

Repeated Licks Drive
The Nail. Repeated
Ads Never Fail—If in
THE CHRONICLE

The Clarendon Chronicle.

Subscription \$1.50
—Worth \$2—
Gives the News while it
is News.

\$1.50 a Year.

A Faithful Chronicle of Local and General Events.

Advertising rates on application

Vol. 19

CLARENDON, DONLEY COUNTY, TEXAS, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 18, 1908.

No. 23

What Does Senator Bailey Want With It?

According to assertions made by Senator Bailey's organs, his only purpose in standing as a candidate for a second office (delegate at large to the Denver convention) is to retaliate upon those who oppose him. As some of his organs express it, by clear intendment if not in so many plain words, spite is his only motive. It has not been a week since one of them said that much; and not one of them has given any other reason or object or purpose whatever. If there is any other ground for his candidacy, let Senator Bailey or some one of his friends specify it. He declared in so many words in his announcement two months ago: "I had never expressed any desire to be a delegate to the next National Convention, and had no thought of becoming a candidate for the place until the conduct of my enemies forced me to do so or appear to shrink from a test of strength." He said this in the face of his own declaration, made in a speech on Feb. 27, 1907, as follows:

If you think we are not to have a fight next year you are mistaken. They intend to control, if control they can, the delegates to the National Convention. I invite the contest, and if I live I will devote my best energies to seeing that not one of their kind goes as a delegate to the National Convention from the state of Texas. If I live not one of their kind will ever again disgrace the state of Texas by holding an office under its authority.

In the face of the well known fact that Senator Bailey started it by thus "inviting the contest," and in the face of the other fact that he himself has declared that "such preference should be bestowed upon faithful Democrats who have not been otherwise honored by the party," we now find him contending for a second office, for all the honors, for a seat in the Denver convention solely as a means of satisfying his spite. And it is all the more unfortunate for him that he should be now contending for such additional honor against the very man who honored him by putting him in nomination for the place he now holds, at the last Democratic state convention.

Of course there are those who will insist that it is not merely spite, merely a determination to retaliate, that moves Senator Bailey to stand as a candidate for a delegate at large to National Convention. Some who thus insist are his friends and supporters. How is it that not one of these friends has been able to point out any other object whatever? Is the currency question, the fear that Mr. Bryan is a Populist, or some other issue over which Mr. Bailey and Mr. Bryan are known to "disagree so widely" as the former himself has declared? Do they, Bryan and Bailey, still "disagree so widely in respect to certain fundamental principles of this government that if he should be chosen president and I should be returned to congress, my frequent and serious disagreements with his administration would be inevitable," in the words of Bailey himself? Senator Bailey added: "For the last three years I have been compelled by my sense of duty to antagonize the present administration on some important questions and having learned the bitterness of such a struggle, I am unwilling to place myself in a position where it is certain that a sense of duty no less imperative will compel me to antagonize the next administration on other important questions." Is it other "important questions" that will compel him "to antagonize the next administration" that Senator Bailey would go to Denver and "struggle" over? If it is any of

these issues, let the advocates of Senator Bailey's candidacy, in common fairness to the people and to Mr. Bryan, say which of them it is. If it is some other important difference, something better than a spite, let them or him say what it is.—Dallas News.

More Money for John D.

New York, March 14.—Out of a total of \$14,750,000 paid out in dividends by the Standard Oil company today at the rate of \$15 a share John D. Rockefeller, who owns 25 per cent. of all the stock, received \$3,750,000, bringing up the total of his returns from Standard Oil stock for the past six months to \$6,250,000.

The total paid out in dividends by the company during the last six months is approximately \$25,000,000. Fifteen men own 90 per cent. of the stock and in the last 10 years have received in cash as dividends \$389,000,000. Of this John D. Rockefeller received \$117,000,000.

The profits of the company since 1882 amount to approximately \$900,000,000, of which \$670,000,000 has been paid in dividends. The net earnings of the company for the last six years are estimated at over \$435,000,000.

Jap-China Compromise.

Pekin, March 14.—Negotiations looking toward the peaceful settlement of the difficulty between China and Japan growing out of a seizure by China of a Japanese steamer, are making favorable progress. China will pay the indemnity and release the steamer. Japan agrees to prevent further traffic in arms and ammunition from Japan into China but refuses to include the territory of Macao in this limitation.

Light Punishment for Wealthy Law-breaker.

David Fratt, of Billings, former president of the state board of stock commissioners, and a wealthy cattleman plead guilty to the illegal fencing of 7,960 acres of public land, in federal court Friday, and was sentenced to forty-eight hours in jail and fined \$250.

Banker Walsh Convicted.

John R. Walsh, a former president of the Chicago National bank, who was convicted of illegal use of funds of the institution, was Friday denied a new trial by Judge Anderson in United States district court and was sentenced to five years in the federal prison at Fort Leavenworth.

Memphis.

Dr. Thomas of Lakeview lost a small baby this week of pneumonia after an illness of a couple of weeks.

R. S. Wansley and Miss Jennie Billington were married at the home of the bride's parents near Eli Tuesday evening.

James Drake has bought a quarter section of fine Donley county land. His home here in Memphis went into the deal.

The dedication of the Christian church has been postponed to March 22. At that time they will have Elder J. C. Mason here to dedicate the building. The convention of this district will also be in session and several delegates are expected. A week's meeting will follow the dedication.

Carter H. Harrison, former mayor of Chicago, has assumed personal charge of the Bryan presidential campaign in Illinois. He is the head of the Bryan league, which is arranging for a mass meeting in Chicago this week to mark the formal opening of the campaign. Mr. Bryan has accepted an invitation to address the meeting.

Fleet to Cross the Pacific.

Admiral Evans' battleship fleet after leaving San Francisco will visit Hawaii, Samoa, Melbourne and Sidney, Australia, the Philippines and return to New York by way of Suez canal.

Secretary Metcalf announced the future movements of the fleet after a cabinet meeting Friday. It will leave San Francisco July 6 "For our Pacific possessions," as Metcalf styled it, and will touch at Hawaii and Samoa and after visiting Melbourne and Sidney, Australia, will go to the Philippines where the annual fall target practice will take place. The time it will leave the Philippines will depend upon the amount of time required for target practice there.

Sensible Expression From Unlooked For Source.

What are decent clothes? To my notion they are those that are paid for and worn with a good conscience, those that have emptied no purse in the vain strife of keeping up appearances or measuring up to one's neighbor; those that bring no anguish to father or husband, nor overtask a mother's strength. They may be patched and faded, but if they are clean and honest they are decent. As I have said before, half of the unhappiness in the world comes through the effort to live up to other people's standards, and the most of it could be traced directly to this matter of dress.—Timpson Times.

Just 18 days after firing the shot which brought death to Francis Leo Heinrichs at the altar in St. Elizabeth's Catholic church, in Denver, while in the act of administering the holy sacrament, Giuseppe Alia, from Italy, an alleged anarchist, heard his doom of guilty and death last Friday. In the court room, not three blocks from the church where he committed his crime, and within the sound of the chimes which he said drew him to that church, Alia received the judgment delivered by a jury of his peers.

Twenty-one years ago Cone Johnson and Joe Bailey, pro., met at Denton and had a mighty combat on the question of prohibition. Since then Johnson has reformed and though still a lawyer, is also a local Methodist preacher. Bailey has done some reforming, too, though of the backward sort. During the next few months the same two, as opposing candidates for delegate at large to the democratic convention at Denver, will probably again engage in joint debate. The show will be worth traveling miles to hear.—Henrietta Independent.

Arrangements are practically complete for the People's Party National convention which is to assemble in St. Louis April 2. The Olympic theatre, one of the largest in the city, has been secured for the sessions. The Missouri state convention of populists will be held in St. Louis on the day prior to the national convention.

