

Weekly Health Talks

The Many Mysteries of Nature

BY L. W. BOWER, M. D.

You can take an onion seed and a pansy seed, and plant them side by side in the same spot of ground. In one case, you get an onion, with its peculiarly strong odor, and in the other you get a flower of rare beauty. You can plant a poppy seed and get opium (a dangerous, habit-forming drug), or you can plant a rhubarb seed and get something that helps constipation. No scientist, living or dead, can explain these mysteries of Nature. Behind the invisible life germ in each seed is hidden the deep secret that nobody understands. Everything growing out of the ground seems intended for some use in establishing natural conditions. Dr. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., long since found out what is naturally best for women's diseases. He feared it all through treating thousands of cases. The result of his studies was a medicine called Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. This medicine is made of vegetable growths that nature surely intended for backache, headache, weakening drains, bearing-down pains, periodical irregularities, pelvic inflammations, and for the many disorders common to women in all ages of life. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is made of lady's slipper root, black cohosh root, unicorn root, blue cohosh root and Oregon grape root. Women who take this standard remedy know that in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription they are getting a safe woman's tonic so good that druggists everywhere sell it.

Favorite Prescription should have the full confidence of every woman in America because it contains no alcohol and no narcotic. Dr. Pierce knew, when he first made this standard medicine, that whiskey and morphine are injurious, and so he has always kept them out of his remedies. Send 10c to Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y. for trial pkg. Tablets.

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Illustrates Red Cross Needs.

Twenty thousand dozen pillow cases, 11,000 dozen pairs of bed socks and 19,000 dozen face towels, just reported as being on hand at one American Red Cross supply house in France, gives an idea of the size of the stocks maintained by the organization.

Thoughtful Uncle.

"I write for the few," declared the amateur poet.
"And a good idea, too, declared his grouchy uncle; "the fewer the better."
—Kansas City Journal.

STORY OF HERBERT C. HOOVER

(By Samuel Gardiner Ayers)
When God wants a leader he usually finds a birthplace for him in the country, and then trains him for the great work he has to do in the world. Each task is harder than the task before, until finally the climax of the career is reached.

Herbert Clay Hoover was born in a Quaker home in West Branch, a little Iowa town, in 1874. Some writer has facetiously said, "Many a man born in a Quaker home has developed into an earthquake." Those who have lived among the Quakers admire them for their unswerving devotion to the highest principles. "As honest as a Quaker" is an old proverb. And they hate shams.

A boy's reading often determines his future. Herbert Hoover early decided to be a mining engineer, like his hero, John Hays Hammond. He desired to do large things. He believed that a first-class preparation was necessary. It happened that just as he was ready for college in 1891, Leland Stanford, Jr. University at Palo Alto, California, was ready for students. Young Hoover was the first student to enroll in the institution and the first to sleep in the dormitory. He registered in the Department of Geology and Mining. He had to earn his way. This he did largely by running a laundry agency. He made a reputation for efficiency in administrative work. One of the sayings current in the new university was "Let Hoover do it."

After graduation in 1895, he went to Grass Valley and worked as a miner. He was advised to do this by his friend and professor, Dr. Branner. This gave him a first-hand knowledge of the life of the miner. He rose to be a shift boss. As soon as he had absorbed all that the mine had to teach him he went to San Francisco and sought employment with Louis Janin, the most noted engineer of the coast. Hugh Gibson writes that he found no vacancy on the staff. He offered to work for nothing, but couldn't do that. There was one vacancy in the office, the position of typewriter, paying forty-five dollars per month. He took it at once and for eighteen months worked for the firm in California, Oregon, Wyoming, Idaho, and Arizona, having any number of adventures.

His next move was to the continent of Australia, an offer coming from a firm in New South Wales. Mr. Janin advised him to accept the offer for the sake of the experience. "He examined hundreds of prospects and

found one great mine which he developed."

In 1898 he returned to California and married Miss Lou Henry, whom he had met in his college days. Immediately after the wedding the Hoovers went to China where Hoover became Chief Engineer of the Chinese Imperial Government. This position brought him a great variety of experiences.

At the time of the Boxer Rebellion he was in charge of some coal mines at Tientsin. There he had his first experience with the Germans. The mine continued turning out coal during the uprising. Mr. Hoover rescued many innocent Chinese from the rifles of the firing squads. The Germans finally placed an armed guard about his mines and when the shift came on at two in the morning fired on them, killing twenty men. When Mr. Hoover complained, they said that rioting peasants were attacking the mines.

Six months after the war Mr. Hoover went to London as junior partner in an important house. Here he learned the office side of mining and also some of the disagreeable things of life. The financial member of the firm decamped with a million dollars, including all the money Mr. Hoover had in the world. The defaulter also defrauded many small investors and cheated other London firms by the use of forged documents. The senior partner was absent in China. Mr. Hoover assumed the responsibility of saying to all who were defrauded that their losses would be made good. The firm was not legally responsible for these debts and the senior member remonstrated, but could not prevail with Mr. Hoover. Then followed six years of hard, grinding work until the last dollar was paid. These years were the best investment he ever made. Men began to use the phrase, "As honest as Hoover." He then sold his interest in the firm and began business for himself. Business came to him from all parts of the world and he was very prosperous. He had the management of some mines in South Australia and developed a new zinc business there. Some lead mines in Burma had been worked for centuries. He introduced modern mining methods there, and found fortunes in the old mines and refuse heaps. The largest iron works in Europe were located at Kyshtin in Russia. By mismanagement they had failed to produce properly. Mr. Hoover reorganized the plant and set it to work.

In 1914, at the outbreak of the war he was in practical command of one

TALC Jonteel 25c

FROM the flower gardens of all the world, from India and France, Guiana and England, the Holy Land and Italy, were gathered the fragrances that go into the making of Jonteel, the New Odor of Twenty-six Flowers.

Yet never before has a talc of this quality sold at a price so low.

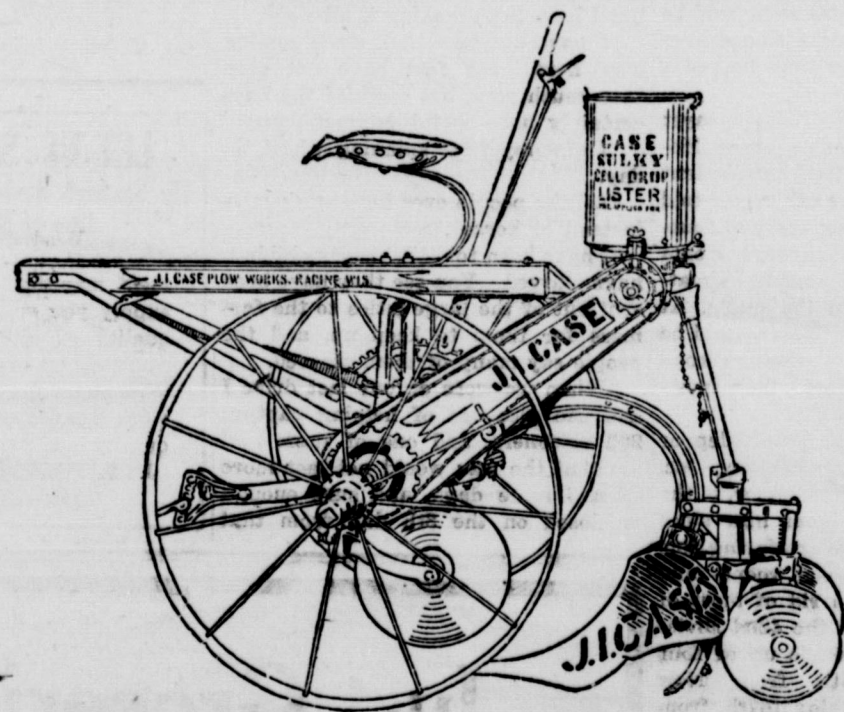
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Implement Dealers Crowell, Texas



End Bare Spots and Bunches

THE J. I. Case Cell Drop Cotton and Corn Planter saves half the seed and labor and promotes bigger crops by permitting more thorough cultivation. Every farmer in the county needs a J. I. Case, the original cell-drop cotton planter.

The J. I. Case plants through cells or holes in a plate like a corn planter. The forced feed insures a continuous flow of the seed, thus preventing the bare spots or bunches which cause so much loss to cotton raisers. Chopping out can be done in half the time because there are no "splattered" bunches to bother with. Each plant has a fair chance to develop; and after chopping, the row is straight. You cultivate more thoroughly, giving each plant a chance for healthy

seed quantity per acre can be had, with only three changes of seed plates.

