

The Haskell Free Press.

Vol. 15.

Haskell, Haskell County, Texas, Saturday, July 28, 1900

No. 30.

Professional Cards.

A. C. FOSTER,
Land Lawyer,
Haskell, - - Texas.

H. G. McCONNELL,
Attorney - at - Law,
HASKELL, TEXAS.

OSCAR MARTIN,
Attorney - at - Law,
HASKELL, - - TEXAS.

E. E. GILBERT,
Physician & Surgeon.
Offers his services to the people of Haskell and surrounding country.

J. E. LINDSEY,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
HASKELL, - - TEXAS.
Office Phone No. 12.
Residence home No 19.
Office North side Square.

Start An Orchard.
I have again arranged with the Austin Nursery for an agency for the season of 1900. It is well known as one of the oldest and most reliable nurseries in Texas and its representations are correct and its guaranty as good as the gold. I shall be pleased to take your order for fruit trees, shrubbery, etc., for fall delivery.
B. T. LANIER,

Land for Sale.
960 acres W. 1/2 of A. J. Smith Headright. Located about 10 miles N. E. of Haskell on Gray Mare creek. Will be sold cheap and on favorable terms. Address the owner G. WEBSTER, San Miguel, Cal.

Attention Cattlemen!
An unlimited fund of money to lend on cattle.
The Chicago Live Stock Commission Co. offers unexcelled service at Chicago, St. Louis and Kansas City. Apply to IRELAND, HAMPTON, Agt. Henrietta, Tex.

A TEXAS WONDER.
Hall's Great Discovery.
One small bottle of Hall's Great Discovery cures all kidney and bladder troubles, removes gravel, cures diabetes, renal emulsions, weak and lame back, rheumatism and all irregularities of the kidneys and bladder in both men and women. Regulates trouble in children. If not sold by your druggist, will be sent by mail on receipt of \$1.00. One small bottle is two months' treatment and will cure any case above mentioned.

READ THIS.
Weatherford, Texas, June 22, 1895.—For seven years I was suffering with kidney trouble and found no permanent relief. After using dozens of bottles of different kinds of kidney medicine, but came to the conclusion there was no cure for it. I was induced to try Hall's Great Discovery, and find that I am cured by the use of one bottle.
J. C. McCONNELL.

It is reported that the Germans throughout the country, who as a rule have voted with the republicans, are coming over to the democrats by the thousands, being moved to do so by the issue of imperialism. The Germans and many other foreigners who are now citizens of this country came here to escape the rigors of imperial governments and they don't want to see this country, their adopted home, run on the imperial plan.

The Best Remedy for Stomach and Bowel Troubles.

"I have been in the drug business for twenty years and have sold most all of the proprietary medicines of any note. Among the entire list I have never found anything to equal Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for all stomach and bowel troubles," says O. W. Wakefield, of Columbus, Ga. "This remedy cured two severe cases of cholera morbus in my family and I have recommended and sold hundreds of bottles of it to my customers to their entire satisfaction. It affords a quick and sure cure in a pleasant form." For sale by J. B. Baker druggist.

Fruit on the Farm.

E. W. KIRKPATRICK.
The farm home is the foundation of all our institutions. Society, church, state, liberty, law and order all depend upon the prosperity of the farm. Manufactures, trade and commerce, food and clothing of the millions, all depend upon the farm.

The best on the farm is the fruit. The most pleasing recollection of home is often that of delicious fruit, the cherry by the garden, the apple in the valley or the grape on the arbor.

The planting of select cuttings and seeds is the cheapest way to have fruit on the farm. Grape vine cuttings, blackberry and dewberry root cuttings and cuttings from many kinds of pear, plum and other fruits grow readily into splendid trees and vines.

The young trees grown from these seeds and cuttings can be grafted to any desirable variety. Grafting and budding are processes easily learned.

Those who depend upon planting seeds and cuttings should select such as are most reliable, and reproduce fruit of value. The seeds of most varieties of fruit are not reliable; they usually produce fruit of little value. The most valuable and successful seeds of our planting have been the first and second generation seeds of the Oriental varieties; especially Chinese Cling peach and its offspring, such as Mamie Ross, Gen. Lee, Elberta and others.

The seeds of the Japanese and native plums growing near each other and blooming at the same time are apt to give improved crosses and are very valuable and they often produce fruit of more value than of either parent. These hybrids or crosses are destined to supersede many of our old standard varieties.

The varieties of fruit best adapted to any given locality are best determined by experiment, and those who wish to make sure of best results should consult with those who have had success in the locality, and secure the best grade of trees either by propagation or from local nurserymen who are always prepared to give good advice.

The seeds which are now falling from fruit trees of Chinese, Japanese and Spanish strains could be grown into trees worth many million dollars in fruit and trees of new varieties. All this wealth could be gained at small cost. These seeds should be gathered now and planted next fall, either in nursery rows for later transferring or in permanent orchard form. They will require same care and cultivation as other crops until they are large enough to bear, at which time they will only need the foreign growth mown down a few times each year.

There is no farm in this country where a sufficiency of delicious fruit could not be grown.

The discouragements of fruit growing in the late frosts of spring may be easily overcome by planting hardy varieties, or varieties which bloom late enough to escape frost. Many varieties of plums, berries and grapes bloom late enough to escape all frost and guarantee fruit each year. Early blooming varieties are best planted on elevated or protected situations.

Effective remedies against hurtful insects and diseases of fruit are found in nearly all periodicals, and also in many books of small price.

Fruit on the farm is a profitable investment in many ways. It voices the rich and valuable elements of the soil, its foliage cools the summer air, its perfume sweetens the breeze and its health-giving good gladdens and cheers all members of the family. It breaks the blasts of winter and deflects the glare of summer. It invites sweet choristers in spring and showers manna in autumn.

The orchard increases the income and lessens the expense; raises the selling price and lifts the mortgage; adds to the renting price and aids the renter to pay it.

The orchard lends poetry to the forest and music to the field. It is the one thing needful to harmony in home affairs and all rural candidates for matrimony should secure fruit on the farm. The sale of the surplus fruit by the boy may awaken the latent faculty of a merchant prince or a horticultural king.

Fruit on the farm implies stately

trees with graceful boughs, bursting buds, enchanting bloom, birds of song and all those blissful things that come with clinging tendrils and painted globes of wine midst shade and lawn.

The chief pride of the State is a well-equipped farm and the best and most important part of its equipment is its source of fruit supply. This fruit gives boundless luxury and wealth, happiness and health; it awakens the honest sentiments of gratitude and love, it inspires highest feelings of generosity and answers the original demand of God. It fastens men to the soil and fixes the affections on home. It charms the young and cheers the old. It entwines the heart with graceful charms and captivates the mind with its mysteries sublime.

Hunt's Lightning Oil
Cures Catarrh, Neuralgia, Sprains, Cramp Colic, Diarrhoea, Cuts, Headache, Rheumatism. Good for man and beast. Failing, money refunded. Sold at J. B. Baker's. 32

TELL YOUR SISTER
A beautiful complexion is an impossibility without good pure blood, the sort that only exists in connection with good digestion, a healthy liver and bowels. Karl's Clover Root Tea acts directly on the bowels, liver and kidneys keeping them in perfect health. Price 25 and 50 cents at J. B. Baker's drug store.

The report reaches us that some of the counties that will compete for the handsome purse offered by the West Texas Fair are making fine progress in the way of securing exhibits. It is thought that there will be eight or ten counties in the contest and there is no doubt that there will be some fine exhibits. The county that wins must do her level best from now until the fair opens on Sept. 25.

DO YOU KNOW
Consumption is preventable? Science has proven that, and also that neglect is suicidal. The worst cold or cough can be cured with Shiloh's Cough and Consumption cure. Sold on positive guarantee for fifty years. For sale at J. B. Baker's drug store.

It was largely the threat of the sugar trust that it would make no contribution to the republican campaign fund unless a tariff was imposed against Porto Rico that caused McKinley to make his weak back-down and approve the bill levying such tariff. Being safely barricaded behind a protective tariff against outside competition the sugar trust is now engaged in raising the money to pay a big subscription to the republican-campaign fund. It is a simple and easy matter for it. It buys up all the raw sugar and puts the price of refined sugar up a few points. The real sugar producer thus gets no benefit from the raise. For the eighth time since the present tariff law went into operation the trust has put the price of sugar up a few points. It is now estimated that on its output of sugar the trust is taking \$90,000,000 a year of extra profits out of the pockets of the people.

This is only an illustration. Numerous other trusts are doing the same thing with the various products controlled by them. Such facts should cause men to be careful how they vote.

The republican press and politicians are doing their mightiest to dodge the issue of imperialism. Although they have claimed for four years that the silver question is deadlier than a dried herrings and although the democrats admit that the question, so far as a probability of securing any legislation is concerned, is practically laid by for four years, the republicans profess to pooh, pooh the question of imperialism saying there is nothing in it but, the danger is in the free coinage propaganda and that that is the main issue. They are doing their best to push it to the front in their speeches and campaign literature. There could be no better evidence of their fear of a fight on the issue of their imperial policy, but the democrats will see to it that they will have to meet the issue. Meantime the silver question, 16 to 1, will be held in statu quo, ready to be brought forward as soon as there is a change in the senate that will open the way to accomplish something for it.

ON EVERY BOTTLE
Of Shiloh's Consumption Cure is this guarantee: "All we ask of you is to use two-thirds of the contents of this bottle faithfully, then if you can say you are not benefited return the bottle to your druggist and he may refund the price paid." Price 25 and 50cts and \$1 at J. B. Baker's.

To Cure La Grippe in Two Days.
Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE TABLETS. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature on every box. 25c.

TERRELL'S DRUG STORE,
Southwest Corner Public Square
Haskell, Texas.

..... Handles only the Purest and Best drugs. Carries a nice line of.....
Jewelry, Notions and Sundries;
Stationery, Watches, Clocks, Spectacles, Etc.

J. I. & L. W. CAMPBELL,
Lumber, Shingles, Doors, Blinds, Sash,
and all other kind of building material.
Stamford. Texas.

THE GOSSETT HOTEL,
(The old Court House and Meadors Hotel.)
Haskell, - - Texas.

Having taken charge of this Hotel and refitted and refurbished it, it now offers to the
Local and Traveling Public
the best and most comfortable accommodations to be had in Haskell, but without a corresponding advance in prices.
Your Patronage Respectfully Solicited.
M. H. GOSSETT, Proprietor.

Ericson & Holmberg,
Livery, Feed and Sale Stable, Stamford Texas.
Haskell and Anson Daily Mail and Transfer Line.
Leaves Stamford 6 p.m. Arrives Haskell 8:50 p.m. Arrives Anson 8:50 p.m.
Leaves Haskell and Anson 4 a.m. and arrives at Stamford 7 a.m.
Fare one way 75cts., Round trip \$1.25. Haskell and Anson.
Carries Express and Guarantees prompt and careful attention.
W. W. Fields & Bro. Express agents, Haskell.

RELIGIOUS COLUMN
BY
REV. R. E. L. FARMER.

This is a season during which many revival meetings are in session. The chief aim is to bring men and women, boys and girls to Jesus Christ. How to lead lost souls to Jesus is the question that many a devout christian struggles over. To be a real soul-winner is the highest achievement of earth. Any other position is lower. Perhaps all personal workers will agree that God's word is the message to deliver. But not all of it, then what part? Why, such part as will reach the enquiring soul. Doctors do not give the same kind of medicine to all patients. So a personal worker ought to know what scriptures will meet the difficulties of different people. There are various difficulties. The following passages have been used to good effect: (1) To those who are indifferent read Rom. 3:23; Is. 53:6, Ps. 130:3; Mt. 22:37-38; Jno. 8:34; Is. 57:21; Gal. 3:10-13; Rom. 6:23; Jno. 3:36; 2 Thes. 1:7-9; Jno. 8:24; Rev. 20:13; 21:8; Is. 53:5-6; 1 Pet. 2:24; Lk. 24:44; Heb. 10:28-29; Jno. 3:18-20; Acts 2:36.

(2) To those who are anxious but do not know how read, Jno. 1:12; 3:4; Is. 55:7; Num. 21:8; Rom. 1:16; 1 Cor. 15:1-4; Ex. 12:7, 13, 23; Lk. 18:10-14; 7:48-50.

(3) Some will say, "I am too great a sinner." Then read to them 1 Tim. 1:15; Lk. 10:10; Rom. 5:6-8; Mt. 9:12-13; Rom. 11:13; Is. 1:18; 1 Ju. 4:14; Jno. 2:1-2; Is. 43:25.

(4) Some say "I don't feel like it." Read Gal. 5:22; Eph. 1:13; Acts 5:32; 1 Pet. 1:8; Mt. 10:32; Is. 55:1; Rev. 22:17.

It would be well for every earnest worker to read, reread, memorize and heart-ize these and other scriptures in order to be a successful soul-winner.

DOES THIS STRIKE YOU?
Muddy complexions, nauseating breath come from chronic constipation. Karl's Clover Root Tea is an absolute cure and has been sold for fifty years on an absolute guarantee. Price 25 and 50 cts at J. B. Baker's.

Fuller accounts of the desperate fighting at Tien Tsin between the Chinese and the allied foreign forces give great credit to the Japanese soldiers. They are said to have been the heroes of the battle. At one time during the first day's fighting when the Chinese were pouring a destructive fire into the allied forces and some of the foreign officers counseled a retreat the Japanese general said: "When my men move it will be forward." And next day when the cannon had made a breach in the wall the Japanese led the charge through it into the city and fought hand to hand with the Chinese in the streets. And it is further said that when the city was captured and the fight was over they refrained from looting and pillaging, while some of the European soldiers were having an orgie.

Blotches and excrescences, which so often annoy people, are simply efforts of nature to throw off impediments to the proper performance of her duties. HERBINE will aid and assist nature in her work, and ensure a skin clear and beautiful, entirely free from all imperfection. Price 50cts at J. B. Baker's. 34

Four short stories, the beginning of one serial, and the concluding chapters of another give the August Ladies' Home Journal claim to the title of Midsummer Story Number. There are besides upward of thirty other features: "College Girls' Larks and Pranks," "The Haunted Houses of New England," "My Summer with Some Chipmunks," "A Missionary in the Great West," by Rev. Cyrus Townsend Brady, "How a Girl Can Work Her Way Through College," "Conversation and Good Form in Public Places," etc. Pictorially the August Journal is made unusually sumptuous by the work of nine illustrators and by innumerable photographs. "Through Picturesque America" will command particular attention, and Howard Chandler Christy's "American Girl in Society" is another notable artistic feature. A waltz, "Golden Poppies," is attuned to the slumberous summer days and is exceedingly pretty. From cover to cover the August Journal is entertaining and attractive. By The Curtis Publishing Company, Philadelphia. One dollar a year.

M. S. PIERSON, President.
A. C. FOSTER, Vice-President.
J. L. JONES, Chas. LEE PIERSON, Asst. Chas.

THE HASKELL NATIONAL BANK,
HASKELL, TEXAS.
A General Banking Business Transacted. Collections made and Promptly Remitted. Exchange Drawn on all principal Cities of the United States.
DIRECTORS:—M. S. Pierson, A. C. Foster, J. L. Jones, Lee Pierson T. J. Lemmon.

J. W. BELL,
Manufacturer & Dealer In
SADDLES and HARNESS
Full Stock. Work Promptly to Order.
Repairing done neatly and substantially. Prices reasonable and satisfaction with goods and work guaranteed.
Your Trade is Solicited.

Money Saved
BUYING PIANOS
Positive Fact!
as we are the largest buyers of Pianos in the state, we can sell cheaper than any house in Texas.

We are state agents for
The Chickering Pianos,
The Emerson Pianos,
The Goggan Pianos,
The Smith & Barnes Pianos
and other makes.
We are also state agents for the
Needham Organs.

WE HAVE ONLY ONE PRICE. We do not deceive buyers by asking high prices and accepting from \$100 to \$250 less, to make them believe they secure Bargains.
Our guarantee is absolute protection.
—WE REFER TO ANY BANK IN TEXAS.—

GUITARS, MANDOLINS and VIOLINS AT CUT PRICES.
We carry in stock all the sheet music published.
THOS. GOGGAN & BRO.
DALLAS AND GALVESTON

WORMS! WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE!
For 20 Years Has Led all Worm Remedies.
Prepared by JAMES F. BALLARD, St. Louis.
For sale by JOHN B. BAKER, Haskell, Texas.

LION COFFEE
Used in Millions of Homes
Try it once and you will never drink any other
A Luxury within the reach of all
Premium List in every Package
ASK YOUR GROCER FOR IT
WOLSON SPICE COMPANY, TOLEDO, OHIO

The print cloth trust, controlling thirty mills and 20,000 workmen, has closed down for a month, in order to boom prices. Is there no way of preventing such a conspiracy against the wage earners of the country?—McKinney Courier.
Certainly there is. Elect to power in the National government an administration and a congress that will put down the trusts as the democracy promises to do, and the wage earners of the country will at least be emancipated from industrial slavery. We can not expect a party supported by combine money to fight the combines. —Houston Post.

A Good Cough Medicine.
Many thousands have been restored to health and happiness by the use of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. If afflicted with any throat or lung trouble, give it a trial for it is certain to prove beneficial. Coughs that have resisted all other treatment for years, have yielded to this remedy and perfect health been restored. Cases that seemed hopeless, that the climate of famous health resorts failed to benefit, have been permanently cured by its use. For sale by J. B. Baker druggist.

APPEAL ANSWERED

The United States Will Mediate on Certain Conditions.

FULLEST OF CONFIDENCE MUST

Prevail in Order to Obtain the Friendly Offices of This Government—China Says She Wants Peace.

Washington, July 24.—The president has listened to the appeal of the Chinese government as transmitted through Minister Wu and has signified his willingness to mediate between the imperial government and the powers...

It would not, of course, be possible to take even the initial step toward mediation were either party to the negotiations to entertain openly any distrust of the accuracy of the statements of the other.

After the sheriff was taken away the mob got in the jail and took the negro out. The doomed man was hustled quickly to Dallas, and once there was dragged down Stevens avenue to the home of his victim.

Moore's Grove was soon reached. The rope around Clark's neck threw over the limb of an immense tree by Miss Priest's brother. The negro was placed across the back of a horse and the animal led from under him.

The Chinese appeal came to Secretary Hay Sunday through Minister Wu. The secretary promptly telegraphed it to the president at Canton.

The imperial edict made public at the state department shows that the imperial government has already taken the first step toward doing what the United States requires as the principal condition of the exercise of its good offices.

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It is expected that adverse criticism upon the action of the state department in this matter will be heard from Europe, where the governments are acting upon the belief that all the foreign ministers in Peking have perished.

Admiral Remy's notification to the department that he had come in person on the Pei Ho from Taku to Tien Tsin is attributed to the receipt by him of Secretary Long's message to hasten the efforts to get to Peking.

The war department, it appears, underestimated the time that would be required for the Grant to arrive at Nansak. She sailed on the 1st instant.

At a meeting of the directors of the Greenville Y. M. C. A. Secretary H. E. Anderson resigned the position at Greenville to accept a similar position at his old home in Corsicana.

A confession has recently been secured from the Mexican government by citizens of El Paso and Juarez for the construction of a new bull-fighting arena in Juarez.

The state board of education purchased for the state permanent school fund an issue of \$50,000 of Bexar county bridge refunding bonds.

The El Paso chamber of commerce decided to raise funds for a midwinter carnival to be held next January.

Three negroes were arrested by officers at Ennis charged with violating the quarantine law. They escaped about two months ago from a small-pox detention camp at Leland.

In commemoration of the death of Benito Juarez, ex-president, who is considered the George Washington of Mexico, the flags on the Mexican consulate in Laredo were at half-mast Tuesday.

