

# The Haskell Free Press.

Vol. 17.

Haskell, Haskell County, Texas, Saturday, July 12, 1902

No. 28

## Professional Cards.

**A. C. FOSTER.**  
Land Lawyer,  
Haskell, Texas.

**H. G. McCONNELL,**  
Attorney-at-Law,  
HASKELL, TEXAS.

**OSCAR MARTIN,**  
Attorney-at-Law,  
HASKELL, TEXAS.

**E. E. GILBERT.**  
Physician & Surgeon.  
Offers his services to the people of Haskell and surrounding country.

**J. E. LINDSEY, M.D.**  
Chronic Diseases  
Treatment of Consumption a SPECIALTY.  
Office in Wriston building  
ABILENE, TEXAS.

**Dr. R. G. LITSEU,**  
DENTIST,  
Office over the Bank.

All kinds of Dental work neatly and substantially done  
Prices moderate

**Oscar E. Oates,**  
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,  
Haskell, Texas.  
Office over BANK.

**S. W. Scott,**  
Attorney-at-Law.  
Offers large list of desirable lands. Furnishes Abstracts of Title. Writes insurance.

All kinds of bonds furnished in a standard guaranty company at reasonable rates.

**Haskell, - Texas.**

**Drs. Coston & Warwick**  
Office at Baker's Drug Store.

**Do a General Practice.**  
Special attention to diseases of Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.

L. O. F., Haskell Lodge No. 225  
H. B. Jones, N. G.  
E. F. Springer, V. G.  
J. W. Meadows, Secretary.

**Neathery & Griffin,**  
Physicians & Surgeons.  
Calls answered day or night.  
Specially Prepared for Surgery and DISEASES OF WOMEN.  
OFFICE—Terrell's Drug Store.

## Announcements.

**For District Judge**  
H R JONES  
T J WRIGHT  
P D SANDERS

**For Attorney 39th Judicial District**  
OSCAR MARTIN  
CULLEN C HIGGINS  
OF Seary County.

**For County Treasurer**  
R D C STEPHENS  
A G JONES  
E W LOE

**For County Judge**  
H S WILSON  
D H HAMILTON

**For County and District Clerk**  
J M JOHNSON  
C D LONG

**For Sheriff and Tax Collector**  
BERT BROCKMAN  
J W COLLINS  
JNO F JONES  
J W BELL

**For Tax Assessor**  
J C BOHANNAN  
J F VERNON  
J S FOX

**For State Representative**  
S R CRAWFORD

**For Public Weigher**  
W T JONES

**For Commissioner, Pre. No. 1.**  
J. T. BOWMAN  
C C FROST

—Mr. Chas. Mayes was down from Munday one day this week shaking hands with the Haskell boys.

## ON FIRST BALLOT.

Judge W. R. Smith Nominated for Congress.

Special to the Dallas News:

Mineral Wells, Tex., July 8.—The Democratic congressional convention of the Sixteenth District met here today and nominated Hon. W. R. Smith of Mitchell County for Congress on the first ballot.

The convention was called to order at noon by Chairman R. H. Looney of Mitchell County. Every county in the district except one was represented on the floor of the convention and much enthusiasm prevailed. A. H. Kirby of Taylor County, a Smith man, was elected temporary chairman over W. H. Penix of Palo Pinto County, a Dean-Jones supporter. The votes of twelve counties were contested, but on the recommendation of the credentials committee the Smith delegations were seated. Without discussion a platform was adopted reaffirming the Kansas City platform, although no special reference was made to Mr. Bryan or silver. The platform favored the modification of the present livestock quarantine line, the building of an international dam at or near El Paso and the erection of a Federal building at San Angelo.

Ex-Speaker John H. Cochran of Nolan County was elected permanent chairman and Earl Conner of Eastland and T. F. Jackson of Concho permanent secretaries. Judge J. H. Calhoun of Eastland County placed Judge Smith in nomination and his nomination was seconded by Hon. S. E. Taylor of Tom Green and Judge W. B. Crockett of Mitchell. James Cunningham of Brewster County placed Dan M. Jones in nomination.

The ballot showed fifty-four votes for Smith and twenty-eight for Jones. Judge Smith and Mr. Jones addressed the convention on invitation.

Judge W. H. Clet of Callahan County was elected chairman of the executive committee for the next two years.

Judge W. R. Smith was born in Smith County, Tex., Aug. 18, 1863, and was raised upon a farm. The greater part of his education was acquired through individual effort and he graduated from the Sam Houston Normal institute at Huntsville in 1883. After one year of teaching in the public schools he proceeded to Tyler and entered the law office of Hogg and Duncan, where he studied law and was admitted to practice within a period of six months. He practiced law in Tyler for two years, then concluded to cast his destinies with the West, and located in Colorado during February, 1888.

The first official position filled by Judge Smith was that of City Attorney of Colorado. He held this position for a time, and then resigned to again take up the practice of law.

He continued in active practice until the death of District Judge Kennedy six years ago, when he was appointed to succeed him. He was twice re-elected to his present position without opposition. Judge Smith always has been a Democrat and has always heartily and actively supported the regular Democratic organization.

**Mother Always Keeps it Handy.**  
"My mother suffered a long time from distressing pains and general ill health due primarily to indigestion," says L. W. Spalding, Verona, Mo. "Two years ago I got her to try Kodol. She grew better at once and now, at the age of seventy-six, eats anything she wants, remarking that she fears no bad effects as she has her bottle of Kodol handy." Don't waste time doctoring symptoms. Go after the cause. If your stomach is sound your health will be good. Kodol rests the stomach and strengthens the body by digesting your food. It is nature's own tonic. Terrell's drug store.

—Go to the Metropolitan for a choice smoke.

We will send the value of

---\$1.10---

in booklet, containing twentyseven pen and ink photo-reduced sketches of Washington life by mail for 10 cents (cash or stamps). Queen Victoria knighted Sir John Tenniel for similar artistic work in London. (Your editor has a sample of this.) Nutshell Publishing Co., 1059 Third Ave, New York.

## Our Metallic Productions.

We have just received the report of the U. S. Geological survey, division of minerals, which shows the production of minerals from 1891 to 1900 inclusive, for each year.

We quote from it the values of the principal metals in 1891 and 1900:

|                         | 1891          | 1900 |
|-------------------------|---------------|------|
| Pig iron, \$128,337,985 | \$259,944,000 |      |
| Silver, 75,426,565      | 74,533,495    |      |
| Gold, 33,173,000        | 29,171,000    |      |
| Copper, 38,455,300      | 98,494,039    |      |
| Lead, 15,534,198        | 23,561,688    |      |
| Zinc, 8,033,700         | 10,654,196    |      |
| Quicksilver, 1,036,386  | 1,302,586     |      |
| Aluminum, 100,000       | 1,920,000     |      |
| Antimony, 47,007        | 346,980       |      |
| Nickel, 71,099          | 3,886         |      |
| Tin, 25,058             | ...           |      |
| Platinum, 500           | 2,500         |      |

Total, \$300,832,798 \$549,934,379

The report shows a falling off in the production of silver, which fell as low as \$53,800,000 in 1897 and came up to \$74,533,495 in 1900. Gold production on the other hand has steadily increased until it has more than doubled. This fact and one or two others, which the republican party had no more hand in bringing about than it had in the increase in gold production, saved the country from the bad results that the democrats claimed would follow the adoption of the gold standard. This increase of gold was not foreseen by the republicans any more than by the democrats, and but for the unlooked for increase we believe the direct results predicted by the democrats would have followed the adoption of the gold standard.

## Don't Fail to Try this.

Whenever an honest trial is given to Electric Bitters for any trouble it is recommended for a permanent cure will surely be effected. It never fails to tone the stomach, regulate the kidneys and bowels, stimulate the liver, invigorate the nerves and purify the blood. It's a wonderful tonic for run-down systems. Electric Bitters positively cures kidney and liver troubles, stomach disorders, nervousness, sleeplessness, rheumatism, neuralgia, and expels malaria. Satisfaction guaranteed by J. B. Baker. Only 50 cents.

## Epworth League Program

Sunday, July 13.

Leader—Mr. Frank Glasscock.  
Subject—Constant Companionship  
John iv:15-28, Matt. xxviii:20.  
Reference word—Friend. Prov. xvii:17, Jas. ii:23.

Song, Prayer, Song.  
Responsive scripture verses.  
Song.  
Daily Bible reading—as in Era.  
Song.

The only constant companion—Mr. S. W. Scott.

Preparedness for mutual indwelling—Misses Lillie Rike and Zora Sanders.

Results of abiding companionship—Misses Geneva McWhirter and Ola Fitzgerald.

## Poisoning the System.

It is through the bowels that the body is cleansed of impurities. Constipation keeps these poisons in the system, causing headache, dulness and melancholia at first, then unsightly eruptions and finally serious illness unless a remedy is applied. DeWitt's Little Early Risers prevent this trouble by stimulating the liver and promote easy, healthy action of the bowels. These little pills do not act violently but by strengthening the bowels enable them to perform their own work. Never gripe or distress. Terrell's drug store.

## Low Cut Prices!

Just to break the monotony and tickle my customers, I am making prices like these:

|                                |        |
|--------------------------------|--------|
| Prunes, 14 lbs for . . .       | \$1.00 |
| Sugar, 20 lbs for . . .        | 1.00   |
| Rice, 13 lbs best for . . .    | 1.00   |
| Flour, best, 100 lbs . . .     | 2.25   |
| Seedless Raisins, best, 11 lbs | 1.00   |
| do Currants, " "               | 1.00   |
| Dried Apples, 12 lbs . . .     | 1.00   |
| Soda, 4 lbs for . . . . .      | 25     |
| Stick Candy, 1 lb for . . .    | 10     |
| 25 ct Bottle Catsup for . .    | 12 1/2 |
| Eupion Oil (best) 5 gals .     | \$1.00 |

Prices cut on too many articles to mention—come and see.

T. G. Carney.

—For Sale—houses and lots in town. Martin & Wilson.



**WE ARE BIDDING FOR Your Shoe Trade.**



...NEW STOCK, COMPLETE IN ALL STYLES...

This line of shoes has been thoroughly tried by our customers and found to be the best and most satisfactory in style and wear. Our prices are right.

Our General Stock of

**Dry Goods, Clothing, Notions, Millinery, Groceries.**



has in it about everything that any one is likely to want and we are making

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS FOR CASH.



**F. G. Alexander & Co.**

**TERRELL'S DRUG STORE,**  
Southwest Corner Public Square  
Haskell, Texas.

Jewelry, Notions and Sundries;  
Stationery, Watches, Clocks, Spectacles, Etc.

**Metropolitan Ice Cream Parlor.**  
ICE CREAM all the time.  
A full line of up-to-date cold drinks, such as:  
Cherry Phosphate, Iron Brew, Glace, Etc.  
—A choice stock of—  
**PURE FANCY CANDIES.**  
BOGAR & CUMMINGS.

**The Boss Worm Medicine.**  
H. P. Kumpe, Druggist, Leighton, Ala., writes: "One of my customers had a child, which was sick, and threw up all food, could retain nothing on its stomach. He bought one bottle of White's Cream Vermifuge, and it brought up 119 worms from the child. It's the boss worm medicine in the world." White's Cream Vermifuge is also the children's tonic. It improves their digestion and assimilation of food, strengthens their nervous system and restores them to the health, vigor and elasticity of spirits natural to childhood. 25c at J. B. Baker's.

Mr. Dean's name was not submitted to the 16th congressional convention, but he threw all of his instructed vote to Mr. Jones in an effort to defeat Judge Smith by the combination. The play was a signal failure as Judge Smith was nominated on first ballot by a vote of 54, just what he had claimed he would have, against Jones—Dean vote of 28. There were 87 votes in the convention so that it required 44 to make a nomination, leaving Judge Smith a surplus of 10 votes.

—Fresh pure candies just from the Brownwood factory, also bottle soda, lemonade, etc. at Fred Niemann's, proprietor of the N. W. corner restaurant and confectionery.

## Repulsive Features.

Blackheads, pimples, greasy faces and muddy complexions, which are so common among women, especially girls at a certain age, destroying beauty, disfiguring and making repulsive, features which would otherwise appear attractive and refined, indicate that the liver is out of order. An occasional dose of Herbine will cleanse the bowels, regulate the liver and so establish a clear, healthy complexion. 50c at J. B. Baker's.

## Cures Sciatica.

Rev. W. L. Riley, L. L. D., Cuba, New York, writes: "After fifteen days of excruciating pain from sciatic rheumatism, under various treatments, I was induced to try Ballard's Snow Liniment, the first application giving my first relief, and the second, entire relief. I can give it unqualified recommendation. 25c, 50c and \$1 at J. B. Baker's.

The mesquite bean has been under investigation by the agricultural department, which announces that when properly prepared it is as nutritious as any of the peas or beans now used as food. Western Texas people have long been aware of the fact that mesquite beans will fatten cattle and horses and consequently are a valuable food. But they have never been subjected to any process of preparation and if there is any process that will add to their value the agricultural department would confer a favor by publishing it. The only process that occurs to us would be to pass them between rollers and crush the seeds, which are not masticated by stock as now eaten and consequently furnish no nutriment. With the drouth conditions prevailing in most of West Texas, it is not improbable that the mesquite bean will play an important part in the maintenance of stock the coming winter. Fortunately the mesquite bean crop is usually largest during a dry year.

## The Perfect Liver Medicine.

Mrs. M. A. Jolley, Noble, O. T., writes: "I have used Herbine for a number of years, and can cheerfully recommend it as the most perfect liver medicine, and the greatest blood purifier. It is a medicine of positive merit, and fully accomplishes all that is claimed for it." Malaria cannot find a lodgment in the system while the liver is in perfect order, for one of its functions is to prevent the absorption of fever producing poisons. Herbine is a most efficient liver regulator. 50c at J. B. Baker's.

It was a big thing for Fort Worth and Texas when Armour and Swift located their packeries at Fort Worth. It is now believed that both Morris and Cudahy will locate packeries at Fort Worth. They are said to be prospecting there for sites for plants.

## If a Man Lie to You.

and say some other salve, ointment, lotion, oil or alleged healer is as good as Bucklen's Arnica Salve, tell him thirty years of marvellous cures of piles, burns, boils, corns, felons, ulcers, cuts, scalds, bruises and skin eruptions prove it's the best and cheapest. 25c at J. B. Baker's drug store.

## McLemore's Guaranteed Prairie Dog Poison.

This preparation is too well known in Western Texas, where the prairie dog pest abounds to require comment here. If you have dogs to kill don't fail to get it, because it's the best. I want a reliable dealer to handle these remedies in every town, address A. P. McLemore, Manufacturer, Haskell, Texas.

The following dealers are selling these medicines:  
W. H. Wyman & Co., (Baker Store) Haskell  
Chapman Bros., . . . . . Marcy  
Cousins & Howard, . . . . . Munday

## The Keely Whiskey Morphine Cure.

The double chloride of gold treatment as administered at The Keely Institute, J. H. KEELY, Manager.  
Bullvine Place, Dallas, Texas. The only Keely Institute in Texas, Oklahoma or Indian Territory—Established at Dallas 1894. Communication confidential. Write for circulars.

## Need More Help.

Often the over-taxed organs of digestion cry out for help by dyspepsia's pains, nausea, dizziness, headaches, liver complaints, bowel disorders. Such troubles call for prompt use of Dr. King's New Life Pills. They are gentle, thorough and guaranteed to cure. 25c at J. B. Baker's drug store.

## Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

This preparation contains all of the digestants and digesta all kinds of food. It gives instant relief and never fails to cure. It allows you to eat all the food you want. The most sensitive stomachs can take it. By its use many thousands of dyspepsias have been cured after everything else failed. It prevents formation of gas on the stomach, relieving all distress after eating. Dieting unnecessary. Pleasant to take. It can't help but do you good.  
Prepared only by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago. Each 25c bottle contains 2 1/2 times the dose.

## The Old Stager's Family Medicines

Tested y Twenty Years Use. Guaranteed to Cure.

I hereby guarantee every bottle of the Old Stager Remedies to give perfect satisfaction. If not relieved or cured after giving any of these medicines a fair trial according to directions call on the dealer of whom you purchased it and he will promptly refund your money. They are sold to him under that agreement by me.

Following is a brief description of the "Old Stager Remedies." If affected with any of the maladies mentioned, try a bottle of the medicine recommended for it—no cure no pay! That is enough said and there is no need for me to go into the lengthy description of diseases and symptoms usually found in patent medicine advertisements, further than to tell what each remedy is good for.

**Old Stager's La Gripp Specific.** This medicine has no equal for La Gripp; Colds, Neuralgia, Headache and Fever.

**Old Stager's Liniment.** The best liniment on earth for man or beast for Swelling, Bruises, Cuts and Sores of any kind.

**Old Stager's Cough Medicine.** This is the most reliable cough medicine on the market. Gives prompt relief and permanent cure when its use is persisted in. Give it a trial.

**Old Stager's Catarrh Medicine.** This is better than all the nostrums and patent medicines advertised for Catarrh, Hay Fever and Cold in the Head. Gives quick relief.

**Old Stager's Fistula Cure.** No case has ever been reported in which this preparation failed to cure Fistula. On the other hand many old and bad cases have been cured by it. It is easy to apply.

**EMOLLINE** This is one of the world's best and most elegant applications for chapped hands, face or lips. Removes roughness of the skin and makes it soft and smooth.

**McLemore's Guaranteed Prairie Dog Poison.** This preparation is too well known in Western Texas, where the prairie dog pest abounds to require comment here. If you have dogs to kill don't fail to get it, because it's the best. I want a reliable dealer to handle these remedies in every town, address A. P. McLemore, Manufacturer, Haskell, Texas.

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Prepared only by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago. Each 25c bottle contains 2 1/2 times the dose.

# AS THE WORLD REVOLVES

HAS DONE GOOD WORK.

Rev. S. Hartwell Pratt a Most Successful Evangelist.



The Rev. S. Hartwell Pratt prepared for college in the Connecticut Literary Institute, Suffield, Conn. He was graduated from Brown Univer-

sity in the class of '63, and from Rochester Theological Seminary in the class of '68. Ordained in Springfield, Mass., in the fall of 1866, he served in pastorate twelve years and entered upon evangelistic work in 1876.

Feeling that the summer might most advantageously be used for evangelistic work, Mr. Pratt started many years ago his first work along the lines that have proved so successful.

At the beginning of his undertaking he talked with a few laymen, who entered heartily into his plans and provided him with a fine tent 100 feet by 60 feet, capable of seating 1,000 persons. This tent was first pitched and dedicated in the city of Taunton, Mass., in 1878. Later meetings were held in Holyoke and Westfield. The next summer it was pitched in West-Port, R. I., and at Saratoga Springs. Then for four seasons the canvas auditorium did fine service in New York, where he is now preaching.

## CAREER OF GEN. BURT.

Soldier Who Would Sell the Philippines to Japan.

Gen. Andrew S. Burt, who has just arrived from the Philippines and who proposes that the United States turn over the islands to the Japanese, to be paid for on the installment plan.



is an old soldier with a first-class record extending back to the early days of the civil war. Gen. Burt is a native of Ohio, and began his military career as a volunteer sergeant in the Union infantry. He entered the regular army after the close of the war, and served in various capacities in the East and the West.

## New Type of Steamship.

A company has been formed in Copenhagen for the construction of a trial steamship of a new type. The inventor is Capt. F. C. Isby, who has taken out patents in the principal countries. In this new form of steamship, the screw is placed under the bottom instead of aft. The hull is materially changed in form, being flatter and the angle draft thereon considerably lessened. It is claimed that a saving in the consumption of coal of about 20 per cent will be effected. The inventor believes that with the same amount of fuel the speed will be greatly increased, and, finally, that this form of craft will be much steadier and more seaworthy.

