

Professional Cards.

A. C. FOSTER,
Land Lawyer,
Haskell, - - Texas.

H. G. McCONNELL,
Attorney - at - Law,
HASKELL, TEXAS.

OSCAR MARTIN,
Attorney at Law,
HASKELL, - - TEXAS.

E. E. GILBERT,
Physician & Surgeon.
Offers his services to the people of Haskell and surrounding country.
Office at Terrell's Drug store.

J. E. LINDSEY,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
HASKELL, - - TEXAS.
Office Phone No. 12.
Residence home No 19.
Office North side Square.

Land for Sale.
960 acres W 1/2 of A. J. Smith
adright. Located about 10 miles
E. of Haskell on Gray Mare
creek. Will be sold cheap and on
favorable terms. Address the owner
G. WEBSTER,
San Miguel, Cal.

Start An Orchard.
I have again arranged with the
Austin Nursery for an agency for
the season of 1900. It is well known
as one of the oldest and most reliable
nurseries in Texas and its representa-
tions are correct and its guaranty
as good as the gold. I shall be
pleased to take your order for fruit
trees, shrubbery, etc., for fall de-
livery.
B. T. LANIER,

A TEXAS WONDER!
Hall's Great Discovery.

One small bottle of Hall's Great Discovery
cures all kidney and bladder troubles, removal
of gravel, cures diabetes, seminal emissions,
weak and lame back, rheumatism and all irreg-
ularities of the urinary and bladder in both
men and women. Regulates trouble in chil-
dren. If not sold by your druggist, will be
sent by mail on receipt of 41 cts. One small
bottle is two months' treatment and will cure
any case above mentioned.
E. W. HALL,
Sole Manufacturer, St. Louis, Mo.; formerly of
Waco, Texas.
For sale by J. B. Baker, Haskell, Texas.
READ THIS.
Knales, Texas.—Dr. E. W. Hall: Dear Sir—
Six years ago the 30th of June I was stricken
down with a diabetic kidney trouble; then after
a while I ran into gravel trouble, and then back
to diabetic and bladder affection. I began my
greatest remedy in April, this year, and had I used
it regular I think I could have passed a critical
examination for any life insurance company, I
consider your remedy the safest, quickest and
cheapest remedy of all now on the market.
Respectfully,
CURTIS Y. HOGAN,

The Next Thing.

Having failed to reform the govern-
ment politically, the only thing
left is the greatest thing, left for
Texas, the South in fact, to do is to
go in for the greatest possible indus-
trial development. In that, togeth-
er with an intelligent diversification
in farming, lies our only hope of
prosperity. The South, or Texas
alone, has all of the raw material—
the cotton, the wool, the timber, the
iron and the coal from which to make
all of those things which we now pay
other people to make for us. And
our diversified climate and soil are
such as to produce an abundance of
all that is needed to sustain life and
strength as well as to give us many of
the luxuries. Indeed, there is little
reason to repine, for we can be
independent of Hannaniah and all it
implies, if we will as a people buckle
on the armor of self reliance and face
the situation with intelligence and
energy.

How to Treat a Troublesome Corn.

To remove a troublesome corn or
bunion: First soak the corn or bun-
ion in warm water to soften it, then
pare it down as closely as possible
without drawing blood and apply
Chamberlain's Pain Balm twice daily;
rubbing vigorously for five minutes
at each application. A corn plaster
should be worn for a few days, to
protect it from the shoe. As a gen-
eral liniment for sprains, bruises,
lameness and rheumatism, Pain
Balm is unequalled. For sale by J
B. Baker.

TUESDAY'S ELECTION.

Full Returns for Haskell County by Precincts of the
Election on Tuesday, Nov. 6th, 1900.

Name and office voted for	Pre. 1 Haskell	Pre. 2 Bridgely	Pre. 3 Fos. 3	Pre. 4 Verona	Pre. 5 Mesquite	Pre. 6 Lake	Pre. 7 Withness	Totals	Plurality
For Amendment to Art. 8 of Con. Against	49	23	11	3	4	2	69	121	
For Democratic Electors	168	43	19	61	19	45	416	344	
For Populist Electors	6	1	5	22	1	5	40		
For Republican Electors	24	4	8	14	6	16	72		
For Prohibition	2		2				4		
For Socialist Democrat Electors		1					1		
For Governor,									
J. D. SAYERS	181	47	20	64	66	18	54	450	395
T J McMINN	10	4	9	25	2	5	55		
R E HANNAY	16	4	7	4	7	38			
For Lieut. Governor,									
J. N. BROWNING	181	47	20	64	66	18	54	450	395
CLARENCE NUGENT	10	4	9	25	2	5	55		
JOHN B SCHMIZ	16	4	7	4	7	39			
For Attorney General,									
T. S. SMITH	182	47	20	64	67	18	53	451	396
J G NIX	10	4	9	25	2	5	55		
LOCK McDANIEL	14	4	7	4	7	36			
For Comr. Gen. Land Office,									
CHAS. ROGAN	180	47	20	63	61	18	54	443	387
S C GRANBERRY	10	4	9	26	2	5	56		
C G BREWSTER	16	4	7	4	7	38			
For Comptroller of Public Acc'ts,									
R. M. LOVE	181	47	20	64	67	18	54	451	397
J S TEAGUE	10	4	8	25	2	5	54		
JOSEPH TWEEDY	16	4	7	4	7	38			
For State Treasurer,									
J. W. ROBBINS	184	47	20	63	67	18	54	453	398
H M McCUSTIAN	10	4	9	25	2	5	55		
C K McDOWELL	16	4	7	4	7	38			
For Supt. Pub. Instruction,									
J. S. KENDALL	181	47	20	63	67	18	54	450	395
V A COLLINS	10	4	9	25	2	5	55		
D J ABERN, Jr.	16	4	7	4	7	38			
For Railroad Commissioner,									
L J STOREY	140	35	11	50	47	17	41	341	142
MORGAN JONES	67	12	17	29	45	7	22	199	
For Chief Justice of Supreme Court									
R R GAINES	179	47	20	64	67	18	54	449	411
J M McCORMICK	16	4	7	4	7	38			
For Associate Justice of Sup. Court,									
F A WILLIAMS	181	47	20	64	67	18	54	451	407
G D GREEN	10	4	8	25	2	5	54		
F B STANLEY	16	4	7	4	7	38			
For Associate Justice Court of Crim- inal Appeals									
GEORGE TODD	10	4	9	25	2	5	55		
C A BOYNTON	16	4	7	4	7	38			
For Judge Court Criminal Appeals,									
J N HENDERSON	181	47	20	64	67	18	54	451	396
For Associate Justice of the Court of Civil Ap- peals, 2nd Supreme Judicial District,									
I W STEPHENS	178	47	20	64	67	18	53	447	447
For Congress, 14th District,									
J H STEPHENS	180	47	20	64	68	18	53	450	415
J G LOWDON	16	4	6	4	5	35			
For Representative, 10th District,									
A. S. HAWKINS	166	47	20	55	56	10	38	392	250
L B ALLEN	29	1	8	26	37	15	26	142	
For Dist. Atty, 30th District,									
A C WILMETH	168	24	9	51	41	1	50	284	51
W E PONDER	84	21	19	26	46	25	12	233	
For County Judge,									
D H HAMILTON	46	23	12	52	59	15	47	254	128
J E POOLE	73	8	12	7	8	1	7	116	
H R JONES	55	15	2	19	20	6	9	126	
J E WILFONG	20	1	1	3	8	3	2	38	
For County Attorney,									
OSCAR MARTIN	169	45	25	63	72	24	46	444	386
GEORGE PEELER	20	2	2	8	17	11	58		
For County and District Clerk,									
C D LONG	114	32	15	47	76	23	35	342	150
H S POST	83	14	11	32	18	3	31	192	
For Sheriff and Tax Collector,									
J W COLLINS	65	32	17	34	18	12	20	198	23
J F JONES	79	12	7	12	36	6	23	175	
J W BELL	53	3	3	35	41	8	23	166	
For Tax Assessor,									
S E CAROTHERS	112	19	5	45	44	9	25	259	14
C M BROWN	82	29	21	35	49	16	41	273	
For County Treasurer,									
J E MURFEE	121	42	13	55	56	24	45	356	223
J L STANDEFER	20	1	3	7	10	2	10	53	
D W FIELDS	55	5	11	19	32	11	13	133	
For County Surveyor,									
H M RIKE	197	47	27	78	92	26	58	525	
For Commissioner Pre. No. 1									
J W EVANS	34							4	46
J W JOHNSON	55							15	84
J T BOWMAN	90							66	193
For Justice of Peace, Pre. No. 1,									
J W EVANS	133							61	194
For Comr. Pre. No. 2,									
B. H. OWSLEY.	38							17	55
For Comr. Pre. No. 3									
W K PERRY	27							27	
For Commissioner Pre. No. 4,									
E. D. JEFFERSON,	41							41	12
C J HANSON	11							11	11
R S DENSON	29							29	29
For Public Weigher									
L M GARRETT	98	12	7	49	9	166		92	
S R RAMSEY	67					74		74	
W M REEDY	17					25		25	
For Constable Pre. No. 1									
P J WILLIAMSON	42					16		1	59

FURNITURE.

We have just opened a new furni-
ture store in
STAMFORD, TEX.,
and will sell you goods very low, and
will appreciate your trade.

North of Postoffice
Your Friends,
W. C. Blanchett & Co.

Subscribe for the
HASKELL FREE PRESS
and keep up with the times.

OUR NEW LINE of Seasonable Fall and Winter Goods
embraces everything from the finest dress fabrics down through the whole line of staples. In fact we believe it covers Everything Anybody Wants.
IN NOTIONS AND TRIMMINGS and all the little odds and ends of the toilet and ladies' wear our stock is equally full, equally well selected and prices equally well proportioned to value. The ladies will find here everything required to trim the most fashionable modern costume.
GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHING In these our stock is unsurpassed in style, quality and value. We bought our clothing under peculiar circumstances—a closing sale—and know we got it under regular prices. We intend to sell it that way.
BOOTS AND SHOES Besides our regular line of Footwear we bought a large special lot for men's and women's wear at special low prices—and they'll go that way.
MILLINERY We believe that we have become pretty well posted in what our lady friends want in this line and believe that we have the stock to meet their wants. To be sure that we get the latest styles and best quality of trimmings, etc., we secured the services of an expert milliner in making our selections.
Come and see us! The latch string is out, you will be very welcome, and we will take pleasure in showing you through our stock and quoting prices.
Yours Svc
F. G. Alexander & Co.



Smiling again because we have
OUR ONE THOUGHT
Everything you want
At prices that are irresistible
IN OUR GREAT STOCK OF NEW GOODS
In buying, our one aim is selling; is to find what YOU want and then meet it with a line of goods unequalled in price and quality. We have found that the only way to build up a permanent business is to secure what the people want and then make the prices as low as the quality of the goods will bear—in other words give full value for your money in every transaction. To this end we measure every value we put before you, both in buying and selling.

TERRELL'S DRUG STORE,
Southwest Corner Public Square
Haskell, Texas.

Handles only the Purest and Best drugs. Carries a nice line of
Jewelry, Notions and Sundries;
Stationery, Watches, Clocks, Spectacles, Etc.

MILLINERY
MRS. WEST.
Newest Goods. Best Prices.

Second door north of Postoffice.

RACKET STORE
2nd door North of Postoffice
HOME KEEPERS' MONEY SUPPLY HOUSE.

Motto
Most Value for Least Money.

A Great Medicine.
"I have used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and find it to be a great medicine," says Mr. E. S. Phipps, of Boteau, Ark. "It cured me of bloody flux. I cannot speak too highly of it." This remedy always wins the good opinion if not praise, of those who use it. The quick cures which it effects even in the most severe cases make it a favorite everywhere. For sale by J. B. Baker.

Frank Smith's Prices.
3lb. Full weight Tomatoes, 10cts
2lb. Green Gage Plums, 15cts
4 Packages Velvet Starch, 25cts
12 lbs. Gold Dust Washing Powder, 50cts
7 Packages Pearlina, 25cts
Dried Apples, per pound, 8 1/2cts
Raisin Grapes, 8 1/2cts
Van Houten's Coco, per can 20cts
Best grade Corn, 10cts
I also keep the Ralston Health Oats, Flour, etc.
All Tobacco at 5cts below regular retail prices, for cash.
On and after Nov. 1st, 1900, my terms will be strictly cash.
Yours for bargains and business.
FRANK SMITH.

The Felido Blackberry.
A WONDERFUL NEW BERRY

This wonderful new Blackberry grows a vine 25 to 40 feet long in one year! It bears fruit three months in the year, giving ripe berries from July till in October, long after all other berries are gone. The berries grow in great clusters like grapes and are large and luscious and keep well. The vine is an evergreen and when trained over a trellis makes a handsome yard ornament. When properly cared for they make from 50 to 100 pounds to the vine.

