

A Business Should be as Big as Its Job

If bigness is of benefit to the public it should be commended.

The size of a business depends upon the needs which that business is called upon to serve. A business should be as big as its job. You do not drive tacks with a pile-driver—or piles with a tack-hammer.

Swift & Company's growth has been the natural and inevitable result of national and international needs.

Large-scale production and distribution are necessary to convert the live stock of the West into meat and by-products, and to distribute them over long distances to the consuming centers of the East and abroad.

Only an organization like that of Swift & Company, with its many packing plants, hundreds of distributing houses, and thousands of refrigerator cars, would have been able to handle the varying seasonal supplies of live stock and meet the present war emergency by supplying, without interruption:

First—The U. S. soldiers and the Allies in Europe by shipping as much as 800 carloads of meat products in a single week!

Second—The cantonments in the United States.

Third—The retailers upon whom the American public depends for its daily supply of meat.

But many people ask—Do producers and consumers pay too much for the complex service rendered?

Everyone, we believe, concedes the efficiency of the Swift & Company organization—in performing a big job in a big way at a minimum of expense.

Swift & Company's total profit in 1917 was less than 4 cents on each dollar of sales of meat and by-products. Elimination of this profit would have had practically no effect on live stock and meat prices.

Do you believe that this service can be rendered for less by any other conceivable method of organization or operation?

These questions and others are answered fully and frankly in the Swift & Company 1918 Year Book sent free on request.

Address Swift & Company, U. S. Yards, Chicago

Swift & Company, U. S. A.

SUSPEND GERMAN NEWSPAPER

Texas Volksbote Adopts Name "People's Messenger."

At a meeting of the stockholders of the Volksbote Publishing Company held Thursday, it was decided to change the name of the weekly newspaper to the People's Messenger, in lieu of the Texas Volksbote. The Messenger will be printed in English.

The Volksbote is one of the oldest and most widely read newspapers in the state printed in the German language. The stockholders and the manager of the paper believe that the time has come when foreign language newspapers should not be issued.

Subscribers will continue to receive the paper for the term paid for, and it is safe to predict that many names will be added to the list of readers.—Brenham Banner-Press.

Messrs. Bob and Willie McConnell were visitors of relatives and friends in this city the latter part of last week, having motored up from San Antonio, where Bob is a sergeant in the Quartermaster corps, being stationed at Camp Travis. He was given a furlough of twenty-four hours. Willie is a student in the State University at Austin.

T. R. Hillman was one of the drafted boys from Cherokee who entrained Saturday afternoon. He is the son of Graves Hillman of that settlement. While in this city he paid the News office a very pleasant visit, and ordered the News to follow him at Camp Travis and wherever he may go.

C. W. Walters made a business trip to San Antonio the latter part of last week.

CAMP TRAVIS NEWS

For the reclaiming to useful service in the army, of detectives, physically and mentally, a special battalion has been organized at Camp Travis and placed in the hands of experienced officers. It had been thought that the nation was too busy with the haste of preparation to give attention to the matter of improving the quality of material sent to its cantonments by the draft machinery. The theory of the selective draft was selection, but some of the local boards failed to grasp the idea at the time of the first increment, and defective feet, defective teeth, defective eyes and numerous other ailments were represented among the new men. Now and then a man would be found who just naturally had to think deliberately. His thought grooves were sluggish in action. As the unity of action on the part of the whole company which is demanded by modern warfare.

The army had the choice of keeping these men, or sending them home. Many of them were anxious to stay in camp, although they realized the handicap under which they worked. To keep in a place of responsibility a man whose body or mind is at less than its best, is nothing less than criminal negligence when fighting assumes the complex and exacting character which the war has now reached. And it is only too true nowadays that every place in every command is responsible, from lowest private to highest officer. For that reason the reclamation battalion was organized.

The men in the battalion are given such exercise and drill as they are capable of, and attention is constantly given to individual cases so that each soldier has a chance to make himself a powerful fighting man before he is asked to face the demands to be made upon him in the fields and trenches of France. As the men attain normal efficiency they are returned to their former organizations. Thus it is that Uncle Sam is remaking men at Camp Travis.

Not only men but materials are conserved in the army. Even the trash cans of the camp are sorted and every usable thing set aside before the refuse is consigned to the huge incinerator. In this way large amounts of paper are recovered. As long as anything in the way of army equipment or material has a sound part about it, it is within the province of the repair shops maintained by the government at Camp Travis. Old hats and old shoes are furnished up, clothing is mended, sorted and stored away, vehicles are repaired, motorcycles rebuilt, typewriters "doctored" up—in fact nothing is junk until the army shops have passed it up as beyond hope.

The army man plays his indoor baseball out doors. Almost every company has a ball and bat and participation in the game during off hours make the organization areas ring with shouts of the impromptu teams as they tell the opposing pitcher what they think of his curves. Real, "sure enough" baseball comes in for its share, too, and the Camp Travis team has more than one former professional who cavorted in his civilian days with the fastest company in the country. One thing is very noticeable, top, about these army baseball games. The fans are no more considerate than in civilian parks—but they never question the umpire. It is sometimes the case that the batter is a lieutenant and the umpire a corporal. But the army umps has no pop bottles to fear. His word goes, and no mouthing is heard. That's the army way.

Sergeant Lonnie S. Low, Company E, 315th Engineers, is attending the Gas Defense School this week. Lon has just had a visit home, to see his "folks", but don't ask him which one of the family met him at Lometa.

RECITAL GIVEN BY MISS RAMSAUER

The pupils of Miss Sarah Ramsauer instructor of music in the San Saba High School, rendered a very enjoyable recital in the auditorium at the school house last Saturday evening. A large crowd was present to witness the entertainment. The proceeds resulting from the recital were donated by Miss Ramsauer to the local Red Cross Chapter. Miss Ramsauer has quite a bunch of girls and the music and songs that they rendered were simply grand. She, herself, is a very able instructor and her talent for music has gained for her much admiration and praise. Probably the most interesting of the numbers was a pantomime enacted by the pupils while "The Holy City" was sung by Mrs. J. K. Rector, Jr. At the close of the program the "Star Spangled Banner" was sung by the pupils and the patriotism of the audience was effectively demonstrated by their immediate arising to their feet as the first notes of the national anthem were demonstrated, and Miss Mary Crawford, representing Columbia, stood beneath the folds of the Stars and Stripes.