## Signed His Own Resignation.

Congressman Mercer, while making the rounds of one of the departments last week, asked a subordinate how he liked his chief and was told that the official in question never gave any trouble, but always signed everything submitted to him. Mr. Mercer doubted this, whereupon the subordinate offered to bet a box of cigars that the chief would sign his own resignation. A document of the required character was slipped into a pile of letters and laid on the chief's desk. In a few minutes the correspondence was brought back and it was found that Mr. Mercer had lost the cigars.

## Roman Bakers.



This scene at a Roman oven 2,000 years ago shows that methods of breadmaking have not changed greatly.

## German Beet Sugar Production.

Since Aug. 1 last the German beet sugar factories have turned out 1,995,799 tons of raw sugar, as against 1,706,020 tons during the preceding year. Two-thirds of the German sugar product is exported.

## Has Cure for Rheumatism.

A German army physician declares he has discovered a serum which will cure even chronic rheumatism.

# Persons, Places and Things

SIGNS USED ON RAILROADS.

Their Signals are Understood Every where on the Continent.

It is not deaf language alone who employ the sign language. Railroaders have a tongue of their own, since railroading began, has been growing until now anything that needs to be said in it can be expressed as perfectly as in words, says the Philadelphia Record. The signals of railroads are made with the hands and arms in the daytime, and with a lantern in the dark, the lantern signals by the way being comprehensible at a far greater distance than the daytime ones. The latter are made with one arm or with both, at the brakeman's option. To go ahead, to stop and to back are the leading ones. The arms moved horizontally and vertically make the two first signals, the back turned and the arms pushed out makes the last one. The main lantern signals are an up-and-down, a crosswise and a circular movement. There are, of course, a hundred other minor signals, and these vary slightly in different parts of the country. But the main ones are as common and as infallible everywhere among American railroaders as the English language itself.

## MAKES GIFT TO UNIVERSITY.

John Dwight Donates \$50,000 to Mount Holyoke College.

June 18 was a most notable day in the history of Mount Holyoke College.

The day was celebrated by the dedication of the new Dwight Memorial Art building and the presentation by Miss Helen Miller Gould of \$50,000 to endow a chair in Biblical literature. At commencement, 1900, the announcement was made that John Dwight of New York had given \$50,000 for the purpose of erecting an art building as a memorial to Mrs. Nancy S. Dwight, his mother, and Mrs. Clara Leigh Dwight, his wife.

## FAVORITE OF THE KING.

Gen. Sir Dighton Probyn Carries His Majesty's Pocketbook.

Gen. Sir Dighton Probyn's title is "Keeper of the Privy Purse"—a title that can be taken pretty literally, for he really does carry King Edward's pocketbook and acts as his personal business manager. Sir Dighton will be 70 in another year, and has been a member of the King's household ever since his majesty took a liking to this veteran of the Indian Mutiny, some twenty-five years ago. At present Sir Dighton comes nearer to being assistant king than the prince of Wales.

## Too Much Even for Him.

Senator Daniel of Virginia tells of a man down in his state who never could be induced to acknowledge that any brand of whisky was bad, though he was willing to admit the truth of the ancient saying that some makes were better than others. Some jokers induced him to try some of a most villainous compound which they had labeled as a popular brand. The man took a generous drink, made a very face and said: "Well, all whisky is good, but that's a little the poorest good whisky I ever tasted."

## Two Useful Congressmen.

Congressman Jones of Washington is the working member from that far western state and Congressman Cushman is the talking one. They make a good team and their state is very well taken care of. Cushman gets up every little while and registers a violent and humorous protest against the way the state is neglected and the tyranny of the house leadership, while Jones keeps on the right side of the speaker and the rest of the leaders and carries off large chunks of "pork."

## Statesmen College Graduates.

Frank W. Hackett, former assistant secretary of the navy, in a late address mentions that he had consulted the congressional directory and found that out of a total of 452 members in both houses, 258, or more than one-half, were college graduates.

## Mme. Janauschek's Ill Fortune.

Mme. Janauschek, the actress, poor and seriously ill at Saratoga, is soliciting a number of old heroisms and antiques to pay her living expenses. She will never be able to act again.

# THE WEEKLY PANORAMA

SAD END OF A USEFUL LIFE.

Career of Prof. Johnson Brought to a Close by an Accident.

Prof. Johnson of the University of Wisconsin, fell from a load of goods he was moving into his summer home



near Pier Cove, Mich., and was instantly killed. Dean Johnson was elected head of the college of engineering on Jan. 17, 1895. This place was created at that time. He was then professor of engineering in Washington university, St. Louis, Mo. For many years he had been recognized as an engineer of high rank, and was president of the society for the promotion of engineering education. He was professor in the St. Louis institution for sixteen years prior to going to Madison. He was fellow and past vice president of the American association for the advancement of science. For a considerable time he was president of the Engineers' club in St. Louis.

## DEATH OF FAMOUS LAWYER.

Ex-Judge Mark Bangs, Well-Known in Illinois, Passes Away.

Ex-Judge Mark Bangs, one of the oldest of Chicago's eminent attorneys, a foremost man in the affairs of Illinois during the war and at one time United States district attorney for the northern district of Illinois, is dead.

Judge Bangs was born at Hawley, Franklin county, Mass., Jan. 9, 1822. Coming to Illinois in 1850, settled in Lacon, Marshall county, and soon became recognized as a leader and in 1858 he was elected to the circuit



man of Cincinnati—and the removal thereby of his disabilities as a poor in good standing. William Angus Progo Montagu, the ninth duke of Manchester, succeeded to the title on the death of his father in 1890. His estates were heavily incumbered, particularly the beautiful Kimbolton Castle, with its rare pictures and its relics of Catherine of Aragon. The duke was married two years ago to Helena Zimmerman, daughter of Eugene Zimmerman, the Cincinnati railroad official.

## WILL CHRISTEN NEW WARSHIP.

Miss Susan Quay to Name the Formidable Pennsylvania.

Miss Susan Quay, who will act as sponsor for the new United States cruiser Pennsylvania, is the youngest daughter of Senator Matthew Stanley Quay. She made her debut at Washington in 1896, and at once became quite popular in the younger set of society at the capital. The cruiser upon whose prow Miss Quay will break the traditional bottle of champagne will be the fastest war ship in the American navy and will be one of the safest of the armored ships

## City of Jericho Today.

The Jericho of today is a collection of wretched cabins, inhabited by a peculiar people, who are unlike any others in Palestine, being a sort of mixed race and very depraved in character. There are several good hotels and hospices for the accommodation of pilgrims, a big Russian church, and the Sheikh's residence—a square house, of stone, which, tradition says, stands upon the spot where Zacchaeus lived.—Correspondence Chicago Record-Herald.

## Rough on the Hit.



Nowadays pugilists wear boxing gloves to lessen the force of blows. In the days of the Olympic games they wore thongs of leather, called cestus, to increase their force.

## Career of Dr. Milburn.

Dr. W. H. Milburn, the venerable blind chaplain of the senate, is nearly 90 years old. In early childhood he lost the sight of one eye totally and of the other partially. He entered the Methodist ministry at the age of 20, and in the course of twelve years' itinerancy traveled over 200,000 miles in the discharge of his clerical duties. Nine years ago he was elected chaplain of the senate, but had been connected with the house in a similar capacity many years before.

# BEFORE THE PUBLIC EYE

FEAR FOR THE POPE.

Italian Police Believe Anarchists Are Plotting Against Him.

The Italian police think themselves on the traces of an anarchist plot against the pope. With much secrecy, but still undoubtedly, precautions are being taken at the Vatican, and vigilance redoubled to protect its aged master, as it is not so difficult to enter that abode as is usually supposed.

The real danger lies, however, in one of the huge functions in St. Peter's, where from 40,000 to 50,000 persons are always gathered together, who obtained their tickets legitimately or otherwise—that is, through regular channels, such as some prelate, or bought them with back-door influence. The plot is carried slowly through the church held high above the heads of all, completely dressed in white, an admirable target for an assassin's bullet.

## MANCHESTER'S DEBTS ARE PAID.

Father-in-Law of Young Duke Comes to the Rescue.

The young duke of Manchester, who is just 25 years old, took his seat in the house of lords after having registered the customary oath. He was enabled to do so by the payment of his debts—supposedly by his rich American father-in-law, Mr. Zimmer-



man of Cincinnati—and the removal thereby of his disabilities as a poor in good standing.

William Angus Progo Montagu, the ninth duke of Manchester, succeeded to the title on the death of his father in 1890. His estates were heavily incumbered, particularly the beautiful Kimbolton Castle, with its rare pictures and its relics of Catherine of Aragon. The duke was married two years ago to Helena Zimmerman, daughter of Eugene Zimmerman, the Cincinnati railroad official.

## MISS SUSAN QUAY TO NAME THE FORMIDABLE PENNSYLVANIA.

Miss Susan Quay, who will act as sponsor for the new United States cruiser Pennsylvania, is the youngest daughter of Senator Matthew Stanley Quay. She made her debut at Washington in 1896, and at once became quite popular in the younger set of society at the capital. The cruiser upon whose prow Miss Quay will break the traditional bottle of champagne will be the fastest war ship in the American navy and will be one of the safest of the armored ships

## Peter Classen of Davenport Has Sold the San Antonio Market a Carload of Grassed Cattle.

Their average was 1314 pounds and they sold at \$3.75 per 100.

## The Capitol syndicate has sold \$1,500 acres of land to F. C. Wright of Denver at \$2 per acre.

Mr. Wright owns 12,000 acres in the Panhandle exclusive of this purchase.

## F. M. Clark, living near Roy, six miles east of Waxahachie, has five acres of cotton in one of his fields which he expects will be open in a few weeks.

Dry weather is the cause of this.

## Recent fine rains in Red River county cause the farmers to believe that an excellent corn crop is assured in that county.

The stalk is represented as looking fresh and green all over that section.

## Mr. Power, a farmer living near Sa Voy, Fannin county, has sold this season about 2000 gallons of blackberries on his farm, besides sending several wagonloads to Whitewright to be sold there.

## Farmers in that section of Johnson county surrounding Venus who plant ed Kansas corn say they feel certain of realizing twenty to twenty-five bushels to the acre, but so far as native corn is concerned it is virtually a failure.

Clifton Chisholm of Roswell, N. M., sold at Kansas City seventy head of hogs at \$7 per 100 pounds. They only last five pounds each on the journey, averaging 165 pounds. Mr. Chisholm fed each of his porkers 312 pounds of Kaffir corn.

## Farmers in the country contiguous to Bryan are paying 50 cents per 100 for boll weevil.

A great deal of money has been spent in this way, but it is believed that by pursuing this course the cotton will be enabled to thrive.

Farmers in Pottawatomie county, Oklahoma, believe they will have an enormous yield of corn this season. Other crops are also in splendid condition. The potato crop is especially good averaging 150 bushels to the acre. The farmers feel jubilant.

## Secretary of Agriculture Wilson has notified Congressman Cooper that \$3000 of the sum to be devoted to experiments in tea culture will be expended in Texas, probably between the Sabine and Trinity rivers.

As an instance of the blighting of feet of the drouth, the prickly pear leaf, which has been the principal supply of food for stockmen, has withered the earth and horses are pawing up the cattle searching for the root of this plant.

## Few Negroes in St. Pierre.

Few of the people in St. Pierre were pure black, and most of them showed only a trace of negro blood.

# FARM AND FLOCK.

Tomatoes are abundant. Gooseberry season is over. Japanese plums are scarce. Peaches are in good supply. Native plums find ready sale.

The drouth has injured watermelons some around Walla.

Fannin county farmers cut wheat and oats by moonlight.

A. R. Gage, the cattlemen, has a telephone line from Alpine to his ranch.

Parneux Bros. shipped from Denison to Kansas City eight cars of cattle.

Wheat in many localities has panned out much better than was thought.

There is some complaint in Wise county of web worms and grasshoppers damaging cotton.

Hogg Bros. of Hamilton county sold to W. B. Floyd, a Missouri cattlemen, 500 5-year-old steers.

The Chicago Live Stock World predicts that fewer cattle will be marketed this year than in 1901.

Despite the drouth it is claimed more corn will be produced in Wise county this year than last.

Constable Hamilton of Alvarado says Kansas corn planted in that section of Johnson county is doing fairly well.

A number of cattle have been quarantined in the southern portion of Grant county, New Mexico on account of ticks.

F. N. Page sold to James Cox 153 dehorned steers at \$20 and a few calves at \$25. They were shipped to Pierre, S. D.

Farmers and stockmen in Mississippi and Alabama intend feeding their cattle on cassava. It is said to fatten the animals fast.

The United States government may establish a horse ranch in the Philippines and raise animals for service there in the army.

Salt water going up Louisiana bayous has prevented irrigation of rice and in consequence the cereal is being drouth damaged.

W. J. McIntyre, the well known southwest Texas stockman, shipped to New York city a carload of steers to be used in roping contests.

At the Chicago stockyards last week E. O. Farmer of Aledo, Tex., sold eight steers averaging 1314 pounds at \$7.65 per 100 pounds.

Crop conditions were never better in Moore county than now. Tanks and lakes are also full of water and farmers and stockmen full of joy.

A sheep shearing plant has been put in operation at Hugo, Col. It is estimated that 40,000 sheep will be sheared at the sheds there this season.

A Gomez, two miles south of Mineral Wells, who has forty acres in corn, says he will raise thirty bushels to the acre even if not another drop of rain falls.

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# AN IDEAL MATCH

By HOWARD DEVINE

(Copyright, 1902, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

It was an ideal match; everybody agreed upon that. Both were young, of the best families, and of equal social station. She was a girl of rare personal beauty and self-poise and, moreover, widely read, keenly intelligent and ambitious. He was a handsome fellow, a bit too impulsive, perhaps, but none the less charming for that. His college career had been more productive of athletic than intellectual triumphs, but that was natural enough in a full-blooded, high-spirited youth. It was clear that they had been designed for one another. Their very difference in temperament seemed to fit them more completely for a complete and well-rounded whole.

He certainly adored her. It was natural enough for her to be pushed to the front in the woman's clubs and the church societies and in economic organizations. And it was a pity that he did not follow her in all these things very successfully. Of course, it was unfortunate that Harry had not the best and coldest business head and made mistakes and all but lost his patrimony and hers, and it, of course, was very fortunate that her head was accurate and cool and after he had given up and gone to her in despair crying that they were ruined she calmly took the reins and engineered the affair through to a successful issue. But the world was not sure about that in the light of subsequent events.

"Better if he had lost all and gone to work on a salary," some said "than to have the property saved at the expense of domestic happiness." For it was evident as the years increased that they were growing apart very rapidly. After the business episode she scarcely concealed her lack of respect for his judgment. This made her, but not less than her embracing of all the "isms" and "ologies" and inhuman theories of modern asceticism. Never demonstrative she came more and more to be sufficient unto herself. The first year of the marriage had scarcely passed before she became annoyed at any demonstration of affection by her husband—later she repelled them, so they were not offered. He was naturally of an affectionate disposition and would have lavished a wealth of affection on her if she had permitted it. And into his eyes there grew a light of sorrow and yearning. When the baby came he brightened up, believing that might change it all. But it only made it worse, and not only did Helen not change, but brought little Alice up to stifle and look down upon all demonstrations of affection.

And so Harry Thornton began to be seen more and more at the clubs and the haunts of men and to go on long fishing and hunting excursions and to spend less and less time at home. Helen appeared relieved rather than otherwise and pursued her triumphant career. Then came the other woman. She was inevitable in the nature of things. Thornton was handsome, entertaining and lovable. He was unhampered for love. Into his life drifted Eva La Sharpe, with baby-blue eyes that made Helen's look like tempered steel, light brown hair through which the sun

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# THEY WERE GROWING APART VERY RAPIDLY.

As for me, I am going to live again. God, the joy of holding in my arms a woman with a pulsating heart and gladness and sympathy and love in her eyes. She gives up more than I, for I can never give her nor her children a name unless you should find it in your heart to obtain a divorce. That is wholly in your hands. Good-by, forever, and God bless and keep you and Alice."

Opinion was divided as whether Helen was all to blame or whether Helen should share a portion of the fault. Everybody agreed, however, that there were no extenuating circumstances regarding Eva La Sharpe. This is the habit of the world.

# HOW GEN. LEE MET FUNSTON.

Pitiable Plight of Aginaldo's Capturer at the Close of the Cuban War.

In a recent public address Gen. Fitzhugh Lee tells an interesting story of how, while consul general at Havana, he first met Gen. Funston. "I remember one day," he said, "as I was sitting in my office there came to me with slow step a rag of a man. He was thin and worn and did not seem to have on anything but a straw hat and a linen duster. His appearance was singular, and I said to myself, 'if that man makes a movement toward his pocket, I will have to kill him in self-defense.' Finally he came closer and, putting his hands out, he said, 'Is this the consul general?' I was so glad to hear the English language that I said quickly, 'Yes, yes; this is Gen. Lee. What can I do for you?'

"Well," he said, "I have been a colonel in the Cuban army. I was wounded pretty badly and I have had fever. I want to get back to the states and so I came to see you."

"I told one of my men to take the poor fellow and fit him out with a suit of clothes and a pair of shoes and whatever else he needed and let him lie in a bath until the steamer sailed and I would look after the transportation. Just before he left it struck me to ask him his name. 'Where are you from?' I said 'Kansas,' he replied. 'What's your name?' I asked. 'Funston,' he answered. 'I asked. 'Funston,' he answered. 'I had something myself to do with the capture of Aginaldo.'"

# Fatal Improvements.

An up-town physician tells of a German friend, a poor journeyman baker, who sent his wife to a local hospital when she fell ill. The physician always asked with interest after the condition of the sick woman when he met the German, and was told in reply: "Well, doctor, they say at the hospital there's improvement." This reply did not vary from day to day for a month or more, and was always spoken by the German very stolidly, as though he really did not see in the report any grounds for hope. Then one morning, meeting the physician and being asked the usual question, he said:

"Oh, she's dead, doctor."

"Dead?" repeated the physician. "What do they say she died of?"

"They didn't say—they didn't have to," answered the German. "I knew. She died of too many improvements."

# Wore Hats in Church.

Time was when men wore their hats in church, and Pepsys evidently considered it an unnecessary piece of strictness to insist on the bare head in the church. In his diary for November 17, 1861, he has an entry: "To church and heard a simple fellow upon the praise of church music, and explaining against men's wearing their hats in church." On September 25 following he went to the French church at the Savoy, where "the minister do preach with his hat on. I suppose in further conformity with our church." Probably it was about this date that the custom of removing hats in the church began.—London Chronicle.

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## DR. MOFFETT'S TETHINA (TEETHING POWDERS)

Rev. J. W. Berry of Arkansas Methodist Conference, writes: "I received five boxes of which I placed one in each of my children's hands. The other day a lady in Michigan had a child who was in a serious condition. Her baby had perfect teeth and she had no further trouble. Other members of the family have used it and every day has been a perfect success."

Being Made Selling \$500 a Month in Business. It is a complete handbook of real and business forms. It is a complete Compendium of plain and ornamental penmanship; a complete Penmanship and Farmer's Handbook. A complete set of interest, Grain, Lumber and Cotton Tables; measurements of DISTANCE, Timber, Lumber, Logs and Haul of Grain, etc., in one volume. Over 472 pages, 250 illustrations.

It is a complete business educator; brought home to every purchaser. It is a complete business encyclopedia. 500 agents wanted at once. Boys and girls can sell as well as men and women. Another 210 in one month. Agents have increased all day and night. Selling price \$1.50. Liberal discounts to agents. Send for circular. Agents guaranteed for money returned.

NICHOLS & CO., ATLANTA, GA.

### \$20.00 TO \$40.00 PER WEEK

When you buy garments bearing the above trademark you have the result of more than half a century of experience backed by our guarantee.

SOLD BY REPRESENTATIVE TRADE EVERYWHERE. A. J. TOWER CO., BOSTON, MASS.

