# The Ballas Morning A

VOL. 1.

DALLAS, TEXAS, SUNDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1885.

NO. 4.

## TO RETAIL GROCERS

CENTRAL, NORTHERN, EASTERN AND WESTERN TEXAS.

Dallas in every particular is your best Market from which to draw your Supplies.

Our facilities for meeting your wants can not be surpassed. Your open order solicited. Respectfully,

## T. L. MARSALIS & CO.



### SANGER BROTHERS. SPECIAL BARGAINS IN LINEN GOODS THIS WEEK.

Pure Linen Towels in Huck and Damask, large size, at 20c each; would be cheap at 25c. German Linen Damask Towels, knotted fringe, at 30c each, worth 40c. Extra large and heavy German Linen Towels, with knotted fringe, at 37½c each, sold else at 50c.

NAPKINS

100 dozen red border fringed Napkins, large size, all pure Linen, at 65c per dozen, sold where at 85c.

where at \$5c.
100 dozen pure Linen bleached Napkins at \$1, worth \$1 25.
50 dozen pure Linen bleached Napkins at \$1 50 per dozen, worth \$1 75.

TABLE LINENS.

56-inch red border bleached Damask at 55c, worth 70c, 58-inch German Linen bleached Damask at 65c, worth 80c, 64-inch cream table Damask at 75c, worth 90c. 68-inch bleached table Damask at \$1, worth \$1 25. 54-inch Turkey red Damask at 45c, worth 55c. 56-inch Turkey red Damask at 70c, worth 90c. A large lot of remnants of Table Linen, all lengths, at extreme low prices.

Remember these astonishingly low prices are for this week only.

ANGER BROS.

## W.L. MOODY & CO.

GALVESTON, TEXAS. Parties wishing money in advance of shipments are requested to correspond with us.

H. W. GRABER & CO.,

BUGGIES AND CARRIAGES.

751 and 753 Elm Street, Dallas, Texas.

SPORTING.

JEROME PARK RACES.

NEW YORK, Oct. 3 .- The first race at Jerome Park to-day was a free handicapa one mile and a furlong: Strathspey first, Parole second, Lizzie Mack third. Time-2:00%

The second race was a sweepstake for two-year-olds, three-quarters of a mile: Inspector B. first, King Ernest (Revolt filly) second, Winfield third. Time-1:19%. The third race was a sweepstake for three-year-olds, one mile and a furlong: Maumee first, Three Cheers second, Greenfield third.

Time—1:59%.

The fourth race was a free handicap sweepstake of a mile and three furlongs: Haledon first, Sam Brown second, Saltpetre

aledon mes, ird. Time—2:30.
The fifth race was for a selling purse, one maisthin miles: Tabitha first, Mary and one-eighth miles: Tabitha first, Mary Hamilton second, Tony Forster third.

Sixth race—Handicap steeplechase, over the full course: Abraham first, Reporter second, Jack third. Time—4:19. BASE BALL.

CINCINNATI. Oct- 3.—Base ball and races postponed on account of rain.
PITTSBURG, Oct. 3.—Base ball (exhibition game)-Alleghenv 4, Louisville 2

NEW YORK CONCEDES NHE CHAMPIONSHIP TO

CHICAGO, Oct. 3.—The raw, chilly weather prevented many from attending the closing game with the Gotham gents. Ten thousand spectators occupied the seats of the amphitheater, but the cold did not lessen their enthusiasm. Notwithstanding the rain of last evening the grounds were in passably good condition, but the stiff breeze from the northwest rendered flies uncertain and annoyed the fielders not a little. At 2:40 Mutrie's men, headed by Austin's First regiment full band, walked up to the club house. They were greeted with cheers. The Chicagos followed amid tremendous enthusiasm. Both clubs formed in opposite lines across the home plate, and Capt. Ward advanced to Capt. Anson and presented an elegantly embroidered pennant with a few appropriate remarks, which were replied to in a graceful manner by Capt. Anson, and then, while the band plaved "Auld Lang Syne," both clubs shook hands as if they meant it. The unlooked for incident, second to none over any brilliant play amphitheater, but the cold did not lessen as if they meant it. The unlooked for incident, second to none over any brilliant play of the game, warmed up the shivering audience. A delegation of the Chicago team's admirers then advanced to the home plate and unveiled a magnificent floral tribute and presented it to the bewildered champions. Then each player in the team was decorated with a beautiful buttonhole bouquet, when the delegation withdrew and the last or the four great contests was commenced, which was great contests was commenced, which was decided in favor of the Gothamites by a

WASHINGTON, Oet- 3.—Athletics, 1; Na-YORK, Oct. 3.—Metropolitans, 8;

Killed His Son-in-Law.
LOUISVILLE, Oct. 3.—Joseph B. Cochrane,
a quiet, retired old farmer, killed his sonin-law, James H. Marcum, at Greensburg, Ky. Cochrane claims that he surrendered all his property to Marcum on condition that he should be taken care of in his old age, and that he was abused and mistreated by him. Before Marcum arose this morn-ing his father-in-law went into his bedroom and hacked his head to pieces with an ax.

Biscuit were eaten in a McPherson, Kan. ninety minutes previous to the call to sup-

## Dallas Opera House.

Engagement for Two Nights and Tuesday

Monday and Tuesday, Oct. 5 and 6. Matinee Tuesday at 2 P. M.

The Biggest and Best in the World,

McINTYRE & HEATH'S

Grand Spectacular

Thursday, Oct. 8-LIZZIE MAY ULMER in "DAD'S GIRL."

Friday, Oct. 9-"SIS."

### SENTENCES AT SHREVEPORT.

Criminal Court Graduates-A Number of Additional Striped Suiters-An Appeal Against an ex-Convict Juror.

Special to The News. SHREVEPORT, La., Oct. 3.-In the Criminal Court to-day the following additional sent-ences were pronounced by Judge Hicks: James Redwine, colored, larceny; one

year in the penitentiary. Bill, alias Ed Quigley, white, burglary; five years in the peitentiary.

Gus Logan, colored, murder; sentenced to death. Logan made quite a lengthy talk, in which he was at times moved to tears. He plead innocence, claiming that colored witnesses had sworn away his life on account of his good feeling toward the whites. An appeal to the Supreme Court in his case

was granted.

In the case of James Redwine, colored, who was convicted of the larceny of a quantity of lard, valued at 50 cents, his attorney some days ago moved for a new trial on account of one of the jurors being an exconvict. The juryman, William Norman Davis, is a colored man, who served a term in the penitentiary when a minor in 1882. He was born free and has enjoyed all the privileges of a citizen since the war. Judge Hicks took the case under advisement and to-day read the following opinion, granting an appeal to the Supreme Court, which meets here the third Monday of this month. State of Louisiana vs. James Redwine. State of Louisiana vs. James Redwine.

State of Louisiana vs. James Redwine.

The defendant moves for a new trial upon the ground that William Norman Davis, one of the jurymen who tried the case, had been convicted of a felony and was sentenced in 1882 to the penitentiary, which fact was unknown to the defendant at the time Davis was accepted as a juror. A convicted felon, as one convicted of any infamous crime or offense, punishable by hard labor, is an incompetent juror, unless he has been pardoned. [Acts of 1880, page 52, section I.] It is equally well settled that the objection must, be urged by challenge, or otherwise before he is accepted. [35th Annual, 976.] It does not change the rule that defendant was ignorant of the course of challenge. He should have inquired into the fact. [26th Annual, 384; 36th Annual, 207; 1st Bishop Criminal Law, 997; 13th Annual, 276.] Whether Davis is a competent juror, the conviction did not render him incompetent at the time, and his enfranchisement, it seems to me, removed all disabilities attaching to him. To hold otherwise would give the judgment of conviction a retroactive effect.

### BUSINESS FAILURES.

LIABILITIES OF HEATH & CO. AND H. N. SMITH. NEW YORK, Oct, 3 .- The following statement was made to-day concerning the failure of Wm. Heath & Co.: The liabilities of the firm are placed at \$1,750,000 to \$2,000,000, among which are the following: G. P. Morosini, \$550,000; Jay Gould, \$260,000; Morosini, \$900,000; Jay Gould, \$250,000; James T. Law, \$460,000; Soutter & Co., \$250,000; Addison Cammack, \$20,000; W. L. Scott, \$30,000. The amount due in the Stock Exchange is estimated at \$200,000. Mr. H. N. Smith's liabilities are placed at \$2,000,000, of which \$1,250,000 is due to Wm. Heath & Co., and the Woereschoffers are also reported to be owed a considerable amount. His assets are supposed to be nominal.

### LONDON CABLE LETTER.

Warm Political Week Ahead for the United Kingdom.

Campaign Plans as Arranged by the Various Party Leaders.

Sir Charles Dilke Weds and Is to Honeymoon on the Hustings-Spain and Germany Kiss and Make Up-The French to Vote To-Day.

London, Oct. 3.—The electoral campaign has now fairly begun. Every day a dozen important political speeches are made. The new register has caused the greatest confusion everywhere. For many seats there are two or three Liberal candidates, each refusing to retire in favor of the other. This has arisen from many unscrupulous and ambitious politicians seizing the opportunity furnished by the enthusiasm for the reform of the new electorate to put themselves forward. In a number of cases unless the chiefs of the party intervene with all their authority, the Radical and Liberal seats will go to the Tories. On the whole the new candidates brought forward by the reform bill are an admirable set of men, quite different from those of former elections. They are mostly younger and more advanced thinkers, with definite opinions, eager to accomplish something in Parliament. They will be better speakers and less likely to adhere to party lines through thick and thin.

A MOTLEY GROUP OF CANDIDATES. Among them are some strange figures The Marquis of Lorne is the Liberal candidate for the Metropolitan division. Helen Taylor, John Stuart Mill's daughter-in-law, represents the land nationalization and woman suffrage, and the test as to whether women are eligible. Bradlaugh is prominent, of course. There two Hindoos standing as Advanced Radicals and advocates of reform in Indian affairs. One of them, Laimshun Ghose, is probably among the two or three best speakers in England. Two workingmen, without a penny of their own, are put forward, supported by the Social Democratic Federation, to advocate thorough Socialism. One of these is quite likely to get the seat for Nottingham. When all these approach the Speaker to be sworn it will be a motley group, with the Queen's son by the side of a day laborer.

CONFUSED VOTERS. But the greatest confusion reigns among the voters themselves. All sorts of ridicuous discussions are made by the addressing barristers. Every one is quarreling about his rights to the vote of the shopmen, un dergraduates, lodgers, members of the dergraduates, lodgers, members of the Stock Exchange and owners of property in different places. Nothing can be made really satisfactory short of John Morley's principle, "one man and one vote everywhere." From the country came reports highly favorably to the Liberal prospects. Enormous Liberal victories may be confidently expected. From an independent politician intimate with the leaders of both parties I learn that the state of mind of the Conservatives may be described as one of confusion and dismay. Their reports from the country are disheartening. They cannot get candidates for many seats.

IN IRELAND.

IN IRELAND. The state of Ireland is growing most alarming, boycotting having assumed a before. The fact that the Government can not decide on a policy is shown by the delay in producing Salisbury's manifesto. The existence of this has been denied in the newspapers with a great show of authority, but I know it has been prepared for some time. An intimation has been given to certain newspapers to expect it.

GLADSTONE.

There was a misunderstanding about Gladstone's movements. He is not going to Midlothian, but will soon address a public meeting.

DILKE DOUBLES. To-night Sir Charles Dilke is being married to Mrs. Pattison. All London is talking about him. His honeymoon will be short, as it is announced that he will address his constituents Tuesday. It is stated that Prof. Pattison left directions to his exector to further any approach between Dilke and his wife, knowing their previous affection. It is stated that their marriage would give him satisfaction. It is rumored in legal circles that Crawford will with the proceedings growing out of the draw the proceedings growing out of the Dilke scandal divorce.

A WARM WEEK' WORK.

The coming week promises to be a busy and exciting one in political circles, and the stand that some of the political leaders, especially the members of the Cabinet, will take with regard to the current issues is awaited with great interest. Several important meetings are announced chief among them being one at Newport, Isle of Wight, on Wednesday, at which Lord Salisbury, the Premier, is to speak. At this meeting it is expected that the Conservative leader will define the policy of the Conservatives and outline the platform on which the Tories will stand and fight out the coming struggle. This speech is awaited by the followers of both the great parties with much curiosity, as it is believed that it will contain a stirring arraignment of the Liberals and announce fully the policy of the present government in the event of its return to power.

LIBERAL LEADERS WIDE AWAKE. On the other hand the most important meeting of the week of the Liberal party is announced for Thursday at Bury, a suburb of Manchester, where John Bright and the Marquis of Hartington, the great Liberal leaders, will address the electors in advocacy of the election of Sir Henry James, Mr. Gladstones's Attorney General, for that seat in Parliament. It is stated that they intend on this occasion to take up the Tory platform, as proposed by Lord Salisbury in his speech at Newport, and criticise and answer all the important points contained

Stumping tours for speakers of both parties are being hastily arranged and the canvass will be vigorously prosecuted from now until the close of the contests. RADICALS ON THE PUSH.

The Radicals are daily growing more confident. They are pushing their interests with almost unparalleled vigor and equally determined to lose no opportunity of en hancing their chance.

HIS HONEYMOON ON THE HUSTINGS. Notwithstanaing his marriage to-day, Sir Charles Dilke is determined not to allow the honeymoon to interfere with his political | days longer.

plans and will address a meeting on Tuesdry. Mrs. Mark Pattison, to whom he was wedded to-day, wore a beautiful cream-col ored stalactic velvet dress. During the ceremony Sir Charles appeared very self-possessed, and the coolness of his manner impressed those present with the belief that he viewed a marriage ceremony as an every day affair. Mr. Chamberlain, who acted as "best man," seemed nervous and uncomfortable, blundering, and evidently feeling out of his element. IT PLEASED THE POPE.

Prince Bismarck, immediately upon the conclusion of arrangements settling the dispute between Germany and Spain over their respective claims to the Caro-

line Islands, notified the Pope of the amicable settlement of the trouble. The Pope at once telegraphed his approval of the arrangement and commended the wisdom of both nations in resorting to diplomacy to settle their differences. He expressed the hope that the agreement would reverse the relations heretofore existing between both countries and prevent further ill fealing. ill feeling.

The French elections take place to-morrow, and the contests in many of the arrondissements promise to be interesting. No trouble is feared, but every preparation has been made by the authorities to check an outbreak. The indications point to a great acquisition of strength for the followers of Clemenceau, the leader of the extreme Radical party, who are believed to largely outnumber the followers of any other of the political factions.

THE EASTERN SITUATION.

The situation in the East is not assuredly pacific, yet Servia has a fighting army of sixty thousand men and makes no secret that a struggle would be rather welcome to her. The news agencies there have been sending out alarm dispatches all the week, but no influential newspapers printed them. For instance, it said that the Czar had telegraphed to the Minister of War to prepare a plan of campaign and that Servia had warned the powers that she must demand an increase of territory. If the decision of the diplomatists is prompter than the passions of the people all will be well.

PUBLISHING A PARNELLISH PAMPHLET. A very timely and important new work will shortly be published by Vegan Paul called "The Parnell Movement," with a sketch of the Irish parties from 1843, by T. P. O'Connor, member of Parliament. It was from O'Connor's speech, by the way, not Parnell's, that the words of the banner in the resolution adopted at the Indianapolis meeting recently, were taken. The following are the titles of the eleven chapters of which the book is composed:

The Downfall of O'Connell
The Coming of the Famine.
The Famine.
The Great Clearance, with an Account of
Quarrel between Old and Young Ireland.
She Great Betrayal—Judge Ceogh and John

adler.

6. Ruin and Rabagas.

Rabagas, it will be remembered, is the name of a lawyer who gives the title to one of Sarays.] olution—Account of the History of 8. Isaac Butt.
9. Rise of Parnell,
10. Land League.
14. Triumph of the National Party.

POLITICAL PEN PORTRAITS. The volume will contain a large number of political pen portaits. Constant references will be made to the inner life of the Irish Parliamentary party and the personal characteristics of those who formed it.

PALL MALLISM. The Stead defense fund, which is entirely separate from the Pall Mall Gazette's, opened with two telegrams, the first being "I will meet all expenses of placarding England with a manifesto of the subject." is received £1000 worth

As soon as this was received £1000 worth of printing was ordered.

The second said: "I will subscribe £5000, if necessary, to the treasurer's fund."

These are signed by Alexander McArthur and Prof. Stuart, both members of Parlia-

### MEXICAN BANKS AND BANKING.

National Banks Will Resist the New Commercial Code-Opposition to Bank Subsidies-The Pacific Mail.

CITY OF MEXICO, via Galveston, Oct. 3.-The government receiver placed in the Bank of London, Mexico and South America has been withdrawn and the bank is still going on as usual. Whether the government will decide to put the bank inder charge of a receiver is not known. The bank takes the ground that the new commercial code is unconstitutional, and will resist to the last its enforce ment in its case of the provision prohibiting circulation of notes by banks, other ang circulation of notes by banks, other than national banks. Congress has rejected the bill organizing a mercantile exchange under government patronage and with practically exclusive privileges. Public opinion is strongly against the proposed law. Popular sentiment is now running in favor of free banking. It was expected that this week the government would sign arrangement with the national bank, whereby the bank would receive seven and one-half per cent on all custom boxes. arrangement with the national bank, whereby the bank would receive seven and one-half per cent on all custom house receipts. Before the suspension of subsides this bank received fifteen per cent, but the government has as yet come to no agreement with the bank. A powerful influence is at work to prevent the movement now arranging to resume the subsidy to the bank, and it is believed holders of the foreign debt are urging the government not to depart from the course laid rnment not to depart from the course laid own in June.
The Pacific Mail Steamship Co., which

has an overdue subsidy account of \$40,000, has offered the government to take that amount in twenty-five year bonds of floating debt, if the government will agree to pay the company \$2500 monthly for its service. The government has not given answer.

### Eagle Pass.

Special to The News. EAGLE PASS, Oct. 3.—Last night Conductor John Mack, of the Mexican International Railway, was killed in the yard here while switching cars. His head was caught between two cars while he was coupling and masked out of all resemblance to humanity, only breathing twice after being taken out from the wheels of the cars. This out from the wheels of the cars. This was his first trip as conductor, being promoted to that position yesterday, and having brought a train from Spoffard Junction to Eagle Pass. He was about twenty-five years of age, and is from Columbus, Tex. His sister and brother-in-law are in San Antonio, to which place his remains were taken in a special train to-day. A coroner's jury rendered a verdict that he was killed while discharging his duty.

SYRACUSE, Oct. 3.-Mrs. Bulla, the faster who has not tasted food since Aug. 10, is failing, and her pulse is very weak. She sleeps a great portion of the time. She is not expected to live more than two or three Fraud List.

Another Sharper Placed on the

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Suit Aagainst the Bondsmen of Col. O'Bierne and Others.

The Comptroller Calls for a Statement of the Condition of National Banks on Oct. 1 -The Special Delivery System Not to be Operated on Sunday.

Special to The News.
Washington, D. C., Oct. 3.—The following patents were issued this week to Texas

T. E. Bomar, McKinney, ink fountain for printing machine.

J. F. Bunnell, Mexia, spring bed bottom. F. A. Hake, Cuero, hame fastener.
A. Hart, San Marcos, cotton packer.
D. E. Jones, Denton, open fireplace.
L. Lewis, Galveston, reversable harness

H. T. Wilson, Dallas, wash boiler. THE CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

Washington, Oct. 3.—The Evening Critic says: "It is learned on unquestionable authority that the President has virtually determined upon Commissioner Eaton's successor, and that George William Curtis and other prominent reformers have approved the selection. Commissioner Eaton's resignation takes effect Nov. 1. The impression is general that Commissioner Thomas' place will be the second to be filled, Thomas' place will be the second to be filled, and that Mr. E. O. Graves, or some other official identified with administrative reform work from a department standpoint, will be tendered the position. Commissioner Gregory, according to these authorities, will be the last of the Commissioners to be displaced, and it will not be at all surpising if he is permanently retained. It was stated at the Executive Mansion to-day that the selection of a successor to Commissioner Eaton had not yet been fully determined upon.

PLACED ON THE FRAUD LIST. WASHINGTON, Oct. 3.—The Postmaster General has placed upon the fraud list of the Postoffice Department an Eastern manufacturing company, which had adopted a model plan to swindle the public. The company advertised to furnish a corn sheller for \$4 50 and a knife sharpener for \$5. Several responded for the liberal offer, which was much below the price charge for such was much below the price charge for such farming implements. The corn sheller consisted of a simple piece of iron which would be dear at \$1 a thousand, and the knife sharpener was a simple piece of wood with a slight covering of emory paper on each side, and which could be readily purchased for 50 cents per thousand. The advertisements were so alluring that a great number in the Eastern States were swindled before the swindle was exposed, and steps taken by the department to break it up.

A POSTAL DECISION.

A POSTAL DECISION. WASHINGTON, Oct. 3.—The assistant attorney general of the Postoffice Department has decided that mail matter, other than letters upon which a request to return to the sender unless delivered, is written or printed, shall be returned, but that the matter shall be charged one full rate of postage, according to the class to which it belongs. This question came up by a New York firm which had sent out a large quantity of highly engraved cards to numer-ous addresses all over the country. A re-quest to return in case of non-delivery was printed upon them. In many instances the rinted upon them. In many instances the ersons to whom the cards were addressed ould not be found and a great many of the ards were returned and postage charged. The New York firm protested that the cards hould be returned free of expense to them, ut the law officer of the postoffice has ecided otherwise.

THE POSTOFFICES IN THE TERRITORY. Washington, Oct. 3.—The recent decision of Attorney General Garland that persons having Indian blood in their veins could not be appointed postmasters in the Indian Territory, is seriously affecting the efficiency of the postal service in that Territory. Postmaster General Vilas finds tory. Postmaster General Vilas finds it very difficult to induce intelligent men to serve as postmasters at the small offices. Many of the Indians are educated men, especially the halfbreeds, and are willing and anxious to be appointed postmasters, but not being citizens of the United States cannot hold positions under the government. The very existence of the postal service in that Territory is threatened.

PROMOTIONS IN THE NAVY. WASHINGTON, Oct. 3.-Rear Admiral Francis A. Roe will be placed on the retired list to-morrow, under the law, on reaching the age of sixty-four years, and Commodore Stephen B. Luce will be promoted Monday to the vacancy. Commodore Bancroft Gheradi, now president of the examining board for promotion, will succeed Admiral Roe in command of the Naval Asylum at Philadelphia, Washingron, Oct. 3.—During last month

5546 pension certificates were issued by the Pension Bureau, being an increase of 33% per cent over the number issued for September of last year. The number of certificates issued under the present administration steadily increases with each month. A YOUTHFUL POSTMISTRESS.

A YOUTHFUL POSTMISTRESS.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 3.—Recently the Postmaster General appointed as postmaster in an Illinois town a young lady who was nineteen years old. She filed her bond and entered upon her duties, when the Postoffice Department was informed that according to the laws of Illinois she could not be held responsible, as she would not be of age before twenty-one. The matter was referred to the Assistant Attorney General of this Postoffice Department, who decided that she was a competent person for the position, and that her bondsmen were legally responsible to the government, though by the law of Illinois she was still a minor.

SUIT AGAINST BONDSMEN-NATIONAL BANKS. Washington, Oct. 3.—The Second Comptroller of the Treasnry has called upon the bondsmen of Col. J. R. O'Beirne for 778,000, which amount was found due to the government in settlement of his ac-

agent, and his bondsmen for recovery on his bond.

The Comptroller of the Currency has called for a statement of condition of the national banks throughout the country on ONE OFFICE AT A TIME.

Washington, Oct. 3.—In 1872 President Grant issued an executive order forbidding any person from holding at one and the same time a Federal and State office. This order has been almost a dead letter until this city.

Baking Powder. GROCERS' SUNDRIES. now when, by calling attention to it, the Postmaster General revived it. He has decided that no person can hold the position of postmaster and a State office at the same time. A number of resignations have followed in consequence.

Importers, Manufacturers

SPECIALTIES: Roasted Coffee, Spices, Mustard and

GEN. SHERIDAN MAKES A POINT. WASHINGTON, Oct. 3. - Gen. Sheridan has submitted to Secretary Endicott an argument for the retention of Cols. Davis and Gregory on his personal staff, claiming that under the law this should be discretion-

ARRIVE IN ALASKA.

Washington, Oct. 3.—Gov. Swineford, of Alaska, informs Secretary Lamar, under date of Sept. 15, of his safe arrival at Sitka. He entered at once upon the discharge of his duties.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3. — Lieut. Bucking-ham, of the navy, has been ordered to duty as naval attache of the United States Legations at Paris and Berlin. NO SPECIAL DELIVERY ON SUNDAY.

ORDERED TO PARIS AND BERLIN.

Washington. Oct. 3.—The Postmaster General has directed that the special deliveries of letters, under the special delivery system, shall not be made on Sunday.

### FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

CANADA.

RIOTERS SENTENCED-LAWYERS EN ROUTE TO ENGLAND.

MONTREAL, Oct. 3.-The German who blew a foghorn and incited the crowd on Champ de Mars Thursday was sentenced yesterday to four months' imprisonment. Eli Champaign, who assaulted the Chief of Police while the riot was going on Monday night, was found guilty and sentenced to six months' imprisonment and fined \$500. This is the maximum penalty. Several of the most distinguished members of the Canadian bar will leave for England next week, to lay before the Lords of the Privy Council some of the most important law cases ever submitted for the decision of that tribunal. Among the cases are those of the Federal and Provincial governments against the Exchange Bank, in which \$360,000 is involved, the question of the constitutionality of the Canadian temperance act, and the Riel case.

### GERMANY.

THE CAROLINE DISPUTE SETTLED. DRESDEN, Oct. 3.—The dispute between Germany and Spain growing out of their respective claims to the Caroline Islands has at last been amicably settled without the intervention of a third party. The terms of settlement are as follows: Germany acknowledges the right of the Spanmany acknowledges the right of the Spanish government to occupy the island of Yap, the principal of the group, while Spain in turn grants Germany the right of free navigation and commerce, and also agrees to allow Germany the privilege of maintaining colonial stations on the islands of the Caroline group. The mediation of the Pope is therefore now unnecessary, as the terms agreed on finally settled the dispute.

FIGHT ON BULGARIAN-SERVIAN FRONTIER. VIENNA, Oct. 3.-Much excitement has been created here by the receipt of a dis patch this evening from Belgrade stating that the situation on the Bulgarian-Servian frontier is becoming very grave, and that a report is in circulation there to the effect that a sanguinary conflict between Bulgarian and Servian outposts occurred this morning in which seven soldiers were killed and nineteen wounded, the loss being about equally divided between the opposing forces. The report lacks confirmation, but belief is general that it will prove correct.

A NIHILISTIC PLOT DISCOVERED. Warsaw, Oct. 3.—The police of this city have unearthed a plot having for its object the assassination of the Czar. The plotters number some forty persons in all, and among them are several professors of the college here and others in high standing. The discovery has caused a profound sensation throughout the city.

BULGARIANS OCCUPY BOURGAS. VIENNA, Oct. 3 .- A dispatch from Belgrade states that the Bulgarians have seized and occupied Bourgas, the principal seaport town of Eastern Roumelia, situated on the Black Sea, and have planted torpedoes

### ENGLAND. MARRIAGE OF SIR CHARLES DILKE. London, Oct. 3 .- Lord Charles Went-

worth Dilke was married this morning at Chelsa to Mrs. Mark Pattison. The church was crowded. Among those present were many of the political leaders and a few of the nobility. IRELAND.

### Lieutenant of Ireland, left Dublin Castle to-day for London. TO RESIGN AND RETIRE.

EARL CARNAVON IN LONDON.

Dublin, Oct. 3.—Earl Carnavon, Lord

Senator Hall, the Anti-Ranger Legislator of the Lower Rio Grande, to Go to El Paso-Other News from Laredo.

Special to The News.

LAREDO, Oct. 3.—Senator E. F. Hall has made arrangements to enter into partnership with one of the largest law firms in El Paso and will in a few days forward his resignation as State Senator. His resignation will be taking a thorn out of the side of the State troops and his voice and influence will be missed in the next Legislature, when the question of continuing or disbanding the force is up for discussion. This vacancy will also hurt the opportunity for the prospective United States Senator to visit this senatorial district to look after the kids before the election is held to fill his

State Senator Pfuefier is sojourning with a part of his family for a few days in the city. He asserts positively that he is looking only after his lumber interests in this section and has no desire to dabble in the government business. The Senator takes a great interest in educational matters and is making, many pertinent inquiries respect. working of the present school law in

Several large wool buyers are in the city and the commodity has gone up over 100 per cent per pound in the last two days, much to the disgust of those who sold their crop

The first copy of The Dallas Morning News arrived here on time last night and is the recipient of great praise.

proper judgment to be rendered, which hould be final. In reporting cases decided by the Supreme Court arguments of ounsel should not be published, only statement of facts so as to make the point decided intelligible, and only so much of the pinion as decides the law of the case in

That we are afflicted with too many offices and officers I think there are but few to be found to dispute. Let us have a fewer number of officers and aim for better qualification. We can pay a fewer number well, obtain better qualification and save largely on the cost of those we now have. Many of the officers that we now have are so poorly paid that we offer them strong temptation to increase their pay by practices and shifts that are most questionable, or in a great measure to disregard and neglect the duties

asure to disregard and neglect the dutie

of their office.

I have no space to compare the reforms here briefly outlined (for this article is already too long), or something similar, with the system we now have, the cost of the one with the cost of the other, or the saving of the one over the other, or the efficiency and working practically of the one with the other. I leave each intelligent and interested reader to make his own comparison from his own knowledge of the practical working of our present system. That our present system is unsatisfactory and costly—too costly, compared with the benefits

present system is unsatisfactory and costl—too costly, compared with the benefit conferred—the most of men will admi But the remedy, how to construct a bette system, that is the question that troublet My purpose will be accomplished if what is written shall in the remotest degree direct the best thought of the people of the State who are vitally interested in these questions, in the direction of the solution an application of a proper remedy for the faults of our present system.

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GALVESTON, Oct. 2.—"Out of the mouth of

babes cometh wisdom," and THE DALLAS

NEWS, in a few lines, lisps to its parent, the

Galveston News, the substance of the civil

"A genuine civil service reform executive

has no need for a civil service commission.

The heads of all the bureaus should be act-

ing agents of the executive, and ex-officio

country that the executive will always be a

genuine civil service reformer? or what

character of examination must be pass be-

fore he can be a candidate for chief execu

tive?" The answer should be that he has

tive?" The answer should be that he has to pass the scrutiny of the majority of the voters of the country, the best commission that can be created; or if you suggest that the executive, however well disposed, would be unable to personally supervise every bureau, then let the heads of bureaus pass the examinations laid down in "Comstock." Your "crank', ought then to be satisfied that such bureau chiefs were at least competent missioners. Then if your extremist should urge that the past twenty years' experience would condemn such a method as insufficient, then issue graded certificates of competency, as in the public school system, making it obligatory upon heads of departments to employ none but those who held such certificates, and abolished the band of bureaucratic jugglers legalized to foist any kind of an employe upon a department without a corresponding responsibility. Wonder if Dorman B. Eaton et al would not have held up their hands in holy horror had they been

nations submitted by the Chief of the Fire Department, deeming it wisdom to hold him alone responsible for the efficiency of the department, and finding it more practicable to deal with the shortcomings of one may than with every member in detail. HAL.

EADS' SHIP RAILWAY.

