

The Texas Christian Advocate.

SUBSCRIPTION, PER ANNUM, \$2.00.

OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE FIVE TEXAS CONFERENCES OF THE METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH, SOUTH.

TO PREACHERS, \$1.00.

VOL. XXXIII.

DALLAS, TEXAS, THURSDAY, AUGUST 18, 1887.

NO. 49.

THE BATTLE IN TEXAS.

REV. A. G. HAYGOOD, D. D.

About sunrise, on the Pullman "Santiago," somewhere south of Montgomery, Ala., on the trip home from Texas, I began this letter. My thoughts are in the "Lone Star State" this morning, for it is August 4, election day. But for a rule and habit, long observed—when done work at one place to go somewhere else—I should this morning be in Waco, headquarters of the Prohibition Executive Committee, to see such part of the battle as will be fought in that wide-awake young city, one of the best in Texas.

One must go over Texas to form any adequate idea of its size; they say it is big enough to form six Georgias, with enough scraps left to make several Rhode Islands. Unless one should mark the distances on railroads, mere map study avails little. I have several times been in Texas heretofore—this time nearly a month. July 8, in the opera house in Texas, with about 500 people present, August 1, in the open air, at night, in Galveston, with 4,000 people—sitting, standing, lying on the thick Bermuda grass—represent the beginning and the ending. The quickest way through is to give places and times.

Without accident of travel of the least sort, a good providence enabled me to run on and through this schedule: July 9, Clarksville, 2 p. m., court-house; 10, Clarksville, our church, 11; court-house (colored people), 4 p. m.; 11, Paris, court-house, night; 12, Bonham, opera house, 4 p. m.; 13, Denison, opera house, night; 14, Sherman, court-house, 12 m.; 14, McKinney, court-house, night; 15, Dallas, open air, night; 16, Fort Worth, opera house, night; 17, Waco (Hebrew children and fiery furnace), open air, night; 18, Waco, open air, night; 19, Marlin, open air, 4 p. m.; 20, Calvert (with barbecue), open air, 3 p. m.; same place, opera house, night; 21, Bryan, open air, night; 22, Navasota, opera house, night; 23, Navasota, 9 a. m., Baptist church (convention in session); Hempstead, "union" barbecue (many "antis" drunk), open air, 3 p. m.; same place, court-house, night; 24, Brenham, Methodist church, sermon, night; 25, Brenham, opera house, night; 26, Giddings, open air, (basket dinner), 11 a. m.; 27, Austin, Capitol grounds, open air, night; 28, San Antonio, U. S. Government lot (where Sutherland and Bishop Turner were rotten egged), night; 29, Columbus, in the woods, 3 p. m.; 30, Houston open air, night; 31, African Methodist church, Galveston, night; and the wind-up at night, August 1. Speeches averaged two hours. Weather fearfully hot, drenched in perspiration every time, but now nearly home, sound in voice and limb.

My son and daughter—Wilbur and Mamie—with me through the trip, and sang at every place (I did not "join in the chorus") except the "union" barbecue at Hempstead. The children were a great comfort to me and a great help to the cause.

My loved and honored classmate, Dr. John W. Heidt, joined us at Calvert and remained with us to Austin. He has put in some stalwart blows during this fierce contest. He is doing nobly as Regent of Southwestern University, and with the co-operation he deserves, will accomplish a very great work. Where good and manly deeds are wrought there will John Heidt be found.

Rev. Horace Bishop is pastor of our church in Waco—one of the best in Southern Methodism. His church told him to take July for prohibition—believing rightly that they were doing God's service. He received us at Texas and left us only at Galveston, when our part was done. Horace Bishop has a large, quick brain, and a big, true heart. He is one of our foremost and best. But for his ceaseless goodness I know not how I could have gone through with it all.

The intensity of interest in this contest in Texas no man can understand by reading about it; one must have been in it. It has been red hot. Both sides have done their best. The antis had very large outside money help, the prohibitionists hardly any. Most of the politicians were in it, one side or the other, and nearly all the preachers. In this long debate, the preachers asked no favors from the antis, got none, needed none. Nor did they give favors. It was a free hand-to-hand fight in the sawdust and sand. Thank God for a chance to take a hand in it.

The antis hesitated at nothing short of open violence. The egg-throwing at San Antonio did not, I believe, represent the anti-temper—there are hoodlums in every city. Lies without number they spoke and printed. Prohibition speakers were ridiculed and misrepresented in the anti press to the extent of capacity and language.

Everywhere the women (nearly all) held up the hands of the prohibitionists. If this election is lost to the good cause, it will not be the fault of the negroes. Considering their case justly, one is astonished that so many vote prohibition. The educated men, with hardly an exception are prohibitionists.

I have, this morning, good hope of success. But if the cause fails of a ma-

majority, Texas has been large gainer by the tremendous contest that culminated today. Its educative value is beyond all price. Texas has learned more of itself—its strength and weakness, its possibilities and dangers—than it ever knew before. The public mind has been enlightened, the public heart stirred, the public conscience quickened, the public backbone strengthened.

Bishop McVey's letter to the TEXAS CHRISTIAN ADVOCATE helped mightily. So did the knowledge of the facts that Bishops Dana, Galloway and Key had each been making prohibition speeches elsewhere.

The saloon is doomed; if not to-day, to-morrow. It deserves no mercy from law; it has shown none. It is a standing menace to civilization. These Texas, if they fail to-day, will begin to-morrow to get ready for another fight. The best white people and the best colored people, irrespective of politics, have joined hands to put down the bar room by law. They will succeed.—Waco, Tex. Advocate.

PROHIBITION IN MISSISSIPPI.

Bishop Chas. B. Galloway, chairman of the Prohibition Executive committee, has just issued an address to the friends of the movement in that State in which he refers to the defeat in Texas. The address is as follows:

It is my pleasure to report to you the rapid and healthful progress of our cause throughout the State. Our recent State convention was large and enthusiastic—representative of the best citizenship of Mississippi. While there are reasonable differences of opinion upon minor matters of policy, there was absolute unanimity on all questions of principle, and a lofty patriotism inspired the whole proceedings. We enter upon the work before us with a stronger column, a better organization, and brighter hopes of speedy triumph, than one year ago. The operation of our admirable local option law, compelling agitation has strengthened prohibition sentiment and multiplied faithful friends, until we stand up to-day, an exceeding great army. Letters received since the adjournment of the State convention, give assurance that the principles of prohibition are gaining ground in the upper river counties.

Large planters, hitherto indifferent, are convinced that the agricultural interests of the delta cannot endure the demoralization of the whisky traffic. Intelligent conviction on this question is growing, also among the colored people. Their ministers of religion and teachers of the day schools, are enlisted in opposition to this most invidious and insatiate foe of their race. We had them as valued co-workers in this great moral reform.

The news from Texas is in no sense discouraging. The battle has not ended but only begun. This was merely the first skirmish betokening a struggle that will in the end triumphantly wave the white banner over every home in the Lone Star State. The issue was precipitated by the enemies of prohibition. Its friends courageously took up the gauge of battle, and though at no time hopeful of immediate victory, succeeded in mobilizing an army that will never retreat or surrender. The one hundred and forty thousand freemen who voted for "God, home and native land," will never deny, compromise or falsify their splendid record. They are more determined to-day than before the 4th of August. Men of principle never falter, though they fail—moral reforms never go backward, however fiercely opposed. Eliminating the nearly forty thousand foreign votes cast almost solidly against the amendment and the two thirds of the eighty thousand colored votes claimed by the anti-prohibitionists, and the fact is revealed that a majority of the native white population cast their ballots for constitutional protection against the matchless evil of the age. The election therefore is only a clarion call to duty and a sure prophecy of glorious victory. The colored people will never again be so largely influenced to vote for whisky, and every day's agitation will add recruits to the army of reform.

In view of the magnificent struggle in Texas and the grand work achieved in our own State, I greet every friend of prohibition with words of cheer. Mississippi is destined, in the near future, to become one of the most solid prohibition States in the Union. Patient persistence of purpose, uncompromising loyalty to conviction, and sublime devotion to duty, will redeem our beloved commonwealth from the curse of the open saloon.

THE GREAT SAVANNAH FRESHET.

The recent fearful freshet is the most extensive and disastrous that has visited this section since 1852. Thursday, July 28, the wind, which had been blowing thirty-six hours from the east, brought the rain in a gentle shower, which soon increased to a fall of from four to thirteen inches in twenty-four hours. The wires brought news of heavy rains through the middle and northern portions of the State. Somewhere about Union Point, a town on the Georgia railroad, running from Augusta to Atlanta, and eighty miles from Augusta, the fall

of rain seemed to be heaviest. If the quantity of water that fell had been as great up the Savannah valley as it was here, Augusta would have been deluged from one side to the other, and the damage would have been incalculable.

The rain continued to descend more or less continuously through Thursday evening, Friday, Saturday and Sunday. By Saturday night the trains on all the roads were out of time. Many bridges were either washed away or submerged. The small streams rose with fearful rapidity. The torrents of water that came pouring down against bridges and trestles were absolutely resistless. Railroad officials stood and watched bridges that had cost hundreds of thousands of dollars succumb to the power of the flood. My appointment was at Milledgeville. I walked across one bridge that was rendered unsafe for the cars to find that another bridge a few miles beyond, and over which two trains had passed in safety only a few hours before, had been partially washed away. Next morning the last bridge between me and Milledgeville was swept away by the flood. News came to Warrenton, whether I had returned, that the water was four feet deep at the Union depot. If that be true the district parsonage furniture is in danger. Immediately I decided to return to Augusta, Sunday as it was. I found the water at the depot one foot deep instead of four; but look in any direction, it was water everywhere. Long rows of houses deserted, the water up to the window-sills of many of them.

A few blocks of the city were not inundated. I happened to be in the dry spot. This spot was an island at the time, for the water was above and below and on either side. Augusta is not as near level as I had supposed, nor are the highest points where I would have guessed. In some parts of the city the water reached a depth of eight to ten feet. The poorer classes of people live in those sections. Now that the waters have receded the town authorities and private societies are helping the needy. Many of these poor people have lost everything.

At noon Sunday the flood reached its highest mark—34 feet, 7 inches. Those who know say that thirty-six feet, or one foot and five inches more, would have flooded the entire city. Sunday night "Old Steve," as the bell in the tower is called, began to ring. The hearts of many almost stood still with alarm. What does it mean? The sound of that bell means that the city is in danger. The news soon spread all over the city that the bank of the canal next the city had given way, and the water was pouring through at a fearful rate, threatening to inundate the entire city. But men were found with brave hearts and tough muscles, who stood in the breach and all night long beat back the surging waters from an imperiled people. By dawn Monday the danger was over.

The damage to the growing and matured crops is beyond computation. The farmers along the line of the Savannah river were jubilant. Their corn was made, and it was the best in years. In less than a week this fair prospect is utterly blasted. Not an ear of corn will be saved. The loss from this source to Augusta will be immense. It will diminish her trade not less than \$1,000,000. Some of our pastors will suffer. The collections will be cut off at some points, unless the experience of the past is repeated this year, namely: a hard year financially is the easiest to raise money. The crops all along the rivers and creeks will be damaged more or less. The per cent. of loss, however, to the whole country is but a fraction. "Thank God it is no worse!" rises from many hearts to-day.