### YOUR GRANDFATHER WORE TOWER'S FISH BRAND WATERPROOF OILED CLOTHING

When you buy garments bearing the above trademark you have the result of more than half a century of experience backed by our guarantee.

SOLD BY REPRESENTATIVE TRADE EVERYWHERE. A. J. TOWER CO., BOSTON, MASS.

### Another Thru Train to Kool Kolorado

BEGINNING JULY FIRST, WE SHALL HAVE TWO THRU TRAINS TO COLORADO EACH DAY.

One will leave Fort Worth at 9:45 A. M. and the other, 11:30 P. M. After the arrival of all evening coaches.

For guests who wish to retire early, a sleeping car will be ready each evening at 9 o'clock. Both trains will be run thru to Denver. Each will carry three coaches and sleeping cars, and meals will be served, en route, in dining cars.

"This doubles the thru train service to Colorado from this territory. There is still 'Only One Road' which has any 'A. M.' We have also the only direct Colorado line, on sale all summer, every day. Tickets round over our line have more stop-over privileges than any other road can offer."

"THE DENVER ROAD" Passenger Department, FT. WORTH, TEX.

### NEW SLEEPING CAR SERVICE VIA SANTA FE TO COLORADO

Leave South Texas every evening, North Texas every morning. Arrive Colorado Springs, 12:30 noon the following day. The best meals are served by Fred Harvey. Send for 20-page booklet.

"A COLORADO SUMMER" W. S. KEENAN, G. P. A.

### ALAWN SETTEE

MADE ENTIRELY OF HARDWOOD... and Painted Two Coats. Very Durable.

THOUSANDS IN USE. CULVER LUMBER & MFG. CO. KANSAS CITY, U. S. A.

### W. R. C. Beaumont Crude Oil NATURE'S Greatest Remedy

Miraculously Cures Consumption, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all Skin Diseases.

Five month's supply with directions sent to any address for 50 cents.

The Wyndham Robertson Co. General Distributors. North Texas Bldg., Dallas, Texas.

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Miraculously Cures Consumption, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all Skin Diseases.

Five month's supply with directions sent to any address for 50 cents.

The Wyndham Robertson Co. General Distributors. North Texas Bldg., Dallas, Texas.

### WESTERN LADY \$2.00 SHOE

Best of All. Made of fine, soft, specially selected kid for light use and best quality chrome plated calf for heavy wear. POSITIVE GUARANTEE. SHOES THAT WEAR ALL DAY. If your dealer does not handle them, order from us. Write to: W. L. B. Co., 145 N. 1st St., St. Louis, Mo. 100. We will send you a sample of our shoes on receipt of price, 50c. A. J. Thompson, Jr., Johnson City, N. C.

### Early in the morning, late at night, or whenever used, Defiance Starch will be found always the same, always the best.

Insist on having it, the most for your money.

Satisfaction or money back guaranteed. It is manufactured under the latest improved conditions. It is up-to-date. It is the best. We give no premiums.

We sell 16 ounces of the best starch made for 10 cents. Other brands are 12 ounces for 10 cents with a tin whistle.

Manufactured by Magnetic Starch Mfg. Co. Omaha, Neb.

### HERPICIDE BEAUTY IS NEVER COMPLETE

Without a thick luxuriant head of soft glossy hair, which is in truth a woman's crown, her beauty is never complete. Herpicide never fails to produce hair of this character, for, by destroying the dandruff germ that feeds upon the scalp, it restores the hair root, it stops the falling hair, and it promotes a new and healthy growth to replace the old thin, brittle hair.

One bottle will restore your hair to its former state. For sale at all first-class drug stores.

### HAMLIN'S WIZARD OIL PAIN OF ANY KIND

ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT.

The butcher has a killing way of making a living.

Tetter is Terrible. But Tetterine cures it. "My wife has had Tetter for twenty years, and Tetterine is the only thing that cures it. I have used it on my face, neck, arms, and legs. It has cured me. It is a box by mail from J. T. Shurtz, St. Louis, Mo. If your druggist don't keep it, write for it."

Of course feet have something to do with the poetry of motion.

Superior quality and extra quantity must win. This is why Defiance Starch is taking the place of all others.

Sometimes a man's bad luck is due to his reputation.

Many School Children Are Sickly. Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, used by Mother Gray, a nurse in Children's Home, New York, cure Fever, Chills, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders and Destroy Worms. At all druggists, 25c. Sample mailed free. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

A jack knife may be dangerous, but so is a jackpot.

Pink's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds. - N. W. SACRET, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

The postman is a taking fellow with a fetching way.

To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 50c.

A civilized man is a savage compelled to earn his daily bread.

To the housewife who has not yet become acquainted with the new things of everyday use in the market and who is reasonably satisfied with the old, we would suggest that a trial of Defiance Cold Water Starch be made at once. Not alone because it is guaranteed by the manufacturers to be superior to any other brand, but because each 10c. package contains 16 ozs., while all the other kinds contain but 12 ozs. It is safe to say that the lady who once uses Defiance Starch will use no other. Quality and quantity must win.

### MISS VIRGINIA GRANES

Tells How Hospital Physicians Use and Rely upon Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM - Twelve years continuous service at the sick bed in some of our prominent hospitals, as well as at private homes, has given me varied experiences with the diseases of women. I have nursed some of the most distinguished names in the profession. I have seen many cases of women who have been cured by your Compound. I have advised my patients and friends to use it and have yet to hear of its first failure to cure. "Four years ago I had falling of the womb from straining in lifting a heavy patient, and knowing of the value of your Compound I began to use it at once, and in six weeks I was well once more, and have had no trouble since. I am most pleased to have had an opportunity to say a few words in praise of your Vegetable Compound, and shall take every occasion to recommend it."

Miss VIRGINIA GRANES - \$5000 forfeit if above testimonial is not genuine.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has stood the test of time, and has cured thousands.

Mrs. Pinkham advises sick women free. Address, Lynn, Mass.

### SUMMER VACATIONS

Are pleasant or otherwise, as we choose to make them. To begin right now that your ticket reads via such lines as will afford the most comfort and enjoy your journey of every feature of ennobling or fatigue. The Southern Pacific-Sunset route is perfectly equipped, the track rock ballasted and smooth, and is operated on the most approved methods known to the railway world. Round trip summer excursion tickets are now on sale at very reduced rates to points in Alabama, Arkansas, Colorado, Georgia, Iowa, Kentucky, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, Tennessee, Virginia, West Virginia and Wisconsin. Try a trip to New York via New Orleans and Cromwell line; it's delightful.

For literature and rates write H. L. Robbins, G. P. and T. A.; T. J. Anderson, A. G. P. A., Houston, Tex.

Like elder, some people are sweet until it is time to go to work.

### STREET'S WELLS

The famous original Toga mineral wells, the wells that have made Toga famous; a positive cure for rheumatism and similar ailments; both houses; trained attendants; competent medical staff; open all year; complete literature and rates call on or address The Toga Mineral Wells Co., Toga, Tex. Box 95.

Lots of people seem to be proud of the fact that they have nothing to be proud of.

What About Your School House?

You may not this season be able to build a new one, or make the radical changes in the old one that you had in contemplation, but there is no school district in the United States that cannot afford to tint with Alabastine the interior of their buildings, thus making them more attractive, getting collectors made with special reference to their effects on the eyes of the pupils, getting a sanitary and rock base cement coating that will not harbor disease germs.

The closely crowded school rooms need all the safeguards to the health of the pupil that intelligent officials can surround them with, and all small towns unite in saying that Alabastine is the only proper material to be used on such walls.

When you are doing well, let well enough alone.

Mrs. Winslow's Sore Throat Syrup. For children teething, sore throat, croup, reduces inflammation, always cures whooping cough, A. E. HARRITT, Dallas, Texas.

Frequently emotion is mistaken for sympathy.

Hall's Catarrh Cure Is a constitutional cure. Price, 75c.

A wise man never trusts anyone who trusts to luck.

Try me just once and I am sure to come again. Defiance Starch.

Many persons look on the wrong side of life to see the funny side.

The average person who picks up a railroad time folder does not realize the enormous amount of work which the preparation of such a publication involves.

The Big Burlington System, for instance, has a general time folder made up from sixteen different divisions operating time tables. The folder contains 2,000 names of towns, and whenever there is a change in time, sixty thousand figures have to be carefully checked and corrected.

Selfishness is a disease matrimony often cures.

HERPES SPECIFIC HEADACHE POWDERS - The only harmless 1-cent cure for all Headaches. Price 10c. per box. Sent by mail of one box only. 119 Alamo Plaza, San Antonio, Tex.

It isn't the girl that fires up quickest who makes the best match.

THOSE WHO HAVE TRIED IT will use no other. Lotion Cold Water Starch has no equal in quantity or quality - 18 oz. for 10 cents. Other brands contain only 12 oz.

Some men ought to be ashamed of themselves if they are acquainted.

You Can Get Allen's Foot-Ease Free. Write to-day to Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y., for a FREE sample of Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder, it cures sweating, damp, swollen, aching feet. Makes new or tight shoes easy. A certain cure for Chills and Frost-bites. At all druggists and shoe stores; 25 cents.

A circus rounds out the pleasures of life.

### WAS IT A NEW EXPERIENCE?

Tale of a Strange Happening to Party of Literary Men.

Sir Wemyss Reid's new biography on William Black, the novelist, recalls an amusing story of Black's visit to America which has never before appeared in print. It concerns Mr. Black and three literary men, who, as they are still living, we shall designate as Messrs. A, B, and C. It seems that Black and this interesting trio were having a quiet afternoon at poker, into the mysteries of which Black desired to be initiated. An accompaniment to the game, merely for purposes of accuracy in local color, was a bottle of fine old whiskey, which Black had provided, with pride in its high merit. This bottle now becomes a part of the hero and villain of the story; for it was so old, and had so long been undisturbed that the fumes had collected at the top in deadly strength. All of the party drank lightly, but the consequences were so unfortunate that one of the literary gentlemen retired and went to bed, and another, a very abstemious man, ascended the staircase of his own home on his hands and knees, and when his astounded wife inquired what was the matter, amiably replied, "My dear, I wish they wouldn't take the banisters of the stairs. Why do they do it, dear?" When the four friends met later and compared notes, their experiences were found to be singularly alike, and the trouble being explained, Black laughingly apologized for his unintentionally dangerous hospitality.

### He Didn't Thrash the Judge.

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### Threat of the 11.

Maj. McDowell, clerk of the house, returned to Washington from a holiday at his home in Pennsylvania. While there the major went to court to hear a suit tried that had been brought against the Pennsylvania railroad by a farmer whose cow was killed by train.

"If the train had been run as it should have been run; if the bell had been rung as it should have been rung; if the whistle had been blown as it should have been blown; both of which they did neither—the cow would not have been injured when she was killed," said the jury.

Cow Was Disobedient.

A missionary, speaking in London the other day, said that in response to appeals for various articles for use on an African farm a milking stool was sent to him from England. He gave it to the negro whose duty it was to milk the cows, with instructions to use it. On the first day the negro returned with the stool broken and the cow battered, but with an empty pail. When asked for an explanation of his laziness, he replied in a rather dubious tone: "Milk stool very nice, massa, but she won't sit on it." He knows by this time.

Severed Fifth Avenue Than Heaven.

While Dr. Faunce was pastor of the Fifth Avenue Baptist church, Dr. D. Parker Morgan, the pastor of the Church of the Heavenly Rest, meeting him at a reception, said:

"Dr. Faunce, I have never been quite able to understand why you call your church the Fifth Avenue Baptist church, when the church is not on Fifth avenue, but on Forty-sixth. Can you enlighten me?"

"Perhaps not, doctor," replied Dr. Faunce, "but you must at least acknowledge that our church is nearer to Fifth avenue than yours to Heaven."

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# Gossip From The National Capital

(Special Letter)

**UNCLE JOE CANNON** was chairman of the select committee which had in charge the returning of representatives' hall. Among the other things promised the members for this session was an elaborate system of ventilation by which cold air could be forced up through a series of ducts so as to reduce the temperature of the hall and make it comfortable in hot weather. The members have been waiting for the cold air, but so far none has been felt. The temperature in the house is the same as in the senate and in the corridors of the capitol. Congressman Watson walked over to Mr. Cannon one afternoon when there were more members in the restaurant than there were in the house. The Indian's collar was melted and his face was beaded with perspiration.

"Uncle Joe," he asked, seriously, "where is that cold air you voted money for last session?"

"Yes, where is it?" echoed Mr. Cannon as he mechanically mopped his forehead with his handkerchief. "I told those damned fools on the committee that I was not in favor of buying anything I could not see, but they were bound to do it."

"I have a seat way back in the rear of the House where the Constitution doesn't reach," said Frank Smith of Michigan. "Moss" of Kentucky came over my way looking for a place to locate after the House decided his contest favorably, and he was grumbling about getting so far back in it."



SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION.

of which, of course, I sympathized with him.

"I thought when this House seated me I should have a place to sit," remarked this young Kentuckian.

"And I guess you were willing then to accept almost any old kind of seat," I loved to him.

"He seemed to agree with me thoroughly on that point," concluded the Michigan humorist.

Senator Mitchell met Senator Hoar in the private elevator the other day. Senator Mitchell held in his hand tenderly a handsome silk hat.

"Tell me where I can have a Panama hat cleaned," he said.

Senator Hoar could not tell him.

"I wanted to wear it today," Mr. Mitchell continued, "but I found it somewhat soiled when I had it brought out."

Then he told the story of his Panama.

"I bought the hat in Paris last summer," he said. "My knowledge of French was not very good, and I thought I was paying only \$5 for it. When I got the bill I found that it was 50 francs, or \$10. And so I think that I should keep it clean and handsome in order that I may not regret the price."

Senator Hoar—I buy my hats fifteen years in advance so that they will be comfortable and satisfactory when I become reconciled to recognizing them officially as mine.

Some years ago Representative Williams of Mississippi made a tour of Europe. In Rome he ran across a fellow American who was being beset by a mob because he had inadvertently given a street vendor less money than was due for something he had purchased. Mr. Williams extricated his fellow countryman from difficulty, and after that they were great friends, seeing the sights together.

On the last day of their stay in Rome they went riding. Presently they met a magnificent carriage, the occupant of which courteously bowed to the two Americans. Mr. Williams touched his hat, but his friend sat as stiff as a ramrod.

"Why didn't you bow?" inquired Mr. Williams. "That man was King Victor Emmanuel." "I know it," was the reply, "but I ain't lowering to kings."

Washington has become the mecca



Senator Clark of Wyoming.

of which, of course, I sympathized with him.

"I thought when this House seated me I should have a place to sit," remarked this young Kentuckian.

"And I guess you were willing then to accept almost any old kind of seat," I loved to him.

"He seemed to agree with me thoroughly on that point," concluded the Michigan humorist.

Senator Mitchell met Senator Hoar in the private elevator the other day. Senator Mitchell held in his hand tenderly a handsome silk hat.

"Tell me where I can have a Panama hat cleaned," he said.

Senator Hoar could not tell him.

"I wanted to wear it today," Mr. Mitchell continued, "but I found it somewhat soiled when I had it brought out."

Then he told the story of his Panama.

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## PARROT WAS AN APT PUPIL

Maiden Lady's Pet From a Lamentable Fall From Grace.

A most estimable maiden lady living in Dochester has a parrot, which, by dint of great effort, she has taught to recite verse after verse of scriptural texts. The parrot became a sort of animated Bible, until he fell into evil ways, and there is now much mourning on the part of the maiden lady, who has decided that the precept, "Evil communications corrupt good manners," is a true one.

She has a niece who is a very lively young woman, and who also has a parrot. The young woman lives with a lot of wicked brothers. A few weeks ago she came on from New York to pay her aunt a visit. She brought her parrot along, too. The birds on first acquaintance solemnly winked and blinked at one another, and both were silent for a time, but later were heard chattering together in a friendly fashion.

It was a few days later that the maiden lady had a terrible shock. She says the Boston Herald. She was roused from her slumber by her good Sunday school parrot talking, but alas! instead of texts from the Bible, slang of the most modern description, intermingled with a few violent swear words, issued from the good old bird's beak. The New York parrot had taught its quiet Dochester friend all of this new language, and now all Bible texts are forgotten, and the maiden lady, in mingled sadness and anger, is looking for a new home for her corrupted Polly.

## CLEVER PARISIAN DRESSMAKER.

Jumble Beginning of Gay City's Leading Man Milliner.

Pequin, the leading man milliner of Paris, was a clerk on the horse-draw carriage, with no knowledge of dressmaking. He is a very handsome man and when he met a pretty dressmaker who had a small shop he married her. Gradually the two extended their establishment until today they are the joint aristocrats of fashion, standing easily at the head of all dressmakers in the French capital. Once thoroughly established in a prominent way, the clever and ornamental young couple inaugurated a new regime. No haughty seclusion, no barred doors at the Maison Pequin. Madame was met at the door by mounting himself, and to be done by Pequin was a treat. The most beautiful Parisian elegantes and the homeliest old dowager received the same flattering welcome, the same tender interest. The charming woman, the handsome man, both so deeply interested, both so deferential, both so intelligent. This was a new experience and the Parisienne smiled and purred, bought more than she intended and came again.

## It Was the Proper Place.

An English member of parliament of a generation ago was not noted for his habits of personal cleanliness. Once he was visiting a sea side place and one day while out in a boat with a sailing party he was swept overboard, but was happily rescued. When the excitement was over a young fellow rushed down into the cabin. "By Jove!" he exclaimed, "we've been having such an exciting time on deck!" "What is it?" asked everybody. "Mr. Blank was washed overboard," "I'm glad of it," snapped a fastidious matron. "Everybody was horrified. 'Well, I am,' she exclaimed. 'Just think of that man being washed on board!'

## A Bohemian Experiment.

Lovin Eggleston, Postmaster and one of the wealthiest merchants in Millerton, N. Y., has made a special study of the tramp question for years. In company with his wife and J. H. Whitaker, and wife of Malden, Mass., he takes his vacation in gypsy fashion this season. They will travel through the country, the men selling and trading horses, while the women tell fortunes and sell lace and other gypsy wares. In an interview Mr. Eggleston, who contemplates the term on the trip about July 1, when his term as postmaster will have expired, said he had decided that the easiest life to lead was that of tramps and gypsies.

## A Kaiser Anecdote.

The Kaiser is fond of children, and likes them to answer frankly the questions he asks them. While visiting the Syrian orphanage at Jerusalem—one of the institutions that owes its existence to the German Protestant Mission—the emperor examined the little Syrian orphans in geography. He asked one boy what those African states were called that were not under the sway of native rulers. "German colonies," was the prompt reply, which elicited from William II. the following laughing observation: "If I were to carry out this boy's dangerous policy of annexation it would plunge me at once into a war with England and France!"

## Glasgow Old-Foggyish.

"Glasgow is quite free from corruption, but there is considerable bosh about the local municipal government of the city," said a Glasgow man now touring this county to an interviewer the other day. "The public improvements are far behind those of many cities in the United States. The electric lights are queer, old-fashioned things, and the city permitted the construction of overhead wires for the street railways. Commissioners were sent to various cities to look into electric light systems and electric railway systems. I can't imagine where they went for, they brought back a lot of very old-fashioned ideas."

## Statues of Three Famous Men.

Statues to the memories of De Witt Clinton, Alexander Hamilton and John Jay will be erected in the New York Chamber of Commerce, both in its new home in Liberty street. The three dead men were associated with the early history of the chamber, and the three living men are Morris K. Jesup, John S. Kennedy and William F. Lodge, present members, who defray the expenses. The cost of each statue is estimated at about \$12,000, and the sculptors doing the work are Daniel French and Philip Marigny.

