

The Haskell Free Press.

VOLUME 25. NO. 30.

HASKELL, HASKELL COUNTY, TEXAS, SATURDAY MORNING JULY 23, 1910.

WHOLE No. 1278

Collier's Drug Store **Always in the LEAD.** Magazines & Periodicals.

Attention - COAL CONSUMERS - Attention

\$—Money Given Away—\$

I am desiring to make a thorough canvas of the city and county of Haskell. I want every coal consumer to read my ad. In my effort to accomplish this work I have put in an immense stock of the best grades of Colorado and McAlester, Niggerhead and Fancy Lump Coal.

E. A. CHAMBERS

HASKELL, TEXAS,

PHONE 157

NEW CREAM PARLOR OPENED

I have just opened an **UP-TO-DATE CREAM PARLOR** in the Sherrill building and I wish to invite each and everyone to call and see me. I want to thank you for your patronage while I was engaged in my former business, and earnestly ask that you give me a part of your Confectionery Trade. I promise to keep a neat place, and will serve you with all kinds of Delicious Drinks.

Ellis' Confectionery

WEST SIDE SQUARE.

Subscribe to the Free Press and Dallas Semi-Weekly News, \$1.75 per year.

Big Home Talent Production to be Given in the Air Dome, Friday Night July 29.

Proceeds for the Baptist Church Building Fund.

Local talent will present "A Gypsy Encampment" in the Air Dome Friday night, July 29th under the auspices of the Sun Beam Society of the Baptist church which is in charge of Mrs. Ira Ellis. "A Gypsy Encampment" is a musical fantasy introducing choruses, drills, solos, comedy and dramatic selections.

It is given under the management of the Randolph Madden Lyceum of Fort Worth, who have presented "A Gypsy Encampment" with great success throughout the state.

One of the special features will be a Juvenile chorus of over fifty voices, who will sing and go through a pretty drill. A Military Drill by sixteen young ladies is a decided hit, also the Moon Chorus and Automobile song by young men and women. The principal characters are taken by the best talent in Haskell. Rehearsals are in progress each day and evening, and "A Gypsy Encampment" promises to be a big success.

A. H. NORRIS

leads the crowd and if he didn't are you his friend? if so put one in and make him win the race. Are you patriotic? Then support a man who gave four years to the defense of his country—Come along make us happy. (Advertisement.)

NOTICE.

On account of limited time and the scope of country (seven counties) I have to cover I have been unable to make a personal campaign or to have the privilege of attending all the picnics and public speakings in my home county. I therefore take this method of expressing my appreciation of the hearty support I have met all over the county and district, and ask my many friends to give me every possible support in the primaries, July 23rd.

Yours truly,

H. R. JONES.

Candidate for Judge of the 39th Judicial District.

FREE SCHOLARSHIPS.

Three free scholarships are offered by the clubs of the first district in Simmons College, Abilene, in Midland College, Midland in Stamford Collegiate Institute, Stamford.

If any boy or girl is interested, further information will be given on inquiry. The Magazine Club has three free scholarships in the city schools. Two are to be given to students from any part of the county and one to a student in the independent school district. Mrs. S. W. Scott, Chairman of Committee on Scholarships.

Circle three of the methodist parsonage will have a market sale to day, July 23rd at the city grocery.

ICE MELTS AWAY

COLD CASH GROWS IN THE BANK



DON'T YOU FEEL JUST A LITTLE UNEASY WITH NO BANK ACCOUNT?

The banking business is the safest business in the world, because the banker TAKES NO RISK.

Therefore, if you do not wish to actively engage in some business yourself, the bank is, beyond all question, the SAFEST PLACE FOR YOUR MONEY.

Make OUR Bank YOUR Bank.

The Haskell National Bank,

Haskell, Texas.

Subscribe to the Free Press, \$1 a year.

SPENCER & GILLAM DRUGGISTS

Cold Drinks, Cigars, Pure Drugs and Toilet Articles Agency, Nyal's Non-Secret Remedies.

HASKELL FREE-PRESS

OSCAR MARTIN, Publisher
HASKELL - TEXAS

RESTLESS SONS OF EARTH.

Seeking new homes in new lands, better opportunities, improved conditions of life, the restless sons of earth keep moving today as they have kept moving for countless generations. The company of Hollanders which passed through Chicago on the way to Minnesota is typical in one sense and worth special attention in another, says Chicago Tribune. The same impelling reasons for immigration into the United States have influenced many others in previous years. But the quality of the individuals seems higher than the ordinary. Each head of family is an experienced dairy farmer. Each has at least \$1,000 available as initial capital. The company goes direct to selected land awaiting its arrival. This same sort of movement of population is noted in many parts of the world now. Canada, with its strong bid for colonists, is attracting large numbers from England, these immigrants contesting for the good things in the northwest with the thousands who are crossing the line from the United States.

The shipment from Seattle to Hamburg of a cargo of 120,000 bales of scrap tin from the Puget sound canneries furnishes an example of industrial thrift in the utilization of mill and factory waste in which Germany remains preeminent. This once-rejected refuse will return in due time in the form of little tin soldiers for the decoration of the nation's "Little Boy Blues." To Germany also go bales of discarded American stockings for remanufacture into cloth. We have ourselves made great progress in the conservation of waste since the first experiments with cottonseed. A cow's hoof is now a source of income to the packer, and in the by-products of the oil as well as of other industries lies a considerable margin of profit. There is no dross or rubbish in the modern world; even the street refuse of the city has its potential value. The intelligence displayed in the commercial utilization of waste and the conservation of such minor sources of wealth makes all the more inexcusable the long delay in conserving the nation's natural resources. In this also we have a lesson to learn from Germany.

One of the perils of aerial navigation as at present developed involves risk to those on land. Several instances have been reported of late where aeroplanes have swooped so near the earth that spectators have had narrow escapes. An incident of this kind occurred at Garden City the other day, when a flying machine bolted and dashed into a crowd. Men, women and children were in the gathering, and several persons were knocked down, while horses were frightened, and for a time there was a panic. Fortunately no one was seriously hurt. But the facts show that there is a great deal yet to be done to make aviation entirely safe to operators or onlookers.

The torpedo boat destroyer Sterrett, which was recently launched at Quincy, Mass., is one of the pioneers of a new and enlarged type of ocean-going destroyers that will be able to remain at sea with fleets of battleships. Boats of this kind can serve admirably as cruisers, and do heavy damage to the commerce of an enemy. They are formidable ships, of which it has been remarked that the grim old sea fighter Commodore Sterrett, after whom the new craft has been named, would have swept the Mediterranean of Barbary pirates if he had under his feet a craft of this kind.

The fire record for May in the United States and Canada was by no means as good as it might be, and seems to indicate a tendency to backslide. The total loss for the month is placed at \$18,823,000, against \$17,350,000 for last year and \$15,181,000 in 1908. For some months there has been an improvement, but it looks as though carelessness once more prevails to a discouraging extent.

Consider the case of that Boston teamster who had been run in for drunkenness, and who objected strenuously to being classed with a lot of Harvard graduates awaiting trial for rude and boisterous conduct! How unreasonably finicky he was!

As yet, however, journeys in airships are taken by those who want a ride rather than by persons going some where.

The report is out that the scent of flowers drives the fly away. This should be welcome news to the flower man.

Lots of good it does a woman to put on one dollar's worth of cosmetic and then go out under a green parasol.

TWO PEOPLE KILLED IN ELLIS CO. STORM

MR. POERCH AND SON AT ITALY LOSE LIVES—ANOTHER SUSTAINS INJURY.

OKLAHOMA HAS CYCLONE

One Man Killed and Considerable Damage Done in Town of Frederick.

Italy, Ellis County, July 19.—As a result of a storm which swept this place at 6:45 o'clock Monday night two people were killed and one seriously injured. The dead are Mr. Poersch and the son of Mr. Poersch, and the son of Mr. Gillian was injured. The storm came after a day of intense heat.

The schoolhouse was badly damaged, many trees were blown down, the tower and tank at the compress were blown away and a number of structures caught fire after they had been demolished by the wind. One residence was reduced to ashes after it had been blown down, and a number of outhouses also burned.

Mr. Gillian's son was injured by a shed being blown upon him. Reports have not been received from surrounding communities as to the extent of the damage there. Wire service at a number of points near here has been badly interfered with.

Storm Kills Oklahoma Man.

Frederick, Ok., July 19.—During a windstorm here Monday T. O. Clay, an employe of the cotton oil mill, was killed by a falling telephone pole. A wall of a brick building was demolished and a frame building was badly damaged.

Rain Follows Cyclone.

Honey Grove: Monday was the hottest day experienced here this summer, the thermometer registering 106 at 2:30. About 5:30 a small cloud appeared in the northwest, and in a few minutes a miniature cyclone visited the west part of town, tearing fruit and shade trees down, demolishing several barns and other outhouses, taking down fences and breaking out windows. This was followed by almost a waterspout for a few minutes. No one was hurt so far as learned.

FOR TEXAS CENTRAL EMPLOYES

All in Service Over Certain Time Get Extra Check.

Waco: Henry K. McHarg, former president of that line, sent Col. Charles Hamilton, vice president and general manager of the Texas Central Railroad, his personal check, with the request that the amount be distributed, on a basis outlined, among all employes of the company who appeared on the payrolls on May 31, 1910, who have been in the service of the company for more than three consecutive years. It is understood that this basis is a month's salary to all clerks, agents, mechanics, engineers, conductors, brakemen and roadmen, and a year's salary to all of the company's officials who have been with the company for a long time. McHarg's gift amounts to \$40,000.

WILL TEST REDUCTION ORDER

Texas Insurance Companies to Appeal to Courts.

Austin, Tex.: It now seems that the fire insurance companies of the state will certainly bring suit to test the reasonableness of the order of the State Fire Rating Board of June 28 as amended July 2 ordering certain reductions in the fire insurance rates of the state. William Thompson of Dallas, general attorney for the insurance companies, was here and said that he believed suit would be brought. Furthermore, Mr. Thompson conferred with Commissioner of Insurance and Banking Hawkins and members of the Fire Rating Board and gathered from them certain information as to the way in which the board arrived at its conclusions after the recent hearing.

Two-Cent Fare Proposition.

Austin: From a reliable source came the information that Gov. Campbell will submit to the special session of the Thirty-first Legislature, convening Tuesday, the question of the 2c fare on railroads. The source of the information is very reliable and the general supposition is that it is correct. Many are speculating on the length of the coming special session of the Legislature. Indications that the 2c fare proposition will be submitted leads many to believe that a number of other matters will be submitted.

Farmers' Union Encampment.

Rusk, Tex.: Preparations are being made by the Commercial Club at this place and arrangements have about been perfected for the big Farmers' Union encampment to be held here July 27, 28 and 29. Some of the ablest speakers of the State will be here. In addition to the topics assigned, the Cotton Belt Railroad, through its industrial agent, Guy L. Stewart, will be here the 28th and 29th with its hog demonstration special train.

DALLAS COUNTY LEADS STATE

Bexar Now Second—Tarrant Expected to Take Third and Harris Fourth

Austin, Texas: The Automate Tax Board did not meet Friday to fix the state tax rate, as fully thirty counties have not yet reported to the Controller the estimates of their taxable values.

The report was received from Dallas County showing an estimated valuation of \$108,988,060, an increase over last year of \$5,169,130. This is the largest valuation yet received and also shows the largest increase.

The Bexar County report was received and shows an estimated valuation of \$82,283,146, an increase over last year of \$5,878,997. This is the second largest increase yet reported.

Harris County Yet to Be Heard From.

Harris County is yet to be heard from and then all of the largest counties will have reported. Harris County will be near the mark shown by Dallas County, if last year's figures can be relied upon. It will be necessary to hear from Harris County before it can be determined which county will go into first place.

Either Dallas or Harris County will get first place. Tarrant County will likely come into third place, and Bexar fourth. Dallas County now holds first place in the matter of increase in value this year, and Bexar is second. Harris County may change this.

TEXAS WANTS POSTAL BANKS

State is Second Only to Pennsylvania in Demand.

Washington: Thus far seventeen applications for the establishment of postal savings banks have come from Texas. Two of these came Thursday, one from the postmaster at Arlington and the other from the postmaster at Childress, each backed by citizens of their respective communities. Next to Pennsylvania, which leads all states in applications for postal banks, stands Texas.

Twelve Texas banks have made application to be designated depositories for postal savings bank funds. Applications were received from the Gainesville National Exchange Bank, Corpus Christi City National Bank, Forney City National Bank and Texarkana National Bank.

Five Oklahoma banks made application Thursday for designations as depositories for postal bank funds as follows: Western National Bank of Oklahoma City, Sentinel State Bank of Sentinel, Exchange National Bank of Tulsa, First National Bank of Chickasha, First National Bank of Chickasha.

Leonard and Hughes Springs Petition Postoffice Department.

Washington: The postmaster of Leonard, Texas, transmits to the Postoffice Department a petition signed by thirty-seven citizens of Leonard, asking for the establishment of a postal savings bank at the place. Hughes Springs, Cass County, also wants a postal bank. The following Texas banks have made application to be designated depositories for postal savings bank funds under the law: First National Bank of Deatur, Farmers and Merchants' State Bank of Teague, Merchants and Planters' Bank of Sherman, First National Bank of Galveston. The postmaster at Marlow, Ok., also announces that the citizens of that place have petitioned him to request the establishment of a postal savings bank at Marlow.

TEXAS GAINS CONGRESSMAN

Returns for 37 Counties Show Increase of 59.25 Per Cent.

Washington: With the last figures made public, Texas has already gained one Congressman on the present basis of representation. This gain is made with less than one-seventh of the probable population of Texas accounted for. With the four counties announced the population of thirty-seven Texas counties has been made public, showing an aggregate of 561,056 inhabitants, a gain of 292,342, or 59.25 per cent. in the last ten years. The figures heretofore given show that either of two things, brigation or railroads, make Texas grow, and that a combination of the two factors will work marvels in the way of census returns.

RECORD BREAKING PEACH CROP

Hard to Market Crop While in Condition to Ship.

Marshall: The fruit and truck-growers in this section are swamped in the gathering and getting to market of their products while they are in condition to ship. At the Standard orchard sixty-five additional hands were put to work. This orchard is getting out twenty-five to thirty car loads a day. Harrison County has the largest peach crop in its history.

Natural Gas for Ennis.

Ennis: The City Council has granted a franchise to the North Texas Gas Company to lay pipes and mains through the streets and alleys of this city for the installation of a gas system to furnish natural gas to the people of this city. It is understood that the Henrietta gas will be piped here from Dallas. The company is to charge not more than 50c per 1,000 feet for gas and has twelve months in which to begin active operations and eighteen months in which to have the plant in operation.

