

The Baird Star.

Our Motto: "TIS NEITHER BIRTH, NOR WEALTH, NOR STATE; BUT THE GIT-UP-AND-GIT THAT MAKES MEN GREAT."

VOLUME NO. 31.

BAIRD, CALLAHAN COUNTY, TEXAS, FRIDAY, MAY 31, 1918.

NO. 27

Clean-Up Sale on Fashionable Ready-to-Wear

Certainly the savings are decidedly larger than you would expect so early in the season, and especially in face of constantly advancing prices. The savings are real and the values unmatched. If you believe in thrift, you cannot afford to overlook this opportunity

SPECIAL PRICES ON SHOES	CLEAN-UP SALE ON COAT SUITS	NOVELTY SILK SKIRTS SPECIALLY PRICED	EXTRA SPECIAL OFFER ON MILLINERY
One lot of Misses Pumps, size 10 1/2 to 2 Choice for \$1.00	In this Clean-up sale of high-class Coat Suits are exclusive models in the newest styles in Military and Norfolk effects, ruffle and other late spring models, half and full silk lined. Newest colors:	This selection of specially priced Skirts includes a variety of pretty styles made up in beautifully patterned silks in colors and plaids. Also a big assortment of Wool Skirts go at Special Prices:	We are offering extra special prices on our entire line of Millinery. Choice for only
ALL LADIES BOOTS REDUCED			1-2 ORIGINAL PRICE
We have a complete line of Ladies and Misses Boots in all the newest colors and leathers, which we are offering at the following prices:			Come early and select a stylish hat at a ridiculous low price
\$10.00 values for - - - - - \$8.50 9.00 values for - - - - - 7.75 7.50 values for - - - - - 6.75	\$40.00 Suits, Clean-up at - - - - - \$32.50 35.00 Suits, Clean-up at - - - - - 26.50 25.00 Suits, Clean-up at - - - - - 18.50 20.00 Suits, Clean-up at - - - - - 14.95	\$20.00 Skirts, clean-up - - - - - \$16.50 12.50 Skirts, clean-up - - - - - 9.45 8.50 Skirts, clean-up - - - - - 6.45 One lot of \$5.00 to \$7.50 values, choice at 3.85	

U. S. GOVERNMENT FOOD ADMINISTRATION LICENSE No. G-40611

B. L. BOYDSTUN

The Place Where Most People Trade

Stores at Baird, Clyde, Cross Plains and Denton

BAIRD, TEXAS

TO THE PEOPLE OF CALLAHAN COUNTY

I am requested by Headquarters to impress upon the people that the greatest importance now exists for the conserving of wheat flour and particularly wheat. Never was there such a need of both as now by our allies and "Our Boys Over There."

All are requested to abstain from eating pure wheat bread or using in any way pure wheat flour.

Violations of the rules and regulations of the Federal Food Administration by Licensees are punishable by a revocation of their license and the unlicensed by having their supply cut off.

County Administrators may for the purpose of ascertaining such violations, conduct informal examinations, and if the facts justify, the offender is reported to Headquarters, for final action, and this, I hope I

will not be compelled to do. All owners of hotels and public eating houses are required to make monthly reports on the forms furnished to them heretofore, on or before the 10th of each month.

Rules in reference to the sales of sugar have been furnished to the retailers, when a party wants to preserve fruits, with all information printed thereon.

Our people are better off than any of the Allies. The English are not making any white bread at all and France will soon follow suit.

The Federal Food Administration asks that no barbecues be had this year at the different public gatherings. This does not forbid such gathering being had at any time or place for any purpose.

All owners or controllers of hotels and public eating houses, are requested to not place their sugar on

the table, but to sweeten the drinks to suit the taste of the party served.

All public places are urgently requested to close their places of business at some hour to be agreed upon by a majority of the persons so affected, and if such is disregarded, and there is a "mix-up" with Uncle Sam why I am not to be censured.

Respectfully,
F. S. Bell, Chm.
County Food Administration

MARRIED

Mr. Everett West and Miss Callie Gillit were married in Baird, Monday morning, May 27th, 1918 and a short time after Mr. West left for Camp Bowie where he goes into training as a soldier. We extend best wishes to the young people and express the hope that this great war will soon be over and they will be permitted to live many happy years together.

TEACHERS' EXAMINATIONS

Examinations for Teacher's certificates will be held at the School Building in Baird on Friday and Saturday, June 7th and 8th, 1918.
S. E. Settle, Co. Supt.

COOPERS CATTLE DIP

The best tick dip on the market. Recognized by Federal and State officials. One gallon makes 155 gallons. Mixes with cold water. No heating or mixing required, always ready for use. Does not lose its strength. Cheaper than other dips when you figure the cost per gallon of dip ready for dipping. Kills ticks and lice. See 25th Frank Parker, Baird, Texas

METHODIST SERVICES

Rev. Switzer, who has been assisting in a meeting at Merkel the past two weeks will be at home next Sunday and will hold services at the Methodist church at the usual hour morning and night.

CORN FOR FEED

Farmers can still get corn at \$1.85 per bu. See I. B. Cupp or J. M. Cunningham, Baird, Texas. 26-31

FOR SALE—Pumpkin Yam potato slips for sale. Phone 34 25-27

BOYS LEAVE FOR ARMY CAMP

In the list of boys to leave last Monday as given last week there were some changes. Sam Fraser and Clint Blakley went from other points to Camp Cody, New Mexico. The following volunteers in addition to list given last week, went: T. B. Coppinger, Charley Fullen and Byron Leslie Walker, the latter is a nephew of F. L. Walker, of Baird. His home is in Mississippi, where he registered. He has been working in Baird for several months. The boys left on the noon train Monday and a large crowd of relatives and friends were at the depot to see them off.

Dr. R. G. Powell, of the county board, was present to see that every thing was in order. Mayor Schwartz made a very appropriate talk to the boys. Our Mayor is getting to be quite an orator.

Raymond Foy was elected captain of the bunch.

The following boys left Wednesday night for Fort Sam Houston: Paschal Bawl, Moses Clayton Baum, Harmon W. Henslee. On June 1st the following will leave for Camp Lee, Petersburg, Va., John Driakill, Elmer Hearn and Roy Martin Estes

Young Men to Register

On June 5th every man who will have come of age, 21 years, since June 5th last year must register at Baird with the Local Board. Don't forget this.

GERMAN WOMEN MUST REGISTER

All German women must register June 17th and 26th. All unmarried German women born in Germany unless their fathers have been naturalized and women married to German aliens must register. Married women take the nationality of their husband and do not have to register. Thus a German born woman whose husband is an American citizen or a citizen of any of the nations allied with the United in this war does not have to register but American women married to a German or Austrian alien must register.

LOST—sack containing several Ford inner tubes. For reward notify Eugene Wood, Eastland, Texas.

GRAMMAR SCHOOL GRADUATES MEDALS AWARDED.

The following students of the Grammar School received certificates of promotion to the High School:

Otis Akers, Everett Allphine, J. T. Asbury, Freddie Farmer, Clyde Halsted, Rondol Forest, J. L. White, Horton Hornsby, Leroy Howard, Willie Hammans, Andrew Vaughn, Harold Wristen, Arthur Parish, Fay Paschall, Norma Bowlus, Muriel Dickey, Agnes Eastham, Frances King, Mable Earle Farmer, Ruby Mae Hunt, Georgia Peebles.

The following students received the different medals awarded:

Clifford Jones—Highest General Average in entire school, 99 19-30, given by F. S. Bell.

Nina Hurley—Highest Av. 11th Grade, 97 1-2, given by H. Schwartz
Lula James, Highest Av. 10th Grade, 99 67-240, given by W. D. Boydston.

Annie V. Foy, Highest Av. 9th Grade, 98 73-360, given by L. L. Blackburn.

Catherine Mullican, Highest Av. 8th Grade, 96 1 2, given by B. L. Boydston.

Agnes Eastham, Highest Av. 7th Grade, 94 7-16, given by Fred Greenrock.

Faye Williams, Highest Av. 6th Grade, 95 5-7, given by A. R. Day.
Lola Johnson, Highest Av. 5th Grade, 96, given by Dr. Hill.

Willie Seranton, Highest Av. 4th Grade, 96, given by Dr. Ramsey.

Brock Brandon, Highest Av. 3rd Grade, G. L. Alban.

Emogene Orr, Highest Av. 2nd Grade, 96 1-2, given by Frank Alvord.

Jetta Surles, Jewell Grimes and Frances Vestal, Highest Av. 1st Grade, 94 each, three medals given by Dr. Powell, Chas. Nordyke and B. F. Austin.

Hilda Albin, English in High School, Av. 100, given by Mr. Surles
Ellen Bell, Highest Av. in Spelling in entire school, 99 3-4, given by T. E. Powell.

Frances Moseley, Highest Av. Language in lower grades, 97 1-2, given by C. E. Walker.

Roberts Warren, Reading 98, Spelling 97 1-2, given by Bob Warren.

SAM SEAY, PROMOTED.

Sometime ago we received a letter from Sam Seay, who has recently been promoted to Lieutenant. He also sent us a picture of himself and his company which we were glad to receive. Here is another Callahan county raised boy that has found his place in the Army and is making good. Here is a short sketch of Sam's career in the army: Enlisted Sept. 20th, 1917, El Paso Draft Board No. 2, assigned to Co. No. 4, 315th Ammunition Train, Camp Travis, Texas. Promoted to Sergeant, Oct. 20, 1917. Was transferred as a Private to Quartermaster Mechanical Repair Shop No. 304, Fort Sam Houston, Texas, in Nov. Was appointed Sergeant 1st Class, Dec. 12, 1917, in command of Machine Shop Truck Unit Z. Received honorable discharge from the National Army to accept Commission as First Lieutenant Q. M. C. N. A. Feb. 23, 1918. Reported to Camp Joseph E. Johnston, Jacksonville, Fla., and was appointed company commander of Motor Truck Co. No. 411, on March 1, 1918. The position he now holds calls for a Captain for which he has been recommended.

RED CROSS DRIVE.

The Red Cross Drive for the Second War Fund for Callahan county resulted in our raising \$5763.83, by the following auxiliaries, viz:

Baird	\$2,259.80
Clyde	1,279.20
Cross Plains	666.64
Oplin	702.25
Putnam	372.21
Cottonwood	240.65
Admiral	110.85
Dudley	61.00
Rowden	41.25

The work has been extremely tedious for some of us, but folks everywhere were anxious to give. The clerical work connected with the raising and account for this large sum of money raised mostly in small amounts has taken all my time for fifteen days, and while I am tired, we all are happy. This closes out my work as Secretary and I trust you will give my successor loyal support.
Geo. B. Scott.

Ford
THE UNIVERSAL CAR

Touring Car \$503.38
Roadster 487.99

F. O. B. BAIRD

Raise in price on cars includes difference in Freight and War Tax

Also Handle Supplies. Ford Repairing

HARRY BERRY



LIEUT. COL. C. B. HATCH



Lieut. Col. Charles B. Hatch of the United States Marine corps has been sent to Philadelphia by Secretary Daniels to see that the city is cleaned of all vice, in accordance with the wishes of the navy department.

AMERICAN AIRPLANES ON FRENCH FRONT

For Three Days Not One Enemy Aviator Has Dared Show Himself Before the American Sector.

With American Army in France.—The first airplanes to be furnished to the American army from the United States have arrived in France and are now in use in a training camp. These machines are of the type equipped with the Liberty motor.

For three days not one Boche aviator has struck his nose over the American sector and our aviators going back of the Boche lines have not been able to start a fight. During the last month the Boche airmen confronting our lines lost 12 machines to our four, in addition to losses inflicted by the French. It is not known what is the reason for their inactivity. It is presumed that they are rebuilding the personnel of their damaged squadrons.

American airmen feel a pride in the situation, which is quite different from what it used to be when the Boche had the best air patrol on our sector. Our army has plenty of trained aviators, who would make themselves a big factor if they had an ample supply of machines.

The Mexico-Cuba Situation.

Washington.—There are no new developments in the breaking of diplomatic relations between Mexico and Cuba, as announced Saturday in Mexico city dispatches. No confirmation had come from the Cuban capital, although Havana advices said that the Mexican charge d'affaires had turned his files over to the consulate and taken his formal leave of the Cuban authorities. Recall of the Mexican diplomatic official by Mexico city authorities was explained in the Mexico city advices as being due to the fact that Cuba, being involved in the war, that government had been obliged to dictate measures that affect the interests of the Mexican government in many instances. Officials are keeping a close watch on the situation pending developments from either Havana or the Mexican capital.

Americans Playing Big Part.

Paris.—In the work of strengthening the battle front the Americans are playing no secondary role. The steady stream of lads from overseas to the fighting line has served greatly to reassure the British and French contingents that have heretofore so valiantly held their own against tremendous odds. Those of the Americans already in the trenches have given and still are giving a good account of themselves, harassing the Germans with their artillery.

Still Quiet on Western Front.

London.—As yet, there is nowhere any indications that it is the early intention of the enemy again to try to break the battle front and reach the channel ports. It is not improbable, however, that the blow may be launched at any moment. Aviators winging their way in reconnaissance behind the German lines still report a continuation by the Germans of their work of bringing up fresh troops, guns and stores for what is believed will be their big attempt.

Charged With Selling Spoiled Meat.

Washington.—The sale of thousands of pounds of spoiled meat and other foods to Camp Travis, Texas, is charged against Morris & Co. and Wilson & Co. in a complaint issued by the federal trade commission. According to the language of the complaint, the food was "unfit for human consumption." Most of the food was detected and condemned, but some of it may have been passed and consumed. Details of the information were withheld.

SUBMARINE SINKS BRITISH TRANSPORT

Most of Men Aboard Were in Hammocks—Sailors and Soldiers Alike Showed No Panic.

London.—The British armed merchant troop ship Moldavia with American troops on board has been torpedoed and sunk, according to an official bulletin issued by the admiralty Friday evening.

The text of the admiralty statement follows: "The armed mercantile cruiser Moldavia was torpedoed and sunk. There were no casualties among the crew, but of the American troops on board 56 up to the present have not been accounted for. It is feared they were killed in one compartment by the explosion."