# Home and Fashion

**Chic Gown.**  
A charming afternoon gown is of chestnut tone of voile, embroidered in pale tan. The bodice is slightly swathed across the front, caught at the side with a big gold buckle, beneath which are two long loops of pale tan liberty satin ribbon, and with ends depending nearly to the border of the skirt. The neck is filled in with pale tan chiffon. On the left side of the bust is a spray of leaf bows in soft shades of cream and brown. The skirt is cut with a front-iron flare, each seam being strapped with Louisiana silk of the same hue as the fabric. At the border of the skirt are three rows of the strapping.

**A Decidedly Novel Sleeve.**  
This gown combines all the new features of the current mode. The



**Green Hats in Favor.**  
The liking for green is steadily increasing, especially for hats, and the latest model of these shows a fine Tuscan straw of the old "pork-pie" turban shape, trimmed with two emerald green ostrich feathers. The hat of blue and green straw is going out of favor, but all green is greatly to the fore. Lace and tulle hats are appearing again in full force, the lace embroidered in fanciful colored backgrounds and arranged to rest on the back of the hair with long ends. Black hats are also in favor, and when worn with light-colored gowns are supremely becoming.

**Jacket of Black Taffeta.**  
This charming little jacket is of black taffeta tucked in clusters and perforated in a small, neat design showing the white satin lining. It is fashioned with a novel basque or skirt which appears only at the side and back, and the large collar is of em-



broided batiste over a still larger collar of embroidered taffeta. The sleeves are very wide and flaring at the wrist and have double turned back cuffs of taffeta complete the jacket, which is a model for spring wear. All the tucks are attached with Corticelli sewing silk.

A novel feature for blouse jackets and dresses is general in the latest brot vest effect. It has been stated

## TWO GOWNS FROM PARIS.



The first gown is of white silk with a yoke and outlines a sort of hip yoke in buff, while at the sides and back the skirt is slightly plaited or gathered.

The front and back of the bodice are made with groups of fine plaited alternating with rows of fagoting, giving the effect of a square yoke bordered with the embroidery. The full sleeves are also trimmed with the embroidery and gathered into deep cuffs ornamented with fagoting. The crusted collar and girde are of rose

pluk silk, the former ornamented in front with a gold buckle.

The other gown is of very pale blue silk. The skirt is finished at the bottom with a narrow goume, headed by a rich embroidery in which dark red velvet ribbon is run. From this embroidery, bands of the same extend upward to the girde, forming panels.

The bodice is trimmed at the top yoke-fashion and on each side of the front with the embroidery. In that on the fronts is run with velvet ribbon, the ends finished with gold tips. The collar and plastron are of ecru guipure and the draped girde is of the silk. The sleeves, made with a large puff at the bottom, are trimmed at the top and bottom with the embroidery.

# TOO MUCH GRANDFATHER

The floor was littered with manuscript as is usual in a newspaper office. The dark pigeon-holes were filled with selections put away with a purpose, but as soon forgotten. Other selections had been added, until it would have defied the search of the most ingenious and yet at times the editor might take one at random, to find himself musing on the memories of years.

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With pleasure the marriage of Captain Randall Ponda and Miss Hortense Marie MacOwen. As the granddaughter of the late Colonel Henry G. De Long, one of McGinville's most prominent, influential and wealthy citizens, the bride will be welcomed into the most select society upon her return.

"Front page position, madame," said the editor, "I shall see personally that it gets there."

The couple had to return, and in a house hold a reception, and in other ways kept before the public. There was no escaping the death grip of the old grandfather in each case, and it was not long until every reader took it for granted that the Colonel Henry G. De Long was to be found somewhere whenever Captain and Mrs. Ponda were mentioned.

The Ponda was proud and busy. The Ponda was mentioned and Mrs. Ponda was mentioned. The Ponda was mentioned and Mrs. Ponda was mentioned. The Ponda was mentioned and Mrs. Ponda was mentioned.

"I am going to get married!" "Congratulations!" "Yes, to a daughter of one of the oldest families hereabout. Her mother wants the engagement announced, and she has written it out in this form."

"The lady," continued Captain Ponda, "also asked me to give you this paper, which she thought would save you the trouble of writing an editorial notice."

"We must congratulate our newly acquired citizen, Captain Randall Ponda, upon his conquest of the heart of so amiable a lady as Miss MacOwen. She is the daughter of Mrs. Lucinda MacOwen, and granddaughter of the late Colonel Henry G. De Long, who was one of McGinville's most prominent, influential and wealthy citizens."

"The captain then retired, and became thereafter the bearer of a remarkable series of announcements, leading up to the wedding day. First came a notice stating that 'Society was taking great interest in the announced betrothal of Colonel Ponda and Miss MacOwen, the lady being well known as the granddaughter of the late Colonel G. De Long, who was one of McGinville's most prominent, influential and wealthy citizens.'

"The marriage of Miss Hortense Marie MacOwen and Captain Ponda will take place at high noon, October 12. Miss MacOwen is the granddaughter of the late Colonel Henry G. De Long, who was one of McGinville's most prominent, influential and wealthy citizens."

"When the foreman received this notice he asked: 'Why can't we keep this paragraph standing?' The old grandfather seems to be destined to play his part all the way through, and we might as well make some 'fad' out of it."

"This marriage will be a notable affair, because of the great social prominence of the bride, who is the granddaughter of the late Colonel Henry G. De Long, one of McGinville's most prominent, influential and wealthy citizens."

"The paper had dropped from my hand. The last street car for the suburbs was sounding the gong, and I hastened to leave my ghostly company behind. There was too much grandfather."

**MONTANA PROCESS SERVERS.**  
One Deputy Sheriff's Hardships in Getting a Witness.  
The perils of process serving in Montana in winter are more than those of any other state. Think of a deputy sheriff who risked his life—and nearly lost it—and traveled sixteen days to serve a subpoena on one witness. Clyde Osgood of Fergus county, is the deputy. Recently he was ordered to serve a witness in a state case.

After many days' traveling in a wide and sparsely settled country he found his man at Landusky, in the Little Rockies, served him and started to return. On reaching the old crossing of the Missouri below Rocky Point he was forced to take to a skiff. A thin crust of ice, however, was on the river, and not having the luck of George Washington on the Delaware, Osgood had to abandon the attempt. Then he tried to walk across. He succeeded until he reached the center, and then he broke through.

An ordinary man, says the Anaconda Standard, would have drowned. Montana sheriffs are not ordinary men, however, so Osgood finished his journey by swimming, breaking the ice in front of him as he progressed. Reaching the other side he procured another horse and proceeded to Lewiston, reaching there in sixteen days after his start. And he does not think he did anything unusual, either.

Some people, after casting a crust of bread upon the waters, think they should get a bowl of milk-teak in return.

Let him not be a lover who has not courage.



A marriage announcement attracted my attention.

# Windsor Castle a Vast Treasure House

(Special Letter.)

**W**INDSOR CASTLE is one of the greatest treasure houses in the world, and by the king's command the public are to be given the privilege of inspecting the gorgeous state rooms of the palace, which contain some of the most beautiful and the most costly of the treasures.

The entire castle, says a London writer, has been overhauled since the late queen's death, and during the many months that have elapsed skilled workmen have been busy preparing a new home for the king and queen. New pictures of almost priceless value have been hung in the state apartments, armor and art treasures worth millions of pounds, furniture of the most superb description, carpets that cannot be purchased anywhere, and

by some of the finest pictures in the world. The room is now an art gallery in itself, and will be much talked about. The apartment, by the way, used to be known as the "Queen's state drawing-room." Here is now to be seen Quintin Matsys' famous work, "The Misers," which picture-lovers from all parts will visit Windsor to see. Then there are magnificent works by Guido, Titian, Canaletto, Correggio, Holbein and many others.

The visitor next enters the old ball-room, now usually styled "the Vandyck room," on account of the paintings contained therein being the production of that master. Here one sees a picture of Thomas Killigrew, who, by his exhaustless store of wit and humor rendered himself peculiarly acceptable to Charles II., in whose household he held the post of groom to the bedchamber. At the Restoration he received the additional ap-



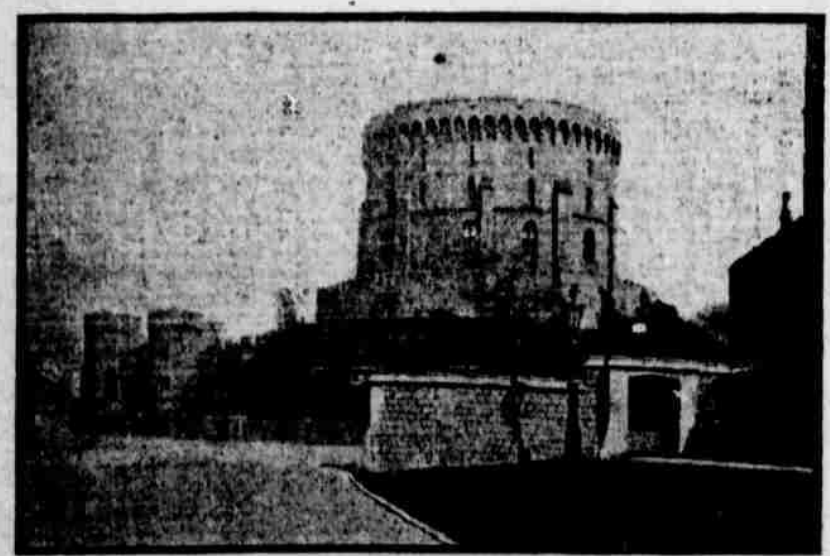
VICTORIA TOWER.

curios of untold value have been collected and arranged by the most eminent authorities in England, and the finishing touches are being put on for the public view.

The visitor first proceeds along the North Terrace (from which a magnificent view is always obtainable) to the grand entrance, a lofty doorway, through which the public will now be conducted to the state apartments. From the vestibule the public will come to the grand staircase, about which has been arranged the finest collection of arms and armor in the world. On the lower landing is a full-length statue of George IV. by Chantrey.

At the top of the grand staircase is a tiger's head from the throne of Tipoo Sultan. This throne was of considerable magnificence. It was octagonal in shape, having at the corners eight tiger's heads of gold. The legs of the throne were fashioned in the shape of the legs of the tiger, which appeared to support the whole on his back. Tipoo had adopted the tiger as the emblem of his state, and upon most of his arms is a cipher, signifying, "The Lion of God is the Conqueror." After the storming of Seringapatam, in 1799, this head was brought to England by the East India Co., and was presented to William IV.

There is also here the golden bird from the throne of Tipoo Sultan. Over the throne was a golden canopy and on the top of this canopy was this splendid bird. It is about the size of a small pigeon and is intended to represent the fabulous bird of antiquity which is well known to Persian scholars. It is called "the human bird," a bird peculiar to the East, supposed to fly constantly in the air and never touch the ground. It is looked upon as a bird of happy omen, and that every head it overshadows will in time wear a crown.



THE ROUND TOWER.

A description of the arms and armor would take up nearly a page of a newspaper. Many of them were gifts from Lord Roberts and Lord Kitchener to the late queen. Here are a few picked out haphazard:

The khalfia's coat of mail, with padded coat and cap, found in Omdurman.

A shield mounted with silver, belonging to Ras Alula, taken by the derivishes at the battle of Gallabat in 1899 and captured in Omdurman.

Ancient helmets belonging to the former kings of Darfur and captured in Omdurman.

King John's saddle and trappings, taken by the derivishes after his death at the battle of Gallabat and found in Omdurman.

A crown which belonged to the Queen of Shoa, a kingdom of South Abyssinia. It was brought to the late queen and presented at Buckingham Palace in 1843.

Passing through Charles II.'s banquetting room (known more familiarly as the state ante-room) the visitor will come to what has long been known as the Zuccarelli room, on account of the principal figures in it being painted by Francesco Zuccarelli. These have, however, been removed, and replaced

wire skeletons of the designs, but these are to be brightened with fresh flowers and decorative leaves, and will continue to beautify the scene during the summer and fall. Mrs. McKinley has given an order to a local florist to revive the designs in part, banking most of them with new foliage and covering some of them with roses and other flowers from time to time. Mrs. McKinley continues to make daily visits to the tomb.

**Goose as Gold Finder.**  
Gold was once discovered in Western Australia by the eccentric action of a goose, which carried pieces of the precious metal from the bed of a creek at low water to its nest at a neighboring farmhouse. The jubilant owner of the goose, having traced the gold to its source, formed a syndicate to work the creek bed for all it was worth, and then gave a bountiful banquet in the best hotel in the town in honor of the luck-bringing goose.

The constant Christ in the heart makes the consistent Christian in the world.  
Love a cough and smoke are hard to hide.

## AGRICULTURE

### STEAM DREDGES USED IN DRAINING LANDS.

In several parts of the West new lands are being opened up by the use of steam dredges, such as are employed to deepen rivers. For a year or more some of the richest lands in Missouri have been the scene of such operations. In some cases the dredges have been able to work forward in nearly straight lines for miles, throwing the dirt up on each side of them, and leaving a broad water way in which the silt that bears the dredging machinery floats freely. It is preparing land for drainage on a gigantic scale. The ditches being both broad and deep draw off the water from broad sections, and also act as a main ditch into which to run laterals. This land has been almost or quite worthless. By this means it will in a few years become of great value. The floating dredge is mostly used and the operations begin at the source of the ditch, so that the water may accumulate in the ditch and float the silt. The greatest problems are faced when such marsh lands are overgrown with timber of large dimensions. In this case the timber must not only be cut off, but the stumps must be cleared away. In many cases, however, it is practicable to run the ditch in a way to avoid the clumps of heavy trees. We hear of like work being done in Indiana and other states in which are considerable areas of marsh land.

### MATERIALS FOR COMPOST NOW GOING TO WASTE.

It would naturally be thought that the day had gone by when any farmer would burn up straw and other like material to get rid of it. That the practice is still with us is doubtless a fact, though we believe that every year the number of farmers that thus dispose of surplus material decreases. Certainly this year there are very few farmers that have any kind of foodstuffs beyond their needs. Where a farmer has a barnyard and a surplus straw stack there is no reason why the two cannot be brought together, providing always that the straw cannot be fed out. We have heard this winter of a barnyard in an exceedingly filthy condition, while just outside of the yard was a pile of such material going to waste in the elements. It would have been a small matter to throw the forage over the fence and turn it over to the tramping of cattle. The straw and the manure would have been soon mixed. In a few months that same straw would be humus and ready to go onto the land. If much be also obtainable so much the better.

### WHY FARMERS SHOULD STAY ON THE FARM.

It is for the interest of the general farming community that the owners of farms continue to reside on them. The mania for moving to town and rusting out what remains of life is very destructive to good farms and good farming methods. This policy seems to be of comparatively recent birth in the United States, and we hope it will have its run quickly. We have heard a great deal about how to keep the boy on the farm, but we wish some one would tell us how to keep the old man on the farm. When a good farmer quits farming and moves out of a community of good farmers he inflicts a great injury on that locality. He makes life less endurable to those that are left. A locality given up to tenant farming can hardly be a prosperous one. Every farm is therefore compelled to carry double. Let the old men remain on the farms and improve them till their homesteads are illustrious examples of what good farming can accomplish. Shall the farms be allowed to go to decay? Tenant farming will help to ruin them down. The eyes of the owners are needed to keep them up.

### TOO MUCH IRRIGATION HURTS WESTERN LANDS.

Word comes from the West that some farmers are ruining their lands by over-irrigating them. The land should be given the water it needs and no more. That applies to the humid as well as to the arid states. The constant downward movement of water leaches the fertility out of the upper soil where it is available and carries it into a portion of the soil where it is not available. In years of moderate rain the fertility works toward the surface of the soil, while in years of heavy rain it works away from the surface. If too much water is applied in irrigation a great deal of the fertility is carried to subterranean channels or to surface streams. If just enough water is used there is little surplus to drain away and most of the fertility carried down into the substrata is subsequently brought back.

### CREAMERY SLOP GOOD FOR IRRIGATING LAND.

In an exchange a creamery man tells how last year he used the waste water from his creamery to irrigate a garden of fruits and flowers. He says he built little dams and so distributed his waste water, using cross furrows. He used only enough water each day to permit of its being absorbed by the ground or evaporated by the sun and air. He claims to have reaped rich rewards in fruit, vegetables and flowers. The creamery waste contains doubtless much plant food and we can see that it would naturally produce beneficial conditions among the growing plants. But the great advantage doubtless was in getting rid of the stinking drain as a public nuisance. If the foul smells of such a drain can be changed into the perfume of flowers, the matter is worthy the consideration of every creamery man.

Virginia white oak green weighs 67.7 pounds to the cubic foot; in two years' time its weight will be reduced to 49.3 pounds.

## HORTICULTURE

### EFFECTIVE CHECK FOR THE SAN JOSE SCALE.

Prof. W. J. Green, of Ohio, says: Various mixtures have been proposed for this insect, but have been found to be more or less effective. It is hardly possible, however, to apply any remedy with such thoroughness as to reach every scale, and because its natural enemies are few and its rate of reproduction very rapid, complete eradication is practically impossible, but by treatment each season it is entirely practicable to hold it in check. The choice of a compound with which to make treatment is not to be determined alone by its efficiency, but by its availability and practicability as well. Regin washes, composed of resin, potash and fish oil, have been found to be efficient, but are troublesome to prepare in a small way. The same is true of a whitewash made of lime, sulphur and salt. Whale oil soap, when used as strong as two pounds to a gallon of water, and applied with thoroughness, is a good remedy. Its cost precludes its use in many cases, and the difficulty of finding suitable weather conditions for the application of it makes results with it quite variable. While not without objections, crude petroleum has been found, in most cases, to meet the requirements better than any other remedy yet tried at the Ohio Experiment Station. The thin, light grade is safer and less troublesome to use than the thick heavy grade, although when diluted with water the latter is less objectionable than if used clear. Refined oil is more harmful than crude.

### MOTH TRAPS OF LITTLE VALUE FOR ORCHARDS.

Prof. J. M. Stedman, Entomologist Missouri, I pronounce, as all other competent entomologists do, that all using trap lanterns of whatever pattern using lights as the attractive agent, are humbugs when used in orchards and do more harm than good on account of the Johnsonian flies (stinging fly or wasp-like insect) they catch. I had five trap lanterns (one of them being Hazeltine's Moth Catcher) in an orchard that was lately infested with the codling moth, and kept them going for 100 consecutive nights, beginning when the trees bloomed. As a result of all this I caught only two codling moths. Is it not a little strange that those that are not entomologists catch these codling moths, while entomologists all fail? The trouble lies in the mistaken identity of the codling moth, since there are a great number of similar looking but harmless moths that are caught by these traps. These traps will not catch—except now and then one by mere accident—the following common injurious insects, which the advocates of the moth catchers claim are caught: The codling moth, Colorado potato beetle, plum curculio, gougiers, flat and round headed apple tree borers, peach tree borers, tomato worm moth, squash bugs, canker worm moth, cabbage butterfly, bud-worm moth, grape vine moth, currant moth, slug moth, strawberry root borer.

### BEN DAVIS APPLES ARE GROWING IN POPULARITY.

In the cities we hear no more complaint about the lack of flavor of Ben Davis. It has been about the only apple the common people could get hold of this past winter, and it has improved on acquaintance. It has been retailed in the Chicago groceries at 65 cents per peck nearly all winter, and now is quoted at 90 cents per peck. In a good many stores the buyer has had his pick of Ben Davis under three different names: Ben Davis, Gano and New York Pippin are illustrious examples of what good farming can accomplish. Shall the farms be allowed to go to decay? Tenant farming will help to ruin them down. The eyes of the owners are needed to keep them up.

### THE PROPER WAY TO HEAD APPLE TREES.

We notice that in modern orchards there is a great tendency to head the apple trees low. This is certainly a great advantage over the old way, where the tree tops were put up as high as possible, necessitating long ladders in harvesting and making it impossible to get at some of the fruit. Such trees, where still existing, offer obstacles to both the harvester and the sprayer. In the latter operation a low-headed tree is more thoroughly treated than a high-headed tree can be. The tops can be low and yet enough room can be left under the lower branches to do the ordinary work of cultivation. This means should be sought. We must do much of our work with horses and therefore the lower branches should not be allowed to lie upon the ground, as we have seen them in some orchards.