The Hill County Old Settlers' meeting and the ex-Confederate reunion will be held jointly at Abbott's Grove, Aug. 7 and 8.

By the overturning of a skiff, eleven negro men were drowned in the Warrior river near Akron, Ala.

NEGRO LYNCHED.

Assaulted a Young White Girl, Identified and Hanged and Shot.

Huntsville, Ala., July 24.—Elijah Clark, the negro who Sunday assaulted Susan Priest, the 13-year-old girl, was taken from the jail Monday evening and lynched near the spot where his crime was committed.

A crowd of 150 men, principally employees of the big cottonmills at Dallas, a suburb of this city searched the woods all night for Clark, who was identified as the time he assaulted Miss Priest by her little sister.

After the sheriff was taken away the mob got in the jail and took the negro out. The doomed man was hustled quickly to Dallas, and once there was dragged down Stevens avenue to the home of his victim.

Moore's Grove was soon reached. The rope around Clark's neck threw over the limb of an immense tree by Miss Priest's brother. The negro was placed across the back of a horse and the animal led from under him.

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CHINESE APPEAL.

Celestials Turn to the United States in Their Trouble

AND PROMISE TO MAKE AMENDS

for the Outrages that the Foreigners Have Been Subjected To—Say Uncle Sam is Less Hostile.

Washington, July 23.—President McKinley has received what purports to be a direct appeal from the Chinese imperial government to use his good offices to extricate that government from the difficult and dangerous position in which it has been placed as a result of the boxer uprising and the ensuing hostile attitude of the great powers.

Although the exact text of the appeal made by the emperor of China to France, as outlined in the cable dispatches of Saturday, has not been made known here, it is believed that the address to the president is similar in terms to that communication. In our case, the communication was made through Minister Wu to the state department.

The United States government finds itself alone in its view of the Chinese matter, but nevertheless has behind it the consoling assurance that all the European governments have tacitly admitted that an error was made in not following the common-sense advice of the United States naval commander at Taku.

The European governments are proceeding upon the belief that all of the foreign ministers and missionaries and guards at Peking have been killed, and insist upon dealing with the Chinese government upon that basis, thereby assuming a hostile attitude that tends to destroy the powerful Chinese viceroys and the imperial government itself.

Thus, the French reply, as indicated in the four conditions laid down by M. DeCaen, sets an imposing task for the imperial government in its present straits and tends to drive it at once to make terms with the boxers and Prince Tuan's party.

On the other hand, our government while not guaranteeing the truth of the advice from the Chinese government as to the safety of the foreign ministers, is willing to accept the statements temporarily. In the meantime remitting none of its efforts to get access to Mr. Conger through the use of military force if need be.

By following out this policy, the state department argues that it retains two chances instead of one. It may reach Mr. Conger with troops, and it also may secure his deliverance through the friendly offices of some of the powerful Chinese officials.

However, the United States government does not intend to relinquish its claim for compensation and reparation in the ultimate settlement.

It is said a number of outrages on Chinese have been committed at Rock Springs, Wyo.

Beckham Nominated. Lexington, Ky., July 23.—Gov. Beckham was nominated by the Democratic convention for governor of Kentucky by acclamation at 3:05 o'clock Friday morning.

At Lake Charles, La., the engine of a Southern Pacific freight train crashed into the rear of a Kansas City Southern freight train, demolishing several cars of wheat.

Virgil Garvin of Navasota, Tex., one of the pitchers of the Chicago baseball club of the National league, has challenged McGovern, the champion lightweight pugilist, to try fistie conclusions.

Pine Bluff, Ark., July 23.—A cyclone struck England, Ark., a town northwest of Pine Bluff, on the Cotton Belt branch road, Saturday afternoon.

Nashville, Tenn., July 23.—Near the Confederate Soldiers' home at the Hermitage Saturday night, Alex. Donelson, one of the best-known men in Davidson county, was assassinated by some unknown party.

Denonson was en route home, and was going through a lone when he was shot and killed. Persons at the Soldiers' home heard the shots, and going to the lane found Donelson's dead body.

Paris, July 23.—Count Boni de Castellane fought a duel with swords Saturday with Count Orlovski in the outskirts of Paris. In the first assault Count Orlovski was wounded in the thorax, and the duel was stopped by the doctors.

The cause of the duel was a newspaper article reciting a quarrel between the two occurring in Count Boni de Castellane's house. Count Orlovski charged Castellane with responsibility for the article.

Denver, Colo., July 23.—The Broadway was packed Saturday night on the occasion of the ratification of the nominations of Bryan and Stevenson. Speakers were Senator Teller, chairman of the silver Republican national committee; Gov. Thomas of Colorado, chairman of the Democratic national committee, and Congressman Shafroth. All the speakers emphasized the fact that imperialism is to be made the prominent issue.

Aberdeen, S. D., July 23.—A terrible encounter occurred between two Russian farmers in Emmons county, which resulted in the death of both. There were no witnesses to the battle, but it is supposed the men quarreled over a tract of hay land and attacked each other with pitchforks.

Washington, July 23.—The Dalgona bay arbitration closed, so far as Portugal was concerned, by the announcement of the state department by Senator Duarte that his government has deposited the amount of the award, about \$2,500,000, with the Contra-Discounts, a Parisian banking institution, with which the Portuguese government does business. It will remain for the British and American claimants to arrange for an equitable distribution of this fund.

London, July 24.—Gen. Dewet has again succeeded in cutting Lord Roberts' communications both by railway and telegraph and captured 100 of the Highlanders. The story of the federal commander's bold raid comes in a form of a telegram from Gen. Forester-Walker, dated at Cape Town, Sunday, July 22, forwarding a dispatch from Gen. Knox.

At Louisville, Ky., "Australian" Billy Edwards knocked out Bob Douglas in the fourth round.

NOAKES' NARRATIVE.

He Tells a Dramatic Story Relative to the Goebel Killing.

Georgetown, Ky., July 23.—The most interesting testimony yet given in the trial of Caleb Powers was given by Robert Noakes, a Louisville and Nashville railroad conductor of Corbin, Whitley county, Friday.

Noakes told of being asked by Caleb Powers to get a company of militia composed of men that would fight. He also asked Noakes to get smokeless powder cartridges. Noakes continued: "I formed a company and Gov. Bradley sent a man who mustered the company in."

On Jan. 2, witness received message from Caleb Powers, who asked him to take his company to Frankfort. Powers said it had been arranged to capture train No. 80 of the Cumberland division and train No. 26 of the Knoxville branch, to take the men to Frankfort.

It was intended to send 1500 in all. On the nights of Jan. 22 and 23 Charles Finley awakened Noakes. Finley was not satisfied with the arrangement for going to Frankfort and of capturing the trains. He warned Noakes not to take part in it, and said he would go to Barbourville and try to get Powers to abandon the plan.

Witness said Finley went to Louisville, saying rather than capture trains he would pay for them himself. That day a telegram from Louisville asked if Finley's check was good for \$1000. Caleb Powers then said "Finley was getting too d-d shaky."

"Did Powers ever say anything to you about Goebel?" "Yes, he was on my train one day and said, 'The contests won't amount to a d—, and when Goebel is dead in b— there is not another man in the state who can hold his party together.'"

Noakes said his company went to Frankfort, but he got tired and asked Powers how long this was going to last. "He said not much longer, as Goebel would be killed and that would settle it. That morning I checked two large pistols and a rifle for Berry Howard. Yes, I saw Gov. Taylor that morning. I went into his office and took my pistols off and put them into a book case. I passed some words with him at that time."

Three pairs of trousers were burned in a fire at Vicksburg, Miss.

Lon Boyler, a brakeman on the Santa Fe railway, fell from a caboose at Buckholtz, Tex., and was killed.

A street car with forty people aboard turned over at Mineral Ridge, Mich., and every person sustained injuries.

First Assistant Postmaster General Heath has resigned, to take effect Aug. 1. He becomes secretary of the Republican national executive committee.

In a fight between two deputy sheriffs and some railroad hands in Scott county, Tennessee, two of the hands were killed and both deputies fatally wounded.

At Lake Charles, La., the engine of a Southern Pacific freight train crashed into the rear of a Kansas City Southern freight train, demolishing several cars of wheat.

Virgil Garvin of Navasota, Tex., one of the pitchers of the Chicago baseball club of the National league, has challenged McGovern, the champion lightweight pugilist, to try fistie conclusions.

Pine Bluff, Ark., July 23.—A cyclone struck England, Ark., a town northwest of Pine Bluff, on the Cotton Belt branch road, Saturday afternoon.

Nashville, Tenn., July 23.—Near the Confederate Soldiers' home at the Hermitage Saturday night, Alex. Donelson, one of the best-known men in Davidson county, was assassinated by some unknown party.

Denonson was en route home, and was going through a lone when he was shot and killed. Persons at the Soldiers' home heard the shots, and going to the lane found Donelson's dead body.

Paris, July 23.—Count Boni de Castellane fought a duel with swords Saturday with Count Orlovski in the outskirts of Paris. In the first assault Count Orlovski was wounded in the thorax, and the duel was stopped by the doctors.

The cause of the duel was a newspaper article reciting a quarrel between the two occurring in Count Boni de Castellane's house. Count Orlovski charged Castellane with responsibility for the article.

Denver, Colo., July 23.—The Broadway was packed Saturday night on the occasion of the ratification of the nominations of Bryan and Stevenson. Speakers were Senator Teller, chairman of the silver Republican national committee; Gov. Thomas of Colorado, chairman of the Democratic national committee, and Congressman Shafroth. All the speakers emphasized the fact that imperialism is to be made the prominent issue.

Aberdeen, S. D., July 23.—A terrible encounter occurred between two Russian farmers in Emmons county, which resulted in the death of both. There were no witnesses to the battle, but it is supposed the men quarreled over a tract of hay land and attacked each other with pitchforks.

Washington, July 23.—The Dalgona bay arbitration closed, so far as Portugal was concerned, by the announcement of the state department by Senator Duarte that his government has deposited the amount of the award, about \$2,500,000, with the Contra-Discounts, a Parisian banking institution, with which the Portuguese government does business. It will remain for the British and American claimants to arrange for an equitable distribution of this fund.

London, July 24.—Gen. Dewet has again succeeded in cutting Lord Roberts' communications both by railway and telegraph and captured 100 of the Highlanders. The story of the federal commander's bold raid comes in a form of a telegram from Gen. Forester-Walker, dated at Cape Town, Sunday, July 22, forwarding a dispatch from Gen. Knox.

At Louisville, Ky., "Australian" Billy Edwards knocked out Bob Douglas in the fourth round.

THE POPULISTS.

All the Delegates Have on Their Badges the Numbers, "103."

Waco, Tex., July 24.—All the Populists attending the state convention are wearing badges of white ribbon, bearing in black the number "103," which means the 103 who walked out in St. Louis in 1896 because Sewall and Watson went on the ticket at that convention. Many of the old-liners are missing, among those not here being Harry Tracy, J. S. Bradley Stump Ashby and Cyclone Davis. Tracy is in Swisher county raising white faced cattle and Ashby and Davis are in North Carolina.

In the committee meeting Henry F. Jones presided. It was stated that Mr. Jones was appointed chairman by Milton Park, the national organizer, after Chairman Bradley walked out at the Fort Worth convention, May 4 last. Mr. Jones was recognized as the head of the party in Texas.

Among the conspicuous figures on the floor are Joe A. Parker of Chicago, chairman of the national committee; Dr. G. B. Harris, chairman of the Social Democracy, affiliated with the middle-of-the-roads, and Milton Park, national organizer. All present are sounding war notes against the old parties and inviting recruits into the rank of "the only original and true People's party."

Among those taking part in Monday's proceedings were C. M. Cureton of Meridian, O. F. Dornblazer of Hillsboro, George B. Long of Rosenberg, C. K. Walter of Gonzales, Clarence Nugent of Stephenville, Jesse Adams of Coleman, Owens Miller of Gatesville, J. W. Biard of Paris, G. B. Harris of Rucelville, Milton Park of Dallas, J. H. Teague of Grimes county, J. M. Marshall of Belton, Joe A. Parker of Chicago and Henry F. Jones of Dublin.

A platform was written Monday afternoon, reaffirming the Omaha demands and endorsing the Cincinnati platform and nominees.

Paris, Tex., July 24.—A romantic wedding occurred at Milton, eighteen miles southwest of Paris, the contracting parties being H. J. Ramsey and Mrs. Ida Ramsey. The same parties were married in this county on Nov. 7, 1897, and moved to Palo Pinto county. In June of the following year the husband enlisted in the United States volunteer service. His wife returned to her parents in this county and obtained a divorce from him at the spring term of the district court in 1899. When Mr. Ramsey's term of enlistment in the army expired, he returned to Lamar county, met his former wife and renewed his attentions to her, with the result above stated.

Hallville Tex., July 24.—Monday morning at 3 o'clock Justice O. P. Forrest was called to hold an inquest over the remains of Frances Simpson, colored, who, according to the report current, was killed in getting over a fence. Several witnesses were examined at the inquest, among them a physician, and at its conclusion James Simpson, the husband of the dead woman, was arrested and sent to jail at Marshall.

Terrell, Tex., July 24.—E. H. R. Green has issued the following: To the members of the Republican state executive committee: The state executive committee is called to meet at San Antonio, Aug. 1, to name a time and place for the next state convention and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before it. E. H. R. GREEN, Chairman.

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A Helpless Child.

A Little Sufferer Cured of a Terrible Nervous Disease—Her Parents Praise the Remedy that Saved Her.

From the Traveler, Arkansas City, Kan. Rapid as has been the advance of medical science along many lines, it is only in recent years that a remedy has been discovered for one of the most dreadful of nervous diseases that afflict children—St. Vitus' dance.

This and other nervous disorders that cause the pale, wan faces and peevish, irritable dispositions of so many children can now be scientifically treated by a remedy which strikes at the root of the disease by renewing the impoverished blood and strengthening the nerves.

Words of commendation for this remedy come from all parts of the civilized world. This is the interesting story told by Mr. and Mrs. Christopher Armstrong, of Arkansas City, Kan.

"Our youngest daughter was for three years afflicted with St. Vitus' dance, a terrible nervous disease. Her parents tried every medical almost despaired of finding a remedy. She was so helpless that she had to be carried in her arms and would fall over at times and be unable to rise. We had heard and read about Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, and as a last resort, we determined to try them. The effect was almost miraculous. From the first box there was noticeable improvement and by the time she had taken six boxes she was almost well. Altogether she took about 25 boxes, and now, thirteen years of age, is strong and healthy, weighing 114 pounds."

Christopher Armstrong, MARY ARMSTRONG, Arkansas City, Kansas. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 8th day of August 1899. W. D. KRAMER, Notary Public.

The power of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People in the vast number of derangements of the nervous system, has been demonstrated in thousands of instances as remarkable as the one related above. No one suffering can rightfully neglect this way to restore health.

All the elements necessary to give new blood to the system are contained in a concentrated form in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. They were first compounded and put upon the market by Dr. J. C. Williams, a physician in eminent practice by an eminent physician. So great was their efficacy that it was deemed wise to place them within the reach of all who are afflicted with nervous disorders. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, N. Y., and are sold in boxes never in loose form by the dozen or hundred, and the public are cautioned against cheap imitations sold in this shape at 25 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50, and may be had of all druggists or direct from the manufacturer, Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

So many people refuse to take no for an answer, that every letter calls for a reply.

No one needs to apologize for riding on the Denver road. It offers an unequalled variety of scenery, broad vestibule trains, quick service, solid roadbed, perfect baggage system and courteous employees.

The sumptuous Pullmans are built in natural woods—rich, tasteful, restful to the eye. The Cafe Car service is always good. The linen is spotlessly clean, the waiters prompt, the food the best of the market affords.

It uses the Union Station, Fort Worth, Pueblo, Colorado Springs and Denver.

It educates them by blending en route the most beautiful portion of Texas and Colorado.

It runs through the trains from Fort Worth to Denver daily, which pass en route Pike's Peak, the Spanish Peaks, and for two hundred miles in sight of the mountain range.

It allows stop-overs on summer tourist tickets at all points in Colorado. It leaves Fort Worth at 9 a. m., arrives in Denver next day in time for mid-day lunch; it stays in place; it invites investigation.

CHARLES L. HULL, T. P. A. A. A. GLISSON, G. A. P. D. W. STEINLEY, A. G. P. A. THE DENVER R. O., Fort Worth, Texas.

A lady called a large veil she wore "Cherity" because it covered a multitude of freckles.

Best for the Bowels. No matter what ails you, headache to colds, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. CASCARETS are made of natural, pure, genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has a C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

Chinese Belles at Paris. The Paris correspondent of one of the London papers describes the Chinese ambassador to France at the exposition: "In one of the pagodas the Chinese ambassador and his family received, the ambassador wearing a gorgeous Chinese costume. The ambassador, who is of American origin, wore European dress—a black and white gown embroidered in white. So did her two daughters, who are among the belles of the diplomatic society of Paris this year. They are very slim girls, with small faces, smooth black hair, and ivory-like complexions. They look like European girls, but with a Chinese type of face and both girls dress with a great deal of chic. On this occasion they wore white mouseline de sole frocks made alike, with frilled skirts. Both on bodice and on skirt ran a quaint design in narrow black chenille. The influence of a dash of Oriental attire was evident in the gowns, which were very pretty. The hats were also of white muslin, and were of the 'baby' order, having many chenille-edged flounces, and in the front a big bunch of red rosettes.

"Both girls, and indeed all the family including the brother, who wears Chinese costume, speak English among themselves. A feature of the evening

SOME SHORT STORIES ABOUT CHINA AND THE CHINESE.



The Religion of China.
Buddhism is the principal religious faith of the Chinese. Long as this religion has existed, it is little understood by Americans. Its founder, Buddha, was born 623 years before the Christian era. His theory of deity embraced a trinity, known as the Three Precious Ones. The moral code of the religion contains ten prohibitions—killing, stealing, lying, selling wine, charging interest on loans, speaking false of others, self-praise and back-biting, parsimony and scoffing, uncorrected anger and reviling the Three Precious Ones.

The Buddhist church in Tibet has its pope, its cardinals, its bishops, prelates and nuns, exactly as has the Roman Catholic church. And more, it has infant baptism, confirmation, candles, sacred water and processions. The teachings of Buddha were reduced to writing 93 B. C. The entire canon of the faith was compiled in A. D. 400. In this Buddha is described as coming from heaven, being born of a virgin, welcomed by angels, received by an old saint, presented in a temple, baptized with water and later by fire. He is described as astonishing the doctors with his understanding, was later led into a wilderness, where he was tempted by the devil, and thereafter he went about doing wonders and preaching. He was a friend to the poor.

It seems doubtful when Buddhism was introduced into China. It is recorded, however, that in the year 63 A. D. the emperor, Han-Ming-Ti, had a vision wherein he saw a great golden image around whose head was a halo, and it was believed it meant truth. The emperor's brother, Prince Tsu, having heard of Buddhism from India, said the vision was nothing but the great Buddha. A mission was sent forth, which returned after some years, bringing back a wooden image, a counterpart of the golden one, one book and a Hindu priest.

The great temple at Peking, called the Yang-Ho-Kung, or the Larua temple, is a Mongol Buddhist monastery, in which there are some 1,200 acting priests. Here the dogmas of

Buddhism are taught under the control of a Gagan, or living Buddha. The studies comprise a course of instruction in metaphysics, ascetic duties, astrology and medicine.

Many Chinese are Confucians. These follow the teachings of Confucius, which are the worship of ancestors. One of the provisions of this creed is that no son shall live more expensively than his father or mother.

Chinese Deities.