W. P. LOVEJOY.

AUGUSTA, GA.

LETTER FROM TENNESSEE.

It may be gratifying to your readers to know that to-night, just before the battle in Texas, while thousands of her people are praying for God and home and native land, that at the request of the W. C. T. U., of the Cape Girardeau Union, a temperance prayer meeting has been held in the same great interest. It was conducted in the Presbyterian Church by the Methodist pastor. Methodists, Presbyterians, Baptists and Episcopalians all united and we had a delightful service.

Prof. P. C. Norton, president of the State Normal College at this place, who has just returned from an extended trip, embracing several counties heretofore opposed to prohibition, gave an encouraging report of the change, and the steady growth of popular sentiment on the subject. The lovers of Temperance take courage and believe that this town will after a while arouse from her indifference, and make an earnest effort for her own deliverance from the power of the saloon.

As one of the speakers said to-night, in other portions of the State there is more drunkenness, but not so many drinkers. This is not strange when it is remembered that the population is largely German—who prefer beer to coffee—drink it in lieu milk or water—and drink it on all days of the week. I take pleasure in recording this union temperance prayer meeting, more so, as Missou-

ri has not been niggard in furnishing money to the anti-prohibitionists of Texas for the campaign against prohibition.

I have just read Senator Reagan's open letter to Mr. Jefferson Davis. It was a surprise to our great chief's devoted friends that he furnished the enemy any sort of weapon with which to fight the long suffering sons and daughters of the land. Far better the grace of silence which he has preserved through so many years. But Mr. Davis has the courage of conviction. He is never a dodger of issues—and hence is worthy of what the old Romans called integrity—every whit whole.

I know that these hot times ye knights of the quill advise your correspondents "to hold down" what they have to communicate. Hold down! The very thought puts me in mind of the Georgia woman called a "perspiration of a sweat." Our little girl remarked yesterday at the table: "It is so hot that even the globets are perspiring." The very winds are hot and dry, and parch the little moisture on cheek or brow. At night the heat and mosquitoes render sleep, refreshing sleep, almost impossible; so it chanced that while I was, not wide, awake night before last when the earth did quake and tremble, I was not sound asleep. I was never so shaken up; never so scared; never so rocked since the days of my infancy. For some seconds the noise was appalling. I don't know what it was, nor where it came from, but from the mode of travel, and the trembling, vibratory motion along the earth or under the earth, I do not think it was caused by an aerolite. The earth soon regained her equilibrium, but I have been in a state of scare ever since.

I suppose we will have another racket to-night—a "charivari," in which kettles and tin horns will add to the discord of student voices. In this case the groom was a widower—the bride not a widow. Such a concert, I should say, is never repeated by request.

We had a wedding here last week, and the newly-wedded left soon after the ceremony for Terrell, Texas, where the groom, Prof. A. V. Hamilton, lately of this place, is superintendent of the high school.

If this letter is too long you can "cook it," as Prof. W. R. Webb used to say, was necessary when he got raw, rough material. With many good wishes,

MES. SUE F. MOONEY.

ELECTION ECHOES.

The Austin Dispatch:

The Dispatch is an anti-whisky journal, let come what will.

The Houston Post:

With the saloons as the only issue prohibition would have prevailed by an overwhelming majority.

The Nashville (Tenn.) Advocate:

In the van of the fight is our TEXAS ADVOCATE, which has been a rided cannon hitting the mark every shot.

The Pittsburgh (Penn.) Banner:

The temperance people of Texas have conducted a grand campaign, and will never the contest with pluck and determination.

The Limestone New Era:

Prohibitionists will doubtless adhere to the idea promulgated by the last Democratic State Convention—that prohibition is not a test of a man's Democracy.

The New York World:

The liquor makers and sellers and drinkers ought to see in this revolution a warning not to resist reasonable restrictions and fairly compensating taxes upon the traffic.

The Michigan Advocate:

It has been one of the necessary preliminary skirmishes; pretty soon the decisive battle will come, and our cause shall triumph. That day is surely coming in Texas, and every where.

The Clarksville Standard:

We are our own men, of full size and age. We do not belong to the breweries and the distilleries or the hired agents of the breweries and the distilleries. They can neither drive us, manage us nor alarm us.

The Florence Chronicle:

Suffice it to say, we are not ashamed of our company, as the question was declared non-partisan by the last Democratic State Convention, as well as by the Twentieth Legislature. So when the kicking out of the party comes off we expect to be on hand.

The Montague Democrat:

We have met and crossed swords with our opponents on the open field. We have ascertained their strength and their tactics. We have tested our own strength. We have made old Bacchus tremble and turn pale. We have shorn the saloon traffic of much of its power and influence for evil.

The Alabama Advocate:

The great struggle in the Empire State is over, and the report is that the prohibitionists have lost the victory. We have only this to say: Prohibition is not the growth of a mere sentiment, but it is the gospel of the Son of God getting ready to hurl to the earth and crush forever the greatest evil that ever cursed our race. The defeat in Texas may delay, but it cannot prevent the final tri-

umph. It is as sure to come as our God reigns, and the angels help, and three hundred thousand women, backed by the church of Christ, continue to work and pray.

The Waco Day:

The Democratic vote was equally divided between pro and anti, and the "great victory" was won by the men who voted for Blaine in 1884. And yet the antis are going to read out Democrats who voted for prohibition.

The Gainesville Register:

Judge Clark has thrown down the gauntlet, and the Prohibition Democrats should not hesitate to pick it up. And to the boldest knight, the bravest gentleman, the most courageous soldier of them all, the Register has but this to say: "Lead on, and I will set this foot of mine as far as who goes farthest!"

The New York (N. Y.) Voice:

But it was a most gallant fight. Very few of us here in the North expected, at the beginning, that anything like such a magnificent fight would be made for the cause. We have watched its growth with delight and surprise. We honor the brave men who led it, and we are proud of the result of it.

The New York Sun:

The capture of even one-third of the total vote of Texas must be regarded as a splendid achievement, and the prohibitionist leaders may well be proud of the result. The canvass and the vote have shown that the extent of prohibition sentiment greatly exceeds the limits of the prohibitionist party organization.

The Terrell Star:

The Democratic strongholds have been very close, while the Republican counties all rolled up big majorities against the amendment. When we contemplate these facts we (all Democrats) can console ourselves with the fact that the Democratic party has not and will not establish any standard of thought on this great question.

The New York (N. Y.) Advocate:

The amendment is defeated at the polls; the movement, all things considered, is advanced. Prohibition had the argument; it had the truth; it had the analogies; it had the men and women who are interested in the overthrow of the liquor traffic. It had not the aid of purchased votes; nor of rum, whisky or beer; nor of those whose highest motive is political preference.

The New Orleans Times Democrat:

There is no reason why the prohibition fight should have any effect on political lines in Texas. The proposition that prohibitionists should be ruled out of party ranks; or, on the other hand, that they should organize separately in order to carry through their favorite measure, ought not to be considered for a moment, for it means political confusion and misfortune to the State.

The Florida Argus:

Upon the anti now rests the responsibility of enforcing the present statute laws controlling the liquor traffic, and in a great measure the responsibility for the crimes caused by indulgence in excessive drinking. The prohibitionists will assert that "they have washed their hands in innocence, and would have put away the accursed thing forever, but could not."

The Abilene Reporter:

The great fight against the prohibition amendment was made for the sole purpose of perpetuating the liquor traffic in Texas, the assertions of the News, Post and other anti papers to the contrary notwithstanding. While anti papers published campaign speeches for pay, the saloon men footed the bills. The fight was for the existence of their business. They won the fight, and if there is any credit or glory in the victory they and they alone are entitled to it.

The Central Advocate, St. Louis, Mo.:

This contest was really that of the best citizens against the dram-shops and the liquor interests. Large commercial enterprises were involved, and the distillers and brewers poured out money to save their business from destruction. The prohibitionists have been as active as their means would allow, but had not the money in hand necessary to get the subject properly before the people. The TEXAS ADVOCATE leads the religious press and many secular papers in a vigorous and fearless campaign.

The Philadelphia (Penn.) Methodist:

Those that glibly talk of the defeat as a "Waterloo for prohibition" in Texas, have yet to learn the true character of the men and women who have engaged in this contest. They are not the kind who are discouraged with a single failure, or likely to abandon the effort because they have once been defeated. They feel that it is a matter of life and death with them and their families, if not with their vast and growing State, and that the contest must and will go on until the rum power is broken and constitutional prohibition becomes the law of the State.

Hon. John H. Reagan, Palestine, Tex.:

Prohibition was defeated by the votes of the negroes, Germans and Mexicans. The larger preponderance of the negro voters in a county, as a rule the larger is the anti-prohibition vote. The Mexican counties on and near the Rio Grande cast nearly solid votes against prohibition. San Antonio, three-fourths of her

population being Germans, Mexicans and Negroes, voted almost solid against prohibition. Undoubtedly a majority of the native Americans and of the Democrats of Texas have voted for prohibition. Our defeat was caused largely by great sums of money sent here from other States by the manufacturers of and dealers in whisky and beer, to pay speakers, to control newspapers and for general campaign purposes. The prohibitionists have had the advantage in the discussions and have given the public information which I think will make this a prohibition State in the near future. And I think the prohibitionists will continue the struggle as a non-partisan issue.—N. Y. Voice.

The Fort Worth Gazette:

What will Democrats think of the proposition to repeal those men who accepted the Democratic platform as Democratic law, and fill their places in the new "Democratic" party with those "large accessions from anti-prohibition Republicans" promised by the San Antonio Times and by the Texas German Post? What do Democrats think of this proposition to lift up prohibition from under 90,000 majority and make it the one Democratic principle and the one test of partisan fealty, and to force its agitation simply as a leverage with which to prize some men out and put some other men in office? These are questions that each Democrat must decide for himself. Each must determine for himself whether he is a Democrat or merely a Prohibitionist or anti Prohibitionist. Each must resolve for himself whether he will affiliate with the new party organized by a junta of ambitious men, or with the Democratic party, organized on principle. And as Democrats, decide they will act in the primaries next year. Admission to the primaries will be based on votes cast in 1884 and not in 1887, and as men are Democrats or members of the new party with one principle only, the primaries will be guarded and controlled. In the primaries the decision of Democrats will find voice, and from the primaries will come the response of Democratic people to the scheme of reorganizing the Democracy of Texas with a view to re-distribution of the offices.

SOUTHERN METHODIST OPINION.

The Holston Methodist, Knoxville, Tenn.:

Mr. Davis' letter, coming out just at the pivotal time before mentioned—July 20th—and being hurriedly circulated as an advertisement in favor of the saloons, is an endeavor to mantle the fair Southern cheek with shame, or rather tarnish the name of Jefferson Davis forever.

