

The Industrial West.

One dollar a year in advance.

Charity for the unfortunate, justice for the oppressed.

Advertising rates on application.

Vol. 11.

CLARENDON, DONLEY COUNTY, TEXAS, FRIDAY, MARCH 16, 1900

No 51

J. S. MORRIS, M. D.
Local Surgeon F. W. & D. R'y.

CLARENDON - TEXAS
T. H. WESTBROOK,
Physician and Surgeon.
CLARENDON, TEXAS.
Office over Jones' store.

Special attention to Diseases of Women.
S. J. WHITE,

-Physician and Surgeon-
offers his professional service
to the people of Clarendon
and vicinity. Office west of
Taylor's hardware store.

Established 1889.
A. M. Beville,
Fire, Life and Accident In-
surance Agent.
Land and Collecting Agent
and Notary Public.
Prompt attention to all business.
Clarendon, Texas.

E. CORBETT,
PRACTICAL
BOOT AND SHOE
MAKER,
CLARENDON, Tex.

I. W. CARHART & SON,
Real Estate.
Represent Mutual Life Insurance
Company of New York.
Clarendon, Tex.

Art Studio
Artistic Copying and En-
larging.
Photography a Specialty,
both in Gloss and Mat finish.
Address all orders to
MISS. M. L. FORBES,
CLARENDON, TEXAS.

J. N. BOZEMAN,
Painter and Paper Hanger,
All Kinds of
Decorating.

JAMES HARDING
Merchant
Tailor.

Fashion, Neatness and dur-
ability are special points in
all work.

B. R. HOOKS,
Carpenter and
Contractor.
Plans and Specifications Fur-
nished.
Estimates Carefully Prepared.
Clarendon, Texas.

W. P. BLAKE,
NOTARY PUBLIC.

Acknowledgments and other no-
tary work solicited.

E. G. SENTER,
203 1/2 DALLAS, TEXAS
General Attorney Texas Press As-
sociation.

Now is the Time.
In the interest of your own welfare,
now is the time to enlighten yourself as
to the best place, and to begin provid-
ing for your next summer's comfort and
pleasures. With this in view, consider
the matchless climate, the grandeur of
scenery and the numerous resorts of
Colorado.
Drop a postal to W. F. Sterley, A. G.
P. A. or A. A. Gilson, G. A. P. D. of
"The Denver Road," at Fort Worth,
Texas, and you will be provided with
exhaustive and magnificently illustrated
literature without expense.

THE INFANCY PASSED.

Southern States Taking the Lead in
New Industries.

NEW ONES ON FOOT.

They Are of All Kinds, but Cotton Mills
Are the Most Prominent—Brighter
Prospects Never Occurred
in Any Country.

Baltimore, March 13.—Though many
years must pass before any southern
state will possess such a variety and so
great a number of industries scattered
all over its territory that the general ac-
tivity of the whole state will not permit
anyone undertaking to be distinctive,
great strides in that direction have al-
ready been made. The Manufacturers'
Record, alluding to this, points out that
the south has already its centers of man-
ufacturing of one kind or another, which
came to mind whenever the name of cer-
tain localities are mentioned. Newport
with its shipbuilding, Charlotte with its
cottonmills, Birmingham with its iron
and steel, Mount Pleasant with its phos-
phates, Corsicana with its petroleum,
Peachontas with its coal, and Beaumont
with its lumber, are illustrations.

Of course, there are other places;
Richmond with its locomotive works,
its tobacco factories, woodenware works,
iron-working establishments, shipyard
and abattoirs; Norfolk with its lumber
mills, woodworking establishments, ma-
chine shops and other activities growing
from its importance as a railroad termi-
nal and point of export; Anniston with
its iron interests and car shops; Knox-
ville, Chattanooga, Nashville, Greens-
boro, Augusta, Georgetown, Brunswick,
New Orleans, Little Rock, Houston and
Galveston where diversification of indus-
tries has assumed more or less large
proportions, while in other cities and
towns to the industrial and commercial
life has been quickened, and week by
week one undertaking after another is
entering the field as business organiza-
tions are putting forth efforts in support
of establishing industries and for the
purpose of inducing others to come in
their direction.

The experimental stage of the south's
return for a cultivation of its industrial
energies has been passed. With increas-
ing railroad facilities, with a market
close at hand made by the development
of the large enterprises dealing with
raw material from the forests, fields and
the mines, the reputation of cities al-
ready established in special lines must
become greater, while the number of
cities occupied in diversified industries
and the number of these industries must
increase. The time required for a realiza-
tion of the possibilities in this direc-
tion is determined by the southern peo-
ple themselves.

For the impetus given to industrial
activity in the south the developments
of iron manufacturing has been largely
responsible. It has become of such im-
portance that the south is now virtually
interested in everything pertaining to
iron at home and abroad.

Industrial Notes.
Local capitalists may erect another
cottonmill at Denison, Tex.
Corsicana, Tex., is in a fair way to
have another oil refinery.
At Columbia, S. C., the charters of
three cottonmills were sanctioned with a
combined capital of \$750,000.
Farmers around Raleigh, N. C., will
plant more cotton this year than tobacco
on account of the low price of tobacco
last year.

A cottonmill with a paid up capital of
\$200,000 was organized at Valdosta, Ga.
A packinghouse is the latest possibil-
ity at Corsicana, Tex.
A yarnmill will be erected at Valdosta,
Ga.
Hillsboro, Tex., has raised \$50,000 for
a cotton mill.
The charter for a cotton mill at
Waynesboro, Ga., has been granted and
\$50,000 of the \$100,000 stock has been se-
cured.
A 100-barrel flour mill is an assured
fact at Lancaster, Tex.

A cotton mill with \$100,000 capital
stock has been perfected at Griffin, Ga.
The shipment of a carload of flour has
been made from Plano, Tex., to Cuba.
A 400-spindle cotton mill will be
erected at Tennesse, Ga.
The oil wells in the Oaage Indian re-
servation are on a paying basis.

WAS BUBONIC PLAGUE.
Investigation of the Dead Chinese in the
City of San Francisco.

San Francisco, March 13.—At a Special
meeting of the board of health, held to
consider the plague situation, Dr. Kin-
yon, the Federal quarantine officer, re-
ported all animals at the quarantine sta-
tion which were inoculated with the virus
from the body of the Chinese who ex-
pired a few days ago under suspicious
circumstances, had died with the ex-
ception of a monkey and it was in a dy-
ing condition. The autopsy on the rats
and guinea pigs showed they had devel-
oped symptoms of genuine bubonic
plague.

After discussing the matter the board
decided the Chinaman had been afflicted
with the plague.
A request was made for 100 volunteers
from among the medical profession to
make a house to house examination and
aid the board in thoroughly fumigating
and disinfecting the entire quarter.

WISE IS SEATED.

He Is Now Congressman from the Second
Virginia District.

Washington, March 13.—For the second
time within a week a Democrat was
unseated by the house and a Republican
seated in his place. R. A. Wise was
given the seat hitherto occupied by W. A.
Young from the Second Virginia dis-
trict.

Provisions to taking the vote, John S.
Wise of New York, who was formerly a
member of the house from Virginia, and
who is a brother of R. A. Wise, and his
attorney in this case, was excluded from
the hall on the protest of the Democrats
that he was abusing the privileges of the
floor, to which he was entitled by the
rules, by interfering with the debate upon
the case. The votes were exceedingly
close. While none of the Republicans
voted with the Democrats, enough
were absent and unpaired to reduce the
Republican majority upon the final vote
from 16, the normal majority, to 7.

