haskell.

McEree's Wine of Cardui and **THEO'DOR'S BLACK-DRAUGHT** are for sale by the following merchants in Haskell.
A. P. McLemore,
R. E. Martin.

Mr. Thomas Battle editor of the Graphic, Texarkana, Arkansas, has found what he believes to be the best remedy existing for the flux. His experience is well worth remembering. He says: "Last summer I had a very severe attack of flux. I tried almost every known remedy, none giving relief. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy was recommended to me. I purchased a bottle and received almost immediate relief. I continued to use the medicine and was entirely cured. I take pleasure in recommending this remedy to any person suffering with such disease, as in my opinion the best medicine in existence." 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by A. P. McLemore.

If the recent financial flurry involving the suspension of numerous savings banks, and if not absolute loss, a great deal of uneasiness to depositors, who are, as a rule, the thrifty artisans—the great middle class of the country—results in teaching such depositors a lesson that will cause them to place their money into home enterprises and co-operative business and manufacturing schemes they and the country alike will be benefited. The statistical report of 1890 shows that the class of people referred to had deposited in savings institutions the enormous sum of \$1,700,000,000.

HAIR RESTORED from 25 to 50 cents per month by the use of **WIGGERS' HAIR RESTORER**. It builds up and improves the general health, cleans the skin and beautifies the complexion. No wrinkles or hair loss follow this treatment. Endorsed by physicians and leading society ladies. PATIENTS TREATED BY MAIL. CONFIDENTIAL. In starting, send 6 cents in stamps for particulars to W. F. WIGGERS, WIGGERS' THEATER, CHICAGO, ILL.

Weatherford College.
Send your sons and daughters to Weatherford College. Session opens Sept. 4th with eleven professors. Three hundred in attendance last year. Young ladies board with the President's family. Military department for young men. No connection with the public schools. Health locality. Cheap rates.
Write for Catalogue or further information to
DAVID S. SWITZER, Pres.,
or JNO. A. LOMAN, Secy.

Resolutions on the Death of W. J. Cathey

By the Haskell Lodge A. F. & A. M.

Whereas—The Supreme Ruler of the universe has seen fit in his wisdom to call from earth our deceased brother, W. J. Cathey, separating him only for a time from his loving ones yet sojourning in this "vale of tears."

Be it resolved—That in the death of brother Cathey, Haskell Lodge, No. 682 A. F. & A. M., has lost a zealous and exemplary member, whose memory we will long cherish.

Resolved—That his family are parted from a loving husband and father, and from one who, both by precept and example ever inculcated that purity of heart and rectitude of conduct which entitle their possessor to an entrance into "that rest which remaineth for the righteous."

Resolved—That the heartfelt condolence and sympathy of the members of this lodge are hereby tendered to his bereaved family in their affliction.

Resolved—That these resolutions be spread upon the minutes of the lodge, and published in the Haskell Free Press, and a copy furnished to the family of our departed brother.

OSCAR MARTIN,
J. C. BALDWIN,
S. W. SCOTT,
Committee.

HARRY TRACY in an interview with the Dallas News stated that the Hogg followers are streaming into the third party with no hope for the Hogg party to stop the flow. Mr. Tracy may have found some ground somewhere for his statement, but we think intelligent, thinking men will be very slow to leave any sort of a democratic organization to join such an outfit as he is leading.

Thousands of men desire to throw off the Tobacco, Opium or Drink Habit, but lack the will power. Hill's Chloride of Gold Tablets are pleasant, harmless and work a positive cure. Try them and release yourself from a slavery which is destroying your mind and wrecking your nervous system.

SOME young ladies will find food for reflection in the following admonition of Rev. Sam Jones. The FREE PRESS thinks he has put the question very aptly.

"The quarrel that I make with the young ladies is that they are not half so particular as the boys are. Take one of the drinking and cussing and immoral boys. You'll go with him when you know he drinks and is unclean, but if you would walk into a saloon that very fellow would not be seen with you, he is more particular than you are."

Those people who have taken fright—in most instances very foolishly—and withdrawn their deposits from the banks of the country are in no position to abuse the banks and the banking system for their failure to furnish money to do the business of the country, but a great many of them indulge in the abuse just the same. They should remember that the banks do the bulk of their business on their deposits and that when the deposits are withdrawn the banks are without means, or, if they are not actually withdrawn, when there is a panic feeling among the people the banks are compelled to hoard up money to meet a run that may be made on them at any time.

The larger part of the blame for the existing money panic is chargeable to the people who are kicking about it.

HILL'S Double Chloride of Gold Tablets

REMEMBER WE GUARANTEE A CURE. We will refund the money and invite the most careful investigation as to our responsibility and the merits of our Tablets.

Will completely destroy the desire for TOBACCO in from 3 to 5 days. Perfectly harmless; causes no sickness, and may be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the patient, who will voluntarily stop smoking or chewing in a few days.

DRUNKENNESS and MORPHINE HABIT can be cured at home, and without any effort on the part of the patient, by the use of our SPECIAL FORMULA GOLD CURE TABLETS. During treatment patients are allowed the free use of Liquor or Morphine until such time as they shall voluntarily give them up.

We send particulars and pamphlet of testimonials free, and shall be glad to place sufferers from any of these habits in communication with persons who have been cured by the use of our TABLETS.

HILL'S TABLETS are for sale by all FIRST-CLASS DRUGGISTS at \$1.00 per package.

If your druggist does not keep them, enclose us \$1.00 and we will send you, by return mail, a package of our TABLETS.

Write your name and address plainly, and state whether Tablets are for Tobacco, Morphine or Liquor Habit.

DO NOT BE DECEIVED into purchasing any of the various worthless "Gold Cure" Tablets for sale. Ask for HILL'S TABLETS, and take no other.

Manufactured only by
THE OHIO CHEMICAL CO.,
61, 53 & 55 Opera Block, LIMA, OHIO.

PARTICULARS FREE.

RESPONSIBLE AGENTS WANTED.
(In writing please mention this paper.)

TOBACCO HABIT EASILY CURED.

A FEW Testimonials from persons who have been cured by the use of Hill's Tablets.

THE OHIO CHEMICAL CO.:
DEAR SIR:—I have been using your cure for tobacco habit, and found it would do what you claim for it. I used two cents worth of the strongest chewing tobacco a day, and from one to five cigars, or I would smoke from ten to forty pipes of tobacco. Have chewed and smoked for twenty years, and two packages of your Tablets cured me so I have no desire for it.
B. M. JAYLORD, Leslie, Mich.

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