A Patriot's Appeal

(By Henry Edwards, Editor The Troup Banner.)

"Food will win the war—don't waste it." Save all you can today and every day. Produce more this year, both for man and beast, than you have ever produced any year in your life—and save every ounce you produce. You will be rendering a patriotic service of high quality when you urge and induce your neighbors to do the same thing.

The easiest thing for Uncle Sam to do is to get men to go to the fighting lines. His hardest task will be to feed them properly, to feed the livestock properly which he uses in this war, and to furnish (as is his duty) our allies with food to sustain their armies and civilian populations; and this latter thing is a great duty Uncle Sam must perform, for nearly four years of strenuous war by our allies have so sapped their man-power that they are unable to feed themselves and their armies.

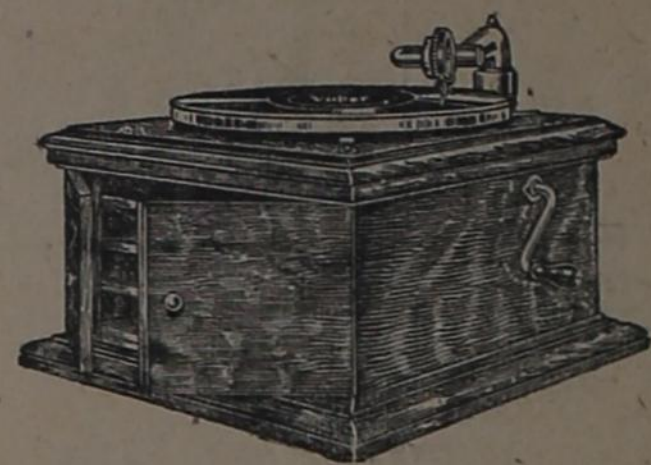
Remember that the collapse of the great Russian nation of 180,000,000 people was not due to a lack of bravery on the part of the Russian soldiers, but to a failure of the civilian populations back at home to feed and sustain and equip those armies. Remember that the near collapse of the Italian armies was not due primarily to a lack of bravery of Italian soldiers, but to the failure of the people behind the lines to do their part in providing for those armies food and the things needed for victory. Remember also that if Uncle Sam's armies fail, it will not be due to the unwillingness of our soldiers to give their lives for our flag and country and for the cause of world-liberty, but it will be due to the failure of the men and women back home to produce adequate supplies of food and to provide the money with which to wage this war to a victorious end.

Don't be content to do "your bit." If you have good, red American blood in your veins, you will exert every energy you possess to do your BEST. That "BEST" can be done by you only when you produce more food and feed, save it all, and whole heartedly give your time, money and energy to the accomplishment of every undertaking this Nation has launched to hasten complete victory over the autocratic enemies of our liberties and of the civilized world. Kicking, and "mouthing" and complaining won't get you any where; but such a course on your part will dishearten our soldier boys—and show you a helper of the Kaiser, and enemy of our soldiers and unworthy the name and citizenship of an American. What is any sacrifice we shall be called upon to make in comparison with the sacrifices of our boys who have gone to "that hell of the trenches" to die that we may live in peace?

Don't let the prospect of 30 cent cotton keep you from producing more food than ever in your life. No human can tell what cotton will be worth next fall. You know that the biggest cotton crops the country has ever raised have brought less money than the smaller cotton crops. Moreover, Uncle Sam has already taken charge of the railroads that he may always be sure of transportation service to carry promptly the billions of tons of provisions, equipment, munitions and other supplies required by our armies; and when we have one and a half million men in Europe and another million and a half in the training camps, as we will have before cotton opens, the transportation tasks of Uncle Sam will be bigger than the world has ever dreamed of. He has already given public notice through the press and the public speeches of Hon. Clarence Ousley, Assistant Secretary of Agriculture, that railroad equipment is not going to be diverted from this tremendous task to supply foods and feeds to agricultural sections which have been warned almost a year in advance to produce their own foods and feeds. Your cotton at a dollar a pound will not get you food and feed if, with favorable seasons, you have failed to produce what you need.

Your one great duty—the one thing by which you can do your best for victory and prove yourself a patriotic American—the one thing which will protect you and yours against hunger and suffering, make you prosperous and give heart to the boys who are dying "over there" for us—the one great, great duty before you this year is to produce more feed and food in 1918 than ever before.

The News editor enjoyed a fine dinner of fresh Irish Cobblers Monday. They were beautiful, smooth potatoes and are about the nicest we have ever seen. These Cobblers came from the garden of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Bibler, who live in the valley across the river from town. Mr. Hibler brought them in and says they have the prettiest garden for many years. We thank you, friend, come again.



WHICH STYLE VICTROLA DO YOU PREFER THIS SHOWS THE

VICTROLA IV. \$20.00

No matter which instrument you select, whether the \$20.00 Victrola or the \$215.00 Victrola, or any style, they all play every record in the Victor Catalog.

THE CORNER DRUG STORE

Women To Vote In Next Primary

Dear Sir: As the author of the law permitting women to vote in primary elections, I am naturally much interested in having the law understood by the women of the State, and would be glad indeed if you would publish the bill in full. It confers upon every woman who is a citizen of Texas, twenty-one years old, and who has lived in the county one year, and precinct six months, the privilege of voting in the primaries for candidates for State, county and precinct officers; PROVIDED between June 26th and July 12th she registers with the Tax Collector and gets from him a registration receipt which she must present to the election officers when she offers to vote. This requirement for 1918 is universal and necessary not only in cities of ten thousand and over, but all over the State.

Registration must close fifteen days before the primary so that the collector may have time to prepare lists for use of the election judges. The State primary date this year is July 27th. Registration must close July 12th, and as the law does not become effective until June 26th, this leaves a very short time in which several hundred thousand women may register, and registration should be prompt. Leading women in the various communities and counties who favor this measure will have to assist in a campaign of information. The powerful press can be most useful, and I appeal to you for frequent notice of the matter in the interim.

Thanking you for space, and your kindly interest in this matter, I am, Yours truly, O. S. Lattimore, Senator Tarrant County.

Joe Robertson, editor of the Herald and "Buck Gray, both of Cherokee mere here Saturday shaking hands with friends, and accompanying as far as this place their quota of the drafted boys, who departed Saturday afternoon for Camp Travis.

