

THE CLARENDON NEWS

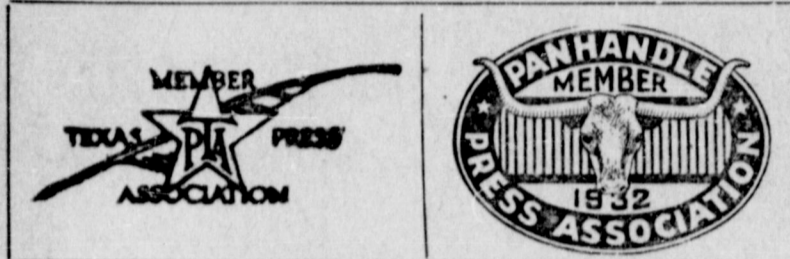
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SAM M. BRASWELL, Owner and Editor
FRED A. STORY, Managing Editor

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NOTICE—any erroneous reflection upon the character, standing or reputation of any person, firm or corporation which may appear in the columns of The News will be gladly corrected upon its being brought to the attention of the publisher.



CRIPPLED CHILDREN'S WORK POPULAR

The fine response of the people to the purpose of the Lions Club in staging its "negro minstrel" last week was a tribute to the popular appeal of the club's activities in behalf of the crippled children. Too often the parents of such unfortunate children are unable to meet the expense of the treatment which would give their children a chance. It often develops that parents are reluctant to make inquiry as to the chances of successful treatment, feeling utterly unable to meet an expense which they fear would be too great. Sometimes it turns out that the cost is not as great as was feared, and the parents themselves are able to stand a part of the cost. In any event, the correction of crippled children's ailments through the program of the Lions Club will always stand to the credit of the club as a genuine public service.

GETTING THE FARMER BACK ON HIS FEET

It begins to appear that uncertainty as to the proposed farm relief plans which have been discussed in Congress is taking shape in congressional minds. The Jones bill is being vigorously attacked and the attacks are beginning to take effect among congressmen who believed at first to be favorable to such a bill. There are those who assert that Mr. Jones is endangering his political future by his "allotment plan" for establishing a higher price for farm products. It is characteristic of such critics that they are the least informed as to the real purpose of the bill, some of them condemning it merely because it employs the term "tax", disregarding the application of the so-called "tax" for the direct benefit of the farmer by adding it to the price which he would receive for his products.

There seems to be universal agreement on the point that a fair measure of prosperity would return if the prices of farm products were, by some sort of plan, increased to a point that would restore the farmer's purchasing and debt-paying power. There is a strong clamor in some quarters (and, indeed, the clamor gains strength from the fact that it comes from a wide range of occupations) for an inflation of the currency. Such a course would unquestionably carry with it the dangers of a "run-away" monetary system. Financial history is full of examples of the uncontrollability of such a plan, once it is set into operation. It must be granted that if it could be held in control there might be temporary advantages from it.

But the fact remains that the basic cause of the depression is a stagnation of credit which followed its great abuse in the years which preceded the beginning of the depression in 1929. Unprecedented high prices of stocks, securities, farm and city property, and other forms of collateral, created a condition which did not take into account the fact that for three years or more, prior to 1929, farm products had been left behind in the march of prices. Agricultural economists, whose "expert" warnings were disregarded, continually pointed out during those years that farming was being done at a definite loss.

But the dance of prosperity, with the farmer standing by a "wall-flower," went merrily on until his purchasing power, in terms of his ability to use credit, had vanished. With his ceasing to buy manufactured products came the pinching down of factory operations, finally followed by outright shut-downs which, in turn, eliminated factory workers from the purchasing field.

It takes an astonishingly small amount of food to keep human beings alive over even a term of years. Clothing which would normally be discarded for new and more stylish clothing can, if necessity requires, be made to do service for a long time. The unemployed millions of the United States automatically passed into the category of those who "get along" according to actual necessity. And they are still doing it. How long they can continue to do it only time itself will prove.

Whatever the plan by which it has brought about, restoring the farmer's purchasing and debt-paying power must come before any measure of prosperity can return to us. Present standards of farm life can be maintained only unless the American farmer is freed from the necessity of sharing with European farmers the low prices which they receive and which meets their standards of living. Present tariff walls operate only to prohibit the entry of foreign-grown farm products into the American farmer's domestic market, but his domestic market is governed by world market prices.

An "allotment plan" has been proposed, and could be made operative, which would cause the American farmer to receive, for that part of his non-perishable food and clothing crops that are required for DOMESTIC consumption, a minimum and fair price. The ruling price for each year can be determined on a basis of a fair exchange of a bushel of wheat, or other commodity, for those things which the farmer can not produce but must buy with the proceeds of the sale of his products. If he produces more than the domestic market can consume, then his surplus would have to sell at the world price. Such a plan would operate the distinct advantage of the farmer who would look first to production of his pro rata part of domestic requirements, secure in the knowledge that so long as he did his part in supplying domestic needs he would receive a fair price for his production. His own best interest would be served by reducing the production of surplus.

LOW TEXAS MILK PRODUCTION

The low production of milk from dairy cows in Texas is something of a scandal when considered to the large ranges, mild climate and the cheapness of both cows and feedstuffs.

In the production of milk, Texas ranks away down and there are only five States in the Union where cows average less milk per cow than in Texas, these States being Alabama, Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi and Tennessee.