Mr. Wise was declared entitled to the
seat by a vote of 133 to 125 and was
sworn in as a member.

Mr. Cannon called up the urgent de-
ficiency bill. It carried 14,439,580. The
principal items were \$500,000 for the
naval establishment, and \$187,000 for
the public printing office. The bill was
passed.

During almost the entire session of
the senate Mr. Rawlins of Utah occupied
the floor in a discussion of the Philip-
pine question. He went deeply into
the constitutional phases of the question.
His argument was largely legal and
technical. He is opposed to the holding
of the islands.

Eighty-six private pension bills were
passed.

Under special order the senate con-
vened at 10 o'clock, the two hours before
the regular hour of meeting to be con-
sumed in the reading of the Alaskan
civil code bill.

DEMOCRATS WON.

Judge Field Decides Legislature Has the
Right to Settle Contest.

Louisville, March 12.—A decision sus-
taining the contention of the Democrats,
that the legislature is the tribunal deter-
mining the constitution for the office of
governor and lieutenant governor, was
handed in the Circuit court this morn-
ing by Judge Fields.

The Republicans will appeal the case
to the state court of appeals and if the
decision there is against them they will
try to get a hearing before the United
States supreme court.

KENTUCKY SITUATION.

A Conflict Is Further Off Now Than for
Several Days.

Frankfort, March 13.—The situation
in Frankfort shows radical improve-
ment and prospects of a conflict are
more distant.

The developments of the next few
hours will probably settle things one
way or the other as the legislature will
adjourn sine die today and with the
departure of the legislators much pressure
will be removed.

No bills had been passed up to the
assassination of Governor Goebel and as
a result of the crisis following no mea-
sures passed ever reached Governor Tay-
lor's table. Eleven bills have since
passed and have either been approved by
Governor Beckham or are now pending
before him. It is practically settled that
Democratic Governor Beckham will
call an extra session in the event of the
court of last resort deciding in his favor
but the date of the convening of the ses-
sion will not be definitely fixed until the
court of appeals passes on the govern-
ment case.

Several companies in the state guard,
as originally constituted, have gone
over to Beckham and it is understood a
new company has been organized here
and the new companies enlisted at
Louisville and other points in the state
will be mustered in at once. Plans for
the organization of a state guard are
being perfected in anticipation of the
passage of the Triplet resolution in the
house, authorizing Castleman to arm
him as governor and carrying a special
appropriation of \$100,000 to put it into
effect.

Prisoners Reach Louisville.

Louisville, March 13.—Secretary of
State Powers and Captain Davis were
brought here from Lexington and placed
in the county jail. The prisoners were
driven from Lexington to Lawrenceburg,
where they took the Louisville Southern
train for this city.

Red Ash Victims Recovered.

Charleston, W. Va., March 13.—It is
believed all bodies in the Red Ash mine
have been recovered. Two more bodies
have been recovered, which is believed
to be the last in the mine. The full list
shows 40 dead and 6 injured, two of the
latter being in the hospital and will
probably recover. The cause of the ex-
plosion is still a matter of theory and
probably will never be determined.

Gilmore Reaches San Francisco.
San Francisco, March 13.—The naval
hospital ship Solace, Captain Dunlap,
has arrived from Manila with 33 officers
and 135 seamen. Lieutenant J. C. Gil-
more, who endured such hardships while
in captivity among the Filipinos, is a
passenger.

Negro Lynched by Negroes.

Memphis, March 12.—Thomas Clayton,
a negro of bad repute, was lynched
by negroes near Hernando, Miss., for
ravishing his 10-year old stepdaughter.
The body was riddled with bullets and
left in a cabin where it was devoured
by hogs.

REPUBLICANS SPLIT.

Ferguson and McDonald Factions
Each Have Conventions.

THE BREACH IS WIDE.

Two Sets of Delegates Selected to the
National Convention at Phila-
delphia and Two Sets of
Electors Chosen.

Waco, Tex., March 9.—The factions
controlling the Republican party in
Texas are split again and as a conse-
quence two Republican state conven-
tions were held in Waco Wednesday;
two sets of delegates to the national con-
vention and two sets of presidential elec-
tors at large were elected, and the con-
troversy is now up to the national con-
vention, which meets in Philadelphia in
June for final settlement.

Hawley and Green were chosen by
both conventions and whatever the re-
sult at Philadelphia they will be seated
as delegates.

In the resolutions adopted by the Mc-
Donald convention is a section favoring
a coalition with disaffected Democrats
and other political enemies to compass
the defeat of the present administration
in Texas.

There was significant and enthusias-
tic applause when this portion of the
resolutions was read as there had been
when Congressman Hawley in his
speech had advocated such a combina-
tion.

Of course there is unanimous endorse-
ment of President McKinley and his
administration by both wings of the
convention.

The Ferguson wing elected R. B. Haw-
ley, E. H. R. Green, C. M. Ferguson
and B. Jackson as delegates to the Phil-
adelphia convention.

Alternates were elected as follows: R.
E. Hannay of Waller county, J. A. Smith
of El Paso, M. M. Rogers of Fayette and
D. W. Shields of Grayson.

Presidential electors were chosen as
follows: At large—Paul Fricke of Wash-
ington county and Wilbur P. Crawford
of Milam.

The McDonald faction selected E. H.
R. Green, R. B. Hawley, William M.
McDonald and M. M. Rogers as dele-
gates to the national convention and
George Moore, Otis T. Bacon, J. M.
Moseley and A. L. Maynard were elected
alternates.

Edwin H. Terrell of Bexar county and
W. H. Love of Collin were the presiden-
tial electors of the McDonald faction.

Texas Cabbage at St. Louis.

St. Louis, March 10.—The first carload
of new crop cabbage arrived in St. Louis
Thursday from Rio Grande, Tex., over
the Missouri, Kansas and Texas railway.
The cabbage was as fresh, apparently,
as if it had just been cut out
of a home garden. Its advent on Third
street created something of a commotion
among the commission men, all of whom
were anxious to get some of it. The Red-
emeyer & Hollister Commission com-
pany, to whom it was consigned, sold it
at fancy prices, at auction, as the
bidding was lively.

Belgian Electoral Law.

Brussels, March 12.—The electoral law
of Belgium provides that every man be-
tween the ages of 21 and 25 years who
shall pay \$1 per year in taxes will be
entitled to vote one ballot; married men,
over 25 years of age, will have two bal-
lots each, and if such married men shall
own real estate or government bonds or
savings bank deposits producing an in-
come of \$30 a year they will have three
ballots each.

Assistant Surgeons.

Washington, March 12.—The president
sent the following nominations to the
senate for assistant surgeons in the ma-
rine hospital service:
Thomas D. Berry of Texas, B. H. East
of South Carolina, M. Glover of West
Virginia, E. J. Lloyd of Texas, John D.
Long of Pennsylvania and Allen J. Mc-
Laurin of New Jersey.

Double Murder and a Lynching.

Waldosta, Ga., March 13.—Word has
been received here of a double murder
and lynching near Jennings, Fla. Two
white men by the name of Carver were
killed by a negro whose name could not
be learned. The negro was captured by
the sheriff. A mob quickly gathered,
took the negro away from the officers
and swung him to a tree.

Desperado Killed.

Albuquerque, March 12.—Samuel San-
doval, a young desperado, was killed
and several citizens wounded in a battle
at the town of Atarique, which followed
an attempt to arrest Sandoval and Juan
Mestas, who had been "shooting up the
town." Mestas was captured.