Contrary to general supposition, the deities of the Chinese are not mythical. Each of them is supposed to be patterned after and to embody the noble traits of some man who has lived in the past. Confucianism is now well understood, and both Buddhism and Taoism have been so thoroughly explored that it is hard to believe that anything of importance relating thereto is to be discovered. At least one more book upon this topic, however, remains to be compiled—namely, a Chinese mythological dictionary. Such a work should contain an account of all the principal divinities actually worshipped by the Chinese, with authentic details of such as are historical, together with a record of the steps by which many of them have been promoted in the Chinese pantheon, until, like Kuan-Ti, the god of war, from very humble beginnings they have become "adjutant of heaven."

The number of these divinities is very large and includes many that have been continuously worshipped for over 1,000 years. Whether the Chinese have ever at any time in their long history had perception or conception of one true God, "Father and Creator of all things," is a question that has long and learnedly discussed by scholars and students of their classical writings. It is still an open question. But there is no doubt at all that for many centuries past they have worshipped the sun, the moon, the stars and a host of ancestral deities.

All the gods of China may be said to have been dead men, and, by the right of ancestral worship, it may be affirmed that in a sense all the dead men of China are gods. Temples are

constantly erected, by the consent of the emperor, to men who, while living, have in various ways distinguished themselves. It is impossible to say that any one of these men may not, in the slow evolution of ages, rise to the highest place among the national divinities. There can, therefore, be no doubt whatever that as a nation the Chinese are polytheistic.

Chinese Superstition.

Similar in some respects to the celebration of Christmas in Christian countries is the observance of the devil's birthday in China. On this anniversary many costly gifts are laid upon the altar of the evil one. There are many other superstitions current. In sending the kitchen god to heaven every year, the Chinese housekeeper has to burn it and let the fumes ascend. It reports on the good deeds of the family for the year and brings good luck. Before burning it the housewife dips her finger in a jar of molasses and smears the upper and lower lip of the idol, so that when he arrives at the pearly city he may tell a sweet tale on the family and thus insure benedictions. A family, when gambling, will cover the eyes of the idol until the card playing is through. A woman in Luohu city went to the temple to pray for the recovery of her son from smallpox. He recovered, but was marked with the effects of the disease. She returned to the temple in a great rage, put a coil of rope around the idol's neck and sanded it several times in the river, saying: "I'll teach you to lose your benign influence, you rascal!"

Cessions to Foreign Powers.

Each conflict in which China has engaged has resulted in a loss of territory. The principal cessions made by the Mongol government as the price of peace have been the following: The island of Formosa was ceded to Japan in 1895, after the war with China. In 1897 Germany seized the port of Kiaochow on the east coast of the Shantung peninsula, her excuse for so doing being a massacre of missionaries which had taken place there. Two

months later she received from China a ninety-nine year lease of the port and district. In 1898 Russia obtained from China a twenty-five-year lease of Port Arthur, Tallienwan and their adjacent territories and waters. The lease can be extended by mutual agreement. The same year the Chinese government gave permission for Great Britain to occupy Wei-Hai-Wei for as long a period as Russia shall hold Port Arthur. To compensate France for the concessions given to Great Britain and Russia a ninety-nine-year lease was given her of the Kwang-Chau-Wan, on the coast opposite the island of Hainan, and last year two islands at the entrance of the bay were definitely ceded to her. Hong-Kong was ceded to Great Britain in 1841.

The Chinese Treaty.

The treaty between the United States and China negotiated in 1858 and proclaimed in 1860 provided that the Chinese government should guarantee protection to the American minister in his journeys to and from Peking, and should protect him and his suite while in Peking. The treaty of 1868, negotiated by William H. Seward and Anson Burlingame, provides for the protection of American citizens, American property, and American trade. In article 1 it is declared: "Nothing in this article shall be construed to prevent the United States from resisting an attack by any hostile power or party upon their citizens or their property."

Universal Suffrage.

The leaders of the Belgian labor party have issued a manifesto on the question of universal suffrage. They declare that the time is opportune for a firm and decided struggle, and advocate stubborn resistance to all legislation of any kind until their desired reform is effected.

In New York the storing of automobiles is becoming a problem. Some of the livery stables decline to accept them on the ground that they are ruining the livery business.

TALMAGE'S SERMON.

TALK ON ONE OF THE MISSIONS OF CHRIST.

Efficiency of Divine Power in Healing the Wounds and Deformities—The Intimate Relations of Surgery and Theology.

(Copyright, 1899, by Louis Klopsch.)
In this discourse Dr. Talmage (who is now traveling in Europe) puts in an unusual light the mission of Christ and shows how divine power will yet make the illnesses of the world fall back; text, Matthew xi, 5, "The blind receive their sight, and the lame walk, the lepers are cleansed, and the deaf hear."

"Doctor," I said to a distinguished surgeon, "do you not get worn out with constantly seeing so many wounds and broken bones and distortions of the human body?" "Oh, no," he answered, "all that is overcome by my joy in curing them." A sublimer and more merciful art never came down from heaven than that of surgery. Catastrophe and disease entered the earth so early that one of the first wants of the world was a doctor. Our crippled and agonized human race called for surgeon and family physician for many years before they came. The first surgeons who answered this call were ministers of religion—namely, the Egyptian priests. And what a grand thing if all clergymen were also doctors, all D. D.'s were M. D.'s, for there are so many cases where body and soul need treatment at the same time, consolation and medicine, theology and therapeutics. As the first surgeons of the world were also ministers of religion, may these two professions always be in full sympathy! But under what disadvantages the early surgeons worked, from the fact that the dissection of the human body was forbidden, first by the pagans, and then by the early Christians! Apes, being the brutes most like the human race, were dissected, but go human body might be unfolded for physiological and anatomical exploration, and the surgeons had to guess what was inside the temple by looking at the outside of it. If they failed in any surgical operation, they were persecuted and driven out of the city, as was Archagathus because of his bold but unsuccessful attempt to save a patient.

The Surgeon in History.
But the world from the very beginning, kept calling for surgeons, and their first skill is spoken of in Genesis, where they employed their art for the incisions of a sacred rite, God making surgery the predecessor of baptism, and we see it again in II Kings, where Ahaziah, the monarch, stepped on some cracked lattice-work in the palace, and it broke, and he fell from the upper to the lower floor, and he was so hurt that he sent to the village of Ekron for aid, and Aesculapius, who wrought such wonders of surgery that he was deified, and temples were built for his worship at Pergamos; and Epidaurus and Podalirius introduced for the relief of the world phlebotomy, and Damocedes cured the dislocated ankle of King Darius and the cancer of his queen, and Hippocrates put successful hand on fractures and introduced amputation, and Praxagoras removed obstructions, and Herophilus began dissection and Erasistratus removed tumors, and Celsus, the Roman surgeon, removed an eye from the eye and used the Spanish fly, and Heliodorus arrested disease of the throat, and Alexander of Tralles treated the eye, and Rhazes caterized for the prevention of hydrophobia, and Percival Pott came to combat diseases of the spine, and in our century we have had, among others, a Roux, and a Larray in France, an Astley Cooper and an Abernethy in Great Britain and a Valentine Mott and Willard Parker and Samuel D. Gross in America and a galaxy of living surgeons as brilliant as their predecessors. What mighty progress in the baffling of disease since the crippled and sick of ancient times were laid along the streets, that people who had ever been hurt or disordered in the same way might suggest what had better be done for the patients, and the priests of olden time, who were constantly suffering from colds, received in walking barefoot over the temple pavements had to prescribe for themselves, and fractures were considered so far beyond all human cure that instead of calling in the surgeon the people only invoked the gods!

But notwithstanding all the surgical and medical skill in the world, with what tenacity the old diseases hang on to the human race, and most of them are thousands of years old, and in our Bibles we read of them—the carbuncles of Job and Hezekiah, the palpitation of the heart spoken of in Deuteronomy, the sunstroke of a child carried from the fields of Shunem, crying, "My head, my head!" King Sennacherib's disease of the feet, which was nothing but gout; deflection of teeth, that called for dental surgery; the skill of which, almost equal to anything modern, is still seen in the filled molar of the unrolled Egyptian mummy; the ophthalmia caused by the juice of the newly ripe fig, leaving the people blind by the roadside; epilepsy, as in the case of the young man often falling into the fire, and oft into the water; hypochondria, as of Nebuchadnezzar, who imagined himself an ox and going out to the fields to pasture; the withered hand, which the Bible times, as now, came from the destruction of the main artery or from paralysis of the chief nerve; the wounds of the man whom the thieves left for dead on the road to Jericho and whom the good Samaritan nursed, pouring in oil and wine—wine to cleanse the wound and oil to soothe it. Thank God for what surgery has done for the alleviation and cure of human suffering!

Surgery Without Pain.
But the world wanted a surgery without pain. Drs. Parre and Hickman and Simpson and Warner and Jackson, with their amazing genius, came forward, and with their anesthetics benumbed the patient with narcotic and ethers as the ancients did with hashish and mandrake and quieted him for a while, but the return of consciousness distress returned. The world has never seen but one surgeon who could straighten the crooked limb, cure the blind eye or

reconstruct the drum of a soundless ear or reduce a droopy eyelid to any pain at the time of any pain after, and that surgeon was Jesus Christ, the mightiest, grandest, gentlest and most sympathetic surgeon the world ever saw or ever will see, and he deserves the confidence and love and worship and hosanna of all the earth and halleluiahs of all heaven. "The blind receive their sight and the lame walk; the lepers are cleansed, and the deaf hear."

I notice this surgeon had a fondness for chronic cases. Many a surgeon, when he has had a patient brought to him, has said: "Why was not this attended to five years ago? You bring him to me after all power of recuperation is gone. You have waited until there is a complete contraction of the muscles, and false ligatures are formed, and ossification has taken place. It ought to have been attended to long ago." But Christ the Surgeon seemed to prefer inveterate cases. One was a hemorrhage of twelve years, and he stopped it. Another was a curvature of eighteen years, and he straightened it. Another was a cripple of thirty-eight years and he walked out well. The eighteen-year patient was a woman bent almost double. If you could call a convention of all the surgeons of all the centuries, their combined skill could not cure that body so drawn out of shape. Perhaps they might stop it from getting worse, perhaps they might contrive braces by which she might be made more comfortable, but it is, humbly speaking, incurable. Yet this divine surgeon put both his hands on her, and from that doubled up posture she began to rise and the ever purpled face began to take on a healthier hue, and the muscles began to relax from their rigidity, and the spinal column began to adjust itself, and the cords of the neck began to be the more supple, and the eyes that could see only the ground before, now looked into the face of Christ with gratitude and up toward heaven in transport. Straight! After eighteen weary and exhausting years, straight! The poise and gracefulness, the beauty of healthy womanhood reinstated. The thirty-eight years' case was a man who lay on a mattress near the mineral baths at Jerusalem. There were five apartments where lame people were brought, so that they could get the advantage of these mineral baths. The stone basin of the bath is still visible, although the waters have disappeared, probably through some convulsion of nature. The bath, 120 feet long, forty feet wide and eight feet deep. Ah, poor man, if you have been lame and helpless thirty-eight years, that mineral bath cannot restore you. Why, thirty-eight years is more than the average human life. Nothing but the grave will cure you. But Christ the Surgeon, walks along these baths and I have no doubt passes by some patients who have been only six months disordered or a year or five years, and comes to the mattress of the man who had been nearly four decades helpless and to this thirty-eight year's invalid said, "Wilt thou be made whole?"

Christ the Chief Surgeon.
The question asked not because the surgeon did not understand the protractedness, the desperateness of the case, but to evoke the man's pathetic narrative. "Wilt thou be made whole?" "Would you like to get well?" "Oh, yes," says the man. "That is what I came to these mineral baths for. I have tried everything. All the prescriptions have failed, and all the surgeons have failed, and all the prescriptions have proved valueless, and I got worse and worse, and I can neither move hand nor foot nor head. Oh, if I could only be free from this pain of thirty-eight years!" Christ the Surgeon could not stand that. Bending over the man on the mattress, and in a voice tender with all sympathy, but strong with all omnipotence, he says, "Rise!" and the invalid instantly scrambles to his knees and then pants out his right foot, then his left foot, and then stood upright, as though he had never been prostrated. While he stands looking at the doctor, with a joy too much to hold, the doctor says, "Shoulder this mattress, for you are not only well enough to walk, but well enough to work, and start out from these mineral baths. Take up thy bed and walk!" Oh, what a surgeon for chronic cases then and for chronic cases now!

This is not applicable so much to those who are only a little hurt of sin and only for a short time, but to those prostrated of sin twelve years, forty years, thirty-eight years. Yes, is a surgeon able to give immortal health. "Oh," you say, "I am so completely overthrown and trampled down of sin that I cannot rise." Are you flatter down than this patient at the mineral baths? No. Then rise. In the name of Jesus of Nazareth, the surgeon who offers you his right hand of help, I bid thee rise. Not cases of acute sin, but of chronic sin—those who have not prayed for thirty-eight years, those who have not been to church for thirty-eight years, those who have been sinners or libertines, or thieves, or outlaws, or blasphemers, or infidels, or atheists, or all these together, for thirty-eight years. A Christ for exigencies! A Christ for a dead lift! A surgeon who never loses a case!

In speaking of Christ as a surgeon I must consider him as an oculist or eye doctor, and an aurist or ear doctor. Was there ever such another oculist? That he was particularly sorry for the blind folks I take from the fact that the most of his works were with the diseased optic nerves. I have not time to count up the number of blind people mentioned who got his cure. Two blind men in one house; also one who was born blind; so that it was not removal of a visual obstruction, but the creation of the cornea and ciliary muscle and crystalline lens and retina and optic nerve and tear gland; also the blind men of Bethsaida, cured by the saliva which the Surgeon took from the tip of his own tongue and put upon the eyelids; also two blind men who sat by the wayside.

Unloosing the Barred Tongue.
Our surgeon, having unbarred his ear, will now unloose the shackle of his tongue. The surgeon will use the same liniment or salve that he used on two occasions for the cure of blind people—namely, the moisture of his own mouth. The application is made, and lo, the rigidity of the dumb tongue is relaxed, and between the tongue and teeth was born a whole vocabulary and words flew into expression. He not only heard, but he talked. One

gate of his body swung in to let sound enter, and another gate swung out to let sound depart. Why is it that, while other surgeons used knives and forceps and probes and stethoscopes, this surgeon used only the ointment of his own lips? To show that all the curative power we ever feel comes straight from Christ. And if he touches us not we shall be deaf as a rock and dumb as a tomb. Oh, thou greatest of all artists, compel us to hear and help us to speak!

But what were the surgeon's fees for all these cures of eyes and ears and tongues and withered hands and crooked backs? The skill and the painlessness of the operations were worth hundreds and thousands of dollars. Do not think that the cases he took were all moneyless. Did he not treat the nobleman's son? Did he not doctor the ruler's daughter? Did he not affect a cure in the house of a centurion of great wealth who had out of his own pocket built a synagogue? They would have paid him large fees, and there were hundreds of wealthy people in Jerusalem and among the merchant castles along Lake Tiberias who would have given this surgeon houses and lands and all they had for such cures as he could effect. For critical cases in our time great surgeons have received \$1,000, \$5,000 and in one case I know of \$50,000, but the surgeon of whom I speak received not a shekel, not a penny, not a farthing. In his whole earthly life we know of his having had but 62½ cents. When his taxes were due, by his omission he knew of a fish in the sea which had swallowed a piece of silver money, as they are apt to swallow anything bright, and he sent Peter with a hook which brought up that fish, and from its mouth was extracted a Roman stater, or 62½ cents, the only money he ever had, and that he paid out for taxes. This greatest surgeon of all the centuries gave all his services then and offers all his services now free of all charge. "Without money and without price" you may spiritually have your blind eyes opened, and your deaf ears unbarred, and your dumb tongues loosened, and your wounds healed and your soul saved. If Christian people get hurt of body, mind or soul, let them remember that surgery is apt to hurt, but it cures, and you can afford present pain for future glory. Besides that, there are powerful anesthetics in the divine promises that soothe and alleviate. No ether or chloroform or cocaine ever made one so superior to distress as a few drops of that magnificent anodyne: "All things work together for good to those who love God." Weeping may endure for a night, but joy cometh in the morning."

Healing the World's Wounds.
What a grand thing for our poor human race when this surgeon shall have completed the treatment of the world's wounds! The day will come when there will be no more hospitals, for there will be no more sick, and no more eye and ear infirmaries, for there will be no more blind or deaf, and no more deserts, for the round earth shall be brought under arboriculture, and no more blizzards or sunstrokes, for the atmosphere will be expurgated of scorch and chill, and no more war, for the swords shall come out of the foundry bent into pruning hooks, while in the heavenly country we shall see the victims of accident or malformation or hereditary ill on earth become the athletes in Elysian fields. Who is that man with such brilliant eyes close before the throne? Why, that is the man who, near Jericho, was blind, and who surgeon cured his ophthalmia! Who is that erect and graceful and queenly woman before the throne? That was the one whom our surgeon found bent almost double and could in nowise lift up herself, and he made her straight. Who is that listening with such rapture to the music of heaven, solo melting into chorus, cymbal responding to trumpet, and then himself joining in the anthem? Why, that is the man whom our surgeon found deaf, and dumb on the beach of Galilee, and by two touches opened ear gate and month gate. Who is that around whom the crowds are gathering with admiring looks and thanksgiving and cries of "Oh, what he did for me! Oh, what he did for my family! Oh, what he did for the world!" That is the surgeon of all the centuries, the oculist, the aurist, the emancipator, the Savior. No pay he took on earth. Come, now, and let all heaven pay him with worship that shall never end and a love that shall never die. On his head be all the crowns, in his hands be all the scepters and at his feet be all the worlds!

NOT RECENT PASSION.
The First International Marriage Was in 1616.

Some people are given to thinking that the Englishman's predilection for the American girl is a recently developed passion, says the Saturday Evening Post. Such is by no means the case. If American visitors should care to see a portrait in oils of one of the very first American girls to catch an Englishman of position let them journey to Boonton Hall, in the county of Norfolk, the hall that was in former days the seat of the Rolfe family. In this hall hangs a portrait by De Pame of a handsome young woman, with high cheekbones, and complexion splendidly swarthy. Around this portrait are the words Matoaku Rebecka, filia potentis Prince Pohwahati Imp. Virginiae, and on a space below the portrait are these words, "Matoaku, alias Rebecka, daughter of the mighty Prince Pohwahati, Emperor of Attanough Komouck, of Virginia; a Christian convert, and married to the Worshipful Mr. Thomas Rolfe. Aged 21, 1616." This portrait of the far-famed Princess Pocahontas was painted but a few weeks before she died on board a ship about to sail for America. She was buried in the parish church of Gravesend, at the mouth of the River Thames, and to this day the curious can see the following entry in the parish register: "1616, March 21, Rebecca Wrothe, wife of Thomas Wrothe, gent., a Virginia lady born, was buried here in the chancel." Unfortunately the original edifice was burned down a century ago, otherwise America could now look upon the tomb of the first American girl who took an English husband.

Doing is the proper end of doctrine.



ONE OF THE STREETS OF THE NATIVE QUARTER OF PEKIN BURNED BY THE MOBS OF FANATICAL CHINESE.

Gen. Fukushima.

General Y. Fukushima, who is in command of the forces which Japan has already landed at Taku, is a dis-



GEN. FUKUSHIMA.

linguist soldier, traveler and scholar. During his junior years in the army he traveled on horseback from Berlin to Vladivostok, clear across Si-

beria. He later visited Persia, touring that country thoroughly. The photograph here presented was taken in Teheran, Persia's capital, four years ago. The general is an excellent linguist. He speaks French, German and Russian fluently. He has traversed India, spent some time in Burma, is familiar with the topography of northern China, and has traveled over the Gulf of Pe-Chi-li and the Amur. He fought in the Formosa campaign in 1874, against the Sauma rebels in 1877, and against the Chinese in Korea and Manchuria. He is just 51 years old.