The average production of milk per cow on December 1, 1932, was only 7.9 pounds, this being an average of all dates and all cows. The Texas average for five years was 8.3 pounds.

The December, 1932, average in the United States was 11.59 pounds, and the five-year average 11.68 pounds. A good cow will not cost any more to keep than a poor cow and the difference in the two is the larger production compared to the interest on the investment in a good cow.

The champion milk production State is New Jersey where the average production per cow on December 1, 1932, was 16.7 pounds—more than twice as much as Texas cows produced.

Several years ago there was a lot of publicity given out by bankers and some railroad executives about what they "were going to do" to raise the standard of dairy cows in Texas. We have more "movements" to benefit the agricultural industry in Texas than occur in all the rest of creation, but after due publicity most of our "movements" die a-borning! —Texas Industrial Resources.

TUITION FEES ARE PROPOSED NOW

At least three bills have been introduced at Austin affecting the tuition fees charged by state colleges or the University, all proposing that non-resident students be charged a higher fee than Texas citizens. At the present time, the tuition charged students in Texas Colleges isn't discriminatory between Texans and non-residents, and the tuition rate is low in comparison with charges in schools in other States.

It may be fair that out-of-State students should pay more for tuition in Texas schools than citizens whose parents pay taxes to support these institutions. At the present time many non-resident students attend school in Texas because of the low tuition rates and receive the same benefits as the young men and women of Texas parents although contributing nothing in return.

As for increasing the tuition charged Texas students, it hardly seems fair to place this additional burden of perhaps \$100 to \$150 per year on the shoulders of students of the colleges, as proposed in two of the bills. Extra tuition charges for advanced courses in little demand might be justified and be assessed by a large percentage of the students of colleges would be denied higher education especially at the present time, if either of these proposed bills were passed.—Denton Record-Chronicle.

PRICES — Friday and Saturday

- YAMS, Per Peck 15c
- ORANGES Small Size, 2 Doz. 35c
Large Size, 1 Doz. 25c
- LIQUID SMOKE, 75c Bottle 50c
- CAKE FLOUR, Swan's Down 25c
- SAUSAGE, Vienna, 2 cans 15c
- MUSTARD, Pure, Quart Jar 17c
- Pineapple 2 No. 2 Cans 25c
Broken Slices
- PECANS, Shelled, 1/2 lb. . . . 15c
- TOMATOES, No. 2 Cans . . . 15c
- PICKLES, Quart Jar 20c
- SOAP Kirk's Hard Water, 3 Bars For 18c
- COCOA, Pound Can 15c

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DEEP PLOWING STOPS BLOWING

VERNON.—To keep loose blow sand from blowing on his farm near Odell in Wilbarger county, E. L. Key plowed four acres 10 years ago to a depth of eight inches and so successful was the method that he has broken an additional acreage each succeed-

ing year until now his entire quarter section has been plowed to depths ranging from eight to ten inches. Due to this deep breaking and a system of crop rotation he has more than doubled the production of this land, it is reported by R. E. L. Patillo, county agent. The practice of deep breaking has spread from this example until the majority of farmers in blow sand sections have done some deep breaking. They have invariably found it profitable, Mr. Patillo says.

"I'm a good husband," pleaded James Murphy of Chicago, arrested for cruelty to his wife. "I scrub the floor, wash the dishes, make the beds and mind the children."

PRICES FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

- Beans Kurer's Cut Stringless, No. 2 Cans 10c
- La Grande, No. 1 Cans . . . 6c
- Onions, 4 Lbs. for 10c
- Tomatoes Two No. 2 Cans For 15c
- Salmon Alaska Red 3 Tall Cans For 50c
- Pink, Flat Cans Each . . . 5c
- Cake Flour Softasilk, Per Pkg., Cooling Rack FREE 25c
- Cocoa Hershey's, Half Lb. Can Each 12c
- Mothers, 1 Lb. Can . . . 15c
- Macaroni Or Spaghetti, Hostess Brand Per Pkg. 4c
- White King Truck and Kite, Large Pkg 60c
- Gold Dust 3 Small Pkgs. For 10c
- Large Package 22c
- Apple Butter, Qt. Jar 20c

Pancake Flour Washburn's Economy Special 2 Packages For 15c

—Special Offer—
This Week Only
Buy a Pound of
CHASE & SANBORN'S
Dated Coffee at 35c a Pound
and get 1 Package Royal
Desserts FREE

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FLOUR
Every Sack Guaranteed
48 Pound Sack . . . \$1.05

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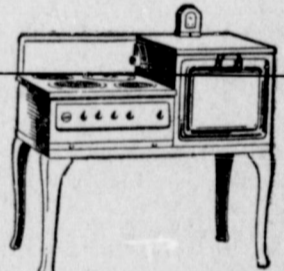
BETTER GROCERIES

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It Will Pay You to Follow These Signposts

Two willing servants—the Electric Range and Electric Refrigerator—are waiting to lead you to better living. . . . And these modern servants require no salaries, either . . . for they pay their own way with the savings they make!



It will pay you to employ Electric Cookery and Electric Refrigeration. The modern Electric Range will give you more healthful, more appetizing and more attractive meals . . . at a great saving in food and fuel! The Electric Refrigerator will give you increased efficiency and dependable convenience. It will improve food-flavors, assure safe, healthful refrigeration and eliminate the waste and danger of food-spoilage. And, like Electric Cookery, the Electric Refrigerator also will save substantial sums for you.