FOR SALE—A small, gentle, shetland pony, works in harness and good disposition.—G. A. Walters.

Mrs. S. W. Walker and daughter, Miss Mary Ellen, left the first part of the week for the ranch in Lampasas county, where they will join Mr. Walker for an extended stay.

Get some of that good Coffee at Will Ashby's.

King's Bodyguard Displeased Because They Can't Fight

Rome, April 24.—Among the most unhappy men in Italy are said to be the sixty soldiers of the King's Guard who are not permitted to go to the front and fight like their brothers. The reason for this restriction is that these sixty men could probably not be replaced if killed, injured or taken prisoners. They are chosen with the utmost care not only as regards their habits and training but for their height, the minimum of which is six feet.

"They begin where other men stop growing," according to a popular saying. Many of them are even seven feet in height. They are chosen from the carabinieri or military police and must have absolutely unstained records. Each newly enrolled man, if he accepts the appointment, must agree to remain for a term of five years, in the guard, after which he may or may not re-enlist. During that period, also he may not marry.

The guards and their horses are quartered inside the grounds of the royal palace on the Quirinal Hill. The guard does sentinel duty inside these grounds when King Victor Emmanuel is in Rome, and also accompany him on state occasions, as on that of March 14, 1912, when, as the king was going along the Corso to visit the tomb of his father in the Pantheon, the anarchist d'Alba fired twice and wounded Captain Land of the Guard instead of the king.

Since the war began, although the king lives at the front and undergoes all its dangers, members of the Guard are to be seen now and then walking through the streets of Rome, attracting attention and admiration because of their immense figures and shining helmets, but, for all that, jealous of the stained and bespattered gray-green uniforms of soldiers on leave from the front trenches.

CHICHESTER'S PILLS

DIAMOND BRAND
Beware of Counterfeits. Refuse all Substitutes.
LADIES! Ask your Druggist for CHICHESTER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. TAKE NO OTHER. Buy of your Druggist and ask for CHICHESTER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for twenty-five years regarded as Best, Safest, Always Reliable.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS
TIME TRIED EVERYWHERE WORTH TESTED

WE MUST DO OUR DUTY

The people of every section of the United States must support the government in every possible manner in this war. One of the greatest essentials in bringing it to an early and successful termination is money, and we as loyal citizens must furnish it.

ON APRIL SIXTH

The sale of the Third Issue of Liberty Bonds started, The amount of money to meet this issue is very large but every dollar of it is necessary. The government must have this sum to pay for Food, Guns, Ammunition, Ships, Airships, and many other things, as well as to finance our Allies, upon whom the brunt of the fighting rests.

In this call for money, resting assured that our people have the proper kind of patriotism, the government will ask that San Saba County furnish its share, and we cannot afford to fall down. Already applications for the bonds, which bear a fair rate of interest, are being received by this bank, and we confidently believe when the sale closes it will be found that San Saba County has done its duty.

THE FIRST STATE BANK
RICHLAND SPRINGS

AB'S



Let us ABSTRACT the title to your lands before you lose by sleeping on your rights.

WALTERS & BAKER

Own complete and Up-to-Present Abstract of Title to ALL lands in San Saba County.

IF YOU APPRECIATE REAL VALUE, READ THIS ADVERTISEMENT FOR YOUR PERSONAL PROFIT; IF NOT PASS IT UP.

THE MOST ASTONISHING AND FAR REACHING TIRE GUARANTEE EVER OFFERED THE BUYING PUBLIC.

TIRES—TIRES—TIRES
AUTOMOBILE TIRES

SAVE, CONSERVE, ECONOMIZE

BUY W. S. S. AND LIBERTY LOAN BONDS

The average car owner is well aware of the fact that the greatest expense incurred in the operation of an automobile is that of tires. When a tire stone bruises or blows out, there is always a question as to whether or not it was the neglect of the owner or the fault of the tire.

We have decided to sell MOHAWK and STAR tires, two of the best tires on the market today, and in order to show our confidence in these tires, we are going to sell them under a positive guarantee to repair all stone bruises or blow outs, regardless of how caused during the entire life of the tire.

If you are looking for real tire service, backed by an ironclad guarantee, give us a trial. It will mean not only dollars in your pocket, but satisfaction in your mind.

We have the equipment and the qualification to stand behind this far-reaching guarantee. You need the service. Let's get together.



PARK'S SERVICE GARAGE

BY W. A. SMITH
THE DOG TAX

People, remember that the dog tax ordinance becomes effective May 1, and all dogs thereafter found on the streets without the proper tag will be dealt with according to law. The tax is \$2.50 and the license tag may be obtained from Mitch Johnson, city clerk. If you don't want your dog killed and don't want to pay the tax then give him to somebody to take out of town. I have instructions from the city to enforce the "dog law" strictly.

D. Chadwick, City Marshal.

Gordon Mackey, proprietor of the Corner Drug Store of this city made a business trip to Llano the first of the week.

B. T. Rich arrived at home Sunday form Temple, where he submitted to an operation in a local sanitarium.

"Who Will Win This Battle?"

Your kidneys are the filters of the body. If they become inactive and fail to eliminate the waste matter, they are apt to throw the whole mechanism of the body out of order, thus toxic poisons can accumulate in the system and be as deadly as snake venom.

Besides causing the minor ailments of rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago and backache, neglect of the kidneys is apt to develop into more serious diseases, such as diabetes or stone in the bladder.

Rid the body of toxic poisons—clean the bladder and kidneys and cure the twinges of rheumatism with Anuric and you win the battle of life.

Anuric was first discovered by Dr. Pierce, and has benefited thousands of sufferers as well as appeased and eliminated the ravages of the more serious kidney diseases. Now procurable for 60 cents at any good drug store, or send Dr. V. M. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., 10 cents for trial package.

SEAGOVILLE, TEXAS.—"I wish to state to those who may have rheumatism that I am 45 years old and have had rheumatism most all my life. In executing my duties as a peace officer of this state in the winter of 1910, I was exposed to some very bad weather, which brought on a very severe attack, in fact, it was so bad that I could not ride horseback, and I was compelled to abandon my duties for awhile. I then began a search for a permanent cure, which I did not find until I learned of Doctor Pierce's Anuric Tablets. I began taking them about 10 months ago and am satisfied that I am cured.

"I wish to say in conclusion that I cannot be loud enough in my praise of Dr. Pierce's Anuric."—T. J. ALLEN.