Wanted His Gallows Tested.

Pensacola, Fla., March 12.—Wayman
King, a negro, was executed here Friday
for the murder of his sweetheart, Vic-
toria Watkins. King helped to erect
the gallows and when the work was
finished jokingly suggested that another
negro be put on first as a test.

Epidemic of Smallpox.

Middleboro, Ky., March 13.—An epi-
demic of smallpox is prevailing at Bar-
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so serious that all schools have been
closed. No deaths have yet been re-
ported.

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Templeton sentenced Henry Brown and
Bob McKinney, two negro murderers, to
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sentences.

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He Makes Many Changes as to the
Makeup of the Capital.

Topeka, March 13.—The main pur-
pose of the paper will be to influence its
readers to seek first the kingdom of
God.

The Rev. Charles M. Sheldon, who
yesterday assumed editorial and business
control of the Daily Capital, which he
will retain one week, made this an-
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lining his policy. The paper will be ab-
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ical news will be given scant notice.

All editorial and important local mat-
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will be no Sunday paper, but instead a
Saturday evening paper suitable for Sun-
day reading.

"May God bless the use of this paper
to the glory of his kingdom on earth,"
says Rev. Sheldon in concluding his
leader.

A page is devoted to local news, and
the leading features are reports of a tem-
perance revival and an anti-cigarette
meeting.

Mr. Sheldon instructed the police re-
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crime to write a bare statement of the
facts. If he had the space instead of
filling it up with the usual details, he

would go into a discussion of the causes
leading up to the crime.

During a conference with his staff the
sporting editor remarked that there
would be a bowling contest at the Young
Men's Christian association rooms.

"I think," said Mr. Sheldon, "that
that is good clean sport. You may print
it."

The dramatic editor asked for instruc-
tions about theaters.

"We shall not want anything of that
kind," Mr. Sheldon said.

"One page was reserved for telegraph
news, which ordinarily occupies about
three times that space. The Associated
Press report is necessarily being 'blue
pencil' with a vengeance.

The market reports were cut from four
columns to one. All quotations on stocks
and bonds, giving options and other
matter involving transactions in futures
were consigned to the waste basket, and
only the actual cash prices of grain,
products, etc., were quoted.

A notable feature of the paper is the
method of handling advertisements.
They are banished from the news and
editorial pages and bunched in places
reserved for them. The censorship here
is rigid as to what should be accepted.
No patent medicines, corset advertise-
ments with pictures, or such are per-
mitted. No retail advertisements from
Kansas City or other out of town trad-
ers will be accepted. Dr. Sheldon hold-
ing that this would be an injustice to
home merchants.

The \$20 suit of clothes for \$14.75 style
of advertising is also barred.

The Capital appeared with a radical
change in style and makeup. Practic-
ally, the only feature that is familiar to
its readers is the title headline. The
first page, for instance, ordinarily de-
voted exclusively to telegraph news is
given up to discussion on what Mr. Shel-
don considers the most important ques-
tions now before the world. There are
four leading articles on this page, the
first being devoted to the famine in In-
dia, the second to militarism, the Kansas
prohibitory law and an appeal for a
home for consumptives at Denver.

The editorial matter is switched from
the fourth to the second page. Follow-
ing the title and announcement appear
a list of the employees of the paper from
editor down to galley-boy, which will be
kept standing throughout the week.

The leading editorial is an outline of
the paper's policy during the week.

Pretty Widow Sentenced.
Little Rock, March 13.—Mrs. Florence
Beasley, ex-postmistress at Spiro, I. T.,
who was arrested at Fort Smith on a
charge of embezzling postoffice funds,
entered a plea of guilty and was sen-
tenced to 90 days in jail at Fort Smith
on the same day Mrs. Beasley's father
J. W. Smith, was convicted in the same
court at Cameron, I. T., of embezzle-
ment while he was agent of the Kansas
City, Pittsburg and Gulf railroad at
Spiro. Mrs. Beasley, who is a pretty
widow, does not grieve over her fate.
She apparently expected a severe sen-
tence.

A Railroad Rumor.
Austin, Tex., March 12.—It is rumored
that the Missouri, Kansas and Texas
Railway company had given notice of
its withdrawal from membership of the
southwestern freight committee.

Wound Was Fatal.
Wolmar, Tex., March 10.—H. Fry
Siger accidentally shot himself with a
38-caliber pistol, the bullet entered near
the right eye. He died from the wound

on March 11.

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tions about theaters.

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BURNED TO DEATH.

Fifteen Persons Perish in a Tenement
House Fire at Newark.

Newark, N. J., March 13.—Fifteen
persons, a majority of whom were
children, burned to death in a tenement
house at Morris and Fourteenth avenues
about 5 yesterday morning. Thirteen
bodies have been recovered from the
ruins.

The building was a 3-story frame
structure formerly used as a church but
transformed into a tenement house with
small rooms, scarcely 8x10 feet in dimen-
sions, opening into narrow hallways on
both the second and third floor, forming
a veritable fire trap.

THE FRANCHISE TAX.
Judge Morris Holds It Is Unconstitu-
tional as to Railroad.

Austin, March 12.—Judge Frank G.
Morris, judge of the Fifty-third judicial
district, here, has rendered a decision
that the law taxing franchises of rail-
roads is unconstitutional.

The case came up in a joint suit of
the State of Texas and County of Travis
against the Austin and Northwestern
railway company for collection of tax on
franchise.

The case will be appealed to a higher
court.

Famous Theater Burned.

INDUSTRIAL WEST.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY BY
W. P. BLAKE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
Subscription price, \$1 per annum in advance.
Mailed at the Post Office at Clarendon, Tex.,
as Second-class Matter.
Clarendon, Texas, Mar. 16 1900.

TARRANT county populists are out in strong resolutions condemning the fusion plans of the Lincoln committee.

We have received from Congressman Stephens a copy of The Handbook of Agriculture, containing considerable information to interest the agriculturist. The government, however, makes a mistake in not bringing out such books nearer up-to-date. The date of the above is 1896.

THE English, by force of odds in numbers, are encroaching on Boer territory, but the war is by no means ended yet. Oom Paul predicted that the war would stagger humanity, and President Steyn declares that Europe shall be astonished before she quits the field victorious. The Transvaalers will at least prove that it will require fully seven Englishmen to whip one dutchman.

THE new currency law increases in three ways the bank's profits from issuing currency: By allowing them to issue notes up to the par value of their bonds, instead of only 90 per cent, as at present; by providing a new low priced bond which requires less money to be tied up in premiums; and by reducing the tax on circulation from 1 per cent to a half of 1 per cent on all notes issued on these new bonds. As a result of these changes a bank will be able to make a profit ranging from a small fraction up to a little over 1 per cent on the issue of notes, whereas there is no profit and in some cases a positive loss in issuing currency as the law stands at present.

THE Washington correspondent of the Chicago Record says D. B. Hill has made no public utterance of his views recently, but privately he talks with great freedom and emphasis, and has been working very hard for months to get men on the delegation who will stand with him and prevent the nomination of Colonel Bryan, which he says would be simply turning over the democratic party to the populists. He further says Mr. Hill intends to make the fight of his life at Kansas City, and has been in training for it for months. He is in correspondence with old line democrats in every part of the country, trying to organize the opposition, and Perry Belmont thinks he will win. Nobody can find out how much encouragement he has received. He keeps his secrets well, but there may be some surprises at Kansas City. An old mossback predicted that the New York delegation would be against Bryan, no matter what promises Croker had made.