An engineer employed by an American company, who visited the Cerro del Mercado in Durango recently, says that the iron in sight in this mountain would supply all the smelters in England for 300 years.

The Richmond locomotive works has shipped a second consignment of nine ten-wheel passenger locomotives with six-wheel tenders to Helsingfors, England.

British General in China.
Brigadier General Sir Alfred Gaselee, who has been assigned to the supreme command of the British land



GEN. GASELEE.

forces in China, is a safe and tried campaigner. His latest active service was rendered as a brigade commander in the Afridi expedition. In 1896 he

was appointed commander of a second-class district in India. He entered the army in 1862, and has many times won distinction and decoration for conspicuous gallantry. He fought on the northwestern Indian frontier, in Abyssinia, in the Beyote expedition, in the Jowaki Afridi expedition, in the Afghan campaign at Candahar and in the expeditions of Zheb Valley, Hayara and Isayl. He has three orders and numerous medals.

Dies in the Desert.
J. M. Meneck left June 24 in company with four others for southern Utah in quest of a far-famed lost copper mine. The party went into camp and Meneck started out upon a prospecting tour of the deserts. He did not return, and his companions, who searched for him days in vain, have no doubt that he has perished. Meneck was a representative of the Smithsonian institution and was making a careful study of that section of the country. He was about 50 years of age and a graduate of Johns Hopkins university.

MOVING SIDEWALK THE THING AT PARIS FAIR.

Every One Likes to Toy With It—One Can Even Take Lessons in French on the Traveling Strips.

Just as at the exhibition of 1889 the great thing was to mount the Eiffel tower, so now the universal movement is to roll around the circle of the Trottoir roulant. They waited hours in those old times for their turn at the tower's lift, but there is no waiting for the Trottoir roulant, or the platform mobile, or the moving sidewalk, as it indifferently is termed. Imagine exactly what it is—a sidewalk built twenty feet above the ground, protected on each side by railings, with steps to climb up to it at short intervals. From below it looks like an elevated railroad. And this elevated sidewalk continually is moving in an endless circuit round its course, which

phonograph and this being taken round rapidly, a number of scattered voters were able to hear his voice and his views, though deprived of his bodily presence.

ENJOYED PRISON LIFE.

One of Dickens' Martyrs Returns to His Old Home.

"Dickens, in his 'American Notes,' described one Charles Langheimer delving in his little garden outside his eastern penitentiary cell and the thought coming to him that the man was digging his own grave, says the Philadelphia Times. He further wrote of him: 'A more dejected, heart-brok-

en, wretched creature it would be difficult to imagine. I never saw such a picture of forlorn affliction and distress of mind. I never saw or heard of any kind of misery that impressed me more than the wretchedness of this man.' That was in 1841. In 1870 Dickens died. In 1885 Langheimer was still alive. But that is not all of the tale. When the novelist saw the German thief he was serving his second term of imprisonment in the penitentiary. After that he served twelve more, fourteen in all, in the same institution. The narrator once saw him in the quarter sessions after he had been sentenced to a brief imprisonment in the county prison. With tears pouring down his cheeks he begged to be sent back to the penitentiary, even though his time had to be doubled. His request was granted. When Langheimer was 80 years of age and free of prison and without a penny in his pocket and almost too feeble to steal, he either reached the conclusion or was advised that he had better end his days peacefully in the almshouse, where he would be taken good care of. He was given an order of entrance to that institution and went there and was treated with extra consideration. He remained there but two days, when he walked out, traveled to the Eastern penitentiary, called upon Warden Cassidy and with a broken voice and with tears in his eyes begged that kindly

lengthened period; but what is known as an open winter, with its alternations of wet, warmth and cold, is far more fatal to them. Six species of butterflies have been found within a few hundred miles of the north pole.

VANDERBILT TO W. D.

His Bride-to-Be Is Wealthy and of an Ancient Family.

An important society event at some still undetermined date will be the marriage of Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt, head of the Vanderbilt millions, and Miss Elsie French, whose engagement was recently announced. Young Vanderbilt was born in 1877, and graduated from Yale in 1899. He was making a tour of the world, and had reached Japan when his father died. Returning home, he found that his father had passed by his eldest son, Cornelius J., and had left the entire fortune of \$100,000,000 to himself. Very generously, however, Alfred Gwynne turned over some \$7,000,000 to his brother. This action was a noble one. A family feud over the distribution of the Vanderbilt interests would inevitably have affected many innocent persons who were interested in Vanderbilt properties. It seemed proper and correct enough to settle all dispute by giving away a king's ransom, but how many young men are there just out of college

who could have done it so quickly and so gracefully. Alfred Gwynne is a modest young man, and is said to have inherited the Vanderbilt genius for finance. Young Vanderbilt inherited the Vanderbilt millions in accordance with the traditions of the family. At the death of old Commodore Vanderbilt, the founder of the family, the bulk of his fortune passed to his son, William H. Vanderbilt, who was said to have inherited about \$70,000,000 at the age of 56. When William H. Vanderbilt died he left the bulk of his fortune to his eldest son, Cornelius, who inherited about \$80,000,000 at the age of 42. And now Alfred Gwynne has inherited \$100,000,000 from his father, the latter cutting off the elder son because of his marriage, which displeased his father. His bride-to-be is a daughter of the late Ormond French, who was tenth in descent from Edward French, one of the founders of Ipswich, Mass., in 1636. She is an heiress in her own right, and is an athlete young woman, with a fondness for sailing, riding, swimming and tennis. She was a playmate of her future husband in her childhood, and is 21 years old.

TREES CONTAIN WATER.

Hunters in Arid Regions Obtain Their Drink by Tapping Them.

In many sections of the forest lands of the south during the dry seasons a man may walk for miles without finding a stream of water or a spring by which to quench his thirst, says the Memphis Scimitar. If, however, he is an experienced hunter and woodsman he will not have to drink water from the stagnant pools in order to keep life in his body. An experienced man can hunt for days through such dry tracts and yet experience no inconvenience on account of the lack of water. Nature has provided a means which is only known to the initiated. Every old huntsman carries with him when going on a long hunt, a small augur, by which he can secure a refreshing drink and water to cook with at any moment. A cottonwood tree or a willow is the well which the wily huntsman taps. He examines each tree until he finds one that has what a woodsman calls a "vein." It is simply an attenuated protuberance. By boring into this "vein" a stream of clear water will flow out. It is not sap, but clear, pure water. The huntsmen say that the water is better than the average to be had from ordinary wells. There is no sweetish taste about it, but it has a strong flavor of sulphur and is slightly carbonated. The reason for this phenomenon cannot easily be explained, but that a supply of water can be contained in a tree is not so surprising. The fact of its flowing is the wonderful feature, showing that it must be under pressure, or, in other words, that there is more pressure at the source of the supply. When it is considered that the trees furnish the water in the dry season and that the ground is literally baked, it is the more remarkable, especially when the roots of the trees do not extend to any great depth into the ground.

Friend of George Eliot.

A friend and correspondent of "George Eliot" has just died in Australia at the age of 82. She was Mrs. E. F. Hughes, the wife of a pioneer colonial journalist and poet. In early life she and George Eliot were close friends and frequent visitors at each other's houses. In Australia she received many letters from the famous novelist, and she was fond of narrating the incidents of their English companionship.

A good man finds self-reproach sharper than reproof.

A LEADER OF WOMEN.

THE WIFE OF SENATOR FAIRBANKS OF INDIANA.

Her Recent Elevation to Directorship a Compliment to a Learned and Refined Woman—Was Calm in the Heat of the Storm.

One of the new officers of the General Federation of Women's clubs is Mrs. Charles W. Fairbanks, wife of the United States senator from Indiana. She was elected director at the recent Milwaukee biennial. In her own city—Indianapolis—Mrs. Fairbanks is accounted an all-around club woman. She is the founder of the Fortnightly Literary Club, an organization of several hundred women. As the vice-president general of the Daughters of the American Revolution in Indiana she is conspicuous among the patriotic women of the country. As a member of the Contemporary Club, the leading mixed club in Indianapolis, and a worker in the Art Association, she is also well known in her state. When in Washington with her husband she is affiliated with the women's clubs in the national capital.

In appearance Mrs. Fairbanks is unassuming, possessing, having that indefinable stamp of a gracious and refined woman. As one of the few women who sat through the stormy sessions of the club woman's convention



MRS. C. W. FAIRBANKS. Her face she deserves "honorable mention."

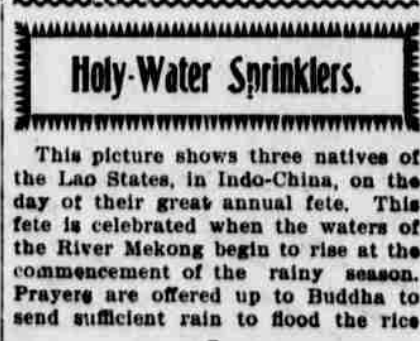
IMMENSE EARNINGS.

Secured by Paderewski From Ninety-Six Concerts in This Country.

Ignace Paderewski has three more concerts to give, and it is estimated that the gross receipts from his tour this year will amount to about \$200,000, says the New York Sun. This is \$12,000 more than he earned on his last trip, and the experience proves the fallacy of the prediction that it would never be possible for him to repeat here the wonderful experiences of that tour. When he sails away on the Oceanic he will have given ninety-six concerts in all and have traveled 22,000 miles. Only one projected concert was not given. Sacramento was the solitary city which refused to take any interest in Paderewski, and the concert was abandoned there on account of the small advance sale. Elsewhere the pianist had good fortune to compensate for this. In Austin, Texas, he gave a concert that earned him \$2,200, and a few days afterward the greater part of the town was destroyed by the bursting of the dam. If M. Paderewski's itinerary had been a little differently arranged the accident might have happened before he arrived and the \$2,200 might never have been his. The pianist traveled again in a special car, wasting little time between the different cities and omitting to give daily concerts only when it was not possible to make connections. If there had been towns enough he would have given a daily recital. As it was he remained most of the time in his car, with a piano on board, on which he played daily and frequently late into the night. He sleeps better now than he used to, but still smokes cigarettes unintermittently, and the most important duty of his immediate suite on the train, which comprised only the persons necessary for the trip, was to play cards with him until the pianist felt as if sleep were possible.

Holy-Water Sprinklers.

This picture shows three natives of the Lao States, in Indo-China, on the day of their great annual fête. This fête is celebrated when the waters of the River Mekong begin to rise at the commencement of the rainy season. Prayers are offered up to Buddha to send sufficient rain to flood the rice fields, and so produce abundant crops. These prayers over, the natives arm themselves with the branches of a sacred tree, and having dipped them into the river they then proceed through the village, blessing each house as they go. One of these men, it will be seen, has donned a mask, thinking, perhaps, that this will render the business more effectual and possibly frighten away those nasty evil spirits which are always at hand to frustrate all that is good.



ABOUT TO BLESS HOUSES.

Fields, and so produce abundant crops. These prayers over, the natives arm themselves with the branches of a sacred tree, and having dipped them into the river they then proceed through the village, blessing each house as they go. One of these men, it will be seen, has donned a mask, thinking, perhaps, that this will render the business more effectual and possibly frighten away those nasty evil spirits which are always at hand to frustrate all that is good.

Every man tells his friends he would do lots of things if he were in their place which he wouldn't expect them to do if he were in their place.

ADMIRAL SAMPSON'S WISH.

He Wanted a Watermelon and Surely It Came.

The law of coincidence works wonders. During the blockade of Santiago Admiral Sampson and his officers were sitting one more than sultry day upon the deck of the flagship New York. It was too hot for conversation, and almost blinked and glared. The silence was broken by one who said: "Next to having a brush with the Spaniards I'd like to have a Georgia watermelon."

The suggestion brought a smile to every face, which widened when the admiral echoed, "A watermelon? I want two for myself."

A moment afterward the quartermaster announced the arrival of a boat from a supply ship which had just come in from New York city, and added, "The boat is full of Georgia watermelons off the ice."

Red tape was disregarded, and soon all on board, from the admiral down, were having one of the most enjoyable feasts of the war. When it was over the officers tried to find how it was that their wishes were so promptly answered, but although they came near the truth they never learned the true story of the coincidence.

Mrs. Van Brunt, a New York artist and a member of the patriotic organizations which were brought into being by the Spanish-American war, heard one day of the excitement produced on the Texas by the arrival of a large but somewhat dilapidated watermelon from home. The story touched her, and the same day she secured several barrels of the choicest fruit and shipped them by the first supply ship going to Santiago.

The captain of the vessel was courteous and obliging, and when told of the consignment put every one of the melons on ice and agreed to send them to the Texas the moment she arrived at her destination, and in the event of the Texas not being there to present them to the admiral in charge.—Philadelphia Saturday Evening Post.

The Tome Endowment.

The Baltimore Sun, speaking of some changes in the management of the Tome endowment, says of it: "It has frequently been stated that Jacob Tome's endowment of the school bearing his name was about \$2,000,000, but it is now known that the securities and properties which he gave or bequeathed are worth at least \$4,000,000. Of this vast sum about \$1,000,000 is to be spent in erecting the group of buildings on the high Susquehanna bluff back of the town of Port Deposit. This will leave \$3,000,000 for the maintenance of the institute. It is a remarkable endowment, as it causes Tome institute to be many times richer than the richest secondary school in America, the one at Lawrenceville, N. J., which has only about \$300,000 in endowments and \$700,000 in property."

Singing Before the Queen.

There is much ceremonial connected with an appearance of a singer before her majesty. The most brilliant occasion is, of course, the Buckingham palace concert, when royalty entertains all the dukes and duchesses and visiting potentates in London. The singer receives her invitation some weeks in advance of the occasion, and for this affair a small set sum is given and no souvenir of the entertainment is presented. At her majesty's country places the artist is treated more informally. The queen has a little chat with her after the entertainment, and presents the artist with a jewel in memory of her appearance.—Annulet Andrews in the June Woman's Home Companion.

Aged 140 Years.

According to his own account, "Uncle Jerry" Akin of Rome, Ga., says he was born near Newcastle, Hanover county, Va., in 1769, is 140 years old. He was first owned by Spencer Rone. Rone was an officer in the Revolutionary war. Jerry told a correspondent of the New York World he was at this time "big enough to saddle a horse and wait on ole marster." He remembered his master taking him to Richmond, where he saw the British warships in James River. He saw Gen. Washington riding on a big white horse, with gold "aperletes" on his shoulders, a feather in his hat, and "lookin' mighty fine."

Jews in the United States.

The American Jewish Year Book just issued, gives the Jewish population of the country as 1,043,800. It is stated that of these there are 400,000 in New York, 95,000 in Illinois, 95,000 in Pennsylvania, 50,000 in Ohio, 35,000 in California, 35,000 in Maryland and 35,000 in Missouri.

One and One Make One and a Half.

Married couples in Norway are privileged to travel on railways at a fare and a half.

PAPILLON.

Said the Rose, "Fair Flora, paint me With thy wondrous brush, a gem, One that thrills me deep with sorrow From my petal to my stem; 'Tis a vari-colored dew-drop On each velvet-covered floor, That will break and run with sadness When my beauty lives no more." —Jean C. Hayes.

Immense Deposits of Iron.

An engineer employed by an American company, who recently visited the Cerro del Mercado in Durango, says that the iron in sight on this mountain is sufficient to furnish all the masters of England with ore for a period of 100 years.

May Soon be a King

Because of his recent expression of sympathy for Great Britain in her trouble in South Africa, King Oscar, of Sweden and Norway, may be requested by his cabinet to abdicate his throne on June 16, which is the birthday of Crown Prince Gustaf. Prince Gustaf is the heir apparent to the throne and would succeed Oscar. He represents a political party diametrically opposed to that which supports



CROWN PRINCE GUSTAF.

The aged monarch, Gustaf is the most unpopular member of the royal family. If the selection of a king were left to the people the choice would undoubtedly fall on Prince Karl, the third son of Oscar II. Gustaf is very radical in his conceptions of the correct policy toward Norway, and it is known that he is bitterly opposed to the late action of the King in recalling Swedish officers from the sister country at the request of the Norwegians. The masses in Sweden are all for the Boers and the King's recent expression of sympathy for England has aroused popular feeling.

PAID FOR HIS FISH.

How Senator Quarles Victimized a Fellow Student.

When Senator Quarles of Wisconsin, a new man in public life, was a student at Racine college, he had for a classmate a young man who was more attentive to the pleasures of fishing than he was to his studies. He always relied upon Quarles to coach him at recitations. One of the requirements was an original essay from each member of the class once a fortnight. The piscatorial student had drawn on Quarles until that worthy thought it time to call a halt, and one day he refused. His chum had a big fishing expedition on, and pledged earnestly for one more essay. "What do I get?" asked Quarles. "Half the fish," was the reply. "All right," said Quarles, "I'll help you out once more." On the afternoon for essays the fisherman student took his place, and when he was called he stood and read in the most solemn manner "Lochiel's Warning." His voice never changed from start to finish. Lochiel and the Wizard were one and the same to the reader. The class suppressed its laughter, seeing that the professor never changed a muscle. After the reading the professor asked: "Mr. A., do you wish the class to understand that was of fish origin?" "Certainly, sir." Entirely so," was the reply. "There is a striking similarity between your paper and the poem of Campbell on the same subject. Have you ever read Campbell?" "Which Campbell?" "Thomas Campbell, the poet." "No, sir." "If you will come to my room after the class is dismissed I will show you the poem." "You had better show it to Joe Quarles," said Mr. A., who realized by this time that he had been victimized, and, turning to Quarles, he said: "If you get any fish today you pay for 'em; understand?"

ZANGWILL'S STORIES.

He Recalls Delightful Tales of Married Life.

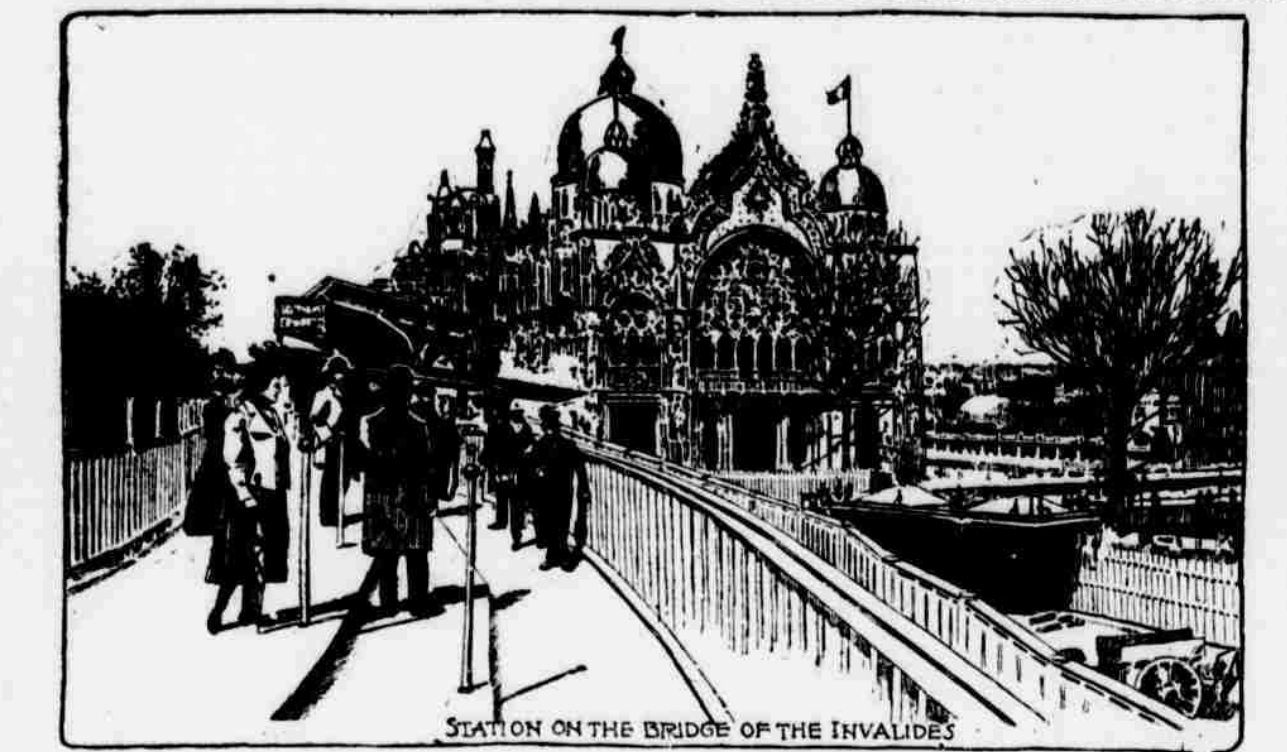
"I was married in Ventnor, at least so I gathered from the local newspapers, in whose visitors' lists they figured the entry 'Mr. and Mrs. Zangwill.' I do not care to correct it because I understand that was of fish origin." "Certainly, sir." Entirely so," was the reply. "There is a striking similarity between your paper and the poem of Campbell on the same subject. Have you ever read Campbell?" "Which Campbell?" "Thomas Campbell, the poet." "No, sir." "If you will come to my room after the class is dismissed I will show you the poem." "You had better show it to Joe Quarles," said Mr. A., who realized by this time that he had been victimized, and, turning to Quarles, he said: "If you get any fish today you pay for 'em; understand?"