The Moldavia was torpedoed without warning. It was a moonlight night and, although a good lookout was kept, the attacking submarine was not sighted before the torpedo struck.

Most of the men aboard were in their hammocks when the explosion occurred amidships. The sailors and soldiers alike showed no panic. They fell calmly into line and waited orders when it was seen that the Moldavia was settling down. All on board were taken off by the escorting ships.

Men lost all their belongings, but were supplied with new clothing at the different naval ports where they were taken.

It is believed that the American soldiers missing from the Moldavia were sleeping on the bottom deck and were overtaken by the great inrush of water after the explosion when they were trying to reach the main deck. It also is presumed some of the ladders were destroyed.

The vessel was struck below the bridge. She steamed ahead for some time after being struck and at first it was hoped that her water-tight compartments would enable her to reach port.

NEW WAGE SCALE APPROVED.

Only Those Lines Under Government Control, and Not So-Called Short Lines, Will Be Affected.

Washington.—General pay increases for nearly 2,000,000 railway employees were announced by Director General McArdoo, effective next Saturday and retroactive to last January, carrying out substantially the recommendation of the railroad commission. The aggregate of the increases probably will be more than \$300,000,000 a year, half of which will be distributed within three weeks as back pay in lump sums ranging from about \$100 to nearly \$200 each.

The director general departed from the wage commission's recommendations in the following particulars:

The principle of the basic eight-hour day is recognized, but owing to exigencies of the war situation, hours of employment are not actually reduced and overtime is to be paid pro rata; future adjustments of pay are to be made on the basis of eight hours.

In addition to the ordinary scale of increase, day laborers, employed mainly on track work, are to get at least 2 1/2 an hour more than they received last Dec. 31.

A minimum of 55c an hour is established for the shop trades, including machinists, boilermakers and blacksmiths. Women are to receive the same pay as men for the same work and negroes are to get the same as white men for similar employment.

Coal Price is Reduced.

Washington.—A reduction of 10c a ton in government-fixed prices for bituminous coal was announced by the fuel administration, as a result of the agreement under which the railroads will pay the fixed price for coal and abandon the practice of giving preferential car service to mines furnishing railroad fuel. Prices become effective at once. They apply to short tons, and mean an average reduction of about 5 per cent, or a saving to the public of around \$60,000,000.

Cut Out Appropriation.

Washington.—The \$500,000 appropriation in the food production bill to enable the secretary of agriculture to secure the voluntary mobilization and distribution of farm labor for the production and harvesting of crops was eliminated at the instance of Representative Young of Texas, who contended that it would not only serve to disturb the labor conditions in the producing sections. The provision intended that the railroad transportation of the labor should be paid

Huns in Mad Race With Americans.

Edinburgh.—That Germany is straining every nerve to strike a decisive blow before the American armies can be brought into the field was the statement made by David Lloyd George, the British prime minister. In an address on his being tendered the freedom of the city of Edinburgh. The allied commanders who know best what the prospects were, he added, felt most confident about the result along the entire western battle front.

VICE ADMIRAL SCHROEDER



According to Berlin dispatches, Vice Admiral Schroeder, the German commander of Zebrugga, has been decorated for his attempt to defend that submarine base against the British raid.

MUST EITHER GO TO WORK OR FIGHT

Amendment to Regulations Will Force Every Registrant to Find Useful Employment by July 1.

Washington.—Two important steps have been taken toward perfecting the task of putting the nation on a war basis.

Soon after Provost Marshal General Crowder had promulgated a drastic amendment to the selective service regulations requiring every man of draft age to work or fight, Secretary Baker appeared before the house military committee and asked that President Wilson be authorized to call to the colors all men of draft age who can be equipped and trained. The committee promptly and unanimously voted the authority into the army appropriation bill about to be reported to the house.

Crowder's Order Far-Reaching.

General Crowder's new regulation is far-reaching in scope and touches not only habitual idlers, but also requires that draft registrants now in occupations held to be non-useful seek new jobs or take their places in the army.

Clerks in stores, waiters, bartenders, employes at places of amusement, passenger elevator men and other employes around hotels, clubs and business buildings, as well as gamblers, fortune tellers and race track and bucket-shop attendants, all fall among those classed as non-usefully engaged.

The house military committee's action after hearing Secretary Baker, completed the army bill with provisions for the pay of 3,000,000 men and with ordinance appropriations on the basis of an army of 4,000,000. The measure will be laid before the house carrying a total of \$9,569,129,000 of actual appropriations and authorization for contracts amounting to \$2,464,416,000 more.

Can Raise 5,000,000 Men.

Mr. Baker told the committee in executive session the president's reasons for asking that no limit be placed upon the number of draft men to be called. Members said later it was estimated that an army of 5,000,000 could be raised without changing the draft ages.

Every man of draft age must work or fight after July 1, under the amendment to the selective service regulations announced by General Crowder.

Miss Stinson Has an Accident.

Binghamton, N. Y.—Katherine Stinson, the aviatrix, who left Chicago to fly to New York without a stop, carrying government mail, damaged her airplane while attempting a landing near here. The machine overturned, smashing the propeller and damaging one of the wings. Miss Stinson was uninjured. Although keenly disappointed because of her failure to reach the metropolis, Miss Stinson was elated at her having broken two American records.

Huns Replace Troops Opposite U. S.

With American Army in France.—German troops who faced the Americans along the Toul sectors for several weeks have been withdrawn and sent to the battle area of northern France. They have been replaced by the Eighth Bavarian reserves.

\$63,949,611 Raised for Red Cross Fund

Washington.—Approximately \$20,000,000 has been subscribed to the American Red Cross second \$100,000,000 war mercy fund, bringing the subscriptions reported up to Thursday night to a total of \$63,949,611. Four more working days of the campaign remain and officials were confident Friday there would be a large oversubscription. Greater New York's subscriptions reported totaled \$16,294,536 against its quota of \$25,000,000.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE GOES BEFORE CONGRESS ASKS PASSAGE OF IMPORTANT MEASURES

PRESIDENT ASKS FOR REVENUE LEGISLATION

TELLS JOINT SESSION OF CONGRESS MONEY FOR WAR MUST BE PROVIDED NOW.

WILL REACH THE PROFITEERS

Incomes, Excess Profits and Luxuries Suggested as Place for Levying Tax to Raise \$8,000,000,000.

Washington, May 27.—President Wilson ended discussion over whether congress shall stay in Washington this summer to enact new revenue legislation by appearing today before the house and senate in joint session and calling upon members to put aside politics and all other considerations, to provide money for growing war expenses and to advise the country in advance of the tax burdens it must meet.

Just as the president was leaving the white house for the capitol, word came that the German drive against the west front had been resumed. He gave his visit a dramatic touch by announcing this news as he concluded his prepared speech, saying it strengthened the purpose he had tried to express.

Another Precedent Broken.

At the conclusion of his prepared address the president, pausing, laid his hand over his manuscript and added another precedent breaker to the long list he has established in his dealings with congress. He addressed the assemblage extemporaneously, speaking earnestly and forcefully, while the auditors sat in a rapt and surprised silence.

Text of Address

The President's address follows: Gentlemen of the Congress—It is with unaffected reluctance that I come to ask you to prolong your session long enough to provide more adequate resources of the Treasury for the conduct of the war. I have reason to appreciate as fully as you do how arduous the session has been. Your labors have been severe and protracted. You have passed a long series of measures which required the debate of many doubtful questions of judgment and many exceedingly difficult questions of principle as well as of practice.

Account to People

The summer is upon us, in which labor and counsel are twice arduous and are constantly apt to be impaired by lassitude and fatigue. The elections are at hand and we ought as soon as possible to go and render an intimate account of our trusteeship to the people who delegated us to act for them in the weighty and anxious matters that crowd upon us in these days of critical choice and action. But we dare not go to the elections until we have done our duty to the full. These are days when duty stands stark and naked and even with closed eyes we know it is there. Excuses are unavailing. We have either done our duty or we have not. The fact will be as gross and plain as the duty itself. In such a case lassitude and fatigue seem negligible enough.

Outlines Facts

And the facts are these: Additional revenue must manifestly be provided for. It would be a most unsound policy to raise too large a proportion of them by loan, and it is evident that the four billions now provided for by taxation will not of themselves sustain the greatly enlarged budget to which we must immediately look forward. We can not in fairness wait until the end of the fiscal year is at hand to apprise our people of the taxes they must pay on their earnings of the present calendar year, whose accountings and expenditures will then be closed. We can not get increased taxes until the country knows what they are to be and practice the necessary economy to make them available. Definiteness, early definiteness, as to what its tasks are to be is absolutely necessary for the successful administration of the treasury. It can not frame fair and workable regulations in haste; and it must frame its regulations in haste if it is not to do its exact task until the very eve of its performance.

The present tax laws are marred, moreover, by inequities which ought

Must Forget Politics

There is only one way to meet that duty. We must meet it without selfishness or fear of consequences. Politics is adjourned. The elections will go to those who think least of it; to those who go to the constituencies without explanations or excuses, with a plain record of duty faithfully and disinterestedly performed. I, for one, am always confident that the people of this country will give a just verdict upon the service of the men who act for them when the facts are such that no man can disguise or conceal them. There is no danger of deceit now. An intensive and pitiless light beats upon every man and every intention in this tragic plot of war that is now upon the stage. If lobbyists hurry to Washington to attempt to turn what you do in the matter of taxation to their protection or advantage, the light will beat also on them. There is abundant fuel for the light in the records of the treasury with regard to profits of every sort. The profiteering that can not be got at by the restraints of conscience and love of country can be got at by

Find Human Giant's Tooth

Can You Imagine an Acolot Man With Molar That Weighed Two Ounces?

Pittsburg, Kan.—Can you imagine a prehistoric man whose tooth would weigh four ounces, a tooth which would take a wire cable to pull? Such a tooth has been found in a coal bed, more than 600 feet under the ground. The tooth was found about two miles northwest of Pittsburg, in a coal mine. Dentists claim that, because of certain formations, it could be nothing but a grinder from the head of a prehistoric man. While it is light and appears to be bone, it is in a perfect state of petrification. It is practically impossible to determine at what age the man lived, but it must have been many years before the birth of Christ, because of the depth at which the tooth was found. However, it is possible that the molar could have been placed that deep in another earth by an unknown

to be remedied. Indisputable facts, every one; and we can not alter or blink them. To state them is argument enough.

Loans Bring Inflation

And yet, perhaps you will permit me to dwell for a moment upon the situation they disclose. Enormous loans freely spent in the stimulation of industry of almost every sort produces inflations and extravagances which presently make the whole economic structure questionable and insecure and the very basis of credit is cut away. Only fair, equitably distributed taxation, of the widest incidence and drawing chiefly from the sources which would be likely to demoralize credit by their very abundance, can prevent inflation and keep our industrial system free of speculation's waste. We shall naturally turn, therefore, I suppose to war profits and incomes and luxuries for the additional taxes. But the war profits and incomes upon which the increased taxes will be levied will be the profits and incomes for the calendar year 1918. It would be manifestly unfair to wait until the early months of 1919 to say what they are to be.

It might be difficult, I should imagine, to run the mill with water that had already gone over the wheel.

Moreover, taxes of that sort will not be paid until the June of next year and the treasury must anticipate them. It must use the money they are to produce before it is due. It must sell short-time certificates of indebtedness. In the autumn a much larger sale of long-time bonds must be effected than has yet been attempted. What are the bankers to think of the certificate if they do not certainly know where the money is to come from which is to take them up, and how are investors to approach the purchase of these bonds with any sort of confidence or knowledge of their own affairs if they do not know what taxes they are to pay and what economies and adjustments of their business they must effect? I can not assure the country of a successful administration of the treasury in 1918 if the question of further taxation is to be left undecided until 1919.

"Win the War" Paramount

The consideration that dominates every other now and makes every other seem trivial and negligible, is the winning of the war. We are not only in the midst of the war, we are at the very peak and crisis of it. Hundreds of thousands of our men, carrying our hearts with them and our fortunes, are in the field and ships are crowding faster and faster to the ports of France and England with regiment after regiment, thousand after thousand, to join them until the enemy shall be beaten and brought to a reckoning with mankind. There can be no pause or intermission.

The great enterprise must, on the contrary, be pushed with greater and greater energy. The volume of our might must steadily and rapidly be augmented until there can be no question of resisting it. If that is to be accomplished, gentlemen, money must sustain it to the utmost. Our financial program must no more be left in doubt or suffered to lag than our ordnance program or our ship program or our munitions program or our program for making millions of men ready. These others are not programs, indeed, but merely plans upon paper, unless there is to be an unquestionable supply of money. That is the question, and it is the situation which creates the duty, no choice or preference of ours.

Must Forget Politics

There is only one way to meet that duty. We must meet it without selfishness or fear of consequences. Politics is adjourned. The elections will go to those who think least of it; to those who go to the constituencies without explanations or excuses, with a plain record of duty faithfully and disinterestedly performed. I, for one, am always confident that the people of this country will give a just verdict upon the service of the men who act for them when the facts are such that no man can disguise or conceal them. There is no danger of deceit now. An intensive and pitiless light beats upon every man and every intention in this tragic plot of war that is now upon the stage. If lobbyists hurry to Washington to attempt to turn what you do in the matter of taxation to their protection or advantage, the light will beat also on them. There is abundant fuel for the light in the records of the treasury with regard to profits of every sort. The profiteering that can not be got at by the restraints of conscience and love of country can be got at by

taxation. There is such profiteering now and the information with regard to it is available and indisputable.

I am advising you to act upon this matter of taxation now, gentlemen, not because I do not know that you can see and interpret the facts and the duty they impose just as well and with as clear a perception of the obligation involved as I can, but because there is a certain solemn satisfaction in sharing with you the responsibilities of such a time. The world never stood in such case before. Men never before had so clear or so moving a vision of duty. I know that you will begrudge the work to be done here by us no more than the men begrudge us—those who lie in the trenches and sally forth to their death. There is a stimulating comradeship knitting us all together. And this task to which I invite your immediate consideration will be performed under favorable influences if we will look to what the country is thinking and expecting and care nothing at all for what is being said and believed in the lobbies of Washington hotels, where the atmosphere seems to make it possible to believe what is believed nowhere else.