PRICES.
1 Plant with roots . . . \$1.00
6 Plants with roots . . . 5.00
12 Plants with roots . . . 8.00
I pay express charges on all orders amounting to over \$2.
Address all orders to
J. W. KENDRICK,
Waxahachie, Texas.

Infant mortality is something frightful. Nearly one-quarter die before they reach one year, one-third before they are five, and one-half before they are fifteen! The timely use of WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE would save a majority of these precious lives. Price 25 cts at J. B. Baker's.

Restaurant and Oyster Parlor,
West Side of Square.
For Both Ladies and Gentlemen.

Fresh Oysters Served to Order in Any Style at Any Time.
We carry a choice stock of
Fruits and Confectioneries.
Patronage Solicited
Williamson & Martin.

Money Saved
BUYING PIANOS



Positive Fact!
as we are the largest buyers of Pianos in the state, we can sell cheaper than any house in Texas.

We are state agents for
The

THE STARS IN NOVEMBER.

(Copyright, 1900, by C. de Saint-Germain.) This month, the "true North" is just a little to the left of the Pole Star.

From Auriga to the Pole Star, the small constellation "Camelopard" (the Giraffe)—not marked on this map—stretches its line of five stars of the fourth magnitude.

Mercury—often difficult to see with the naked eye, on account of its comparative proximity to the Sun—will appear early in the night toward the west; after the 5th it will be so near the Sun as to become invisible.

It is now proposed as a punishment to cut off Chan Chi Tung's cue just below the collar button.

A man who marries a disagreeable woman for the sake of her money swallows a bitter silver-coated pill.

Sir Thomas Lipton's challenge has been promptly accepted by the New York Yacht club.

Allegany, Pa., has an ordinance requiring street railway companies to equip their cars with jacks, for use in lifting cars from the bodies of persons that have been run down.

Those who are privileged to act as hosts of the prince of Wales have to carefully study his likes and dislikes in the matter of food and wines.

The relations existing between mistress and maid in Australia are aptly illustrated in a recent issue of a Queensland paper.

Foreign trade has picturesque features which greatly relieve its coldly commercial aspects.

Ex-Governor Pillsbury of Minnesota and his wife are going to build a home for poor girls in St. Paul.

The growth of population about the Great Lakes will be one of the important revelations of the present census.

A dealer in spices declares that the consumer can now buy a pound of what purports to be pepper, ground, packed in a tin box and labeled cheaper than the wholesaler can buy pure unground pepper by the ton.

"A revolution," said a Colombian gentleman to an English traveler lately, "is our substitute for cricket; our young men must have their game."

The handsome new women's building at the Michigan State Agricultural college was dedicated last week by the Michigan Federation of Women's Clubs.

The possible philanthropist, undecided whether to give to his native town a library or a reformatory, a gymnasium or a hospital, may find his answer in a recent conversation.

"And how about the schools for good boys in your town?" came the answer. "Are they anything to be proud of?" The visitor stared, but he did not know.



LOOKING NORTH

between the hours of 8:30 and 9 p. m. During the second week, between 8 and 8:30 p. m. During the third week, between 7:30 and 8 p. m. During the last week between 7 and 7:30 p. m.

To be still more exact, we will explain that, owing to the annual motion of the earth, each star comes to any chosen point in the heavens nearly "four minutes earlier" every day, making a difference of nearly half an hour in a week, and two hours in a month.

And now this informal half-hour of lesson begins. Immediately above our head, at the Zenith point, shines the Constellation "Cassiopeia" (the Seated Lady) in the shape of a large M composed of five remarkably fine stars of the third magnitude.

In 1572, the famous Danish astronomer, Tycho-Brahe, discovered another star in Cassiopeia, that almost equaled the planet Venus in brightness. Two years later it vanished, and has never been observed since.

This month, the constellation "Cepheus" is found directly under "Cassiopeia"; Alderamin of the third magnitude is the most remarkable of its stars; I told, in my preceding article, the poetic legend of King Cepheus, King of Ethiopia, and of his Queen Cassiopeia's beauty—the cause of a terrible family disaster.

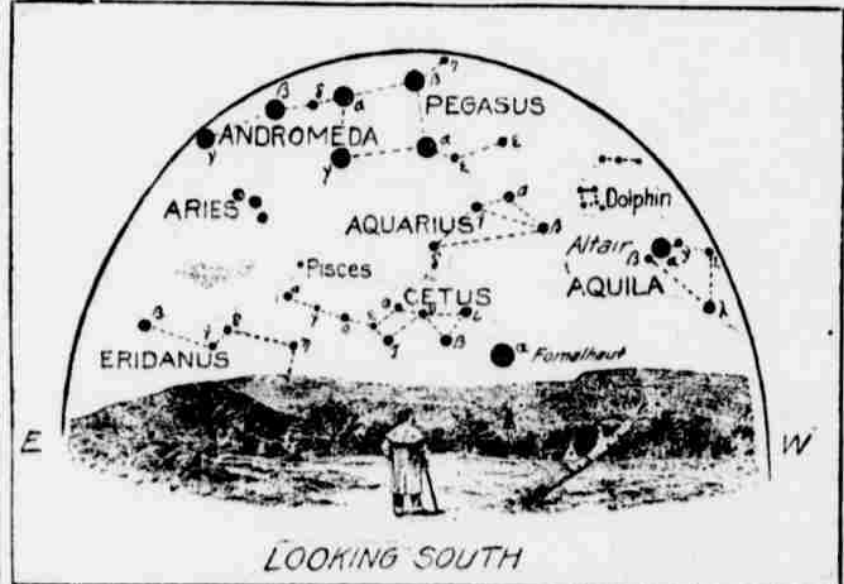
allowing our eyes to travel downward, always along the eastern direction, we recognize the Constellation "Auriga" (the Waggoner or Charlestown) with the superb "Capella" (the She-Ghost) shining down on us. "Mekkalman," another beauty, is a worthy mate of Capella. Three smaller stars in this constellation are known as "the Kids."

A Summer National Capital.

The suggestion made by a writer in Harper's Weekly that the United States have a summer capital is plausible but impracticable.

The English Lake District Menaced.

The proposition to construct an electric railway through the heart of the lake district in England, for which a bill will be offered in the new parliament, is meeting with strenuous opposition.



LOOKING SOUTH

disappear at times for periods varying from a fortnight to four whole years; its brightness changes from the second to the fourth magnitude and vice versa.

The advance report of the Presbyterian church shows an increase of 2,300 communicants over last year and total contributions averaging \$11 per member.

TALMAGE'S SERMON.

AN ESPECIALLY TIMELY DISCOURSE.

The Man Faithful to God is the Most Faithful to His Country and to His Fellowmen—An Example from the Life of Daniel.

(Copyright, 1900, Louis Kloppsch, N. Y.) This discourse of Dr. Talmage is appropriate for all seasons, but especially in times of great political agitation.

So far from being afraid, Daniel goes on with his supplications three times a day and is found on his house-top making prayer.

But not so well does Darius, the king, sleep. He has an attack of terrible insomnia.

Learn from this subject that the greatest crime you can commit in the eyes of man is the crime of success.

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that you can commit is the crime of success.

Decision of Character. Again, my subject impresses me with the value of decision of character in an emergency.

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come forth, and, amid the sound of cornet and great parade, he would get the honors of knighthood.

TURKS AT TABLE.

No Tables Are Used and Chairs Are Unknown.

Of late years some Turkish households have become considerably modernized in their arrangements.

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A Women's Building.



The handsome new women's building at the Michigan State Agricultural college was dedicated last week by the Michigan Federation of Women's Clubs.

at the age of 94, was one of the most distinguished soldiers in the British empire. He gained his first experience in warfare seventy-three years ago.

It is proposed by the friends of the late William L. Wilson and the alumni of Washington and Lee university, of which he was president, to raise by subscription a fund of at least \$100,000 to maintain a professorship in the university.

Mayor-Elect Mims and County Commissioner Brown of Atlanta are pushing a project for an aqueduct to bring water to the city named.

Mayor-Elect Mims and County Commissioner Brown of Atlanta are pushing a project for an aqueduct to bring water to the city named.

Erath county's hay crop is large. Much corn remains in many Texas fields.

The corn crop around Stephenville is light.

Erath county has raised a large cotton crop.

Much corn remains ungathered in Ellis county.

The raising of rice is becoming quite an industry.

Wilbarger county will have a large wheat acreage.

Jack county was visited by a severe hail storm on the 30th ult.

Cotton has been damaged in many localities by the heavy rains.

Some truck growers at Dickinson are shipping mustard and radishes.

Some Hood county farmers are getting over a bale of cotton per acre.

The rain on the night of the 30th ult. was general in north Texas.

Heavy rains last week retarded the picking of cotton in many counties.

Cattle are fat and will go through the winter around Memphis better than this year than ever before.

There are fields near Creemore that have not had a boll picked from them owing to scarcity of hands.

A number of horses and mules are being shipped from San Angelo to other points.

George Perkins of Hood county says he has gathered 2500 pounds of seed cotton per acre so far.

Mr. Z. Smisson of San Angelo recently shipped nine cars of fat cows and steers to Kansas City.

Cotton seed is being shipped from the Indian Territory to Kansas City on a larger scale this season than ever before.

William Powell, the Hartley county cattleman, bought at Kansas City at public sale three fine Hereford bulls, paying \$1000 for the bunch.

Arduore, I. T., expects to receive 40,000 bales of cotton this season as against 23,400 last season, an increase of about 40 per cent over last year's receipts.

O. S. Houston, president of the First National bank of Stephenville has sold his Sand Mountain ranch in Erath county to Eades & Brown of Hood county for \$34,900, nearly all cash.

The Raymond Rice, Canal and Milling company will next season irrigate 17,000 acres for rice-raising purposes. The tenants are now making contracts to rent rice lands for next year in Liberty county.

Apple-raisers in the northwestern part of Grayson county complain that a peculiar rot, beginning at the core, has fallen a veritable blight upon the crop and is occasioning considerable loss.

Hon. John W. Springer, president of the National Live Stock association, recently addressed the convention of the Humane society at Pittsburg, Pa. on the transportation of cattle. He told the society a number of things which it did not know before.

At Liberty, O. E. E. Coler of that city at public sale of 61 head of Poland Chinas received \$2266 for the lot, the animals averaging \$36.15 per head. The highest price for a single animal was \$102 and the lowest \$12.

Reports come from Mexico of numerous cattle thefts. In the state of Vera Cruz the depredators are said to be particularly active. Ranchmen and sellers are stirred up over the frequent losses and are expected to take energetic action against cattle rustlers.

The railway franchise which the executive council of Porto Rico granted to the North American company is very valuable. It will permit the construction of a veritable network of lines in the island.

George F. Graessle, a reporter on the staff of one of the Milwaukee daily newspapers, occupied the pulpit of the Plymouth Congregational church, in which he discussed "The Ethical Side of the Newspaper Business, or the Philosophy of the Press."

A suicide case came to light in Juarez, Mex., when a man named Ramon failed to open his store for business. An investigation resulted in finding the merchant dead in his bed in the rear of the store. He shot himself with a pistol.

The last issue of the Paris Exposition edition of the New York Times appeared on the 31st ult. The paper had been published daily except on Sundays, since May 1, and had been one of the striking features of America's exhibit.

Gen. Brabant, who has been appointed to superintend the recruiting of the Cape Colony forces, appeals to the men to come forward, alleging that under present conditions, anything like a general return of refugees is impossible, and he must have recruits.

Eight steamships were cleared at the New Orleans customhouse the 31st ult. for Liverpool, Barcelona, Genoa and Hamburg, with 76,767 square bales of cotton and 4921 round bales, largest amount ever cleared from any port in one day.

Experimental excavations at various points along the route of the Charing Cross, Euston and Hampstead railway at London, whose franchise was recently acquired by Charles T. Yerkes, the American, began and the work will be continued without interruption.

REPUBLICANS SUCCESSFUL,

As They Appear to Have Carried All of the Doubtful States.

Popular Majority of McKinley Will be Much Reduced, Perhaps Overcome.