Southwestern Methodist, St. Louis, Mo.:

In the crisis of the campaign Jefferson Davis wrote an anti-prohibition letter, which was widely circulated. He regards prohibition a denial of State rights and un-Democratic. What influence this letter had we cannot tell. But wiser Democrats than Mr. Davis regard it a false view put forth in support of a bad cause.

The Raleigh Advocate, Raleigh, N. C.:

Hon. Jefferson Davis allowed the "liquor men" of Texas to get from him a letter against prohibition, which they used in the recent election in that State. Mr. Davis used the old "hackneyed" objections, and there is no strength whatever in his letter. We have thought for sometime that the old man was in his dotage, and this letter confirms us in our opinion. It was an evidence of weakness that the old man allowed himself to be led into the matter at all. In Panola county, Miss., his own State, only a few days ago, prohibition was carried by 1200 majority. If Mr. Davis lives a few years longer, the anti-prohibitionists will have in him what the Southern people now have in him, namely: a greatly beloved but lonely representative of a lost cause.

The Alabama Advocate, Birmingham.

We wonder to what extent the letter of Mr. Davis contributed to this sad result? We have long been an admirer of Mr. Davis, especially of his consistency and integrity; but we say deliberately, that if he wrote that letter after saying what he did in our hearing at Sea Shore recently; and, in addition to this, grasping the hand of Mrs. Chapin at the close of her talk, and saying, "I endorse every word you have uttered, and am with you in all you have said," as reported in the Times Democrat and reprinted in this paper, then we have no respect for either the boasted consistency or integrity of the man the South has honored for more than twenty-five years. The people of the South among whom Mr. Davis lives, and thousands of men who followed him through the war, have been struggling against this giant evil for years, and now, just on the eve of victory, Mr. Davis sells out to the whisky devil and gives all the influence he has to perpetuate this great curse. It was better for Mr. Davis, and better for the South, if he had rotted in the dungeons of Fortress Monroe than to have been the instrument of enslaving the people of Texas for years to come. For his known inconsistency and his down-right hypocrisy to a pure woman, pleading for the orphans of his dead soldiers, we can never forgive him, until he confesses his great crime and sets himself right before an outraged and disappointed public.

Texas Christian Advocate.

Me been a swimmin' On 'no, mother, I discent without your consent. My hair wet? Oh, yes, that you Sother he pumped on me, by accident. How'd my coat get that muddy dirt? Oh, that's from playin' in the ditch. What? Me got on Tom Sother's shirt? You've got me now na! Git the switch!

The annual death rate per thousand in the principal foreign countries according to the recent weekly returns communicated to the British Empire General, are as follows: Calcutta, 22; Bombay, 21; Madras, 20; Java, 21; Brussels, 20; Amsterdam, 20; Rotterdam, 18; The Hague, 19; Copenhagen, 18; Stockholm, 18; Christiania, 18; St. Petersburg, 18; Berlin, 18; Hamburg, 18; London, 18; Vienna, 18; Prague, 17; Bucharest, 17; Trieste, 17; Rome, 17; Venice, 16; Cairo, 16; and Alexandria, 15.

Are you a sufferer from Malaria? If you are, you will be anxious to get rid of it. Please notice what is said from time to time in this paper about Staudenberger's Anti-dote for Malaria, and particularly what is said by those who have used the medicine. We give the address of each and invite you to write them if you desire the medicine. The medicine is certain to cure you, and is always safe.

"Oh, no ma'am," pleaded the tramp, "you may think my life sunshiny, but it ain't. Wherever I go I'm beset with dangers. I'm short, ma'am, I carry my life in my hands." "Ah, I see," exclaimed his temporary hostess, "that accounts for your not washing your hands. You don't do it for fear you'll drown yourself."

Agents wanted for DANIEL'S ILLUSTRATED HISTORY OF MEXICO, revised edition, brought down to the year 1896, pages 250 illustrations, special arrangements made with ministers. For terms, specimen pages, etc., address GEORGE BROS., General Agents for Texas, Louisiana and Arkansas, DALLAS, TEXAS.

"The night watchman awoke when the roof fell in," says a congratulatory dispatch. If it were not for the wakefulness of night watchmen, a great deal of property would be destroyed.

"You asked me to bring you a little pin money," said a young lady to her mother. "Well, to save you the fatigue of going out in this hot weather I have brought you some pins instead."

DR. J. H. BRIGGS, Practitioner exclusively in diseases of the EAR, THROAT & NOSE. 125 E. 11th St., DALLAS, TEXAS.

The bicycle law of Oregon requires bicycle riders to stay 100 yards from any person going in the opposite direction with a team, and remain stationary until the team has passed.

It appears by the proving of the will of the late Samuel J. Tilden in London that the value of his personal estate in England amounted to over \$1,500,000.

No Opium in Pin's Cure for Consumption. Cures where other remedies fail. 25c.

The completion of the Chicago, Burlington and Northern Railway along the west bank of the Mississippi river has killed the steamboat business on the upper Mississippi.

Manakunk, the Maholoko king, who befriended Livingston in his journey down the Zambezi, has petitioned the English government to take over his country. He is afraid the Portuguese will annex it.

Dr. B. A. Pope, formerly of New Orleans, late of Galveston. Practice confined to diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat. Office 912 Elm street, Dallas. Office hours from 9 to 1 and 2 to 4.

"Hello, major," said the judge this morning. "I haven't seen you for a week, where have you been?" "Right home, your honor," replied the major. "Yes? Why, you were always as healthy as I was. What in the world made you ill?" "Well, I tried to follow some rules on health I saw in the papers."

Dr. Milan & Barham, DENTAL SURGEONS, 103 E. 11th St., cor. Harwood. None but the best work solicited. Teeth extracted without pain. Retainers by permission of the author of this paper.

Dan Lane, who made a name for himself in the merchant marine service through his remarkable coolness and bravery in 1850, when the crew of the steamship, of which he was a member, rescued the 350 passengers from the burning ship, Caleb Grimsaw, has turned up at Hay City, Mich., as an applicant for a job before the mast on a lake schooner.

PECKLEY ASH BITTERS warm up and invigorate the stomach, improve and strengthen the digestive organs, open the pores, promote perspiration, and equalize the circulation. As a corrector of disordered system there is nothing to equal it.

"Is your pa going to take you to the picnic, Sadie?" "No, pa's sick." "What's the matter with him?" "Oh, he's sneezing all the time, and his eyes keep a watering." "Then he must have hay fever?" "No, pa works for wages; he doesn't get a salary; he can't afford to have hay fever; so he's only sick."

Darby's Prophylactic Fluid. Use it in every sickness. Will keep the atmosphere pure and free from germs, infection from all fevers, and all contagious diseases. The eminent physician, J. Marion Sims, M. D., New York, says: "I am convinced that Darby's Prophylactic Fluid is a most valuable disinfectant."

Excited Wife—"Oh, John! John! Quick! Stop fumbling behind that bureau and run for a doctor." Half-dressed Husband—"What's the matter with you, anything?" "Baby has swallowed your collar-button." "How on earth do you expect me to get ready to go for a doctor without that collar-button?"

No Time to Soothe Her Own Baby. Nurse to fashionable mother. "The baby a very restless one, I can't do anything with her." "No, ma'am, I can't do anything with her." "No, you're right, you're right, I'll take her in your arms a little while it might soothe her." "F. M. I'm impossible, I haven't time to spare. I am just making out to attend a meeting of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals. Give baby some of Dr. Higgins' Antidote."

John Ryan, a millionaire merchant of Atlanta, Ga., last week surprised his two sons, Stephen A. and John F., by presenting them with his store and stock, valued at \$25,000. The young men were salaried clerks in the establishment.

"What are the wild waves saying?" is the question. Just now they are saying not to come near those timber piles engaged your rooms a month ago, or are willing to sleep in a bowling alley.

Used by physicians and the people over forty years for Hemorrhages and Inflammations. Pains, etc. Beware of imitations offered for the genuine.

At Union Point, Ga., is a madstone for which the owner would sell \$25,000. It has effected marvelous cures. Scattered over the State there are at least 100 of these stones, but the Union Point pebble heads them all in estimated value.

The marks of premature age may be effectually obliterated by using Hockingman's Dye for the Whiskers. It colors uniformly, and always gives satisfaction.

Visitor in Cincinnati—What in the name of Samuel Taylor Coleridge is the matter with your whiskers? Cincinnati Citizen—There's a little more humidity than usual, that's all. Visitor (sniffing)—It may be humidity, but it smells like last year's cabbage.

Mixed Paragraphs.

The perspiration just pours out this weather. This is the proper time of year to indulge in fatigues. One snake-killer says the age of a political party may be told by its fangs. An exchange asks: "Does etiquette demand a vest on a hot day?" If it does, it can have ours.—Northwestern Herald.

While the summer girl is at Nantasket braising the waves, her good old mother stays at home and stews the currant. There is no change in the style of fishing tackle this year, except that the jug has more body and not quite so much neck.

Mr. Pugley: "But give me some hope, I am willing to wait." Miss Gray: "Well, wait nine days—you will have your eyes open by that time." He met her in the hotel hallway. It is not strange that for a moment she did not know who way to turn when he said: "Now, if you'll go inside we'll go outside."

It is announced that one Capt. Jovis, a Frenchman, proposes to cross the Atlantic from France to America in a balloon next October. "This is a sad and bitter world," remarked a gentleman of Irish extraction, "it never strews flowers on a man's grave until after he is dead."

Prof. Proctor asserts that 100,000,000 people lived and died in America before Columbus discovered the tender old bones are dug up once in a while. Mrs. Hathaway, of Louisville, Ky., has been acting as deputy commissioner of the chancery court of that city. She is the first woman to fill such a position in Kentucky.

The young women of Newton, N. J., have formed an "anti-vice" society, having for its object the regeneration of young men. They pledge themselves to refuse the attentions of all young men who use alcoholic liquors or tobacco in any form.

The communion table from which George Washington received the sacrament on Sunday before his death has just been returned to Christ Church, Alexandria, by Miss Sallie Stuart, who received it from a near relative by bequest. Some men get their living anywhere. If you set them down on a bare rock they will thrive there. The true farmer is to those who come after him and take the benefit of his improvements like the lettuce which plants itself on bare rock and grows, and thrives and cracks it, making mould for garden vegetables which are to grow in it after years.

Mrs. Martha J. Lamb, editor of the Magazine of American History, is a member of thirteen learned societies, a life-member of the American Historical Society, and a Fellow of the International Historical Society of Edinburgh. She is said to be a very modest and unassuming little woman.

Architect—Have you any special features you want incorporated in the designs for your new house? Mr. Moneybags—"I don't want a tickler. Only I must have two hallways that I hear so much about nowadays. Architect inquiringly—"The tickler, Mr. Moneybags, is the long hall and the short hall, doncherknow?"

In boiling all meats it is essential that the surface should not be cut or broken any more than is positively necessary. The meat should be exposed to a clear, quick fire, close enough to sear the surface without burning, in order to confine all its juices. If cooked slowly over a poor fire, or seasoned before it is cooked, it will be comparatively dry and tasteless.