VACATION TIME



ANTICIPATION (Copyright, 1910.)



REALIZATION

AD VALOREM TAX OF STATE CUT TO 4C

SCHOOL TAX REMAINS UNCHANGED AT 16.23 CENTS—GOVERNOR PLEASED.

VALUES ARE \$2,350,000,000

Increase is \$40,000,000 Compared with Last Year—Waters-Pierce Fine Helped to Cut Rate.

State ad valorem tax rate, 4c on the \$100 valuation.

State school rate tax, 16.23c on the \$100 valuation.

Austin, Tex., July 18.—The automate tax board, consisting of the Governor, State Treasurer and Controller, fixed the tax rate for this year as above shown. The school tax remains the same as last year, while the ad valorem tax is reduced from 5c last year to 4c this year. The decrease in the ad valorem tax rate is brought about by the fact that the total of appropriations for the next year, which expires Aug. 31, while the income of the general revenue fund from other sources is greater. The balance in the state treasury Saturday was \$1,403,000.

In computing the ad valorem tax rate it is necessary to take into consideration the amount of the appropriations of the Legislature for the next fiscal year and the income to the general revenue from other sources. In computing the school tax it is necessary to take into consideration the amount of school fund needed for the apportionment of the available school fund for the maintenance of the schools.

The appropriations for the next fiscal year amount to practically \$3,700,000. For the last year, including the special appropriations of over \$800,000 they amounted to \$4,955,503.

From the receipts this year it is expected by the Controller and board that the receipts to the general revenue from all other sources will amount to \$2,760,000. This leaves a difference between appropriations and income of \$940,000 to be raised by the ad valorem tax. The taxable values for this year are estimated at \$2,350,000,000, an increase of \$40,000,000 over the valuation of last year.

On the estimated valuation of \$2,350,000,000 a rate of 4c is all that is necessary for raising the exact difference between the income from other sources to the general revenue and the appropriations, namely, \$940,000. It is necessary to allow 20 per cent for the collection of the tax, or approximately \$200,000. To offset this the board took into consideration \$200,000 of the fine collected from the Waters-Pierce Oil Company by former Attorney General R. V. Davidson.

The board did not make public just what items it took into consideration in making allowances for \$2,700,000 income from other sources. It is understood that about \$800,000 of this came from the Secretary of State, while the fees from the General Land office, Controller, Department of Insurance and Banking, treasury receipts, one-third of the poll taxes, three-fourths of the occupation tax, redemptions and insolvencies, and money from miscellaneous sources were well taken into consideration.

Last year the board in fixing the rate took into consideration in fixing the 5c rate \$700,000 of the Waters-Pierce Oil Company fine. This year in fixing the rate at 4c only \$200,000 of the fine was taken into consideration.

REGARDING DOCTOR BURGHEIM

Press Reports Cause State Department to Investigate.

Washington: On the strength of press reports the State Department telegraphed American Consul Moffatt at Bluefields to ascertain whether Dr. Lawrence Burgheim of Houston, Tex., is held a prisoner by the Madris forces. The report was that Dr. Burgheim had been compelled to treat the wounded at Bluefields Blue.

MARTIN A. KNAPP APPOINTED

To Confer With Canada's Chief Commissioner.

Washington: An international railroad commission, with supervisory authority over the railroads of the United States and Canada, probably will be the result of action taken by this Government on the appointment of Chairman Martin A. Knapp of the Interstate Commerce Commission as the representative of the United States to confer with Hon. John B. Mabee, chief of the Railway Commission of Canada. Announcement of Judge Knapp's appointment has been made by the department.

The appointment of Judge Knapp and Mr. Mabee is the result of a considerable period of correspondence and diplomatic interchange between the United States and Canada would render full control over rates in the future impossible unless some joint action was taken now. It was realized that the acquisition of Canadian terminals by American roads and of American roads and terminals by Canadian railways presented ever-increasing difficulties. In the present circumstances it is not possible to compel railway or express companies to establish joint through rates to and from points in the two countries.

TO FINANCE STORAGE COMPANY

London Syndicate Interested in Sully's Plans.

St. Louis, Mo.: G. Scott Dalghelish of Cairo, Egypt, representing the Hirsch syndicate of London, has arrived in St. Louis with Daniel J. Sully on a tour of the cotton States in the Southwest and Southeast.

Dalghelish said his associates are prepared to finance the General Cotton Securities Company to the extent of \$5,000,000, in accordance with Sully's plans for warehousing, certifying, assuring and guaranteeing the American cotton production, in behalf of the planters. His object is merely, he said, to verify the reports of Sully, and his department indicated there is scarcely any doubt that the capital promised by the English syndicate will be furnished upon Dalghelish's return to London.

Dalghelish is particularly interested in the project of establishing a textile milling center at St. Louis.

SOUTHERN STATES ARE DRAINED

All Cotton Obtainable is Being Shipped Out.

New Orleans: As a result of the scarcity of spot cotton which the so-called July squeeze has brought about in New York, the South is being drained of practically all available cotton. Coastwise shipments from Savannah, N. W. Orleans, Mobile and Galveston have been heavy for a week or more, and with the jump of July options to 16.5c in the New York future market the highest price recorded since the Sully campaign in 1903, telegraphic orders began to pour into Memphis, New Orleans, Houston and other spot centers calling for the shipment on special trains of all cotton that could be bought.

WORKING TRAIN SPLITS CAR

Eight Passengers Fatally Injured in Wreck.

Detroit, Mich.: Eight passengers are believed to have been fatally injured and sixty-four were cut and bruised when a special car on the Detroit United Railways Detroit-Flint electric line was split in two by a work train. The collision occurred on a sharp curve at Wolf's Crossing, near Ortonville. Both the car and work train were running at full speed, it is said.

Curtiss Gives Demonstration.

Atlantic City: Hurling destructive "bombs" in the form of oranges from 200 feet above the waves, Glenn H. Curtiss, in his aeroplane, demonstrated that it was possible to drop enough high explosives upon vessels beneath him to send them to the bottom of the sea. It entailed no effort on his part to throw the bombs, and while he hovered over the sloop yacht, crowded with fifty excited passengers eager for the fray, he dropped the golden spheres and sent them where he wanted them to fall.

GERMANY REMAINS NEUTRAL

Refers to South America in General and Nicaragua in Particular.

Berlin: Germany has taken no stand in opposition to the United States in the affairs of Central and South America. Germany has issued no statement that could be construed into antagonism of the American Government in what that Government has done, is doing, or may do in Nicaragua. This declaration was made at the German Foreign Office Tuesday evening.

Special dispatches received from Washington and other American cities reported that the German Foreign Office had issued a statement that "Germany refuses to recognize any right on the part of the United States to supervise her diplomatic relations with other countries, Central and South American countries in general, and Nicaragua in particular."

When this report was placed before the foreign offices it was given an emphatic denial. No such statement, an official said angrily, had been issued by that department or by any other department of the German Government. He affirmed that nothing of such a nature could be made because there was no necessity, and therefore anything published in such a sense was a pure invention.

PRICE OF COTTON GOES HIGH

Frank B. Haynes of New Orleans Cleans Up \$7,500,000.

New York: Backed by a clique, which is reported to be directed by Frank Haynes of New Orleans, the Cotton Exchange was Monday thrown into a state of wild excitement and prices soared in aeroplane style to record marks. It was reported that Mr. Haynes and his following, as a result of the movement, had cleaned up a fortune of at least \$7,500,000. They succeeded despite the most strenuous opposition in cornering the July market, and then started out after the August market, and the indications at a late hour were that they would be victorious in this, too. The excitement in the pit was greater than ever before, and the brokers fought with each other in a maddened attempt to save themselves. Having gotten away with July, the bulls centered their attack on August options. Prices jumped to 15.67 during the afternoon. This was an advance of .33 points over the closing on Saturday, which was 15.34c.

GIRL PRESIDES OVER COURT

Judge Has to Leave—Instructs Stenographer to Act.

Oklahoma City, Ok.: A fair-haired and pretty girl, a stenographer in the office of the court, presided over County Court for ten minutes Thursday in the absence of the Judge, receiving the verdict of the jury in an important case and discharging that body after the verdict had been returned. She is Miss Inez Mitchell.

Judge Sam Hooker had to catch a train shortly after the conclusion of the trial and instructed the young woman to remain in charge of the court.

"Is this your verdict?" she asked of the jury when the verdict had been read.

"It is," they all said with one accord.

"Very well. You are now discharged until tomorrow."

"Thank you, Judge," said each of the jurors.

GOVERNMENT WIRELESS SYSTEM

Towers 500 Feet High to Be Built at Capital.

Washington: Instead of building a gigantic wireless telegraph tower in Washington higher than the Washington monument, the Navy Department has decided to construct four towers between 400 and 500 feet in height on the highest available point of the District of Columbia. The purpose of the towers will be to afford the Navy Department the best opportunity for communicating without interruption with its ships far out at sea, and with the land stations far removed. Tests recently made by the department led to the belief that communication with ships in the daytime 1,500 miles away and at night 3,000 miles away will be possible.

GATHER PEACHES ON SUNDAY

In An Effort to Save Crop Are Working On Sabbath.

Mount Vernon: The Elberta peach growers are still actively gathering, hauling and shipping peaches. The peaches are now ripening so fast that many people were compelled to work all day Sunday, as it was necessary to save the enormous crop.

COTTON INDICTMENTS DISMISSED

Set Aside Upon Declaration of Being Defective.

New York: Indictments against eight prominent cotton operators for alleged conspiracy in restraint of trade, found by the Federal Grand Jury last month, were dismissed. Ex-Senator Spooner, counsel for the ball leaders in cotton, had the indictments declared defective and set aside.

LEGISLATURE BEGINS IN EXTRA SESSION

REPEAL OF FIRE RATING BOARD
LAW URGED—HOUSE IS IN
GREAT HURRY.

BILLS ARE INTRODUCED EARLY

Senator A. J. Harper Presided Over
Senate in Absence of Lieutenant
Governor.

Austin, July 20.—The third called session of the Thirty-First Legislature convened at 2 o'clock Tuesday afternoon, in response to the Governor's proclamation, and soon after organization a warm message from His Excellency was read, treating the fire insurance rate law situation.

Each house had a quorum, an even 100 in the House and 23 in the Senate. Organization was soon perfected and bills introduced and passed. However, the latter were mileage and per diem and contingent expense bills.

So great was the hurry to get down to business that bills were introduced in the House before it had been officially notified of the Senate's organization. In fact, the Senate had not advised that it had a quorum.

In the Senate, bills were presented before the Governor's proclamation convening the Legislature was read, and before the message submitting the several subjects was read. But the official records will be made to show everything in due form. It was another illustration of the haste in the Legislature of this State.

The mileage and per diem bills introduced in both houses carried \$51,000 and the contingent expense bill \$10,000. The \$51,000 was arrived at in this way: At the last special session \$33,000 was appropriated and a deficit of \$4,000 resulted. In addition, the mileage amounts to \$14,000, making a total of \$51,000. The House bill was presented in both branches under suspension of the rules, and the members will get their mileage at once.

A significant occurrence was the refusal of the House to adopt the Senate concurrent resolution providing for an adjournment until next Monday. The Senate evidently thinks no work can be accomplished until after the primary, and that it will be a difficult matter to hold a quorum here after Wednesday. Several Senators with warm contests on for office will return to their districts at once.

Both houses curtailed the number of their employees, the House having an economical streak. While the Senate eliminated some of the clerks and assistants of last session, it increased the salaries of the secretary and journal clerk from \$5 to \$7.50 per day, while members and other officers receive \$5 per day. It was done over the protest of some nine Senators.

In the absence of Lieutenant Governor Davidson, who buried his mother Tuesday at Georgetown, Senator A. J. Harper, president pro tem, called the Senate to order. Speaker Marshall was present in the House.

The father of Lieutenant Governor Davidson, now nearing his 90th year, is also dangerously ill, and Gov. Davidson will remain at his bedside.

There was no unusual features or fireworks in either house; in fact, the proceedings were dull routine. Large galleries were assembled in each house but soon left, as there was nothing to hold them. Representatives Ray and Hill, who are opponents in their districts, jollied each other in a joint debate, but their auditors could not vote in their campaign.

COTTON IS WORTH \$812,000,000

Only One Other Farm Product Exceeds This Staple.

New York: The Bureau of the Census on Cotton Production has issued a bulletin relating to the value of the cotton crop of last year. It gives the value on production in 1909 as about \$812,000,000. This is about one-half the value of the corn crop, nearly \$1,000,000,000 more than the value of the wheat crop and twice the value of the oat crop. The entire production of gold in the world last year was about \$450,000,000, or slightly more than half the value of the cotton. The cotton production in the entire world last year was valued at about \$1,000,000,000.

Bonds Approved.

Austin: The Attorney General's Department approved for registration the following bonds: City of Fort Worth school building bonds, \$100,000; Eastland Independent School District schoolhouse bonds, \$20,000; Fisher County Common School District No. 45 schoolhouse bonds, \$1,000;

Schoolhouse Insurance.

Austin: F. M. Bralley, State Superintendent of Public Instruction, has received a letter from J. C. McKinney of Honey Grove relating the destruction by storm of the schoolhouse and the church building in the Lone Star community near that place. Mr. McKinney, in the opinion of Mr. Bralley, makes a very wise suggestion, which is that a law be enacted by the Legislature requiring school trustees throughout the State to take out fire and tornado insurance for the protection of the schoolhouses.

HARDEST OF ALL WOODS

THE HARDEST OF ALL WOODS IN THE world are railway building and the preparation of hides and skins into leather. For the former the sleepers on which the rails are laid are essential and costly factors; for the latter nothing can take the place of some vegetable extract which is the tanning substance of the trade. Sleepers can be made of glass and metal, but these do not give the satisfaction of those made of wood. The oak and the hemlock have for ages supplied tannin by which

leather is cured; in fact, the very word tann implies by its derivation its relation to the oak, by which name the tree was called in old Breton language. Railway sleepers have been made from the oak, but the expense grows higher year by year. No wonder, therefore, that the earth is scoured for trees to furnish either the one or the other of the substances, and no wonder also that manufacturers and builders hailed with delight the announcement a few years ago of the availability for both purposes of the South American tree called "Quebracho."