New York, Nov. 7.—President McKinley has been re-elected by a sweep. His majority in the electoral college will not materially differ from the figures of 1896, but there have been decided changes in his plurality. He is 100,000 under his former plurality in New York, as much in Pennsylvania, \$5,000 less in Massachusetts, and these percentages of reduction hold good in a number of states. In the states which he has carried his aggregate plurality is possibly more than a million under his aggregate plurality in the same states in 1896. The returns from the certain Democratic states are too meager yet to determine whether Bryan has maintained his former pluralities in those states. If he has, it is likely that McKinley has lost his popular plurality of four years ago of more than 600,000, or at least the greater part of it, and it may even prove when later returns are at hand that Bryan, hopelessly in the minority as regards the electoral college, has actually received a popular plurality. In the east, with the exception of a few local cities, McKinley has received less votes than he obtained in 1896, and Bryan has increased correspondingly, but in no instance have these changes been serious for the Republicans. Their margins were so great that they could well afford to lose many, and they expected to lose many. Indications are that in few, if any, of the northern states has the total vote been greater than four years ago. There have been great Democratic gains in cities like New York, Boston, Chicago, Cleveland, Buffalo, Jersey City and Philadelphia, due to Bryan's popularity among the laboring men. All these cities went heavily against Bryan formerly, and now he has overturned adverse majorities and carried most of them. Gold standard Democrats among the business men have apparently again voted solidly for McKinley, and to them he is again indebted for his election. In the middle west, where Bryan's substantial hopes rested, the Republicans have apparently made good their claims of gains in the rural precincts, while they suffered expected losses in labor centers. McKinley has carried the following states by pronounced pluralities:

New Hampshire, 4; Vermont, 4; Massachusetts, 15; Rhode Island, 4; Connecticut, 6; New York, 36; Pennsylvania, 32; New Jersey, 16; Michigan, 14; Minnesota, 9; Wisconsin, 12; Iowa, 13; Illinois, 24; Ohio, 23. These states have a total of 212 electoral votes, or just twelve short of the number necessary to elect, leaving Maryland, Indiana, West Virginia, Delaware, Kansas, the Dakotas and the Pacific states of California, Oregon and Washington, with a total of sixty-six votes, all claimed by Republicans, to draw from.

It appears now McKinley has carried all of these, his vote in the electoral college will be 276, as against 251 in 1896. Bryan has certainly carried the following:

Maryland, Baltimore, Md., Nov. 7.—McKinley has carried Maryland beyond the shadow of a doubt. His majority will be about 10,000. Chairman Vandiver of the Democratic state central committee admits Bryan's defeat in the state. It is also certain that the Republicans have elected four out of the congressmen, while the remaining two will probably be Democratic, although later returns may change this outlook.

About 40,000. Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 7.—Bryan's majority in Georgia will be about 40,000, which is 28,000 less than that which was given Gov. Candler one month ago. The majority for Bryan shows an apparent increase over that of four years ago of about 4000. The Georgia delegation to Washington remains solidly Democratic. Coffey county, in south Georgia, went for McKinley, and the town of Fitzgerald registered a heavy Republican majority.

New Haven, Conn., Nov. 7.—Connecticut in the election decided that her electoral vote of six should be placed in the McKinley column. The entire Republican state ticket was handsomely elected. The four Republican congressmen were re-elected, and a general assembly overwhelmingly chosen. The plurality for McKinley is probably 35,000. A dispatch from Hartford says the city gave McKinley 9000, Bryan 9200.

Wisconsin. Milwaukee, Wis., Nov. 7.—Returns from Wisconsin up to 10 o'clock last night are comparatively few, but show on their face, when compared with the vote of four years ago, that McKinley has carried the state by a large plurality, equal if not exceeding the figures of 1896, which were 102,612. M. LaFollette, Republican candidate for governor, and all the Republican congressional candidates are elected.

Massachusetts. Boston, Nov. 7.—Fifty cities and towns in the state give Bryan 6767, McKinley 12,508. Same in 1896 gave Bryan 4958, McKinley 14,843. This shows a Republican loss of 17 per cent and a Democratic gain of 26 per cent. One hundred cities and towns in Massachusetts out of 353 give Bryan 15,608, McKinley 27,697. On this basis McKinley's plurality is estimated at 75,000. With only four precincts to hear from the city gives Bryan 5,838 plurality; 200 cities and towns out of 355 (exclusive of Boston) give Bryan 31,347, McKinley 61,151. This is a Republican loss of 14 per cent and a Democratic gain of 46 per cent. On these later returns McKinley's plurality in the state will be about 55,000.

Indiana. Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 7.—Two hundred and forty precincts out of 3302 in Indiana give McKinley 27,049 Bryan 21,569. The same in 1896 gave McKinley 26,251, Bryan 23,227. Net Republican gain 1176. Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 7.—A conservative estimate at 12:30 a. m. places McKinley's plurality in Indiana at 39,000. Entire state Republican ticket is elected. Returns are not definite regarding congressmen. Democrats seem to have a reduced majority in Virginia.

Both Claim Kentucky. Louisville, Ky., Nov. 7.—Both the Democratic and Republican committees claim the state, though they furnish no figures in support of their claims. Louisville newspapers claim that Bryan and Beckham or McKinley and Yerkes have gained the victory in this state, just according to whether these papers supported the Democratic or Republican tickets in the campaign just closed. McKinley's majority in 18 out of 200 precincts in Louisville and the county is 4059. In the same precincts the majority of Yerkes, Republican candidate for governor, over Beckham, Democratic, is 4498. The Democrats are claiming gains out in the state.

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Alabama. Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 7.—Vote in Montgomery for president: Bryan 1183, McKinley 216, Barker 19, Woolley 16. Mobile.—The vote in Mobile and county was very light, many citizens not voting except for congressman. The Republicans carried the seventh ward by 600 majority, largely negro votes. This will probably offset by the county returns. Birmingham.—Very light vote was cast in this (Jefferson) county, which goes for Bryan two to one. Several precincts were carried for McKinley. Montgomery.—Returns from the state are too meager to give any figures on the vote for president. Bryan carried the state by a large majority on a light vote.

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Soon Retired. Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 7.—Mr. Bryan received election returns at his residence in this city. His house was fairly overrun by newspaper men and telegraph operators. The first bulletin was one announcing that Poughkeepsie, N. Y., had given McKinley a majority of 1237, and this was followed by another bulletin to the effect that Elmira had gone for Bryan by 1722 majority. When shown this message he simply remarked that it was encouraging.

The other bulletins from New York came in thick and fast after that, and while Mr. Bryan made no comment there was a feeling among those present that he was disappointed in the returns from New York city and Brooklyn. On the other hand there was considerable encouragement from the interior of New York state, and especially gratifying was a message from National Committeeman Mack saying that Buffalo had given McKinley a majority of only about 3000, against a majority of 12,000 four years ago. Coming closely upon the heels of the Buffalo dispatch was one from a friend in Boston announcing that city to have gone for Bryan by a majority of 7000, as against 17,000 for McKinley four years ago.

The early dispatches indicated the loss of Maryland, and this was also a disappointment, for it had been believed that that state was fairly safe for the Democratic ticket. After receiving the earlier returns in his library, Mr. Bryan retired to his private apartments, which were provided with a special wire. Both he and Mrs. Bryan were in a cheerful mood. At 8:30 o'clock, when the newspaper men at Mr. Bryan's house sought a statement from Mr. Bryan, they were told that he had just gone to sleep and could not be disturbed.

From Manley. Canton, O., Nov. 7.—The president's first congratulations from headquarters came from J. H. Manley at New York as follows: "Praise God from whom all blessings flow. Your triumphant re-election is conceded by Democratic managers. I tender my earnest congratulations. We are very happy at headquarters." Canton, O., Nov. 7.—President McKinley cast his ballot at 9:20 Tuesday morning. People had gathered in front of the booth and the president shook hands with many and greeted them pleasantly. Down Market street he and Judge Day walked at the head of the party and the president was kept busy raising his hat to the many greetings along the way. The windows of one of the factories were crowded with workmen who gave him a cheer as he passed. At the voting place a crowd had collected to see the president enter. He shook hands with some of the officials and then stood while the questions required by law were asked. His registration number was 302 and his was the 197th ballot cast in a total voting strength of 323. The questions answered, the president started into the booth and remained fully a minute scanning the ticket before casting it into the ballot box. Judge Day then voted and the party started back to the house.

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Illinois. Chicago, Ill., Nov. 7.—The belief prevailed last night at the Democratic national headquarters that the battle is lost and that McKinley has been elected by a larger plurality than he received four years ago. Senator Jones, near whom was seted ex-Gov. Aligold, ex-Gov. Hogg of Texas, was busy reading bulletins from various states and commenting upon the figures. He said: "I do not know yet. The returns are too meager to make a prediction." "We are going to win yet," said ex-Gov. Hogg. "These figures are doctored and are the work of Wall street gamblers. They do not represent the will of the people." While conversing with the two ex-governors, Senator Jones was shown a telegram from New York stating that W. J. Stone had conceded the state to McKinley by over 100,000. His only comment was: "Well, that may be right, but I am not going to concede anything now."

Ohio. Frankfort, Ky., Nov. 7.—City of Frankfort gives McKinley 969, Bryan 961, Yerkes, for governor, 975, Beckham 857. Congress, seventh district—Trimble (Dem.) elected. Louisville—Eighty-seven out of 176 precincts in Louisville give McKinley a plurality of 3100. Louisville—One hundred and twenty precincts in city and county give McKinley 15,088, Bryan 12,355. Same precincts give Yerkes, for governor, 15,492, Beckham 13,095. Louisville—One hundred and one precincts out of 1187 in the state give Bryan 11,537, McKinley 11,826; Beckham (Dem.) for governor 11,402, Yerkes (Rep.) 12,045. Louisville—One hundred and sixty out of 200 precincts in city and county give McKinley 20,495, Bryan 16,447, Yerkes (Rep.) for governor 20,502, Beckham 16,273. Louisville—One hundred and ninety-nine precincts out of 1187 in the state give Bryan 21,660, McKinley 23,209, Beckham (Dem.) for governor 21,567, and Yerkes (Rep.) 22,054. 504 precincts out of 1877 in the state give Bryan 61,921, McKinley 57,352, Beckham 61,934, Yerkes 59,095. Lexington—McKinley's majority in this city is 1600.

President Overton. Canton, O., Nov. 7.—At midnight last night Canton was in a frenzy of enthusiasm which knew no bounds. The crowds which had been burning red fire down town marched en masse to the McKinley residence with bands playing, rockets sending lurid streaks across the midnight sky and tumultuous cheers mingled with the din of horns and steam whistles. The crowd clamored for the president and he appeared, waving his acknowledgment of the deafening cheers. The president said: "Fellow Citizens: I thank you for the very great compliment of this call on this inclement night and at this late hour. (Cheers of 'You're welcome.') Of the many gratifying reports from every part of the country, none have given me more genuine and sincere gratitude than those from my own city and my own county of Stark, and I appear now, only as I have done on so many former occasions, to thank you once more for the warm and hearty endorsement which you have to-day given my public acts."

Arkansas. Little Rock, Ark., Nov. 7.—The largest counties show gains for Bryan, indicating he will carry the state by 75,000. Negroes did not vote their full strength. Returns from remote counties not received. Indications are that six Democratic congressmen are elected by increased majorities. At 11:0 o'clock Tuesday night the returns show a slight falling off in the vote in large counties, which may reduce Bryan's majority to 50,000. In the cities Bryan runs a trifle behind the Democratic nominees for congress. A very small vote was received by the Populist electors, and the Prohibition vote in the state will not exceed 1600. The vote of Little Rock, Fort Smith and Hot Springs was unusually light. The Gazette estimates a majority of 60,000 for Bryan in Arkansas. Six Democratic congressmen elected beyond doubt. Little Rock—City vote complete. Bryan 1762, McKinley 522.

Louisiana gives usual Democratic majority. Big Claims. New York, Nov. 7.—At 12:30 this morning National Committeeman Manly, Gibbs and Bliss held a conference, at the conclusion of which the following statement was given out: "On the returns received at Republican headquarters up to this hour the Republican national committee claim to have elected McKinley and Roosevelt by an electoral vote of 284, with the possibility of twenty-one votes in addition, making a total of 305. These twenty-one votes consist of the fifteen votes in Kentucky and eight in Nebraska. The states we surely claim for McKinley and Roosevelt are California, Connecticut, Delaware, Illinois, Indiana, Maryland, Iowa, Kansas, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Utah, Vermont, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin and Wyoming."

Killed His Sister. La Porte, Tex., Nov. 6.—Eddie Gay, 8 years of age, shot and instantly killed his sister Lee, 11 years old, Sunday night about 6 o'clock. They were playing robber, and Eddie, to show how he would scare the robbers, pulled up his brother's 22-caliber rifle and fired. The bullet entered the girl's breast, and death was almost instantaneous. The rifle had been left loaded near the door to shoot a hawk, and never before had been where the boy could get hold of it.

On Increase. Austin, Tex., Nov. 4.—Dr. I. J. Jones of the state health department has returned from Jack county, where he investigated several cases of smallpox. Reports received at the health department indicate that smallpox is on the increase and that it is of a virulent type in most instances. The health department is elated at having passed through the summer without having a single case of yellow fever.