A special plate makes the J. I. Case the most successful milo maize planter ever made. The plate is beveled to prevent seed being crushed between the hopper and the edge of the plate.

Extreme durability for this planter is secured by the center drive which removes strain. It also lightens the draft and makes it easy to keep the planter in the row.

Get the best cotton profits. Get the best seed. Stop the leaks. Let

hundred and twenty-five thousand men. His work not only required him to make large investments and direct armies of men, but it also demanded a knowledge of the manners, customs, and mining laws of the various countries where his work was located. He also had to be the greatest kind of diplomat.

When the war broke out there were thousands of tourists stranded in Europe. A Vassar girl said at the time: "No one seemed to know what was to be done with us, and no one seemed to care. Their mobilizing was the only thing that mattered to them. There were no trains and steamers for us, and no money for our checks and letters of credit." Mr. Hoover hurried from London and out of the kindness of his heart organized the retreat. He cashed travelers' checks, advancing his own funds to do so. Many hundreds of individuals owe their successful escape to his conscientious work.

He was thus brought into close contact with Walter H. Page, American Ambassador to England. When Belgium was overrun and despoiled, and a brave people seemed in danger of starving, the American Belgium Relief Association was organized. Mr. Hoover became chairman at the request of Mr. Page. Later all associations were merged in the Belgium Relief Association, one of the most efficient organizations ever conceived, and it has been feeding ten million people in France and Belgium. "He was as miraculously honest with the Germans as with his own people." Arno Dosch visited a distributing point and thus describes it: "About four thousand people were getting their food from this point, but it was all over within an hour. Meanwhile relays of hot caldrons kept coming, so those who arrived last were just as well taken care of as those at the head of the line. It was figured down to such a nicety that there were only fifty portions of bread left and about an equal amount of soup." This great work prepared him for his position as food administrator of the United States.

Mr. Hoover is one of the few men of modern times whose name has been made into a verb. We are "hooverizing" these days, and a slacker "anti-hooverizes." Many epithets have been applied to Mr. Hoover. The best of them all is "Master of Efficiency." As Mr. Hunt describes him: "In appearance he is astonishingly youthful, smooth-shaven, dark-haired, with cool, watchful eyes, clear brow, straight nose, and firm, even mouth. His

is round and hard. . . . At work he seems passive and receptive. He stands still or sits still when he talks, perhaps jingling coins in his pocket or playing with a pencil. His repertory of gestures is small. He can be so silent that it hurts."

He likes to motor into the country for a family picnic, and his favorite reading is a good detective story. Most of his life is made up of hard work. He makes friends and keeps them. He also attracts the admiration of great men. A member of Parliament went so far as to say, "If England could have availed herself of such talent for organization as H. C. Hoover displayed in feeding the Belgians, we should be a good year nearer the end of the war."

Kennedy Jones, English director of Food Economy of England, also said of Hoover, "There are doubtless generals coming from America who will win fame on the battle fields of France, but in Mr. Hoover, President Wilson already has a general who for more than two years faced the actualities of war and achieved victories in its most complex phase, namely, the rationing of nations."

CALOMEL SALIVATES AND MAKES YOU SICK

Acts like dynamite on a sluggish liver and you lose a days' work

There's no reason why a person should take sickening, salivating calomel when 50 cents buys a large bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone—a perfect substitute for calomel.

It is a pleasant, vegetable liquid which will start your liver just as surely as calomel, but it doesn't make you sick and can not salivate.

Children and grown folks can take Dodson's Liver Tone because it is perfectly harmless.

Calomel is a dangerous drug. It is mercury and attacks your bones. Take a dose of nasty calomel today and you will feel weak, sick and nauseated tomorrow. Don't lose a day's work. Take a spoonful of Dodson's Liver Tone instead and you will wake up feeling great. No more biliousness, constipation, sluggishness, headache, coated tongue or sour stomach. Your druggist says if you don't find Dodson's Liver Tone acts better than horrible calomel your money is waiting for you.

Cleaning and pressing—Arnold

M. M. HART, M. D.

Internal Medicine and Obstetrics
Office over the Owl Drug Store
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A nice quiet homelike place, where you can have the comforts of a home with the advantages of a light, sanitary, up-to-date operating room ready for any emergency. Under the care of the best of nurses with my careful personal attention.
T. S. EDWARDS, Surgeon.

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JEWELER AND WATCH REPAIRER

THE FOARD COUNTY NEWS

KIMSEY & KLEPPER, OWNERS AND PUBLISHERS

Entered at the Post Office at Crowell, Texas, as second class matter.
Crowell, Texas, January 31, 1919

About the only advice one gets as to how to combat the influenza is to build the system up so one can stand the disease if he gets it. It looks like a proposition of the survival of the fittest.

We call the attention of our readers to the speech of President Wilson at the peace conference last Saturday. It is printed in full on the 6th page of this issue. He says some great things in that speech and every American ought to read it. We are printing it for the benefit of those who may not take a daily, and who otherwise would not get to read it.

It has been a long time since we saw a line in any paper about the split-log drag. What has become of it? Perhaps something better has taken its place. Of course it never was introduced in West Texas and we are not supposed to know anything about it, but a trip over our roads would impress one with the need of some effective means of knocking the bumps off the roads after a rain.

A little spin over the country leads one to the conclusion that there are more fat stock in Foard County than is generally supposed. The long hard drouth last summer forced many of them to the markets and to other grazing sections, but the great wheat pastures of this county brought them back and then some. These pasture lands are literally dotted with Herefords for miles in all directions from Crowell.

The campaign for \$30,000,000 for the relief of the Armenians is to be launched next Monday. The starving condition of these people makes a strong appeal to every sympathizing man. It is said that aid must be provided at once or else hundreds and thousands of them will perish for want of food. Surely the American people will accept the opportunity as it is now offered to render help to these unfortunate people.

Col. C. C. Slaughter of Dallas died last Saturday. He was the first white male child to be born in Texas after it became a republic. He amassed a great fortune in the early days in the cattle business in West Texas, but large sums of his money were appropriated to philanthropic purposes. Besides giving to the Baptist denomination more than \$750,000 during his lifetime he is said to have helped many a worthy young person get an education. He was the founder of the Baptist Sanitarium in Dallas.

Germany is gorged with stolen riches. Some German factories are already busy, and their looms and engines are even now repairing the hav-

oc of defeat. France, on the other hand, must repair mine shafts, rebuild houses and cities, and level fields anew. The loss that France suffered when Germany ravaged the chief industrial regions was so great and the cost of undoing the damage will be so heavy that only complete restitution by Germany, in the form of large annuities paid for many years to come and used by France to pay back the French national loans, will save the French people from taxes so heavy that they would soon prove fatal. So great is the contrast between the two countries at present and so sadly is France impoverished that unless the Allies force Germany to make complete reparation, our apparent victory will be succeeded by an economic defeat for France that in the course of time will gravely threaten the safety of the world.—Youth's Companion.

AS TO THE MAIL SERVICE

The News was put out quite a bit last week by reason of the fact that two of our correspondents were received so late that only one of them by a close rjb was gotten into the paper. The other one could not be printed at all. This called forth the statements relative to mail service, but no one was named as being responsible for our failure to receive these letters. Since that time the matter has been looked into by our postmaster here, who finds that the fault is here at Crowell. Really the News did not know where the fault was, but in view of the fact that we are held responsible for failure to print these news budgets, both by our correspondents and by the people of the various communities from which they come, we saw no way to set ourselves right with them except by making a statement in the paper to the effect that these had not been received in time for publication. It was not done to hurt anybody but that if some one was failing to discharge his duty, or because of neglect or carelessness on the part of some one somewhere between the source of these communications and their destination, it might serve to awaken and perhaps prevent a recurrence of such a thing.

As stated above the postmaster here has run the matter down and found the fault to be at home, and so far as the News is concerned makes satisfactory adjustment of the matter and admits that he, like the News operators and all other people, is one of the fallible creatures of the earth and is liable to err, and that whatever mistakes may be made are unintended and will be speedily corrected if possible and every satisfactory adjustment will be made within the bounds of his power. He wants the public to know that this is his intention. And in justice to him, that being true, the News assumes an atti-

tude of helpfulness, rather than one of hurtfulness. It admits no other intention in the statements made in last week's paper, and sincerely hopes and believes it will have that effect.