HELP THE RED CROSS RAISE ANOTHER \$100,000,000!

During the week of May 20 to 27, the American Red Cross will make its second appeal to the generosity that goes hand in hand with patriotism. Another hundred-million-dollar War Fund is needed to carry forward during the first year of America's participation in the World War.

During the week of the original War Fund Drive, last June, more than \$100,000,000 was subscribed. The Christmas Membership Campaign, designed to bring the Red Cross membership to 15,000,000, resulted in the muster roll of more than 22,000,000. In the period spanning the Lincoln and Washington birthday anniversaries, in February, all the schools of the country were brought into the Junior Red Cross organization.

With this "drive" record, there is every reason to anticipate another oversubscription in the case of the second War Fund Campaign. The accessions to its ranks since the first financial appeal, have made the American Red Cross more than ever a national institution. In fact it has become as much an institution of the American people as the government itself. The people, therefore, only need to be properly reminded to insure its requirements.

The Red Cross expenditures out of the first War Fund have been mainly for relief work among the armies and people of America's allies in the war. Not a dollar that has been spent can be begrudged. Aside from the actual suffering that has been relieved, the work has encouraged the allied armies to hold on while we have been making our fighting preparations and assembling our forces "over there." Every dollar that has been spent in Europe means less suffering for our own later.

In the near future the great work of the Red Cross will be to care for the wounded sons of America. It is the national desire that nothing shall be wanting to ease and comfort those who fall in battle or succumb to the strain of the trenches.

Let memory and patriotism loosen the purse strings to prevent any lapse in humanitarian endeavor.—People's Home Journal.

MONEY TO LOAN

Money to loan on real estate, interest 7 to 10 per cent according to amount and length of time. Vendor's and mechanic's lien notes taken up and extended.

John Seiders, San Saba, Texas.

EAGLE-EYED UNCLE SAM

Denton Record-Chronicle: The Federal Comptroller revoked the charter of a national bank whose incorporators, although wealthy men, had taken just \$200 worth of Liberty Bonds in the three issues and had subscribed \$149 to the Red Cross work. Very proper action, too.

It is comforting to reflect that the bank in question, or the proposed bank, was not in Texas. The bank had not been opened for business. It had been organized and was awaiting the issuance of its charter. But under the direction of Washington authorities the discovery was made that the charter seekers, as named, had slackened on their duties to the Nation, as regards the Liberty Loans and the Red Cross work—hence they were brusquely informed that their sort of Americans couldn't get a bank charter. It was, perhaps, a manifestation of "Federal interference in private affairs," therefore theoretically intolerable; but it served the stingy-fists right, by Hokee! It is gratifying in this connection to note that the number of slacker banks may be counted on the fingers of one hand, or by the nostrils in one nose. The banks of the United States, from the greatest Wall Street institutions to the smallest village depositories, have done indispensable service to the country. When we speak of the banks, however, we do not mean the institutions as institutions, but the bankers, the human element—granting out of hand that bankers are human. These men, every one a trained and adequate man of affairs, have given their time unstintedly and their talents prodigally to the raising of war loans and the kindred financial activities. What this country is in a financial way is largely due to the ability of the banking fraternity and the popularity of banks with all the producing and trading classes. The bank even in the burg of two hundred people is the local clearing house for the community's fluid capital, and its operation contributes to the locality's prosperity by making bank accounts possible and local credits available. Every village bank is an educational center, for it teaches thrift, orderly financial habits and the value of checks in the transaction of business. Also it promotes pride, for the man with a checking account at a bank quickly learns to appreciate the standing it gives him.—State Press in Dallas News.

ALGERITA

(By Petra)

The young people enjoyed Saturday night a social at G. B. Shoemaker's. Tom Swails left Saturday for Camp Travis.

We salute Capt. W. A. Smith, who is a born patriot and military man. As our boys will have to go to the war we are glad to know that many of them will be under Billie who will prove to be a fighter and has a level head and will take care of his men.

John Rimes, Herbert Taylor, Teral Shoemaker and their families visited Sunday in the home of G. B. Shoemaker.

Albert Shoemaker, of the Base Naval Hospital of Norfolk, Va., came in Sunday on a 20 days furlough.

The Red Cross workers have been doing some good work and will still do a greater work by first teaching the people that this is one of the greatest works that men or angels could be engaged in. People view the battle grounds, stop and listen to the moans and cries of the wounded soldiers crying for help, then open your purse and contribute as you are able to send the Red Cross people to treat and nurse those wounded soldiers who fell in battle fighting for our country.

Joe L. Brown made a business trip to San Saba Saturday.

Quite a lot of our people went to San Saba Saturday to see our soldiers leave for Camp Travis.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Hopkins' sick baby is doing fine at this writing.

Grass and weeds are coming up, and stock are looking better.

We will soon have Irish potatoes to eat.

Elmer Gaddy had snap beans Sunday for dinner.

W. L. McNatt and lady were in Richland Springs Saturday shopping. Forest Lane has a position in the Brownwood oil field.

Gardens are looking fine.

A crowd of students from the Cherokee Junior College passed thru town Monday afternoon on their way to Richland, where the base ball teams of Cherokee Junior College and the latter place clashed. The Junior college team is one of the best teams in the county, and last week won two match games from Valley Springs and Llano.

There will be better accommodations at the bathing pool this season.

MULE MEAT APLENTY FOR MENUS OF PARIS

Paris, April 21.—Victor Boret, the French Minister of Provisions, wants to economize on meat by instituting a meatless week once a month. For those seven days he suggests that horseflesh be eaten.

The latest statistics show that 70,000 horses were killed for eating purposes in France last year. Two thousand donkeys and mules and 300 horses, averaging 500 pounds in weight, are being killed daily at the present time. The supply is abundant.

The British Army is supplying 200 horses daily at a cost varying from 80 francs to 700 francs. The best cuts sell at one franc a half pound. Horse killers who made 15 to 20 francs daily before the war now earn 40 to 50 francs.