Largest Dog in the World.

We see from the Vermont Phoenix that Nero, owned by Wayne Bailey of Rutland, is the largest canine in the world. He weighs nearly 300 pounds, his neck measures 30 inches, and from tip to tip he measures six feet five and one-half inches. We remember being introduced many years ago, in a Berlin cafe, to what was said to be the largest dog in Berlin, and perhaps in Germany, which, we think, must have been nearly or quite as large as the animal described. As we sat at our little table, he came up and lapped our face with his huge tongue, and appeared to be good as well as great.—Our Dumb Animals.

Immense Deposits of Iron.

An engineer employed by an American company, who recently visited the Cerro del Mercado in Durango, says that the iron in sight on this mountain is sufficient to furnish all the masters of England with ore for a period of 100 years.



STATION ON THE BRIDGE OF THE INVALIDES

takes up the center of the grounds. There are no stops, no starts. As fast as the crowds pile in it receives them. It has not yet found its limit—the packed standing room around its entire surface.

The length of the sidewalk is 3,370 meters (one meter equaling 3.3 feet), and its total moving width is 28 meters, which makes a total surface of 9,436 square meters. As four adults to the square meter is considered a liberal non-crowding average, 37,744 persons might move around with the trottoir at the same time.

The company that operates it has put a notice up: "The payment of one fare of 50 centimes entitles visitors to one trip only round the sidewalk." It is a dead letter. Old ladies even bring their folding camp stools and sit calmly taking in the panorama. Indeed, there is no better way to get a quick view of the fair. Here we pass the Rue des Nations. Walking with the platform one seems to stride past the national pavilions in seven-leagued boots. The effect is curious. Then if you walk against it, you stand still with respect to the outside world. As everybody must have read by this time, the moving sidewalk moves with two different speeds. The right-hand strip goes at the rate of a stroll. The left-hand strip goes at the rate of something more than a brisk walk. If you have walked ahead of your party you have only to step on to the slow strip and they will soon roll up and overtake you. Or you may step on to the stationary strip, when they will seem to come rolling twice as fast. Some people like to ride standing still. The nervous man who likes to walk a little now and then has only to step on the slow strip to stroll on beside his standing friends. Few people can resist the temptation thus to play with the sidewalk. The little children jump from combination to combination, squealing ecstatically. The girls—great big girls—are almost as bad. Hopping from strip to strip, preserving their center of gravity by candid clutches at utter strangers, skipping back and forth with engaging abandon, these lively ones realize much of the tourist's preconceived ideal of the Parisienne, frolicsome and coquettish. We saw a fine case of this natural mistake come rolling down from the Esplanade des Invalides. They were two American girls in spite of their disguise, a dab of Paris rouge and hats and gowns that might be thought too gladsome at home. The men were obviously duffers of the better sort, and their small knowledge of the language did not warn them that the "Parisienne" were also crippling it. "Et vous amiez notre beau Paris—we caught the question and the answer—"Et vous amiez les Parisiens?"—"Tres beaucoup!" And we could see the fraudulent little Parisiennes turn their heads to smile at the deception. Why is it every American girl in Paris wishes to pose, for a little while, as a Parisienne? Our men never do it. When they give false nationalities they choose by preference the English or the Scandinavian. One of my young friends from Pittsburg—not unknown in the coal business—has the mania of making acquaintances and dates off-hand. This afternoon, on the moving sidewalk, he was posing as a Swedish count, and worthily. He says it is to practice his French conversation. He finds the moving sidewalk a great convenience.

Australian Constituencies Large. Australian constituencies are large, but sparsely populated. Wilcannia, the one that the youngest son of Charles Dickens represented in Sydney for six years, is half the size of England. At a recent by-election in Victoria a candidate found it impossible to visit all parts of the extensive electorate within the appointed time. He therefore delivered a speech into a



ON THE GOLF LINKS.

THE CRUISE OF THE WHITE DOVE

Wonder and delight thrilled the Mangold boys when the railroad gang reached the edge of the prairie claim. For days, almost for weeks, the slow approach of the laborers had been watched. First, just above the horizon, then creeping across the level plain—it seemed that they would never come.

Rob, Tad and roly-poly Link stood in line, staring curiously at the wielders of pick and shovel crossed the boundary of the farm.

"Want a ride, boys?" called one of the men, motioning toward the flat push car standing on the newly laid track.

"Course we do," and the three boys soon sat on the long car, and six bare brown legs hanging off, while the men trudged them along the track toward the piles of rails and ties.

That was the beginning. The men stayed for a long time on the Mangold claim, for there were along the creek bluffs and hills to work through. The boys fairly lived beside the track and pushed the now little used flat car back and forth, enjoying the novel plaything.

"Wish we had an engine," remarked Ted one summer day, gazing away to the north; "it's such hard work pushing."

Bob, wide-hatted and brown-cheeked lad of 14, had an idea. Perhaps it came because of the seafaring ancestors back in Maine, the family's native state.

"I know," he exclaimed; "let's put up a sail!"

"What can we make it of and where can we get it?" asked Tad, rather indelicately.

Rob thought a minute. Then he whispered something to the others and a series of chuckles and leg-splittings followed. The three hurried through the prairie grass homeward.

Father had gone to the county seat town 20 miles away; mother was patiently finishing the week's ironing in the summer kitchen.

Cautiously Rob led the way to the little unpainted granary where were kept the implements and tools belonging to the farm. Over the plows and binders he crawled until he came to a pile of brown sacks—long, close-woven and soiled. When the sheep were sheared in the spring the fleeces were packed in such receptacles, tramped down by Rob's bare feet. A few of the sacks had been left and were tossed on the granary floor, forming one of the favorite resting places of the three boys.

"Just the thing," declared Rob, holding one high in air, and when Tad had joined him they quickly ripped the stitching and had before them several large squares of bagging.

"Now for a mast." Nothing is quite so scarce on the prairie claim, long miles from a lumber yard, as a stick of timber. But the granary itself was a resource. Climbing among the rafters, Rob found a long narrow board, which he thought would do, and could be spared. Down it came clattering to the floor.

Days of labor followed before the sail was completed. With a picture from a magazine as a guide, and some cord and wire for fastenings, Rob measured and sewed, and dreamed of the sea, almost making himself believe that he was to guide an obedient sloop over blue waters.

When it was ready he lifted the odd apparatus against the granary wall. There were three timbers—the upright mast and the cross-pieces holding the big and nearly square sail.

"We'll call it the 'White Dove,'" announced Rob.

"But it ain't white," protested Tad. "Never mind—that was the name of grandpa's boat, and he sailed to the Newfoundland banks in it."

So the "White Dove" it was. Next was to come the launching.

The hills and a curve in the railroad made opportunity for the young navigators. One day, when father was again in town, they toiled toward the track—Rob burdened with the sail rolled tight and Tad laboriously dragging the timbers.

Up and down the track they looked—to the southwest it wound into the bluffs where the men were making the dirt fly; to the north it stretched straight away until it was lost in the shimmering haze of the horizon.

"Quick, Tad, bring it on," were Captain Rob's orders, and the equipment of the land sloop began. The task was more difficult than they had thought, but patiently they labored and contrived, all the time forgetful of their surroundings or of the danger of being discovered.

Little Link had been left behind. Dig tears made wide paths through the dirt on his round cheeks, but he was loyal to the adventurers, who had told him that he would be in the way at the launching, but might go some other time. He crawled among the plows and binders to the remainder of the pile of sacks and sobbed himself to sleep.

It was one of those "hot-wind" days known only on the prairie. Like furnace breaths the air came out of the southwest, curling the blades of corn and withering the morning-glory vines that sheltered the cabin windows. It was the second day of the "hot-wind"—"There will be one more and then rain," said the farmers.

But at the Mangold cabin there was something besides the wind or possible crop failure to alarm the tired mother. Mrs. Mangold looked out of the window several times, marking the closeness of the atmosphere, but she saw nothing in the hazy sky to frighten her. At mid-afternoon she became uneasy and went out of doors to the south side of the house.

For an instant it seemed that all her strength would leave her; her face paled and she gave a despairing cry for help.

Extending in a long line from east to west and driven by the fierce wind came a ribbon of fire that ate up the

dry prairie grass and was bounding forward as if rejoicing in its freedom. It was a mile away—was there time to escape?

To the barn and sheds she ran, calling "Rob! Tad! Link!"

Not a voice answered. Wild in her terror, she returned to the house, seized a few keepsakes and again went out of doors. Where could the boys be?

The granary! To it she hurried and her cry ran through the building: "Oh, Rob! Tad! Link!"

Sleepily, Link answered from his bed on the wool sacks, "What you want?"

In an instant his mother was by his side, almost carrying him to the open air.

"Where—where are the boys?" "Sailin' th' 'White Dove.'"

Link was almost afraid to tell lest he should lose his promised ride, but the look in his mother's face decided him.

"Where—where do you mean?" He pointed to the north. She could see two small forms standing on the low car, struggling with a flapping cloth, evidently too large for their strength.

"Come," and half dragging the roly-poly Link she raced over the plain toward the track. The fire line had swung in an irregular curve, and, while it skirted the bluffs in one direction and was dying out in the short grass of the hills behind which the men were working, it blazed more fiercely than ever to the southeast and east. She could not find safety in any direction but to the north.

Rob and Tad, toiling with the unwieldy sail, had not noticed the fire, nor did they see their mother until she was by their side. Then they started guiltily.

"We ain't hurtin' any—" began Rob, but he glanced at his mother's face and all thought of excuses vanished.

"Come, boys, run," she gasped, looking along the track, wondering if the narrow stretch of fresh earth would save them.

She made a start over the ties, still holding to Link's hand, when Rob spoke: "Let's get on the car—and you help us."

"And sail it," added Tad. It was a new idea, but the quickened wits of the woman grasped it. Lifting little Link to the splinter-covered platform of the car, she helped Rob with the sail while Tad clambered aboard.

With her assistance the heavy cross-piece and its burden of bagging was hoisted. Then each held a lower corner of the cloth, while with the hot wind, heated more intensely by the blaze a few rods away, it filled and bulged and strained.

Rob slid to the ground and pushed the car until it was under way. Then to his seat. Glory! The wind was carrying them faster—faster—faster!

Following a sloop, the fire had run along in places and now blazed on both sides of the track a mile ahead.

For an instant smoke blinded them, little darts of flame were here and there, the sail was in danger, Rob and Tad lost courage and bowed their faces close to their knees; then they rushed out into the clear air again, and the fire was behind—one tall pillar of smoke far away telling of their cabin home's destruction.

Swifter and swifter whirled the wheels of the little car, tighter clung the mother to Link's chubby form. Mrs. Mangold's hair streamed loose in the wind. The sail rounded beautifully and they were pushed forward at a rate that would have been a delight under different circumstances, and not even then gave Rob and Tad a thrill of pleasure.

Ten miles away was the village of Manchester.

As they passed the little depot the agent came out waving his hands frantically. Peering under the sail in front of the car, sure enough they could see danger—the daily train from the north was coming!

Rob looked at his mother. She shouted the one word: "Jump!"

Rob and Tad tumbled off on the fresh earth on one side while the mother, clasping Link, went off the other, none being much hurt.

The car plunged forward with little slackened speed. In vain the engineer tried to stop and get away from the queer-looking thing bearing down upon him.

A clank, a crash, a crackling of timbers, and the "White Dove" lay partly in the ditch, partly on the engine's front. Its cruise was over.—Charles Moresau Harger in Chicago Record.

Jarrous Lemon. A singer in grand opera contradicts the statement frequently made that lemon juice is excellent to relieve a slight hoarseness. It may clear the voice at first, but only for a short time, and the strong acid is extremely injurious to the vocal cords. To soothe and relieve the congestion that produces the hoarseness, this singer says that nothing is better than the white of an egg whipped to a stiff froth.

Her Revolving Dress. When a New England woman starts to go upstairs, she always asks herself whether it is her duty to begin with the right or the left foot, and what relation her step bears to the great laws of the universe.—Garden of Eden.



Her Darning. His hair is red and tangled, and he has a turned-up nose; His voice is loud and strident, and it never gets repose; His face is full of freckles, and his ears are shaped like fins. And a large front tooth is missing, as you'll notice when he grins; He is like a comic picture, from his toes up to his head; But his mother calls him "darning" when she tucks him into bed.

It is he who marks the carpet with the print of muddy boots; And rejoices in a door-bell that is pulled out by the roots; Who whistles on his fingers till he almost splits your ear. And shocks the various callers with a stare he cannot change; He fills the house with tumult and the neighborhood with dread— But his mother calls him "darning" when she tucks him into bed. —Washington Star.

DESIGN FOR SILK DRESS.



The skirt is tucked. The bodice is made of heavy lace, opening over white, shirred chiffon front; rosette, with ends run through the bolero of same color as dress.

Growth of the Human Hair. Some very curious facts in regard to the growth of human hair have just been published in the *Dermatologisches Centralblatt*, the author of the article being J. Pohl. The general belief up to the present time has been that the hair on the human head grows at the rate of about thirty-three millimeters a month, but Herr Pohl says it is not more than eleven millimeters.

He further maintains that hair grows more slowly after it is cut than at any other time, and that several days will elapse before it begins to grow at the normal rate. Furthermore, he noticed that hair after being cut does not grow in a uniform manner. The reason is because hairs are not independent, so to speak, but are clustered together in little colonies, each of which contains from two to four hairs. One of these hairs always grows faster than the others, but only for a certain time, for before it has attained its full growth the adjoining hair begins to sprout up, and in this way the hairs of each colony successively attain their full length.

A curious fact in connection with this alternate growth is that all the hairs of a colony never fall out of the head at the same time. If it were not for this wise provision many persons would have little bald spots on their heads. Human hair is constantly falling out, and the only reason why its loss is not more apparent is because in each of the countless little colonies there is at least one sturdy hair left, and all these combine to overshadow the baldness. Herr Pohl's investigations give the death blow to many old-time theories in regard to hair, and there is little doubt that his studies in this direction will prove of interest and value to many scientists.

Cleaning the Copper. Here is a French recipe for cleaning copper, which is a very good one. Dissolve one ounce of oxalic acid in over one and a half pints of water, and add to it from one ounce to one and one-half ounces of rottenstone; tie a piece of woolen rag thickly round a stick and soak it in this mixture, being careful previously to have the copper as clean as boiling soap and water can make. The metal should be perfectly dry before the oxalic acid is applied to it. This recipe, however, requires care in the using, as oxalic acid is not a thing to play with. Indian brass is best cleaned with very fine sifted brickdust, moistened with lemon juice, or rubbed on with a cut lemon.

Getting Into the "Smart Set." People who go about and into society tell me that when a woman ardently desires to make herself one of the favored few of the smart set there is really nothing she will stop at, and some of these same persons have been telling me this story in illustration of what they say: In high old-fashioned is a little lady, dainty as a spring crocus, who was a member of the inner circle long before she became a part of it.

claidom. On one of her last reception days she was chatting with two cabinet women, when a servant announced the arrival of a woman who is struggling to get into things as never a social climber struggled before. The hostess knew her by sight merely, and had never so much as a hazy acquaintance with her, but official people are used to seeing strangers at their receptions, and the lady of the house bowed with her usual graciousness. The climber's quick eye took in the situation. She saw the two cabinet women, and she knew they saw her. She rose to the occasion in masterly fashion.

"My dear Mrs. Blank," she said gushingly, "I was so sorry not to have been at home when you called Friday. It was so sweet of you to come so soon, and I do hope you'll come very often, informally, that way."

For Housekeepers. Cleanliness, economy and punctuality. A place for everything and everything in its place.

Push in the dampers in the kitchen range when but little fire is required, so as to prevent unnecessary waste of fuel.

Fill dirty saucepans with hot soda water till there is time to wash them; this means a great saving of time in the end.

Keep all dry stores, such as rice, sugar, carbonate of soda, etc., in clean, dry, covered tins and jars, or dust and insects will soon appear.

Burn all vegetable parings and stalks, fishbones, and such like refuse, for if put in the dust pan they speedily decay and cause various ailments.

Where gas stoves are used, lower or turn out the burners, as soon as may be; this will make an enormous difference in the quarter's gas bill.—Household Realm.

Pertinent Suggestion. "Beg pardon for troubling you, sir, but may I look at your check? Thanks. You are in the wrong seat. This calls for No. 38, you see. You are in 39. Just one seat further along, please. That's right, sorry to trouble you, but the gentleman that has the check for 39 may come in any moment, you know, and—"

"You're the usher, are you?" "Yes, sir."

"Will you please 'ush'?"—Chicago Tribune.

Has His Suspensions. "Do you believe in the theory of reincarnation?" asked the mystical friend.

"Well," answered Mr. Cyrus Barker, dyspeptically, "I don't suppose there is any way of getting positive proof. But I will say that I've got neighbors who remind me of Herod and Calligula, and Nero and Henry VIII, and Judge Jeffreys and a lot more of those old-timers."—Washington Star.

Grounds of His Complaint. "This is the third time you have come to me with a complaint about the coffee," said the steward of the steamer. "What's the matter with it? Isn't it strong enough?"

"Oh, yes," responded the kicking passenger. "It's strong enough to do what it ought to do—walk up to the captain's office and settle."—Chicago Tribune.

Rarely Remembered Her. "What has become," asked the occasional guest, "of the pretty black-eyed girl who used to wait at that table over in the corner?"

"What pretty black-eyed girl?" frigidly inquired the young woman with the snub nose and prominent chin.

"If I remember rightly she had a little bit of a mole on one cheek."

"Oh, that girl with the blotch on her face! I think somebody married her."—Chicago Tribune.

Dry Air in Houses. Observations by Mr. R. DeC. Ward on the relative humidity of the air in a room supplied with heat from a furnace indicate that the atmosphere in dwelling houses is sometimes drier than that of many desert regions.

Even the mean relative humidity of Death Valley, California, is but slightly lower than that of the room in which Mr. Ward's experiments were made.