In this connection we might say that the man who has ceased to err is dead. It is as a rule the man who is most active who makes the most mistakes. If the intentions are right and every possible effort is made to reach a standard of perfection then he should be assisted in every way possible. One thing we would all do well to remember is that when we are in the service of the public, the public is entitled to and demands service. And there are very few who are not serving the public in some way if they are living among men. Of course, if they are living in isolation, they are not serving the public, and therefore are not responsible to anybody for what they do.

COUNTY AGENT RESIGNS

W. C. Orr has tendered his resignation as Emergency Demonstration Agent of Foard County, which has been accepted and he will return to his farms in Wilbarger County. Mr. Orr has been in this work here a year, having taken it up last January.

In justice to him it should be said that he has worked under the greatest possible difficulties since he has been here, as every one knows, on account of the long drouth, but Mr. Orr has been worth much to the agricultural interests of the county. He has shown an interest in all matters pertaining to farming and stockraising and has done his best to help the farmers in every way. In being able to procure feed at reasonable prices in car lots he has saved the farmers more than \$4,000, not counting the half freight rates, which itself has been quite an item. Besides, he took an active part in the matter of procuring seed wheat for them to sow last fall.

Mr. Orr is going back to his farm because he feels that his best interests demand that he give that his personal attention. He thinks another man will be supplied, provided the county commissioners favor it.

The News has always thought this a good thing for the agricultural interests of the county, and still believes it, and it feels that a new man should be secured as speedily as possible.

METHODIST CHURCH NOTES

Our plans do not always work out, so last Sunday night we failed to have our special service, and we will plan to have the sermon that we have prepared for the young people next Sunday night if nothing turns up to prevent us again. Some seem to have gotten the notion that the preacher has his head set to give the young people a general "cleaning up," but I want to say here in print that I have no intention of lambasting anybody and what I say will not hurt the feelings of any one. I feel it my duty as one who loves every young man and woman in this community to do everything in my power to warn them of any danger to character, or the best interest of the young life of this town. As I promised last week I will pull off my gloves and give the Devil all that is coming to him, in plain English. All I ask of the young people is to come out and give me a chance and I think some day, or even now, you will see that I am your friend.

If you will come and give me an attentive hearing, I will promise you that I will, in the near future, have a special service for the "Mammies and Daddies," for I belong to that class, too, and somehow I have it in my head that maybe we might improve some, too.

Don't forget the hour, next Sunday night at 7 o'clock. Come and bring some one with you.

Yours for the truth,
J. H. HAMBLEN.

ABOUT OUR SOLDIER BOYS

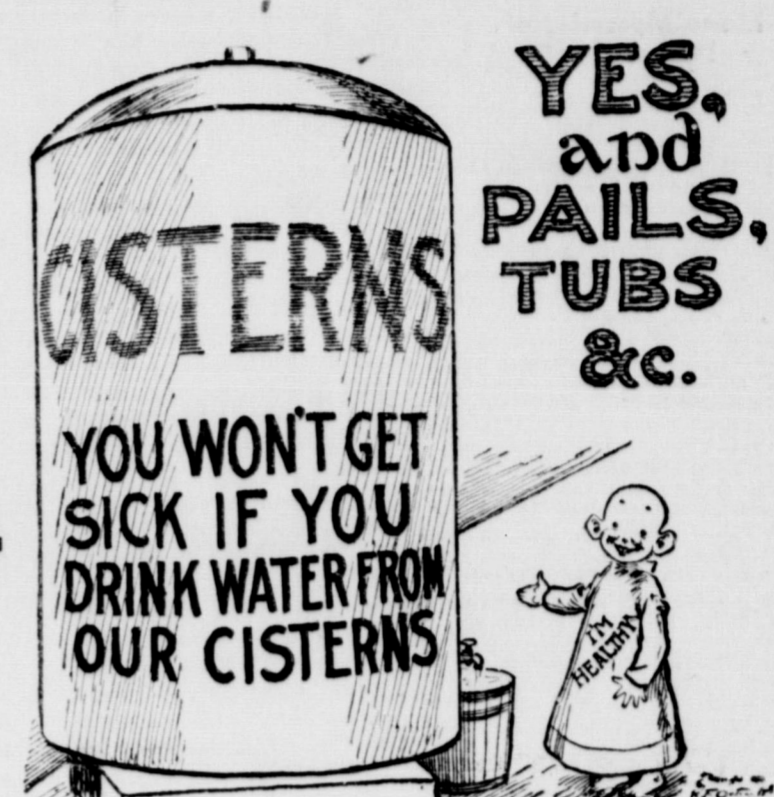
L. G. Andrews received a letter from Alton this week in which he says that his wound has not been doing so well lately. He had to have his leg lanced. He said they were going to be moved shortly to the coast. Later—A letter written under date of Jan. 9, was received by Mr. Andrews Tuesday in which Alton said that he would have been on the road home before now but for the fact that he had to undergo an operation a few days before the ship load of soldiers sailed and he was cut out. He thinks he will get started home within a week or two. He has improved since his other letter was written and is now getting along very well.

A card received from Herman Hallsell at Sanderson, Texas, states that his brother, Burnace, has landed back in the United States and is in Virginia and will be home in a few days.

Three letters from Harry Beidleman at Comissey, France, to his parents, say that most of the villages are very small—not large enough for one regiment to stay in. He also says that they left Jim Baker in New York with

Have You Forgot- ten

YES, and PAILS, TUBS &c.



when you were out of good water last summer just because you didn't have tanks enough to store it away?

We have a good supply of tanks on hand now, but indications are that as soon as the Government releases galvanized iron it will go so high we can't use it at all.

We Warn You to Prepare Now!

Every indication is that prices are much cheaper now than they will be later on this class of goods.

Prepare for water while you can.

M. S. Henry & Company

Successors to
Allee-Henry & Company

Trade Where You Get Real Values

Groceries are sold at our store on the closest margin of profit possible. That's why you get better bargains here. This fact combined with the fact that the very best brands of goods to be had are always kept in stock, such as will bring repeat orders. Anybody might sell cheap stuff, but it's hard to repeat it. Most people want good groceries, and that's why we keep no other kind. It is not always the case, but it is at this store, that you get the best the cheapest. Try us and be convinced. We save you money on every bill you buy from us.

Allee-Henry

Crowell, Texas

Two letters were received this week from Lt. A. Y. Beverly dated Jan. 1 and Jan. 4. Among other things he says: "We get the New York Herald every day and keep up with current events. Send us magazines—we enjoy reading them. Tell the folks to write us good long letters, the little one page kind don't go far enough. Frank Arp never got a scratch, and killed just as many Huns as he said he did if not more. He is a fine soldier and I am for him any time he needs anything."

Referring to a trip to Italy he says: "Perhaps you don't know about Monaco. It is the smallest independent state in the world. The car driver told us they have a standing army of fourteen men. Also passed through Monte Carlo, a famous place and the greatest gambling place in the world. At places along the route houses could be seen 2,000 feet below the railroad track. At other points the snow-capped Alps were in sight."

A letter written by John Klepper from Remagen A. Rh., Germany, Dec. 28, to his father, J. W. Klepper, is the first news received from him since Nov. 5. He says: "We are faring fine now, have all got good rooms and beds, and have gotten rid of most of the 'cooties.' I am in the 42nd Division. The 42nd was made up of four different states, 165th from New York; 166th from Ohio; 167th from Alabama, and 168th from Iowa, and is called the Rainbow Division."

A letter received from Roy Cooper by his mother written Dec. 14, says he is well and staying in a good little town and getting three good meals a day, and is liking fine. He doesn't expect to come home until next summer. He is in the Advanced Sector, S. O. S., A. P. O. 731.

DOYLE KENNER'S LETTER
Under date of Dec. 18, 1918, Doyle Kenner writes to his brother, M. N. Kenner. Among other things he says: "We have been on a 17-day hike, and I was all in when we arrived at this place. We are at —, Germany. You know I always thought Germany was a small place but when you go to walking it with a 90-pound pack it seems pretty large. I have sure laughed at Crutcher. He thought every day he would have to fall out, but he made it all right."

"I have just read a long letter from Earl Logan. He said he was coming to Germany. Maybe I will get to see him before long."

"We left France on —, and were marching al

He said the morale of the German army was shot to pieces. He said they were starving for something to eat and I guess he was about right about it from the looks of things over here.

"I am close to Coblenz, on the Rhine, am well, as I hope you are. Write soon."

"With love to all,
"Your brother,
"PVT. KENNER."
"Co. M, 360th Infantry."