"Mr. Doppenhelm, I want to introduce a burglar alarm into your house. It will indicate at which door or window you are being entered. I don't want any of those things, I don't bodder me with burglar alarms." "Once you have tried them, Mr. Doppenhelm, you'll look into 'em. If you wash got a condromance which keeps me from going to bed, my pockets when I wash asleep, den I talk mit you a lecture bit."

"How's this, John?" "You said you intended to propose to Miss Gillingham this afternoon, and here you are back before 9 o'clock. She surely didn't refuse you?" "No, I didn't propose. I contemplated postponing the question." "Now, see here, John, you don't get that girl it's your own fault. The idea of being such a coward. You, who have bravely walked up to the cannon's mouth." "Yes, but the cannon hadn't been eating otions."

Dr. B. A. Pope, formerly of New Orleans, late of Galveston. Practice confined to diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat. Office 912 Elm street, Dallas. Office hours from 9 to 1 and 2 to 4.

"Hello, major," said the judge this morning. "I haven't seen you for a week, where have you been?" "Right home, your honor," replied the major. "Yes? Why, you were always as healthy as I was. What in the world made you ill?" "Well, I tried to follow some rules on health I saw in the papers."

Dr. Milan & Barham, DENTAL SURGEONS, 103 E. 11th St., cor. Harwood. None but the best work solicited. Teeth extracted without pain. Retainers by permission of the author of this paper.

Dan Lane, who made a name for himself in the merchant marine service through his remarkable coolness and bravery in 1850, when the crew of the steamship, of which he was a member, rescued the 350 passengers from the burning ship, Caleb Grimsaw, has turned up at Hay City, Mich., as an applicant for a job before the mast on a lake schooner.

PECKLEY ASH BITTERS warm up and invigorate the stomach, improve and strengthen the digestive organs, open the pores, promote perspiration, and equalizes the circulation. As a corrector of disordered system there is nothing to equal it.

"Is your pa going to take you to the picnic, Sadie?" "No, pa's sick." "What's the matter with him?" "Oh, he's sneezing all the time, and his eyes keep a watering." "Then he must have hay fever?" "No, pa works for wages; he doesn't get a salary; he can't afford to have hay fever; so he's only sick."

Darby's Prophylactic Fluid. Use it in every sickness. Will keep the atmosphere pure and free from germs, infection from all fevers, and all contagious diseases. The eminent physician, J. Marion Sims, M. D., New York, says: "I am convinced that Darby's Prophylactic Fluid is a most valuable disinfectant."

Excited Wife—"Oh, John! John! Quick! Stop fumbling behind that bureau and run for a doctor." Half-dressed Husband—"What's the matter with you, anything?" "Baby has swallowed your collar-button." "How on earth do you expect me to get ready to go for a doctor without that collar-button?"

No Time to Soothe Her Own Baby. Nurse to fashionable mother. "The baby a very restless one, I can't do anything with her." "No, you're right, you're right, I'll take her in your arms a little while it might soothe her." "F. M. I'm impossible, I haven't time to spare. I am just making out to attend a meeting of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals. Give baby some of Dr. Higgins' Antidote."

John Ryan, a millionaire merchant of Atlanta, Ga., last week surprised his two sons, Stephen A. and John F., by presenting them with his store and stock, valued at \$25,000. The young men were salaried clerks in the establishment.

"What are the wild waves saying?" is the question. Just now they are saying not to come near those timber piles engaged your rooms a month ago, or are willing to sleep in a bowling alley.

Used by physicians and the people over forty years for Hemorrhages and Inflammations. Pains, etc. Beware of imitations offered for the genuine.

At Union Point, Ga., is a madstone for which the owner would sell \$25,000. It has effected marvelous cures. Scattered over the State there are at least 100 of these stones, but the Union Point pebble heads them all in estimated value.

The marks of premature age may be effectually obliterated by using Hockingman's Dye for the Whiskers. It colors uniformly, and always gives satisfaction.

Visitor in Cincinnati—What in the name of Samuel Taylor Coleridge is the matter with your whiskers? Cincinnati Citizen—There's a little more humidity than usual, that's all. Visitor (sniffing)—It may be humidity, but it smells like last year's cabbage.

Church Notices.

Plan of Episcopal Visitation for 1897-8. 1st District—BISHOP HENDRIX. Sept. 25—Missouri Conf., Mexico, Mo. Oct. 14—St. Louis, Mo. Oct. 28—St. Louis, Mo. Oct. 28—St. Louis, Mo. Oct. 28—St. Louis, Mo.

2nd District—BISHOP HARGROVE. Aug. 10—St. Paul, Minn. Sept. 25—St. Paul, Minn. Oct. 20—St. Paul, Minn. Oct. 20—St. Paul, Minn. Oct. 20—St. Paul, Minn.

3rd District—BISHOP GRANHAM. Sept. 7—Western Va. Conf., Ravenswood, W. Va. Oct. 14—Kentucky, Covington, Ky. Oct. 14—Louisiana, Hartford, Ky. Oct. 14—Louisiana, Hartford, Ky.

4th District—BISHOP GALLOWAY. Oct. 5—Western Conf., Council Grove, Kas. Oct. 5—Western Conf., Council Grove, Kas. Oct. 5—Western Conf., Council Grove, Kas.

5th District—BISHOP MCTYRE. Oct. 5—Holston Conf., Abingdon, Va. Oct. 5—Holston Conf., Abingdon, Va. Oct. 5—Holston Conf., Abingdon, Va.

6th District—BISHOP WILSON. Sept. 12—Japan Mission, Kobe, Japan. Sept. 12—Japan Mission, Kobe, Japan. Sept. 12—Japan Mission, Kobe, Japan.

7th District—BISHOP DENHAM. Nov. 2—West Va. Conf., Lansing, Tex. Nov. 2—West Va. Conf., Lansing, Tex. Nov. 2—West Va. Conf., Lansing, Tex.

8th District—BISHOP KERNEL. Nov. 10—North Ala. Conf., Tusca, Ala. Nov. 10—North Ala. Conf., Tusca, Ala. Nov. 10—North Ala. Conf., Tusca, Ala.

9th District—BISHOP KEY. Nov. 10—Virginia Conf., Fayetteville, Va. Nov. 10—Virginia Conf., Fayetteville, Va. Nov. 10—Virginia Conf., Fayetteville, Va.

AUSTIN DISTRICT—FOURTH ROUND. Man-hack, Sept. 17, 15. Merrittville, Sept. 17, 15. Merrittville, Sept. 17, 15.

BROWNWOOD DISTRICT—FOURTH ROUND. Goldwater, Sept. 27, 25. Indian Creek, Sept. 27, 25. Indian Creek, Sept. 27, 25.

SAN ANTONIO DISTRICT—FOURTH ROUND. San Antonio, Sept. 21, 19. San Antonio, Sept. 21, 19. San Antonio, Sept. 21, 19.

GEORGETOWN DISTRICT—THIRD ROUND. Bolton, Sept. 21, 19. Bolton, Sept. 21, 19. Bolton, Sept. 21, 19.

SAN AUGUSTINE DISTRICT—THIRD ROUND. Pine Hill, Sept. 21, 19. Pine Hill, Sept. 21, 19. Pine Hill, Sept. 21, 19.

VICTORIA DISTRICT—FOURTH ROUND. Victoria, Sept. 17, 15. Victoria, Sept. 17, 15. Victoria, Sept. 17, 15.

GRANBY DISTRICT—FOURTH ROUND. Santo, Sept. 17, 15. Santo, Sept. 17, 15. Santo, Sept. 17, 15.

STEPHENSVILLE DISTRICT—FOURTH ROUND. Stephensville, Sept. 17, 15. Stephensville, Sept. 17, 15. Stephensville, Sept. 17, 15.

MONTAGUE DISTRICT—FOURTH ROUND. Post Oak, Sept. 17, 15. Post Oak, Sept. 17, 15. Post Oak, Sept. 17, 15.

BONHAM DISTRICT—THIRD ROUND. Maxey, Sept. 21, 19. Maxey, Sept. 21, 19. Maxey, Sept. 21, 19.

SULPHUR SPRINGS DIST.—FOURTH ROUND. Campbell, Sept. 17, 15. Campbell, Sept. 17, 15. Campbell, Sept. 17, 15.

WACO DISTRICT—FOURTH ROUND. Groesbeck, Sept. 27, 25. Groesbeck, Sept. 27, 25. Groesbeck, Sept. 27, 25.

SAN MARCOS DISTRICT—FOURTH ROUND. Harwood, Sept. 17, 15. Harwood, Sept. 17, 15. Harwood, Sept. 17, 15.

SAN SABA DISTRICT—FOURTH ROUND.

Post Oak, Sept. 17, 15. Post Oak, Sept. 17, 15. Post Oak, Sept. 17, 15.

GALVESTON DISTRICT—THIRD ROUND. Cedar Bayou, Sept. 21, 19. Cedar Bayou, Sept. 21, 19. Cedar Bayou, Sept. 21, 19.

GAINESVILLE DISTRICT—THIRD ROUND. Decatur, Sept. 21, 19. Decatur, Sept. 21, 19. Decatur, Sept. 21, 19.

ABILENE DISTRICT—FOURTH ROUND. Buffalo Gap, Sept. 21, 19. Buffalo Gap, Sept. 21, 19. Buffalo Gap, Sept. 21, 19.

HUNTSVILLE DISTRICT—THIRD ROUND. Waverly, Sept. 21, 19. Waverly, Sept. 21, 19. Waverly, Sept. 21, 19.

FT. WORTH DISTRICT—THIRD ROUND. Ft. Worth, Sept. 21, 19. Ft. Worth, Sept. 21, 19. Ft. Worth, Sept. 21, 19.

CALVERT DISTRICT—THIRD ROUND. Jewett, Sept. 21, 19. Jewett, Sept. 21, 19. Jewett, Sept. 21, 19.

JEFFERSON DISTRICT—THIRD ROUND. Jefferson, Sept. 21, 19. Jefferson, Sept. 21, 19. Jefferson, Sept. 21, 19.

BROWNWOOD DISTRICT—THIRD ROUND. Brownwood, Sept. 21, 19. Brownwood, Sept. 21, 19. Brownwood, Sept. 21, 19.

SAN ANTONIO DISTRICT—FOURTH ROUND. San Antonio, Sept. 21, 19. San Antonio, Sept. 21, 19. San Antonio, Sept. 21, 19.

GEORGETOWN DISTRICT—THIRD ROUND. Bolton, Sept. 21, 19. Bolton, Sept. 21, 19. Bolton, Sept. 21, 19.

SAN AUGUSTINE DISTRICT—THIRD ROUND. Pine Hill, Sept. 21, 19. Pine Hill, Sept. 21, 19. Pine Hill, Sept. 21, 19.

VICTORIA DISTRICT—FOURTH ROUND. Victoria, Sept. 17, 15. Victoria, Sept. 17, 15. Victoria, Sept. 17, 15.

GRANBY DISTRICT—FOURTH ROUND. Santo, Sept. 17, 15. Santo, Sept. 17, 15. Santo, Sept. 17, 15.