People Are United

Have you not felt the spirit of the Nation rise and its thought become a single and common thought since these eventful days came in which we have been seeing our boys to the other side? I think you must read that thought as I do to mean this: That the people of this country are not only united in the resolute purpose to win this war, but are ready and willing to bear any burden and undergo any sacrifice that it may be necessary for them to bear in order to win it. We need not be afraid to tax them if we lay taxes justly. They know the war must be paid for, and that it is they who must pay for it, and if the burden is justly distributed and the sacrifice made a common sacrifice from which none escape who can bear it at all they will carry it cheerfully and with a sort of solemn pride. I have always been proud to be an American, and was never more proud than now, when all that we have said and all that we have foreseen about our people is coming true. The great days have come when the only thing that they ask for or admire is duty greatly and adequately done, when their only wish for America is that she may share the freedom she enjoys, when a great, compelling sympathy swells up in their hearts for men everywhere who suffer and are oppressed; and when they see at last the high uses for which their wealth has been piled up and their mighty power accumulated and counting neither blood nor treasure now that their final day of opportunity has come, rejoice to spend and to be spent through a long night of suffering and terror in order that they and men everywhere may see the dawn of a day of righteousness and justice and peace.

Shall we grow weary when they bid us act?

May I add this word, gentlemen: Just as I was leaving the White House I was told that the expected drive on the western front had apparently begun. You can realize how that solematized my feelings as I came to you, and how it seemed to strengthen the purpose which I have tried to express in these lines.

I have admired the work of this session. The way in which the two house of congress have co-operated with the executive has been generous and admirable and it is not in any spirit of suggesting duty neglected, but only to remind you of the common cause and the common obligation that I have ventured to come to you today.

Caddo Refinery Burns, \$300,000 Loss.

Shreveport.—The Caddo Oil and Refining company's plant in the outskirts of the city was partially destroyed by fire. The blaze started from an explosion in one of the stills and flaming oil was thrown about the entire refinery. Many of the men at work had narrow escapes in fleeing from the plant. While the plant was still burning, officials of the company estimated the loss at \$300,000.

Build More Ships Than Subs Sink.

Paris.—As proof that the allies are rapidly overcoming the submarine menace, George Leygues, the minister of marine, informed the army and navy war committees of the senate that the United States alone had constructed in April 40,000 tons more shipping than was sunk by the enemy.

At some time.

The coal mine in which it was found has been in operation many years and is one of the deepest in the country.

Many persons at first believed the tooth was that of a prehistoric animal rather than of a man. However, it was taken to several dentists, who said that, because of certain formations in the human tooth, which are absent in teeth of animals, the molar must have been that of a prehistoric human being.

Home Town Helps

IS NO LONGER EXPERIMENT

Garden City Has Been Proved to Be Complete Success by Its Development in England.

While the community idea in this country should not exactly be called a negative expression, its development to date hardly warrants terming it a positive enterprise.

Concerning this movement Noble Post Hagen says:

"The garden city and town-planting movement has reached the highest point of effectiveness in England and has proved something more than a successful experiment.

"The model villages of Letchworth, Port Sunlight, Bournville, which provide homes, real homes, for working people, are artistic creations of men possessed of splendid imagination and sympathetic understanding. Add to these Hemstead Garden suburbs, the Garden village near Cardiff, with their picturesque winding roads and vine-covered dwellings, and one may look in vain for their counterparts in America. They are nothing less than fairy garden spots.

"The difference between the garden city and the garden suburb is that the first is a separate entity, a self-sustaining unit; the latter lies on the outskirts of large cities and becomes a part thereof.

"There is no distinct and overwhelming element of philanthropy as a basis for the creation of these model towns. They are paying investments from the practical point of view. The plan has been for a number of manufacturers to give serious thought to the furthering of the garden city movement. The congestion in our large cities, contrary to all natural laws, has about reached its limit. We can no longer excuse ourselves for past errors in town planning on the theory that this is a young country. New towns are being laid out today with the same pitiful lack of constructive imagination as heretofore; paralleled streets, giving the aspect of a great, ugly checkerboard; no civic centers, no playgrounds, insufficient parks.

"The garden cities that are destined to bloom in America and that are to be the result of a movement fathered by American industrial institutions, should be equal, if not superior, to any like developments anywhere in the world."

REASON FOR CITY PLANNING

Allows for That Development Sure to Be the Lot of a Town That Has Live People.

City planning is the economy of action today that insures possession tomorrow.

The average American city doubles every twenty-five years. This means that it quadruples every fifty years. The growth of Minneapolis is more rapid. It doubles in somewhat less than seventeen years. It will, at its present rate of growth, reach a million and a quarter in a third of a century. Even this rate of growth may be exceeded.

Transportation is the essence of city planning. Rapid, frequent and cheap means of communication between home and workshop, one workshop and another, and workshop and homes, are indispensable to community efficiency. The chief agency of transportation is the street system. Every other agency depends upon it, foot travel, vehicular travel, surface, subway and elevated service, the telephones and the telegraph, sewers and conduits—all are controlled, determined, dictated by the street system.

City planning is the prevision of the imminent population and of its transportation needs.

When Planning Brick Building.

The choice of brick is a difficult matter to advise. Avoid brick likely to discoloration through presence of salts in the clay. Brick should be hard burned, impervious to water and non-absorbent. Do not judge of the effect of brick from a sample held in the hand. Go and see some building in which the brick in question has been used. In purchasing brick make sure that the same size and color are likely to be in stock for some time. This may prevent trouble in case of later alterations.

All Should Have Garden.

It is always well to have all plans made and things ready so as to be able to take advantage of the first opportunity for getting hardy seeds into the ground. If one did not have entire success with one's garden last year, one can now study ways to profit by mistakes made then.

Let us appreciate the beauty and the worth of our gardens. The need of them this year will be more evident than ever. Indeed, patriotism demands that all who can possibly do so plan for a garden this summer.

Excellent Garden Plan.

A good garden plan is an inspiration. Have every part of the plan labeled with the first crop and the second crop to follow when the first one comes off. Study and rearrange the plan until it is just right, and you can do it in imagination. If you have had some experience, you can set down the approximate dates when the different seeds are to be planted.

Horticultural News

BANDING FOR CODLING MOTH

Used as Adjunct to Spraying in Sections Badly Infested With Injurious Orchard Pest.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Banding the trunks and larger limbs of apple trees with strips of cloth has been practiced extensively for the control of the codling moth. Previous to the advent of spraying the banding method was the best means known of checking the ravages of this pest. This method consists in fastening a band of cloth around the trunk from which the loose bark has been removed. Usually a band made from burlap folded to three thicknesses 4 to 8 inches wide is used. The codling moth larvae, or worms, crawl beneath the band to form their cocoons and should be destroyed by hand at intervals of ten days throughout the season.

Bands are still used as an adjunct to spraying in regions heavily infested



Wire Screen Band Trap for Codling Moth.

with the codling moth. The use of the bands, although laborious and expensive, is profitable under these conditions, but if they cannot be cared for systematically they should not be used.

A codling-moth band trap recently devised by the bureau of entomology can be substituted for the banding method. This trap, when properly adjusted to the tree trunk, permits the codling-moth worms to enter it and prevents the escape of the moths. While this trap was designed primarily for the codling moth, its principle is applicable to other insects having similar habits.

The trap can be readily made by the fruit grower at little expense, and may be attached at any time during the winter or spring, not later than one month after the petals have dropped.

The following supplies are needed for making and attaching the traps: (1) Black-painted wire-screen cloth 1 foot wide, 12 meshes to the inch; (2) burlap cloth; (3) pitch-tar; (4) small, portable oil heater; (5) hammer, porters, wire shears, and tacks.

The wire screen is the ordinary fly screen, and the 1-foot width is the most desirable of the regular stock material to use. Cut the screen into strips 6 inches wide and fold the edges twice, allowing one-fourth inch to each fold. A convenient way to fold the edges is to use a folding machine as employed by tanners. If a crimping machine, such as used by tanners to reduce the ends of stovepipes, is at hand, both edges of the wire screen should then be run through the crimp. This will give the wire a very desirable bulge and at the same time will permit considerable expansion of the trunk without breaking the screen. Next cut the burlap into strips 6 inches wide and fold to three thicknesses. If the burlap after cutting is first soaked in water, it can be readily creased, and may then be done up in rolls for convenience in handling.

Select the most regular section of the trunk and encircle it with a strip of which should project about one-fourth inch beyond the burlap or a total of about one-half inch from the trunk. These should be driven at intervals of 3 to 4 inches.

Next cover the band with the screen and tack one end, leaving the burlap in the middle of the screen. Let one person grasp the lower edge of the screen with the pliers and draw tightly while the other taps it with a hammer until it conforms snugly and, at the same time, fastens it to the trunk with tacks. Cut the wire screen long enough to allow an overlap of 3 to 4 inches. Proceed in the same way with the upper edge and finally tack the top securely. It is advisable to fasten the lower edge first, since, if the upper edge is first attached, it is somewhat difficult to see whether the lower edge fits tightly. It will be noted that the tacks extending beyond the burlap serve to prevent the wire screen from pressing the band.

HOW THE PIPELESS FURNACE OPERATES

New System of Heating Is Getting Attention.

SAVING IN FUEL IS CLAIMED

Idea Was First Conceived Fifty or Sixty Years Ago but Only Recently Has It Been Successfully Applied.

Mr. William A. Radford will answer questions and give advice FREE OF COST on all subjects pertaining to the subject of building, for the readers of this paper. On account of his wide experience as Editor, Author and Manufacturer, he is, without doubt, the highest authority on all these subjects. Address all inquiries to William A. Radford, No. 187 Prairie avenue, Chicago, Ill., and only enclose three-cent stamp for reply.

By WILLIAM A. RADFORD.

Fifty or sixty years ago some one conceived the idea that a stove with a jacket around it, placed in the basement, with an opening above it, could be made to heat a house. He thought so well of the idea that he made a model, drew plans and specifications and secured a patent.

The heater was built. Because of the jacket an inflow of air was needed. This was provided by an air duct leading into the space between the jacket and the stove from out of doors. Heat poured through the opening above, but for some reason the house wouldn't get warm. After experimenting a while, the inventor gave it up and allowed his patent to lapse.

That man probably never knew how near he came to helping solve a modern heating problem. Either he did not know or overlooked the fact that in heating a house, or a store, or any type of building, the air heated by the fire must displace the cold air in that house, or store building. He had neglected to provide an outlet for the



Section Through Five-Room Bungalow Showing How House Is Heated by Pipeless Furnace.

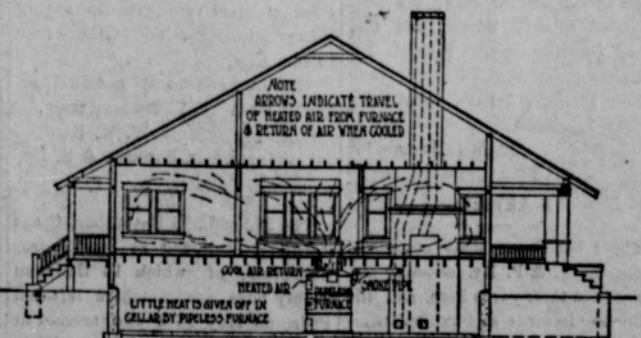
cold air and, in consequence, his invention was a failure.

Recognition of this fact made possible the furnace which came after. A "cold air register," placed in a central position in the building, "sucked" out the cold air as the heated air was discharged into the rooms. But here, too, the inventor and the manufacturers who produced these furnaces overlooked something. They got the results, but disregarded what present-day standards demanded—efficiency.

Heat Wasted on Basement.

In the basement a maze of pipes was strung, each pipe leading to a room above. These pipes, as the heated air passed through them, threw off much of the heat. In fact, the basement, where no one habitually sits or stays any longer than is necessary got the first crack at the heat. Coatings of various kinds and of more or less value were applied to the pipes to keep the heat in. Still much of the heat was wasted on the deserted basement.

Then, only a few years ago, four or five at the most, along came a man



Section Through Five-Room Bungalow Showing How House Is Heated by Pipeless Furnace.

with an "original idea." It was original, too, in part.

"Why not," he probably said to himself, "running his hand through his hair, or holding his chin between thumb and forefinger, or doing some one of the many things men do in stories when they are in deep thought—"why not save that wasted heat?"

So he set about to save it and he did. He invented the pipeless furnace.

For the benefit of those who do not know what a pipeless furnace is, it is suggested that the first paragraph, or rather the first two paragraphs of this article be read again. The pipeless furnace was invented in Civil war times. But the modern inventor had the benefit of the scientific facts of the circulation of air and the experience of the furnace men in the applica-

tion of these facts. All he had to do was to get the cold air out of the building, so it could be replaced with heated air.

Circulation Is Provided.

This he did by making a register, one section of which was the counterpart of the cold air register and the other of the hot air into the building and at the same time sucked out the cold air. In other words, it provided circulation.

If you are not an expert on heating devices, you will undoubtedly have a lot of questions in your mind. The writer had, but he had an advantage over you—he asked them of men who are experts, and got the answers. They are now passed on to you.

"How," one man was asked, "can a house, say one and a half stories high, containing six rooms, be heated from one register?"

Then it was explained. No attempt will be made to quote the expert literally, but here is what he said, in substance:

The modern house is open. That is, there are practically no rooms on the first floor, with the exception of the kitchen, that are shut off from the others. This is necessary to make a pipeless furnace efficient. Bedrooms are shut off, but usually only at night. Everyone nowadays, who values his health, sleeps in an airy room.

Warm air rises and as it rises it forces the cooler air towards the floor. When the heated air hits the ceiling it does not stop, but continues to wherever it can find air colder than itself. It continues its pursuit of its chilly brother until it, itself, becomes cold, or rather less warm, and then it starts to descend.