GOLDTHWAITE 8 RED CROSS 4

The Red Cross team of San Saba went to Goldthwaite Friday afternoon and crossed bats with the local team there. Some of the players for the Red Cross were unable to go along, thereby weakening our boys' abilities. Clarence Etter started the pitching for the Red Cross, but the Goldthwaite batters "were on" and by a few errors made, seven runs were netted. Peisker succeeded him in the eighth inning and allowed them to score one more run. "Zeke" Smith did the catching for the Red Cross team and displayed his usual abilities. The runs made by the Red Cross were: Smith, 1; Hunter, 1; Larimore, 2. Our boys played a good game, and we are proud of them. They are playing for the benefit of the local Red Cross chapter and have netted quite a sum of money since they first began.

FOR SALE—A small, gentle, shetland pony, works in harness and good disposition.—G. A. Walters.

BUY LIBERTY BONDS HERE—NOW

The MOST one can do is to go to France and give his life on the Battlefield. The LEAST one can do is to buy a LIBERTY BOND—now on sale here.

We invite, even urge, all of our stockholders, customers and friends to subscribe through us today. This bank has subscribed and we propose to help our customers and friends subscribe to the limit of our ability. Our services free to you and our Government. Full explanations given.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
THE OLDEST NATIONAL BANK IN THE COUNTY

RICHLAND SPRINGS

"C"

Mrs. Boone Christy who went to Strawn to attend the funeral of her brother, J. I. Fouts, was here Thursday on her way home near Barnett. The Cherokee Junior College was well represented here Monday. The boys came over and played ball in the afternoon and won the game and that night their play was enjoyed by a full house. Half of the proceeds went to the Red Cross Society here which amounted to \$25.00 as our part. We always welcome these young people also their teachers who came and were of valiant assistance.

Miss Mattie Clifton went to Belton Friday, returning Sunday.

Oscar Wise and Sud Locklear went to Goldthwaite Saturday on business, returning Tuesday.

W. A. Smith of San Saba was a business visitor here Friday and Saturday.

T. L. Price of Goldthwaite spent the week end at Bethel at the home of F. H. Coughran.

Master Robert Chamberlain and little sister, Kaite Maude, of Lometa, are here this week, the guests of Miss Mattie Clifton.

Miss Hattie Brown accompanied her sister, Miss Armour, to the Temple sanitarium Tuesday where the latter goes for special medical treatment.

Mr. and Mrs. Cyrus Terry of San Saba were visitors here several days last week with their daughter, Mrs. L. A. Brown.

Stonie Taylor returned to the ranch at Sloan Saturday.

Mrs. M. L. Bowers of San Anna came Saturday for a visit with her niece, Mrs. W. A. Vowell.

Homer Brown of Camp Bowie came Saturday to spend 30 days here helping his father, L. A. Brown, with the

farm work.

Joe Wilson is home from Houston. He went to Rochelle Saturday to visit friends, returning Monday.

Ira Locklear visited in San Saba Saturday and Sunday.

A. J. Wise, wife and daughters, Misses Nolia and Mayme, and grandson, Judson, visited Mrs. Cora Ford at Chadwick Sunday. Mrs. Wise remained over for a few days visit.

Charlie Moore of Camp Travis is here for a few days visit with the folks.

Dr. McCall and family of Brady spent Sunday here with his sister, Mrs. C. Moore.

Mrs. S. E. Matlin and son, Willard, went to Bend on Sunday's train for a week's visit.

Nelson Moore who is a soldier boy, came home on a farmers furlough Saturday from Laredo. He will help his father with farm work.

Frank O'Peefe, who came here Thursday of last week from Brownwood, went to Belton Tuesday to go to war, returning here Sunday. There were enough men to fill the required quota. He and wife are here visiting for a few days before going back to Brownwood.

Mrs. Alice Keith, who spent last week in Brady, came home Sunday.

Joe Miller, wife and baby, of Sloan, were guests of L. C. Davenport Sunday.

Mrs. G. C. Bourland and baby, who visited in San Saba last week, came home Sunday, accompanied by her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Henry.

Henry Miller of the Ward-Burleson ranch had the misfortune to break both bones in his arm just above the wrist Monday while breaking wild horses. Dr. Burleson dressed it.

Eddie Polo in "The Bulls Eye" next Friday night at the Majestic.

*** CHURCH NOTICE ***

BAPTIST CHURCH
 Sunday morning: "The Servant Surpassing his Lord." John 14:12.
 Sunday night: "The Bread from Heaven."
 Remember our protracted meeting begins June 2. Rev. E. C. Routh will be with us. Bro. Routh now editor and manager of the Texas Baptist Standard, was at one time a teacher in the San Saba school, and is therefore known to the "old settlers."
 "Oh how love I thy law! It is my meditation all the day."
 Thy commandments make me wiser than mine enemies; for they are ever with me."
 G. W. Light, Pastor.

CUMBERLAND CHURCH
 "Greatly to be praised is the Lord, our God, for His wonderful works to the children of men."
 We are praising the Father for the sweet way in which He continually manifests Himself in our midst. He is blessing us abundantly. Don't you want a blessing?
 Sunday school 10:00 a. m.
 Preaching every Sunday
 Morning 11:00 o'clock
 Evening 8:45 o'clock
 Prayer meeting (Friday).... 8:45 p. m.
 A call meeting of Brownwood Presbytery will convene in the San Saba church next Thursday afternoon at 2:30, and all of our friends are invited to attend the services.
 T. J. Tanner.

Harmony Ridge
 We are thanking the dear Heavenly Father for the outpouring of His blessings upon us, and thank the kind friends who are so much interested in the work here and their co-operation. Let us unite in a definite prayer to God for His manifest presence in all of our services. All of the friends in the community are earnestly invited to join our Sunday school and to attend the preaching services.
 Sunday school 2:30 p. m.
 Preaching immediately after.
 T. J. Tanner.

AT THE METHODIST CHURCH
 Sunday school at 9:45 a. m.—R. S. Crain, Supt.
 Preaching by pastor at 11 a. m. and 8:30 p. m.
 Children's Missionary Society at 4 p. m.
 Epworth League at 7:45 p. m.
 Z. V. Liles.

Fruit and Preserves Wanted for Soldiers

The following letter has just been received from the Navy League of the United States, an organization devoted to the welfare of the soldiers and sailors who are going to France to fight. Any one having fruit or preserves they wish to donate to this cause, may do so by leaving same at my office which is with the County Judge in the court house at San Saba. No one is solicited but an opportunity is given for those who wish to do something for the soldiers and sailors is given. The letter explains.