Don't consider these modern and efficient automatic Electric Servants as longed-for luxuries . . . recognize them as dividend-paying necessities . . . for that's what they are! They pay for themselves!

We will be happy to arrange an interesting demonstration of proofs for you. No obligation, of course. Convenient Terms on one or both of these household necessities simplify immediate purchase.

Do you know that your increased use of Electric Service is billed on a surprisingly low rate schedule . . . and adds only a small amount to your total bill?

West Texas Utilities Company

ASHTOLA

Fifty-two persons attended Sunday School Sunday. Rev. Allen also filled his regular appointment here. Rev. King will preach here next Sunday. We hope many will attend the services.

Those who visited in the W. A. Poovey home Sunday were Richard, Gerald and Truitt Hayley Foster Gregg, Raymond Williams and Emma Sue and Mary Graham, Ruth Warrick, Edna Lee Walling and Dorothy Jones.

Margaret Lawrence, of Amarillo, and Miss Thelma Reid of Clarendon are visiting Mrs. Sam Allen.

Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Jones and son, R. D. spent Saturday night and Sunday with Mrs. Jones parents at Memphis.

Mr. and Mrs. George Warrick spent Sunday evening in the A. L. Allen home.

Miss Irene Collier spent Thursday night with Othella and Willa Poovey.

Stella Leverett spent Saturday night with Lettie Caldwell.

Miss Ella Payne and Charles Fifer visited in the White home Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Gus Williams, of Clarendon, attended Church here Sunday night.

Miss Gladys Holly who is teaching school at White Deer, and Mr. Robert Holly who is teaching at Brice, spent the week end with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Holly.

Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Jones and children, Mr. and Mrs. John Dial and Miss Edna Lee Walling visited in the W. A. Poovey home Friday night.

The young people were surprised to hear of the marriage of Mr. Clarence Moss and Miss Oda Mae Allen. We hope for them a long and happy life.

Visitors in the Leverett home Saturday night were Mr. and Mrs. Harold Groham, Mr. and Mrs. Trussell and sons, Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Leverett and sons and Raymond Stafford.

Mr. and Mrs. Meadors entertained the community with a party Saturday night.

The P. T. A. program was postponed on account of the small-pox. We will have at a later date.

Those who were vaccinated for small pox last week all have a sore arm.

The boys and girls are entering the tournament at Groom Friday and Saturday. We are expecting to win first place.

H. W. Lovell, Jr., spent the week end with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Lovell.

Mrs. Clifford Johnson and daughter, Velma, spent the week in Amarillo with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. White.

Miss Lettie Caldwell spent Friday night in the Leverett home.

Mr. and Mrs. Melvin Caldwell and children and Mrs. Ellis and baby spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Slater.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Leverett and children motored to Goldston Sunday.

Mrs. Oneta Dial of Claude is visiting her parents, Mr. W. A. Poovey and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Odell Barker and children and Mr. and Mrs. Dewey Goodman and children spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Carl Barker.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas and Miss Hazel Cole visited Mr. Elbert Bowen Sunday.

Misses Dola Fay and Alma

Gregg spent Sunday in the White home.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Gregg and children of Lelia Lake spent the week end with his brother, Mr. Ellis Gregg and family.

Mr. Bob Perry visited relatives of Newlin last week, returning Friday.

Miss Imogene Gregg of Lelia Lake, is spending this week with her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Gregg.

Mr. and Mrs. Homer Newton and Mrs. Clara Smith, from Goodnight, visited in the B. L. Jollier home Sunday.

We are sorry that Mrs. D. R. Drennan is on the sick list. We hope her a speedy recovery.

The Antelopes and Does played in the tournament Friday and Saturday at Clarendon. The Antelopes were defeated by three scores and the Does were defeated by four scores.

NAYLOR

Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Naylor and children of Mangum, Oklahoma, spent the week-end with H. B.'s sisters Misses Minnie, Lou, and Ara Naylor, and his brothers, P. O. and T. E.

Many of our farmers attended the meeting Saturday afternoon at Clarendon and enjoyed Judge Gough.

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Tidrow and family spent Sunday at Lelia Lake, guests of Mr. and Mrs. Dee Critch.

Quite an excitement was experienced Friday. The Naylor residence caught fire and was making head way when the men who were over helping de-horn some calves, discovered the fire, and by heroic efforts checked the flames before much damage was done.

Men are now busy at work on the school grounds and when finished we will be the proud owners of beautiful school grounds. Both the teachers and students appreciate the work.

Mr. and Mrs. Reid Sullivan and children of Amarillo spent the week-end with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Sullivan.

Albert Smith of Amarillo spent the week-end with his sister, Mrs. Floyd Crawford.

Kenneth Bain was in a car wreck Friday night while returning from Panhandle, where the ball team from Hedley had been to play Panhandle. He received a few bruises and a big scare.

Mr. and Mrs. Richmond Bowlin were Clarendon visitors Saturday afternoon.

HUDGINS

Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Putman and family and Mr. and Mrs. Jeff Talley and family visited with Mr. and Mrs. Frank Behringer Monday night.

Mr. and Mrs. O. D. Meador visited their daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Leon Foster and family near Lelia Lake Sunday.

Mr. Emmet Thompson and Wm. Meador spent Saturday night with Mr. and Mrs. Jimmie Allen near Clarendon.

Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Putman and family, Mr. and Mrs. Jeff Talley and family, Mr. and Mrs. John Perdue and children, Mr. and Mrs. Jimmie Allee and Miss Bessie Cowan, spent Sunday in

the J. L. Talley home.

Mr. and Mrs. Mac Sims of Hedley spent Saturday night and Sunday with her brother, Mr. L. C. Sims and family.

Mrs. Teet and daughter of Clarendon visited with Mr. and Mrs. Roy Beverley Sunday night until bed time.

Miss Connie Perdue, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Fowlkes and son Truman, were dinner guests in the O. L. Jacobs home Sunday.

Miss Loma Ayers spent Thursday night with Mrs. Frank Behringer.

We had a real good crowd present for Sunday School Sunday morning, and also at church Sunday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Beverley and daughter, Marjora, visited with Mr. and Mrs. Frank Behringer Thursday night until bed time.

Half the farm families of Grayson county were helped to can and preserve food by demonstration methods last year by the home demonstration clubs of the county. The amount of canning increased 75 per cent over the previous year.

If you would be happy eliminate all your needless wants.

COTTON GINNING REPORT

The Bureau of the Census announces the preliminary report on cotton ginned prior to Jan. 16, by counties in Texas, for the crops of 1932 and 1931. The total for the state was made public on Monday, Jan. 23.

Total ginnings for the state in 1932 were reported as 4,166,937 bales as against 4,947,977 for 1931, a decrease in 1932 of 781,040 bales.

While space can not be given to publication of the ginnings of the entire state by counties, The News is glad to give the ginnings in this section of the state and in the more important cotton producing counties, as follows:

County	1932	1931
Briscoe	8,322	6,625
Childress	32,278	28,962
Collin	68,787	102,648
Collingsworth	41,518	45,111
Cottle	33,202	24,121
Donley	13,934	19,128
Falls	42,402	80,067
Fannin	55,265	89,684
Floyd	20,844	11,795
Gray	5,184	7,147
Hale	30,805	27,826
Hall	38,970	43,606
Hardeman	36,609	27,774
Hill	79,848	97,274

Johnson	31,640	41,171
Jones	98,809	46,958
Lubbock	90,569	67,346
McLennan	64,420	92,972
Mitchell	45,606	29,026
Motley	13,096	11,487
Scurry	50,660	20,776
Snyder	56,809	30,129
Travis	25,835	43,072
Williamson	70,532	105,051

Your "Let's Swap" classified ad, which The Clarendon News will run for you free of charge, will help you dispose of any surplus articles in exchange for something you need. The ad will be run over your name, or under an identifying number, if you prefer. Fill out the copy blank in this issue of The News, or write it on any other paper, and mail, bring or send it to The News for free insertion. It is a service which The News will be glad to render.

Mr. and Mrs. Horace Brill, of Scofield, Colo., and John Schweizer, of Walsh, Colo., are spending a few days in the homes of W. A. Davis and Frank Prachar.

In Armstrong county wheat farmers have gone in strongly for treating wheat for smut by the machine method of applying copper carbonate dust to the seed. The county agent reports 35,000 acres planted to treated wheat, done at a cost of 3 cents per acre. Smut can damage the crop in the county to the extent of \$40,000, local elevator men declare.

A 10-acre pasture developed as a demonstration by Edd Fulgham in Wood county paid \$18 per acre in grazing last year, according to the county agent. Horses, cows and mules were charged from 2 to 5 cents per head per day for the rich pasture, and calves were charged at half rate. The average cost of improvement and upkeep was \$1.80 per acre.

The Ability to Succeed

... a good Home
... a New Car
... New Clothes
... Better Education
for your children

They're all within your reach... Just SAVE for them... Study your problems and work toward your goal.

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of Clarendon

LOOK!
Beauty Shop Specials
Get Your Permanent Wave
NOW at These Low PRICES



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PERMANENT WAVE
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SALE PRICE
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The New MIRACLE

PERMANENT WAVE
Regular \$5.00

SALE PRICE
\$1.95

Standard DUART Croquignole

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Shop Phone 88-M



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Get Rid of That SORE THROAT!

Any little soreness in the throat grows rapidly worse if neglected. Crush some tablets of genuine Bayer Aspirin in some water, and gargle at once. This gives you instant relief, and reduces danger from infection. One good gargle and you can feel safe. If all soreness is not gone promptly, repeat. There's usually a cold with the sore throat, so before gargling take two tablets to throw off your cold, headache, stiffness or other cold symptoms. Bayer Aspirin relieves neuralgia, neuritis, too. You may use it freely, it does not hurt the heart.

NO TABLETS ARE GENUINE BAYER ASPIRIN WITHOUT THIS CROSS

THESE WANT ADS BRING RESULTS

WANT AD'S

All local notices will be figured at two cents per word for the first insertion, and one cent per word for subsequent issues.

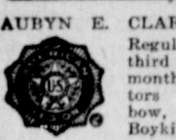
All classified readers are strictly cash in advance; 10c per line first insertion, 25c per line for four insertions. Twenty-five cent minimum charge.



Clarendon Chapter No. 216, R. A. M.; Stated meetings held on first Friday of each month. Edley, Creative High Priest; Homer Parsons, Secretary.



Clarendon Lodge No. 700 A. F. & A. M.; Meets second Friday night in each month. Nollie Simmons, W. M.; Homer Parsons, Secretary.