Quebracho is a contraction of the colloquial Spanish and Portuguese term quebra-hacha, originally applied to many trees in Latin America. It means "ax breaker," and the character is implied in this meaning. The wood is hard, fine grained, and tough and had been used by the natives for ages in their primitive construction work. Of recent years, however, quebracho is restricted in the arts and industries to a particular tree found only in South America, and even here only within broad limits of the drainage basin of the River Parana. In Cuba there is a "quebracho," so-called locally, which is a member of the Copaliba family. In Chile a quebracho is rather of the Cassia family, and probably in other parts of Latin America the name is indiscriminately given to any hard wood that has tested the metal of the native's ax. No such indefinite use of the word, however, can be permitted today, because the tree of



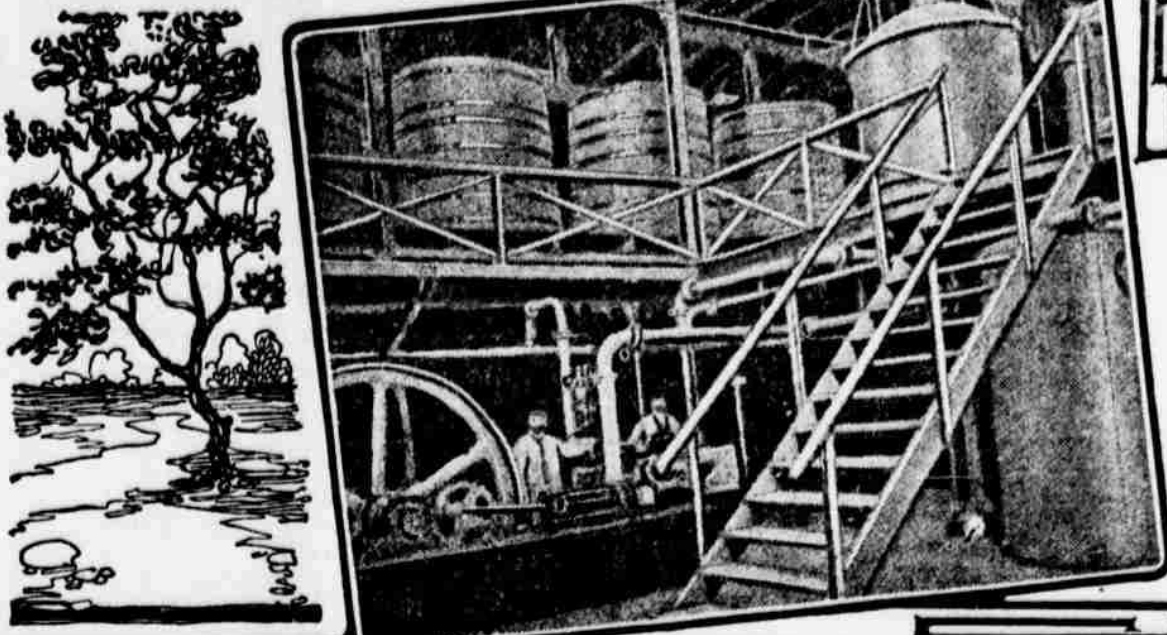
A SAWMILL BETWEEN "THE CHACO" AND CIVILIZATION

The South American Chaco has become so commercially important that it must be understood to signify only that one tree and nothing else.

The genuine quebracho tree is found in Brazil, Paraguay, and the Argentine Republic. There are two important varieties and a third has been distinguished, although it has no great significance in botanically or value commercially. Locally and in the trade the name given are Quebracho Colorado (red), and Quebracho Blanco (white). Quebracho Colorado has the scientific designation of *Loxopterygium lorentzii*, and belongs to the order of Anacardiaceae. This is the particular tree from which both the sleepers and the better quality of tanning extract are derived. The other, Quebracho Blanco, is neither so straight nor so serviceable as the red variety, but is nevertheless of definite commercial value, as it furnishes some tanning extract and the logs can be used for fence posts and axles. From it is taken also a drug extensively used for bronchial diseases; in fact, as a plant it was studied for this purpose long before its other advantages were exploited. The scientific name is *Aspidosperma quebracho*.

Railways must have sleepers on which to lay their rails. In some instances wooden ones are imported at great expense, or substitutes thereof are used if climatic conditions are favorable. As a rule, however, it is preferred to take supplies from native timber whenever procurable. This was the case in the Argentine Republic when railway building away from the coast had begun, and no more fitting wood could be discovered than that recommended by the natives, both by the name and by the experience of those who had used it. The quebracho wood proved by far the most serviceable for sleepers on South American railways, and its reputation grew so steadily that today many miles of European rails are supported by sleepers brought from the River Plate.

In one respect quebracho resembles rather mahogany than oak or pine. The trees do not grow in clumps or groves, but are dispersed through the forests and the less dense woods, singly or in groups seldom more than four or five to the acre. The tree itself is tall, about two or three feet in diameter, and is crowned by a rather thin, oval, or V-shaped, mass of branches and leaves. The white quebracho is somewhat smaller than the red, and begins to branch lower to the ground, so that it is not hard to distinguish them from each other. The leaves are oval, or lance shaped, smooth, somewhat shining and leathery; they do not fall completely in the winter, but cling to the branches in company with the fruit. The tree seems to thrive best on a sandy soil, where the atmospheric moisture is not very great, but where abundant water is provided for the roots, either by dew or sufficient rain. It is neither a mountain nor a river growth, but lives best in the subtropical stretches between water courses. Although the age of the tree has been given as measured by hundreds of years, it is well enough established that at ten years from planting the first small shrubs are big enough to use for posts. The future promises, therefore, an opportunity for the actual cultivation of quebracho, because, although savage inroads have been made into the supposedly inexhaustible forests of the Chaco, it is not too late to restrict the cutting of the tree, or even to adopt modern forestry methods of planting and conservation for the supply of coming generations. In fact, the Argentine Republic has already passed suitable laws in this direction, and it is more than probable that under the wise administration of that government there will be



THE BARK OF THE QUEBRACHO TREE

and hides into leather is, however, the most serviceable product of the tree. All the timber companies are adjusting their plants so as to utilize the wood, either in its entire output, or in that portion not reserved for posts and sleepers, for this extract. In Paraguay and areas in the Chaco remote from good roads, so that the cost of supplying timber is excessive, every particle of the wood is turned into extract, because the demand is usually in advance of the supply, and it is therefore more profitable to manufacture the more concentrated article, which can be easier and more economically carried to market.

One feature of quebracho, in which it is superior to other sources of supply, is that the bark, the sapwood, and the whole of the central part of the tree produce the extract in considerable quantities. The bark contains 6 to 8 per cent. of tannin, the sap 3 to 5 per cent., and the heart 20 to 25 per cent. As the heart represents two-thirds and often three-fourths of the total quantity of wood, the amount of tannin in the quebracho Colorado is seen to be considerable. It is merely a chemical question whether this tanning material is equal or inferior to that from the oak, but later methods of preparation point to a full justification of the claim that the leather from quebracho extract grades up to that resulting from any other tanning substance. So serviceable is it, however, that since its discovery, the tanning industry of the Argentine Republic has made noticeable advance, because, with both hides and extract as great natural products of the country, the government is making every effort to foster the leather industry within its own border.

"Quebracho extract," as it is called in the trade is easily manufactured when the machinery is once installed. All the wood is passed through a machine that cuts it into shavings or the smallest possible chips. It is then collected into immense kettles, in which it is treated by chemical processes until all the tannin is removed; after this the fluid preparation is reduced by evaporation to a thick, jelly-like mass, which is poured into sacks, where it is finally dried into the substance sold in commerce.

The difficulty of gathering the raw material far outweighs the preparation of the finished article, especially as the extract is no longer to be considered a by-product, but is coming to have more importance and value than posts and sleepers. In Paraguay particularly, where all the wood is utilized for extract, the hardest part of the business lies in gathering wood for the factory. The trees are cut in the heart of the virgin forest and hauled by ox teams to the nearest clearing. Only native Indians have proven themselves suitable for the work, as they are thoroughly acclimated, understand the wilderness, and can withstand the plague of insects which make life at night miserable for the foreigner; and exposure for nights as well as days is unavoidable, because the cutting stations are usually remote from any settlement.

In 1895 the first real exportation of quebracho extract from the River Plate was recorded. The increase has been rapid—from 400 tons in the first year to 9,000 tons in 1902, 120,594 tons in the next five years, and 28,195 tons in 1907. Of this quantity the United States received 17,733 tons, or almost 65 per cent.

MORE PINKHAM CURES

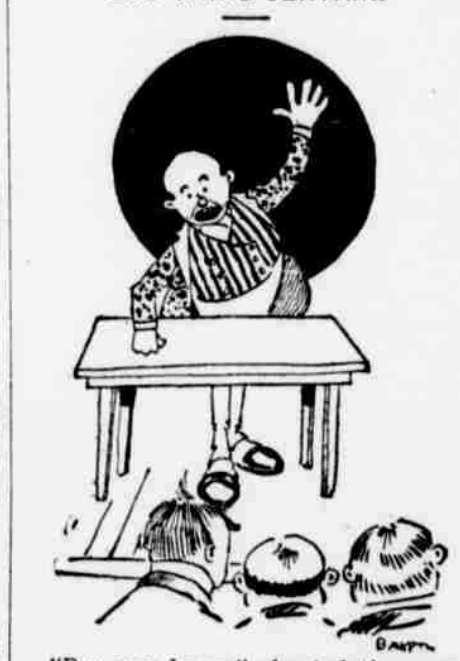
Added to the Long List due to This Famous Remedy.

Oronogo, Mo.—"I was simply a nervous wreck. I could not walk across the floor without my heart fluttering and I could not even receive a letter. Every month I had such a bearing down sensation, as if the lower parts would fall out. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done my nerves a great deal of good and has also relieved the bearing down. I recommended it to some friends and two of them have been greatly benefited by it."—Mrs. MAE MCKNIGHT, Oronogo, Mo.

Another Grateful Woman.
St. Louis, Mo.—"I was bothered terribly with a female weakness and had backache, bearing down pains and pains in lower parts. I began taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound regularly and used the Sanative Wash and now I have no more troubles that way."—Mrs. AL. HERZOG, 6722 Prescott Ave., St. Louis, Mo.

Because your case is a difficult one, doctors having done you no good, do not continue to suffer without giving Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. It surely has cured many cases of female ills, such as inflammation, ulceration, displacements, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, indigestion, dizziness, and nervous prostration. It costs but a trifle to try it, and the result is worth millions to many suffering women.

ONE THING CERTAIN.



"Do you know," shouted the earnest orator, "what to do to the trust?" "No, but I know blame well what they're doing to us!" said a man in the front row.

Novelty.
"I thought you told me you had something original in this libretto," said the manager, scornfully. "Here at the very outset you have a lot of merry villagers singing, 'We are happy and gay!'" "You don't catch the idea at all," replied the poet, wearily. "The 'g' is soft. It should be pronounced 'happy and jay.'"

Confused Impressions.
"Of course, you know the story of William Tell," said the serious citizen.
"To tell you the truth," replied Mr. Cumrox, "I'm not clear about him. I can't exactly remember whether he was a great marksman or a famous opera singer."

His Big Bill.
Guest—How long is this lease of your hotel to run?
Hotel Clerk—What lease?
Guest—The one I just gave you the money for.

A Dream of Ease— Post Toasties

NO COOKING!

An economical hot weather luxury—food that pleases and satisfies at any meal. So good you'll want more.

Served right from the package with cream or milk. Especially pleasing with fresh berries.

"The Memory Lingers"

Pkgs. 10c and 15c
Sold by Grocers
Postum Cereal Co., Limited
Battle Creek, Mich.

THE HASKELL FREE PRESS

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Office Phone No. 70

Entered at the Postoffice at Haskell, Texas,
as Second Class Mail Matter.

SUBSCRIPTION:
One Year \$1.00 | Six Months .50c.
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING.

RATES

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Display advertisements
10 to 15 cents per inch
Local notes, 5c per line.
Locals in black face type
10 cents per line
Obituaries and Cards of Thanks
5 cents per line
Special rates for page ads.
Special rates on legal advert's.

It is probable that the proposition to have the next legislature submit to a vote of the people of Texas an amendment to the State constitution on the prohibition question will carry in the primary today by the largest majority any question has received in a decade.

Few outside of those actually engaged in the liquor business are opposing it.

The proposition is not beclouded this time like it was in 1908 and the people thoroughly understand that if it carries in the primary election it only amounts to a request or petition to the next Legislature to submit a prohibition amendment to a general vote of the people for adoption or rejection, and that the real decision as to whether or not we are to have the constitution amended comes when that vote is polled.

The effort made by some here and there to create the impression that a vote in the primary today for submission is a vote for prohibition has not deceived any person of ordinary intelligence, and the people without regard to whether they are for Davidson, Johnson, Colquitt or Poindexter are determined to bring the question to a final vote on a constitutional amendment and settle it out of our state and country politics either by defeating it or adopting it.

The Precinct Conventions

At the precinct conventions to be held today at every voting box is the time and the place for the people to give expression to their views and wish in regard to things to be done and done and policies to be pursued by the official to be entrusted with the carrying on of our state and county government.

It is likewise the time to approve or condemn things done in the past officials whom they have here to form chosen to conduct their public business.

The way to give such expression is through written resolution submitted to and voted on by the convention.

These if adopted are then endorsed by the chairman and secretary of the precinct convention and sent up to the county convention by the precinct delegate. It is entirely proper and right that the people should take such action in their convention.

It is really the only official means of giving expression to and making known the peoples approval or disapproval of official action and of giving instruction to their agent as to their further action.

Electric Bitters

Succeed when everything else fails. In nervous prostration and female weaknesses they are the supreme remedy, as thousands have testified.
FOR KIDNEY, LIVER AND STOMACH TROUBLE
It is the best medicine ever sold over a druggist's counter.

TEMPERANCE IN IRELAND.

Some movements are better known by their nicknames than by the formal titles attributed to them by their organizers. It is a good augury for the success of any reform when the public attaches to it a pet name. It at least implies interest, a little admiration and sometimes no small affection for the cause. In Ireland just now we have a remarkable example of this. The most popular movement that has stirred the emerald isle in years is known wholly by a nickname.

The formal designation of the "Catch-My-Pal" organization is the somewhat prosaic title, "Protestant Total Abstinence Union." But it must needs be a very formal occasion indeed when that title is heard.

The movement began in a very simple way. On the evening of the 13th of July, 1909, Rev. R. J. Patterson, pastor in Armagh, was coming home when he noticed a small group of men lounging around a lamp post. He bade one of them "good-night," and in response to the salutation the man made some slighting remark about his companions and their weakness for drink. Mr. Patterson stopped, asked the man if he really meant what he said, spoke to the others, took them round to his manse, and in the dining room that night the society was born.

These six men went away pledged to turn up again in the same place on a succeeding evening, each with another man who wanted to give up the drink. Prompt to the moment they all arrived, bringing their boon companions. They prayed together, and all pledged themselves to go out and get others to join with them.

Since that night the movement has steadily grown until now there over 70,000 members. The incidents told in the various meetings are sometimes very thrilling. Men who had never been sober for a week at a time since they remember have been staunch teetotalers and aggressive temperance workers for the last six months. The men who drink have proved themselves best suited to persuade their comrades to join them in this new crusade.

