

The Haskell Free Press.

Vol. 10.

Haskell, Haskell County, Texas, Saturday, Apr. 20, 1895.

No. 16.

Directory.

JUDICIAL DISTRICT.
 District Judge, Hon. Ed. J. Hamner.
 District Attorney, W. W. Beall.

COUNTY OFFICIALS.
 County Judge, P. D. Sanders.
 County Attorney, J. E. Wilcox.
 Sheriff, G. R. C. Webb.
 Assessor, Jasper Millhollon.
 Surveyor, H. B. Post.
 H. M. Rike.

COMMISSIONERS.
 Precinct No. 1, J. W. Evans.
 Precinct No. 2, B. H. Overley.
 Precinct No. 3, J. L. Warren.
 Precinct No. 4, J. M. Perry.

PRECINCT OFFICERS.
 Precinct No. 1, J. W. Evans.
 Precinct No. 2, B. H. Overley.
 Precinct No. 3, J. L. Warren.
 Precinct No. 4, J. M. Perry.

Finished Legislation.

Following, we think, is a complete list of the bills enacted by the present legislature that have become laws by approval of the governor, and also those that he has allowed to become laws without his approval by not returning them within ten days without his signature.

Following are the acts that have been signed by the governor:

The act to validate the title to lands heretofore patented to railroads for sidings and switches and now held by innocent purchasers.

Levying a tax of 1 1/2 per cent on the gross receipts of express companies doing business in Texas.

The act changing the law governing municipal elections so that all the qualified voters in a city chartered under the general law may vote for all the aldermen to be elected.

The act to amend the law of limitation so that it shall hereafter run against married women who are 21 years of age.

The act to provide for the distribution of the direct tax.

The act to regulate the issuance of executions upon judgments and to prevent them from becoming dormant.

The act authorizing the sale of state property by the state health officer.

The act to provide for the contingent expenses of the legislature.

The act to transfer Smith and Gregg counties from the Fifth to the First supreme judicial district.

The act to amend the law fixing the rate of occupation tax to be paid by merchants.

The act appropriating money to pay the mileage and per diem of members of the legislature.

The act to provide for the choice of trial judges in cases where justices of the peace are disqualified.

The act to provide colored trustees for colored schools.

The act authorizing the transfer of the Confederate home from private to state management and to establish said home as a state institution and to provide for its support.

The act to transfer the Smith and Gregg county cases from one court of civil appeals to another.

The act to amend the irrigation act passed at this session of the legislature.

The act to amend the road law for Cherokee and other counties.

The act to restore civil and criminal jurisdiction to Gregg county.

The concurrent resolution, authorizing John B. Hood camp to choose the site for and erect a monument on the Capitol grounds.

The act to authorize the disposal of the surplus water from the artesian well at the orphan's home at Corsicana.

The act fixing the times of holding court in Fifteenth judicial district.

The act to constitute the state treasurer the custodian of the bonds of the state of Texas.

The act providing for the collection of taxes heretofore and that may hereafter be levied, making such taxes a lien on the lands taxed and providing for the sale and conveyance of lands delinquent for taxes since Jan. 1, 1895, which may have been returned delinquent or reported sold to the state or to any county, city or town for the tax due thereon and not redeemed, or which may hereafter be so reported, etc.

The act providing for the assessment of national bank notes and United States treasury notes.

The act authorizing city and town councils in cities and towns having less than 3000 inhabitants to dispense with the office of marshal.

The act to provide a mode of procedure in contesting elections.

The act to revive charters that have lapsed by reason of a failure to pay the franchise tax.

The following acts have become laws without the governor's approval:

The act to authorize the State Fireman's association to erect a monument on the Capitol grounds.

The act to encourage immigration.

The act to authorize the consolidation of the La Porte and other lines of railway.

The act to grant relief to railway corporations that have not fulfilled all the requirements of their charters

by granting them further time.

The concurrent resolution to authorize the land commissioner to suspend forfeiture of public lands in the drouth stricken regions.

The act raising the limit of theft constituting a misdemeanor from \$20 to \$50.

The act to restore civil and criminal jurisdiction to the county court of Delta county.

The act to create a more efficient road system for Fannin, Kaufman, and Robertson counties.

The act creating a court with civil and criminal jurisdiction at Texarkana, Bowie county.

The act creating a road system for Cooke, Hill and other counties.

The act investing the board regents of the university with the management of the university lands.

The act to authorize the purchase of Harbor island by the Aransas Pass Harbor Company.

The act to diminish the civil and criminal jurisdiction of the county court of Angelina county.

The act to create a road system for Bexar county.

The act amending the scalp law and making it of local option.

The act to establish the boundaries of cities and towns in the state and to validate their incorporation.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Award.

SEVERE earthquakes occurred in Austria on last Monday. Several persons were killed.

As yet we have seen no mention of any proposed legislation on the subject of arrests without warrants.

THE FREE PRESS sides with Gov. Culberson in the position which he took on the Goss land bill.

In the trial of the Taylors for the murder of the Meeks family at Carleton, Mo., the jury failed to agree. There are strong suspicions of bribery.

Gov. STONE of Missouri, in his call and message to the special session of the legislature of that state, has asked for legislation to prohibit an organized lobby to influence legislation.

WONDER if Representative Beall received the petition sent him by the grand jury of Haskell county? If it has ever been presented to the legislature mention of the fact has escaped us.

THE Florence Reporter (Williamson county) is a neat six column paper now finding its way to our table. We notice that it is edited by Mr. Will Norris, son of Dr. J. B. Norris, once a citizen of our town.

WHEN a democratic newspaper, as the Taylor County News claims to be, admits to its columns such misleading rot as that contained in the article from N. A. Taylor last week, it neglects its duty when it fails to answer it.

AN item from Raleigh, N. C. says: The visit of the 103 farmers from the far northwest to this state has proven to be full of results, as over fifty have bought farms, while twenty-seven bought town lots."

That is practical immigration work. What western Texas needs is a little of the same kind of work.

THE news has been given out of the organization of a new telephone company with enormous capital to compete with the Bell telephone monopoly. It is said that the new company will establish a most thorough system of lines, connecting all of the cities of the United States and ramifying to all the interior towns of any consequence.

TEXAS FARM AND Ranch sizes up the "sound money" convention to be held in Memphis, Tenn., thusly: A convention will soon be held in Memphis for the purpose of manufacturing public opinion favorable to the president's financial policy. Merchants, bankers, speculators and politicians will be largely represented, and farmers and laborers will be informed that all that is needed to cure the financial disease that now afflicts them is the "hair of the dog" that bit them.

Goss Land Bill.

Austin, Tex., April 15.—The bill introduced by Senator Goss to day amending the general school land bill passed both houses, has been enrolled and will go to the governor tomorrow in time to obviate a veto of the latter measure. It meets the governor's objections by fixing the lease rate at 3 cents an acre instead of two, gives Travis district court jurisdiction of cases arising under the law and repeals section 20 of the bill first passed, which authorized leases to abandon 4 cent leases and take the lands under the reduced rate. The removal of this clause meets the objections that the bill would give relief to the lessees, but still they can abandon leases and take the same lands at a lower rate. It is also believed that the reduction in the rate of interest will tend to induce land purchasers to forfeit and repurchase at the 3 per cent rate, especially in cases of recent purchases. The bill will doubtless be approved as amended.

A Valuable Bulletin.

We are in receipt of Bulletin No. 34 of the Texas Experiment Station, giving details of the experiments last year at College Station and at the sub-stations at McKinney and Wichita Falls with wheat, corn, cotton, peas, grasses and manures. It is a pamphlet of 70 pages and doubtless contains information of value to the farmers of this section, and as it will only cost a postal card to get it, all ought to send for it. You can at the same time ask that your address be entered on the permanent list and bulletins sent to you free. Address J. H. Connell, Director, College Station, Texas.

CHINA and Japan have agreed upon the following terms of peace:

1. The independence of Corea.
2. That Japan retains the places she has conquered. The principal ones being Port Arthur, Wei Hai Wei and the Gulf of Pe Chi Li.
3. That Japan shall also retain the territory east of the Laio river.
4. That the island of Formosa be ceded permanently to Japan.
5. The payment of an indemnity of \$100,000,000.
6. An offensive and defensive alliance.

Leading diplomats of this country and Europe in commenting on the settlement say that Japan in the present negotiation is looking far beyond the present moment. She is laying the foundation for a career of sovereignty and expansion in the east only comparable with Great Britain in the west. With a shrewdness that would do credit to the most astute statesmen of the older nations of Europe she has turned to the only ally, Russia, with whose interests hers need not clash and with the advancement of whose ambitions hers may go hand in hand.

ENGLAND rejects Nicaragua's offer to arbitrate the demand made on her by England for indemnity and will take steps to collect the \$50,000 demanded. It is claimed that an assault on Nicaragua by England will involve the Monroe doctrine and bring the United States into the row. Our state department as yet remains silent as to what course this government will pursue in the matter.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

Our better halves say they could not keep house without Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It is used in more than half the homes in Leeds. SIMS Bros., Leeds, Iowa. This shows the esteem in which that remedy is held where it has been sold for years and is well known. Mothers have learned that there is nothing so good for colds, croup and whooping cough, that it cures these ailments quickly and permanently, and that it is pleasant and safe for children to take. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by A. P. McLemore.

The northeastern states had a three days flood of rain, beginning the first of this week. The railroad were blocked by washouts, the rivers overflowed and considerable damages was done at various places.

It is said that friends of prohibition in Bonham gave the News of that place a very substantial token of their appreciation of the work it did in the recent local option campaign, it being no less than a new dress of type for the paper.

A LADY in the vicinity of Mobile, who is a strict Sabatarian, not being able to prevent her hens from laying on the Sabbath, puts all the eggs laid on that day to themselves and sells them for the benefit of the missionary cause.

It is estimated that fully one-half of the state has adopted local option. Add this half to that half naturally dry, and it will be readily understood why the present legislature has passed a measure looking to the establishment of irrigation districts.—Rolling Stone.

ATTORNEY GENERAL CRANE has advised County Attorney T. J. Wright of Throckmorton county, that a C. O. D. sale of liquor by a saloon keeper in another county to a person in Throckmorton county, the latter having the local option law in force, is not a violation of the law.

LAST Sunday's Dallas News contains short interviews with a score of prominent business men and financiers, among them Henry Clews, Warner Miller and Russel Sage, in which they all express their belief that a steady and permanent recovery of business and prosperity has set in.

The lines are pretty closely divided in the legislature on the fee bill question with the odds a little in favor of the measure, but our guess is that it will never reach the pages of the statutes, at least as the work of the regular session of the twenty-fourth legislature. And our opinion is that it is as well that it should not.

JUDGE NUGENT, the populist leader, is at Austin trying to lobby through the legislature one of the rankest monopolistic measures yet proposed. The pop leaders are great monopoly haters when it comes to talking to the fellows at the crossroads meetings, but let one of the hated monops grease his axle and he will help him grind his axe as quick as the next man.

In pursuance of a resolution and request made by the board of regents of the state university, who are by a law of the present legislature invested with the control of the university lands, State Treasurer Wortham has published a notice to persons who are in arrears on interest on such lands, purchased under acts prior to the act of 1887, that he will within a short time take proceedings to collect same. Purchasers are advised to make prompt payment of back interest in order to avoid cost of suits and forfeiture of their lands.

FOUR BIG SUCCESSES.

Having the needed merit to make good all the advertising claimed for them, the following four remedies have reached a phenomenal sale: Dr. King's New Discovery, for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, each bottle guaranteed—Electric Bitters, the great remedy for Liver, Stomach and Kidneys. Bucklin's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, and Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are a perfect pill. All these remedies are guaranteed to do just what is claimed for them and the dealer whose name is attached herewith will be glad to tell you more of them. Sold at McLemore's Drug Store.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 NEASE THE STANDARD.

DO NOT BE FOOLED
 In buying spurious imitations of
BABBIT'S POTASH
 Sold under similar names and labels.
THE BEST AND PUREST
 Put up in
WHITE TIN CASES
 containing one pound full weight
 is manufactured only by
BABBIT'S
 and has stood the test for over 30 years.

Insist on
ARM AND HAMMER SODA
 in packages

Keeps no more than inferior package soda—never spoils the flour, keeps soft, and is universally acknowledged purest in the world.

Made only by CHURCH & CO., New York.

Sold by grocers everywhere.

Write for Arm and Hammer Book of valuable Recipes—FREE.

Our Club Rates.

We offer the following inducements to secure cash subscribers to the Free Press:

FORT WORTH WEEKLY GAZETTE and FREE PRESS one year for \$1.00
 TEXAS FARM AND RANCH and FREE PRESS one year for \$1.25
 DALLAS WEEKLY NEWS and FREE PRESS one year for \$1.00
 WOMANKIND, AMERICAN FARMER and FREE PRESS, (three papers) one year for \$1.50.

Call on or address J. E. Poots, Haskell, Tex.

THE CITY MEAT MARKET,
 OWENS BROS., Props.,
 DEALERS IN—
ALL KINDS OF
Fresh Meats.
 We aim to please.