The payment by the government of a million dollars to ex-slaves of the south and their heirs has been asked of the house banking committee by representatives of the Freedmen's Savings and Trust company. The company was formed shortly after the civil war under governmental supervision as a savings bank for ex-slaves. It failed and the slaves lost their money.

Your local paper shows forth the business men who want to see you and are "out in the open" with the invitation; and there is no way to size them up more justly than by reading the advertisements.—Henrietta Review.

Does Not Belong to Office-holders.

All the Texas Congressmen and one Texas Senator have declared that they are not candidates for seats in the Denver convention.

"I am not and will not be a candidate for delegate to the National Convention," said Mr. Garner. Congressman Randell is ill, and was not seen; but a friend of his gives assurance that he will not be a candidate for the second honor. "I shall be busy with my campaign at home," Judge Smith remarked in explanation of his statement that he would not be a candidate for delegate to the national convention. "I have no desire to attend the convention," Mr. Gregg added, after saying he would not be an aspirant. "I will not be a candidate," said Mr. Gillespie. "I am satisfied with the honor already conferred upon me by the Democrats of my district. I do not feel that I could render such distinguished service to the Democrats as to justify me in seeking additional honors." "I should like to go," Mr. Moore admitted, "but will be busy with my own campaign about that time." "I shall not be a candidate for the honor; in fact I never have been," Mr. Stephens said. "I am a candidate for re-election," Mr. Sheppard said, "and I am not a candidate for delegate." Mr. Burleson said he would not be an aspirant. "I have never sought to be a delegate to a National convention since I have been a member of Congress," Mr. Burleson added. "I have always felt that this honor should go to members of my party who are not office-holders."

"Four years ago," said Mr. Beall, "I was not a candidate for delegate and shall not be in 1908." Judge Russell, Mr. Cooper, Mr. Henry, Mr. Burgess and Judge Hardy contented themselves with the declaration that they would not be candidates. As both Senator Culberson and Gov. Campbell have declined to be candidates, this leaves Senator Bailey the only man now already holding a high office who is or will be a candidate for a second place.—Dallas News.

In a recent hog feeding experiment at the state Agricultural and Mechanical College, Professor John C. Burns found that black strap molasses, as a large part of the ration in combination with corn, is not a profitable hog-feed, as the hogs fed black strap molasses and corn in varying proportions did not gain many pounds or gain them as cheaply, as did the hogs that were fed straight corn. Professor Burns also verified in this experiment the fact that an addition of skim milk in varying proportions by weight to a corn ration appreciably increases the rate of gain in pounds and also cheapens the cost of that gain. The hogs fed skim milk in addition to this corn ration, not only gained more pounds live weight at a lower rate per pound of gain than those fed on equal amount of corn without the addition of the skim-milk, but also looked better and more thrifty and sold for several cents higher per hundred weight on the Fort Worth market. The actual cash feeding value of the skim-milk was found to be forty cents per hundred pounds when hogs are worth \$4.30 per hundred weight on the hoof; and forty-seven cents per hundred pounds when hogs are worth as much as five dollars per hundred weight on the hoof.

Grover Cleveland, the only living ex-president of the United States, will observe his seventy-first birthday today at his home in Princeton, New Jersey.

STATE NEWS.

The Big Springs Artesian Water company, is digging for artesian water, at a depth of 304 feet, struck a strata of oil.

Edward Alberton, secretary of a bricklayers' union, was shot and dangerously wounded in Ft. Worth Friday. The wound is serious. Lester Branch, a saloon man, was arrested.

Mrs. Lizzie Lewis the aged widow of the late Dr. E. F. Lewis, residing in East Graham, fell into an open fire place and was so severely burned that death resulted within a few hours. Mrs. Lewis lived alone.

One of the saddest tragedies of years occurred in San Antonio Thursday when Mrs. Con L. Milburn, a young society woman, was thrown from her carriage and instantly killed. Her neck was broken. She was the wife of Dr. L. Milburn, one of the leading physicians of the city and a member of one of the oldest families.

Advices were received in Dallas from Washington Saturday by the naval recruiting station that the navy is practically full and that no more men will be enlisted unless they pass a most rigid examination. Enlistments at substations will be discontinued. Lieutenant Smith is in charge of the Texas enlistment and has ordered substations at Fort Worth and other Texas cities closed.

His Start in Alfalfa.

S. H. Hunt, who lived here a number of years, has taken up alfalfa growing in Hansford county, and writes as follows to the Stratford Star, March 9.

"I do not pose as an alfalfa expert, having planted my first last summer.

"For several years I have wanted an alfalfa patch stocked with hogs. I now have the patch and it is partially stocked. And it was all so easy.

"In September, 1906, I broke five acres sod, and in May, 1907, I plowed it deeper, discing and harrowing after the plow. On the fifth day of July, 1907, I drilled in the seed and in October I cut a nice little stack of hay from the land. On the 22d of last month I turned my hogs loose on it.

"The pasture is good and the hogs doing well. Hogs can make their living on the pasture about 10 months of the year, and can be kept on dry alfalfa hay during the other two months. A very little grain added would be beneficial. I drilled my seed in rows 21 inches apart and used one and one-half pounds of seed per acre. The stand is good. With drills 11 inches apart two and one-half pounds will give a good stand. No nitrogen culture or other ceremony necessary. If you want to sell your land, just work up a few acres this spring and keep it disced and harrowed until July. By that time the weed seeds will mostly have germinated and been destroyed, then put in your seed with some drill that covers evenly, and then watch for Russian thistles and keep them pulled out till frost, and then show it to the first Missourian that comes along and you will trade. If you don't want to sell you can use it to a good advantage in your business."

Because hogs have been selling at a very low price is no reason why hog growers should become discouraged. Owing to unprecedented marketing due to the money stringency and high priced feed, hogs are now in lighter supply throughout the country, and the upward trend in prices must come soon.—Stockman and Farmer.

Sterling Advice.

To a great extent the celibacy of our young men is owing to the way in which girls are brought up. Through mistaken kindness, mothers often themselves do what they ought to make their daughters do. Let them teach housekeeping on a fixed methodical plan, and they will then learn their history, French and music all the better. It is natural and right that a mother should wish to see her daughter well educated, and even highly accomplished; and it is a mistake that good and careful education should unfit a girl for the homely duties of cooking, dusting and general housework. On the contrary, those duties would be better performed if mothers would at the same time that they seek talented instructors for their daughters, impart to them some of their own culinary talent; there would be more good wives and marriages. Little girls should be taught, as early as possible, to perform simple household duties neatly; and as they grow older, let them become gradually acquainted with the theory of housekeeping and in such a manner that, when they are married, they will be able to adapt themselves to their circumstances, and be useful as well as a pleasing companion to their husbands.—Ex.

A Handy Farm Bulletin.

Bulletin No. 98, issued by the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas and distributed free to all interested persons, is a compilation of the results obtained from the farm, stock, and garden problems studied by men connected with the Experiment Station. It includes a summary of all the bulletins issued since the establishment of the Experiment Station in 1888. It might appropriately be called a bulletin of bulletins. Each of the ninety-eight bulletins, except those which gave results that later experiments or conditions have modified, is briefly and attractively summarized. The work is given to the public with the hope that the information and suggestions it contains may be helpful to the thousands of progressive farmers, stockmen, and truck growers, who are now doing so much for the advancement of the material prosperity of Texas.

The range of subjects treated embraces almost every important feature of farm and stock raising industries. The bulletin contains, for example, seven discussions of steer feeding and two or three of hog feeding; it contains epitomes of bulletins on the sweet potato, cabbage, the peach, the Irish potato, American grapes, the tomato, strawberries; it contains interesting accounts of stock diseases with suggestions for treatment; it also contains abstracts of many bulletins devoted to the preservation of the soil, the destruction of various garden and farm pests, and numerous treatises on the growing of the standard farm crops, such as corn, cotton, rice, alfalfa, tobacco, etc.