Other temperance movements have been apparently run too much by total abstainers, and those who needed most to be reached could not be approached by men of that type. They resented all interference with their personal liberty from men who had apparently never understood the so-called friendly ties developed round the social glass.

All great institutions, as some one has said, are but the lengthening shadow of some unique personality. This truth is at once apparent in this instance. Mr. Patterson is a man in a class by himself. He combines in a marked degree devoutness and humor, sanity and intusiasm, simplicity and eloquence. He can attract men and set them to work. How he has been able to do so much in so short a time it is difficult to understand.

The distinctive feature of the union is of course the fundamental principle of each one pledging himself to get another. There is nothing new about such a principle, but somehow it has been applied in connection with temperance in just the same way or with the same beneficent results. The men who have stopped drinking need something to occupy their attention and excite their interest. Nothing seems so fitting to do this as trying to persuade some other man to leave whiskey and join the society.

Some Irish towns of 3,000 or 4,000 inhabitants have been so influenced by the movement that almost all the men who have tumbled have taken the pledge and have left the public houses without customers. Over the whole province of Ulster the effect has been noticed in the

great decrease of crime, so that the judges at the recent assizes had to compliment several of the counties on their unusual condition of peacefulness.

The movement has created a sentiment in favor of sobriety among the very classes who formerly thought it no disgrace to get drunk. It has also awakened enthusiasm in all districts it has reached, not only among the drinkers but among temperance workers who had fallen into a rut and were making a little if any impression on the community.

Another very important effect of the union has been the bringing together on a common temperance platform of all Protestant denominations. Never before in Ireland have the Episcopalians, the Presbyterians and the Methodists fraternized as they are doing now in connection with this organization.

The pledge and ritual are as simple as can be. All members stand, hold up the open hand, and repeat together phrase by phrase these words:

"For God and home and native land, I promise to abstain from all intoxicating drinks as beverage, and to do all that lies in me to promote the cause of total abstinence by getting others to join the union."

Then they shut their fists and say word by word:

"We—will—see—this—thing—through."

The pledge may be taken for months or years or for life.

The weekly meeting are marked by this public pledgetaking. If a man breaks his pledge he is restored only by the vote of the members and must be restored publicly.

It is remarkable how few have as yet broken these pledges. Perhaps the publicity has helped to keep the pledgetaker constant.

I fear that a large majority of the pledges signed in private are broken in very short time.

These men can get those who have broken their pledge to come back and face their fellow members again when christian workers would have very little chance of succeeding.

All the meetings are opened and closed with religious exercises and the Lords prayer is repeated in unison by all present.

It is too soon yet, and we are too near the active participants to express any opinion as to the permanence of the movement.

However, all admit it is doing a splendid work and the organization has in it all the elements of success.

Never since the days of Father Mathew have temperance meetings been so popular, the audiences so large, the speakers so effective or the result so satisfactory.

ALL ABOUT TEXAS.

For information about Texas see the Texas Almanac & State Industrial Guide (350 pages.) Gives detailed description of every county in the State, price of land, etc. Also contains railroad and county map of the State. Price, postpaid, 30c. Address, The Dallas News, Dallas, Texas.

In Luxurious Quarters.

Mrs. Clarence Mackay has fitted up beautiful quarters for the Equal Franchise club in the Metropolitan building in New York. Her own private room is done in blue, green and gold. The walls are in a floral design of pink and green, with a black background, which shades into a sky-blue ceiling. The carpet is dark green and the furniture is upholstered in pale blue and decorated with gold. Her desk is an inlaid Sheraton and the fittings are silver. The stationery is adorned with copies of a picture of a young mother with a baby, larger opportunities for motherhood being the sentiment of the organization.

ADVERTISED LETTERS.

Letters remaining in the Haskell Post Office July 18, 1910.

- 1 R. C. Smith
- 2 Chester Pinson
- 3 Mrs. Martha R. Smith
- 4 Mrs. Carrie Dalton.

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Enter Our School Under

SPECIAL SUMMER RATE

And receive our written GUARANTEE, backed by a chain of THIRTY-EIGHT Colleges, \$300,000 capital, and TWENTY-TWO YEARS SUCCESS, to secure you a position or REFUND tuition.

BOOKKEEPING Draughon's competitors by not accepting his offer to have his THREE months Bookkeeping students contest with their SIX months Book-keeping students, in effect concede that Draughon teaches more Bookkeeping in THREE months than they do in SIX. Until July 16, 1910, \$44 Life Scholarship for \$35.

SHORTHAND About seventy-five per cent of the official court reporters of the United States write the System of Shorthand Draughon teaches, BECAUSE they KNOW they can, by writing this system, excel writers of other systems thirty per cent in speed and earning capacity. Until July 16, 1910, \$44 Life Scholarship for \$35.

YOU SAVE DOLLARS AND DOLLARS WILL SAVE YOU
\$10 DISCOUNT \$10

COMBINED COURSE Until July 16, 1910, we will issue Combined Scholarships, including Bookkeeping and shorthand, regular price \$75 for \$65. Penmanship, Rapid Calculation, Business Arithmetic, Commercial Law, and Business English FREE with above courses.

BANK ENDORSEMENTS More Bankers indorse Draughon's College than indorse all other business colleges in the United States COMBINED.

Penmanship Normal Beginning July 5, and continuing Twenty days, we will conduct a PENMANSHIP NORMAL. Regular price \$5; FREE to students who purchase Life Scholarships in Bookkeeping or Shorthand before that date.

HOME STUDY Draughon will teach you Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Banking, Penmanship, etc. successfully BY MAIL or REFUND tuition.

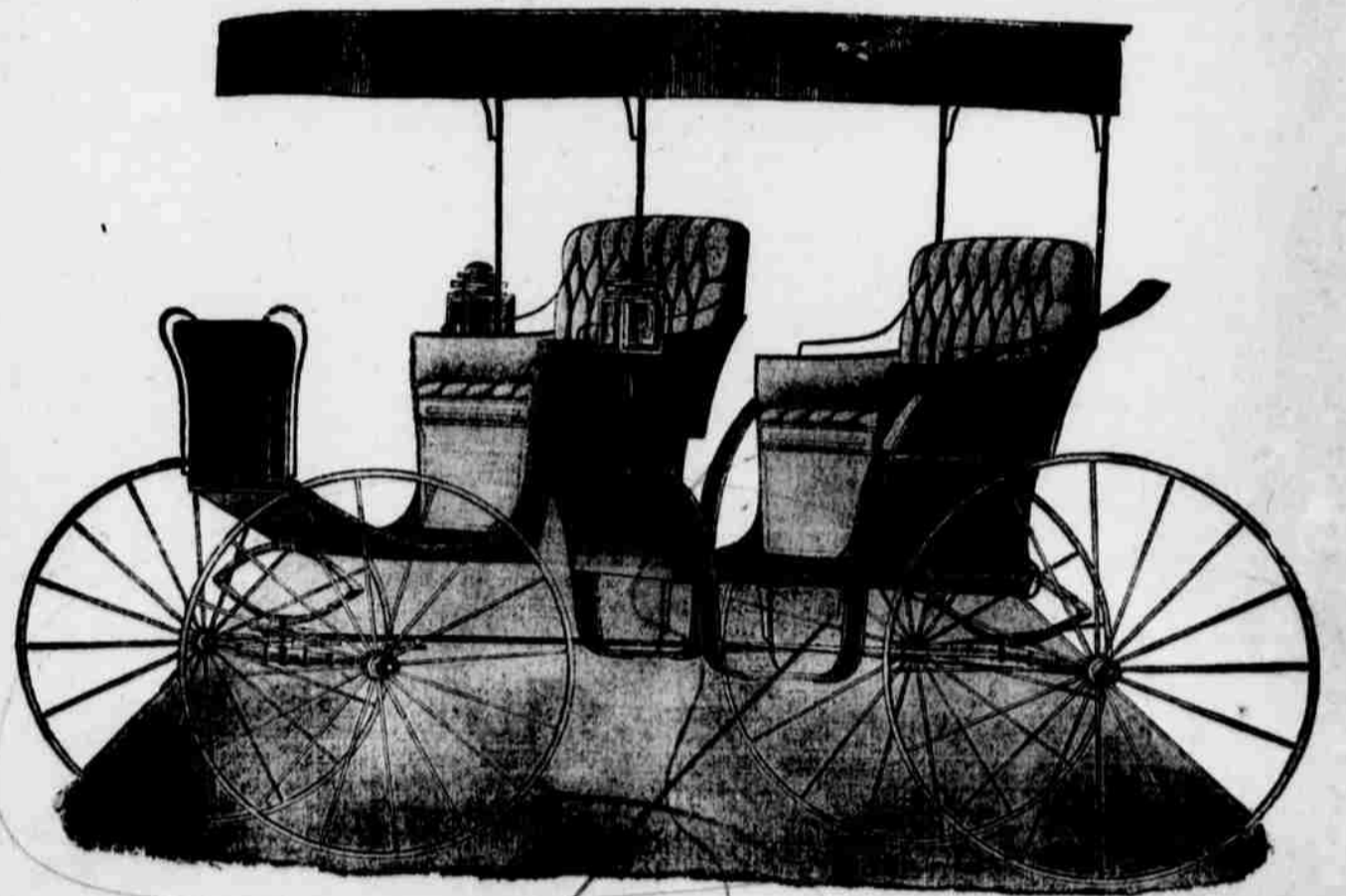
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Why not buy your Hardware from US. We have the Best Buggies, Surreys, Road Wagons, Carts and Hacks that can be made. Hames of all kinds from the best manufacturers. Reliable goods all the time at fair prices is our way of doing business, and there is the New Home Sewing Machine. No trouble to show them.

McNeill & Smith Hdw. Co.

The Haskell Creamery is now in full operation. Bring on your Sweet Milk and butter fat. They can handle all you bring in.

GUS EVANS

JEWELER

Repairs Anything in the Jewelry Line.

R. R. Time Schedule

EAST BOUND

No. 2 Due at7:50 a. m.

No. 6 Due at10:09 p. m.

WEST BOUND

No. 1 Due at6:50 p. m.

No. 5 Due at5:17 a. m.

Locals and Personals.

Mrs. F. L. Daughy is visiting at Crowell this week.

Capt Feilds has been confined to his bed for several weeks and has been a very bad condition we hope he will soon recover.

I love the drug store, but oh! you Wigwam.

Boost Don't Knock.

Place your orders with Chambers for feed and coal.

Mr. D. W. Feilds of the north side was in town Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Curn Hunt and daughter Orlean are visiting at Alvord.

One of the finest fresh Jersey cows for sale. Apply to Jno. F. Thomas, five and half miles north of Haskell. 28 4t

Tickets for "A Gypsy Encampment" are 25-35-50 cents. Encourage the Sun Beams by buying your tickets early.

Are you looking for a snap? I have it in the best grades of coal for winter at summer prices. See me. Chambers

The Free Press has two Tyler Business College scholarships for sale. To sell them both we will allow a good discount.

Mrs. Jas. Mc. Donald of Trinidad Texas is visiting her Aunt Mrs. Wm Wells of this City, and Mrs. Straton, mother of Mrs. Wells has returned from an extend visit to Trinidad.

I have opened up a feed store and wood yard north of the Baptist church and will be in position to supply your wants in this line. M. A. Giffon.

Our abstract books are complete and up-to-date. Get your abstracts from Sanders & Wilson.

Drs. Parker and Williams Cockrell of Seymour spent Sunday in this City.

We now have our bottling works, and ice cream factory in operation, and are prepared to fill all orders promptly. 4t Haskell Power Co.

If you want what you want, when you want it, and want what you get to be good. Why get it at the Wigwam.

LOST—A ladies watch No. 7551303 at the Rochester picnic. Finder report to Geo. Hy Pearson Rochester Texas.

For Sale, about four acres, what is known as the Old Cotton Yard, write me at once if you want this property. W. T. Jones, Fort Stockton, Texas.

Mr. Arther Cummings of Van Horn is visiting in this city. Mr. Cummings was born and raised in Haskell and is known to all the old settlers.

Tickets for the "Gypsy Encampment" will be reserved at Spencer and Gillams Drug Store 9 a. m. Wed. the 27th. Reserved 50 cents. General Admission 25-35cents.

Ice Cream Freezer \$1.50 to \$2.25 Jelly Glasses 30c per doz. Hancock & Co.

Dr. Cox's Barbed Wire Liniment does not burn or blister, relieves pain quickly, and flies will not bother the wound. For sale by All Druggists.

Nicholson-McClaren

Mr. Graydon E. Nicholson, formerly of this city came in Sunday night accompanied by his bride, and sisters Misses Mary and Emma.

Mr. Nicholson was married at his home in Hamlin Sunday afternoon to Miss Gladys McClaren of that city.

He has a large number of friends in both Hamlin and Haskell, who wish to extend to them their warmest congratulations and best wishes for future happiness.

LIBRARY NOTES

The following is the list of books that have recently been purchased by the Magazine Club for the library.

The Goose Girl, Mrs. Grath, Lady Merton Colonist, Mrs. Humphrey Ward, Lady Rosie's Daughter, White Magic, Phillips, The Danger Trail, Carwood, Lure of the Marsh, Mrs. Grath, The Carleton Case, Clark, The Butterfly Man, McCutcheon, Lord Loveland Discovers America, Williamson, Rose O' The River, Kate Douglass Wiggins, Trail of Lonsome, Pine, Sign of the Four—Doyle, Purple Parasol—McCutcheon, Daughter of Anderson Crow—Lion and the Mouse—Green Mouse—Chambers, Tower of Ivory—Atherton, The Foreigner—Connor.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN

One hay baling outfit complete for baling. Apply to Free Press office. 23 tf med

The Baptist protracted meeting closed last Sunday night with about 20 additions to the church besides several converts who have not yet united with the church.

This is the second meeting held in Haskell in which Bro. Pender did the preaching. The song service was conducted under the leadership of Prof. Joe Pender, which was highly entertaining and which added much to the success of the meeting.

There will be service Sunday morning at the Baptist church at 1 o'clock a. m. as usual.

\$5.00 REWARD

For return of one bay horse about 14½ hands high, branded P O on left shoulder 6 years old. Williams & English.

Our abstract books are complete and up-to-date. Get your abstracts from Sanders & Wilson.

FOR SALE CHEAP—10 mares and five colts, 3 mules, 2 horse colts. This is the time to get a bargain as I have got to sell them. W. J. Waggoner.

tf 10 miles E. of Haskell.

As a household remedy for cuts, burns, bruises, piles, pain and soreness of all kinds, Dr. Cox's Barbed Wire Liniment, 25c size, has no equal. If not satisfactory, money refunded. For sale by All Druggists.