LET US SHOW YOU
The Southern Marble and Stone Co.'s
Line of Monuments

They are Texas' largest monument manufacturers and can supply you with any design or quality of either marble or granite you may want. W. O. W. monuments a specialty. All work guaranteed both as to quality and workmanship.
J. B. HENDERSON, Agent
Crowell, Texas

Just Groceries

Next to high quality of merchandise, Service is the most important part of your purchase.

Often it is almost the entire transaction as far as your satisfaction is concerned.

You will find our service not perfect, but as nearly so as it is possible for human hands to make it.

Crowell

\$10,000.00 More

At a recent meeting of the stockholders of this Bank the capital and surplus was raised from \$50,000.00 to

\$60,000.00

The people who own this bank all live in Foard County and all their interests are here and it is their intention to keep this bank in a healthy condition and continue to raise the capital as condition and business demand.

If you are not a customer of this bank you are solicited to become one. Your business will be appreciated.

"Let Our Bank Be Your Bank"

The Bank of Crowell (UNINCORPORATED)

County Depository. Let Our Bank Be Your Bank. Crowell, Texas
W. S. BELL, Pres. S. S. BELL, Cashier
T. N. BELL, Active V. Pres. C. C. THACKER, Asst Cash.

Directors:
W. S. Bell, J. W. Bell, R. B. Edwards, W. S. J. Russell,
C. R. Ferguson

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

Overlands—B. W. Self. Bulk chocolates at Hill's Place.
J. W. Wesley was here from Margaret Tuesday.
Furd Halsell was here this week from Fort Worth.
Tablets and pencils for the school children at Hill's Place.
The best woolens we have ever had at normal prices.—The Magee Toggery.
15,000 binds of feed for sale on T. M. Haney's farm. Phone G. W. Jordan, Thalia. 36p
Forty acres for sale, well improved, 3/4 mile west of school building.—Beverly & Beverly.
It costs nothing to ask. Maybe we have what you want. Get the habit of calling at Hill's Place.
What have you got you want to trade for a second hand hack that is in good shape?—M. S. Henry & Co.
Mrs. J. B. Harrison is here from Paducah visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. G. Andrews, and other relatives.

Mrs. Ora Hunter visited in Margaret Tuesday.
J. P. Fowler returned Monday from Burkburnett.
Get the habit of calling for school supplies at Hill's Place.
Wanted—A load of wood cut to stove length. Apply at News office.
For Sale—Buff Orpington eggs at \$2.00 per setting of 15 eggs.—Mrs. H. E. Hays.
For sale—Brass bed and rocking chair. Both in good condition.—Grace McLaughlin.
If you want to match that coat, come in and leave your order and we will do it.—The Magee Toggery.
E. T. Evans was here Tuesday from Swearingen and renewed his subscription to the News another year.
Laundry—I do family washing at my home two blocks west of wagon yard. Reasonable prices.—J. W. Beatty. 36p
Lee Allan Beverly, wife and baby left yesterday for Burkburnett where Lee Allan will work in the grocery store recently put in at that place by J. F. Hays and son, John.

Fire Insurance.—B. W. Self.
W. Q. Richards was here Monday from Paducah.
Dr. and Mrs. Schindler made a trip to Electra Sunday.
Rev. S. H. Holmes was here Wednesday from Vernon.
Wanted—A second-hand trunk in good condition.—Phone 65.
One good second hand hack for sale or trade—bargain.—M. S. Henry & Co.
For Sale—Two registered roan sort-horn bulls.—G. J. Benham, Crowell, Texas. 37p
O. M. Grimm was here yesterday from Thalia and renewed for the News another year.
Mrs. B. J. Glover and children have returned from a visit with relatives at Rochester.
Ed. Hudlow is here this week from Childress where he has rented a farm for this year.
Mrs. Louie Mapp and baby left Sunday to visit Mrs. Mapp's mother in Farwell, N. M.
Better leave your order with us for that suit you are going to order.—The Magee Toggery.
Mrs. R. C. Bell and children returned Sunday from Gainesville where they had been visiting Mrs. Bell's parents.
Mrs. Luther Roberts came in Wednesday from Cuero, Tex., to visit her father, J. W. Beverly, and other relatives.
Dr. L. P. McCrary, ear, eye, nose and throat specialist, will be in Crowell Tuesday and Wednesday, Feb. 3rd and 4th.
Gordie Gafford left last Friday for Altus, Okla. He will visit Burkburnett and Wichita Falls before returning to Crowell.
John Hays came up from Burkburnett Friday and was accompanied back Sunday afternoon by his wife and mother, Mrs. J. F. Hays.
Mesdames J. R. Beverly and N. J. Roberts went to Vernon last Saturday to meet their husbands who were returning from Wichita Falls.
Barred Rock eggs for sale, \$1.00 per setting of 15. Phone J. P. Thomas' farm. Special price in quantities.—Mrs. Walter Reynolds, Crowell, Texas. 36p
M. E. Welch has moved back to Anna, Collin County, Texas, to make a crop this year. He still has his land holdings in Foard County and has two sons living here.
Mrs. Ora Hunter has accepted a position in the ladies' ready-to-wear department with a dry goods firm in Vernon and will leave the first to take up her work.
For Sale—1 folding bed and mattress, 1 iron bed and mattress, 2 kitchen tables, 2 kitchen chairs, 3 rockers, 2 tubs, 1 new Wyeth Hot Blast Heater, 1 sheet iron heater, 2 lamps and several other articles.—Mrs. C. E. Hutchison.
Lem Roberts was here yesterday on his way to his home in Amistad, New Mexico, after a short visit with relatives at Thalia. He says the country out there is in fine shape and that he and his family like their new home fine.

Duke Hart returned yesterday from Oklahoma.
W. D. Burress was here yesterday from Thalia.
R. R. Waldrop made a trip to Wichita Falls this week.
Mr. and Mrs. Allen Fish were here Monday from Vivian.
Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Leeper were visitors in Quanah Tuesday.
Mrs. J. M. Allee came in Wednesday from Rockwood, Texas.
J. R. Allee made a trip to Vernon the latter part of last week.
W. B. McCormick and A. N. Vernon went to Wichita Falls Wednesday.
A. N. Vernon was a visitor in Quanah Sunday returning Monday morning.
N. J. Roberts and W. B. McCormick made a trip to Medicine Mounds Tuesday.
Miss Myrtle Moore was here from Margaret Tuesday night visiting friends.
Mrs. G. A. Burks and Mrs. G. T. Crowell visited Mrs. Garland Burns in Thalia Thursday.
Shady Hale was here from Chillicothe spending the week end with Everitt Bell and wife.
Dan McKown came in yesterday from Vancouver, Barracks, Wash., where he has been attached to 26th Spruce Squadron.
"Red" Holland of Longview who has been overseas is here visiting friends at the Halsell ranch where he was employed at one time.
The Foard City items came too late for publication. These items should be mailed so as to reach us not later than Wednesday night.
T. E. Hallman and son, F. L. Hallman, and wife, who live near Post, Texas, and Mrs. W. P. Banta of Lamesa, all old Hardeman county people, were here Sunday night and part of Monday on their way to Talmage their old home. Their car broke down west of Vivian and being unable to locate a house they were compelled to stay out all night without much fire, but when daylight came they found they were close to J. E. Fish's home where they got breakfast. Mrs. Banta is the wife of weather prophet, W. P. Banta. These people say they haven't made a crop since moving to the Plains country and if they don't make one this year they are going to move back to their farms in Hardeman county.

Seeds—That grow while you sleep. A full line of garden and farm seeds. Give us a trial. We have to please you. "More Eggs" poultry tonic, guaranteed to make your hens lay or money back. One dollar per package postpaid. Send for list of trees and seeds.—Amarillo Seed Co., Amarillo, Texas. 37p
Decker Magee arrived Wednesday bearing his discharge from the service. He has been in the Concentration Brigade at Kelly Field No. 1, San Antonio, Texas. Decker says he is glad to get back and will be glad to meet his old customers at his place of business and will do his utmost to serve them better in the future than ever before.

Arthur Davis returned Tuesday from Camp Travis where he received his discharge from the army. He was in the field artillery with Alvin Williamson and they went to France together and returned together, being discharged at Camp Travis.
PLEASE RETURN CAN
Somebody stole, swiped or otherwise took a gasoline can away from the News building one night recently. The can was about half full of high-grade gasoline, but we are not caring for that, what we want is the can so that we can refill it. So please return it at your earliest convenience. The one you left belonged to J. H. Self & Sons.