### REMEMBER THE DEBT YOU OWE TO THE SOIL.

The up-to-date farmer pays his debts. One of the debts which he does not forget is the one he owes to the soil. He knows that each crop which the soil yields takes from it something of its fertility, and that, unless this fertility is returned to the soil, it soon can yield only a diminished crop. So he is very careful year by year, to pay back to his land that fertility which the crops have taken from it.

He is not a thorough wise man who cannot play fool on occasion.  
Tell everybody your business and the devil will do it for you.

## THE DAIRY

### PROBLEMS FACED BY WISCONSIN DAIRYMEN.

From Farmers' Review: The extreme and long continued drought of last summer presented some new conditions and problems to be solved before permanent when such conditions prevail. Opportune fall rains produced a fine growth of late pasture grass, which, with the exceedingly mild winter helped the farmers to carry most of their stock through in fair shape. All surplus stock was sold early in the season. Prices were low, but feed was very high, so high, in fact, that those who kept their choice cows and fed for milk found their percentage of profit on the wrong side this winter. Spring is with us again, however, and the weather has been remarkable for pushing all farm work. We have an abundance of moisture, pastures are coming in in fine shape, and farmers are hopeful of a bountiful harvest. \* \* \* The principal crops grown here in central southern Wisconsin are corn and hay. As all of our clover was winter-killed and all of our tame grasses seriously damaged by drought and winter-killing, we are increasing our forage crops to supply the lack of hay. I have lived in Wisconsin more than forty years and I cannot remember that in this locality we ever had to import hay, corn or oats to supply our farm deficiencies. We usually use large quantities of bran and middlings and commonly have farm produce to sell to pay for them, but it was all the other way the past year. \* \* \* The silo has not come into general use here. A few have them, but most of the farmers seem to favor the corn husker and shredder and use the corn crop that way. In the county of Jefferson near Lake Mills, most of the farmers use them with good results. The silo properly constructed and intelligently operated is essential to successful dairying.—C. L. Thompson.

### TUBERCULOSIS IN COWS IS HARD TO DETECT.

For a period of four years at the Connecticut station four cows that had reacted to the tuberculin test were kept and fed and watched. For the first two or three years some of them showed not the slightest indication of having tuberculosis. The four dropped healthy calves and seemed to be making the most of their food. On the fourth year the disease developed very rapidly and the animals were killed. On post-mortem examination all were found to be tuberculous. Up to a year of the time of slaughtering one of these cows had been very sleek and fat. Yet it was known certainly that the cow had the disease for three years previous. When slaughtered on the fourth year both lungs were found to be badly diseased, almost solidified with tuberculous tissue; pleural cavities covered with tubercles; mediastinal lymphatics tuberculous, and mesenteric lymphatics all badly tuberculous. Tubercles were also found on the rumen and diaphragm. This, it will be seen, proved to be a very bad case. Its diagnosis for years before shows the value of tuberculin.

### SHOULD BE LIMIT TO THE WATER IN BUTTER.

Ahead the question of water in butter appears to be quite a serious one. The foreign butter sellers or butter makers have been quite successful in working into butter an abnormal quantity of water. Again and again cases have been brought into English and Irish courts, where the butter contained in excess of 20 per cent of water. In a few instances the water content has been in excess of 30 per cent. Doubtless parallel cases have been discovered in German courts. Anyway the German government has now established a rule that all pure butter must contain at least 86 per cent of butter fat. Henceforth the aggregate of salt, water and casein in butter cannot exceed 20 per cent of its weight. In England a law is about to be put in force requiring butter to contain not in excess of 16 per cent of water. The people that ship butter to England and Germany must take cognizance of these facts, else they may find some of their consignments of butter tied up under the custody of officials designated to look after the enforcement of this law.

### HYDRAULIC SEPARATORS ARE OF LITTLE VALUE.

From a government bulletin we take the following: Everything clean out for the hydraulic separator can be equally well done in a shot gun can, and if water below 40 degrees F., or ice can be obtained to bring the temperature down to 40 degrees F., the thoroughness of separation will be far superior to separation by any hydraulic separator. The only case where there is an advantage in using the method is in milk from cows far advanced in lactation, and then the efficiency of the process is about equal to deep setting in ice. This method is no more efficient than the old-fashioned shallow pan setting, with the disadvantage of greatly increasing the volume of skim milk to be handled, and, in case hot water is used, as is sometimes advised, there is the added inconvenience of the rapid souring of the milk. If any dairyman wishes to try the method there is no patent to prevent him using the process to his heart's content.

### Immigration to Cuba.

The Havana Post estimates that 60,000 immigrants mostly Americans and Spanish farm workers, have landed in Cuba in the last three years. The number also includes about 1,000 Chinese.

Eleven thousand people are engaged in making lamp chimneys throughout the United States.

Since the beginning of the Boer war the number of tramps in England has diminished as evenly as the rent.

## LIVE STOCK

### MISTAKES MADE BY BREEDERS OF CATTLE.

We have been wondering what would happen in the vegetable kingdom were farmers and horticulturists to habitually use immature seed and stock or, in other words, whether generations would in any degree follow such practice. In the animal world it is at least certain that this kind of thing cannot be done year after year in a general way without weakening stock. If each year in a herd of swine or flock of sheep the immature females are mated with immature males it must be that after a few years the entire stock is reduced in point of size and strength and productiveness to the average or composite characteristics of the breeding stock used. It would seem reasonable to expect that where immature heifers are bred to yearling bulls that the size of the dairy animals upon the farm will decrease and that their productiveness may also be reduced to that of the average heifer. In swine the common plan of breeding seems to be to use as breeding stock the new crop of females from the spring litters just as soon as they can be bred, and when we remember that these females in many instances are not fed nutritious foods it is not so easily understood that the results in the way of pigs can hardly be satisfactory. The breeding stock employed is unfinished—not fully grown, not properly nourished to produce bone and muscle and constitutional vigor. Can we reasonably expect perfect results from such mating? Will not all be brought to the level of the quality, constitution and characteristics of the stock mated? We think that this surely will be the effect in time—that it has been the effect already and that the effect has not been desirable. Why turn away the young eye or sow after she has bred once or twice and before she is really mature? Her progeny is as good as one can expect from such an animal and will unquestionably improve as she matures. Why not let her mature then and retain her as a breeder just as long as she remains healthy and fertile? We have seen a Clydesdale mare at thirty-one years of age with a fine colt at foot and were told that she had rarely missed a season since first bred, and had produced fully as good colts after she had become fully matured. We remember also that the famous Clydesdale stallion Prince of Wales (673) made his greatest success as a breeder after he had become somewhat aged. It may be that he had then better mares as mates, but it is also probable at least that his own breeding qualities had improved. We have seen many instances where the old brood sow was away ahead of the young sows of even better blood when it came to a comparison of numbers of pigs produced in a litter and quality of pigs produced. Such animals should by all means be retained as breeders just as long as possible and receive at all times an abundance of nutritious food to maintain them perfectly and enable them to nourish their progeny perfectly before and after birth. The best females should be bred yearly and immature stock should not preponderate in the herd or flock, nor should immature males be habitually used. At the same time it is a plain error to continue using a bull when he has become slow and decrepit. When his powers are waning his progeny may lack constitutional strength and if such progeny be employed for breeding purposes their progeny in turn may show degeneracy. "Like produces like" and good individual character and constitution are absolutely necessary as well as pedigree. Mere pedigree without corresponding merit as indicated is useless in our opinion, and where poor individual, good-pedigreed males are also immature and mated to females of the same sort we can only expect further degeneracy in the progeny. The moral of what we have been pointing out is plain, that it is important to fully grow animals by complete feeding upon an abundance of nutritious, natural foods and then to breed only such animals as are worthy representatives of their family and have arrived at a fully mature age in the best of health and vigor. It would be especially good for the swine industry were this plan of breeding more generally followed and in hand with the method of feeding indicated.

### Judge Showed Them a Trick.

A New York City magistrate recently had before him the case of a pair of confidence men accused of robbing a farmer on a visit to the metropolis, says the Philadelphia Times. The magistrate asked them as to their side of the story.

"Well, judge," explained one, "we simply offered to bet him that we could take a deck of cards, shuffle them so he could see us and make two jacks come out together. He lost. That was all, judge."

"What's your name?" the magistrate asked the other man.

"Jack O'Brien, judge."

"And yours?" turning to the other prisoner.

"Jack Devine, your honor."

"O'Brien," said the magistrate, "I give you four years; Devine, I give you three years. And now, gentlemen, I'll just bet you \$500 that you two jacks do not come out together."

### His Aid to Conversation.

Thomas F. Ryan, the capitalist, when engaged in any engrossing conversation has a habit of tearing sheets of paper into small pieces. A few days ago a reporter noticed Mr. Ryan slowly covering the floor with scraps of paper from a pad on his desk, while he talked on financial affairs. Secretly the reporter removed the pad, and when Mr. Ryan had dropped the last scrap out of his hand, there was a sudden break in the thread of his conversation. His hand had begun to search for the pad, much to the detriment of his wits. He halted continually in making his statement, and was not able to finish the interview to his satisfaction until the reporter slipped the paper back to its usual place. It was immediately pronounced upon by Mr. Ryan's wandering fingers, says the New York Times, and the halting conversation went on uninterruptedly to a successful ending.

### Then He Knew All About It.

No matter how widely some people travel, they remain provincial, and hold the village they live in as the starting point of all knowledge. A private soldier once introduced himself to Lincoln as the brother of the man who gave the Fourth of July oration in Topeka. An Andover clergyman is said to have fixed the town he hailed from with equal precision.

He was present at a gathering of noted scholars and professors in Berlin. A distinguished German philologist, just introduced to him, asked him what part of America he came from.

"Andover," said the German, with proud confidence.

"Oh? Where is Andover?"

"Next to Tewksbury," replied the American—Youth's Companion.

### A Novelty in Weddings.

A novelty in weddings is reported from Bethune, in France, where, on the same date, in one family, golden, silver and premier weddings were celebrated, the whole party attending the parish church. The grandfather and grandmother of the bridegroom, aged eighty-eight and seventy-six respectively, celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of their wedding, while the bridegroom's mother and father celebrated their twenty-fifth year of wedded life.

## WOMAN'S FAVORITE IMPLEMENT

Her Proficiency With a Hairpin Is Something to Wonder At.

Dillard's will tell you that women aren't so inventive as men don't take out so many patents. They don't have to. With the hairpin all that is double can be done.

With a hairpin a woman can pick a lock, pull a cork, peel an apple, draw out a nail, beat an egg, see if a joint of meat is done, do up a baby, fasten a pencil dig out a silver, sharpen a door, hang up a picture, open a baby carriage, clean a lamp chimney, put on a curtain, raise a grate fire, cut a pie, make a fork, a fishhook, an awl, a simple or a chisel, a superheater, a clothespin, regulate a range, tinker a sewing machine, stop a leak in the roof, force over a flapjack, caulk a hole in a pair of trousers, stir butter, whip cream, reduce the pressure in the gas meter, keep bills and receipts on file, spread butter cut patterns, tighten windows, clean a watch, outfit a knot, varnish floors, do practical plumbing, reduce the asthma of tobacco pipes, pry shirt studs into buttonholes, too small for force, a horse's harness, restore damaged mechanical toys, wrestle with refractory beer stoppers, improvise suspenders, shovel bonbons, insert gas burners, saw cake, join tramps, produce artificial buttons, books and eyes, sew knit and darn, button gloves and shoes, put up shorts, doctor an automobile. In a word, she can do what she wants to; she needs no other instrument.—New York Sun.

## A SOLOMON ON THE BENCH.

### Novel Reasons a Philadelphia Judge Has for Extending Clemency.

Magistrate Cunningham of the central police court of Philadelphia is sometimes a little eccentric in the punishment of those indicted before him for misdemeanors. The other day Bill Jones, who had been found upon the public highway minus the faculty of navigation, was arraigned before him.

"Married or single?" asked the magistrate.

"Single, sir," replied the shaking culprit.

"You ought to get married. If you had a wife and family to occupy your attention you would have no desire to drink," said the magistrate. "I'll discharge you, but I hope you'll give to matrimony more thought than you have to liquor."

### John Smith, who had also been arrested for being intoxicated, was next called.

"Married or single, John?" queried the magistrate.

"Married, your honor," was the prisoner's reply.

"Then you have no business getting drunk. Drinking should be done by single men who have no family to require their attention and cash. You ought to have remained single, then the damage you are doing would fall upon you alone. Go home and think it over."

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All Texas has been hot. President will visit Ennis. Cuero creamery has started.

Hondo is to have a telephone exchange. Coleman is to have a \$10,000 electric light plant.

Grand opera house at San Antonio is being refitted. First National bank of Frisco has been organized.

Leon county went prohibition by twenty-one majority. Aransas Pass railway depot at Beeville is to be enlarged.

Southern Pacific may soon build a branch line to Four Lake. San Antonio brewers have cut the price of beer \$1 per barrel.

George W. Zimpenhan has been appointed postmaster at Austin. Henry Kohler, a Mexican, accidentally shot and killed himself at Berclair.

The annual shoot of the Marshall Gun club attracted many sportsmen. Grading for the interurban line between Belton and Temple will soon begin.

Orange Paper company of Orange, capital stock \$100,000, has filed its charter. Mrs. Mary Coleman, over four score years old, was adjudged insane at Lockhart.

Grand lodge of colored Knights of Honor was held at Sherman with a large attendance. Hunt county Confederate camps held their annual reunion at Celeste July 18 and 19.

The Mineola Furniture Works and Box factory, recently destroyed by fire, is being rebuilt. B. A. Lyons, an aged carriage driver, died at Galveston from the effects of opium poisoning.

Shortly after celebrating mass Father A. Barbein was stricken at Texarkana with paralysis. First National Bank of Floresville has been authorized to do business. Capital stock is \$50,000.

Bob Taylor, charged with counterfeiting, was arrested in Eastland county and jailed at Abilene. City National bank of Temple, capital stock \$100,000, has been granted authority to do business.

The El Paso and Southwestern Railway company has ordered ten freight cars of 50,000 pounds capacity. Tracklaying on the Lampasas extension of the Houston and Texas Central railway is progressing nicely.

The state quarantine department has ordered a \$2000 mephitic launch for the quarantine station at Sabine Pass. Four corps of engineers of the Rock Island system have been at work surveying between Sherman and Red River.

Rev. Eugene L. Crawford of Evergreen, Ala., has been appointed pastor of the Central Methodist church, Galveston. The annual reunion of John C. Burke camp, United Confederate Veterans, will take place at Clarksville Aug. 13 and 14.

Edward N. Jenkins, president of the San Antonio Gas and Electric Light company, died at the Hot Wells hotel in that city after an illness of two weeks. Oldin Sherrodd, charged with the murder on Emancipation day of Julius Davis at Granite Hall, four miles south of Marshall, was admitted to bail in the sum of \$500.

While driving from Dallas over the Oak Cliff pike Edward McLean of West Dallas was attacked by negroes. They knocked him off his wagon seat and rifled his pockets of \$18. He had just sold a wagon load of watermelons. Col. E. P. Davis, a well known stockman, died at his home, five miles from Throckmorton. He was one of the wealthiest and most prominent men in that section of the state. He had been a resident of that county many years.

Miss Trinidad Rodriguez died at San Antonio from a sunstroke sustained two days before. She became unconscious as soon as she was struck and remained in that condition until death ensued. This is the first case there since 1897. The Johnson family had a reunion at the residence of Mrs. Amos Stone at Bagwell Red River county. Sixty-four of the descendants of Dr. E. P. M. and Mrs. Eliza Johnson, who went from Alabama to Harrison county in 1850, were present.

The opening of the Denison fair on Sept. 23 will be the thirtieth anniversary of the birth of Denison, and the fair management and citizens generally will have a joint celebration on that date. Michael Comness, an aged Greek, who was injured by a Santa Fe train at Alvin while walking on the track, died at the Sandy hospital, Galveston. He served in the Mexican war and afterward was with Admiral Farragut in the Civil war.

The residence of Henry Colston, a farmer, one mile west of Howland, Lamar county, was destroyed by fire. The family had a narrow escape. The fact that \$48 was stolen from Mr. Colston's pants leads to belief that burglars fired the house.

HOUSE ADJOURNS

Lively Scenes Characterize Closing Hours of Session.

DIXIE AND AMERICA AROUSED

The Congressmen and Speaker Henderson Declared a Great Deal of Legislation Had Been Done.

Washington, July 2.—Amid a scene of enthusiasm that has not been paralleled since the exciting and stirring days of the Spanish war, Speaker Henderson at 5:30 Tuesday afternoon declared the house of representatives adjourned. In doing so he said that no house of representatives since the adoption of the constitution had done as much work as this one.

The audience to which he made his brief address was a brilliant one. The galleries were banked to the doors, and almost two-thirds of the members were in their seats on the floor. The speaker's appreciative words to the members in thanking them for their co-operation during the session had touched a responsive chord, and they gave him a remarkable demonstration of their friendship and good will. While the cheering and applause were still in progress the members on the floor began singing "My Country, 'Tis of Thee."

It was taken up by correspondents in the press gallery over the speaker's chair and by the spectators in the surrounding galleries, and soon the vast hall was ringing with the swelling chorus. Other patriotic accents following galleries, and soon the vast well-lit "The Star Spangled Banner" alternating with "Dixie."

The speaker came down from his rostrum, his appearance on the floor being greeted with "For He's a Jolly Good Fellow," and a perfect rush of members to grasp his hand. Standing in the area in front of the clerk's desk, he, too, joined in the songs, and there was a wild scene when Gen. Hooker of Mississippi, the one-armed Confederate veteran, took his place by the side of the speaker, and together they sang "Dixie."

Mr. Chandler, a Mississippi Democrat, jumped upon a desk and gave a yell of jubilation that fairly shook the rafters. For almost half an hour the jubilation continued. All this time the spectators remained standing in the galleries, watching the animated scene below and joining in the singing.

The adjournment came at the end of a seven and one-half hours' session, during which much minor business was transacted. In all, seventy bills and resolutions were passed.

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SENATE ADJOURNS

Conference Report on Philippine Government Bill Adopted.

Washington: After a session marked by some of the stormiest debates ever heard in the American congress the senate adjourned sine die at 5:30 Tuesday afternoon.

During the last hours of the session there was a tart debate on the Philippine question participated in by Messrs. Carmack of Tennessee, Spooner of Wisconsin, Culberson of Texas, McComas of Maryland and Lodge of Massachusetts.

The conference report on the Philippine government bill was adopted, and then when the decks of the senate were cleared for adjournment Mr. Carmack called up his resolution providing for a continuance of the investigation of the Philippine committee and for a visit to the Philippines by the committee during the present summer. This started the trouble and for more than an hour a battle of words was waged.

Mrs. Spooner delivered a scathing denunciation of the minority report of the Philippine committee for what he declared was an attack upon the American army.

Mr. Carmack denied that any attack had been made upon the army and declared that any fool could charge such a calumny and any parrot could be taught to repeat it.

Mr. Culberson of Texas, one of the senate conferees, said he had declined to sign the conference report because he could not conscientiously vote for the measure as agreed upon or recommended its passage to the senate. He thought it would serve no good purpose to make an extended statement of his position.

Mr. Culberson said the report of the secretary of war indicated that from May 1, 1898, to April 30, 1902, the expenditures for the army were \$695,000,000 in round numbers, while of this sum only \$170,000,000 was expended in the Philippines. This statement, Mr. Culberson questioned, and figured up an expenditure by the United States of \$222,436,406 on account of the Philippines, and even these figures, he said, did not include some of the expenditures made for the Philippines.