M. S. PIERSON, President.
 A. C. FOSTER, Vice-President.
 J. L. JONES, Cash.
 L. PIERSON, Asst. Cash.

THE HASKELL NATIONAL BANK,
 HASKELL, TEXAS.

A General Banking Business Transacted. Collections made and Promptly Remitted. Exchange Drawn on all principal Cities of the United States.

DIRECTORS:—M. S. Pierson, A. C. Foster, J. L. Jones, Lee Pierson, P. D. Sanders.

A. H. TANDY, President.
 B. H. DODSON, Vice Pres.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
 HASKELL, TEXAS.

All business pertaining to legitimate and conservative banking solicited. Prompt attention given to collections. Interest paid on time deposits.

DIRECTORS:—A. H. Tandy, J. C. Baldwin, E. Hill, J. S. Keister, B. H. Dodson, E. Sherrill, J. V. W. Holmes.

Bucklin's Arnica Salve.
 THE BEST \$1.00 in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by A. P. McLemore.

It will be an agreeable surprise to persons subject to attacks of bilious colic to learn that prompt relief may be had by taking Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. In many instances the attack may be prevented by taking this remedy as soon as the first symptoms of the disease appear. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by A. P. McLemore.

SSS

PURELY a vegetable compound made entirely of roots and berries gathered from the forests of Georgia, and has been used by millions of people with the best results. It

CURES
 All manner of Blood Diseases, from pestiferous little boils on your nose to the worst cases of inherited Eczema, such as Scrofula, Ricinaria, Catarrh and

SKIN-CANCER
 Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases free. Write for it.

Professional Cards.

J. E. LINDSEY, M. D.
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.
 Haskell, Tex.

A. G. NEATHERY
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,
 Haskell, - - - Texas.

ARTHUR C. FOSTER,
LAND LAWYER,
 HASKELL, TEXAS.

J. W. SCOTT,
 Attorney at Law and Land Agent
 in Haskell county furnished on application. Office in Court House with County Surveyor.

H. G. McCONNELL,
 Attorney - at - Law,
 HASKELL, TEXAS.

BALDWIN & LOMAX,
 Attorneys and Land Agents.

Ed. J. HAMNER,
ATTORNEY - AT - LAW,
 HASKELL, TEXAS.

P. D. SANDERS,
ATTORNEY & LAND AGENT,
 HASKELL, TEXAS.

A. R. BENGE,
 DEALER IN

SADDLES & HARNES
 To my friends in Haskell Co.:—
 While in Seymour, call and examine my Prices on Saddlery and Harness Goods.

PALACE HOTEL,
 HASKELL, TEXAS.
 (South Side West of Court House.)

MRS. LOU FOLEY, Proprietress.
 This house has been newly renovated and its management improved, and now offers as many conveniences and comforts to its guests as will be found at much higher priced houses.

The poor little King of Corea seems to be out of a job as a casus belli.

Apparently the English lion has been sharpening his claws and his thirst for gore.

British dignity never goes on the bargain counter, as those who have had to pay for it can testify.

The American eagle is getting a trifle hoarse, but can still be readily understood in all parts of the ball.

Having gone into the business of removing high officials, it might be well for the German emperor to begin at the very top.

A man has gone crazy over "Tribby." The most remarkable feature about the case is the fact that the unfortunate is a Chicago man.

Along with the new woman comes a new code of lynching ethics which extends to her the rights, privileges and honors of being hanged.

Cuba will not get over the revolution habit till it is annexed to the United States, and there is no absolute certainty that it will get over it then.

It appears from semi-official reports that there are still 30,000 elephants in existence, not counting several that the American people have on their hands.

The reported appearance of an immense sea serpent in a Florida river indicates that the failure of the orange crop has driven the Floridians to drink.

A man was photographed in Georgia while dancing at the end of a rope. Under such circumstances it must have been extremely difficult to look pleasant.

A Boston printer has captured an hearse. Instead of trying to set up a certain number of thousands he will soon be looking around for ways of pleasantly spending a few.

Advertising should be taught in all commercial schools. It is as necessary in business as reading, writing or arithmetic, and a good knowledge of it is often more profitable than all three.

A New York paper condemns a man who pretended to be asleep while his wife got up and captured two burglars. But what is the use of spoiling a good nap when a man has such a wife as that?

"Uncasy lies the head that wears a crown," but it will not be a circumstance to the uneasiness in the head of a woman who does not wear a new bonnet.

It is horrifying to hear that women have been arrested in Boston for shopping and the art of shooting off one's big sleeves. We trust this is not true. It must be some terrible mistake.

Diplomacy, as signified by the utterances of the Spanish minister at Washington, is the art of shooting off one's mouth to the least possible advantage to one's reputation for good sense and good manners.

According to an Omaha decision the penalty for killing a pugilist in the ring is two years in the penitentiary, but the business will never flourish as it should till the penalty is abolished and a suitable reward substituted.

British Columbia, although living next door to freedom all its life, doesn't seem to have profited by the association. The tyrannical government up there does not even permit the bicycle girls to wear bloomers—horrid old thing!

The law, the church, medicine and literature have been the four great professional fields to which the student's attention and energies were bent. And now advertising—an offshoot of literature—looms up as a large and independent field for brainy boys.

Ohio is to follow the example of Pennsylvania in establishing a state colony of imbeciles. Pennsylvania has proved on its idiot farm at Elwyn that properly attended imbeciles will form an industrious and self-sustaining colony, to the advantage of all concerned.

The rise in the price of silver is accounted for on various grounds, but it is no doubt chiefly due to the German change of attitude. Perhaps half of the highest possible price of a precious metal is due to demand for use in the arts. The rest is coinage value—as will very clearly appear if Germany and France and the United States get together on a bimetallic basis.

The armistice between China and Japan will leave Japan in readiness for an active campaign should the negotiations fail. Campaigning in North China is not nearly as comfortable before the middle of April as afterwards, and it is probable that this consideration weighed at least as much in bringing about the armistice as the Japanese emperor's indignation because of the assault on Li Hung Chang.

In the long run it will not pay the young women who are employed in the hat factories of Reading to slip notes making matrimonial advances to buyers of hats under the hat bands. This mode of obtaining husbands is only a variation of other unusual methods which have frequently been tried with results not satisfactory to either side. The affection that is to last through life must have a better beginning.

Current events in Spain and Italy disclose considerable popular discontent with the present condition of affairs in those countries. It may not be a great while till the shabby monarchies of Southern Europe will have to hitch along a little to make room for another republic.

One of the most striking things in the truly remarkable eastern war is the success of the medical and surgical treatment of the Japanese troops. The surgeon-general reports a death rate of only 4 percent among the wounded who were brought under the care of the surgeons.

M. Jules Roche recently declared in the French chamber that Germany can place an army of 550,000 effectives in the field while France can count on only 400,000. As Germany is decidedly the more populous country, the member deserves credit for telling an unwelcome but valuable truth.

England is after a large slice of Alaska in order to get an outlet from her possessions to the sea, but instead of proposing to buy it, she has concluded to take it under a treaty with Russia seventy years ago. When England doesn't see what she wants she reaches for it herself.

UNE COQUETTE.

Nobody but Millicent—Milly for short—would ever have been careless enough to allow such a catastrophe to overtake her; so her family said. Nobody but Millicent—Miss Darrel for dignity—could have risen so gracefully out of the difficulty, so her gentlemen admirers said, half sadly. Nobody but Milly, said her girl friends, enviously, would have met with so romantic an adventure. Nobody but his wife—but that's ahead of my story.

The great ocean steamer was on its way from Australia to England, through the Red sea, which, as every one knows, is the longest ocean voyage in the world. She had stopped at a port in Ceylon, in order that her weary passengers might go ashore for a few hours and feast their eyes upon the city and surrounding country, and feel once more terra firma beneath their feet. Millicent most of all rejoiced at the opportunity, for she was not more weary of the sea than of a certain extremely young man aboard ship whose persistent attentions, while very wearing at times, offered the only diversion from the monotony of women's society, for there was a sad dearth of men on the trip. This short pause gave her an opportunity to escape both sea and fellow-passenger.

The party—all women—took dinner ashore at the hotel, which, all travelers know, is the resort of all English speaking people who visit the island. Mine host, delighted to honor a group of so charming young ladies and having in mind the success of a hop on the program for the hotel that same evening, showed himself very attentive and extended a most cordial invitation to come back and dance for an hour or so.

The scramble into the waiting boat and urgent entreaties to the rowers to hurry gave evidence of the delight with which the invitation was received, and the hotel proprietor, watching its course toward the ship, smiled as he congratulated himself on the social success he foresaw. For the pretty English and American girls had been much observed during the day and he knew the numerous English and American bachelor merchants and professional men of the town would come in scores should they learn these ladies were to dance, which report mine host took care should be spread rapidly far and wide.

When the captain saw the eager faces of his girls, as he laughingly called them, and learned the cause of their unusual amount of animation, he had not the heart to disappoint them, but promised to hold the boat until 11 o'clock, that they might attend the dance.

So back to land again, over the sparkling water, in ball gowns and slippers and opera cloaks, were two full boat loads rowed. They danced, they laughed, they flirted. Many a lonely bachelor, sitting in his dining office with a long column of figures before him, or surrounded by the heavy tones of law or medicine, was haunted

by the image of the girl with the sparkling eyes, in ball gown and slippers, who had danced with him. When the captain saw the eager faces of his girls, as he laughingly called them, and learned the cause of their unusual amount of animation, he had not the heart to disappoint them, but promised to hold the boat until 11 o'clock, that they might attend the dance.

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BUILDING A HOME.

George Henry consults an architect.

All the Comforts and Many Beauties in a Three-Thousand-Dollar House. Though They Couldn't Gratify Whims on That Amount.

After many earnest consultations with his wife George Henry had concluded to build a house. By dint of hard work and close living he had earned enough to buy a lot in a quiet residence street, and his bank book showed a credit of \$3,000. Now, he wanted to add his savings to his lot, and make a cozy little home for himself. One bright afternoon he and his wife walked out along the street which had recently been built up with neat, modest buildings. Some of them were not constructed at all according to their ideas, but they found two or three which they thought would do very well. So George Henry made a memorandum of their numbers and found out about the architects. The man who owned the house which had pleased him best said that the architect could be trusted absolutely, and that he was possessed of a good deal of experience and that his business was not so large that he slighted his small jobs.

When George Henry went to see the architect, he found a pleasant, affable man who began to ask him questions quite frankly as if he had been the family physician, says the Chicago Record. He said that he must have all the particulars before he could diagnose the case. George Henry told him that he wanted to spend \$3,000 in a house—he didn't say anything about the extra \$400, for he had heard a good deal about bills for extras and he wanted to be prepared for such things. The architect said he would divide the \$3,000 into four equal amounts, although the usual price was 5 per cent. He said that no architect could afford to do the work required and do it honestly and well for less than 6 per cent.

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THE GIFT OF GAB.

Silence is Not Always Golden—Except to the Glib.

We have been told that hanging conspicuously in a modest saloon down town is a legend which says: "Wind is not taken here for drinks." The proprietor of that establishment has evidently been hurt financially. He has had pleasant fellows fall in on him and tell him funny stories, take a drink with him and go out in a funny way without paying. After you have slapped a good fellow on the back and laughed at his stories you do not feel like immediately asking him to pay for the beer he has consumed while entertaining you with his talk. That is the way the saloon man down town has felt about it. The boys have stood him out too often, and given him too many soaps and too many washings, and too little hard money for the liquor that has crossed the bar, in schooners or other vessels. And now when a plausible chap drops in and says "Charley, I heard a good thing today," Charley does not immediately ask for "that" it. He has been forbearing until he has ceased to be virtuous. His old sore hurts him, and he looks up at his sign, as if he had a friend in that who would stand by him, and he repeats to himself and to the chap who has just dropped in: "Wind is not taken here for drinks," says Minneapolis Journal.

That settles it. Wind should not be taken anywhere for anything that money ought to be paid for. Hundreds of poor women trying to live honestly by keeping boarders, are the victims of a fellow who comes with the gift of gab and no baggage. They tell pleasant stories, advocate reforms, perhaps say grace beautifully at table, or talk in meetings and talk well, until the landlady begins to talk of money for board, and then they are dumb and go elsewhere to work their gab. A man who has red hair and a national reputation for telling tales, many stories in Texas that the people who laughed sent him to congress. The lawyer, to be successful, must have the gift of gab or he must be associated in business with one who has it. The preacher must have it, and have it largely, if he would gain promotion in his church. The drummer lives on it and gets wages for it. The stump speaker stands on it. Gab is his platform. The auctioneer has it. It is his stock in trade. He assumes a gift of gab if he has not and he gets there all the same with his little hammer, and knocks down houses and lots and furniture until the buyers are as blind as bats. Men gifted with gab are apt to make friends tired with talk; it would be some consolation if they ever got tired themselves. But such a thing was never known. "Silence is golden and speech is silver." This comparison came up before the free coinage question came up. It is a rule with exceptions. Silence may be golden, and proud men full of such gold have starved because they did not speak their necessities. The gift of gab is a poor man's consolation. "Reading makes a full man." So does eating, for that matter, though of late there have been a great many people who couldn't swallow this. Much study makes a learned man. But the man who is learned and silent is soon forgotten. If he is ever remembered, the wise man down town may say he "gives no drinks for wind," but all the same he must pay tolls on good talk. The man who has something to say, and the wit to say it well, is a power. Silence is golden; but the gift of gab somehow is most apt to take the cake.