This continuous stream of heated air eventually drives out the colder air and heats the room. That's one room.

"How," the prober continued, seeking defects in the system, "can this furnace heat any part of the house except the room that contains the register?"

Scientific Basis of System. Now what follows is the scientific basis upon which is founded the success of the pipeless furnace.

The pipes which carry the heated air from the ordinary type of furnace to the rooms above are usually ten

DAIRY FACTS

DAIRY PRODUCTS IN DEMAND

Essential to Well-Being of Nation and Effort Should Be Made to Maintain Supply.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The shifting demands due to the war have called for important changes in the dairy industry. Dairying is one of the largest of the agricultural enterprises of this country and the demands upon it will be in proportion to its importance. Dairy products are essential to the well-being of the nation and every effort should be expended to maintain the supply of this country and so far as possible to meet the increasing demands of the allies. Some of the principal advantages of dairying are:

1. The sale of dairy products furnishes a steady income throughout the year. The farmer who depends upon crop sales for his income usually makes the bulk of his sales during one or two months of the year, while during the rest of the year he has no cash



These Dairy Cows Are Doing Their Part in Feeding the Nation.

income. Such a system requires long credits in the community.

2. The market for dairy products fluctuates very little year by year as compared with other farm products.

3. Through the return of manure to the land the fertility and physical condition of the soil may be maintained at a high level and crops increased. Even after many years a properly maintained dairy farm has constantly increasing crop yields instead of decreasing ones.

4. In dairying, labor may be utilized at a more uniform rate throughout the year, for example, may have to employ much additional labor at harvest time, but so far as the dairy is concerned the dairyman has about the same duties to perform every month of the year. Thus less help is required seasonally and permanent employees may be kept.

5. Through the dairy cow many unsalable roughages may be transformed into products from which cash may be realized. Grass, hay, corn-fodder and other roughage which may not have a ready sale are economically utilized by the dairy cow. Land which is not suitable for cultivation can be utilized for pasturage for dairy cows.

DUTIES OF DAIRYMEN GIVEN

Use Best Methods of Breeding and Management and Utilize All Products to Advantage.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The duties and responsibilities of dairymen are especially important in the maintenance of the dairy industry for the good of the nation. An opportunity is presented to dairymen to serve humanity by the conservation of dairying. Their part is to use the best methods of breeding and management, feed wisely and economically, and utilize all products to the best advantage. The fuller utilization of by-products for human food brings an added financial return that will do much to help maintain the industry. We are depending upon the ingenuity and efficiency of the American people to play a large part in the winning of the war. This same ingenuity and efficiency must be used in the productive industries as well as in destructive ones. If, after putting into effect the best methods and practices for economy and efficiency, it still is necessary to dispose of dairy cows, the dairymen should endeavor to sell them to other dairymen, better situated, in order that the supply of milk may not be reduced.

On the small farm, and it is from such farms that the bulk of our dairy products come, most of the work is done by the farmer and his family. Would it not be possible on many of these farms to keep one or two or three more cows without great inconvenience? This and increased efficiency will meet the situation. We shall have milk for our babies; we shall maintain our industry; we shall have dairy products for our armies, and, in addition, shall be able to share liberally with our friends across the sea.

Proper Feeding for Calves.

Calves should be fed on food that will develop a strong, vigorous constitution and a large frame, with a healthy appetite—the milk veins and udder manipulated, or rubbed to increase capacity early in life and, up to the time heifer drops her first calf.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By REV. P. B. FITZWATER, D. D., Teacher of English Bible in the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.)
(Copyright, 1918, Western Newspaper Union.)

LESSON FOR JUNE 2

THE PROPHETIC OUTLINE OF THE INTERVAL BETWEEN CHRIST'S CRUCIFIXION AND HIS COMING AGAIN.

LESSON TEXT—Mark 13:1, 14:9. GOLDEN TEXT—He that shall endure unto the end, the same shall be saved.—Mark 13:13.

DEVOTIONAL READING—Ephesians 2:1-14.

ADDITIONAL MATERIAL—Matthew 23:1-5, 46; Luke 21:5-8; I Thess. 5:1-24; II Thess. 2.

PRIMARY TOPIC—Jesus among his friends.—Mark 14:2-8.

JUNIOR AND INTERMEDIATE TOPIC—Our best for Christ.—Mark 14:5-9.

The printed text (14:1-9) may profitably be used by the primary, junior and intermediate grades, but the adult classes will more profitably confine their study to chapter 13. In order to avoid confusion in this study, let it be clearly borne in mind that two matters are presented—the destruction of Jerusalem by the Roman armies and the glorious return of the Lord. The two are sometimes so closely interwoven as to make the threads difficult to disentangle, but if we see the coloring in the graphic picture of the destruction of Jerusalem as adumbrating the revelation of the Son of God in glory, we shall have no serious trouble.

1. The Occasion of the Prophecy (vv. 1-4).

As Jesus was passing through the temple for the last time on his way to the Mount of Olives, where he gave this discourse, the disciples reminded him of the splendor of the building, to which he replied that not one stone should be left upon another. When seated upon the mount three disciples came privately with a threefold question, according to Matthew 24, requesting further information.

1. When shall these things be?

2. What shall be the sign of thy coming?

3. And of the end of the age?

That which follows is given in answer to these questions.

II. The Characteristics of the Age During the Absence of Christ (vv. 5-23).

1. Appearance of deceivers (vv. 5, 6).

Since Jesus went back to heaven many false Christs from time to time have pressed their claims as being the Christ. As the age draws to a close these claims doubtless will increase.

2. Wars and strife among the nations (vv. 7, 8).

The history of the centuries since Christ is written in blood, and the river increases in volume as the age goes on toward its consummation. Jesus warns against making any particular war the sign of his coming. Many good people have seriously blundered in this respect because they did not heed this warning.

3. Earthquakes and famines (v. 8).

Though these calamities grow increasingly severe as the days lengthen, the intelligent, believing disciple is not surprised or alarmed, for these are the precursors of a new order, the birth pangs of a new age, the establishment of the Kingdom of Christ upon this earth. Let the child of God in this present darkness look up, for his redemption draweth nigh (Luke 21:28).

4. Universal evangelism (v. 10).

The gospel of the Kingdom, according to Matthew 24:14, shall be preached in all the world for a witness. This is not the Gospel of the grace of God which we now preach, but the new evangelism which shall be proclaimed by elect Israelites immediately preceding the coming of Christ to establish his Kingdom (see Rev. 7:4-10; Rom. 11:15).

III. The Lord's Glorious Return (vv. 24-27).

This is the superlative event, the one to which all prophecies have pointed, and all ages are moving with unflinching precision. It will usher in the golden age of which the wise and great of all ages have dreamed, and for which they longed. The coming of the Lord will put an end to earth's sorrows; wars and strife will not end until the kingdoms of this world become the Kingdom of our Lord and his Christ (Rev. 11:15). This event will be accompanied by great physical disturbances and Jesus will gather his elect from the ends of the earth.

IV. Applications of the Prophecy (vv. 28-37).

1. As these events multiply in the earth we know that the coming of the Lord draweth nigh (vv. 28, 29), as the putting forth of the leaves of the fig tree prove the approach of summer.

2. The Jewish race shall retain its integrity till the end (v. 30).

The perpetuity of Israel is the miracle of the ages.

3. Certainty of fulfillment (v. 31).

The unfulfilling guarantee is the words of Christ.

4. The time of Christ's coming unknown (v. 32).

In view of this it is utter folly to set the time. The devil keeps people from the truth of Christ's coming as long as possible. When he can no longer succeed in this, he then tries to get them to set the time.

5. The proper behavior in view of Christ's imminent coming (vv. 33-37).

It is watchfulness and prayer. The coming of the Lord is "so near" that we should be ready for watchfulness and earnest prayer.

Entered at the Postoffice at Baird, Texas, as second class mail matter.

W. E. GILLILAND,
Editor and Proprietor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year \$1.00
Six Months .50
Terms: Cash in advance.

Now is a mighty poor time to play politics, but some congressmen just can't help it.

Col. Roosevelt and former President Taft have made friends.

Most anti-prohibitionists are patriotic and if necessary, for prohibition as a "war measure", provided the war does not last too long.

We notice one charge against Ferguson lately is that he never did tell where he got the \$31,000. to pay the expenses of his first campaign. That is a mistake, the pros said he got it from the breweries and Ferguson said it was his own money he spent. As the people of Texas elected him governor twice in spite of these charges they evidently did not consider it a serious charge and will not consider it now.

INTO A GREATER SERVICE

In losing Raymond Foy Simmons loses one of her most able men and a leader in student activities. He has ever considered the good of his college above any other thing, always urging, "Pat your college before your society." Ever since he came to Simmons, four years ago, he has been holding the most responsible offices open to any student; having been president of the Clio Society, winning representative in an inter-society debate, as well as a member of a team that was to meet Baylor this year; business manager of the Brand; president of the Student's Council and divers other honors that might be mentioned. But the work into which he has put his best efforts, and for which he is most appreciated, is the editorship of The Brand. It is useless to tell how he has held it together through the "storm and stress" of this, one of the hardest years in the history of the college; the different issues of the paper have spoken well for themselves. It suffices to say that next year and in future years his influence and his "teachings" will be felt and remembered among successive staffs. We should not say that we are losing "Waymond," for it is fitting that his college career should be crowned with the greatest honor that any man can receive today—that of having the privilege of serving his country in the best way. He will perform this most important task just as he has performed his other tasks, and Simmons bids him good luck and God speed—Simmons Brand, Simmons College, Abilene, Texas.

AN INTERESTING LETTER.

Great Lakes, Ill.,
March 18, 1918.

Mr. W. E. Gilliland,
Baird, Texas.

Pardon my nerve for the liberty I'm taking in writing these few lines, but after reading The Star one can't help but want to write a line or two. My company, or the biggest part of it, is "over there" now, as cards stating that they had a safe voyage have been received by the remaining few. I would have been "over there" perhaps had I not been called home in March, as the boys left while I was in Baird. After a few hundred boys have spent several months together and then are split up,—well 'tis just like losing our "chow" for something we failed to do.

While at home my sailors uniform was quite a curiosity, that is the cut of the trousers. I will give a few reasons for the shape they are made up in. First, our tie or neck-chief was worn by the British Sailors of Lord Nelson's fleet in memory of Lord Nelson who died in 1825, and has been handed down to the Ameri-

can Navy.

Second. The three stripes on the collar commemorates the three great English sea battles: 1st the battle of Trafalager off Cape Trafalager, Oct. 1805. 2nd, the battle of the Nile which took place off A— Bay in 1779, between the English and French fleets. 3rd, The defeat in 1588 of the Spanish Armada by the English fleet.

Third. The white dicky, worn at one time, which has now been replaced by allowing the undershirt to show at the neck, is associated with the death of Admiral Farragut. After his death the sailors were requested to divide among themselves the sail in which his body was lowered into the water, and wear the pieces across their chest.

Fourth. The round blue winter hat is said to have taken this shape originally because the English Boat-swains carried the cat-o'-nine-tails in their hats with which to punish the sailors placed under their charge.

Fifth. The apparent flare at the bottom of the trousers is the practical result of necessity, these trousers roll and stay up at the knee when a sailor is holystoning the deck, while ordinary trousers would not. Because of this straight cut the trousers do not bind at the knee when the sailor is climbing the shrouds. Because of this width at the bottom, and because of the arrangement of the buttons on the side they slip off easily in the water.

Now of course this may not be the exact truth regarding the different traditions handed down to our present day navy, but will say, they are the most reasonable things I've been able to gather in almost a years service. After talking with hundreds of "real deep sea going sea-dogs" I have come to the conclusion that the Cat-o'-nine-tails or more is not wanted in our navy at all. Just one word from one of our 2d or 3rd cruise — is a great tonic and a mighty persuader, believe me.

It is only a few minutes until "Pipe-down" is sounded, so in closing will say for you all to back us sailors and soldiers by buying Liberty Loan Bonds, War Saving and Thrift Stamps, and we will do the Kaiser up Brown.

I was talking to Waldo Green this week and he is now taking the examination for a Midshipmens course in the navy officers school.

With best wishes to the many friends, (hoping that this "spasm" will read better in print than it looks on paper after I've written it) and to The Star's Editor and Force, I am,

Respectfully,
J. C. Ellis,
Co. B. B. 1.,

Camp Paul Jones, Great Lakes, Ill.,

(This letter was received sometime ago and put in type, but on account of a shortage of space, we were unable to print it until this week.)

ADMIRAL LOCALS.

May 27th.—We see everybody at work now, the farmers are busy and happy.

There were two parties given last week at the hospital homes of J. M. Shelton and M. Pearce in honor of the boys who are leaving today for the training camps.

Mrs. Nora Harris and children of Hawley are visiting relatives and friends at Admiral.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Rucker of Oplin spent Saturday night and Sunday with W. K. Davis and wife.

Mr. Mauldin, wife and children and mother, of Rowden were the guests of W. F. Jones and wife, Sunday.

Miss Sophia Walker spent part of last week with her cousin, Miss Essie Walker of Baird.

O. C. Hawk of Baird is spending this week with his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. John Hawk.

Mr. and Mrs. Carol Bradford and little daughter spent Sunday with Morgan Price and family.

R. J. Harris and Miss Lillie Robinson attended the funeral of little Connie Catherine Wooten at Abilene Thursday. We sympathize with the parents and other relatives in their sorrow.

Weldon Harris of Baird is visiting his grandfather, R. J. Harris.

Mrs. S. T. Campbell and children are visiting relatives at Abilene and

Merkel.

Mr. A. M. Walker and family are moving to Baird this week, and we regret to see them leave, but we wish them well in their new home.

Miss Ruby McClendon spent last week in Baird with her sister, Mrs. Sam Wristen.

Mr. and Mrs. Tom Gary and Mrs. Chatham spent last week with relatives in Erath county.

"Dotty Dimple."

COTTONWOOD LOCALS.

May 28th.—Our "think pot" is almost entirely empty this morning and we fear we will fall short on our communication this week.