The Thin Old Man With Billy Goat Whiskers

is usually a back number, and so is the same old sing-song way of advertising. Something interesting here each week.

This Week-- Georgette Waists

25 Georgette Waist values from
\$6.50 to \$8.50
Choice for
\$4.95

One Week Only

Self Dry Goods Co.

Let Us Be Your Druggist

Fill Your Prescriptions and Supply You with
All Home Remedies

Running a Drug Store is our exclusive business and we pay the closest attention to everything in the drug line. A druggist who renders the best service must emphasize the professional side that has to do with the health of patrons. We believe that should come first of all.

Watch your supply of stationery and when it gets low come in and let us show you our line. You'll be pleased with the quality and price

Don't forget that we handle the
Columbia Phonograph
and records

Drug Store

Say, Mr. Man

What you need in the way of a bank is a safe place to deposit your money and a place where you can get money when you need it, ISN'T IT???? We have it. Your deposit here is protected by

"GUARANTY FUND STATE
OF TEXAS"

We are members FEDERAL
RESERVE BANK OF DAL-
LAS, which places us in position
to take care of our friends as
never before. Come see us.

THE FIRST STATE BANK OF CROWELL

R. R. Waldrop, President J. W. Allison, V. Pres.
M. L. Hughston, A. Cash. J. H. Self, Vice Pres

Chocolates

I have a nice line of Fresh Chocolate candy in bulk. If you have a sweet tooth try some of this high-gate candy and you will be pleased with it.

Watch Your Toilet Waters

And when they run low replenish them with one of our excellent lines. Also you might keep an eye on those face powders and when they are out, or even before, give place in your toilet supplies to ours.

When you think of Drinks, Nuts, Fruits, Candies, Toilet Articles of every kind, Pencils and Tablets--when you think of these always think of Hill's Place, follow it up with action and two persons will be pleased--you at having bought and we at having sold you.

HILL'S PLACE

President Wilson Makes Great Speech for League of Nations

All the Representatives Fall in Line with Wilson--Agreement Reached. Says People Will Rule

The thing which the people of the entire world are now interested in more than anything else is the action of the peace representatives. President Wilson made a speech in the peace conference last Saturday which every American should read, and thinking that some of our readers may not have the opportunity of reading it elsewhere we are reproducing it in the News. He utters some of the greatest truths ever made by man. The speech follows:

"Mr. Chairman: I consider it a distinguished privilege to be permitted to open the discussion in this conference on the league of nations. We have assembled for two purposes--to make the present settlements which have been rendered necessary by this war, and also to secure the peace of the world. We are hidden by these people to see to it that this strain does not come upon them again. And I venture to say that it has been possible for them to bear this strain because they hoped that those who represented them could get together after this war and make such another sacrifice unnecessary.

"It is a solemn obligation on our part, therefore, to make permanent arrangements that justice shall be rendered and peace maintained. "This is the central object of our meeting. Settlements may be temporary, but the action of the nations in the interest of peace and justice must be permanent. We can set up permanent processes. We may not be able to set up a permanent decision.

"Therefore, it seems to me that we must take as far as we can a picture of the world in our minds. Is it not a startling circumstance for one thing that the great discoveries of science, that the quiet studies of men in laboratories, that the development of inventions which have taken place in quiet lecture-rooms have now been turned to the destruction of civilization? The powers of destruction have not so much multiplied as they have gained facilities.

"The enemy, whom we have just overcome, had at his seats of learning some of the principal centers of scientific study and discovery, and he used them in order to make destruction sudden and complete. And only the sudden and continuous co-operation of men can see to it that science, as well as armed men, is kept within the harness of civilization.

"In a sense the United States is less interested in this subject than other nations here assembled. With her great territory and her extensive sea borders, it is less likely that the United States should suffer from the attack of enemies than that other nations should suffer. And the art of the United States--for it is a very deep and genuine ardor--for the society of nations is not an ardor springing out of fear or apprehension, but an ardor springing out of the ideals which have come in the consciousness of this war.

"Cause of Justice and Liberty. "In coming into this war the United States never for a moment thought that she was interfering in the politics of Europe, or the politics of Asia, or the politics of any part of the world. Her thought was that all the world had now become conscious that there was a single cause of justice and of liberty for men of every kind and place.

"Therefore, the United States should feel that its part in this war should be played in vain if there ensued upon it abortive European settlements. It would feel that it could not take part in guaranteeing those European settlements unless that guarantee involved the continuous superintendence of the peace of the world by the associated nations of the world.

"Therefore, it seems to me that we must concern our best judgment in order to make the functions of a vital thing--a thing sometimes called into life to meet an exigency--but always functioning in watchful attitude upon the interests of the nations, and that its continuity should be a vital continuity; that its functions are continuing functions that do not permit an intermission of its watchfulness and of its labor; that it should be the eye of the nations to keep watch upon the common interest, an eye that did not slumber--an eye that was everywhere watchful and attentive.

"And if we do not make it vital what shall we do? We shall disappoint the expectations of the peoples. This is what their thought center upon.

"I had the very delightful experience of visiting several nations since I came to this side of the water, and every time the voice of the body of the people reached me, through any representatives, the front of the front stood the hope of the league of nations.

"Plain People Now Rule. "Gentlemen, the select classes of mankind are no longer the governors of mankind. The fortunes of mankind are now in the hands of the plain people of the whole world. Satisfy them and you have justified their confidence; fail to satisfy them, and no arrangement that you can make will either set up or steady the peace of the world.

"You can imagine, I dare say, the sentiments and the purpose with which the representatives of the United States support this great project for a league of nations. We regard it as the keynote of the whole, which expressed our purpose and ideals in this war and which the associated nations have accepted as the basis of a settlement.

If It's Lumber We Have It

You can always come nearer getting what you want when you buy from a large stock, such as we have. No need to ask whether we have so and so, just say "I want so and so," and we'll supply you with it. That's what we are here for. Anything in the way of lumber and building material. Also lots of good coal on hand.

Herring-Showers Lumber Co.

Successors to C. T. HERRING LUMBER CO. R. J. ROBERTS, Manager

City Meat Market

A Specialty of Fresh Meats Cleanliness is Our Motto Will buy all classes of cattle and hogs. Also will pay highest prices for your hides at the market. ZEKE BELL, Proprietor

Corn and Corn Chops

Ground by us Bran, Seed Oats, Feed Oats Flour and Meal Every Sack Guaranteed Nigger Head Coal Try us and be convinced that we give you a square deal BELL GRAIN COMPANY Phone No. 124

Following are My Prices on Shoe-repairing:

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes Sewed boots (\$18.00), Will put on men's nailed soles (\$1.00), Men's half soles sewed (\$1.25), Ladies' half soles nailed (.75), Ladies' sewed half soles (1.00), Rubber heels (.50), Repairing leather heels (.25 to .50), New leather heels (1.00), Patching from (.15 to .35).

Part of your business solicited. Satisfaction guaranteed or work done over. Yours for trade, J. W. DUNCAN, Back of First State Bank

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Estate of R. T. Owens, deceased. Whereas, letters of administration upon the estate of R. T. Owens, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the County Court of Foard County on the 12th day of December, 1919, all persons holding claims against said estate are required to present same within the time prescribed by law.

My residence is at Margaret, in Foard County, Texas, and my post-office address is Margaret, Texas. VALERJA A. OWENS

INTERMEDIATE LEAGUE

Subject--Consecration. Scripture--Hebrews 10:5-9, 19-25. Prayer--Lord's Prayer in concert. Leader--Mabel Pittillo. Comment on Roman 12:1-2--Hattie Eldridge. Give results of selfgiving, 2 Cor. 8:5-6, and name two missionaries whom you consider have given all.--Oberia Hamblen. When to consecrate our lives. Eccles. 12:1--Gladys Brian. A noble example, Acts 21:13, by Isabel Haggard. Sentence prayers closing with League Benediction.

ONE-HALF FREIGHT RATE CONTINUED UNTIL MARCH 1, 1919

College Station, Texas, January 23, 1919. To County Agents and Representatives of A. & M. College and U. S. Department of Agriculture in Drouth Stricken Sections of Texas. Gentlemen: We are advised by the Railroad Administration that the One-Half Freight Rate will be continued on feed for distressed live stock until March 1, 1919. Yours very truly, M. T. PAYNE, State Agent.