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That Tired Feeling

Is a certain indication of impure and impoverished blood. If your blood could be enriched by rich and pure, full of the red corpuscles upon which the vitality depends, you would never be weak, or Nervous! Bolls, pimples, scrofula, salt rheum, would never trouble you. But our mode of living, shut in all winter in poorly ventilated homes and shops, depletes the blood and there is loss of appetite, and weakness. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the standard remedy for this condition. It purifies, vitalizes and enriches the blood, overcomes that tired feeling, builds up the nerves and gives perfect health. Read this:

"Our daughter, Blanche, when four years of age, had a humor break out on her hands and face, which our physician pronounced eczema. If the cold air reached her face or hands they would swell up, look almost purple, and headed blisters would form and break.

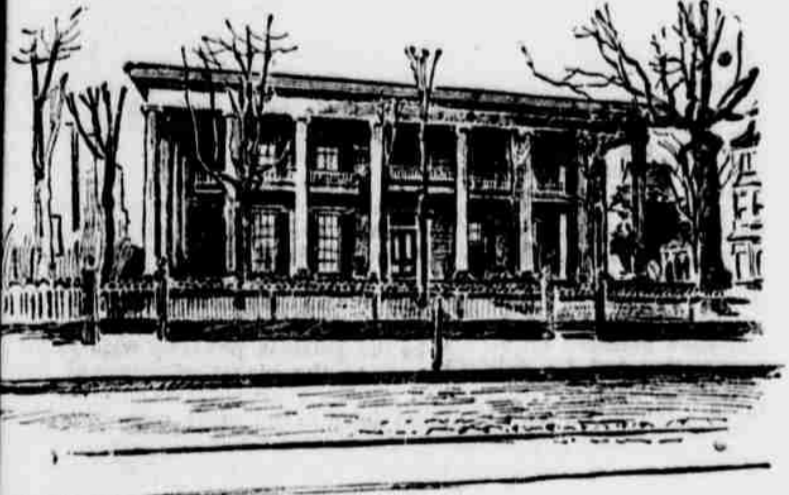
ATLANTA SHOW.

WILL CERTAINLY BE NO SMALL AFFAIR.

The Southern City is Already Taking Airs Similar to Those Experienced in Chicago Prior to the World's

(Atlanta Correspondence.)

THE SITE SE- lected for the Atlanta exposition is a natural amphitheater inclosing about 18 acres, two miles or so from the center of the city and in the direction that the wealthy folk are following in choosing their building sites.



SHERMAN HEADQUARTERS.

The house belongs to Mr. S. M. Sherman, who may be termed the first man of Atlanta, and buys and sells cotton, I believe, than any man in the world.



CHARLES A. COLLIER.

the municipal government appropriated \$75,000; the citizens subscribed \$225,000; \$300,000 was raised by the sale of bonds, and the county contributes \$100,000 in the shape of convicts for the improvement of the grounds.

NAPOLÉON LOVED HER

NO MISTAKE ABOUT HIS REGARD FOR JOSEPHINE.

She, However, Was at First Indifferent and Probably Married Him for Adventure—Her Letter Describing the First Sentiments.

The meeting of Napoleon and Josephine was an event of the first importance. His own account twice relates the circumstances of the meeting.

There is a small board of directors, who meet daily, and the authority of Mr. Collier, the director-general, is almost unlimited. The committee on finance control expenditures and audit their own bills.

than it was in the Chicago organization, and there is not nearly as much circumspection or red tape. Each branch is under the control of an individual, who has final power and can give prompt decisions to questions as they come to him without reference to committees or arguments or wire-pulling, and each is responsible to the board of directors for the proper conduct of his department.

There will be few official foreign exhibits. Brazil, Mexico, and the Argentine Republic will make fine displays, and several other American republics have signified their intention to attend; and there will be large commercial exhibits by manufacturers and merchants.

What motives may have combined to overcome her scruples we can not tell; perhaps a love of adventure, probably an awakened ambition for a success in other domains that the one which advanced years would soon compel her to abandon.

On Feb. 9, 1796, their hands were proclaimed; on March 2 the bridegroom received his bride's dowry in his own apartment, on Carnot's motion, not on that of Barras, as chief of the army of Italy; still under the name of Bonaparte; on the 7th he was handed his commission; on the 9th the marriage ceremony was performed by the civil magistrate; and on the 11th the husband started for his post.

Sometimes the screws holding the mudguards to the under side of the crown plates become rusted in during the winter, and thus when the rider wishes to remove the guard on the advent of more favorable weather present considerable difficulty.

Emblems of Royalty. The emblems of royalty of the queen of Madagascar consist of four scarlet umbrellas, which are held over her majesty when she sits in her palanquin of state—this latter a present, oddly enough, from the late emperor of the French.

ENGLISH RAILROAD CARS.

AMERICAN IDEAS ARE BEING ADOPTED IN THEIR CONSTRUCTION.

As much as twenty years ago Pullman cars were introduced into England and have been run on a few trains on one or two roads ever since, but they have never been popular, and have been used mainly by Americans and other foreigners.

The corridor coaches differ slightly in construction on different railways. They are only used yet on the principal through trains between the chief cities of the kingdom, as between London and Glasgow or Edinburgh, or on the southern routes for the continent.

The spirit of Bartholomew Gosnold is still present in the island, and would have been greatly surprised at the little progress which has been made towards remedying the vineyard of the past.

NO MAN'S LAND. The Most Isolated Spot in New England, With Twelve Inhabitants.

U. S. GRANT, JR. said he would do all he could to have that wish carried out, but as the boy would not be 17, the age for entering West Point, until 1899 he begged the general not to worry about the matter any more at that time.

Gen. Harrison was a passenger on a crowded North Pennsylvania street car a few days since. The day was a disagreeable one, and Mr. Harrison would have been walking, as the general entered the car a man rose and politely offered his seat to the distinguished passenger.

Widows of Revolutionary War. On June 30, 1894, the date of the last report of the commissioner of pensions, there were still nine living widows of soldiers of the American Revolution on the rolls.

A watch, said to be the smallest in the world, has been made for a lady in Bombay. It is about the size of a dime and keeps fairly good time.

VETERANS' CORNER.

SOME SKETCHES FOR GRAND ARMY CAMPFIRES.

Bring On the Flag—U. S. Grant II for West Point—Soldiers and Paupers—One of History's Irs—An Ignorant Enemy.

CHORUS—Hurrah! Let us shout with Jubilee. Hurrah! hurrah! Let our motto ever be, To keep well guarded on our line, from mountain to the sea, Our Flag, our Rights, and Peace of Country.

U. S. Grant II for West Point. Toward the latter part of April, 1885, Gen. Grant, while sick and weak at his home, No. 2 East Sixty-sixth street, lay watching the portrait of a baby face.

Down in Tennessee, in 1862, the Indiana field artillery lay encamped, and lack of action made affairs monotonous. One day relief came in the shape of a backwoods confederate with an old wagon loaded with watermelons.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain all the elements necessary to give strength and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are for sale by all druggists, or may be had by mail from Dr. Williams' Medical Dispensary, N. Y., for 50c. per box, or six boxes for \$2.50.

It is not, why Not. A physician points out that several falacious are common with regard to the weight of the human body. The man who congratulates himself on his gain of several pounds in weight over a given period may have no cause for rejoicing, for he may be under a delusion.

On June 1 the city of New York will celebrate the opening of the Harlem ship canal, an enterprise with which it has been struggling since 1829. The canal is eight miles long, 350 feet wide and 15 feet deep, and has cost \$3,000,000. It connects the East and Hudson rivers at the upper end of the city, and saves thirty miles to vessels descending one river and ascending the other.

How She Learned. In 1572 somebody sent Catherine de Medici a box of powdered tobacco leaves. She acquired a taste for the herb, both chewing and snuffing, or rather smelling it, and for many years the plant was called in France "herbe de la reine."

Moonlight. The moon's light has been found to be about 300,000 less than that of the sun, and, according to Prof. Young, a sky completely covered with full moons would give only one-eighth of the light we get from the sun. It thus seems improbable that the moon has any appreciable meteorological influence.

Singular. Six near relatives of George H. McCamon, of Bideford, Me., met violent death—the father, grandfather, two brothers and two cousins.

Very Powerful. Photography is now more powerful than the eye in telescopic work, and the phenomena of eclipses are increasing in importance. The possible discovery of a satellite to our moon has been agitated of late, and it would be no more surprising than to find that the familiar atmosphere has an important element that escaped observation until a few months ago. The coming era of larger lenses and improved photography will probably render the moon an object of remarkable interest.

THE HUNTER'S STORY

TELLS HOW HE WAS STRICKEN WITH PARALYSIS.

Era Feet Was One of the Pioneers in Texas, Lived There 62 Years.

(From the Post, Houston, Texas.) One day last autumn a reporter of this paper and a popular drummer started from Orange, Texas, for a drive across country; the reporter on business for his paper and the drummer to sell goods.

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Very Powerful. Photography is now more powerful than the eye in telescopic work, and the phenomena of eclipses are increasing in importance. The possible discovery of a satellite to our moon has been agitated of late, and it would be no more surprising than to find that the familiar atmosphere has an important element that escaped observation until a few months ago. The coming era of larger lenses and improved photography will probably render the moon an object of remarkable interest.

Grows Very Fast. The eucalyptus tree, which is being planted extensively in California for windbreaks and other purposes, grows to a height of fifty feet in three years after the seed is planted. When raised for cord wood and cut once every fifth year it brings about \$50 an acre.

WIDOWS OF REVOLUTIONARY WAR

ON JUNE 30, 1894, THE DATE OF THE LAST REPORT OF THE COMMISSIONER OF PENSIONS, THERE WERE STILL NINE LIVING WIDOWS OF SOLDIERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION ON THE ROLLS.

A few days ago, an old man sat in the Jersey City station of the Pennsylvania Railroad, waiting to take a West Shore train for Albany.

CHORUS—Hurrah! etc., etc. U. S. Grant II for West Point. Toward the latter part of April, 1885, Gen. Grant, while sick and weak at his home, No. 2 East Sixty-sixth street, lay watching the portrait of a baby face.

Down in Tennessee, in 1862, the Indiana field artillery lay encamped, and lack of action made affairs monotonous. One day relief came in the shape of a backwoods confederate with an old wagon loaded with watermelons.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain all the elements necessary to give strength and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are for sale by all druggists, or may be had by mail from Dr. Williams' Medical Dispensary, N. Y., for 50c. per box, or six boxes for \$2.50.

It is not, why Not. A physician points out that several falacious are common with regard to the weight of the human body. The man who congratulates himself on his gain of several pounds in weight over a given period may have no cause for rejoicing, for he may be under a delusion.

On June 1 the city of New York will celebrate the opening of the Harlem ship canal, an enterprise with which it has been struggling since 1829. The canal is eight miles long, 350 feet wide and 15 feet deep, and has cost \$3,000,000. It connects the East and Hudson rivers at the upper end of the city, and saves thirty miles to vessels descending one river and ascending the other.

How She Learned. In 1572 somebody sent Catherine de Medici a box of powdered tobacco leaves. She acquired a taste for the herb, both chewing and snuffing, or rather smelling it, and for many years the plant was called in France "herbe de la reine."

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A TAX CONFERENCE.

THE COMMITTEE HAS NOT BEEN APPOINTED.

There is a Difference of 2 to 4 Cents on the Hundred Dollars Between the Two Houses—The Governor's Objections to the Land Bill.

AUSTIN, Tex., April 15.—The president of the senate has not appointed a conference committee on the school tax bill, and probably will not until tomorrow. There is plenty of time, as the two houses will doubtless promptly adopt a unanimous conference report when submitted. The difference between the two houses is not important. The house raises the tax to the 20 cents maximum and the senate adopts 17. These figures were adopted by the deciding vote of President Jester, there being a tie. The only danger would be in appointing senators on the conference committee who opposed the tax raise to 20 cents, as two reports might result. However, Col. Jester has been investigating the school finances since the vote was taken, and is understood to have concluded it is necessary to go the limit. If that is his conclusion he will appoint 20-cent committeemen and the house bill will be adopted.

Land Bill.

AUSTIN, Tex., April 15.—For several days past the friends of the land bill have been calling on Governor Culberson to urge him to give the measure a favorable consideration, but as he has persistently urged objections to it they met Saturday night for the purpose of meeting such objections, and if possible adopted today to save the bill. The governor objects to allowing the lease holders under the present 4 per cent law to take advantage of the reduction in losses made by the bill. He also objects to section 9 of the bill as far as it applies to future foreclosures. He further insists on a straight 3 cents per acre lease rate instead of a 2-cent rate for grazing and 3-cent rate for agricultural lands. Aside from all this he insists that the venue of all suits touching lease interest and forfeitures shall be fixed at Austin.

A Speaker Pro Tem.

