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Vol. 10.

CLARENDON, DONLEY COUNTY, TEXAS, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1898.

No. 32

Good Newspapers At a Very Low Price.

The Semi Weekly News (Galveston or Dallas) is published Tuesdays and Fridays. Each issue consists of 8 pages. There are special departments for the farmer, the ladies and the boys and girls, besides a world of general news matter, illustrated articles, etc. We offer

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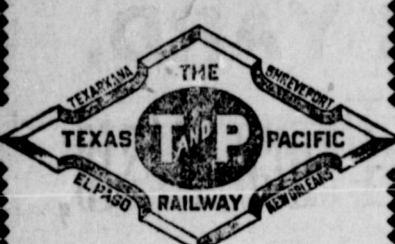
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The Kansas City Star.

By Mail, Daily and Sunday, \$4.00 a Year The Weekly, One Year - 25 Cents

4 IMPORTANT GATEWAYS 4



2-Fast Trains-2 DAILY For St. Louis, Chicago and the EAST.

Superb New Pullman Vestibuled Buffet Sleepers. Handsome New Chair Cars. (Seats Free.)

Only Line Running Through Coaches and Sleepers to New Orleans Without Change...

DIRECT LINE TO Arizona, New Mexico AND California.

L. S. THORNE, E. P. TURNER, Third Vice-Prest. and Gen'l Mgr. and Gen'l Agt. DALLAS, TEXAS.

THE THROUGH CAR LINE

TO ST. LOUIS AND MEMPHIS WITH DIRECT CONNECTIONS FOR POINTS NORTH, EAST, SOUTH, EAST THE BEST ROUTE CHICAGO, LOUISVILLE, CINCINNATI & EASTERN CITIES

S. G. WARNER, Gen'l. Passenger Agent, Tyler, Tex. A. A. GLISSON, Trav. Passenger Agt., Ft. Worth, Tex.

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A handsomely illustrated weekly, largest circulation of any patent journal. Terms, \$3 a year; four months, \$1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 312 Broadway, New York

Light Breaking In.

The Texas State Journal is no populist paper, but its shell can be penetrated by the truth. It says: "Those who have handled and participated in the government of this state during recent years are now beginning to reap just retribution. The rights and interests of the people of Texas have been for years the subject of barter, trade and speculation by a lot of men for their own personal aggrandizement."

"The strange feature of it all is that the citizens have been so blinded by partisan zeal as not to detect it. For the past eight years not a single step has been taken forward. Not a move has been made in that length of time that can be traced to a desire to promote the welfare of the state or people. Our natural advantages have lain dormant while perfidy and rapine have retarded the course of the commonwealth. Succession in office has unhorsed the will of the people, while demagogue and trickster have served their personal ends at the expense of the common weal. The light, however, is dawning. The blind are being made to see. The evil-doers are being exposed and in every way best calculated to bring conviction."

"The recent disclosures can but convince the people the dominant powers to whom they have given such unstinted loyalty have been corrupt and have grown fat on them and their credulity. The democratic task-masters have driven the people their way by a lash of prejudice, and when safely ensconced in positions of trust and influence have fattened on the product of taxation. This is a case where 'truth is stranger than fiction.' If the truth, the whole truth, could be told of the perfidy of the Austin ring, it is doubtful if there is a person in Texas who would believe it. They have touched the pocketbook of the people, the most sensitive organ. While the people have been groaning under a pitiless burden of taxation the bosses have been squandering it. The day of judgment is not far distant."

Wherever the populist farmer meets the democrats in debate, whether in public or in private, he is converting the democrat. The democratic farmers are refusing to vote for lawyers who have stood in with or intend to stand in with the recent steals, or who endorse Sayers' wild-cat platform and unqualified endorsement of the high freight rates and other Austin devilment.—Mercury.

Certainly! And that the democratic farmers may remain in ignorance, and for fear the scales will fall from their eyes, the leaders are using every effort to keep down public discussion. In this section they are as "mum" as clams. But individual work is going on, and many democrats will break loose from the gang and cast their vote for an honest administration.—Comanche Exponent.

The incompetency of the war department will be remembered by the voters on November 8.—Austin Statesman.

Yes, and the incompetency of state officials has been so glaring that no kind of a war scare-crow will divert their attention from the more important home affairs on the 8 of November.

The executive committee of the prohibition party in Texas met last week and put up as their state candidates B. P. Bailey of Houston, for governor, and D. H. Hancock, of Farmersville, for lieutenant-governor.

Half the ships in the world are British. The best of them can be converted into ships of war in 48 hours.

Cotton seed has been bringing 15 cents a bushel on the Memphis market this week.—News.

Things to Remember.

The Congress that we will elect this November will not meet in session (unless called in extra session after the fourth of March next) until December, 1899, over a year after election. I do not know of any country in which the election is so remote from the convening of the legislative body. For example, in England the election is held after a short campaign of from two to six weeks (not several months, with long disturbance of business, as we have here) and the new Parliament meets soon thereafter. Our Revolutionary fathers were progressive and patriotic, but they did not know it all—particularly they could not peer into the future and foresee the development of steam and electricity, which have brought our vast domain into closer proximity than the different portions of a single state in their day. If we were still confined to the stage-coach, it would still take nearly a year to elect and assemble a new Congress. They adapted themselves to their conditions. Why don't we adapt ourselves to ours?

But one of the most preposterous things that we do is to have the old Congress to meet the next month after the election of the new! If any other nation would do a thing like this, what would we think? Many of the members of the old Congress are candidates for election to the new, and if they are defeated they still have from the first Monday in December to the fourth of March of active service in Congress, and what can we expect of a man who has been defeated? He is very likely to embrace his remaining chance to serve private ends. The famous "back-salary grab" Congress, about twenty-five years ago, was made up largely of members who had been defeated for re-election.

The rational course to pursue would be to have the old Congress to finish its labors before the election of the new, and to have the new Congress to begin its labors a reasonably short time after its election. Last winter a constitutional amendment passed both houses of Congress (ratification by the legislatures of three-fourths of the States is necessary to its adoption) changing the date for the inauguration of President and Vice President, and consequently changing the date of expiration of congressional terms, from the fourth of March to early in May. This makes still worse the awkward arrangement complained of above.

The first Monday in December is not a good time to begin a session of Congress, for no real work is ever accomplished before time to adjourn for the Christmas holidays. Congress should convene either long enough before Christmas to make it worth while (say about October 15th or November 1st), or not until after the Christmas holiday season. In the former case the date for the elections should be changed to mid-summer or early autumn, but in the latter case (which would perhaps be preferable) the date for the elections could remain as at present, the new President and Congress assuming office early in January, say New Year's Day. So instead of the change from March 4th to early in May, it should be to January 1st, with no session of the old congress between the election in November and January 1st. Indeed, the term of the old congress could end on election day and the term of the new congress begin the day after election day, so that in the event (very unlikely) that an extra session should be called between the election day in November and January 1st, it would be the new congress and not the old.

Among other things to remember, always remember that, while the representatives that we elect are nominally our agents, we as principals have no power over our agents during

the term for which they are elected, nor have we any power of revision of their acts. So we are not the principals, nor they our agents. They are absolute masters during the time for which they are elected. We should have "The Recall," by which we could recall them if they do not suit us; also, we should have the right to revise their acts if we wish to. We think that we rule by the ballot, but we only choose our rulers by the ballot, and they can do as they please. Our ballot rights are not yet complete, only about one-third. When we can recall those whom we elect if we wish to, and when we can revise their work if it does not suit us, rejecting the part that does not suit us and making by direct vote the laws that we want if our representatives do not do so, then our ballot rights will be complete.

During the past few months millions of citizens have been patriotic enough to "remember the Maine." Now let us be patriotic enough (it requires a higher and better kind of patriotism, because it involves some thinking and moral courage) to remember the above suggestions and resolve to adjust our government to present needs. Our Revolutionary fathers made a grand and glorious start. If we improve our political conditions half as much as they did we will do well indeed. They could not adjust matters to all times, but they did nobly for their own time. Why can't we do something? The past should be appreciated, but not worshipped. We should "wisely improve the present, and go forth to meet the shadowy future with a brave and manly heart," as our forefathers did.

Now that education has become general, and new conditions have come upon us, we should complete a "government of, by and for the people" by the introduction of the Referendum, the Initiative and the Recall (altogether these are called Direct Legislation).

Direct Legislation can be best applied to local government at first (towns, cities and perhaps counties); then to state matters. After the people have become accustomed to it in local and state matters it can be applied nationally.

Direct Legislation is needed more in the affairs of large cities and in states; for the councils of large cities and the legislatures of many of our states are notoriously corrupt. Particularly is this so in Philadelphia and Pennsylvania. This is a supreme remedy for corruption. It has so proven in Switzerland, besides giving the people exactly what they want. While the Initiative and Referendum should be used in local and state affairs before being extended to National uses, yet we now feel that we would like to use the Recall on those of our Congressmen who do not favor Postal Savings Banks.—C. F. Taylor in Med. World.

The disgraceful riots among the volunteers at Camp Hamilton offer another object lesson of the necessity for experienced officers and a new military system. These riots are an evidence of a lack of discipline. Unruly soldiers are of no value to the service. Lack of discipline is the fault of the officers, who are themselves deficient in training. If America fails to create a new military system it will not be because there have not been enough examples to prove the inefficiency of volunteer service offered by political favorites.—Kansas City Star.

It is stated that the higher classes in Cuba and Porto Rico would welcome the introduction of Protestant schools. Seventy-three per cent of the people are illiterate and would oppose any Protestant movement. Little can be done until the government has effected some permanent organization.

Santa Fe Earnings.

The Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railway earned \$11,297,764.13 in Kansas in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1898, and spent \$7,339,755.61 on its Kansas lines.

The Santa Fe employs 19,119 persons besides its general officers, of whom there are fifty-three. The average daily compensation of all employees, from President Ripley to the messenger boys in the shops and offices, amounts to \$2.01. Counting out the general officers, who were paid an average of \$18 a day, the average salary paid to employees ranging from engine men at \$3.71 a day to track men at \$1.21 a day, was \$1.95.

The present equipment includes 314 passenger locomotives, 395 freight engines, 124 switch engines and 25,769 cars. There are in the freight service 24,495 cars and in the passenger service 511, besides express baggage, mail, combination cars and cabooses. It takes 676 cars, specially fitted, to take care of the fruit business of the company. Kansas will be glad to know that the company only owns forty beer cars out of all its equipment.

Santa Fe trains traveled 18,891,828 miles last year. The freight tonnage amounted, in the aggregate, to 5,282,754 tons. Bituminous coal furnished 22 per cent of all the tonnage and grain 19 1/2 per cent. Live stock was the third in importance, amounting to 12 1/2 per cent, or just 1/4 of all the freight handled on the whole system.

The distribution of a railroad's sources of revenue forms an interesting chapter in the report. Passenger receipts amounted to \$4,801,386.95. The United States government paid the Santa Fe \$777,173.35 for hauling mail and the express business brought a revenue of \$824,136.03. The principal earnings were on freight. The freight department earned \$18,875,693.58, about three times as much as the passenger and express business taken together.

Do Not Need Men.

It is a question of a very few years when the miners will witness two thirds of their number who are now employed in the mines thrown out of work, for improved machinery is advancing very rapidly in producing coal. The Link Belt Electric Company have perfected a machine that will cut and load 212 tons of coal in twenty-four hours, with five men to operate it, and where two or three hundred men are now employed it would only take about five machines and fifty men to produce the same output or more.—Cleveland Citizen.

Courtesy towards strangers is one of the most commendable traits in the inhabitants of a town. Make a man feel that he is welcome and no trouble but a pleasure to show him the town and country. If he is prospecting, in all probability he will locate. With the majority of us it is not so many years ago that we were hunting homes and it is easy to think ourselves in the stranger's place.—Quannah Tribune.

L. S. Fawcett, of Houston, says in the Houston Times: "Hundreds of democrats in Harris county have already removed the collar from their necks and are asking for a change and mean to vote for it. They are tired of shouting for democracy on empty stomachs and empty pocket books and will try the novelty of getting into line with the business element in the United States."

A tramp in Kansas trying to reach Texas before cold weather set in was heard to remark that he could not see that the war had brought the north and south any nearer together.

To The Voters of Donley County.

CLARENDON, Tex., Oct. 17, '98. It has come to my knowledge that there has been a letter circulated from the State Treasurer, concerning a transaction in his office, which at first reading, accompanied by the explanation offered by the party presenting same, reflects, some what, on my integrity. Now the aforesaid letter only mentions a part of the transaction, and below I submit to you a certificate from the treasurer of the state of Texas, under his seal, showing the entire transaction, which not only absolves me from any wrong doing, but shows that I was exceptionally energetic in trying to secure the party his lands. I hope the citizens of Donley county will read this certificate carefully, and not believe any reports affecting my reputation without asking for absolute proof and calling on me for an explanation.

As your county clerk it has been my greatest ambition to assist the settlers of this county in getting their homes and in any and all ways in my power.

Very Respectfully,
W. H. COOKE.

To Whom It May Concern:

This is to certify that W. H. Cooke, of Clarendon, Texas, deposited in the Treasury Department of the State of Texas, on August 21st, 1897, the sum of \$48.00 to the credit of M. A. Handlin, for the purchase of Sections Nos. 29, 32 and 36, Block E, D. & P. Ry surveys in Donley County; that on September 21st, 1897, the above amount was returned to him for the reason that the applications of M. A. Handlin for said land was rejected by the Commissioner of the General Land Office, and this Department authorized to return said money; that on September 27th, 1897, Messrs. Ward & James, of Austin Texas, acting for W. H. Cooke, redeposited said money in this Department, together with my letter transmitting said money to said Cooke, to the credit of M. A. Handlin, together with the statement that they would file proper affidavits with the Commissioner of the General Land Office, which would authorize him to award said land to Handlin; that said money remained on deposit in this Department, to the credit of Handlin, until January 4th, 1898, when same was returned to W. H. Cooke upon his written request.

I further certify that W. H. Cooke has done a large amount of business with this Department and that the same has been conducted in an upright honorable and business manner.

In testimony whereof I hereunto sign my name and affix the seal of office at Austin, Texas, this 7th day of September 1898.
W. B. WORTHAM, Treasurer.

For Congress in the 13th.

J. J. Eager, editor of the New West, at Cisco, has been nominated by the populists of this district for Congress. He is a man posted on the leading questions of the day, a forcible speaker and a ready debator. We believe him a far better man for the place than Mr. Stephens and we ask all our readers to give him their votes.

The Curse of Borrowing

Egypt's bonded debt reaches the enormous total of \$509,000,000. The population being only 7,000,000 this is a debt of about \$72 per capita, or the equivalent of a national debt in the United States of \$5,000,000,000. At present the productive area of Egypt is only 5,500,000 acres. From the product of this land must be gathered a revenue of \$18,000,000 a year to pay the interest on the public debt, which amounts to an average tax of \$4.56 per acre, plus other taxes equals \$9.00 per acre total tax.—Consular Report.

Value of Advertising.

A Colorado gentleman advertised for a well preserved skeleton, and shortly after the paper was out an old maid of his town appeared in her best bib and tucker and asked him if his intentions were honorable.—Denver Post.

Tom Minter, formerly of Amarillo, and who was an independent candidate for congress in this district two years ago, died at Henrietta last week in his 43rd year. He was a free trader and a man of considerable knowledge.

INDUSTRIAL WEST.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY BY

W. P. BLAKE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Subscription price, \$1 per annum in advance.

Mailed at the Post Office at Clarendon, Tex., as Second-class Matter.

Clarendon, Texas, Oct. 21 1898.

The way army officers are now snubbing each other there may be some fighting done yet—provided the rank can be induced to take the matter up.

The stump speakers are now all bragging about what a saving the state school book system is. Well, this was first a populist measure, and if it is proving a good thing, as all admit, why not try other populist measures on same lines?

The politicians and little democratic papers are continually saying the populist party is dead. In all of nature's creation we only know of a few things that disturb the dead. The buzzard, carrion crow and the hyena. Which are they, or are they knowingly lying?

The showing made by the Santa Fe report on our first page is another refutation of the charge made by old partyites that a populist state government will confiscate the property of corporations. The Kansas populists have given the people equitable freight rates and at the same time have not been unjust to the railroads.

The papers are having much to say about Howard Gould sacrificing \$5,000,000 by marrying Miss Clemens. This is all tomfoolery. If she proves to be to him what he wants her to be then she is worth much more than the five million—if she is not, then it would be a dear bargain though he received double the amount in dollars with her.

The democratic executive committee refused a joint discussion between Sayers and Gibbs, well knowing it would result disastrously. Now they have proposed for Hogg, who is not a candidate for state office, to meet Gibbs, who rightly refuses. Mr. Gibbs says: "I have a telegram that the democrats are announcing joint debates between Hogg and myself to get up a crowd. I offered to have ten joint debates with Major Sayers. If the democratic party will put Jim Hogg up for governor and pull down Major Sayers I will do the same with him. As Culberson and Crane put Hogg into the campaign as an issue and as one denies any knowledge of the \$10,100 contract and the other repudiates its solemnity, I guess they are the men Hogg is after and the fellow that wrote the statute of 1873, which forbids a fee."