This information has been distributed from the College free of cost for the last nineteen years, and the published results represent the combined wisdom of all the agricultural experts who have been connected with the Institution during that time. Anyone may now obtain the salient facts of the ninety-eight bulletins condensed into a handy volume of 97 pages.

Union farmers of Florida will this year place the union label on their cotton and on the crates of fruit and vegetables shipped to the northern markets. Several thousand union farmers in Indiana are likewise using the union label on their products.

For a live paper try the CHRONICLE.

The Clarendon Chronicle.
Published Twice-a-Week by
W. P. BLAKE, Editor and Proprietor.
Subscription.....\$1.50 a year
Entered February 10, 1908, at Clarendon, Tex.,
a second class matter, under Act of Congress
March 3, 1879.
CLARENDON, TEX., MAR. 18, 1908.

The prohibition election for Camp county Friday resulted in a majority of 561 for prohibition against 84 majority three years ago. The total vote polled was about 1,400.

Saturday next the voters of Clarendon will express their will as to the running at large of stock, the majority, seemingly, being in favor of voting all the loose stock off the streets. This vote will be to get the public will, as it will, after all, be with the council to enact an ordinance to that effect, or not, as they see fit. While personally, we will vote in favor of the stock ordinance, we have not used the Chronicle to change any man's vote, leaving that to his preference. There has been things said on both sides that can hardly be substantiated, and the main question is the annoyance and the nuisance of the stock in town. Then, too, the outsider who trades in town and is annoyed by cows and horses destroying his feed and groceries left in his wagon, is going to roar for a year when his own stock strays into town and when he has them to pay out of the pound. Even some of the men who now favor the law, will complain bitterly when he has to pay out some of his stock. Another thing, when the cows are no longer the street and alley scavengers, it should be some officer's duty to see that all the litter, rotten vegetables and other refuse that is now being thrown out should be burned on the owner's premises or put in some receptacle and taken out of town. The burning of trash, papers, packing and other stuff swept from stores and offices on the main streets should be stopped. The ashes and, worse, the unburned refuse, is whipped around by the wind on the sidewalk or in other people's doors. It should be burned on the owners back lot or in the alley.

The republican vote is growing smaller in Texas. In 1900 it was 161,000, and it has been gradually reduced, until in 1906 it was only 24,000. It seems that the republican machine in Texas only wants enough republicans to fill the Federal offices.—Comanche Exponent.

To this the Texas Republic, Mose Harris' republican paper, adds: "That's the God's truth, if ever spoken or written. The efforts of the Boss of the Machine have not been directed to building up, but to destroying the party. At least, such has been the result." The Republic is making war on—Mr. Lyons, the republican leader in Texas, as well as on Mr. Roosevelt and his man Taft. The American, the Dallas republican paper, is also anti Lyons. Neither of them seem to have a pull on the loaves and fishes.

It is expected that the Controller will be able to give the Confederate pensioners \$16 per quarter during the two pension quarters beginning April 1. Some 500 new names will be added to the pension rolls, but the increasing number of deaths and removals offset the additions to some extent.

The Salvation Army in England has chartered five steamships, one of which has already arrived at Halifax with 800 immigrants who are going to the Canadian Northwest in search of new homes. This work was begun two years ago and since that time the army has forwarded several thousand helpless and homeless people to Canada, where the opportunities for improving their condition are immeasurably better than in England. Scoffers may criticize some of the methods of the Salvation Army; but The News agrees that "there are few, if any, other brands of religion which can show superior results in alleviation of physical and moral misery."—Dallas News.

New Farmers' Union Paper.
"The Union Farmer," a weekly publication to be devoted exclusively to the interest of the farmer, and to be edited, managed and controlled under the auspices of the Texas Farmers' union, will make its appearance in Fort Worth some time this week. This announcement was made from the union headquarters following adjournment of the state executive committee late Saturday night.

The question of publishing an official organ has been agitated in the ranks of the union for several months. It was declared Monday that the matter was by the executive committee put before the members of the union nearly a month ago.

The new paper will be edited and managed by Aaron Smith of Weatherford. Mr. Smith now owns and controls "The Transmitter," a monthly publication devoted to telephone matters, but this will be moved to Fort Worth.

Start a Coxey Army.

A so-called Coxey's army of California, started from Oakland and San Francisco Monday for Sacramento, there to be joined en route by unemployed men in such numbers that it is announced fully 10,000 will be in line by the time they reach the state capitol, according to a statement made at Oakland by members of the colony. Arriving at Sacramento they intend it is said to demand the state authorities to take certain measures which they believe to be a benefit to them.

Easter Eggs A Heathen Custom.

In our observance of Easter few stop to consider that the quaint old custom of egg-giving is a survival of Saxon times. We find many stories of eggs, hares and rabbits in Germany associated with the joys of childhood on Easter day; and in France the Easter eggs are made of manifold and costly devices. In Ireland and Scotland the children are taught to break eggs in the form of a cross. Queerest of all, colored eggs are off red at high mass in Russia. With all these precedents behind us it is no wonder that we have a gala time at Washington, and that on Easter day democracy rules supreme on the sloping White House lawn. From early morning until six at night the children roll eggs and, though no one knows who started the custom, the American child does his share in inaugurating another spring, and showing, in a material way, the joy with which the ancient festival of Easter fills mankind.—The New Idea.

Miss Rose L. Fritz of New York, champion typewriter of America, is in London at a business exhibition. Recently she was honored by the prince and princess of Wales, who desired to see her work. In just one minute she handed him a sheet containing 113 words. His highness was amazed.

W. A. Ridley, for 20 years assistant superintendent of mail carriers in Washington, D. C., suicided Monday by plunging from a 4-story window.

Experiment in Roadmaking.
In Missouri the earth of about half a mile of road was taken out to a depth of twenty to twenty-four inches and a width of twenty feet and was heaped beside the wide and shallow trench thus made. A very heavy steam roller then rolled the bottom of this exposed soil foundation until it was deemed to be as compact as it could be made by this means. A little at a time the earth which had been taken from the roadway was spread evenly over the bottom of the trench and rolled as thoroughly as the foundation had been. This loose earth was well sprinkled as the rolling went on. In this way all the soil that had been so removed from the highway was returned and packed down. Then soil was taken from the sides of the roadway, put upon the driveway and sprinkled and rolled as thoroughly as the rest had been. By the time the road had been built up to the required grade ample ditches had been made by so taking the soil from the roadsides. They who designed and executed this work believe that this road will shed water and be hard and smooth under traffic if care be used to keep its foundation well drained and its surface properly dressed by frequent and timely use of the road drag. The cost of making such road was comparatively small.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

NAVY FLEET TRIP.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Mar. 14.—The battleships will remain on the Pacific Coast, visiting the various seaboard cities till July 6th, when they will wind up for the carnival at San Francisco. Then they will shape their course east. Admiral Evans will retire for age in August, so there will be another commander chosen to bring the squadron home. The vessels will first stop at Hawaii, go thence to Samoa, and then to Australia. At just what ports they will touch has not yet been determined, but there will certainly be a round of visits and entertainments. From Australia they will go to the Philippines, touching first at Manila and then at some of the other ports. After leaving the Philippines the voyage will be strictly a business one. No more entertainments will be scheduled, and the squadron will make only such brief stops as will be necessary for coal. This, as has before been intimated, will be to avoid the risk of trouble if any exchange of hospitalities should be attempted with Japan, and the social feature of the visit at other points will be omitted so that there will not be too marked discrimination against the Mikado's country.