Yours truly,
 R. P. Elrod, Co. Agri. Sgt.
 Navy League of the United States
 1201 Sixteenth St., N. W.
 Washington, D. C.
 April 22, 1918.
 Mr. R. P. Elrod, County Agent,
 San Saba, Texas.

Dear Sir:—
 This is a circular letter because, at the suggestion of Mr. Bradford Knapp Chief of the Extension Work in the South, U. S. Department of Agriculture, we are writing to all of his State and County representatives. Both Mr. Knapp and ourselves feel that each of you would like to participate in this service.

About a month ago we received from the women of Maryland liberal donations of canned fruits and preserves. These articles were given for use on our transports and destroyers which were going abroad. The expressions of gratitude from both officers and men have been almost overwhelming, and now requests come from every side for more.

We know you would be glad to help give back to our boys some of the things which they have sacrificed in leaving their homes to fight for us in France. No doubt each member of your canning clubs would consider it a privilege to donate one or two cans of fruit or pars of preserves for this purpose. Have them paste labels on the cans giving their names and addresses. It will add a personal touch to the gift which the boys will appreciate. They like to know who it is that is thinking of them.

As soon as you have secured enough of these articles to make a small shipment, write us and we will give you shipping instructions and will be glad to take charge of them for you and see that they are delivered promptly to the men who are leaving for France.

Very truly yours,
 Navy League of the United States,
 W. S. Townsend, Sec'y.

* * * * *

* MORE GOODS *
 * BETTER QUALITY *
 * LESS PRICE *

THE FAMOUS BARGAIN STORE

* * * * *

It is our belief that courtesy is due to all who enter our doors, whether buying or merely looking, the very fact of their presence within our doors places us at once in the capacity of host with our visitors as guests. Add to courtesy "lower prices" and greater Values and the result forms an ideal incentive to those who not only are thriftily inclined, but who prefer a service where courtesy is a dominant feature. We are prepared to Serve you at a Saving. If you have not paid this store a visit, do so. The time spent on inspection will mean money to you.

* * * * *

THE FAMOUS BARGAIN STORE

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GERMANY WANTED TEXAS

The amazing announcement was made last year, through the shrewdness of United States secret service men, that one of the plans of Germany toward conquering the world was to give Texas to Mexico, in order to secure the support of that country in a conquest of the United States. This brings to mind that once before, in the days when Texas was a republic, Germany had this same object of making Texas a German dependence in view. Frederick Eby, Ph. D., professor of the History of Education in the University of Texas has found some interesting facts among the documents in the archives of the library at the University bearing upon the movement to make Texas a part of Germany. In speaking of this interesting historical epoch, Mr. Eby says:

"In 1842, twenty-one of the nobles of Germany, and the Crown Prince of Prussia, among them, formed an 'Adelaverien,' known officially in Texas as the German Emigration Society. In the prospectus of the society they bewail the emigration of so many of their subjects due to unfavorable economic conditions. Seeing it was impossible, or at least inadvisable to check the flow of population, they decided to direct and control it along their own lines and secure 'one place' where these emigrants might establish a 'new Fatherland' in which they would find again a 'german habitat,' and maintain unbroken connection with their native land.

"A long and careful investigation, the Verein reached the decision that Texas was the 'one' land most favorable for such a colonial enterprise."

In this effort to make Texas a German province, between 10,000 and 15,000 Germans were brought to this State. The German Verein offered lands, cattle, horses, and tools to the settlers and civil practices. But the plan did not work. The agents of the German emigration Society of Verein, were duped by sharp land agents, and the Society collapsed. The real reason, however, for its failure and destruction was the union of the infant Republic of Texas with the United States in 1845.—Division of Publicity, University of Texas.

MUSIC RECITAL

The music class of Mrs. R. G. Halden will present a music recital at the high school auditorium Friday night, May 10. There will be no admission.

Our Cavalry Troop

I appeal to my friends in this county to come forward and fill up our home Troop for service on the Mexican border. Home pride should prompt us to fill up this Troop quickly. That you may understand all the information we have in reference to this enlistment I wish you would come in and talk the matter over. Please understand that I am not asking you to do anything that I am not doing myself. I am going with the Troop all the way. We will go together and serve together. I do not ask you to go. But I do appeal to you with all the earnestness of my soul to COME follow me wherever duty and honor leads.

W. A. SMITH.
 FOR SALE—2 big work mares, cheap.—Dr. C. C. Berry.

LETTER FROM WHITT JOHNSON

Whitt is the son of Mrs. W. F. Johnson of this city. When the first call was issued for volunteers, Whitt was one of the first to enlist. He was sent to Camp Travis, and was soon transferred to the famous 9th Infantry. This is a "crack" regiment and probably one of the best in Uncle Sam's service today. Whitt is bugler for his company and is proving himself a worthy soldier. The following is a letter sent from "Somewhere in France":

"Somewhere in France"
 March 23, 1918.

My Own Dear Mother:
 How are you this fine Sunday night? We have just been to hear the history of the ninth Infantry by chaplain Wood. The band played pieces that came in the history of the ninth. We spent a very interesting evening. I thought of Marsh when the military band was playing.

Have you gotten my money for February yet? I sure hope you have. How is old San Saba getting along? I have never gotten the paper yet. Dee Ragsdale gets his. We are looking for mail tomorrow. May be I will get a bunch then. Sure hope I'll get a lot of letters from home.

I am in a place where I can't write much but will write every time I get a chance. You see I'm at the front and having a fine time.

Here is a little poetry I want you to read:

Only a volunteer
 Why didn't I wait to be drafted,
 And led to the train by a band
 Or put in a claim for exemption.
 Oh, why did I hold up my hand.
 Why didn't I wait for a banquet?
 Why didn't I wait to be drafted?
 For the drafted men get all the credit

While I'm only a volunteer.
 And nobody gave me a banquet,
 Nobody said a kind word;
 The grind of the wheels of the engine
 Was all the godbye that I heard.
 Then off to the camp I was hustled
 To train for a half a year,
 And then in the shuffle forgotten
 I was only a volunteer.
 But when we are through with the glory,

And it comes to serving our land,
 We'll leave the cheers and banquets
 Behind with the drafted men.
 My work will always seem easy;
 It is not done for a cheer.
 I'm serving the cause of humanity,
 For I'm only a volunteer!
 How do you like that?
 Hope you are all well.
 Lots of love,
 A. Whitt J.