Protecting Credit. Galveston, Tex., Nov. 6.—At a meeting of the city council held Monday night a resolution was passed directing that interest on bonds to the extent that the interest funds may be short, be paid out of the sinking funds. The coupons are to be bought and held as an investment for the respective sinking funds until such time as revenues are sufficient to redeem them, when they will be canceled. While the property of the sinking funds they will bear interest.

The Deadly Oil. Van Alstyne, Tex., Nov. 6.—About 6 o'clock Monday morning, at the home of Henry Reid, a farmer living seven miles south of this place, in attempting to start a fire he used a five-gallon can of coal oil. The oil ignited, bursting the can and scattering the flames all over the room. The house and fire and was burned to the ground. Little girl 2 years old was burned, another daughter 12 years old had one of her arms burned to a crisp. The youngest child, a little boy, was badly burned about the face and head. Mr. Reid was burned so badly that it is believed he cannot recover. Mrs. Reid has died from her burns. In the building was \$200 in money, which was also burned. The house was valued at \$500, with no insurance.

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How Animals Sleep



In a very interesting article in the October number of Pearson's Magazine Dr. Louis Robinson tells how various animals sleep.

"The chimpanzee, as far as I have been able to ascertain," says the writer, "never sleeps upon its back, its favorite position being on its side with one arm under its head. In this respect it resembles children of from 4 to 10 years of age. The only gorilla which I have had an opportunity of observing, also apparently preferred this attitude, but occasionally seemed to sleep comfortably in a crouching position, with its head bowed down between its knees. This latter attitude appears to be the one adopted by nearly all the lower monkeys.

"When turned at a pasture all

horses, except those which are crippled by disease or injury, lie down at night with their legs folded beneath their bodies. Some of the short-limbed and thick-jointed animals, such as the elephant, hippopotamus and rhinoceros, find a difficulty in bending their legs under them after the manner of their more slender kindred. Hence they sleep upon their sides in a pig-like attitude.

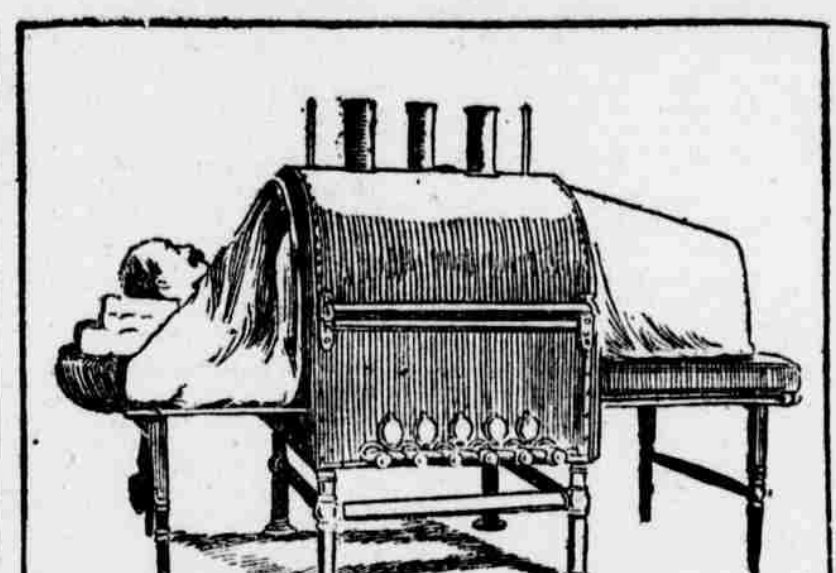
"Bears, as far as I have been able to observe, have no characteristic sleeping attitude, for you see them lying in all sorts of grotesque positions, as if they found one quite as comfortable as another. Indeed, a well-favored bear, covered with a good layer of fat and a thick coat of fur, may be

said to carry his bed about with him, and any part of his skin will serve either for mattress or coverlet, as occasion arises. Nevertheless, the bear, when sound asleep, tends to curl himself up with his nose and paws inward, and this is probably the attitude which in cold climates he adopts when hibernating in his den during the winter season.

"Kangaroos also appear to be quite indifferent as to the position of their bodies during sleep. Any sunny afternoon at the zoological gardens you may see them sprawling on the straw in all imaginable attitudes. The only thing they seem to demand in order to be perfectly comfortable are reasonable warmth and plenty of elbow room."

A "ROASTING" MACHINE FOR INVALIDS

A revival of the luxuries of the Roman baths is promised by an eminent hospital. By the inventor, one Sprague of New York, the claim is made that he can cure many ills that flesh is heir to by simply putting men and women into an ingeniously constructed apparatus of his own invention, in which every part of the human anatomy except the head can be subjected to a temperature of 400 degrees Fahrenheit without discomfort. By means of this heat the inventor claims that he can cure all pain of a congestive, neuritic, inflammatory or psychic character, albuminuria, oedema, inflammation following traumatic, especially in the breaking of ankylosed joints, obesity, gout, rheumatism, sprain, sciatica, flat foot, ankylosis, bronchitis, chronic eczema, neuralgia, lockjaw, diseases of the heart and lungs, Bright's disease, otitis media and congestions of the nose.



When the reporter was ushered into the lavishly appointed rooms he was confronted by two large machines. In one a patient was lying, with only his head exposed, and the other, known as a leg and arm machine, was occupied by a man to the extent that his leg was thrust into it.

These machines are called thermostats, and are really big cylinders. The one in which the whole body can be increased is divided in half and can be raised so that the person to be "baked" can be placed in it. On the bottom of the cylinder and against the sides and

lower half are strips of thick rubber, about one and one half inches apart. The space between them is dotted with perforations of the diameter of one-eighth of an inch. Rubber cushions are laid at each end of the cylinder. Over these sheetings and canvas are spread. On these the patient is laid. The patient's head and feet, which project, are incased in what looks like the larger halves of two cloth megaphones, air-tight at the cylinder's ends, fastening around the neck and cover-

ing the feet. When this is accomplished the cylinder is closed, the heat turned on and the baking begins. The cylinder rests directly on a gas stove, with six long and narrow gutters that fill with flame when the gas is lit. The generated heat passes into the pocket of the cylinder and through the perforations into the interior. The cylinder used for arms or legs is exactly on the same principle, except that it is smaller, to accommodate either of these members.

GIANT ELEPHANT'S TUSK.



A gigantic elephant's tusk has been brought from the interior of German east Africa. A native was the fortunate hunter who bagged the trophy, and it is said that the fellow tusk was only a trifle smaller. The big tusk weighs 241 pounds.

The two tusks were brought by way of Bagosyo to Zanibar, where an American acquired them at a fancy price. Some idea can be formed of the gigantic size of the elephant when it is known that it carried about with

it an appendage of nearly 500 pounds in tusks.

Elephants of this size are becoming rarer every day. The merciless war of extermination carried on for years against the elephant by ivory hunters has been only too successful. Where once immense herds were to be seen, a man now may travel for hundreds of miles in the vain search for those forest monsters. They tend to retire further and further from the coast in quest of solitudes as yet uninvaded by man.

LOOKING AT LIFE.

Its Sunbeams Are Sweet Because of Its Team.

What different ideas people have of what life is! Some will go through the world careless, bright and happy, and at its close may still insist it is a beautiful dream—but these persons are very few. Most of us who have passed through our childhood and earlier years of womanhood have come to a realization of life's earnestness, its duties, obligations and responsibilities. But because we have learned to read its press we do not seem our appreciation of its beauty. I think, in the confusion of the world, it is better and lovelier than the more. Life would become monotonous if our days were all sun-

shiny ones. When we have walked for awhile in the glare of the light, how welcome and restful is the shadow; and after the darkness, how gladly we step out into the brightness and beauty of sunshine once more. So with life; its smiles are sweeter because of its tears; its joys purer because of its sorrows. Our individual views of life rest a great deal with ourselves. Look at it through blue glasses, and it will appear gloomy and dismal, but put on rose-colored ones and immediately all things are tinted with a warm roseate hue which is beautiful indeed.

The man who boasts that he never makes a fool of himself generally meets plenty of people who do the trick for him.

MID DASHING WAVES

BRAVE LIGHTHOUSE BUILDER DOES HIS WORK.

It Took Five Years of Dangerous Toil to Erect Niles's Lighthouse—Hardships of Men Who Built the Tillamook Lighthouse.

(Special Letter.)

Upon a dark night the Atlantic coast from Maine to North Carolina is marked with lights like a city street. Along the shore line of the southern states and also up the Pacific coast, the lights are not so numerous, but every bar and reef has its warning light. The government maintains more than 1,100 lighthouses and lighted beacons, 88 light vessels and lantern boats, and nearly 1,800 post lights, most of which mark the shores of navigable rivers. In addition to these, there are sirens, signals, whistling buoys, bell buoys and shoal buoys to warn the men at sea of dangerous points along the shore. The cost of maintenance annually exceeds \$3,000,000.

Few persons have any idea of the dangers encountered by the men who build the offshore lights which are put up in the most difficult and dangerous places that can be selected. The true sea-builder, says a writer in McClure's Magazine, speaks with "contemptuous" of the ordinary shore lights. He must have tides, breakers, ice-packs, wrecks, fierce currents and wind storms to test his mettle. Such a man was Capt. Alexander, who built the famous Niles's lighthouse, near the entrance to Massachusetts bay, 15 miles southeast of Boston. This was in 1855. A bold, black rock lay out in the sea, which the water at high tide covered entirely, its place being indicated by a few restless breakers, or, if the water was calm, by a smooth, oily, treacherous eddy. At the lowest tide a glistening head, laced around with a collar of surf, protruded a few feet above the surface of the water. It was so slippery with seaweed and the waves dashed over it so fiercely that a man could not maintain a footing on it. Before attempting to build, Capt. Alexander sent a crew of men to the rock to scrape it clear of weeds and to cut level steps on which they could maintain a footing. When a great wave came rolling in the forenoon, the men fell on their faces, clinging together and holding their breath, until the rock was bare again. Working thus in instant peril of their lives and constantly drenched and suffering from the smarting of salt water sores, the men cut only four footholds in the rock during the entire first season. The second year

for days at a time, in the coldest weather of a northern winter, they were compelled to be clinging to the slippery rock, drenched with icy water, exposed to swiftly succeeding storms of snow and sleet and cut by the sharp sea winds. During all this time they had no sufficient means of warming themselves, practically no fresh provisions, and nothing to eat but hard-tack and beans, soaked in sea water. Few arctic explorers have had to suffer the perils and privations to which these lighthouse builders were subjected, and yet they lived and built a great lighthouse on the summit of the rock.

BEASTS IN INDIA.

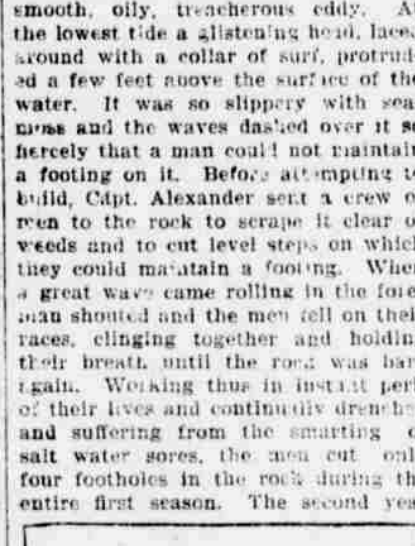
Wild Animals Kill Many Human Beings in That Land.

It is sometimes remarked that death due to snake bite forms a convenient and not unusual description for numbers of deaths by foul means, but the extermination of wild beasts and venomous snakes adopted in the central provinces does not support the suggestion. No less than 1,132 persons came by death in this terrible manner, says the Bombay Gazette, but the number is not accurate. In the Damoh district a post-mortem examination was made on the bodies of all persons reported to have died from snake bite, but no case was detected in which death was apparently due to some other cause. Wild beasts killed 283 human beings, and the mortality among cattle ascribed to injuries of a like nature amounted to 11,659. Sheonath river, in the Rajpur district, should become a popular resort for shikaris. In addition to adventures of sport with wolves, they would also be assisting the officials to destroy these animals, whose depredations on the bank of the river are growing into a serious evil. In Nimar district these animals are steadily increasing in number, and they have done considerable damage. There were 233 tigers and 593 panthers killed, the reward for slaying which amounted to Rs.17,759. There are many man-eating tigers in Balaghat, and although several persons each claim to have killed the "Alegon man eater," which has carried off eight men, it is not certain whether it is still alive or dead. Golfers will learn with interest that, in addition to the usual excitement and difficulties of the game, players occasionally have to encounter a tiger on the Jubbulpore links. One was shot in the golf links of that station during the year, which was a successful one so far as the destruction of wild beasts is concerned. It is probable the unusual dryness of the season contributed something toward making them a more easy prey than usual to their pursuers.

THE CARNEGIE FORTUNE.