The resolution was referred to a committee, thus effectually killing it. Just before adjournment the usual resolutions were adopted, including one offered by Mr. Cockrell, the venerable Democrat of Missouri, cordially thanking President Pro Tem Frye for "the dignified, impartial and courteous manner in which he had presided over the deliberations of the senate."

After the adoption of the resolution Mr. Frye responded briefly and then declared the senate had adjourned without day.

Names Chosen. Washington: At Secretary Moody's suggestion, the cabinet has adopted names for the six new ships of war authorized by the navy appropriation. The four larger ships, two battleships and two armored cruisers, will be named Louisiana, Connecticut, Tennessee and Washington, but it is not settled which states shall be chosen for battleships and vice versa. The two gunboats provided for in the act will be named the Paducah and Dubuque.

Customs Collected. New York: Uncle Sam's coffers have been enriched greatly during the last fiscal year by duties collected here, by the report of the collector of the port, just issued. For the year ending June 30, duties amounting to \$165,500,128 have been paid. This is the largest amount ever collected at New York, and beats the previous record made in 1899-1900 by \$12,000,000.

Hail Remains. Coleman, Tex.: Near Atoka, in this county, on May 15 a heavy hail fell, which has not melted. There are tons of it and people haul it away by wagon loads to use. It is in a guich covered with trash, which protects it from the sun.

Fatal Kick. Paris, Tex.: Tom Bell, a tenant farmer five miles north of Maxey, was fatally kicked by a horse. He had gone to the field to plow and while hitching the traces the horse kicked him in the stomach. He lay out in the field all the afternoon in a hard rain and was found late in the evening. He was conscious and was able to tell how the mishap occurred, but died at 5 o'clock Saturday evening.

KILLED A FILIPINO. Says that He Had an Insane Desire to Slay One of Them. San Jose, Cal.: With a desire to ease his conscience of the crime of murder, William F. McAllister, a Philippine veteran, has surrendered himself to Chief of Police Kidward. McAllister, who is 37 years of age, comes from Wheatland, Ill. He enlisted in the army during Spanish-American war and was sent to Philippines in Company K, Thirtieth United States Infantry. The man claimed to have seen much hard service and became hardened and had an insane desire to kill a Filipino single-handed. In May, 1900, McAllister says he stole away from camp and met three Filipino Filipinos. He raised his gun to his shoulder and shot one of them dead. On April 2, 1901, McAllister was mustered out of the service. Chief Kidward will hold the man until an investigation can be made.

BAILEY WAS IRATE

The Lone Star Senator Accuses Beveridge of an Insult AND GRIPS HIM BY THE THROAT

The Attacked Party Says He Did Not Make Any Offensive Remarks, but Texas Asserts He Did.

Washington, July 1.—Senator Bailey of Texas assaulted Senator Beveridge of Indiana Monday night just after the senate adjourned from executive session. The Texas senator was dragged away and separated from his opponent by some of those about the senators. He was very angry and threatened severe harm to the Indiana senator.

The episode was the result of a heated controversy which the two senators had during the afternoon, when Senator Beveridge said that Senator Bailey had made "an unwarranted attack" or "solleitor Penfield of the state department." In executive session Senator Beveridge, like other senators who smoke, lighted a cigar and took a seat on the Republican side. He was still sitting when the senate adjourned. Senator Bailey crossed the aisle and walked through the seats until he was facing Senator Beveridge.

"Beveridge," he said, "I don't want to have any trouble with you, but I want you to withdraw those words which charge me with making an unwarranted attack upon Penfield."

"I did not intend to insult you," replied Senator Beveridge, "and there is nothing in my language that you could consider offensive."

"I don't allow any one to say that I libel a man, and that is what you do in making the charge. Now, if you won't withdraw the words when I ask you, I'm going to make you withdraw them."

Senator Bailey had been getting more and more angry and excited as he talked. He had been sitting down part of the time, leaning against the desk immediately in front of Senator Beveridge.

The latter, in his reply to Senator Bailey's last remark, still remaining in his chair, said: "I repeat that I did not intend to insult, and that I have nothing to retract."

As the words were uttered Senator Bailey threw himself upon Senator Beveridge, who is a man hardly up to the average in physique, and seized him by the throat with both hands. The rush was so sudden and fierce that the chair in which Mr. Beveridge was sitting was pushed back against a desk and the desk was toppled over. Before the assault could go any further, senators who had been sitting near had moved up between the desks. Senator Hansbrough of North Dakota seized Senator Bailey by one arm and Senator Spooner of Wisconsin seized the other. The Texas senator is a powerful man, and it was with great difficulty that the two senators were able to drag him away from Senator Beveridge, and when they succeeded a part of the Indiana senator's neckwear was ripped and torn away in the vigorous grasp of Senator Bailey. Senator Bacon of Georgia and Barney Layton, assistant doorkeeper, came quickly and assisted in pulling the Texas senator further away. Senator Bailey meanwhile struggling to get free, and lunging toward Senator Beveridge.

Without further effort, however, he walked away when Senator Bacon urged him to be quiet and led him toward the Democratic side. Senator Bacon engaged Senator Bailey in conversation for some time, advising him to cool down. Senator Spooner also went across the aisle and discussed the matter with the Texas senator, urging him to apologize and, if possible, fix it up at once. But Senator Bailey refused all such proffers, declaring that Senator Beveridge had insulted him in the senate and that he had taken the only recourse, as the Indiana senator had refused to withdraw his remarks.

Ecuador's Vice President. New York: Congress met in special session for the purpose of electing a Guayaquil. Ecuador, dispatch. The majority of votes were obtained by Senor Reina Andrade, a cousin of the late President Barrios, who was assassinated in 1898.

NO OTHER COURSE. Mr. Bailey Said There Was Nothing Else for Him to Do. Washington: Senator Bailey said this about Beveridge affair: "While, of course, I regret the necessity for the occurrence, I do not regret it, because under my view of the matter no other course was open. When the offensive statement was first made I very properly asked that it should be withdrawn. Instead of withdrawing it, I reply was that if I would withdraw what I had said about others the offensive statement about me would be withdrawn. This proposition itself admitted the offensive character of the statement and a subsequent disclaimer of an intention to insult me could have hardly been accepted by any self-respecting man. I clearly indicated what I intended to do, and nobody had any right to be surprised at what happened."

STUFFED A FIGURE.

How a Life Insurance Swindle Was Worked in Mexico.

City of Mexico: A man has been arrested as a principal in the fraud against the Equitable Assurance Society of New York, which has a branch in this country. He had been insured for a considerable sum and was reported dead, the proper death certificate issued and a dummy buried in his stead, which was dug up. He was arrested in the interior and is alleged to have made a full confession, implicating four other persons, nearly all Spaniards.

The prisoner said that after his assumed death he went to the state of Michoacan and found employment under an assumed name on a hacienda. He gave excellent satisfaction to his employers and thought all the trouble was over until he saw in the papers reports of the exhumation of his supposed corpse, which turned out to be a stuffed figure.

Trim as a Summer Girl. New York: Trim as a summer girl in her daintiest bathing suit, the Mayflower lies in the Brooklyn navy yard, the official yacht of the United States and ocean home of President Roosevelt. In her new function, after undergoing alterations that cost \$50,000, she is ready for sea as one of the most luxuriously appointed vessels afloat. She was commissioned Saturday.

All the officers at the navy yard are proud of the Mayflower.

Electric Lines Sold. Huntington, W. Va.: The Camden Interstate Railway company sold to a Pennsylvania syndicate all its electric lines in this city, Central City, Cordo and Kenova, W. Va., Catlettsburg and Ashland, Ky., and Ironton, O.

The deal also embraces the electric light plants in Ironton, Ashland and Huntington, and the consideration is about \$2,000,000.

It is rumored this syndicate has in view the purchase of electric railways in other Ohio valley cities.

Counterfeiters' Den. Chicago: In a long abandoned counterfeiters' den at West Van Buren and Halsted streets \$12,000 in bogus coin and currency and a complete counterfeiters' outfit, including plates for making \$1000 bills, have been found in a secret vault. The discovery was made by a workman engaged in tearing out the interior of the building and caused a sensation. A detail of police was called to prevent a mob of hundreds from looting the chamber of his spurious wealth.

Large Fees. New York: For the fiscal year ending Monday New Jersey's state treasury will show a balance of \$2,698,202, which means nearly \$500,000 increase over the amount of last year. The large amounts received within the last month in taxes, the trusts chartered in 1900 and 1901 make up this balance. The taxes on the big corporations foot up considerably more than \$2,000,000 annually.

Secretary of the Queen. Colorado Springs, Col.: Francis M. English, killed in the Colorado Midland wreck at Cascade, was private secretary to Queen Liliuokalani of Hawaii and was the author of the famous proclamation to the American people, issued just before she was de throne.

Mr. English was a graduate of Oxford and had practiced law in both England and in Colorado.

Miss Langtry Wedded. London: Ian Z. Malcolm, M. P., and formerly assistant private secretary to Lord Salisbury, was married to Miss Jeannie Langtry, daughter of Mrs. Langtry, the actress, at St. Margaret's church, Westminster.

The attendance, which was very large, included the Duke of Argyll, several Indian rajahs, Lord Hugh Cecil, son of the Marquis of Salisbury, John Morley, George Wyndham, Wilham Redmond and P. A. Balfour.

King Edward sent the bride a present with a note in his handwriting. The Prince of Wales also sent a gift.

Moody's New Order. Washington: The secretary of the navy has ordered that high-salaried clerks with poor efficiency records must change places with others getting less money.

EXPRESSED REGRET. Senator Beveridge Says He is Sorry Affair Occurred. Washington: When Mr. Beveridge was asked if he had any statement to make regarding the assault committed on him by Mr. Bailey, he expressed great regret over what had occurred and said he had no personal resentment. The conversation between them immediately before the trouble, Mr. Beveridge said, was substantially the same as that which had occurred in the senate chamber regarding the attack on Judge Penfield, who is an Indiana man, except that on his (Beveridge's) part it was much milder.

Mr. Beveridge said he was not excited, but remained cool and expressed to Mr. Bailey his wish that their relations might continue agreeable. Mr. Beveridge denied that he had been choked by Mr. Bailey. According to his version the Texas senator had made a lunge at him.

TEXAS TOPICS.

Matters Recently Coming to Pass in the Lone Star State.

Crawford is to have a college. Terrell will improve waterworks. Third court of appeals has adjourned until October.

British Columbia, Niagara Falls and several Canadian cities. Gale at Port Lavaca blew a schooner and several small boats ashore.

The summer normal for colored teachers is in session at Belton. W. G. Raoul was elected president of the Texas-Mexican Railway company.

Morgan Bros. will sink a test well in the wildest territory adjoining Corsicana. At Fort McIntosh, near Laredo, thermometer registered 111 degrees on 28th ult.

George Limburg, aged 59 years, was found dead sitting in a drug store door at Austin. Heart failure. Adjutant General Scurry has issued the order for the military encampment at Austin on July 22.

Rev. J. C. Yousum died from the effects of a snake bite sustained several days before while seining. During a cyclone near Beckville, Panola county, Frank Dickson was killed and his wife and two children fatally injured.

A negro who was fined in the Paris corporation court for beating his wife claimed the common law gave him that privilege. Will Thompson of Lockhart, while driving a team near Bastrop, had his head caught between wheel spokes and met his death.

Schleicher county will be doing business on her own account just as soon as the officials qualify. Eldorado is the county seat. Purchasing agent will open all bills for supplies for state eleemosynary institutions for the year beginning Sept. 1 on the 29th inst.

Shepherd, fifty-six miles from Houston, on the Houston, East and West Texas railway, was damaged by the storm of June 27.

R. H. Foster of Arlington and W. H. Robertson of Houston have been appointed extra summer clerks in the department of education. T. E. Corley, treasurer of the Texas Midland railway, and Miss Mary Roberts, both of Terrell, were united in marriage by Bishop Garrett. Their bridal tour includes San Francisco.

Randolph Lewis Butlock, aged 83 years, a resident of Sherman fifty-four years, has passed away. He was a surgeon in the Confederate army and the first justice of the peace in Grayson county. Mrs. Shade Shields, who, together with her husband, both very tall, traveled with Buffalo Bill show, died at Cleveland, O., from a surgical operation. Her remains were interred at Ladonia, Tex.

Ladies of Dallas will erect a monument to the late Fireman Clark, who lost his life while endeavoring to stay the progress of the flames that destroyed twenty-five houses in that city some days ago. The Interstate Growers' association held a meeting at Greenville, Texas, on Monday. Present were J. W. Jockish, president of the Galveston Business League, delivered the address of welcome. The response was made by R. H. Schumacher, president of the association. The president read his annual address, after which the minutes of the last annual meeting were read and adopted.

Oil Mill Superintendents. Galveston: The ninth annual meeting of the Oil Mill Superintendents' association began on Tuesday with about thirty members present. Julius Jockish, president of the Galveston Business League, delivered the address of welcome. The response was made by R. H. Schumacher, president of the association. The president read his annual address, after which the minutes of the last annual meeting were read and adopted.

First Bale. San Antonio: The first bale of Texas cotton of the 1902 crop to reach San Antonio came in Tuesday. It was raised by W. B. Adams of Medina county, weighing 600 pounds and classed strict good middling. This bale was ginned at Devine, and it is the second earliest bale of cotton ever produced in Texas. It was shipped to New York, where it will be sold for the benefit of the Devine manual training school.

Coal Miner Killed. Wilkesbarre, Pa.: The first loss of life during the anthracite strike occurred at the William A. colliery at Durysa. Antonio Giuseppe, an Italian, was shot dead by one of the coal and iron policemen from behind the stockade of the colliery. The friends of the dead man say he was walking on the road near the stockade when he was shot. He insisted on making his way into the stockade and was fired on.

MEETS AT GALVESTON. The Southern Negro Congress Convened in that City. Galveston: The second annual session of the Southern Negro congress began here Tuesday with representatives from Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi, Texas, Oklahoma and Indian Territory. The delegates were welcomed by Judge W. T. Austin, president of the city committee. John C. Lettwith, formerly of Alabama, and receiver of public moneys of that state under McKinley's administration, made the response to the welcome address of Judge Austin. Among other things he said: "The representatives here in this congress are not made up of broken-down leaders nor politicians, but this congress is composed of some of the best leaders of the race in the south. The seed of peacefulness, unity, is being sown and not social equality, for we don't care anything for it."

KILLED BY CYCLONE.

Considerable Damage Done in the Vicinity of Carthage.

Carthage, Tex.: Great damage was done and several lives lost during the cyclone and rainstorm in this county. At Fair Play the residence of Dr. J. O. Lowry was blown down. The residence of Maud Harris was blown down, but none of the family was seriously hurt. Mrs. Allison's residence was destroyed and also the residence of Malcomb Shaw and Bibbie Harris.

At Clayton, in this county, Frank Dixon was killed by falling timbers from his house. One of his children was fatally injured. He was found 100 yards from his house. The house was a total wreck. Marion Jordan's house was a complete wreck and his household goods were scattered for some distance. Nothing was saved. Robert Duke's house was blown down and three of his children badly hurt. R. P. Ash's gin was a total wreck and the residence of Mr. Jogen was destroyed as was also all of his tenant and outhouses.

The cyclone lasted only a few minutes, but destroyed everything in its path, which was about 100 yards wide. On E. A. Hull's farm, about three miles from this place, a tenant house was destroyed and three negroes killed and four others injured. There were some eight or ten residences destroyed in that settlement. The residence of Mr. Hunt, a short distance from town, was unroofed and all of his outhouses blown down. The streams are much higher than at any time since 1884, and all the farmers along the streams had their fences destroyed.

DEPLORABLE AFFAIR. A Navarro County Farmer Accidentally Kills His Boy. Corsicana: A farmer named Greer, living at Nell's Valley, ten miles northeast of Rice, accidentally shot and killed his 13-year-old son. It appears that the two went together to make some repairs on a fence, taking a shotgun with them on the suggestion of the boy that they might scare up some squirrels. A squirrel was seen, and as the son started to head him off the father picked up the gun, which was accidentally discharged, the load of shot entering the boy's body between the shoulders. The latter turned and started toward his father, falling at his feet and dying in a few minutes.

Cut Off by Storm. Nacogdoches, Tex.: This town has had no intercourse with the outside world since last Friday. The storm of wind and rain that day and night stopped all trains and none has come in since. The wires, too, were disabled, but are now working. Repairs on the railroads and wires have been pushed. All work on the railroads is being done from the south between Beaumont and Houston.

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# SABBATH SESSION

Sunday Was a Regular Legislative Day in the House.

## CUMMINGS AND OTEY EULOGIZED

Congressmen Testified to the Ability and High Character of the Deceased New Yorker and Virginian.

Washington, June 20.—The house of representatives held a session Sunday to pay tribute to the memories of the late Representatives Cummings of New York and Peter J. Otey of Virginia.

By special direction of Secretary Moody the Marine band was in attendance in the lobby and rendered an appropriate musical programme. The widows and families of the deceased occupied the speaker's pew in the gallery, and delegations from Typographical union No. 6 of New York, the Letter Carriers' association and the New York Pilots' association came here to honor Mr. Cummings' memory.

The public galleries were well filled. The eulogies were exceedingly impressive, and particularly that delivered by Mr. Cannon of Illinois, who paid a tribute from the heart to the lofty and manly, honest character of Mr. Cummings.

Although services have been held in the house on Sunday on previous occasions, notably the death of Henry Winter Davis, this was the first time in ninety years that Sunday was made a legislative day and the house met on the Sabbath with a speaker, clerks and all the other paraphernalia which accompany the actual transaction of legislative business.

Frequently in times past there has been a session on Sunday, especially at the close of a short session, but such sessions always have been a continuation of the legislative days of Saturday and the journal on Monday showed no session on the Sabbath. In this case, however, the journal of Sunday will be that of a regular legislative day. In order to find a precedent for the session, the house managers went back to 1811, when the house held a session on March 2, because of the pressure of public business two days before the final adjournment, March 4.

Mr. Cannon, in his eulogy of Mr. Cummings, concluded his remarks as follows:

"But what of the other side of the river? Revelation and faith tell us that we need not go there alone to enjoy the universal desire that is to be found in each human unit from the beginning of the race to the present time of the life beyond this life. The universal protest against extinction is the strongest kind of evidence that our respective individualities are not to be wiped out, and all hope and belief that somewhere in the great beyond, under universal law, we will each one continue to achieve the place in the infinite existence that we are entitled to occupy.

"I trust when I shall cross the dark river that I may arrive at that place in space or condition where I shall meet such men as Amos J. Cummings and those with whom I have served that have crossed the river—Samuel J. Randall, William D. Kelley, Benjamin Butterworth, S. S. Cox and many others I could name, and in such condition I shall be glad and content."

Those who paid tribute to the memory of Mr. Cummings were:

Messrs. McClelland of New York and Foss of Illinois, Cannon of Illinois, Sulzer of New York, McCall of Massachusetts, Myer of Louisiana, Clark of Missouri, Dayton of West Virginia, Goldfoyle of New York, Lester of New York and Hooker of Mississippi.

Eulogies were pronounced on the late Representative Otey of Virginia by Messrs. Jenkins of Wisconsin, Flood of Virginia, Lanham of Texas, Hay of Virginia, Morris of Minnesota, Swanson of Virginia, De Armond of Missouri, Rhea of Virginia, McCall of Massachusetts, Rixey of Virginia, Graft of Illinois, W. W. Kitchell of North Carolina and Land of Virginia.

Then at 3:35 p. m., as a further mark of respect to the memory of the two deceased members, the house adjourned until 11 o'clock Monday morning.

**Tornado Fatalities.**  
Evansville, Ind: Three people were killed and three injured in the tornado that passed over this section Saturday night.