A young Mr. Gaston, son-in-law of J. H. Robinson, who has twice enlisted in the Navy and whose last term of service has expired, is now at home at Mr. Robinson's in Cottonwood.

Last Sunday was Children's day, and quite a crowd assembled at the Methodist Church to witness the exercises of the little folks of our community.

The Red Cross continues it's labors at the work room adjoining Everett Bros. store and have a lot of wearing apparel completed for the sick and wounded of the U. S. Army. The heroism of our ladies is rarely equaled and never surpassed.

One young Mr. Paten, formerly of our community but who has just served a three year term in the U. S. Navy, has been visiting and renewing old acquaintances. He has again united with the navy.

Mr. Cecil Murdock, with a number of other young from over the county left Monday to join "the U. S. boys at Camp Bowie. While the ranks of military service is filling up the ranks of the boys are being depleted, and soon the male element of our home society will be represented by a few old decrepit veterans like myself, and when the Mexicans come we will have to shoulder our old guns and butcher a few to put down any rebellion they may threaten us with. Come on home, Juan and get ready, you can shoot, you will not have to shut one eye to take sight.

Well politics are at a low ebb here. We haven't time to talk politics, our attention is given strictly to the war. We are not "slackers." Say what is going to become of the slackers now that the mandate has gone forth that they "must work or fight."

Our community has awakened to a season of parties, the battle cry is now, "Where shall the party be tonight?" A desire to frolic in the minds of the young people rather than a heroism to fight the battles of our country, alas nothing short of a conscription would fill the ranks of the army. In a short time now only a good and useful occupation will shield a young man from the army, dependables do not count anymore. We old scrubs and cripples will have to mind the Mexicans while the manhood of our country will devote their time to the "Huns."

Old Callahan goes "over the top" when called on for men, the purchase of Liberty Bonds, and Red Cross contributions. "Rah!" for Callahan.

Now I believe I have about room enough to "Keno."

"Uncle Jimmie"

A LETTER

There has been some complaint about the T. & P. Ry. cleaning stable cars in their yards here, and the following letter is self explanatory:

Big Spring, Tex, May 22, 1918
Mr. H. Schwartz,

Mayor City of Baird,

My Dear Mr. Schwartz: I beg to acknowledge receipt of your favor of the 18th inst, with reference to complaints made by some of your citizens in regard to refuse dumped from stable cars cleaned in our yard.

Our people have very positive instructions as to handling of this matter, and am quite sure that if our instructions had been carried out there would have been no complaints. I regret very much that it has been necessary for you to bring this matter to my attention as we very much appreciate the kindness of you people.

The cleaning of stock cars in our

ANNOUNCEMENTS

We are authorized to announce the following named candidates for office subject to the action of the Democratic primary:

DISTRICT OFFICES

For Representative, 110 District, Callahan and Brown counties:

J. F. Cartwright
of Brown county

For District Clerk:

Thos. H. Floyd,
Baird
Mrs. Katie Burkett-Grubbs
Clyde
Roy D. Williams
of Baird

COUNTY OFFICES

For Tax Assessor:

C. W. Conner
Baird
Jack Jones
Baird
Melvia G. Farmer
re-election
W. R. Robbins,
Cottonwood
V. L. Fulton
Cottonwood
H. C. (Claud) Ncworthy
of Clyde

For Tax Collector:

W. P. Ramsey
Baird
Roy Kendrick
Denton
W. A. Everett
of Cottonwood
J. A. Kerley
of Clyde

For County Clerk:

Chas. Nordyke
re-election

For Sheriff:

C. H. Corn
of Putnam
Geo. W. Williams
of Clyde
Pete Fulcher
of Baird
S. B. Stansbury
Atwell

For County Judge:

R. L. Surlis
of Baird
J. R. Black
of Admiral

For County Treasurer:

J. S. Yeager
of Putnam
W. C. Martin
Admiral

For Superintendent Public School:

S. Ernest Settle
Re-election

For Co. Commissioner Pre. No. 1:

A. E. Kendrick
H. Windham
Tecumseh

For Commissioner Precinct No. 3.

J. B. Eubank
Putnam

E. R. Sprawls

For Justice of the Peace Pre. No. 4:

H. Windham

yard has not only enabled us to make a dump for another track, but has saved us some money as well as greatly facilitating the handling of this work.

I am today repeating my instructions, and feel very sure in saying that you will have no further cause to complain.

With very kindest personal regards, I am Yours very truly,

W. M. Kent,
Division Supt. T. & P. Ry.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Feeler visited Clyde the first of this week.

Max Bell, of Dallas, spent a few days here last week with his parents Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Bell.

W. G. Bowls returned Monday night from Dallas, where he accompanied his daughter, Miss Juanita, who will attend a business college.

Capt. and Mrs. J. W. Jones were in town yesterday, Mrs. Larmer Henry and little son Billie Jones, who have been visiting them for the past week came to town with them.

Mrs. J. R. Copeland, spent Monday in Baird with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Lones. Mrs. Copeland was enroute to her home at Big Springs from a trip to Saint Louis, Parsons, Kan., and Shreveport La.,

Mrs. Hammans, who has been visiting her daughter Mrs. Ferguson, of Dallas, for several months arrived in Baird Monday morning and will spend sometime here with her son and daughter, J. H. Hammans and Mrs. R. M. Jones

Archie Price, who has been the "devil" in THE BAIRD STAR office for several months has gone to the country to spend a month or more with his aunt, Mrs. L. A. Blakley and his brother Bob Price will fill the position of "devil" during his absence.

J. H. Walker, editor and owner of the Toyah Valley Herald, Balmorhea Reeves county, a former resident of Baird, and Joe Kingston, a prominent young ranchman and alfalfa farmer of Toyah Valley, stopped in Baird a few hours last Sunday while enroute to Fort Worth with several cars of cattle. This was Jim's first visit to Baird for more than two years. Sorry he couldn't stay longer.

The editor and daughters, Misses Eliza and Eliska made an auto trip to Abilene, Monday. We had some business with the Taylor County Times, but failed to find our old time newspaper friend, W. A. Holford in, but did find another old time friend, O. P. Thomas, who was helping the boys keep things straight in the Times office during Editor Holford's absence.

Helps Sick Women

Cardui, the woman's tonic, helped Mrs. William Eversole, of Hazel Patch, Ky. Read what she writes: "I had a general breaking-down of my health. I was in bed for weeks, unable to get up. I had such a weakness and dizziness, . . . and the pains were very severe. A friend told me I had tried everything else, why not Cardui? . . . I did, and soon saw it was helping me . . . After 12 bottles, I am strong and well."

TAKE

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

Do you feel weak, dizzy, worn-out? Is your lack of good health caused from any of the complaints so common to women? Then why not give Cardui a trial? It should surely do for you what it has done for so many thousands of other women who suffered—it should help you back to health.

Ask some lady friend who has taken Cardui. She will tell you how it helped her. Try Cardui.

All Druggists

L 67

For a Sprained Ankle.

As soon as possible after the injury is received get a bottle of Chamberlain's Liniment and follow the plain printed directions which accompany the bottle. For sale by all Druggist. Advt. 22-4t.

Groceries and Fresh Meats

We carry at all times a full line of fresh staple and fancy Groceries and are prepared to supply you with the best. We also carry all kinds of Fresh Meats, which makes it very convenient to order your Groceries and Meat at the same time and have all delivered at the same time. Prompt and careful attention given all orders.

E. M. WRISTEN

Phones 4 and 26

Prompt Delivery

\$18

\$1,000,000

These are the amounts of the smallest and largest pieces of Commercial paper the Federal Reserve Banks have thus far discounted for their member banks.

These figures strikingly illustrate the adaptability of this system, of which we are members, to the varying needs of borrowers. Its vast resources are always available for the protection of business, large or small.

If you are not already getting this protection as one of our depositors, why not open a banking account today and secure it?

MEMBER FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

The First National Bank

The Old Established Bank. Organized 1884.

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS.

J. F. Dyer, President.
W. S. Hinds, Cashier.
W. A. Hinds

Henry James, Vice-President.
J. W. Turner, Asst. Cashier.
Tom Windham, J. S. Collier.

List of Lands and Lots Delinquent on March 31st, 1918

For the Taxes of 1917, in Callahan County

CERTIFICATE OF COMMISSIONERS COURT

THE STATE OF TEXAS,
County of Callahan

IN COMMISSIONERS COURT:

We certify that we have examined the within report of lands and town lots assessed on the Tax Rolls of Callahan County, for the year 1917, which are delinquent for the taxes of 1917, and find the same correct and that W. E. Melton, Tax Collector, is entitled to credit for the taxes shown thereon, as follows, to-wit:

Given in open court this 16th day of April, 1918.

W. R. ELY, County Judge.

W. WINDHAM.

J. S. YEAGER.

J. M. HOUSTON.

County Commissioners.

Name of Owner	Lot	Block	Div.	Total Taxes				
BAIRD								
Bowman, Miss Annie	7-8-9	32		\$ 5.78	Unrendered	13	26	.42
Fransier, S. T.	2-3	71		16.50	Unrendered	9	27	.83
Hunt, A. W.	10	50		4.72	Unrendered	17	27	.83
Smith, E. M.	3	64		13.20	Unrendered	18	27	.83
Verney, Mrs. J. W.	7-8	39		18.15	Unrendered	13	28	.83
Williams, George	6 E 1/2 7	49		6.06	Unrendered	14	28	.83
Ady, Arthur Lee	10 S 1/2 11	49		1.08	Unrendered	13	30	.83
Woods, M. L.	2	14		7.70	Unrendered	14	30	.83
Wright, J. W. P.	4	7	NA	1.65	Unrendered	15	30	.83
Austin, Belle	9	29		6.60	Unrendered	16	30	.83
Signal, Mike	1 to 5 & 11	10			Unrendered	17	30	.83
Signal, Mike	6	45			Unrendered	18	30	.83
Signal, Mike	6-7	46			Unrendered	11	32	.42
Cook, Mrs. Hattie	1	1	NA	4.95	Unrendered	12	32	.42
Unknown	12	10		8.25	Unrendered	2	34	.66
Unknown	16	26		1.65	Unrendered	3	34	.66
Unknown	7	31		2.47	Unrendered	4	34	.66
Unknown	8	31		3.30	Unrendered	11	34	.66
Unknown	9	31		3.30	Unrendered	12	34	.66
Unknown	11	39		4.13	Unrendered	2	37	.83
Unknown	12	39		4.13	Unrendered	3	37	.83
Unknown	16	44		5.77	Unrendered	4	43	.83
Unknown	1	49		4.95	Unrendered	5	43	.83
Unknown	N 1/2 2	49		1.65	Unrendered	6	43	.83
Unknown	4	49		1.21	Unrendered	9	44	2.48
Unknown	5	49		1.21	Unrendered	10	44	2.48
Unknown	2	55		1.65	Unrendered	1	45	.42
					Unrendered	3	45	.42
					Unrendered	4	45	.42
					Unrendered	5	45	.42
					Unrendered	6	45	.42
					Unrendered	7	45	.42
					Unrendered	8	45	.42
					Unrendered	9	45	.42
					Unrendered	10	45	.42
					Unrendered	11	45	.42
					Unrendered	12	48	.42
					Unrendered	12	48	.42
					Unrendered	11	37	.83
					Unrendered	12	37	.83
					Unrendered	4	43	.83
					Unrendered	5	43	.83
					Unrendered	6	43	.83
					Unrendered	9	44	2.48
					Unrendered	10	44	2.48
					Unrendered	1	45	.42
					Unrendered	3	45	.42
					Unrendered	4	45	.42
					Unrendered	5	45	.42
					Unrendered	6	45	.42
					Unrendered	7	45	.42
					Unrendered	8	45	.42
					Unrendered	9	45	.42
					Unrendered	10	45	.42
					Unrendered	11	45	.42
					Unrendered	12	48	.42
					Unrendered	12	48	.42
					Unrendered	11	37	.83
					Unrendered	12	37	.83
					Unrendered	4	43	.83
					Unrendered	5	43	.83
					Unrendered	6	43	.83
					Unrendered	9	44	2.48
					Unrendered	10	44	2.48
					Unrendered	1	45	.42
					Unrendered	3	45	.42
					Unrendered	4	45	.42
					Unrendered	5	45	.42
					Unrendered	6	45	.42
					Unrendered	7	45	.42
					Unrendered	8	45	.42
					Unrendered	9	45	.42
					Unrendered	10	45	.42
					Unrendered	11	45	.42
					Unrendered	12	48	.42
					Unrendered	12	48	.42
					Unrendered	11	37	.83
					Unrendered	12	37	.83
					Unrendered	4	43	.83
					Unrendered	5	43	.83
					Unrendered	6	43	.83
					Unrendered	9	44	2.48
					Unrendered	10	44	2.48
					Unrendered	1	45	.42
					Unrendered	3	45	.42
					Unrendered	4	45	.42
					Unrendered	5	45	.42
					Unrendered	6	45	.42
					Unrendered	7	45	.42
					Unrendered	8	45	.42
					Unrendered	9	45	.42
					Unrendered	10	45	.42
					Unrendered	11	45	.42
					Unrendered	12	48	.42
					Unrendered	12	48	.42
					Unrendered	11	37	.83
					Unrendered	12	37	.83
					Unrendered	4	43	.83
					Unrendered	5	43	.83
					Unrendered	6	43	.83
					Unrendered	9	44	2.48
					Unrendered	10	44	2.48
					Unrendered	1	45	.42
					Unrendered	3	45	.42
					Unrendered	4	45	.42
					Unrendered	5	45	.42
					Unrendered	6	45	.42
					Unrendered	7	45	.42
					Unrendered	8	45	.42
					Unrendered	9	45	.42
					Unrendered	10	45	.42
					Unrendered	11	45	.42
					Unrendered	12	48	.42
					Unrendered	12	48	.42
					Unrendered	11	37	.83
					Unrendered	12	37	.83
					Unrendered	4	43	.83
					Unrendered	5	43	.83
					Unrendered	6	43	.83
					Unrendered	9	44	2.48
					Unrendered	10	44	2.48
					Unrendered	1	45	.42
					Unrendered	3	45	.42
					Unrendered	4	45	.42
					Unrendered	5	45	.42
					Unrendered	6	45	.42
					Unrendered	7	45	.42
					Unrendered	8	45	.42
					Unrendered	9	45	.42
					Unrendered	10	45	.42
					Unrendered	11	45	.42
					Unrendered	12	48	.42
					Unrendered	12	48	.42
					Unrendered	11	37	.83
					Unrendered	12	37	.83
					Unrendered	4	43	.83
					Unrendered	5	43	.83
					Unrendered	6	43	.83
					Unrendered	9	44	2.48
					Unrendered	10	44	2.48
					Unrendered	1	45	.42
					Unrendered	3	45	.42
					Unrendered	4	45	.42
					Unrendered	5	45	.42
					Unrendered	6	45	.42
					Unrendered	7	45	.42
					Unrendered	8	45	.42
					Unrendered	9	45	.42
					Unrendered	10	45	.42
					Unrendered	11	45	.42
					Unrendered	12	48	.42
					Unrendered	12	48	.42
					Unrendered	11	37	.83
					Unrendered	12	37	.83
					Unrendered	4	43	.83
					Unrendered	5	43	.83
					Unrendered	6	43	.83
					Unrendered	9	44	2.48
					Unrendered	10	44	2.48
					Unrendered	1	45	.42
					Unrendered	3	45	.42
					Unrendered	4	45	.42
					Unrendered	5	45	.42
					Unrendered	6	45	.42
					Unrendered	7	45	.42
					Unrendered	8	45	.42
					Unrendered	9	45	.42
					Unrendered	10	45	.42
					Unrendered	11	45	.42
					Unrendered	12	48	.42
					Unrendered	12	48	.42
					Unrendered			

With The Imperative Money Needs of
Our Government in Thought,
We are Selling

QUALITY MERCHANDISE

at small profit so you may invest more of your savings in Liberty Bonds, Thrift Stamps, etc.