First Investment Made with Considerable Trepidation.

It was due to Sir Thomas A. Scott that Andrew Carnegie made his first investment—ten shares of stock in the Adams Express company, valued at \$500. This he did with considerable trepidation. He had labored hard for the money he had saved up while he had worked as a telegrapher. It is part of railroad history how he later fell in with the inventor of the sleeping car, saw the enormous advantages which that manner of travel held out to passengers and promoters, and how he interested others in the invention of Mr. Woodruff. This occurred shortly after his return from Washington when the problems of transportation were still uppermost in his mind. He was now on the road to success and wealth as he then pictured earthly possessions. The Pennsylvania oil fields yielded large returns when Carnegie with others turned their energies in the direction of the newly discovered territory. In one year land purchased for \$40,000 increased in value so that it paid a dividend of \$1,000,000. When Mr. Carnegie was thirty years of age he began his career as an iron and steel manufacturer. He built bridges, made steel rails, furnished the government with its armor plate, in the succession. Naturally things did not spring forward as if by magic or of their own accord. Hard work, shrewd guessing, driving bargains which always attempted to be fair—these combined to produce the result attained. In the distant north-west he saw the great deposits of ore awaiting capital to mine it. He dug deep into the mountain sides, brought forth the fundamental ingredients of shining steel, and through the masterful converting processes which he had obtained, Andrew Carnegie laid the foundation for his colossal fortune of \$25,000,000 or more. He went into the railroad business as well; connected distant mines with harbor facilities for shipment; he built steamers to carry the crude product to his mills in the heart of the Keystone state.—Review of Reviews.



WAVE-SWEPT TILLAMOOK.

they built an iron platform 20 feet above low water. Ropes were stretched between the piles on which it rested and when the waves were high the men were picked and swung like a washboard into the sea. The next winter a big coastwise vessel swept in from the sea, carried off the platform, crushed the face of the rock and ruined the result of two years' work. It took all the next year to repair the damage and it was not until five years had been spent at the work that it was completed. The work of fitting the stones in place was full of excitement. Stout bags of sand were swung on a crane from a boat to the rock, while the men were picking and tossing in the air, the men caught them, and piled them up in the form of a small pen and rammed them firmly together. Sometimes it took three or four staggering men, each clinging with one hand to the lifelines, to handle a single bag. The inside of this primitive coffer dam was then hauled out and wiped dry with a sponge. Meantime the men on the boat had prepared the stone by laying it on a piece of thin maul and with a mallet, like a mason's plaster. The edges of the maul were then drawn up around the top of the stone and it was lowered into the coffer dam. Each stone was dove-tailed into the next one. The difficulty of fitting a stone held aloft on a swinging crane, with the waves dashing around the workmen's legs, can well be imagined. Not infrequently the men were swept into the sea. The lighthouse cost the government \$200,000.

NOT APPRECIATED.

The Inventor of the Automobile Died Poor.

There has just died in France M. Lenoir, who, though seldom accredited, is without doubt the father of the automobile. On Jan. 24, 1860, M. Lenoir, a chemist, was granted a patent for a motor driven by an explosive mixture of air and gas. He even used electric ignition, obtained from a battery and Ruhmkorff coil and actuating a sparking plug very similar to the style in vogue today. In 1862 he produced a car driven by one of his motors and this accomplished some short trips in the streets of Paris, after which, for some reason, it made no further progress. He seemed to have no luck, his invention was premature and beyond the gratification of his hobby he had no appreciation. Fifteen years went by before another man attempted a motor car again and it was not till 1887 that Daimler produced his first car, which, to do him justice, was the earliest of the really practicable vehicles. Poor Lenoir lived to see the motor industry attain enormous dimensions, to see honors and wealth heaped on other men and died in humble circumstances without honor or reward.

Take the Place of Rulers.

One of the special correspondents in Peking told the world not long ago what to use at least was new, that the emperors of China are relieved of some of their burden of representation by doubles trained to perform the part. Servants of the palace, carefully picked, are carefully told what to do, and on ceremonial occasions represent the emperor. It has often been rumored that a device of the same kind is used to protect the sultan, and a tale of a similar sort is going the round of the press about the German emperor.

Girl Printers Dislike Smoking.

The women members of the San Francisco typographical union are gratified to learn that a rule has been passed prohibiting smoking during the sessions of the union.

The Coming Winter at Nome.

No doubt 20,000 people will winter in Nome and the minor camps tributary to the northern city, but at least 30,000 more will go out or are already on their way out.

Hawaiians Never Beg.

The natives of Hawaii, he they ever so poor, never steal or beg. These offenses are confined almost exclusively to the Portuguese residents of the island.



AS THE WORLD MOVES ROUND

Senator Sued by Ward.

The suit for \$50,000 for breach of promise against Senator Wm. V. Sullivan by Miss Lucy Mal Leeton creates a lively interest in the town of Warrenton, Va., where both are well known. Miss Leeton is well remembered there, where she attended the Paniquer Female Institute. She was engaged at the school in January, 1898, by Senator Sullivan, as his ward, and remained there until the closing of the session in June of that year.

While a student at the Paniquer Female Institute, Senator Sullivan was a frequent visitor to Warrenton, and his attentions to his beautiful ward were, it is said, more those of a lover than those of a guardian, and this loving attitude toward each other was much commented upon. Usually he

Was a Great Scholar.

In the death of Frederick Max Muller, professor of comparative philology at Oxford university, there has passed away a good man and a great scholar. His contributions to the world's knowledge of oriental literature and religions have been more important and voluminous than those of any of his contemporaries. These contributions began in his first year when the translation of a collection of Sanskrit fables and from that time to the present scarcely a year of his industrious life has passed in which he has not added to the general stock of human knowledge by critical and explanatory essays and translations from the fascinating literature of Asia.



SENATOR WILLIAM VAN AMBERG SULLIVAN.

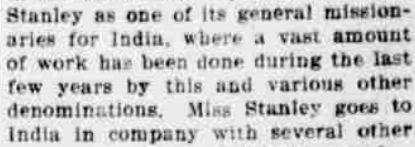
Miss Leeton Sued for \$50,000 Damages for Breach of Promise.

would come from Washington on Saturday and remain over until Monday, and would always have Miss Leeton leave the institute and stop with him at the Warren Green hotel during each brief visit to this place.

A great many circumstances that were commented on then, but not viewed with suspicion, were easily understood in the light of recent developments.

May Wed a Billionaire.

Mrs. Adolph Ladenburg, whose reported engagement from London to Alfred Beit, the richest man in the world, is an American. Her father was the late Alexander Stevens, cashier of the Gallatin National bank. Mrs. Ladenburg lost her husband in 1896. She was a member of Ladenburg, Thal-



Charles M. Hays.

Who Has Been Selected for the Position of President of the Southern Pacific.

The publishers of a well-known magazine have offered Minister Conger \$10,000 for an account of the siege of Peking. He is not likely to accept the offer.

"Prince of Pan-Handlers."

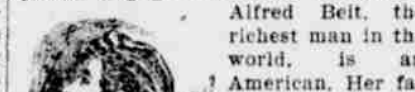
His love for a Philadelphia girl is said to be responsible for the reformation of George Munro, known all over the United States for more than twenty years as the "prince of pan-handlers." In the language of the street a "pan-handler" is a man who gets his living without working for it by plying the arts of a confidence man in a small way.

Now that he has reformed, Munro has no hesitation in declaring that there is not an honest man who really needs food begging for money on the streets of a great city. His advice to people who, while kind at heart, object to being victimized, is to refuse every request for money made by street or house beggars. When a man comes to the door and asks for something to eat, Munro thinks he ought not to be turned away because "no professional panner will go around from door to door begging for cold victuals."

Former Senator Warner Miller of New York has secured a permit for a railroad to cross the northern half of the Colville Indian reservation in Washington for the Republic & Kootenai River railroad, of which he was the chief promoter.

A library to be known as the "Brynmour Technical Library" is to be established at Johannesburg by friends of the late Major L. T. Brynmour, as a memorial to his services to the mining industry in South Africa.

Commander Robert H. Stewart of the British navy has been promoted to the rank of commodore, in authority from Capt. A. Stewart, with seniority in connection with the command of the Taku forts in China.

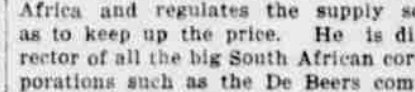


Mrs. Adolph Ladenburg.

Alfred Beit.

Alfred Beit is said to be the only man in the world worth \$1,000,000,000. He could be worth whatever he pleased, for his firm controls the entire output of diamonds from South Africa and regulates the supply so as to keep up the price. He is director of all the big South African corporations such as the De Beers company and the Chartered South African company.

Mr. Beit owns the palace built by Barney Barnato in London. He is 47 years old, a bachelor, and the leading partner in the firm of Werner, Beit & Co., who own the most valuable diamond and gold mines in Africa. He is a modest, rather retiring man, little known in the social, but a power in the financial world. His exact wealth is unknown, but it is so many millions that he is considered to be wealthier than even any one of the Rothschilds. Werner, Beit & Co. have more millions at their command than any institution in England except the Bank of England.



Alfred Beit.

Squab Raising.

Game of all kinds is getting scarcer every year, and so the young pigeon has come into favor. The raising of squabs for the market is a new, but growing business for boys who live in villages or on farms near the large cities. Very pleasant business it is, too, and very profitable. If one may judge by the price paid for a dose of the best white ones in the market. Strictly speaking a pigeon is a "squab" as long as it sits in the nest, and as soon as it can utter querulous cries for food it becomes a "squabber." But for market purposes it is a squab up to about one pound live weight and three quarters of a pound dressed. As a matter of fact one dozen squabs should average from seven to nine pounds dressed, but not drawn, and they should bring about \$3 a dozen.

Straw Throws Off English Load.

By the death of the duke of Wellington the English pension list will be eased by \$20,000 a year. The sum included two separate pensions granted to the Iron Duke. The first was in 1810, a pension of \$10,000 a year on account of "the brilliant and decisive victory obtained" by him at Talavera on July 12, 1809, and was given to "Lieut. Gen. Lord Viscount Wellington" by George III. The second pension of \$10,000 also was granted in 1812 on Viscount Wellington's advancement to an earldom.

The Only One of the Great Coal Operators Who Did Not Offer the Miners an Increase of Wages.

Mrs. John C. Whitin, one of the trustees of Wellesley college, has built and equipped for that college a student's observatory.



John Markle.

In recognition of the eminent services he has rendered to the cause of scientific explorations the British government presented Dr. Naesson with a fifty-volume set of the Challenger Reports. He is the first single individual to receive them, their cost running up to several hundred pounds.



George Munro.

John Markle.

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Now that he has reformed, Munro has no hesitation in declaring that there is not an honest man who really needs food begging for money on the streets of a great city. His advice to people who, while kind at heart, object to being victimized, is to refuse every request for money made by street or house beggars. When a man comes to the door and asks for something to eat, Munro thinks he ought not to be turned away because "no professional panner will go around from door to door begging for cold victuals."

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AN OCEAN WATER-SPOUT

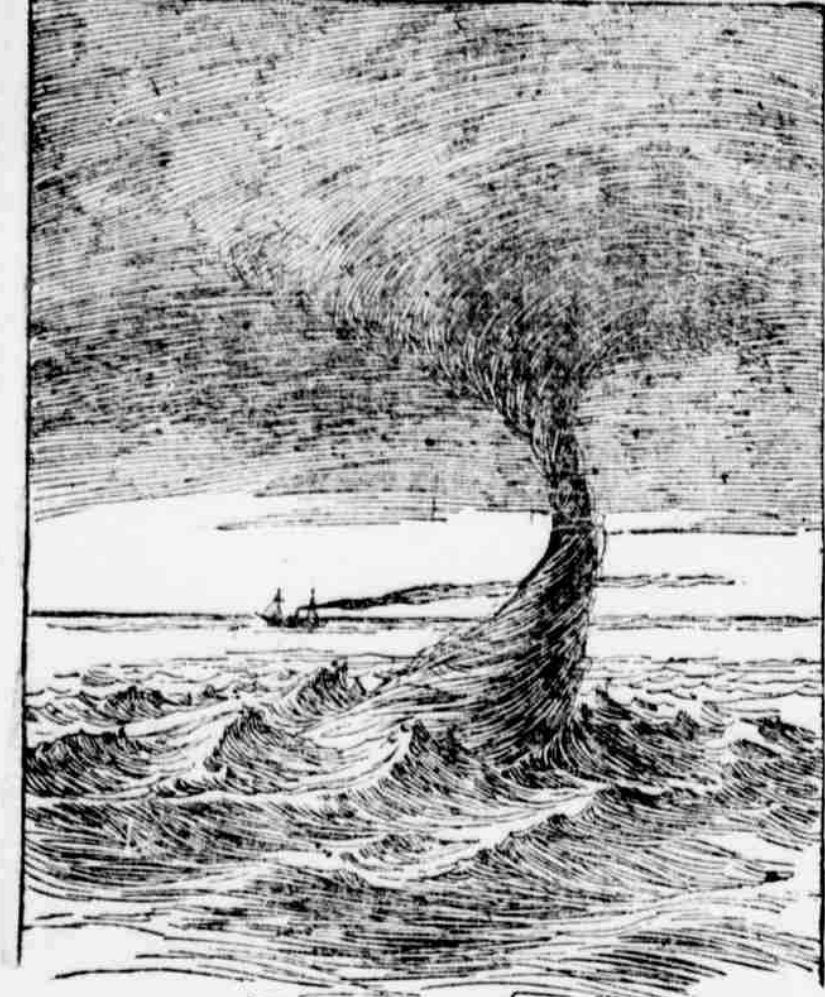
The general understanding of a waterspout is that it is a whirlwind descending from a cloud overhanging a body of water, the wind sucking up water and drawing it to the cloud, from which it falls as a very heavy downpour of rain. Most spouts are of

earth from the under side of the cloud. This column of water or vapor is supposed to be hollow and it whirls around with almost lightning rapidity. The lower end of the column, or funnel, does not drop clear to the surface of the earth, but descends toward it

of the formation the water from the cloud descends until it meets the water of the sea. After the union of the two the water of the sea probably ascends, taking the water from the cloud back with it.