STEPHENSVILLE DISTRICT—FOURTH ROUND. Stephensville, Sept. 17, 15. Stephensville, Sept. 17, 15. Stephensville, Sept. 17, 15.

MONTAGUE DISTRICT—FOURTH ROUND. Post Oak, Sept. 17, 15. Post Oak, Sept. 17, 15. Post Oak, Sept. 17, 15.

BONHAM DISTRICT—THIRD ROUND. Maxey, Sept. 21, 19. Maxey, Sept. 21, 19. Maxey, Sept. 21, 19.

SULPHUR SPRINGS DIST.—FOURTH ROUND. Campbell, Sept. 17, 15. Campbell, Sept. 17, 15. Campbell, Sept. 17, 15.

WACO DISTRICT—FOURTH ROUND. Groesbeck, Sept. 27, 25. Groesbeck, Sept. 27, 25. Groesbeck, Sept. 27, 25.

SAN MARCOS DISTRICT—FOURTH ROUND. Harwood, Sept. 17, 15. Harwood, Sept. 17, 15. Harwood, Sept. 17, 15.

SAN MARCOS DISTRICT—FOURTH ROUND. Harwood, Sept. 17, 15. Harwood, Sept. 17, 15. Harwood, Sept. 17, 15.

SAN MARCOS DISTRICT—FOURTH ROUND. Harwood, Sept. 17, 15. Harwood, Sept. 17, 15. Harwood, Sept. 17, 15.

SULPHUR SPRINGS DIST.—THIRD ROUND.

Lowville, Sept. 21, 19. Lowville, Sept. 21, 19. Lowville, Sept. 21, 19.

SHERMAN DISTRICT—THIRD ROUND. Denison, Sept. 21, 19. Denison, Sept. 21, 19. Denison, Sept. 21, 19.

BEAUMONT DISTRICT—THIRD ROUND. Homer, Sept. 21, 19. Homer, Sept. 21, 19. Homer, Sept. 21, 19.

WEATHERFORD DISTRICT—THIRD ROUND. Weatherford, Sept. 21, 19. Weatherford, Sept. 21, 19. Weatherford, Sept. 21, 19.

AUSTIN DISTRICT—THIRD ROUND. Bastrop, Sept. 21, 19. Bastrop, Sept. 21, 19. Bastrop, Sept. 21, 19.

GILMER CIRCUIT MEETINGS. Cox Schoolhouse, Sept. 21, 19. Cox Schoolhouse, Sept. 21, 19.

GRANBY DISTRICT—THIRD ROUND. Eastland, Sept. 21, 19. Eastland, Sept. 21, 19. Eastland, Sept. 21, 19.

TYLER DISTRICT—THIRD ROUND. Tyler, Sept. 21, 19. Tyler, Sept. 21, 19. Tyler, Sept. 21, 19.

PARIS DISTRICT—THIRD ROUND. Paris, Sept. 21, 19. Paris, Sept. 21, 19. Paris, Sept. 21, 19.

CORPUS CHRISTI DISTRICT—THIRD ROUND. Corpus Christi, Sept. 21, 19. Corpus Christi, Sept. 21, 19.

WACO DISTRICT—THIRD ROUND. Waco, Sept. 21, 19. Waco, Sept. 21, 19. Waco, Sept. 21, 19.

MARSHALL DISTRICT—THIRD ROUND. Marshall, Sept. 21, 19. Marshall, Sept. 21, 19. Marshall, Sept. 21, 19.

CHAPPELL HILL DISTRICT—THIRD ROUND. Chappell Hill, Sept. 21, 19. Chappell Hill, Sept. 21, 19.

PALESTINE DISTRICT—THIRD ROUND. Palestine, Sept. 21, 19. Palestine, Sept. 21, 19.

There are 2,000,000 men engaged in the building of the United States, and spending their lives putting roofs over their own heads, not one in ten owns the roof over his own head.

From the Artist who Took O. G. Hoffman's Photograph.

I send you to-day half a dozen photographs of G. G. Hoffman, of Conover, N. C., and I must say that your medicine has done wonders for him. It seems like raising the dead to life. He looks fat and hearty now, and they tell me when he commenced your medicine he was nothing but skin and bones. The sore on his breast is healed over and you can see the one on the forehead is healing up from the top. I wish it had been so that I could have taken it when he was at his worst, but I could not leave my office, and he lives some distance from here. Yours respectfully, A. McINTOSH.

This man, G. G. Hoffman, has risen by the use of Hood's Blood Purifier. He is his present wonderfully improved condition. In a short time his hairless forehead will be fully restored, and he will stand a monument of humanity raised from the verge of death. Few persons ever recover from such a low state, being on a dying bed from that fell destroyer, blood-poison, with the bones of his forehead rotted and taken out by the doctors, and given up to die. From skin and bones, wrecked by blood-poison, to health and sound flesh, is the work of B. B. R. Not many such desperate cases may be found, but when they are they should not despair of recovery, as B. B. R. will cure them. When this medicine can cure such extreme cases, it is not reasonable that it will cure all cases of blood-poison of less violence, as it has done in thousands of instances?

The Mayor and doctors of Conover will verify the awful condition in which Mr. Hoffman was raised. B. B. R. B. R. DAVIS & BRO., DEALERS IN FURNITURE, 66 & 68 MARKET STREET, GALVESTON TEXAS. RICE, BAULARD & CO., DEALERS IN PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, VARNISHES, ARTISTE COLORS AND TOOLS, WALL PER AND WINDOW SHADES, 77 Tremont St., Galveston, Texas. R. B. GARNETT, Manufacturer of CISTERNS, Write for Revised Price-List.

Each cistern is first set up at the shop, and hoops fitted, and each stove numbered, so that any one can set them up. They are then taken down and packed in bundles for shipment to any portion of the country. Printed ready for setting them up accompanies each cistern.

For the treatment of all chronic diseases medical and surgical, especially Catarrh of the Bladder, Gonorrhoea, Stricture, Dropsy and Blood Poisoning. Provided with all facilities of Specialists in every branch of medicine. For particulars, address PROF. W. PAINE M. D., 250 South 9th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

It has been repeatedly observed that an onion patch in the immediate vicinity of a house acts as a shield against the pestilence which is very apt to pass over the inmates of that house.

Sliced onions in a sick room absorb the germs and prevent their being carried an epidemic the confirmed onion eater should, however, eschew his usual diet, as the germs of disease are present in the onion and contagion can easily result.

It has been estimated that a pair of wrens destroy at least 600 insects a day. They have been observed to leave their nests and return with insects from forty to sixty times an hour.

DROPSY TREATED FREE.

Have treated Dropsy and its complications with most wonderful success; use vegetable remedies, entirely harmless. Remove all symptoms of Dropsy in 8 to 20 days. Cure pain from rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, etc. Remove all symptoms of Dropsy in 8 to 20 days. Cure pain from rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, etc. Remove all symptoms of Dropsy in 8 to 20 days. Cure pain from rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, etc.

POZZONI'S COMPLEXION POWDER.

It is the most exquisite of Toilet Preparations, the use of which has caused it to be in demand in all civilized countries.

PRE-EMINENT FOR PRODUCING A SOFT AND BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION. It is acknowledged by thousands of ladies who have used it that it is the most perfect preparation for the skin in the world. It is the only article of the kind without any irritating or drying ingredients. After having tried every article, I consider your declared complexion powder the best and most reliable. It is sold by all Druggists and Patent Medicine Vendors, or by mail, for \$1.00 per box, 6 boxes for \$5.00. Address J. A. POZZONI, St. Louis, Mo.

SEBBIK STEEL WIRE FENCE.

The Best Farm, Garden, Poultry Yard, Lawn, School, Lot, Park and Cemetery Fences and Gates. Perfect Agricultural Gate, Chain and New York Iron Fences. Iron and wire Summer Houses, Lawn Benches, and all other articles of Iron and Steel. Address: SEBBIK BROS., RICHMOND, IND.

BLANCARD'S IODIDE OF IRON PILLS.

PREPARED BY THE ACADEMY OF MEDICINE OF Paris, are specially recommended by the highest authorities of the World for Scrophulous, Chlorotic, Anemic, Nervous, and other ailments. It is a powerful tonic, and restores the system, and is the best remedy for the cure of all diseases arising from a impure state of the blood. An article of 25 Pills, Price 50c, and 50c, sent by mail on receipt of price. Send for Circular.

</



Unfailing Specific for Liver Disease. SYMPTOMS: Bitter or bad taste coated white or covered with a brown fur...



MERRELL'S FEMALE TONIC. Prepared solely for the cure of complaints which arise from the female system...

OPIMUM MORPHINE HABIT. REMEDY FOR THE HABIT OF OPIMUM AND MORPHINE.

PRICKLY ASH BITTERS. A PURELY VEGETABLE PREPARATION. CURES ALL DISORDERS OF THE LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH AND BOWELS.

PRICKLY ASH BITTERS. CURES ALL DISORDERS OF THE LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH AND BOWELS. FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

FOR ALL DISORDERS OF THE Stomach, Liver and Bowels. PACIFIC LIVER PILLS. STRICTLY VEGETABLE.

Dr. Walker's California VINEGAR BITTERS. Only Temperance Bitters Known.

How to Cure Skin & Scalp Diseases with the CUTICURA REMEDIES.

How to Cure Skin & Scalp Diseases with the CUTICURA REMEDIES. CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the New Blood Purifier...

DEVOTIONAL. A FULFILLED PROMISE. "As thy day, so shall thy strength be."

These words hang where I could see, Ere my childhood passed from me, Do not meaning have to-day...

HOW NEAR IS HEAVEN? While reading the ADVOCATE May 12, under Devotional, I noticed a short article...

Christians sometimes look far away to heaven. But that rest is not far off. The clouds which hide the shining world are thin...

"YEA, THOUGH I WALK THROUGH THE VALLEY." This unspeakably delightful verse has been sung on many a death-bed...

Observe that it is not walking in the valley, but through the valley. We go through the dark tunnel of death and emerge into the light of immortality...

Thoughts by the Way. Oh! what an I, that I am loved by Jesus Christ!

Thoughts by the Way. We may as well attempt to bring pleasure out of pain, as to unite indulgence in sin with the enjoyment of happiness...

Thoughts by the Way. Deeper than the love of home, deeper than the love of kindred, deeper than the love of rest and recreation, deeper than the love of life, is the love of Jesus.

MARRIAGES. HARRISON-BAKER-At the residence of the bride's father, Rev. F. S. Baker, June 26, 1887...

MARRIAGES. WHITE-JOINER-At the residence of the bride's father, July 12, 1887, by Rev. Fred L. Allen...

MARRIAGES. JOHNSTON-MARSH-At the residence of the Rev. G. R. Reynolds, July 31, 1887, by Rev. J. M. Baker...

MARRIAGES. BASS-STEELE-At the residence of the bride's father, Mr. J. G. Steele, Aug. 7, 1887, by Rev. J. M. Baker...

MARRIAGES. BASS-STEELE-At the residence of the bride's father, Mr. J. G. Steele, Aug. 7, 1887, by Rev. J. M. Baker...