New York Star.

ago, has been steadily winning its way into public favor ever since, in consequence of

the energy and forcible arguments which have been brought to bear in placing its

feasibility and merits before the public in this country and in Europe. It was at first ridiculed as the dream of an enthusiast, but

the tenor of our exchanges shows that pub lie sentiment in the United States is gradu

ally and surely setting strongly in its favor.

ally and surely setting strongly in its favor. Our English cousins were the first to give their approval to the project, and, although remarkable for their usual conservatism, have acqually subsidized a ship railway in Canada, seventeen miles long, to unite the Bay of Fundy with the Gulf of St. Lawrence, by which some 500 miles of dangerous navigation around the peninsula of Nova Scotia will be avoided. This ship railway is, as we learn from several of our Canadian contemporaries, actually under construction, the chief engineer being John Fowler, Esq., who built the underground railway in London, and who was for many years the consulting engineer for the Khedive of Egypt, and is now building the enormous steel bridge over the Forth with two spans of 1700 feet each, being by far the largest bridge in the world.

service reform problem. Here it is:

civil service commissioners."

### CHICAGO CATTLE CHAT.

The Market Not Yet Gilt-Edge in Price or Personnel.

The Supply Ample and Operators Abundant-Partiality Manifested for Good Dressed Beefers and Shipping Steers-Special Features and Price Lists.

CHICAGO, Oct. 3.—The cattle market during the past week has ruled fairly steady on the early days. New York reported a general decline in common to choice native stock, but this was offset by Liverpool advices, which quoted their markets firmer, owing to smaller offerings. Supplies here were liberal, but all classes of buyers were in good attendance and there was a fairly active demand. Eastern shippers were active buyers and local dressed beef men purchased quite freely. Exporters bought moderately and their purchases were generally made at not particularly high prices, as English markets are not even yet sufficiently high to admit of any profit on steers bought here at top figures. Values averaged about steady, with desirable qualities firm and a trifle higher, but poor to fair grades rather weaker.

Receipts of native cows and other butchering stock were about equal to the demand, and last week's closing quotations were fully sustained. With rangers it was different, choice natives and good canning qualities being firmly held, while half-fat and undesirable offerings ruled easier with many instances of a 10 cent decline. Dressed beef men were the principal operators, but canners and city butchers made considerable inquiry for light and handy cattle. Sales of big bunches were numerous, and some Montana beeves of a superior kind brought \$5 05, their weights averaging 1839 pounds. Stockers and feeders were in good demand and strong. Country buyers were here in

\$5 05, their weights averaging 1839 pounds. Stockers and feeders were in good demand and strong. Country buyers were here in force and yard dealers put in some bids, which made trade lively.

As the week advanced receipts fell off materially, and salesmen had little difficulty in getting rid of their consignments. For desirable shipping steers the market was stronger, with an upward tendency, as offerings were not sufficient to go around. The demand could not be called especially sharp, yet it was more than equal to the supply, and prices had an upward tendency. Dressed beef operators were anxious to trade, and made considerable competition. Fewer rough half-fat natives were on sale, and yet the bulk of the shipping cattle went at comparatively low figures, fat, heavy beeves being extremely scarce.

Native butchering stuff was freely bought by city butchers and canners, and prices ruled a shade higher in sympathy with the upward movement in good Texas cattle. Good through Texans and wintered Texans advanced 5@10c, with good to choice half-breeds and natives commanding fully previous quotations. Dressed beef men and canners were in good attendance and took hold briskly. A fine train-load of Nebraska-Texans went at \$3 65, and some through Texan cows sold at \$3 30.

Trade in stockers and feeders was fairly active. Common to fair qualities ruled

Texans went at \$3 to, and some anology. Texan cows sold at \$3 to.

Trade in stockers and feeders was fairly active. Common to fair qualities ruled weak, and showed a decline of 10@15c, but the better grades ruled steady.

As the week drew to a close receipts again became larger and the market developed a weaker tone, especially for grades below choice and fancy shipping and export cattle. Rough and medium qualities suffered considerable neglect, and sales showed a decline of fully 15 cents, with some salesmen finding it hard work to dispose of their consignments even at the

As the week drew to a close receipts again became larger and the market developed a weaker tone, especially for grades below choice and fancy shipping and export cattle. Rough and medium qualities suffered considerable neglect, and sales showed a decline of fully 15 cents, with some salesmen finding it hard work to dispose of their consignments even at the reduction. The best of the offerings sold barely steady and in some instances "good" cattle lost 10 cents. Altogether trade was very slow and unsatisfactory, and the week finishes with the outlook not very encouraging.

Native cows and desirable butcher's stock were in only fair supply and values were well sustained. Good bulls were in demand for breeding purposes, and choice veal calves were scarce and strongly held. The poor stuff, however, showed no improvement. Rangers were weak and lower, owing to largely increased arrivals and discouraging reports from other markets. Sales averaged fully 10 to 15 cents lower for Northern Texans and natives, and about 10 cents lower for undesirable Texans. Canning Texans met with a good demand and were about steady. ning Texans met with a good demand and were about steady.

The demand for stockers and feeders was

Onothing bothe in oxooss of the work	LALL COLO
Closing quotations:	
Extra fancy beeves\$	5 90@6 1
Choice steers	5 55@5 8
Good steers	5 15@5 5
Fair steers	4 40@5 0
Common steers	3 65@4 3
Choice cows	3 30@3 8
Medium cows	2 45@3 2
Inferior cows	1 60@2 4
Stockers	2 50@3 3
Feeders	3 20@4 1
Poor to choice bulls	1 60@2 8
Grass-fed Texans	2 60@3 7
Northern wintered Texans	2 80@4 8
Northern renge cottle	2 15004 8
Northern range cattle	o Toma o
SHEEP.	

### AN IRON NERVE.

After Writing Up an Account of His Suicide for the Press, Mr. U. U. Woods Sends a Bullet Crashing into His Brain.

Special Dispatch to the Globe-Democrat. Quincy, Ill., Oct. 1 .- An extraordinary suicide took place at the Fay House, a private boarding house, next to the new government building, in this city, the victim being U. U. Wood, a young man aged twenty-one years, of steady, sober habits, who was formerly a city reporter on the Herald, later on the Journal. His parents reside in Ellington Township, near the city, his father being a justice of the peace and well-to-do financially. Wood's body, cold in death, was found in his room about 10 o'clock this morning, sitting in a chair, before him a marble slab table, the lamp still burning, a revolver lying on the floor by his side, a bullet hole through his head, nineteen pages of manuscript lying before nineteen pages of manuscript lying before him, and table and manuscript covered with blood.

The following is the most important part

of the document:

"Brother Reporters, when you come to sift this matter and sum it up your articles will be about as follows: ',Shortly after supper last evening the report of a pistol was heard to issue from a room at the Fay House, near Eighth and Hampshire streets. Those who heard the noise thought little of it at first, but investigation revealed the fact that Mr. U. U. Wood, a boarder at the above-named house, had seized a revolver and deliberately shot himself through the brain, the ball enter ing near the right temple and tearing away a large portion of the skull (presumed). The pistol was a five-chambered 32-caliber, and was held so close to the head it is supposed to be temporary insanity. The perpetrator of such a deed is never supposed to be in his right mind, and although Mr. Wood never gave any evidence to the contrary, this must have been the

cause, either directly or indirectly.

eased mind.
"'He spent yesterday with various friends about the city, chatting, laughing and jok-"'He spent yesterday with various friends about the city, chatting, laughing and joking as usual. He spent a portion of the afternoon with his friend, Geo. Stahl. They left the Fay House together at noon, and drove in a roundabout way to Mr. Stahl's place of buiness, on Third street. After putting up the horse they visited the Dime Museum. They then separated, Mr. Stahl going to his store and Mr. Wood to his bearding house, where he spent the rest of the afternoon sleeping in the room. Tuesday night Mr. Wood stayed with his friend, Bert Wollard, at the Tremont House. They attended the concert together at the Opera House, and upon going to Mr. W.'s room spent an hour or so playing cards. But never during all this time did Mr. Wood give the slightest evidence of being a little off, as the boys evidence of being a little off, as the boys say."

Then the writer continues giving his history at some length, relating that he was born in 1864, was a son of Charles Wood, of Ellington Township, graduated at the High School in this city, and served as a reporter or local editor on several papers, including the Herald and Journal in this city, and had written for the Herald for some time as Ellington correspondent. He detailed his

Ellington correspondent. He detailed his service in this line, and stated that "lately he accepted the place of city editor for the Optic, the new weekly, but being placed at soliciting, and finding himself not made for that business, he resigned the day before or on the day of his suicide."

The suicide then goes into a long history of his life, saying his troubles were not apparent; that he, though young, had seen much trouble; though out of position, he considered that a trifle; that he owed some for board, but had assets to cover it; that his troubles began early, his life at home being unpleasant—had several difficulties with his father, who even made his gradubeing unpleasant—had several difficulties with his father, who even made his graduating unpleasant; but, besides all these, there was something else that he could not tell that made him miserable. He spoke of his mother affectionately, saying that at least she would mourn for him. This part of the letter he said he could not write

"HERE GOES."

The document closes as follows: "Reader, it requires nerve to take one's life, and it is not a weakness in me to say that as I write these lines I am trembling like an aspen leaf. Before me on this marble slab lies a death-dealing revolver charged and cocked, and as I look at it my heart almost leaps into my mouth. It is a fearful thing to take one's life, and I don't see how so many have the heart to do it. But here goes—"

But here goes—"
The jury, after hearing the extraordinary document read, rendered a verdict in accordance with the facts. Thus ended the life of a youth who seemed to have a bright and promising future before him.

The Tune of "John Brown's Body." The following is told by Lieut. J. D. Chan-

"Sherman's great march was made in two wings. The Army of Georgia was the left wing and the Army of Tennessee was the right wing," observed Adjt. Maxon, late of the Fifth Ohio Cavalry, as he spread himself out to "reminish" of the march through Georgia. "Maj. Gen. O. O. Howard ran the right wing and we had Sherman with us on the left. After Howard left us and struck off southeasterly toward McDonough, Jones-

minutes no art of the engineer could restore it to usefulness except by rebuilding.

"Shortly after leaving Covington we passed through a little village called Shady Dale, which, on account of its poetic name, as well as the plentiful signs of comfort, wealth and elegance about it, I have never forgetten. It was not a large town but

bale, which, on account of its poetic name, as well as the plentiful signs of comfort, wealth and elegance about it, I have never forgotten. It was not a large town but merely a cross roads hamlet, where several wealthy planters seemed to have joined together and built their residences near each other in order to enjoy the pleasures of society, church, school and a good neighborhood. There was neatly trimmed shrubbery about the houses, which were tastefully planned and well built. But with the exception of a few 'poor white' women and their children, all the inhabitants were negroes. Moved by curiosity, I asked a 'poor white' miss, who sat on a yard fence admiring our column as it marched past:

"'What has become of the owners of all these handsome places?"

"'They's all gone a-refugeein' of it.'

"This girl I had reason afterward to remember. The column halted here for a short time to rest, and one of the bands struck up 'John Brown's body lies mouldering in the grave.' To us this was nothing new; but what was new was to see a number of negro girls, a dozen or more, come out from the deserted mansions, and, forming a ring around the band, with a weird and plaintive wail danced in a circle in the most solemn and impressive manner so long as the band played that tune. There was not a man in this dance. There was not a word spoken to any of the girls by any officer or man in the command, because we were all too much astonished, and as soon as the music ceased they all scuttled off and disappeared behind the shrubbery and in the houses. The modest and serious deportment of these girls in this dance made a deep impression on me. The more I thought over the matter the more I became interested to know why they should have danced, and why they had danced to that tune, but paid no attention to several better dancing tunes which the band played. "I looked about for the girl to whom I had spoken about the absence of the white people, but she was gone, and in her place a big, fat, comfortable looking Dinah leaned on the f

humored face shining in the declining

sunlight.

"Aunty, do you know why those girls danced to that tune?"

"Yes, sah; it's a-cos dat ar' am de weddin' tune and dem fool gals tinks dat ef dey don't dance every time dey heahs it dey'll never git married."

"Why, that is no wedding tune. That is "John Brown's Body."

"I doesn't know nuffin' 'bout John Brown, nor his body either; I tells you, honey, dat am de weddin' tune what dey plays and dances down heah at de-home-a-comin' when de darkies gets married and de white folks comes out on de verandys and dances when de darkies gets married and de white folks comes out on de verandys and dances too, if dey is house hands dat's married; and if dey is field hands de young massar and de gals comes down to de quartahs and dances; and ebery fool niggah wench dat ain't married yet tinks she must dance ebery time she heah dat tune, 'r else her chance is gone, sah!'

"Thus volubly the colored woman set my mind at rest and convinced me that the tune was older where the words were unknown than where they were familiar."

After a severe illness an Englishman shaved off his whiskers and otherwise disguised himself. He then went to his doctor and said he was a brother of the sick man, who, he asserted, was now dead. He thus obtained a certificate of his own death, had his own decesse argistered draw his hurisl

THE CONSTITUTION OF TEXAS.

Some Amendments Suggested - The Judiciary System Reviewed and Plans for Improvement Put Forth.

SAN MARCOS, Oct. 2.—There seems to be a widespread sentiment that our present or-ganic law is open to amendment, much for the better. Especially, I think, this is true in reference to our present judiciary system. Again, considerable saving could be made by a retrenchment in the way of offices and officers. Our judiciary system is exceedingly costly, the occasion of much delay, and in many respects inefficient and unsatisfactory.

Some years since, through the columns of your journal, I called the attention of the people to changes in our judiciary system that I thought then, and still think, worthy of favorable consideration. Of course l have not the presumption to believe that it is the plan, over and above all others, nor am I wedded to it longer than I see some other plan as good or better. I now only urge it by way of suggestion, hoping that the attention of the people, and especially our legislators, may be directed to the defects of our present system, and that this or something better may be evolved and these defects may be corrected. My suggestions were, in brief, as follows, and I now, by your permission, repeat them:

First, as to our Supreme Court and Court of Appeals: But one Supreme Court, and that located at the capital of the State. This court to be composed of nine judges, and to have appellate jurisdiction of all civil and criminal matters, allowed to be appealed; said court to be authorized to divide itself into three sections, of three judges each; and to apportion out the work of the court to these sections; all of the judges to meet in banc on each opinion day: and should any one of the judges present dissent to any opinion read, such cause to be referred back to the whole body of th court for determination. By this plan, all of the decisions made would be by the court in banc, or a majority of the judges: and we would thus have harmony in the decisions of our court of last resort. The anomaly would disappear of having, as we now have, the opinions of the two courts of last resort in conflict, adding to and multiplying the confusion and uncertainty that now attends the law and its interpretation The location of the court at the capital would eliminate the circuit riding feature of the court, enable the judges to be with their families and at home, and thus would be enabled to do more and better work. In fact, under this, or a similar plan, I think nine judges could do the work now before the courts, or that may reasonably be expected before the court for several years to come If, however, the nine judges should not be able to dispatch the work without delay, the

able to dispatch the work without delay, the Legislature, when the necessity should arise, could be authorized to add to the court the fourth section of three judges.

Second, as to our District Courts: Every county in the State having a population of 15,000 and over, organize it into a separate judicial district, with a district court and a district judge. The remaining countles, each of which have a population less than 15,000, organize two of them into a judicial district, with court and judge, as for those of 15,000 and over. These district courts should have full and complete original jurisdiction of all matters, civil and criminal, except what jurisdiction is conferred on justices of the peace, which should be small, It would not be improper to confer on the Legislature power to organize countles with court to hold its sessions at least three times a year in each county, with power in the judge at any time in vacation, if a criminal offense is committed, to impanel a grand jury and indicate offender; impanel a petit jury and try the offender; give him what the constitution declares he is entitled to and which be neverally any time of the period of the court of the he now seldom gets—a speedy and imparti-trial. Authorize all offenses to be presente by the law officer representing the State, b information, and, in fact, the impaneling of a grand jury should be left entirely to the order and discretion of the judge. We order and discretion of the judge. We have seldom any use now for a grand jury, if we ever had. They are an expensive luxury, that can, except under circumstances that now hardly ever arise, be with safety dispensed with, and a useless and heavy expense saved to the taxpayer. The grand jury has outgrown its usefulness, if it ever had any, and the times and conditions that may have made it a necessity have passed away forever. As the reason of the thing has ceased, let the thing cease.

The plan here outlined contemplates the abolition of the County Court and the County Judge. The fees and expense of the County Court and County

under the present system, many of the

Under the present system, many of the County Judges have no qualification for the place. It is the estimate that once every thirty-three years all of the property of the people pass through the probate courts. This business of the County Court, in many instances, is miserably butchered, with hardly any attempt to conform to the law, rendering the titles to property insecure and laying the foundation for innumerable law sunts in the future, to the great cost and harrassment of the people. Surely, if in any court in the State the people need talent and ability, it is in the probate court.

In all efforts, in the direction of reform, the main object to be aimed at is to lessen costs, avoid delays, and increase efficiency. Cheapness and expedition, at the cost of efficiency, is false economy. I have suggested that the grand jury can be dispensed with in the main, in the interest of economy, without detracting from efficiency. I would suggest further, that one-half of the cost of jury service to the country, which is enormous, can be saved, and not effect the principle of jury trial or subtract from its efficiency, by reducing the number of jurors one-half. In other words, that a jury, in the district court shall be composed of six men, and a court of a justice of the peace of three men, and that in all cases, in every court, a small jury fee should be taxed, to be collected as costs, and paid into the State or county treasury—this on the principle that those who use the being by far the largest bridge in the world.

The almost certain collapse which seems to await the Panama Canal, and the emphatic rejection of the Nicaraguan Canal scheme by the Democratic vote in the Senate last winter, leaves the field open for the ship rallway and gives it a peculiar prominence. This has been enhanced by its energetic promoters, who have built an elaborate model at a cost of \$10,000, on which a ship seven feet long is put through all of the movements required by the system in taking it out of one ocean and transporting it 134 miles overland and floating it in the opposite one. This model seems to have attracted the attention of all christendom, for it has not only been exhibited to thousands of interested people in London, Washington. New York, Boston, Philadelphia, New Orleans and Pittsburg, but it has been illustrated in a great number of scientific and popular journals in England, France, Russia, Germany and America, thus evincing a worldwide interest in a project which

should be taxed, to be collected as costs, and paid into the State or county treasury—this on the principle that those who use the courts should pay something, to compensate the general public for the salaries paid to the salaried officials of the courts.

As to the salary, under the plan outlined for district courts, any district having a population of 15,000 or over shall pay the salary of the district judge and county or district attorney. Districts with a population under this amount, the salaries of these officials shall be paid one-half by the State and one-half by the counties composing the district. However, as to how these officials shall be paid, whether by the State or counties, is a mere matter of policy and expediency, and does not affect the principle involved in the plan of organizing these courts.

courts.

The abolition of the county court and county judge leaves the commissioners' court without a head and without a clerk. One of the commissioners can be made president and secretary of the board.

Another reform in the way of officers and offices, and which will result in a large saving, is to combine the offices of assessor and collector of taxes in the same person.

Each county should be divided into five commissioners' precincts, and for each a county commissioner should be elected, who should, by virtue of his office, be the justice of the peace for his precinct.

The county commissioner is the financial

There are 100,000 practicing physicians in the United States, 75 per cent of whom carry and dispense, in whole or in part, their own

popular journals in England, France, Russia, Germany and America, thus evincing a worldwide interest in a project which will undoubtedly do more to affect the lines of commerce and trade centers of the world for the benefit of man than anything proposed during this century.

She Kept the Seat.

New York Sun.

He was reading a novel and his white plug hat rested on the seat beside him. He did not notice the stoppage of the train nor realize that an old lady was searching for a seat. His mind finally drifted off the story to find her snugly ensconced beside him.

"Madame, I had a hat in this seat," he cautiously observed.

"Don't doubt it, sir," she replied, as she disposed of her satchel.

"And you probably sat down on it."

"Shouldn't a bit wonder."

"In which case the hat must be completely

"In which case the hat must be completely

SANGER BROS.

### DETERMINATION TO SUCCEED BRINGS SUCCESS.

We have resolved to show the Finest Stock that money can procure, and promise that you will find with us all the

### NOVELTIES.

We don't make any idle boast, but simply announce a fact that can be demonstrated, when we say that any lady can secure a better selection at our establishment and FINER GOODS for LESS MONEY than anywhere else in the State.

## DRESS GOODS.

The Choicest Novelties in IMPORTED DRESS GOODS are Camels Hair Serge Homespuns, | Plain Colored Bison Cloth, English Hop Sacking,

French Diagonal Bison Cloth, Scotch Cheviot Homespun, Ladies' Cloth Broche Figures, Homespun Diagonal Weave,

All-Wool Tricots, French & American.

### RICH ROBES,

WITH SILK STRIPE AND PLAIN TO MATCH.

### Black and Colored Beaded Cashmere Robes

Now, I hear your civil service reform crank shriek out, "What guaranty has the Our Stock of DOMESTIC DRESS GOODS will also be found extensive and selected with the greatest care.

### SILKS! SILKS!

Black Silks and Colored Gros | Black Brocade Satin, Grain Silks at all prices, Rich Black Armure Silks,

BLACK TRICOTINE.

BL'K PENTER BAYADERE, Moire Silks in Black and Col'd,

Toned Velvet and Plush Striped and Figured Faille to combine. Rich Two-Toned Satin Bro-

Heavy Plain Colored Faille

Francaise Silk, with Two-

Black Satin Rhadame. The Handsomest and finest line of Opera Shades, Brocades and

Plain Silks and Satins ever exhibited in the city.

## VELVETS.

A Steady Rise in Public Favor-An Open Field Black Silk Velvets.

The project of carrying loaded ships over-Colored Silk Velvets,

land between the Atlanticand Pacific Oceans across the Isthmus of Tehuantepec in Mexi-Black and Colored Silk Plushes, co, proposed by Capt. Eads about five years

> Black and Colored Brocade Velvets,

| Rich Novelty Cannele Stripes in Silk and Velvet,

Roman Striped and Fancy Plaid Velvets,

Brocade and Plain Velvets in Opera Shades.

## MILLINERY DEP'T.

### MERIT AND LOW PRICES ALWAYS WIN.

The liberal patronage accorded us by the ladies of this city and vicinity during the past is a substantial mark of appreciation which induces us to renewed efforts this season, and we can truly assert that no such stock of

### MILLINERY,

Comprising Parisian and New York Novelties, has ever been placed on sale in this city.

### DRESS AND CLOAK TRIMMINGS.

Our Trimming Department consists of all the richest and newest designs in Dress and Wrap Trimmings for Fall and Winter wear, consisting of Fringes Moss and Feather Marabouts, Fine Jet Goods, Black Drop Trimmings, Black Fur Trimmings, Black and Colored Jet Laces, Black and Colored Beaded

## CLOAKS:

The newest and latest styles in Newmarkets, Plush Wraps, Raglands, Velvets, Wraps, Plush Sacques and Newmarkets, Misses and Children's Cloaks that ever have been exhibited in this city, and as for prices, to thoroughly appreciate their moderation, ladies should examine the goods we offer and see how much value we really give for how little money.

wrecked."
"It certainly must, and therefore there is no need of my getting up until they call out my station. Please hist up the winder. I allus did like the smell of coal smoke." SANGER BROS.

### STATE SPECIAL SIFTINGS.

Rockwall's Commercial Prosperity and Internal Improvement.

Work of the Criminal Court at Marshall-A Fire and a Norther at Denison—Bar Meeting at Colorado-Business and Other Notes Throughout the State.

### Colorado.

Special to The News.
Colorado, Oct. 3.—At a bar meeting held yesterday, Mr. Sawnie Robertson, of Dallas, was unanimously recommended and undorsed by the Colorado bar for the Subreme Court Judgeship, made vacant by the resignation of Justice West. The Governor was wired the action of the meeting, and a petition was also forwarded to Austin, signed by the lawyers here.

Many freighters are now in town. They are all kept busy hauling posts and wire for fencing the country above here. Several large pastures have been fenced on the staked plains, where a great abundance of

large pastures have been fenced on the staked plains, where a great abundance of water has been easily procured by boring wells from thirty-five to eighty feet deep, and pumping by wind mills.

Twenty-three petit and grand jurors for the Federal Court, at El Paso, go from this and Eastland counties next Sunday. Court convenes Monday, Oct. 5. This is the first term of the Federal Court held at El Paso.

Nearly all of our merchants are getting in immense fall stocks.

John L. Doss left for St. Louis to-day for the purpose of making his fall purchases.

H. H. Shear left yesterday for a four weeks' trip to his old home in Illinois.

J. E. Darlington, a prominent cattle man of Tom Green County, is in the city.

Preliminaries are being rapidly arranged for the organization of a military company.

Freliminaries are being rapidly arranged for the organization of a military company. Major Tom Green, Jr., is one of the chief promotors of the project.

Saltworks and waterworks, two valuable enterprises for Colorado, are nearing com-

Major Penn's meetings still continue; much interest is manifested.

THE DALLAS NEWS gives very general satisfaction, and its forthcoming was eagerly watched for by newspaper readers. The general expression is, "THE NEWS will now be the paper of North and Northwest Texas."

Rockwall.

ROCKWALL, Oct. 3.—Within the last three days there has been sent by wagon roads from this town sixty-nine bales of cotton to Dallas and three to Terrell. Sixteen gins are running in the county and will turn out about 5000 bales this season. There is a large surplus of corn and oats which will be fed to cattle this coming winter. There is in Rockwell County still a large lot of salable stock cattle which speculators did not take last year. This county is small, but it contains about 90,000 acres of rich, black land, sufficiently undulating to be well drained, and to afford beautiful and healthy sites for residences. In town are a hand-some courthouse and a three-story school building nearly finished. The last named, with its mansard roof, porticoes and tower, forms "a thing of beauty" that will be a joy

forms "a thing of beauty" that will be a joy for many years.

The people gladly welcome the appearance of The Dallas News. Its advent excites attentive reflection, for it is known that newspaper men who have been remarkably successful in Texas since 1842 have by this move aimed to supply the growing demands of the State, and there is seen in this move an index pointing to the increasing greatness of North Texas and the approaching grandeur of her principal city.

MEXIA, Oct. 3.—The ladies of the town have decided to give a supper and entertainment next Friday night at the opera house for the benefit of the Soldiers' Home for disabled Confederate soldiers, which it has recently been decided to build and locate at Austin. Mr. Sadler, of Austin, was in the city this week soliciting donations for the cause. The effort is a noble one and attracts the sympathy and support of every true South-erner, and it is hoped will meet with the

To-day has been another busy one with the merchants, the streets being crowded with wagons and people, giving the town the appearance of a circus day.

the appearance of a circus day.

Receipts of cotton to-day 210 bales, making total receipts for the week 1500 bales.

Receipts of new cotton for the season so far have exceeded 5000 bales.

THE DALLAS MORNING NEWS seems to

THE DALLAS MORNING NEWS Seems argive entire satisfaction, and is well received here, meeting with a large demand. Your correspondent finds from inquiry the total number of THE DALLAS MORNING NEWS sold by the newsboys is forty-five. This is exclusive of regular subscribers and what is sold at the news denot. what is sold at the news depot.

Paris.

Paris, Oct. 3.—Capt. W. G. Veal, of Dallas, who is traveling in the interest of the New Orleans Exposition, addressed a meeting of citizens at the court house last night. After addresses by several citizens, the following executive committee was appointed: Dr. W. W. Stell chairman, W. L. Burdett secretary, John T. Henley treasurer, L. A. Cunningham, P. M. Worlick and M. J. Hathaway. It will be the duty of the committee to see that the products of Lamar

County are properly represented at the New Orleans Exposition.

John Alexander, who is charged with a murder in this county thirty-two years ago, has been arrested at Dallas, Ark., and is now in jail here. His father, who did the killing, was sent to the penitentiary for life a few years ago and has since died there.

New entries of race horses are being made daily for the coming races, which begin Oct. 20, and this bids fair to be the most successful meeting ever held in North

uccessful meeting ever held in North Texas.

Over two hundred bales of cotton were in over two hundred bales of cotton were in the cotton were in

Bowie, Oct. 3.—The public schools of Bowie are now open, the attendance numbering something over a hundred in each school. Prof. Allen's school has been so full that the patrons had to bulld another room to the house.

Cotton is coming in now in considerable quantities and finds a ready market at 8.65

to 8.75.

Our District Court meets in Montague next Monday, and will find quite a full docket on hand. Several murder cases are to be tried. Quite a lively little norther struck the town this morning, and a chilly sensation seems to pervade its streets, while clouds of dust almost fill the eyes with sand.

### Eagle Pass.

EAGLE PASS, Oct. 3.—The recent raids in the vicinity of Nava, Mexico, so flooded the country that several hundred head of sheep were drowned.

The Mexican, Algiara, who disappeared mysteriously with Col. Gibbs' horse, saddle and bridle, it is learned, sold the entire outfit at Las Vacas, Mexico, opposite Del Rio, and disappeared.

### Weatherford.

WEATHERFORD, Oct. 3 .- Mr. Henry Jones, a wealthy stockman, who recently purchased Judge Roach's property on South Main street, has moved to town in order that his children may have the benefit of

few days will move with his family to Los Angeles, Cal. Col. Hannon sold his residence property on South Main avenue to Mrs. T. P. Hall, of Wichita Falls, Tex.

Mrs. T. P. Hall, of Wichita Falls, Tex.
County Clerk Wythe issued marriage
licenses to the following persons during the
past week: W. J. Demoville and Samantha
Jones. M. K. Underwood and M. E. Charles,
J. C. Highfield and Z. A. Brazil, Henry
Roberts and Emma Shackleford, G. M.
Buster and M. R. Tulloh, J. M. Williams

Buster and M. R. Tulloh, J. M. Williams and Dora Collins.

H. M. Kidwell and the Porter brothers commenced marking their goods to-day preparatory to entering their new store house soon, constructed by J. H. Milliken & Co., at a cost of over \$16,000. It is one of the handsomest buildings in the city.

Miss Minnie, daughter of Capt. C. W. McGhee, is not expected to live through the night. Miss Minnie is a very intelligent young girl, just budding into womanhood, and her loss would be a great shock to the community.

community.

Miss Briscoe Wells, daughter of Rev. M.
H. Wells, started to Dallas to school this

Midlothian.

MIDLOTHIAN, Oct. 3.—The streets were ammed with wagons of cotton to-day, most of it being that which the brothers of freedom brought back from Waxahachie on account of the unsatisfactory price offered They sold about one hundred and fifty bales here at \$8.57%, an increase of 17% cents over the offer to them at Waxahachie yeserday, and left town well pleased with the

Prof. Works has engaged the services of Mansfield, to take Prof. Works has engaged the services of Miss Minnie Davis, of Mansfield, to take charge of the musical department of the Polytechnic Academy, vice Mrs. Taylor, recently married to Dr. Limborough.

The health of Midlothian has been excellent all summer, but one case of fever having appeared in the person of Mr. H. L. Preston, who is now convalescent.

The denoument of the plans of the Fort Worth and New Orleans Railway Co. is anxiously awaited.

worth and New Orleans Rahwa, Cor-anxiously awaited. Numbers of immigrants are arriving from Illinois, Arkansas, Georgia, and others of the old States and locating.

GAINESVILLE, Oct. 3.—A cold norther is lowing and fears are entertained that we

vill soon have frost. A. Largue, of St. Louis, the venerable President of the Gainesville Gas Co., is

spending a few weeks here. R. J. Worthington, County Attorney, is quite sick.