The officers elected by the Cattle Raisers' association this session are, R. J. Kleberg president, Murdo McKenzie 1st vice president, L. F. Wilson 2nd vice-president, J. C. Loving secretary, S. B. Burnett treasurer. The following were chosen to compose the new executive committee: R. J. Kleberg of Alice, S. B. Burnett of Fort Worth, A. P. Bush, Jr. of Colorado City, A. G. Boyce of Channing, C. B. Willingham of New Mexico, W. W. Turney of El Paso, John T. Lytle of Lytle, Geo. J. Bird of San Angelo, J. C. Loving of Fort Worth, Charles Goodnight of Palo Pinto, T. D. Woods of Victoria, Abner Wilson of Oklahoma and J. O. Hill of the Indian Territory.

The ownership of telegraph and railroad lines has been found by most governments to be an absolute necessity. We believe the United States will have to follow suit—Quannah Tribune.

Must be becoming a populist, Harry. A few years ago it was only paternalistic cranks that advocated such a thing. What's getting the matter with you?

A. W. Henson was badly wounded and his son, Joe, was killed in a difficulty at their home, near Minocla. Dr. W. J. Brown and Leon Brown of the Indian territory surrendered to officers.

Over 4000 head of high grade cattle were on exhibition at the Fort Worth fat stock show.

Giant Against Pigmy.

Great Britain now has in South Africa 180,600 men, 37,800 of whom are mounted men, with which to destroy and capture a maximum force of 59,000 men defending the Transvaal. Under authority from London 26,000 mounted men have thus far been raised in South Africa, and the colonies have furnished 4698 mounted and 2375 unmounted men.

There are today a total of 410 British guns in or en route to South Africa. Of this number 36 are siege train guns and 38 naval guns, a total of 74 heavy guns of position; 36 are 5 inch howitzers, which are moved with the troops and throw a very heavy shell, carrying 50 pounds of lyddite; 54 guns belong to the horse artillery and 234 guns to the field artillery, making, counting the howitzers, 324 guns which accompany the troops in the field. In addition there are two mountain batteries of six guns each with the British force.

The British intelligence department estimates that in the Transvaal are liable to military service 31,579 men; in the Orange Free State 20,000, a total of 51,579. The number of men likely to join the Boers from the colonies is placed at 4000, and the estimated number of foreigners likely to come into the country and join the Transvaal force 4000, a total of 59,000 in round numbers. This force has been reduced by losses in battle, notably the surrender of Cronje's army. As the Transvaal has no reserve upon which to draw, military men say this is the maximum force with which it can resist the British invasion.

The Boers have 110 guns to respond to the fire of the 410 British weapons. Of this number 16 are 15-centimeter Creusot weapons; 21 are 37-millimeter automatic guns; 32 are 75 millimeter guns, and 4 are howitzers of 4.7-inch caliber. Besides these weapons the Transvaal forces have 18 old guns of various descriptions, and since the commencement of the war they have captured 19 British weapons. They have lost about 5000 men, taken prisoners, and six guns.

The British War Office has announced that, in addition to the troops now in South Africa, in the week ending March 3 eight ships will leave England, carrying 4700 men. During the week ending March 10 15 ships, carrying 11,800 men, will leave for South Africa; during the week ending March 18 11 ships, with 9000 men, will sail, and during the week ending March 24 nine ships, with 8900 men, are to sail. Finally, during the week ending May 31, six ships, carrying 3200 men, will sail, totaling about 38,800 men, and during the following month about 17,800 men will be ready, for whom ships have not yet been allotted. This makes a grand total of 237,400 men.—New York World.

Senator Goss on Land Law.

At the cattlemen's meeting this week, Senator Goss in speaking of the land laws at present as they affect the cowman and west Texas, he said:

"The cattlemen of west Texas, in fact of all of our people are well pleased with the present land laws. Under the provisions of these two bills most of the lands in west and northwest Texas have been placed on the market at \$1 per acre at 3 per cent interest, with a lease price of 30 per cent. North and east of the absolute lease line nearly all of the school lands have been sold. South and west of the lease line the quantity of school lands leased have been increased from 5,000,000 to over 12,000,000 acres so that the revenue derived from interest and lease of school lands has steadily increased under this legislation. Under the provisions of the law purchasers can now buy four sections and the effect of this has been to give small stockmen an opportunity to establish small ranches and to engage in stock farming. The Panhandle country a few years ago was almost abandoned, but is now settled with a prosperous class of people."

The Advocate wants Amarillo to vote \$5000 worth of bonds to finish the street and drainage work.

For all pulmonary troubles Ballard's Horehound Syrup, taken in the early stages, proves a certain and sure specific. It is equally effective in croup and whooping cough, and if used in season prevents the further development of consumption. Price 25 and 50 cents at H. D. Ramsey's drug store.

Double-Header Hearing.

The railroad commission last Saturday issued the following official notice of hearing on the double-header question:

"It is ordered that notice be and the same is hereby given to all persons interested that the railroad commission of Texas will on Tuesday, March 27, 1900, at its office in Austin, take up and consider the matter of 'double-header' trains as employed on certain railroads in Texas. It has been represented to the commission by many persons that the use of two locomotives in drawing a single train has resulted in disastrous accidents and injuries to the persons employed upon, and required in the management of such trains, and that the continued use of such trains entailing as it does for the persons employed on them extraordinary and constant hazard which are not incident to a train drawn by a single engine, constitutes an abuse requiring immediate correction. In view of such conditions it is suggested to the commission that the practice of employing more than one engine in the movement of a single train over any railroad in Texas be prohibited.

"All persons interested in the matter embraced in this notice are requested to present to the commission statements of all facts pertaining thereto on or before the day of the hearing. The commission will then make such order permitting or prohibiting the use of 'double-header' trains or designating the conditions under which they may be permitted or prohibited as the evidence submitted at the hearing may justify."

Dent Acquitted.

Last Thursday at Dallas W. J. Dent was acquitted of the charge of swindling in connection with the bogus pardon on which George Isaacs, a life-term convict, who murdered the Sheriff of Hemphill county, in the Panhandle, was liberated from the State Penitentiary at Rusk.

As soon as the verdict was announced Dent was placed under arrest to answer to a complaint that has been filed in a justice court in Cherokee county, charging him with being accessory to murder.

The law of Texas is that a person who aids a prisoner to escape and thus evade the serving of a lawful sentence is an accessory to the crime for which the released criminal was convicted, and is punishable by a like sentence.

According to a statement of Judge Clint, the pardon is presumed to be genuine until it is shown by the State to be a forgery. The instrument in question bears what seems to be the real signature of both Governor Sayers and Secretary of State Hardy, and also is stamped with the seal of the State.

It will be remembered that Dent was tried at Austin for forgery, in connection with this case, and was acquitted. He testified there that he was authorized by Will and Sam Isaacs to draw the check on them and sign the name of John T. Murphy, Jr. To prove that this was the arrangement, he introduced a telegram which he had sent to Will Isaacs from there the day before the check was drawn stating that he intended drawing the check and asking that it be honored. The telegram was signed by John T. Murphy, Jr.

Dent claimed to have had a contract with Will and Sam Isaacs to assist in getting their brother out of the penitentiary. Every time Dent attempted to tell how the Isaacs pardon was secured he was stopped by the court on the objection of the district attorney, and this has caused much comment. Dent also produced letters received by him from Will and Sam Isaacs, concerning the release of their brother. It looks like there is more in the case than the officials are willing for the public to know.