IT ALL DEPENDS UPON YOU!

The enemy has definitely decided to win the war this year and "the fate of the Empire, the fate of Europe, and the fate of liberty throughout the world" may depend upon the ability of the Allies, and especially of America, to feed fresh man-power to the firing line during the next seven or eight months. Already our troop-movement to France has been increased threefold in a few weeks, according to an Associated Press dispatch from Washington, and at the same time the records show a falling off in the activeness of Germany's U-boat campaign.

Because of the immediate emergency in France, American battalions will be brigaded with British and French divisions, "one of the most important decisions of the war," declares Lloyd George, "in fact, the issue of the battle might very well be determined by it."

MY STORE

H. SCHWARTZ, Prop.

"The Store of Service"

BAIRD

TEXAS

Cisco Laundry

First-class, laundry work of all kind. Work called for on Tuesday, delivered Friday

Mrs. Emma Ashton, Agt.

SPIRELLA CORSETS

I have my new spring samples and will be glad to show you same and take your measure for a Spirella the best made-to-measure corset to be had. Phone me and I will gladly call to take your order
Mrs. J. R. Price, Phone 6.

Kodak Work

a specialty. Finest finish and print at lowest price: Prints 2-4 x 3-1-4 and 2-1-2 x 4-1-4, 3 cts. each; 3-1-4 x 4-1-4, 4 cts. each; 3-1-4 x 5-1-2, 5 cts. each. Films developed 10 cts. Cash with order.

J. D. DALLAS, Baird, Texas



If Only as an Example to Your Boy

you should bank your money and pay all bills by check. It will teach him business methods which will be of value to him in his career. We will open an account with you and assure you that you will benefit by it as much as your boy. Call and talk it over

The Home National Bank

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS:

C. C. Seale, Pres. H. Ross, V. P.
T. E. Powell, Cashier. F. L. Driskill, Asst. Cashier
E. L. Finley M. Barnhill C. C. Seale

PERSONALS

G. A. Jarrett of Ballinger was in Baird this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee Estes spent Saturday in Fort Worth.

Mrs. Robert L. Estes and Miss John Gilliland spent Saturday and Sunday in Fort Worth.

C. D. Jones and wife and Elmer Johnson attended the show at Abilene, Thursday night.

George Eubanks of Co. B., 111th Engineers, Camp Bowie, has been promoted to the rank of Corporal.

See delinquent tax list for Callahan county in this issue of THE BAIRD STAR.

Mrs. H. A. Lones and Mrs. Harry Meyer and others made an auto trip to San Angelo, Thursday.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Fred Cutbirth of Burnt Branch, on Saturday, May 25th, 1918, a girl.

Mrs. John Estes and son, J. C. are visiting Mrs. Estes' parents, at Clarksville.

Mrs. J. Y. Gilliland is visiting her son, Corporal Royce Gilliland at Camp Bowie.

Mr. and Mrs. Witherspoon, of Brazos, came in Sunday on a short visit to their daughter, Mrs. G. M. Hall

Mrs. Frank McDonald has returned from Fort Worth where she spent a few days with her husband who is stationed at Camp Bowie.

Miss Lillian Schwartz left Tuesday morning for Cincinnati, Ohio, where she will spend the summer with her sister, Mrs. Max Levey.

Miss Esther Belle Bowls has returned to Abilene to resume her studies in Draughon's Business College.

C. D. Jones and wife and R. W. Ground motored to Stacy, Sunday. Mrs. J. P. Powell and children returned with them for a visit with relatives.

Mrs. Frank Russell returned Monday from Fort Worth where she spent a few days with her son, Ben, who is stationed at Camp Bowie. Mr. Russell went down Thursday to spend a few days with his son.

Mrs. W. Y. Switzer and Miss Alice Gilliland will go to Abilene to attend the annual meeting of the Woman's Missionary Societies of the Methodist North-west Texas Conference.

Brice Jones called at THE STAR office a few days ago and ordered the paper sent to his brother, Captain Louis R. Jones, who is in France. Louis is a son of W. B. Jones. He has been in the regular army for a number of years.

H. Schwartz, and daughter, Miss Lillian, and Mr. Morgan returned Friday from an auto trip to San Antonio. They were accompanied home by Sergeants Cale and Gus Hall of the Mechanical Department, at Kelly Field, who remained at home until Tuesday morning when they returned to their duties.

Dr. H. H. Ramsey and family will move to Abilene tomorrow to make their home. We regret to have this excellent family leave Baird, where they have lived so long, but wish them every happiness in their new home. Dr. Ramsey requests us to say that he will not be in his office all next week and after then will have regular days each week for his work here, days will be announced later.

NOTICE, HORSEMEN

I will stand at my Dairy Farm, 2 miles south of Baird, the celebrated combination saddle and harness stallion, "Whitwood." For further particulars see H. M. Bailey, phone 184, Baird. 26-1f

SWEET MILK—I can now furnish you sweet milk. H. M. Bailey 26-3

Our Spring Goods

Our Spring Goods are arriving every day and we invite you to call and see our line before you buy. We have a nice line of ladies trimmed hats for Spring wear

THE COMADOT
W. D. BOYDSTUN
MANAGER

Spring Wearing Apparel

We are showing the newest things for men and boys that you should see before buying your Spring duds. You will be pleased to be dressed up in one of our celebrated Styleplus Suits for the coming season.

Hats, we have the latest makes and the best line to be found, both in straws and felts. They are simply beauties and are made by the best hat makers in America. We earnestly solicit a visit from you to our store as we fit the hard to fit.

H. SCHWARTZ & CO.

MEN AND BOY'S FURNISHINGS

Expert Tire Repairing

Don't throw away your tires just because it blows out. We repair any kind of blowout or rim cut. Bring them to "Baird Tire Hospital"

First Door South of E. Cooke's Hardware Store
Sectional work a Specialty Tubes promptly and well done
All Work Guaranteed

MCGOWEN & WORKS, Props

HOME LUMBER CO.

ALL HOME PEOPLE

We carry a full stock of Lumber, Shingles and Builder's Supplies See us before you buy anything in this line

W. M. COFFMAN, Manager

FURNITURE

I have a splendid stock of Furniture, Rugs, Art Squares, Matting, Window Shades, Mattresses, Pillows Repairing and Picture Framing. Firstclass work.

GEO. B. SCOTT

THE GERMANS BEGIN EXPECTED OFFENSIVE

ADVANCE FIVE MILES AT ONE POINT—ARE PAYING DEARLY FOR SMALL GAINS.

ITALIAN ARMY IS ADVANCING

They Have Carried Monticello Pass, Presena and Mone Zigolon and Taken Some 800 Prisoners.

London.—The expected offensive of the Germans was launched Monday morning at two points widely separated. One attack was made on the northern side of the Flanders salient near Ypres on a comparatively narrow front. The other attack was on a front of some 35 or 36 miles, roughly, between Wauxallion and Rheims.

Between Wauxallion and Berry-au-Back, a distance of 17 or 18 miles, the allied armies gave ground, retiring at one point to the Aisne river. The retirement in this region is not clearly outlined in the official statements, but Pont Arcy, on the Aisne, mentioned in the French official statement, probably marks the point of greatest advance of the enemy. Point Arcy is about five miles south of the old battle line, where the German advance started. The ground yielded probably aggregates about 40 square miles. From Berry-au-Back eastward to Rheims the dispatches do not show that the German drive made any headway. The dispatches indicate that the allied forces are retiring to previously prepared positions, which in this region are probably on the south side of the Aisne. That the British were holding positions in the neighborhood of Berry-au-Back was disclosed for the first time in the official reports, which say they are retiring in alignment with the French.

The German attack near Ypres seems to have resulted in a gain of 800 yards of ground south of lake Dickebusch, which is southwest of Ypres, but the width of this gain is not stated. It is probably a few hundred yards.

The German attack in Flanders is against positions taken by the French May 20, when they recaptured Brusse and Loere and strengthened their line on each side of hill 44, which they had retaken a few days before.

Chemin Des Dames Battle.
On the Aisne front the present battle recalls the fierce fighting of last summer along the Chemin Des Dames where for weeks the German crown prince hurled his men against the French positions, only to see them crushed and beaten. Last year 75 divisions were engaged in the German attacks along this line alone.

Almost coincident with the new German assault the Italians launched a blow at the Austrian lines in the mountain region to the northwest of lake Garda. According to reports they have carried Monticello pass, the village of Presena, Monte Zigolon and the mountain spur to the east. Before them lie parallel streams leading down into the Laxarina valley, and if they successfully carry out their attack there it is possible for them to outflank the entire Austrian position in the north of Italy. The Italians have captured 800 prisoners.

Germans Driven Back Near Kemmel.
With the British Army in France.—Launching a heavy offensive against the French in the Loere-Voormezeele sector, the Germans failed of their objectives at virtually all points. At some points the defending patrols were driven in, but in vigorous attacks threw the Germans back at most places. Virtually the entire French line was re-established. Hard fighting still continues on the northern part of the battle front.

Making 9,000 Army Rifles Daily.
Atlantic City, N. J.—American factories are now producing Lee-Enfield rifles at the rate of 9,000 a day, enough to equip two army divisions weekly, according to Representative John Q. Tilson, of Connecticut, a member of the house military affairs committee, in an address here.

Red Cross Fund Now \$144,000,000.
Washington.—The American people answered Germany's renewal of the offensive on the western front with an outpouring of more than 32,000,000 mercy dollars, swelling the American Red Cross second war fund to \$144,000,000. The oversubscription was much larger than for the first \$100,000,000 fund and reflected the determination of the people to see the work extended. Every Red Cross division except the central and every state except Illinois went over.

Wilson Praises Ship Workers.
Washington.—Congratulations were telegraphed by President Wilson and the shipping board to the shipwrights and joiners' unions of Seattle, upon receipt of notice from the union that its members would waive the customary Saturday half holiday during June, July and August and also waive double pay for those hours, in order to speed the work of shipbuilding. The Oregon, metal trades union had taken similar

Texas News

The cattle raisers of Angelina county have organized into a cattlemen's association.

The thirteenth annual convention of the Retail Coal Dealers of Texas was held at Amarillo last week.

The headquarters of the Texas Cattle Raisers Association in Fort Worth will be moved June 1 from the Westbrook hotel to the Seibold building.

A dredge has been placed at the disposition of the rice farmers of Chambers county to throw up a dam at the mouth of the Trinity river to impound sufficient fresh water to save 15,000 acres of rice for the 1918 harvest.

Biweekly excursions are being run by land companies into the Rio Grande Valley of Texas and the sales of irrigated lands to Northern homeseekers are large. The valley is rapidly filling up with a desirable class of people from the North.

The State, County and District Clerks and Tax Collectors Association will meet in Fort Worth, August 15 to 17, inclusive, for its regular meeting. Several hundred delegates are expected for the session, according to a letter from Green Morgan of Brenham, who is president of the state association.

The Texas short lines of railroad which the transportation department of the federal railroad organization has agreed to retain after July 1 are the Texas Midland, the Houston & Brazos Valley and the Galveston, Houston & Henderson. In these instances final action may be said to have been taken.

More than \$4,000,000 of the \$5,000,000 fund set aside by the United States treasury department for drouth relief loans in Texas has been distributed, says Judge W. F. Ramsey, federal reserve agent. It is expected that the remainder of the fund will be in the hands of the local banks in drouth sections within a few days. The recent rains have done a great amount of good in the drouth areas of Texas.

According to estimates made in the selective draft service at Austin, the state of Texas will supply about 45,000 men out of approximately 1,000,000 who must register June 5 next in accordance with the act of congress providing for the registration of all men who became 21 years of age since June 5, 1917. Major Townes, supervisor of the selective draft service in Texas, says that the men will be classified the same as under the old regulations.

Notwithstanding the fact that fully 75 per cent of the scholastic population of the Texas border country is represented by Mexican and Mexican-American school children, the Texas border school boards have eliminated the teaching of Spanish from the curriculum of the schools with the ending of the school sessions the latter part of this month. Beginning with the September terms of the schools the Spanish teachers will be used as grade teachers.