Elect Barney Gibbs and let the people of the north know that the majority of Texans are not in sympathy with the school fund luters, corporation compromisers and pet lawyer fees out of the treasury. By doing this we believe immigration and additional capital will flow into the state to help develop her resources. But to reelect the crowd that sanctions such proceedings will be to serve notice to all mankind that such practices will be continued and people with investments to make will conclude that it will be a good country to keep away from. Mr. Carlisle has admitted time after time that the school fund was robbed of from \$400,000 to \$450,000 per year, and only last Monday in his speech at Sherman Mr. Hogg says he did make the contract with Gov. Culberson whereby he was to receive the fee. When asked publicly if Sayers knew he was to get 10 per cent when himself and Sayers were consulting on the matter, Gov. Hogg replied: "I do not know that I told him, but I am satisfied he, thought I was too much of a lawyer to be up there for nothing." This proves that Sayers knew of the whole proceedings, and everything Gibbs has charged them with from the beginning has been proved beyond doubt by democrats themselves.

Voters in the cities are very slow about registering and the daily papers are making a desperate effort to get them waked up.

Fears Defeat.

The little weekly democratic papers are trying to convince populists that the party is dead and that the democrats will have a walk-over in order to keep the populists from going to the polls on election day, but the chances for the latter's success are good, and if they will turn out to a man and vote as they should success is certain. Here is what the reporter of the Ft. Worth Register says of Hogg's Dallas speech: "Ex-Gov. J. S. Hogg talked politics here tonight to several thousand listeners. He surprised many of his listeners by declaring it to be his opinion that the democratic party of Texas is in danger of defeat because of apathy. But little interest, he declared, seems to be taken in the state campaign."

Of course they are taking little interest in democratic speeches and promises. Been too much crookedness in Austin. People have lost confidence in them. Dallas is the largest city in the state, yet Hogg declared in his speech there that it was the smallest audience he had yet addressed.

Opposes The Pension Amendment.

WACO, Tex., Oct. 18.—The confederate veterans' pension amendment came up and was voted down by Pat Cleburne camp, United Confederate Veterans. The discussion developed the fact that the confederate comrades are opposed to the pension system on general principles. Against the amendment to be voted on at the coming election many particular objections were urged. It was said that it discriminated unfairly against veterans arriving and settling in Texas after 1880, and that the wives of the old soldiers, in cases where the marriages occurred after 1865, will be left unprovided for, thus favoring one class over another to a degree that makes the amendment wholly unfair.

Soldiers Disorderly.

Monday the paymaster of the fourth Texas volunteer infantry at Camp Mosby, San Antonio, distributed \$20,000. About 200 of the paid off soldiers, joined by about 100 artillery and cavalrymen, were very disorderly in the slums. Windows and mirrors were smashed and a notorious negro resort was partially wrecked and set on fire by a falling lamp. The rioting was kept up all night and next morning in spite of police and provost guards, a number of soldiers and civilians were painfully injured and many arrests were made.

Superintendent Carlisle is out in another open letter in which he admits all crookedness in reference to the school fund charged by populists and says the democrats should not be held responsible because Gibbs made no effort to change the laws way back in 1885. Nobody was so mean as to make raids on the school fund at that time, but Carlisle admits that it has been going on for seven years, and all know that the law has only been changed since the repeated charges of fraud made by populists in their campaign of 1896.

Mr. Hogg in his Dallas speech said: "You mark my prediction that unless you register and qualify yourselves to vote and on election day take the time necessary to go to the polls you will be brought so close to a defeat that you will stand in astonishment at the narrow escape that you have made." Yet, the street corner politicians tell you the populist party is dead. During the same speech Mr. Hogg was asked, in mentioning the fee question, what our attorney-general was for. His only reply was, "My friend you couldn't tell an attorney general if you were to meet him." What do you think of such explanations?

We made the error last week that both constitutional amendments were to be voted on Nov. 1st. Only the one proposing to pension ex-confederates is to be voted on at that time, the one to increase pay of legislators will be voted on Nov. 8th, at the general election.

Dawson on the Klondike is said to have a small pox scourge.

A case of diphtheria in Itasca Tuesday caused some excitement.

Dewey and Insurgents Fight.

A Madrid correspondent Wednesday says: "Capt. Anon, the minister of marine, has received a dispatch from Manila announcing a naval engagement between the Americans and the rebels, in consequence of Admiral Dewey forbidding the latter to fly the rebel flag from their ships." "The dispatch adds that there were losses on both sides, but that the Americans captured the rebel ships. The scene of the engagement is not stated, but it is supposed to have been Manila bay."

Denver's Earnings.

Wednesday the comptroller's department received the sum of \$170,066 from the Fort Worth and Denver Railway company, being the taxes on \$47,005.85, the gross passenger earnings of the road for the quarter ending Sept. 30, 1898, also the sum of \$66.46 taxes on telegraphic business done during the same period.

The Wichita Valley Railway company also paid \$28.38 taxes on \$2838.29, the gross passenger earnings for quarter ending Sept. 30, 1898, and the sum of \$4.62 on telegraph business done for the same time.

New Fish Story.

Harry Johnson, of Wellington, last week prepared to go fishing on the Walnut river. He took a beef liver and began cutting it for suitable bait. Cutting down into it the knife grated on a hard substance. Upon examination he found a child's breastpin bedded in it. On the pin was the word "baby."

Editor Johnson and wife, of the Memphis Herald, have the sympathy of the Texas press fraternity in the death of their youngest son, Clive, which occurred Tuesday of last week. He was a child of sunny, mirthful disposition, which makes the loss all the more sad for the parents.

Gibbs has not only the records, but 100 Democratic witnesses including Stephen Darden, for years comptroller, to prove up the general knowledge of that Washington City money and the outrage of paying even ten dollars, much less a thousand dollar fee to a political lawyer. Culberson, as a part of the transaction, got a walk-over for the Senate and Sayers got the scalps of Wynne, Crane and Jester. A curious Democracy is this; it looks like a dark lantern conspiracy.—Ex.

The letter of State Supt. Carlisle indicates that \$450,000 a year for the past seven years has been misappropriated or stolen from the school fund. This is endorsed, as every other act of the Hogg and Culberson regime, by Maj. Sayers, and it is now proposed to go several laps further and ship the precious dowry of the school fund out of Texas and distribute the money in loans among the "plutocratic securities" of other states. When the people of Texas wake up and rub their eyes they will wonder how come these bunco steers left the state anything at all. To despoil a man and convince him it's a good thing requires an astuteness in the highwayman and simplicity of the citizen.—Houston Times.

Point on Advertising.

Some of our merchants are learning a new lesson in advertising. They learn that the more advertising there is done, the better it is for everybody, even though competitors do their share. General and extensive advertising brings trade away from non-advertisers and all trade hunts live merchants.—Temple Tribune.

W. C. Whitney, of New York, who was a member of Cleveland's cabinet, paid \$49,000 for a horse a few days ago and will raise race horses.

A frost throughout the south nearly as far as New Orleans was welcomed Wednesday. It will do much towards checking the yellow fever. A number of cities will raise the quarantine at once.

For all fresh cuts or wounds, in either the human subject or in animals, as dressing, Ballard's Snow Liniment is excellent; while for sores on working horses, especially if slow to heal, or suppurating, its healing qualities are unequalled. Price, 25cts. and 50cts. For sale by H. D. Ramsey.

Just Opened Up!



The Most Complete and Up-to-date Stock of Goods ever before Displayed in the Panhandle of Texas!

DRESS GOODS In all the Latest Colors and the Newest Fashions.

TRIMMINGS, Capes and Jackets All New and Up-to-date Novelties. In Great Varieties, and prices to please all.

CLOTHING Best Selected stock of Clothing at Lowest prices Ever Seen in Clarendon.

Boots and Shoes A Complete Line in all Styles of the famous Hamilton Brown Boots and Shoes.

Hats and Caps Newest Styles, Best Quality and Cheapest in prices.

We have never shown a more complete stock, nor at prices so attractive as this season. Fair treatment, honest goods and Rock-Bottom Prices are our principles in business.

Yours to Please,

MORRIS ROSENFIELD.

The Morgan Lumber Co.

THE LARGEST and BEST

Stock of Lumber

IS TO BE FOUND AT

MORGAN LUMBER YARD.

Shingles, Sash, Doors, Blinds, Fence Posts, Brick, Lime, Cement Coal, Etc.,

Acme Pressed Brick, Austin White Lime, Peerless Cement Plaster and Portland Cement on hand.

Car Load of Screen Doors and Windows. Just the Thing.

—CLARENDON, TEXAS.—

Claude Locals.

Claude Enloe.

Prof. Crawford was in town Wednesday hustling for votes.

Four ears of Poll Angus calves were shipped from Goodnight Tuesday night.

A brisk norther blew up Wednesday and soon made fires and overcoats in demand.

J. F. Wilson, who was stricken with paralysis last week, we are sorry to say is no better. He has lost all use of his right side. There is some improvement over his condition Monday, but he is not so well as he was before that time.

H. D. RAMSEY,

Dealer in

DRUGS,

Toilet Articles, Stationery and SCHOOL BOOKS.

White Lead, Pure Lard, Oil and Mixed Paints.

WINDOW GLASS AND PUTTY.

The cases of Farmer Kight, Ed Watson, and Geo. Collins, charged with theft of cattle, were called in the district court at Panhandle Monday, and the defense announced ready for trial. The State asked for a continuance on the ground of absent witnesses. This was refused and the state's attorneys notified that if they claimed right of continuance on that ground that the bonds of absent witnesses would be declared forfeited, whereupon the state's attorneys dismissed the cases against them, thus ending this farce which has been carried on for more than a year. It will be remembered that two of these boys, Kight and Collins, were tried and acquitted at Clarendon on these same charges, and we regard this, with the dismissal of the cases at Panhandle, as a complete vindication of the boys, as even some of the state's witnesses express gratification at the result.

White's Cream Vermifuge is a highly valuable, perparation, capable, from the promptitude of its action, of clearing the system in a few hours of every worm. Price 25cts. Sold by H. D. Ramsey.

Mrs. Ballington Booth's Experiences.

Mrs. Ballington Booth, of "The American Volunteers," is writing out her experiences in American prisons and in the slums of New York, for The Ladies' Home Journal. Mrs. Booth has perhaps come closer to the lives and confidences of the men and women in prisons, and to know the poor better, than any woman living. She will not only tell what she has seen, but she will point out what her experience has shown her to be the most effective way in dealing with the people of the prisons and the slums.

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E. G. SENTER,

LAWYER.

203 MAIN ST., DALLAS, TEXAS.

General Attorney Texas Press Association.

Cause Unknown.

London, Oct. 17.—The Atlantic Transport company issued the following statement yesterday evening regarding the fate of the passengers and crew of the steamer Mohegan, which was wrecked last Friday evening off the Lizard, between the Manacles and the Lowlands:

"Of the passengers eleven have been saved, ten bodies have been recovered and thirty-three are missing.

"Of the crew and cattlemen, thirty-nine have been saved, fourteen bodies have been recovered and fifty-one are missing.

Since this statement was issued nine other bodies have been picked up, including two that have been identified as those of passengers.

The reports of the various correspondents differ widely as to the rescues, recoveries and losses, though none have been able to obtain the exact number of those saved or the bodies recovered.

The latest advices from Falmouth say that thirty-eight bodies have been identified, mostly those of the sailors. Four as yet are unidentified, including those of two elderly ladies. One appears to be a German woman. She wore a watch and ring, both engraved "1871." The other wore a silver brooch with the letter "D" in pearls. This is probably the body of Mrs. Charles Duncan.

Nine of the bodies have been brought to Falmouth, the others to the village church at St. Keverin. The rescued passengers are being sheltered at cottages along the shore and the crew at the sailors' home at Falmouth.

Tugs have been cruising in the vicinity all day, despite the very rough weather, in hope of picking up other bodies.

The cause of the disaster remains the profoundest mystery. Nobody seems to explain how the Mohegan got so far out of her course—from six to seven miles. There was no fog at the time, while the wind on her port quarter was not sufficient to prevent her answering the helm. It has been suggested that her compass was faulty, but daylight lasted long after Lizardstone Light was passed.

Is Alum Poisonous?

Alum is used by many bakers to whiten their bread, enabling them to use an inferior flour, and it is also employed as a cheap substitute for cream of tartar in the manufacture of baking powder. Its use in bread and baking powder is very detrimental to health, producing dyspepsia and obstinate constipation, and under certain conditions of the human system results in poisoning. What these conditions are as each individual is concerned can only be ascertained: some peculiarity of the system producing a morbid change in the secretions of the stomach with which the alum combines and forms an active poison; or, the secretions may be healthy but in abnormal proportions, and these lesser or greater proportions in combination with the alum constitute a poison just as two parts of mercury and two parts chlorine form calomel, which is not poisonous, while one part of mercury and two parts of chlorine yield a corrosive sublimate, which is a most deadly poison.

Emphatic Denial.

Charleston, S. C., Oct. 17.—A statement having appeared in several papers under date of Charleston, Oct. 13, in which it was said that the health of the army post at Sullivan's island was causing the commandant much concern and that 400 men were in sick quarters, J. B. Rawls, in command, was shown the article and made a signed statement in which he emphatically denies the truthfulness of the assertions.

The executive committee of the Texas Press association held a meeting at Dallas on the 15th. That night a banquet was tendered them, together with other members of the association. Covers were laid for over 200 guests.

The will of Howell Osborne's mother is sustained and his bequest of \$100,000 to Fay Templeton is now available.

In Five Minutes.

Falmouth, Oct. 17.—From the best information obtainable at St. Keverin it appears that the Mohegan foundered five minutes after she struck the docks. She was going at full speed, struck twice, stopped and rapidly settled into the water. As the captain and the executive officers of the steamer went down with her it has been impossible thus far to ascertain how she got out of her course, as Falmouth light and the coast were visible.

En Route South.

Cincinnati, O., Oct. 17.—Dr. Walter Wyman, surgeon general of the United States marine hospital service, addressed the commercial club of this city Saturday night on "Quarantine and Commerce" and last night left for the south on a general tour to investigate the yellow fever conditions and report on the same before the assembling of congress.

E. J. Honley, the actor, died at Field, N. Y.

SOUTHERN NEWS.

Arkansas division United Daughters of the Confederacy held its 1395 meeting at Little Rock.

Mrs. B. J. Allen, wife of a prominent cotton oil manufacturer of Mississippi, died at Meriden.

Private Henry Dixon, an alleged deserter from the third regiment, was fatally shot near Griffin, Ga., while resisting arrest.

Two trains collided on the Southern railway near Athens, Tenn. Conductor Lawrence and Engineer Bailey were fatally injured.

Samuel Davidson, the oldest white settler in Phillips county, Ark., died a few days ago, aged 86. He went to Phillips county in 1844.

Fire destroyed the candy and cracker factory of the Winn Johnson company at Macon, Ga. T. C. Burke, dealer in painters' supplies, was also burned out.

Judge Brawly in a decision at Charleston, S. C., in the United States district court, holds that all the crew of a warship are entitled to participation in a division of prize money.

Frank Meadow, a switchman at Nashville, Tenn., leaped from a moving train, struck a shed and was killed.

T. N. Petner, a well-known citizen of Hopkinsville, Ky., is dead.

John Grace, a farmer, residing near Hopkinsville, Ky., was thrown from his mule, which he had harnessed and was riding to a wheat field to hitch to a drill. One foot caught in the harness and he was dragged to death.

Officers of Monroe and other counties of Arkansas believe they have unearthed what they think to be the largest, most dangerous organized band of cattle thieves ever operating in that state. It is said 100 men are implicated.

John H. Crawley, a leading farmer of Cocke county, Tenn., was killed by a man named Collins, whom he had ejected from his premises. Collins struck Crawley on the head with a heavy stone.

W. Osburn was drowned in one foot of water in a creek near Porter, Ark. He was nearly 100 years old, and it is supposed that in crossing the creek he slipped from a rock and struck his head, was stunned and his head being under the water, drowned.

Citizens of Colorado Springs, Col., purchased a life-size oil portrait of Ensign Bagley, the first American officer killed in the war with Spain, and sent it to his mother at Raleigh, N. C. His father, Maj. Bagley, was the first Confederate officer slain in the civil war, at Big Bethel church, Va.

Plot Against William.

London, Oct. 17.—An Alexandria correspondent telegraphing in regard to the anarchist plot against Emperor William which was discovered on Friday says:

"The plot against the kaiser is hourly proving more important, each arrest disclosing new ramifications. The documents found disclose a plot to kill King Humbert already well matured. Fifteen persons, all Italians, have been arrested. The original plan was to throw a bomb of gun cotton and fulminate of mercury on Emperor William's carriage in a narrow street of Cairo. When the Egyptian trip was abandoned elaborate arrangements were made to send confederates to Jerusalem to carry out the plot during the dedication of the German church of Our Redeemer."

Audience to Strauss.

Constantinople, Oct. 17.—The sultan yesterday gave an audience to Oscar S. Strauss, the new United States minister, with the customary ceremonies of reception, which were of the most cordial character. His majesty expressed pleasure at seeing Mr. Strauss again, and his hope that the excellent relations between Turkey and the United States during Mr. Strauss' previous term at Constantinople would be maintained.

Dawes commission will hold a special meeting at Ardmore, I. T., Nov. 21 to 26.

A Demonstration.

Paris, Oct. 17.—The dedication of a monument to the soldiers of France who fell in the Franco-Prussian war, which took place yesterday at Chaumont, capital of the department of Haute Meuse, Gen. Chanole, the minister of war presiding, furnished an opportunity for a demonstration in favor of the army which many societies seized, marching past the monument and shouting "Vive l'armee!"

There is an epidemic of typhoid fever at Whipple barracks, Ariz.