MARRIAGES. BASS-STEELE-At the residence of the bride's father, Mr. J. G. Steele, Aug. 7, 1887, by Rev. J. M. Baker...

OBITUARIES. The space allowed obituaries, twenty to twenty-five lines, on an average...

NAUCE-At the residence of W. T. and S. B. Nauce, infant daughter of W. T. and S. B. Nauce, of Weatherford, Texas...

TAYLOR-Departed this life at his residence in Camp County, Texas, on August 11, 1887, H. H. Taylor...

WATSON-Avor, daughter of J. W. and Fannie C. Watson, was born Nov. 21, 1883, and departed this life July 17, 1887...

HAYNIE-James A. Haynie was born in Knoxville, Tenn., March 21, 1813, and died at the residence of his wife, Mrs. J. M. Haynie, at Grange, Texas, August 3, 1887...

LONG-Thomas Franklin Long, son of J. P. and Bettie Long, was born June 1, 1852, and died at his residence in Grange, Texas, July 12, 1887...

GIBSON-Died, near Thornton, Texas, in Limestone county, Sister Mattie Gibson, wife of W. H. Gibson and daughter of William and Elizabeth Johnson...

LOVE-Sister Margaret A. Love was born in Edgecombe county, N. C., May 25, 1828, and died at her residence in Grange, Texas, July 12, 1887...

MINK-To the W. M. and members of the church, we submit the following: Died, June 15, A. D. 1887, Bro. James Mink...

MAGIC LANTERNS! AND STEREOSCOPES. VIEWS OF ALL SUBJECTS. FREE GIFT, MILLIGAN'S PHOTOGRAPHS.

ALBUMS. The Largest Stock and the Oldest Music House in North Texas. Pianos and Organs sold on easy payments.

ALBUMS. The Largest Stock and the Oldest Music House in North Texas. Pianos and Organs sold on easy payments.

ALBUMS. The Largest Stock and the Oldest Music House in North Texas. Pianos and Organs sold on easy payments.

ALBUMS. The Largest Stock and the Oldest Music House in North Texas. Pianos and Organs sold on easy payments.

ALBUMS. The Largest Stock and the Oldest Music House in North Texas. Pianos and Organs sold on easy payments.

ALBUMS. The Largest Stock and the Oldest Music House in North Texas. Pianos and Organs sold on easy payments.

ALBUMS. The Largest Stock and the Oldest Music House in North Texas. Pianos and Organs sold on easy payments.

ALBUMS. The Largest Stock and the Oldest Music House in North Texas. Pianos and Organs sold on easy payments.

PROTECT OUR BREAD. The machinery of the law cannot be put at work too speedily or too vigorously against the wholesale adulteration of the things we eat...

There is no article of food in general use more wickedly adulterated than the lower grades of baking powder.

For raising bread, biscuit or other food only the very best and purest baking powder should be employed.

The absolute purity of the Royal Baking Powder makes it preeminently the most useful and wholesome leavening agent known.

Containing no lime, alum, phosphate or other impurity, it leaves no alkaline or other residuum in the food...

ORIENTAL DIAMONDS. We have just received a fine lot of Lace Pins, Scarf Pins, Earrings, and Collar Buttons...

THOS. COGGAN & BRO., GALVESTON. Largest Piano House in Texas. State Agents for the WEBER, THE POPULAR EMERSON.

WEDDING RINGS. And Engagement Rings, Plain and Set Rings, Diamond Rings, Band Rings.

American National BANK. Dallas, Texas. Designated U. S. Depository. CAPITAL, \$200,000.

The City National Bank. CAPITAL PAID IN, \$250,000. SURPLUS, \$25,000.

The National Exchange Bank, OF DALLAS. DIRECTORS: John N. Sherman, W. H. Garton, R. P. Garton, J. S. Armstrong, S. D. Barr, R. P. Garton, S. A. Morrison.

Schneider & Davis IMPORTERS AND Wholesale Grocers. DALLAS, TEX.

W. H. HOWELL & BRO., Wholesale and Retail DRUGGISTS. 67 Elm Street, DALLAS, TEX.

C. H. EDWARDS. Chickering, Wheelock, Mathushek, PIANOS.

Mason & Hamlin, Western Cottage, Kimball, ORGANS.

THE THOMPSON BROS. 503, 505, 507 and 509 Elm Street. IMMENSE REDUCTIONS!

WHITE GOODS EMBROIDERIES. One hundred and fifty pieces, all different patterns, in Fine Swiss Flouncing, White and Ecru.

CARPETS AND LACE CURTAINS. Our stock of Carpets and Lace Curtains, Rugs, Shades, must be sold in order to make room for our Fall Stock.

PROTECT OUR BREAD. The machinery of the law cannot be put at work too speedily or too vigorously against the wholesale adulteration of the things we eat...

There is no article of food in general use more wickedly adulterated than the lower grades of baking powder.

For raising bread, biscuit or other food only the very best and purest baking powder should be employed.

The absolute purity of the Royal Baking Powder makes it preeminently the most useful and wholesome leavening agent known.

Containing no lime, alum, phosphate or other impurity, it leaves no alkaline or other residuum in the food...

ORIENTAL DIAMONDS. We have just received a fine lot of Lace Pins, Scarf Pins, Earrings, and Collar Buttons...

THOS. COGGAN & BRO., GALVESTON. Largest Piano House in Texas. State Agents for the WEBER, THE POPULAR EMERSON.

WEDDING RINGS. And Engagement Rings, Plain and Set Rings, Diamond Rings, Band Rings.

American National BANK. Dallas, Texas. Designated U. S. Depository. CAPITAL, \$200,000.

The City National Bank. CAPITAL PAID IN, \$250,000. SURPLUS, \$25,000.

The National Exchange Bank, OF DALLAS. DIRECTORS: John N. Sherman, W. H. Garton, R. P. Garton, J. S. Armstrong, S. D. Barr, R. P. Garton, S. A. Morrison.

Schneider & Davis IMPORTERS AND Wholesale Grocers. DALLAS, TEX.

W. H. HOWELL & BRO., Wholesale and Retail DRUGGISTS. 67 Elm Street, DALLAS, TEX.

C. H. EDWARDS. Chickering, Wheelock, Mathushek, PIANOS.

Mason & Hamlin, Western Cottage, Kimball, ORGANS.

THE THOMPSON BROS. 503, 505, 507 and 509 Elm Street. IMMENSE REDUCTIONS!

WHITE GOODS EMBROIDERIES. One hundred and fifty pieces, all different patterns, in Fine Swiss Flouncing, White and Ecru.

CARPETS AND LACE CURTAINS. Our stock of Carpets and Lace Curtains, Rugs, Shades, must be sold in order to make room for our Fall Stock.

Texas Christian Advocate.

PUBLISHERS' DEPARTMENT. OFFICE, 607 ELM ST., DALLAS, TEXAS.

For advertising rates, address the Publishers. The subscription price of ADVOCATE is \$2 cash, in advance.

All subscriptions are discontinued at date of expiration. The date on label gives the time of expiration. Renew in time to prevent losing an issue, as back numbers cannot always be furnished.

All ministers in active work in the M. E. Church, South, in Texas, are agents and will receive and receipt for subscriptions.

Subscribers asking to have the direction of a paper changed should be careful to name not only the postoffice to which they wish it sent, but also the one to which it has been sent.

If any subscriber fails to receive the ADVOCATE regular and promptly, notify us at once by postal card.

All remittances should be made by draft, postal or express order, express or registered letters. MONEY FORWARDED IN ANY OTHER WAY IS AT THE SENDERS RISK. Make all money orders, drafts, etc., payable to Shaw & Blaylock.

Entered at the Postoffice at Dallas, Texas, as second-class matter.

Over the State. Plano is on a boom—not a vacant business house in town.

Plano is to have midnight fun: a new brass band has been organized.

Fort Worth enforces the Sunday law rigidly. Thanks to the nerve of its mayor.

The total assessed county tax for Hunt county is \$38,829.50; State tax \$94,153.94.

A McKinley butcher offers \$5 to the best home-raised turkey to be from meat sold by him.

The county commissioners of Navarro county have ordered eight new bridges in the county and made dispositions looking to the repair of all roads.

The railroad authorities undertook to introduce convict labor into Galveston, but the laboring elements of that city would not have it, and the convicts were removed.

The boll worm has appeared at Blooming Grove, Navarro county, and the farmers are expressing great fears for the loss of a large portion of the cotton crop. The boll worm has also appeared in Cass county.

The Galveston, Sabine and St. Louis Railway Company is doing a large business now, working almost to the full capacity of its rolling stock. The grading force is closely approaching Beekville.

The State Alliance elected the following officers: E. Van Jones, of Erath county, president; Thomas H. Smith, of Navarro, vice-president; H. G. Moore, of Tarrant, secretary; J. L. Moody, of Limestone, assistant secretary; J. Q. Landers, of Johnson county, treasurer; Jacob Matbach, of Comal, door-keeper; L. D. Wright, of Wise, sergeant-at-arms.

A new time card went into effect on the Santa Fe railroad last Sunday. Under it trains will arrive and depart from Dallas as follows: The Paris express leaves at 6:20 a. m.; the St. Louis express departs at 11:50 a. m.; the Cleburne mail and express arrives at 1:55 p. m.; the Galveston express leaves at 3:10 a. m.; the Dallas express from Paris will arrive at 11 p. m.

Tracking on the Dallas and Hillsboro will begin as soon as the false work of the bridge over the Trinity river is completed, which will be in the course of two or three weeks. It is expected that a large installation of steel rails will arrive in the meantime. No delay in the construction of the road is anticipated in consequence of the general scarcity of railway materials.

A McKinley telegram reports this strange incident: Quite a singular disease has made its appearance. A few days ago the members of the family of Widow Melton all were struck blind and groped about. The pupils of the eye enlarged to such an extent as to destroy vision. It was pronounced by physicians to be poison, but finally yielded to medical treatment. Another case is reported in a family just removed from Denison.

Waxahachie and Ellis county show most gratifying increase in property values. The city assessor's rolls for 1887 show the total valuation of taxable property in Waxahachie for the year 1887, \$1,089,028, which is an increase of \$100,000 over last year. The assessment rolls of County Assessor T. J. Cole for the year 1887 show property values in Ellis county to amount of \$11,288,922, an increase of \$1,198,528. The total tax assessment for 1887 is \$90,067.

The Texas and Pacific railroad laid a track during the night along an old right-of-way in El Paso. The city council passed a resolution that said right-of-way had been forfeited by non-compliance with its conditions, and ordered the city marshal to tear up the track. The marshal, by mistake, tore up some track on a right-of-way about which there is no dispute. The T. and P. being in the hands of a receiver, this action subjects the El Paso authorities to action for contempt of the U. S. courts.

The prohibition canvass has taken a boy-cotting turn in Cass county. A telegram from Linden says: C. E. Danson, from near Knight's Bluff, this county, came in and reported to Judge J. C. Henderson that the trustees of his school had waited on him and requested him not to teach any longer, and upon being asked their reasons for discharging him, stated that he had taken stock in the recent election as a prohibitionist, and that he could no longer teach. It is also reported to be the same case with Tip Boon, about twelve miles west of this place.