AUSTIN, Tex., April 9.—The house was called to order by Chief Clerk Hale yesterday morning owing to the absence of Speaker Smith, who went home Saturday to attend to law business which will keep him away for a week or more. The first business before the house being the election of a speaker pro tem, Col. McKinney of Walker placed in nomination the Hon. J. R. Gough of Collin and the nomination was seconded by Mr. Evans of Hunt. There being no further nominations, halting as proceeded with and resulted as follows: Gough 70, McKinney 2, Cooke 11, Tarver 1, Speckles 2, Bumpass 1. Mr. Gough having received a majority of the ballots cast was escorted to the chair by Messrs. McKinney, Ward and Mills and after the oath was administered, thanked the house for the honor conferred upon him, and proceeded to business.

To Investigate Blamishments.

AUSTIN, Tex., April 15.—Representative Tarver has prepared for introduction in the house today a resolution calling for the appointment of a committee of nine senators and five representatives to investigate the brand of the "blamishments" referred to by Gov. Culberson in his message vetoing the Texas and New Orleans consolidation bill and to determine how many, if any, of the legislators who voted for the bill succumbed to its influence. The investigation may possibly cause some developments of an unpleasant nature.

Local Option Bill Killed.

AUSTIN, Tex., April 10.—Yesterday afternoon the house put in two hours discussing the Bonds bill to amend the local option law so as to examine all applicants for whisky prescriptions and take on to such prescriptions when granted an affidavit that such examination was made, and to require druggists to keep a record of all such prescriptions. The bill was finally killed by striking out the enacting clause, on motion of Mr. Rogers.

May Be Defeated.

AUSTIN, Tex., April 13.—The Wayland insurance bill instead of passing the house with that unanimity predicted by some of its friends, is encountering an opposition that may yet defeat it. Members who have examined the constitution with reference to this second bill containing the same substance as the Mills measure, which was defeated on the 13th of March in the senate, are being forced to the conclusion that not only is the Wayland bill unconstitutional, but that if it should pass a precedent would be established fraught with great danger.

Out of Order.

AUSTIN, Tex., April 13.—Yesterday in the house the following resolution was offered by Mr. Rogers and declared out of order: Whereas, the house has broken a long-continued precedent in the purchase of the portraits of retiring governors by refusing to make an appropriation for the purchase of the portrait of ex-Gov. Hogg; therefore, be it resolved, that ex-Gov. Hogg be permitted to purchase said portrait to be hung in his private office. The house then adjourned.

AUSTIN, Tex., April 11.—The house committee on public buildings and grounds have reported favorably Sherrill's bill prohibiting anybody from occupying or having a key to the rooms in the capitol without an order from the superintendent of buildings and grounds. Such a law would reach the object aimed at, viz, the stopping of members and clerks from turning the capitol into a lodging-house, but would repeal the present statute, which gives the lieutenant governor and speaker supervision of the rooms in the buildings.

The Libel Bill Dead.

AUSTIN, Tex., April 12.—The Bowser libel bill was laid before the house on second reading with favorable majority and unfavorable minority committee reports.

Mr. Ward moved the adoption of the majority report and spoke in support of his motion.

Messrs. Ward, Patterson and Peck also spoke in support of the majority report.

A motion having been made to substitute the minority report and the previous question having been ordered, Mr. Feagin, one of the signers of the said minority report, closed the discussion and urged its substitution.

The minority report was adopted by a vote of 58 to 42.

After the result had been announced Mr. Blair obtained the floor and stated that he had voted "yes" for the purpose of moving a reconsideration of the vote by which the minority report had been adopted, and asked that said motion be spread upon the journal.

The motion to reconsider was immediately called up an tabled, which kills the bill.

Little Somerset.

AUSTIN, Tex., April 11.—The senate finance committee has decided to report favorably the house bill authorizing the secretary of state to furnish Somerset county with copies of the laws and court reports. A minority talk of sending up an adverse report, Somerset county suffered a serious misfortune in the loss of its county records in part, and books belonging to the courts, and another, as some think, in a complete change in its political ascendancy. The minority, it appears, would perpetuate the punishment due to an act of God in the destruction of the books because the Populists encumber Somerset county offices. The idea is that Somerset county affairs should be administered without knowledge of the laws and authorities. To carry out this policy the Populist counties ought to be deprived of their school fund allotments and their share of appropriations for enforcing the laws.

Democratic Caucus.

AUSTIN, Tex., April 12.—Thirty Democratic members of the house met in caucus last night for the purpose of disposing of the recommendations of the steering committee. After discussing the matter for two hours in a more or less acrimonious manner, and after it had been stated that several bills which had been introduced and passed, among them the arbitration bill, were simply campaign thunder and not worth a hill of beans, it was finally decided to take up and dispose of all pending senate bills on the third reading and engaged business in the state, because she derives so many benefits from that institution. Mr. Ward promptly retorted that Austin had already raised \$30,000 with which to purchase encampment grounds after a junketing committee had been sent all over the state to see which city would offer the greatest inducements to the encampment, and that the state through this legislature had shamefully repudiated this contract by withdrawing the encampment appropriation and leaving Austin with the bag to hold.

Some More New Laws.

AUSTIN, Tex., April 13.—Gov. Culberson yesterday approved the bill authorizing the transfer of the confederate home from private to state management and to establish said home as a state institution and provide for its support.

The following acts became laws without executive approval:

To authorize the purchase of Harbor Island by the Arkansas Pass Harbor company.

To diminish the civil and criminal jurisdiction of the county court of Angelina county.

To validate the incorporation of towns and cities of 1000 inhabitants or over which have heretofore been attempted under certain conditions.

Appropriation Bill Passed.

AUSTIN, Tex., April 13.—The house took another flutter at the appropriation bill yesterday morning and after suspending for the present action upon the items for the medical branch of the university of Texas it adopted the finance committee's recommendations for the same Houston normal school without change. Many other amendments were considered, and among them was an amendment providing for the purchase of a portrait of Gov. Hogg to be hung in the supreme court library at an expense of \$500 was defeated by a vote of 69 to 12. The bill was finally passed by a vote of 81 to 15.

No Quorum.

AUSTIN, Tex., April 11.—There being no senate quorum at the hour of opening yesterday, the sergeant-at-arms scoured the country for absentees, only two being required to make a quorum.

The Libel Bill.

AUSTIN, Tex., April 10.—The Bowser libel comes up in the house tomorrow as a special order, and its friends say they are going to have a vote on it or know the reason why.

MOST HORRIBLE FATE

LITTLE GIRL'S TERRIBLE FATE IN BOSTON, MASS.

One of the Most Revolting Crimes Recorded in That City for Years—Money Won is Not Exempt from the Operation of the Income Tax.

BOSTON, Mass., April 15.—The most revolting crime known in Boston for many years was unearthed by the police of Dorchester district late Saturday afternoon when the body of Alice Sterling, the 8-year-old daughter of George W. Sterling of Savin-hill avenue, was found buried in a manure heap at an old stable on the Deny estate. The girl's skull had been crushed in by a heavy blow from an ax and there were unquestionable indications that she had been assaulted. August Gill, a railroad employe, is charged with the crime. The girl disappeared Wednesday, and Friday the police were informed by Miss Edith Reid that she had seen a man with a red mustache leading the girl toward the beach. From the description the officers decided the man was August Gill, the night station agent at the depot, and he was at once arrested. The old stable on the Deny place, in the direction of which Gill was seen to go, was searched. Two old towels and bloody rags were found in Gill's room. When the manure pile was searched Officer Perkins struck a human foot. A body was pulled out and was soon identified as Alice Sterling. Her skull was crushed and the cause of death was apparent. Her clothing was torn. A bloody ax was seen near by. Gill would not admit the crime, but when brought handcuffed to view the body he trembled violently. Gill is 28 years old, and came from Nova Scotia over a year ago. He was considered a good business man by the railroad people.

To Make a Campaign.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—It is now certain that several members of the administration will take a prominent part in the political campaigns over the money question that will be carried on in different states. The invitation of Chicago business men to President Cleveland asking him to make an address in that city on the currency question has been followed by invitations from other places asking members of the cabinet to make similar addresses to vindicate the administration before the country. The president has not yet answered the Chicago invitation, but if he finds it impossible to go it is expected he will express by letter his views on money.

Money Won Not Exempt.

ST. LOUIS, April 15.—A special from Lexington, Ky., says: Desha Breckinridge, deputy collector of internal revenue of this district, who has charge of collecting the income tax, has decided that money won at gambling, including money won on horse races, comes within the income tax, and persons whose winnings have been during the past year over \$4000 will have to make returns or suffer the penalty prescribed by law. He also decides that losses incurred in gambling cannot be deducted; that the law does not recognize such losses as proper deductions from income received.

Contention of Newfoundland.

OTTAWA, Ont., April 19.—One of the stipulations which Newfoundland delegates will insist on should union take place, will be streamers between the nearest Canadian point and the west shore of the shore of the island, there to connect with a railway now under construction across the island. In this connection Sanford Fleming, the well known engineer, says the interoceanic railway will be utilized as a link in the great passenger and mail route between America and Europe. By this means the Atlantic from land to land could be crossed in five days.

Philadelphia, Pa., April 11.

The big steamer St. Paul, which disappointed so many persons on March 25 by sticking on the ways was successfully launched at 1:05 yesterday afternoon at Cramp's shipyard in the presence of nearly 20,000 people. There was no hitch in the arrangements. The steamer was christened by Miss Frances E. Grieson, daughter of the president of the International Navigation company. The launching was witnessed by the governor, the members of both branches of the legislature and other officials.

A Debt Discovered.

HAZLETON, Pa., April 13.—City Comptroller Jacobs announced to the council yesterday that the books of Joseph Salmon, his predecessor, showed a deficit of \$20,000. While he thought that it was a clerical error he would not assume charge until the matter was adjusted.

His Last Jump.

NEW YORK, April 15.—A Brooklyn bridge policeman saw a man, apparently 19 years old, climb to the center cable and jump into the river Saturday. He disappeared beneath the surface of the water and never came up.

Drowned in Houston River.

LAKE CHARLES, La., April 11.—Tuesday evening Mrs. Laura L. Bell, a highly esteemed lady, was drowned in Houston river, a few miles north-west of Lake Charles while fishing. She had an epileptic fit and fell in the water. Her only companion, a boy of 14 years, dragged her out on the bank and ran for assistance. In the meantime her convulsions caused her to roar back into the river, and when assistance came she was floating dead on the surface of the river and was brought ashore.

Seattle, Wash., April 9.

A New Whatcom special says: News has just been received of a terrible explosion in the Blue Canyon coal mine on Lake Whatcom, seven miles from this city. Twenty-one dead bodies from this city. Twenty-one dead bodies were taken out and thirteen are still in the mine. Every possible effort is being made to rescue them. A steamer has gone from this city with superintendent Novovan, three physicians, ten miners and press correspondents on board. The mine was recently inspected and pronounced safe.

The Terms of Peace.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—An authoritative statement of the terms of peace being negotiated between Japan and China has been secured from official sources. The statement is made in order to clear up much misapprehension arising from speculation as to the terms. They are five in number as follows:

1. The independence of Corea.
 2. Permanent cession of the island of Formosa to Japan.
 3. An indemnity of 300,000,000 taels (Chinese gold worth \$1.33).
 4. Permanent occupation of Port Arthur and immediate contiguous territory.
 5. New Japan-China treaty opening the interior of China to commerce.
- The money indemnity is expressed in Chinese taels instead of Japanese yen. A tael in reality is a weight instead of coin. It is considered silver worth the equivalent to \$39,000,000 in silver. It is said, the actual value will be between \$210,000,000 and \$220,000,000 in gold. The fifth term as to a new treaty includes various trade franchises, such as free access of Chinese rivers. There is no demand for territory on main land outside of Port Arthur and its contiguous surroundings.

The Old Issue Again.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—Jere M. Wilson, counsel for John G. Moore of New York in his income tax suit, when asked yesterday regarding his intention to again test the law, said: "It will be essentially the old issue over again, except that it will be presented to a full bench, and the decision will be decisive one way or the other. The purpose of the new suit will not be so much to raise old questions as to present new questions for final settlement. There is no doubt that the law will be passed on finally and decisively sooner or later." Judge Wilson's purpose is to advance the new case through its preliminary stages in the lower courts while the supreme court is short of a full bench. By the time the case is ready for argument in the supreme court it is expected that Justice Jackson will be sufficiently recovered to permit him to return to the bench or that his successor will have qualified.

Election Indictments.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 13.—A special grand jury yesterday returned four additional indictments for election frauds. Two of the indictments are against Charles A. Millman, ex-state representative, and who was a candidate for justice of the peace in the fall elections, and charge him with voting in a precinct in which he did not live, and in urging a judge of elections, E. D. Fenton. Another true bill returned is an omnibus indictment against John May, Alderman John Moran, ex-Recorder of Votes C. S. Owsley, Justice O. W. Kreuger, H. G. Bristol, George J. Pearce and R. L. Krueger. It charges them with having entered into a conspiracy to commit the various frauds and acts committed in the twenty-second ward. All of them have been indicted for separate offenses previous to this report.

Practice in Damage Suits.