Fat Cattle Wanted

I will buy your fat cattle at the best market price. Call, phone or write me if you have any to sell.--J. W. Bell, Crowell, Texas.

Meet me at Ferguson Bros.

Keep Well Do not allow the poisons of undigested food to accumulate in your bowels, where they are absorbed into your system. Indigestion, constipation, headache, bad blood, and numerous other troubles are bound to follow. Keep your system clean, as thousands of others do, by taking an occasional dose of the old, reliable, vegetable, family liver medicine.

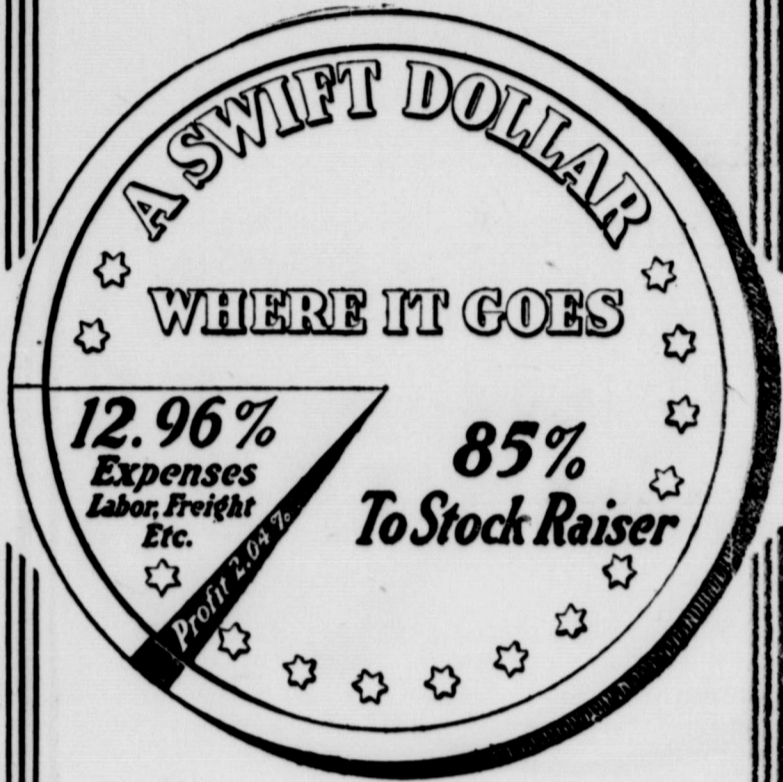
Theford's Black-Draught

Mrs. W. F. Pickle, of Rising Fawn, Ga., writes: "We have used Theford's Black-Draught as a family medicine. My mother-in-law could not take calomel as it seemed too strong for her, so she used Black-Draught as a mild laxative and liver regulator. We use it in the family and believe it is the best medicine for the liver made." Try it. Insist on the genuine--Theford's. 25c a package. E-75

Hot and Cold Baths First Class Shines The City Shaving Parlor An Up-to-Date Shop In Every Particular C. T. SCHLAGAL, Proprietor

\$2.25 Buys the Foard County News And the Semi-Weekly Dallas News Subscribe at the office of The Foard County News

The Swift Dollar for 1918



The above diagram shows the distribution of the average Swift dollar received from sales of beef, pork and mutton, and their by-products, during 1918.

1919 Year Book of interesting and instructive facts sent on request.
Address Swift & Company
Union Stock Yards, Chicago, Illinois

Swift & Company, U.S.A.



LEMON JUICE IS FRECKLES REMOVED

Girls! Make this cheap beauty lotion to clear and whiten your skin

Squeeze the juice of two lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white, shake well, and you have a quarter pint of the best freckle and tan lotion, and complex beautifier, at very, very small cost.

Your grocer has the lemons and any drug store or toilet counter will supply three ounces of orchard white for a few cents. Massage this sweetly fragrant lotion into the face, neck, arms and hands each day and see how clear, soft and white the skin becomes. Yes! It is harmless. 97

Thirsty? Use Belt to Get Drink.

When Oliver Herford comes to a babbling brook and wants a drink, he does not throw himself prone on the mud and try to get water on the vacuum-cleaner principle adopted by the cow, nor does he use his Panama on the Gunga Dhin principle. He might use a straw or a drinking cup, if he could ever remember to carry them with him. A hundred things he might do, if he could think of them.

But what really happens? Oliver takes off his belt and winds it up as tightly as he can. The coils are wrapped around one another so that a cone is built up. That forms a cup with a hole in the bottom. Oliver uses a finger as a stopper for the hole, and proceeds to dip up his drink in the fashion set long ago by the first civilized man.—Popular Science Monthly.

Feed and Hay

When you want Feed of any kind you will find it at this store.

Our motto is to give every one a square deal. Our prices are as low as the lowest and our service as good as the best. Call for anything in the Feed line, corn, corn chops, maize, maize chops, meal, hull, etc., and the best of hay.

A. L. JOHNSON Phone 159

We are pleased to meet you at the Crowell Barber Shop

First door south of Post Office
Bruce & Wallace, Proprietors

THE 36TH DIVISION HONORED ITSELF WHILE IN FRANCE

The following is taken from the Quannah Tribune-Chief and is one of the most interesting accounts of the part played by the 36th Division and gives some idea as to what West Texas boys had to do with it. It follows: Lieut. Stayton Hankins relates some of his experiences on the 8th of October, when Co. H, 142nd Infantry, composed mainly of Hardeman, Hall and Donley county men, went over the top in the St. Quentin region, and crossed the Hindenburg line. The number of dead and wounded was exceptionally great in this battle.

Co. H was used as shock company; the men being exceptionally well trained, had been excused from trench service. The Hindenburg line facing them was a formidable affair composed of many fortifications, each supporting the other, and honeycombed with comfortable dugouts, where the Germans felt secure no matter how severe the weather, or how terrific the Allied bombardment. But where the Panhandle boys attacked, the French guns of Gen. Gouraud, a one-armed hero, and a most capable commander, had played havoc for months with the whole line.

The French are good fighters but they were played out when the Americans got there, and were perfectly willing to let them do the heavy work; they were clamoring for French guns and tanks supported the attack.

The Germans make first-class soldiers, and while I have read a great deal about their not wanting to stand up and fight, I must confess that I would hate to fight any brave men if the Huns are cowards. The Prussian will do anything he is commanded to do, no matter how heartless, but he will stand up and fight till the last, while the Bavarians often would surrender when we were still one hundred yards away.

The country we deployed through was a forest, and the Boches had snipers located in trees who directed a murderous fire upon us.

It was five o'clock in the morning when we went over the top. The Germans must have known from our barrage that we were going to attack, and were ready for us, and opened up fire as soon as we came into view. In spite of our losses we pushed them back, and gained our objective of five kilometers, (3 1/2 miles.) Before us was the Prussian guard, the only German army corps that had gone through the war undefeated, and which organization was still intact after the armistice.

We had come to grips with them a day or two before in the St. Quentin cemetery, when we got mixed up with them like in a football game. They did not like our cold steel, however, and soon gave in.

In the present battle all the officers of H Company were shot about the same time, which was at six o'clock in the morning. Some of us kept on going for several hours afterwards. I was hit in the left leg, and the big leader above the heel was nearly shot away. When lying in a shell hole afterwards, Captain Duncan Perkins of the Supply company came through the barrage to see us. He did for the Quannah boys whatever was humanly possible besides keeping our company supplied.

In spite of his efforts, we had a hard time getting something to eat. I had my last meal on the 5th, and my next meal was on the morning of the 9th, and our men fared about as well. I shall never forget Johnnie Alverson, who came to hunt us up with a lot of food from the kitchen. The barrage had to creep through was so intense that he lost part of it, and when he came to me, all he had left was a can of jam, which he handed me, saying: "Here, eat." And I did eat, too, with a relish.

It was a fierce battle this last scrap I was in. During the first hour we took all the Boches in the trench, and I had checked up as many as 382 prisoners, and H Company did not have over 213 men. G Company to our left, composed mainly of Amarrillo men, did well, too, and the Panhandle boys made quite a "trep" among the Fourth army of the French, with whom we were brigaded. The boys could not have been better; nobody grumbled at any orders he might get. They saluted, and obeyed, often going to a certain death. I felt sorry at times for the runners, for they had the most dangerous job of all, but none of them wavered at any time.

At the end of the day our company had 68 killed and 103 wounded; only forty-two of our company being left unharmed.