At Paris.

Paris, Oct. 17.—Senor Aguinaldo's special envoy of the Filipino insurgent government arrived at Havre by La Touraine yesterday, and reached Paris late in the afternoon. He has apartments at the Hotel Continental, on the same floor with the members of the United States peace commission, whom he came to see regarding the fate of the Philippines, but whom he has not yet met.

Turkey is to evacuate Crete at once.

What a Surgeon Says.

Washington, Oct. 14.—Surgeon Seaman, who just arrived from Porto Rico and Santiago, and who makes the startling statement that 90 per cent of the men who died from disease in Cuba were "murdered" will have an opportunity before the commission of inquiry of substantiating this and other sensational reports made by him.

Members of the commission were startled when they read Surgeon Seaman's charges yesterday, and immediately after the morning session held a secret meeting at which it was determined to bring him before them immediately.

A telegram was accordingly sent to him, inviting him to appear before the commission, and it is probable that he will be the first witness to be heard.

Unless Major Seaman can justify all his charges, he will be court-martialed. In any event, it is possible that he may be asked why he did not reserve his report for the authorities, instead of venting his views in the press.

The war department authorities openly promise that it will go hard with Maj. Seaman if he fails to sustain his charges, and in the meantime he will be formally held upon to render an explanation of his conduct in criticizing the department and the military authorities.

His connection with the army as a commissioned volunteer regimental surgeon makes him amenable to army regulations. His statement that the soldiers were "murdered" places the blame for a serious crime upon Secretary Alger and Surgeon General Sternberg. Members of the investigating commission expressed themselves as being very anxious to hear Maj. Seaman's testimony.

Fourteen Dead.

Virden, Ill., Oct. 14.—Yesterday passed without another outbreak of violence, but aside from the restraining influence of the militia no progress has been made toward permanent peace. The idle miners are excitable and determined, while the Chicago-Virgen Coal company has shown no sign of a purpose to abandon its plan of operating its mines with imported colored men. Thursday's shooting resulted in fourteen deaths so far, as follows:

Ernest Kitterly, miner, Mount Olive; Ed. Welsh, miner, Springfield; William Blue, miner, Springfield; Ernest Moller, miner, Mount Olive; Frank Billen, miner, Springfield; Ed. Green, miner, Mount Olive; Ernest Long, miner, Mount Olive; D. H. Kitley, chief detective, Chicago; A. W. Carroll, guard on train; A. W. Morgan, guard, Chicago; Thomas Preston, guard, Chicago, and another.

The number of injured will not much exceed Wednesday night's estimate of twenty. Of these a few are in a critical condition.

An Appeal.

Washington, Oct. 14.—Mr. Lyons, the registrar of the treasury, has received a letter from James Hill, the collector of internal revenue at Jackson, Miss., in which he makes an appeal for aid in behalf of the several thousand colored people there who in consequence of the quarantine against yellow fever are unable to obtain work. The letter says:

"All the white people have left the city. We have at least 4000 or 5000 colored people in the city and some 2500 to 3000 have to live by charity. The city is strictly quarantined and no one is allowed to enter or go out except those leaving the state. In addition about 1500 colored people are confined within the city limits by a cordon of officers, so what little work is to be done can not be reached. Many are suffering from the necessities of life."

Heavy Failure.

New York, Oct. 14.—The Adams & Bishop company, manufacturers and wholesale dealers in paper, with offices in this city, and mills at New Windsor, N. Y., have made an assignment. It is thought the liabilities may reach \$200,000.

The next Episcopal council will be held at San Francisco.

Voted \$2000.

Syracuse, N. Y., Oct. 14.—The International Typographical union voted \$2000 to aid the printers' strike on the Buffalo Express. The convention discussed the contract made by its shorter work day committee with the Typethetae. The contract was unanimously ratified. Speeches were made which showed that the action was considered by the printers a great victory for organized labor.

Hood's immunes will be sent to Holguin when it is evacuated by the Spanish.

Natchez Situation.

Natchez, Miss., Oct. 14.—Natchez appears to be in for a siege of the fever. Six new cases of fever and two suspicious cases were announced last evening late, all being in the northwest portion of the city, a mile or more from where the first cases originated. All are on one short street except one, which is on Clifton Heights, a fashionable suburb. Four of the cases and two of the suspicious are white and two colored; little or no excitement.

Yell, w Jack's Ravages.

Jackson, Miss., Oct. 14.—Fourteen new cases of yellow fever and one death for yesterday. This is the highest number of cases yet reported. Eight of these new cases are whites. The one death is that of a colored person. The weather continues cool and frost is anxiously looked for. Travelling Passenger Agent Lee Montgomery of the Illinois Central, who has remained here assisting in the relief work, was found ill in a room at the depot yesterday and conveyed to the residence of Col. Power. His case was not fully developed, but it is feared he has the fever.

A telegram to the board of health yesterday evening from Hiram, just south of Jackson, gave the information that an unknown white man who had been exposed to the fever at Fort Bibson was found sick on the road about six miles from here. People were afraid to go near him and he nearly died from neglect. An improvised ambulance has been sent for him and he will be brought to the city and cared for.

The official report of Secretary Hunter of the state board is as follows: Madison reports five new cases and asks that another physician be sent there. Starkville reports one new case; Oxford no cases and one death; Hattiesburg six new cases; Hariston reports sixteen new cases with three critically ill.

Five Lives Lost.

Ttmaque, Pa., Oct. 14.—Five men were killed and eleven injured by an explosion of gas yesterday afternoon in colliery No. 8 at Coaldale, near here.

The dead are Thomas S. Smith, William Reese, Mattis O'Larkey, Wm. Cook and John Koniciks. All were married and leave large families.

The most seriously injured are Wm. Lawton, Evan Evans and Reece Price. In consequence of fire which originated in the left section of the mine some months ago shifts of men were put to work driving holes from the gangway through which water was to be forced upon the flames. While the men were building a dam to back up the water, the gangway caught fire. Nearly 100,000 gallons of water was turned into the mine and almost instantly a terrific explosion occurred in quick succession, of such force that the gangway was torn up over 300 feet and the workmen were blown about in all directions. The holes forced volumes of escaping gas from some of the old workings back upon the flames, causing the explosion.

Found Guilty.

Washington, Oct. 14.—The navy department yesterday made public the findings and sentence of the court-martial in the case of Chaplain McIntyre.

The chaplain was charged first with scandalous conduct, tending to the destruction of good morals, with three specifications; second, conduct to the prejudice of good order and discipline, with four specifications; third, conduct unbecoming to an officer of the navy, three specifications. All these charges were founded upon the chaplain's criticism of his superior officer in a lecture delivered in Denver. All the specifications were found as alleged. The accused was declared guilty under the three charges and he was sentenced to be dismissed from the United States naval service.

The case is now under review at the department.

Raided Offices.

Paris, Oct. 14.—In consequence of the committee of the railway men's union deciding yesterday in favor of a general strike and sending instructions to the provincial branches to cease work, with a reminder of the secret measures agreed upon at the railway men's congress for the hindrance of traffic in the event of a strike, the police raided the offices of the committee and seized all the papers found there.

Howard Gould may lose his \$5,000,000 by his marriage under the provisions of his father's will. Helen says the family does not approve of the marriage.

Fever Report.

New Orleans, La., Oct. 14.—President Souchon of the board of health makes the following daily fever report for yesterday:

New Orleans, two new cases, no deaths; Wilson, eight cases, no deaths; Alexandria, six cases, one death; Houma, eleven cases, no deaths; Amite City, one case, one death; St. Clair, West Baton Rouge parish, eleven cases, one death. Amite, in Tangipahoa parish, and St. Claire are new points of infection.

Coroner's Verdict.

Guthrie, Ok., Oct. 14.—In the case of the unknown man found lying dead Kremlin several days ago, the coroner's jury, after a thorough investigation, has discovered him to be Andrew Lembke of Perry, Tex., and that he came to his death at the hands of some unknown person or persons, who threw him from the train.

The earliest snow storm in Chicago for twenty-six years occurred on the night of the 13th.

STATE DOINGS.

Latest Events of Interest Happening Within Lone Star.

Private Dead.

Houston, Tex., Oct. 15.—Private J. C. Spray of company C, fourth regiment of Texas volunteers, died here at the infirmary after an illness of several weeks with pneumonia. Deceased was admitted to the hospital on Sept. 27 and when the regiment left here for San Antonio he was left behind with others who were too sick to travel.

The deceased was a native of Tennessee and had no relatives living so far as known here. As soon as Private J. C. Edmunds of the fourth regiment, was notified at San Antonio, and a telegram was received from Lieut. McDonald of company C, the dead man's company, instructing that the deceased be buried here and the bill sent to Col. Edmunds.

The dead soldier was buried in Glenwood cemetery alongside of two other comrades laid to rest there.

Rushed at Present.

Austin, Tex., Oct. 15.—The school land department of the state treasury is rushed just at present with work attendant upon the payment of interest and what is known as first payment on purchases of school lands.

Under the act of 1895 interest on school land must be paid by the 1st of November of each year under penalty of the land commissioner forfeiting the lands, the supreme court in the case of Leon & H. Blum against Frisbie having held the commissioner had such power. This is the heaviest month in the school land department on account of the near approach of the time limit, Nov. 1, within which to pay interest.

Request Refused.

Orange, Tex., Oct. 15.—Superintendent W. B. Mulvey, Dr. W. W. Cunningham of Beaumont and three physicians from Houston came in and applied to Mayor Sibley and the county health officer for a modification of quarantine restrictions, but they declined to act without the consent of the citizens. Later an impromptu meeting was called and after several speeches, pro and con, a large majority voted to make no change yesterday. It was not learned whether or not the request made by Mr. Mulvey had been passed on by Gov. Culberson since his quarantine proclamation against Louisiana and other states of the 12th inst.

Unfortunate Family.

Kerrville, Tex., Oct. 15.—Theo Herbst, a young German farmer who was recently adjudged of unsound mind, but who was believed to have recovered, when left by himself during a temporary absence of the family, committed suicide by shooting himself through the head.

A brother, hearing of the occurrence while riding to the house, was violently and it is believed fatally hurt by his horse falling and rolling over him.

Tree Fell on Him.

Marshall, Tex., Oct. 15.—Arch Anthony was killed Thursday afternoon by a tree falling on him. John V. Hall was returning from his field in a wagon, with Anthony riding on the front seat by him. Mrs. Hall and a son of Anthony were riding in the back part of the wagon. While traveling along the road a tree fell without warning, striking Anthony, fracturing his skull and breaking both arms. He only lived a short while. None of the others in the wagon were injured.

Munoz Arrested.

Laredo, Tex., Oct. 15.—Marcial Munoz, who assisted in taking the last scholastic census of Laredo, was arrested and examined before Justice of the Peace Chamberlain on thirty-four affidavits charging him with having forged thirty-four names to the census list. His total bonds aggregated \$10,000, in default of which he was sent to jail.

Boy Killed.

Franklin, Tex., Oct. 15.—Will Glass, the 12-year-old son of Mr. W. W. Glass of Bald Prairie, while handling a shotgun at his home accidentally discharged the same, shooting the side of his head off and causing instant death. He was brought here and interred in the Franklin cemetery.

Man Stabbed.

San Angelo, Tex., Oct. 15.—In a fight here Ed Hauk was stabbed in the right breast with a large pocket knife. Several ribs were severed and the slit extended into the hollow. He is in a serious condition. Will Lang was locked up in jail.

Two Public Buildings.

El Paso, Tex., Oct. 14.—The city council yesterday assembled in special session and selected plans and specifications for a new building to be used as police and fire department headquarters and to cost \$10,000.

The building will be built of brick and stone, two stories high with a tower on top seventy feet in height. It will be of the romanesque style of architecture and extremely ornamental.

The contract for erecting the structure will be let Oct 20 and it is calculated that the building will be ready for occupancy Jan. 1.

The local architects are at present busy preparing plans and specifications for a new city hall to cost \$20,000.

Hanged Himself.

El Paso, Tex., Oct. 14.—Henry Colms committed suicide in the jail at Marfa, this county, by hanging himself with a clothes line. He had been a bartender in this city and left Tuesday for San Antonio, where he formerly resided, but was detained by the authorities when the train reached Marfa to answer to a charge of theft preferred against him by his employer here. A warrant was issued and Sheriff Simmons went to Marfa Wednesday to get the fugitive and saw him locked up last night. Yesterday morning he was found hanging at the end of a rope, which was fastened to the top of his cell. He had been dead several hours. Deceased's family resides in San Antonio.

Annual Reports.

Austin, Tex., Oct. 14.—The commission has received the annual reports of the following railroads: Houston and Texas Central, gross earnings, \$3,107,137; operating expenses \$2,088,808. After paying interest on their bonds, other interest, taxes, \$108,656; for permanent improvements, etc., had a surplus left from year's business of \$46,222. Accumulated surplus on June 30 last \$2,673,224, of which \$131,057 was in cash.

Texas, Arkansas and Louisiana: Eight miles on new road built during the year from Atlanta to Bloomberg; gross earnings \$7844, operating expenses \$4519.

Judgment Affirmed.

Galveston, Tex., Oct. 14.—The court of civil appeals affirmed the verdict of the district court of Galveston awarding to J. W. Bohan \$14,000 damages against the Galveston, Houston and Henderson railway. On Nov. 8, 1896, Bohan was thrown from a switch engine by a rock on the track, which crushed the footboard upon which he was standing. His left arm was crushed and had to be amputated. He entered suit for \$50,000.

The case of Louis Bonitz, who was killed at the same time, was compromised by the payment of \$8500 to his widow and children.

Dog Bit.

Texasarkana, Tex., Oct. 14.—While a crowd of little children were at play on a sidewalk in this city a wild dog, apparently attacked by fits, sprang upon them, severely biting the 9-year-old daughter of Engineer James Costello of the Iron Mountain Railroad company and a little child of Mr. A. L. Hines. The children were bitten over the neck and arms and bled profusely from the wounds. The brute was finally run down and killed, but it is not thought to have been rabid.

Post-Office Robbed.

Greenville, Tex., Oct. 14.—The post-office at Floyed, ten miles west of here, was entered and robbed Wednesday night. The thief got about \$3 in the office and store of R. R. Lewis in the same building. The burglar also broke into Davis & Shira's store, but awoke Mr. Davis, who slept in the store. He fired three shots at the thief, but he escaped. No clue to the burglar.

Go to Laredo.

Laredo, Tex., Oct. 14.—Mr. Gabriel Morton, vice president of the Mexican National road, left on his private car, accompanied by his family for his headquarters in the City of Mexico. He has arranged in compliance with orders of Texas railroad commission to move the headquarters of the Texas Mexican road to Laredo.

Mr. Jose Armengol, one of the wealthiest merchants in Laredo, was found dead in his bathroom.

Yellow fever has appeared at Amite City, La.

Thomas Waters Dead.

Fort Worth, Tex., Oct. 14.—Mr. Thomas Waters, father of Mrs. I. Z. T. Morris of this city, died in Houston. Mr. Waters has been an employe of the Houston and Texas Central railroad since 1854, when the terminus of the road was at Hockley, twenty miles from Houston.

Congressman J. W. Bailey of Texas has leased the May stock farm near Lexington, Ky.

Admiral John Carson Febiger, U. S. N., retired, died at Londonderry, his residence, near Easton, Md., in his 78th year.

The Cuban generals, Mayal Rodriguez and Nodaves, left Havana for Santa Cruz del Sur, in answer to an urgent summons from the Cuban revolutionary government.

The Spanish government announces its intention to maintain a strong force of troops in Cuba until the treaty of peace with the United States is definitely signed.

Corporal W. A. McKennon of the Stanley rangers, First Texas cavalry, has secured his discharge from the army, and is spending a few days with friends at Denison before leaving for the north.

The annual report of the superintendent of the military academy at West Point, N. Y., says the discipline of the cadets has been very good, and the usual high standard of drill has been maintained.

It is the understanding at the war department that the seventh and eighth regular cavalry, now at Huntsville, Ala., will be the first troops that will go to Cuba and it is not expected they will go with Gen. Lee.

Secretary Alger has issued an order on the recommendation of Acting Secretary of the Treasury Spaulding, modifying in several particulars the charges imposed as a war measure on possession of the United States.

Gov. Lord of Oregon has appointed a committee of five well-known citizens of Portland to collect funds for the purchase of a sword to be presented to Capt. Clark of the battle-ship Oregon. The committee decided to raise \$1000.

An official dispatch from Gen. Rios, the Spanish commander in the Vizcaya islands, says that 4000 insurgents, including thirty-eight chiefs, have unconditionally submitted to Spanish authority.

Aginaldo refused to permit a funeral party belonging to the British first-class cruiser Powerful to go to the cemetery because the members carried rifles with which to fire the usual salute over the remains of a member of the ship's company. Permission was finally given.

Adjut. Gen. Wozencraft issued an order appointing and promoting the following officers in the First Texas Infantry: Second Lieutenant Lewis Bedell, company I, to be first lieutenant, vice Storm, resigned; First Sergeant J. L. Little, company I, to be second lieutenant, vice Bedell, promoted.

Harry Springer of company L, One Hundred and Fifty-Eighth Indiana volunteers, was divorced by his wife at Kokomo, Ind., a year ago. Springer went forth to battle for his country, and so pleased was his ex-wife with his war record that on his return to his Indiana home, they were reunited in wedlock.