In order that Texas may not share in the repeated loss of 15,000,000 bushels of wheat which was left in fields due to defective threshing, that is to say, in order that Texas may not have its quota in such a loss, the threshing division of the United States food administration has assigned to Texas three expert threshermen, whose duty it will be to inspect the threshers of Texas, see that they are in good shape, and where not in good shape to arrange for repairs.

Aid has just been granted by the Texas state highway commission as follows: Red River county \$24,976, state aid for highway No. 35, and federal aid of \$75,000 for highway No. 5; Caldwell county was authorized to use automobile revenues not to exceed \$3500 on inter-county designation from Lockhart to Martindale, and not to exceed \$3500 on the inter-county designation from Luling to the Hays county line on the road from Luling through Martindale to San Marcos.

In an opinion given Saturday it was held by the attorney general's department in construing the pink boll worm zone law in Texas that it is not necessary that the act should specifically provide for the destruction of cotton in a territory in which it is declared to be unlawful to grow cotton, as the governor's proclamation providing such prohibition is sufficient. Further, if there existed any fields of cotton after the proclamation was issued, the "person offending would be guilty of maintaining a nuisance," and enforcing of the law would be through a mandatory injunction against the offending person.

Within a short time, probably less than a year, there will be completed a system of levees extending down the west bank of the Trinity river from a point about two miles south of the city limits of Dallas to Portera Bluff, in Navarro county, northeast of Corsicana, a distance of fifty-five miles, as the river flows. Back of these levees lie more than 60,000 acres of Trinity river bottom lands, as fertile as any lands in the world, which will be adequately protected against all floods of the river.

Calomel Loses You a Day's Work! Take Dodson's Liver Tone Instead

Read my guarantee! If bilious, constipated or head-achy you need not take nasty, sickening, dangerous calomel to get straightened up.

Every druggist in town—your druggist and everybody's druggist has noticed a great falling off in the sale of calomel. They all give the same reason. Dodson's Liver Tone is taking its place.

"Calomel is dangerous and people know it, while Dodson's Liver Tone is perfectly safe and gives better results," said a prominent local druggist. Dodson's Liver Tone is personally guaranteed by every druggist who sells it. A large bottle doesn't cost very much, but if it fails to give easy relief in every case of liver sluggishness and constipation, you have only

to ask for your money back.

Dodson's Liver Tone is a pleasant-tasting, purely vegetable remedy, harmless to both children and adults. Take a spoonful at night and wake up feeling fine; no biliousness, sick headache, acid stomach or constipated bowels. It doesn't gripe or cause inconvenience all the next day like violent calomel. Take a dose of calomel today and tomorrow you will feel weak, sick and nauseated. Don't lose a day's work! Take Dodson's Liver Tone instead and feel fine, full of vigor and ambition.—Adv.

Soon Acquires it.

"What is the sixth sense?"
"Something that tells a married man there's danger in the air."

Have a Clear Skin.

Make Cuticura Soap your every-day toilet soap and assist it now and then by touches of Cuticura Ointment to soften, soothe and heal. For free samples address "Cuticura, Dept. X, Boston." At druggists and by mail. Soap 25, Ointment 25 and 50.—Adv.

An Astounding Dissembler.

"What do you think of a man who will constantly deceive his wife?"
"I think he's a wonder!"

Indigestion produces disagreeable and sometimes alarming symptoms. Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills stimulate the digestive processes to function naturally. Adv.

Easy Money.

Having taken her subscription for a Liberty bond, the banker turned to the sweet young thing and asked, "Now, miss, how would you like to pay for it?" "Charge it, please," was the prompt reply.

"HAS BEEN A FRIEND TO ME"

Says Lady, Regarding Cardui, in Giving This Well-Known Woman's Tonic Credit for Her Good Health.

Cleveland, Tenn.—Mrs. Joanna Felker, of this place, after telling of the help she obtained from the use of Cardui 12 years ago, when it built up her health and strength says further: "The next time I used it (Cardui) was about 4 or 5 years ago. I had . . . and was just able to drag around for a good while, getting worse all the time. I suffered intense pain in the lower abdomen and back . . . Could hardly do my work, it was all a drag . . . and walking was very painful for me. I finally had to give up and go to bed, where I stayed about a week . . . and then turned back to Cardui, my old friend.

After starting the Cardui, I was able to be up in 2 or 3 days . . . The pains were relieved soon after beginning to take the Cardui, and when I got up, walking was easy for me . . . Got back my health and strength . . . and in 3 weeks was able to do most of my work . . .

It's a fine medicine, and has been a good friend to me, and I am a friend to it too. It's through taking Cardui I have been well and strong and in good health for the past 4 or 5 years . . . I will always praise it."

Cardui should do for you, what it has done for thousands of other women. It should help you. Try Cardui.—Adv.

The brave old American eagle sometimes gets insects under his wings—but he flies on.

Wise is the teacher who learns more than he teaches.

"REALLY, NOW—
"I can't take that. I must have Red Cross Ball Blue. I have used it for more than ten years. My white dresses, linens and lace curtains are snowy white. I simply can't do without Red Cross Ball Blue. You will get it? All right, I'll wait."—Adv.

Deadly Parallel.

Soldier (describing Hun attack)—They were like bees out of a hive, and our fire simply withered them up. David (in Psalm 118)—They compassed me about like bees; they are quenched as the fire of thorns.—Boston Evening Transcript.

HEADACHES

This distressing Ailment should be relieved at once and save strain on Nervous System. CAPUDINE gives quick relief. It's a liquid—Pleasant to take.—Adv.

The Uniform.

Knicker—A bond is the khaki of civi.
Bocker—And wears Liberty buttons.—New York Sun.

FRECKLES

Now is the Time to Get Rid of Those Ugly Spots

There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as Othello—Double strength—is guaranteed to remove those homely spots.

Simply get an ounce of Othello—Double strength—from your druggist, and apply a little of it night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than one ointment is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength Othello, as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.—Adv.

In the Same Boat.

The clerk timidly entered his employer's sanctum.

"I should like to go to my mother-in-law's funeral this afternoon, sir," he ventured.

The head of the firm looked up at him and murmured:

"So should I!"

If your eyes smart or feel scalded, Roman Eye Balsam applied upon going to bed is just the thing to relieve them. Adv.

Sometimes we envy an old fellow about everything he has except the rheumatism in his knee joints.

A Word of Precaution.

JUST wherein lies the reason for the use of vegetable preparations for infants and children?

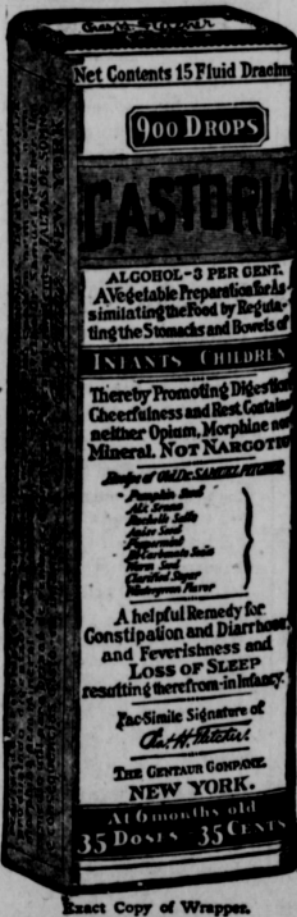
Why are any but vegetable preparations unsafe for infants and children?

Why are Syrups, Cordials and Drops condemned by all Physicians and most laymen?

Why has the Government placed a ban on all preparations containing, among other poisonous drugs, Opium in its variously prepared forms and pleasing tastes, and under its innumerable names?

These are questions that every Mother will do well to inquire about.

Any Physician will recommend the keeping of Fletcher's Castoria in the house for the common ailments of infants and children.



Children Cry For Fletcher's CASTORIA

Letters from Prominent Druggists addressed to Chas. H. Fletcher.

E. J. Briggs & Co., of Providence, R. I., say: "We have sold Fletcher's Castoria in our three stores for the past twenty years and consider it one of the best preparations on the market."

Mansur Drug Co., of St. Paul, Minn., says: "We are not in the habit of recommending proprietary medicines, but we never hesitate to say a good word for Castoria. It is a medical success."

Hegeman & Co., of New York City, N. Y., say: "We can say for your Castoria that it is one of the best selling preparations in our stores. That is conclusive evidence that it is satisfactory to the users."

W. H. Chapman, of Montreal, Que., says: "I have sold Fletcher's Castoria for many years and have yet to hear of one word other than praise of its virtues. I look upon your preparation as one of the few so called patent medicines having merit and unhesitatingly recommend it as a safe household remedy."

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS BEARS

the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY

WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC

SOLD FOR 50 YEARS For MALARIA, CHILLS and FEVER

Also a Fine General Strengthening Tonic. SOLD BY ALL DRUG STORES

GROVE'S BABY BOWEL MEDICINE

This valuable and harmless Baby Medicine is composed of the following:

BISMUTH, LIME, PEPSIN AND CATECHU WITH PURE SIMPLE SYRUP

Bismuth is healing to the mucous membrane of the stomach; the Lime neutralizes the acid where there is a sour stomach; the Pepsin digests any indigestible food that may be in the stomach, and the Catechu acts as a mild astringent to control the bowels where there is a disposition to Dysentery, Diarrhoea, Flux or Sick Stomach.

GROVE'S BABY BOWEL MEDICINE is not a patent medicine. We give the ingredients and tell the effect of each ingredient so that you can judge for yourself.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—This preparation does not contain Morphine or Opium in any form and we don't advocate the giving of Opiates unless it is absolutely necessary.

RELIEVES SOUR STOMACH

For Dyspeptics who are Troubled with Sour Stomach

AIDS DIGESTION

It Relieves Stomach and Bowel Trouble and is Just as Good for Adults as for Children

We have numerous letters on file from parties claiming that this preparation relieved their babies of Chronic Dysentery, where everything else had failed and where they had been troubled in this way for several years. Children like to take it.

For sale by all Dealers in Drugs.

Made and recommended to the public by PARIS MEDICINE CO., Manufacturers of LAXATIVE BROWN QUININE and GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC, St. Louis, Mo.

Treasurer's Quarterly Report

IN THE MATTER OF COUNTY FINANCES IN THE HANDS OF COMMISSIONERS' COURT
W. P. RAMSEY, Callahan County, Texas,
Treasurer of Callahan County, Texas. In Regular Quarterly Session, May Term, 1918.

We, The Undersigned, as County Commissioners within and for said Callahan County, and the Hon. W. R. Ely, County Judge of said Callahan County, Constituting the entire Commissioners' Court of said County, and each one of us, do hereby certify that on this, the 16th day of May A. D. 1918, at a regular quarterly term of our said Court, we have compared and examined the quarterly report of W. P. Ramsey, Treasurer of Callahan County, Texas, for the quarter beginning on the 15th day of Feb. A. D. 1918, and ending on the 15th day of May A. D. 1918, and finding the same correct have caused an order to be entered upon the minutes of the Commissioners' Court of Callahan County, stating the approval of said Treasurer's Report by our said Court, which said order recites separately the amount received and paid out of each fund by said County Treasurer since his last report to this Court, and for and during the time covered by his present report, and the balance of each fund remaining in said Treasurer's hands on the said 16th day of May A. D. 1918, and have ordered the proper credits to be made in the accounts of the said County Treasurer, in accordance with said order as required by Article 867, Chapter 1, Title XXV, of the Revised Statutes of Texas, as amended by an Act of the Twenty-fifth Legislature of Texas, at its regular session, approved March 20, 1897.

And we, and each of us, further certify that we have actually and fully inspected and counted all the actual cash and assets in hands of said Treasurer belonging to Callahan County at the close of the examination of said Treasurer's Report, on this the 16th day of May A. D. 1918, and find the same to be as follows, to wit:

JURY FUND.	DR.	CR.
Balance on hand as shown by Treasurer's Report on the 14th day of Feb. 1918.	105 64	
Received since said date 128 43 trans Poll Tax 500 00	628 43	
Disbursed since said date.		\$ 308 33
By amount to balance.		425 74
Total.	734 07	734 07
Balance to credit of said Jury Fund as actually counted by us on the 16th day of May A. D. 1918 and including the amount balance on hand by said Treasurer at the date of the filing of his report on the 16th day of May A. D. 1918, and the balance between receipts and disbursements since that day, making a total balance of.		425 74
ROAD & BRIDGE FUND.		
Balance on hand as shown by Treasurer's Report on the 14th day of Feb. 1918.	6009 05	
Received since said date.	145 51	
Disbursed since said date.		5836 73
By amount to balance.		317 83
Total.	6154 56	6154 56
Balance to credit of said Road and Bridge Fund as actually counted by us on the 16th day of May A. D. 1918, and including the amount balance on hand by said Treasurer at the date of the filing of his report on the 16th day of May A. D. 1918, and the balance between receipts and disbursements since that day, making a total balance of.		317 83

GENERAL FUND.	DR.	CR.
Balance on hand as shown by Treasurer's Report on the 14th day of Feb. 1918.	14173 32	
Received since said date.	186 41	
Disbursed since said date.		3093 27
By amount to balance.		11296 46
Total.	14359 73	14359 73
Balance to credit of said General Fund as actually counted by us on the 16th day of May A. D. 1918 and including the amount balance on hand by said Treasurer at the date of the filing of his report on the 16th day of May 1918, and the balance between receipts and disbursements since that day, making a total balance of.		11296 46

COURT HOUSE FUND.	DR.	CR.
Balance on hand as shown by Treasurer's Report on the 14th day of Feb. 1918.	1718 35	
To amount received since said date.	28 10	
By amount disbursed since said date.		1106 41
By amount to balance.		640 04
Total.	1746 45	1746 45
Balance to credit of said Court House Fund as actually counted by us on the 16th day of May A. D. 1918, and including the amount balance on hand by said Treasurer at the date of the filing of his report on the 16th day of May A. D. 1918, and the balance between receipts and disbursements since that day, making a total balance of.		640 04