AUBYN E. CLARK POST NO. 126 Regular meetings first and third Tuesdays in each month. Legion Hall. Visitors welcome. Ralph Kerbow, Commander; G. L. Boykin, Adjutant.



FOR SALE—Milk Cows, see E. M. Ozier, Clarendon, Texas.

FOR SALE—Anyone needing a good safe, a Frigidaire, some good second-hand furniture, see Leon O. Lewis, over First National Bank. (2-tfc).

FOR SALE—Dressed hogs, 5 cents per pound. Phone 282. L. E. Holloway. (2-1p)

FOR SALE or Trade. 40 acre Ozark Mountain farm. 20 timber. Clear. A. Burkett. (4-tfc)

SOW BARLEY for money crop, for good seed.—See Henry Williams. (4c)

FOR TRADE.—For small acreage near Clarendon. Improved 640 acres, 400 owned, 240 leased. For full description write owner, T. B. Richmond, Pasamonte, New Mexico. (5-1tp)

\$150.00 Pathe Phonograph and 30 records to trade for \$15.00 worth of good corn. J. C. Hill, Rt. 1, Box 66, Hedley, Texas. (5-3tc)

8-Tube Majestic Radio, all electric, for sale or trade. In good condition. See Bill Meaders.

FOR SALE—Single row P & O lister, in good condition. See Clifford & Ray (5-1tfc)



POSTED NOTICE
This is to notify the public that all of the J. A. L. stores are posted, and hunting, trapping or fishing is not permitted and all trespassers will be prosecuted.
CLINTON HENRY, Asst. Mgr.



FOR RENT—3 rooms, furnished or unfurnished, close in. See Miss Sarah Porter. (43tfc)

FOR RENT—3-room furnished apartment. Mrs. H. B. Kerbow, telephone 405J— (5-tfc)

WANTED:—Old Gold. Top prices paid for rings, watch cases, or old gold in any form. all 263 or see Harold White. (5-1tp)

FOUND—Pair of child's glasses. May be had by describing them. Call at office of The Clarendon news. (52-tfnc)

PATENTS AND TRADE-MARKS C. A. SNOW & Co.

Successful Practice since 1875. Over 25,000 patents obtained for inventors in every section of country. Write for booklet telling how to obtain a patent, with list of clients in your State.

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Let's Swap!

Will swap feed crusher for corn or two young hoifers. L. R. DEAN, Clarendon, Silvertos Rt.

60-chick brooder to trade for one dozen hens. Mrs. FRED RUSSELL.

Two single-row cultivators and one single-row lister to trade for feed. W. W. DODSON, on Sawyer farm north of Clarendon.

2000 bundles of bright hegarri to trade for Model T. Ford. E. H. SIBLEY, Clarendon, Texas.

Will trade seed potatoes for anything of value. Will store until used. FORREST SAWYER, Clarendon, Texas.

Will swap shop-made saddle or car corn for harness. GLEN WILLIAMS, Naylor Route, Clarendon, Texas.

For a time I will exchange hemstitching for chickens, eggs fresh meat, country sausage, canned tomatoes, beans or fruit—except plums. MRS. C. A. BURTON, Clarendon, Texas.

CARD OF THANKS

We are deeply grateful for our friends for the many expressions of sympathy on the occasion of the death of our beloved mother, Mrs. Ephraim A. Taylor. Mrs. John W. Lee and family, Roy E. Taylor and family, H. G. Taylor and family, Mrs. Luther Nutt and family, Chas. G. Taylor and family, A. M. Taylor and family, Homer Taylor and family.

CARD OF THANKS

We wish to thank our many friends for their kindness and sympathy in the loss of our dear wife, mother, daughter, and sister.

C. E. Prachar and family, W. A. Davis and family, Frank Prachar and daughter.

A fine of 25 cents was assessed against Cleve Pinkey, charged with possessing whiskey, and Herman Bagley was given an hour in jail on the same count at a recent court session in Miami, Fla.

Consumption of electricity, like car loadings and bank clearings, always plays an important part in the making of business barometers. It is, therefore, cheering to know that since July sales of power have been constantly increased and in greater proportion than the normal seasonal increase. The December advance marked a greater percentage gain than did the increase in the same month of 1930—a year of extraordinary electric consumption.

There are only six chemical plants in Texas, but the value of their output ranks relatively high at \$4,191,015 with \$1,504,541 "Value added by manufacture." They employ normally fifty-nine salaried executives and employes and 414 wage-earners with total payment of almost \$750,000 a year.

"Blind Man's Buff"—a new and startling Novel of Thrills, Mystery and Romance. Begins in The American Weekly, the Magazine Distributed with next SUNDAY'S CHICAGO HERALD AND EXAMINER.

QUILT SHOW, FEB. 10-11

Friday and Saturday, Feb. 10 and 11, the Young Matrons Harmony class, of the Methodist Sunday School, will hold a Quilt Show at the vacant store room in the Latson Building. A food sale will also be held at the same time and place. Quilt entries will be 10 cents each, to compete for the three prizes offered. Admission 5 and 10 cents. (5-2tc)

666

LIQUID—TABLETS—SALVE Checks Malaria in 3 days, Colds first day, Headaches or Neuralgia in 30 Minutes. 666 SALVE for Head Colds. Most Speedy Remedies Known

JOHN & DAN'S SHINE PARLOR

invite their friends to their new location at—SMITTY'S BARBER SHOP Next Door to News Office WE SHINE 'EM RIGHT!