The fourth annual fair of the Pilot Point Agricultural Society was held the past week, and was quite a success. There was a full display of perfect specimens in all the fruits: apples, peaches, pears, plums, quinces, grapes, garden vegetables, melons and farm products fresh from the parent stem, peculiar to this locality. There were on exhibition ears of corn seventeen inches long and eleven inches in circumference, stalks of cotton abundantly fruited, fine specimens of wheat, oats, broom-corn and spikes of the castor bean. This plant is attracting no little attention here and will become one of the most profitable crops when thoroughly tested.

IMPORTANT.

When visiting New York City, save baggage Express and Carriage Hire, and stop at the Grand Union Hotel, opposite Grand Central Depot. 600 Handsomely Furnished Rooms at \$1 and upwards per day. European Plan. Elevators, and all Modern Conveniences. Restaurants supplied with the best. Horse cars, stages and elevated railroad to all depots. You can live better for less money at the Grand Union Hotel than at any other first-class hotel in the City.

A GREAT ENTERPRISE.

And What It Purposes for North Texas. The Dallas Cotton and Woolen Mills enterprise begins to assume a shape that looks like business—and big business at that. S. D. Blake, president of the company, has just returned from a visit to manufacturers of machinery and cotton and woolen mills East and South to ascertain the best machinery and process for the building and grounds, to be presented to the directors for their consideration and action.

Mr. Blake says: For this purpose I first visited New York and New England and their various machine shops and mills, examined their machinery, plans and principles closely. Mr. Alexander Sanger and myself were together part of the time, and visited some of the largest machine shops and mills of New England. * * * After visiting the various mills and machine shops, I have no doubt we can build our mill to compete with any in America in the line of goods we contemplate making—sheetings, domestics, drills, ducks, osanburgs, ticks, plaids, chevots, knitting yarns, jeans and lindsays—for the following reasons:

We have cheap cotton and wool of the best quality. We will have a better market for our goods than any mill visited.

It will cost us less to make our product. We will be able to sell our bagging and ties at but a slight loss, while Eastern mills sell theirs for waste.

We will save at least one brokerage. We will save the exchange on the money. We will save at least fifteen days interest on the money for the cotton in transportation.

We will save the freight on our cotton. We will save the freight on the goods returned.

By selling our own goods we save 5 per cent commissions, and guarantee we will save the damage to our cotton in transportation.

We save compress charges. Cotton works much better before compressing, and a saving will come in this way.

I below give some comparative figures that more fully explain our position. We take the Dallas market for our basis and 8 cents as worth of cotton, bales averaging 500 pounds.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes 500 pounds of cotton at Dallas, Freight to New England, Two brokerages, Compressing, Exchange on draft, Loss on 5 pounds of bagging at 7 cents, Freight to return to Dallas, 5 per cent on sales and guarantee.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes 1250 yards of sheeting at 7 cents, Deduct cost of cotton, Leaving for labor, expense of making and profit.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes 500 pounds of cotton at 8 cents, Add one-half for additional worth, Brokerage one time, Loss of ties, 2 1/2 pounds at 8 cents, Loss of bagging, 2 1/2 pounds at 8 cents, Freight on goods to Dallas, 5 per cent for selling and guarantee.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes Credit by saving in coal at \$2.50 per ton, Leaving for labor, expense of making and profit per bale, the sum of, What it will cost our Dallas mill to make and sell 500 pounds of cotton at 8 cents.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes Five hundred pounds of cotton at 8 cents, One brokerage, Loss on ties (resold), Loss on bagging (resold), One per cent allowed for loss (failures).

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes Total, Production of 500 pounds of cotton, 1250 yards of sheeting at 7 cents, Deduct cost of cotton.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes Leaving for labor, expense and making and profit, Saving to our mill over New England mills, Saving to our mills over Georgia mills.

These figures speak for themselves. While we will have some disadvantages, the large saving gives us such an immense advantage that the difference will be a good profit of itself.

After tabulating prices that laboring people, their wives and children can earn in this mill enterprise, thus showing its great advantage to laboring people, Mr. Blake continues: "I found the cotton manufacturing industry in the highest degree of prosperity, every mill I visited running to their fullest capacity and all behind with their orders. I found our Southern mills making goods for Liverpool, Africa, China, Mexico, Australia and many islands. This fact broadened our enterprise out on a grand scale, as it gives us the whole world, as it were, as a market for our products, and the possibilities of our city become wonderful. Just to think that Dallas alone could employ at least 100,000 people in the manufacture of cotton goods and find a ready market for all they could make.

As an investment, I found the stock of cotton mills in every city visited to be the most desirable and most sought after. Only two mills in my trip were below par. The balance were worth from 100 to 500 per cent each. I do not have the least doubt that our mill will pay well, and that it will pay good cash dividends from the first year onward, and will be considered among the very best investments to be found in Dallas, and I recommend my friends and the people of Texas to take stock in our mill while they can, as we shall build and run it upon a cash basis and business principles.

The plans I will recommend will be to build in sections four separate mills, which, when completed, will blend and make one grand mill. Each one will, however, be complete within itself; all moved by one plant. The main mill when completed will be two stories, 75x40 feet long. Warehouse 75x40 feet, dye house and picker room separate. The building will cover, when complete, about 500 feet square. We are now seeking a location for our mill, and we hope the real estate men of Dallas will offer us a good location at a moderate price. We require railroad and water facilities. There are many good locations around our city, and we have no doubt we shall secure a choice one.

In conclusion I would say to our 650 stockholders, be patient with us and keep your stock, and we will make it one of the proudest investments of your life.

Don't You Know

that you cannot afford to neglect that catarrh? Don't you know that it may lead to consumption, to insanity, to death? Don't you know that it can be easily cured? Don't you know that while the thousands and one nostrums you have tried have utterly failed that Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy is a certain cure? It has stood the test of years, and there are hundreds of thousands of grateful men and women in all parts of the country who can testify to its efficacy. All druggists.

A Horrible Railroad Wreck.

The Niagara Falls excursion train on the Toledo, Peoria and Western railway, consisting of seventeen coaches and sleepers, crowded with passengers from Peoria, Ill., and points along the line, was wrecked, together with ten coaches and baggage cars, at Chatsworth, Ill. Four hundred excursionists from Peoria, Canton, Eureka and other places, many of them well-known and highly respected throughout Central Illinois, were aboard. Ten cats were piled on top of two engines, being telescoped and piled across and on top of each other. It is miraculous how any escaped, as the coaches and engines do not occupy over two car-lengths of the track and all are on the roadbed. In one coach not a person escaped and in another but one, a lady. Between eighty and one hundred people were killed, and over one hundred wounded—a number of the latter having died since.

The survivors say that the scenes at the wreck were frightful. It took fire, and as they had no water, they were obliged to extinguish the flames with dust taken from the prairie. While they were at work a tornado struck them and the shrieking of the wind added to the terrors of the scene. H. W. White, a printer, who lives in Peoria, was among the survivors and has given a full account of the holocaust. He says: "I was in the second sleeper, and we were going along about midnight, when there came a peculiar jostling. I thought that we had been derailed. Our porter said, 'we are all right,' when someone said, 'there is fire ahead.' I got up and went to the front. The head engineer rushed on. The second engine had tumbled into the chasm. It had telescoped and the engine was a shapeless mass. The first car was turned to right and left on the track and the remaining eleven cars telescoped and piled up in one heap. Some of us climbed in the cars with axes and lanterns and went to work.

One of the horrible incidents was a man well dressed, who was so horribly injured that his bowels were protruding. He called incessantly for water, and as he could not be attended to, finally pulled out his revolver and shot himself through the head. One little boy, the son of the Methodist minister at Abington, Frank Snader, about twelve years old, was found on the bosom of his dead mother. His left leg hung by the skin. His right arm was broken and one eye put out. He never uttered a groan. They pulled him out and tried to give him a drink of brandy. He refused to take it, and said: 'Give me water.' I found a head hanging from the truck. It was apparently a man's and had been held by the hair. I found several headless bodies. Those who recognized the dead immediately fainted them. One of the most awful sights was that of some of those released robbed the dead of their watches and valuables, and it was a theory among some that the bridge was set on fire in order to thus perpetrate the robbery."

In point of loss of life this was the worst railroad horror that ever occurred in the United States, and with the possible exception of the River Tay disaster in Scotland seven or eight years ago, the worst in the history of the railroads of the world. It will be remembered that it was never known how many people were on the train that went into the Tay river, as neither the train nor any of the passengers were ever found. There was a terrific storm prevailing at the time of the disaster, and the supposition was that the train and passengers were swallowed up in the quicksand, which the violent wind and the wild waves were rolling into mountains and scooping into valleys. The wreck which occurred on the Lake Shore Road, near Ashabula, O., in 1875, in which forty odd persons, including the great singer Bliss and his wife, lost their lives, is good first in the United States until it was eclipsed by the Chatsworth wreck on Wednesday. The engineer who was running the train that met with the accident at Ashabula, and who escaped from the wreck, was selected by the horror that he witnessed a few days afterwards. And some months later the man who built the bridge also took his own life, but whether self-blame for imperfections in the bridge, or for other reasons, nobody ever knew.

The liver and kidneys must be kept in good condition. Hood's Sarsaparilla is a great remedy for regulating these organs.

Another View of the Irish Question.

It has long been held that the agitation in Ireland would cease if the Catholic Church could collect the rents that go to rich landlords. Some even go so far as to say the rents in this contingency could be largely increased without raising any very great amount of protest. Another question has been asked about this great Irish question, to-wit: "What goes with the money collected in the United States for the benefit of the persecuted Irish?" The Baltimore Sun, through a special Dublin correspondent, answers it in this manner: "The testimonial to Parnell amounted to £40,000. Before this his circumstances were very much embarrassed, but with this he paid off the mortgages on his property and his finances are now in the most comfortable condition. Most of the other Irish National leaders have been given testimonials ranging in amounts from £1,000 to £5,000. Michael Davitt said for a long that he would not accept any rewards for his efforts, but he finally accepted testimonials in the shape of one of the prettiest estates to be found in the vicinity of Dublin. Mr. Coehran, head of the largest firm in Dublin, said he had seen little or no money contributed for the Irish cause in Ireland, and there could be no increase in contributions on this side. It was money which came from America which kept up all agitation, and if America stopped sending contributions the agitation would soon cease. 'People in America,' he said, 'could have little idea how many Irish men were living on their money.' Speaking of the United States Pensioner in Ireland, the letter says: 'Among the duties of American consuls in Ireland is the payment to several hundred persons, who are on the United States pension roll, of their quarterly dues. A small proportion only of these ever were citizens of the United States. Some were hired as substitutes, others went to war actuated by high bounties. Not a few of these pensions amount to as much as \$40 per month. This incident has caused much interested comment, as the United States is the only government in the world which pays pensions to people who do not reside within its borders.'"

A Big Noise.