The following parties have been licensed to marry during the week: G. W. Centre to marry during the week: G. W. Centre to Miss Cora Age; Walter Reagan to Miss Dora Childers; J. D. Vallandingham to Miss C. D. Morris; R. A. Ware to Miss Mattie Nelson; T. S. Moon to Miss M. A. Ridgeway; W. F. Hurly to Miss Samantha Bisbe; W. G. Griffin to Miss Lizzie Nichols.
R. V. Bell is in Austin urging the claims of Hon. W. O. Davis for the Supreme Judgeship.

ship.
J. W. Hughes returned to-day from a trip

West.
Hon. W. O. Davis is attending District Court at Montague.

### Decatur.

DECATUR, Oct. 3.—The weather has been quite cool since midnight last right, and the hardware men have all been busy putting up stoves, making business in their

There was not so much cotton on the market yesterday as the two days previous, and prices were not quite so good. To-day, however, bids fair to be the best we have had this season in the number of bales

handled.

It is said farmers are paying off their land notes and other indebtedness more promptly than heretofore.

One of Decatur's society young ladies, whose mother lives in Dallas, and who is on a visit to her there, it is reported will be married on Wednesday in that city to one of Decatur's most successful business men. There has been so far a greater demand for The Dallas Morning News than could be supplied here.

be supplied here.
The city is crowded to-day and the merchants are enjoying a good trade.

Denison.

Denison, Oct. 3.—A fire this morning destroyed James Perkins' residence and contents. Insurance on house and furniture \$1050, in the German-American Insurance Sparks from the burning building destroyed thirty tons of hay near by, belonging to Barry, a milkman.

overcoats are in demand to-night. The thermometer stands 54.

The ceremony of circumcision will be performed upon Mr. Gabe Burgrower's little on to-morrow morning.

A horse driven by Mrs. Minte Yowman an away this afternoon, injuring her

L. Vaughn, working in Tignor & Masse's carriage factory, had his nose broken and arm hurt while moving a buggy this

The Herald-News will publish to-day's speeches of the different orators in pamphlet form for the Knights of Labor.

### El Paso.

EL Paso, Oct. 3.—Lieut. Davis, the famous oung Indian fighter commanding the scouts in Mexico and the Territory, left El Paso this morning for New York, whither he goes to confer with a wealthy syndicate which offers him a lucrative position in the mining districts. Lieut. Davis is a son of the ex-Governor of Texas and is a native of the State. He is regarded as the most promis-ing young officer on the frontier. A freight brakeman on the Texas Pacific

struck at Toyah to-day, on account of a dispute about work. A delay of five hours to a cattle train was occasioned, but no further inconvenience occurred.

### Plano.

PLANO, Oct. 3.—Cotton receipts to-day, 95 bales; prices paid, 8% to 9 cents.

A cool norther has been blowing all day. making fires comfortable. After to-day the Wells-Fargo Express

will deliver all matter free of charge within the city limits, which is quite a saving and accommodation to the public.

Miss Rosalie Smoot, who has been visiting here some time, departed this morning for

Canton, Mo., her home.

The town has been crowded with farmers to-day and merchants report business good.

THE DALLAS MORNING NEWS is pronounced the brightest and most newsy paper ever published in Texas, and will secure a large subscription in this vicinity.

McKinney.
McKinney, Oct. 3.—A few cases of dengue fever have been reported during the

last three or four days. A slight sprinkling of rain fell this evening, with a cool norther blowing, making fires comfortable. In Justice Court, Rundall Bateman was fined to-day \$5 for disturbing the peace.

Sherman. SHERMAN, Oct. 3.—This morning a fire occurred in the kitchen of A. Jones, on East College street. The roof was partially destroyed. The bucket brigade extinguished the flames before the arrival of the

Bonham.
Bonham, Oct. 8.—Charles Justice, the negro who had his arm torn off at Fisher's gin, is resting easy to-day.

T. H. Flippen's remains will be taken to Terrell, Texas, instead of Prescott, Ark., for burial. His relatives at Terrell telegraphed to-day that they would be here to take care of the body.

The weather is quite cool to-day, and over-

the city schools.

W. H. Hannon, who was at one time a prominent merchant of Weatherford, in a considerable cotton crowd in the city, and considerable cotton for the nobs and one for the common herd.

is being marketed. The dust so-day is very

disagreeable, coming in perfect clouds from the north.

It is hoped we will have the pleasure of eeing one good performance at the operatouse. Bonham people like and will patonize good troupes, but they have had a cood many rather on the second class orer, so a good performance here will delight

Mr. D. J. Evans will leave to-morrow noon for Nashville, Tenn., to be married to Miss Katie Hendershott on Thursday next. They will return to Bonham and make this their home. Success to them.

SAN ANTONIA, Oct. 3.—The death of Col. T. W. Pierce, the president of the Galveston, Harrisburg and San Antonio Railroad Co. at Clifton Springs, N. Y., last night, has created no small degree of surprise among his many friends in this city.

A man named Black, living in the vicinity of the race track, has mysteriously disapappeared. He was last seen in life yesterday evening at 9 o'clock and suspicions of oul play are entertained by his friends. The police are investigating.

Justice Fred Hilderbrandt, who was

Justice Fred Hinderbrandt, who was lodged in jail yesterday, charged with four cases of forgery, has been allowed to vacate the jail on finding a \$4000 bond.

The trial of Justice Max. Nuendorff for renoval from office, owing to alleged mal easance therein, is fixed for Monday if the gnacia Cortez murder trial be concluded.

Ignacia Cortez murder trial be concluded, which is highly improbable.

The proprietors of the Item, Messrs.
Kaunzman, Knully and Devre, were arrested to-day under an indictment of the grand jury for publishing a criminal libel on Alderman J. H. French. They were required to give a \$500 bond each, which they secured beured.
Lieut. Scott, with a detachment of his

rangers, has been ordered to be at the open-ing of the court at Castroville on Monday. This order is believed to be due to the fact that the trial of Sheriff Thumm for the killing of Deputy Marshal Niggle may be attended with some show of feeling on the part of Thumm's friends.

The Ignacia Cortez murder trial is still tained than that already adduced at the nquest.
The following disbursements were made

by the city this morning:
Street Commissioners' Department,
\$1,242 10. Engineers' Department, \$627.16.

Judge Russell and District Attorney Mc-Neal Turner left for Brownsville this morn-ing, where they open court on Monday. Mr. James Downing, special deputy at Cariso, is in the city. He is preparing to go into the pasture business when Baily takes

work at Aransas Pass, reports that the recent cyclone did not damage the jetty much, taking off some top mattresses that were exposed to the breakers. He thinks it will be easy to repair at small cost. Fire department......

anitary department..... lospital.....

### Marshall. MARSHALL, Oct. 3 .- In the District Court

the regular criminal docket was resumed after the Tillery habeas corpus case was disposed of. The case of Mrs. Henry, charged with

complicity in killing her husband, was continued by agreement of counsel. The case of Bob Patton, colored, was

The case of Bob Patton, colored, was continued under bond; also the case of Tom Marshall, colored, charged with murder, was continued by consent.

John Eistell, colored (three cases—two for forgery and one for embezzlement), nol pros in one for forgery and conviction in one, with three years in the penitentiary, and convicted of embezzlement, with two years in the penitentiary.

he penitentiary.

the penitentiary.

Abe Beagum, colored, charge murder, burning his wife to death. pleaded guilty to murder in the second degree, and punishment assessed at ten years in the peniten-Dub Wilson, colored, who has been

glary at this term and given six years in the pen, was cleared on another case.

### Jefferson.

Jefferson, Oct. 3.—Information has been received here of the appointment of B. W. Camp, formerly of this city, District Attorney for the Thirty-fifth Dictrict, vice Hon. Joseph Hutchinson, resigned. Camp is a son of Judge J. L. Camp and is a young man of fine promise. He was elected County Attorney of this (Marion) county, as a Democratic candidate, over an Inde-pendent, which proves his popularity. He held the position of County Attorney until is removal to Brownwood

his removal to Brownwood.

It is currently rumored that a new move in railroad circles is under contemplation and being discussed, which, if carried out, will make Jefferson the city of East Texas.

### Abilene.

ABILENE, Oct. 3.—The deputies who went after the robber who recently held up the stages returned to-night. Nothing was accomplished toward his capture.

A fever similar to dengue is troubling the

natives.

County Court commences Monday. The gamblers are on the ragged edge.
Prospectors are numerous. Several cash sales of land have been made this week.

## HARROLD, Oct. 3.—The curtailment of the

ranger force is a source of general regret there, as the full force that has been stationed here up to this time is still needed.

The weather is quite cool and wintry.
Cattle shipments have been light the past

### THE VACANT JUDGESHIP.

Judge Silas Hare Strongly Indorses Judge Bledsoe for the Vacant Judgeship, but Doubts His Acceptance. Special to The News.

SHERMAN, Oct. 3 .- Numerous letters have been received here on the question of the appointment of Judge Joseph Bledsoe to the vacancy on the Supreme Bench. THE NEWS correspondent sought for the Judge to inquire whether he would accept the appointment if tendered. Not finding Judge Bledsoe, the reporter called on Judge Siias Hare, who for nearly a lifetime was Judge Bledsoe's law partner, who was asked in reference to it, and in reply said: "All I have got to say about it is if Joe Bledsoe will accept, and he is appointed, we will have a Supreme Court that will be second to none in the United States. But," he added, "I do not know that he will accept if tendered the appointment. As president of the City do not know that he will accept it tendered the appointment. As president of the City Bank he is in a position which, while it is not one that he has sought or one that is calculated to exercise and bring into play the remarkable qualities of his well stored mind, yet it is one that suits him and for which he is well fitted, and the probabilities over that he will not execute the health of the second such a lebonious re that he will not accept such a laborious

osition.'' The letters referred to are from promi nent attorneys from different portions of the State, and, singularly enough, the most of them are from South and East Texas.

Lord Lansdowne's official reception at Winnipeg was "boycotted" by many of the residents because evening dress was insisted Premium on Patriotism. NEW YORK, Oct. 3.—Among the men dis- days

FORT WORTH AND DALLAS.

Necessity for a Closer Postal Relation Between Them.

The Fever Line for Texas Cattle - Shocking Death of a Child-Arrest of Currency Defacers-Personal Gossip and General Topics of the Day.

Special to The News. FORT WORTH, Oct. 3.—Your new postmas

ter could make himself very popular, both in Dallas and Fort Worth, and our present or future postmaster may perhaps be persuaded to join him, if he would reform the present mail system between the two places. It takes as long to get a letter from Dallas to Fort Worth, except under a particularly favorable concatenation of fortuitous circumstances as from St. Your correspondent was day shown a letter dated Dallas, Oct. 1, which was not in the letter-box until after the delivery of this morning's mail. There is collateral evidence that the letter was mailed early on the morning of the 2d. Nor is this by any means an isolated case. The tendency of experience is that there is practically only one mail in twentyfour hours between these two important centers only thirty-two miles apart, and with an adequate railroad accommodation for three deliveries except on occasion of delayed trains.

The fault lies, however, with the system and not with the officials.

THE LINE OF DEMARCATION.
Col. Cunningham, the agent of the Bureau of Animal Industry, is here on the Bureau of Animal Industry, is here on the way to draw an imaginary line between healthy and diseased cattle. There has been a prejudiced discrimination against Texas cattle by the wholly unjust application of the name "Texas fever" to a form of disease by no means peculiar to or confined to Texas, as was shown by the committee appointed by Congress to investigate it. It has been determined, however, that the disease follows isothermal or climatic lines, and that will form the base of Col. Cunningand that will form the base of Col. Cunning

ham's plans.

Paralleling generally these lines, the colonel will pay particular attention to the evidences of former exemption from disease and on general principles will avoid malarial districts and sluggish

evidences of former exemption from disease and on general principles will avoid malarial districts and sluggish waters. He starts in his work on Red River at the mouth of Little Wichita, thence goes southwest to the old Fort Griffin trail, thence southwest, with that trail as a general base, to the Rio Grande.

Above the line thus located all cattle, it is expected, may be classified as exempt from imparting the Texas, or as it is elsewhere called, the Spanish or splenic fever. Fortunately the agent selected for this important work has an intelligent appreciation of the responsibilities involved. He supplements a thorough knowledge of the country, the ranchmen and their cattle with a good outfit and an honorable ambition to settle a vexed problem. He will first inspect the cattle around Mobeetic now suffering from the fever and then proceed to his task.

This work has been rendered of prime importance to the western and northern parts of the State, the retrogression in cattle traffic there being entirely due to the alarm created by the fatal disease. Only a month or so ago dispatches were published in the Eastern papers, and of course circulated widely. from Pennsylvania.

or so ago dispatches were published in the Eastern papers, and of course circulated widely, from Pennsylvania, Iowa, and Indiana simultaneously, attributing the disease in their cattle then prevalent to Texan sources. In some instances the damage done to local stock was considerable enough to account for extreme exasperation, but in the only instance where an attempt was made to trace the contagion to its origin it was found that the cattle credited with importing the disease were purchased in Kansas last June, where all reliable clues were lost.

Col, Cunningham is accompanied by Mr. Thomas Gibson, formerly a member of the

Thomas Gibson, formerly a member of the State government of Kentucky.

RAISING THE WIND. I telegraphed you in the "wee sma' hours" of the morning that three men had been arrested for attempting to pass a \$5 bill which had been changed in a bungling way to look like \$50. They are got up to look like cow boys, and claim to hail from Wichita Falls. One of them, Rochester, offered the bill to the barkeeper at the saloon under the Brunswick Hotel, known as the Firemen's Rest. The word and figure five had been erased in all places except in the upper right hand corner, where a nought had been pasted. Marshal Rea was called in and arrested Bechester, whose clumsy attempts at the bill changed to pay for a pint of whisky, and over \$3 in silver in his pocket. They will all be held to await the action of the

federal authorities. A WRECKED FREIGHTER.

Late last night a freight train was derailed a few miles east of Handley. All through trains were delayed, and the line is burdened with delayed freight trains. The westbound train leaving Dallas at 12:15 came in, however, on time, but it was necessary to hold back the 1:30 from here, until the other passed. No lives were lost in the

A DEPLORABLE MISTAKE. The wife and infant daughter of Chief Matkin of the fire department have both been receiving medical attention. Last night, the father, weary and perturbed, administered to the child the medicine inthe deficiency and the methers are the deficient in the deficient was fatal. The child gradually got worse and in spite of every attention died. It was not until too late the awful mistake was discovered.

LAND TRANSFER. The only real estate transfer filed for record this morning was from Lorena E. Barnett to M. C. Wells, one hundred acres in west end of F. S. Perry survey of three hundred and twenty acres, and ten acres out of the west end of a thirty-two acre survey patented to Ellen Beard, all in Tarrant County; considerations \$1960.

THE COURTS. J. January, in the County Court, obtained a verdict against the Finleys for \$75.

A. S. Walker's action against the Texas and Pacific for \$1000 began this morning.

In the District Court, Judge Beckham granted the petition of Charity Turner for divorce from S. B. Turner.

PERSONAL AND GENERAL. The compress received 850 bales this

The colored Knights of Labor will have a grand supper Monday night. Nora Orr, aged four years, and S. M. Robinson, a blacksmith, both had a foot crushed to-day, the latter by a horse he was shoeing, the former by a fall of lumber. The school report for the week shows: Enrollment, 1406; absent, 195; present attendance, 86. Dengue partly accounts for the absentees, but had the attendance been complete it would have reached 1600.

Mr. M. R. Sanguinet leaves to-night for a

Twenty-five carloads of cattle passed through northward this morning. VERDICT FOR DEFENDANT.

In the suit of Peterson against Mollie Cross the jury gave the defendant the land in dispute and awarded plaintiff \$243 taxes THE GUN CLUB SHOOT.

In the pigeon shoot, ten clay pigeons, Netherway, of Dallas, got first money. Brown won the medal for ten out of ten shots at glass balls. SENT TO DALLAS. Marshal Rea sent his three prisoners to Dallas to-night.

spring on account of appropriations run ning low were seven veteran soldiers. The Veterans' Rights Union took the matter up and asked Secretary Whitney if he would not construe the law so that, other things being equal, ex-soldiers and sailors should have preference in the matter of being re tained so long as any force at all was employed. Secretary Whitney has replied that he will cause preference to be given at all times to honorably discharged soldiers and sailors, either for appointment or for retention in office, if equally competent and deserving. The efforts of the Grand Army of the Republic to maintain in this way the premium on patriotism are commendable and will have his co-operation. Upon this letter being shown to the commander of the yard the seven veterans were at once reinstated in their positions. THE NEWS FROM WACO.

charged from the Brooklyn Navy Yard last

A Bosque County Mineral Well Transaction that Worked with Boomerang Perverseness-Campaign for District Judge.

Special to The News. WACO, Oct. 3.-A bold and ingenious swindle has been unearthed in Bosque County by the nimble and watchful postal inspectors of Texas. The operator is a man of sixty-five, and his victim is aged seventy three years. Both were residents of Meridian until quite recently. The mineral wells on the property of R. A. Avirett, near that town, having gained some local notoriety, the wells were leased for a period of ten months by parties who subsequently formed a joint stock company to boom the wells. The company was formally organized in 1883, with Philip Howard as president and H. M. Dillard as secretary. Howard had the money and Dillard the experience. Some money was expended in improvements and advertising to little effect. The medicinal properties of the waters were good, but patrons were few and far between. The stock of the company steadily depreciated in value. This state of affairs sharpened the wits of the secretary. In casting about for town, having gained some local notoriety. alue. This state of affairs sharpened twits of the secretary. In casting about fascheme by which he could dispose of heven shares of stock he adopted the bourtifice which has brought him to grid Having arranged the prerequisites he alressed a formal proposition to Phil Howards, president of the company, for the burchase of the property, offering \$2500 cas The letter was signed by Mr. Russel, M. I and was dated Belton, March 16, 1884, and all appearances was stamped with appearances was stamped with Belton postoffice stamp. The proponing stagested that in the event the present did not wish to sell his interest lid retain one-half interest, valued dent did not wish to sell his interest he could retain one-half interest, valued at \$1250, with the understanding that he, J. M. Russel, M. D., should have the other one-half interest, for which he was willing to pay at the rate of \$60 per share. It was further suggested that if the president did retain one-half interest he would have to add \$1500 toward improving the wells, it being the intention of the company of which he, Russel, was a member, to spend \$5000 on their own account for that purpose. The letter was so worded as to convey the assurance that \$60 would be paid for every share of stock of the Meridian Mineral Wells Company. The letter, written and stamped in Meridian, was delivered by the secretary to the president as though it had come in the mail with other letters. The president fell into the trap. Seeing a margin of \$70 on the stock held by the secretary, he bought his seven shares at \$50 per share, or rather that was the top figure that would have been asked had any one proposed to buy before J. M. Russel, M. D., had come into the market with the flourishing letter. President Howard wrote to J. M. Russel that he was prepared to negotiate with him. A reply, dated Temple March 23, 1883, was received two days after to J. M. Russel that he was prepared to negotiate with him. A reply, dated Temple, March 23, 1883, was received two days afterwards announcing the fact that as there appeared to be some doubt about the title of the Meridian Mineral Wells Co., to the property he would not purchase under any circumstances. This letter, like the Belton letter, was written and stamped at Meridian and handed to the president by the secretary. It now transpires from evidence in the possession of the government that J. M. Russell, M. D., and H. M. Dillard, secretary, are one and the same person, and that the alleged Belton and lemple postoffice stamps are bogus

person, and that the alleged Berton.
Temple postoffice stamps are boostamps, not at all similar to genuine stamps. After disposing his stock H. M. Dillard resigned his stock H. M. Dillard resigned the office of secretary and removed to Haskell County, where he was arrested by Deputy United States Marshal Van Hall, on a charge of misusing the postoffice establishment of the government with intent to swindle Philip Howard, which swindle was accomplished by use of fraudulent postoffice stamps. The prisoner was brought here for commitment and released on bond for appearance before United States Commissioner Finks for preliminary examination. The accused admits that appearances are against him from the standpoint of the Government, but is confident that on judicial investigation facts will be developed which will acquit him of any criminality. The city public free schools for the week show an average attendance of 804 pupils out of an enrollment of 900.

Owing to sickness in his family Dr. B. H.

owing to sickness in his family Dr. B. H. arroll was not able to leave for Lampasas, there the State Baptist Association is now

where the State Baptist Association is now holding sessions.

The probabilities are that Col. Goodrich, of Marlin, will be elected Special District Judge as a compromise candidate, as the competition is sharp between Eugene Williams and J. C. West, of the Waco bar.

The amount contributed for missions and the Buckner Orphans' Home at the recent session of the Baptist Association at Chilton, Falls County, was \$3174. Of this amount the First Baptist Church of Waco contributed \$1000.

mibuted \$1000.

Mayor Wiley Jones and Sanford Johnson, accompanied by their wives, left to-day to attend the St. Louis Exposition. Their chief object is to secure a string of flyers and trotters for the fall races in Waco and Houston. They will visit Chicago and Cincipatifor that purpose.

ouston. They will visit emeage annati for that purpose.
Adolph Stinson is a wiser but sadder an. He drew \$230 in \$10 bills out of the ank this afternoon. The twenty-three bills, after being counted, were rolled up, tied with a ribbon band and carefully placed in the bettom of his pants pocket. Upon leav the bottom of his pants pocket. Upon lea ing the bank he was engaged by two el gant personages in an interesting conve-sation. Immediately thereafter he plung gant personages in an interesting constation. Immediately thereafter he plunged his hand into his pocket, which satisfied him that he was minus the full sum. The suspected party is under surveilance with every prospect of fastening the filching upon him. The wonderous effect of the Sunday ordinance is witnessed by the following list of commercial travelers who are to spend the day here to-morrow: F. M. Miller, W. W. Birch, John H. Woods, C. M. Burcowitz, E. R. Case, Isaac Davis, C. A. Crosby, John A. Wellington, Lee Heubert, R. W. McFerran, N. B. Tichnor, J. C. Comlearn and J. W. Cartwright, of the Live Stock Journal. The gentlemen of immense baggage report business good with healthy orders in hand ready for the mail.

Gay Hill.

GAY HILL, Oct. 3.—Capt. J. H. Holt who was wounded a few days ago, is recovering slowly, but the Doctors so far have failed to

find the bullet.
Cotton is coming in steadily. About 150 bales have been shipped by rail. The crop is satisfactory, and the yield will average about one-third of a bale to the acre.

Moody.

Moony, Oct. 3.—This little town was visited by its first fire night before last. The residence of Mr. Standish was consumed, but fortunately no other damage was done.

Cotton picking is progressing finely. From one-third to one-half bale an acre will be about the yield.

A resident of Reading, Pa., on July 9 in housing wheat accidentally covered up a chicken in the grain. The chicken was taken out on Monday or last week, and was found alive after an imprisonment of seventy-three

### FROM THE STATE CAPITAL

The Supreme Bench Judgeship Appointment Still Hangs Fire.

Intimation that the Voice of the Land Board Reaches the Governor-Applications for Leases-Mr. Gibson's Observa-

NO NEW JUDGE YET.

tions Abroad-Cash-Personal.

AUSTIN, Oct. 3.—The appointment of a successor to Justice West hangs fire. The contest over it grows warm, and it is rumored on the street that no selection will be announced until the appointee is on his way to Tyler to take his seat on the high bench. The Governor keeps his secret, and reporters are in tribulation. It is settled the best backed candidates have been found to be defective material on account of being "offensively partisan" in their opposition to the Land Board.

ARCHITECT MEYERS IN DEMAND. The Capitol commissioners sent a dispatch to Architect Meyers requesting him to come down to Austin and pass upon the proposed changes in construction that have been left open. Meyers is wanted here very sincerely to explain other matters re-lating to alleged defects in his plans. He replied that he would be down in ten days. A dispatch was sent him to come imme-

diately.

APPLICATIONS FOR LEASINGS. The Land Board received applications for leasing seventy-one sections of school land in Oldham and forty-nine sections in Hartley Counties to-day. It appears applica-tions for about half a million acres will come before the board Wednesday. Appli-cations for fifty-six actual settlers for about 640 acres each were received to-day. The land is represented as agricultural.

UP AND DOWN. Tax rolls received to-day show an increase of \$500,000 in taxable values of Kauffman, and \$284,000 in Dallas counties and a decrease of \$47,000 in Houston County.

MR. GIBSON'S OBSERVATIONS ABROAD. Hon. Charles Gibson has returned from a meeting of the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows at St. Louis, and a visit to Washington City and other points. He met the President and, not wanting office, studied him disinterestedly with the result of increasing respect for him physically and otherwise. Mr. Gibson found that the contest for the Austin postmastership had been warm, with the probable result of postponing the appointment until the term of Col. Degress expires.

### CHARTERED. Syoboda Literary Society of Lagrange. A MISSING KNOB.

Last night a knob of a door to a small nouse in which a number of negro women and children were sleeping was broken off by some one attempting to enter the place. A colored man had, about dark, followed a young girl to the house and shortly afterward attempted to open the door, but went off when the inmates threatened to shoot. This morning the knob of the door is missing.

revenue account on Monday. Warrants drawn yesterday and to-day more than cover the cash balance, but have not been pre-

The Comptroller will deposit \$25,000 to the

PERSONAL. Mr. T. W. Folts and family have returned from Waukesha, Wis.

GLENN DRUMMER CAPTURED. Glenn Drummer, the negro who is accused of doing the shooting last night, was captured on a farm eight miles from town this evening by Sheriff Hernsby. Drummer claims that he has not been in town for two weeks. The officers are well pleased at having him behind the bars, as they have some other serious charges to make against him, and have been after him for some time. Glover's wound does not amount to anything, as the ball only went flesh deep along his temple.

TRIAL OF JAMES H. MILLIKEN. A Jury of Hood County Citizens Fail to Agree. The Prisoner is Granted Bail, Makes

Bond and is Released.

Special to The News. WEATHERFORD, Oct. 8 .- Reports brought from Granbury last night were to the effect that the Milliken trial was nearing conclusion. The evidence was all in and Judge Harcourt opened the argument for the prosecution, followed by Hon. S. W. T. Lanham for the defense. There are about twelve lawyers concerned in the case—four for the prosecution and eight for the defense. The witnesses have been discharged.

LATER-A HUNG JURY. The case of the State vs. James H. Milleken was concluded to-day at three o'clock, at Granbury. The Judge gave his charge to the jury at four o'clock yesterday, and they were discharged to-day at three o'clock, the were discharged to-day at three o'clock, the jury standing eight for acquittal and four for a light conviction. Milleken was then admitted to bail by the court in the sum of \$10,000, which bond he filled without leaving the court room for securities, William Hittson, of Palo Pinto County, heading the list. Mr. Hittson is reputed to be worth \$150,000. Then came J. J. Hittson, said to be worth \$500,000. Then Sam H. Milleken, T. R. Milleken, Charles Coon, H. S. Simmons, and others. Milleken's bondsmen, taken together, are rated as worth over \$1,000,000. James Milleken returned home this evening, as did all the attorneys and witnesses in

ing, as did all the attorneys and witnesses in the case.

Cleburne.

introduced by various members.

Special to The News. CLEBURNE, Oct. 3.—The Johnson County Teachers' Association met to-day at the City Hall. Mr. T. A. Paulus, the superintendent of the public schools here, made an interesting address on school discipline. The subject was also discussed by Mr. Irvine, president of the association, and several others. A great many matters relative to the correct management of schools were

Mink Williams, who attempted suicide yesterday, is fully restored. The Cleburne Brass Band, under their new teacher, Mr. C. W. Butts, is beginning

to make excellent music.

The lumber firm of R. B. Godley & Co. is The lumber firm of R. B. Godley & Co. is now known under the title of O. G. Compton, Mr. Godley having withdrawn.

News reached here this morning of the burning, at Grandview, of the cotton gin of Mimms & Harrold. This gin was considered the best in the county. About twenty bales of cotton were consumed.

Cleburne House arrivals: M. E. Springer, C. R. Winthrop, Dallas; W. Clark, Sherman; Jos. Hand, Chas. Badger, John Moses, Morgan; L. Dunlap, St. Louis.

Announcement.

I take pleasure in advising my patrons and the public generally, that I shall within

front to my friends, patrons and the public generally.

Kindly call, examine my stock and purchase if the quality of goods and prices asked are satisfactory.

I. Reinhardt, Agent.

bet in a way they cannot safely do, and to

construe existing bets in defiance of the

precautions which one party has taken in

written contracts? If it is, the legislators

understand more about the insurance busi-

ness and its risks than those who have had

long experience in it. The law in question

does, indeed, seem to make a betting busi-

ness of fire insurance, forbidding an appa-

rently needful precaution, and adding a

moral risk to the material risk, which is all

that the companies desire to insure against

This risk as to fire may be compared with

the risk of suicide in life business. If com-

panies wish to insure against accidents only,

ought the Legislature to step in and say they

shall pay on deaths not accidental? If

companies desire to insure against accidents

and disease, but to except deliberate suicide,

shall government step in and say they shall

pay in all cases? The principle would be

the same and, logically carried out, would

universalize the business, prevent special

kinds of insurance, and prove in fact as

much of an arbitrary interference with pri-

vate judgment and private rights as for a

government to dictate that all sorts of mer-

chandise shall be sold in every store opened

to the public. Nothing seems to be gained

in argument by asserting that insurance is

betting, for thus it comes that the word

betting assumes a wider meaning. The

motive in insurance is to divide certain

losses and pay the cost of managing the

business. There is no betting without a

surance the recipient of the amount of a

policy has lost, and the sum paid to him is

to indemnify him. He had contributed to

indemnify others, and they contributed to

indemnify him. This is called insurance.

To call it betting is to drop a word suitable

to express a rational meaning and to give

to another word a stretched and unstable

meaning It is to avoid making insurance

partake of a character tending to specula

tion in carelessness and not improbable

fraud that the valued policy law is opposed

by insurance experts. The States nearly

all have laws against betting. This may

show that they do not consider that insur-

ance is betting. If it is, then the man who

does not insure bets also. He bets that he

will not be burned out. Insurance is in-

tended to be insurance, and nothing else,

and it is a fit subject for ordinary freedom

of contract, so that it may be special or

general as intelligence and various wants

dictate. The form and conditions are as

much matters for private judgment as the

THE plea for clemency advanced by the

lawyers of ex-Gov. Moses, of South Caro-

lina, in effect that he was a man of such

keen sensibility that his troubles had greatly

impaired his physical health, suggests the

halcyon days of Moses' Governorship, when

he displayed a morbid insensibility to the

rights of man, woman, and child. Moses

THE Associated Press devotes a large

THE advertising idea is strong in the

amounts insured and rate of payment.

motive to gain a clear amount. But in in-

## The Morning News.

A. H. BELO & CO., Publishers.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION. 

 PER COPY...
 \$ 5

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 1 00

 THREE MONTHS...
 3 00

 SIX MONTHS...
 (by mail).
 5 50

 TWELVE MONTHS. (by mail).
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FREE OF POSTAGE TO ALL PARTS OF THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA.

Remit by draft on Dallas, postoffice money-order or registered letter. If sent otherwise we will not be responsible for miscarriage. we will not be responsible for miscarriage.

A. H. BELO & CO., Dallas, Tex.

Specimen copies sent free on application.

ALL PAPERS DISCONTINUED AT THE EX-

PIRATION OF THE TIME PAID FOR.

Look at the printed label on your paper. The date thereon shows when the subscription expires. Forward the money in ample time for renewal, if you desire unbroken files, as we can not always furnish back numbers. Subscribers desiring the address of their paper changed will please state in their communication both the old and new address.