Read the Classified ads.

PIGGLY WIGGLY

APPLES	20 Boxes Stayman Winesap	.39
	Long as They Last, 10 Pounds	
SUGAR	Pure Cane, 10 Pound Cloth Bag	.44
Oranges	2 Doz. 35c	
Rice	6 Pounds Fresh, 25c	
Dates	Bulk, Lb. 15c	
Onions	No. 1 Yellow, Lb. 2c	
Spuds	Large Select, Burbank's Lb. 2c	
Comet Rice	2 Pound Package 15c	

ONION SETS

Red and Yellow, Gallon	.19
White, Gallon	25c
Cocoa, 1/2 lb.	10c
Peas	Concho, No. 2, 2 for 25c
Sugar	Powdered, 2 Pkgs. 15c
Lye	Rex, High Test, 3 For 25c
Ginger Snaps,	1 Lb. Pkg. 10c
Bran	100 Lb. Sack 57c

SYRUP

Brer Rabbit, Karo, and Pancake, Per Gallon	.58
Macaroni	1 Lb. Pkg. 10c
Soup	Van Camp's, Tomato, Can 5c
Cocoanut	Bulk, Pound 17c
Soap	Big Ber, 7 for 25c White Flyer, 8 for 25c
White King	50c Size 35c
Theme Paper	40 Count, 4 For 15c

FLOUR

Youkon's Star and Crescent 48 Pounds	.75
Beans:	Pintos 3 Pounds 10c
Salt	25 Pounds 29c
Raisins	4 Pounds 25c
Scott Tissue	2 Rolls 15c
Bacon	English Cure, Lb. 13c
Compound	4 Pounds Vegetole 25c

CHEESE

Long Horn, Full Cream Pound **.16**

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"Wheaties 22c"
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Dollar Day

Makes Money Go Further

Friday and Saturday February 10-11

Domestic **\$1** **9-4 Sheeting** **\$1**
BLEACHED OR BROWN, YOUR CHOICE 84 count, 36 inches wide, and a good weight, 20 Yards . . .
BLEACHED OR BROWN Good finish, free of starch. 7 Yards for . . .

Shoes **\$1** **Children's Unions** **\$1**
BOYS' AND GIRLS' 50 pairs stitch-down and Boy Scout, STAR and other brands. Sizes 4 to 2, pair . . .
Silk Stripe, short sleeve, knee length, age 2 to 12, 3 suits . . .

Cotton Batts **\$1** **69c Silk Underwear** **\$1**
72x90, pure white cotton, 2 1/2 to 3 Pounds. Both plain and stitched. 2 Rolls for . . .
Ladies' Bloomers, Panties, plain or lace trim, all sizes, Two for . . .

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In Basket Weaves, Pique Prints, etc. Regular 50c to 69c Values, Choice, 3 Yards . . .

Silks, Pure Silk Crepe De Chines **\$1**
Also Printed Silks, 40 inch width, short lengths, Two yards for . . .

Trunks and Shirts **\$1** **Knit Union Suits** **\$1**
Full cut, fast colors, Broadcloth Trunks and mercerized Shirts. Sizes 28 to 46, Choice, 4 for . . .
Ladies' new Spring strap shoulder, closed crotch unions. Sizes 34 to 44. 3 Suits for . . .

Fleece Lined Unions **\$1** **Dress Slippers** **\$1**
For Boys, Sizes 2 years to 6 Years ONLY. 4 Suits for only . . .
One Counter, Ladies' Slippers broken sizes, Values up to \$5. Your Choice, per pair . . .

Men's Overalls **\$1** **Silk Bloomers** **\$1**
Regular 69c, full cut, well made, 220 weight, blue, all sizes. Two Pairs for . . .
Good Quality Rayon, Ladies' and Children's. Sizes, age 2 to extra stout. 4 Pairs for . . .

Hosiery—Ladies and Children
8 Pairs Ladies Lisle Hose . . . \$1.00
8 Pairs Child's Ribbed Hose . . . \$1.00
4 Pairs Ladies Rayon Silk Hose . . . \$1.00
2 Pair Pure Silk, Full Fashioned Ladies Silk Hose, for . . . \$1.00

Turkish Towels **\$1** **Cretonnes** **\$1**
22x44 Inches, Just Think! 6 for . . . \$1.00
18x36 Inches, 8 of these for . . . \$1.00
14x28 Inches, Going at 1 Doz. . . \$1.00
BUNGALOW New Spring Patterns, fast colors, 36-inch, 10 Yards For . . .

HOUSE DRESSES **\$1**
15 DOZEN DAINTY NEW SPRING MODELS In 84-square Prints and Solid, Fast Colors. Beautiful Styles. CHOICE . . .

Extra-Ordinary Men's Shirt Values
WORK SHIRTS—Men's Extra Heavy Bengal Gray Chambray, full cut, 2 for . . . **\$1**
DRESS SHIRTS—In fast colors, as long as They last. Two Shirts for . . . **\$1**

Many other Dollar Values that space will Not Permit us to list. See them!

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Greene Dry Goods Co.