TOLEDO, O., April 12.—Judge Ricks has delivered an opinion in the United States court here which will change the practice relating to damage suits brought against the receiver of a railroad company by intervening petition. Judge Ricks says: "The act of congress having given a party the right to sue the receiver in a state court, where the right to a trial by jury is accorded him, unless waived, if the receiver brings that controversy into the federal court, the intent and purpose of the act of congress should be carried out, and that if he demands a trial he should have a trial jury in the court to which his case has been removed without his consent."

The Threat of Russia.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—The threat against Japan by Russia in its semi-official organ, the Osvia Vremya, has caused much surprise in diplomatic circles here. It was supposed that Russia had an understanding with Japan as to the terms of peace to be held out to China, including the acquisition by Japan of Formosa and Port Arthur and the exaction of an indemnity. As to Great Britain, which now appears to be repudiated with falling to maintain a stiff front against Japan, it says she was the one power to resist aggressions.

Damaged by Floods.

LIBERTY, N. Y., April 13.—Reports of floods are just beginning to come in from the backwoods of Sullivan county. Woodsmen lost a vast quantity of wood and much lumber was swept away. The valleys of the Beaverkill, Delaware and Naverink rivers are said to have suffered most, the damage amounting to thousands of dollars. The villages of Rockland, De Bruce and Livingston Manor, Craigville and Oakland were partially flooded, the losses on highways and bridges being heavy. The waters were unusually high.

War Probable.

CHRISTIANIA, Norway, April 9.—Estimates to be submitted to the storting have been published and cause much comment. They give fresh impetus to the wild rumors of impending war between Norway and Sweden. The estimates far exceed any previous sums required. The sum of 4,000,000 kroner is to be devoted to the construction of ironclads. In addition large credits were asked for the purchase of munitions of war and for the completion of the forts of Fossburgh-borough.

A Medical Victory.

COPENHAGEN, April 11.—The great radical victory in the election of members for the lower house of the Danish diet, when fifty-six radicals were elected, a gain of five seats for that party, causes intense excitement and augurs badly for a peaceful settlement of the political situation. The defeat of the conservatives in Copenhagen was entirely unexpected.

Some contradictory denigrations are storm-centers of ignorance.

THE TALMAGE SERMON

PALM SUNDAY IN METROPOLITAN CHURCH.

The Gates of Heaven Open to All—On the East Three Gates and on the West One—The Reformers and the Disciples Pass Through—The Gates of the Kingdom of God—The Gates of the Kingdom of Heaven—The Gates of the Kingdom of Hell—The Gates of the Kingdom of Earth—The Gates of the Kingdom of Man—The Gates of the Kingdom of Satan—The Gates of the Kingdom of the Devil—The Gates of the Kingdom of the Beast—The Gates of the Kingdom of the Serpent—The Gates of the Kingdom of the Snake—The Gates of the Kingdom of the Scorpion—The Gates of the Kingdom of the Lion—The Gates of the Kingdom of the Leopard—The Gates of the Kingdom of the Tiger—The Gates of the Kingdom of the Panther—The Gates of the Kingdom of the Bear—The Gates of the Kingdom of the Wolf—The Gates of the Kingdom of the Dog—The Gates of the Kingdom of the Pig—The Gates of the Kingdom of the Horse—The Gates of the Kingdom of the Ox—The Gates of the Kingdom of the Sheep—The Gates of the Kingdom of the Goat—The Gates of the Kingdom of the 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OVER THE WORLD

MININGS OF GENERAL INTEREST TO ALL

Comprehensive Epitomes of Serious Sensational Stories Condensed and Edited for the Leading Dailies for the Week

New Albany, Ind., the grand arena for investigating charges against J. S. Winsteadley, president of the National Bank of Chicago, for two weeks, has returned verdicts against both of them.

Alabama politics. The latest acquisition of the grand jury was a party of 400 democrats and republicans met and bound themselves together to support for office such men as favored their views.

Howgate has been indicted for alleged frauds on the government during the time he was disbursing of the signal service. The indictments are three in number.

Report to the state department. The United States consul general at Honolulu, announced the arrival March 14 of the German Independent, with 624 Japanese laborers, 111 being women.

Details of the Turkish embassy at Constantinople. The dispatch of American warships to Alexandria and Adana, Syria, that there is truth whatever in the report of a massacre of Christians is being.

Illinois reports a total of 137 deaths of cholera over up to Feb. 25, 55 of which occurred at Santos from Feb. 9 to 23, out of a total of 75 cases at that time.

When Miss Elizabeth Leuthner was in sick at St. Louis, Mo., last November, her mother called in H. H. Wood, the faith-cure trance medium. A few days since the young man died of consumption.

At Booneville, Miss., recently, while being arrested, John Hall, a noted distiller, was shot and killed by W. W. Williams, deputy United States marshal. Hall was wanted by the federal court for violating revenue laws.

It is said that the young Japanese shot Li Hung Chang will probably be sent to the mines to serve his sentence. The locality is much Siberia and a sentence there is considered by the Japanese as little bit of death.

The body of Mrs. Ellen E. Jewett, of Henry L. Jewett, secretary of International Trust company, was floating in the Charles river at Abundant, Mass., recently. It is believed Mrs. Jewett committed suicide.

Major William Ludlow of the army, commander W. T. Endicott of the navy and Albert Noble of civil life, in Chicago, has been chosen as members of the important commission that will report on the Nicaragua canal.

Between March 10 and 23, in the province of Podolia, Russia, there were 11 cases of cholera and 6 deaths from the disease. From March 10 to 23 there 56 cases of cholera and 4 deaths in the province of Volhynia.

At Bridgeport, Conn., and Columbus, Ga., went Democratic for mayor, while Cleveland, O., went Republican by a majority. The Republicans were successful in most of the April elections.

It is expected that the Nicaragua canal commission will start for Nicaragua in a few days, as it is realized at the time at its disposal is very short, when the work to be done is considered.

Annex O' Mullins sues Aqueduct contractor O'Brien, of New York, for \$5,000, alleging that he treated her as a common prostitute. O'Brien is a prominent politician. He vows it's blackmail.

The Democratic state central committee of Illinois, at a special meeting recently, issued a call for a state convention at Springfield on June 4, to consider the currency question.

Train robbery in Missouri is now a capital offense should the jury decide to inflict so serious a penalty. The penalty ranges from hanging to imprisonment in the penitentiary.

At Wichita, Kan., recently Walter Scott shot and instantly killed his wife on the steps of the Catholic church, and then sent a bullet through his own brain dying instantly.

Henry Farenheim, while drunk and abusing his wife the other night at LaPorte, Ind., was killed by his father-in-law, Jacob Ott, striking him one blow with his fist.

It has been discovered that F. W. Griffin, assistant cashier of the Northwestern National bank of Chicago, is a defaulter to the extent of \$50,000.

A majority of the ambassadors at Constantinople are convinced of the truth of Armenia atrocities and have joined England and Russia in protesting against them.

At Laurel, Miss., Ed. Ruffor, a negro boy, while attempting to board a through freight train the other night, fell between the cars, and was instantly killed.

The steamer Buckeye plying between New Whatcom, Wash., and Friday harbor capsized in Billingham bay, south of Eliza island, recently. No lives lost.

Judge Scott of Omaha, Neb., accuses the police commissioners of that city of teaching the force to accept bribes and protecting the law-breakers.

W. T. Noland, bookkeeper for a New York hotel being short several thousand dollars, has suddenly changed his residence, without notifying his friends.

It is reported firing on the British steamer Ethelred by a Spanish gunboat is confirmed, England and the United States may unite in a common cause.

At present there are three prominent candidates for the Republican nomination for president—Benjamin Harrison, William McKinley and Tom Reed.

Grand preparations are being made at Boston, Mass., for the National convention of the Christian Endeavor which meets there July 10-15.

Two severe hail storms visited Athens, Ga., within twenty-four hours, one day recently, doing much damage to gardens and fruit.

At the annual meeting of the Bi-metallic league in London, recently, A. J. Halfour said England must change her financial policy.

James Kemp, who died the other day in Boston, Mass., was the first man in the United States converted by the Salvation Army.

Insurance companies are canceling policies on the sailors of Indianapolis, Ind., fearing the new temperance law may incite arson.

Billings, Mo., broke its record one day recently by shipping seventeen cars of cattle and hogs, two of poultry and one of eggs.

The wound in Li Hung Chang's face has completely healed. The young Jap that shot him is in prison for life.

TO GO CAMPAIGNING.

THE WHOLE CABINET ARE TO FIGHT SILVER.

The President is preparing a letter in favor of the Single Gold Standard or "Sound" Money—Plans for the New Gunboats.

WASHINGTON, April 15.—The interest of the administration takes in the campaign against the free silver movement is undisguised. The letter which President Cleveland is preparing to send to the Chicago business men in reply to their invitation to deliver an address upon the currency will be less emphatic than that he addressed to the chamber of commerce of New York early in 1892.

Although it is probable that he will go more into details and more explicitly state the reasons for his opposition to the free coinage of silver at 16 to 1. Secretary Carlisle will deliver two speeches on the subject of currency, but largely devoted to silver. He will probably speak first in Kentucky and once in Tennessee early in May. His Kentucky speech may be delivered at Louisville, although there have been requests from his old home in Covington to talk to the people there.

In Tennessee he will speak at Memphis or Nashville. Other members of the cabinet will also speak on the silver question, although times and places have not been fixed. They believe that a campaign of education on the money question will have the effect of checking the movement toward free silver.

The New Gunboats.—WASHINGTON, April 15.—The designs prepared by the construction bureau of the navy department for the new gunboats authorized by the last congress have been submitted to Secretary Herbert, and have been referred by him to the bureau of chiefs, who will suggest any needed alterations before the advertisements for proposals are prepared. The plans for the two great battleships are now in the secret stage. It is expected that they will give rise to some controversy among the designing officers owing to the novel feature of the double-turret turrets proposed and the three-inch guns which the ordnance bureau wishes to place on them.

Hearing Asked For.—WASHINGTON, April 15.—Informal notice has been given the United States supreme court by counsel in opposition to the income tax of a purpose to ask the court for a rehearing of the income tax question. The petition asking a rehearing probably will be made to-day. In view of the importance of the case the impression prevails that the court will grant the motion and that arrangements will be made for a speedy hearing and final determination of the issue. Justice Jackson has expressed a determination to be present.

No Extra Session.—WASHINGTON, April 15.—The president on being asked yesterday afternoon whether in view of the decision of the supreme court on the income tax law an extra session of congress would be called, said that neither he nor the secretary of the treasury saw any necessity for such action, and that unless there was an unexpected change in conditions he had no idea that congress would meet again before the time appointed for its regular session, as fixed by the constitution, which will be the first Monday in December.

Government Wants the Island.—WASHINGTON, April 13.—It is stated on good authority that the United States is in communication with the owners of Foxhill or Camanicut island, opposite Dutch island, with the object of acquiring possession of land on that point for the erection of a plant for eight and ten-inch guns, which, in connection with the batteries on Dutch island, will command the western passage of Narragansett bay. A recent inspection of the island made by government officials was to determine its availability for this purpose.

Ask for a Rehearing.—WASHINGTON, April 12.—Counsel for the appellants in the income tax cases have prepared a petition to the United States supreme court asking a rehearing of the case before a full bench. The motion will be made upon the ground that questions involved in these cases are as to constitutionality of the act and that the court early in its history adopted the practice of requiring constitutional questions to be heard by a full court.

An Attorney Disbarred.—WASHINGTON, April 13.—Orders were issued at the interior department yesterday disbarbing from practice before the department, Jeremiah Haralson of Pine Bluff, Ark., for violation of the pension laws. He has already been convicted and sentenced to imprisonment and fine for his offenses.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—Superintendent White of the railway mail service has just issued an order directing postmasters and railway postal clerks making up mail for China, Japan and other countries west of the Pacific to mark them "Trans-Pacific foreign." The practice of labeling these packages "San Francisco and Tacoma, Wash.," as was formerly done, will be discontinued without further notice. Under the new arrangements packages will be forwarded by the steamer first sailing, whether from San Francisco or Tacoma.

Peter Smith the Man.—WASHINGTON, April 10.—It looks as if the whole state of Texas was interested in the matter of the receivership of the bank which lately failed at Fort Worth. Applicants and the indorsements of people for the place are coming to the comptroller from all over the state. The rule has been generally that the comptroller has taken men for receivers out of the town in which the failure occurred, and in this instance Fort Worth will get the receiver, and Col. Peter Smith is the man.

TEXAS NEWS BRIEFS.

Items of General Interest Carefully Selected From Many Sources.

Recently W. E. Stovall, of McLennan county, loaded a wagon with hay and sitting on top of the hay started from the field to his barn. It was a large load, and from his seat on the mountain of grass he held the lines and guided his spirited team of horses. In some way the hay took fire and burned rapidly with a breeze to fan it. Mr. Stovall succeeded in sliding down to the front of the wagon and while the team was running wildly and the flames mounting high, he pulled out the pins, loosened the traces and the team, after a struggle with the breast yoke, galloped away safely. The wagon and hay is a total loss and Mr. Stovall has a severe burn on the leg.