Charley Chaplin in a 3-reel comedy "A Dogs Life" Saturday May 11th at the Majestic.

The base ball boys of the San Saba High School went to Cherokee Wednesday afternoon to play a match game with the Junior College. This is the third game with the Junior College, Cherokee Junior winning the first and the home boys winning the latter. The better team will be determined by this game.

The San Saba Mill & Elevator Company in a called meeting Wednesday afternoon elected the following officers: R. P. Elrod, pres.; W. H. Gregg, vice-pres.; G. H. Hagan, sec'y

TO A MOTHER

It is hard, perhaps impossible, to say anything that will help you to forget your loss or that can dull the sense of emptiness in your heart for the boy who is gone. That consolation it is beyond the power of words to bestow, but it will come to you of itself unsought and unexpected—a light from the glory of the great cause that has taken him.

You are his mother, and therefore have had a mother's dreams for your son. You taught him to be honest—with himself as with others. You set his feet in the difficult path of courage and helped him to walk in it. You encouraged him to think little of himself, but much of others, and to hate injustice and cruelty; and you made him see that for us Americans the love of country is not love for a mere set of geographical boundaries or a political system, but for a body of moral principles, a creed of justice and liberty.

As the years have passed you had the supreme happiness—the deepest and most enduring satisfaction that life affords—of seeing your aspirations take form and express themselves in your son's character, and of knowing that it is your dreams and your guidance and teaching that have made him what he is. When the call came he heard it and was ready. He went in the purity of his youth, with his visions all undimmed and his heart on fire with noble passion. So, for you, he will always remain.

It is your high privilege—and in the years to come it will be your proud comfort—to remember that, having made him worthy, you also gave him the great opportunity that he took so gladly, and by your sacrifice set the seal of success on both your lives. Your reward and your peace are the assurance in your heart that now and forever "it is well with the child."—Youth's Companion.

Announcement is made in this issue of the organization of a troop of cavalry at San Saba, Texas, to be made up of volunteers from San Saba, Llano, McCulloch and Menard counties, the recruiting to be done by our friend and esteemed neighbor, Editor W. A. Smith of the San Saba News. That this branch of the service should appeal strongly to the men of this section there can be no doubt. Further, there is opportunity for immediate service, and that is another feature that will appeal to all who contemplate enlisting. Enlistment is open to men between the ages of 18 and 45, and even men in the draft will be accepted.

The Standard would like to see McCulloch county with a good representation in this cavalry troop, because we feel like there is work ahead for the organization and work that will go down into history.—Brady Standard.

Charley Chaplin in "A Dogs Life" Saturday May 11th at the Majestic.

Walker Winslow received a letter from his brother, Willie Winslow, Monday, stating that he had been moved from Camp Bowie to Jersey City, New Jersey and that he was preparing to visit New York and see the sights of that metropolis. Willie is a member of the famous Battery A, 133rd Field Artillery.

A Mack Sennett Comedy next Saturday night at the Majestic.

SERVE YOUR COUNTRY

Buy Liberty Bonds and War-Savings Stamps. Help me by buying your dry goods at the Dry Weather Store. Watch for the big Red Cross drive next week.

T. C. HENRY

THOUSANDS OF STENOGRAPHERS AND BOOKKEEPERS

Wanted at Washington at entrance salaries of \$1100 with promise of a quick raise. A number of our students have recently secured government positions. The demand for stenographers and bookkeepers is unprecedented and at higher salaries. No vacation. Electric fans.

SAN ANGELO BUSINESS COLLEGE
 San Angelo, Texas



Lend Him A Hand
 BUY LIBERTY BONDS



ENOCH MORGAN'S SONS CO.
 Buy SAPOLIO

For **PATRIOTISM** For **ECONOMY**

"Actions speak louder than words—Act—Don't Talk—Buy Now"

BRING THE BOYS BACK

Our boys, the boys from this town and county and this state, are fighting the Huns. They are in the trenches in France, they are sailing the U-boat infested seas, they are going "over the top" in the face of German gas bombs and machine gun fire. And remember, these are our boys, those who are near and dear to us. They are doing their All. They are making the supreme sacrifice that our homes, our town, our nation may escape the savagery of the ruthless Hun.

Will You Help to Bring Them Back?

Will you support our boys while they are fighting for us; fighting German autocracy and Prussian intrigue that seeks to destroy American ideals of liberty and justice. Compared to their sacrifices our part is but small. We can do it by buying Bonds of the Third Liberty Loan.

Buy all these bonds you can; make all the sacrifice that is necessary to buy bonds.

That will be our support of the brave boys.

SAN SABA NATIONAL BANK
 COME IN AND LET US TALK THE MATTER OVER WITH YOU

ANNOUNCEMENTS

Terms: Strictly cash in advance. No announcement inserted unless cash accompanies same. Announcements inserted in the order in which fees are paid at this office.

Congressional \$15.00
 District 10.00
 County 7.50
 Precincts 5.00

Fees do not include subscription to The San Saba News.

For District Attorney, 33rd Judicial District:
 MITCH JOHNSON.
 CAPT. T. E. HAMMOND

For District Clerk:
 JOHN H. MOORE.

For County Judge:
 W. V. DEAN

For County Attorney:
 E. G. HILLMAN.
 A. B. WILSON

For Sheriff:
 EDGAR T. NEAL

For Tax Collector:
 W. W. SKELTON
 W. A. GRIMES
 ROSCOE C. SENTERFIT

For Tax Assessor:
 B. B. DUEY
 W. E. YARBOROUGH
 W. P. TUCKER
 JOE M. SMITH
 A. J. REAVIS
 ALEX E. MOORE

For County Clerk:
 ARCH WOODS.

For County Treasurer:
 J. G. HOLDER.

For County Superintendent:
 OTICE O. ("O. K.") GRAHAM
 W. N. ELLIS.
 G. L. HUCKABY

For County Surveyor:
 S. J. BROSS

For Commissioner Prec. No. 1:
 JOE A. WILLIAMS.
 B. D. (DENNIS) SULLIVAN

For Commissioner Prec. 3:
 G. W. LONG.

For Constable Precinct No. 1:
 OLLIE L. MONK
 H. F. (Butten) BROWN

For Public Weigher, Pre. No. 1
 GEO. W. BROWN



DR. F. A. BASS
 DENTIST

Clark Building. San Saba.