These Women Say Why They Will Not Join Repeal Move, And Outline What W. C. T. U. Is Fighting For

The case for prohibition is well started in a communication sent by the W. C. T. U. to the Women's Organization for National Prohibition Reform, which had asked us why we don't join their repeal move; and also asked what the W. C. T. U. is fighting for. The W. C. T. U. letter was written by Mrs. D. Leigh Colvin, president of the W. C. T. U. of New York and sent to Mrs. John S. Sheppard, president of the New York State organization of the wet women.

In reply to the first of Mrs. Sheppard's question, "For what are you fighting?" Mrs. Colvin said:

"To discourage the use of alcohol because it is a dangerous, habit-forming narcotic drug, and "to oppose by every proper means the legal manufacturer of and traffic in beverage alcohol."

To the question: "If your aim is temperance, how can you believe, after the experience of the past twelve years, that this can be achieved under the Eighteenth Amendment?" Mrs. Colvin replied:

"You and your associates may think that few of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union are women of one idea—prohibition. I hope you will believe me when I say that is not so—we have supported every idea which gave promise of limiting or preventing the legal manufacture and sale of the drug."

"We have tried moral suasion, going even to the extreme of visiting the saloons and pleading with the saloon keepers on our knees to cease this deadly traffic. We have supported high license and low license. We have tried local option, county option, State prohibition, and in the case of one State, government control. All were futile because the liquor traffic was corrupt, ruthless and law-breaking."

"We came to support national prohibition as the best method yet devised for controlling the liquor traffic. We recognize that the plan has worked perfectly, and we say, in all kindness, that we are convinced that you and your associates, in constantly criticizing instead of supporting the law, have done much to make it ineffective."

"President Hoover was right when he said that the Eighteenth Amendment 'smashed the old regime like a stroke of lightning.' No other plan has ever done that, and until some better and more constructive measure has been proposed and adopted by the government in power, we support the Eighteenth Amendment."

In proof that alcohol is a "dangerous, habit-forming drug," Mrs. Colvin wrote:

Professor Yandel Henderson of Yale was called as an expert witness on the wet side at the recent hearings of the Collier Beer bill. The newspapers reported the favorable points he made about the proposed beer bill, but failed to print many really vital points of his arguments. I quote from Professor Henderson's testimony: 'I wish to testify as an expert on poisons and particularly on that class of poison which includes alcohol. I have for many years made a special study of volatile poisons, and alcohol is a volatile poison. In my opinion the saloon will certainly come back unless the Federal Government controls spirits somewhat along the lines that it now controls narcotics. Spirits are as intoxicating as narcotics. Alcohol drunkenness and morphine addiction are from the Federal and Social standpoints equally great evils. They are the two most destructive drug habits of which we have any experience. The cocktail habit is a form of drug addiction. Distilled spirits are narcotic drugs and their use should be controlled along somewhat the same lines as morphine and cocaine.'

"How can you disregard the evidence of the President's own Wickersham Commission?" was another of Mrs. Sheppard's questions. To this Mrs. Colvin replied:

"The Wickersham Commission was made up of nine members who were reputed to be wet, and two members who were reputed to be dry. Even with this uneven division of thought, they signed the following findings: "(a) The Commission is opposed to repeal of the Eighteenth Amendment."

"(b) The Commission is opposed to restoration in any manner of the legalized saloon."

"(c) The Commission is opposed to the Federal or State government as such going into the liquor business."

"Your question on forcing total abstinence on unwilling people reveals a common and utterly wrong conception of the purpose of any prohibition law," Mrs. Colvin continued. "The purpose

of law is not to force people to be good, but to prevent them from doing evil. The purpose of prohibition is not to force total abstinence, but to prevent the legal manufacture and sale of an intoxicant which the State and Supreme Courts have again and again declared to be against public health, public morals and public safety."

U. S. DEPARTMENT DOES NOT BACK "BUY IN AMERICA"

"Buy American policy" is not backed by the U. S. Department of Commerce, it disclosed in a statement of that department of the American Ceramic Society, whose headquarters are in Columbus, Ohio. This organization had asked the department to endorse a program carrying into effect such a movement, it was said, by its secretary, Ross C. Purdy.

A statement quoted E. F. Morgan, solicitor for the Department of Commerce, as saying that though the department did not oppose a popular "buy American" movement, it "is not a patriotic issue but an economic one and a diversion of interests prevents universal support or adoption of the principle."

Among the objections assigned by Mr. Morgan and quoted in the statement were the following:

"In the first place the United States is a creditor nation. One of the means by which our debtors can obtain money for meeting their obligations is to export merchandise, and if official acts of this government make it more difficult for them to sell in this, the world's richest market, still, the chance of their paying us is further reduced and, what is more important still, they are less disposed to buy from us."

"Second, thousands of American enterprises are dependent for their existence and the existence of their staffs on the important business. Should the administrative branch of this Government foster a movement calculated to damage such enterprise?"

"Third, there are still more thousands of enterprises engaged in the business of exporting the product of American industry."

CAPITAL PUNISHMENT

Whether a certain offense is worthy of capital punishment depends largely on the viewpoint.

Among the jurors summoned was a woman who wished to be excused.

"Well, madam, why don't you want to serve on this jury?" asked the judge.

"I'm opposed to capital punishment."

"But this is merely a case in which a wife is suing her husband for an accounting. It seems she gave him a thousand dollars to pay down on a handsome fur coat and he is alleged to have lost the money at poker."