REPAIR SHOP

For all kinds of repairing on harness and shoes you will find me at the Solomon building, east of square, and will do your work reasonable. Will also buy old harness, bridles and any kind of old leather you have on hand. R. Brooks

tf Haskell, Texas. All Druggists sell Dr. Cox's Barbed Wire Liniment, 25c, 50c and \$1.00 bottles. Guaranteed to heal without leaving a blemish, or money refunded.

Guarantee your winter coal SUPPLY—HOW?

By buying summer storage, Where? of E. A. Chambers.

Well! Well! Do you know where to get the best drink in town? Why at the Wigwam of course.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Ellis have moved to rule, when Mr. Ellis is interested in a ginning plant.

Mrs. J. A. Couch and children are visiting her sister Mrs. Address of Rotan Texas.

Born the 18th instant to Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Fields a daughter

The Haskell Creamery is now in full operation and will take all sweet milk and cream brought to it. Will pay at rate of 28 cts. per lb. for butter fat. Have ice cream and butter milk for sale at all times.

Miss Etta Irvin of Georgetown is visiting Mrs. L. C. Ellis of this city.

Mrs. O. S. Marggart and Mrs. L. D. Morgan, Mrs. H. J. Hambleton left Wednesday to visit relatives at Weatherford.

Miss Emma Nicholson of Hamlin is visiting her sisters, Mrs. Whiteker and Bowman of this city.

A. B. Glenn of Fort Worth is visiting in this city.

J. E. Newsom and Sons started this week the erection of an addition to their already complete ginning plant. They are looking for bumper cotton crops this year and they want to double their capacity so as to be able to handle the fleecy staple.

Mrs. Gunn and daughter of Bartlett, Texas, who has been visiting her mother and father Rev. and Mrs. Thompson of this place for about ten days, have returned home.

Hon. Geo. R. Harvey, Solicitor General of the Philippine Island, was a visitor to his father, J. C. Harvey who is a citizen of Haskell county. General Harvey is stationed at Manila and is now enjoying a seven months vacation.

Mr. B. F. Walker attended one of the best entertainments and ice cream supper at the Weaver school house Wednesday night by invitation of friends. He also wants to thank the people for the courtesies that they showed him on this occasion.

Jno. B. Baker, who for the last eight years has been Post Office Referee for West Texas, leaves tonight for Abilene where he goes to represent Col. Cecil A. Lyon, State Chairman and National Committeeman, of the Republican party of Texas, in the election to be held in that city tomorrow for Postmaster of Abilene.

By consent of the several applicants of Abilene it was agreed that the Republicans of Abilene should vote, in their primary convention, for the applicant of their choice to succeed Mrs. M. Morrow who resigns her position as postmaster.

The members of The Haskell Hive enjoyed one of the most delightful entertainments ever given by the Ladies of the Macabee's of the World at the home of Mrs. Bob Tyson's.

The entertainers were the losers in the membership contest which has just closed. The organization having been divided into two divisions with a captain at the head of each since last April. Miss Dora Ballew's class being the successful division, were royally entertained.

After the interesting games were played, refreshments were served; consisting of sherbet and cake, all returned to their homes declaring Mrs. Tyson with her division most royal entertainers. A Member.

You better call at the Free Press office and get one of those commercial Scholarships. It may be the beginning of a life of prosperity.

Euphonious Name.

The city of Prague harbors an architect who rejoices in a name disguised by no vowels, viz., Rtkrs.

Telegraph and Telephone Lines

To save time is to lengthen life, and the greatest time saver of the age is the telegraph and telephone. According to the report of the Tax Assessors there are 27,593 miles of poles over which telegraph and telephone wires run in Texas. This mileage, single wire, is equal to 450,000 miles, and is sufficient to encircle the globe eighteen times.

The scientist in giving the farmer improved varieties of products, and the inventor in giving us machinery that reduces the cost of production, has performed a great service to the farmer, but the telephone, warm from the creative mind of the inventive genius, is destined to companion in utility and convenience all human accomplishments for the intelligent promotion of agriculture. The telephone is the improved public highway of information and is as valuable to the farmer in selling his products as good roads are useful in hauling his products to the market. The cut below illustrates the farmer phoning the markets of the world for prices on his products:



Farmer Phoning Market.

The telephone eliminates time and space and enables the farmer to personally visit the markets and talk with buyers without the inconvenience of travel or loss of time.

To talk with the weather man as he listens to the clouds whisper their plans for the future is one of the startling and valuable uses of the telephone. Advance intelligence enables the farmer to successfully combat the Frost King and to shelter his products from the storm and rain, and the telephone is a powerful ally of the farmer in dealing with the elements of Nature. The following cut illustrates the use of the rural telephone in battling with Jack Frost.



Getting Information About Jack Frost.

Experience has proven that human intelligence and ingenuity can ward off the evil effects of weather and minimize the loss which annually occurs to the farmer through the eccentricities of Nature.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

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TRADE MARKS DESIGNS COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$3 a year; four months, \$1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York

Branch Office, 225 F St., Washington, D. C.

His Mother was a Lady.

Was Shakespeare's mother's family one "associated with gentility?" Mrs. Charlotte Stopes has been minutely examining the Stratford records, and thinks she has discovered deeds which answer that question in the affirmative and which show that Halliwell-Phillips was not sufficiently thoroughgoing in his examinations and conclusions. Her gleanings are but scanty, and do not mean much, save possibly in the implication that Mary Arden's family was one in which education was valued and books were available.

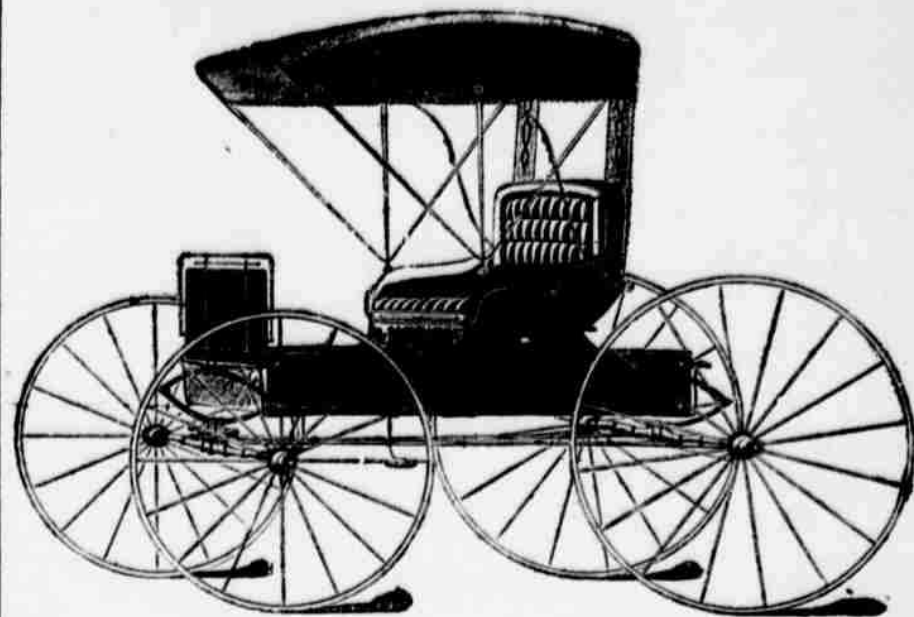
No Risks in Philadelphia.

Rising in a street car to give his seat to a woman, a St. Louis man broke his collar bone. Did you ever observe the risks taken by men in Philadelphia street cars?—Philadelphia Times.

She Named New Glacier.

The George W. Perkins excursion party, while cruising along the Alaska coast recently, discovered a new glacier emptying into Prince Williams' Sound. Miss Perkins, a member of the party, was given the privilege of naming the glacier, and, smashing a bottle of champagne on its face, declared: "I name thee Princeton."

Buggies - - Surreys



We have just received a car of the

Celebrated Velies Wrought Iron Buggies and Surreys

that is made especially for this climate, they are not excelled for durability and finish. Let us show you.

Cason, Cox & Co.

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TOILET ARTICLES

PURE DRUGS

West Side Pharmacy

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H. H. Langford, Mgr.

BEST LINE OF CIGARS

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South Plains Farms, Ranches and City Property.

Five years in the land Business in Lamesa, Dawson County, Texas. We will make it to your interest to see or write us before buying. We write fire insurance and do notary work. We make a specialty of trading and exchanging western lands for eastern property and have large list. The trains will be running here in 40 days and now is a time to get hold in Dawson County.

BYNUM-KELLY LAND CO.

The Haskell Free Press and Dallas Semi-Weekly News for one year for only \$1.75.

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Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. Purely vegetable—act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty. Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price. Genuine must bear Signature.

Great Food Textatone The Drink of Quality



The Textatone Boy AT FOUNTAINS AND IN BOTTLES. TEXAS COMPANY DALLAS, TEXAS

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PATENTS Watson F. Coleman, Wash. D.C.

Alms and the Man. "Sure Father Flaherty was a good man," Mr. Murphy said of the deceased parish priest.

Old Advice. Manager—You never get this scene right. Your business with the sweet peas is all wrong and you forget when you are to speak—you get your lines all mixed up.

HARD TO PLEASE Regarding the Morning Cup.

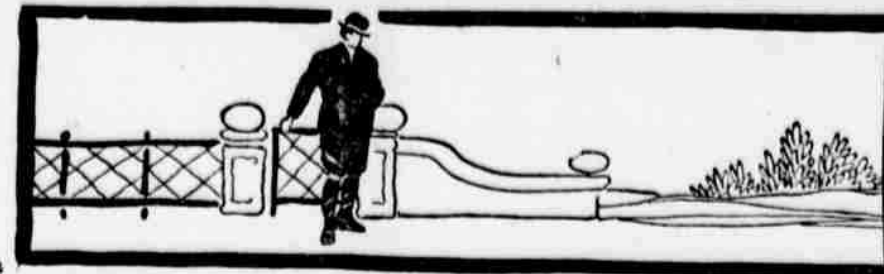
"Oh how hard it was to part with coffee, but the continued trouble with constipation and belching was such that I finally brought myself to leave it off." "Then the question was, what should we use for the morning drink? Tea was worse for us than coffee; chocolate and cocoa were soon tired of; milk was not liked very well, and hot water we could not endure.

ROSALIND AT RED GATE

BY MEREDITH NICHOLSON ILLUSTRATIONS BY RAY WALTERS

SYNOPSIS.

Miss Patricia Holbrook and Miss Helen Holbrook, her niece, were entrusted to the care of Laurance Donovan, a writer, sumptuous host, Fort Annandale. Miss Patricia confided to Donovan that she feared her brother Henry, who, ruined by a bank failure, had constantly threatened her. Donovan discovered and captured an intruder, who proved to be Reginald Gillespie, a sailor, the hand of Helen Holbrook's father. Helen Holbrook and her father met on a friendly terms. Donovan might an Italian assassin. He met the man he supposed was Holbrook, but who said he was Hartidge, a canoe-maker. Miss Pat announced her intention of fighting Henry Holbrook and not seeking another hiding place. Donovan met Helen in a garden at night. Duplicity of Helen was exposed by the young lady. Helen was confronted by Donovan. At the town postoffice Helen, unseen except by Donovan, slipped a draft for her father into the hand of the Italian sailor. A young lady resembling Miss Helen Holbrook was observed alone in a canoe when Gillespie admitted giving Helen \$2000 for her father, who had then left to spend it. Miss Helen and Donovan met in the night. She told him Gillespie was nothing to her. He confessed his love for her. Donovan found Gillespie gaged and bound in a cabin, inhabited by the villainous Italian and Holbrook. He released him. Both Gillespie and Donovan admitted love for Helen. Calling herself Rosalind, a "voise" appeared to Donovan for help. She told him to go to the canoe-maker's home and see that no injury befell him. He went to Red Gate. At the canoe-maker's home, Donovan found the brothers—Arthur and Henry Holbrook—who had fought each other, in consultation. "Rosalind" appeared. Arthur averted a murder. Donovan returning met Gillespie alone in the town of night. On investigation he found Henry Holbrook, the sailor, and Miss Helen engaged in an argument. It was settled and they departed. Donovan met the real Rosalind, who by night had had supposed to be Miss Helen Holbrook. She revealed the mix-up. Her father, Arthur Holbrook, was the canoe-maker, while Helen's father was Henry Holbrook, the sailing brother. The cousins, Helen and Rosalind, were as much alike as twins. Miss Helen's supposed duplicity was explained. Helen visited Donovan, asking his assistance in bringing Miss Patricia Holbrook and Henry Holbrook together for a settlement of their money affairs, which had kept them apart for many years. Donovan refused to aid. He met Gillespie and planned a robbery. Making Gillespie give a number of forged notes to Rosalind, who he supposed was Helen, he secretly ordered Rosalind to go. Donovan cleared the way for a settlement of the Holbrooks' disgrace. Gillespie had possessed the only evidence of the Holbrooks' disgrace. The evidence is securely hidden. Helen suddenly disappeared. Donovan prepared to substitute Rosalind for her.



Had Wrapped Herself in My Mackintosh and Taken My Cap.

the afraid of Sister Margaret. It was presuming a good deal to take her into the conspiracy, and I stood by in apprehension while she scrutinized Rosalind. She was clearly bewildered and drew close to the girl, as Rosalind threw off the wet mackintosh and flung down the dripping cap.

"Will she do, Sister Margaret?" "I believe she will; I really believe she will!" And the sister's face brightened with relief. She had a color in her face that I had not seen before, as the joy of the situation took hold of her. She was, I realized, a woman after all, and a young woman at that, with a heart not hardened against life's daily adventures.

"It is time for luncheon. Miss Pat expects you, too." "Then I must leave you to instruct Miss Holbrook and carry off the first meeting. Miss Holbrook has been—"

"For a long walk"—the sister supplied—"and will enter St. Agatha's parlor a little tired from her tramp. She shall go at once to her room—with me. I have put out a white gown for her; and at luncheon we will talk only of safe things."

"And I shall have this bouquet of sweet peas," added Rosalind, "that I brought from a farmer's garden near by, as an offering for Aunt Pat's birthday. And you will both be there to keep me from making mistakes."

"Then after luncheon we shall drive until Miss Pat's birthday dinner; and the dinner shall be on the terrace at Glenarm, which is even now being decorated for a fête occasion. And before the night is old Helen shall be back. Good luck attend us all!" I said; and we parted in the best of spirits.

I had forgotten Gillespie, and was surprised to find him at the table in my room, absorbed in business papers. "Button, button, who's got the button?" he chanted as he looked me over. "You appear to have been swimming in your clothes. I had my mail sent out here. I've got to shut down the factory at Ponceville. The thought of it bores me extravagantly. What time's luncheon?"