Charming Muslin Frock.



COOKING SCHOOL. Veal or Lamb Kidneys.—Wash and remove the skin from the kidneys and soak in cold salted water for several hours. Split open the kidneys. Dip in crumbs (dried bread crumbs), in beaten egg, and then in crumbs again. Fry in deep fat for five minutes or saute in a little dripping for ten minutes. Serve with a brown sauce.

Raspberry Ice Cream.—Two quarts of berries mashed and pressed in a jelly bag. Add to the juice one pint of sugar. Place the mashed berries in one pint of milk, scald, strain into the juice. Add one quart of cream, more sugar if necessary, and the juice of one lemon. Place in freezer, pack and freeze.

Blackberry Sherbet.—One tablespoonful gelatine soaked in two tablespoonfuls of cold water till soft. Dissolve in one half cup of boiling water, strain. Add one pint berry juice, one pint sugar, one scant pint water, juice of one large lemon.—Household Realm.

DAINTY SUMMER GOWN. Made of light beige mohair batiste over blue silk. The yoke is of deep cream lace and the folds below it; also the undersleeves are of pale blue crepe de chine. The panel down the front of the skirt



is shirred at the waist, and bordered with a deep embroidery in beige on the material.

In pink, with figures in Wedgwood green and raised dots in black. The drapery on the bodice is of pale green chiffon, with deep lace, and is fastened by a huge rosette of black panne, from which falls a knotted scarf of the chiffon, trimmed with pink and green silk fringe. The sleeves are elbow length, and are finished with a turn-back cuff of panne velvet.

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OLD RIVER DAYS. Buoies of Steamboat Racing on the Mississippi.

When one steamboat comes alongside another on the Mississippi, each tries to pass the other. That is an invariable rule of the road. No pilot likes to take the wash and broken water of another boat, especially if the other boat is slower or more heavily loaded. Why, when the procession of steamboats escorted the United States gunboat Nashville up the river last spring, one of the steamboats showed the poor taste to lead the Nashville on the way to the harbor. The engineer and the pilot of the Nashville, an old river pilot, had the greatest kind of trouble keeping themselves out after showing their heels in first-class shape to one river boat that tried to pass them down below Memphis. It is in the human blood and no amount of danger from overtaxed boilers, narrowness of channel, sand bars, shoals or snags will deter the fast boat from showing its heels to the slower boat. I have seen passengers in the olden time, when everybody knew a good deal about the river and its dangers, come up to the captain of the boat they had taken passage on and say to him solicitously: "Now, captain, I want you to assure me of one thing, that you are not going to race. I've got my wife and children on board and I don't want to expose them to needless danger." "Of course we won't race," the captain would answer, and he would mean it when he said it. In a little while along would come a slow, heavily loaded scow of a boat and try to pass us. The captain would get busy and so would the pilot, the engineer and the firemen. And as the competing boat would shade down to a small speck on the rear horizon, the passenger who was so anxious to keep his family out of needless danger would come up from below, wiping a pair of bruised and dirty hands and, inflating his chest proudly, say to the captain: "She never touched us." That passenger had been down on the boiler deck during the race, passing cordwood to the stokers to put under the boilers. That's how it is with steamboat racing.—St. Louis Republic.

THE WANDERING ALBATROSS. It Calls to Mind Coleridge's Poem "The Ancient Mariner."

The stately creature first attracted attention as it beat imperceptibly against the wind from the distant horizon, traveling in great circles toward the ship that it always had in view, says the Cornhill. Who can gauge the sight of an albatross? The eyes can be focused at will to penetrate incredible ranges, and a fragment of food cast upon the waters will rapidly allure it from distances far beyond the powers of human sight. To see the enormous bird thus circle round the ship, with wings fully extended, though well-nigh motionless, is certainly one of the wonders of nature. The only muscular action visible is a slight tremor at the extreme points of the wings, a vibration so rapid that it cannot be detected without the most careful observation. There is no suggestion of force employed in the flight, but simply that movement which sailors understand by the word cant—a tilting of the body out of the plane—which serves to give both power and direction in space. In very calm weather there is a heavy flapping of the wings; in ratio, however, as the force of the wind increases, so muscular action disappears until a gale finds the albatross poised above the ship in mid-air with an easy grace which is inexplicable.

Lying upon my back on the wheelbox, I have with glasses riveted the eyes of such a bird as it hovered steadily above the mast of the ship. The green irides showed that curious expansion and contraction which is the special character of bird sight. Except for a faint tremor, the wings moved not from the horizontal position; the feet were tucked away beneath the tail, and an expression of gentle confidence gave the impression of a friendly, sociable nature.

Dim ideas of Coleridge and "The Ancient Mariner" floated through my mind as I gazed in silence; there was an easy shot and the rifle was close at hand, but the murderous act was not committed. The same albatross accompanied us for days; however the wind might rage or the ship toss at the mercy of the waves, it remained in close attendance, conveying a sense of perfect rest, though hardly, if ever, still. In this lies the great secret of its attraction, and the evolutions in space are followed by the traveler with an interest that never dies.

FAMOUS FOR HONEY. An Industry of Palestine in Biblical Days May Be Revived.

Biblical and other histories say that Palestine was famous for its honey in ancient times, says the New York Sun. The natives still raise a great deal of honey, but their methods have been crude, they have secured the honey only by destroying the bees and therefore their business has not been profitable. Of late years, however, their methods have been improving and the industry is now developing with the use of modern appliances. This great movement was wholly due to a Jewish family named Baldensperger that went from Switzerland in 1849 and settled near the famous pools of Solomon, seven miles south of Jerusalem. It was not until 1880 that this family made their real start in the bee business, and now, according to Consul Merrill, at Jerusalem, they are famous in their line of industry. In 1883 they carried out the novel idea of transporting their bees from one locality to another to give them fresh pasturage among the blossoms. The first experiment was to transport the hives to Yafa, a distance of twelve miles, to give the bees the benefit of the orange blossoms there. Women carry the hives on their heads all the way, each woman carrying a hive. Their product goes to Germany, Switzerland, England, and a little to France. The average yield per hive is about 100 pounds of honey, and the product is taken from the hives only during the four working months beginning in April. While ago an American named Howard heard the story of these prosperous bee raisers of Palestine while he was in that country. He visited the family and purchased from them a number of queen bees, twelve of which were still alive when he reached home, and he sold them here for \$15 apiece. In this way the bees of Palestine have been introduced into America. The Baldenspergers extract the honey without killing the bees and have taught their methods to a good many of the natives and also the Jewish colonists who have gone to Palestine. Through the efforts of this family it is likely that Palestine will again become famous for its honey.

Timely Fall. Of Feathers Aided Thieves in Escaping From the Police.

New York Cor. Chicago Inter Ocean: A friendly cloud of goose and rooster feathers that settled down over Delancy street yesterday afternoon, enabled three thieves to escape from a pair of confused detectives. The thieves had been ransacking the rooms of a burning tenement house at No. 217 Delancy street, from which the tenants had fled, panic-stricken. In the opinion of the police there is no meaner thief than the one who will rob a family turned out by fire, and the police, who figured in this case did what they could to relieve their feelings by kicking the thieves half way down the flight of stairs to the street, intending to grab them again on the steps. But as the thieves reached the steps a score of feather beds that had been thrown out of the Hebrew tenements upstairs by the firemen plunged down on the sidewalk and burst. Feathers rose up and swirled about in eddies. Fire department wagons and horses were covered with them, and so were hundreds of Hebrews who were in the streets, enjoying the last hour of a forty-eight hour holiday. The thieves jumped into the cloud of feathers and escaped. After the cloud had cleared away the detectives yanked Morris Rosenstein and Isador Goodman out of the crowd and locked them up on suspicion that they were pickpockets.

Mayor of Dublin's Dignity. The lord mayor of Dublin maintains a degree of pomp and circumstance far greater than that of any other civic dignity in the United Kingdom outside of London. His official residence is a stately edifice, with ample accommodations for entertaining, including "the round room," a vast chamber constructed when the city entertained George IV. The equipages and powdered footmen of his lordship would do no discredit to his brother official in London. The lord mayor receives £3,000 a year, but it must be remembered that £2,000 a year in Dublin goes further than it does in London. The chief magistrate has enjoyed the title of lord since the time of Charles II. By far the most distinguished holder of the office was Daniel O'Connell.

To Encourage Matrimony. The town of Givet, in the Ardennes, is taking steps to put an end to the depopulation of France. Hereafter for all town officers fathers of more than three children will be picked first, and all married men will be preferred to bachelors. Prizes will be awarded yearly to those parents who have sent the largest number of children to school regularly, and scholarships in the national schools will be given only to those children belonging to households of more than three in family. Fathers of families will also have the first chance of admission to almshouses and old people's homes.

Famous Hotel Removed. The Lion Hotel, Parliament street, London, wherein David Copperfield enjoyed the glass of "genuine stuning," is now no more. In the new building which is rising on the site a conspicuous niche on the front of the house will contain an admirably carved stone bust of Dickens.

Coolly Wheels. It is said that Queen Margherita has the most beautiful bicycle in the world. The wheels are of gold, and the frame is richly inlaid with jewels and mother-of-pearl. Lady Dudley, one of the famous beauties of England, has a white enameled wheel, whose handles are of ivory.

Denominations of Stamps. Of the 250 stamps which have been issued the values have ranged from one cent to \$5,000. Five dollars is the highest value among postage stamps, but newspaper stamps reach the \$100 mark, while a revenue stamp may represent \$2,000.

The Passion Play. Whatever may be Oberammergau's purpose in continuing the presentation of "The Passion Play," of one thing I have not the slightest doubt; its influence on the lives of those who have taken the chief parts in it has been a sweetening, uplifting one, working out a gentleness, simplicity, loveliness and purity of character such as are very rarely met in these latter days. In "The Passion Play" what it may be, personal contact with these simple people cannot fail to do one good.—Shaper Hoxie, in the June Ladies Home Journal.

KEARBY IS CHOICE

Of the Middle-of-the-Road Populists for Governor.

NAMES OF THE OTHER NOMINEES

The Platform Severely Arraigns Democracy and Emphatically Asserts It Has Violated All Its Pledges.

Waco, Tex., July 25.—With an attendance fully double the number expected by the most ardent supporter of the middle-of-the-roads, the state convention of the People's party of Texas was called to order in the big auditorium Tuesday morning by Hon. Henry F. Jones of Comanche county, the chairman ad interim, and forthwith work began in a manner denoting much earnestness on the part of the Populists in attendance.

Temporary organization was quickly effected. C. M. Cureton of Bosque being elected chairman and J. M. Adams of Comanche secretary.

Mayor Riggins delivered the address of welcome on the part of the city of Waco and M. B. Davis on the part of the Business Men's club and the Young Men's Business league.

Responses on the part of the People's party were made by O. F. Dornblazer and others.

Rev. J. M. Mallett of Cleburne was elected chaplain and Mrs. R. W. Parent of Louisville, Ky., official reporter of the convention.

Mayor Riggins, as a compliment in consequence of the address he made, which delighted the delegates, was elected an honorary member of the party by a unanimous vote.

The following resolution was offered and referred to the committee on resolutions:

"Whereas, past experience has demonstrated that platforms conceived and adopted by the People's party present an irresistible temptation to the Democratic party, and that as fast as such platforms are set forth by the People's party they are stolen as a whole or pillaged as to salient portions of the same; therefore be it

Resolved, by the People's party of Texas in convention assembled that the chairman of the executive committee of the People's party of Texas is hereby instructed and ordered to proceed according to legal methods to secure a copyright on our platform before the assembling of the Democratic convention on the 8th of next month, and in case the copyright is violated the chairman is hereby instructed to prosecute the guilty parties."

The following committee on credentials was announced by Hon. C. M. Cureton, temporary chairman: W. O. P. Gillespie, Walker county; J. M. Bowen, Angelina; J. R. Morris, Smith; W. F. Wooten, Bowie; S. M. Roach, Grayson; J. M. McWilliams, Falls; G. S. Cousins, Navarro; E. H. Sullivan, Travis; Owens Miller, Coryell; C. A. Young, Fayette; J. D. Worden, Llano, and G. W. Anderson, Fisher county.

The committee on credentials submitted a report fixing the basis of representation and settling all contests.

A speech was made by Hon. J. O. Parker, chairman of the national committee, followed by another eloquent talk by Milton Park, the national organizer.

When the convention reassembled after dinner it was ascertained that every county in the state was represented.

At the meeting at night, Milton Park of Dallas was elected permanent chairman, W. A. Bynon of Hood permanent secretary and L. B. Tettler of Fannin treasurer, the officers to serve two years. Henry F. Jones of Comanche was elected chairman of the state executive committee, J. W. Beard of Lamar, J. M. Mallett of Johnson and J. L. Moner of Gonzales were elected members from Texas of the national executive committee. The committee reported favorably the resolution offered at the forenoon session to copyright the platform and it was unanimously adopted amid shouts of laughter.

A resolution was adopted favoring the appropriation of money by congress for Brazos and Trinity river improvement.

A resolution was offered on the retention of Porto Rico and the Philippines to the effect that expansion in respect to those islands cannot be made a party issue, as it is a settled question. It was referred to a committee.

The following platform was adopted: We, the Peoples party of Texas, in convention assembled, renew our allegiance to the underlying principles enunciated in the national platform adopted by the convention held at Omaha in 1892, and in Cincinnati in 1900; and we congratulate the advocates of reform upon the rapid growth of economic sentiment, and upon the interest manifested among the masses in favor of placing our government in the hands of the people, to whom it rightfully belongs.

We arraign the state Democracy for its maladministration of state government for the past quarter of a century; its platform promises are now a list of its past failures. Pledged to reduce the number of district judges, it has augmented them. Pledged to protect the interest of shippers, it has levied a tribute of "All the traffic will bear," and when violations of law have been discovered it has compromised with corporations for a pittance to the peo-

MESSAGE, ANSWER

And the Three Conditions that are Requisite

TO HAVE UNCLE SAM MEDIATE.

These are: Assurance of Ministers' Safety Communication With Them and to Assist Relief Expedition.

Washington, July 25.—The following correspondence between the president of the United States and the emperor of China was made public by the state department Tuesday:

Translation of the cablegram received by Minister Wu on July 20, 1900, from the (total of Shanghai, dated July 19, 1900:

Have received a telegram from Gov. Yuen of Shan Tung dated 23d day of this month (July 19), who, having received from the privy council (at Peking) a dispatch embodying an imperial letter to the president of the United States, has instructed me to transmit it to your excellency. The imperial message is respectfully transmitted as follows:

The emperor of China to his excellency, the president of the United States, greeting: China has long maintained friendly relations with the United States, and is deeply conscious that the object of the United States is international commerce. Neither country entertains the least suspicion or distrust toward the other. Recent outbreaks of mutual antipathy between the people and Christian missions caused the foreign powers to view with suspicion the position of the imperial government as favorable to the people and prejudicial to the missions, with the result that the Taku forts were attacked and captured. Consequently there has been a clash of forces with calamitous consequences. The situation has become more and more serious and critical. We have just received a telegraphic memorial from our envoy, Wu Ting Fang, and it is highly gratifying to us to learn that the United States government, having in view the friendly relations between the two countries, has taken a deep interest in the present situation. Now China, driven by the irresistible course of events, has unfortunately incurred well-nigh universal indignation. For settling the present difficulty China places special reliance in the United States. We address this message to your excellency in all sincerity and candor, with the hope that your excellency will devise measures and take the initiative in bringing about a concert of the powers for the restoration of order and peace.

The favor of a kind reply is earnestly requested and awaited with the greatest anxiety.

Twenty-sixth year, sixth moon, 23 day (July 19).

It is therefore my duty to transmit the above with the request that your excellency, in respectful obedience of imperial wishes, will deliver the name to its high destination and favor me with a reply. LIU LIEN YEN.

Taotai at Shanghai.

Twenty-sixth year, sixth moon, 23 day (July 19, 1900).

This cablegram was at once communicated to the president at Canton, O., and the following is his reply:

"The president of the United States to the emperor of China, greeting: I have received your majesty's message of the 19th of July, and am glad to know that your majesty recognizes the fact that the government and people of the United States desire of China nothing but what is just and equitable. The purpose for which we landed troops in China was the rescue of our legation from grave danger and the protection of the lives and property of Americans who were sojourning in China in the enjoyment of rights guaranteed them by treaty and by international law. The same purposes are publicly declared by all the powers which have landed military forces in your majesty's empire.

"I am to infer from your majesty's letter that the malfactors who have disturbed the peace of China, who have murdered the minister of Germany and a member of the Japanese legation, and who now hold besieged in Peking those foreign diplomats who still survive, have not only not received any favor or encouragement from your majesty, but are actually

Horrible Sight.

London, July 25.—Advices received here say that Col. Wilcox, the commander of the relief column in Ashanti, describes his entrance into Kumassi, July 15, as presenting a scene of horror and desolation, burned houses and putrid bodies being visible on all sides. He adds that the native soldiers were too weak to stand and that the British officers thanked God for the relief, as a few days more, they declare, would have been the end.

Col. Wilcox left the garrison well supplied with food and ammunition.

Got a Subpoena.

Georgetown, Ky., July 25.—The prosecution in the Powers case asked for and was awarded a subpoena duces tecum against managers of both telegraph offices at Frankfort, requiring them to bring into court all cipher telegrams sent through their offices between the dates of Dec. 22 and eb. 5. Also a subpoena duces tecum against both the secretary of state and the adjutant general, requiring them to bring the executive journal and other records.

Launched.

Richmond, Va., July 25.—The torpedo boat destroyer Dale was launched at the yards of the Wm. R. Trigg company here. Miss Mary Hazel Wilson of Philadelphia broke the bottle of wine over the prow. The Dale is 245 feet in length over all and six and a half feet draught, and has a displacement of 420 tons. It is expected that she will make twenty-five miles an hour. The price of the hull and machinery is stated as \$260,000.

Slain With a Chair.

Gilmer, Tex., July 25.—Van Holland, who lived in the West Mountain community, nine miles south of Gilmer, died from the effect of a blow on the head with a chair. Holland was 40 years of age. Will Purdy, Holland's stepson, surrendered to the constable at Glenwood, but is out on bond.

IS ASKED TO VOTE.

France Proposes an International Agreement of Nations

ON THE CHINESE SITUATION.

The President Hesitates to Join the European Powers for Fear This Country May Deviate From Course.

Washington, July 20.—The president has returned to Canton. He told members of the cabinet he would return to Washington immediately upon the receipt of information from China which could form a basis for executive action.

There was absolutely no news from China Thursday, but the newspaper dispatches, unusually interesting, came to the officials of the state department. The dispatch from Rome stating that France has proposed an international agreement for joint action in the treatment of the Chinese question has been accepted in official circles as true, but the state department declines to confirm the report. The same dispatch intimates that all the powers, except the United States, have signified their willingness to act in concert, but that President McKinley hesitates.

The details of France's proposal are not given, but it is assumed by President McKinley's critics that it involves the restoration of order in China and the administration of the Empire's affairs by the signatory powers. The assumption that this is the proposal is based upon the ground that so far as the present military operations are concerned there is already joint action, that the state of present military plans is embarrassed by international jealousies as to the manner of dividing the plunder or collecting indemnities after order has been restored and that a world war can be safeguarded against only by starting in with a definite understanding as to the nature of the reparation which China will be called upon to make and the manner of administering the government so that the imperial revenues can be handled by the interested governments.

The men who are figuring out the Chinese status assume that after a rich expenditure of blood and treasure the turbulent Chinese will be subdued. After that China will practically be placed in the hands of a receiver and the receivership is expected to last for a generation longer, perhaps forever. It is argued, indeed, that since China produces very little surplus, if any at all, it will be practically impossible for the nations to collect the vast indemnity which will be demanded, and that the nations must look to the development of the latent resources of the empire and commercial advantages if they are ever to be reimbursed for their war expenditures or to be satisfied for injuries to citizens.