### ADVERTISING RATES.

Daily Edition.
[Classified Advertisements on Fifth Page.]
Phree Lines—Nonpareil—One time, 40c; each additional insertion, 20c; one week, \$1 60; two weeks, \$2 65; three weeks, \$3 55; per month, \$3 90.

month, \$3 90. ix Lines—One time, 80c; each additional insertion, 40c; one week, \$\$ 20; two weeks, \$5 30; three weeks, \$6 70; per month, \$7 80. For additional space, if the advertisement is to be inserted with those that are classified, charge will be made pro rata for excess of space. Advertisements of 7 Lines and Over.

Reading Matter.

Nonpareil measurement, leaded or solid non-pareil or minion solid, double price for space occupied; specified pages, 50 per cent extra.

Weekly Edition,
ADVERTISEMENTS—Per nonpareil line, 14c for first insertion; 10c two or more consecutive in-

first insertion; the two or managements exertions.

READING MATTER—Nonparell measurement—leaded or solid nonparell or minion solid, double price for space occupied.

Weekly advertisements inserted every other week charged at 14c per line each insertion.

No advertisements taken for either edition for a less space than three lines.

Double-column advertisements, in either edition, 25 per cent. additional.

tion, 25 per cent. additional.
SPECIAL POSITIONS—Subject to special con-

Terms strictly in advance, Those having open accounts with us will be rendered bills in Full each month.

Discounts. Contracts running for three months or more are subject to the following discounts, provided the payment of the whole amounts are made in advance:

Three months. 5 per cent off. Six months. 10 per cent off. Nine months. 15 per cent off. Twelve months. 20 per cent off. Branch Offices of the News.

MEW YORK—News and Advertising Agency, F.
A. Abbott, Room 21, United Bank Building, corner Wall street and Broadway.
FORT WORTH—Reportorial and Business Office, 511 Houston street.
WACO—Reportorial and Business Office, 171 South Bourth street.
HOUSTON—Reportorial and Business Office, at the expect to Fitnes building.

HOUSTON—Reportorial and Business Office, at annex to Prince building, Main street, near AUSTIN—Reportorial and Business Office, 810 Austrin-Reportorial and Business Office, San Antonio-Reportorial and Business Office, 88 Soledad street.

THE NEWS is on sale and may be procured at the following stands:
W. S. Roose, Metropolitan Hotel, Washington,

George Ellis, opposite postoffice, New Orleans.

SUNDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1885.

DEMOCRATIC RECORDS AND A

VICIOUS LAND SYSTEM. The esteemed Age, of Houston, unwitfingly helps THE NEWS in the cause of reform in the land administration of Texas when it quotes the Republican paper of San Francisco condemning the management of this property and placing the blame on the Democratic party. The Age introduces the quotation as follows:

No person in Texas believes that the State or the people have been robbed by any State Democratic administration of either land or money. But the Galveston News has been in trated on a gigantic scale; and the enemies of Texas and of the Democratic party pretend to believe the charge, and use it as ammunition furnished by ourselves to fight us with.

THE NEWS has shown from the records of the land offices and from the findings of investigating committees that the people have been robbed. These records were made by Democratic officers and are accepted by THE NEWS as correct and reliable, and the investigating committees were Democratic committees appointed by Democratic Governors and Legislatures. So likewise their presentments are accepted by THE NEWS as correct and reliable. Now. when the Age declares that no such robberies have been perpetrated by any Democratic administration it is evading the issue It has not been contended that a Democratic administration became the robber of the property it held in trust for the schools. and the Age should recall the fact that THE News has particularly insisted that while the losses occurred under Democratic government, those responsible for the protection of the property, though not appearing to have shared in the profits of the plunder, are yet to be held to a rigid official accountability. The records show beyond contradiction that the people of Texas in 1875, through their delegates in constitutional convention, dedicated half the public domain to public schools, and that this domain is exhausted and the public schools have not received by ten or twelve million acres the half of the public domain thus dedicated. The records show that this large loss to the school fund occurred between 1875 and the present date. They show also, as the result of investigations into the manner of sales of the portion of the lands which was saved to the school fund, that frauds covering immense quantitles of these lands have been committed | to the natural risk the new risk caused in the same time. These sales and the records were made under Democratic officers. Probably the people of Texas, so long accustomed to their loose land sys-

in wrong as their servants have been by obsequious personal organs, did not the full force of the accusation receive additional momentum from outside criticism. Granting that no Democratic official has received personal advantage-a concession which it is a pleasure to make, as there is no positive evidence yet adduced to the contrary—yet the land has been pirated while under a Democratic stewardship. The people have sustained the loss, and are now taxed heavily because of that loss. These are facts which the records disclose. If the Age denies that the robberies have been perpetrated on a gigantic scale after the records have been quoted, that paper simply attacks the authenticity of published reports from government departments and the authenticity of reports of land fraud boards, or it attacks the truth of Democratic officials making the reports. Will the Age deny that recently the frauds under Democratic government became so open and notorious that the Commissoner of the Land Office felt it his bounden duty to suspend the operations of the land system over a large district of country, a land system adopted by a Democratic Legislature and approved by a Democratic Governor; that subsequently he called legislative attention to the frauds; that investigation was thereupon ordered, and that immense frauds were discovered and suits instituted, resulting in

the recovery of considerable quantities of stolen lands? Will the Age deny the correctness of a report of a Democratic commission's investigation showing the fraudulent sale of 700,000 acres in two or three years? Will the Age deny the truth of the present grass commissioners' reports, that similar frauds have been perpetrated in the last two years, and that in violation of law and justice school lands have been held over large districts by the might of the free graziers and in defiance of the State Land Board, too busy with its literary bureau and political campaign to take time to protect the people's interests in their lands? It is deplorable that these wrongs should be condoned, and that the people should be required to submit to them in silence because a Republican newspaper of California or Pennsylvania wants to make capital out of the attempt to expose and correct abuses. If there is no wrong in all this business, will the Age explain why investigations have been so frequently made, and wherein the investigating commissions have been deceived? What grudge have they against Democratic admistration: Certainly it is due to Democrats that the schools of Texas have any landed endowment: it is to their credit that investigations have been ordered, that many fraudulent sales have been annulled, and that ultimately enough lands will be saved to largely support the schools. And it will also be admitted that it is easier to criticise a vicious system than to devise a safe and efficient one. Beyond that, it is deemed quite indubitable that had the Republican party retained its ascendency in Texas up to this time the school lands and school fund would have been shamefully squandered. Still, is it sound policy, is it Democratic, and is it just to the people to deny

is now at home with his record in a convict's cell. amount of space to some party who wants to vouch for President Cleveland's Democracy. The only parties who deny, doubt, or require proof of the President's Jefferthe truth of history, the evidence of Demosonianism are the disappointed officecratic records, and the notorious condition seekers. of land affairs at this time, solely to protect the State Land Board from deserved cen-Yankee mind. While Canon Farrar was sure, because it is composed of Democrats? Roeder, 322 Olive street, St. Louis, Mo.
d. Jett, 802 Olive street, St. Louis, Mo.
lmes Overton, Southern Hotel and Union
ott, St. Louis, Mo.
eorge F. Wharton & Bro., 5 Carondelet
the financial policy, and in the measures for delivering his address on Grant in Westuring on going over for a lecture tour." an efficient school system, by decisive, im-This might be called the ruling passion perative, clear and distinct commands to the Legislature and the government, reforms

reformed the finances and forced constitu-

tional changes. THE NEWS was met, as it

ishing ammunition to the enemy. It had

IS INSURANCE LIKE BETTING?

As there are two sides to every question.

the disputant who fails to present the best

arguments on the opposite side really de-

prives himself of the opportunity to present

his own strongest argument in a way to

secure attention. Whether the best argu-

ments for the valued policy law have yet

been advanced may be doubtful, but

pending the discovery of something

stronger it may be noted that there is a

plea for it on the ground that insurance is

betting. It may be interesting to insur-

ance men and the insured, who are equally

ducted on proper principles, to consider

what there is in such an argument. John

Insurance is betting. You and the company bet whether you will die, be burned out, etc.

In New Hampshire the companies must pay

This is one way of indorsing the New

Hampshire valued policy law, or else it is

an attack upon insurance. If the latter it

prohibit the insurance business or quit at-

tempting to regulate it, otherwise at least

than it may regulate business in general by

holding men to their contracts freely made

and procured without violence or fraud.

Assume that insurance is betting, and that

the State legalizes and supervises betting

with or without consciousness of the nature

of its action; yet the description of the bet

in the statement quoted is open to a grave

objection. The company says in effect

that it does not want to bet so and so in

the terms proposed to be forced upon it.

Must the State come in and say that the

company shall bet thus or not bet at all?

The company says in effect that the man who

they depreciate in value is going to get

sometimes more than their value if they

burn. This requires guarding against. If the

State refuses, it forces the company either

to decline to do business or to add

by a practical overinsurance. The com-

panies steadily hold that agents are

agents of the applicants, and not plenipoten-

interested in having that business con-

sition, of all the organs.

Swinton's paper says:

their bets in full.

strong in death. And sure enough Canon Farrar has come over and is now making a and addresses what is wrong, it will much lecturing tour. more effectively reply to outside criticisms CIVIL service reform, though somewhat than it can do by any attempt to hide the disfigured, is still in the ring. truth. In originating the movements which

TIME makes all things even except the accounts of defaulting cashiers and paynow is, by the charge that it was furnishmasters. Something must be left over for eternity and to supply an argument for the fashion that preceded sheol. not at the start the help, but had the oppo-

Exposures of vice in England are now principally directed against the shepherds. with the Pall Mall Gazette kicking in the eathedral doors. Perhaps there is no part of christendom, as certainly there can be none in Mormondon, that can in naked parade cry "Joseph." The amount of nickel-plated sin behind the scenes in a city of such high moral ideas even as Boston might fill an ordinary Chinese volumne if the curtain could be lifted.

THE idea of Secretary Bayard insisting on redress for wrong committed against American citizens in Mexico is not altogether a new one, although lost sight of for nearly a quarter of a century. Under Republican administration a favorite pastime of the Mexicans consisted in kicking Americans and threatening to march on Washington. This is what Escobedo would do. What Cortina did would fill several large sized graveyards."

A GERMAN professor asserts that piano playing prevents cholera. On this basis we may fairly assume that banjo playing would would imply either that the State should knock smallpox and the minor diseases silly in the first round.

> Dudes are taking to bangs at the present time more seriously than ever. This might lead girls possessed of taste to discard the dude methods in the near future.

> THERE is something good about Levi P. Morton after all. He has nine daughters and all of them are pretty and sensible.

The present Texas road law is a re-enactment of the law which existed in the days of slavery. It was appropriate then, as a planter having slaves had to send his able bodied men to work the roads and he supported the slaves; thus it was a tax in service paid by the proprietors. But now gets insurance on goods and has them till | it is often an oppressive tax in service upon free laborers to maintain roads for the benefit of others who use the roads to a greater extent. The farmers over fortyfive years of age own more property and probably run more vehicles than all the rustic population under that age, yet the former, being over the working age, are exempt from this tax. THE NEWS has repeatedly exposed the injustice of the road tiaries to make away with the assets of the law, which is acutely felt by the laborers tem, would never take vigorous steps for companies by collusion or carelessness. Is in the country. It is too much of a tax the protection of their interests, defended it good policy for the State to force them to upon this humble class to be patiently

orne, although for those who have comfortable farms, large or small, there is no better use to which spare time can be put than to make good roads. Such roads made and kept in thorough repair are the greatest saving of time and teams after-

THE Governor of Arkansas has pardoned the two boys who robbed a train on the Iron Mountain road about two years ago. They were very youthful and were born and bred in Arkansas. While the law se verely says that ignorance of law excuses no one, the hardest-hearted executive would be loth to extend the principle to a boy whose only opportunities of knowing anything were limited to the western part of that State. Their ignorance was their luck They probably never heard of registered etters, and hence did not interfere with the Government mails. The opportunity was therefore furnished their kind-hearted Governor to turn them loose again, if reformed, to hunt deer and dig sweet potatoes; if not reformed, to hunt travelers and cut purses. The world will compliment the Governor upon his fine feelings but it is questionable whether it will congratulate him on his judgment. There is no sentiment in the law. According to its mouthpieces on the bench, the young Arkansians were not sent to the penitentiary because of the indignation of the com munity at the crime committed, but that the punishment might serve as a warning to other aspiring Arkansas Cliffords, Duvals, and Robin Hoods, and deter them from the commission of like offenses. The action of the Governor must have the effect of eviscerating the very object of the law. If punishment is to intimidate, pardon is to encourage Those who hold this way will point to our young robber who is now holding daily converse with the stage drivers and passengers on one of the Western lines, and who is rapidly building himself into strong financial condition by such communion. The Arkansas lads had scarcely been welcomed home, with the usual candy pulling and dance, before the Texas lad "took the road." He doubtless feels that the Governor of Texas is as good as the Governor of Arkansas, and has hopes for a piece of tenderness, if he is ever caught. But the advantages he has possessed as a Texan over the Arkansas boys is against him. He knows what is generally in the sacred envelope of a registered letter, and unlike his Arkansas prototype, he has heretofore ignored the gimcracks over money which travelers carry till he has disemboweled the mailsacks. This puts him, if caught, in the hands of an unfeeling and unsentimental government. The law sets no bad example to boys by the pardon of boys. It don't ask if a robber is ten years old or eighty years old. It only inquires if he robbed the mail, and immediately closes the door on his old or young life forever.

Now THAT that they have become Republicans again, are the Mugwumps to be considered a thing of the past, a mere reminiscence as it were?

THE water-proof cloak worn by Jefferson Davis when he was captured at the close of the war is still an issue in Northern politics. By the way issues are still mighty rare articles with the g. o. p. of this great and glorious country. The way in which the States of the South are minding their busi-When the Democratic party of Texas in minster Abbey, a shrewd Yankee present ness is really appalling to the bloody-shirt remarked: "I'll bet that minister's fig- brethren.

> THE Mugwumps can slide down the Democratic hill, but it may not be such an easy task to take the Hill with them.

WHAT if Conkling and Blaine and Thurman and McDonald should meet in the United States Senate again? Wouldn't it look as if the people called a halt on Senatorial decadence?

Honesty in politics pays.—Washington

Since when? And where its dividends when Blaine and Dorsey and Brady and Spencer and Kellogg and Oakes Ames flourished in the national capital.

THE Greenback Convention in Massachusetts was the most harmonious political gathering of the age. There were not enough members present to put in nominatioo two men for the same office.

WHATEVER may be said of Ward, he is not brazen enough to look through the newspapers for articles defending his course.

THE comptroller of the currency has called for a statement of the condition of the National banks on the first of October.

THE Postmaster General announces that the special delivery system will not be operated on Sundays.

THE Carolines dispute has been amicably adjusted. Spain is to remain in peaceable possession of the Yap group and Germany is to be allowed free navigation and the privilege of coaling stations on the islands.

LOGAN'S panegyric on the military character of Grant was made that the world might know that Logan was a warrior.

It is several months before this year is dead, and yet not less than half a dozen of prophets have arisen to tell us of the destruction of the world in 1886. So far, no one is giving away his goods on account of having no further use for them.

THE great Republican party has stooped down and pressed its lips to those of the little Mugwump.

PERHAPS, when the matter is inquired into, it will be found that the pure and good and the spoils-hating independent press of New York was not sufficiently "greased" by the party in power.

THE Prohibitionist may be a Democrat or he may not be a Democrat. But if he were transferred to New York he would be located as a watery-eyed fencerider.

LAFAYETTE LUMPKIN FOSTER declares that there are many local optionists who will be engaged in revising their statesmanship within the coming year. And here we have a most impressive illustration of misery loving company.

BEN BUTLER has a splendid chance of being a second Leonidas by heading the Spartan band of Greenbackers which lately shouted defiance in Massachusetts. His

failure to arise to the emergency can only be attributed to his max or mair. Severa political parties have entwined their fingers n his locks, and it would never do for a Leonidas to be bald headed.

It will be remembered that even as sickly a thing as is the Republican party, it did not immediately give up the ghost when the Independents quit it in New York. It cannot be expected that their desertion of the Democratic party at this time will even give that party a slight headache.

Puck, having gone over to the Republicans again, will now make apologies for its part by putting sufficient clothes on Blaine to cover the tattoo marks.

CLEVELAND'S luck was never better demonstrated than in the failure of Sister Rose's poetry to secure a big run.

SOME curiosity is manifested to see Halstead's subscription to the Grant monument fund.

THE Halstead family are a stubborn set. The old man died an unreconstructed rebel and the son swears he cries not over his let-

THE report of the Texas cotton crop is not taken from the reports made by the correspondents of the papers. The daily papers have a correspondent in every town and he feels as if he were not doing his duty to his home people did he not daily double up on the receipts actually received.

AFTER all it is nothing but a faded Flower.

### STATE PRESS.

What the Papers of Texas are Talking About When State Press came to Texas he brought letters from Vice President R. M. Johnson and his brother, John T., who had been a member of Congress with Houston, but left politics to turn preacher. Houston remarked that it was no disparagement to man to compare him with his brother, but that John T. was the abler one of the Johnsons. So it may be in regard to the sons of the hero of San Jacinto himself. The Laredo Times says:

A. J. Houston, the Captain that impaled Major Gen. Claiborne on his pen, is the ablest of Sam Houston's sons. The mantle of Sam Houston, of Texas, did not fall on the shoulders of Temple Houston, of the Francklyn syndicate, sure pop.

Well Temple is "a pretty smart fellow". Well, Temple is "a pretty smart fellow" anyway, as the man said of Shakspeare.

The El Paso Herald says: J. Martin has gone to Pecos City to manufacture 5000 brick for the Reeves County building.

Add a few more noughts. Five thousand brick are hardly enough for a chimney. The Colorado (Mitchell County) Clipper

The Houston Post thinks Temple Houston The Houston Fost tamks remple Houston has drawn around himself a storm that he has not heard the last of. Just so, but then Temple is as well calculated to stand a storm as any living Texan, and having brought on the storm by the exposure of the iniquitous acts of the soulless Land Board in their class legislation, and proving conclusively that said Board were legislating in the interests of corporations and against in their class legislation, and proving conclusively that said Board were legislating in the interests of corporations and against the interests of the people, he will have the consolation of knowing his cause is a just one, and that the people are with him. Houston expected the attacks of land sharks and Land Board organs, but like his grand old sire, he kew he was on the side of the right. It takes a man of ability and backbone to battle a question where all the moneyed powers of the land are arrayed against him. Such a man is "The Disinherited Knight," Hon. Temple Houston. Up to this time he is master of the field. Not a single charge made by him has been answered. Temple Houston is on the side of the people, and will come out triumphant when the people give their verdict.

The Anson (Tex.) Western is a reasonable

The Anson (Tex.) Western is a reasonable paper and reasons with the people of that

All that we ask of the business men of Anson is a fair patronage, and we will work persistently for the good of the town and county. When you deny the patronage of your local paper you choke off the development of your county. Give that paper the patronage it deserves, and see for yourself

A town that will not support a good local paper should be called a hamlet instead of

The Corsicana Courier says: The people of Texas are not in the slightest influenced by the violent and intemperate abuse intolerant prohibition advocates are neaping upon Coke, Mills and Ross. They have killed prohibition by their ballot and nonor the chiefs who led them on to the glorious victory. Abuse and villification aid no cause, however just or moral.

The San Antonio Lightremarks: Temple Houston does not seem to be so much a chump as some papers supposed he was. He is holding his own in all the land liscussions in which he has taken part, however equivocal his position may be as the alleged agent and defender of a foreign syndicate against the interests of the State.

The Arlington World "imagines that a dumb crank would be really delightful.' He would be a novelty at least. Of late all cranks have been talking and writing at once. They have rivaled the workmen on the tower of Babel, and should, like them, take a long rest. Texas stands at the head of all the States in the number of people who are ready to shoot off their mouths and pens on all occasions, and who seek occasions, not on still hunts, but like a

"The man recovered from the bite; the dog it was that died," in the poem. It is different in El Paso. The Herald reports that a man who was running from a dog in the street at night was shot at and arrested, but the dog was allowed to remain at large. The Calvert Courier says:

badly trained pack that opens before scent-

ing the ground.

The Calveston News gives Hal W. Greer inmerited prominence by devoting the large portion of a column of editorial to one of his screeds.

The Courier forgets that the News is a friend of eccentric people. The man without idiosyncrasies is apt to be overlooked, while the crank gets away with the notori ty. Genius is eccentric, and to be eccentric and egotistical is one of the ways of achieving greatness. It is no merit, but a matter of luck to be born great, and the man who waits for greatness to be thrust upon him often loses his time.

The Brady Sentinel says:

The Disinherited Knight has come off from his onslaught badly wounded but without achieving a victory. The Land Board and Gov. Ireland still exist and not even bear the marks of the gallant knight's lance. Many men lose their opportunities in life by being too previous; of such is the Disinherited Knight.

Badly battered but still in the ring, the

Badly pattered but still in the ring, the Junction City Clipper says:

This edition ends the first year of the publication of this paper. Since the Junction City Clipper was launched on the sea of journalism it has encountered many adverse winds, and has often been endangered by breakers ahead, but determination and perseverence, together with the liberality of the people, have at last enabled our little boat to sail into the harbor of safety.

The labor question is extending It is

The labor question is extending. It is 'sanctum

now complicated with matrimony in Wash ington county. The Brenham Banner says: Monday a party of Poles came to town to celebrate a wedding that was to have taken place between a young couple. She is a good-sized buxom lass; he is a slender and rather sickly young man. On the way to town her friends made fun of her wanting to marry a sickly man, who was unable to work. By the time the party arrived in town she had fully made up her mind not to have him, saying she wanted to marry a large, stout, healthy man, able to work and make a living. It is said the father of the girl offered a party, who is about the girl's ideal of a man, \$100 in cool cash to marry her, but as he was not in the notion of mar. ner, but as he was not in the notion of mar-ying right now the pecuniary considera-tion had no weight.

Nothing mercenary about that young man. All men do not marry for money.

The young men of Denison are not beyond the reach of religious influences. The Her-

ald-News reports a church social and says: The young ladies presiding over the tables, robed in their excelling beauty, were the most telling and effectual advertisement, and no young gentleman would pass and not be drawn into their midst to be at once eated at one of the tables and partake and dd greater weight to the church money box. They talk about second best men at weddings and in fights, but when it comes to cotton markets and newspapers all are best. The Herald-News says:

The Herald-News says:

The Daily Times of Dallas proposes to publish the best afternoon paper in the State. The Fort Worth Mail has a slight intention of doing something of the same sort. We have an afternoon paper here in Denison that makes a claim to being the best afternoon paper in Texas.

Of course they all except the Houston Age and the balance of the evening papers. The veracity of the Presidio County News

is undergoing a terrible strain. The editor nas gone afishing. To get at the true number of fish he takes multiply by two and divide by one hundred.

The Laredo Times adduces commutative evidence as regards the want of ability on the part of women to cast a stone. It sava: When a woman throws a rock, it takes a foreteller of future events to tell what she is going to strike. The Times witnessed an effort of that character, when the woman attempted to hit a dog and struck a man many yards away.

Incidentally this goes to show that there are more men than dogs in Laredo.

The El Paso Herald reports flies in that

city that discount ordinary gad and horse ies. The Herald says:

This is the season of the thoroughbred fly f the bull dog variety. They take hold, old on, and are as difficult to remove as a core in an editorial sanctum.

"He who ascends to mountain tops shall find the loftiest peaks most wrapped in snow" and the outlook chilling, according to Byron, and another poet says that discance from the mountain makes the view most enchanting. A member of the editorial staff of the El Paso Herald corroborates these views. He says:

In company with a party of eight ladies and gentlemen a portion of the Herald fraernity visited that deceptive old wart on he face of mother earth called the El Paso tourstein and her alled the El Paso prime cause of the enchantment, but after the summit was reached, where was the enchantment? Still in the distance, and there it will remain. After we had waded around promiscuously for two or three hours amid clouds, rocks and cacti, eagles, buzzards and rattlesnakes, perspiration and profanity, until our shirt was glued so affectionately and tenaciously to our back that it felt like an Allcock's porous plaster on double duty, and at times stepping so high from one rock to another one that we could

and then again stepping down so low that one leg would point to half-past six and the other at high noon, this amusement began to grow wearisome and monotonous and to wear on our patience, constitution and calf leather; so we left this enchanted mountain, went down by the mesa. We had a monkey and parrot time. and parrot time.

The Texarkana States prints the vote on the question of the county seat of Bowie County. It stands: For Texarkana 2551, Hubbard 1; total, 3678; necessary to elect, 2452; majority for Texarkana, 99.

The San Antonio Express has recovered its wind after the fight over Procrastination avenue, and now exclaims:

Clear the decks for action. We will have pple, and the Mayor can issue a procla-

The apathy and indifference of the people of San Antonio when the the Herald has a big fight on hand, is reprehensible as was that of the people of Huntsville when fat, asthmatic Sam Hay had a bloodless battle with another man about as harmless. After witnessing the combat until both were out of breath, some one gently parted them. As soon as Sam recovered breath enough he gasped out, "You, would, stand, by, all, day, and, see, men, fight, without, trying, to stop, them!" The Express is like the little boys crying, "We have piped and you have not danced; we have mourned and you have not lamented." It must not be discouraged. Continuous drops of water will wear a

The Courier asserts that no city in Texas is making more rapid strides forward than Corsicana.

### THE NEWS IN NORTH TEXAS.

FIRST CLASS IN EVERY RESPECT. Ennis Review.

Ennis Review.

The Dallas Morning News made its appearance on Thursday last. It is, in style and appearance, the counterpart of the Galveston News, "State Press" and all, and is of course, first-class in every respect. The prestige of its namesake by the sea, which it shares from the first, will probably save it the slow and labored approaches to popularity which is usually the lot of a new journal, no matter how ably conducted. BRIMFUL OF NEWS.

The first issue of THE DALLAS MORNING News made its appearance yesterday. It was brimful of news like its sister by the sea, though it did not present as neat an appearance, owing, perhaps, to difficulties naturally incident to the running of a new

SUCCESS FROM THE FIRST. Corsicana Courier.

Corsicana Courier.

The Dallas Morning News, the new venture undertaken by Messrs. A. H. Belo & Co., the proprietors of the Galveston News, made its appearance yesterday (Oct. 1), and the Courier bids it a cordial welcome. That it is ably edited and perfectly gotten up goes without saying, for the men who have charge of the new enterprise are men of true journalistic metal, and they make a paper glitter all over with their excellent work. The "new" appearance of the paper as it came to us will wear off as the machinery settles down to an even and regular stroke. The place of general Associated Press dispatches is most excellently supplied with full State specials, and the new paper teems with news. It glitters like a new constellation in the journalistic heavens and we hope that its radiance may never waver nor decrease. It is a welcome enterprise; it marks another stage in the growing prosperity of the interior of Texas. The Dallas venture is in a measure experimental, but The News has found the field peculiarly adapted to such an enterprise, and success may be expected from the first issue. The Courier makes it welcome to its sancture.

### RAILROAD RUMBLINGS

Heard on the Iron Highways that Center at Dallas.

Brief Sketch of the Late T. W. Pierce-A General Passenger Agent on the Commission Question-Sparks and Spikes-Fish-bars, Flags and Frogs.

A brief telegram to THE MORNING NEWS yesterday contained the announcement that Col. Thomas W. Pierce, president of the Galveston, Harrisburg, and San Antonio Railroad, and one of the directors of the Southern Pacific Railway, died on the evening of the 2d inst. at Clifton Springs, N. Y. The distinguished railroader and capitalist was carried away by appoplexy. His sudden removal from life will be a source of general regret to the business community of the entire State, and particularly to the people of Southern and Western Texas, who have been so deeply indebted to his liberality and enterprise in the construction of ample transportation facilities, which have made their great section populous, wealthy and productive. Anything like a complete sketch of Col. Pierce would involve a history of the State, and there is only space in this column for a brief outline of his remarkable career.

and there is only space in this column for a brief outline of his remarkable career.

Life began for him in Dover, N. H., Aug. 16, 1818. He came of level-headed New England stock, was one of eleven children and inherited from his father and mother the energy, intellect and self-reliance which formed the leading traits of his character. Early placed at school, he quickly developed a taste and capacity for the most difficult studies, mathematics and geography elaming the greatest share of his interest and attention. Not so much a natural student as a practical one, he devoted his time to the collection of statistics at an age when other boys surfeit their minds with light literature. With all this, he was a lovery of poetry, and when not engaged at work on the farm, his books were his companions.

at work on the farm, his books were his companions.

The activity and bent of his mind may be inferred from the fact that at the age of thirteen he was prepared to enter college, the cherished goal of his youthful ambition, but just at that time a change in the circumstances of his father marked out a new channel for his activity. From the age of fifteen to eighteen young Pierce was engaged in the business of his father. Vessels were built and purchased and navigation studied in view of new business, and in all this the sen proved a wise and valuable assistant. He was trusted alone and away from home, and by using the discretion allowed him by his father he made no mistake. At the age of nineteen he was appointed on the staff of the Governor of New Hampshire, and about this time commenced business, in connection with his brother Andrew, at Dover.

In 1843 T. W. Pierce removed to Boston and established the house of Pierce & Bacon. This house soon became one of the most extensive in that city. Its trade extended into the Soothern States, especially into Texas, where it handled cotton, sugar and hides to a large extent. In 1852 a branch house was established at Galveston with the late Gen. E. B. Nichols as its manager. A line of fifteen packet ships was built by the firm and employed in transporting Texas products to the North and to Europe.

Though interested in railroads prior to the war, Col. Pierce's career as a railroad manager in Texas did not assume conspicuous proportion till he purchased the Galveston, Harrisburg and San Antonio Railroad shortly after the close of the war. The road was at that time completed from Harrisburg to Alleytown, on the east bank of the Colorado River. Under the impetus of Col. Pierce's mind and money the iron highway was pushed rapidly westward to San Antonio, its terminus for many years, and in 1880 it was completed through to El Paso and onward to the border of New Mexico to meet and consolidate with the Southern Pacific, building eastward. companions.

The activity and bent of his mind may be

and onward to the border of New Mexico to meet and consolidate with the Southern Pacific, building eastward.

Col. Pierce married in early life a New England girl, whose death soon afterward seems to have made a deep impression on him, for he remained a widower during a creek number of years. About fourteen great number of years. About fourteen years ago he was wedded to Miss Cornelia Cook, of Houston, a niece of Gen. E. B. Nichols, who preceded him to the grave two or three years, leaving two children to or three years, leaving two children to his care. Col. Pierce had no issue by his first wife. Mr. T. W. Pierce, Jr.; his nephew, at present general passenger agent of the Atlantic system of the Southern Pacific Railway, was brought up as his heir, and he will no doubt be munificently remembered in his uncle's will. Col. Pierce's fortune was estimated all the way from \$10,000,000 to \$15,000,000.

A PASSENGER AGENT AT THE BELLOWS. Come into the garden, Maud, With a brickbat and a stone! Here's the hugest cat you ever sawed,

Gnawing a chicken bone!

"I am here with the beast alone"softly sang the Rumbler in the gleaming yesterday "aft," when, as if in response to the

piteous pleading of the tune, the spirituelle form of Capt. Alsdorf Faulkner, general passenger agent of the Central, rapturously glided over the Brussels, and cast its whole-sale shadow across the singer's rosewood

"This is for instance," said the Captain, with an Ophelian giggle, depositing a youthful terrapin on the desk, "and this," he continued, drawing a horny frog from his fob pocket, "is better'n a buckeye to keep off dengue"

dengue."

"I fear thee, general passenger and ticket agent, even when bearing gifts," observed the Rumbler with a suspicious cast of visage. "They tell me you are responsible for that resolution of the Traffic Association abolishing commissions in the ticket business." "I am not," snapped the Captain viciously.