The fleet has made a great record for itself so far. The ships reached Magdalena Bay on the coast of Mexico this week four days ahead of schedule time. Admiral Evans reported to the Navy Department on arrival that the squadron was "ready for any service anywhere at an hour's notice". This was a great achievement, especially in view of the fact that before the squadron started there were dire predictions that if the voyage were made that all the vessels would limp into their last port in need of immediate and extensive repairs before they would be fit for any sort of service. Such prophets might have saved their predictions, remembering the notable cruise of the Oregon during the Spanish war. It will be remembered that she made the run from San Francisco to Key West, coaled and then went on the blockade at Santiago and subsequently into battle without even looking at a dockyard or a machine shop. This was thought at the time to be a phenomenal performance, and it was a record up to that date. But now the same thing has been done with a squadron of sixteen battleships and they have reported at Magdalena Bay ahead of time and are already at target practice.

The political aspects of the voyage have been no less satisfactory. The ships have been welcomed and the officers and men entertained in all the South American ports they have touched. There has not been a single regrettable incident to report, and it can truly be said that the officers and men have left a nation of good friends behind them wherever they have visited. There is no denying that they cannot hope to better this record in Australia, and they may find it hard to live up to, but it is to be hoped for the honor of the American Navy and of the American people that they will try and will succeed.

EASING UP ON TRUSTS.

It has been settled that the Sherman Anti-Trust law is to be revised. There have been a number of conferences at the White House at which there have been present J. P. Morgan, George Perkins, President Gary of the Steel trust and a number of other powers in the financial world. It is explained that the Sherman law under which so many trusts prosecutions have been brought makes no discrimination between good and bad trusts, and that it is only through the discrimination of the Department of Justice and the attorney general that the benevolent trusts have not been proceeded against along with the others, seeing that it is the business of the Department of Justice and the attorney general to be discriminating. But some of the big

combinations fear that they might get hurt some time even while obeying the law, so the President and his advisers, have drafted a modification of the Sherman law that will specifically exempt law abiding trusts, and will permit rail way pooling which is now prohibited by law with a view to increasing the stability of transportation rates. The only trouble with all this program is that congress has recently shown a marked disinclination to pass any laws originating at the White House. What will be the fate of the revised Sherman law remains to be seen.

THE CURRENCY BILL.

The Aldrich Currency bill seems to have a better show of passing than for some weeks past. It was defended in the Senate this week by Senator Lodge of Mass. for what it really is, namely an emergency measure that will have to answer till something more comprehensive and scientific is passed. Senator Lodge said that the whole currency system of the country needed overhauling, and declared himself strongly in favor of a central government bank, but he said that this reform would need more consideration than could be given it at the present session, and would have to wait till some future time for action.

It will be of interest to all states and territories to know that there has been added to the Army Appropriation bill a provision for \$1,000,000 to be expended on the national guard of the several states. It is pointed out that the present government expenditure is inadequate, and that the investment would pay the government well.

STATE NEWS.

A flying nail destroyed the sight of an eye for J. Adams, a carpenter at Floydada last week.

Olan McKinny, aged 27, suicided in the city park, Fort Worth Sunday. His first wife suicided a year ago. He married again a few months ago.

Edward Milburn, an employe of the Frisco shops at Sherman, was struck by a train Sunday morning, and received injuries which will probably result in death.

Kelley Stone, aged 18, while plowing near Paris, jerked a line to turn his mule, when the line came loose flew back and struck him in the face, a buckle knocking out one of his eyes.

The residence of Hugh C. Drummond, in Greenville burned last Friday. Part of the household goods were saved. The building was valued at \$1,500 and insured for \$900. The loss on the household goods is covered by insurance.

A deputy United States marshal and five possemen of Ochelata, Ok., encountered the three bandits Sunday who robbed the bank at Tyro, Kan. The robbers got the drop on them and commanded them to throw up their hands. The officers complied. The robbers then took all the guns and pistols away from the officers and broke them to pieces. The officers were then warned to turn back and quit the trail.

Providence, R. I., officials declare there are 8,000 idle men in that city after a canvass to determine the number.

Market Report.

The following is the Fort Worth stock market report for Tuesday:
Steers \$3.60 to \$4.25.
Cows \$2.35 to \$4.35.
Calves \$2.50 to \$4.10.
Hogs \$4.37 to \$5.57.

Estray Notice.

The State of Texas, County of Donley. Taken up, by L. C. Barnes, of Clarendon, Texas, estrayed before A. J. Barnett, justice of the peace, Precinct No. 2, Donley county, Texas: One dark blueish mare, about 14 hands high, about 5 years old, has a little white in forehead, right hind feet white, and branded on left thigh. Appraised at (\$25.00) twenty-five dollars.
Attest: C. A. BURTON, Clerk of the County Court of Donley County, Texas.
Given under my hand and seal of said court, this 7th day of March, A. D. 1908. C. A. BURTON, Clerk County Court, Donley County, Texas.

Your Grocery Order
WHEN DELIVERED FROM
SMITH & THORNTON

Is an assurance that you received not only your money's worth but also the very HIGHEST GRADE OF GOODS. This is a big satisfaction both to you and to us, as we spend considerable time in finding out what the trade needs.

WE HANDLE
White Falcon Flour
As good as there is in town. Try a sack. It is guaranteed to give satisfaction.

Phone No. 5

And try an order from us. You will find
OUR GOODS TO BE ALL RIGHT

SMITH & THORNTON
Clarendon, - - - Texas

The Deadhead's Side.
The managers of London theaters are trying to extinguish the "deadhead." They say that the number of people who get free tickets for theaters is on the increase. A "deadhead" has put the other side of the question to a representative of the Daily Graphic. He says: "We are jolly useful to the managers sometimes. It's like this: A manager produces a new piece. The public don't take to it all at once perhaps, and if the manager didn't invite us he might as well close his theater. Instead of doing that he fills it with us, and by degrees people notice that the theater is full every night, and they say to themselves that the piece must be doing good business, and then they pay to come in, and the theater manager smiles."

DR. T. E. STANDIFER
Physician & Surgeon.
Special attention given to disease of women and children and electrotherapy.
Office phone No. 66. Residence phone No. 55-3 rings.

J. D. STOCKING, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Special attention given to obstetrics and diseases of women and children.
Office Phone 42 Residence Phone 80

DR. P. F. GOULD
DENTIST.
CLARENDON, TEX.
Office in Dr. Standifer building. Office phone, 245; residence, 188.

Dr. R. L. HEARNE
DENTIST
CLARENDON, TEXAS.
Office in Davis building.
(Successor to Dr. Cooke)

A. L. JOURNEY,
LAWYER.
Clarendon, Texas.

Watson's Publications.
Those who wish to be well informed upon governmental questions, and in the principles of Jeffersonian democracy, as taught by our forefathers, cannot afford to neglect the two publications which Mr. Watson established after he was reorganized out of the New York Magazine which bore his name.

Watson's Jeffersonian Magazine is beautifully printed and illustrated, and is issued once a month. In addition to political matters, the Jeffersonian Magazine carries high class short stories, serial stories, poems and historical sketches. Therefore, it appeals to every member of the family. The price is \$1.50 per year.

Watson's Weekly Jeffersonian is a 16-page paper of standard size. It carries cartoons and other illustrations, from time to time; and, being issued weekly, enables Mr. Watson to keep in closer touch with public men and political events than is possible in a monthly magazine. The price of the weekly is \$1 per year.

Where a subscriber orders both of these publications at the same time the price is \$2 per year. In all cases, address
THOS. E. WATSON,
Thomson, Ga.

Never Buy Real Estate Without an Abstract of Title.
Donley County Land Title Abstract Company.
INCORPORATED.
I. W. CARHART, Abstractor.
Clarendon, Texas.
I have abstract books complete up-to-date in the county, of land and city property. Eighteen years experience in the land business.

Scale Books For Sale.
Scale Books with 500 neatly printed, perforated tickets for sale in this office, only 75c.