Clarence Fowler, Jesse Preston, John Wall, Pearl Hogan, Zach Hogan, Clyde Paine, Bert Peters, Lawrence Reynolds, Andrew Delery, Arthur Charvat, Sid Preston, Sidney Preacher and Jesse Preacher, white boys, made a raid on a "honkatonk" at Houston the other night and killed two negro men, one negro woman and a white man that was living with Mr. Stovall. Some one of the negroes had previously stabbed one of the boys. Several arrests followed.

Interest was paid on bonds owned by the school fund recently, by the following counties: Wilson \$2469, Collingsworth \$210, Throckmorton \$1236, Shackelford \$2559, Fannin \$120, Johnson \$540, Maverick \$258, San Jacinto \$510, Nueces \$2388, Falls \$1320, Jones \$270, Dimmit \$1269, Coke \$1650, Zapata \$850, El Paso \$8688, San Patricio \$318, and sinking fund by Coke \$250, Zapata \$110, El Paso \$1240.

Attorney General Crane states that the statement heretofore printed to the effect that he had rendered an opinion, holding that Rockefeller and the Standard oil people "have not infringed the laws of Texas, that not being in Texas themselves they are not fugitives from the state and are therefore not properly extraditable" is inaccurate and incorrect, as he has rendered no such opinion.

The following counties have just paid interest on bonds held by the school fund: Hopkins county \$300, Hays county \$1785, Runnels \$2139, Travis \$6270, Childress \$1384, Lampasas \$1680, San Saba \$789, Upshur \$120, Scurry \$1189, Fayette \$4500, Bosque \$1260, Goliad \$4789. The following bonds held by the same fund were redeemed: Goliad \$1000, San Saba \$1000, Hays \$2000.

R. R. Freeman, a brakeman on the Southern Pacific, was killed near Waelder, Gonzales county, the other morning. He was riding upon the engine and leaned out to see if everything was all right, when the train went on a bridge. A bridge timber struck him on the back of the head, killing him instantly. The remains were sent to Seguin for burial.

The city council of Austin recently passed a resolution requesting the Travis county representatives to oppose the bill introduced in the house to amend the city charter so as to make the Colorado river the southern boundary of the city, the effect of such an amendment being to allow the Eleventh ward to withdraw from the corporation.

At Winona, Smith county, the other night, the Cotton Belt depot was broken into and the safe belonging to the Pacific Express company blown open. The safe contained only a few record books and twenty money orders, which were not taken. The job was a good one, and probably done by experienced hands. No clew to the burglars.

Near Eagle Lake, Colorado county, in a difficulty the other night between George Howard and Charles Daves, the latter was shot and killed. Howard was jailed. The shooting was about a woman. Both are negroes.

The city fathers of Paris have received notice that Paris has been selected as one of the cities of Texas from which a bid will be entertained toward securing the location of the home for the widows and orphans of the Masonic fraternity in Texas and upon which it is the purpose of the grand lodge to expend \$100,000.

Mrs. S. R. Patterson has filed suit at Kaufman, against the Craney Construction company and the Texas Midland railroad for \$20,000 damages, for the death of her husband, who was run over and killed by the train near Roberts, August 22 of last year.

The government fort at Fort Bliss, was destroyed by a recent storm. The damage to property in the town will foot up probably \$75,000.

At Waco recently Raymond Dunn, a schoolboy 14 years of age, accidentally shot himself in the head with a toy pistol. He cannot live.

The 9-year-old son of a man named Lyman accidentally killed his 8-year-old brother recently at their home, nine miles southeast of Denton. The older boy was lying on a bed and his brother was playing with a 12-caliber target rifle, when the rifle was discharged, producing instant death.

A few days ago the 11-year-old son of A. C. Reagan, six miles east of Hempstead, had one thumb blown off, caused by his gun bursting.

A colored hash-slinger at Dallas named Dennis Collins was recently slashed with a knife. He may die.

A number of Eastland citizens, with a few from Rising Star and Carbon, met recently and organized a joint stock company to put in a telephone line connecting Rising Star, Carbon and Eastland, all in Eastland county. The line will be in operation in a short time.

TEXAS NEWS BRIEFS.

Items of General Interest Carefully Selected From Many Sources.

At San Augustine, recently, Alexander Thomson, a son of John Thomson, was shot five times with a pistol. His assailant is known. Both live about four miles northeast of town and both are of good families. Thomson is said to be fatally wounded.

At Claude, Armstrong county, the other morning the snow and sand was stuck to the fences and the walls of the building like a coat of plaster. Several windmills are reported to have been blown to pieces during the high wind.

The commission has granted authority to the Fort Worth and Denver City railway to make a rate of 7 cents per 100 on ice in carloads, minimum weight 30,000 pounds, from Henrietta to Bowie effective April 18.

A number of citizens of Smith county have petitioned the commissioners' court to order a local option election throughout that county. There is extensive sentiment in favor of the election.

At Brownsville, between 3500 and 4000 head of cattle were crossed from Mexico. They were hurried across to escape the quarantines against Mexican cattle, which went into effect April 1.

At McKinney a few days since, District Judge Dillard refused to grant an injunction in the prohibition case as prayed for by the anti and the notice declaring prohibition will be published.

A few days since in San Augustine county, John Phillips, colored, was shot by a white man who is known to the officers. The ball could not be located, but the wound is considered dangerous.

Capt. M. C. Rayson of the M. B. Loyd rifles of Fort Worth is informed that his company is one of the three selected to drill at the coming House encampment of Confederate Veterans.

The late grand jury of Nueces county, indicted W. L. Hargus, sheriff of La Salle county, for cattle theft, and the rangers brought the defendant into court who gave a bond of \$500.

At Ennis, Ellis county, recently, while working upon the Crumley drugstore addition, in the falling of some scaffolding a negro laborer named Burrell Lewis lost his life.

A law has been passed by the city council of Holland, Bell county, that no trains be allowed to pass through the corporation at a greater rate of speed than six miles an hour.

The following bonds held by the school fund were redeemed recently: Nueces jail, \$4000; Falls courthouse, \$1000, and bridge \$1000; El Paso, courthouse and jail, \$1000.

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Near Eagle Lake, Colorado county, in a difficulty the other night between George Howard and Charles Daves, the latter was shot and killed. Howard was jailed. The shooting was about a woman. Both are negroes.

The city fathers of Paris have received notice that Paris has been selected as one of the cities of Texas from which a bid will be entertained toward securing the location of the home for the widows and orphans of the Masonic fraternity in Texas and upon which it is the purpose of the grand lodge to expend \$100,000.

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HE BROKE THE RING.

GEORGIA HAS A FEARLESS YOUNG GOVERNOR.

The Man Who Carried the State by Storm Last Year—Helped by His Wife—They Steered the Young Hearts to Victory.

(Atlanta Correspondence.)
THE NEW GOVERNOR of Georgia is a striking personality and is likely to extend his fame and influence outside the limits of this state. He has smashed rings, trampled upon traditions and sits in the executive chair in defiance of what have been the two strongest political forces of the state—the old bourbon aristocracy and the farmers' alliance—from which the thriving populist party has sprung. He overthrew both after a campaign that was never before equaled in fierceness in Georgia and has



GOV. ATKINSON.

had few parallels in other states. He introduced himself into the canvass as his own advocate and his wife was his campaign committee. He stepped from stump to stump until almost every voter in the state had an opportunity to see and hear him, and like John the Baptist, proclaimed new order things and preached progress against the conservatism of the Pharisees and Sadducees of the ex-Confederate aristocracy. In the meantime his wife remained at home, directing the efforts of the Baptist and campaign circulars appealing to thousands of public men and politicians in every county, explaining the meaning and the purpose of the crusade upon which her husband had entered, and preparing articles in newspapers and pamphlets appealing to young men of the state to stand together in support of one of their own number and to the old men not to follow after the false gods that the populists and farmers' alliance were worshipping.

The candidate of the recognized leaders of the democratic party, the man selected by the ring that has controlled affairs round the state house for years, was Gen. Evans, an ex-Confederate veteran of high character, good abilities and aristocratic connections, and, as usual, no opposition was anticipated. The democracy has been so solid in Georgia for years that nomination has been equivalent to election, and the organization has been so complete that the candidates selected by the leaders have seldom been opposed from any quarter.

But there has been an undercurrent of disaffection among the younger generation, who were wondering when the veterans of the war would be willing to get out of the way and give their sons and sons-in-law a chance. There was a spirit of revolution brewing too, among the middle class—the mechanics and wage-earners with white skins—who had simply been tolerated by the aristocracy on account of their votes, but had never been recognized as competent to hold office or wear honors.

It was anticipated by the leaders of the third party that the grumblers would come to them, and, under the leadership of ex-Congressman Watson, they were making preparations to capture the state house on a platform of free roads, the suppression of other corporations, subsidized agriculture, and other ideas that have been growing in popularity through the south.

But when Atkinson came out as the anti-fighting candidate for the governorship and sought the support of the younger, progressive generation, against bourbon conservatism and the ex-Confederate elements, the populist party dissolved, and before the convention could meet Gen. Evans was driven from the field. Such political activity had never been seen in Georgia before. The men who had managed affairs in the carpet-bag dynasty was overthrown found themselves showed out of the way, and youngsters who had never been heard of before went as delegates to the political meetings throughout the whole state.

Atkinson was elected by an enormous majority last fall, and the democratic party of Georgia has a new lot of leaders. The aristocrats hate him because he comes from the poor white class, remarked an Atlanta gentleman, "but the populists hate him even more because he broke their plans. The aristocracy has been overthrown in politics in North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida and Texas, and the 'poor white trash' have taken control of public affairs; but nowhere has the overthrow been more complete than here."

While it is scarcely accurate to class the family of William Yates Atkinson with the "poor white trash" that existed in the south before and in a measure since the war, he makes no pretensions to distinguished ancestry or connections with the land-owning aristocracy. They call him "the wagon boy." I don't know why. His father was a Virginia farmer and in the win-

FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.

SHORT STORIES PREPARED FOR THE YOUNG.

She Won't Play in Your Yard—Chinese Babies of New York—A Simple Story—Twentieth Century Boy—At the Doll Show.

She won't play in your yard. I don't like you any more. You'll be sorry when you see me, sitting down our cellar door. You can't stand in my pa's hat. You can't sit upon his knee.

It is a rare sight to see a real, live Chinese baby in the streets of New York city. There are nearly one hundred of these little chaps in the town, however. Most of them are born and reared in the Chinese quarter, including Mott, Pell and Steeples streets. More than half of these babies have American mothers. The others are of full Chinese extraction, their mothers, as well as their fathers having recently come from the Flowery Kingdom. These miniature mandarins are not at all like American babies. In the first place the characteristic so noticeable in their parents—the almond-shaped eyes—seems to be more prominent in the Chinese baby. The Chinese baby's eyes are black and shiny and look like two tiny beads above rosy cheeks. The Chinese baby is always sleek and fat. One of the peculiar facts about these youngsters is that they do not cry. That passive spirit which their fathers exhibit seems to spring from the cradle, if the queer little bed made on the floor can be so called. The hair of these babies is neatly parted and attended to by their parents, especially if it is intended that they shall return to the land of their birth. It is brushed back and at a certain period in the boy's life a topknot is developed. This is an important function, and is attended with much ceremony. The children of the wealthier and better class of Chinese are dressed as they are in the same fashion as they do in the celestial empire.

It is that the little Selma is sick. It said, wiping her eyes on her calico apron, "so sick I fear she die."

When the doctor came in his wife told him about it.

"I dare say there's nothing much the matter," said the doctor, easily.

"Evertheless," he found time to go with her but the half-blind and childish grandmother, who could not speak a word of English and who regarded him with suspicion and distrust. She was not an attractive child and not over-bright, but he did what he could for her. The washerwoman was overwhelming grateful and thought it was mere goodness of heart on the doctor's part that he hurried to her aid.

"Oh, Harry!" The doctor's wife paled a little.

"I have taken every precaution; I hardly think there's anything more to be done."

The little Selma grew better, and Ellen Johnson was more than ever like a chattering sparrow as she poured out a flood of voluble and half-intelligible thanks. My hyacinth was growing finely in the east window. The waxen leaves had parted, showing the tight roll of buds. Tangle Curis was quite as much interested in its progress as I was. Such a little sunbeam, all dimples and fat. But one morning Tangle Curis was not at the window and my dismayed eyes saw a white diptheria card tacked to the door. This morning the sunshine comes streaming in at my sunrise window. It touches the hyacinth, the buds and the shining leaves till they seem to quiver for joy of the warmth and radiance. There is a softer tint of blue in the sky; the wind blows up from the south, and the air is sweet and fragrant so that I can hardly see the trail of white flowers that hangs at the doctor's door.

The Twentieth Century Boy. The boy will be just as bright and precocious as the twentieth century girl, who is having the better of him now in popular interest. He will not be discounted by his sister, but he will be the biggest product of the kind that has ever known a world. And whatever else he will be, the twentieth century boy will be scientific. From the moment he rubs his eyes to let the light shine in first, he will inquire into the nature of things and wherefore in order to start right in his acquisition of exact and full knowledge. He will refuse, for illustration, to make his bowing acquaintance with the English language and literature through Mother Goose, who never put sense of reason into what she said. And how he will pull his bib and tug with the band fastening him to his chair at hearing "Jack and Jill" and first.