Therefore it is assumed that the president, understanding these conditions, hesitates to join Europe in a permanent plan for the solution of the Chinese problem. He is afraid that the French proposal will make it clear before the election that all participating nations must agree upon certain territory to take in lieu of money indemnity. Since China has no money to pay and can get very little beyond what is absolutely essential to pay the expenses of government, trade concessions and customs receipts must be looked to for compensation, aggregating possibly more than a billion dollars.

Li at Hong Kong.

Hong Kong, July 20.—Li Hung Chang and his suite arrived here Tuesday evening and landed Wednesday morning. The Chinese viceroy was received with a salute of seventeen guns and with a guard of honor from the Welsh Fusiliers and a band. He proceeded to the government house, where he was received by the governor, Sir Henry A. Blake, Gen. Gazele, Budong and other officials. Li Hung Chang was extremely reticent. He stated that he had received definite news that the ministers and foreigners at Peking, with the exception of Baron von Ketteler, the German minister, were safe July 8. The imperial edict recalling him to Peking, the viceroy said, was due to the emperor and emperor, and not to Prince Tuan.

Fatal Fight.

Nashville, Tenn., July 20.—A fatal shooting affray at Cookeville, Tenn., terminated for the day the deliberations of the Democratic senatorial convention of the tenth district. The principals were Lil Cleek and W. C. Crawford, the latter trustee of Overton county. Both were delegates, and quarreled. Cleek was advancing on Crawford with a knife, when the latter opened fire with a revolver, inflicting wounds of which Cleek died soon afterwards.

Rockefeller's Gift.

Middleboro, Ky., July 20.—Some time ago John D. Rockefeller promised the Lincoln Memorial school at Cumberland Gap \$100,000 if a like sum was raised from other sources. Ninety thousand dollars has been raised. The directors of the school have bought the Cumberland Gap inn, the Harrogate inn, the sanitarium, the Arthur residence and the site of the Four Seasons hotel. They have also bought 200 acres of land.

MEN OF THE MAIL.

The Postmasters Re-Elect Their Officials, Select Galveston and Adjourn.

FARM AND FLOCK.

Much rain has fallen. Tomatoes are abundant. Watermelons roll rapidly. Cattle are commencing to move. Cantaloupes are in fair supply. Vegetables continue in good supply. Pastures in many localities are in fine condition.

Owing to the drouth corn was cut short in many counties. Considerable corn will be made around Blooming Grove.

Recent rains around Durant, I. T., have benefited corn.

Screw worms are said to be causing trouble in Borden county.

Grasshoppers are doing some damage in portions of Comanche county.

A number of localities report their cotton late, but looking fine.

The best fruit crop in four years is being gathered around Odessa.

Fifty-seven cars of cattle were stopped from Henrietta to St. Louis.

A large corn crop will be raised around Blossom, Lamar county.

Intermittent showers have retarded harvest operations in Grayson county.

A special meeting of the square bale ginners will be held at Waco on 31st.

It will take until Aug. 15 to finish threshing operations in Bosque county.

Shackelford county has raised a fine crop of oats, both in quantity and quality.

Wheat in Wilbarger county is yielding from twenty to forty bushels per acre.

It is estimated that Oklahoma will ship 1,000,000 bushels of peaches this year.

Wheat is averaging twenty-five bushels to the acre through Shackelford county.

Cantaloupes in carload lots are being shipped from Vernon to Colorado points daily.

The copious rains in the Chickasaw nation has caused stockmen and farmers to rejoice.

Billie Gibbons of the W ranch was operated on for appendicitis at Pecos, Tex., a few days ago.

Many sales of Texas and Indian Territory cattle at St. Louis the past few days are reported.

The calf crop on the Crowley ranch near Milford, Tex., is reported to be about double that of last year.

Mathew Cartwright of Terrell made a shipment of sixteen cars of beef cattle from that place to the Chicago market.

A pear tree in Dallas is so loaded down with fruit that the branches had to be propped up to keep them from breaking off.

One of the attorneys for the Texas Cattle Raisers' association has given it out that the \$2 terminal charge case will be appealed to the United States supreme court.

B. O. Sims of Mexico, Mo., has purchased from Gardiner & McDonald the Rocking Chair ranch in Schleicher county, comprising 22 1-2 sections of land. Mr. Sims will stock his property with cattle and will place his son in charge of it.

Ed Neblett, whose ranch is near Sweetwater, lost six head of cattle from disease, supposed to be fever. Several other persons in that vicinity have cattle that are affected. Some persons claim that the disease is throat trouble instead of fever.

W. B. Stickey of St. Louis, who recently leased the Runge ranch and moved his cattle from Mason to Menard county, bought of Frank Anson of Coleman 39 graded Hereford bulls for use on his ranch.

J. W. Bramson exhibited at Waxahachie some fine corn that he raised. The ears measured from twelve to thirteen inches in length and will yield sixty bushels to the acre. Mr. Bramson also has a fine cotton patch on the same farm.

The corn crop of Oklahoma territory this year will reach 70,000,000 bales. Watermelons are being shipped out of the territory now, and the shipments will reach 500 cars in the next three weeks.

The cattlemen in the Kiowa and Comanche reservations will probably commence shipping their beef pretty lively the latter part of this month. It is estimated now there are 250,000 head of steers located in that section from 2-year-olds up.

There were very heavy rains throughout a considerable portion of Texas during last week and crops were materially aided though in some parts of the state corn was too far gone before the drouth was broken to yield anything like a full crop.

From Mostick switch, four miles north of Tyler, there were on the 17th shipped six carloads of peaches of the Elberta variety. From this switch from two to four cars of melons are shipped daily and they bring from \$75 to \$125 per car.

J. W. Burkett of Odessa bought of Cowden & Cochran four carloads of stock cattle, paying \$25 around, calves not counted. They were shipped to Van Horn and were the first shipment of cattle for July.

Arizona's hay average per acre for 1899 is 2.63 tons per acre, which places her in the lead for hay averages. The average per acre is \$27.22. As a sheep raiser Arizona has twelfth place among the states and territories, her figures for 1899 being \$1,042,430.

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ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of **Brentwood**

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and so easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE, FOR DIZZINESS, FOR BILIOUSNESS, FOR TORPID LIVER, FOR CONSTIPATION, FOR SALLOW SKIN, FOR THE COMPLEXION.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

MONEY FOR SOLDIERS' HEIRS

Heirs of Union Soldiers who made homesteads of less than 160 acres before June 21, 1874 (no matter if abandoned). If the additional homestead rights were not sold or used, should, with full particulars, **ERRY H. COPE, Washington, D. C.**

FAULTLESS STARCH

FOR LAUNDRY WORK, FOR SHIRTS, COLLARS, CUFFS, AND FINE LINEN.

OPIUM WHISKY and other drug stores.

RODS for tracing and locating Gold or Silver.

W. N. U. DALLAS. - NO. 30-1900

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Cures Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhea, Dysentery and Bowel Complaints. NEVER FAILS! In the market since 1841. Recommended by leading Physicians. Used by our Army and Navy. Sold by all Druggists.

J. & C. MAGUIRE MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, Mo.

WINCHESTER

FACTORY LOADED SHOTGUN SHELLS

"New Rival," "Leader," and "Repeater"

Insist upon having them, take no others and you will get the best shells that money can buy.

ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM.

THROW AWAY YOUR QUININE PILLS

and all the other cure-or-kill medicines you have been taking for chills and fever. One bottle of **CHILLIFUGE** will do you more good than anything in the world. Its good effects are felt immediately, chills and all malarial troubles disappearing like magic. It is free from quinine, and is as pleasant and sweet to take as orange syrup. It enriches the blood, and builds up the system. Sold everywhere. Price 50c per bottle.

Every bottle sold makes a guarantee to enter or money refunded.

FINLAY, DICKS & CO., Ltd., New Orleans.

Magnetic Starch

The Wonder of the Age

No Boiling No Cooking

It Stiffens the Goods It Whitens the Goods It Polishes the Goods

It makes all garments fresh and crisp as when first bought.

Try a Sample Package You'll like it if you try it. You'll buy it if you try it. You'll use it if you try it.

Sold by all Grocers.

EDUCATIONAL.

THE UNIVERSITY OF NOTRE DAME, NOTRE DAME, INDIANA.

Classics, Letters, Economics and History, Journalism, Art, Science, Pharmacy, Law, Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering, Architecture.

Thorough Preparatory and Commercial Courses. Ecclesiastical students at special rates. Rooms Free, Junior or Senior Year, Collegiate Courses. Rooms to Rent, moderate charges. St. Edward's Hall, for boys under 18. The 27th Year will open September 4th, 1900. Catalogues Free. Address: **REV. A. MORRISSEY, C. S. C., President.**

Medical Department

Tulane University of Louisiana.

It is the advantage for practical instruction, both in ample laboratories and abundant hospital, great as are afforded. Free access is given to the best of the hospital with 200 beds and 300 patients usually. Special instruction is given in the hospital side of the street. The next session begins November 1st, 1900. Address: **DR. J. M. WEAVER, M. D., Dean.**

A man thoroughly appreciates the value of his wife when he has to stay at home with the children.

Millions for Baseball.

A million of dollars are spent every year for baseball, but large as this is, it cannot equal the amount spent in search of health. We urge those who have spent much and lost hope to try Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It strengthens the stomach, makes digestion easy, and cures dyspepsia, constipation, biliousness and weak kidneys.

Does the husband of a boarding-house keeper kick with the boarders?

THREE DOSES WILL CURE.

You should remember that Rogers' Blue Chill Cure cures by purifying the blood, that is, it puts the blood into a perfectly antiseptic condition where no germ or impurity whatever can live.

It cures you nothing if it fails, because all druggists have authority to refund the money in every instance where it fails to give satisfaction.

It cures you, you have had the quickest and cheapest cure known to the world. Just think of it! **ONLY 3 DOSES WILL CURE!** And while it is curing, you don't have to stop nor lose a single meal; but, on the other hand, it is invigorating, and will build you up quicker than any tonic known.

Rogers' Drug Co., Martin, Tenn.

There can be perfect love only when there is perfect confidence.

The Best Prescription for Chills and Fever is a bottle of ROGERS' TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price, 50c. No Cure, No Pay—All Druggists.

It is always easy to find excuses for things we want to do.

THREE DOSES OF ROGERS' BLUE CHILL CURE will cure any case of Chills and Fever. Price, 50c. No Cure, No Pay—All Druggists.

A bachelor usually refers to a baby as "it."

To Cure Dandruff Quickly use **Colo Dandruff Cure.** Money refunded if it fails, so why not try it!

In the awesome garden of Gloom Silence is a prominent factor.

Many causes induce gray hair, but PARKER'S Hair Restorer lacks the youth in color. It restores the best cure for gray hair. Price, 50c. No Cure, No Pay—All Druggists.

A man never believes in a love that persecutes.

Did You Ever Run Across an old letter—ink all faded out? Couldn't have been Carter's Ink for it doesn't fade.

Some people are mighty snippy with a little good looks.

Two men were talking in low tones, amid the gloomy display of a West Side undertaker's shop, says the New York Sun. One of them was leaning with his hand against the black paneling of the wall. He touched a spring. Instantly the wall opened and something pink and pretty swung down as though on a hinge and stretched itself half way across the room. The effect was startling. It was as though a bridal garment were cast suddenly into a place of mourning.

"That's the latest triumph of the mortuary art—the sofa enstuck," said the undertaker.

It looked very beautiful and very like a sofa. Its width was generous, and near the head rose up with a sweeping curve. The undertaker paused for a moment and gazed at it with pride. Then he went on:

"Whenever I look at that I think of a funeral I saw at Mankato, Minn., in '92. There was a beautiful young lady living there and invitations were out for a big pink tea to celebrate her entrance into society. But two days before the tea the poor girl died of pneumonia. Then a strange fancy seized her mother.

"Adele can have her pink tea, but she'll have a pink funeral," she said.

"So they had a pink cast, and the young lady was dressed in the pink frock she would have worn at the reception. The six girl friends who were to have poured tea acted as pallbearers and carried her to the coffin. The guests were requested to wear the dresses they had prepared for the tea. The room was decorated with pink flowers, and the white horses that drew the hearse had on pink rosettes and streamers."

The soft-casket was certainly a thing of beauty. It was covered with pink plush, full of light and shadows, and was lined with delicate pink satin, elaborately shirred and trimmed with lace. The lid was really the whole upper half of the coffin, fitting down upon it something after the fashion of a pill box, and when it was of the lower part was scarcely recognizable as a coffin.

New Orleans Free Drug Fund.

New Orleans received in 1884, as a bequest from Simon V. Sickle, a druggist, a fund of \$16,844 for the establishment of a dispensary to furnish drugs and medical advice free to the poor of the city. Until 1877 the income was used for this purpose, but the city council, finding that expense much exceeded the receipts, voted to disbursements until the time when the fund should have so increased that the city could equip a free dispensary and thus carry out the testator's desire to the letter. The amount of the fund is now \$2,953.61. When it has reached \$100,000 the plan will be carried out.

Job for the Mayor's Son.

Last week a boy baby was born to mayor of Cincinnati, Julius Fleischmann. One of his friends asked him what political job he intended to give his offspring. After a moment's thought he replied:

"Guess I'll make him town crier."

The more he thought of this reply the better he liked it. At last he called up his home and told it over the telephone. Suddenly he laid the receiver down and looked puzzled.

"Well," was the answer.

"What do you think they say out home?"

"Don't know."

"Make him milk inspector."

The battle of the ballot and the battle of the bullet off have the same results.

The man who is "taken in" is generally much "put out."

Are You Using Allen's Foot-Ease? It is the only cure for Swollen, Smarting, Burning, Sweating Feet, Corns and Bunions. Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores. 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

If you are tempted to repine, think of the suffering some mortals undergo.

Tasteless Chill Tonic are Unrivalled. Try Yucatan Chill Tonic (Improved). No shaking required. Each dose contains the same proportion of medicine. Pleasant to take. Price 50c.

The secret of good work is doing it as well as it can be done.

At This Season of the Year it is necessary to take some medicine to tone up the system, and no other medicine will do this as effectively as Wolfe's Aromatic Sennaps. It has a most pleasant taste and once used no family will be without it. It has cured thousands of obstinate cases of Colic, Flatulency, Pains in the Stomach and Bowels, and is a specific for all cases of Kidney and Bladder troubles. Ask your druggist for it. Refuse worthless substitutes and insist on having Wolfe's Sennaps.

It is a sure sign we are getting aged when fireworks on July Fourth annoy us.

Each package of **PUTNAM FADE-LESS DYE** colors more goods than any other dye and colors them better, too.

A man is never too busy but what he can stop to see another man try to catch a car.

The most important change made at the recent provincial chapter of the Congregation of the Holy Cross at the University of Notre Dame, Indiana, was the transfer of Rev. James A. Burns from the head of the community house to the presidency of Holy Cross college, which is situated in Washington in affiliation with the Catholic University of America. Father Burns, who has been professor of chemistry at Notre Dame during brilliant work at Harvard and Johns Hopkins, is one of the ablest as well as one of the youngest of the Catholic educators of America, and as head of the post graduate institution in Washington he has a great field for further progress.

Dogs delight to bark and cats prone to spawk.

The chateleine.

The reappearance of the chateleine marks another revival in the world of fashion. We append our watches, our purses, our notebooks and visiting card case, our pencils and our pen, to the silver chateleine chain. We grew tired of having gem-studded initials on our bicycles, and now the jeweled monogram is transferred to the chateleine guard. An ornament much admired, little used and of great beauty and high price, the chateleine is with us again, and is for the moment fashionable.

HEALTHY WOMEN.

Mary J. Kennedy, manager of Armour & Co.'s Exhibit at the Trans-Mississippi Exposition at Omaha, Neb., writes the following of Peruna, as a cure for that common phase of summer catarrh, known as indigestion.



"I found the continual change of diet incidental to traveling completely upset my digestive system. In consulting several physicians I decided to suffer with catarrh of the stomach."

"I have now used Peruna for about three months and feel completely rejuvenated. I believe I am permanently cured, and do not hesitate to give unstinted praise to your great remedy, Peruna."

The causes of summer catarrh are first, chronic catarrh; second, derangements of the stomach and liver; third, impure blood.

Such being the case anyone who knows anything whatever about the operations of Peruna can understand why this remedy is a permanent cure for summer catarrh. It eradicates chronic catarrh from the system, invigorates the stomach and liver, cleanses the blood of all impurities, and therefore permanently cures by removing the cause—a host of maladies peculiar to hot weather. The cause being removed the symptoms disappear of themselves.

"Summer Catarrh" sent free to any address by The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

To correctly stand touch the nose, the chest and the toes to the wall.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally. Price, 75c.

Some lovers talk to each other as the novelists tell us.

UNIVERSITY OF NOTRE DAME, Notre Dame, Ind.

We call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of Notre Dame University, one of the great educational institutions of the West, which appears in another column of this paper. Those of our readers who may have occasion to look up a college for their sons during the coming year would do well to correspond with the president, who will send them a catalogue free of charge, as well as all particulars regarding terms, courses of studies, etc.

There is a thorough preparatory school in connection with the university, in which students of all grades will have every opportunity of preparing themselves for higher studies. The Commercial Course, intended for young men preparing for business, may be finished in one or two years according to the ability of the student. St. Edward's Hall, for boys under thirteen, is a unique department of the institution. The higher courses are thorough in every respect, and students will find every opportunity of perfecting themselves in any line of work they may choose to select. Thoroughness in class work, exactness in the care of students, and devotion to the best interests of all, are the distinguishing characteristics of Notre Dame University.

Fifty-six years of active work in the cause of education have made this institution famous all over the country.

It has been computed that about seventy babies are born each minute.

Every man thinks he can solve the servant girl question.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

To correctly stand touch the nose, the chest and the toes to the wall.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally. Price, 75c.

Some men work harder to borrow a dollar than they would to earn it.

In the beautiful palaces of Paradise generosity and charity are doubtless leaders among the perils.

I do not believe in a cure for Consumption as an equal for coughs and colds.—**JOHN F. BROWN, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 14, 1898.**

Flies, flies and fights make any old summer lively.

Please Try Facilitated Starch once and you will never use any other. All grocers sell it—large packages 10c.

Some people love ice cream, while others scream, "Ice!"

Primley's California Fruit Gum contains the most delicious qualities of western fruits.

He who loves the works of nature loves humanity also.

Write to Dr. C. J. Moffett, St. Louis, Mo., for his valuable little TREATISE Wash-List Book, free.

The memories of the long ago have many tender recollections.

When you want bluing buy **Buss' Bleaching Blue**, the famous long blue. 1 package equals 25c or 30c worth of any other blue.

A woman's part in life is self-sacrifice.

Ladies Can Wear Shoes. One size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It makes tight or new shoes easy. Cures swollen feet, hot, aching, inflamed feet, ingrowing nails, corns and bunions. All druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Trial package FREE by mail. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Good intentions do not always bring beneficial results.

Try Yucatan Chill Tonic (Improved). A reliable tonic; each dose has the same proportion of medicine; no shaking required. Price 50c.

Some men work harder to borrow a dollar than they would to earn it.

STARIAN TROUBLES.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Cures Women - Two Letters from Women.