We please others in job printing, both in quality and price, and believe we can please you.
Give us a trial.

City Meat Market
G. S. PATTERSON, Prop.

Best Beef, Pork and Sausage
That can be had. Every effort to satisfy our customers. Phone 17

Ora Liesberg DRAYMAN
Coal Dealer
Careful hauling and transferring. Best Maitland coal and correct weights. Your patronage invited
Phone 23-3r

GOODNIGHT . . .
The Home of the Buffalo
The School Town of the Panhandle, Good Baptist College and Public School, Good Churches, Good Land, Pure Water. An ideal place for a home. Land in large and small tracts. Prices reasonable. Call on or address
GOODNIGHT REALTY CO., Goodnight, Tex.

W. C. Stewart
Plumbing and Electric Supplies
Windmill and Repair Work
Phone 132 Clarendon, Texas

John Beverly
DRAYMAN
Clarendon, - Texas

A. M. Beville
Fire, Life and Accident Insurance Agent.
Land and Collecting Agency and Notary Public.
Prompt attention to all business
Clarendon, Texas.

JAMES HARDING
Merchant Tailor.
Fashion, Neatness and durability are special points in all work.

Clarendon LAUNDRY
Good work, Careful Delivery, Reasonable prices. Your patronage solicited.
CHAS. MCCRAE, Prop'r.

McCrae & Hodges,
Livery, Feed and Sale Stable
J. H. Hodges' Transfer and Bus line meets all trains and calls day and night. WE KNOW THE ROAD. Phone 62. Clarendon, Texas

Scale Books For Sale.
Scale Books with 500 neatly printed, perforated tickets for sale in this office, only 75c.

We please others in job printing, both in quality and price, and believe we can please you.
Give us a trial.

For a live paper try the CHRONICLE

Business locals five cents per line for first insertion and 3 cents for subsequent insertions. All locals run and are charged for until ordered out. Transient notices and job work are cash, other bills on first of month.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

Soft shirts at Hayter Bros.
For the best hard wheat flour see Bryan & Land.
Yesterday was like an old-fashioned summer day.
Rev. A. H. Thornton was down from Goodnight Saturday.
Editor Cooke went to Dallas Saturday night to see Mrs. Cooke.
Miss Ruby Ryan of Clarendon is visiting Mrs. R. P. Hutton.—Dahart Enterprise.
Fred Parsons left yesterday for a visit at Guyton, Ok. His sister, Mrs. Clint Stuart, lives there.
T. L. Benedict made a business trip to Tucumcari, N. M., Friday night, returning Sunday night.
Miss Marion Barnett has been suffering intensely since Saturday with rheumatism, which renders her about helpless.
A. V. Lipe has purchased a gasoline motor buggy, of the high wheel type, and has been trying it around town this week.
Mrs. Orene Noland is down from Stratford visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. L. McClellan. Mrs. McClellan has been ill for a week.
Marian Williams left last week for Fort Worth on account of an ill sister, Mrs. Mahan. A letter received yesterday by Neville Williams stated that she is improving.
The work on the college building is progressing nicely, the walls of the basement being about half done. The corner-stone laying will take place about May 5th with imposing ceremonies.
W. H. Clark, of Lelia Lake, has sold his place to A. Hoy at \$3,000. Mr. Hoy also bought the farm tools, feed, cows etc. Mr. Clark sold his team of mules to another party for \$300 and will move to town until he can make a deal for another place.
Will and Eric Clower have returned from Dallas and are erecting a 24x40 foot building on the lots north of the Standifer building for a continuous moving picture show. In addition to this parties from Amarillo are exhibiting a similar feature at the opera house and call it the White City.
Mrs. W. F. White returned from Paris, Texas, Sunday after spending the winter there. The boys around the depot had the laugh on W. F. who came up from Memphis on the same train that Mrs. White came in on without knowing it and bolted off up town alone, leaving her to take the cab to his brother's.
D. C. Sullivan received a telegram Saturday stating that his brother, Nat Sullivan, had dropped dead at Whitesboro. He left on the first train for Whitesboro to attend the funeral. The deceased was about 35 years of age and leaves a wife and four children. He was seated in a wagon conversing with a friend and dropped dead without warning.
John and Tom Woodward, Will Atterberry, M. T. Howard, and W. H. Cooke left Sunday night via San Antonio for Old Mexico on a prospecting trip. John Woodward and Mr. Howard say they will be able to tell all the facts regarding that country and its people when they return. W. F. White and Jack Van Horn are also talking of making a similar trip.
Residence for Sale.
Story and half 7-room house, brick flues, closets, whole block of land; cellar 14x14. For price, see Wm. TOPE, Clarendon, Tex.
Pattern Hats.
Our Pattern Hats are nearly all in now and will be on display from today until Saturday inclusive. We invite you to call.
Mrs. A. M. Beville & Co.
Old newspapers for sale at this office.

Spring suits at Hayter Bros.

Deaths.
JNO. H. RATHJEN.
John H. Rathjen, who has been ill for some time and in feeble health for several years, passed away yesterday morning. It has been known for several days that he could not recover. He was entirely resigned to death and said it would be a relief to his sufferings.
Mr. Rathjen was born in Helvensieck, Germany in 1859 where he served an apprenticeship as shoemaker and served two years in the German army. He came to Cleveland, O., in 1883 where he remained three years, moved to Linn, Kas., where he lived for 16 years, then came to Clarendon a little over five years ago and opened up a shoe shop. Afterwards he bought a business house and put in a full shoe store and has done a good business. He has won the confidence and esteem of his acquaintances both as a citizen and as a business man. He leaves no children, only a wife and a nephew, the latter having been a member of the family for years. He also leaves a brother in Germany.
The funeral will be at the Presbyterian church tomorrow afternoon at 2:30, conducted by Rev. Deffner, of Wichita, Falls, of the Lutheran church, the deceased having been a faithful member of that church. The body will be laid to rest in the Citizens cemetery. A brother of Mrs. Rathjen will reach here from Cleveland, O., tonight or tomorrow morning.
We extend sympathy to the bereaved.
N. T. NELSON.
N. T. Nelson, who had been ill for some time at his home down on Red River, died Saturday morning. He was an old settler in this part of the country and was in his 66th year. Funeral services were held in the Methodist church, conducted by the pastor, W. C. Hilburn.

Perverved Kindness That Is a Reproach to Woman.

There are some strange contrasts in this world of ours,—contrasts that sets one to thinking.
Two million dogs are put to bed nightly under eiderdown blankets, between silken sheets! And twice that many babies are shivering with insufficient covering, held tight to some mother's breast, kept alive only by the warmth of the mother's heart!
One woman alone spends two thousands dollars for sterilized cream for one dog in one year, says the April New Idea; and two thousand babies die every day because they haven't milk enough to drink to keep them alive!
There are thousands of pink-cheeked, blue-eyed orphans in this country of ours who say their prayers nightly in concert; and the only place for a child to pray is at the knee of the woman who loves it.
Certainly a foundling is a risk. For that matter, life is one big lottery. Everything in it is more or less of a gamble. One may not be sure of the future of the child who inherits traits from parents who forsook their own offspring. The question is not what the woman with the dog could do with a child—it is what the child could do for her. Each child, no matter what its parentage, is a tiny Moses of the wilderness that can strike with its dimpled pink hand a heart of stone and make it pour forth the waters of life itself.