**CAPE HAITIEN SHELLED.**  
Admiral Killick's Fleet Bombarded that City Nearly All Day.

Cape Haytien, Haiti: There was much fighting here Sunday. Admiral Killick, commander of the Haitian fleet, disembarked a detachment of troops and a large quantity of ammunition for the better protection of Gen. Firmin, one of the candidates for the presidency of the republic. There were lively engagements between Firmin's forces and the fleet and revolutionists. Despite the machine guns, the revolutionists dislodged Firmin's troops. In the meantime the vessels under the command of Admiral Killick bombarded Cape Haytien. This action was taken without previous notification of the foreign consuls. There was a lively rain of shots all day long. The firing was particularly heavy between the hours of 12 and 2 and some of the consuls finally embarked on the government gunboat Oreta P'art.

## DONE IN DIXIE.

Major and Minor Events in that Section of Country.

Hunters are killing many alligators in Florida.

Bay St. Louis, Miss., is thronged with summer visitors.

Ex-Chancellor Thomas Cobbs of Alabama dropped dead at Birmingham.

Rev. Sam P. Jones will erect a \$25,000 business block at Carterville, Ga.

Mrs. Arnold Sauvage, a wife of but two months, suicided at Tubersville, La.

Arkansas prohibitionists nominated George H. Kimball of Dardanelles for governor.

Harrison Randolph of Virginia has been elected president of the University of Arkansas.

Near Nix's Ferry, La., Z. O. Hefford, 15 years old, accidentally shot and killed himself.

Will Shields, a negro 18 years old, was run over and killed by a train at Hattiesburg, Miss.

Herd Lones and Martha Chapman were blown to atoms by a dynamite explosion near Lafayette, Tenn.

A row about a washbasin at Hoskiosko, Miss., led to the killing of Jim Ricketts by Frank Davis, a neighbor.

Dr. J. T. Jelks, a leading physician of Hot Springs, expired suddenly. He was a brother of Gov. Jelks of Alabama.

Gus Ayres, colored, was hanged at Holly Springs, Miss., for killing George Hall, also colored, in 1896. His neck was broken.

The Mississippi Fire Chiefs' association was formally organized at Meridian. Nearly every city in the state was represented.

Congressman Fox of the Fourth Mississippi district and Miss Arette Brandon of Thomasville, Ga., were married at the latter place.

Leah Kerr, a prominent young insurance man of Little Rock, suicided by taking chloroform. He was not quite 21 years old.

Despite the pleadings of his pretty girl companion, Henry Sturgeon jumped into the Ohio river at Louisville, Ky., and rescued his \$15 Panama hat.

Members of Natchez and Vicksburg, Miss., baseball clubs were fined 10 cents each by a Natchez justice of the peace for playing ball on Sunday. The maximum fine is \$50.

Severe strictures upon the American soldiers in the Philippines caused a fight at a garden party near Knoxville, Tenn. One man named John Kennedy was killed and three others fatally wounded.

At Donaldsonville, La., Policeman George Goetz, in attempting to play a practical joke, was shot and killed by Amund Babin, who thought Goetz was attempting to hold him up.

W. S. Allen of Cincinnati and Miss May Ellis of Hazelhurst, Miss., eloped to Jackson, Miss., and were married. The bride is a daughter of President Ellis of the First National bank of Hazelhurst and the groom is a native Mississippian.

**LUMBER TUG UPSET.**  
Five Members of the Crew Drowned Off North Carolina.

Wilmington, N. C.: One of the most severe electric storms ever known struck here Saturday night. The velocity of wind was fifty miles an hour. Five persons were drowned in the capsizing on the tug J. L. Patterson, belonging to the Kugler Lumber company. The Patterson was towing two schooners when the squall struck. The wind turned the boat on her side and she scooped water. The boat was turned on end and pilothouse torn away.

The dead: William J. Womble, captain; Henry Davenport, engineer; Dick Walters, fireman; John C. Herrin, cook, and Allan Moore.

The United States buoy tender Violet was in port and took to submarine divers and went to the scene of the disaster.

**Shot to Death in Prison.**  
Langley, S. C.: Two negroes, who were injured in a riot between whites and negroes upon a passenger train near this city and afterwards were placed in prison here, were shot to death by a mob of white men in their efforts to secure the negroes.

An accident on Colorado Midland road resulted in one death and thirty-six injured.

**TENNESSEE STORM.**  
Several Lives Were Lost in the Eastern Portion of the State.

Chattanooga, Tenn.: A terrible storm visited this vicinity. Miss Cora Kelly, teacher, while driving through a grove of trees in Meigs county near Dayton, was killed by a falling tree.

James Grayson, proprietor of a sawmill and his sawyer, Jesse May, were killed, Grayson by falling timbers and May was thrown on the revolving saw and his body almost cut in half.

Joseph Quirk of Seventh regiment, while engaged in trying to prevent a stampede of horses, was trampled under the feet of the terror-stricken animals and suffered fatal injuries.

During a thunderstorm at Harrison, a 15-year-old daughter of Frank Dugger, was killed by lightning.

Mr. Dugger's residence was burned to the ground and a second daughter was seriously injured.

## SUPPLIES FOR STATE.

The Distribution Schedules Will Soon be Ready.

Austin: State Purchasing Agent Dodge will within the next few days have ready for distribution schedules of supplies to be furnished the various eleemosynary institutions during the year, beginning Sept. 1. The schedule will be in the form of a small book and include everything used at the institutions, from pins to farm wagons and electrical and laundry machinery; also all drugs, groceries, fuel, food goods, etc. The total amount scheduled will aggregate \$600,000.

Bids will be submitted on a basis of three, six and twelve months' supply, and the purchasing agent will make awards based on the condition of the market.

The act of the present congress in imposing a tax of 10c per pound on colored oleomargarine, or butterine, has brought up a serious question. The institutions using butterine consume not less than 100,000 pounds annually, which is now being supplied by one of the large packinghouses at the contract price of 14 1/2c per pound. This price, with the tax of 10c added, would make a total of 24 1/2c per pound, which is prohibitory. It is entirely too high, unless the institutions would agree to use the uncolored article, which is 1c per pound less than the present price of colored butterine and the tax on which was reduced from 2c per pound to 1 1/2c per pound.

Mr. Dodge authorizes the statement that as a result of the above changes he will be in the market to purchase 100,000 pounds of creamery butter during the year commencing Sept. 1, and would like to hear from Texas creameries.

The unsettled condition of the feed crop and the prices will affect the contract when the time comes.

**SUITOR SLEW HER.**  
He Then Proceeded to End His Own Existence.

Houston: Shortly before 12 o'clock Monday night three pistol shots were heard in a rooming house on No. 698 1-2 Main street. People rushed to the scene and found Miss Antonio Louise Petri dead and J. Welsh King gasping for life with a pistol in his hand. The woman had been shot, the ball entering beneath the left ear and passing out on the right side of the head. He had two bullet holes where balls entered and two where they made their exit. The entrances were on the right side of the head.

They had been to the theatre and she was attired in a pink dress with white ribbons. Her aunt, Mrs. Augusta Althoff, who was there, says it was a love affair. The young lady was keeping boarders in the upper story of the house and Welsh King, a drummer, had been visiting her for a day or so.

**CLOSED A DEAL.**  
J. F. Keith Lumber Company Purchases Much Land.

Beaumont, Tex.: J. F. Keith, president of the J. F. Keith Lumber company of this city, confirms the announcement that he has closed a deal for 25,000 acres of land in Nacogdoch county which is heavily covered with long leaf yellow pine. Mr. Keith also announces that he will build a large, modern equipped, double-band saw mill near this city at a point on Ping Island bayou, where the Santa Fe and Texas and New Orleans railroad crosses the bayou. The site has been purchased and work on the mill will begin as soon as possible. The timber land deal will be finally closed up as soon as an estimate has been made of the timber and the titles are found to be clear. The land purchase and the announcement of the new sawmill creates some stir in lumber circles in east Texas.

**School Census of Lamar.**  
Paris: J. R. Roach, county school superintendent, has completed his scholastic census, which shows the total number within the school age in Lamar county, not including the independent districts of Paris, West Paris and Roxton, to be 9110. There are 113 school districts in the county and the entire scholastic population, including the city, is 12,474, of whom 447 are white.

The United States cruiser Philadelphia has left Panama.

**FATALITY ON FRISCO.**  
One Boy Was Killed and Another Seriously Injured.

Paris, Tex.: The southbound Frisco passenger train due here at 4:10 Sunday afternoon did not arrive until 1 o'clock Monday morning on account of a wreck near St. Louis. A large stone had rolled down from the mountain side on the track skirting Meramec river. The engineer did not see the obstruction until it was struck. The engine and mail car were knocked crosswise on their side, which blocked the track and prevented the other coaches from being derailed and rolling down into the river. Two boys were riding the blind baggage. One of them was killed and his head severed from the body. The other was seriously hurt. The engineer was badly cut about the head and the mail clerk about the face. The two sleepers were pulled back to St. Louis and the train went around the wreck over the Katy.

## DOCUMENT IS BRIEF.

Investigating Committee Sends Its Report to Gen. Van Zandt.

Austin: The veterans' investigating committee completed its work and the members left for their respective homes. All day Thursday was spent in taking testimony, the morning being given over to hearing inmates who sustained the management and were satisfied with their conditions at the home. Quartermaster Corwja explained the system in his department and answered questions concerning the management in that particular line.

The afternoon was devoted to hearing Superintendent King's statement and hospital needs as enumerated by Dr. Gilbert, the home surgeon.

The committee went into executive session and formulated a report giving its findings. The document is quite brief, but covers the points of the case as brought out by the testimony. The report is addressed to Gen. K. M. Van Zandt, and members of the committee decline absolutely to make public any part of it, stating that it will and may be held until the state reunion, which meets soon in Dallas.

It is learned that the report disapproves with that of the legislative committee in regard to the two hospital cases of Maher and Hedgroth. This management will be exonerated of any blame in either case, completely dismissing that of Hedgroth. The report condemns the lack of system at the home, stating there is a great want of system. It recommends that a system be established whereby there will be a strict and perfect accounting of men, disbursements, purchases, wants and receipts.

The report also recommends that Dr. Gilbert, hospital surgeon, be allowed all he asked for and directs attention to the inadequate help about the home.

**CULMORE PRESIDENT.**  
Houston Man Chosen Head Officer of Real Estate Association.

Greenville, Tex.: Several papers were read and discussed on the subject of industrial development of Texas by the Real Estate and Industrial association.

Resolutions were adopted favoring a system of technical and industrial education in Texas, the gathering of statistical information in regard to the material resources of Texas and memorializing the legislature to provide for same, thanking the Fifth regiment band for furnishing music and thanking the mayor and citizens for favors extended.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing term: Charles Culmore of Houston, president; E. W. Shelburne, Denton, first vice-president; S. W. Bogy, Corsicana, second vice-president; W. M. Massey, Floydada, third vice-president; A. N. Evans, Fort Worth, secretary.

One executive committee member for each congressional district was selected.

**Fatal Snake Bite.**  
Rhomb, Tex.: While sealing for fish on the river two miles west of place J. Yoakum was bitten on the arm by a highland moccasin and died the next day. Snakes are more numerous this year than for many years. There has been a number killed crawling through the streets, and out in the country they infest the houses. They are hunting water, as all surface water has dried up.

**Won by a Texan.**  
Lexington, Va.: Hon. D. A. DeArmond of Missouri delivered the address to the graduating class of the Virginia Military institute in the closing commencement exercises.

The second Jackson Hope medal was awarded to R. D. Riser of Calvert, Tex., who graduated with the degree of bachelor of science.

**Shot by Whitescapes.**  
Sulphur Springs, Tex.: Wednesday morning about 2 o'clock some parties went to the home of Monk Chambers, a renter on Mr. Lindsey's farm, four miles southwest from town, and took him out to whip him. The negro got away from them and ran, and they shot him through the fleshy part of the thigh.

**Defendant Dismissed.**  
Sherman: In case of the state of Texas vs. D. C. Petty, charged with the murder of Justice of the Peace Harris at Pottsville, defendant was dismissed by the state, the reason assigned being the insufficiency of the evidence.

The July Century is a "Summer Fiction Number," containing contributions in this field from popular writers and from new-comers.

Yale defeated Harvard in the four-goal boat race.

**RATHER REALISTIC.**  
Dreamed of Fire, Jumped and Broke One of His Limbs.

Denison: O. A. Horn, a Katy machinist, formerly working in the Denison shops, had a remarkable experience. Mr. Horn had one of his legs fractured some time ago and was stopping at the home of a friend in the country near town. He dreamed that the house in which he was sleeping was on fire and jumped from a window of the second story, breaking his leg again at the old fracture and seriously wounding his other leg. His injuries are serious.

# An American Nabob.

A Remarkable Story of Love, Gold and Adventure.

By ST. GEORGE RATHBORNE  
Copyright by STANLEY & SMITH, New York.

**CHAPTER VI.—(Continued.)**  
McGregor made a proposition to the effect that his principal should be entitled to at least one shot in practice before the affair came on the carpet—as Livermore was familiar with the handling of the firearms, he certainly had an advantage, and it would be only fair to give Overton a chance to see how the weapon upon which he was about to stake his life did its work.

To this the others readily agreed, and Jack glancing around for some mark, discovered a sparrow upon a branch fully as distant as his antagonist would be when the word came to fire.

"Ah!" he remarked, "I have found a mark almost half as large as a human head."

He fired almost instantly, and the marked bird fell to the ground, while the McGregor whistled a bar or two from "The Campbells Are Coming," and Livermore's second looked very serious.

Then the conditions of the duel were gone over.

The two principals were to be stationed at the posts selected, within easy pistol shot, and their backs turned toward each other.

At a given signal they were to wheel and advance directly toward each other, the privilege of fire being open from that instant.

One advantage would come to the man who got in his shot first, provided he hit his mark, but if he missed, heaven help him, for the other had the privilege of walking up as close as he pleased and delivering a murderous fire.

When these arrangements had been made the principals walked to their stations and received their weapons, together with a last word of advice from their seconds.

Then they were left alone, facing each other.

Overton could feel his heart pounding away like a miniature trip hammer, and he held out his arm with some uneasiness, but smiled to find it as firm as a rock—not a tremor or quiver of the slightest description—really it looked bad for Livermore, who perhaps had met with the most astonishing perils during his adventurous life, and finally came home to find his Sedan.

At McGregor's command the two duellists turned back to back, with the arm holding the pistol dropped down at their sides.

"Men, are ye baith ready?" he demanded, as though about to open a sprinting race or some other innocent game of sport.

"Ready!" came from the traveler, quickly.

"Ready!" echoed Overton, between his teeth.

"Then, gang awa', and the God o' battles decide the day," roared the ex-dragoon.

Both men whirled around, and the dueling pistols came up to a level.

Neither fired at once, but began to advance, while the onlookers—including an almost paralyzed rustic with a pitchfork over his shoulder, on the way to some field of labor—held their very breath in suspense.

Two, three, four paces for each—the distance had been horribly narrowed, and as yet not a shot.

It looked like murder—as though both of them must fall when the final exchange of compliments took place.

McGregor would have given all he owned for the privilege of bawling out to his man—he believed Jack was losing his best chance—that he had the other at his mercy, and was a fool not to get in the first shot; but such an act on the part of a second would have been a gross breach of the etiquette governing such affairs, and he discreetly remained silent.

Then with stunning abruptness came the sharp report of a pistol, and the McGregor groaned as he saw the smoke oozing from the barrel of the leveled weapon clutched in the rigid hand of Livermore.

**CHAPTER VII.**  
Mazette.

Overton settled down into a rut, waiting and working by fits and starts upon his picture. During these weeks he lived from hand to mouth, selling an occasional "pot boiler" for a pitance that just managed to keep the wolf from the door.

Days glided into weeks. He worked spasmodically, wandered about London, dreamed of mighty things that he could do if invested with the touch of Midas, and sometimes spent an evening with Mazette and her aunt.

These social events always had a salutary effect upon Overton, and many times he breathed blessings upon the little miniature painter for her sisterly affection, as he was pleased to consider it, which soothed him in such a wonderful manner.

His painting was complete.

As he stood in front of it he knew it was a masterpiece that must without a doubt bring him both fortune and glory.

Oh! if she would but only wait until the day when all London echoed with his name, and it would be an honor to know him.

But the hero of many an African and Indian border foray was impatient in his wooing, since he had reached an age when a man must needs make haste if he expects to shake off the thralldom of bachelorhood and take upon himself the vows and duties of a benedict, since the older he grows the more difficult it becomes to assume new obligations.

When Overton read in the Times that the wedding was to occur on the next Thursday evening at a fashionable church he seemed turned into stone for a time. He became moody, almost sullen. He avoided those friends who had been of late such a comfort to him. Mazette chanced to meet him on the street—perhaps the use of that word can hardly be allowed, since she purposely went out of her way to pass near his lodgings in the hope of seeing him, for the article concerning Fedora's coming marriage had caught her eye, too, and she began to fear for Jack again.

When she saw him so moody and apparently at cross purposes with the whole world, she felt very bitter toward Fedora, and had it been in her power just then to remedy matters, even at the expense of pain to herself, Mazette would have only too gladly done so, for Jack married to Fedora

and happy was far better than Jack miserable, despondent and devoid of ambition.

The fatal evening came.

Jack had grimly made up his mind he would by hook or crook witness the ceremony that was to darken his life and take from him the girl he had so long looked upon as his inspiration.

Knowing that a fashionable audience would fill the church, and that admission without a card would be difficult, he made friends with the organist and managed to get an invitation to occupy a seat in the loft.

Mazette insisted on accompanying him—at first he had been appalled by the thought of another witnessing his mute suffering, but she was so persistent, and her sweet presence all ways served to arouse his better nature, so finally he gave a reluctant consent.

When the organ pealed out the wedding march from "Lohengrin," Overton shut his teeth hard and waited the coming of the white procession that started down the aisle, flower girls strewn the way with rare blossoms.

Fedora looked like a dream—her appearance would haunt him to his dying day.

And Livermore was very handsome in his dress suit—he appeared very proud, and had eyes for no one but the beautiful woman who knelt before the chancel rail beside him and vowed to "love, honor and obey."

When Overton heard this he seemed to feel a change come over him—he knew it was false, for, loving him, how could she truthfully promise to give to her husband the affection it implied—his faith in womankind was dead, he believed, forever, and from that hour he could never believe in the sex again.

Toward the close of the ceremony Fedora raised her bright downward eyes, as if drawn by the subtle power of Jack's stern gaze, and looked into his face.

As if an arrow had pierced her heart she turned pale and shuddered, nor did she dare raise her eyes again.

Perhaps she even dreaded lest the man whom she had so cruelly jilted, whose devoted heart she had cast away after it was of no further use to her, as one might a worn-out glove, might in his righteous anger do something desperate—such things have been known ere now in high life.

Altogether those last few minutes of the ceremony that should have been the proudest and happiest in her whole life were the most miserable, and she endured a small portion of the same suffering her act had brought upon Overton.

All was over!

The wedding procession was passing down the aisle to renewed strains of joyous music. Perhaps those who were near enough to notice wondered why the happy and envied bride should turn her head and look in a half eager, half frightened way toward the altar—they could not know that remorse was already beginning to gnaw her heart, and that the memory of that white, set, agonized face in the organ loft would come before her with reproaches every day of her life, while the bitter accusations of a murdered conscience must many times drive her to tears when surrounded by all the beautiful things that generally go to make the sum total of a fashionable woman's happiness, and to possess which she had betrayed her own heart!

When Jack went out of the church, after the butterfly audience had rolled away in their swift turnouts, he was self-torment; but his step had an elasticity Mazette had not noticed for many a day. He accompanied Mazette to her home, but declined entering the humble abode.

(To be continued.)

## EVILS OF THE LONDON FOG.

Experiments Which Tend to Show That It is Most Deleterious.