Lots of funny things happened before and during the battle. I remember our cook, Johnnie Alverson, sitting reading the Bible which a Salvation Army lassie had given him, when he had asked her for a deck of cards. He had promised her to read it whenever the firing got too bad to play cards, and he faithfully lived up to his word. There was an Indian in our crowd, who saw a Boche without a rifle, and took after him. Throwing his own musket down, he knocked the Hun down with his fist after running him over three hundred yards.

Among the boys that were killed I remember "Happy" Neal, Jim Russell, R. E. Patterson, Chas. Montgomery, Sam C. Price, Edgar Poe, and R. A. Rodrick.

The 36th Division had a reputation of being composed of veterans, and some of the men had seen Mexican service, hence Gen. Gouraud did not hesitate in entrusting us with heavy work.

After the battle the wounded were shipped to the Red Cross hospital in Paris, which is financed by Mrs. Vanderbilt, and is probably the best place of its kind in the world. If there was a spark of life left a man, and pull him through. The surgeons would build up a man entirely new even giving him a new nose and restore his features.

French girls came to see us, and most of them could speak enough American to make us feel at home and they could not do too much for us.

Try Nyais corn remover.—Ferguson Bros.

Meet me at Ferguson Bros

WORTH WEIGHT IN GOLD SHE DECLARES

"I Wouldn't Take Five Hundred Dollars for the Good Five Bottles of Tanlac Did Me" Says Mrs. Hunt.

"I wouldn't take five hundred dollars for the good that five bottles of Tanlac have done for me, and I just think it is worth its weight in gold," said Mrs. Nannie Hunt, 6019 New York Avenue, Nashville, Tennessee.

"I was told repeatedly that my nervousness could not be cured and it made me so despondent that I hardly knew what to do. Even the noise of the street cars passing would upset me so that I would shake like a leaf. My heart fluttered and palpitated and many a time I have had fainting spells and fallen to the floor. My stomach was so torn up that I couldn't even digest an egg, and this had gone on for five years until I was on the verge of nervous prostration.

"A friend of mine who knew that my case had been given up as hopeless made me a present of three bottles of Tanlac, and it proved to be a priceless gift. I have taken five bottles altogether and have gained eleven pounds in weight and haven't had a nervous spell since last Christmas. I can eat anything I want and I am building up every day. I just can't say too much praising Tanlac."

Tanlac is sold in Crowell by the Owl Drug Store and in Thalia by Long Brothers.

WAR SAVINGS CERTIFICATES PAYABLE ONLY TO 1ST OWNER

The Post Office Department issues the following:

The following is quoted from a notice issued by the Secretary of the Treasury:

"My attention has been directed to numerous offers made by unscrupulous persons through advertisements and in other ways to buy war-savings certificate stamps and, as a result of such offense, I am informed that owners of such securities have suffered material losses which could have been avoided by redemption of the war-savings certificate stamps at postoffices, as provided by law."

"In order that the interests of owners of war-savings certificate stamps of either series may be safeguarded, I hereby notify all persons to refrain from offers to buy war-savings stamps or accept the same in trade."

In pursuance of the foregoing, postmasters are directed not to pay war-savings certificates on which the names of the owners have not been entered or have been erased or changed, since, under the regulations, they are not transferable and are payable only to the original owners, except in case of death or disability.

Postmasters are further instructed not to pay any war-savings certificates presented by persons or firms known to be buying, or publicly offering to buy, war-savings stamps or certificates from the owners, unless positive evidence is submitted that the certificates were originally issued them for payment.

When consulted by owners of war-savings stamps in regard to offers to purchase such stamps at less than current value postmasters should invite their attention to the fact that war-savings certificates may be cashed at money-order post offices after 10 days' written notice, and that this is a privilege accorded by law. At the same time it should be pointed out that the need of the Government for the proceeds of the war-savings stamp issue is great, and the holders should be urged to retain their stamps until maturity as a patriotic act unless their necessities are urgent.

A. M. DOCKERY,
Third Assistant Postmaster General.

ADELPHIAN CLUB

Mrs. R. W. Wells entertained the Adelphean Club Wednesday afternoon, January 22, 1919.

The club finished the study of Dickens' Christmas Carol. We feel that we took this study up at a very opportune time as it is predicted there will be a revival of Dickens' work when "the boys over there" who have seen the familiar haunts and scenes of his life, will have gotten home.

In addition to the customary current events each member was requested to memorize a quotation from the book and the repetition of certain passages certainly reminded us that "wise minds run in the same channel."

We were very glad to have a visitor with us.

After the club had adjourned delicious refreshments were served and some much appreciated music was rendered by Miss Thacker and Mrs. R. W. Wells.

PRESS REPORTER.

Crowell, Texas
At Ferguson Bros. Drug Store
1st Tuesday and Wednesday of Each Month
L. P. McCrary, M. D.
Practice Limited to
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Eyes Accurately Tested for Glasses

FORD

"The Universal Car"

The policy of the Ford Motor Company to sell its cars for the lowest possible price, consistent with dependable quality, is too well known to require comment. Therefore, because of present conditions, there can be no change in the prices on Ford cars.

Runabout	- -	\$500
Touring Car	- -	525
Coupe	- - -	650
Sedan	- - -	775
Truck Chassis		550

These Prices f. o. b. Detroit

Self Motor Co.
Local Agents

Furs From Top to Toe



Never was such a furry winter! No matter whether milady lives down on the Gulf of Mexico or up on the Canadian border she insists upon furs of some sort and wears them regardless of the thermometer. One might think we were finally looking to the Esquimaux for style inspirations, but a countless Paris probably set the pace in furs. When even the meager allowance of coal that French women make out with was denied them, they developed themselves in furs of all sorts.

Real utility furs for cold climates make a story by themselves. There are short and long coats and contees of all sorts of skins from undyed muskrat up to fine mink and sable. All the short-haired furs are requisitioned for these most comfortable garments. But the most universally popular furs are in smaller pieces, wide scarfs, small capes, single skins worn as scarfs and combination garments, like cape-scarfs and cape-coats that are having a great vogue.

A pretty cape of caracul is shown in the picture here. It is made in any of the popular furs with good effect and often the shawl collar is of a different kind of fur than the body of the cape. Upward curving scallops at the bottom add to the gracefulness of this little wrap, the curves gliding up at

each side until the cape shortens to elbow length over the arms.

The hat worn with this cape is a "blue devil" tam of satin with a band of fur about it. Hats, neckpieces and muffs to match are very chic. The chances are if we could see this lady's dress as well as her cape we would discover a band of fur about the bottom of the skirt for nothing could be smarter than fur from top to toe.

Julius Bottomley

When Applying Rosebuds.

Not everyone knows the trick of applying rosebud trimming on a bodice cap successfully; at least when the roses and the elastic coincide. There are conscientious sewers who don't believe in omitting a single stitch. Their caps usually lack that easy snugness, and the charm of studied carelessness. If you are one of those conscientious sewers, without a really successful cap to your credit, try this: Cut your silk elastic a comfortable head size first. Then conceal it with the rosebud trimming. Finally, the trick of successful "giving" is the simple trick of merely tacking the elastic in four places, equally spaced around the cap.

For Sale--A good 4-horse power gasoline engine. Runs with magneto. Engine, magneto and all in good running condition. The News Will sell cheap for cash.

Big Reduction on All Winter Goods

Sweaters, Work Coats, Work Pants, Caps, Blankets, Comforts, Ladies' and Misses' Coats, Coat Suits and Outings.

You can buy any of the above mentioned goods for less than wholesale price. Come in and give them a look.

Cecil & Company, Inc.

BUILDING IS VITAL

Reconstruction plans of the Department of Labor provide for America perhaps the greatest development of public works and housing ever projected.

A greater and better America is the object of this vast campaign. The building program contemplated by the department will mean a transition from war to a peace basis; it will furnish employment for large numbers of the men to be demobilized from the Army and the war industries; and it will stand, after the readjustment is completed, as a monument to American labor and enterprise. It will mean a tremendous addition to the material wealth of the country and to its public resources.

States and cities are being encouraged to put full steam ahead on their plans for betterment, held up nearly two years as a result of the war. Private

builders are urged to begin their work at once. The average workingman, who has been steadily employed during the war probably has more money than ever before, and now is the time for him to begin an investment in a home.

Building, in short, is an important part of the Government's plan for peace. Stopped during the war, this industry is far behind its normal condition.

Nearly every town and city in the country needs new buildings; nearly every city in the country needs new houses. The people of America have been living in close quarters. They must have more air, more sunlight, more green fields, more natural freedom.