Roping and Riding Contest.

FORT WORTH, Tex., March 13.—The roping and riding contest at the Texas and Pacific park this afternoon was largely attended. Those who participated included the following: Bill Winters, John Morris, Al Carter, Webb Capps, Bruce Norton, Ward Sythe, R. Smith, H. Moody, Jim West, Chas. McDade and G. W. Chalk.

In the roping contest John Morris of Fort Worth won first prize; second, Bill Winters of Fort Worth; third, Ward Sythe of the Indian Territory; fourth, John Chalk of Matador, Tex.

France and England War Talk.

A Paris correspondent makes the following statement:

The growing hatred between the two countries is certainly a matter of anxiety to the French Government, which itself does now and has always maintained a correct attitude towards England. An illustration of the present feeling of the French press, however, is shown in the publication of an extra number of one of the leading illustrated weeklies entitled "The Anglo-Franco-Russian War," and is devoted to the relation of a supposed war in 1900. The story is cleverly and radically written, with numerous pictures picturing numerous English defeats; the assassination of Lord Cromer by an English patriot; the massacre of the British garrisons in India by native mutineers; the landing of French troops at Brighton and their triumphal entry into London. Finally a chart is given showing the dismemberment of the British Empire, in which the United States get Canada as their share.

The correspondent of the Associated Press here has talked with an official of the Government, whose duty it is to follow France's foreign relations. He admitted that the present state of public feeling on both sides of the channel is becoming dangerous to the maintenance of amicable relations.

"This feeling," he said, "is mainly created by the provocative attitude of the English jingo press, which is so unanimous in its attacks upon France that they would seem to come from a mot ordie. Public feeling in almost every country, including a considerable number of Americans, is against Great Britain in the Transvaal war, yet France alone is singled out for these attacks."

There is no question pending between the two countries grave enough in itself to lead to hostilities, but if the present mutual feeling of animosity continues I cannot say what may happen. The French Government is preparing for any emergency. Our weak spot in case of war would have been the colonies, but when the measures now being taken are completed they will be beyond the possibility of capture or invasion. Algeria and Tunis are, of course, out of the question, and the Government's efforts are directed toward securing the safety of the outlying colonies, such as Tonquin, Madagascar, the West African settlements and the West Indian Islands. Stores, ammunition and improved armaments are being provided."

Confirmation of these preparations is found in the published announcement of the departure of stores for the colonies. For instance, a steamer is now en route for Senegal with ammunition which it is stated is destined to put Dakar in a position to maintain a siege. The Parliamentary Commission, moreover, has decided to increase the credit for military works at Bizerta from 1,000,000 francs to 1,500,000 francs. Bizerta will thus become a French Gibraltar.

Child Labor in Southern Mills.

The little fellows of 6 and 8 and 10 are one day to be our voters. Through the party primaries, where there is no educational or other test, they are to be our rulers. They are to say in the years to come who shall be our governors, who shall make our laws, who shall administer the statutes, who shall pay the taxes and who shall spend them. Can the fruit be better than the tree that bears it? Can we hope for light from those who are bred in darkness? These little children—these infants almost—who are set to labor in the cotton mills nearly as soon as they can toddle are growing up profoundly ignorant. Working from dawn to dusk all the week they cannot go to school, nor can they be taught at home. The little negroes who sell papers or black boots in the early hours of the day and then take their books and slates to the public school will be better educated, as they already are freer and happier and more robust, than these little white slaves of the machine.—Columbia (S. C.) State.

The Last Dollar.

Referring to the struggle to find work by men and women thrown out of employment through the introduction of machinery and other changes in industrial organization, the superintendent of the New York state employment bureau says: "It is a crime that this unfortunate condition of things should be taken advantage of by institutions in large centers of population known as intelligence offices, employment bureaus, etc. The institutions named hold out a hope of relief to the unfortunate. They offer to procure them employment for a consideration, which offer is seldom if ever made good. The one thing they accomplish is to take the last dollar in the possession of their unfortunate victim, and thus, penniless and hopeless, he returns to wife and family broken hearted or takes his place among those from whom all hope has fled."

Cowmen Champion Oleomargarine.

The following protest against laws restricting the manufacture and sale of oleomargarine was adopted at Fort Worth in the cattlemen's meeting this week and will be sent to all congressmen and senators:

Your orator, the Texas Cattle Raisers' Association, respectfully represents unto your honorable body that it is an association composed of 1,200 cattlemen, engaged in breeding, raising, feeding, shipping, buying and selling cattle, and that its members are owners of cattle aggregating over \$100,000,000 in value.

Your orator desires to file its emphatic protest against the enactment of the several "bills" now pending before the different Congressional committees, seeking to impose a heavy tax and other restrictive measures upon oleomargarine and to deprive it of all rights and privileges as an article of interstate commerce.

These measures are a species of class legislation of the most dangerous kind, calculated to build up and restore one industry at the expense of another equally as important. They seek to impose an unjust, uncalled for and unwarranted burden upon one of the principal commercial industries of the country, for the purpose of prohibiting its manufacture, thereby destroying competition, as manufacturers cannot assume the additional burdens sought to be imposed by these measures and sell their product in competition with butter.

The enactment of such laws would completely destroy a business which has been recognized by law, which now furnishes a large annual revenue to the government (\$1,956,618 in A. D. 1899,) which provides employment for thousands of men, and in which citizens of the United States have invested fortunes. It would seriously affect the cattle industry, as the manufacturers of oleomargarine have created a demand for oleo oil, made from the choice fats from the beef, at a price at least \$3 per animal greater than it would be worth if it had to be used, as before the advent of oleomargarine, for tallow, thereby entailing a loss on the producers of millions of dollars annually.

No law can make more stringent requirements to protect consumers than those now in force, and the fact that the output is yearly increasing shows that there is a demand for oleomargarine as such, in spite of all hostile agitation and legislation.

It is a well-known fact that the principal consumers of oleomargarine are the intelligent, prudent and thrifty people of the middle class, who buy oleomargarine because they prefer it to that which is sold as butter in their markets, and these bills propose to deprive these citizens of the privilege of purchasing that which they wish to have, although it is known to be an absolutely clean, wholesome and nutritious article of diet.

The rights and privileges of the producers of beef cattle should be as well respected as those of others; and as they are the beneficiaries in the manufacture of this wholesome article of food, they should not be burdened with unnecessary special taxes or needless restrictions in the manufacture of this product.

This product of the "beef steer" should receive at the hands of Congress no greater exactions than are imposed on competing food products. It has by experience proven to be just what a large majority of the people of this country want, and we do hereby record our solemn protest against the enactment of legislation calculated to ruin a great industry and to deprive not only the working classes, but many others, of a cheap, wholesome, nutritious and acceptable article of food.

A. R. De Flunt, editor of the Journal, Doylestown, Ohio, suffered for a number of years from rheumatism in his right shoulder and side. He says: "My right arm at times was entirely useless. I tried Chamberlain's Pain Balm, and was surprised to receive relief almost immediately. The Pain Balm has been a constant companion of mine ever since and it never fails." For sale by Ramsey.

The next annual convention of the Texas Cattle Raisers' Association will be held at San Antonio.

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MONEY CHANGERS' CRY.

Col. Baden Powell and his rough riders for several months by the Boers and they are just about starved out. They are living on horse meat and stowed horse feed. The supposition is that the Boers will capture the city.