"Whenever you ring three times. I'm lurching out." "Ladies?" he asked, raising his brows. "You appear to be a little social favorite; couldn't you get me in on something? How about dinner?"

"I am myself entertaining at dinner; and your name isn't on the list, I'm sorry to say, Buttons. But to-morrow! Everything will be possible to-morrow. I expect Miss Pat and Helen here to-night. It's Miss Pat's birthday, and I want to make it a happy day for her. She's going to settle with Henry as soon as some preliminaries are arranged, so the war's nearly over."

"She can't settle with him until something definite is known about Arthur. If he's really dead—"

"I've promised to settle that; but I must hurry now. Will you meet me at the Glenarm boathouse at eight? If I'm not there, wait. I shall have something for you to do."

"Meanwhile I'm turned out of your house, am I? But I positively decline to go until I'm fed."

As I got into a fresh coat he played a lively tune on the electric bell, and I left him giving his orders to the butler.

I was reassured by the sound of voices as I passed under the windows of St. Agatha's, and Sister Margaret met me in the hall with a smiling face. "Luncheon waits. We will go out at once. Everything has passed off smoothly, perfectly."

I did not dare look at Rosalind until we were seated in the dining room. Her sweet peas graced the center of the round table, and Sister Margaret had placed them in a tall vase so that Rosalind was well screened from her aunt's direct gaze. The sister had managed admirably. Rosalind's hair was swept up in exactly Helen's pompadour; and in one of Helen's white gowns, with Helen's own particular shade of scarlet ribbon at her throat and wrist, the resemblance was even more complete than I had thought it before. But we were cast at once upon deep waters.

"Helen, where did you find that article on Charles Lamb you read the other evening? I have looked for it everywhere." Rosalind took rather more time than was necessary to help herself to the asparagus, and my heart sank; but Sister Margaret promptly saved the day.

"It was in the Round World. That article we were reading on 'The Authorship of the Collects' is in the same number."

"Yes; of course," said Rosalind, turning to me. "Art seemed a safe topic; and I steered for the open, and spoke in a large way, out of my ignorance, of Michelangelo's influence, winding up presently with a suggestion that Miss Pat should have her portrait painted. This was a successful stroke, for we all fell into a discussion of contemporary portrait painters about whom Sister Margaret fortunately knew something; but a cold chill went down my back a moment later when Miss Pat turned upon Rosalind and asked her a direct question:

"Helen, what was the name of the artist who did that miniature of your mother?" Sister Margaret swallowed a glass of water, and I stooped to pick up my napkin.

"Van Arsdale, wasn't it?" asked Rosalind, instantly. "Yes; so it was," replied Miss Pat. Luck was favoring us, and Rosalind was rising to the emergency splendidly. It appeared afterward that her own mother had been painted by the same artist, and she had boldly risked the guess. Sister Margaret and I were frightened into a discussion of the possibilities of aerial navigation, with a vague notion, I think, of keeping the talk in the air, and it sufficed until we had concluded the simple luncheon. I walked beside Miss Pat to the parlor. The sky had cleared, and I bronched a drive at once. I had read in the newspapers that a considerable body of regular troops was passing near Annandale on a practice march from Fort Sheridan to a rendezvous at some point south of us.

"Let us go and see the soldiers," I suggested. "Very well, Larry," she said. "We can make believe they are sent out to do honor to my birthday. You are a thoughtful boy. I can never thank you for all your consideration and kindness. And you will not fail to find Arthur—I am asking you no questions; I'd rather not know where he is. I'm afraid of truth!" She turned her head away quickly—we were seated by ourselves in a corner of the room. "I am afraid, I am afraid to ask!"

"He is well; quite well. I shall have news of him to-night."

She glanced across the room to

where Rosalind and Sister Margaret talked quietly together. I felt Miss Pat's hand touch mine, and suddenly there were tears in her eyes. "I was wrong! I was most unjust in what I said to you of her. She was all tenderness, all gentleness when she came in this morning." She fumbled at her belt and held up a small cluster of the sweet peas that Rosalind had brought from Red Gate. "I told you so!" I said, trying to laugh off her contrition. "What you said to me is forgotten, Miss Pat." "And now when everything is settled, if she wants to marry Gillespie, let her do it." "But she won't! Haven't I told you that Helen shall never marry him?" "I had ordered a buckboard, and it was now announced. "Don't trouble to go upstairs, Aunt Pat; I will bring your things for you," said Rosalind; and Miss Pat turned upon me with an air of satisfaction and pride, as much as to say: "You see how devoted she is to me!" I wish to acknowledge here my obligations to Sister Margaret for giving me the benefit of her care and resourcefulness on that difficult day. There was no nice detail that she overlooked, no danger that she did not anticipate. She sat by Miss Pat on the long drive, while Rosalind and I chattered nonsense behind them. We were so fortunate as to strike the first battalion, and saw it go into camp on a bit of open prairie to await the arrival of the artillery that followed. But at no time did I lose sight of the odd business that still lay ahead of me, nor did I remember with any satisfaction how Helen, somewhere across woodland and lake, chafed at the delayed climax of her plot. The girl at my side, lovely and gracious as she was, struck me increasingly as but a tame shadow of that other one, so like and so unlike! I marveled that Miss Pat had not seen it; and in a period of silence on the drive home I think Rosalind must have guessed my thought; for I caught her regarding me with a mischievous smile and she said, as the others rather too generously sought to ignore us: "You can see now how different I am—how very different!"

When I left them at St. Agatha's with an hour to spare before dinner, Sister Margaret assured me with her eyes that there was nothing to fear. I was nervously pacing the long terrace when I saw my guests approaching. I told the butler to order dinner at once and went down to meet them. Miss Pat declared that she never felt better; and under the excitement of the hour Sister Margaret's eyes glowed brightly.

As we sat down in the screened corner of the broad terrace, with the first grave approach of twilight in the sky, and the curved trumpet of the young moon hanging in the west, it might have seemed to an onlooker that the gods of chance had oddly ordered our little company. Miss Patricia in white was a picture of serenity, with the smile constant about her lips, happy in her hope for the future. Rosalind, fresh to these surroundings, showed clearly her pleasure in the pretty setting of the scene, and read into it, in bright phrases, the delight of a story-book incident.

"Let me see," she said, reflectively. "Just who we are: We are the lady of the castle perched on a hillside, with the abbeys, who is also a noble lady, come across the fields to sit at meat with her. And you, sir, are a knight full of valor, feared in many lands, and sworn to the defense of these ladies."

"And you"—and Miss Pat's eyes were beautifully kind and gentle, as she took the cue and turned to Rosalind, "you are the well-beloved daughter of my house, faithful in all service, in all ways self-forgetful and kind, our joy and our pride."

It may have been the spirit of the evening that touched us, or only the light of her countenance and the deep sincerity of her voice; but I knew that tears were bright in all our eyes for a moment. And then Rosalind glanced at the western heavens through the foliage. "There are the stars, Aunt Pat—brighter than ever to-night for your birthday."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

"The Devil and the Deep Sea." Hazlitt's "English Proverbs" gives the proverb as "Betwixt the devil and the Dead sea," and quotes it from Clarke's "Paroemiologia," 1639, and adds this note of explanation: "On the horns of a dilemma. In Cornwall they say 'deep' sea, which may be right." Reddall's "Fact, Fancy and Fable" gives the following explanation of the proverb: "This expression is used by Col. Monroe in his 'Expedition with Mackay's Regiment,' printed in London in 1837. The regiment was with the army of Gustavus Adolphus and was engaged in a battle with the Austrians. The Swedish gunners did not elevate their guns sufficiently, and their shot fell among this Scottish regiment, so that 'we were between the devil and the deep sea.'"

HE LIVED IN THE CITY.



Papa—Why can't we see the moon in the daytime? Jimmie—Cause they don't light it up until after dark.

Their Object. Banks—The women of my town have formed a secret society. Rivers—A secret society? Surely, that's a misnomer; women don't know how to keep secrets. Banks—But they know how to tell them, and that's why they formed the society.

Bottomless tanks enable you to water your cattle in Nature's way at small cost. Booklet "A" free. Alamo Iron Works, San Antonio, Texas.

Lots of marriages merely demonstrate that misery loves company.

Dr. Pierce's Peppermint, small, sugar-coated, easy to take as candy, regulates and invigorates stomach, liver and bowels and cures constipation.

Many of us have cause to be thankful for what we don't get.

THE KEYSTONE TO HEALTH IS HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

The process of digestion and assimilation depends entirely upon the condition of the stomach. If yours is weak take a short course of the Bitters. It prevents Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Cramps and Diarrhoea.

Avoid headache, impurities of the Blood, constipation by taking a cup of GRAND MA'S TEA. Best laxative for children. Pleasant to take, sweeten and take as an ordinary tea. Package 25 cents.

BEAUTY!

The Discriminating Woman Demands FRECKLELETER on her toilet table. It is a face cream so exquisite, so effective that it has become a necessity. It is beauty for your asking. Two sizes—50c and 75c. All Dealers Baker-Wheeler Mfg. Co., Dallas, Tex.

To cure constiveness the medicine must be more than a purgative; it must contain tonic, alterative and cathartic properties.

Tutt's Pills possess these qualities, and speedily restore to the bowels their natural peristaltic motion, so essential to regularity.

Texas Directory

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We manufacture everything in CANVAS GOODS at DALLAS FACTORY and all prices are f. o. b. Dallas

\$1-10 AMBEROL RECORDS-\$1

Send for proposition how to obtain these records with an attachment for your EDISON Phonograph. See your dealer or write to—HOUSTON PHONOGRAPH CO. 300 LOUISIANA ST. HOUSTON, TEXAS

Farmers' Educational and Co-operative Union of America

Matters of Special Moment to the Progressive Agriculturist

The best peace maker on a farm is an account book.

A level-headed man avoids many ups and downs in life.

Some men imagine they are honest just because they have no good chance to steal.

By the compost heap the farmer is able to multiply his available manure many-fold.

The union must have well defined policies, and those policies kept before the people.

If we would only do our thinking before acting we would save a lot of brain fog later on.

The union without politics is like a ship without a rudder—sure to get on the rocks and shoals and sink.

Trouble is like a cowardly man. It puts up a big bluff but shrinks as we approach it with determination.

No farmer in this twentieth century is too big for his job. The job is more likely to be too big for the farmer.

To assist members in buying and selling is another specification of the aims and intent of the Farmers' union.

The man who is always telling you things "in the strictest confidence" seldom imparts any information that is profitable.

Its hard work fighting the weeds these days, but they are just as troublesome to our neighbors in the next township.

The hill ahead always looks steeper than it really is and August weather is generally a little hotter than any we ever experienced.

The owl isn't as smart as the blue jay, but because he keeps his mouth shut he has created a reputation for wisdom far beyond his deserts.

The Farmers' union is like the church; it needs preachers; men who can teach the people business; unless this is done the union will eventually fail.

The number of farmers' co-operative associations through which produce is marketed is increasing continually. Various fruits and vegetables, grain, tobacco, peanuts, rice and other products are sold by the agents of such associations, says Market Growers' Journal.

In the state of Colorado alone there were in 1907 at least thirty-three such organizations, and the products handled by them included cantaloupes, peaches, honey, potatoes, and miscellaneous fruits and vegetables. A number of California associations have united to form larger bodies through which sales are made, while the local organizations pack and load the produce.

At least two produce exchanges have been conducted successfully for a number of years by truck growers of the peninsula lying between the Chesapeake bay and the Atlantic ocean. The cranberry crop is marketed largely through farmers' organizations, and similar associations, too numerous to be listed here, are improving conditions of marketing in other parts of the United States.

The extent to which the co-operative movement among farmers is distributed may be illustrated by the apples from Hood River, Ore., which are marketed in this way; fruits and vegetables from Yuma Valley, Arizona, celery from Florida, cantaloupes from Tennessee, onions from central and western Texas, tobacco from Kentucky, grain from Minnesota and North Dakota, rice from Texas, peaches from Georgia, vegetables from Louisiana, and various articles from Michigan. In addition to a large number of products from California.

Two of the important results of co-operation in marketing have been the shipment of better grades of fruits and vegetables, and the command by the farmers of a greater influence in the market on account of large quantities of produce being controlled by a single authority.

Co-operative Trucking.

Co-operative trucking associations are becoming very numerous. They have distinct advantages which should not be overlooked. These associations are generally managed by shrewd business men who understand the markets and they usually procure better prices than is possible when the individual growers operate separately. One of the strongest associations in the country is at Freehold N. J. It was the means of materially increasing profits of the growers in that section last year.

Select Good Men.

Time is running swiftly by and August will soon be here. The union brotherhood will soon be called upon to choose standard bearers for another year. This is a very serious matter. The union needs and must have able, substantial men, men who know how to do things and then get up and do them. Broad-gauged men, who are able to take care of the situation.

BENEFITS OF FARM SOCIETY

Agricultural Organization Should Be Center of Information and Encourage Cooperation.

(By PROF. C. L. NEWMAN, NORTH CAROLINA A. & M. COLLEGE)

There are now more farmers' organizations than at any previous time in the history of the United States. Organizations have sprung up flourished for a period and then declined and have in some cases been completely wrecked. When wrecked the element of destruction has most frequently been politics. Of late these organizations have had more appropriate and legitimate objects and are not only enduring better but doing vast more good than ever before. The average member when he joins one of the larger organizations looks too far away from the benefits he expects. He has a misconception of the good he will get or is entitled to. Too many units of this character check the progress of the organization.

Too often the aims and objects of these farm organizations are set forth in general terms and the locals are not active enough in working out the details. These details are the life blood of the locals.

The organization's first object should be the betterment of the unit, the individuals composing the organization. Until special efforts are put forth to this end only a part of the attainable good will be secured. One of the great difficulties confronting the local is found in the failure to hold together and their failure is due to lack of local interest and benefit secured through the following of definite objects.

There is no more effort being put forth which has for its object the improvement of the farmer than ever before, and this effort is more directly aimed at the individual. The good it will do depends upon the reception by the individual.

An important element of success in an organization of any kind is found in a few progressive individuals who will devise, improvise and lead without selfish motives. These too often are the last to put themselves forward. They should be found and brought forward.

An agricultural organization should in a sense be a center of agricultural information. Members should be appointed to seek new facts of benefit to individuals, to interpret bulletins, newspaper articles and other sources of information that all may be benefited. Such an organization should have an important bearing upon the rural schools and see that agriculture is taught by teachers competent to give such instruction. Encourage and aid to young men in their efforts to become educated would be a legitimate field for action.

Co-operation in buying and selling has been neglected, yet great good may by such means be secured through the buying of seeds, plants, fertilizers, live stock, implements and many other things.