Soft shirts at Hayter Bros.
Bryan & Land's Royal No. 10 flour is the best on the market.
The only place to get the Eastman Kodak is at Stocking's store.
Call in at J. A. Burdett's millinery and dry goods store and see the new stock of both millinery and dry goods. Just in this week and up to date. Miss Porter's old stand.
If it isn't an "Eastman" It isn't a Kodak.
Good Double-Seated Hack
for sale or trade.
18 tf M. T. HOWARD.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Our rates for candidates' announcements are as follows, strictly cash in advance: District and county, \$10; precinct, \$5; city, \$2.50.
For District Attorney,
A. A. LUMPKIN.
For County and District Clerk,
C. A. BURTON.
WADE WILLIS.
For Sheriff and Tax Collector,
J. T. PATMAN.
J. MARION WILLIAMS
For County Treasurer,
GUSS JOHNSON.
J. M. CLOWER.
For Tax Assessor,
R. H. ELKINS.
G. W. BAKER.

In times of fair prices, prepare your farm to produce at a profit when prices fall. Do this by buying all the labor-saving implements you can afford. Use them. Learn to keep them in order. Rotate your crops so as to increase the soil's fertility. Waste nothing. Keep stock for profit and for their value to the soil. Study markets and prices. Raise those things that bring you the best profit. Know what each man is doing on your farm. Know what every cow is yielding. Be sure your horses are not eating their heads off. Do not stint the family; that is not economy. Make everybody on the farm strong and cheerful. Have good food in abundance and do not overwork man or woman. Home and Farm

Soft shirts at Hayter Bros.
For the best flour go to Bryan & Land's.
All kinds of repairing solicited. Call and see me at the old Noland building. Your trade in furniture and second-hand goods invited.
22 tf A. L. BRUCE.
Wanted—A few good canvassers, ladies or gentlemen, for a high class publication. References required. Write E. C. Strang, Childress, Tex.
You will find the latest samples of 1908 wall paper at Stocking's store.

Cement Block Machine for Sale
cheap and in good order. See
21 2t J. B. ANTHONY.

A Fine Piano for Sale.
For \$200 I will sacrifice a \$375 "Cabinet Grand" piano, same as new. Come now. C. C. BEARDEN.

BUSINESS LOCALS.
Spring suits at Hayter Bros.
We want to collar every horse in Donley county before plow time.—Rutherford & Davis.
Souvenir post cards, pretty views in colors, of every town of importance in Texas. I have them; 2 cents each, postpaid. Henry Law, Goodnight, Tex. 9 tf
When you want leather goods go see Rutherford & Davis and get their prices before you buy.
For the best up-to-date Jewelry go to Clowers. New stock just in.
When you want leather goods go see Rutherford & Davis and get their prices before you buy.
Jewelry of the best quality, newest pattern and beautiful in design at Clower's. Be sure and see his new watches, lockets, pins, etc.
When you want leather goods go see Rutherford & Davis and get their prices before you buy.

728 Acres of Land for Sale
Nine miles from Clarendon, three miles from Southard; sell all or part; 150 in cultivation, 4-room house, well and windmill, good orchard, sheds, etc.
92-tf B. J. RHODERICK.

I will sell any one, or all of my several sets of books, at just half price. Standard Encyclopedia, 12 vols.; Universal Dictionary, 4 vols.; Makers of Literature, 30 vols.; Makers of American History, 21 vols.; Poe's works, etc., besides about 200 vols. on miscellaneous subjects. My necessity—your opportunity. Come quick. C. C. Bearden.

K. of P.—Panhandle Lodge, No. 90. Meets every Tuesday night. Visiting Knights invited to attend. J. T. BEIL, C. C. H. W. KELLEY, K. of R. & S.
Pythian Sisters—Panhandle Temple, No. 58. Meets 1st and 3rd Monday nights at Pythian Hall. Mrs. H. B. WHITE, M. E. C. Mrs. JOHN M. CLOWERS, M. of R. & S.
Modern Woodmen of America—Clarendon Camp No. 12, 423. Meets every Saturday night at Woodman Hall. R. T. JOHNSON, Clerk.
Royal Neighbors—Auxiliary to Modern Woodmen. Meet 1st and 3rd Thursday in each month in Woodman Hall. Mrs. R. T. JOHNSON, Oracle. Mrs. H. W. KELLY, Recorder.

This office for neat job work.

.. SPRING ..

IS THE SEASON OF BEAUTY

And the Clarendon Mercantile Co.'s is the place to find all the beautiful creations in Spring Style and Patterns—the latest in Embroidered Skirts, White Dress and Waist Goods—a new line of Insertions and Laces—a new assortment of Ladies' Muslins and Knit Underwear

Just Opened

A large assortment of Youths' and Boy's Clothing—the latest styles in Spring Suits

The Famous Kirchbaum

Clothing for men. Also, we will take your measure for one of Ed V. Price's popular Suits : : : : :

Phone Our Grocery Department
For your kitchen dainties. We make "QUALITY" a specialty. Try our "White Swan" Coffees, and if you are especially fond of good biscuits, try our "PREMIUM" Flour. We keep the best brands of Canned Goods always on hand. If you want fat stock try our new "Alfalfa Feed," and, say, don't forget to leave us your order for seed potatoes

CLARENDON MERCANTILE COMPANY

FACTS IN FEW LINES

Eighty miles an hour is the speed of a hurricane movement.

Will Adams, said to be the first Englishman to land in Japan, is buried near Kokouka.

Police Justice Kyle at Kansas City in one day tried 136 cases, the fines amounting to \$1,692.

There is a daily average of forty-one immigrants who are refused admission at the port of New York.

In Coffeyville, Kan., when the court restrained a man from selling liquor in his cellar he dug a new cellar under the sidewalk and continued business.

The Baptist state commission has chosen Lawton, Okla., as the site for the new Baptist university, the city offering to furnish forty acres of land and \$75,000 in cash.

A lighted lantern in falling from a seven-story building in Philadelphia struck a hat on the head of Thomas Adams, wedging it tightly over his ears, the air inside acting as a cushion and saving his skull.

Three valuable miniatures of the Duchess of Fife, queen of Norway and Princess Victoria, belonging to Queen Alexandra, have been stolen by burglars from the studio of an engraver in London to which they had been sent for reproduction.

Lemuel Andrews of Morocco, Ind., has a flock of prairie chickens on his farm that has become practically domesticated. Some of the older birds have been on the farm for five years, during which time they have increased in numbers from a dozen to more than 150 birds.

L. A. Leavitt of Oldtown, Me., cut down a big elm tree recently from which he realized \$52.50. The tree was four feet and four inches at the butt, and 121 biseau knees were cut from its branches and were sold for \$27.50. Five more cords from the tree sold for \$5 a cord.

For the first time in its history the British mint last year used aluminum for coinage purposes. In all 31,572,131 coins were struck from this metal, these comprising half cent pieces for use in Uganda and one-tenth of a penny pieces for circulation in the Nigerian protectorate.

Signor Enrico Toselli, the music teacher who married the Countess Montignoso, the divorced wife of the king of Saxony, is writing a comic opera and says he intends later to publish some curious and important news which would astonish those who are interested in public life.

The third great athletic stadium to be built by American universities has just been completed at Syracuse. It is 670 feet long, covers six and one-third acres and will seat 20,000 spectators comfortably. It is constructed of concrete and is modeled after the old Roman and Greek arenas.

It is said that of the Americans met in South Africa more than 60 per cent are westerners, mostly from the Pacific coast. There are some twenty graduates of the University of California employed in the Rand mines, and Californians have penetrated into the little known lands north of the Transvaal.

Senator Gore of Oklahoma told a New York writer that he had been a candidate for United States senator ever since he was eleven years old, and, speaking of Oklahoma, he added, "We have there every requisite for human happiness. I think, and we don't get anything from the east except the sunrise."

William Kent of Chicago, now at Kentfield, Cal., has deeded to the United States government a tract of land of 295 acres of natural redwood forest in the southern slope of Mount Tamalpais, about six miles from San Francisco. It is the intention to name the national monument "Muir woods" after John Muir, the noted naturalist.