POPULIST PLATFORM
As Adopted at the St. Louis National Convention.

The People's party, assembled in national convention, reaffirms its principles declared by its founders of ten republics and also to the fundamental principles of just government as enunciated in the platform of the party in 1892. We recognize that through corrupt administration the country has reached a crisis in its national life as never before. We believe that the only way to meet this crisis and to secure the independence of our national and industrial institutions is to place the government under the control of the people and to exercise the functions necessary to a people's government, which functions have been usurped by our public servants to corporate monopolies.

The influence of foreign trusts and bankers has been potent in shaping legislation, and the result has been to enrich the few and impoverish the many. We demand that the people be restored to their rights and that the government be placed under their control. We demand that the government be reorganized on a different monetary basis after the national bankers' currency bill now pending in the house is passed.

"We must have money which is good everywhere in the world. We need a gold currency in our foreign trade." This has been the cry of the money changers for many years, but it will not bear any sort of analysis.

It is not pretended by Democrats that silver money could be kept at a parity with gold money in foreign markets solely because of its legal tender quality. What is claimed for it is that this legal tender quality coupled with our tremendous export trade would maintain the equilibrium. A nonexporting country without international agreement could not hope to have its silver money recognized at par beyond its own frontier. The gold or the silver coin of a country ceases to be money the moment it passes beyond the borders of that country. Other peoples look upon it as a commodity. It is sometimes treated as money, of course, but for the very reason we have given.

Trade between two countries may be so active that the legal tender issue of one is regularly used by the other in the settlement of balances. This feature of international exchange is even truer of silver than it is of gold, for silver is more abundant and its coinage is more plentiful. It is sometimes treated as money, of course, but for the very reason we have given. Trade between two countries may be so active that the legal tender issue of one is regularly used by the other in the settlement of balances. This feature of international exchange is even truer of silver than it is of gold, for silver is more abundant and its coinage is more plentiful. It is sometimes treated as money, of course, but for the very reason we have given.

It will be seen, therefore, that a law to permanently engraft the gold standard upon our statutes cannot affect the people of the United States or give them a better standing among foreign nations. Money that is unquestionably good at home is just as good abroad when accepted as money, regardless of its kind. It is taken abroad with a view to its purchasing and debt paying power here. A national bank note which is not even a legal tender and which is regularly used by the other in the settlement of balances. This feature of international exchange is even truer of silver than it is of gold, for silver is more abundant and its coinage is more plentiful. It is sometimes treated as money, of course, but for the very reason we have given.

Why, then, it may be asked, do the bankers clamor for a gold standard? The question is an easy one. A contracted currency is, generally speaking, profitable to men who deal in money. It enhances the value of their stock in trade. A single standard will, of course, contract the currency. Occasionally, to be sure, a tight money market affects the money changers themselves; they make unwieldy loans, or they speculate in securities which become sluggish. We had an example of this condition recently. When the ordinary citizen is affected by such conditions, he has to work out his salvation as best he can, paying higher interest rates in order to meet his obligations. Experience has taught the banker that he and his kind need have no fear of such a crisis confronting them. At the first cry of distress a paternal government rushes to the aid of its favorite children and helps them to weather the storm. What wonder, then, that the bankers are opposed to an expanded currency except when it is temporarily expanded for their exclusive benefit!—New York News.

Colonel Baden Powell.

The true policy demands that the national and state legislation shall be such as will ultimately enable every citizen to acquire and secure a home, and that land should not be monopolized for speculation. All lands now held by railroads and other corporations in excess of their actual needs should be sold to the people and the proceeds of the sale should be used to own a home. Every man should be enabled to own a home. The land grant Pacific railroad companies have through the exercise of their franchises acquired vast tracts of actual bona fide settlers of their homes. The millions of acres of land now held by railroads and other corporations in excess of their actual needs should be sold to the people and the proceeds of the sale should be used to own a home. Every man should be enabled to own a home. The land grant Pacific railroad companies have through the exercise of their franchises acquired vast tracts of actual bona fide settlers of their homes. 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TIME TABLE.
Fort Worth & Denver City Railway.

NORTH BOUND.
No. 9 Mail and Express—Leaves 7:40 p. m.
Local, daily except Sunday—Leaves 8:15 a. m.
Arrives 7:30 p. m. Leaves 8:15 a. m.

SOUTH BOUND.
No. 1 Mail and Express—Leaves 7:11 a. m.
Local, daily except Sunday—Leaves 7:35 a. m.
Arrives 7:35 p. m. Leaves 7:35 a. m.

RELIGIOUS EXERCISES.
Baptist, 2d, 3d and 4th Sundays at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.—Rev. L. Tomme, pastor. Sunday school 10 a. m. Prayer meeting every Tuesday night. Sunbeams 4 p. m. every Sunday.
M. E. South services every Sunday—Rev. J. E. Benson, pastor. Sunday school 10 a. m. Prayer meeting every Wednesday night. Junior Epworth League at 4 p. m. Epworth League at 4 p. m. every Sunday.

SOCIETIES.
I. O. O. F.—Clarendon Lodge No. 381, meets every Thursday evening in their hall in 3rd story of courthouse. Visiting brothers made welcome. W. T. JONES, N. G. JOHN McKILLIP, Sec'y.
Evening Star Encampment No. 143 I. O. O. F. meets 1st Tuesday night in each month. JOHN LUDWIG, C. P. FRANK WARD, scribe.
A. F. & A. M.—Clarendon Lodge No. 700, meets 1st and 3rd Tuesday night in each month over the Bank of Clarendon. Geo. MORGAN, W. H. W. COOKE, Sec.

CLARENDON CHAPTER, No. 216 R. A. M.—Meets the 1st Friday night in each month at 8:30 o'clock in Masonic Hall over Bank of Clarendon. Visiting Knights cordially invited. W. H. COOKE, C. C. MORRIS ROSENFELD, K. of R. S.

Business locals ten cents per line first insertion, five cents for subsequent, and all notices run and are charged for until ordered out. Job work cash on delivery, other bills on first of month.

Business Locals.

Pure Kentucky apple cider at Anderson's.
Bargains in all kinds of 2nd hand goods at Hill & Decker's.
That new smoked Iceland Halibut at Anderson's beats any canned goods for lunch or supper.
Barrett strives to please his customers both in shaving and hair-cutting.
When you want anything in confectioneries go to Griffin's.
Barrett, the barber, keeps his razors keen and nerves steady and can give you a shave that is a pleasure.

LOCAL ITEMS.

All kinds of fruit at Anderson's.
Mrs. Fakir left yesterday for a visit at the Fort.
Editor Erwin is visiting Denton and Dallas this week.
Miss Mary Stringer spent last Saturday and Sunday in Quanah.
There were 77 railroad tickets sold here to parties going to the cattle convention.
Miss Haney, of Vernon, came up last night to visit her sister, Mrs. Lee Cannon, who is sick.
Mrs. O. J. Helliwig, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Wood, left Tuesday for Perry, Ok.

Wm. Murray extends thanks to all parties who lent their kind assistance during his wife's illness.
A marriage license was issued this week to H. I. Reed and Miss Wilina Crain, of the Giles community.
J. E. and Ben Griffin went to Ardmore county Sunday to be present at the marriage of their sister, Miss Hortense, to Mr. Thos. Curry, the ceremony taking place at the home of the bride's father.