Plans are under way to create demands for homes, to start work on public buildings, and to encourage private building on a large scale.

Everyone can cooperate in this great task. It is a job for the business man, the worker, everybody in the community.

Reconstruction must be made literal, the Department of Labor believes. There must be reconstruction of that which is antiquated and obsolete, and new construction to supply the Nation's need of new homes.

War-time labor requirements made new building, except upon Government work, out of the question, and as a result America's population is living in too close quarters. Moreover, the cessation of building has caused increases in rents until they have become in many places absolutely exorbitant.

For the national good, this retardation in the normal housing program must be more than made up. In making it up, there will be created a need for labor that will assure employment

to the men who have been fighting so bravely to make the world safe for democracy.

More than a resumption of building operations is sought. An extension of the program so inclusive that it will include the erection of every building that is needed everywhere, the prosecution of public work, the erection of public buildings, and the construction, above all, of homes.

Unity is as essential in this campaign as it was in winning the war. The Nation must be united in support of a program that will supply its greatest need and at the same time minimize the difficulties of transition from war times to the normal organization of the country.

"Keep industry humming" is the aim of the Government. If every man takes a hand in the building campaign, the Department of Labor believes, this aim will be made good.

"ARMENIAN RELIEF SUNDAY"

February 2nd will be observed in churches throughout the Southwest as "Armenian Relief Sunday." Ministers are being urged to devote the whole or part of their sermon on this day to a consideration of the needs of the starving, homeless war refugees in the Near East. The actual drive for funds begins the next day, February 3, in most districts of the Southwest, and continues for one week. In other districts the campaign has been postponed to February 10-17.

The statement issued to pastors, priests, and rabbis, by the Armenian Relief publicity bureau for the southwestern states follows, in part:

"Will you not devote the whole or a part of your sermon on that Sunday to a consideration of this campaign and the needs of those destitute war sufferers? On account of the difficulty of reaching each of the pastors

by a personal note, I am taking this means of asking you to help us in giving publicity to the biggest, and what we hope will be the last financial drive necessary for these stricken peoples. As you probably know, a generous over-subscription of the \$30,000,000 asked will enable the Armenians and Syrians to become self-supporting within a year.

"To the ministers and Sunday School workers who have already given so largely of their time and money to this cause we extend our heartiest thanks and best wishes."

I have 23 broke mules, ages 3 to 7 years old, one pair 3 year old percheon mares, broke, one 3 year old percheon horse, for sale now. If you are going to need a team this year, better see me right away.—M. S. Henry.

Meet me at Ferguson Bros.

MONEY TO LOAN

ON FARMS, RANCHES AND REVENUE BEARING CITY PROPERTY in Foard and adjoining Counties. Lowest rate of interest. Attractive terms as to re-payments of principal. Prompt service. No delay in closing loans. Write, phone or wire us about your loans. Phone 30 Quanah, Texas

Y. B. DOWELL & SON

CHILD HATES OIL. CALOMEL PILLS FOR LIVER AND BOWELS

Give "California Syrup of Figs" If Cross, Sick, Feverish, Constipated.

Look back at your childhood days. Remember the "dose" mother insisted on—castor oil, calomel, cathartics. How you hated them, how you fought against taking them.

With our children it's different. Mothers who cling to the old form of physic simply don't realize what they do. The children's revolt is well founded. Their tender little "insides" are injured by them.

If your child's stomach, liver and bowels need cleansing, give only delicious "California Syrup of Figs." Its action is positive, but gentle. Millions of mothers keep this harmless "fruit laxative" handy; they know children love to take it; that it never fails to clean the liver and bowels and sweeten the stomach, and that a teaspoonful given today saves a sick child tomorrow.

Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on each bottle. Beware of counterfeits sold here. See that it is made by "California Fig Syrup Company." Refuse any other kind with contempt.

LT. HENLEY GOODE DESCRIBES BATTLES

(Continued from page 1)
back from before Reims, and sept positions they had held since Sept 1914." My company was attacked four times between 10 a. m. and 7 p. m. Oct. 3 We repulsed them. Our ammunition was running short, and toward night we would not fire until we were sure to make it count in wounded or dead Germans. I saw many fine examples of Marine marksmanship—all Marines are qualified marksmen, sharpshooters or experts before they reach our regiment. Naturally our casualties were heavy. Here is where I had many very close calls which I hope to tell you about in detail some day.

There are lots of branches to an army, all of whom deserve some credit; but General Pershing says: "Finally, I pay the supreme credit to our officers and soldiers of the line. When I think of their heroism; their patience under hardships; their unflinching spirit of offensive action I am filled with emotions which I am unable to express. Their deeds are immortal and they have earned the eternal gratitude of our country."

The next time I write will be from "Somewhere in Germany," and I'll

tell you about the people.
Your friend,
H. M. GOODE.

COLUMBIAN CLUB

On Wednesday afternoon, Jan. 29 the Columbian Club held a most enjoyable meeting at the home of Mrs. Frank Crews.

The calling of the roll was responded to by current events embodying interesting questions of today.

Mrs. G. A. Burks led an instructive discussion on Venice, "The Pearl of the Adriatic." Many facts of interest were learned about this picturesque and romantic city.

Mrs. S. J. Ferguson made a talk on an item taken from the Geographic Magazine—"The Acorn, A Possibly Neglected Source of Food." It was surprising to note how this food of such genuine worth should be disregarded by our people, since it has long been utilized by the aborigines.

The refreshment feature consisting of a dainty salad course, was handed by the hostess at the conclusion of the lesson.

The club will meet next Wednesday at the home of Mrs. S. J. Ferguson.

PRESS REPORTER.

CARD OF THANKS

We want to thank the good people of Crowell for their many kind acts and assistance rendered us during our wife and mother's sickness and death.

JOEL E. COLLINS AND CHILDREN.

SCOUT TIDINGS

We wish to announce to all members of the Scouts who were not at the meeting that there is to be an important meeting of the Boy Scouts of America in the gymnasium on the 1st floor of the Masonic Lodge Hall on Friday, January 31, 1919 at 4 o'clock.

The second class scout examinations are to be given at that time. We would like for all the members to be present. We will also be glad to have visitors.

Owing to the war and extreme drouth conditions the Scouts have not been able to do much in the line of Scout work but now that the drouth is relieved and the war has come to a successful termination we are at it again with renewed zeal and vigor.

We had a very good meeting last Friday evening with Scout Master Hamblen presiding. There were not quite so many members present as there might have been and we wish to urge the members to attend regularly.

The Boy Scouts are to take up the work for the Armenian Relief and when a Scout applies to you for your little sum please dig deep and give it to him.

DEATH VISITS ROAD CAMP

On Friday of last week death came into the road camp near Sloan Springs and took little Gladys Beatrice Williams, 2 years, 8 months and 6 days of age. The body was buried in the

Crowell cemetery Saturday. Then on Monday, 27, Liche Williams, a young man 18 years, 10 months and 8 days of age, died and was buried on the 28th in the Crowell cemetery. Both these deaths resulted from pneumonia.

The people at the camp have been having a serious time for several weeks with the influenza and pneumonia, as many as fifteen or twenty being down at the same time.

ONR ARMY WAS

SECOND IN STRENGTH

Washington, Jan. 25.—On the day that the armistice was signed the American Army on the Western front was second in strength only to that of France itself. Figures made public today by General March showed that on Nov. 11 the United States was represented on the Western front by 1,950,100 men. France, on Nov. 1, the last date for which official figures were available, had 2,559,000. The British and the Portuguese attached to the British Army totalled 1,718,000, while the Belgium and Italian forces on the Western front aggregated about 200,000.

These totals are all based upon what is termed the "ration strength." This includes every soldier who has to be fed, both combatants and the necessary medical and supply organizations.

General March gave comparative demobilization totals for the United States and British Armies. Up to Jan. 24 the United States had actually discharged 57,366 officers and 858,117 men. The British on Jan. 11 had discharged 13,759 officers and 611,950 men. The total ordered for discharge in this country now is 1,300,900.

Jim Gimmell was here this week from Wellington on business.

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DR. TABLETS
Better than Pills | GET A
For Liver Ills. | 25c Box

FERGUSON BROS., Druggists

Fire Insurance
LEO SPENCER

expressed our purpose and ideals in this war and which the associated nations have accepted as the basis of settlement.

"If we return to the United States

our enterprise, but if it is already success that we have undertaken the Italian Peace Vittorio followed or that