Private J. H. Hawkins, who died at Jacksonville, Fla., was buried at Arlington, Tex., with military honors. Delegations from the First and Third Texas Infantry and First cavalry attended. Three volleys were fired and taps sounded and the body was lowered to the grave.

A hundred and sixty soldiers from the Odam were taken in charge by Miss Helen Gould's agent and comfortably housed in "Camp Walworth" on East Fifteenth street, New York. The men are members of the First Kentucky, Fourth Ohio, Second and Third Wisconsin and First United States volunteer engineer corps.

The body of Corporal Mike McLaughlin, who died from a wound received at the camp at Huntsville, Ala., was shipped to Catskill, N. Y., for interment.

Lieut. Col. C. T. Withrow, Tenth Immunes, has had charges preferred against him of conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman, and is not allowed to leave his regimental camp at Lexington, Ky. He is accused of habitual drunkenness and less serious offenses.

The rumors which have been published at Madrid as to the attitude of the United States peace commissioners are described as having caused a painful impression, especially the reported decision of the American commissioners not to recognize the Cuban and Porto Rican debts.

Some American officers are said to have become intoxicated at Honolulu and made things exceedingly breezy for the natives. One of them is credited with being the son of a military man high in authority, and another well known in society circles.

Maj. Gen. W. M. Graham testified before the war investigation commission at Washington. He was the first commander at Camp Alger, Va. He said there was much typhoid fever there, but it did not originate at the camp. The first cases were isolated.

FIFTEEN NEW CASES OF FEVER AT JACKSON.

Section Around Kansas City Visited by Earliest Blizzard in Twenty-Five Years and Considerable Damage Done.

Mississippi Situation. Jackson, Miss., Oct. 18.—Contrary to general expectations Jackson's report of new cases of yellow fever for yesterday is unusually large, the total being fifteen. This is accounted for by the fact that the cool weather tends to develop the disease in persons whose systems already contain the germs of infection, but it is believed that further spread is not possible with the prevailing cold weather.

The board of health official report for the state is as follows for the past twenty-four hours: Madison, one new case and one death; Poplarville, four new cases; Starkville, no new cases in four days; Taylors, no new cases, one seriously sick; Harrison, three new cases, three critically ill; Yazoo City, five new cases and two suspicious; Natchez, two new cases; Meridian, two new cases; Canton, one new case and one suspicious; Hattiesburg, four new cases and one death; Waveland, one new case.

Yellow Fever on Board. Washington, Oct. 18.—The marine hospital service received the following cablegram from Dr. Brunner, sanitary inspector of the marine hospital service, stationed at Havana: Havana, Oct. 17.—Surgeon general marine hospital service, Washington: American bark Maryland, for Baltimore, has developed five cases of yellow fever and three deaths in Havana. Have advised that the vessel proceed to Tortugas quarantine. The master of the vessel protests. Unless protest overruled more yellow fever will develop en route to Baltimore.

BRUNNER. Officials of the marine hospital service said last night that they could not prevent the Maryland from proceeding to sea from Havana, but that if she should sail for Baltimore she would be held at the Cape Charles quarantine station and not allowed to proceed further.

In Louisiana. New Orleans, La., Oct. 18.—Dr. Souchon reports the following for Sunday: New Orleans, six new cases, five deaths (the five deaths although only reported Sunday, represent the mortality in the charity hospital during the week.)

Wilson, five deaths. For Monday: New Orleans, three new cases, two deaths; Harvey's Canal, two cases, one death; Wilson, four cases, no deaths. Iberville parish has raised the quarantine against New Orleans with the consent of the state board of health. The state has raised quarantine against Key West.

Two Cases. Meridian, Miss., Oct. 18.—Drs. Carter and Murray, United States marine hospital surgeons, who were sent here by the state board of health to examine suspicious sickness, reported to the board of health at noon yesterday that two cases pronounced suspicious by local physicians were genuine cases of yellow fever. The board of health had already quarantined the localities as a precautionary measure.

At Chattanooga. Chattanooga, Tenn., Oct. 18.—Surgeon General Wyman of the United States marine hospital service, was here yesterday on a tour of the south to investigate the yellow fever situation. He expressed himself as satisfied that the worst is over and that the approach of cold weather will prevent the spread of the disease. He will visit infected points in Mississippi and Louisiana.

Company Chartered. Guthrie, Ok., Oct. 18.—Secretary Jenkins granted a charter to the Tonkawa Construction company, capital stock \$10,000. Directors, C. R. Richards, S. James, T. H. Martin, W. W. Gregors and C. F. Leech. They propose constructing a railway from Hunnewell, Kan., south to Tonkawa, Ok., a distance of thirty miles, through the most fertile wheat and corn belt of the territory.

Old Board Re-Elected. Cincinnati, O., Oct. 18.—The stockholders of the Cincinnati, New Orleans and Texas Pacific road yesterday re-elected the old board of directors as follows: Briggs Cunningham, S. M. Felton, M. E. Ingalls, Lawrence Maxwell, Jr., Francis L. Stetson, Samuel Spencer, H. F. Shoemaker, Henry A. Taylor and M. D. Woodford.

The University of Chicago conferred the degree of doctor of law upon President McKinley.

Storm Raged. Kansas City, Mo., Oct. 18.—The earliest winter storm in this section in twenty-five years and the worst early storm on record has almost completely shut Kansas City off from wire communication with the south, the west and the north. An opening on the east has alone kept the city from being totally isolated.

It had been raining for the past twenty-four hours. Shortly after midnight Sunday night the rain turned to snow and the temperature dropped perceptibly. Steadily since then a heavy wet snow, driven by a strong north wind, to points reaching the velocity of a gale, has fallen. Hundreds of telegraph and telephone poles out in the open have either been blown down by the strong wind or broken by the weight of the snow-cover the wires. At Fairmont park, near Kansas City, and at Leavenworth, Kan., where portions of the third and fifth Missouri and the twenty-first and twenty-second Kansas regiments respectively are encamped, many tents were blown down and the soldiers made to suffer acutely.

The storm came up with great suddenness and caught many unprepared. Numerous cases of suffering to man and beast will doubtless be reported when communication shall have been resumed. Railway traffic, while more or less hampered, has not been badly interrupted as far as can be learned. In Kansas City no serious damage has resulted.

Chickasaw Killed. Ardmore, I. T., Oct. 18.—Saturday afternoon about 4 o'clock a runner arrived from Tishomingo, urgently requesting an officer to be sent at once to Mill Creek, twenty-three miles northwest of Tishomingo, to arrest several Indians charged with being engaged in robbing at that place.

The runner brought meager details of the trouble at Mill Creek. He said that there had been a big puchofa dance given on Friday night, to which there was a large gathering of full-blooded Indians. The puchofa dance is what is known as "the medicine dance" of the Chickasaws, and is held all night long. At the dance some Indians who had a feud of long standing with each other clashed, and as a result one man was killed outright and another man and his brother desperately wounded and are not expected to live. There was no officer nearer than Tishomingo, twenty-three miles away, and a runner was sent for him. Deputy Marshal Collins went to Mill Creek to investigate the matter.

The dead man is a well-known Chickasaw and was for several years a Chickasaw officer under the Indian government.

On a War Footing. Paris, Oct. 18.—Inquiries made at the offices of the French minister of marine confirm the report published by the Soleil in a dispatch from Toulon that Vice Admiral Pournier, who is now at Toulon with the minister of marine, M. Lockroy, will return immediately to Toulon, where orders have been received to speedily prepare the armored cruisers Admiral Trehouart, Bouvines, Jemmapes and Valmy for active service and that, in addition, orders have been issued to send the largest possible number of gunners to Brest without delay to man the forts and batteries there.

The vessels mentioned are to be promptly placed on a war footing and sent to Brest.

Rumors connect the French preparations with the Fashoda dispute.

The Paris papers to-day in chronicling the movements of the British fleet in the Mediterranean announce that three British ironclads are engaged in gun practice off Bizerta and the French naval station in the Mediterranean off the African coast.

The treasury department made a final award of the new war loan. Subscribers for the sum of \$4500 will receive a percentage of that sum amounting to \$1300. Subscribers for \$4480 or less will be awarded the full amount of their subscriptions.

New Capitol. Ardmore, I. T., Oct. 18.—The Chickasaw national capitol building at Tishomingo will be completed shortly. On the 3d of November the house will be ready to be turned over to the Chickasaws for the use intended for it, and it is to be dedicated on the 3d. There will be ceremonies and a big ball on that occasion, and a great crowd of people is expected.

Many Lives Lost. London, Oct. 15.—The Atlantic Transport company's steamer Mohegan, formerly the Cleopatra of the Wilson & Furness-Leyland line, which left London for New York Thursday with fifty passengers and a crew of 150, is ashore off the Lizard, between the Manacles and the Lowlands.

A coasting guard message reports that the passengers are "drowning like rats."

Another account says bodies are washing ashore, one being of a lady lashed to a plank, with both legs severed.

It appears that when the Mohegan struck a gale was blowing and the sea was running high. Lifeboats put off from the Lizard and from Falmouth, one returning filled with passengers. Several were drowned, however, it is reported, on the passage of the lifeboat to the shore.

Another lifeboat saved six passengers. The coast at that point is extremely dangerous, and has been the scene of numerous wrecks.

Some years ago there was a movement set on foot to get a lightship placed there, but it failed.

A dispatch from Falmouth says Mohegan foundered and was probably blown ashore by the heaviest wind after her machinery was disabled. All the Falmouth tugs went out, but none was able to approach the vessel.

A lifeboat has landed thirty of the Mohegan's passengers and returned for more. One lady died after she was washed ashore. It is reported that the position of the Mohegan is serious and that assistance is urgently needed.

According to a dispatch received from Falmouth, out of 200 persons, constituting the passengers and crew of the Mohegan, only 31 have been saved. The vessel has gone ashore off the Lizard.

The steamer Mohegan, then the Cleopatra, arrived at New York on Aug. 15 last on her maiden trip from London. She is a single screw, steel vessel of 4510 tons register, 480 feet long. Her commander is Capt. Griffiths, commander of the Atlantic Transport fleet.

Nine Arrested. Alexandria, Egypt, Oct. 15.—The Alexandria police have arrested nine Italian anarchists since Thursday night and have thereby frustrated a plot against Emperor William, now on his way to the Holy Land to be present at the consecration of the Church of the Savior at Jerusalem.

The leader is a cafe keeper, a well-known Italian anarchist, in whose house the police found two bombs of great strength.

The police investigation showed that the arrested cafe keeper had bribed the steward of a steamer plying between Alexandria and Port Said to take on board a box of bombs. Apparently the anarchists originally intended to use the bombs at the Palais Abidin at Cairo while Emperor William and the khedive were there. When the kaiser decided not to visit Egypt they changed their plans and decided to attack him in Palestine.

Paris Commission. Washington, Oct. 15.—The peace commissioners to Paris are still delaying with propositions relating to Cuba, but have not yet taken up the subject of the future of the Philippines. The insistence upon the strictest construction of the articles of the protocol, the Spanish commissioners have swung to the opposite extreme and are now looking for an amelioration of the rules laid down, on the ground that the agreement was hastily drawn and under great pressure. There is an evident wish on their part to associate Cuba and the Philippines in their final disposition, which may explain the last application of the Spanish military commissioners for an extension of the time allowed for the evacuation of Cuba. This application will be duly considered, but nevertheless will be insisted on by the administration.

Calvin Fairbanks, the abolitionist, is dead at his home in Angelica, N. Y., aged 82 years. He was twice sentenced to prison in Kentucky for violation of the slave law.

Great Extension. Chattanooga, Tenn., Oct. 15.—Yesterday's session of the Christian Women's Board of Missions was largely attended and very interesting. After a short Bible study and devotional exercises the convention was opened with a short address by Mrs. A. M. Atkinson of Wabash, Ind., the presiding officer. The report of the secretary showed great extension of the mission work, especially in India and Jamaica.

Fruit Situation. New Orleans, La., Oct. 15.—The Texas fruit situation is still the main topic at the New Orleans fruit dealers exchange. Yesterday Macheca Bros., the owners of the Mail line of steamers, received a message from Dr. Bunt inviting them to send the steamship Clear Water to Galveston, the vessel to be cleared from Mobile, Ala., and loaded at Porto Cortez, Spanish Honduras. The Clear Water is now on her way to Porto Cortez.

More Serious. London, Oct. 15.—The situation in Paris is regarded in well informed quarters here as being more serious than at any time since the commune. The St. James Gazette yesterday afternoon said:

"A military revolution, however, peaceful, which replaces the Brisson cabinet with the nominees of the generals would imperil the relations between England and France almost to the breaking point. The semi-official and partly inspired Paris papers are still pretending that negotiations are proceeding between the two governments and France believes it, although everybody in England knows the statement to be ridiculous. Even supposing Maj. Marchand is unconditionally withdrawn from Fashoda, the difficulties with France will in no way end. Behind it lies the whole question of the Rahrel Grazel, the richest prize in the Sudan."

Fever Matters. Jackson, Miss., Oct. 15.—The yellow fever situation is practically unchanged so far as the number of new cases is concerned. The thermometer, however, ranged in the fifties last night and there are strong hopes that the spread of the infection will be checked by the cool weather, even if there is no frost. The Jackson report for yesterday is ten new cases, Joe Harby at the Baptist orphanage, Ruth and Ellen Rietti, T. Condine, a Mormon elder, and six colored. There were no deaths.

Dr. Hunter's report from other points is: Taylors, one new case; Poplarville, twelve new cases since Oct. 15; Madison, six new cases, three white and three colored; Waveland, two cases; Hattiesburg, three new cases and one death. Natchez reports four new cases and one suspicious case, all are in the northern part of the city; Harrison reports three new cases and three critically ill. The Oxford report gives one new case and states that a light frost fell Thursday night.

Viridan Affair. Chicago, Ill., Oct. 15.—Complications which threaten to assume greater proportions than the clash between Federal and state authorities during the railway strike under Algeid's administration promise to grow out of Gov. Tanner's action in refusing to allow the Alton road to unload colored miners at Viridan. General Solicitor Brown of the Chicago and Alton left for Springfield yesterday. The governor will be sought by Solicitor Brown, who will assume charge of the situation at Viridan so far as the Alton is concerned. Steps will be taken likewise by the Alton to secure legal redress for the alleged interference with the road.

The officials of the Alton claim that one of the most sacred prerogatives of a common carrier was outraged and they express their determination to find out if the governor of the state can "exercise lawless force," as they term it, without being held to account.

Tanner Talks. Springfield, Ill., Oct. 15.—In an interview Gov. Tanner said: "On learning yesterday morning that the national guard were searching trains I at once gave orders to Gen. Reese, adjutant general, in instruct Col. Young that the national guard has no right to search trains and that hereafter they would not board trains; that their orders were to prevent the landing of imported labor, which would necessarily result in the precipitation of a riot; that they were there to keep the peace and prevent any person from provoking a riot."

Gone South. Washington, Oct. 15.—Surgeon General Wyman of the marine hospital service left here for a trip of a week or ten days fighting yellow fever. He will go direct to Cincinnati, then to Chattanooga, Atlanta, Mobile, New Orleans and other points. He will confer with the state and local health authorities.

Elected Officers. Perry, Ok., Oct. 15.—The grand lodge of the Knights of Pythias of Oklahoma in session here elected officers as follows: G. C., T. J. Sealy, Pawhuska; V. G. C., T. J. Sealy, Pawhuska; G. P., H. C. Bruat, Chandler; G. K. of R. and S., J. S. Collins, Guthrie; G. M. of E., G. W. Graham, Enid; G. M. of A., C. H. Kamm, El Reno; G. F. G., J. J. Carson, Blackwell; G. O. G., H. C. Schilling, Perry.

Guthrie was selected as the next place of meeting. Meeting Called. New Orleans, La., Oct. 15.—The only report received by the state board of health yesterday was from New Orleans, one case and no deaths. President Souchon of the state board, at the request of the city council, the exchanges and the labor councils, has called a meeting of the southern boards of health to consider the best means of preventing unwarmed quarantines. The meeting is to be held on Dec. 15.

Pure Blood Good Digestion

These are the essentials of health. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the great blood purifier and stomach tonic. It promptly expels the impurities which cause pimples, sores and eruptions and by giving healthy action to the stomach and digestive organs it keeps the system in perfect order.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is America's Greatest Medicine. \$1.50 per box. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills cure Sick Headache. 25c.

Happy Jackie. "There was a girl with a party that visited the battleship the other day," said the ensign, "who was one of the most charming looking girls I have ever seen. A regular daughter of the gods, and beautifully dressed, the eyes of every Jackie followed her as she swept along the deck. One sailor, who had the opportunity, showed her with attentions. He showed her just how the big guns were loaded and unloaded and twisted and turned; in short, he couldn't do too much for her. The party turned to go, when the girl in the most gracious way put out her hand and offered it to the Jackie. I wish you could have seen him. His paw closed over her spotless glove as if he were touching something sacred, while he fairly radiated with delight. Then he backed off in a hurry down below, to return in a moment later with a ribbon from the Cristobal Colon. You can imagine the girl's delight when he presented it to her."

Task Completed. Sig. Marani, the celebrated Italian sculptor, who was commissioned by the pope some years ago to execute his tomb, has completed the task. The tomb is of flawless white Carrara marble. Surmounting the lid of the tomb is a lion, while on the right hand is a statue of Faith, with a torch in one hand and the Bible in the other. On the opposite side is a statue of Truth, bearing the arms of the pope. On the tomb, beneath the lion, is carved the inscription: "Hic Leo XIII, P. M., Previs Est."