It is said that many seamen believe that waterspouts may be precipitated and completely destroyed by a well-directed shot from a cannon. It is even related that upon a number of occasions this feat has been accomplished. The theory is that the concussion of the air from a heavy gunshot is so great that it overcomes entirely the force of the whirlwind and dissipates it to such an extent that the gyrating condition quite disappears. The best method of bringing about this result is to fire an explosive shell directly at the water column. If a shell with a time fuse can be thrown so much the better, especially if an expert in cutting fuses of right length for estimated distances is at hand on board the boat. A shell exploding near a spot is guaranteed to kill it so dead that it will never rise again. Upon the ocean numbers of waterspouts will sometimes rise within a comparatively short distance of each other, and when the spouts are of great size, as they sometimes are, ships in their path are in actual danger.

The same theory in regard to the destruction of waterspouts by firing shells at them is held by many in regard to the annihilation of cyclones. The project of using guns on these devastating and death-dealing storms has been seriously considered in a number of towns in the west and northwest which have been visited by disastrous cyclones. The scheme which has been broached contemplated the placing of a cannon or shell-throwing gun upon some eminence in the town and providing it with a sort of lifesaving squad of volunteers from among the citizens. Upon the approach of a storm this squad, or a part of it, would man the gun and be ready to hurl a shell at any gyrating cloud of dangerous appearance as soon as it should come within gunshot of the town. Although this project has been discussed a number of times, it has not yet been put into execution.



ONE OF NATURE'S PHENOMENA OFTEN SEEN ON THE SEA.

such nature, but they are occasionally of quite a different character. The spouts sometimes occur when no water except that in the clouds is near. In such instances a funnel-shaped mass of water or vapor descends toward the

within a distance of from ten to fifty feet. In such instances the water of the spout is, of course, supplied by the cloud, but in case of waterspouts over a large body of water it seems quite likely that at least in the early stages

STRANGE MURDER OF MINISTERS.

The recent reported massacre of foreign ministers at Pekin is not an unprecedented event. During February, 1829, Alexander Gribodoff, Russian minister to Teheran, was assassinated in a peculiarly horrible manner. The war between Russia and Persia, in which Russia had won the victory, had just ended, and Gribodoff, who was a celebrated dramatic author, was sent as minister to the defeated country. No sooner did he reach Teheran than the clergy of the city urged the populace to attack him, and the result was that on Feb. 29 a mob broke into the legation and murdered him, as well as thirty-six other persons who formed part of his retinue.

ed, and 30,000,000 roubles were awarded by Persia to the relatives of the murdered minister as an indemnity. That this was a wholesome lesson for Persia is proved by the fact that ever since then foreign ministers have been treated with marked respect in that country.

Fearing nothing, the envoys and their retinue got into their eight coaches and drove off. Hardly had they gone a mile, however, when they were stopped by a troop of Hussars, presumably Austrians, who ordered them to leave their carriages. A conflict then ensued, in which two envoys, Bonnier and Robert, were killed, while the third, Dubey, was so badly injured that his life was despaired of for some time. After murdering the two envoys the Hussars paid no further attention to the less important members of their retinue, but rode off, and from that day to this no one has been able to find out who was responsible for the murders.

DEMAND FOR LOBSTERS.

Six Hundred Tons of Them Sent to Europe.

Despite the fact that the lobster is growing so scarce that the demand is now hardly met during ten months of the year and cannot be supplied in February and March, a steamer sailed from Halifax, N. S., one of the few great sources of the American market, recently, carrying to Havre 23,000 cases, weighing 600 tons and valued at over \$150,000. The foreign demand for this ravenous delicacy is increasing prodigiously, says the New York Evening Post, making still further demands upon the supply source. Three years ago lobster at 10 cents a pound was considered expensive; the cheapest price it brings today is double that sum. The reason assigned for the heavy orders from abroad is the presence of numbers of Americans in Europe at this time. It is impossible to ship live lobsters to Europe for even in the journey from Portland, Me., to this city, from 10 to 20 per cent of those shipped in barrels—the usual way—are dead when they arrive in the markets. For export, lobsters are canned. The demand for lobsters in New York at present exceeds the supply. The reason for this is that the lobster is made the basis of one of the most delicious salads, and in the summer every one wants it. The government is trying to check the growing scarcity by enforcing strict laws regarding the size and weight, and by stocking southern and western waters. Portland, Me., produces the best and most delicate lobsters, and most of those consumed in New York, but it cannot give enough now for this market.

IS REVERED BY THE YAQUIS

Sainthood is a good deal like life insurance: one has to die in order to obtain its benefits. Yet there are exceptions to the rule as regards both. Occasionally a man receives payment upon his life insurance policy before he quits this vale of tears; occasionally there are persons who have been canonized either by popular decree or pontifical verdict, before they have been gathered to their fathers. One of the latter is Santa Teresa, the patron saint of the Yaqui Indians, a tribe now struggling to retain their homes in a wild and mountainous region of Mexico. They are having a hard time of it, and at last accounts there was immediate danger of their total extermination.

Santa Teresa is now in San Francisco. For several years she lived in the state of Sonora, and although it is there that her personality and her strange powers have been chiefly known, her name has become quite familiar in the United States, owing chiefly to her supposed connection with the rituals of the Yaquis and other Indian tribes that are in periodical revolt against the government of Mexico.—San Francisco Correspondence.



"I had a hot time in my incises and wish I would like to be extinguished. What is good for to extinguish it? The inclosed money is for the price of the extinguisher. Harry pleas."

gone to look after his sugar plantation. A similar passion for handling gold coin is now and then exhibited by men who suddenly become rich. George Augustus Sala, in his "Life and Adventures," tells of a London journalist who specialized in railway stocks. His first venture netted him \$5,000. Drawing it in gold, he repaired to a hotel, emptied the bags of gold in the bed, and went to sleep literally in the sands of Potosi. The man was so crazed by his good fortune that he felt pleasure in reveling in a golden bath.

Paganini, the wonderful violinist, when he received the proceeds of his concerts—he insisted on being paid in gold—used to wash his hands in sovereigns.

REVELING IN COIN.

A Boston merchant of great wealth, believing that certain symptoms indicated that he would become insane, consulted a specialist, and under his advice became an inmate of a private asylum. For twelve years his recreation was the piling of gold coins and then knocking them over. At times he washed his hands in gold eagles and half-eagles. At the end of the long seclusion he returned to his counting room, and in twelve months confirmed the thoroughness of his recovery by making \$500,000. He died of yellow fever in Cuba, where he had

gone to look after his sugar plantation. A similar passion for handling gold coin is now and then exhibited by men who suddenly become rich. George Augustus Sala, in his "Life and Adventures," tells of a London journalist who specialized in railway stocks. His first venture netted him \$5,000. Drawing it in gold, he repaired to a hotel, emptied the bags of gold in the bed, and went to sleep literally in the sands of Potosi. The man was so crazed by his good fortune that he felt pleasure in reveling in a golden bath.

Paganini, the wonderful violinist, when he received the proceeds of his concerts—he insisted on being paid in gold—used to wash his hands in sovereigns. A French novelist, Soule, wrote a book entitled "The Memoirs of the Devil." It took; the publisher paid him for the first volume \$10,000 in gold. The author carried the coin to his bedroom, poured it into a foot bath and enjoyed for half an hour the excitement of moving his feet to and fro in a bath of gold coins, smoking, meanwhile, the biggest of Havanas.



FOR BOYS AND GIRLS

Old Santa in Summer.
Whistl you are wading in stream or pool,
Dunking and diving in water cool,
Old Santa's sharpening up every tool
To fashion some toys for you.
And this is the song he'll hum, hum, hum,
"I'll make a trumpet and drum, drum, drum,
Then they can have the jolliest noise—
I love to be working for good little boys!"

While you're enjoying the scented breeze,
Swinging in hammocks 'neath leafy trees,
Old Mrs. Santa, with greatest ease,
Will dress up some dolls for you.
The song she will sing is: "Stitch, stitch, stitch,
Which is the prettiest—which, which,
Black eyes or blue eyes, frizzes or curls?
I love to be sewing for good little girls!"

The reindeer, browsing 'mid Arctic snows,
Searching for moss with an eager nose,
Are getting ready to pull, pull, pull,
Old Santa's pack when it's full, full, full,
Over the snow, with dolls and with toys
For good little girls and for good little boys.

A Young Magician.
Will Nicol, 17-year-old boy, has succeeded in working his way from Monmouth, Ill., to the Paris exposition. He received the consent of his parents to attempt the trip without capital, and left Monmouth March 15, reaching Paris June 8. The boy is a natural magician and made the money for his expenses by giving little entertainments on the way. He went from Baltimore to London as a cattle tender on board a cattle ship. It takes a boy of grit and pluck to accomplish an undertaking like that. About a year ago he attended the Omaha exposition, and while there sprang into prominence by his performance of tricks as an attraction to draw a crowd at Leonard's battle of Manila. He earned considerable money at Omaha, which he saved. When he made up his mind to go to Paris, he did not think for a moment of spending his accumulations, but determined to give his "ay" as he went along, and gave his mother a check on the bank for his entire fortune. His first stop, after he left Monmouth for his long trip was at St. Albans College, Knoxville, Ill., where the faculty permitted him to give a performance, from which he realized \$5. He made several other stops before reaching Chicago. From Chicago he traveled through Indiana and Ohio, making a little money at every place he stopped by giving exhibitions. At Pittsburg he realized quite a large sum, for a boy, a few more stops were made in Pennsylvania, and in a short time he was at Baltimore, where he took passage on the Bothnia. On shipboard he entertained the sailors with his magic and his magic, and the captain gave him \$2.50 and return trip ticket to Baltimore good for 30 days. This he sold for \$5. "On the entire trip," he says, "I did not see a face that I knew, but the secretaries of the Y. M. C. A.'s at Baltimore, Pittsburg and other places were very kind to me and gave me much assistance in working up my exhibitions." His baggage consisted of a shoulder grip, contain a change of clothes, and a hand telescope containing the suit which he used in his exhibitions, together with his paraphernalia with which he was enabled to hold his audiences interested for an hour and thirty minutes. Since reaching Paris he has been invited to appear before some of the old masters of magic who have taken a great interest in him. His father says the boy is not yet decided whether to follow magic or music.—From the American Boy.

Dedications in Recent Books.

Martha Baker Dunn, in "Memory Street":
"To my father, a man whose brain is as clear as his conscience and whose long record of stainless purity and integrity is his children's best heritage, this book is affectionately dedicated."
Harriet L. Keeler, in "Our Native Trees":
"To the memory of Phyllis and Nicholas, my loving companions through fields and woods, this volume is dedicated." (Phyllis and Nicholas being two dogs.)
Marie Corvill, in "Boy: A Sketch":
"To my dearest friend in the world, Bertina Vyver, who has known all my life from childhood and has been the witness of my work from the beginning, this simple story is gratefully and lovingly dedicated."
William Stearns Davis, in "A Friend of Caesar":
"To my father, William Vall Wilson Davis, who has taught me more than all my books."
George Cary Eggleston, in "The Last of the Flatboats":
"To my last-born boy, Cary Eggleston, a brave, manly fellow, who knows how to swim, how to catch fish, how to handle his boat, how to shoot straight with a rifle and how to tell the truth every time, I dedicate this story about some other boys of this kind."
Lillian Bell, in "As Seen by Me":
"To that most interesting speck of humanity, all perpetual motion and kindling intelligence and sweetness unspoken, my little nephew Billy, absence from whom racked my spirit with its most unappealable pangs of homesickness, and whose constant presence in my study since my return has spared the public no small amount of pain."