The woman juror spoke up promptly. "I'll serve. Maybe I'm wrong about capital punishment."

—The Kablegram.

Bits Of WASHINGTON'S Current Comment

During the Congressional battle of the last ten days, two shots were discharged in the direction of the White House. The Philippine Independence Bill was passed by the Senate over the President's veto. This means no more than a healthy difference of opinion, without which the system of checks and balances upon which the government depends for much of its stability, could not function properly. The other shot was more carefully aimed. A Pennsylvania Representative moved to impeach the Chief Executive. The suggestion was downed by a vote of 342 to 11, probably because the legislators, regardless of party, saw in it no more than the culmination of a personal quarrel. There have been but eleven impeachments in American history which proceeded to the point of actual trial.

The President's message relating to balancing the ledger called attention to a prospective deficit of about a billion dollars, yet it is not likely that tax measures of any consequence will be passed at this session. The reluctance of Congress to act does not arise solely out of a desire to wait until a new President takes the helm. The sentiment is growing that something other than a boosting of taxes is in order. If in 1918 the world was war-conscious, it is equally true that it is now tax-conscious. The citizenry, though not so demonstrative on this side of the Atlantic as on the other, has given unmistakable signs of weariness, so far as tax-paying is concerned. Congress, though not always ready with remedies, keeps an intelligent finger on the public pulse, and tax legislation undoubtedly will be taken up with reluctance, considered with deliberation, and tempered by strong opposition.

Hunters are familiar with the effectiveness of lead pellets the size of which is designed by the name "double B." Congress has a "triple B" with which it hopes to slay some of the troubles of the country. Legislation on Beer, Bankruptcy and Banking will take up much of the remaining time of the short session.

Europe has been promised a conference regarding her unpaid bills. No movement appears to gain headway without a rallying song selected from the ditties of the past. The debtor nations seem to have selected "Wait till the sun shines, Annie," as best suited to their state of mind.

At various times, prominent Americans have disposed of serious matters in a few words, notable examples of which are: "The public be damned," "What are you going to do about it?," and "Go soak your head." Judging by Japan's answer to the League of Nations, Commodore Perry must have let in all the advan-

ages of western civilization when he opened the door of Japan in 1854.

Inflation of the currency presents a paradox. Its proponents will win if they are given the air.

The promptness of state legislatures in approving the twentieth amendment to the constitution indicates that there is no closed season for the lame duck.

Without changing one's views as to pacifism or ample preparation for war, some amusement, and perhaps sound information can be derived from a consideration of what could be done if it were possible to induce all hands to drop the war game for a year only. A statistician states that the sum of nine thousand dollars a minute is being spent for armament. On this basis, the world would be able to tell a contractor to come in day after tomorrow and the money would be ready to pay for the Brooklyn Bridge. The original purchase price of Alaska could be garnered into the till between sunrise and sunset of the same day. Per contra, how could the world guard so much free and ready money without good armies and navies.

Sales Record for Past 54 Months Is Announced

Dayton, Ohio, January 3, 1933.—A record of achievement which is possibly without parallel in business history was revealed here today when officials of the Sargon Laboratories, Inc., reported that fifty-four months ago their medicines, Sargon and Sargon Soft Mass Pills, were first placed on the market, and that up to date 7,417,428 packages of these two medicines have been sold.

In explanation of this truly remarkable record Mr. J. J. Gibson, Secretary of the Company, said: "We spent two years' time and a considerable fortune in developing these medicines before they were placed on the market, and we had good reason to believe that as soon as the public became acquainted with their effects there would be a very large demand for them. This is what seems to have happened during the past fifty-four months."

"As evidence of this," he continued, "thousands upon thousands of individual endorsements have literally poured in from all parts of the country, and we are shipping our medicines throughout the United States, Canada, and Hawaiian Islands, Porto Rico, the Philippine Islands, Cuba, Jamaica, and several Central American countries. Only yesterday we received an order from Nice, France. Indeed a large part of our business comes from sections where our advertising has never appeared. This indicates that people who use our medicines are writing or telling their friends about them."

When asked for a brief statement of what effects Sargon and Sargon Pills have on persons who take them, Mr. Gibson replied, "These are new medicines and they actually accomplish many things which the older remedies were supposed to do. For instance, it is now conceded by the medical profession that calomel and other laxative drugs have no effect whatever on the liver. Our medicines actually stimulate the liver to cleanse itself by increasing its production of bile. Sargon and Sargon Soft Mass Pills also promote general glandular activity; build up the red blood cells, and correct the most prevalent causes of indigestion and constipation and the many ailments resulting from these disorders."

Douglas-Goldston Drug Co.

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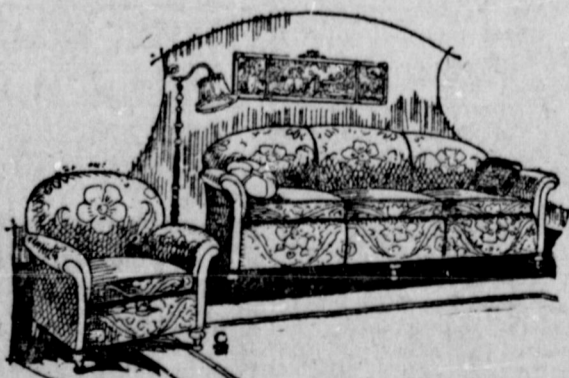


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