"The general passenger agents referred this matter to the executive committee, and you see by the circular published in Friday's

News they alone are responsible for the action taken."

"By the way," continued the Captain—after a pause for a reply had been allowed to elapse—"by the way, I read your interview this morning with an ex-railroad official and would like to refute one point he attempts to make against the action of the Traffic Association. He would make believe that the abolition of commissions in the State affects immigration. It does not, and this is the reason. Ticket agents in the State are not interested in working up travel to go out of the State as they were when they got commissions from foreign roads. The prohibition applies only to ticket agents in this State. Agents in New York, Chicago, New Orleans and other centers may sell tickets into Texas on commission, and are not subject to the recent circular of the Traffic Association. The commission business had become an unmitigated nuisance, anyhow. The earnings which used to go into the pockets of the ticket agents can now go into the business of the roads and enable them to pay higher salaries to their employes and keep up their running equipments better. To give you an illustration of how this things. ness of the roads and enable them to pay higher salaries to their employes and keep up their running equipments better. To give you an illustration of how this thing is worked, say, for instance, some agents who represents business over roads into New York that have Texas connections, hears of a merchant going East to buy goods. We'll say the price of a first-class ticket to New York is \$40. The ticket agent can go to him and say, "let me buy your ticket for you, and I will put you through for \$37 50." To show the passenger that it's all square the ticket agent may offer to purchase the first class ticket in the passenger's presence. He goes to the local agent of any one of the roads and asks him: "How much for a first class ticket to New York?" mentioning of course that it is to be over the foreign line he is working for. "Forty dollars," answers the local ticket agent. The ticket is purchased and the agent, according to agreement, refunds the passenger \$2 50, making the \$40 ticket cost him in reality only \$37 50. How

does he do it? He gets from the various roads over which the ticket reads five, six,

regat dollars, as the case may be, and of course can afford to give the \$2 50 by way of inducement to business.

"When did this practice of paying commissions start, and what was its origin, Alsdorf?"

"How did you guess my name?" asked the captain, reddening, in a stage whisper. "Never you mind," retorted the Rambler, "don't let my knowledge derail you, or start a hot-box in your constitution. I'll call you "Allsorts" if you don't pull out on time, when I ask you anything."

"Oh, about the practice of paying commissions. That begun away back yonder, longer than I can recollect. I know it was first started by roundabout, long-distance, ramshackle roads, in order to get a share of the business which if travel were in a normal condition would all go over the fastest and most direct routes. Put this down. The worst roads pay the largest commisworst roads pay the largest commis

"Did your line ever pay commissions?"
"It used to in its primitive days, when it was in a wretched condition. Now that it is thoroughly equipped and makes the best time in Texas, we have abolished the commission system."

'How does it work?" "How does it work?"
"Our ticket agents are paid good salaries for their work. In instances where it is justified these shall be raised. They seem to be satisfied with the new order of things. None of them have sent in their resignations since the order to quit taking commissions from foreign roads went forth,

ONLY A TINY LEAFLET.

Inquiring at two of the ticket offices of the Gulf. Colorado and Santa Fe and Missouri Pacific elicited the fact that no specific orders relative to the carrying out of the provisions of circular No. 1 of the Texas Traffice Association has been received from the chiefs of departments. The Rumbler, however, discovered the following tiny leaflet fluttering along through the atmosphere and took it away from the norther's biting breath:

CIRCULAR NO. 16.

CIRCULAR NO. 16.

HOUSTON, Sept. 15, 1885.
TO TICKET AGENTS: Ticket agents of this company are requested to not accept or permit any one to accept for them commissions or remuneration in any form from connecting lines, their agents or representatives, on account of coupon tickets sold after Sept. 15, 1885. If such remuneration is paid or sent to any agent of this line, the agent is requested to send it to this office at once, with information as to when and from whom it was received. Any agent who violates the instructions herein will be promptly dismissed from the service of the company.

Please acknowledge receipt.

A. FAULKNER,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

TURNTABLES. Advices from Chattanooga show that the ate war is still kept up on the Southeastern roads. All the leading lines in that quarer are becoming involved. Tickets to Atlanta have been reduced from \$4 20 to 45

A coach load of German immigrants passed

South yesterday evening over the Houston and Texas Central.

The executive committee of the Southern The executive committee of the Southern Railway and Steamship Association met at Atlanta Thursday, at the office of Commissioner Powers, for the purpose of considering and taking some action on the proposition of the Georgia Pacific Railway to join the association and go into the pool. It will be remembered that at a meeting of the association held in Atlanta a short time ago an effort was made to get the Georgia Pacific Railway to become a member of the association. The Georgia Pacific submitted a proposition stating upon what terms the

roposition stating upon what terms the ine would go in.

There seems to be considerable rivalry There seems to be considerable rivalry among the roads to see which can make the lowest rate from non-competing points to St. Louis on the occasion of the illumination and Veiled Prophets' parade, but up to date the Ohio and Mississippi is ahead. It announces a rate from Vincennes and return at \$1 75, against the regular rate for one way of \$4 90. This gives a ride of 300 miles at a fraction over a half cent per mile.

SIDETRACKED. The ditching of a freight train on the Texas and Pacific yesterday near Arlington caused the incoming passenger a delay of four hours. Nine boxes went off on the right of way, but the locomotive of the freight train held its head up and is all O. K.

NOT REDUCED. TYLER, Oct. 3.—THE NEWS correspondent earns to-day from officers of the Kansas and Gulf Short Line Railway that a special sent from Tyler on the 1st inst., to the effect that this road had agreed to ship Tyler cotton at reduced rates, was erroneous. THE NEWS correspondent gained the information which led to the sending of this special from what he deemed a reliable source.

VISITING THE VEILED PROPHETS. A special sleeper full to overflowing with Dalasites left over the Missouri Pacific last night for St. Louis, to visit the exposition. At 3 p.m. yesterday all but three upper berths had been engaged. The following are

berths had been engaged. The following are among the sleepers:

J. B. Hatch and family, McCarruth and family, J. W. Maroney, E. J. Gannon, C. A. Hotchkiss, George Mellerich, Sydney Smith, E. W. Taber, J. W. Barton, F. P. Holland, Judge A. B. Norton, W. Brunough, W. B. Wells, Rush Barnes. PERSONAL.

George Knight, of the "Van," leaves to-

Rush Barnes, of the Chicago and Alton,

Capt. A Faulkner, general passenger and ticket agent of the Houston and Texas Central, paid the great railroad hub of Texas a flying visit yesterday. He paid a visit to The News building and was delighted at its magnificent display both inside and out. He said: "I like them 'clandestine' lights bully, but think that dynamite machine you run 'em with is too dangersome to health."

GALVESTON'S NEW COLLECTOR. Awaiting the Approval of His Bond-Purchase

of Depot Grounds and Wharf Privilege-Transfer of Union Ticket Agents. Special to The News.

GALVESTON, Oct. 3.-Capt. Chas. C. Sweeney, the newly appointed collector of sustoms at this port, sent on to-day to Washington his official bond in the sum of \$30,000, with Michael W. Shaw, J. Lobit, Geo. Fox, Charles Clarke and Adolph Flake as securities for Mr. Sweeney. He will not assume the duties of the office until the bond is returned approved with the commission, which will be some ten or

the bond is returned approved with the commission, which will be some ten or fifteen days yet.

A deed of transfer was filed to-day by which the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe Railway purchases from the Galveston City Co. three blocks of ground on the east end of the island for a consideration of \$35,000, with all unclaimed ground in front thereof and in front of avenue A and the channel, with perpetual wharf privileges. This purchase, made some time ago, is now consummated with the view on part of the grantee of securing the right of way from the city, and extending its road to the East End along avenue A and building wharves there.

Mr. Archer, formerly ticket agent of the San Antonio, assumed the duties of union ticket agent here to-day for the Texas pool, vice Messrs. Miller and McNamara, transferred to Houston and San Antonio respectively.

Robbed by Masked Men. St. Petersburg, Pa., Oct. 3.—Late last evening six masked men entered the residence of Elias Ritts, Sr., and found Mr. and Mrs. Ritts, both octogenarians, and their servant, all of whom they tied to chairs, and then ransacked the house. An adopted son, Calmidge, returning home was set upon, terribly beaten, and also tied. The desperadoes secured over \$1000 in cash, helped themselves to the contents of the pantry ticket cost him in reality only \$37 50. How | and then departed, leaving no clue.

NOT ANXIOUS TO STRIKE

St. Louis Street Car Forces Prefer Work to War.

Coached by the Knights of Labor, They Demand Only Justice and Propose to Act Conservatively---Belief that a Clash Will be Averted.

Sr. Louis, Oct. 3.—There is very little change in regard to a strike among the street car men. All throughout Thursday night, and up to an early hour this morning, the executive board of the Knights of Labor were kept busy initiating street railroad employes-conductors, drivers, stable men, stable foremen, and others working in any capacity about the stables. The men, as they can be seen and heard talking over matters, feel confident that if a strike should be ordered they would surely win, as the Knights of Labor are behind them, and Knights of Labor are behind them, and whatever they undertake to do success is with them. On the other hand, many want the word "strike" stricken from the speech of their fellowworkmen. The conservative men say they want matters adjusted properly and their grievances set right without being stopped one hour, without it is for meals. On the South St. Louis road the men say that the only complaint they have is that they must have at least fifteen minutes for meals. As it is now they are compelled to dine on their cars and eat as they go along. Yesterday afternoon the executive comdine on their cars and eat as they go along. Yesterday afternoon the executive committee of the Knights of Labor, District Assembly 17, appointed a committee of five men from their order, to be known as the Executive Board. This board will decide on what course to pursue this morning, and four of the board will start out to visit the president of each road, in order to set forth the men's grievance. The other member of the board will remain at the hall to attend the wants of visiting street car men. The question of a strike hinges on the reply of the presidents to-day. This committee will settle things one way or the other.

"If half of the roads accede to the committee's demands and the other half don't, what will be done?" asked a reporter of one of the Executive Board.

of the Executive Board.
"Well, if that should happen to be the case we shall allow all men who get what is asked for to go to work. And all those

coads that will not give us what we ask for And at this a stop was made with the

And at this a stop was made with the words: "You understand."

"But if some of the roads interested would not listen to your committee's demands, will not your committee order a general strike?"

"Now, young man, I am not at all likely to answer that, but you can rest assured that we will get what we ask for, and there will be no strike to get it, either."

### MEN WHO RUN RISKS

The Importance of Water and Its Abundant and Rapid Manipulation.

While individually insurance men may have little or no use for water except for bathing purposes, in a business sense they could not live without it, and they not only desire an abundance of the aqueous fluid but its rapid and successul application by the fire department makes them feel much safer in their risks and lower in their rates. Since the substitution of a paid fire department for the old volunteer organization the feeling of security has been growing among underwriters, and policy holders are realizing the benefit of the change.

A recent letter from Mr. Charles Kahn, chief engineer of the Dallas Fire Department, indicates the best equipped organiza tion in the State. Twenty-two men, all full paid, consisting of one chief, two engineers for steamers, eight drivers and eleven firemen, all ready at a moment's notice to respond to all alarms, constitute the active force. There are two engine houses, and each member is required to sleep in one of them, and all are subject to rules compiled for their governance from rules in force by the Chicago, St. Louis and New York fire departments. The fire apparatus consists of two new steamers, one Ahrens No. 2, and one Silsby No. 2, three hose carriages, one two horse hook and ladder truck, two supply wagons, and three thousand feet of hose, one thousand feet of which are suitable for hydrant pressure. men, all ready at a moment's notice to rehydrant pressure.

Since the establishment of the pay department men and horses have been practicing at the engine houses almost daily and have achieved a remarkable celerity in the matter of harnessing up and getting away from the engine houses.

from the engine houses.

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For the purpose of giving the Board of Underwriters some idea of the proficiency of the fire brigade, a test, arranged for by the water commissioners, was made yesterday evening. Precisely at 5:30 a. m, the alarm was turned on from Linskel's corner. The agreed scene of the imaginary fire was on the corner of Main and Harwood streets, three-quarters of a mile distant, and was reached by the steamers in two minutes and forty-five seconds. Steam was raised and streams of water were playing upon the suppositious conflagration. The total time elapsing between the tap of the bell and the putting out of the fire was just three minutes and thirty-four seconds, a showing which would reflect credit on the oldest departments in the country.

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At the eighth annual meeting of the Asso-

which would reflect credit on the oldest departments in the country.

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At the eighth annual meeting of the Association of Fire Underwriters of Missouri, Kansas and Nebraska, held at Omaha Wednesday, all business was transacted in private. The principal part of the day was given over to the discussion of the abuses of the insurance business and the suggestion of plans for a better understanding between the companies and their patrons. Much dissatisfaction was known to arise from carelessness of agents in assessing rates altogether inadequate on poorly protected buildings, and it was suggested that some action be taken to compel agents to relax their zeal somewhat in soliciting business so as to avoid conflicts between the insurer and the insured. The final adoption of remedies for these and kindred evils was, after much argument, relegated to the executive committe of the association, which is to report at its earliest convenience. At the afternoon session of the association the following officers were elected: President, N. S. Harding, Nebraska City, Neb.; vice president, H. Clay Stuart, Kansas City, Mo.; secretary, W. A. Connary, Fort Scott, Kan.; treasurer, C. H. Clarkson, Topeka, Kan. The closing session of the meeting was held this evening, at which district committees of the association were appointed for each of the three States, as follows: Missouri, fifteen committees of four members each, H. L. Low, of Kansas City, Mo., the retiring secretary of the association, was presented with a gold watch and chain.

Seriously Hurt.
Yesterday morning while Mrs. George Andrews who works over Williams' drug store, was desending the stairs, she stumbled and fell forward, rolling down a dozen steps and inflicting serious internal injuries. She was removed to the drug store, and after restoratives were applied was sent to her home. At a late hour last night she was doing as well as could be expected.

A Resurrected Chinaman.

Sam Sing, a Chinaman, died in Dallas in 1882, and though there have been many Chi-1882, and though there have been many Chinamen living in the city-since that time, Sam is the only one of his kind with whom

the climate didn't agree. His bones have been undisturbed in the cemetery till to-day, when Sam Shing, related to the deceased only by the letter "h" in his name, came to remove him. Undertaker Smith disinterred the defunct Celestial and handed him over to his friend, who shipped him to California from which State he will be taken back to from which State he will be taken back to China. After the grave was filled up, the attending Chinamen placed a torch on the new earth and waited till it burned out. They then placed a few apples and some bread on the grave, that Sam's spirit, which is supposed to have been disinterred with the bones and was hungar from its two the bones and was hungry from its two years' fast, might have a square meal.

### KNIGHTS OF LABOR.

Grand Trades Procession and Barbecue-All Branches of Trades Represented-Five Thousand People at the Park.

Special to The News. DENISON, Oct. 3 .- The weather to-day has been cold and cloudy with a stiff norther blowing all day. At one time it looked like the grand parade of the Knights of Labor would have to be abandoned, as it threatened to rain at every moment.

Long before the procession was to start the streets were crowded with people. At 9:30 a.m. the procession started from Forest Park in the following order:

Marshal of the day. Handsome banner of Knights of Labor,

Band of music. One thousand Knights of Labor, including visiting members, headed by the banner of Local Assembly No. 3690, of Knights of Labor. Handsome float of W. M. Waller & Co.

Handsome float of W. M. Waller & Co., drawn by four horses, representing the Goddess of Liberty.

Large float with forty little girls, with banner, "We are Knights of Labor.

Large satin banner of J. Weisman & Co., carried on the shoulders of six negroes dressed in white coats, black pants and

Float with moving boiler shop with me-

chanics at work.

Float with movable carpenter shop and workmen at work.

Banner of Pellett & Waltz.

Float of stoneyards and masons at work.

Hook and Ladder truck handsomely deco-

Hose carriage, "Little Phil," tastily deco-

Hose carriage, "Little Phil," tastily decorated with flags and evergreens.
Float with gunsmith shop in operation.
Float of Bettes Furniture Co., containing handsome parlor suit and several clerks.
Float of W. A. Hellenback, baker, with a large display of bread.
John Denny, the champion butcher, came next with a float of sausages.
Boldrick's float containing a large display of shoes and a shoemaker at work.
B. N. Carter's two floats handsomely decorated with large display of Anheuser-Busch beer, followed by W. A. LeBaum's float with a fine display of Lemp's beer.
Excelsior Bed Spring Manufacturing Co.'s float.

J. M. Hill's float with a display of tailors goods and sewing machines.

Bierne & Stinson's display of dry goods and notions on a large float.

J. D. Yocum & Co.'s float with a display

J. D. Yocum & Co.'s float with a display of furniture and queensware.
Denison laundry.
Lone Star bakery's float.
F. M. Robinson & Co.'s float, with four horses drawing an immense fire bell.
R. N. Eglis' piano float.
White Elephant sale and feed stable float.
White Elephant sale on carriage, with four white elephants on top of carriage—drawn by two white horses.
G. L. Giersa's float, drawn by four white horses, with string band playing and twenhorses, with string band playing and twen-ty-five little girls singing with banners. Nineteen carriages with Knights of La-

Nineteen carriages with Knights of Labor.

The rear of the procession was brought up by John R. Car's float, containing a load offlumber and big sign of Star lumber yard.

After parading the streets the procession returned to the park, where an immense barbecued dinner was spread, of which about 5000 people partook.

Brooks & Harris, grocers, had a large stand erected at the park, where they furnished all with hot tea and coffee free.

The following gentlemen made addresses:

nished all with hot tea and coffee free.

The following gentlemen made addresses;
J. M. Hill, chairman; J. A. Cox, Denison;
J. W. Stewart, Sherman; J. T. W. Lee,
Austin; W. E. Farmer, Mineola, and Judge
J. A. Jackson, Gainesville. JudgeJackson,
in the course of his remarks, told the
knights that at the next election they should
defeat Sheriff Douglass on account of his
action during the late strike, and if necessary he would come to Grayson County and
assist them in defeating him. That the
laboring men did not protect their interests
in sending railroad men to the Legislature.
He also sat down upon Gov. Ireland on ac-

He also sat down upon Gov. Ireland on account of his action on the lease law. He said that grand success of the Knights of Labor would be achieved at the ballot box next year; that the members of the Farmers' Alliance are also becoming Knights of Labor.

The Knights are very much pleased with the success of their entertainment. Various kinds of amusement have been indulged in during the day at the park and to-night. On account of a norther blowing the Knights have adjourned to Gallagher's hall, where dancing was continued until midnight.

### TEXARKANA TOPICS.

An Insane Stranger from England Held to Hear from Home - An Anti-Terpsichorean Evangelist-Officials Burned in Effigy for "Offensive Partisanship."

Special to The News. TEXARKANA, Oct. 3 .- The stranger, whose name appears to be Douglass L. Dale, residence at Cornwall, England, and who was arrested here some days ago as insane, is still confined in the city calaboose awaiting advices from friends in Europe, who have been notified by the city authorities.

A very interesting and largely attended revival meeting, under the charge of Evangelist Goodbey, of Kentucky, has been in progress the past week at the Methodist Church South. Twenty-nine conversions have already resulted and interest continues. The evangelist has been unsparing in his denunciations of dancing, using the strongest and plainest language in its con-demnation, and as a result has incurred largely the disfavor of the society people of

Advices received from New Boston are to the effect that a night or so ago Mayor Ghio ex-City Attorney O. C. Porter and Col. F. M. Henry, of this city, and Hon. W. W. Dillard of DeKalb, were hung in effigy by the people of the former place who they be the people of DeKalb, were hung in engy by the people of the former place, who were highly indig-nant at the gentlemen named for the active part taken by them in favor of Texarkana as against Boston in the late county seat

### FIRE RECORD.

Lumber Mill Destroyed. Special to The News.

LITTLE ROCK, Oct. 3.—A fire broke out at Cabin Creek Friday morning, destroying the gin and mill of Shapshire & Quinn, 100,000 feet of lumber belonging to the Barnes Lumber Co., and several thousand pounds of seed cotton. The loss is placed at \$20,000 to \$30,000. There was no insurance.

Oliver Thomas & Bro. respectfully invite strangers and others who desire to inspect the city with the view of locating to call at their office, on Poydras street, in rear of Flippen, Adoue & Lobit's bank. They will take pleasure in furnishing conveyance to show their addition and other property, comprising the choicest residence lots in the city.

A little learning is a dangerous thing, it is said, and it is criminal, too, when people are in reach of the creat historical, literary and scientific step. Marris'. and scientific sto

FATAL SHOOTING AFFRAYS

Battle With Winchester Rifles and Six Shooters.

A Farmer Mortally Wounted by a Noted Sporting Man-Bloody Affray With Knives, in Which Two Men are Fatally Wounded, and a Third Seriously Cut.

Special to The News. HENRIETTA, Oct. 3 .- Yesterday about 12 'clock, at Taylor's store, in the northern part of the county, a battle with Winchesters and six-shooters occurred between Wallace and Houston Merchant and David Kyle, in which the latter was killed. Full particulars have not yet been learned The Merchant boys told parties to hav papers gotten out for them and they would come in and give themselves up this morning, which they did, and were brought to town to-day. Wallace Merchant's stables and a lot of hay and grain were set fire to during his absence last night, and were en-tirely consumed, together with a number of calves. A preliminary hearing is set for

TRAGEDY AT TERRELL.

Special to The News. TERRELL, Oct. 3.—Barrett's show has been in to-day, and there has been a great deal of drinking and several difficulties occurred culminating in the shooting, and it is said mortally wounding, of Dave Finlay, a farmor living in the country near here, by Tom Wilson, a noted saloon man and gambler. The Sheriff was present at the time, and is greatly blamed for not preventing the shooting. Wilson is under arrest and Fin-ay is said to be sinking very fast. There is considerable excitement over the affair.

TRIPLE WOUNDING AT HUNTSVILLE, ARK. pecial to The News. LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Oct. 3.—Advices from Huntsville, received this afternoon, say that Joel Whitmore, George Craig and William Iweedy, well known citizens, got into a dis pute about some business transaction Words were followed by blows, when Whitmore drew a large knife and attacked the other two, carving them frightfully. Craig was cut in several places and cannot re cover. Tweedy was also fatally wounded. Whitmore himself was hurt severely. He is represented as being a desperado. Craig is a representative citizen.

TRAGEDY AT ALBANY.

Special to The News. ALBANY, Oct. 3.-J. H. Biggs, saloon keep er, to-night shot and killed R. L. Willman a stationer. A jury of inquest was immediately impaneled and is still in session

Read Our Record for Four Years. my are based on our youth and the care will thich risks are taken. The following tablompiled from official data, covering fo ears, from July 12, 1881, illustrates the ecomy of the benevolent plan as compared hat of old line companies:

Texas Bevint As. \$28 00 \$35 00 \$87 00 156 00 156 00 156 00 16 Line Life.... 105 52 145 84 289 64 \*The Texas Benevolent Association relieve numbers of all lodge duties, an immunit orth, in itself, fifty dollars per annum to an

Benevolent Association, inc

information of the general public, we e number of assessments mode by the orders doing business in Texas during

st year: Benevolent Association. Iterian Mutual.....

d Workmen 

er by their requirements for information apply to

R. B. PARROTT, Manager.

DALLAS, Oct. 1, 1885.

Editor Dallas News.

DEAR SIR:—This is not my advertising time, but not to be missed in the first few issues of your paper from among the advertisers of this city, I beg you to state to your readers that I will celebrate the advent of course or many us by giving specially readers that I will celebrate the advent of your coming among us by giving specially low prices on some of the most staple articles. For instance, I will sell handsomely decorated dinner sets (four different decorations), consisting of 130 pieces, for \$20, which is less than half value; nicely decorated chamber sets at \$3, colored table tumblers at 25 cents per set, and all my lamp goods, silverware, cutlery, house-furnishing goods, etc., at reduced prices. For ten days these special prices will be adhered to by yours, D. Goslin, Manager China Hall, corner Elm and Murphy streets.

Murphy streets. Fine glassware, china, tea and dinner sets, plain china, crockery and lamps of all kinds at Harry Bros.

A merchant doing a large business advertises for a bookkeeper. Harris couldn't get the place—he can't keep his books.

Superior Early Breakfast stoves and ranges, hard and soft coal and wood heating stoves at Harry Bros.

To have your watches and jewelry re-paired go to L. E. Curtis, jeweler, 701 Main paired go to L. street, Dallas.

New goods, low prices, finest stationery, school supplies, Paul F. Erb's, 712 Main st. THE GREAT JEWELRY HOUSE

### OF **KNEPFLY & SON**

WATCHES DIAMOND GOODS.

BRIDAL PRESENTS, BRONZE AND OXIDIZED WARES

The new styles are very attractive. Solid Silverware, Spectacles, Table Cutlery.

MANUFACTURING JEWELERS.

Repairing fine and complicated Watches a specialty. 614 Main St., Dallas, Texas.

MORONEY HARDWARE CO.

DALLAS, TEXAS,

SHELF AND HEAVY HARDWARE. Our line of specialties is large and prices low

Classified Advertisements. REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

THOMSON & DONNAN, AUSTIN, TEXAS,

TENKINS & ROBERTSON,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS, MERIDIAN, BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS.
Write us for Circulars.

O. P. TAYLOR & CO., Real Estate Agents, and sold, taxes paid, special bargains in timber and prairie lands; impred farms for sale or rent. LERCH & LANDRUM,
GENERAL LAND AGENTS,
San Angelo, Tom Green County, Tex

PROFESSIONAL.

EDWARD GRAY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Merchants' Exchange Building, Dallas, Texas.
PHOMPSON & CLINT,
LAWYERS.

Especial attention given to Federal Court practice. 709 Main street, Dallas. FRANK FIELD, Attorney at Law, Dallas, Tex. F Practices in State and U. S. Courts. Special attention to commercial and corporation law.

N. R. MORGAN, Attorney at Law and Notations. Periodic Special Attention to Collections. Meridian, Bosque Co., Tex.

W. T. ROBERTS,
LAWYER AND LAND AGENT,
GAINESVILLE, TEX.,
Has complete abstract of titles to Cooke
County lands. MORGAN, GIBBS & FREEMAN,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW
518 MAIN ST., DALLAS.

Will practice in the State and Federal Courts. REEVES & SPENCE—ATTORNEYS AT-LAW, 604 Main Street, Dallas, Texas.

ROB'T L. BALL.

BALL & BURNEY—

Notary Public.

Attorneys at Law, Colorado, Texas. Special attention given to collections. FOR SALE. COTTON BRANDS, ALPHABETS, AND FIG-ures, Rubber Stamps, Stenoils, etc. FRED A. SMITH, 114 Tremont street, Galveston.

FOR SALE—Pure-bred acclimated Jersey heif-Fers of the finest butter strain; bred to regis-tered bulls, at Rutherglen Stock Farm, Dallag. FOR SALE—3 regist'd A. J. C. C. Jersey bulls; Fehoice butter strains Cohampion of America, Albert Pansey, St. Helier. Geo. W. Jackson, Waco FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for Dallas city property, two lots in the town of Lampasas, each 69x128 feet, favorably located. For further particulars, inquire of J. P. JONES, 930 Main street, Dallas.

FOR SALE—A good, 4-year old buggy horse, Found, an Al driver. Apply to E. J. GAN-NON, American National Bank.

HELP WANTED. WANTED-Help of every kind in demand.
If you want work, or if you want help of any kind, apply to this office. We are constantly placing help in all parts of the State. Intelligence and Employment Office 609 Main street, Dallas.

FISH, OYSTERS, ETC. GALVESTON FISH AND OYSTER COM-PANY. P.O. BOX 13. A. J. MUSGROVE, Galveston, Texas.

B. MARSAN & CO., Galveston, Texas, Wholesale dealers in FISH and OYSTERS, Orders solicited from the country.

GROCERIES, ETC. T. G. TERRY,
Dealer in
Staple and Fancy Groceries, Country Produce,
Nails, Tin and Queensware,
305 Main Street,
DALLAB, TEXAS.

SADDLERY AND LEATHER.

SCHCELKOPF & CO.—Jobbers and Manufacturers, Saddlery, Leather, Shoe Findings. Only Exclusive Wholesale House in the State, Solicit orders from the Trade (Merchants and Manufacturers), only. 830 and 832 Main Street and 813 and 815 Commerce Street, Dallas.

JOHN J. MILLER,
DEALER IN
SADDLERY AND HARNESS,
DAILAS, TEX. ROOMS FOR RENT.

A NICELY-FURNISHED FRONT ROOM TO

FOR RENT. WANTED—To rent a nice cottage with 5 or 6 rooms, good well or cistern water, and convenient to business portion of city. Address Postoffice box 146, or 401 Elm st., front room,

np stairs.

To RENT—Furnished house of 7 rooms to family without children. Central, on street ear line. Owner, wife and child will board if desired. Address with references, "M," Mercury.

MISCELLANEOUS. MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE ASSOCIATION OF America, 240 Broadway, New York. Insures lives at cost. W. H. Gaston, president Dallas Board of Trustees; C. C. Slaughter, treasurer; James Arbuckle, secretary and manager North

BOARD WANTED. WANTED—Furnished room and board for man and wife in a private family, or board-ing convenient to business or ear line. State

Box A., NEWS office. BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS. DAUF F. ERB.

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER, DALLAS, TEX. TEXAS COTTON BOOK, \$2 50 and \$3 50; Texas Cotton-Gin Book, \$2 50; Cotton Man's Hand-Book, \$1 50.

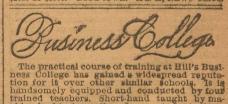
ok, \$1 50. CLARKE & COURTS, Stationers, Printers and Lithographers, Galveston.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE. The undersigned desires to state that he has als day admitted Mr. C. W. Brown as a partner, his FLOAT LINE, and the style of firm will ereafter be MELONE & BROWN. We shall be pleased to receive orders for work in our line, and will guarantee satisfaction and dispatch.

Office with Sinker, Davis & O. Both telephones. [Refer to DALLAS MORNING NEWS.]

Dallas, Oct. 1, 1885.

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS. A reliable tinsmith who understands the store and hardware business wants partner with \$22000 or \$3000. Good town. Ad. K, NEWS office.



rained teachers. Short-hand taught by ma-chine in 2 to 4 months. Seven students from Louisiana this year. Address R. H. HILL, Presi-lent, Waco, Tex. WINDOW GLASS, WALL PAPER. PAINTS, OIL, ETC.

HAMILTON & YOUNG, 826 Eim Street, Dallas. PEACOCK & SHIRLEY.

HOUSE, SIGN, AND DECORATIVE PAINTING

Plain and ornamental Paper Hanging, Glazing, Kalsomining, etc. We guarantee our work to give satisfaction. PRICES REASONABLE. SHOP: 110 MARKET ST., DALLAS,

### IMPRUDENT ADVERTISING.

Jim Holland Makes Some Injudicious Publications.

Indorsements from Texas Friends of a High Order, But Believed to Be Brought Out at the Wrong Time.