Poetic Devices. A French railroad company has painted the outside of its passenger coaches with poetic devices, or the images of stars, fishes, birds, etc., sketches large and in emphatic colors. The object is to enable the passenger who gets off for refreshments to recognize his carriage and class from amid the crowd and in the gathering dusk. He says to himself: "I'm the fish, the scales, the swallow," etc., and makes for his own place.

'Tis False! "Woman's crowning glory" hair," he quoted. "Not now," returned his pessimistic friend.

"What do you mean?" he demanded. "In many cases now woman's crowning glory is some other woman's hair," answered his pessimistic friend; and before the optimist could indignantly deny the assertion he noticed some of it advertised in the paper he was reading and wisely held his peace.

Closer Toga ther. Mrs. Hayricks—It says here in the paper, Silas, that this war has served to bring the people of our country closer together. Do you think there's any truth in it? Mr. Hayricks—Yes. When I looked into the parlor last night Lieut. Striplings and our Annie was settin' 'n a good deal closer together than I have ever seen 'em afore he went away.

Doctors Can't Cure It!

Contagious blood poison is absolutely beyond the skill of the doctors. They may dose a patient for years on their mercurial and potash remedies, but he will never be rid of the disease; on the other hand, his condition will grow steadily worse. S. S. S. is the only cure for this terrible affliction, because it is the only remedy which goes direct to the cause of the disease and forces it from the system.

I was afflicted with Blood Poison, and the best doctors did me no good, though I took their treatment faithfully. In fact, I seemed to get worse all the while. I took almost every so-called blood remedy, but they did not seem to reach the disease, and had no effect whatever. I was disheartened, for it seemed that I would never be cured. At the advice of a friend I then took S. S. S., and began to improve. I continued the medicine, and it cured me completely, building up my health and increasing my appetite. Although this was ten years ago, I have never yet had a sign of the disease return.

W. R. Newnam, Stationer, Va. It is like self-destruction to continue to take potash and mercury; besides totally destroying the digestion, they dry up the marrow in the bones, producing a stiffness and swelling of the joints, causing the hair to fall out, and completely wrecking the system.

S.S.S. For the Blood is guaranteed Purely Vegetable, and is the only blood remedy free from those dangerous minerals. Book on self-treatment sent free by Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga. OPIUM Habit. Only guaranteed painless home cure. No interference with work. No Puffery. Sample free. Dr. Furdy, Dept. 25, Houston, Tex.

After Brains.
The document that is now being sent by the professor of physiology at Cornell university is something unique in its way. It politely requests the recipient to provide in his will that his brains be given to the university for scientific purposes when he departs this life. Accompanying the request are printed forms, showing how the bequest can be legally made.

It Hangs On
If it was only health, we might let it cling. But it is a cough. One cold no sooner passes off before another comes. But it's the same old cough all the time. And it's the same old story, too. There is first the cold, then the cough, then pneumonia or consumption with the long sickness, and life trembling in the balance.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral
loosens the grasp of your cough. The congestion of the throat and lungs is removed; all inflammation is subdued; the parts are put perfectly at rest and the cough drops away. It has no diseased tissues on which to hang.
Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Plaster
draws out inflammation of the lungs.
Advice Free.
Remember we have a Medical Department. If you have any complaint whatever and desire the best medical advice, you can possibly obtain, write the doctor freely. You will receive a prompt reply, without cost.
Address, DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

Deafness Cannot be Cured
by local application as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.
We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Gay Roman blankets make effective couch covers.
Do not Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away. To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c. or \$1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet, sample, free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

Many girls think they are prettier than they are.
Beauty is Blood Deep.
Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic cleans your blood and keeps it clean, by wiping up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

Men look at the bride's face, women at her clothes.
I know that my life was saved by Pilo's Cure for Consumption.—John A. Miller, Au Sabie, Michigan, April 21, 1895.

Why do not girls employed in match factories marry quickly?
FITS Permanently Cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE \$2.00 trial bottle and treatise. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 331 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Some people are so complimentary they are untruthful.
DEAR EDITOR:—If you know of a solicitor or canvasser in your city or elsewhere, especially a man who has solicited for subscriptions, insurance, nursery stock, books or anything, or a man who can sell goods, you will confer a favor by telling him to correspond with us; or if you will insert this notice in your paper and such parties will cut this notice out and mail to us, we may be able to furnish them a good position in their own and adjoining counties. Address: AMERICAN WOOLEN MILLS CO., Chicago

Some mortals seem never able to avoid a "soft snap."
S. R. Baldwin writes: "After trying Soothing Remedies without avail, and physicians without relief, I gave Dr. Moffett's TRETINA Teething Powders and they acted like magic. I occasionally gave a powder to keep my child's gums softened." TRETINA Aids Digestion, Regulates the Bowels and makes baby robust and healthy.

When a man cannot shoot he blames his gun.
No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.
Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c. \$1. All druggists.

A man who feeds seven sons-in-law rejoices he has no more girls.

CATTLE AND CROPS.
Crosby county has plenty of stock water from recent rains.
Wild geese are reported as flocking into the Corpus Christi country.
Quite a number of cattle are being taken to the feeding pens at the Cisco oil mill.
A largely increased acreage of wheat will be sown in the country around Ennis this fall.
D. P. Moser of Miles Station, Runnels county, has sold his sheep to Joe Thiele at \$2.20 a head.
Maj. J. B. Dale of Henrietta shipped to his feeding pens at Bonham 1000 steers bought of W. B. Worsham.
Crosby county will have better winter range this winter than it has had for several years unless it is burned off.
Coleman & Keeran of San Antonio has just bought 100 head of young Hereford bulls from the Adair herd in the panhandle.
Charles Coppinger of Fort Worth, who owns a ranch in Scurry county, says he has had plenty of rain on his range, grass is fine and his stock doing well.
J. W. Flynn of Georgetown shipped out the 800 feeders bought from John H. Belcher at Twohig. They went to the feed pens at Texarkana, where Mr. Flynn will put the fat on them himself.
Stock of all kinds are in the best of shape about Paint Rock. The prospects are good for a favorable winter for stock of all kinds. Feed for wintering stock seems to be more plentiful than usual.
Stock water is getting scarce in many portions of the panhandle country, but Amarillo and its neighborhood is well supplied, as good rains have fallen there lately.
A beautiful lot of registered Hereford calves were shipped to Shackelford county lately, Henry Herron getting two, Joel Dodson seven, M. J. Leech one and Bob Elliot two.
The wool commission men of San Angelo have received and stored up to the 12th 1,000,000 pounds of fall wool. It is expected that 500,000 more pounds will be marketed there.
In closing up the Comer-Suggs trade at San Angelo this week, which went through without a hitch, Col. Suggs gave Comar a check for \$510,000, a balance due.
The cotton crop is going to make a better yield in Coleman county than expected, and the acreage is so much larger than last year that the total number of bales ginned there will be equal to that of last year.
L. Goodman of Laredo, who shipped something over 2500 head of Mexican steers and bulls to the Territory this spring, has sold them to G. D. Sleeper of Muskegee, I. T., at \$20 for the bulls and \$21 for the steers.
Lightning struck the cotton gin belonging to W. C. Burruss, about one mile northeast of McKinney. The entire building and machinery, together with about forty bales of cotton, was destroyed by fire. The loss is about \$8000, with no insurance.
A good rain visited Gainesville last week. It was needed, particularly for wheat, and hence has done a great deal of good. There was some wind with it, but no damage is reported. A brilliant electrical display also accompanied it.
The West-Texas Fair and Round-Up association of Abilene will begin its four days' exhibition at Abilene Tuesday, Oct. 25, and the occasion promises to be one worthy even of the grand Abilene country, a name that includes a group of some of the finest counties in Texas.
A strange and fatal disease among the horses in certain parts of Oklahoma is baffling the skill of the veterinarians, who appear to be unable to either classify or control it. Many farmers have lost heavily of their work stock and over 300 head have thus far died.
The Sabine river at Laurel is at low water mark and logs put in by the Sabine Tram company and others above there are jamming up and it will be slow work getting them to Orange. Cotton nearly all picked out; cane, potatoes and other crops are needing rain.
The Rusk County Fair association will hold its third annual meeting at Henderson Nov. 1, 2, 3 and 4. The cattle premiums are larger than at former fairs and the swine department has always been well filled. There will be a good show of horses and mules and an excellent poultry exhibit.
Mr. Thad Miller is preparing to feed 1000 head of big steers on the Andy Fennell place, near Seguin. A San Antonio feeder, named Saunders, will also probably feed here, and Mr. Nance of San Antonio will feed at the LeGette place.
Claude Hudspeth sold out his stock of sheep, 1325, to Jos. Hamilton at 3 cents live weight on the ranch, (wool off) delivery Oct. 25 to Nov. 5. This is a new wrinkle on the sheep business out there and may fix the basis for future trades.
The rain interfered with cotton picking around Temple as well as injuring the staple, but from accounts there will be more than will be gathered anyway. The price paid for picking barely leaves enough to pay rents and have it ginned.

Bridegrooms and young clergymen are admired by the fair sex.
Our Treatment of Spanish Captives.
Never before in history was there a case where a defeated and captive enemy received such generous treatment as we gave the Spaniards. Equally astonishing are the cures brought about by Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Never has there been so successful a medicine for stomach and liver disorders like dyspepsia, indigestion, biliousness and constipation.
To err is human; to stick to it more so.
Mother's Love
Cannot cure Croup, nor Diphtheria, nor indeed any of the numerous throat troubles. We know how to cure all of them, and it costs nothing to get our book. Write for it. Mucro-Solvent Company, Chicago, Ill.
Fun is a most desirable thing, if it is genuine.
TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.
It is a rash man who says he would like to see his lady love angry. She may get so at home and then good-bye.
Educate Your Howels With Cascarets.
Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c. 25c. If C. C. fail, druggists refund money.
Some people's alleged frankness is downright rudeness.
Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.
Tea making contests are said to be the latest amusement.
To Cure Constipation Forever.
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.
Pulling your tacks is the latest when preparing to move.

HAPPY MOTHERS AND HEALTHY CHILDREN.
Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Goes Straight to the Cause of All Female Troubles and Assures a Healthy Maternity.
Mrs. M. SINGER, 104 Hudson Ave., Rochester, N. Y., writes to Mrs. Pinkham as follows:
"When I applied to you for advice I had been suffering some years from debility, nervousness, etc. I had had several miscarriages and was pregnant when I wrote to you.
"I am grateful to say that after taking three bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I was considerably better, and after using three more it brought me where I am to-day. I am well, and the mother of a three-months' old baby.
"Doctors had failed to help me. I have no one to thank but Mrs. Pinkham and her wonderful remedy."
Mrs. ELLA DUNGAN, Reeder's Mills, Iowa, writes:
"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I thank you for what your medicine and advice have done for me. I have a baby two months old. When he was born I was sick only fifteen minutes, whereas with my other children I was sick for two or three days, and also suffered with my left leg, and could get nothing to relieve the pain but morphine. My leg did not trouble me at all this time. I had no after pains and was not as weak as I had been before.
"I cannot praise Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound too highly. May God bless you in your noble work."
Mrs. J. W. PRUETT, Medford, Oregon, says:
"My health, also the baby's, we owe to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."
Mrs. JOHN W. LONG, Wyoming, Iowa, writes:
"I had shooting pains all over my body, was very weak and nervous. I could not straighten up. I wished to become a mother but was afraid I never could. Seventeen months ago I got some of your Vegetable Compound, and after taking half a bottle was much relieved. I took four bottles and was cured. Now I have a big baby boy which I feel I owe to your Compound. Many thanks for your kind advice."
A Million Women Have Been Benefited by Mrs. Pinkham's Advice and Medicine



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THOSE who subscribe at once for the 1899 volume will receive Free all the November and December issues from the time of subscription to January 1, 1899, including the beautiful Double Holiday Numbers. Among the many famous contributors to these issues will be
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THE volume for 1899 will be the best THE COMPANION has ever published. Each of the 52 weekly issues will contain half a dozen delightful stories, besides articles of rare interest. Famous soldiers, sailors, statesmen, scholars and story-writers will give their best work to readers of THE COMPANION.
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Largest Monolith.
John D. Rockefeller has let the contract for the largest monolith ever quarried in the United States. It will mark the family lot of John D. Rockefeller in Lakeview cemetery, Cleveland, O. The monument will be studiously plain, but it will attract attention from its mammoth size. The monument will be 55 feet high from the base to the tip. It will be 16 feet square at the base. It will be located on the same ridge as the Garfield memorial and will be the center of a circle of vaults for the remains of the Rockefeller family.
Condemn not those who believe not as you do.

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AN ACCIDENT AND LIFE PRESERVER.
Greatest Neck Yoke ever invented, combining strength, durability and safety. Hands easily put on. Will not allow tongue to drop if traces become loose. No. 100.
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PIMPLES
"My wife had pimples on her face, but she has been taking CASCARETS and they have all disappeared. I had been troubled with constipation for some time, but after taking the first Cascaret I have had no trouble with this ailment. We cannot speak too highly of Cascarets." "Purged six times."
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Cascarets
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
REGULATE THE LIVER

Woman's Mysterious Ills.
Explanation of their nature by Dr. Hartman, who tells how to cure them.
YOUNG
women are constantly puzzled about their health. Indeed female troubles puzzle all women. Older women have experience, but few possess knowledge of the subject. The periodical suffering is painful. It is accompanied by many varying sensations that distress. How much of this is necessary is a matter of guesswork. The whole question is shrouded in professional mystery.
Dr. Hartman's book for women, called "Health and Beauty," treats these matters with delicacy, and at the same time with clearness. Write to take it. It is mailed free. It catarrh and tells how Pe-ru-na cures them.
Mrs. C. C. Naeve, 383 Morrison St., Portland, Ore., writes as follows:
Pe-ru-na Medicine Co., Columbus, O.
DEAR SIRS:—"I began to take Pe-ru-na when I lived in Columbus, O., in 1887, and have used it and the Man-a-lin ever since whenever I needed medicine. I have never found an equal to Pe-ru-na for regulating the menses, and before I began to take it I was never regular and always had more or less pain. I had tried many different medicines before I saw Pe-ru-na but without success."
There is nothing mysterious about the action of Pe-ru-na. It is not a "cure-all," but it cures catarrh wherever located, and there may be catarrh in any organ of the body, as all are lined with mucous membrane.
Mrs. M. C. Mehl, 504 Walnut St., Columbia, Pa., says: "I have been troubled with catarrh and a soreness in my bowels for several years. I tried everything that was recommended. I tried Pe-ru-na and am happy to say that I am now entirely well."
Dr. Hartman's advice may be had without charge by any woman who will write for it. His book on Chronic Catarrh is also mailed free. It explains the danger of local treatment. All druggists sell Pe-ru-na.
WANTED—Agents for new Farmers' Manual. It contains Cotton Sellers' Table that runs from 3c to 10c. It figures the licks and 200. Also for the Bible Looking Glass. It has the Bible by illustrations. Latest War Books. Outfit free. Agents sell 7 out of 9 calls; agent in Walker County, Texas, sells 20 in 5 hours.
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LADIES: Mar-the-na cures Leucorrhoea, Ulcers, Hives and Falling of the Womb when all others fail. Free sample treatment. Agents wanted in every town. Weber Chemical Co., Schiller Bldg., Chicago.
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DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; cures dropsy, relieves and cures worst cases. Send for book of testimonials and 10 day treatment free. Dr. H. H. SHAW'S BLOOD PURIFIER.
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When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.
W. N. U. DALLAS—NO. 42—1899

BAD, WORSE, WORST SPRAIN
Can, without delay or trifling, be cured promptly by the
GOOD, BETTER, BEST REMEDY FOR PAIN, **St. Jacobs Oil.**

"DIRT IN THE HOUSE BUILDS THE HIGHWAY TO BEGGARY." BE WISE IN TIME AND USE

SAPOLIO
Battle-Ax PLUG
Remember the name when you buy again.

TIME NOT FAR OFF

When the Theory of a Metallic Basis Will Be Overthrown.

The world's supply of gold for 1898 is now estimated at \$275,000,000. This is more than the combined production of both gold and silver ten years ago, and successfully refutes the argument that only primary money affects prices. With the present increase of gold production the time is not far distant when the theory of a metallic basis will be overturned. The mad worship of gold is so stimulating the production of that metal that its volume will continue to fall.

The gold question will settle itself. What the people should do is to settle the paper money question. As the supply of gold increases its value will decrease, as compared with other things, and unless there is a proportionate diminution of the paper currency general prices will rise. But if the banks be given power over the paper currency it will be so limited as to contract the fall in the value of gold to a great extent and the people will not therefore be benefited by a rise in prices of products. When the banks secure control over the paper currency of the country they have the whole thing in their hands and can control prices at will.

The free coinage of silver will not settle the money question; in fact, it is but a short step in that direction. The important thing to do is to get rid of the metallic basis altogether and place the full control of the currency in the hands of the government with some practical and equitable means of distributing it, or placing it in circulation, such as public loans, and construction of public works. Money does not affect prices unless it is in circulation among the people, and it will not circulate actively while it is constantly appreciating in value. When its volume is controlled, like everything else, by the law of supply and demand, it will neither appreciate or depreciate.