King Menelik of Abyssinia will soon be added to the list of monarchs who are automobilists, and there are now only a few that are not. The British government, through its prime minister to Abyssinia, will present a car to him which has been specially constructed to withstand the jolting of the apologies for roads that exist in his kingdom.

Giuseppe Maruzza, twenty-one years of age, who has neither arms nor legs and is, moreover, dumb, has just arrived in Venice from Germany in a packing case, from which his head protruded. He had made the long and uncomfortable journey in order to present himself to the military authorities, who naturally declared that he was unfit for service.

The utmost precautions are taken to preserve the correspondence of King Edward infalible. Immediately that his majesty leaves his study a confidential secretary goes carefully through the room, collects all scraps of paper, the wrappers of newspapers and the top sheets of a blotting pad and destroys them before a servant is allowed to enter. This precaution is also taken after a cabinet meeting.

Alois Burgstaller, the tenor, has finally been forgiven by Frau Cosima Wagner, and in consequence he will appear next summer at Bayreuth as Parsifal and Siegfried. Mme. Wagner never forgave him for singing "Parsifal" at the Metropolitan, although the tenor protested that Mr. Conried had compelled him to appear in the opera. Last summer they met for the first time since "Parsifal" was sung there.

General Schaff has in his possession a number of drawings made by students at West Point, many of whom have since those days attained considerable prominence in the army and some of whom have died. They were found in an old trunk belonging to an army officer and were forwarded to General Schaff as memorabilia of old-time West Point days in recognition of his interesting sketches of army life.

FRENCH ROAD SYSTEM

Administration and Construction of World's Best Highways.

RECORD OF ALL WORK KEPT

Building of Roads Supervised by the Government as Carefully as a Railroad Constructs Tracks—Marked Attention Paid to Drainage.

Good roads are among the best assets of any community, and the American states which first secured them in a systematic way will derive benefits which it will never fully appreciate.

The Los Angeles highway commission recently addressed inquiries to American Consul Skinner at Marseilles, asking him about the laws and engineering methods in France. Consul Skinner investigated and has published a most interesting explanation of the subject, from which the following extracts were made:

France has the finest roads in the world, both in physical form and relation to the national geography. The French nation has spent more than \$400,000,000 on them to more than \$200,000,000 spent by the local departments.

Down at the bottom of the French road system is the humble cantonnier, or road foreman, who has charge of one to three miles of road. He is to the roads what the section boss is to a railroad's organization.

Up at the top is the School of Roads and Bridges, a great technical college in which engineering, construction and every detail of road building is taught. Between these two extremes the government controls, manages, regulates everything. A record is kept of every bit of road in the country, what it cost, who built it and how, the expenses for maintenance and rebuilding—everything in its history is carefully recorded. France's highway system is card indexed like the list of patrons of a mail order house.

France does not have the best roads because it has special skill in making them. An English engineer designed the scheme. No more so because it has especially large or unusually excellent supplies of materials. The same materials can be found all over the United States. French roads are perfect because the road laws are near perfection, because the road business is a profession and not a job and because the men who make themselves proficient are certain of special recognition.

But about the physical construction of a French road. To begin with, French experience proves that deep, solid foundations and fine surfaces are not so important as something else commonly overlooked—drainage. It is a primary and ironclad principle of French roadmaking that the roadway must receive no more than its own natural rainfall. Everything else must give way to this.

A standard French national road is forty-six feet wide. In the middle is the road proper, twenty feet wide. Outside this, thirteen feet wide on either side, are driftways, sloping away from the surfaced road slightly. These are used as footpaths and must be hard and heavy enough to hold in place the surfacing material of the road proper. Finally outside all this must be a ditch on each side if the conformation of the ground makes this necessary for drainage.

They begin by digging out a "box" in the earth the width of the roadway proper, twenty feet. This is carefully convex at the bottom, so that the hard surfacing materials shall be of the same thickness throughout and give a surface of exactly the right curvature. This curvature is from one-fiftieth to one-fortieth of the width. When the "box" has been carefully prepared the bottom and sides are vigorously "tamped" to assure that they will be hard enough to hold the solid materials firmly. Then it is ready for the crushed stone, etc., to be put in.

Every bit of crushed stone must pass through a two and one-third inch screen. Eight inches of this crushed material is deposited in the box, and then it is rolled with a six ton roller. While the rolling is going on large amounts of water are constantly sprinkled on the surface. At the same time a mixture of sandy and argillaceous materials equal in volume to 10 per cent of the amount of crushed stone used is sprinkled slowly on the surface along with the water and very evenly, and the whole is rolled down until the tire of a loaded wagon will make no track. Then the road is finished save for the requirement that it must season for fifteen days before being opened to traffic. This is a description of a crushed stone surface. Where other materials must be used they are provided for in the French scheme—burned clay, gravel, etc. There is a plan for every material and every region.

When the road is built the cantonnier tramps up and down it and keeps it in repair, fills ruts with broken stone, clears the ditches, etc. Above the cantonnier is a foreman in charge of a larger section, above him an engineering superintendent, and so on up to the inspector general of highways and bridges, who is head of the whole system for the country. Every man in the list receives specific orders from his next superior and is ranked according to his execution of them.

They have no broad tire laws in France, but that happens because the people use broad tires by instinct. They have sense enough to know that good wide tires make the roads better instead of worse. Nobody else except the French seems to have learned this.

Wanted A Pull on the Paper.

We had the editor of a weekly paper with us on part of the journey across North Dakota by team, and at one village hotel the landlord found out what an honored guest he had and refused to charge him any bill. The editor returned his thanks and we were about ready to leave when the landlord beckoned him aside and said:

"Stranger, being an editor, you can do anything. It's up for me to do to the legislature."

"Yes?" was the reply.

"And my son Bill wants to be elected sheriff of this county."

"I see."

"And my son Tom wants to be a schoolmaster."

"Yes."

"And I've got a brother-in-law who wants an easy job in Washington. It's got to be an easy job, as he has a lame back."

"Anything more?" asked the editor.

"I've got a cousin Joe who would like to go down to Panama, and a nephew who wants to get into a bank, and if you don't mind being put to a little trouble and would say that I am a widower and wanted to marry again, I'd take it as a great favor."

"Sure that's all, are you?"

"All, except that if I don't get into the legislature, you might help me to run for governor, and if I get the place I'll be hanged if I don't subscribe to three copies of your paper and pay cash in advance!"—Washington Post.

CHOICE MISCELLAN

Why Some Plants Moved In.
The chinch bug brought to Missouri, the grasshopper brought the castor bean, Japanese clover butted in, and alfalfa came as a matter of study. This is the conclusion which George B. Ellis, secretary of the state board of agriculture, says tradition justifies. When the chinch bug played havoc in the wheat of Missouri, the farmers looked about for some crop which would resist the incursions of this pestilent insect. They found that for some reason the chinch bug did not or would not live upon flax; hence they planted flax, and for a time southwest Missouri had many fields of flax.

The castor bean was found by the farmer to be the only green thing which the grasshopper did not eat; hence field upon field of castor beans were planted, and to this day may be seen in this section of Missouri more than anywhere else in the state fields of this product. Japanese clover came from the southwest, and year by year it is pushing its way farther up the Ozarks and down their northern slope. It grows with little or no care. Alfalfa, the most profitable hay crop, is to be found in nearly every section of Missouri where ten years ago little or none was known.—Columbia Herald.

Japanese Students In America.
The Japanese students in America are significant of Japan's worldwide hunt for efficiency. The Japanese government spends upward of \$150,000 a year in sending its best students to America and Europe to learn the latest educational methods and to garner the most advanced results of the scientific research of the world. There are about 150 of these subsidized students studying in various countries today, and each year they carry back to their native land not only great stores of scientific knowledge, but also the latest information about manufacturing processes of all kinds. Each student has a maximum allowance from the government of \$900 a year, and in special cases this may be increased by as much as \$750 more for touring or special study. In all cases an allowance of \$100 is made for outfit, which probably accounts for the fact that every Japanese student owns a frock coat and a silk hat. In addition \$350 is allowed for traveling expenses each way to students who go to study in the western states and \$400 to those who go to our eastern universities.—New York Tribune.