St. Louis Republican.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30.—An advertisement alf a column in length and containing inforsements of the respectability of James T. Holland, the Texan now awaiting trial for the murder of Tom Davis, the well known crook, in the latter part of August, was published to-day in a morning paper. Among the indorsements appear certificates of his reputable membership in Abilene Lodge, I. O. O. F., and West Lodge, K. of P., both of the city of Abilene, Tex. A reporter seeking an explanation called on Edmund E Price, the counsel for Holland, who said: "I knew nothing of the adver tisement until it was shown me about five minutes ago. I consider it an injudicious proceeding, and certainly would not have advised any such publication. Mr, Holland must have some very short-sighted friends. It can do no good, and possibly might have a harmful effect. I do not believe his case requires any such outside influence prior to the trial. Under my advice Mr. Holland will say nothing for newspaper publication. We have a good defence, but I do not propose to outline it until the case comes up. Senator Grady, Col. and ex-Senator W. W. K. Makemson, of Georgetown, Tex., and myself are Holland's counsel. I will take you into the counsel's room and let you talk with Holland, but I shall not let him say anything that I do not want in print. Then if you will go to my office I will show testimonials from some of the best citizens of Texas in support of the good character of my client. I have had these testimonials for weeks and have declined to give them to must have some very short-sighted friends my client. I have had these testimonials for weeks and have declined to give them to the press."

HOLLAND INTERVIEWED.

The prisoner looks more like a country school teacher than he does like a murderer The reporter found him closeted with Col Makemson in the council room. Holland was affable but subdued in demeanor. He said he was willing to tell all about the occurrence, but was restrained by his lawyers for his own good.

"The worst feature of the case seems to be that you went into Davis' place to complete a dishonest transaction, and that the killing then occurred," said the reporter.

"But the facts have never been made public, and I cannot give them to you now," was the response. "My character is a matter of record in my native State, and a cloud of witnesses will come here to certify to it when I am put on trial. If I disclose the line of defense I give an opportunity for the prosecution to bring in perjured testimony to my injury. When the proper time comes I will prove that the killing of Tom Davis by me was justifiable."

The impression is general that Holland deliberately killed Davis during a crooked transaction, and that Holland was equally guilty with the murdered man. Prominent people of Texas hold a different opinion, and their views are contained in the subjoined communications, which Counsellor Price furnished. The following letter is from ex-Senator Counsellor William Johnston, of Centerville: lic, and I cannot give them to you now," was

FROM COUNSELLOR JOHNSON. Learning you are retained by James T. Holland as attorney for the defence in the case of the State vs. Holland for the killing of Davis, I take the liberty of addressing you. I have known Mr. Holland since his boyhood and have always regarded him as an honest, con-scientious and law abiding young man. He is so known and regarded here by the entire citizenship of our county. I am fully persuaded zenship of our county. I am fully persuaded Mr. Holland could not have been guilty of the crime of murder as charged in the newspapers, and am fully persuaded he went to New York with honest intentions. I could get the certificates of our entire bar to the excellency of his character. His many friends here, including myself, trust that you will exercise more than ordinary exertions in his behalf. If at any time I can be of service to you in the conduct of of his case at this end of the line, you can command me, and I am certain all the other members of the bar will render any assistance in their power. Yours truly.

W. W. JOHNSON. STATEMENT FROM HIS NEIGHBORS.

County, and acquaintances and friends of Jas. T. Holland, now under arrest in New York, charged with the murder of one Davis, having seen in the public prints. notable in the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, statements calculated to convey to the public the impression that Mr. Holland is a rowdy and drunkard, and having a tendency to prejudice his case and character, beg leave to present the following unsolicited statement: Mr. Holland is not an adventurer or in any way a lawless or mysterious character. He resided in this county from his early youth until after he had attained his majority, and since his removal to Abilene, Taylor County, has returned here on occasional visits to friends and relatives, and we know whereof we speck when

We, the undersigned citizens of Leon

Another letter reads:

to Abilene, Taylor County, has returned here on occasional visits to friends and relatives, and we know whereof we speak when we say there is nothing in his past conduct or life that goes to support the charge that he was preparing to deal in counterfeit money, or to do any other criminal act. He has always been just in his dealings, prompt in meeting his obligations and law-abiding in his conduct. While inclined occasionally to indulge in sport, he rarely used intoxicants to excess, and while a man of cool courage, he was not quarrelsome, and was never, within our knowledge, guilty of an infraction of the law. We can but believe that in taking the life of Davis he was prompted by an honest belief that it was necessary to do so in his own legal self-defence, and for no other reason. Some of the undersigned have had long and intimate acquaintance with Mr. Holland, and have been with him under a variety of circumstances. We never knew him to be guilty of such conduct as he is charged with in the Globe-Democrat, and we are constrained to believe that the reporters of that paper were misinformed or misled; none of the undersigned are related either by blood or marriage to Mr. Holland, and only make this statement in the interest of justice and fairness. Whether or not he has violated the law should be determined alone by the law and evidence, uninfluenced by unjust and incorrect reports and statements. violated the law should be determined alone by the law and evidence, uninfluenced by unjust and incorrect reports and statements. We can but believe from his integrity and truthfulness that his statement of the case is true, and that in the enlightened city of New York he will receive a fair and impar-tial trial, regardless of the place of his res-idence or the State from whence he came. This statement is signed by thirty promi nent people of Leon county, among them be-ing merchants, school principals, tax asses-sors, lawyers, deputy sheriffs, the County Treasurer, County Clerk, County Attorney and District Attorney.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S INDORSEMENT. The communication had the following in-

dorsement:

and District Attorney.

The foregoing statement has been presented to me by the friends of Mr. Holland and I beg leave to add my indorsement thereto, and to say that while claiming no intimate acquaintance with Mr. Holland, I have known him for several years. He has been a guest at my house at social gatherings, and I can cordially testify to his good character while a resident of this county, and since, so far as I know. While I am not fully informed as to all the facts of the case, I am inclined to believe that he has not been guilty of a violation of law, either in act or intent, because his life heretofore as case, I am inclined to believe that he has not been guilty of a violation of law, either in act or intent, because his life heretofore gives no support to such a charge. I believe his statement of the circumstances connected with the killing, and the reason for

the same, to be entitled to faith and credit. His relatives in this county and in other parts of the State are people of the highest character, and he has a large number of friends, who have every confidence in the integrity of his purpose and the innocence of his conduct. To all of which I cheerfully and cordially certify.

NORMAN G. KITTRELL, District Attorney Twelfth Judicial District of Texas.

of Texas.

REGARDED A BAD MOVE. In the New York District Attorney's office the advertisement was also regarded as a very unwise publication. The reporter also conversed with a well-known member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows as to the wisdom of Abilene Lodge issuing such a certificate for publication. He said: "I do not think that the lodge would have given a certificate for any such purpose. It does not look plausible that a reputable lodge would openly indorse one charged with the killing of any person. If one of its members should have been unfortunate its members should have been unfortunate enough to get into any such trouble the other members might try to see that he had proper legal counsel to defend him. If the publication was intended to invoke the sympathy of local Odd Fellows it would have the opposite effect, as the lodge could have better secured that sympathy by a private written communication to the local lodges here. The publication will cause every juryman impaneled on the case to be challenged by the opposing counsel as to his membership in either of the two orders, and all such members will be promptly rejected, although willing to try the case ders, and all such members will be promptly rejected, although willing to try the case on its merits. The publication of the lodge certificate, therefore, will defeat its purpose. If only published as an indorsement of character the object would have been far better accomplished by the members signing a paper in their individual capacities, leaving out all reference to the accused man's connection with any of the secret fraternities."

### WIT AND HUMOR.

Mr. Lincoln's hair was dark and straight, but it used to curl whenever one of Mr. Halstead's letters reached Washington.—

Dr. McCosh is trying to make Princeton a university. His students are trying to make it a circus.—Boston Post.

The man who went for Baltimore's British ions with a hatchet was either an Irishman or an art critic.—Philadelphia Inquirer. Perhaps it would be better for the people of New York to endure the Hill they have than to fly to others that they know not of.—

Courier Journal.

"A lie grows as it travels." A fisher-man's lie is an exception. It is the fish that grows and the lie is cut, basted and sewed to suit the size of the fish.—Boston Courier.

Boston has two celebrities now—John L. Sullivan and the Puritan. The principal difference between them is that the Puritan takes to water and Sullivan doesn't.—Norristown Herald. One of the curiosities of the White Sul-

phur Springs is a poet who wears buttons on his vest which cost \$16 each. He's not a real poet; real poets don't know what vests are.—Rochester Post-Express.

According to the Chicago Herald, New York says "trousers," Boston says "pants," while Chicago calls them "breeches." As "trousers" is English, "pants" Yankee and "breeches" vulgar, it is easy to account for the variety of nomenclature prevailing in the three cities.—Ex.

What is the difference between a base ballist who goes back on his written agreement to play with a nine and the manufacturer who supplies railway companies with patent car-breaks? One is a contract-breaker and the other is a brake-contractor.

"Lay the cat on lightly, please," said the Delaware wife beater to the Sheriff who was about to apply the lash to his back; "lay it on lightly and you will soothe my angry feelings."
"Soother your angry feelings?" said the Sheriff.

Sheriff.

"Yes; a soft tan, sir, turneth away wrath."—Boston Courier,
Hall's Journal of Health says "intense thirst is satiated by wading in water."
Here is an idea theatrical managers should immediately act upon. Let them provide a pool of water in their respective houses of amusement for the benefit of young men whose intense thirst drives them out between the acts. Managers should spare no expense to cater to the wants of their patrons.—Norristown Herald.

Gen. Logan went into his classics in praise

Gen. Logan went into his classics in praise of Grant, and when Logan strikes the classics his foot is on his native heath, as it were. It is related of an old 'squire down East that one training day he was called upon to do honor to the sacred memory of Washington. Having delivered a most Washington. Having delivered a most burning address the 'squire concluded: "There gentlemen, there was a master mind, a purer patriot and a grander general than Heliogabalus or Ichtyosaurus!" Even Lo-gan couldn't do better than that.—Kansas City Times. gan couldn' City Times.

Father Bonomi describes the "False Prophet" as a man of towering stature, with a fat, round face and hard, unqualling eyes—unquestionably a fanatic, honestly believing in his mission to restore the pure Islam. His authority over his adherents was unlimited. He prohibited singing except in honor of the Prophet, and also smoking, and transgressors of these edicts were punished with 100 stripes from a whip of hippopotamus hide. A first theft was punishable with the loss of the right hand and a second with that of the left foot. Father Bonomi says that he saw several of these cruel amputations for petty offenses. The Associated Press is not given to Father Bonomi describes the "False

The Associated Press is not given to humor, but we find a modicum of merriment in the following paragraph: "The President did not say when he would relieve Dr. Gregory of the cares of office, but expressed himself as satisfied with the commissioner's action in tendering his reciprocities." himself as satisfied with the commissioner's action in tendering his resignation." Dr. Gregory is the gentleman whose astonishing system of figuring was published the other day. He is a good man, but in no sense an intellectual giant. A civil service commissioner who will make 35 cents and 60 cents and 30 cents foot up a grand total of \$1 65 ought to hand in his resignation on general principles.—Kansas City Times.

Mr. J. C. Durham, who moved from

principles.—Kansas City Times.

Mr. J. C. Durham, who moved from Leary to Alabama some months since, was in the city Monday and told the following good one: About three months ago, after locating in Alabama, Dinah, his old cook, whom he carried from Leary, approached him and said she wanted to return to her old home. Mr. Durham was surprised at her wishing to return, and on insisting on knowing her reason got the following answer: "Well, Mass Jim, I wants ter 'tend a funeral. I ain't been ter one since I'se been here, and I don't want ter live whar dey have no funerals." Mr. Durham supplied her with a railroad ticket.—Dawson (Ga.) Journal.

### Objected to Paper Collars Alone.

A noted scientist, says the New York Mail and Express, had his entire wardrobe stolen from him last week with the exception of a few paper collars. He had an engagement to call on a yong lady up the Hudson River. He sent the following dis-

"I have had all my clothes stolen except some paper collars. But that fact will not deter me from coming." He received the following telegram in re-

spone.
"If you have nothing but paper collars to wear do not come. I love French art but not French realism."
The author of "Delusions of Accident" said he liked literal transactions, but not to

### Working Both Ways.

St. Joseph Gazette. Sam Jones says many a man thinks he has got religion when it is only liver comWARD HAS A LITTLE LIST.

The "Young Napoleon of Finance" Says He Has Played Scapegoat Long Enough, and That the Blame for His Transactions Will be Placed Where It Belongs.

New York World. According to the statement of Julien T. Davies, receiver of the firm of Grand & Ward, their indebtedness was \$16,000,000. Of this amount \$11,000,000 has been paid, and the balance of \$5,000,000 is popularly supposed to have been absorbed by Ferdinand Ward. But he has prepared a list of twenty-nine names of those who he says received this sum as "profits," and the amount which each has received. He is now considering the advisability of giving the list to the public. He says he will do so-day if he can get the approval of his counsel. For his own part he says he is anxious to explode the bomb at once. He says he is tired of being the scapegoat of the men who were benefited by his colossal "financeer-He complains that he has been condemned because he has not made public the statement prepared by him after the failure. The blame for its suppression he throws upon Receiver Davies.

A World reporter yesterday called upon Receiver Davies, at his office in the Mutual Life Insurance Co.'s new building in Nassau street, and asked him for a copy of

Life Insurance Co.'s new building in Nassau street, and asked him for a copy of this statement. Several similar requests had been denied by the receiver.

"I think that perhaps the time has now come for me to make some explanation, in view of what Mr. Ward has stated," said Mr. Davies. "When I became receiver the books of Grant & Ward were in such a shape that little could be made out of them.

"When Ward was sent to jail he tried to account for the large deficiency. He attempted to show how this sum had been drawn out in profits and to make a statement of the amounts claimed by him to have been received by others as bonuses for discounting the firm's paper. I gave him every facility in my power to do this. In November, I think, he sent a statement to Mr. Johnson, receiver of the Marine Bank, who gave me a copy of it. This has been produced in court, and most of the data contained therein have been made public in the proceedings growing out of the failure. In addition to the names already furnished the public of those who received profits, there are ten or a dozen others not yet published. Some of these gentlemen referred to are dead, none of them are conspicuous in the community and not one holds a public office. I think on the whole it is best not to take the responsibility of going into their accounts. No good could come from it and I do not feel warranted in exposing their private transactions. It is my duty to administer the estate in the best manner possible and I can see no good reason for publishing the names of these gentlemen and their profits. If any good purpose could be served I would not hesitate to do so."

could be served I would not hesitate to do so."

"But Ward declares that the statement entire would show what has become of the \$5,000,000 deficiency."

"The entire profits of the ten or twelve gentlemen referred to did not exceed \$130,000 in the aggregate. That is according to Mr. Ward's own figures. One of the gentlemen received \$40,000 profit on a stock transaction and that is the largest single sum. The greater part of the balance of \$90,000 of so-called profits was in discounting the paper of Grant & Ward. That is all that would be found to be new in the statement if it was published. I do not see how the public interest could be served and the public would certainly be none the wiser or know more about the deficiency."

"Has the whole story of Mayor Grace's transactions with Grant & Ward been told?"

"There was nothing discreditable, illegal or at all unbusinesslike in them so far as I am able to discover. He loaned to the firm sums large and small at different times, both with and without security."

"Efforts are being made to recoaer money elleged to have been paid as profits are

alleged to have been paid as profits, are they not?"
"Yes, I have endeavored to recover every dollar I could for the benefit of the cred-

dollar I could for the benent of the creations."

"Would the publication of the statement in any way interfere with your action?"

"I would rather not express an opinion on the subject. I do not wish to be understood as implying that any of those whose names are kept back received profits to which they are not entitled. In short, I am unwilling to give out the statement because I am not able to verify the accuracy of Ward's figures, and it would be unjust to those concerned to give it out."

'Ward has threatened to make it pub-"Well, that is his affair, not mine." "Would it retard your work or interfere with it if he carried out his threat?" After a moment's hesitation, Mr. Davies answered:

'A lawyer dislikes to answer such gen-

eral questions. Without one being possessed of prescience it is impossible to tell what the effect would be."

The reporter next called upon Mr. John-on, receiver of the defunct Marine Bank. There is Ward's statement," he exclaimed, "There is ward's statement," he excialmed, kicking over a pile of large sheets of brown paper lying on the floor of his office. They were closely written or covered with figures and numbered perhaps 250 or 300 pages. "This statement Ward talks so much about in reality consists of eighteen or twenty schedules and it is hard work to pick anything out of them. It is only by the most dilities of the statement was a solven to be successful. "This statement Ward talks so much about in reality consists of eighteen or twenty schedules and it is hard work to pick anything out of them. It is only by the most diligent work that we can make head or tail out of any of the transactions. It would hardly be the proper thing to publish them as they stand, for injustice would be done to many reputable business men. Let me give you an example of his method. A gentleman discounts a note of the firm for \$10,000, and pays \$8000 for it. The discounter is credited on the books with a profit of \$2000, when in reality he loses all he paid for it. Instead of a profit of \$2000 he has lost \$8000. There are many men and banks who hold Grant & Ward's paper who are ashamed to say anything about it. There is nothing they can receive in payment for it, and they prefer to burn it rather that expose their cupidity. When they purchased the paper they thought they were let into a very good thing, such as are sometimes floating about the street. Ward's books show that they received a profit—the amount paid them for discounting the paper—but Ward took the money realized from the loan and divided it with those who composed the gang. Grant & Ward's paper, indorsed by James D. Fish, was counted to be of the best, and it was bought by men who, now having lost their money, don't care to be held up as laughing stocks. The tone of Ward's utterrances shows what an arrant knave and trickster he is. He tries to include such people as I have referred to as those who shared the gains he divided with his conspirators. I don't believe that Ward is a poor man. A man as smart as he is who had it in his power to decide by a stroke of his pencil just what the share of each member of the gang would be, would see to it that he was not left out in the division of the spoils."

Ward refused to see any of the numerous reporters who called at Ludlow Street Jail yesterday until he was informed that Receiver Davies had denied that the statement contained any information of interest to the public.

"It is no

ment contained any information of interest to the public.

"It is not my desire to throw mud on any one," he said to a World reporter. "But I want the public to understand just what became of that \$5,000,000 and know who received the money. I propose to show where the whole \$5,000,000 went to and the rate of interest paid on each loan. I am willing to assist the creditors of the firm in getting their money. Some of those having claims against Grant & Ward have not proved them. When they are proved I am prepared to testify concerning them."

Ward's attention was called to Receiver Johnson's criticism of his methods, "If I pay you \$2,000 for discounting paper and you afterwards lose it it is a profit all the same," remarked the ex-financier. "I have been accused long enough without having a chance to clear myself and I intend to place the blame where it belongs."

Drawing a sheet of foolscap from his pocket he counted up a list of names and then explained:

"This contains the names of twenty-nine"

"This contains the names of twenty-nine"

on hand. The finest and most popular Beer in the United States.

CHARLES MEISTERHANS, Manager.

STEIRER & HURLEY,

GALVESTON AND HOUSTON, TEX.,

State Agents for the York Safe and Lock Co.'s Fire and Burglar Proof Safes.

Locks, Vault Doors and Jail work. Bagging. Arrow and other Cotton Ties. Alabama Coal, superior for steam and house purpeses.

DODSON & CO.,

Manufacturers of

Rubber Stamps and Stencils,

Brass and Composition Checks, Notarial and Lodge Seals, Etc.

Rubber Type,

912 Elm Street, - Dallas, Texas.

people who received the \$5,000,000. I am going to consult my lawyers and if they think it proper to do so I shall give out the list for publication. I intend to have it settled to-day if possible. It is time I had something to say. This list shows the amount that each one received. I don't mean to say that this represents profits to the individuals to whom it was paid. But it shows what was done with the money that was lost by those who did lose it. I propose eventually to shaw what became of the whole \$5,000,000 and that I did not get it myself."

MUTUAL INSURANCE.

The State Law Affecting Benefit Societies as Repeatedly Interpreted.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

The question of the legitimacy of the socalled charitable and benevolent institutions has recently assumed considerable importance from the fact that the Superintendent of Insurance is making prepara tions to prosecute them. The first company to resist the action of the de-

tions to prosecute them. The first company to resist the action of the department furnishes a three-column article to prove that it is a legally organized body. The sections of law under which this corporation assumes to act, and on which the article dwells at length, are the very ones on which opinions have been given by Judges Thayer, Strother, Gantt, Turner and Black, which at once and unmistakably decide that these companies are not in accordance with the law.

The Commissioner of Insurance calls especial attention to the decision given by Judge Thayer of the St. Louis Circuit Court at the October term of 1882. The case is State exrel. Circuit Attorney vs. Farmers' and Mechanics' Mutual Aid Association. Judge Thayer held that the only question at issue was whether the acts of February 8 and March 8, 1881, concerning charitable and benevolent associations, exempted such associations from the operation of the insurance laws. The opinion reads.

"If the acts of February 8 and March 8, 1881, were framed for the recognition of this class of work as in itself charitable and benevolent, then the respondent is engaged in a lawful business. If, on the other hand, the law makers intend to declare that associations of the kind referred to must be engaged in some other specific charitable or benevolent work for the amelioration of the social, moral or intellectual condition of their members, and that the power to make assessments to pay benefits to members and their families when sickness or death supervenes might be exercised as an incident merely to such other charitable work, then the respondent's operations do not seem to be within the purview of these acts, because the incidental power to provide insurance for members of the association is the only power that the association exercises or attempts to exercise in its corporate capacity.

"After a careful consideration of the matter I am of the opinion that even under

the association is the only power that the association exercises or attempts to exercise in its corporate capacity.

"After a careful consideration of the matter, I am of the opinion that even under the acts of February and March, 1881 the insurance feature which charitable and benevolent associations are authorized to adopt is a mere incident to some other benevolent work in which the association is primarily engaged. In other words, an association can not be formed under this law for the sole purpose of furnishing protection to its members and their families against the risks of sickness or death."

The Superintendent of Insurance is most anxious to exemplify his construction of the law, and is making every effort to obtain a policy which has been filled out and issued by one of those companies, that he may prosecute at once. This, he claims, it is most difficult to do, as the Globe-Democrat article warned them of the action of the department, and gave them an opportunity to cover up their tracks.

There is a negro boy in Marietta who can catch bees, yellow jackets and bumble bees the same as any one else would catch flies, and they do not sting him. He often catches a bee and puts it in his mouth and keeps it there for some time. When he spits it out it flies off. Live yellow jackets put under his clothes crawl around and out at other places without stinging him.

[Established in Dallas in 1876,] FRANCIS FENDRICH.

Manufacturer of and wholesale dealer in

CIGARS and TOBACCO

Also dealer in Merschaum and Briar Pipes, and all kinds of smokers' articles. Imports tobacco for Havana cigars direct from Cuba, and purchases seed leaf in Connecticut and Pennsylvania. Fendrich Brothers are the oldest cigar manufacturers in the United States. With thirty-six years experience we can offer the public finer brands of cigars for less money than are manufactured in New York or elsewhere for the jobbing trade. Attention is invited to our special brands, viz: John's Gems, The Five Brothers, The Invincibles de Cubanas, Flor del Fumas, Big Guns, etc. Give my goods a trial.

FRANCIS FENDRICH. 604 Main Street, Dallas, Texas.

The Genuine and Original

## LUCY HINTON TOBACCO,

T. C. Williams & Co., Richmond, Va. For sale by jobbers generally.

J. A. SLAUGHTER, Ag't

GALVESTON, TEXAS.

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No. 116 South Main st., St. Louis, Mo. 206 and 208 Front st., Memphis, Tenn.

W. J. LEMP'S WESTERN BREWERY ST. LOUIS, MO.

A full line of Keg and Bottled Beer and Ice on hand. The finest and most popular Beer in the United States. CHARLES MEISTERHANS, Manager.

ENGINE AND MACHINE REPAIRS, boiled making and repairing, artesian well tools steam fitting, forging and general job work Boiler iron tubes, rivets, etc. Second-hand progress hellowers.

M. D. GARLINGTON, General Commission Merchant Wholesale dealer in Grain Bags, Fruit and Western Produce.

APPLES A SPECIALTY. 405 BLM ST. DALLIAS TEXAS.

PIANOS.

LEON & H. BLUM.

IMPORTERS OF AND WHOLESALE

DEALERS IN

STAPLE AND FANCY

Dry Goods,

HATS,

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Gents' Furnishing Goods, Notions, Etc.

GALVESTON . . . . TEXAS.

ORGANS.

## FREES & SON

### MUSIC HOUSE

812 and 814 Main St., Dallas, Texas,

HARDMAN. New England, and Frees & Son PIANOS.

NEW ENGLAND AND STANDARD ORGANS.

AND ALL KINDS OF MUSICAL MERCHANDISE,

LAND.

### J. S. DAUGHERTY,

DALLAS, TEXAS,

will give special attention to securing good investments in land for COLONIES, location for Stock Ranches, Pine Lands for Saw Mills and Farming Lands. He will also give special attention to the investment of Texas and Pacific Pailred Company.

### LAND GRANT BONDS

In the Lands of the Company.

RAILROADS

his facilities for assisting purchasers to good bargains are unsurpassed, and he guarantees satisfaction to all parties entrusting him with their business. He is also prepared to furnish on short notice complete abstracts of title of Dallas city and county property.

MURPHY & BOLANZ.

Real Estate and Collecting Agents, Established 1874.

721 Main Street, Dallas, Texas. W. H. PRATHER. A. C. ARDREY.

PRATHER & ARDREY, Real Estate Agents and Collectors. Buy and sell lands and city property, furnish abstracts of titles, render property for taxes, negotiate loans, etc.

741 ELM STREET, DALLAS, TEXAS.

And other first-class Pianos for sale by C. H. EDWARDS. Nos. 733 and 735 Main St., Dallas, Tex. Send for catalogue and prices before buying elsewhere.

THE HOWARD OIL CO

PAY HIGHEST CASH PRICE FOR

Cotton Seed and Seed Cotton

For sale, fresh Cotton Seed Meal and Hulls. BEST FEED

IN THE WORLD for cattle and milch cows, at their Mills in EAST DALLAS.

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Wholesale and retail dealers in

ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER

Shingles, Sash, Doors and Mouldings. Office corner Elm and St. Paul streets.

DALLAS, - TEX

CRUTCHER & HARRISON.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

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Shingles, Sash, Doors, Blinds, Molding, etc.

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DALLAS IRON WORKS.

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J. C. O'CONNOR, CONNOR, M.L. CRAWFORD, President, Vice-President, J. F. O'CONNOR, Cashier.

CITY NATIONAL BANK, DALLAS, TEXAS.

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Corner Elm and Poydras streets, DALLAS, TEXAS.

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SCHOOL SUPPLIES,
BIBLES AND STATIONERY. Gilt-edge poets, from Chaucer to Longfellow, \$1, prepaid. Orders will have prompt attention. W. J. HANCOCK, Jr.,

B. M. Bond & Bro.

Wholesale and retail dealers in

\$75,000 STOCK FURNITURE

Bankrupt Prices.

Good Parlor Suits - \$33. Good Chamber Suits, \$20.

All fine goods in proportion BILLINGTON. 639 and 641 Elm St., Dallas, Tex.

JOHN S. ALDEHOFF. INSURANCE AGENT, DALLAS, TEXAS. Will answer letters of inquiry about Dallas or Texas.

Saddlery, Saddlery Hardware, Leather and Shoe Findings, 718 Elm and 717 and 719 Main Street, Dallas, Tex.

## P. J. WILLIS & BROTHER. COTTON FACTORS,

Importers and wholesale Dealers in

Groceries, Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps and Notions.

Willis Buildings, Strand, Galveston, Tex.

INFORMATION FOR THE TRAVELING PUBLIC

YOUR CHOICE OF ROUTES-TRAVELIVIA THE

Louis (via Texarkana).

It is the most popular route between the East and West.

It is the Short Line to New Orleans and all points in Louisiana, New and Old Mexco, Arizona and California. It is the favorite line to the North, East and

Southeast. It runs elegant Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars through between St. Louis (via Texarkana) and Deming, N. M.; also Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars between Fort Worth and New Orleans without

change. Solid Trains El Paso to St.

It is the great thoroughfare between Central Texas and all points North, East and West It is the only line passing through the beau-

tiful Indian Territory. It runs a line of suburb Pullman Hotel and Sleeping Cars between St. Louis (via Denison, Dallas and Fort Worth) and San Antonio.

It runs double daily trains, making close and sure connections in Union Depots at Kansas City, St. Louis and Hannibal for all points. Solid trains San Antonio to St. Louis (via Fort Worth, Dallas and Denison.

By either of these Lines is but one change of cars to

NEW YORK, BOSTON CHICAGO, CINCINNATI, LOUISVILLE, WASHINGTON,

PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE and Other Principal Cities.

Train for Little Rock, St. Louis and the Southeast and East via T. & P. R'y—"Buffet Car Line"—leaves Dallas 8:40 a. m.

Train for New Orleans via T. & P. R'y leaves Dallas 3:10 p. m.

Train for the West and points in Southwest Texas via T. & P. R'y leaves Dallas 6:45 p. m.

Train for St. Louis and the North, East and West via Mo. Pac. R'y—"Hotel Car Line"—leaves Dallas 10:30 p. m.

Passengers booked to and from all points in Europe via the American Steamship Line, between Philadelphia and Liverpool, and the Red Star Steamship Line, between New York, Philadelphia and Antwerp. For full information or tickets call on

E. P. TURNER, Ticket Agent,
No. 506 Main St., Dallas, Tex.

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Houston, Tex. W. H. NEWMAN, Traffic Manager, B. W. McCULLOUGH, G. P. & T. A., Galveston, Tex.

## TOWN LOT SALE

# PECOS CIT

THE COUNTY SEAT OF REEVES COUNTY, TEXAS,

## THURSDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1885.

is located on the TEXAS AND PACIFIC RAILWAY, where it crosses the Pecos river, 432 miles west of Dallas and 400 miles west of Fort Worth, and 215 miles east of El Paso. It is geographically so situated that it is bound to control the trade up and down the river for hundreds of miles.

### THE VALLEY OF THE PECOS.

That vast territory lying east of the Guadalupe, Davis and other mountains of the Rocky range and west of the Sand hills, extending from Santa Fe, New Mexico, to the Rio Grande, is properly speaking the Valley of the Pecos.

The following figures show the number of cattle, horses and sheep in the Pecos Valley, tribu-

	HORSES.	CATTLE.	SHEEP.
Reeves County	5,000 10,000	75,000 75,000	20,000
Tom Green County	5,000	15,000 50,000 60,000 7,500	50,000 1,500 20,000
Total		272,500	121,500

making a total of 424,000 head of stock. The supplies to care for this stock must be furnished from Pecos City, and the products shipped from that point.

IRRIGATION—Reeves county has a frontage on the Pecos river for 100 miles. Toyah Creek runs through the county for about 40 miles. It is estimated that 275,000 acres can be irrigated in Reeves county alone. There are 10,000 acres in Reeves county and 7500 at Roswell, N. M., now under irrigating ditches. All the cereals, fruits and vegetables are raised to perfection.

That part of Pecos Valley which may be irrigated is from two to eight miles wide, on either side of the river, and embraces almost its entire length. The PECOS VALLEY LAND AND IRRIGATION COMPANY, chartered under the laws of Texas, will open twenty miles of ditches in the near future. The soil of the valley is a sandy loam, from 15 to 20 feet deep. The upland soil is a gray loam, underlined with gypsum and rotten limestone.

WATER—Wells are being dug in Pecos City, and good water is found at a depth of from 15 to 20 feet. The water is impregnated with mineral ingredients, not unpleasant to the taste, and possesses valuable medical properties, being a sure cure for dyspepsia and diseases of the throat.

CLIMATE—The climate of the Pecos Valley is delightful. The winters are mild and free from northers, and the summers are more pleasant than the weather in the Northern States during the same season. The altitude is about 3000 feet above the level of the sea. Bronchitis and catarrh disappear in this climate.