Jack and Jill went up the hill to draw a pail of water; Jack fell down and broke his crown, and Jill came tumbling after.

The story begins in the middle and does not explain anything. Jack and Jill were brothers, cousins or chums, or whether they were boots or had a jack-knife, or whether either's father owned a horse that they used to ride bareback and canny yellow is used instead of white for exactly the same reason. This is because it is found that, when signaling at a distance, a white flag or a device on a white ground blends with the horizon and becomes almost invisible. The flag of the United States is called No. 1. It measures 34.8 feet in length and 11.2 feet in breadth, and is very rarely used. The size called No. 2, which is considerably smaller, is the one generally used by warships. Crews carry the Stars and Stripes in seven different sizes, but only the Minnesota and the Detroit fit the gigantic No. 1 size. The most difficult flag to make is that of the Salvador. This flag requires all the colors, and Costa Rica



Chinese Children of New York.

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These Times.

Pacific Methodist Advocate: We hear much of these times, but little that is good. Men prone to feel and speak strongly say things that indicate passion rather than moderation that is for the best of the world. The worst times ever known, a sort of cynical pessimism is the spirit of the hour, and hard times is the chorus of its song. These times, however, are the worst times. If you go back five hundred years in the history of the world we shall see that these times are far better than these times. The world has gone forward, not backward. Everything is in the crucible. The gold secrets of nature are being laid open to pure gold will come out of the fire unconsumed. The false and the evil will be exposed and the good will be proven and approved.

The Tower of Babel.

The Congregationalist: In the discovery and separation of a third element from the atmosphere, modern chemists score one of the greatest of their triumphs. It is the brilliant discovery, search, but how could so common an element have been so completely overlooked? When we are tempted to exult in man's powers—to think that all the secrets of nature are being laid open to his eyes—to dream that searching will, after all, find out God, perhaps this wonderful discovery, with its hints of things still hidden under our very sight, may teach us the Royal Scientist's lesson. While dressing for dinner an enthusiastic subaltern communicated the information to his soldier servant.

"Donald," he said, "have you heard that the emperor of Russia has been appointed colonel of the regiment?"

"Indeed, sir?" replied Donald. "It is a very good thing."

Then after a pause he inquired: "Do you know, sir, what the emperor is able to keep both places?"—Tit-Bits.

Even Then.

The oldest prescription in existence has been found. It was for a wash of the hair of the King of the East, second king of the first dynasty, who reigned about 4,000 B. C. This is the translation:—"Pad a d'water, and wash the crown with palm; ass' hoof, I. Boil together in oil in saucapan. Direction for use:—Rub thorough in."

A Great Victory.

In the battle of Marengo 58,000 men participated, and of that number 13,000 were killed or wounded, about 22 per cent. The British general, Lord Wellington, his greatest victory. He always kept throughout life the uniform he wore on that day.

Provinces of China.

The Chinese empire is divided into eighteen grand provinces, representing an area of 2,800,000 square miles. The German empire contains 211,000 square miles, the French 512,000, and the British 231,000.

First Taste of War.

Of Gen. Carr, who has just died in New York state, they used to tell an amusing story about Troy, his old home. Carr left Troy to go to the war in command of the Second regiment. The story is that the first engagement the young colonel figured in was at Big Bethel. His regiment had hallooed for rest and refreshment in a pleasant grove. They had not then tasted war. It happened that the rebels were in ambush in the immediate neighborhood of the resting place of the brave Trojans, and from a safe hiding place opened fire upon them. Carr instantly put spurs to his horse and rode up to a group of officers. Excitement and bewilderment were apparent upon his handsome face as he approached the party. "They are firing upon my regiment!" he shouted. "My God! now, what is to be done?"

Gray Horse the Best.

The Russian war office has decided to use henceforth exclusively gray horses for military purposes, the reason given for the innovation being that animals of this color have been found by experience to be stronger and more enduring than the brown ones now used.

DAIRY AND POULTRY.

INTERESTING CHAPTERS FOR OUR RURAL READERS.

How Successful Farmers Operate Their Department of the Homestead—Hints as to the Care of Live Stock and Poultry.

Limits of Impregnation.
I have noted what has been said in this paper about five days being long enough separation of different breeds to secure purity in breeding, writes Theo. Sternberg in Colorado Poultry Journal.

Now one, two, three, or quite a number of inseminations five days or ten days' separation apparently were sufficient, will not do to base a universal rule upon.

I myself quite recently had an experience quite the other way.

I have once published this, but it was so long that I can not publish it. In the spring of 1893 I bought several sets of Brown Leghorn eggs. The chicks were hatched in May. Now I had no other Brown Leghorns on the place. Among other chicks were a lot of Buff Cochins hatched in January. These pullets began laying the latter part of June. In September I put one of these pullets in a yard with a Buff Cocker, as I particularly wished a clutch of chicks from her. The 15th, I think, of September, I sold every Leghorn I had.

Up to the time I shut up the pullet she had run at large with the other chicks, including the Leghorns. The pullet laid out a clutch and then wanted to set. None of the eggs of this clutch were set. After a time she began laying again. I went to the World's Fair and after my return late in October I saved seven (7) eggs to set them.

The Leghorns had been away from the place fully six weeks before these eggs were laid. The pullet had been away from the Leghorn chicks fully two months, and the clutch was a new one, a period of setting having intervened.

When the chicks hatched there were five of them, three were most plainly Leghorn cross, the brown striped back of the chicks of that breed, had but few feathers on the legs, and they feathered out very rapidly. Two appeared to be pure Buff Cochins, heavily feathered, clear buff color and feathered out, grew quite like other Buffs.

At six weeks of age the Leghorns were nice broilers and we ate them.

I kept the Buffs until they began to get their real feathers, when on examination I found that these clear looking Buffs had an under color most unmistakably Leghorn—the uniform dark Leghorn under color; and then we ate them.

Now, I am not going to deduce a rule from this single experience, but simply suggest that this instance is contrary to the five or ten day rule so widely quoted, and points to another possibility. It is this:

There are two plain Buffs as they appeared without inspection, but the Leghorn was there all the same. Suppose two more Buffs had hatched a little later than these two—enough later to have the under color buff, so that on an inspection of the fowl itself no one would have suspected it. Is it stating an improbability to suggest that there yet might be Leghorn blood enough in them, although not apparent to the eye, to crop out in some future generation, to the astonishment of the breeder, and another sport is sported, for the original misalliance is forgotten or unknown, and secure in the decimal system of mating on the five to ten-day rule of separation, the possibility is not afforded?

I am afraid that some of our noted writers are sports and care not for actual demonstration in sufficient instances before the rule is sported.

There is another thing in this connection. It may be that some hens, for some reason peculiar to themselves, when once exposed to crossing, influences, will never again breed purely, and this may be the exception and not the rule.

Me, I am always living, so far as my chicks are concerned, in the future. I enjoy the present in studying the future.

What I mean is, that the interest in each chick is how we will breed next year, how it is to be mated, etc., and the present is obscured in the interest excited in next year's breeding. We come to look upon the produce of the present in the light of tools. Next year we shall use our tools and make that ever sought for, always eluding, impossible creature, the perfect standard fowl, and herein lies much, perhaps the greatest source of pleasure in the fancy, when the ideal is reached.

However, we must not forget to care for the present, or we shall lose the future. Today is the father of tomorrow, and this year's chicks are the parents of the future ones. So we must attend to the interest attend all the things we can, extend our personal acquaintance as much as possible, and not forget he dates of the great mid-continental, and attend it in person and with our best.

Losses from Enemies.
Hundreds of farmers raise chicks to the age of a few weeks only to provide food for hawks and cats. It is a fact that not one-third of the chicks hatched ever reach a marketable age. The reason is that the chicks are not properly cared for during their early life and care given, is too great for securing so few. It is difficult to raise young chicks, even under favorable conditions, as there are many drawbacks to the raising of chickens, but success is within the province of those who leave no opportunity for loss. To allow the hens to come off with broods, and drag the chicks over the wet grass and compel them to travel over with areas is to inflict them with too much work and expose them to all kinds of enemies. Each hen should be enclosed in a small run. A lath run two feet wide and four feet long, with a soap box at one end, affords an excellent protection, as the hen will be confined while the chicks can go in and out of the run at will. As they will go but a short distance from the run they will see for shelter on the opposite side of the run, as the protection of the hen will always notice any danger and warn them thereof.—Poultry Keeper.

Government Inspection of Stock Markets.
A report from Kansas City says: "The new government inspection rules went into effect on March 7. Under the late ruling of Secretary Morton all animals offered for sale on the yards must be inspected. Heretofore only those animals bought by packers have had to stand inspection. The introduction of the wholesale inspection laws was especially the case with cows, both beef and milk, as a number of them were found with calf. Shippers should keep back all doubtful animals and this save loss.

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THE OMNIVOROUS ITALIAN.

It is the Land of the Sunshine Bird-Market Goes on to a Great Extent.

To the Italian everything is edible. It is a nation without a palate. It keeps a hare in fennel and eats salt with melons. The craze for devouring birds of all kinds is a species of fury from the Alps to Etna; they crunch the delicate bodies between their jaws with disgusting relish, and a lark represents to them a succulent morsel for the spit or pastry, writes Ouida in the Nineteenth Century. The trade in larks all over the world is enormous and exportable, and is as large in England as in Italy. It should at once be made penal by heavy fines on the trappers, the vendors and eaters, or ere long no more will the lark be heard on the earth. It is admitted by all who know anything of the subject that the future would be impossible without the aid of birds, as the larvae and developed insects of all kinds would make a desert of the entire area of cultivated land. This is well known, yet all over the world the destruction of birds rages unchecked, and no attempt is made to protect them, to interdict their public sale, and to enable them to nest and rear their young in peace. A scientific writer has said that the destruction of the individual is unimportant, but the destruction of the type is a crime. (He was speaking of the destruction of the great auk.) As matters go now, unless some stringent measures are taken the birds of Europe will in the next century be as extinct as is now the dinosaur. The ornithophil societies of France and Switzerland have more than once written to me that unless birds be protected in Italy they must perish all over Europe, since so great a variety of races wing their way to the south in winter, and here are ruthlessly murdered.

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SOAP! SOAP, SOAP, SOAP!

Don't Fail to Call at

A. P. McLEMORE'S DRUG STORE,

AND SEE THE CHOICEST LOT OF TOILET SOAPS EVER BROUGHT TO HASKELL.

The Haskell Free Press.

J. E. POOLE, Editor and Proprietor.

Advertising rates made known on application.

Terms \$1.50 per annum, invariably cash in advance.

Entered at the Post Office, Haskell, Texas, as Second Class Mail Matter.

Saturday Apr. 20, 1895.

LOCAL DOTS.

Easter Hats.

Cheaper than the cheapest. Hats trimmed from 50 cts. to any price.

They say that she said that Will wasn't quick enough.

If you have an idea of buying a buggy, call at the Free Press office and see how cheap you can get one.

Born to Judge and Mrs. Ed J. Hamner a son on the 14th inst.

Get a move on you, Will.

Ask Mr. J. L. Jones of the Haskell National what he knows about bank robbers.

Get my prices, my delivery wagon will do the rest.

D. W. Courtwright.

Mr. J. D. McGaughey of Rayner was in town a day or two this week.

I feel grateful to all who trade with me, and will thank you for continuance.

C. C. RIDDEL.

Messrs. M. H. Gossett and T. J. Lemmon returned a few days since from their trip to the eastern part of the state.

Mr. J. S. Rike dropped into our sanctum yesterday and informed us that the notice he put in the paper last week caught his hog.

We believe that every person should have the value of a dollar when he earns it and when he spends it.

D. W. Courtwright.

Mr. M. Leflet was in town Wednesday and, being asked about crops, said that his corn was the best thing on his farm now, that he considered it fine for the time.

Those glove fitting corsets received by Keister & Hazlewood this week are just what the ladies have been wanting.

Mrs. J. F. Albin of the northeast portion of this county has gone to Comanche on a visit to friends and relatives.

Every reader can get a handsome briar pipe free. See advertisement of Duke's Mixture.

Mr. J. W. Collins went to Seymour this week on business. Ask him how he enjoyed his ride back in his new buggy.

Rev. Foard, pastor of the M. E. church at Benjamin, is here this week assisting in the protracted meeting.

Mr. J. M. Sherman of the northeast part of the county was in town Monday. He now gets his Free Press from the post office at Mundy.

Our old townsman Dr. J. F. Bunkley, was down from Seymour this week looking after some business matter.

LADIES—Have you seen those new crepons and other handsome dress goods received by Messrs. Keister & Hazlewood this week?

Miss Susie Bradshaw of Anson is visiting the family of Mr. F. G. Alexander and other Haskell friends this week, and attending the meeting.

The ladies will find exclusive designs in dress goods and trimmings of all kinds that are far below city prices for same goods. When looking for a stylish dress don't forget that Ladies Emporium is in the lead for stylish goods at lowest prices.

As indicating the belief of our farmers in a small grain crops this year, Mr. R. E. Sherrill told us that his house took orders on Thursday for five harvesting machines.

More new shoes at Keister & Hazlewood's including black, tan and white kid slippers for ladies, misses and children. In fact, they have shoes of all kinds for everybody.