The formation of trusts goes on apace. One of the more recent is the Federal Steel trust with a capital of \$200,000,000. This is now one of the largest trusts in existence, and will be invincible in its operations. It will in all probability soon earn the title of the Steel trust. Some of the wealthiest men in the nation are associated with it. The United States manufacturers' association is another combination recently formed for the purpose of escaping the evils of the competitive system. It is capitalized at the modest sum of \$8,000,000. A thread trust has also been effected with an authorized capital of \$18,000,000. Then there is the Silver Ware trust with a capital of \$30,000,000 and the Electric trust, with a capital of \$25,000,000. This seems to be a government of the trusts, for the trusts and by the trusts. The remedy is for the people to own every trust that is necessary.

With the acquisition of Porto Rico the government comes into possession of 470 miles of telegraph lines, which are public property over there, and now the question arises: "What will Uncle Sam do with them?" This government owned the telegraph lines in this country when the system was in its infancy, but sold them to individuals. The recent action of the telegraph and express companies in refusing to pay the stamp duties required of them, should act as an incentive to the government to own and operate some of that business itself. It is rumored that Japan is about to buy all private-owned roads in that country. The Japanese government now owns and operates successfully about one-fourth of the railroads in her domain, and there is a growing sentiment to acquire ownership of all the roads.

Prussian government owned railroads are a marked success. The government is constantly extending the system and the ones operated pay a revenue into the treasury. The profits in 1897 were 7.15 per cent on cost of construction and equipment. It is also said that wages are higher than when owned by private companies, notwithstanding a great reduction in rates. The utility of government ownership of railroads, telegraphs and telephones seems to be growing rapidly all over the world. Cape Colony now operates 1535 instruments, 869 miles of wire, telephone system, that brings in a revenue of \$66,000 annually. A committee appointed by the British house of commons to investigate the benefits, cost, etc., of telephones, reported that the service owned and operated by municipalities was better and cheaper than private owned systems, and recommended public ownership of the telephone lines.

How long will it take the people to learn that the Democrats will put any old thing in their platform to catch votes? In Illinois, Wisconsin and several other states where they are not in power and need votes they have incorporated the initiative and referendum

in their platforms, but in not one single state where they have full and undisputed power have they even made a start to incorporate that principle into law. Can anything be plainer than the insincerity of the party? They simply make the platform to catch votes. You see no expressions favoring the referendum in the platforms adopted by the Southern Democrats. If they wanted direct legislation they could have it in every Southern state. That they have not got it in a single state is evidence that the party does not favor it, and that the pretense of Northern Democrats to favor the referendum is all for the purpose of catching votes. How long will the people permit themselves to be fooled by promises of old party politicians?

The New Time, acting in accord with the plan of party organization outlined by the recent Cincinnati convention, suggests that it furnishes the key to solve the problem of reform. The New Time favors the formation of clubs in which all sincere reformers unite for concerted action, and that all matters of party government, such as the making of platforms and the nomination of candidates be left with the voters, or submitted to them for ratification or rejection, the vote to be taken through the club organizations. I think that is the most sensible suggestion I have heard made since we have been involved in fusion's coils. Let the people name the candidates and make the platforms and I am with them heart and soul. In these reform clubs there need not necessarily be any partisan politics. Republicans, Democrats, Populists, Prohibitionists, Socialists and all classes could meet, carry on educational work, and the Populists could vote on platforms and candidates for their party and the Republicans, Democrats, etc., could do the same thing with regard to theirs, if they could receive permission of the bosses to do so. Let every man who believes in the initiative and referendum be eligible to membership.

If this suggestion is carried out it will work wonders, not only along the line of education on economic questions, but in party government. The New Time calls upon Chairmen Butler, Jones, Towne and St. John to cooperate along these lines and it is to be hoped they will do so, but there is little probability of it, as they are all built more or less on the boss plan. But the people should not wait for leaders to do this thing. If they are capable of self-government they certainly capable of bringing about the means by which self-government can be obtained. It is evident that representative government is a failure. How often do we hear the expression, "Ah, well, send an honest man to the legislature or congress and they will buy him!" And this belief has become so common that voters have almost lost hope of ever again seeing a return to pure government. And in my opinion there is only one way in which it can be done. Let the people vote on the laws, that is on the important ones. That will do away with the lobbyist. Corporations may be able to buy the majority of a legislature, but this cannot buy a majority of the people. When once we get together on direct legislation and succeed in obtaining it, other matters of reform can be secured by submitting them to the people, and securing a majority vote therefor. If a majority vote cannot be had then continue with the work of education until it can be. Let the people rule. Let them make their own laws and govern themselves in fact.

I think I have called attention to the fact that Mark Hanna was elected to the United States senate by the change of two votes from Hamilton county, Ohio, and that those two men were elected as free-silver fusionists on an anti-Republican ticket. The Democrats of that county recently held a convention and Grover Cleveland's picture occupied the place formerly held by William Jennings Bryan's portrait. They nominated for congress a Mr. Follet, a gentleman who refused to make a speech for Bryan in 1896, and who also refused to vote for the Democratic candidate for the United States senate in the Ohio legislature last winter. The gold-bug element controlled the convention, from start to finish. Thus "the dog is returning to his own vomit," and a fool to his folly." There is little doubt now but what the gold-bug element will either be strong enough in the next national Democratic convention to control it, or falling in that that put the silver question on a straddle, which will practically amount to the same thing. The Democratic party is hopelessly divided on the money question and if given full power could not, if it would, give us monetary reform—not even free silver. Its fruitless efforts to do so divide the reform forces and prevent the accomplishment of that which is pretended to seek. If the Democratic party, I mean the masses of voters, would abandon the organization there would at once be a breaking of lines in all parties and a new alignment of voters that would accomplish something. But there will never be any relief come

from either of the old parties. They are too hopelessly in the hands of machine politicians, who keep the people divided purposely.

Over in New York the Democrats have "been gone and done it." The gold standard element had absolute control of the convention and the Bryan free silver-or-bust Democrats bolted. The bolting element nominated young Henry George as their candidate for governor. This is a very good nomination and I have no criticism, for the bolters except to repeat the very common charge that it is helping the Republicans to win—playing into their hands—and now the query may rise: Are they in the pay of Mark Hanna? I have no doubt but what the Democrats who bolted that New York convention were sincere and honest and acted from conviction, but it will still remain that their action will aid the Republicans. The free silver Democrats have never grown weary in repeating the charge that middle-of-the-road Populists were in the pay of Mark Hanna, and cited as evidence that the action they took aided the Republicans. Now, if we apply the same rule to them then the New York free silver Democrats, who insist on standing on the Chicago platform, must be in the pay of Republicans. The readers insisted on their platform and on candidates who represented the principles of the platform. They refused to support Bryan, who would not even accept the nomination tendered him by the Populists by their honest convictions, and were not looking out for the welfare of either old party, regarding one as bad as the other. Under these circumstances, that their action helped the Republicans was no evidence of accepting pay from them, and the similar attitude now of the silver Democrats of New York ought to convince every honest man of the silliness of the charge that everybody who would not follow the Bryan band wagon was in the pay of Mark Hanna.

And now come about the only Democrats who have an opportunity to know anything about it and say they have no fault to find with the war department. Gen. Wheeler, Gen. Copping and Gen. Lee have so testified. These men have all been lauded as heroes by the Democrats and their testimony ought to have some weight. But of course some will continue to howl for the political effect they think it will have. They get their cue from the city dailies that will do almost anything to create a sensation that will make a demand for their paper. Hon. Frank Burkett, commenting on the testimony of Gens. Wheeler, Copping and Lee, says:

"And it would seem that the secretary won't need any defense after the testimony of such men as Wheeler, Lee and Copping. Of all the fool managers striving to secure a political advantage over their adversaries the Democratic leaders of the present year take the cake. At first they clamored for war and actually forced the administration into hostilities with Spain before we were ready. Then they quibbled about a silver rider on the war tax bill (and finally voted for bonds) and lost much valuable time and after the war is over the only Democratic congressman who had the nerve to go to the front, sustains the war department in the face of the charges made by the Democratic press. Since the first Napoleon's Italian campaigns, there never has been a war brought to such a speedy and successful close. There never has been such naval victories. The small loss of life in battle is without a precedent. That there was some mismanagement there is no doubt. There always is. That it might have resulted in some instances from appointments for party service goes without saying. That is a weakness of both old parties, but the records will show perhaps that the percentage of appointments of Democrats by McKinley is greater than the percentage of recommendations of Republicans for official positions in the volunteer service made by Democratic governors. Nine-tenths of the criticisms that are being made is simply a howl for political effect. When you send Northern men to a Southern or tropical climate in the heat of summer there is going to be a great deal of sickness, even if they are sent there on a pleasure excursion—to hunt and fish."

W. S. MORCAN.

Pension Rolls.
The commissioner of pensions reports that the total number of pensioners now on the rolls is 1,040,356. This is the first time that the total has been above a million names. There were nearly 64,000 original claims granted last year, and about 4,000 restorations to the list. The disbursements during the fiscal year 1898 amounted to \$144,651,879.

Family Ways of the Westons.
Curious uniformity of sex is manifested in the descendants of Mr. and Mrs. John Weston of Skowhegan, Me. They have six children, three girls and three boys, and twelve grandchildren, six girls and six boys. One of the daughters and one son have a girl and a boy apiece, one daughter and one son have two girls apiece, and one daughter and one son have two boys each.

TEXAS CONDENSED.

McKinney is to have waterworks. H. F. Dunson, county judge of Nagogoches county, is dead.

An Iron Mountain railway shed at Texarkana, valued at \$1100, burned.

By her clothing catching fire, Miss Eva Carroll, aged 16 years, was fatally burned at Tyler.

During the month of September there were twenty births at Temple and three deaths.

The Port Arthur Fruit company, capital stock \$50,000, has filed its charter at Austin.

Australian Jimmie Ryan and Kid Scanlan fought ten rounds with no result before Galveston Athletic club.

Hundreds of Mexicans are picking cotton in Brazos and adjacent counties. A heavy frost fell at Sunset on the night of the 13th.

At Sherman Joseph Cephus, aged 60 years, was run down by a scorching on a bicycle and badly injured about the right groin.

The ginning establishment of Harman Harness at Dime Box, Lee county, was consumed by fire. Loss about \$3000, with no insurance. Supposed to be the work of an incendiary.

The San Antonio and Gulf Railroad company paid the comptroller \$14.44 of passenger earnings for the quarter ending Sept. 30; also \$2.03 tax on telegraph earnings for the same period.

In the civil district court at Sherman there was a judgment for \$8000 rendered in favor of the plaintiff in the case of Charles P. Sinclair vs. the Missouri, Kansas and Texas railway for alleged personal injuries.

The residence of Mrs. Schaloupka at Houston was destroyed by fire. The loss amounted to \$1500; no insurance. It caught from an ironing board and was so far out that the firemen were unable to save it or all the contents.

The Southwestern Telephone company has completed its wires to Little Rock, Pine Bluff and Dallas and are now in circuit shape with these and all intermediate points.

The wife of Congressman J. W. Cranford died at Sulphur Springs a few days ago. Mrs. Cranford was in bad health for a long time and while at Washington city had an operation performed from which she never recovered.

Mrs. Turena A. Moore, aged 81 years, died suddenly at Sherman while sitting at the bedside of her son, John H. Moore, who was very ill. She and her husband were married at Holly Springs, Miss., sixty years ago. Mr. Moore was killed accidentally shortly after the civil war.

Firemen's day at the Texas State fair attracted about 200 fire-fighters. Companies were present from Waco, Greenville, Bonham, Dublin, Gainesville and Hillsboro. After a parade information imparted by same. Many and Dublin second. Many people witnessed the contest.

Mr. Frank Falk, an old and respected Laredo citizen, served on the jury and at an early hour next morning he was found sitting upright in his chair, dead, in a room where he had been living for some time alone. Heart disease.

Kneply Jewelry company of Dallas has filed its charter at the capital. Capital stock, \$50,000. Purpose: Selling jewelry, art goods, stationery, bicycles and other goods, wares and merchandise. Incorporators: J. E. Mitchell, W. T. Simmons and W. T. Camp.

Cale Karmon of Palmer, Ellis county, was riding on an electric car at Dallas which was going at a high rate of speed. His hat blew off and he jumped after it, landing on his head. A gash four inches long was cut in his head.

John Kadlec, a Bohemian farmer living on the Allison ranch near Taylor, was found dead in his wagon in front of his gate with a pistol shot in his side. He had been to Taylor and was found as stated.

Gen. Nelson A. Miles was the recipient of a warm welcome during his visit to the Trans-Mississippi exposition at Omaha with the presidential party. His old-time Apache enemy, Geronimo, was also there, and could be seen by the general from the reviewing stand.

The jury in the Woodward murder trial at Fort Worth was discharged and the case reset for Nov. 14, owing to the critical illness of a child of one of the jurymen with appendicitis and the imperative necessity for the presence of the father at home.

The contract has been let to J. I. Harris of Waco for the construction of an opera-house at Temple, to be built in sixty days. James Rudd proprietor of the Exchange hotel, is the builder and the structure will be erected on the lots adjoining the hotel property.

City Engineer John B. Hawley of Fort Worth received notice from New York city of his promotion to full membership in the American Society of Civil Engineers. Mr. Hawley was elected to associate membership in this society in 1884.

Blunt on Fruit.

Beaumont, Tex., Oct. 18.—State Health Officer Blunt came in yesterday morning from the Sabine river on the Poe Gee road, where he has been investigating the conditions of the quarantine to that place, and left on the Southern Pacific for Orange, returning to Beaumont later. He seems well-pleased with the way quarantine restrictions are being enforced at the camps visited and it quite hopeful of the cold weather soon killing out the yellow fever in the south.

Being interviewed, Dr. Blunt said:

"I am being constantly worried by fruit dealers trying to get my consent to allow fruit to come into Texas by rail from Mobile, Ala. I can not allow fruit to come into Texas from Mobile because I know nothing in the world about the sanitary condition of the ship on which the fruit arrived nor do I know anything about the sanitary condition of the place from which the ship comes. Fruit coming into this state must comply with the quarantine regulations, for instance, any fruit vessel arriving at Galveston, not having made previous arrangements and it was clearly established that she had complied with the rules governing the fruit trade, would be detained at quarantine on her arrival in port as would any vessel coming from the same latitude."

Terrible Deed.

Brenham, Tex., Oct. 18.—News has reached here that a farmer living three miles north of this city at 6 o'clock last evening murdered his wife and then made what will prove to be a successful attempt to destroy himself.

Sheriff Teague has just returned from the scene of this horrible crime, and from him the following facts were learned:

The farmer and his wife were gathering corn some distance from the house and, with what provocation will perhaps never be known, he stabbed her in the neck, producing an ugly wound and severing the jugular vein.

He then got in the wagon, left his dead wife in the weeds, drove to the house, unharnessed the horses, went into his room, barred every door and window and attempted to cut his head off, failing in which he endeavored to shoot himself to death. His chin was blown off and his face in other ways was frightfully disfigured.

He was 35 years old. He was born in this county. He married a young woman of prominent family, by whom he had five children. He was well known here and all of his acquaintances are amazed at this act, which makes five orphans and sends two souls into eternity.

The Immunes.

Galveston, Tex., Oct. 18.—Out of 700 members of the first United States volunteers (immunes), who went home on furloughs, all but seventeen have returned. These are sick or bottled up in quarantined districts. The medical board began the physical examinations yesterday preparatory to muster-out. The board is composed of Maj. A. A. Delfore of Fort Sam Houston, Maj. F. Hadra, surgeon of the Texas cavalry; Capt. A. C. McClannahan and Lieut. R. A. Nicholson, assistant surgeons first Texas cavalry. Col. L. R. Hare of the same command, chief mustering officer of Texas, is here. Company B, the first company to be mustered in, was examined yesterday. Unless there is a change in orders the companies will all be mustered out in about two weeks.

Col. Riche is back from Washington, but declines to be interviewed concerning the trip or the report he has made to the war department.

Houston Fire.

Houston, Tex., Oct. 18.—Yesterday morning about 1 o'clock fire was discovered in the new two-story residence on the west side of Main street between Bell and Leland. The building was not completed and the fire is supposed to have been of incendiary origin. This building, which was being erected for Mr. Frank Andrews, but had not been turned over to him, was completely destroyed, as was the adjoining cottage, owned by Mrs. A. E. Shafer and occupied by Mr. M. E. Glass, traveling passenger agent of the Texas Midland railway. Mr. and Mrs. Glass were in Dallas, and no one was in the house except Annie Randle, a colored servant, who gave the alarm, having been awakened by the flames in the Andrews building. The furniture in the Glass residence was all lost.

Frank Cargill's residence was badly scorched by the fire. He carried \$4000 insurance on the building.

Car of Cotton Burns.

Hillsboro, Tex., Oct. 18.—A car of cotton was destroyed by fire on the Katy track at noon yesterday near the compress. The cotton is supposed to have caught from a spark from a switch engine. The good work of the fire department prevented a serious fire in the yard. There are several hundred cars on the track loaded with cotton and a high wind was blowing from the north.

THE MAJOR'S EXPERIENCE.

From the Detroit Free Press.

One of the staunchest supporters of deep water way from the Great Lakes to the ocean is Major A. C. Bishop, of 715 Third Ave., Detroit, a civil engineer of wide experience and considerable prominence in his profession. He was assistant engineer on the Hudson River Railroad in 1850 and has since conducted large engineering operations. He has been located in Detroit since 1815, and has a large acquaintance among the business men and citizens of this city.

Two years ago, for the first time, Major Bishop was in the hospital. For two months he had the best of medical attendance, but when he was discharged he was not like the Major Bishop of old. When asked regarding his health, he said: "When I had my last spell of sickness and came out of the hospital I was a sorry sight. I could not gain my strength, and could not walk over a block for several weeks."