### TERMS OF SALE:

### HALF FARE

Round trip excursion tickets, at one fare, will be sold from all stations in Texas on the Texas and Pacific, International and Great Northern, and Missouri Pacific rallways and leased lines. From St. Louis a rate of \$35 to Pecos City and return has been made. Reduced rates have also been made for this excursion from principal points in Iowa, Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, Tennessee, Kentucky, Georgia and Alabama.

For particulars inquire of the nearest coupon ticket agent. For further information apply to

W. H. ABRAMS, Land Commissioner,

J. A. H. HOSACK, Auctioneer.

Texas and Pacific Railway.

### PRINTERS' FURNISHING HOUSE JONES BROS.,

The only Printers' Supply House in Texas.

914 and 916 Main Street, Dallas. Constantly on hand: Printing Presses, Type of all styles, Paper Cutters, Cases, Racks, Composing and Job Sticks, news, book, flat and cruled Paper of all grades, cut Cards and Cardboards—in fact, everything needed in a printing office.

Prompt Attention to all Mail Orders.

F. G. MOORE, DEALER IN

## Doors, Sash, Blinds,

MOULDINGS, STAIR WORK,

709 Elm Street, Dallas, Texas.

## S. S. FLOYD & CO..

Grain, Provisions, Cotton and Stocks

FOR FUTURE DELIVERY

### COMMERCIAL.

DALLAS. Oct. 3.-The close of the week had some effect, as usual, in lessening the ordinary bulk of trade. The tone of business was good, however, and sales fair for Saturday. Whole sale houses have a larger number of traveling men out than for two or more seasons and their reports are encouraging in most in

A new town on the G., C. & S. F. Rv., called A new town on the G., C. & S. F. Ny., called Goldthwaite, situated in Brown County, sent in its maiden orders to day.

There are no special features to note.

No important changes in quotations.

DALLAS SPOT MARKET.

Cotton closed steady, middling being quoted RECEIPTS TO-DAY. 
 Total
 174

 Receipts to date
 8,830

 Shipments
 207

 Stock on hand
 1,096

### THE GENERAL LOCAL MARKET.

APPLES-Western \$3 50@3 75 \ bbl. AXLE GREASE—600@\$1.

AMMUNITION—Rifle powder \$3 65 \$\psi\$ keg, \$2 25 alf kegs; blasting powder \$2 25 per keg.

BACON—Short clear 71%c, short clear dry alt 71%c, breakfast bacon 93 c.

BAGGING—10%@11%c wholesale car lots, 11@

Carretail

BEESWAX—18@20c. BONES AND HORNS—Bones, clean and dry \$11 Jollwordd on track; horns, fresh and

FLOUR—Dalias \$2 60@3 15, car lots 10c \$\psi\$ 100 lbs less.

GRAIN AND BREADSTUFFS—Wheat 65@75c, Northern rye, none here, Texas 75c@5i; corn near 27@30c, oats in bulk 18@21c; pran, \$\psi\$ cwt, at mills, 75@80c; corn meal, fine bolted, \$\psi\$ cwt, \$1; hominy and grits \$5 \$\psi\$ bl, leed, chopped corn, \$\psi\$ cwt, \$0c; chopped corn and oats, \$\psi\$ cwt, \$1 05; corn bran, \$\psi\$ cwt, \$35; waham four, \$\psi\$ cwt, \$2 5; prairie hay \$5 75@ 15 0\$\psi\$ ton; millet seed, large \$1 20, small \$1. GRAFES—El Paso \$1 50 \$\psi\$ 20 b basket.

HAMS—13 to 15 bbs average 10%@11%c.

HARDWARE—Bar iron \$3, Norway 8c, No. 22 sheet iron 4%c, No. 27 B sheet iron 4%c, Rov. 1%c do 15%c, 20x28 roofing tin \$14 50 \$\psi\$ box, 14x20 and 10x14 bright de \$7.75@8 50. Horseshoes \$5\$ \$\psi\$ rate, Ausable \$4 50 rate. Trace chains, 6%-62 5c. Iron nails \$3 rate, steel nails \$3 25 rate, Axes, standard brand \$6 50@7 50. Barbed wire, oainted 4%c \$\psi\$ b, galvanized 5%c. Box tacks \$1, papers \$2. Tinware, discount 50 per cent. Hames, 2 10op \$3 5, 3 10op \$3 50. Singletrees \$2. Hods 40 50 fc, green 5@6c, green salted \$7%c, for y salted 10c, deerskins 14c, sheepskins, green 30@50 beard; shearlings 15c each, dry

Ac, dry salted 10c, deerskins 14c, sheepskins, in 30\(\tilde{a}\)50c each; shearlings 15c each, dry 66 \(\psi\) b.

RD—Tierces 7\(\psi\)c, 50 \(\psi\) bails 7\(\psi\)c, 20 \(\psi\) bails 7\(\psi\)c, 5 \(\psi\) bails 8c, 3 \(\psi\) bails 8\(\psi\)c.

MONS—Choice \$4 25\(\pi\)4 50 \(\psi\) box.

QUORS—On account of the break in the 1 the prices of alcohol and all cheap goods not be quoted with certainty. Different kets now have different figures on which ase the overs. Brandies, apple \$1 75\(\pi\)3, ch \$2\(\pi\)4, domestic cognac \$1 50\(\pi\)8, imported ndy \$4 50\(\pi\)10. Gin, domestic \$1 50\(\pi\)2, 5, imted \$3 50\(\pi\)7. Whiskies, XX \$1 25, XXX \$1 50, tern \$1 40, rve \$1 50\(\pi\)5 50\(\pi\)5. Kentucky whiskies spring '81 \$2 50, do '82 5. Kentucky whiskies spring '82 are very at an advance of 15c \(\psi\) proof gallon on all ads in the last 30 days. Some brands are anced more than this, none less; '83 and '84 equally as high as '82 on account of the r-production in the crop of '82. Clarets, fornia 70c\(\pi\)\$1, Zinfandell best 90c\(\pi\)\$1 30; orted clarets, \$70\(\pi\)80 \(\psi\) cask; Medoc, quarts \$8, is \$9; California claret, quarts \$1, pints \$51, quarts \$2\(\pi\); G. H. Mumm, pints \$31, rts \$31, quarts \$20; G. H. Mumm, pints \$31, rts \$32, uarts \$30, quarts \$27; dry Verzenay, ts \$30, quarts \$30, quarts \$27; dry Verzenay, ts \$30, quarts \$30, quarts \$27; dry Verzenay, ts \$30, quarts \$36, to lates \$10.

ORANGES—Louisiana \$5 \$\tilde{v}\$ box.

POTATOES—Western, in sacks, 75\(\pi\)80c \$\tilde{v}\$ bu.

POULTRY—Mixed coops of chickens \$2 50\(\pi\)33

Tarkeys 75\(\pi\)81,

RAILTINE \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Layers \$3, London layers \$3 80. SCRAP IRON—Wrought scrap \$7 \tilde{\pi} ton, heavy stings \$10@11, stove plate \$7@8, pig iron totch) No. 1 \$14 50. ALT—Louisiana \$1 95@2 15, Michigan \$2 15@

TIES—\$1 60@1 65 retail, \$1 50 wholesale, car oad lots.

Vegetrables—Good western cabbage, \$2 50@

VEGETABLES—GOOD WESTERN CADDINGS, \$2 00002
2 75 \$\psi\$ crate.

WOOL—Good medium 15@18c, fine 14@18c,
Mexican 11c, burry from 2\pi^5 c less \$\psi\$ b.

LEATHER.

HARNESS—No. 1 oak 38\pi^3 36c \$\psi\$ to according to quality, No. 2 do 31\pi^3 2c. Hemlock, No. 1 32c,
No. 2 50c.

No. 2 30c.
SKIRTING—No. 1 oak 38c, No. 2 36c; hemlock, No. 1 39c, hemlock skirting, oiled, No. 1 34c, No. 2 32c; California 40@43c according to quality.
SOLE—Oak, heavy free of brand 38@33c; do medlum 36@37c; one brand to each side, heavy 36@37c, do medium 34@35c; Buffalo slaughter 30c, good 28c, good damaged 25c.
CALE—French \$1 10@2 \(\psi\) b, American 85c@\$1 50c@\$1.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

сес \$45. Lime—Coopered \$2 \( \psi\) bbl, in bulk \$1 35. Семект—Rosendale \$2 50 \( \psi\) bbl, Louisville \$25, English Portland \$4 75, Michigan plaster 4 50.

4 50.

LATH-Plastering \$3 50 \( \psi \) m.

HATR-Goat 75c \( \psi \) bu.

DOORS-Common \$1 50\( \pi \) saccording to size,

nolded \$4\( \pi \) saccording to finish.

SASH-Common \$1\( \pi \) \( \pi \) pair according to size.

BLINDS-\$1 50\( \pi \) 3 50 \( \pi \) pair.

MOLDING-White pine inch \( \pi \) c \( \pi \) foot.

LOCAL LIVE STOCK MARKET.

NOTE-All sales of stock in this market are made # cwt, live weight, unless otherwise

DESCRIPTION.	Medium.			Good to extra.					
Cattle— Steers Feeders. Cows. Bulls. Veal calves. Milkers, # head. Hogs— Packing and shipping. Light weights. Stock hogs Sheep— Natives. Stockers, # head.	21 1 3 20 3 3 1 2	50@ 00@ 00@ 00@ 50@ 50@	221330 333 2	50 00 25 50 00 75 25 00 25	221330 33 2	500 250 500 000 750 250	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	221435 43 2	75 50 50 00 00 50 50

### COMMERCE AND FINANCE.

NEW YORK DAILY REPORT. Special to The News.

NEW YORK, Oct 3.—Stocks advanced 1/2021/2

per cent on the further short coverings and the belief that yesterday's bear failures would result in a more natural and healthy market. It

sult in a more natural and healthy market. It is not believed Heath, Sutter or Smith will resume, as the failures are bad ones.

Sterling weak.

Wool strong; receipts 150,000 bs spring Texas 212626, receipts 60,000 bs scoured 42650c.

At Boston this week about one-third of the sales have been between dealers.

Hides steady.

Leather active and firmer.

Cotton advanced on covering and better Liverpool and Bombay advices, which were generally favorable.

Sugar &c easier.

Three thousand Houston and Texas Central seconds were sold to-day at 80.

J. M. Brownson left for Victoria to-day.

The death of Col. Pierce causes profound sorrow. Six weeks ago he left here for Clifton Springs, and was reported improving a week ago. When the news came last night that he was dead sorrow took possession of those who knew him. His funeral occurs at Opsfield, Mass., on Monday. He died of apoplexy.

NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

NEW YORK MONEY MARKET. 

### COTTON MARKETS.

GALVESTON, Oct. 3.-This has been the best day for business this week. Country orders are in liberal receipt and there is a full and free movement of freight. Spot cotton is firm today with a strong upward tendency. Locally

shipboard.
GALVESTON SPOT COTTON.
ToneFirm
Sales
Ordinary 7%
Good Ordinary 8%
Low Middling 9 1-16
Middling 9 5-16
Good Middling 9 9-16
Middling Fair 9 13-16
HOUSTON COTTON MARKET.

	Tone.	To-day	Yest'y	To-day
Liverpool				12,000
Galveston			9 5-16	2,450
New Orleans	Firm			2,500
Mobile				500
Savannah	Firm	91/4	9 3-16	2,700
Charleston	Firm	9 5-16	934	600
Wilmington	Firm		9 5-16	
Norfolk	Firm	936		808
Baltimore	Steady			120
New York	Firm	*******		2,000
Boston				
Phil'delphia				
Augusta	Steady		9 1-16	1,122
Memphis	Quiet, steady			
St. Louis				
RECEIPTS	S AT UNITE	STAT	ES PO	RTS.
Galveston				. 4.982
New Orleans				3,057
Savannah			22.00	6,890

U. S. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT. Receipts thus far this week...........
Receipts same time last week........
Receipts same time last year ........ eipts this day.....eipts this day last year..

Excess this day FUTURE MARKETS.

FUTURE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Oct. 3.—Futures opened steady, railed steady, and closed firm. October 9.750, 9.76c, November 9.7509.76c, December 9.6009.81c, January 9.9009.91c, February 10.02010.08c, March 10.14c, April 10.24010.25c, May 10.86010.37c, June 10.46010.47c, July 10.54010.56c, August 10.62010.63c; sales 93.900 bales.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 3.—Futures opened steady, ruled steady, and closed quiet but steady, October 9.2100.23c, November 9.2600.27c, December 9.2409.33c, January 9.4609.47c, February 9.6109.62c, March 9.7609.77c, April 9.9009.92c, May 10.04010.05c, June 10.18010.20c, July 10.31010.83c; sales 31,500 bales.

Liverproot, Oct. 2.—Futures opened, ruled and closed firm. October 5.27d bid, October-November 5.25d, November-December 5.24d bid, December-January 5.25d, January-February 5.27d, February-March 5.28d bid, March-April 5.23d bid, April May 5.35d bid, May-June 5.88d bid.

bid.

HAVRE, Oct. 3.—Spot firm; tres ordinaire, 6634f; low middling, afloat, 6634f; low middling, loading, 6634f. Futures steady; October, 6234f; November, 6334f; December-January, 644f.; February-March, 644f.

### MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH. CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

CHICAGO, Oct. 8.—Telegrams from the Northwest, indicating that receipts here next week would show a material increase, had an easiness in wheat soon after the opening, making the market drop from 57c to 56% 886%c. It received no apparent support from any local

n May, at 28% 2029c. Very little doing in provisions, except toward he close, when the lowest prices of the day vere current.

CLOSING PRICES.
Wheat—S5c for October, 86%c for November, 8%c for December. Corn—41%c for October, 39%c for Nouember, 7%c for the year, 85%c for January, 87%c for

Oats-25% for October, 25% for November, 29 for May.

ST. LOUIS PROVISION MARKET. St. Louis, Oct. 3.—Provisions, as usual on ne last day of the week, are quiet. Pork and ry salted meats are steady; bacon firm for

clear; lard had low bids.

Pork—Standard mess \$9; hard sides \$8 75.

Lard—Refined tierce \$6 75, fancy leaf \$7 50.

Dry Salt Meat—Shoulders \$3 40, longs \$5 40,

clear rib \$5 60, short clear \$5 80, longs \$5 37½,

short clear \$5 7565 85.

Bacon—Shoulders \$3 75, longs \$5 90@5 95@6,

clear ribs \$6 10@6 15, short clear \$6 45@6 50;

hams steady at \$10@11 50; breakfast bacon

steady at \$8@10.

Beef—Family \$10@13.

Salt firm; domestic \$1 05.

Beef-Family \$10@13.
Satt firm; domestic \$1 05.
Flour-Receipts 3176 bbis, shipped 8207 bbis.
Market quiet and steady, trading moderate; family \$8 55@8 65, choice \$8 90@4 00, fancy \$4 35 @4 45, extra fancy \$4 65@4 85, patents \$3@5 35.
Rye flour quiet at \$8 65@8 75. Cornmeal quiet and steady at \$1 90@1 95; pearl meal, gries and hominy \$2 75@8.

ST. LOUIS GRAIN MARKET.

ST. LOUIS GRAIN MARKET.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 3.—Wheat dull and unsettled. Trading was extremely small (about the smallest of the season) as no outside orders were here and the local crowd were not inclined to much. Prices weakened off ½%%c early, in sympathy with declines at other points, showing little change then until after the noon call, when they rallied to the early rates and closed the same as yesterday.

Corn steady and firm but dull.

Oats dull and weaker.

CLOSING PRICES.

Wheat—October 93%c, November 95%c asked, December 97%c, May \$1 08.

Corn—October 38%c bid, May 35%c bid.

Oats—October 28%c bid, November 24%c bid, year 28%c bid.

ST. LOUIS LIVE STOCK MARKET.

ST. LOUIS LIVE STOCK MARKET. ST. LOUIS LIVE STOCK MARKET.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 3.—Hogs—Receipts 1292 head;
market steady but quiet; Yorkers \$4 10@4 20,
butchers' \$4 15@4 25, packers \$5 50@4.
Cattle—Export steers \$5 35@5 50, good to
prime steers \$5@5 30, common to medium \$4 25
@4 75, fair to good Colorado steers \$4 20@4 90,
southwest \$5 50@4 50, light to good stockers
\$2 50@3, fair to good feeders \$3 25@3 50, native
cows and heifers \$3 25@5 50, grass Texans \$2 60
@3 60, grass Indian cattle \$2 75@3 70, native and
Texas bulls \$2@3, scaiawags of any kind \$1 90@
2 75.

70. Sheep—Common to choice \$1 60@3 25, Texas 65@2 75, spring lambs \$1 75@3 50. CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

CHICAGO, Oct. 3.—Hogs—Receipts 15,000 head;
market fairly active and lower; light \$3 60@4 25,
tough packing \$3 40@8 70, heavy packing and
shipping \$3 80@4 15.

Cattle—Receipts 2500 head; market slow and
values weak; inferior to fancy shipping \$3@
6 85, butchers \$2 50@4 50, stockers and feeders
2 60@8 75, rangers \$3 50@4 70.

Sheep—Receipts 2000; market quiet and unchanged; inferior to fancy \$1 75@3 75.

KANSAS CITY, Oct. 3.—Wheat—Receipts 6774 u; market lower; No. 2 red, cash 75% bid, 5% casked, November 78c bid, 78% casked, De-

asked.
Corn—Receipts 4830 bu; market weak and quiet; No. 2 cash 32½c asked, November 26c asked, year 25½c bid, 26c asked; No. 2 white, 2ash, 32c bid, 33½c asked.
Oats—No. 2, cash 23½c asked.
Rye nominal. CHICAGO PROVISION MARKET. CHICAGO, Oct. 8.—Pork \$8 20 for October 8 20 for November,\$7 20 for the year, \$9 121/6 for

ary. d-\$5 97½ for October and November, 4 for January. ort Ribs-\$5 45 for October, \$5 05 for No-

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 3.—Sugar—Open kettle tominal, centrifugal off white 7c, C yellow 16.07c, seconds 53.06%c. Market steady; bare

ST. LOUIS HIDES, WOOL, ETC.

Hides in fair request, firm, but unchanged,

### MARINE.

GALVESTON, Oct. 3.—Arrived: Steamship Simoon, Newey, from Bristol, England; steamship Weser, from Bremen, with large number of immigrants.

Steamship Algiers will sail for New York tomorrow with 3800 bales of cotton.

### Other Animal Foods.

Other Animal Foods.

A vast quantity of animal food goes to waste. The snail, beetle, locust and grasshopper are pretty good foods, but prejudice condemns them. Some people have a dislike to snakes even. In Paris I ate horse soup and thought it good, but in our country there is a set prejudice against the flesh of the horse. Frog's legs are really better than chicken's legs, but only one man in ten will eat them, and we constantly meet people who refuse rabbit.

Among the animals I have named, perhaps the prejudice is strongest against the snail. But we who crawl at the idea of eating a snail eat oysters. I fancy if an oyster was opened and laid on a table and a good fat snail placed by its side, that one who had no experience in either, would quickly decide in favor of the snail. It was "fair to middlin."

But what a capital plan it would be for the people out West, when grasshoppers come and eat their crops, to turn to and eat the grasshoppers. I have never tried grasshoppers, but am told they are superb, and very nutritious.

But for prejudice a rat trap or a mouse trap would, in any ordinary house, furnish animal food for the family. Rats and mice live on the best food they can find, are generally in good condition, and, as any one who has seen these quiet, beautiful creatures running about can testify, they are brighteyed and very clean. A friend in Canada with whom I was visiting, and had a conversation in regard to this prejudice against various kinds of animal food, prepared for me a rat potpie. After I had bestowed upon his good wife all sorts of praise for the delicious "chicken," they told me what it was. I had a peculiar feeling in the pit of the stomach that continued to rise quietly in my throat for an hour or two, but do not believe I should have had a suspicion that all was not right if my friend had kept dark. was not right if my friend had kept

Nearly all the insects about us, and they Nearly all the insects about us, and they are very numerous, would probably be good food. I propose to try a number of varieties, and if I find them satisfactory will report progress. In the Yosemite I killed a very large rattlesnake after a long struggle, in which it was doubtful whether I should not be defeated. We cooked and ate it. The flesh was white and delicate. I wish you, my reader, could have participated in that dinner; it was excellent. One of my party, a Methodist minister, declined dinner that day. I did not learn his reason (it was probably theological), but I was glad, for he had an uncommon appetite; what he called "a Methodist preacher's gastronomic capacity."—Dio Lewis.

You do poets and their song
A grievous wrong,
If your own soul does not bring
To their high imagining
As much beauty as they sing,
—T. B. Aldrich. Sympathy for Fall Poets.

Can They Spell Able? Boston Herald.

Gov. Hill was nominated "because he is a Democrat," with "no Mugwumpery about him." Now let the Democrats elect him.

THE RETURN OF THE MUGWUMPS.

Beyond a doubt the world revolves, Its progress brisk but steady. The great mugwupian clan dissolves And melts away already.

A mist it was, though scaroely missed Out of its party's ocean; No longer can it now resist The gravitating motion.

The mutinous contingent flies Once more its ancient banners, Adopts the ancient party eries, The same old men and manners.

Beecher and Curtis sing a hymn With Sharpe and Smyth and Husted, And seek repose upon the limb Where they have often roosted. Now Brother Blaine will sadly smile
And think his thoughts about them.
Will Brother Cleveland more swhile
And get along without them?
—New York World.

### BEN BUTLER.

Predicts the Hanging of the Goulds and the

Vanderbilts.

Vanderbilts.

Gen. Ben Butler, who is now in New York attending to the Hoyt will case, was interviewed on Monday by a reporter on the silver monopoly, to which he is tooth and toenail opposed, and was asked:

"Do you expect serious trouble?"

"I do. I have grandchildren who will live to see the Vanderbilts and Goulds taken out to the nearest lamp-post and hung in the most scientific and skillful manner. After there has been bloodshed we shall settle down again for a while. These money kings see the danger already, but they do not see the remedy, and when I was a candidate for President Gould said, 'Butler must be driven into the ground. He couldn't see that it was better for a man with considerable wealth and a family and property interests to be at the head of the masses and able to control them; he only saw in the background and a family and property interests to be at the head of the masses and able to control them; he only saw in the background the torch of communism, as he thought. Some day a real red communist will lead these men, and then he will see the difference. Every man is a communist now in the eyes of the community who preaches the equality of man. Christ was a communist of Jerusalem. As the head of the labor element I could have settled this whole railroad question as no other man could settle it. The mistake made in running for President was like running against a stone wall. I knew that the people in all ages had failed themselves in every crisis of importance to themselves. It is the history of the ages. But I was foolish enough to think the people had grown wiser and better, that the world had progressed in the direction of human knowledge and understanding and power of concentration. I thought the laborers of the new Republic were more intelligent. They were afraid of me because I had a little property. They were just as foolish as Gould. But that is not all. Nine out of ten of them would sell their votes for \$2 apiece. I was a fool to think that this age was any different from any other. Experience has now taught me the same lesson as history."

### Chicago Inter Ocean. Josiah T. Hair, President of the American

Chicago Inter Ocean.

Josiah T. Hair, President of the American Specialty Company, and a gentlemanly clothed party named Mr. Joseph W. Osburne were arrested yesterday on complaint of Mr. Robert Abrahams, No. 64 Emerson avenue, and locked up at the Armory. The charge against them is conspiracy. This American Specialty Company is a "developer of meritorious inventions." Among the meritorious inventions alleged to be developed by this hot house of genius is the "mythograph." At least there is one honest thing about the machine—its name, mythograph. Mr. Abrahams told the story of what he considered the conspiracy. He saw one of the things and fell in love with it. His aspirations are of a more or less literary character. He would write "Pickwick Papers." "Les Miserables," "The Rise of Silas Lapham," or "Vanity Fair," if he could. He was told, so he alleges, that the machine could do it: that it could think up and write short and original stories, poems and sketches, biographies and histories, tragedies and comedies, social events and murders, art criticisms and lumber-yard fires, sermons and raids on gamblers, songs and reports of the Mayoralty suit, interviews and bogus cable dispatches; sharps and flats and tattler yarns; editorials and encyclopedia articles; cluit men's gossip and rambler items; advertisements and pungent paragraphs—well, it could go right through the literary and news columns of a paper; it was a good "allround" man. The only things the mythograph could not do were reading copy and giving assignments and ferreting out news. At the last kind of work it was no good; when, like a detective, it fell up against a murderer or defaulter, it could give a pretty when, like a detective, it fell up against a murderer or defaulter, it could give a pretty graph could not do were reading copy and giving assignments and ferreting out news. At the last kind of work it was no good; when, like a detective, it fell up against a murderer or defaulter, it could give a pretty accurate description of him, but again, a la detective, it couldn't make the arrest. Anything of a mechanical nature it could do; it was a trifle slow on dramatic criticisms and book notices; but not enough to hurt. With all its perfections and imperfections the machine could be had for \$150. Mr. Abrahams took one, and a new literary chap commenced his career. It was some time before a proper nom de plume suggested itself; at last "Pmuho" was settled on. He laid in a stock of fool's-hat paper, and told the thing to go ahead with a story without love in it; a poem addressed to winter; an autobiography of Mike McDonald, and an original club man's story. The thing showed its disgust at being compelled to do the duties of a reporter by immediately proceeding to burst, due, said Mr. Hair, to a too plentiful allowance of midnight oil. Then the machine was tried with a story of a suicide, but was strictly told to write it up without the "rash act" chestnut; a sermon to be delivered by the Rev. Mr. Harry, that was to contain no allusion to beautiful flowers, or bright sunlight, or spring morning, and a base ball game. The machine resented that, and came out with a protest in very bad grammar to the effect that "you can't make no morning paper drudge o' me." That settled it. Mr. Abrahams complained bitterly to the machine, but it was merciless. It agreed to come out with a four-stanza spring poem, a "dull, sickening thud" kind of a murder, or a mother-in-law joke. Abrahams wouldn't stand it. He didn't buy the machine for a chestnut roaster. Therefore he made the charge against the people. Mr. Hair and Mr. Osburne were released on bail last night. Mr. Hair said he didn't have anything to do with the sale of the machine; he only drew up the contract of sale, and he thinks the entire thing a blackmailing scheme

### scheme. Death of a New Orleans Merchant.

New Orleans Picayune, 1st instant. Mr. Baptiste Piffet, the well-known merchant and citizen of New Orleans for half a century, died yesterday evening. He had reached the great age of eighty-one years, but until quite recently he was active, and enjoyed excellent health. Mr. Piffet came to this health. Mr. Piffet came to this city from France in 1835, and established himself in business on the levee. Subsequently he removed to Canal street, and the store of toys, fancy goods, notions, etc., which was a popular resort for many years, and had remerkable success. The deceased was one of the oldest merchants in New Orleans, and enjoyed the respect and confidence of the community. He was a man of integrity, and of a genial and happy disposition. To the juveniles, whose ideas of Paradise were associated in some way with the possession of the marvelous toys in the wonderful precincts of Mr. Piffetts store, he was a constant and indulgent friend.

His Heart Was Full.

New York Sun.

"It fills my heart with joy," eals an earnest country dergyman at the conclusion of his sermon, "to see so many strangers among our congregation on this beautiful Sabbath morning. Sojourners in our town are always welcome. We want them to come. Young men and old men whom pleasure or business has called away from the softening influences of home, we track with open hearts. The collection will now be taken up."

## Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe Ry

THROUGH TEXAS. The only route to the celebrated Lampasas Springs. Two trains daily between Dallas and Cleburne. Daily trains to Galveston, Brenham, Milano, Temple, Belton, Lampasas, Goldthwaite, McGregor, Morgan, Cleburne, Alvarado, Montgomery, Navasota and Fort Worth.

READ DOWN.	READ	UP.
6:30 a. m. L've Dallas Arr 9:00 a. m. Arr Cleburne . L've 1:00 p. m. Arr Temple . L've 4:05 p. m. Arr Lampasas . L've 11:00 p. m. Arr Galveston . L've	e. 10:55 p e. 6:45 p e. 3:35 p	. m.
MIXED:	Sans de	

Through tickets and baggage checks to all oints and to and from Europe. For tickets and other information call on or address W. J. STORMS, Ticket Agent, Dallas.

### The Morning News.

### THE CITY.

### PERSONAL.

Mr. Daniel Head, of Denton, is in the

Judge Anson Rainey, of Waxahachie, is in the city.

Col. W. J. Betterton has returned from a

Col. W. J. Betterton has returned from a Southern trip.

Mr. John A. Hand, of Denton, visited Dallas yesterday.

Mr. Arthur E. Smith, of Galveston, was in the city yesterday.

Hon. Sam Cundiff, of Longview, is a guest at the Grand Windsor.

Mr. G. W. Householder, of Kansas City, is stopping at the St. George.

Mr. Ben Allen and son, of Kaufman, are quartered at the St. George.

Capt. W. R. Cornwell, of Ennis, is registered at the Grand Windsor.

Capt. John Bacon, of the Texas and Pacific, is among the late arrivals. Mr. J. Reinhardt has returned from the

East, looking smiling as a sunflower. Mr. Sidney Smith, manager of the storage company, left last night on a Northern trip. Capt. R. J. Johnson, a prominent stock-man of Young County, was in the city yes-

Col. L. W. Oglesby, his wife and daughter, Miss Lula, left yesterday for the St. Louis

Mr. L. Z. Reese, of McGregor, was in the city yesterday and paid The News office a friendly call.

Col. A. Faulkner, passenger agent of the Houston and Texas Central Railroad, was

Assistant County Attorney Taylor, who has been confined to his bed for several weeks, was able to be around yesterday.

Mrs. Robert Gibson and three children arrived home yesterday after a two months' absence in visiting relatives in Georgia.

Miss Mollie Blount, daughter of Dr. Blount, who has been sick at Major Kearby's residence, is reported no better. Her father arrived yesterday.

Mrs. J. W. Gordon returned from Tennessee Friday night. She is stopping at the residence of Mr. J. W. Walden, corner of St. Louis and Evergreen.

Mr. Gustave Mitchell, of Weatherford, and bride, and Miss Maude Bacon, of Niles, Mich., are on a visit to Mr. Mitchell's brother, Mr. Thomas B. Mitchell, and his relatives, Mayor Brown's family.

We clip the following from the St. Paul

relatives, Mayor Brown's family.

We clip the following from the St. Paul Pioneer Press, of a recent date—the leading Republican journal of Minnesota—concerning a well known Dallas citizen: "Gen. George D. Alford and wife, of Dallas, Tex., are guests of the Merchants. Gen. Alford has been for many years a leading politician and banker of Texas, and was a distinguished soldier of the 'Lost Cause.' Gen. and Mrs. Alford leave in a few days for Detroit by way of Duluth and the lakes." Gen. and Mrs. Alford returned from Detroit yesterday by the Missouri Pacific Railroad after an absence of two months.

### LOCAL NOTES.

Police officer and his detail are impounding stock found at large.

Of the twenty patients in the City Hospital, five are reported down with dengue fever.

The Police board will have a meeting on Monday to investigate charges against some Three false alarms of fires and six bona

fide fires are reported as having occurred in the city during September.

Mr. S. B. Setter, of Ennis, brought to Dallas yesterday a syrup sample of the finest grade raised on his plantation.

The seventeen agricultural implement houses doing business in Dallas report sales for the past season aggregating \$5,432,000. Sheriff Smith received a telegram yester-day from Gainsville, asking him to look out for a horse thief and a horse. A reward of

The McIntyre & Heath Minstrels will uaver their notes in the Opera house next londay and Tuesday, with a matinee on the latter day.

The Farmers' Alliance will on Monday next offer for sale at Ennis 1000 bales of cotton, with a further increase if the bidding justifies.