Seeing Lightning Strike.
In July last William F. Rigge of Creighton university had the unusual fortune to see a bolt of lightning strike an isolated cottonwood tree about a quarter of a mile away. The flash appeared as a "superb column or shaft of light about 400 or 500 feet high and eight to twelve inches in diameter, perfectly straight, vertical and steady." The shaft was white, but its base was tinged with red. This column seemed to stand between two diverging trunks of the tree and lasted about two seconds. Afterward Mr. Rigge found that one of the two trunks of the double tree had its bark stripped off in the shape of a ribbon six inches wide and two yards long. The other trunk showed two furrows, beginning ten feet above the ground. They looked as if they had been plowed by a piece of steel. There was no sign of fire.—Youth's Companion.

DOCTORS MISTAKES
Are said often to be buried six feet under ground. But many times women call on their family physicians, suffering, as they imagine, one from dyspepsia, another from heart disease, another from liver or kidney disease, another from nervous prostration, another with pain here and there, and in this way the present ailment to themselves and their easy-going or over-busy doctor, separate diseases, for which he, assuming them to be such, prescribes his pills and potions. In reality, they are suffering from only one ailment, a disease which the wrong treatment, but probably worse. A proper medicine like Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription directed to the cause would have entirely removed the disease, thereby dispelling all those distressing symptoms, and insinuating comfort instead of prolonged misery. It has been well said, that "a disease known is half cured." Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a scientific medicine, carefully devised by an experienced and skillful physician, and adapted to woman's delicate system. It is made of native American medicinal roots and is perfectly harmless in its effects in any condition of the female system.

A powerful invigorating tonic "Favorite Prescription" imparts strength to the whole system and to the organs distinctly feminine in particular. For over-worked, "worn-out," "run-down," debilitated teachers, milliners, dressmakers, seamstresses, "shop-girls," house-keepers, nursing mothers, and feeble women generally, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the greatest earthly boon, being unequalled as an appetizing cordial and restorative tonic.

As a soothing and strengthening nerve "Favorite Prescription" is unequalled and is invaluable in allaying and subduing nervous excitability, irritability, nervous exhaustion, nervous prostration, neuralgia, hysteria, spasms, St. Vitus's dance, and other distressing nervous symptoms commonly attendant upon functional and organic disease of the uterus. It induces refreshing sleep and relieves mental anxiety and despondency. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets invigorate the stomach, liver and bowels. One to three a dose. Easy to take as candy.

If you read THE CHRONICLE you are always abreast of the times and know what is doing. You don't have to wait until its contents are too old to be of interest. Twice-a-week and only \$1.50 per year.

Wanted Local representatives in Donley Co. to look after renewals and increase subscription list of a prominent monthly magazine on a salary and commission basis. Experience desirable but not necessary. Good opportunity for rich person. Address Publisher, Box 55, Sta. O, New York.

100 Envelopes 40c
With name and address printed and postpaid at this office.

A Safe Combinat—Read Your Home Paper.
No argument is needed to prove this statement correct. You also need a paper for world-wide general news. You cannot choose a better one—adapting to the wants of all the family—than The Dallas Semi-Weekly News. By subscribing for the Chronicle and the Semi-Weekly News together, you get both papers one year for \$2.25. No subscription can be accepted for less than one year at this special rate, and the amount is payable cash in advance. Order now. Do not delay; 1908 will be Presidential year. Your order will receive prompt attention at this office.

When you want help of any kind, to sell a business, or to exchange something, tell your wants in The Chronicle, the paper that hits the spot twice a week.

W. P. BLAKE,

NOTARY PUBLIC
Acknowledgements Taken.
NOTARY PUBLIC
CLARENDON, TEX.

PATENTS
PROCURED AND DEFENDED. Send model, drawing or photo, for expert search and free report. Free advice, how to obtain patents, trade marks, copyrights, etc. IN ALL COUNTRIES.
Business direct with Washington saves time, money and often the patent.
Patent and Infringement Practice Exclusively.
Write or come to us at
522 Ninth Street, opp. United States Patent Office,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

GASNOW

FORTUNES UNDER YOUR FEET!
The Geological formation of Texas indicates enormous undiscovered mineral resources. People pass daily, valuable beds of cement shale, salt, gypsum, coal, clay, kaolin, iron, lead, silver, sulphur, copper, gold and quick-silver—all of which are known to be in Texas, as well as other valuable minerals. You see a rock, clay or other substance "out of the ordinary," and may pass for days with a fortune under your feet. Send me samples of these "out of the ordinary" stones, clays and earths. A pound package by mail will cost you 10 cents in postage. I may be able to help you to a fortune—no charge to you. Buyers pay all charges. Address
Milton Everett, Box 1065 Dallas, Texas

DO YOU WANT A \$2 GOLD PEN?
A Little Talk Will Get It

Just procure us three new Chronicle subscribers at our regular cash price, \$1.50 each, and a 14-Carat Gold Pen is yours. No voting foolishness, no chance game, but each one who does the work will get a pen, of which above is a cut.

READ THIS

Do you think of building a house, barn, sheds or fences any time soon? If so, would suggest that you get our prices on building material this month while "panic prices" prevail. We feel sure you will not have an opportunity to buy as cheaply as now for a long time. We carry a complete stock of the best long-leaf stock, and guarantee our grades to be up to the standard. And don't forget that we have a "big stock" of Colorado Maitland Coal on hand, which is as good as the best, and that we will appreciate a share of your trade for both Coal and Lumber.

KIMBERLIN LUMBER CO.

H. D. RAMSEY, P. R. STEPHENS, WESLEY KNORPP,
President Vice-President Cashier

The Donley County State Bank
CLARENDON, TEXAS
CAPITAL \$50,000.00

STOCKHOLDERS AND DIRECTORS: H. D. Ramsey, Jno. C. Knorpp, P. R. Stephens, N. T. Nelson, Wesley Knorpp, T. S. Bugbee, J. L. McMurtry, Chas. T. McMurtry
We Will Appreciate Your Account Irrespective of Amount
We Will Take as Collateral Land and Other Good Notes
Let Us Do Business With You

BUILD RIGHT

You can do this if you buy your material from the
CLARENDON LUMBER CO.

Best Lumber, Fencing, Doors, Sash, Blinds, etc.
Try Sherwin-Williams Paint—None Better :: ::

CLARENDON, TEXAS

THEY'RE BEAUTS!

Have you seen our NEW FALL STYLES?
Everything up-to-date in **PHOTOGRAPHY**
H. MULKEY

Half Million Bl'k Locust Trees

For Grove and Forest Planting, delivered at Clarendon, packed and in good shape at the following prices:

12 inch,	\$2.00 per 1000
24 " "	3.50 " "
36 " "	5.00 " "

Place your order at once and plant a block of Black Locusts this Spring.
L. K. EGERTON, Clarendon, Tex.

The City Barber Shop,

J. R. TUCKER, Proprietor.
New shop, new building, new fixtures and furniture, large clean bath room with cold or hot water, the best of workmen and our service will please you. This is what we are here for.

A trial will convince. Call in.

CHRONICLE

JOB OFFICE

For

GOOD JOB WORK

For ANY KIND OF PRINTED STATIONERY

AT SATISFACTORY PRICES.

DO YOU WANT A \$2 GOLD PEN?
A Little Talk Will Get It



Just procure us three new Chronicle subscribers at our regular cash price, \$1.50 each, and a 14-Carat Gold Pen is yours. No voting foolishness, no chance game, but each one who does the work will get a pen, of which above is a cut.