The introduction and breeding of animals and plants by different individuals of the organization, each doing that for which he is best prepared, will develop a specialization calculated to benefit a whole community. Experiments and tests of various kinds may be allotted select members for demonstration. Hundreds of these could be carried on in the community and the results reported to and discussed by the members of the organization. Demonstration work, such as tillage and fertilizers, the trial of new varieties of vegetables, fruits, field crops, poultry and live stock, if properly undertaken, would give new life to the organization and to the community in which it existed. Should a community find that a certain variety of cotton, corn, oats, potatoes, etc., or a certain breed of some of the domestic animals, developed especially well, and large quantities or numbers of these were produced, that community would, in the course of time, become famous for its specialty.

Such an organization should be a center to which reports of outbreaks of animal or plant diseases and pests should be made so that concert of action may be taken to combat them. State or national aid in such cases could far more easily be secured through such an organization than by an individual. Such an organization should have a prominent house owned by the society in which a reading room and library should contain literature and records to be kept. There should also be a museum in which farm products are kept on exhibition to be shown at county, state or national fairs. The state fair would be a success beyond expectation if there were many efficient locals.

Beware of Office Seeker.

The picnic days are here and the sons of the office seeker will soon be heard in the land. He is now trying his voice so as to sing in dulcet strains his love for the common people in such a way that he can make them believe that he intends to do what he says he will. Better keep all of that class away from Farmers' union meetings and listen to plans for the upbuilding of the great organization that is the farmers' hope.

Turn Out Stubble.

No delay should be made in turning the oat stubble while there is sufficient moisture in the soil to hasten decomposition of the vegetable matter. Plant the land in cowpeas, soy beans or peanuts. These leguminous plants will greatly assist in improving the soil.

WEAK KIDNEYS WEAKEN THE WHOLE BODY.

No chain is stronger than its weakest link. No man is stronger than his kidneys. Overwork, colds, strains, etc., weaken the kidneys and the whole body suffers. Don't neglect the slightest kidney ailment. Begin using Doan's Kidney Pills at once. They are especially for sick kidneys.

Ted Hiatt, Oswego, Kans., says: "For many years I suffered from kidney disorders. I was treated by specialists in Kansas City and Chicago, was told I had an abscess of the kidneys and an operation was advised. I thereupon began the use of Doan's Kidney Pills and gradually improved. Soon an operation was unnecessary as my kidneys were well."

Remember the name—Doan's. For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

VISIONARY.

Jiggson—If a man could only sell coal at the north pole or ice in hades! Wiggson—But that's out of the question.

Jiggson—I know; but, gee! just think of the prices he could get!

SOFT, WHITE HANDS

May Be Obtained in One Night.

For preserving the hands as well as for preventing redness, roughness, and chapping, and imparting that velvety softness and whiteness much desired by women Cuticura Soap, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, is believed to be superior to all other skin soaps. For those who work in corrosive liquids, or at occupations which tend to injure the hands, it is invaluable.

Treatment—Bathe and soak the hands on retiring in a strong, hot, creamy lather of Cuticura Soap. Dry and anoint freely with Cuticura Ointment, and in severe cases spread the Cuticura Ointment on thin pieces of old linen or cotton. Wear during the night old, loose gloves, or a light bandage of old cotton or linen to protect the clothing from stain. For red, rough, and chapped hands, dry, fissured, itching, feverish palms, and shapeless nails with painful finger ends, this treatment is most effective. Cuticura Remedies are sold throughout the world. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., sole proprietors, Boston, Mass.

Autoging and Optics.

"Is not auto driving terribly hard on the eyes?" we asked.

"Well, I guess not," replied the chauffeur, withering us with scorn. "Why, before I got to runnin' a car I was thinkin' o' gettin' specks, my eyesight was that poor I couldn't see the contribution box in church until it was so near past me it was too late to dig for any money. But I hadn't been runnin' that wagon two days till I could see a policeman's little finger stickin' out from behind a tree four miles away. I could even see which way a copper's eyeballs were turned if he was standin' in the shade three miles off. Hard on the eyes! Well, not much! It's the best medicine for weak eyes that was ever invented, don't you forget it."

Back to the Tall Timber.

Alfred—Are you going to pass your vacation at the seashore?

Gilbert—No, thank you. It's the woods for mine this year.

Alfred—Don't like the shore, eh?

Gilbert—Oh, I like it well enough, but it's too risky. I passed my vacation there last year and had several narrow escapes.

Alfred—From drowning?

Gilbert—No; summer girls. Seven of them proposed to me.

It Would Depend.

"Would you marry a man who wore side whiskers?"

"I might if I thought it would be worth while to reform him."

Cattle drink pure water at less cost to you, if you have a bottomless tank. Booklet "A," free. Alamo Iron Works, San Antonio, Texas.

Truth is cut up to patch too many lies. You can never boll the lies back into truth again.

Lewis' Single Binder cigar. Original Tin Foil Smoker Package, 5c straight.

Mortgage the ship for all it's worth before giving it up.

IMPROVING MORALS IN CHINA

Influence of Christian Teachings Shown in the Changed Conditions Found There.

"The public conscience is now being awakened upon this aspect of public morality. Last week I was invited to take part in a meeting organized by men who are not directly connected with any Christian church, but who are sincerely desirous of assisting in the reformation of their countrymen. Their purpose was to start an antigambling league, and with this in mind they called a public meeting, which was attended by some hundreds of Chinese scholars and business men, and resolutions were passed in approved public meeting style, approving of a campaign against the gambling vice. Members of the Chinese Young Men's Christian association were asked to assist in the meeting, and to demonstrate by the means of games the possibility of recreation without vice. Suitable addresses were given by prominent Chinese, and the chief organizer of the movement is one of the government education inspectors for the provinces of Kiangsu and Kiangsi. A Chinese Roman Catholic teacher gave a violin solo, a Chinese secretary of the Young Men's Christian association rendered two cornet solos, and a Protestant missionary sang to the gathering. The whole meeting was conducted in so orderly and orthodox a fashion that it was scarcely possible to realize how tremendous a reformation in the whole Chinese outlook upon public life this meeting revealed. Twenty years, even ten years, ago such a meeting would not have been within the realm of possibility. Today we have a class of public moralists arising who have undoubtedly learned from Christianity in their midst the ideals which they are desirous of impressing upon their countrymen."

The Stomach Hold.

Col. H. N. Renout, at the "Old Guard" banquet at Delmonico's, emphasized the importance to an army of a good commissariat.

"You have perhaps heard," he said, "of the company of privates that a patriotic lady entertained one Memorial day to dinner.

"It was a good dinner, and at its end a pretty maid servant entered with a superb dessert.

"Dessert, sergeant?" she said to the stalwart young soldier at the head of the table.

"Desert?" the sergeant answered.

"When I can get eats like this for rothin'?" Nixie! Not me!"

Incorruptible.

The lady of the house hesitated.

"Are my answers all right?" she asked.

"Yes, madam," replied the census man.

"Didn't bother you a bit, did it?"

"No, madam."

"Feel under some obligations to me, don't you?"

"Yes, madam."

"Then, perhaps you won't mind telling me how old the woman next door claims to be?"

"Good day, madam," said the census man.

Otherwise Hopeless.

"My daughter's voice is to be tried today."

"Have you fixed the jury?"—Cleveland Leader.

We live truly in proportion as we go out of ourselves and enter into the fullness of the experience of those whom we serve, and by whom in turn we are served.—Westcott.

Your cattle always have pure water at small cost to you if you have a bottomless tank. Booklet "A," free. Alamo Iron Works, San Antonio, Texas.

Some women are beautiful when they are angry, but generally they are mean and ugly at such times.

Lewis' Single Binder straight 5c cigar is made to satisfy the smoker.

Some men carry a sandbag because they are too proud to beg.

What Ails You?

Do you feel weak, tired, despondent, have frequent headaches, coated tongue, bitter or bad taste in morning, "heart-burn," belching of gas, acid risings in throat after eating, stomach gnaw or burn, foul breath, dizzy spells, poor or variable appetite, nausea at times and kindred symptoms?

If you have any considerable number of the above symptoms you are suffering from biliousness, torpid liver with indigestion, or dyspepsia. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is made up of the most valuable medicinal principles known to medical science for the permanent cure of such abnormal conditions. It is a most efficient liver invigorator, stomach tonic, bowel regulator and nerve strengthener.

The "Golden Medical Discovery" is not a patent medicine or secret nostrum, a full list of its ingredients being printed on its bottle-wrapper and attested under oath. A glance at these will show that it contains no alcohol, or harmful habit-forming drugs. It is a fluid extract made with pure, triple-refined glycerine, of proper strength, from the roots of native American medicinal forest plants. World's Dispensary Medical Association, Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

Man cannot be happy when idle, unless resting from previous labor.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c bottles.

And many a coming man neglects to arrive.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature

of

Dr. H. Pitcher

In Use For Over

Thirty Years

CASTORIA

The State of Texas, }
County of Haskell. } 88

In the Commissioners Court of Haskell county, Texas, March call term 1910.

Be it remembered that on this the 26th day of March, 1910, the same being twelfth day after the election while in special session for that purpose, the commissioners court of Haskell county, Texas, opened the polls and counted the votes of an election duly and legally held at all the regular voting places in Haskell county, Texas, on Monday March 14th, 1910, to determine whether or not the sale of intoxicating liquors should be prohibited in Haskell county, Texas, which said election was held in pursuance of an order of this court made and entered on the 15th day of February, 1910.

And it appearing after opening and fully and fairly counting the votes and ascertaining the result of said election that 1335 votes were cast for prohibition and 752 were cast against prohibition and that a majority of the qualified voters of said Haskell county, Texas, at said election did vote for prohibition.

Now therefore pursuant to act 3390, Title LXIX of the revised statutes of the State of Texas, the Commissioners Court of the county of Haskell in said State of Texas, does hereby declare that a majority of the votes cast at said election so held as aforesaid were cast for prohibition, and that said election has resulted in favor of prohibiting liquors in Haskell county, Texas.

It is further ordered, published and decreed by this court that the sale of intoxicating liquors in Haskell county, Texas, be and the same is hereby prohibited, except for the purposes and under the regulations specified in said title LXIX of the Revised Statutes of Texas, until such time as the qualified voters of said Haskell county may, at a legal election held for that purpose, by a majority vote decide otherwise, and it is therefore directed that this order be published for four successive weeks in some weekly newspaper published in Haskell county, Texas, to be selected by the County Judge of Haskell county, Texas, and the clerk of this court is hereby directed to furnish said County Judge with a certified copy of this order for publication in accordance with law.

Attest: County Judge, J. W. Meadors, County Clerk.

By W. W. Murphy, Deputy. The State of Texas, }
County of Haskell. } J. J. W. Meadors, Clerk of the County Court in and for said county, do hereby certify that the foregoing instrument of writing is a true and correct copy of an order of the Commissioners Court as it appears in on the minutes of the Commissioners Court, in Vol. 3 at pages 87 and 88.

Witness my hand and the seal of the county court of said county, this 30th day of May, A. D. 1910.

J. W. Meadors, Clerk County Court, Haskell County, Texas.
By W. W. Murphy, Deputy.

NOTICE OF SHERIFF SALE

By Virtue of An Order of Sale issued out of the Honorable District Court of Knox County, on the 22 day of March A. D. 1910, in the case of V. A. Leonard versus W. J. Cates, et al, No. 689, and to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered, I have levied upon this 28th day of June A. D. 1910, and will, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 P. M., on the first Tuesday in August A. D. 1910, it being the 2 day of said month, at the Court House door of said Haskell County, in the city of Haskell proceed to sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash in hand, all the right, title and interest which V. A. Leonard had on the 22d day of March A. D. 1910, or at any time thereafter, of, in and to the following described property, to-wit: The southeast one fourth of section No. 48 Block No. 2, D. & W. Ry. lands in Haskell County, Texas, said property being levied on as the property of V. A. Leonard to satisfy a judgement amounting to \$1030.33, in favor of W. J. Cates, W. A. Cates, Ed Moore and J. A. Moore and costs of suit.

Given Under My Hand this 28th day of June A. D. 1910 M. E. Park Sheriff Haskell County, Texas

By J. H. Meadors Deputy

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE STATE CONSTITUTION AUTHORIZING THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A HOME FOR WIVES AND WIDOWS OF CONFEDERATE SOLDIERS AND SAILORS

House Joint Resolution No. 7 Joint Resolution to amend Section 51 of Article 3 of the Constitution of the State of Texas, as amended in 1903, so as to authorize the grant of aid in the establishment and maintenance of a home for the disabled and dependent wives and widows of Confederate soldiers and sailors and such women as aided the Confederacy, and making an appropriation. Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

Section 1. That Section 51 of Article 3 of the Constitution of the State of Texas, as amended in 1903, be so amended as to hereafter read as follows:

Article 3. Section 51. The Legislature shall have no power to make any grant or authorize the making of any grant of public money to any individual associations of individuals, municipal or other corporations whatsoever; provided, however, the Legislature may grant aid to indigent and disabled Confederate soldiers and sailors who came to Texas prior to January 1, 1880, and who are either over sixty years of age or whose disability is the proximate result of active service in the Confederate army for a period of at least three months their widows in indigent circumstances who have never remarried and who have been bona fide residents of the State of Texas since March 1, 1880, and who were married to such soldiers or sailors anterior to March 1, 1880; provided, said aid shall not exceed eight dollars per month, and provided further that no appropriations shall ever be made for the purpose hereinbefore specified in excess of five hundred thousand dollars for any one year. And also grant aid to the establishment and maintenance of a home for said soldiers and sailors, their wives and widows and women who aided in the Confederacy, under such regulations and limitations as may be provided by law; provides, the grant to aid said home shall not exceed one hundred and fifty thousand dollars for any one year, and no inmate of said homes shall be entitled to any other aid from the State; the Legislature may provide for husband and wife to remain together in the home; and provided further, that the provisions of this Section shall not be construed to prevent the grant of aid in case of public calamity.

Sec. 2. The Governor of the State is hereby directed to issue the necessary proclamation for the submission of this amendment to the qualified voters of the State of Texas at the regular election of State officers in November, 1910.

The sum of \$5,000.00, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated to pay the expenses of carrying out the provisions of this Resolution.

W. B. Townsend, Secretary of State. (A true copy.) 28 4t

Notice of Sheriff's Sale.

The State of Texas, }
County of Haskell. }
In the District Court of Haskell County, Texas,
C. D. Grissom, Plaintiff,
vs.
G. C. Burdine, et al, Defendants.