A Splendid Violin.

Fourteen-year-old Henry Evans, of Syracuse, N. Y., is a natural musician, and ever since he has been big enough to handle one, has played on the violin. He has earned the title of "The Fiddler of Tamarack" for last March he began the making of a violin himself, after reading up on the subject from books found at the public library, and getting fine seasoned woods from distant lands. Having no tools of the proper make for this fine work he made them himself, getting up at 4 o'clock each morning in order to gain time from school. He took one of the Stradivarius kind for his model, but when it was completed he found that it was too heavy, so he took it all apart again, and altered it here and there by polishing and sand-papering until he got it down to the proper weight. Then at Henry's home, out in a suburb called Tamarack, the violin was duly christened. At this simple ceremony many musicians of note in the city of Syracuse were present, and they all pronounced it a marvel in tone and workmanship, and then and there Henry was given the honors of a genius.

Uncle Arthur's Rhyme.

The Sunday school teacher was telling the little boys of her class about the bees, and she asked them what they knew.
"I know something," cried six-year-old Charley.
"Well, Charley, stand up and tell us what you know about them."
So Charley stood up and rattled off these lines:
How doth the little busy bee
Delight to bark and bite,
To gather honey all the day
And eat it up at night.
"Did your mother teach you that, Charley?" said the teacher, smiling.
"No, ma'am but Uncle Arthur did."

He Had to Pay.

I won a V at poker, true;
And yet, upon my life,
I lost a goodly five, too—
The loser was my wife.
—Philadelphia Press.

Short-Sighted.

"They have been engaged for eight years and are still in love."
"How wise of them not to end it all by getting married."—Philadelphia Duffett.

Nobility of Assent.

If there be no nobility of descent, all the more indispensable is it that there should be nobility of ascent—a character in them that bear rule so fine and high and pure, that as men come within the circle of its influence they involuntarily pay homage to that which is the one pre-eminent distinction, the royalty of virtue.—John Stuart Mill.
God's music will not flash with one tune.—Sir M. Arnold.

MORSELS OF WIFE & HUMOR

Took a Bite in the Dark.

From the Cleveland Plain Dealer:
A young man whose work keeps him downtown until the early morning hours usually reaches home with a sharp appetite. His mother, an indulgent mother, too, puts a little lunch out where he can get it, but this frequently fails to satisfy him. His wise parent knows this and she saves the ladder from a wholesale onslaught by locking things up.
Now, if there is one thing in particular that this youth dotes upon it is jelly. But jelly is an article of food that takes time and skill in its preparation, and if the lady left her jelly jars at his disposal—well, there would be none to dispose of after a few mornings. So the jelly is locked up the tightest of all.
The other morning the youth let himself into the house just as the gray streaks of dawn were cross-barring the eastern sky. There was milk and bread awaiting him, but his soul craved for jelly. He determined to hunt for it. Taking a slice of bread and a knife he stole down cellar and searched the fruit shelves. What happiness! He dimly made out the outlines of a jelly jar. Was there any jelly in it? He dipped in his knife and felt the soft and quivering mass. What a joke on his usually careful mother. She had actually forgotten to turn the key on this treasure.
He drew out a generous quantity and carefully spread it on the bread. He had to do it largely by guesswork, because the cellar was almost totally dark. When the spreading was done he smacked his lips lightly and took a generous bite.
No, it wasn't jelly. It was soft soap.

HE WAS A GENIUS.

"They say my cousin is a wonderful doctor."
"You bet he is! I swallowed a nickel the other day and he made me cough up \$2."

Couldn't Make It Out.

Billy—You say I was born in London, papa, but where was mother born?
Father—In Liverpool.
Billy—And where were you born, papa?
Father—In Glasgow.
Billy—It's very strange, papa, that we three should have met.—Pick-Me-Up.

Her Curiosity.

Mrs. Hoon—Yes, I understand that Mrs. Swiftsmith is greatly troubled with insomnia.
Mr. Hoon—Yes; I understand that she discovered the fact a week ago that her husband talks in his sleep and she hasn't slept a wink since for fear of missing something.—Tid-bits.

Designing Woman.

Mr. Newlywed—You never call me by name now unless you want something. Before marriage it was different.
Mrs. Newlywed—Oh, no! Before marriage I called you by names because I wanted you.—Judge.

Working for Sympathy.

Ragged Robert—Wot ye doing?
Moldy Mike—I'm layin' wid my head in der sun, so's to get meself sunburnt.
"Wot's th' game now?"
"There's a temperance feedin' place around th' corner, an' th' redden a man's nose is th' more sympathy he gets."—New York Weekly.

Shrewd Casey.

Castigan—Casey hasn't drank a drop since he took out the accident policy.
"Cassidy—Why?
Castigan—He sez he's noticed that it's always sober men that gets hurted.—Judge.

Unnecessary.

Mrs. Climson—Here, Willie, while I am away I am going to give you the key to the pantry just to show you that I can trust you.
Willie, proudly—I don't need it mamma. I can pick that lock any day.—Life.

Kind of the Kid.

Jones—Come, be honest; when you have to walk the baby don't you swear a little?
Smith—Possibly, but then the baby makes such a noise with his crying that nobody can hear me.—Boston Transcript.

Perfectly Safe.

Watts—Do you really believe any one will ever invent a perfectly safe flying machine?
Potts—There are dozens of 'em now. They can't get high enough in the air to be in any danger.—Indianapolis Press.

His Full Name.

Magistrate—What's your name?
Inebriate—Smith.
Magistrate—What's your full name?
Inebriate—That's the name I always give when I'm full.—Standard Times.

Worse of a Widow.

Charitable old lady—Poor woman, and are you a widow?
Beggan—Worse than a widow, ma'am. My husband's livin' an' I have to support him.—Glasgow Times.

The World's Petroleum Supply.

Statistics show that the United States and Russia are between them producing in round numbers 120,000,000 barrels of petroleum per year, and that the production of outside countries has of late increased so much that they are able to contribute enough now to bring the world's aggregate annual production to about 150,000,000 barrels. It is well known that the production of Russia is much less now than it might be, owing to the lack of enterprise of the people and to inadequate transportation facilities.

Nobility of Assent.

If there be no nobility of descent, all the more indispensable is it that there should be nobility of ascent—a character in them that bear rule so fine and high and pure, that as men come within the circle of its influence they involuntarily pay homage to that which is the one pre-eminent distinction, the royalty of virtue.—John Stuart Mill.
God's music will not flash with one tune.—Sir M. Arnold.

J. E. POOLE, Editor and Proprietor.

Advertising rates made known on application. Terms \$1.50 per annum, invariably cash in advance.

Entered at the Post Office, Haskell, Texas, as Second class Mail Matter.

Saturday, Nov. 12 1900.

LOCAL DOTS.

Mr. M. S. Pierson returned Tuesday. 1000 Pairs of Pants at S. L. Robertson's. Mr. B. I. Frost is expected home from Arkansas today. Go to T. G. Carney's for choice family groceries. Mrs. A. P. McLeMore went to Abilene yesterday. For a good, honest hand made saddle see Riddell. Misses Mary and Stella Dodson visited Stamford Monday. Overcoats at all prices, for Men and Boys at S. L. Robertson's. Mr. J. W. Bell says that he can still be found at the old stand ready for business. Fresh Oranges, Apples and confectioneries at Williamson & Martin's place. Mr. W. T. Hudson is having an addition of two rooms made to his residence. Fresh Groceries—almost every thing you can think of at S. L. Robertson's. Mr. A. Lee Kirby was down from Seymour this week visiting his Haskell folks and friends. New crop Louisiana Molasses at W. W. Fields & Bros. Try it if you want something good. Mr. John Robertson and wife went to housekeeping Thursday. They occupy the old Peden place. Cheese, Kraut, Apples, Cabbage, fine, large Green Potatoes, red and yellow Onions at S. L. Robertson's. Mr. T. N. Field was in town Thursday and planked down for another year's subscription. Mr. W. L. Hills and wife were up from Stamford Monday and spent a day or so with friends here. Ladies you should see the handsomely decorated tea and dinner sets at Fields & Bro's. There will be services at the Presbyterian church tomorrow at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. C. C. Riddell has more and better buggy whips—a new lot, 10 cents and up. Go and get yourself one. Mr. Kellum of Blanco is up on a visit to his daughter, Mrs. J. E. Davis of the southwest part of the county. A big stock of Men's, Youths' and Boys' clothing, \$1.75 to \$16.00 a suit at S. L. Robertson's. Mrs. Sample came up from Jones county last Saturday and has been spending the week with her parents. Ladies' fine Dress Shoes and Misses' School Shoes. They will please you, for they are good and sell at the right price. S. L. Robertson. Mr. Burwell Cox left this week with his herd of between four and five thousand sheep for Tom Green county. Mr. G. W. Williamson was in the other day and went on our subscription list and had us send him the Dallas News. It's Chille now instead of ice cream at Williamson & Martin's. Boys, take your girls around and warm up. Mr. A. I. Putnam and wife of Stamford spent a day with friends in Haskell this week. Mr. Putnam is in charge of the Stamford branch of the Bateman Grocery Co. Rev. D. James and Emory Anderson, Elzy Speck and Guy Speck are attending the Baptist General Convention, which met at Waco yesterday. Galvanized Iron Wash Tubs, Washboards, Buckets, Wash Pans, Dish Pans, Dippers, Oil Cans, Lamp Chimneys, Etc., at S. L. Robertson's. Mrs. J. P. Harrison left Wednesday for her home at Sherman accompanied by her mother, Grandma Fields, who will spend a few weeks with relatives in Sherman. Mr. J. H. Cunningham and wife returned this week from Kent county, where Mr. C. has been looking after his horse stock while Mrs. C. was visiting old friends.



Listen to Our Music!

It is a bugle song of Low prices for good goods.

Full Value for Your Money Every Time.

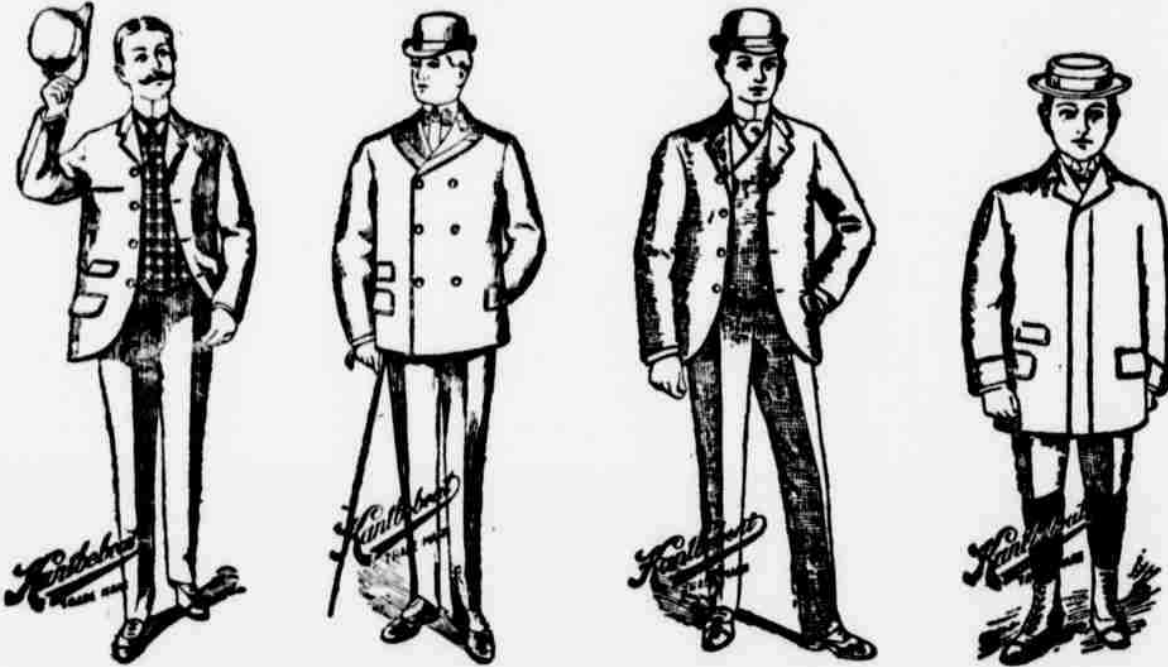
Following is a brief mention of some of our leading lines:

DRESS GOODS.