ESTRAY FUND.	DR.	CR.
Balance on hand as shown by Treasurer's Report on the 14th day of Feb. 1918.	315 08	
To amount received since said date.	00 00	
By amount disbursed since said date.		00 00
By amount to balance.		315 08
Total.	315 08	315 08
Balance to credit of said Estray Fund as actually counted by us on the 16th day of May A. D. 1918 and including the amount balance on hand by said Treasurer at the date of the filing of his report on the 16th day of May A. D. 1918, and the balance between receipts and disbursements since that day, making a total balance of.		315 08

POLL TAX FUND.	DR.	CR.
Balance on hand as shown by Treasurer's Report on the 14th day of Feb. 1918.	696 14	
To amount received.	3 34	
Disbursed 9 59 trans to Jury Fund 500 00		509 59
By amount to balance.		190 89
Total.	700 48	700 48
Balance to credit of said Poll Tax Fund as actually counted by us on the 16th day of May A. D. 1918 and including the amount balance on hand by said Treasurer at the date of the filing of his report on the 16th day of May A. D. 1918, and the balance between receipts and disbursements since that day, making a total balance of.		190 89

SPECIAL ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND.	DR.	CR.
Balance on hand as shown by Treasurer's Report on the 14th day of Feb. 1918.	901 25	
To amount received.	2537 81	
By amount disbursed since said date.		00 00
By amount to balance.		3439 06
Total.	3439 06	3439 06
Balance to credit of said Special Road and Bridge Fund as actually counted by us on the 16th day of May A. D. 1918, and including the amount balance on hand by said Treasurer at the date of the filing of his report on the 16th day of May A. D. 1918, and the balance between receipts and disbursements since that day, making a total balance of.		3439 06

DATE	RECAPITULATION.	AMOUNT
May 16, 1918	Balance to credit Jury Fund this day	425 74
" " "	Balance to credit of Road & Bridge Fund this day	317 83
" " "	Balance to credit General Fund on this day	11296 46
" " "	Balance to credit of Court House Fund on this day	640 04
" " "	Balance to credit of Estray Fund on this day	315 08
" " "	Balance to credit of Poll Tax Fund on this day	190 89
" " "	Balance to credit of Special Road & Bridge Fund	3439 06
	Total Cash on hand belonging to Callahan County in the hands of said Treasurer as actually counted by us.	\$16,595 10

Witness Our Hands, officially, this 17th day of May A. D. 1918.
W. R. ELY, County Judge.
A. E. KENDRICK, Commissioner Precinct No. 1
H. WINDHAM, Commissioner Precinct No. 2
J. S. YEAGER, Commissioner Precinct No. 3
J. M. HOUSTON, Commissioner Precinct No. 4.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, by W. R. Ely, County Judge, and A. E. Kendrick and H. Windham J. S. Yeager and J. M. Houston, County Commissioners of said Callahan County, each respectively, on this the 17th day of May A. D. 1918.
CHAS. NORDYKE, Clerk County Court Callahan County

No. 5493

Report of the Condition of

THE HOME NATIONAL BANK

AT BAIRD.

In the State of Texas, at the Close of Business, May 10, 1918.

RESOURCES			
Loans and discounts	\$281,565.05	\$281,565.05	
Overdrafts, unsecured	\$3198.92	2,188.92	
U. S. Bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	\$ 50,000.00	50,000.00	
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness pledged as collateral for and Statute other deposits	5,000.00		
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness owned and unpledged	1,000.00	55,000.00	
Liberty Loan Bonds, 3 1-2 and 4 per cent and 4 per cent	1,500.00		
Liberty Loan Bonds, 3 1-2 and 4 per cent pledged to secure U. S. deposits	10,000.00		
Payment actually made on Liberty 4 1-2 per cent Bonds	300.00	11,800.00	
Securities other than U. S. bonds, not including stocks, owned unpledged	1,946.90	1,946.90	
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank, [50 per cent of subscription]		1,900.00	
Value of Banking house	14,772.56	14,772.56	
Furniture and Fixtures	3,597.80	3,597.80	
Real estate owned other than banking house	2,182.50	2,182.50	
Real estate owned with Federal Reserve Bank	22,777.58	22,777.58	
Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks	51,695.07	51,695.07	
Due from banks and bankers, and trust companies [other than above]	1,752.18	1,752.18	
Checks on banks in the same city or town as reporting bank	2,406.82	2,406.82	
Total of items	\$55,853.57	465.98	
Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items		2,500.00	
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		2,500.00	
War Saving certificates and Thrift Stamps actually owned		110.80	
Total		\$408,532.66	
LIABILITIES			
Capital stock paid in		50,000.00	
Surplus fund		12,000.00	
Undivided profits	6,843.02		
Less current expenses interest and taxes paid	5,238.00	1,605.02	
Circulating notes outstanding		49,550.00	
Net amounts due to National banks		43,975.09	
Due banks and bankers (other than above)		25,292.76	
Total of items	\$69,267.85		
Demand deposits subject to Reserve (deposits payable within 30 days):			
Individual deposits subject to check		188,078.75	
Certificate of deposit due in less than 30 days [other than for money borrowed]		2,390.41	
Cashier's checks outstanding		2,544.41	
Dividends unpaid		15.00	
Total demand deposits other than bank deposits subject to Reserve	\$193,028.57		
Time deposits subject to Reserve			
Certificates of deposit (other than for money borrowed)		18,101.22	
Total time deposits		18,101.22	
War loan deposit account		15,000.00	
Total		\$408,532.66	

STATE OF TEXAS, COUNTY OF CALLAHAN, SS: I, T. E. POWELL, Cashier of the above named bank do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
T. E. POWELL, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 24th day of May 1918. INEZ FRANKLIN, Notary Public.
CORRECT—Attest:
E. L. FINLEY
H. W. ROSS
F. L. ALVORD
Directors

FOOD CONSERVATION

Recipes for the conservation of food will be published from time to time in this column under the direction of Mrs. H. Ross, Chm. of the Food Conservation Committee.

Corn Bread
2 teacups of meal
2 tablespoons flour
1 teaspoon salt
1 egg
1 tablespoon lard
1 tablespoon Karo
2 teaspoons baking powder
Milk to make soft batter. Bake in hot oven. Mrs. H. Schwartz

Corn Meal Muffins
1 egg 1 cup butter milk
1-2 teaspoon soda
1-2 teaspoon salt
1 teaspoon baking powder
1 1-4 cup meal or enough to make a heavy batter.
Have muffin tins hot and well greased. Bake with quick fire. Put in lower rack till they begin to rise good, then put above. This makes 1-2 dozen muffins. These are good toasted.

Rice Flour Muffins
1 1-2 cups of sweet milk
1 cup of rice flour
1 cup of wheat flour
1 egg
2 teaspoons of baking powder
1 teaspoon of salt.
Lard or butter the size of an egg
Make one dozen muffins. Sour milk may be substituted for the sweet milk. Use one-half teaspoon of soda. Mrs. T. E. Powell

Wheatless Ginger Bread
1 1-2 cups cornmeal
1 1-2 cups rye flour.
1 cup sugar
1 level teaspoon soda
1 rounded teaspoon baking powder
1 level tablespoon cinnamon
2 level tablespoons ginger
1 cup shortening
1 cup buttermilk
1 cup dark molasses
3 eggs Sift together all dry ingredients, add liquids, beat thoroughly and bake in moderate oven 45 minutes.

Corn Cuts or Crackers
3-4 cup of corn meal
1-2 cup flour
1-4 teaspoon salt
2 teaspoons baking powder
1 tablespoon fat
1 1-3 cup sweet milk. Mix dry ingredients, moisten with milk and add fat. Roll thin, cut any desired shape and bake in moderate oven. Mrs. E. M. Faust

Application For Guardianship.

The State of Texas:
To the Sheriff or any Constable of Callahan County, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to cite all persons interested in the welfare of Neal Moore, Eva Moore and Stella Moore, Minors, to appear at the next regular term of the County Court of Callahan County, to be holden at the Court House thereof, in the City of Baird, on the first Monday in June, A. D. 1918, the same being the 3rd day of June, A. D. 1918, and content, if they see proper to do so, the application of Mrs. S. L. Rutherford which has been filed in said Court, for the guardianship of the persons and estate of said Neal Moore, Eva Moore and Stella Moore, Minors.

Herein fail not, but have you before said Court at the next term thereof, this writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.
Witness: Chas. Nordyke, Clerk of the County Court of Callahan Co.

Given under my hand and the seal of said Court, at office in the City of Baird, this 16th day of May A. D. 1918.
Chas. Nordyke, Clerk, County Court, Callahan Co., Texas.
I hereby certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the original citation now in my hands.
J. A. Moore, Sheriff, 24-3t. Callahan County, Texas.

About Rheumatism.

Rheumatism causes more pain and suffering than any other disease, for the reason that it is the most common of all ills, and it is certainly gratifying to sufferers to know that there is a remedy that will afford relief, and make rest and sleep possible. It is called Chamberlain's Liniment. For sale by all Druggist. Advt. 22-4t.

Miss Ada Lea Powell visited in Abilene, Saturday.

G. W. Walls of Abilene visited in Baird, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Finley of Abilene, spent Sunday in Baird.

Miss Cathryn Howell visited friends in Abilene last week and attended the Chautauqua.

DeWitt Gibson, of Camp Bowie, spent a few days here this week with his parents and friends.

Miss Imogene Simpson, who has been the guest of her aunt, Mrs. J. R. Price, for the past week, left Tuesday morning for her home at Camp Springs, Texas.



Application For Probate of Will.

The State of Texas,
To the Sheriff or any Constable of Callahan County, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to cause to be published in a weekly newspaper once each week for ten days, exclusive of the first publication, which said newspaper shall have been published in Callahan County Texas regularly at least once each week for twelve months prior to the date hereof, the following notice:

The State of Texas: To all persons interested in the Estate of W. E. Kennard, deceased.
Elizabeth Kennard has filed in the County Court of Callahan County, an application for the probate of the last will and testament of said W. E. Kennard, deceased, filed with said application, and for letters testamentary of the estate of W. E. Kennard, deceased, which will be heard at the next term of said court, commencing on the first, Monday in June, A. D. 1918, the same being the 3rd day of June, A. D. 1918, at the Court House thereof, in Baird, at which time all persons interested in said estate may appear and contest said application, should they desire to do so.
Herein fail not, but have you before said court on the first day of the next term this writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.
Given under my hand and seal of said court at my office in Baird, Tex. this 16th day of May A. D. 1918.
Chas. Nordyke, Clerk, County Court, Callahan Co., Texas.

I hereby certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the original citation now in my hands.
J. A. Moore, Sheriff, 24-3t. Callahan County, Texas.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

R. G. POWELL
Physician and Surgeon
Office Over Holmes Drug Store
Baird, Texas

R. L. GRIGGS
Physician and Surgeon
Local Surgeon Texas & Pacific Ry. Co.
Calls answered day or night. Office Phone No. 279. Res. phone No. 181
Baird, Texas.

H. H. RAMSEY, D. D. S.
Office: Room 203 Telephone Bldg
Office Phone Res. Phone
No. 176 No. 56
Baird, Texas

V. E. HILL
DENTIST
Office Up-stairs, Cooke Building
Baird, Texas.

FOR SALE—Farm Wagon and a set of heavy harness.—M. M. Terry, Baird Texas.
STRAYED—One 2 year old red heifer. No brands or marks. Notify A. J. Monday, Baird. 24

PLANTING SEED FOR SALE
MEBANE Cotton Seed. VELVET BEANS, Sudan Grass, Millet, June Corn, and most all kinds of Field Seed. JESSE R. COPE 22-5tp Abilene, Texas

FOR Monuments and Tombstones

of the very best quality of Georgia Marble and Granite at reasonable prices see me. Satisfaction guaranteed. I shall be glad to show you through my beautiful design book. Woodmen monuments a specialty. The emblem of any order put on any monument. I will appreciate the opportunity to show you thru. Telephone, write, or come to see me, or allow me to see you
R. A. SCRNTON
Baird. Texas

Plumbing and Tin Work

Gas Stoves, Gas Fittings, Gas Lamps, Bath Tubs, Flues and Tanks. Work given prompt and careful attention.

P. D. Gilliland

E. C. Fulton's
BARBER SHOP
Hair Cut, 35c. Shampoo, 35c.
Massage, 35c. Singeing, 35c.
Shave, 15c. Bath, 25c.
Tonics 10c and 25c
HOT AND COLD BATHS
Laundry Basket leaves Wednesday and returns Saturday. We solicit your trade. First-class work and cordial treatment to all

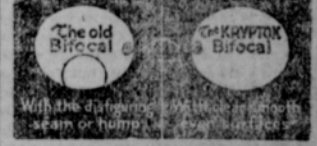
City Bakery
We can furnish you the very best Bread, Rolls, etc. We use the best the market affords
O. NITSCHKE, Prop.

R. G. POWELL
Physician and Surgeon
Office Over Holmes Drug Store
Baird, Texas

R. L. GRIGGS
Physician and Surgeon
Local Surgeon Texas & Pacific Ry. Co.
Calls answered day or night. Office Phone No. 279. Res. phone No. 181
Baird, Texas.

H. H. RAMSEY, D. D. S.
Office: Room 203 Telephone Bldg
Office Phone Res. Phone
No. 176 No. 56
Baird, Texas

V. E. HILL
DENTIST
Office Up-stairs, Cooke Building
Baird, Texas.



KRYPTOK
GLASSES
THE INVISIBLE BIFOCALS
Fit by
C. E. Walker
the Optician who stays here 365 days in each year.
With Holmes Drug Co.

DRAGHON'S PRACTICAL Business College

Only well-known Business College in West Texas. Thousands of firms across our Employers Department than any other. Money-back contract guarantees position. Catalogue FREE.
Cause of Headache.
By knowing the cause, a disease may often be avoided. This is particularly true of headache. The most common cause of headache is a disordered stomach or constipation, which may be corrected by taking a few doses of Chamberlain's Tablets. Try it. Many others have obtained permanent relief by taking these Tablets. They are easy to take and mild and gentle in effect. For sale by all druggist.