"I noticed some articles in the newspapers regarding Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, which convinced me that they were worth trying and I bought two boxes. I did not take them for my complexion, but for my strength. After using them I felt better, and know they did me worlds of good. I am pleased to recommend them to invalids who need a tonic to build up a shattered constitution."

Subscribed and sworn to before me this eighth day of January, 1898.

ROBERT E. HULL, JR., Notary Public.
The pure, powerful vegetable ingredients in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People supply the antidote for poisonous matter in the blood and add those elements needed to build up body and brain. Many diseases long supposed by the medical profession to be incurable have succumbed to the potent influence of these pills. They can be taken by young or old, being harmless in their nature, yet powerful in eliminating disease.

Two Interesting Buildings.

Pictures of two interesting Baltimore and Ohio Railroad buildings have been reproduced in a recent issue of Truth. One is the building at Frederick, Md., which has been used since 1831 as a freight station, and which is still devoted to that purpose. In the little cupola of the building a bell once hung which was always rung on arrival of trains from Baltimore when horses were the motive power of the railroad. The other building is the station at Mount Clare, Baltimore, and it is noted as being the location of the first telegraph office in the world. It was from this building that Professor Morse sent his celebrated message in 1844 to his friends in Washington, forty miles away.

A tiresome thing is an extremely practical joke.

Cheap Lands in East Texas.

East Texas lands are attracting the attention of the home-seeker. The low price of land, in connection with the certainty of crops, makes this a most desirable location for the farmer. Most of the counties penetrated by the International and Great Northern R. R. between Longview, Galveston and Columbia, through local organizations, are making flattering offers to settlers. Those interested in more regarding any particular location, will be pleased in the hands of responsible parties. For reply, D. J. Price, A. G. P. A., & G. N. R., Galveston.

Until one is ill they do not realize their dependence.



THE EXCELLENCE OF SYRUP OF FIGS

is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The high standing of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. with the medical profession, and the satisfaction which the genuine Syrup of Figs has given to millions of families, makes the name of the Company a guaranty of the excellence of its remedy. It is far in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them, and it does not gripe nor nauseate. In order to get its beneficial effects, please remember the name of the Company—

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.



Don't be fooled with a mackintosh or rubber coat. If you want a coat that will keep you in the hardest wet storm buy the Fish Brand Slicker. If not for sale in your town, write for catalogue to A. J. TOWER, Boston, Mass.

WISDOM'S CURE FOR CHILLS, BRUISES, ALL LICE FALLS, Head Colds, Strep, Diphtheria, etc. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION.

TIME TABLE.

Fort Worth & Denver City Railway.

NORTH BOUND.

No. 2, Mail and Express—
Arrives 9:30 p. m. Leaves 9:45 p. m.
Local No. 14, daily except Sunday—
Arrives 10:30 a. m. Leaves 8:45 a. m.

SOUTH BOUND.

No. 1, Mail and Express—
Arrives 6:35 a. m. Leaves 6:45 a. m.
Local No. 13, daily except Sunday—
Arrives 5:30 p. m. Leaves 7:35 p. m.

RELIGIOUS EXERCISES.

Baptist, 2d, 3d and 4th Sundays at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.—Rev. L. Tomme, pastor. Sunday school 10 a. m. Prayer meeting every Tuesday night. Sunbeams 4 p. m. every Sunday.

M. E. South, services every Sunday—Rev. J. M. Sherman, pastor. Sunday school 10 a. m. Prayer meeting every Wednesday night. Junior Epworth League at 3 p. m. Epworth League at 4 p. m. every Sunday.

M. E. every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.—Rev. George Evans, pastor. Sunday school 10 a. m. Junior Epworth League 4 p. m. Prayer meeting every Wednesday night. Epworth League every Monday night.

Christian, — Elder F. T. Denson, pastor. Services 3d Sunday and Saturday and Friday night before. Society of Christian Endeavor every Sunday at 5 p. m. Sunday school 10 a. m. St. John the Baptist (Episcopal), Rev. David Holmes, rector. Services first three Sundays of each month, 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school 9:30 a. m. Church seats free to all.

Presbyterian, 3d Sunday—Rev. J. W. Smith, pastor. Sunday school 3 p. m.

Catholic, 3d—Rev. J. A. Lambert, priest in charge.

SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F.—Clarendon Lodge No. 381, meets every Thursday evening in their hall over the Bank of Clarendon. Visiting brothers are made welcome. J. W. LACROIX, N. G.

W. T. Jones, Sec'y.

EVERING STAR ENCAMPMENT No. 148 I. O. O. F. meets 1st Tuesday night in each month. G. C. HARTMAN, C. P.

JOHN SIMS, scribe.

A. F. & A. M.—Clarendon Lodge No. 700, meets 2nd Saturday night in each month over the Bank of Clarendon. GEO. MORGAN, W. M. A. M. BEVILL, Sec.

CLARENDON CHAPTER—U. D. R. A. M.—Meets the first Friday night in each month at 8:30 o'clock. Visiting companions cordially invited. J. K. PALMER, H. P.

G. F. MORGAN, Sec.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

For Judge 47th Judicial District,
JOHN W. VEALE,
H. H. WALLACE.

For County Judge,
B. H. WHITE.

For Sheriff and Tax Collector
K. AYCOCK,
W. H. OLIVER,
WM. TROUP.

For County and District Clerk,
C. A. BURTON,
W. H. COCKE.

For County Treasurer,
H. D. RAMSEY.

For Tax Assessor,
G. W. BAKER,
JAMES ROBERTSON,
G. W. GRAHAM.

For Commissioner Precinct No. 1,
G. W. WASHINGTON.

For County Commissioner, Precinct 3,
J. M. SHELTON.

For County Commissioner, Precinct 4,
G. A. HEALD.

LOCAL ITEMS.

Rooms and board at Mrs. Coulter's for \$4 per week.

Fill up on turkey at the ladies' Thanksgiving dinner.

R. B. Hearn went to Kansas City Monday with cattle.

Music, mirth and plenty to eat at the band boys' supper.

Mrs. M. Rosenfield returned home Monday from Dallas.

Justice Barrett made a business trip to Whitefish this week.

Jim Cain returned Monday from Ft. Worth, Dallas and other points.

Mesdames Terry and White returned Sunday night from their Dallas visit.

The ladies of the Baptist church will serve dinner and supper on Thanksgiving.

Been pretty cool since Tuesday, and a heavy frost covered the ground Thursday morning.

Mrs. Robt. Collins went up to Denver Friday on a visit to her brother, Mr. Tom Tittle.

Frank Barnhart gave his young friends a party last Monday night in honor of his 15th birthday.

Nearly everybody here and some people from a distance will attend the supper given by the band boys.

A revival meeting will begin at the Baptist church Sunday Nov. 13. All christian people are invited to assist.

Mrs. W. E. Anderson, who has been visiting the family of her brother, S. Anderson, for some time, left for her home at Itasca Wednesday morning.

There has never been a time when Clarendon was so well stocked up with goods as now. Every store is full and the indications are that their trade will be greatly increased.

Officers arrived here Sunday night and left Monday with the two horse-thieves mentioned last week. Culp had stolen the horse and buggy at a church during meeting at El Reno, and Weaver stole a horse near Mangum, as stated last week.

Mr. Hudgin's team got away from him yesterday at the J.A. gate, four miles from town, and made a run for town where they were stopped by being headed off by some parties in the street in front of Rosenfield's store. No damage, further than some broken harness.

The Panhandle Teachers Association will meet in Clarendon the 4th and 5th of next month. Several visitors are expected to be present and all who will assist in furnishing homes for the visitors during their stay will please report to the committee at the public school.

There was filed for record this week a deed from G. M. and T. E. Bugbee to The Bugbee-Coleman Land and Cattle Co., of Jackson Co., Mo., to sections 97 and 99, block 18, and sections 7, 9, 11 and 13 in block 20, Hall county, also sections 29 and 31 in block 20, Donley county, comprising 5120 acres. Consideration \$12,800.

Nature can only feed the flame of life with the food eaten which is digested. Herbine will reinvigorate a weak stomach, and so improve digestion as to insure the natural bloom of health. Price 50cts., at Ramsey's.

The Morgan Lumber Co., will trade lumber for cattle.

Chamberlain's Buck Wheat flour. CALDWELL & JACQUES.

Mrs. T. N. Pyle visited her parents at Memphis Wednesday.

Mrs. J. T. McMullen, of Raton, N. M., is visiting Mrs. R. W. Harvey.

Rev. J. B. Cope, of Briscoe county, preached an able sermon at the Baptist church Tuesday night.

Charley Bonham, who has been working in Barrett's barber shop, leaves today for Cloud Chief, Ok., and Lloyd Blackwell takes his place.

We serve notice that the Clarendon Meat Market will keep no books after Nov. 1. Customers must purchase with cash or meat checks.

MORGAN LUMBER CO.

Every voter in the county should read Gibbs' Houston speech in Thursday's Dallas News. It presents facts that is bound to interest any thinking voter, regardless of his party.

Thousands of the most stubborn and distressing cases of piles have been cured by Tabler's Buckeye Pile Ointment. It never fails to cure. Price, 50cts. in bottles, tubes 75 cts. Sold by H. D. Ramsey.

The ladies of the Catholic church will have a regular dinner and supper on election day. In connection with the dinner and supper oysters and ice cream will also be served. The proceeds are intended to be used toward the Catholic school.

Jno. Nugent received a message Wednesday night notifying him of the death of his father in Kentucky. He left yesterday morning in response to the sad summons.

M. W. Easum received a letter from Fred Shoff this week, who left here some time ago for Klondike, and who it is thought had perished in a snowdrift. He is now in Canada, his old home. It seems he had been to the Klondike and was badly disappointed, as he said very little about it.

The most stubborn cases of Bronchitis succumb to Ballard's Horehound Syrup. Price 25 and 50cts. Sold by H. D. Ramsey.

On Wednesday evening, at 8 o'clock, at the Episcopal church, there will be a service with lecture on "Early Church History," by the Rector. All invited. Seats free.

Joe Strassberger has sold his residence to Mr. McClelland and it will be used for a rectory for the Episcopal minister. He has also sold his barber shop to P. J. Lighthouser from Miami, who has moved here and taken charge. Mr. and Mrs. Strassberger left Wednesday for Purcell, where they will live.

"Remember the Maine," but don't forget that I now have one of the newest and most up-to-date stock of clothing, boots, shoes, hosiery, caps, dress goods, trimmings, laces, notions, etc., at lowest prices ever before seen in Clarendon. Call and inspect my immense stock and get prices before buying else where.

M. ROSENFELD.

Episcopal Church Service.

Sunday Oct. 23, twentieth Sunday after Trinity, there will be Early Communion at 7:45 a. m., Sunday school and Bible class at 9:30 a. m., Morning prayer, Litany and sermon at 11 o'clock, evening song and sermon at 8 o'clock.

REV. D. HOLMES, rector.

"Many have said their children would have died of croup, if Chamberlain's Cough Remedy had not been given," write Kellam & Orrin, druggists, Seaview, Va. "People come from far and near to get it and speak of it in the highest terms." This is equally true of this remedy in every community where it is known. Buy a bottle at Stocking's drug store and test it for yourself.

The Band boys will treat you royally at their supper Monday night. Don't miss it.

When you read this paper, hand it to your neighbor, ask him to read it and send in his subscription.

Lost:—Thursday, a pair of gold rim glasses. Return to Mrs. Lieberg and get reward.

Neat candidate's cards, any size, at this office.

Have you paid your subscription for '97 or renewed for '98?

H. W. TAYLOR,

DEALER IN
SHELF and HEAVY
HARDWARE.

Baker Perfect Barb and smooth Wire, Antirusting Tinware, Graniteware, Wire and Cut Nails, Paints and Oils, Saddles and Harness
Riding and walking plows
Wagons Steel Ranges and Stoves

McKullen Woven Wire Netting, Navajo Saddle Blankets, Tarpaulins and Wagon Covers.

E. CORBETT,

PRACTICAL
BOOT AND SHOE
MAKER.

CLARENDON, Tex.

Scudder's Canada maple syrup. CALDWELL & JACQUES.

Heavy snow at Texline Wednesday.

Few men in this country are better or more favorably known to the drug and medicine trade than Mr. E. J. Schall, buyer in the proprietary medicine department of the Meyer Bros. Drug Co., St. Louis. He says: "My boy came home from school with his hand badly lacerated and bleeding, and suffering great pain. I dressed the wound and applied Chamberlain's Pain Balm, freely; all pain ceased, and in a remarkably short time, it healed without leaving a scar. For wounds, sprains, swellings and rheumatism, I know of no medicine or prescription equal to it. I consider it a household necessity." Sold by Dr. Stocking.

Call on M. Rosenfield when you want any thing in the dry goods line. He will sell you better goods at lowest prices than any other place in the panhandle.

Here and There.

The rain in some sections of the country was quite acceptable, but we are needing more to fill the tanks for cattle.

Baling hay at Millin is being pushed.

Margie Harris' broken limb is doing as well as could be expected. Whitefish Sunday school and week day school are full of interest on the part of the young people.

Elder Lanehart preached two good sermons at the house of Geo. Owen, Sunday Oct. 2. He was accompanied by Mr. Walter Hamlin, of Boydston.

We noticed that Gray county people are buying various kinds of merchandise at Clarendon.

Cattle are being shipped from Gray and Donley counties quite often.

Messrs. Will Lewis and Charlie Carder were guests of Mr. Geo. Owen last week. Mr. Lewis is largely interested in buying and selling cattle.

Rev. Baker, of Whitefish, having been away did not fill his appointment on McClelland. NIX.

"I can't see how any family lives without Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy," says J. R. Adams, a well known druggist, of Genevys, Ala., in a letter inquiring the price of a dozen bottles, that he might not only have it for use in his own family, but supply it to his neighbors. The reason some people get along without it, is because they do not know its value, and what a vast amount of suffering it will save. Wherever it becomes known and used, it is recognized as a necessity, for it is the only remedy that can always be depended upon for children and adults. For sale by Dr. Stocking.

Clarendon College

University Training School,
Located at Clarendon, Texas.

Rev. J. W. ADKISSON, A. M., President.

The first term of this institution will open September the 5th, 1898. All the usual departments of a school of high grade will be opened for the accommodation of students, together with Primary and Preparatory departments.

This is a new enterprise established in our North West Texas country soliciting the moral and material support of our citizens. Such support is reasonably and confidently expected. A competent faculty is being organized and first class, thorough work will be done under the administration of experienced school talent. The College will seek to subserve the moral, social and financial good of the people, and to this end public sympathy and patronage are solicited.

For particulars address the President, Clarendon, Texas.

ROBT. SAWYER,

Dealer in
LUMBER.

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Building Material, Etc
Stock New, best quality and prices low. Call and see.

CLARENDON, TEXAS.

G. C. HARTMAN,

Dealer in
Hardware, Stoves, Tinware, Ammunition, Cutlery and
GASOLINE AND OIL STOVES.

Roofing Paint, Machine Oil and Binder
Twine.

All kinds of Flue work, Tin Work and Repairing.

Clarendon, Texas.

Agent for McMullen wire fencing, poultry and hog netting.

CLARENDON

Livery Stable,
EASUM & TERRY, Pros.

Best Equipped Stable in the Panhandle.

First-Class Turnouts, Horses boarded, Feed sold cheap. Drummers Accommodated.

I. E. JONES

General Grocer.

Buy and Sell All Kinds of Produce.

Clarendon, Texas.

CLARENDON MEAT MARKET,

Morgan Lumber Co.,
Proprietor,

Beef, Veal and Mutton, Always Fresh, Fat and Jucy.
Vegetables, Fish and Oysters in Season.

Clarendon, Texas.

**M. W. EASUM,
DRAYMAN**

And Dealers in
COAL AND WOOD,
Clarendon, Texas.

This Paper and The New Time Both One Year for only \$1.65.

Business Locals.

Comb honey. Caldwell & Jacques.

H. W. Taylor for paints and oil.

Writing tablets and pencils at Ramsey's.

Antirusting tinware at H. W. Taylor's.

School books adopted by the state for sale by Ramsey.

See the saddles and harness that H. W. Taylor is making.

Pencils, pens, tablets and all school supplies, cheap at Ramsey's.

See the Magestic steel range at H. W. Taylor's.

Barrett strives to please his customers both in shaving and hair-cutting.

For well casing and pipe of all kinds go to Taylor's.

Barrett, the barber, keeps his razors keen and nerves steady and can give you a shave that is a pleasure.

The law sets the price and names the school books you shall use. Ramsey keeps them.

Car load of well pipe and casing just received at Taylors.

Full stock of all kinds of state adoption school books at Ramsey's.

Mrs. L. Graves and Miss Edna Smith are running a dress-making establishment and teaching the World's Fair Premium chart cutting in the rear of Miss Porter's millinery store. Their prices are reasonable and your patronage will be appreciated.

Anderson has this week a fresh stock of both Eastern and California can goods.

The quality is first class in every particular and the price will be as low as the lowest. These goods are shipped in carload lots, which places them here at as low a price as goods can be placed here. New York full cream cheese, Swiss cheese, Cranberries, Old Style Buckwheat Flour—the real old truck like our grandmothers used. The finest Maple Syrup Comb Honey, Boiled Oiler, Apple Butter, the finest pure Fruit Preserves; in fact every thing first-class in the grocery line. Remember our high grade flour only \$2.25 per cwt, every sack guaranteed. For cooking and heating stoves there is no line of stoves brought to this country that has the excellence vouched for by every user. Every stove guaranteed or no sale. Genuine Baker wire only \$2.30. See Anderson when you want strictly high grade goods.