There was brought to Collector Gillespie's office yesterday from the plantation of Mr. Rust, on Grand Prairie, two cotton stalks, of which displayed 176 and the other 152 A heaay cattle transaction was effected in

the city yesterday. Sales in the last two days cover 10,000 head, but the names of the parties to the transactions are kept in the The Commerce-street Christian Church

has succeeded in securing a visit from Rev. W. F. Black, of Tuscola, Ill., a widely known revivalist. He will begin a series of sermons some time next week.

Col. Keller, superintendent of the Texas Trunk Railroad, informs a News reporter that the road is paying from \$150 to \$200 a day freights on cotton and cordwood. He thinks that if extended to the pine regions it would prove to be one of the best paying roads in Texas.

City Marshal Rea, of Fort Worth, and Deputy United States Marshal Ben Cabel brought in last night and jailed the three parties arrested at Fort Worth yesterday on the charge of raising the denomination of currency from \$5 to \$50.

Dallas marriages during the week which expired yesterday were as follows: J. L. Belt and Mary Alexander, T. L. Belt and Cora Lovelace, D. Willis and Lena Bradley, Edward McQuillin and Corida Bellows, G. W. Rife and Sara A. Dorylas, J. W. Elder and J. O'Donald, E. Moore and Lydia C. Kennedy.

The test of the waterworks for the board of underwriters made last evening was satisfactory and reflected credit on the fire bri The distance from the engine house to the scene of operations, at the corner of Main and Harwood, three-quarters of a mile, was reached in two minutes and forty-five seconds, the engines flying over the ground like the Greek chariots around the walls of Forty-nine seconds later, and full ns were being thrown on the imagin

Typographical Union.
A Dallas Typographical Union meeting will come off to-day in the Knights of Pythias Hall, for the purpose of effecting permanent organization. There are upwards of a hundred working printers in the city, of which three-fourths at least have card. The proposed organization gives promise of becoming the strongest in the South. EAST DALLAS CITY COUNCIL.

Assessor and Collector Elected-Protest Against Annexation and Those Who Have Signed It.

The East Dallas City Council met last night and passed several hours in debate, only interrupted with the occasional "now gentlemen," of the Mayor, over the important educational questions of the hour. Finally a committee composed of the Mayor and Aldermen Haskell and Reek was created to secure a building and furniture in place of the public school house mysteriously burned up a few nights ago, with instructions to reopen the school as soon as such provision could be made. The question of the election of an assessor

and collector then coming up the Mayor nominated Mr. Clana A. Cour, and he was unanimously elected. After allowing a number of small accounts the Council ad-The question of the annexation of a large

or the annexation of a large portion of East Dallas to Dallas, which it was thought would be brought up last night, remained latent, as did also the protest, in the pocket of an alderman. Following is the protest and list of signers:

THE STATE OF TEXAS, COUNTY OF DALLAS, City of East Dallas.

To the Hon. James J. Reekes, Mayor of the City of East Dallas:

of East Dallas:

Sir—We, the undersigned citizens of East Dallas, residing within the hereinafter described limits, being the portion of said city which certain individuals are seeking to have cut off and annexed to the old town or city of Dallas, do hereby most respectfully but earnestly protest against said annexation, or against any election being held for that purpose, for the following reasons: We protest, first, because we feel confident that the proposition to hold an election to determine the question of annexation did not originate within said limits, but we have reasons to believe, and do believe, that the movement was inaugurated and set on foot by citizens living outside of and beyond said limits, together with citzens in and acting for the city of Dallas.

2. We protest against the action of certain

of and beyond said limits, together with citizens in and acting for the city of Dallas.

2. We protest against the action of certain persons prescribing the lines without our knowledge or consent, and then seeking to force us into the old city, thereby increasing our taxes, and at the same time leaving the wealthiest portion of East Dallas outside of, and independent of, the old city, for all time to come. We do not think it is for the best interests of any portion of our city of East Dallas to be cut off and annexed to the old city, and therefore, for the present, we prefer to be let alone. The boundaries referred to are as follows: Begin at a point where the southeast line for the Crawford Grigsby 1000 acres cross the east line of city of Dallas; thence north 5° east with said line to the Texas and Pacific Railroad track; thence west with said railroad track to northeast line of the avenue 100 feet wide, which runs in front of W. B. Wright's homestead; thence northwest with said line of said avenue to the northwest with said line of said avenue to the northwest with said line of Swiss street to the east corporation line of Dallas; thence south with said line to the beginning. P. D. Benson, B. T. Robinson, Karl Schults, Albert Huler, M. Nieman, John Workman, Darol Oox, T. H. Baldridge, W. L. Peyton, A. W. Adleta, John F. Broxton, George F. Matthews, J. S. Sharp, J. R. Sharp, James H. Grigsby, B. F. Stallings, J. P. McCabe, S. Bromwell, Aaron Byers (colored), J. H. McAllister, John A. Carter, H. Losee, A. L. Smith, George Meyer, L. Lilliphant, G. D. Benson, Walter N. Sheldon, H. Wells, Lee Dickson, C. O. Brewer, James Casey, J. R. Bosley, Lawrence Allen, Joseph Clayton, A. G. Borden, William L. Smith, A. C. Jones, C. C. Barber, J. G. Stevens, Jacob Bopp, Sr., J. Bopp, Jr., W. D. Brinson, W. L. Hunly and others.

The trials of the reporter, proverbially leartrending, become unbounded when he

The trials of the reporter, proverbially heartrending, become unbounded when he tackles the geographical problem of finding a city hall wi h ut a trail, by the dim light of stars, reimorced ever and anon with the ignis fatuus of caravansaries consecrated to lager beer. Such was the last Saturday night's experience of the News reporter, which, to cut a story short, should be reduced to an interview:

"Stranger, where does your Council meet Stranger, where does your Council meet

"Don't know; they say Shady View Park.
They used to meet in the schoolhouse till it

Shady View Park is reached after a run of half a mile through a forest of dogs.

Does the City Council meet here?"

"In the name of the seven deadly sins, where do they meet?"
"They say they meet to-night at Alderman "Do they set 'em up to the wayworn trav-

eler?"
"The Alderman does, at 10 cents a glass."
At the Alderman's bar room the reporter was informed that the Council was probably holding forth at Judge Henry's private residence, on the way to which he accidentally stumbled upon them in a schoolhouse, in full debate and seemingly trying hard to work out the salvation of their constituents.

### THEATRICAL.

A very fair audience witnessed the production last evening, at the Opera House, of Marion's version of "Called Back," entitled Love and Reason." The main incidents of the play are those of the novel, and the author has succeeded in grouping these into strong situations and reducing them into several powerful tableaux. The management of the Rial-Bigger troupe certainly committed an egregious error in not presenting this play to their audience on Friday evening, for "Love and Reason," irrespective of the wide popularity enjoyed by Conway's novel, possesses elements which readily commend it to the favor of the theater goer. The plot is a good one, well worked out, the development being replete worked out, the development being replete with strong dramatic situations. There is just enough of the psychological flavor of the novel introduced into the play to sustain the interest, which an audience will evince in a case of morbid distraction, and facilitate the movement of sther characters and scenes equally important to the success of a well rounded climax. Had "Love and Reason" been given as an initial performance by the Rial-Bigger Combination, the audience would have carried home, on the first night, a better impression of the acting capacity would have carried home, on the first night, a better impression of the acting capacity of the troupe. Mr. McConnell, as Gennaro, enjoyed scope for an exhibition of really fine acting, which the character of Darcott, in "Fortune's Fool," will not permit, and his assumption of the former character last evening was full of spirit and passion and a fine sense of dramatic fervor. Miss Bigger made a charming Rosa, and again delighted the audience with several of her delighted the audience with several of her songs. The heroine, Pauline, found a good representative in Miss Rial. Her success would have been more marked had she less of the avoirdupois to suggest that her mental malady had been considerate with her physique. The hero of the play, Gerald Maynard, was personated by the adapter himself, Mr. Marion. He might improve upon the playing merits of his adaptation of "Called Back" by reducing the number of acts and thus spare the audience the dreary length of the inevitable waits.

NOTES. McIntyre & Heath's minstrels will give three performances at the Opera House— Monday and Tuesday evenings of the present week and a matinee at the usual ho Tuesday afternoon for the benefit of ladies and children. This troupe are of the best type of burnt-cork artists and have won

reat applause wherever they have exhib-ted. They are good ones. The charming little Lizzie May Ulmer,

The charming little Lizzie May Ulmer, who enjoys a reputation second to none as a soubrette of the Minnie Palmer type, will be at the Opera House on Thursday, Oct. 8, in "Dad's Girl." "Sis," the recent success, is underlined for Friday evening.

Meine's excellent band of home talent is a marked feature of this season's representation. The management of the Opera House shows a determination to cultivate that feature of dramatic representations, and the audience is spared the dismal thumping of the solitary orchestra on the house piano. the solitary orchestra on the house piano. The audience last night seemed particularly delighted with "Mikado" and, to use a select phrase, readily caught on to the "purty" how-de-do.

Scientific Chart Co., of Dallas, Gen. L. M. Lewis was called to the chair and Prof. James A. Collins requested to act as Secretary, after which the following named genelemen and ladies were elected directors with two vacancies to be suppled at the next meeting, Tuesday, the 6th, at 4:30 p. m., at which time the officers of said Board of Directors will be selected: Mr. W. G. Scarf, Gen. L. M. Lewis, Prof. James A. Collins, Mr. T. L. Marsalis, W. M. Ward, Mrs. T. L. Marsalis, Mrs. Viola Hunt, Mrs. W. J. Clark, Mrs. L. L. Ward.

All of the above named parties are earnestly desired to be present at said meeting.

THE COURTS. Before his Honor, the Mayor, yesterday personally appeared Mike Brennan, Jim Wright, Ed Walpole, J. M. Smith and Tom Slaughter, all of whom had prematurely gone into the electioneering business the previous night till the heavens went swinging like a wheel and the lamps like drunkards 'peared to reel. Slaughter was taxed \$2 and the remainder \$3 each. Leavthe courtroom one of them looked like a fellow who had been kicked out of a barber's shop for claiming that his turn came next. The case of Mary Elkins et al. vs. the heirs of Amos Burdick was disposed of in the County Court yesterday. Much interest was manifested in it, particularly among the lawyers, as a knotty question of "delivery" was to be decided. Burdick just before his death told the plaintiff that there was a thousand-dollar note in a trunk, gave her the keys to it and told her it was hers. The defendants set up that this was not sufficient delivery in an oral gift. Judge Bower gave a verdict for the plaintiff.

J. M. Oaks, who was brought here a few days ago from Mobile by Sheriff Smith, on the charge of embezzling partnership funds from the firm of Coats & Oaks, the runners of a threshing machine, had an examining previous night till the heavens went

the charge of embezzling partnership funds from the firm of Coats & Oaks, the runners of a threshing machine, had an examining trial yesterday before Justice Kendall and was honorably acquitted. Oaks was en route to North Carolina, where he was bonded to appear as a witness. He says that the act of trying him here has resulted in the forfeiture of his bond.

The District Court meets next Monday week, in anticipation of which several young lawyers have been parting their hair in the middle. A prominent lawyer informed a News reporter to-day that the legal business has been panning out poorly for several months. There is a good prospect, however, of paying strikes being reached soon, as the criminal docket contains 304 indictments, of which only about thirty, and they mainly appertaining to the great cotton swindles of which the public have been thoroughly informed, are fictitious. The number and nature of the offenses, as given by the docket, are as follows: Murder 13, assault to murder 13, accessory to murder 13, assault to kill 13, embezzlement 13, robbery 9, unlawfully disposing of mortgaged property 3, arson 2, theft 77, receiving stolen property 1, disturbing the peace 2, abortion 1, unmentionable offenses 1, malicious mischief 5, agravated assault and battery 3, assault to kill 8, rape 1, asult and battery 3, assault to kill 8, rape 1, asult and battery 3, assault to swindling 26, bigamy 1, swindling 34, false swearing 2, burglary 28, perjury 1.

### REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Thomas S. Hamilton to Augustus A. Vaughan, a half interest in 461 acres in the James M. Hamilton survey. Consideration,

James M. Hamilton survey. Consideration, love and affection and a dollar.

James G. Garrison to John Weekly, part of block number 12, Calls addition; \$1500.

S. A. Coats and wife to P. L. Filer, lot 1, block 9, Mesquite; \$400.

D. L. Brittain to J. H. Payne, 68% acres, J. N. Coombs' survey; \$500.

A. Brownlee to W. J. Keller, 33 by 271 feet on the north side of Ross avenue: \$300.

### Chief Kahn's Case.

The demand of Mr. Kahn, chief of the fire department, for an investigation of the irregularities with which he is charged by inuendo, continues to form a subject for general comment on the streets, with interested opinion, so far as has been ascerested opinion, so far as has been ascertained, in favor of the chief's innocence. To a News reporter to-day, touching the subject, Mr. Kahn stated: "I am charged with crookedness in the matter of the purchase of a horse with which I had nothing whatever to do, all such purchases coming within the duty of the chairman of the fire committee. I have been chief for five years, during which time I never heard of a suspicion against my integrity until it, was asplicion against my integrity until it was aised, for what objects I am not prepared b say. As to the matter of efficient service to say. As to the matter of efficient service I will say that we now have twenty-two men who, with our horses, are drilled daily and I challenge the country to show better service. I am doing the duty of three men

that is to say, chief, assistant chief, and captain." Mr. Leopold Bonne, formerly foreman of No. 1, said, touching the subject, that he hought the root of the trouble lay in the esire of a party carrying weight in city olitics to succeed Mr. Kahn. He declined

to mention names.

Mr. Alex Sanger said: "Mr. Kahn has made a very good chief. I have always known him to be an honest man; have never known him to be dishonest, and I would almost be willing to venture something on it. have confidence in the efficiency of his de

Mr. Lee Cohen, late assistant chief of the volunteer fire department, was also called on by The News reporter on the line of the above inquiry, but he respectfully declined

The Monster Jealousy. Special to The News. ROUND ROCK, Oct. 3.-A cowardly murder was committed yesterday evening at the Clanton farm about four miles west of this place. The particulars are as follows: There has been some family trouble among the Clantons which caused the husband and wife to separate about two yeaes ago, the former going to Lampasas County to reside, Mrs. Clanton taking possession of the farm, it being her property. Clanton's jealous disposition has been the source of considerable trouble to Mrs. Clanton and the renters on the farm although apparently groundless, Mrs. Clanton being a middle-aged lady of unimpeachable reputation. One of the renters, Mr. Cook, has had some difficulty with Clanton of late, the latter endeavoring to force Cook to leave the locality, which he refused to do, having a crop to harvest. Yesterday evening Clanton proceeded to the field where the hands were picking cotton and accosted Cook in the alleged following manner, the latter being busy picking cotton at the time: "Cook, I understood you said you would make it dangerous for me to come around here," and immediately following the remark by a shot from a six-shooter. Cook, who was bending over a cotton plant, arose and attempted to run, when Clanton again fired twice in rapid succession, both shots striking. Cook fell and was carried and wife to separate about two again fired twice in rapid succession, both shots striking. Cook fell and was carried to the house, and, after lingering in great pain, died this morning. Clanton gave himself up to the authorities at Georgetown after threatening to kill his wife, and is now in jail at the latter place.

### The Montreal Mob.

NEW YORK, Oct. 3 .- M. W. Taylor Lindsay, a prominent merchant at Montreal, arrived at the Fifth Avenue Hotel to-day. He said to a reporter that the accounts of the anti-vaccination riots were somewhat exaggerated.

"Of course it might have been serious if all the French population had turned out. They number 11,000 and the English 40,000. The rioters were confined to young and reckless men, principally hoodlums. In twelve hours we had 1500 effective soldiers ready for any emergency. I kept my store open, and others did the same. It has done great harm to Montreal in keeping traders away. At least \$6,000,000 has been turned to Toronto. I do not anticipate another out-Chart Company.

At a preliminary meeting of citizens at Superintendent Stanberry's office, called for the purpose of organizing the Texas to,000,000 has been turned to Toronto. I do not anticipate another outbreak. The priests have advised the people to submit to vaccination, and they will obey. After the French are all vaccinated the disease will be checked."

### CORSICANA.

Preparing for the Alliance Cotton Sale-Selecting a Site for the Orphans' Home-Miscellaneous.

Special to The News. Corsicana, Oct. 3.—To-day has been an unusually busy day in the city. The streets have been blocked with wagons since early morning, and merchants have been busy throughout the entire day. An unprecedentedly heavy trade is being done in all branches of business. Merchants report collections better than for many years.

Cotton began arriving early this morning and was still coming in at a late hour this evening. A great deal of it was sold today. Most of it, however, is being stored for the Alliance sale, to take place on the 5th instant. The prediction is that the result will be the same as at Waxahachie and Cleburne-a failure to satisfy such a complexity of opinion as to the value of the staple, and consequently a disagreement and no sale.

and no sale.

M. D. Herring, chairman of the committee to locate the Orphans' Home, is expected daily, in company with an architect, who will view the grounds and draw plans for the buildings to be executed by them.

A farmer and his wife, who came to town to-day, were very much disturb by the sudden disappearance of their 5-year-old son. The officers and other parties were put in active search and he was found at the expiration of two hours, quietly taking in the city, some distance from where he was lost. Caroline Marchbanks, a yellow negress, created quite a sensation in Beaton street this morning in the role of a maniac. Two policemen found all their powers in demand to lodge her in the calaboose until she could be taken charge of by friends.

The city has been very orderly for several days. There has not been an infraction of the law since Wednesday.

One civil case was disposed of in Justice Walton's Court to-day, Rice & Co. vs. Sam Schwarts, for \$35.50. Judgment for defendant.

Walton's Court to-day, Rice & Co. vs. Sam Schwarts, for \$35 50. Judgment for defendant.

Dr. G. A. Farris, a Christian preacher, who has been holding a protracted meeting in his tabernacle east of the city, folded his tent and came in to-day. Some twenty conversions was the result of his labors.

Sheriff J. L. Walton will appoint an additional deputy on Monday next, the present force being unable to attend to the constantly increasing business of that office. He has at this time four deputies.

The Corsicana bar unanimously indorses Samuel Robertson for the vacancy caused by the resignation of Judge West.

C. H. Mayfield, a leading attorney of San Antonio, is in the city to-day on important legal business.

A telephone was put in the court house to-day for the convenience of business men in communicating with the officials.

Cotton receipts to-day foot up 478 bales, which, added to yesterday's aggregate, gives Corsicana 5880 bales to date. Prices to-day have ranged from 8%c to 8%c, with a steady demand. Three hundred and eighyt bales passed |through the compress to-day. Total compressed to date, 4170.

The Alliance sale will take place at Duren & Co.'s cotton office on the 5th. Tables have been prepared and samples of 550 bales are now ready for examination on sale day. The amount of the cotton to be sold is expected to reach 1000 bales on Monday.

The Corsicana roller mills shipped to-day

sold is expected to reach 1000 bales on Monday.

The Corsicana roller mills shipped to-day to Cusseta, Tex., a car load of their fine flour. One car load was sold to Athens merchants to be shipped next week. They received two car loads of wheat to-day.

Lige McGee has just completed a butcher shop on the corner of Dallas and Decatur streets and will open Monday.

The ice factory is being pushed forward with all the dispatch possible. A full force is at work regularly.

is at work regularly.

A stiff norther has been blowing for four A stiff norther has been blowing for four days and still continues to lower the tem-

### MEXICO'S GAIN.

How the Coinage of Silver Dollars in the United States Has Benefited Her Silver Coin -Railroad Damages.

CITY OF MEXICO, via Galveston, Oct. 3 .-The Mexican Financier to-day says: "The silver question is one which has a direct bearing on the net earnings of all foreign owned railways in this country. If the United States Government, by its persistent coinage of inferior silver dollars, helps bring on further depreciation of that metal, owners of Mexican railways abroad must accept with what philosophy they may a reduction of net receipts on the part of their respect ive companies. The 85-cent Bland dollar. which is the United States standard dollar, has in one way been of use to Mexico, for it has given the Mexican dollar an undisputed market in Asia. The Mexican peso is the standard in Asiatic commerce, and seems likely to remain so for some time to come?

time to come."

The recent experience of the Mexican Central Railway with bad washouts will result in putting the damaged section in much better condition than formerly. It will be the President's policy to spend enough money in substantial repairs to prevent a recurrence of such damaging delays another season. The recent floods have shown all railways their weak points. The most fortunate road has been that which, owing to the excellent, condition of the readled. o the excellent condition of the roadbed has escaped unharmed.

### New Telephone Subscribers CONNECTED TO P. E. TEL. EXCHANGE.

110. Prof. G. W. Grove, school. 266. T. H. Craddock, grocer.

266. T. H. Craddock, grocer.
228. J. Freeze, residence, three rings.
194. Dr. R. H. Chilton, residence.
218. Crawford & Crawford, law office.
276. Dallas Opera House.
132. S. P. Young, corn mill and elevator.
142. Mrs. V. A. Randle, livery stable.
Those subscribers not connected will be as fast as telephones can be put in, as we will have plenty hereafter. We will deliver messages to any part of the city for 10 cents by you leaving the 10 cents with the subscriber and calling central office and giving them the message, or by coming to the exchange. We have boys waiting to deliver them. Yours, obediently,

Yours, obediently,
D. M. CLOWER,
Mgr. P. E. Tel. Co.

Hall of Tannehill Lodge, No. 52, A. F. and A. M., Dallas, Tex, Oct. 3, 1885—Tannehill Lodge, No. 52, A. F. and A. M. will meet at the lodge room at 9 o'clock a. m., Oct. 4, for the purpose of attending the funeral of our deceased prother, P. P. Ward. All Master Masons in good standing are fraternally invited to attend. HENRY BOLL, Secy. J. D. KEATON, W. M.

GRAND WINDSOR.—H. B. Uller, Rockford, Ill.; B. Hirschfield, Cincinnati, O.; G. W. Harrison, New York; George B. Loving, Fort Worth; J. W. Covington, Norton Wisdono, city; Brad Barner, Sam Cundiff, Longview, Tex.; R. A. Wilson, Dubuque, Iowa; John W. Wiley; Philadelphia; H. W. McKoe, Colorado; O. E. O'Maley, J. G. Hartigan, Denison; L. J. Strong, New York; F. L. Plerce, E. M. Dutton, St. Louis, Mo.; Sam L. Dale, Galveston; R. Richardson, Chicago, Ill.; James B. Simpson, Dallas; W. E. Simpson, Ill.; James B. Simpson, Dallas; W. E. Simpson, St. Louis; J. C. Graham, Austin; John D. Powell, New York; A. H. Clarke, James F. Clarke, Denton, Tex.; R. H. Foot, George H. Cooper, Weatherford; W. H. Cousens, Tylor; F. E. Bates, A. Faulkner, Houston; M. Ullman, Galveston; O. Halliburton, St. Louis; A. L. Hernstein, James Elder, New York; O. P. Wood, Harrold; R. A. Bacon, Fort Worth; R. G. Matthews, city; J. C. Middleton, William Enders, James Dillard, St. Louis; R. Mackville, Kansas City; A. H. Belo, D. W. Michans, Galveston; Allie L. Sylveser, M. D. Hunton, H. Raschoe, New Ork; R. H. Barnes, C. & A. R. R.; Will Bruaugh, G. W. Mann, St. Louis; C. J. Cushman, Incinnati, O.; Thos. Bennet, San Francisco; S. Sweeny, City; T. C. Walker, H. D. Markham, New Orleans. GRAND WINDSOR .- H. B. Uller, Rockford, Ill.

THE NEWS states on reliable authority that the Hunstable B. & S. Co., of Dallas, have the largest factory in the State. They have an immense city retail trade, and a good wholesale trade also. They invite patronage of all.

### A. D. ALDRIDGE & CO.,

Carry large and complete stock of Commercial and Fancy Stationery. Have superior

623 ELM STREET DALLAS.

### CHURCH SERVICES.

FIRST BAHTIST CHURCH.—In the absence of the pastor, Rev. I. J. Anderson, D. D., will fill the pulpit morning and evening. Subject for the morning: "Means Evidences and Pratical Workings of Regeneration." Seats free. Everbody invited.

tion." Seats free. Everbody invited.

TABERNACLE (M. E.) CHURCH.—Corner
St. Paul and Main streets; S. A. Thompson,
pastor; F. A. Foote, superintendent of Sabbath School; teachers' and scholars' prayer
meeting every Sabbath morning at 9:30
a. m.; Sunday school at 10 a. m., sharp;
morning service at 11 a. m.; evening service at 8 p. m. A cordial invitation is extended to all strangers and our citizens to
worship with us.

J. S. Kendrick, of Augusta Evenius

J. S. Kendrick, of Augusta, Ky., will preach at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. at Commerce Street Christian Church to-morrow.

St. Louis and Return, \$20 80. Oct. 2 to 6 inclusive the Texas and Pacific and Missouri Pacific Railways will sell round-trip tickets to the St. Louis Fair and Exposition for \$20 80, good returning until Oct. 15. The Pullman hotel and sleeping car via the Missouri Pacific leaves the Brick Depot at 10:20 every night, and the Pullman buffet sleepers via the Iron Mountain route leave Brick Depot 8:40 and Union Depot 9:10 every morning. Berths secured at 506 Main street.

B. W. McCullough,
E. P. Turner,, Tkt. Agt., G. P. & T. A.,
Dallas. Galveston.

Business Education.

Business Education.

The cause of education has shown great progress during the past quarter of a century. There are some advantages which the East possesses over the West, but the facilities for acquiring a thorough business education in Dallas are second to no city in the country. Among the representative business colleges in the Southwest there is none that ranks higher than LAWRENOE'S COMMERCIAL COLLEGE of this city, now in its twelfth year, without any vacation. The course of studies pursued at this college afford the most ample facilities for the practical education of both sexes for the active duties of life. Instruction is given in every variety and style of bookkeeping, from its most simple to its most complicated forms. Special attention is given to penmanship, correspondence, commercial calculations and mercantile law, etc.; also, in the auxiliary departments, telegraphy, short-hand, typewriting and instrumental music on the most popular instruments. No pains have been spared in making the graduates ready and accurate accountants, and as a result of the efforts of this college, you may find in the leading business, banks, insurance companies, real estate, manufacturing houses and railroad offices of this city, a large percentage of young men and ladies who have received their business training at this popular institution. Material assistance is given graduates of good standing in securing, situations in this city and elsewhere when desired. The cost of an education at this institution is not much greater than at inferior schools, and young ladies and gentlemen can not invest a little time and money in any other way where they can receive more lasting and satisfactory returns.

Drunkenness Cured.

One of the greatest mistortunes that can befall a man is for him to become so addicted to strong drink that it is impossible for him to control his appetite. For years it was thought that the only salvation for one in this deplorable condition was to seek refuge in an inebriate asylum. Even here he could not feel safe. In walking about the streets of a city one daily meets dozens of men who would barter half they possess for a remedy that they would feel sure would relieve them forever of their insatiable craving for stimulants. That such a remedy has been found there can no longer be a doubt. Dr. T. G. Hammer, who is at present in the city and stopping at the St. James Hotel, has for several years been performing cures all over Texas that have been a surprise not only to the friends of the parties relieved, but even to the parties themselves. There are over six hundred men in the State who will willingly testify to his ability to do what he claims. Call on or write to him if you are suffering from the effects of too much whisky, and a certain and speedy cure will result.

J. W. Webb's

### J. W. Webb's

J. W. Webb's

JEWELRY MANUFACTORY,
610 Main street.

Bridal presents of new and novel designs in silver and gold made to order; also society badges, charms, jewelry, etc.

We furnish drawings of any article desired. Orders from a distance solicited.

Our repairing department is among the best in the State. We have just received an immense stock of watches and diamonds, at lower prices than ever before offered.

Douglas Bros. are the leading tailors of Texas. Their house is full to overflowing with woolens of the finest and latest styles. They have an immense line of dress goods suitable for special occasions. Gentlemen from a distance visiting Dallas are invited to leave their measure. They can afterward be supplied by sample. Call on Douglas Bros., the Merchant Tailors, 703 Main street, Dallas, Tex.

### Taber Brothers.

JEWELERS AND OPTICIANS. Spectacles and eyeglasses to suit all sights, in gold, silver, steel or tortoise shell. Brazilian nebbles, tinted and all other kinds of glasses

set by us at short notice. Cahn Bros. are making a great name by their liberal offerings to the Dallas public. This week they show complete lines of table linen, nap-kins and towels at prices that were heretofore

Planters, Attention! The management of the Memphis and Little Rock Railway are in position to fur nish you with first-class colored labor from the Southeast and will guarantee satisfaction. Correspondence solicited. A. L. Smith, P. A. Memphis and Little Rock Railway, 506 Main st., Dallas, Tex.

Do not fail to see the great bargains offered by Cahn Bros. this week.

The latest patents issued from the patent office are on children's toys. You can find them all at Harris' book and toy house. Housekeepers will do well to examine the line of goods offered this week by Cahn Bros.

K. Huntstable, Boot and Shoe Factory, 732 ELM STREET, DALLAS, TEXAS.
A full line of Boots and Shoes in stock.

tom work to order, and repairing neatly and promptly done. See J. K. Hawes before buying your furniture, has he as the nicest stock in the city, 725 and 727 Elm Street.

Alston's Hungarian Patent, the finest flour in the market.

This week Cahn Bros. offer great bargains in table linen, towels and napkins. The handsomest of traveling bags, collar and cuff boxes in the city at Castles Bros.

F. Austin, 612 Main street, makes a specialty of repairing fine watches. For Pure Home-Made Candy Go to J. W. SKAER. 812 Main Street.

Shirts made to order and fit guaranteed. Castles Bros., 512 Main street. J. K. Hawes, at 725 and 727 Elm Street, sells furniture on installments. Thos. Goggan & Bro., Galveston, Tex., car-

ry the largest stock of pianos, organs, mus cal instruments, sheet music, in the State. Iron and slate mantels, coal hods, coal vases, fire sets, tile hearths. Harry Bros. We pay special attention to physicians'

prescriptions, and use the very best materials in compounding them.

HICKOX & HEARNE, The Leading Druggists, No. 601 Main street,

For spectacles and eyeglasses go to L. E. Curtis, jeweler, 701 Main street, Dallas.

# CAPITOL HOTEL.

G. McGINLY, Propr., - - HOUSTON, TEX.

### THE WINDSOR AND TREMONT HOTEL COMPANY.

THE GRAND WINDSOR HOTEL, DALLAS-BURK & WOODS, Managers,

THE TREMONT HOTEL, GALVESTON—HENRY WEAVER, Mgr., are the largest, finest and best appointed hotels in the State, with all modern improvements. The most liberal management, offering superior attractions to any other hotels in Texas. Rates, \$2 to \$3 50 per day. Large sample rooms and special accommodations for commercial men. Reduced rates for theatrical companies. Cuisine of superior excellence.

## FALL SUITS.

We've never been so well prepared to serve the public with Stylish, Seasonable and Reliable Clothing as now. Our stock in extent and variety is probably the largest shown by any Texas clothing House for the fall of '85, and embraces everything novel, new and attractive in the way of fabric and make-up manufactured in this country. We do not confine ourselves to any exclusive class of patrons, but cater to the taste of the general run of mankind.

Full value for every cent you invest at E. M. KAHN & CO.'S is the strong plank in our business platform, and we appreciate the fact that a satisfied customer is a continuous patron, and the best advertisement we can have.

### E.M. KAHN & CO.

Leading Clothiers and Outflitters.

Dr. F. L. Foscue, Physician, Surgeon, Oculist. 810 Main St., Dallas. Telephone No. 67.

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