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham—I write to tell you of the good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done me. I was sick in bed about five weeks. The right side of my abdomen pained me and was so swollen and sore that I could not walk. The doctor told my husband I would have to undergo an operation. This I refused to do until I had given your medicine a trial. Before I had taken one bottle the swelling began to disappear. I continued to use your medicine until the swelling was entirely gone. When the doctor came he was very much surprised to see me so much better."—**Mrs. MARY SMITH, Arlington, Iowa.**

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham—I was sick for two years with falling of the womb, and inflammation of the ovaries and bladder. I was bloated very badly. My left limb would swell so I could not step on my foot. I had such bearing down pains I could not straighten up or walk across the room and such shooting pains would go through me that I thought I could not stand it. My mother got me a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and told me to try it. I took six bottles and now, thanks to your wonderful medicine, I am a well woman."—**Mrs. ELISE BAYAN, Otisville, Mich.**

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The Haskell Free Press

J. E. POOLE,
Editor and Proprietor.

Advertising rates made known on application.
Terms \$1.50 per annum, invariably cash in advance.

Entered at the Post Office, Haskell, Texas, as Second-Class Mail Matter.

Saturday, July 28, 1900.

Announcements.

For District Atty, 39 Judicial Dist.
A. C. WILMETH of Scurry Co.
Subject to the action of the Democrat party.
For County Judge.

D. H. HAMILTON,
J. E. POOLE,
H. R. JONES,
J. E. WILFONG.

For County and District Clerk,
C. D. LONG,
H. S. POST.

For Sheriff and Tax Collector,
J. W. COLLINS,
J. F. JONES,
J. W. BELL.

For Tax Assessor,
S. E. CAROTHERS,
C. M. BROWN.

For Treasurer,
J. E. MURFEE,
J. L. STANDEFER.

For Comr. and J. P. Pre. No. 1,
J. W. JOHNSON.

For Commissioner Pre. No. 4,
E. D. JEFFERSON.

LOCAL DOTS.

—A special sale, at Baker's, of poultry food.

—Some very fine watermelons have been brought to town this week.

—Buggy whips 15cts and up at Riddel's.

—Photograph Gallery Neathery building.

—A number of the town people attended church at Mesquite last Sunday.

—Go to T. G. Carney's for choice family groceries.

—Mr. J. F. Jones says he will run his mill on the first Friday and Saturday in August.

—WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE not only effectually expels worms, but is unequalled as a tonic, and is a certain and permanent cure for Chills and Fever in children. Price 25 cts at J. B. Baker's.

—Bring your babies for pictures, a cool cloudy day when possible.

—Mr. Dad Hudson of Dickens county, brother of Mr. W. T. Hudson, was here this week.

—For a good, honest hand made saddle see Riddel.

—Mr. T. W. Coker has the thanks of the FREE PRESS youngsters for a nice watermelon.

—A new thing; try a pair of those solid rubber bottom tennis shoes at S. L. Robertson's and learn what ease and solid comfort is.

—Messrs Bunk Rike and Link Holden started Monday for Marlin with the Johnson Bros. stock of horses.

—You are invited to call at the Photograph Gallery and see our work.

—Dr. Simmons' Sarsaparilla effectually aids weak, impaired and debilitated organs of both sexes. Its action is quick and lasting. 50cts and \$1 at J. B. Baker's.

—Mr. J. M. Sherman of the north part of the county drove 400 mutton sheep through to Stamford this week for shipment to market.

—Warranty deeds, statutory form, with and without vendor's lien and with either joint or single acknowledgment, for sale at this office. Also vendor's lien notes, chattel mortgages, etc., in stock.

—Rev. W. C. Young of the Presbyterian church has been doing ministerial work in Stonewall county this week and will not be here to fill his pulpit tomorrow.

—Dr. Gilbert has been gathering up and bringing in some nice samples of grain this week, but don't let this stop you from bringing yours. Later a list of contributors will be published giving credit to all who furnish samples.

—What among human ills are more annoying than the piles? The afflictions that prevent active exercise are bad enough, but one that makes even rest miserable is worse. TABLET'S BUCKEYE PILE OINTMENT will cure the most obstinate cases. Price, 50cts. in bottle, tubes 75c at J. B. Baker drug store.

—Rev. C. C. Anderson was up from Anson this week to see his Haskell friends and complete his removal.

—Rich Red and Pure Blood can be had by using Dr. Simmons' Sarsaparilla. Only 50cts per bottle and 50 full doses for an adult at J. B. Baker's.

—Miss Edna Ellis returned yesterday from an extended visit to friends at the State capitol and in Oklahoma.

—My stock of groceries has just been filled up with a complete line of choice, fresh family groceries. As to prices—well, they are below the other fellow's—Come and see! Respectfully,
T. G. CARNEY.

—Several couples of Stamford young folk enjoyed a drive to Haskell and attended church here last Sunday.

—Those who live on farms are liable to many accidental cuts, burns and bruises, which heal rapidly when BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT is promptly applied. Price 25 and 50 cts at J. B. Baker drug store.

—Mrs. G. H. Morrison left Tuesday to return to her home at Hico after spending two or three weeks with her parents here.

—The Photograph gallery will be moved to the Dr. Neathery building Aug. 1st.

—Mr. A. A. Brewer, the party who bought the 40 acre tract of land at the east side of town of Mr. Anthony, arrived with his family this week from Austin.

—To eradicate worms from the system give the child plain, nourishing food and WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE. The result will be, the worms will disappear and the child become healthy and cheerful. Price 25 cts at J. B. Baker's drug store.

—Don't forget that we will take oats, millet, etc. on subscription accounts, and would like to have some at an early date—or some money to buy them with.

—Impure blood is responsible directly and indirectly for many others diseases. Purify the blood at once with Dr. Simmons' Sarsaparilla. Fifty cts and 50 doses at J. B. Baker's drug store.

—There was a pretty good shower of rain at town Monday and we are informed that heavy rains fell in the northern and northeastern portions of the county.

—Mr. B. L. Frost left Thursday with a carload of horses which he will sell in Arkansas. He shipped from Stamford.

—Is your liver tired? Does it fail to do its duty? If so, don't neglect its call for help. A few doses of HERBINE may save you a spell of sickness. HERBINE is the only perfect liver medicine. It cures Chills and Fever. Price 50c at J. B. Baker's.

—Mrs. Thos. Morrison left Thursday for her home at Hillsboro. She was accompanied by her niece, Miss Florence Couch, who goes for a two or three weeks visit.

—Mr. R. S. Delong of Eliasville, Young county, who was at one time in the mercantile business at this place, stopped over a day here this week to see his many old friends.

—Cheatham's Chill Tonic peculiarly adapted to persons in enfeebled health and invalids. It assists digestion and is a perfect strengthener and appetizer. Satisfaction or money refunded. Put up in both tasteless and bitter styles. 50-cents size, at J. B. Baker's.

—Mrs. S. E. Andrews of Fort Worth, sister of Messrs W. W. and R. B. Fields, arrived yesterday evening on a visit to them.

—Several of our old Throckmorton friends passed through here this week en route to and from Aspermont, where they were witnesses in the transferred murder trial of the negro John Stell.

—The protracted meeting which has been going on at the Baptist church has developed considerable interest. Up to Thursday night there had been seven conversions and five accessions to the church and several more are expected. Rev. Crawford of Baird, who has been doing most of the preaching, has preached some eloquent and forcible sermons.

It Saved His Leg.

P. A. Danforth of La Grange, Ga., suffered for six months with a frightful running sore on his leg, but writes that Bucklen's Arnica Salve wholly cured it in five days. For Ulcers, Wounds, Piles, it's the best salve in the world. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c. Sold by J. B. Baker druggist.

—Mr. M. Smith sold this week to Messrs Gaston and Willingham of Dallas 700 Shropshire ewes at \$3. These sheep will be carried to Dallas county and used for breeding purposes.

—Mr. H. G. D. Collins of Brownsville, Tenn., who spent about a week here with the family of his daughter, Mrs. W. T. Jones, left Thursday for home. He is a commercial traveler but we understand that he was so well pleased with Haskell and our country generally that he expressed the intention of retiring from his present business and coming here to settle.

Cure for Cholera Infantum—Never Known to Fail.

During last May an infant child of our neighbor was suffering from cholera infantum. The doctors had given up all hopes of recovery. I took a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy to the house, telling them I felt sure it would do good if used according to directions. In two days time the child had fully recovered. The child is now vigorous and healthy. I have recommended this remedy frequently and have never known it to fail.—Mrs. Curtis Baker, Pookwalter, Ohio. Sold by J. B. Baker druggist.

—Every citizen of the county ought to take an interest and feel some pride in having our county exhibit full and complete in every detail. To accomplish this will require the help of all. Don't excuse yourself with the idea that some one else will bring in a better sample of a particular thing than yours is, because if the other fellow thinks the same way there will be no sample brought. Bring along good samples of anything you have as fast as they mature.

What is a Miracle?

"The marvellous cure of Mrs. Rena J. Stout of Consumption has created intense excitement in Cammack, Ind." writes Marion Stuart, a leading druggist of Muncie, Ind. "She only weighed 90 pounds when her doctor in Yorktown said she must soon die. Then she began to use Dr. King's New Discovery and gained 37 pounds in weight and was completely cured." It has cured thousands of hopeless cases, and is positively guaranteed to cure all Throat, Chest and Lung diseases. 50c and \$1. Trial bottles free at J. B. Baker's drug store.

—We have the sad duty to perform of chronicling the death of another of Haskell's old citizens, that of Mr. W. N. Haswell, which occurred on last Sunday night after a lingering illness. For several years he had been in delicate health and for the past several months was confined to his house or bed most of the time. His trouble was in the nature of consumption of the bowels. His end was not thought to be so near until the latter part of last week when he took suddenly worse and passed away as stated. He was a little past 44 years of age and came to Haskell from North Carolina about nine years ago with his family and they have resided here ever since. He leaves a wife and three children who have the sympathy of all in their bereavment.

The Appetite of a Goat.

Is envied by all whose Stomach and Liver are out of order. But such should know that Dr. King's New Life Pills give a splendid appetite, sound digestion and a regular bodily habit that insures perfect health and great energy. Only 25 cts at J. B. Baker's drug store.

When wit is kind as well as playful, when information knows how to be silent, as well as how to speak, when good will is shown to those who are absent as well as to those who are present, we may know that we are in good society.—August Ladies' Home Journal.

Epworth League Program.

For July 29.
Song.—Prayer.
Lesson—Cumberers of the Ground Luke 13:6-9.
Reference word—Unfruitful.
Who are the Cumberers?—Mr. Willie Whitman.
The Divine Patience with Cumberers—Mrs. S. W. Scott.
Quartette—Misses Rike and Jones and Messrs Scott and Fields.
Punishment of Cumberers—Miss Ethel Mason.
Cure for Cumberers—Miss Allie Frost.
Song.—Prayer.
Every one bring their bibles.
Leader—Miss Lillie Rike.

A Family Reunion.

Paint Creek, July 22, 1900.
To the Free Press:
The home of Mrs. W. T. Hughes was the scene of a happy reunion of her children and grandchildren, who met there on July 20, 1900 to spend a few days with their aged mother on the old homestead. There were the mother and 7 children and 9 grandchildren, 17 in all, as follows: Mrs. Mary Wheat, her husband and 4 children of Young Co., Marimon Hughes and wife of Young county, Mrs. Sallie Glass and two children of Bosque county, Mrs. Florence Hughes and three children of this county, besides David, Charley and Enoch Hughes at home.

It had been five years or more since they had all met, and since then the father and a brother has departed this life, the only thing to mar the happiness of this meeting.

Mrs. Hughes is 55 years old and was married to Rev. W. T. Hughes in Miss. Sept. 30, 1869 and removed to Texas in 1876 and have lived here on the present homestead the last ten years.

She lost her husband the Rev. W. T. Hughes on March 26, 1898 and has been fighting life's battle alone with her 3 little boys ever since.

She with the most of her children are following the footsteps of the husband and father and are consistent members of the Baptist church.

They all have gathered around the family hearth relating the scenes of the past, perhaps for the last time, but the happy greetings override the solemn thought of the parting and the meeting is one of pleasure.

The visitors will depart for their respective homes next Tuesday morning, hoping the time may soon come for just such another reunion.

May the aged mother live a peaceful and happy life the rest of her days and enjoy many other such reunions, and may all reunite in that better world, is the sincere wish of their FRIEND.

Hunt's Cure

Cures all diseases in all its various forms. No internal treatment necessary. Failing, money returned to purchaser at J. B. Baker's 32

Important Notice.

I sold my business one year ago and some of you haven't paid me yet. I have waited patiently, but I must now ask you to come and settle at once. I am needing the money, must have it so dont pass this by indifferently.

A. P. McLEMORE.

B. Y. P. U. Program

July 29, 1900.
Leader—Miss Una Foster.
Song—Prayer.
Topic: "How Mission Work Will Gain Success," Acts 1:6-14.
The Mission of Jesus—Prof. D. R. Couch.
The Command of Jesus—Mrs. Farmer.
Witnessing—Miss Mary Rice.
With the Help of the Holy Spirit—Mrs. Robertson.
The Pathway to Power—Mrs. D. R. Couch.
Song.

HOW IS YOUR WIFE?

Has she lost her beauty? If so, Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache are the principal causes. Karl's Clover Root Tea has cured these ills for half a century. Price 25 and 50 cents. Money refunded if results are not satisfactory. For sale by J. B. Baker.

Our flag was once the recognized and boasted symbol of universal freedom. If we persist in the republican policy of imperialism, the conquest and unwilling subjugation of other people under its sways it will become a "flaunting lie," a symbol of greed and hypocrisy.

Fat Horses and Mares For British Government.

I will be in Haskell August 3rd and 4th. Want horses and mares 14:3 1-2 to 15 hands 1 inch. Perfectly gentle to ride, 6 to 9 years old. No blemishes. No light grays or duns.

Want extra good animals and will pay extra good prices for same.



Young Women

The entry into womanhood is a critical time for a girl. Little menstrual disorders started at that time soon grow into fatal complications. That female troubles are killing graveyards proves this. Wine of Cardui establishes a painless and natural menstrual flow. When once this important function is started right, a healthy life usually follows. Many women, young and old, owe their lives to Wine of Cardui. There is nothing like it to give women freedom from pain and to fit young women for every duty of life. \$1.00 bottles at druggists.

Miss Della M. Strayer, Tully, Kan. "I have suffered untold pain at menstrual periods for a long time, was nervous, had no appetite, and lost interest in everything, in fact was miserable. I have taken four bottles of Wine of Cardui, with Theodor's Black-Draught, when needed, and to-day I am entirely cured. I cannot express the thanks I feel for what you have done for me."

For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, the Ladies' Advisory Department, The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

WINE OF CARDUI

The West Texas Fair.

The counties in West Texas that are interested in their upbuilding and want to let the visitors see what they can produce, have a favorable opportunity for so doing with an exhibit at the West Texas Fair, every county is invited to make an exhibit. Taylor county being barred in the contest for the large premiums offered for the best county exhibit. We are advised that the racing program is the finest ever offered in the West, five days with good horses in every race. The track is being improved so that it will be made one of the finest in the southwest. A large hall for exhibits is being added to accommodate the counties that will make exhibits.

Imperfect digestion and assimilation produce disordered conditions of the system, which grow and are confirmed by neglect. HERBINE gives tone to the stomach, and causes good digestion. Price 50 cts J. B. Baker drug store.

Notwithstanding the claims of Gen. Otis and the administration for months past that the Filipinos were practically quelled and only a few scattered bands of guerillas or outlaws remained to be captured, killed or dispersed, the fact that Gen. McArthur very reluctantly obeyed the order to send a few hundred marines and a couple of regiments over to China and strongly protests that he can spare no more men out of his 65,000 proves that the islands are not by any means conquered. And it is our opinion that the facts will be the same this time next year and possibly the next, unless there is a great change in the administration's policy toward the Filipinos. When a people are thoroughly imbued with the spirit of liberty they are not easily conquered. This was pretty well demonstrated by our own forefathers. England in her unholy effort to subdue the Boers is in about the same box. She is badly in need of soldiers to send to China to protect her interests there and seek reparation for Chinese wrongs to her subjects. The bulk of her available force, more than 200,000 men, are in South Africa, which is half way on the road to China, but notwithstanding the fact of her apparent success and the claim that the Boers are whipped and their country practically annexed to the British Empire, it develops that she can't spare a man from South Africa. Thus is the path of the two great vultures of greed and Empire blocked against their legitimate defense in a time of need.

If it's a STOVE

You Want

We can supply you. Besides a full line of box heaters, we have

"ECONOMY"

which is an AIR TIGHT WOOD HEATER guaranteed to heat as well as the ordinary stove with half the quantity of fuel, thus saving its cost in one or two seasons. It takes small floor space, no ashes leak on carpet, no danger of fire falling out, burns chips, chunks or solid wood equally well. The price is low and we want you to come and see this stove.

We also have an excellent line of Cook stoves, but will talk about them later.

Yours &c.
SHERRILL BROS. & Co.

Bigger

—and—

Better

That is, the mammoth stock of goods now going into our large store rooms, filling the shelves and stacking up on the counters in both the upper and lower stories until there is no room left for anything else—with still more to come.

No Line Has Been Neglected.

We may make a long story short by saying that in

- Staple Goods
- Dress Goods
- White Goods
- Notions and Fancy Goods
- Clothing
- Men's Furnishings
- Underwear
- Boots and Shoes
- Hats for Men and Boys

and, in fact, all the way through, our customers will find the quantity, quality and variety and style to suit any taste or requirement from the plainest to articles or fabrics suitable for the most expensive and stylish costumes.

And as especially interesting to our lady patrons we will present a

LINE OF MILLINERY

unexcelled west of Dallas for style, quality and variety, presided over by our accomplished artist in this line, Miss Lena Wilson, who has recently taken what we may term a post graduate course in the largest and most stylish millinery trimming house in Chicago, where she won the highest praise of the head of the establishment.

AS TO PRICES: We know that having bought in large quantities in the best market for cash that we got the best prices going and that we can and will compete with any town or store west of Dallas in the matters of quality and price.

This is not empty boast, you have only to see and to compare to be convinced. Your money back if it isn't so!

So saying, we subscribe ourselves yours, in the middle-of-the-road for business.

F. G. Alexander & Co.

A BOON TO MANKIND!

DR. TABLER'S BUCKEYE



CURE
A New Discovery for the Certain Cure of INTERNAL and EXTERNAL PILES, WITHOUT PAIN.

CURES WHERE ALL OTHERS HAVE FAILED.

TUBES, BY MAIL, 75 CENTS; BOTTLES, 50 CENTS.

JAMES F. BALLARD, Sole Proprietor, 310 North Main Street, ST. LOUIS, MO.
For sale by J. B. Baker, Haskell, Texas.

HASKELL AND STAMFORD TRANSFER.

Meets incoming passenger trains and delivers passengers and express in Haskell without layover in Stamford.

Livery Stable at Haskell

Good teams and vehicles furnished promptly to order.

J. W. JOHNSON & SON, Proprs.

Says It's True.

A dead fish can float down stream with the current, but it takes a live one to go up stream. Business success—all success—lies up stream. Judicious advertising is the lever of business success, and the man who is too timid to use it is swept down stream by the current, or, at best floats around in an eddy, never making any progress.—Haskell Free Press.

If Abilene business men doubt the correctness of the above, just let them pick up The Reporter, see who advertises, then walk through town and see who is doing the business.—Daily Reporter.

White Man Turned Yellow.

Great consternation was felt by the friends of M. A. Hogarty of Lexington, Ky., when they saw he was turning yellow. His skin slowly changed color, also his eyes, and he suffered terribly. His malady was Yellow Jaundice. He was treated by the best doctors, but without benefit. Then he was advised to try Electric Bitters, the wonderful Stomach and Liver remedy, and he writes: "After taking two bottles I was wholly cured." A trial proves its matchless merit for all stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles. Only 50c. Sold by J. B. Baker druggist.