Don't hesitate to come after night to do your trading if it isn't convenient to come in day time. My new gas lights bring out every color distinctly in dress goods, clothing etc.

MORRIS ROSENFELD.

Mary Anderson's Little Boy.

Mary Anderson, who is now Mrs. de Navarro, and lives in England, has allowed herself her new English home for her two-year-old baby to be photographed for the first time for publication. Some twenty pictures have been made, and the best of these will appear in an early issue of The Ladies Home Journal. The baby's picture is, of course, the central one of interest.

Look at the Record.

First came the I. and G. N. receivership scandal and Hogg's "intervention" to secure soft railroad positions for Duncan, Finley and Campbell; then the bellicose attitude of Jay Gould and Hogg's first compromise with the "Wizard of Wall Street" and Duncan and Finley's retirement from the road, the latter receiving as compensation for thirty days' service as general attorney for the I. and G. N. \$13,000; so the published proceedings at the time said.

Next came the scrap with the Katy railroad and another compromise and a special act of the Legislature permitting this corporation to operate two "parallel" lines of railroad within the State, in violation of the State constitution. Then came the passage of the alien land law and its subsequent modification to permit the trust companies to speculate in Texas lands and hold large tracts out of use for foreign land syndicates.

Next came the decision of the Federal Supreme Court annulling the rulings of the railroad commission and the compromise with the railroads, whereby the sons and sons-in-law of eminent Democrats were put into soft positions in their general offices. Then came the compromise of 1894 by which the goldites were given the platform in exchange for the offices. Then came Charlie Culberson's "jump" off the '94 platform and his dicker with the black-and-tan Republicans and the shameless bribery of the negro school teachers and misappropriation of millions of dollars of the children's school money.

Next came the compromise with the S. P. railroad for \$50,000—\$25,000 to the State and \$25,000 to Col. Hogg in a suit involving over \$2,000,000. Then came the misappropriation of \$150,000 annually for seven years of the school fund, paid to negro political teachers to bunch the negroes on election day and vote them for the Tyler bosses. And last comes the \$10,100 fee to Col. Hogg for collecting a claim which Joe Sayers collected for the State in exchange for the gubernatorial nomination.

If this record doesn't blast the fortunes of the Democratic politicians and spell binders, then they are proof positive against just censure or criticism. Such a record would damn any other party, in any other state in the Union. If, with the record before them, the people again place the Democratic party in power in Texas, they will deserve all the misery it will entail on them. And the half of its political sins has not been told—Mercury.

Democrats say: "Did we not stop that \$450,000 per annum steal?" Maybe so, but you let it run for seven years under Hogg and Culberson and all the time telling the common people that it was a populist lie. You let it run up to three million one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, as you will see by multiplying Superintendent Carlisle's figures by seven. When Hogg had retired a magnate, and Culberson thought he had fixed himself in the United States senate, you may have checked it. Four hundred and fifty thousand from the children's money each year for political purposes would have killed any opposition party on earth. You have used enough of the children's money to fix Mexicans and colored political bosses to build the Relief railroad. It will be known in every school house.—Ex.

Many democrats will not defend the \$10,100 fee, but say that the party is not responsible. Yet the party is trying to promote Culberson and Sayers, the men who worked the game that has injured Texas in the East and made her people shamefaced at home. Sayers is afraid to say that he will veto the fee, and Culberson is afraid to say that he will not ask the Legislature to pay it.—Mercury.

The Hall county Herald, a democratic paper, says of Hall county's populist judge. "No county judge in years has stayed at the courthouse and attended to business as closely as Judge Pardue, and that without ex officio. Perhaps this was partly due to his not going galavanting over the country on a free pass all of his term."

Claude Locals.

Claude Eagle.
Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Monroe Blanton on the 12th inst., a boy. Mother and son doing well.

Dr. Warner was out surveying his pasture, south of town, Thursday, preparatory to fencing and stocking it with Herefords.

M. L. Smith, of Washburn, moved his furniture to Claude this week preparatory to entering his children in our public school.

D. H. White closed a deal a few days ago, selling his farm six miles north of town to a Mr. Childress, of Arkansas. Consideration \$1800 cash.

The Eagle man, and family, visited Clarendon the latter part of this week. Clarendon is a good town enjoying a steady and healthy growth, but O, my, how the sand does fly.

Sheriff P. H. Lynch and Deputy C. Wolf went to Canyon City Sunday night in charge of the two men who have been in jail here charged with the killing of a contractor near Canyon a short time ago.

The ladies of the Baptist church gave a supper last night (Friday) for the benefit of the building fund. In addition to a general supper there was an abundance of ice cream and cake. Amount of proceeds not learned.

O. C. Davis came down from Amarillo on a short visit Friday returning the same night. He goes to Canyon City this (Saturday) morning where he has accepted a position with the Pecos Valley Ry., as day operator.

We are very sorry to report that our friend and neighbor J. F. Wilson was stricken with paralysis of the right leg and is at this writing unable to leave his bed. His right side and arm are affected to some extent but are not so badly affected as to entirely deaden the sensibility. We are glad, however to learn that there is some improvement in his condition and wish for him a speedy recovery.

GILES GOSSIP.

A letter from Giles last week after the paper was printed contained the following items:

Shoe Bars shipped two trains of cattle to parties in Iowa.

J. J. Simpkins sold sections 61 and 80 to Curtis Bros. and also 18 horses and 130 cattle, consideration \$3700.

P. C. Johnson bought the home section of Mr. Greenwood for \$640. The enrollment at the Giles school is 33.

Lyle Mevis is now breaking on the Denver out of Clarendon north.

Dizziness, loss of appetite, flatulency and nausea are all connected with dyspepsia or indigestion. Herbine will give prompt relief. Price 50c., at Ramsey's.

Hogg, when governor, refused to receive \$80,000 sugar bounty money offered to Texas by the United States, which money was due under the law, but did not hesitate to solicit a fee of \$10,000 out of the state treasury for collecting a similar claim, which should have been looked after by the state's salaried attorneys. And to make the matter worse it turns out that the United States was swindled out of \$45,000 on the latter claim, which amount had been paid long ago. But Major Sayers endorses all these acts in nearly every speech, so it may be accepted as correct democratic doctrine and practice, and an earnest of like performance in future.—Houston Times.

Only 2c per week will get this paper if taken by the year

100 Envelopes 40c.
With name and address 40c, printed and post paid at this office.



Ere's Your Industrial West, the Pioneer Populist Paper.
General and local news kept up with. Every person in the Panhandle should take it. Only \$1 per year.

Populist State Ticket.

Governor—Barnett Gibbs of Dallas.
Lieut. Gov.—Hon. E. W. Kirkpatrick of Cullin county.
Attorney general—C. H. Jenkins, of Brown.

Comptroller—E. P. Alsbury of Harris county.
State treasurer—J. B. Barry of Bosque county.
Land commissioner—H. L. Bentley of Taylor county.

Superintendent of public instruction—V. A. Collins of VanZandt county.
Railroad commissioner—Jake Farley of Dallas county.

Judge supreme court—T. J. McMin of Bexar county.
Judge court of criminal appeals—J. M. Hurt, of Dallas.

State chairman—J. S. Bradley of McLennan county.
State committeeman at large—E. P. Alsbury of Harris county and Henry F. Jones of Comanche county.

The beautiful grain crops in Texas this year, with the promise of good corn and cotton crops, and high prices of cattle and the general prosperity attending agriculture in the state, should enable and entitle every man, woman and child to take a vacation. The great Trans-Mississippi Exposition, now open at Omaha, offers the most enviable opportunity possible for seeing in a short time the wonderful end-of-the-century exhibit of the product of farm and field, of mine and forest, of land and sea, as well as everything worth seeing in the arts and sciences. It is a grand source of instruction and of pleasure. It will demonstrate the greatness of the country in which we live, and particularly of the "New West," in a comprehensive and interesting way. It will in all probability be the last chance in many years of attending anything approaching so great an exhibition. The trip can be made from Texas with but little cost over the Great Rock Island Route, the only road from Texas running to Omaha over its own rails. For folders, rates, etc., address

CHAS. B. SLOAT,
G. P. A., C. R. I. & T. Ry.,
Fort Worth, Tex.

To Jackshoro By Rail.

The Rock Island line is now completed to Jackshoro, and commencing with Aug. 29th, regular train service was inaugurated with following schedule:

Leave Jackshoro 6:00 a. m.
Arv. Ft. Worth 10:10 a. m.
Returning
Leave Ft. Worth 3:50 p. m.
Arv. Jackshoro 8:15 p. m.
For the present, trains will be run daily except Sunday.

W. F. ORTON,
C. P. & T. A.,
Cor. 5th & Main,
Ft. Worth, Tex.

Neat candidate cards, any size, this office.

Cotton Belt Route

No interruption of train service to the Southeast. This line now operates Double Daily train service between Texas and the Southeast via Cairo on the following schedule:

Lv. Ft. Worth 10:15 a. m.—10:10 p. m.
" Dallas 11:00 a. m.—11:00 p. m.
" Greenville 1:30 p. m.—1:08 a. m.
" Sherman 10:40 a. m.—1:08 a. m.
" Waco 7:20 a. m.—7:40 p. m.
" Corsicana 9:20 a. m.—10:00 p. m.
" Tyler 12:55 p. m.—12:45 a. m.
" Texarkana 7:45 p. m.—5:35 a. m.
" Pine Bluff 1:40 a. m.—12:40 p. m.
Ar. Cairo 1:15 p. m.—12:40 a. m.
Lv. " 2:10 p. m.—3:08 a. m.
Ar. Nashville 10:00 p. m.—1:40 p. m.
" Chattanooga 3:08 a. m.—9:35 p. m.
" Atlanta 7:30 a. m.

Through free Chair Cars, and Pullman Sleepers are run between Texas and Cairo without charge; also Pullman Sleepers and through coaches between Cairo and Nashville.

The "Cotton Belt" is now the only line operating double daily train service between Texas and the Southeast without any lay over or interruption of delay. If you want to go to the "Old States" and don't want to be delayed by quarantine restrictions, purchase your ticket over the Cotton Belt. For rates and full particulars see any Cotton Belt Agent, or write,
A. A. GLISSON, T. P. A.,
Fort Worth, Texas,
or S. G. WARNER, G. P. A.,
Tyler, Texas.

Mark This. The Arriving Time Nashville is exactly the same as it was via Memphis.

CLUB RATES

We will furnish the following papers and this paper at the annexed prices for the two:

News, (Galveston or Dallas), \$1.80
Southern Mercury 1.50
Texas Live Stock Journal, 1.50
Scientific American, 3.50
Phrenological Journal, 1.50
Chicago Express 1.50
Texas Farm and Ranch, 1.50

Populist Platform.

In Behalf of the Whole People.

We, the People's party of Texas, in convention assembled, renew our allegiance to the undying principles of the People's party, as enunciated at Omaha and St. Louis. We congratulate the president of the United States on the efficient and successful prosecution of the war between Spain and the United States. With the most profound feeling of kinship and national loyalty, devoid of all sectionalism, we most heartily embrace this opportunity of declaring our soldiers and sailors the bravest, the most loyal, gallant and efficient of the world.

1. We demand the speedy construction and operation of the Nicaragua canal by the government of the United States.

2. We demand that no government bonds shall be issued in time of war or peace.

3. The war between the United States and Spain was its inception declared and understood to be in the interest of humanity and not for conquest. We cordially endorse this sentiment and demand that the war shall be vigorously prosecuted to a successful termination on these lines and in this spirit, and we now and here pledge to the president and his administration our co-operation to that end.

4. We endorse the Omaha agreement of July 17, 1898, and we further endorse the action of our national committee-men at said conference. We arraign the state Democracy for the past quarter of a century. Its platform promises are now a list of its past failures. Pledged to reduce the number of district judges it has increased them. Pledged to protect the interest of shippers it has levied a tribute of "all the traffic will bear," and when violations of its laws are discovered it has compromised with the corporations for a pittance to the people and an equal or greater sum to its political henchmen. Pledged to donate 500,000 acres of public lands to the colored race for educational purposes, it had no public land nor has it any now. Pledged to honest elections, it holds office by Harrison county methods, and the illegal Mexican vote of the border. Pledged to carry out the constitutional provisions requiring six months' public free school in the year, they have failed signally to do this, except in a few instances, notwithstanding the fact that for several years under the Jester amendment one per cent of the permanent school fund has been annually transferred to the available fund and also that \$1,200,000 of local funds have been used in one year to supplement the state and county funds. Pledged to economize, it has persistently increased the taxes of the people. Pledged to reserve the public domain for actual settlers, it has donated the people's heritage to railroads and non-resident aliens, individual and corporate. Pledged to reduce official fees and salaries, it enacted a law that many of its own partisans will not defend. Pledged to economize in the expenditures of government, it filibustered against an appropriation bill that would have saved to the taxpayers \$500,000. Pledged to prevent discrimination against any kind of lawful money, it has defeated a bill prohibiting gold contracts. Pledged to free silver, it has selected for nomination candidates for governor and lieutenant governor who have been declared by their own henchmen to be in harmony with the gold wing of the party and in league with the corporations of the state. To the end that Texans may escape the evils herein enumerated, we appeal to all good citizens to unite with us in the great struggle we are now making for state reforms, which it is possible to secure in the near future.

1. We declare the railroad commission has utterly failed to perform its plain duty to the people of Texas in persistently refusing to properly exert its lawful powers in securing reasonable freight rates. While recognizing a railroad commission as tentative and asserting that government ownership is the final solution of the problem; we yet declare that a railroad commission can and should materially reduce freight rates in Texas. Therefore we demand the construction and operation by the state of Texas of a relief railroad from Red river to the gulf.

2. We demand the speedy enactment of laws establishing a people's government, under the system of direct legislation, known as the initiative, referendum and imperative mandate.

3. We are opposed to increasing our interest-bearing bonded debt without a direct vote of the people, state county or municipal.

4. We demand the reduction of fees and salaries of all officials to correspond with labor and its products.

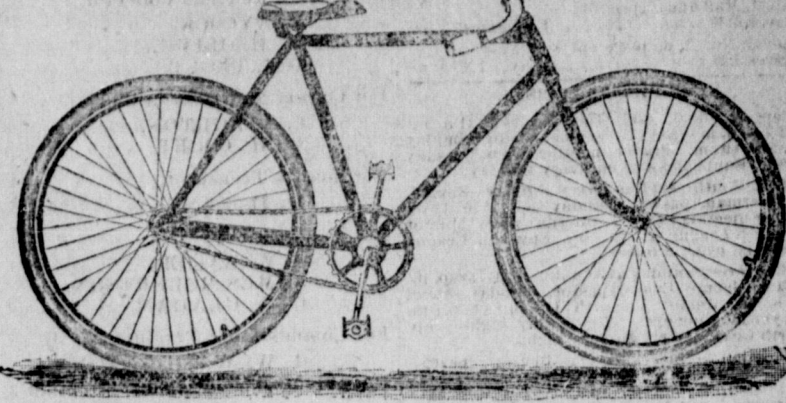
5. We demand an economical state administration and a reduction of expenses to the lowest limit consistent with efficient public service.

6. We demand an efficient free school system commensurate at all times with the growth and development of the state, and that text-books be furnished public school pupils by the state at actual cost, and we further demand that where the law provides that school trustees shall be appointed to take census that white trustees shall be ap-

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Printed to take the census of white children and colored trustees shall be appointed to take the census of colored children, to the end that each race may have the more complete management of its own school affairs.

7. We demand that no citizen of Texas be disfranchised in local elections because he is not a free-holder, and we demand purity at the ballot-box, a free ballot and a fair count.

8. We demand that any officer, sheriff and constable excepted, who accept and use passes shall be removed from office.

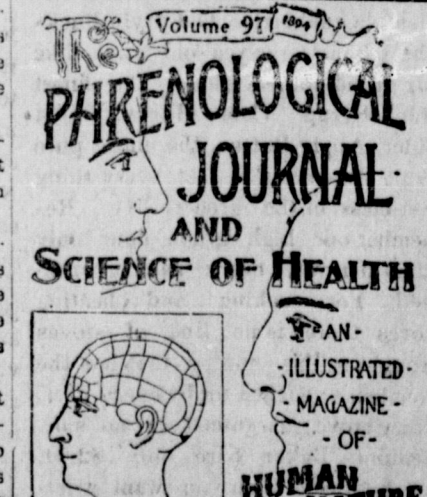
9. We denounce the cumbersome judicial system of this state, consisting as it does of seven appellate courts, whose decisions conflict, entailing on the state the expenses of seven appellate courts without virtue of one.

10. We condemn the mismanagement of the state Confederate Home, and object to it and the propositions made to the same being used by high officials as campaign purposes in the interest of cliques or rings, but favor the maintenance of the home in the interest of the disabled Confederate soldiers, only granting them the right to remain at home with their families on a pension per month not to exceed the cost to comfortably maintain them in the state home.

11. We demand that a constitutional amendment be submitted to the people of Texas to repeal the Jester amendment, which amendment now provides that 1 per cent of the permanent school fund may be transferred annually to the available fund; and demand that the legislature provide sufficient and safe investment for all the permanent school fund at not less than 4 per cent per annum.

We denounce the occupation tax laws enacted by the twenty-fifth legislature and demand their repeal.

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