Whereas, by virtue of an order of sale issued out of the District Court of Haskell county, Texas, on the 5th day of July, 1910, under a judgment rendered in said court on the 31st day of May, 1910, in favor of said C. D. Grissom and against E. S. McGuire, E. V. Altman, W. T. Montgomery, Lige Sanders, Hays Smith and G. C. Burdine, numbered 584 upon the docket of said court, I did on the 5th day of July, 1910, seize and take into my possession the following described tract and parcel of land, to-wit: All that certain tract or parcel of land situated in Haskell county, Texas, and being the west one-half of the southwest one-fourth of section No. 4, block No. 2, located by virtue of certificate No. 28-167, issued to Washington County Railroad Company, and also known as the J. J. Ward State school land, containing 80 acres. And on the 2nd day of

August, 1910, being the first Tuesday of said month, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. on said day at the court house door of said county of Haskell, State of Texas, I will offer for sale and sell at public auction for cash the above described property; said judgment being a foreclosure of the vendor's lien upon said property as it existed on the 16th day of June, 1906, and the proceeds of said sale will be applied towards the satisfaction of said judgment as rendered and otherwise as provided for in said order of sale.

Dated at Haskell, Texas, this 5th day of July, 1910.
M. E. Park, Sheriff.
(28) Haskell County, Texas.

Notice of Sheriff's Sale.

The State of Texas, }
County of Haskell. }
In the District Court of Haskell County, Texas,
Hardy Grissom
vs.
O. J. Jackson, et al.

Whereas, by virtue of an order of sale issued out of the district court of Haskell county, Texas, on a judgment rendered in said court on the 31st day of May A. D. 1910, in favor of the said Hardy Grissom and against J. H. Meadors, C. H. Foote, S. S. McDougle and E. C. Marrs, No. 639 on the docket of said court, I did, on the 5th day of July A. D. 1910, at 6 o'clock p. m. levy upon the following described tract of land situated in Haskell county, Texas, to-wit:

All that certain tract or parcel of land situated in Haskell county, Texas, and being a part of the Peter Allen Survey No. 140, Certificate No. 136, Abstract No. 2, and being a part of out lot or block No. 131, in the said Peter Allen Survey, a plat of which said out lot or block is recorded in Vol. M7 at page 400 of the Deed Records of Haskell county, Texas, and being better known as lot No. seven and the north one-half of lot No. eight in block No. four of the J. W. Meadors addition to the town of Haskell, Texas, a map or plat of which said addition is recorded in Vol. 32, page 79 of the Deed Records of Haskell county, Texas; and on the 2nd day of August A. D. 1910, being the first Tuesday of said month, between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and four o'clock p. m. on said day, at the court house door of said county, I will offer for sale and sell at public auction, for cash, the said property. Dated at Haskell, Texas, this 5th day of July, A. D. 1910. M. E. Park, (28) Sheriff, Haskell Co., Texas.

Notice of Sheriff's Sale.

The State of Texas, }
County of Haskell. }
In the District Court of Haskell County, Texas,
M. H. Gilliam, Plaintiff,
vs.
Jas. W. Onstott, et al,
Defendants.

Whereas, by virtue of an order of sale issued out of the District Court of Haskell county, Texas, on the 5th day of July, 1910, under a judgment rendered in said court on the 31st day of May, 1910, in favor of said M. H. Gilliam as plaintiff and against Jas. W. Onstott, J. C. Whisenant and J. P. Morgan, numbered 627 upon the docket of said court, I did on the 5th day of July, 1910, at 5:30 o'clock p. m. seize and take into my possession the following described tract and parcel of land, to-wit: All that certain tract or parcel of land situated in Haskell County, Texas, being a part of section No. 142 in block No. 45 located by virtue of certificate No. 28-1999 issued to the H. & T. C. R. Co. and patented to Thad A. Thomson, assignee of C. W. Berryman, by patent No. 292, volume 19, on January 22, 1901, described by metes and bounds as follows: Beginning at the southwest corner of survey No. 140, block No. 45; thence north 2 degrees 31 minutes east 559 varas to stake on west line of survey No. 140 to the southeast corner of No. 143 same block; thence west 1211.4 varas to the northwest corner of section No. 142; thence south 839 varas to stake for corner; thence east 1174.7 varas to the place of beginning, containing 177-1-3 acres less 40 acres out of the southeast corner of this tract, said 40 acres being described by metes and bounds as follows: Beginning at the southwest corner of survey No. 140 in block No. 45, H. & T. C. R. Co. survey;

thence north 2 degrees 31 minutes east 559 varas, thence west 404 varas; thence south 2 degrees 31 minutes west 559 varas to south line of section No. 142; thence east 404 varas to the place of beginning.

And on the 2nd day of August, 1910, being the first Tuesday of said month between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. on said day at the court house door of said county of Haskell, State of Texas, I will offer for sale and sell at public auction the above described property; said judgment being a foreclosure of the vendor's lien thereon as it existed on January 31, 1906, and the proceeds of said sale will be applied towards a satisfaction of the amount of said judgment and otherwise as directed in said order of sale.

Dated at Haskell, Texas, this 5th day of July A. D. 1910.
M. E. Park, Sheriff of
(28) Haskell County, Texas.

PROFESSIONAL.

Dr. O. M. GUEST
DENTIST
Office in the McConnell Building.
OFFICE Phone No. 52.
RESIDENCE " " 149.

Dr. J. D. SMITH
DENTIST
Office-Smith & Sutherland Bldg
Phone Office No. 12
Residence No. 111

Dr. W. A. KIMBROUGH
Physician and Surgeon
Office Phone No. 246
Residence " " No. 124
Or Coiler's Drug Store
HASKELL, TEXAS.

Dr. A. G. NEATHERY.
Physician and Surgeon.
OFFICE In Smith & Sutherland Bldg
Office Phone No. 50.
Dr. Neathery's Res. No. 25.

Dr. W. WILLIAMSON,
RESIDENCE PHONE 113
OFFICE OVER
Smith and Sutherland Bldg

J. A. MOORE
Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE In McConnell Building
HASKELL, TEXAS.

A. J. LEWIS, M. D. C.
Veterinary Surgeon
and Dentist.
Office 216
Telephones Res 256
OFFICE--Spencer & Gillam's
Drug Store. Haskell, Tex.

Dr. F. C. HELTON
Veterinary Surgeon
Office Phone 25
Res. Phone 190

H. G. McCONNELL,
Attorney at Law.
OFFICE IN
McConnell Bldg N W Cor Square

Gordon B. McGuire
Attorney-at-Law
Office in McConnell Bldg.

Monroe & Hal McConnell
HASKELL, TEXAS.
DEALERS IN
Poultry and Pet Stock
Orrington Chickens and Eggs
Fancy Fantail & Homer Pigeons
Imported Belgian Giant Hares
American Red Rufus Belgian
WRITE FOR PRICES

It is surprising how cheap you can fill your coal pains. Can you afford to overlook such an OPPORTUNITY? Ask for rates at E. A. Chambers.

THE STATE OF TEXAS.

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Haskell County--GREETING.
YOU ARE HEREBY COMMANDED, to summon Hays Covington, Thomas Covington, John L. Covington, Sarah F. Stanford, Elizabeth Ferguson and Polly Blakely, whose residences are unknown, and the heirs of Hays Covington, deceased (except Charles Covington), and the heirs of John L. Covington, deceased, and the heirs of Sarah F. Stanford, deceased, and the heirs of Elizabeth Ferguson, deceased, and the heirs of Polly Blakely, deceased, all of whose names and residences are unknown, by making Publication of this Citation once in each week for eight successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in Haskell County, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not then in any newspaper published in the nearest county where a newspaper is published to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Haskell County, to be held at the Court House thereof, at Haskell on the 19th Monday after the first Monday in August, 1910, the same being the 21st day of November, 1910, then and there to answer the first amended original petition filed in said Court on the 21st day of July, 1910, in a suit numbered 612 on the Docket of said Court, wherein E. Burgess and F. E. Burgess are Plaintiffs and Hays Covington, Thomas Covington, John L. Covington, Sarah F. Stanford, Elizabeth Ferguson and Polly Blakely, whose residences are unknown, and the heirs of Hays Covington, deceased, (except Charles Covington) and the heirs of John L. Covington, deceased, and the heirs of Sarah Stanford, deceased, and the heirs of Elizabeth Ferguson, deceased, and the heirs of Polly Blakely, deceased, all of whose names and residences are unknown, are Defendants said amended original petition alleging that on or about January 1st 1910 Plaintiffs were lawfully seized and possessed of the following described land and premises situated in Haskell County, Texas, holding and claiming the same in fee simple, to-wit: The Hays Covington Survey, Abstract No. 36, Survey No. 137, containing 309 acres described by the following metes and bounds, to-wit: Beginning at the N. E. corner of Survey No. 44, made for John Carrington, for the N. W. corner of this Survey from which a mesquite bears N. 35 degrees E. 19 1/4 varas, another bears East 17 varas; Thence East with the South line of Survey No. 16, 1233 varas to a stake for North-east corner from which a mesquite bears S. 48 degrees East 23 varas; another bears N. 6 degrees East 20 1/2 varas; Thence South 1200 varas to stake in prairie for the South-east corner; Thence West 1223 varas to the South-east corner of Survey No. 44 for South-west corner of this Survey; Thence North 1690 varas to the place of beginning. That on the day and year last aforesaid the defendants unlawfully entered upon said premises and ejected Plaintiffs therefrom and unlawfully withheld from the Plaintiffs the possession thereof to their damage \$3000.00. That the reasonable annual rental value of said land and premises is \$250.00.

Plaintiffs further show to the Court that they are claiming said land and premises under the following chain of title, to-wit: A Patent issued to Hays Covington by the State of Texas on the 21st day of December 1858 by virtue of augmentation certificate No. 213 issued to said Hays Covington by the Board of Land Commissioners of Washington County, Texas on the first day of February 1858. A General Warranty Deed executed by Charles Covington to John H. Seward on January 31st 1872, acknowledged on the same day by Charles Covington before Thomas M. Hunt, Clerk of the District Court of Burleson County, Texas, filed for record October 31st 1889 and duly recorded in the Deed Records of Haskell County, Texas, in Vol. 15 on page 41. A deed executed by Mrs. Laura B. Seward, Mrs. Marion S. Holt O. T. Holt, Ingham R. Seward of Harris County, Texas and Mrs. Annie E. Wallace and J. W. Wallace of Alleghany County, Virginia, to O. A. Seward of Washington County, Texas, on July 18th 1905, said deed being duly executed and recorded in Deed Records of Haskell County, Texas, in Vol. 52 page 549. A deed duly executed by O. A. Seward to W. N. Bunkley on February 24th 1906 filed for record in Haskell County, Texas, April 15th 1907, and duly recorded in the Deed Records of said County in Vol. 38 page 41. And a deed duly executed by W. N. Bunkley and wife to Plaintiffs, E. and F. E. Burgess June 4th 1907, and duly recorded in the Deed Records of Haskell County, Texas, in Vol. 57 page 22. The Plaintiffs further show to the Court that they are claiming said 309 acres of land under deeds duly registered, and that they and those under whom they hold have had peaceable and adverse possession of said land and premises and tenements hereinbefore described, cultivating, using and enjoying the same, and paying all taxes due thereon for a period of more than five years prior to the said January 1st 1910, and before the commencement of this suit, and this they are ready to verify.

The Plaintiffs further show to the Court that they and those under whom they hold, have had peaceable, continuous and adverse possession, by an actual enclosure of said land and premises hereinbefore described, cultivating using and enjoying the same for a period of more than ten years prior to January 1st 1910 and before the commencement of this suit and this they are ready to verify.

The Plaintiffs further show to the Court that they are unable to set out the claim or claim of the several defendants, or the pretended claims of said defendants, for the reason that their several claims or pretended claims, if any they have, and the nature thereof, are to the Plaintiffs unknown.

Wherefore Plaintiffs pray that the defendants be cited in the terms of the law to appear and answer this petition, and that they have judgement of the Court for the title and possession of the above described land and premises, and that a writ of restitution be issued, and for rents, damages and costs of suit, and for such other and further relief, special and general, in law and in equity, as they may be justly entitled to. Herein fail not, but have before said Court on the 1st day of the next term thereof, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness J. W. Meadors, Clerk of the District Court of Haskell County, Texas.
Given under my hand and seal of said Court, in the town of Haskell this 21st day of July, A. D. 1910.
J. W. Meadors
Clerk District Court, Haskell County.
By Roy English,
Deputy.

ANNOUNCEMENT COLUMN.

For Representative,
R. B. HUMPHREY,
of Throckmorton county to fill the unexpired term of Hon. D. J. Brookerson in the 31st as well as for the full term in the 32nd Legislature.

For District Judge, 39th Judicial District.
JNO. B. THOMAS
JNO. D. HOPSON
H. R. JONES

For District Attorney, 39th Judicial District:
JAS. P. STINSON
PETE HELTON

For District Clerk
W. W. MURPHY
GUY O. STREET

For County Attorney
BRUCE W. BRYANT
J. E. WILFONG

For County Clerk
J. L. ROBERTSON
J. W. MEADORS

For County Judge
A. J. SMITH
JOE IRBY

For Sheriff
W. D. FAULKNER
M. S. EDWARDS
M. L. LYNCH
M. E. PARK

I. W. (Walter) KIRKPATRICK
W. W. FITZGERALD.

For County Superintendent
T. C. WILLIAMS

For Tax Collector
J. H. MEADORS
C. R. PETERS
A. H. NORRIS
J. E. WALLING

For Tax Assessor
J. W. TARBETT
R. H. SPROWLS

For County Treasurer
EMORY MENEFFEE
J. M. PERRY

For Commissioner, Pre. No. 1
T. A. MAYES
R. C. WHITMIRE

For Commissioner Pre. No. 2,
C. T. JONES

For Commissioner Pre. No. 3
G. V. COBB

For Commissioner Pre. No. 4.
C. F. DAVIS
G. W. SOLLOCK

For Constable Pre. No. 1,
T. W. CARLETON
W. D. JOINER
A. G. LAMBERT
R. E. DeBARD

For Justice of Peace, Pre. No. 1
A. J. HILL
S. A. HUGHES
J. T. KNOWLES
J. S. POST

For Public Weigher Pre. No. 1
J. L. GARDNER
C. H. RUSSELL
E. L. NORTHCUTT
B. F. WALKER

MONEY TO LOAN.

on land at 8 per cent and 9 per cent interest also to buy Vendors Lien Notes. If you want a loan come and see us,
Sanders & Wilson,
Haskell, Texas.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership lately subsisting between J. J. Guest of Haskell in the county of Haskell and State of Texas, and G. L. Abbott of Canyon in the county of Randall and State of Texas, under the firm name of Guest & Abbott was on the 28th day of June 1910 dissolved by mutual consent.

All debts owing to the said partnership are to be received by the said J. J. Guest and all demands on the said partnership are to be presented to him for payment who is allowed to use the name of the firm in liquidation of all debts due to and from the partnership.

Witness our hands this the 28th day of June 1910.
J. J. Guest
G. L. Abbott