Messrs. Will Sherrill and W. G. Halsey are attending the twenty-second annual meeting of the grand lodge of Knights of Pythias at Houston this week as delegates from the Haskell lodge.

Money.

We have money to loan on improved real estate on easy terms.

JOHNSON BROS.

The preachers have been laboring earnestly but, for some apparently inexplicable reason, the revival spirit has not been awakened. We are informed that one is the sum of converts up to this time.

Nice line of ladies and misses trimmed hats at F. G. Alexander & Co's. They were trimmed to special order and guaranteed to be in style.

Miss Bettie Robertson, who was a teacher in the Haskell public school during the term just closed, left on Thursday for her home in Granbury. She left many friends in Haskell who would be pleased to welcome her back at some future time.

The wheel of business turns without friction at my store. I oil it with triple extract of low prices and big values.

D. W. Courtwright's.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Keister gave a social entertainment on Saturday night in honor of Miss Lula Brockman and to afford her many young friends an opportunity to meet and bid her adieu before her departure on the next day.

Mr. W. A. Fields and wife, who had the misfortune of losing the greater portion of their household goods by fire recently, desire us to say that they thank the people for the kind assistance extended them in their misfortune.

The brilliant headlight of low prices continues to illuminate the broad highway leading to...

D. W. Courtwright's.

Mr. and Mrs. J. V. W. Holmes' residence was the scene of a large gathering of young people on Wednesday night, who met to spend a last evening with and bid adieu to their friend, Miss Bettie Robertson, who was to depart on the next day.

Miss Lula Brockman left on Sunday to return to her home at Granbury. During her stay here of several months as a teacher in our public school Miss Brockman won many friends who appreciated her for her merits as a teacher and for her social and moral qualities.

600 acres of good land 6 miles S. E. of Haskell to sell. Will take one half purchase price in cattle or horses, balance on easy terms, or will sell a part on same terms.

OSCAR MARTIN.

Mr. W. D. Dickenson, one of our leading sheep raisers, and Miss Graham were married on last Sunday at the residence of the bride's parents. Judge Ed J. Hamner performed the ceremony making them man and wife. They have the Free Press' best wishes for their prosperity and happiness.

If you want a straw hat you can get it at Keister & Hazlewood's, any style.

Messrs. Owens Bros have purchased the meat market of Messrs. Pitner & Bell and will continue the business at the old stand for the present. They say they will do all they can to furnish the market with choice, fresh meats and will endeavor by fair dealing and courteous treatment to give satisfaction. See their ad.

After this date I will run the mill for grinding on the first Saturday in each month only.

J. F. Jones.

Miss Frankie Davis and Nellie Baker, two of Anson's charming young ladies, are visiting friends here and attending the protracted meeting this week.

Mr. Robt. Fields left on Sunday, being accompanied to the railroad by his father, Capt. W. W. Fields, to return to business at Sherman.

Money to Loan.

We are prepared to make loans on improved farm land.

JOHNSON BROS.

If our merchants, stockmen, etc. want a telephone line to give them the convenience of connection with the business world now is the time to strike for it. It is estimated that the proposed line from Seymour via Throckmorton will cost about \$2000. We understand that a letter from a party at Seymour states that that place has subscribed \$500; the W. V. Ry., \$250; the Kemp Grocery Co., of Wichita Falls, \$250 and people of Throckmorton \$500 to the stock of the company, and wants to know if Haskell will do her part.

The Washington Hotel

Seymour, Texas, changed on April 1st from \$2.00 per day to \$1.25 per day. All visitors to Seymour are cordially invited to give us a call.

Respectfully, R. RIGGINS, prop'r.

Mr. W. R. Standefer informed us that he received and answered inquiries this week from a party at Vernon in regard to the probable live stock shipments this county would make over the K., O., T. & S. W. railroad if it were extended to this place. Who knows but that 1895 will see the K., O., T. & S. W. trains in Haskell?

We were informed that Mr. W. T. Perry, who resides in the northwest part of the county, lost his corn crib and corn by fire a few days ago. He and others were at work at the time loading corn that he had sold onto a wagon, when fire from a pipe some one of them were smoking blew into the loose corn husks, which blazed up and burned so rapidly that their efforts to extinguish it were of no avail and they were barely able to remove the wagon and save it. We did not learn as to the quantity of the corn destroyed.

MARRIED: On last Monday, the 15th inst., Mr. Wm. Graham and Miss Katy Wiser were married at the residence of the bride's parents, Squire B. H. Owsley officiating. The wedding took place in the presence of a host of friends at 3 p. m. The fatted calf had been killed, so the balance of the evening was spent in feasting and dancing. This was one of the greatest social events that has occurred in that neighborhood for several years.

An extensive wool scouring plant is being put in at Colorado City.

A resolution is on foot among influential citizens of Dallas to establish a reformatory for boys, to be known as the Dallas Agricultural and Industrial Home for dependent youth, the object being to reclaim from the by-ways, and educate and train up to some useful calling, indigent, dependent, neglected and homeless children.

It is proposed to secure land near the city and establish a farm and teach farming and other industrial occupations.

It seems to us an eminently practical and praiseworthy undertaking.

It is, we think, generally conceded among persons who observe such things, that the volume of the main business transacted at any particular time is an evidence of the general business condition of the country, in other words, when business is depressed, dull and sluggish the volume of mail matter is correspondingly small, but where business is lively and prosperous the volume of mail matter is increased, as it requires more correspondence, etc., to carry it on.

This proposition being true, we recognize indisputable evidence of increasing prosperity and business throughout the country in the figures recently given out by the second assistant postmaster general. The figures show the increase of the mail business during March 1895 over that of March 1894.

We quote the figures showing the number of pieces handled in several of the leading cities: Philadelphia, 2,900,000; Cleveland, 1,650,000; Cincinnati, 555,000; Nashville, 96,000; Chattanooga, 98,000; Memphis, 211,000; Chicago, 893,000. The report states that the increase is proportionate throughout the country.

It is thought that the recent order of the department of agriculture at Washington in admitting cattle from Mexico, after due inspection, will bring a rush of steers to our markets and for a time check the advance in the price of beef and beef cattle. The supply in Mexico is not thought to be large enough, though, to affect the markets of the United States for any great length of time, and it is said that as soon as the Mexican cattle are disposed of the demand will still be greater than the supply and prices will again go up.

It is now claimed that the bill amending the Goss land bill is unconstitutional and void, on the ground that the legislature had no authority to amend a bill that had passed beyond their control into the hands of the Governor, as was the case with the Goss bill. The governor is coming in for criticism for not having a better knowledge of the constitution, the amendments having been passed by the legislature to meet his objections to the Goss bill and to comply with a condition prescribed by him for allowing same to become a law.

It is announced that two counties in Mississippi are going to try a novel plan of co-operation agreed on between the farmers and merchants.

It is said that the merchants have agreed among themselves and with the farmers that after January 1st, 1896, they will not sell on credit or as an advance any corn, hay, oats, potatoes, peas or similar products to any farmer in these two counties, the object being to force the farmers to raise these articles themselves, as their lands are admirably adapted to such cultivation and crops. The merchants also agree to buy all such crops these farmers may raise, furnishing them a home market at the prevailing price.—Ex.

An item in last Saturday's Dallas News said: "A few obscure members of the house propose a resolution censuring the Galveston-Dallas News, San Antonio Express and Fort Worth Gazette for criticising the solons, and it is said that the resolution calls for the expulsion of said correspondents from the house."

It will be a sorry day for the people when the public press is denied the privilege of criticising the official acts of officers, even to the extent of calling their motives into question when there is apparent reason for it. The papers never deny the reasonable use of their columns to persons who claim they have been misrepresented or denied their just publicity.

It is told of a Boston lady, which city claims to be the literary hub of the United States, that she inquired of a book seller if he had all kinds of arithmetics and, being answered in the affirmative, she requested him to give her an expurgated arithmetic.

This puzzled the book man and, scratching his head, he had to admit that he did not have that kind, and, seeking further information from the lady, she finally explained that it was an arithmetic from which the vulgar fractions had been eliminated that she wanted for her daughter.

She had probably heard some mention of the expurgated editions of the classic poems.

MARVELOUS RESULTS.

From a letter written by Rev. J. Gunderman, of Dimondale, Mich., we are permitted to make this extract: "I have no hesitation in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery, as the results were almost marvelous in the case of my wife. While I was pastor of the Baptist Church at Rives Junction she was brought down with Pneumonia succeeding La Grippe. Terrible paroxysms of coughing would last hours with little interruption and it seemed as if she could not survive them. A friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery, it was quick in its work and highly satisfactory in results." Trial bottles free at A. P. McLemore's Drug Store. Regular size 50 cts. and \$1.00.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder. Forty Years the Standard.

BRIAR PIPE GIVEN AWAY



WITH EVERY ONE POUND bale OF DUKES MIXTURE for 35 cents Every pipe stamped DUKES MIXTURE or ATC 2 oz. PACKAGES 5¢

In Poor Health

means so much more than you imagine—serious and fatal diseases result from trifling ailments neglected. Don't play with Nature's greatest gift—health.

Brown's Iron Bitters

It Cures Dyspepsia, Kidney and Liver Troubles, Constipation, Biliousness, Nervous ailments, Women's complaints. Get only the genuine—has crossed red lines on the wrapper. All others are imitations. On 10¢ bottles 25¢ stamps we will send you a Beautiful World's Fair Vase or 10¢ book—free. BROWN CHEM. CO., BALTIMORE, MD.



We Employ Young Men to distribute our advertisement. Acme Cycle Company, Elkhart, Ind.

Those who never read the advertisements in their newspapers miss more than they presume. Jonathan Kenson, of Bolan, Worth Co. Iowa, who had been troubled with rheumatism in his back, arms and shoulders read an item in his paper about how a prominent German citizen of Fort Madison had been cured. He procured the same medicine, and to use his own words: "It cured him right up." He also says: "A neighbor and his wife were both sick in bed with rheumatism. Their boy was over to my house and said they were so bad he had to do the cooking. I told him of Chamberlain's Pain Balm and how it had cured me, he got a bottle and it cured them up in a week. 50 cent bottles for sale by A. P. McLemore.

Don't Tobacco Spit or Smoke Your Life Away! The truthful, startling title of a book about No-To-Bac, the harmless, guaranteed tobacco habit cure that braces up nicotineated nerves, eliminates the nicotine poison, makes weak men gain strength, vigor and manhood. You run no physical or financial risk, as No-To-Bac is sold by A. P. McLemore under a guarantee to cure or money refunded. Book free. Address: Sterling Homeo. Co., New York or Chicago.

DO YOU Want to know all about Texas, parts of which are a climate of almost perpetual springtime? If you want to know something of McLennan county and Ward, Texas, their arid hot wells, the great health resort, the home of the Joton Palace, and a flourishing city, send four cents in postage stamps for a copy of "Texas Resources," a paper devoted to the material interests of Texas. Subscription price \$1 per annum. Agents wanted. Address: 2222 Resources Pub. Co., J. K. STREET, Manager, Waco, Texas.



COLLINS IS HAPPY AGAIN!

Because of the BIG STOCK of GOODS And LIVELY TRADE

F. G. Alexander & Co's

This firm now have opened up for business the largest and best stock of goods ever handled by them.

BOUGHT at CLOSE FIGURES TO SELL at CLOSE FIGURES.

Everything you want in Staple Dry Goods. Everything you want in Ladies Dress Goods. Everything you want in Trimmings & Notions. Everything you want in Furnishing Goods. Everything you want in Boots, Shoes & Hats. Everything you want in Gents' Ready Made Clothing, Quality, Make & fit unsurpassed. —See Our Bargains in Ladies' Kid Gloves.—

We appreciate the patronage we have received in the past and the trade we are now doing, and will do all in our power by courteous and fair treatment, coupled with the lowest prices we can make, to merit a continuance of same.

For spot cash we will meet anybody's prices. Respectfully, F. G. ALEXANDER & CO.

Advertisement for Hamilton Brown Shoe Co. featuring a man carrying a large shoe and text: OWN MAKE MEN'S \$2.50 SHOE STRONG AS SAMSON HAMILTON BROWN SHOE CO.

I handle the above celebrated line of MEN'S AND BOYS' BOOTS and SHOES.

ALSO LADIES', MISSES', AND CHILDREN'S SHOES.

Men's Furnishing Goods and Hats. A Full Stock of Staple and Fancy Groceries.

My terms are cash and lowest prices. S.L. ROBERTSON

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!

Keister & Hazlewood. 2 E. Corner of Public Square.

We have just opened up a fresh and complete stock of well selected STAPLE DRY GOODS, DRESS GOODS, AND NOTIONS.

Also a Full Line of GENTS' READY MADE CLOTHING, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

Our goods were bought cheap for the cash at head quarter markets and we invite the attention of the public to them with the assurance that we can give as good value for the money as any one.

Respectfully soliciting a share of your patronage, we are very truly, &c. KEISTER & HAZLEWOOD.

Advertisement for Sherrill Bros. & Co., Dealers in Hardware, Agricultural Implements, Stoves and Tinware, Tanks, Pumps, Pipe and Fittings. Call and Try Us.