A San Francisco telegram of Aug. 12, gives an account of the destruction of the Giant Powder Works at West Berkeley, six miles from San Francisco, across the bay. Windows along the battery in front of San Francisco, were shattered, and buildings all over the city were so shaken as to cause many to believe there was an earthquake. There were four explosions—first, in the nitroglycerine or mixing house; the others in the magazines, the latter resulting from confusion. One man was killed and a number injured.

Terrell on Clark.

The Hon. J. G. Terrell, of Terrell, this disposes of Mr. Clark and his fallacies: The tolerance of Mr. Clark is tendered unsolicited. When it comes to saying who shall be Democrats and who shall not Mr. Clark and the other gentlemen named have about as much power as the Mexican female man who yells the virtue of his goods on the Alamo Plaza, and they have not a particle more. Even should these political Dantons succeed in ridding themselves of all their rivals in the Democratic party, how long would it be before some Robespierre would send them, like their victims, to the guillotine? Will they permit me to remind them that these declarations that they and those who think like them constitute the only "slim-pure" Democracy are a little dangerous and that they can easily find a political tombstone whose epitaph will repeat my warning? I believe that Mr. Gibbs was ruled out of the party last year because he ran against Wallcott and the reason was not out because he supported Gibbs, and doubtless if J. O. Shepard could now by any political finesse send Crawford, Wynne, Furman, Crane, Templeton and Tarlton to the "happy hunting grounds" the atmosphere around him would become so clear that he could almost stand on the Dallas brewery and count the stones in the Washington monument; but alas! the "fir," like Jordan, rolls between as overwhelming as the anti-majority. This new plan of calling, not sinners, but the righteous to repentance might as well be abandoned while it is young and fresh. If it be true, as stated, that Dr. Carroll refused to support a Democratic nominee, then Dr. Carroll has put himself out, and unless he profess penitence and desire to return to the fold, he should be kept out. But they say that they will put an anti-plank in the next Democratic platform, and thus settle the question for all time. If the platform next year can settle it why did not the platform of last year settle it? If the present platform can be changed by a bare majority, what is there that can guarantee the next platform against a similar fate? The gentlemen named apparently think if they can put an anti-plank in next year that all of us who supported the prohibition amendment will walk out of the party, and they seem to think that we will be inconsistent if we decline to go out. Perhaps so, but at any rate we are not going. Will it be more inconsistent for a Democratic prohibitionist to remain in the party, although there is an anti-plank in the platform, than it is for Mr. Clark to remain while the present local option plank exists? But he insists that it will be treason for a believer in prohibition to remain in the party and try to change the anti-plank that may be adopted next year. If so, then it is likewise treason for Mr. Clark to remain in the party and attempt to change the local option platform that was adopted last year. Mr. Clark also says that whenever he can serve those with whom he stood in this fight, that they can wake him up "at midnight." An unheatable man might argue that this means that Mr. Clark will assist his recent political ally, Dr. Coehran, hereafter, if called on, and particularly in this instance presented when we remember that Dr. Coehran is the representative of a party that, if reports be true, used to hold their conventions at midnight, but I hardly think that Mr. Clark meant that—or anything else. It is simply talk, like Mr. Charles de Grace's talk about standing at the door and receiving Gen. Maxey back into the party, although Mr. Grace's pleasantry has caused a chill to run down the spinal column of every Democrat in the State who knows both Grace and Maxey. In conclusion, permit me to say that, so far as I am concerned, I have hereafter attended Democratic conventions and expect to be on hand in the future. If no one else mentions prohibition at the convention next year I am certain that I will not. I know when I am whipped, and such an occasion, as Artemus Ward would say, has just occurred. I am ready to be converted to "high license," or the quart law, or to Mr. Hog's revival of the curlew enactments, and an even willing to assist Gov. Throckmorton in introducing the Arkansas treat. In any event I shall expect to appear at future Democratic conventions and to cordially support their nominees. And there are thousands who will do likewise.

Millionsaire S. C. Flood is in bad health, and serious fears are entertained that the result may prove fatal. He will soon sail for Europe. His disease is in the kidneys. The millionaire can no more run a corner on health than the pauper. So Mr. Flood will have to carry his own burden in this instance. Disease and death are great levelers.

Chicago Cattle Market.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes Extra steers, Choice steers, Medium to good steers, Common to fair steers, Native grassers, Western corn-fed steers, Good to choice cows, Poor to fair cows, Common to choice bulls, Texas steers, Stockers and feeders.

Children Starving to Death

On account of their inability to digest food, will find a most marvelous food and remedy in Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites. Very palatable and easily digested. DR. S. W. COHEN, of Waco, Texas, says: "I have used your Emulsion in infantile wasting with good results. It not only restores wasted tissues, but gives strength and increases the appetite. I am glad to use such a reliable article."

The Dallas, Archer and Pacific Company

is surveying the route between Decatur and Bridgeport.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became a Woman, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

WEDDING PRESENTS.

We have as fine a line of goods suitable for WEDDING PRESENTS as can be found anywhere. Send us your address and we will mail you our Illustrated Catalogue FREE. Reference, the Editor of this paper.

IRON & GIRARDET, Corner Fifth and Market, Louisville, Ky.

SANGER BROTHERS' SHOE DEPARTMENT

Desires to return thanks to the public for their generous patronage in the past and announce that with the general increase of business and preparations to meet it, we have enlarged and remodeled this department and placed it UNDER NEW MANA EMENT, and all our customers can rest assured that their interests will be carefully and gilligently watched. To inaugurate the new regime we offer

Twenty-Four Attractive Bargain Lots.

- LOT NO. 1--Ladies' Kid Newport Ties, all sizes, \$1; reduced from \$1.35. LOT NO. 2--Ladies' Kid Newport Button, large sizes, 75c, reduced from \$1. LOT NO. 3--Ladies' Kid Newport Ties, all sizes, 75c; reduced from \$1. LOT NO. 4--Ladies' Hand-Sewed House Slippers, all sizes, 75c; reduced from \$1.50. LOT NO. 5--Ladies' Assorted Slippers, broken sizes and odd lots, \$1; reduced from \$2.50 and \$2. LOT NO. 6--Ladies' Curacao Kid Newport Ties, broken sizes, \$1; reduced from \$2. LOT NO. 7--Ladies' Kid Newport Button, broken sizes, 75c; reduced from \$1.50. LOT NO. 8--Misses' Grained Newport Ties, all sizes, 65c; reduced from \$1.00. LOT NO. 9--Child's Kid Oxford Ties, hand-sewed, all sizes, 75c; reduced from \$1.25. LOT NO. 10--Child's Kid Newport Button, hand-sewed, all sizes, 75c; reduced from \$1.25. LOT NO. 11--Child's Kid Opera Slippers, all sizes, 75c; reduced from \$1. LOT NO. 12--Child's Kid Spring Heel Oxford Ties, all sizes, 75c; reduced from \$1. LOT NO. 13--Child's Kid Spring Heel Slippers, all sizes, 65c; reduced from \$1. LOT NO. 14--Child's Oxford Ties, best quality, all sizes, assorted lot, 65c; reduced from \$1. LOT NO. 15--Child's Kid Slippers, best quality, all sizes, 50c; reduced from \$1.00. LOT NO. 16--Child's Kid Opera Slippers, best quality, all sizes, 50c; reduced from 75c. LOT NO. 17--Assorted Infants' Kid Slippers, all sizes, 35c; reduced from 50c and 60c. LOT NO. 18--Misses' Canvas Shoes, best quality, all sizes, button, 75c; reduced from \$1.50. LOT NO. 19--Misses' Canvas Shoes, best quality, all sizes, laced, 75c; reduced from \$1.25. LOT NO. 20--Child's Canvas Shoes, best quality, all sizes, laced and button, 75c; reduced from \$1.25. LOT NO. 21--Child's Canvas Shoes, best quality, all sizes, button and laced, 65c; reduced from \$1.15. LOT NO. 22--Misses' Kid Newport Ties, all sizes, 50c; reduced from 85c. LOT NO. 23--Boys' Shoes, good quality, broken sizes, 50c; reduced from \$1. LOT NO. 24--Boys' and Misses' Slippers; all sizes, strong and serviceable, 25c; reduced from 50c.

ENORMOUS REDUCTIONS

In all lines of Ladies', Gents', Misses' and Children's Shoes during this Grand Inauguration Sale.

S-A-N-G-E-R B-R-O-T-H-E-R-S

WATCHES.

Gold and Silver Watches—in this line we cannot be beat, as we always carry a large and well selected stock. Write and you will receive our Illustrated Catalogue giving description and prices FREE to any one sending us their address. IRON & GIRARDET, Cor. 5th & Market, LOUISVILLE, KY.

Centaur Liniment

The most wonderful Pain-Curer the world has ever known. Its effects are instantaneous.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

WEDDING PRESENTS.

We have as fine a line of goods suitable for WEDDING PRESENTS as can be found anywhere. Send us your address and we will mail you our Illustrated Catalogue FREE. Reference, the Editor of this paper.

IRON & GIRARDET, Corner Fifth and Market, Louisville, Ky.

TELEGRAPH LIGHTNING MALARIA ERADICATOR FREE AND LIVER REGULATOR. Our Safe Family Doctor. A Complete Family Medicine. Perfect Substitute for Calomel. A Safe and Reliable Remedy in all cases. The Greatest Remedy of the age for Bilious Diseases. A PREPAREDLY VEGETABLE compound and the most effective purgative known for removing bile from the system, and securing the normal action of the liver and the kidneys. It has a rapid alternative and sedative effect upon the system. It renovates it and restores it to a healthy vigor. It increases the appetite and aids in the digestion and assimilation of the food. It can be given with PERFECT SAFETY to children or adults of any age in all cases where there is a derangement of the system. It has been used with most wonderful effect in Cholera, Bilious Colic, Malaria Fevers, Bilious Fever, Cholera, Diarrhoea, Rheumatism, General Debility, Loss of Appetite, Headache, &c. For FREE TRIAL PACKAGE send 50 cts. to TELEGRAPH MEDICINE CO., LAKE CHARLES, LA.

Cooper & Robertson, TERRY & PACE

702 MAIN ST., DALLAS, TEX., REAL ESTATE

GENERAL REAL ESTATE AND Rental Agents

Collecting Agents, 512 Main Street, Dallas, Texas.

B. O. WELLER & CO., ROOFING

Buy and sell Dallas City Property, Ranches, Commission, Pay Taxes, Negotiate Loans, etc. For New Roofs. For Old Roofs.

Price low: asphaltum can apply on Steep or Flat surface; materials durable, fireproof. Write at once for illustrated Book. IND. PAINT & ROOFING CO., New York. Sample free if you mention TEXAS ADVOCATE

Tutt's Pills

stimulates the torpid liver, strengthens the digestive organs, regulates the bowels, and are unequalled as an

ANTI-BILIOUS MEDICINE.

In malarial districts their virtues are widely recognized. They possess peculiar properties in freeing the system from that poison. Elegantly sugar coated. Dose, 2 pills. Price, 25 cts.

Sold Everywhere. Price, 44 Murray St., New York.