A. C. Barrett, the barber, is now running three chairs, full blast. He has recently added up-to-date furniture, full cabinet mirrors, etc., showing he is abreast the times and merits the good patronage he is receiving.
D. J. Calvery and wife, returned this week from an extended trip to Limestone county, their old home. Mrs. Calvery who was so dangerously sick during their stay has almost completely recovered. We are pleased to welcome them back.

A business meeting was held by the Clarendon ball team on Monday night, and it was decided to give an ice cream supper for the benefit of the team on Monday night, March 26. The proceeds of the supper will go towards properly equipping the boys for the coming season. A number of young ladies, will lend their assistance and everybody are cordially invited to come out.

The finest line of cheese at Anderson's for the Christmas trade. Full American Cream, Brick, Swiss, Limberger, Rotterdam, Amsterdam and Edam.

Fruits, all kinds, at the GLOBE.

Geo. Morgan went to Claude on business last night.

Two of Mart Coyne's children are reported quite sick.

Del Harrington spent the first of the week writing insurance in the Claude vicinity.

John Beverly came in from the ranch sick the first of the week, but is now improving.

Frank White and his mother, Mrs. W. T. White, left Sunday for a visit in southwest Texas.

Agnes, the 8-year-old daughter of Operator Morgan is dangerously sick with typhoid pneumonia.

The trial of Sam Thomas of Potter, tried at Claude for cattle theft resulted in a hung jury.

We cannot give space to mention all who went to the convention. A number visited other places, also.

The snow this week reached as far south as Waco, and there was twice as much at Fort Worth as here.

With a passable road and a telephone line from here to Silverton, Clarendon's trade could be nearly doubled.

A number of Colorado editors passed down the road Sunday to travel over the state and learn of its many attractions.

The Fort Elliott military buildings that have been advertised for sale in the INDUSTRIAL WEST are to be sold Tuesday at auction.

Rev. G. W. Worthen is still preaching nightly at the courthouse. There have already been a number of conversions and services will last over Sunday.

Some of our business men are talking "corporation," and during the coming week we will try to get an expression on the subject from all of them.

The ladies of the Baptist church have collected \$11.55 in cash and a box of clothes, valued at \$65.50 for Buckner Orphan Home, which they will send to them this week.

Yesterday morning was quite cool, a heavy frost and thin ice, as well as a crisp breeze. Some apprehension of this frost crop being killed, though this may not be the case.

Tom Braidfoot and son, Fred, of Silverton, came in last night from the stock convention. Mr. Braidfoot remained over today to see what our business men would do towards the improvement of the Silverton road. He is at work on a contract from his county commissioners now on part of the road, and the proposition that he submits is for Briscoe county to put up double the amount Clarendon will give and so improve the road that the bulk of the trade will come to Clarendon instead of going to Estelline and Canyon City. Clarendon is some 20 or 30 miles nearer than the above places, and if the road is made fairly passable she can easily catch all their trade.

Couldn't help getting a cold never cures it; but carrying home a bottle of Ballard's Horehound syrup, and using it as directed, will cure the worst kind of cough or cold. Price, 25 and 50 cents at H. D. Ramsey's drug store.

Early Ohio, Early Rose and Tennessee Triumph Seed Potatoes for sale at Hoffer & Co.'s.

At the convention Charles Goodnight sold 1500 head of mixed cattle to John C. Kuorpp of Pleasant Hill, Mo. The prices paid were: cows, \$20; yearlings, \$18; calves, \$12.50.

It is very hard to stand idly by and see our dear ones suffer while awaiting the arrival of the doctor. An Albany (N. Y.) dairyman called at a drug store there for a doctor to come and see his child, then very sick with croup. Not finding the doctor in, he left word for him to come at once on his return. He also bought a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, which he hoped would give some relief until the doctor should arrive. In a few hours he returned, saying the doctor need not come, as the child was much better. The druggist, Mr. Otto Scholz, says the family has since recommended Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to their neighbors and friends until he has a constant demand for it from that part of the country. For sale by Ramsey.

Upholstering in the most durable and neatest manner at Hill & Decker's.

Anderson's famous B B Flour still holds the lead as the finest flour in the city. Only \$1.10 per sack.

Those new crop evaporated apples, peaches and apricots at Anderson's are too good to last long at the price he sells them.

Do not fail to try a sack of Anderson's famous B B Flour. Only \$2.20 per cwt.

Baptist 5th Sunday Program.

The following is the program of the 5th Sunday meeting of the Palo Duro Canyon Association to be held with the Wellington Baptist church, Collingsworth county, Tex., April 26-29, 1900:

THURSDAY.
7:30 p. m. Preaching, Eld. J. W. Whatley, Canadian; alternate, J. T. Burnett, Canyon City.

FRIDAY.
10 a. m. Devotional exercises, Eld. J. B. Cole, Memphis.
10:30 a. m. Organization.
11:00 " Preaching, P. W. Elbridge, Dumas; alternate, J. B. Cope, Clarendon.
2:30 p. m. Devotional exercises, C. B. Shead, Clarendon.
2:45 p. m. The Vital Importance of Practice Agreeing with the Profession of Faith in Christ, I. H. Willingham, J. L. Pyle, J. B. Cole.
3:45 p. m. What is the Limit of our Obligation as Christians toward the Cause of Christ, Eld. W. A. Mason, Amarillo, and pastor at Miami.

4:30 p. m. Best plan of Raising Pastor's Salary, Judge Ferguson, Hereford; Dr. T. B. Miller, Wellington; L. G. Conner, Canyon City.

7:30 p. m. Preaching, L. Tomme, Clarendon; alternate, W. H. Baker, Whitefish.

SATURDAY.
10 a. m. Devotional Exercises, W. P. Blake, Clarendon; alternate, J. W. St. Clair, Canyon City.
10:30 a. m. A Faithful Membership, C. Coffee, Miami; Jno. Mc Knight, Hereford, Judge Ira Webster, Claude.
11:15 a. m. Christian education, Jno. W. Veale, Amarillo; Eld. J. B. Cole, Memphis.
2:30 p. m. Devotional exercises, W. A. Mason.
3 p. m. Duties of Deacons, L. C. Lair, Canyon City, C. B. Shead, Clarendon, A. H. Wilborne, Memphis.
3:30 p. m. Bible discipline, Eld. J. B. Cope, D. W. Badgley, Claude, L. Tomme.
4 p. m. Associational Missions, (followed by meeting of executive board,) D. W. Elbridge, Deacon Morris, Memphis; W. H. Younger, Canyon City.

7:30 p. m. Preaching, J. B. Cope, alternate, J. L. Pyle.

SUNDAY.
9:30 a. m. Discussion on Sunday schools, opened by John W. Veale, Amarillo.
11 a. m. Sermon on missions, W. A. Mason.
2:30 p. m. The duty of each christian in regard to missions. Discussion opened by Eld. I. H. Willingham.
7:30. Preaching, J. B. Cole.

We have saved many doctor bills since we began using Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in our home. We keep a bottle open all the time and whenever any of my family or myself begin to catch cold we begin to use the Cough Remedy, and as a result we never have to send away for a doctor and incur a large doctor bill, for Chamberlain's Cough Remedy never fails to cure. It is certainly a medicine of great merit and worth.—D. S. MEARLE, General Merchant and Farmer, Mattie, Bedford county, Pa. For sale by Ramsey.

Armour's Mince Meat, 3 pkgs. for 25c at Anderson's.

Sewing machine for sale or rent at Hill & Decker's, Hartman's old stand.

Have you paid your subscription for '99 or renewed for 1900?