Some unofficial experiments carried out at Chelsea during the recent fog, according to Sir William Thistleton Dyer, the director of Kew Gardens, showed that in a week six tons of solid matter were deposited on a square mile. They included not only soot but a variety of tarry hydro-carbons, highly injurious to animal and vegetable life.

Adopting the postoffice telephone area of 600 square miles, this means that the metropolis labored under a weight of 3,600 tons of this dreadful compound before the wind was strong enough to carry it to another part of the country. The other part of the country might be the Berkshire downs, where Sir William Richmond has sometimes seen a solid bank of fog creeping up from the east. There they call it London dirt.

Another instance of the destroying power of the London fog was supplied at the meeting of the Coal Smoke Abatement Society recently by Professor Church, who exhibited an evil-looking object, two inches thick, which had recently been chipped off the molding of the gallery outside the great dome of St. Paul's. This deposit covers most of the building where water penetrates, and it only contains 1 per cent of soot, the remainder comprising chemical products which are most pernicious to Portland stone.

Professor Church also has a grievance against the fog as the enemy of oil paintings. So great indeed is the injury which soot and smoke do to art as well as nature that it is rather surprising a society has not been formed for the promotion of fog—London Chronicle.

**Germany's Modern Schools.**  
Germany is now the best-educated nation of Europe, yet only hundreds of its 65,000,000 German teachers in many parts of the country were so poorly paid that they used to sing in front of houses in order to add to their income by odd pence.

**An Exchange of Courtesies.**  
Counsel for the Defendant (sarcastically)—You're a nice fellow, aren't you?  
Witness for the Plaintiff (cordially)—I am sir, and if I were not on my oath I'd say the same of you.

**Premature Inquiry.**  
Miss Gushington—What do you consider the ten best books, Mr. Root?  
Con. See (in the six books)—Really, I've only written six books so far, you know.—Philadelphia Press.

**Fitted For It.**  
"That man over there has named more racehorses than any one in the country. Has a natural gift for it?"  
"What's he doing now?"  
"Got a job with a health-food house naming their new outputs."—Judge.

**A Bitter Retort.**  
"Do you think," he asked, "that you could learn to love me?"  
"I don't know," she answered; "I might, but if I were a man I'd hate to think that I was an acquired taste."

**A Real Philanthropist.**  
"He's the best boss I ever worked for."  
"What's so good about 'em?"  
"Whenever there's a holiday he gives us snudder day to git over it."

J. E. POOLE, Editor and Proprietor.

Advertising rates made known on application. Terms \$1.00 per annum, invariably cash in advance.

Entered at the Post Office, Haskell, Texas, as Second class Mail Matter.

Saturday, June 28 1902.

LOCAL DOTS.

New crop comb honey at Carney's. The board of equalization will hold their final meeting for adjusting taxable values next Tuesday.

Mrs. W. E. Johnson and children left Wednesday for their home at Marlin.

A fine line of gentlemen's driving and work gloves just received at the Racket Store.

Fresh potatoes and other vegetables at Williams'.

Mrs. J. A. Couch left Thursday for Coleman, being summoned by telegram to the bedside of her daughter, Mrs. Wm. Baker, who was reported seriously ill.

Forbe's superior quality coffees, teas and spices at Williams'.

Ring number nine for any thing fresh in the grocery line.

Mr. J. G. Bogar of Roswell, N. M., is here on a visit to his brother. He is just on his return from a trip to Tennessee and thinks of locating here.

The Metropolitan will treat you royally.

My \$2.50 and \$3.00 slippers cut to \$1.90 and \$2.25—pair hose free with each pair slippers.

T. G. Carney.

Mr. Sydney McLemore, wife and boy, of Commerce, are here visiting Mr. M's parents and brother. Mr. McLemore is a conductor on the Cotton Belt railroad.

Parties owing accounts at the meat market must settle on the first of the month, otherwise we cannot continue their accounts.

Cunningham & Ellis.

Mr. J. W. Allen of the north-west corner was in town Thursday and said that he had four cattle killed by lightning on Tuesday night of last week. He found them dead near a wire fence the next day.

A party of young folks with a few older ones to keep them straight, enjoyed a picnic on Mule creek Thursday.

Messrs. Hughes bought this week of Mart Gentry 70 head of cows for their ranch in the southeast part of the county, price \$16.

Ladies' Vest Shirt-waists, etc., too low to mention. T. G. Carney.

Miss Zella Murray who has been in charge of Messrs. F. G. Alexander & Co's millinery department this season, leaves this morning for her home at Alford.

Mr. C. C. Frost places his name before the voters of precinct No. 1 as a candidate for county commissioner.

Being one of the oldest citizens of our town Mr. Frost needs no introduction to our people, who know him as a uniformly quiet and lawabiding citizen and a man of strict integrity. He believes in public enterprise and at the same time an economical administration of county finances and, no doubt is qualified to transact the county business to the satisfaction and interest of the people, should they see fit to elect him.

Mrs. Major Smith and mother visited in town Thursday.

Mr. S. H. Garrison, wife and daughter of Abilene visited the family of Mr. J. M. Bogar Saturday and Sunday last. Mr. Garrison is county clerk of Taylor county.

Dental Notice. I will be in Haskell July 1st and remain 4 or 5 days. Special attention to all kinds of dental work, best material used. Satisfaction guaranteed. Special attention given to extraction of bad teeth, least possible pain.

J. H. RUTHERFORD, Stamford, Texas.

Card of Thanks. The W. C. T. U. of Haskell extend thanks for and their hearty appreciation of the favors shown them by Mrs. A. C. Foster and daughter Miss Una, and all others, who so kindly assisted in the entertainment of Mrs. Stoddard, State President and her Secretary Miss Armstrong, during their stay in Haskell.

Mrs. A. B. Mason, Pres. Mrs. Levi McCollum, Sec.

Read It in His Newspaper.

George Schaub, a well known German citizen of New Lebanon, Ohio, is a constant reader of the Dayton Volkszeitung. He knows that this paper aims to advertise only the best in its columns, and when he saw Chamberlain's Pain Balm advertised therein for lame back, he did not hesitate in buying a bottle of it for his wife, who for eight weeks had suffered with the most terrible pains in her back and could get no relief. He says: "After using the Pain Balm for a few days my wife said to me, 'I feel as though born anew,' and before using the entire contents of the bottle the unbearable pains had entirely vanished and she could again take up her household duties." He is very thankful and hopes that all suffering likewise will hear of her wonderful recovery. This valuable liniment is for sale by John B. Baker.

Mr. E. P. Davis of Throckmorton county died last Sunday. Mr. Davis was one of the pioneer cattlemen in this part of West Texas and in recent years had become largely interested in banking. He was perhaps the wealthiest citizen of Throckmorton county.

Virulent Cancer Cured.

Startling proof of a wonderful advance in medicine is given by druggist G. W. Roberts of Elizabeth, W. Va. An old man there had suffered with what good doctors pronounced incurable cancer. They believed his case hopeless till he used Electric Bitters and applied Bucklen's Arnica Salve, which treatment completely cured him. When Electric Bitters are used to expel bilious, kidney and microbe poisons at the same time this salve exerts its matchless healing power, blood diseases, skin eruptions, ulcers and sores vanish. Bitters 50c, Salve 25c at J. B. Baker's.

STAMFORD SUMMER NORMAL.

A real live, up-to-date, Summer School. A strong faculty, and a splendid location. Begins June 26. Write C. Rose, Stamford, Texas.

Mr. C. M. Brown again places his name before the voters of Haskell county as a candidate for assessor of taxes. Mr. Brown is now filling his second term in the office and, as to his qualifications and ability to do the work required of the assessor, he refers all interested inquirers to the rolls prepared during his incumbency as well as to the reports and records of the commissioners' court showing their correctness and approval. We have heard no complaints of partiality in his work as assessor and, should the people see fit to reelect him, we have no doubt that he will continue to do the work in a satisfactory manner.

The public installation of Masonic officers, speaking and picnic at Monday on Tuesday was a memorable occasion in the affairs of this section, say those who attended. The crowd is variously estimated from 600 to 1000 people, and a bountiful meal of good things was spread and, barring the intense heat of the day, it was an enjoyable occasion for all. Among the visitors from Haskell were Messrs. S. W. Scott, J. W. Collins, W. H. Wyman, Dr. Gilbert and their wives, and several others whose names we did not get.

S. W. Scott, Esq., of this place was orator of the day and they say he acquitted himself well.

SEE!—Both farmers and business men, as both are alike interested, are urged to read and consider seriously an article on the subject of Milo Maize by A. D. Aldredge, which we reproduce from the Dallas News. With the prevailing drought conditions, we believe that in the planting of every available acre in kafir corn and milo maize lies the only hope of saving this country from a serious state of affairs from now until a crop is made in 1903. If they are planted and make a fair yield they will save the country. Seed is scarce and high, but a strenuous effort should be made to procure enough to plant every acre that can be planted by the middle of July. Some of our merchants have joined in an order for 50 bushels of seed, but that is not one-fourth enough. Let merchants and farmers make some arrangement together to get more—and do it at once.

All of my household and kitchen furniture is for sale cheap for cash. A. J. GLASGOW.

We will send the value of \$1.10 in booklet, containing twentyseven pen and ink photo-reduced sketches of Washington life by mail for 10 cents (cash or stamps). Queen Victoria knighted Sir John Tenniel for similar artistic work in London. (Your editor has a sample of this.) Nutshell Publishing Co., 1059 Third Ave., New York.

The W. H. M. Reception

Some one has said that a woman is only as old as she looks; I will here add that she looks only as old as she feels. This being the case, the ladies at the H. M. reception at the residence of Mrs. Oscar Martin, Friday, June 20th, were much younger than the family records would probably testify; for each one seemed as care-free and gay as if the fire of youth still burned in her veins. All present were made to feel that the term "Old Ladies' Reception," which, for convenience sake, had been applied to the occasion, was a misnomer and that the tide of time had backward turned, and all present were once again mysteriously borne to fairy shores where only youth and joy abound.

Before all the guests had arrived, a sandstorm threatened to mar the pleasure of the hour; but the cloud soon blew over, leaving just a gentle refreshing norther, which was indeed welcome after the heat of the middle of the day.

Carriages were sent for all who had no convenient means of coming, but a few remained at home because of the threatening aspect of the weather.

After a while spent in social conversation that would have done credit to leaders in society, the charming hostess asked that all step into an adjoining room and meet a friend who had come all the way from Georgia to attend this reception, but who, on account of fatigue, must ask to keep her seat. All followed, and were introduced to "Aunt Lucindy," whose chair was in the middle of the room. Although she held in her hand the indispensable box and brush, her hostess had induced her to try a smoke after her long journey.

Aunt Lucindy added much to the merriment by challenging all present to knock with a soft rubber ball her first pipe from her mouth, and she offered a prize to the first one who should succeed. Every one entered into the game with school girl enthusiasm, and though all failed at first, they were given another trial, and Mrs. G. J. Miller succeeded in knocking the pipe to the floor.

All were then invited into the beautifully decorated dining room, where they were served to ice cream and cake. After the refreshments, all present enjoyed that old time favorite—"When You and I Were Young, Maggie," which was sweetly sung by Mrs. Yoe, who has a remarkably sweet voice for one of her age.

When the time for leaving arrived carriages were waiting to take all home and we believe each guest bore with her happy memories of the smiling hostess, of the H. M. society and of the "Old Ladies' Reception."

Leads Them All.

"One Minute Cough Cure beats all other medicines I ever tried for coughs, colds, croup and throat and lung troubles," says D. Scott Currier of Loganston, Pa. One Minute Cough Cure is the only absolutely safe remedy which acts immediately. Others everywhere testify to the good it has done their little ones. Croup is so sudden in its attacks that the doctor often arrives too late. It yields at once to One Minute Cough Cure. Pleasant to take. Children like it. Sure cure for grip, bronchitis, coughs.—C. E. Terrell.

My little son had an attack of whooping cough and was threatened with pneumonia; but for Chamberlain's Cough Remedy we would have had a serious time of it. It also saved him from several severe attacks of croup.—H. J. Strickfaden, editor World Herald, Fair Heaven, Wash. For sale by John B. Baker.

Repairing—Boots and Shoes.

Send your repairing to the Cowboy Boot Shop and get your work done well and neatly. We pay the hack charges on work sent us. We make a specialty of Cowboy boots and guarantee good fit. Also guarantee new boots one year.

The Cowboy Boot Shop, P. O. Box 112, Stamford, Tex.

Happy Time in Old Town.

"We felt very happy," writes R. N. Beville, Old Town, Va., "when Bucklen's Arnica Salve wholly cured our daughter of a bad case of scald head." It delights all who use it for Cuts, Corns, Burns, Bruises, Boils, Ulcers, Eruptions. Infallible for Piles. Only 25c at J. B. Baker's drug store.

Our paper failed to come last night and we will probably not be able to get the regular issue of the paper out before Monday morning.

WEATHER DRY... MONEY SCARCE.

These are two facts that I realize are staring us all in the face.

Well, I propose to meet the situation and, to do it, I will sell you any goods in my store at the lowest prices ever offered to you.

I have on hand about \$13,000 WORTH of GOODS all new, up-to-date styles.

I make no Credit Prices and do not do a credit business, therefore you need not fear coming in contact with credit prices at my store.

If you come and figure with me I will save you money.

Notwithstanding the cut in prices, I still give out cash coupons on purchases at my store; save them up, they represent an additional 5 per cent discount on your purchases.

T. G. CARNEY.

M. S. PIERSON, President. LEE PIERSON, Vice-President. G. R. COUCH, Chas. M. PIERSON, Asst. Chas.

THE HASKELL NATIONAL BANK, HASKELL, TEXAS.

A General Banking Business Transacted. Collections made and Promptly Remitted. Exchange Drawn on all principal Cities of the United States.

DIRECTORS:—M. S. Pierson, G. R. Couch, Marshal Pierson, Lee Pierson D. R. Couch.

SIMMONS COLLEGE, AT ABILENE, TEXAS.

The next session will open on Wednesday, September 3, 1902,

and continue forty weeks. Courses are Academic, Collegiate, Music, Painting, Elocution and Commercial Science. Board and Tuition in Literary studies will cost \$200 per annum. Courses in other departments—Music, Painting, etc., cost \$50 per annum for each course. All charges are payable semi-annually in advance. Military drill and Physical Culture are given without extra charge.

Write for catalogue or other information to OSCAR H. COOPER, LL. D. Pres.

The Railroad

The 30 days allowed Pres. Morgan Jones in which to give our railroad committee a definite answer as to whether or not he would extend the Wichita Valley railroad to this place having expired, he has notified the committee that he will not extend. We understand that he bases this unexpected decision on the failure of Wichita Falls to respond to his demand for a bonus for the extension of the northern end of the road into the Indian Territory.

This is a great disappointment to Haskell, but there are other fish in the sea and our committee are fishing with baited hook.

We have heard that some parties at Albany, parties who are our friends, too, misapprehended an item in this paper two weeks ago in regard to the alleged boycott of the News, thinking it was probably intended especially for them. Nothing was farther from our purpose. We knew nothing of the details or merits of the factional differences said to exist there if indeed, such suicidal quarrels can have any merits—and our item was intended only as a general criticism of the whole people for their folly in allowing factional jealousies or differences to grow up among them. They inevitably destroy the peace, prosperity and advancement of a community. That the News was hit was only an incident of the existence of such a condition—we presume other interests are damaged also—and the case of the News is merely an illustration.

Mr. Henry Johnson got back Wednesday from a trip to Hall county where he assisted in moving Mr. T. N. Fields' cattle. He says they found plenty of pasturage at 15 cts per month for grown cattle and 10c for yearlings and that the grass is fine and plenty of water there.

Ready to Yield.

I used DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve for piles and found it a certain cure," says S. R. Meredith, Willow Grove, Del. Operations unnecessary to cure piles. They always yield to DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Cures skin diseases, all kinds of wounds. Accept no counterfeits.—C. E. Terrell.

Epworth League Program

Sunday, June 29. Leader—Miss Lillie Rike. Subject—National Prosperity. Prov. xiv, 34; Deut. vi, 10-13. Reference Word—Nation; Ps. xxiii, 12; cxlviii, 20; 1st Pet. ii, 9. Song. Responsive Scripture verses. Prayer.—Song. Daily Bible readings, as given in Era. Song. National prosperity—Fred Powers. Dangers to National prosperity—Miss Leila Nisbett. Song. Conditions to continued National prosperity—Miss Ethel Alexander and Walter McWhirter.

Of what does a bad taste in your mouth remind you? It indicates that your stomach is in bad condition and will remind you that there is nothing so good for such a disorder as Chamberlain's Stomach & Liver Tablets after having once used them. They cleanse and invigorate the stomach and regulate the bowels. For sale at 25c per box by John B. Baker.

NOTICE

The members of W. C. T. U. are requested to be present at Methodist church Tuesday afternoon at five o'clock, July 1st, to attend a special business meeting of Union—please be prompt. Mrs. A. B. Mason, Pres. —Nine bananas and fancy candies at the Metropolitan.

THE LINDEL - HOTEL, Haskell, Texas.

Having taken charge of this Hotel and refitted and refurnished it, now offers to the

Local and Traveling Public the best and most comfortable accommodations to be had in Haskell, but without a corresponding advance in prices.

Your Patronage Respectfully Solicited.

M. H. GOSSETT, Proprietor.

J. W. BELL, Manufacturer & Dealer in SADDLES and HARNESS

Full Stock, Work Promptly to Order. Repairing done neatly and substantially. Prices reasonable and satisfaction with goods and work guaranteed.

Your Trade is Solicited.

If You Need a Pair Of Pants

it will be to your interest to call at the Haskell Racket Store and get them at bargain prices. Sizes for men and boys. We also have an excellent line of Overalls and Jumpers, and a nice line of BOYS' SUITS all going at bargain prices for cash.

IN GLASSWARE, TINWARE, GRANITEWARE, QUEENSWARE

and Rockingham Stoneware in Cooking Utensils, we have a very complete stock and will make you very low prices.

For LAMPS, LANTERNS, CHIMNEYS, GLOBES

and a score of other things you use in house and kitchen every day, come and see us. We sell for cash and will make the prices interest you and guarantee satisfaction in the goods.

Don't mistake the place. The Haskell Racket Store.

W. H. Wyman & Co., Props.

Improved Canton Disc Plow

We are handling this plow this season. It has come to be an acknowledged fact that the Disc is superior to all other plows for breaking land and putting it in a good state of cultivation. Especially is this true in a dry season, and no farmer in this section should be without one.

Our general stock of FARM IMPLEMENTS is very complete.

The Bain Wagon, an acknowledged standard for durability and light running we carry in various sizes.

Our stock of Furniture and Stoves is not surpassed for either quality, style or prices in this section.

A full line of Shelf Hardware and Housefurnishing Goods. RESPECTFULLY,

M'COLLUM & CASON.

Saved From An Awful Fate. "Everybody said I had consumption" writes Mrs. A. M. Shields, of Chambersburg, Pa., "I was so low after six months of severe sickness, Diarrhoea Remedy. It is almost certain to be needed before the summer is over, and if procured now may save you a trip to town in the night or in your busiest season. It is everywhere admitted to be the most successful medicine in use for bowel complaints, both for children and adults. No family can afford to be without it. For sale by John B. Baker.

How to Avoid Trouble. Now is the time to provide yourself and family with a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. It is almost certain to be needed before the summer is over, and if procured now may save you a trip to town in the night or in your busiest season. It is everywhere admitted to be the most successful medicine in use for bowel complaints, both for children and adults. No family can afford to be without it. For sale by John B. Baker.

For Sale—houses and lots in town. Martin & Wilson.

Old, young and middle aged are invited to the Metropolitan.

Subscribe for the Free Press and keep up with the home news. Only \$1.50 a year.

Fred Niemann will keep constantly on hand a stock of fresh, pure candles from the Brownwood factory.

S. L. Robertson has new goods till you can't rest—go and see them.