We flatter ourselves that no lady, however critical her taste may be, can look through our stock without finding something to her liking. We can mention but few of the popular fabrics, such as: A new line of Llama Brocades, woven in beautiful raised figures, an excellent dress goods at a moderate price. Sontache Novelty goods, nice and serviceable, in blues and browns. Handsome Brocades, wool filling, changeable effects with assorted silk raised figures, all standard colors. English Wool Plaids, silk stripes, pretty and fashionable. We have a fine assortment of these goods in new and handsome designs and colorings. Our Pebble Jacquard cloth is an item in the dress line to which we would call special attention. We have this handsome goods in 4 yard skirt patterns, black with exquisite raised patterns of silky luster. Heavy Worsted Suitings in 10 yard dress patterns, very durable and the thing for winter wear, colors, olive green, brown and dark blue. We have also a nice assortment of heavy flannel dress goods in all the desirable colors, plain and in stripes and figures. Besides the foregoing there will be found in our stock most of the old standard goods and some new French fabrics in beautiful designs and colorings, some choice Crepons in 4 yard patterns for skirts, a nice line of Cashmeres, Sattines, Covert Cloth, Ginghams, Chambrays, Prints, etc. in great variety.

Trimmings

We have quite a large line of trimmings, having taken great pains to select the latest and best that were suited to our varied line of Dress Goods. There are Silk and Tinsel Gimp braids in various widths, black and colors and gold and silver gilt. Fancy colored Beaded trimmings, and Silk fringes in various widths. An extensive line of ribbons, embroideries, insertions, laces, braids, cords, etc.



Men's and Boys' Clothing, Underwear and Furnishing Goods.

In gentlemen's custom made clothing we have the best to be had in the market in material, make and style. We bought from one of the leading manufacturers whose improved system of cutting insures a neat fitting suit as you usually get from a tailoring establishment, and whose reputation for reliable workmanship and honest goods insures durability and service. We have suits in all the latest patterns of fall and winter weights. Cassimeres, Diagonals, Serges Kerseys, etc., in various grades and prices. And as to prices, we guarantee them to be right and that you will get full value whether you buy a cheap or a higher priced suit. A fine line of separate pants, including the celebrated California goods. We have a very complete stock of Gentlemen's Dress and Fancy Shirts, Over Shirts and Underwear, both in cotton and wool, fleece lined and plain. Hosiery, Suspenders, etc. And we can fit you out to the queen's taste in Collars and Cuffs and nobby Neck Wear of the latest style.

Staple Dry Goods

In this department you will find the leading and standard brands of Shirtings, Sheetings, Drillings, Duckings, Jeans, Cottonades, Linseys, Checks, etc. Also Quilts, Comforts, Blankets. And of Boots, Shoes, Hats and Gloves we have a large assortment of styles to suit all tastes for men, women and children. Our goods in these lines are standard makes and we offer them to the public in full confidence that they will give satisfaction. We have many kinds of goods not mentioned in this advertisement and will be pleased to have you call and see them. The prices will be right. Very Respectfully,

S. L. ROBERTSON.

Miss Nora Miller, who has been visiting the family of Mr. S. S. Cummings for some time, left on Thursday for her home at Bollinggreen, Kentucky. For burns, cuts, bruises, lacerations, or injuries of any description, BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT is a sovereign remedy. It never fails to do good, and so promptly that its wonderful curative properties frequently create surprise. Price 25 and 50 cts at J. B. Baker's. Mr. J. F. Ross and family of the northeast part of the county were in town Thursday shopping. Mr. Ross left some cash with the FREE PRESS. My stock of groceries has just been filled up with a complete line of choice, fresh family groceries. As to prices—well, they are below the other fellow's—Come and see! Respectfully, T. G. CARNEY. A party of young ladies and gentlemen were out Wednesday night serenading; and, truly, it was a night for "Moonlight, music, poetry, love and flowers," as the moon rode through the ethereal blue in unrivalled brilliance and grandeur.

If it's furniture you are needing, see the advertisement of Messrs. W. C. Blanchett & Co., of Stamford, and call on them when you go down. If you have sore throat, soreness across the back or side, or your lungs feel sore or tender, or you are threatened with diphtheria or pneumonia, apply BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT externally, and use BALLARD'S HORN-HOUND Sprup at J. B. Baker's. Several subscribers have handed in payments on subscription this week. It takes more money to keep a newspaper going than most people think it does and, as every little helps, these payments are appreciated. We now have in stock the nicest line of queensware, both decorated and plain, that we have ever handled, also a nice line of glassware, lamps and lamp chimneys. Call and see these goods if you want anything in that line. The prices are right. Yours &c W. W. FIELDS & BRO. I wish to say that we will hold forth next Sunday in all our services at the court house, as the church is not ready for use. It will end our years work in Haskell. Let no one stay at home who can attend divine worship. J. T. BLOODWORTH.

Notice to the Public. The lands originally granted to the Houston & Texas Central Railway Co. situated in Haskell county are now upon the market for sale. For prices and terms, as well as all information relative thereto, please apply to Mr. G. R. Couch, agent, Haskell, Texas. C. C. Gibbs, Land Commissioner. We have received a copy of the proceedings of the Farmers' Congress held at the A. & M. College last July. It gives in full the discussions had and papers read on various questions of importance to farmers, fruit growers and stockmen. It will be sent to any person who will send to cents to pay postage. Address J. H. Connell, College Station, Texas. Quite a number of Stonewall and Knox county people were in Haskell this week trading with our merchants. The fact is, Haskell merchants are carrying splendid, up-to-date stocks of goods in all lines and have been making prices that convince people that it is one of the very best trading points in this part of the state, and these facts have gone abroad and induced people to come here and trade who never traded here before.

The election news will be found on page four—it's beastly. Constipation means the accumulation of waste matter that should be discharged daily, and unless this is done the foul matter is absorbed and poisons the system. Use HERBINE. You will get relief and finally a cure. Price 50 cts at J. B. Baker's. Mr. J. B. Wadlington and family moved out to their farm in the Ample neighborhood this week. This is authentic. Two weeks ago we announced their removal but learned later that our informant had jumped at a conclusion from seeing Mr. W. going out with a wagon load of hogs. We can't exactly decide whether the joke is on us, our informant or Mr. Wadlington. Thousands of men and women suffer from piles, especially women with female weakness have this suffering to contend with in addition to their other pains. TABLET'S BUCKEYE PILE OINTMENT will quickly effect a cure. Price 50 cts in bottles, tubes 75 cts at J. B. Baker's. While Bonny Cummings was chasing a yearling at full speed last Monday his horse fell with him, throwing him violently against the ground and rendering him unconscious for a short time. Fortunately no bones were broken and no internal injury inflicted and he will soon recover from his soreness. Don't forget the Commercial Club meeting next Tuesday night. As we were passing along the street the other day Mr. N. C. Smith called us into his garden and showed us a peach tree loaded with beautiful white peaches of good size and excellent flavor, as we found from testing the liberal sample given us. We believe this is much the latest peach growing in this section and it is a valuable one, as it furnishes fresh fruit long after all others are gone. The proceedings of the Farmers' Congress held at A. & M. College, College Station, Texas, in July last, is now off press and ready for distribution. The book was compiled by President J. H. Connell and Secretary B. C. Pittuck of College, and was published by the Literary Bureau of the Sunset-Central Lines at Houston. It contains over 250 pages devoted to a complete and accurate history of the Congress with the various papers and discussions which occupied the attention of the assembly. The volume will prove of value to the agriculturists generally and may be secured by enclosing ten cents in stamps to President J. H. Connell, College Station, Texas, or to the Literary Bureau Sunset-Central Lines, Houston, Texas. Many of the leading questions touching farming, stockraising, horticulture, etc were discussed at this Farmers' Congress and any farmer or stockman who will read the book must be benefitted by it.

\$1,000,000 to Loan! On cattle at 8 per cent. THOMASON & THOMASON.

Healthy Mothers WINE-CARDUI. Few mothers are healthy, because their duties are so exacting. The anxiety of pregnancy, the shock of childbirth, and the care of young children, are severe trials on any woman. But with Wine of Cardui within her grasp, every mother—every woman in the land—can pay the debt of personal health she owes her loved ones. Do you want robust health with all its privileges and pleasures? Wine of Cardui will give it to you. strengthens the female organs and invigorates weakened functions. For every female ill or weakness it is the best medicine made. Ask your druggist for \$1.00 bottle Wine of Cardui, and take no substitutes under any circumstances. Mrs. Edwin C. Carr, Denver, Colo. "When I conceived my child, I was so weak and nervous that I could hardly get on my feet. I was told to take Wine of Cardui, and I did so. I feel now as healthy as ever, and my child is the best of all. I have never had any trouble since. I have only one thing to say, and that is, I have never felt so well as I do now. I have only one thing to say, and that is, I have never felt so well as I do now. I have only one thing to say, and that is, I have never felt so well as I do now." For other cases see our circulars, which give symptoms, and show how Wine of Cardui cures them. Price 50 cts. Sold everywhere.

HASKELL AND STAMFORD TRANSFER. Meets incoming passenger trains and delivers passengers and express in Haskell without layover in Stamford. Livery Stable at Haskell. Good teams and vehicles furnished promptly to order. J. W. JOHNSON & SON, Proprs.

THE GOSSETT HOTEL, (The old Court House and Meadors Hotel.) Haskell, Texas. Having taken charge of this Hotel and refitted and refurnished it, it now offers to the Local and Traveling Public the best and most comfortable accommodations to be had in Haskell, but without a corresponding advance in prices. Your Patronage Respectfully Solicited. M. H. GOSSETT, Proprietor.

J. W. BELL, Manufacturer & Dealer in SADDLES and HARNESS. Full Stock, Work Promptly to Order. Repairing done neatly and substantially. Prices reasonable and satisfaction with goods and work guaranteed. Your Trade is Solicited.

M. S. PIERSON, President. A. C. FOSTER, Vice-President. J. L. JONES, Cash. LEE PIERSON, Asst. Cash. THE HASKELL NATIONAL BANK, HASKELL, TEXAS. A General Banking Business Transacted. Collections made and Promptly Remitted. Exchange Drawn on all principal Cities of the United States. DIRECTORS:—M. S. Pierson, A. C. Foster, J. L. Jones, Lee Pierson, T. J. Lemmon.

A BOON TO MANKIND! D-TABLER'S BUCKEYE PILE CURE. A New Discovery for the Certain Cure of INTERNAL and EXTERNAL PILES, WITHOUT PAIN. CURES WHERE ALL OTHERS HAVE FAILED. TUBES, BY MAIL, 75 CENTS; BOTTLES, 50 CENTS. JAMES F. BALLARD, Sole Proprietor, 310 North Main Street, ST. LOUIS, MO. For sale by J. B. Baker, Haskell, Texas.

EPWORTH LEAGUE AND GENERAL RELIGIOUS ITEMS. EDITED BY MRS. S. W. SCOTT. A religion that is not personal and spiritual is of no practical value. Education is the first and last implement of the gospel in the uplifting and salvation of men. "Go teach."

As We Sow. There is a flower called heart's-ease, which flourisheth on the meanest soil when fed with good deeds and kindly thoughts, and 'tis worth a king's ransom to its possessor. That same flower hath its roots deep in the heart of God, and its fruit unto eternity, where every good shall reap its unfailing harvest of weal and every ill deed find its just meed of woe. We need not think to cheat ourselves with the fancy that God's law can fail. Here and hereafter we shall reap as we have sown.—A. L. Glyn.

A Mother's Influence. BY ELSIE MALONE M'COLLUM. A christian mother is one of the most potent of all living epistles. Though the members of the family "Have been scattered like roses in bloom, Some at the bridal, some at the tomb," and though violets bloom above the narrow bed of that sainted mother, she yet lives in the influence she exerts over the lives of those once so dependent on her. The gentle touch of her hand, the soft pleading of her voice, follow her children all through their lives; and, checking many an evil impulse, they proclaim that she is still a "living epistle, written with the spirit of the living God."

Statistics of Methodism. A return which has just been published gives the general statistics of Methodism all over the world, including Wesleyan Methodist, Primitive Methodists, the Methodist New Connection, Bible Christian Methodists, the United Methodist Free Churches, the Wesleyan Reform Union, the Methodist Episcopal, and many other bodies. The grand totals are as follows: Ministers, 44,569; lay preachers, 133,434; Church members, 7,382,146; Sunday schools; 79,192; officers and teachers, 790,860; Sunday school scholars, 6,271,784; churches, 80,031.

Commercial Club Notice. As the election fell on the date for the last regular meeting of the Commercial Club, it was thought best to postpone the meeting for a week. Believing that our members have recovered their equanimity and are now ready to take up other matters of importance affecting our welfare as a community, I hereby call them to meet at the regular place on Tuesday night, at 7:30, to transact the business of a regular meeting. Respectfully, R. E. SHERRILL, President.