\$12.50 To Galveston and Return On account of the visit of the North Atlantic Squadron, United States navy. Tickets on sale Mar. 20, good to return Mar. 24.

Reduced Rates.
For the Merchants meeting in Chicago, Feb. and March 1900, the rate of one and one fifth standard fare on certificate plan, providing an attendance of 200 or more is authorized. Selling dates Feb. 3rd to 9th, Feb. 17 to 23, March 3rd to 9th, March 17 to 23 inclusive. For further information call on F. A. KENNEDY, Agt. Meeting of Interstate Merchants Association, St. Louis, Feb., Mar., and April.

Tickets will be on sale as follows at rate of one and one fifth fares for the round trip, certificate plan.
Date of sale February 14th to 26th inclusive good for return until March 8th.
Date of sale March 3rd to 15th inclusive good for return until March 25th.
Date of sale March 19th to 31st inclusive good for return until April 10th.
Date of sale April 5th to 17th inclusive good for return until April 27th.
D. BARNHART, agt.

When you read this paper, hand it to your neighbor, ask him to read it and send in his subscription.

Eureka Harness Oil
On your best harness, your old harness, and your carriage top and they will not only look better but wear longer. Sold every where in case—also from half pails to five gallons. Made by WATKINS OIL CO.

To Candidates.
That there can be no misunderstanding, we will make our announcement rates the same as heretofore:
District and county \$10.
Precinct 5.
Above prices are cash, and includes name on election tickets. Those who do not announce will be charged 1/4 the announcement fee for name on ticket.

No one knows the unbearable torture one undergoes from piles unless they are so afflicted. Tabler's Buck eye Pile Ointment is a quick, safe and painless cure. Price, 50 cents in bottles, Tubes, 75 cents at H. D. Ramsey's drug store.

Whitefish Locals.
WHITEFISH, March 13.—We gladly welcome these fine spring days, they remind us of our planting time. Some of our neighbors intend planting this week. We are most afraid to venture, as we are doubtful of this extreme spring weather lasting long without a cold wave.

Mr. F. R. McCracken took his two daughters, Misses Beatrice and Della, to Clarendon Sunday to take the train for Bowie, where they will visit relatives.

We are glad to see Owen Wallace so attentive to his plowing and taking the lead and pushing ahead. That is right, Owen, man shall make bread by the sweat of the face. Work is honorable and if we could only learn to love it, we would take more interest and always get along better.

Mrs. Joe White visited Mrs. Merrill last Tuesday. Mr. White made a business trip to Clarendon Thursday, returning Saturday.

Rev. W. H. Baker went to Clarendon Friday and returned Saturday. He visited Uncle McElbion while there. We are glad the new land law helped Uncle Mc. to get a patent to his land, as well as others.

The young people are getting scarce on Whitefish, as there are only four grown girls and only two young men. Last year there were eleven girls and seven boys.

We learn that from some cause, the special tax was not levied on certain lands in school district 15, or was given in in another district last year. Our authorities should look after this matter this year.

Mrs. Baker visited Mrs. White Thursday.

Miss Annie Wallace was a caller at Mrs. Baker's Sunday. There has been a family camped at Mrs. Wallace's for the past week from Ardmore, I. T., on their way to the rockies, and stopped on account of the man being sick. SCRIB.

Hunt's Cure
Cures all skin diseases in all its various forms. No internal treatment necessary. Failing, money returned to purchaser.

Have you seen those nice boxes of candy at Griffin's.

McCALL'S 50th MAGAZINE YEAR
Remaking economies, fancy work, household hints, sport stories, current topics, etc. Subscribers today, July 30, yearly. Lady agents wanted. Send for terms.

McCALL'S 10c BAZAR PATTERNS 15c
Slightly paid together. Only 10 and 15 cents each—home sold in nearly every city and town, or by mail for them. Absolutely very latest, up-to-date, stylish. THE McCALL COMPANY, 122-124 West 43rd Street, New York City, N. Y.

Ere's Your Best Advertising Medium. TAKE IT.
As an Advertising Medium THE INDUSTRIAL WEST has no superior in the Panhandle.

Eureka Harness Oil
On your best harness, your old harness, and your carriage top and they will not only look better but wear longer. Sold every where in case—also from half pails to five gallons. Made by WATKINS OIL CO.

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Look Out For The Cars
That are bringing our New Stock. We bought early and we Bought Cheap. We came first and got first choice, which enables us to offer
Profitable Pickings to Practical Patrons, Who want the Worth of Money,
and the quintessence of quality.
Note This—
A New Stock, A Choice Stock, A Low Price.
We will make it pay you to buy all your goods from us. Yours truly,
MORRIS ROSENFELD,
The Leading dry goods merchant.

E. A. KELLY, President. B. H. WHITE, Vice President. W. H. COOKE, Cashier.
THE CITIZENS' BANK,
Clarendon, Texas,
Opened for business Nov. 1, 1899.
Will transact a general Banking Business.
We solicit the accounts of Merchants, Ranchmen, Farmers, Railroad men and Individuals.
Money to loan on acceptable securities.
Directors.
E. A. Kelly, B. H. White, W. H. Cooke, M. Rosenfield, L. C. Beverly, I. E. Jones, I. G. Tackitt.

ROBT. SAWYER,
Dealer in
LUMBER,
Sash, Doors, Blinds, Building Material, Etc.
Stock New, best quality and prices low. Call and see.
Clarendon, - - Texas.

W. T. JONES,
Successor to I. E. Jones.
General Grocer.
Buy and Sell All Kinds of Produce.
Clarendon, Texas

H. W. KELLEY. T. M. WILLIAMSON.
KELLEY & WILLIAMSON,
Contractors and Builders,
Plans and Specifications Furnished.
Fine Cabinet Work A Specialty.
CLARENDON, TEXAS.

CLARENDON LIVERY STABLE,
BUNTIN & BAKER, Pros.
Drummers Accomodated.
Frst-Class Turnouts, Horses boarded, Feed Sold Cheap.

TROUP BROS., DRAYMEN
And Dealers in
COAL AND WOOD.
Clarendon, Texas.
Miss ANNIE I. BABB,
Teacher of
Pianoforte and Theory of Music.
Graduate of Cincinnati Conservatory of Music. Your Patronage kindly solicited.
For further particulars confer with her at her home.

\$16.75 Warranted High Grade
We Dare to Describe All Our Sewing Machines,
a thing that dealers in cheap rattle-traps dare not do. We sell you a high-grade machine at less than half factory list, calculating that each machine put into a home will sell many others for us without great expense. This machine—Corolla No. 4—is constructed of the best material in use, every bearing being of steel or case-hardened. The woodwork is of best quality, either Light Antique or Gold or Oak finish. The motion is easy and light. It does not vibrate. It is a lock-stitch shuttle. The operation of the feed mechanism is positive, giving an accurate 4-motion movement to the feet, without the use of springs. It has a self-lubricating needle-bar, which is always kept clean, well oiled, and the oil cannot drop on the work. The needle is absolutely self-setting. There is but one hole in throat through—the needle's eye. It is thoroughly inspected and tested before leaving the factory, and is strongly crated, each being accompanied by the factory warranty for 10 years. Accessories and Attachments complete free. TERMS: \$4.00 cash with order; balance C. O. D. At our remarkably close price this machine (usually sold at \$25 to \$35) will sell itself at night. Your friends need but to see it to buy it. Customers may return \$1.00 from every cash order they send us (remitting \$15.75 net). F. E. EXCELL & CO., 380 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