Paul Sullivan
Is Heard From

Word was received Monday from Paul Sullivan, now stationed at Norfolk, Virginia, and a member of the United States Marine Corps. Some time back he informed his parents that he was to receive a leave of absence soon and they were expecting him to arrive at any time. But he was not heard from for some time, and fearing lest something had happened to him, his father, W. F. Sullivan inquired as to his whereabouts, and received word that Paul was preparing to leave, but on account of circumstances over which he had control, he was unable to depart at that time. Presumably, he was sent out to see to perform some service for the government and was forbidden any communication. The letter from his captain stated that Paul was in the best of health and made one of the best marines on board the ship.

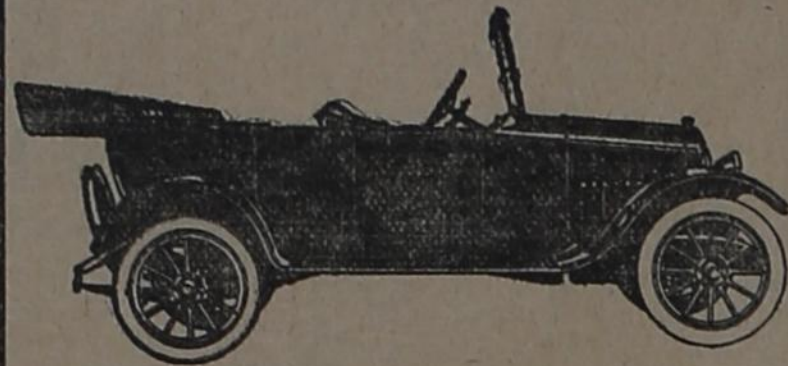
Mrs. C. T. Jones has received a license from Red Cross headquarters authorizing her to wear the complete Red Cross uniform. She is also authorized to instruct in the work. Mrs. Jones is the only one in the county holding a permit of this character.

Rev. J. S. York of Corsicana is visiting his daughter, Mrs. W. C. Brown, near Richland Springs. He is one of the few surviving Confederate veterans and is familiarly known as the Texas War Horse.

Charley Chaplin in a 3-reel comedy "A Dogs Life" Saturday, May 11th at the Majestic.

A letter from Mrs. E. A. Anderson says that she is now living at 1415 Court Place, Denver, Colo. While in Clifton, Arizona, she had the sad misfortune of breaking her leg and was confined to the hospital and forced to use crutches for some time.

Do You Know the Terms of that 22,000 Mile Test?



Maxwell Motor Cars

5-Pass. Car . . . \$ 825
 Roadster 825
 5-Pass. Car with All-Weather Top . . . 935
 5-Pass. Sedan . . . 1275
 6-Pass. Town Car 1275

All prices f. o. b. Detroit
 Wire wheels regular equipment with Sedan and Town Car

Official Figures of the Test

	Daily Mileage	Average Miles Per Gal. Gasoline
Nov. 23	511.9	22.2
" 24	551.4	22.82
" 25	537.4	21.49
" 26	505.9	22.47
" 27	516.5	21.70
" 28	509.6	23.02
" 29	515.5	26.40
" 30	480.1	22.80
Dec. 1	498.8	23.99
" 2	484.6	21.77
" 3	506.6	20.71
" 4 Rain	438.9	19.51
" 5	502.7	19.44
" 6	517.0	22.15
" 7	505.0	22.35
" 8	493.3	22.03
" 9	472.6	21.33
" 10	477.7	23.43
" 11	495.2	23.82
" 12	540.1	23.56
" 13	539.3	23.18
" 14 Rain	465.9	23.85
" 15	523.1	22.95
" 16	539.1	21.99
" 17	492.8	22.09
" 18	512.0	21.72
" 19	525.9	23.33
" 20	527.5	23.44
" 21	496.8	24.50
" 22	490.8	22.30
" 23	487.1	23.13
" 24	480.5	21.75
" 25	477.5	22.63
" 26	492.6	22.30
" 27	487.1	19.79
" 28	477.4	18.91
" 29	325.9	18.20
" 30	466.9	20.24
" 31	504.9	21.08
Jan. 1	501.4	19.82
" 2 Rain	451.8	20.07
" 3 Rain	479.1	21.56
" 4 Rain	455.6	19.82
" 5 Rain	562.5	19.10

Elapsed time 44 days
 Total mileage 22,022.3
 Average speed per hour . . . 25 miles
 Average day's run 500.6
 *Longest day's run 562.5
 Average miles per gal. 22 miles
 Smallest day's mileage per gallon 18.20 miles
 Greatest average miles per gallon 28.33 miles
 Average tire life 9,875 miles

*Note that longest day's run was made on last day of the test.



S. Z. PARK

You know, of course, that the Maxwell Motor Car is the long distance champion of the world.

You have read that a "stock" Maxwell 5-passenger car ran for 44 days and nights without stopping the motor.

And that, in the 44 days non-stop test, the Maxwell covered 22,022 miles, at an average speed of 25 miles per hour.

But have you, up to now, realized the full significance of that performance?

Do you know that no other motor car in the world has ever equalled or even approached that performance?

In a word, did you take this test seriously when you heard of it?

Or did you set it down as a "selling stunt" to give the publicity man something to talk about?

It's worth your while to read and to study the conditions under which that test was made.

You know that the American Automobile Association (familiarly known as the "A.A.A.") is the official arbiter of every automobile test and contest.

But perhaps you didn't know that when a maker places his product under A. A. A. supervision he must do absolutely as told and abide by the decisions of the Board. That's why there are so few A. A. A. Official Records!

This 22,000-mile Maxwell non-stop test was official from start to finish.

Therein lies its value to you.

It proves absolutely the quality of the car—of the very Maxwell you buy.

For verily this was a "stock" Maxwell. Listen:—

First: the inspectors disassembled the motor to see that no special pistons, valves, bearing-metal or other parts had been used.

Every other unit was as critically inspected. Then the car was re-assembled under their own supervision.

As we had much at stake and the test was made in winter (November 23 to January 5) we asked permission to take certain little precautions against accidental stoppage.

Sounds reasonable, doesn't it?

But they refused permission to do any such thing.

For example:—They would not permit a rubber cover over the magneto—it wasn't "stock."

They refused to let us tape the ignition wire terminals—they are not taped on the Maxwells we sell—so of course it wasn't "stock."

Neither would they let us use a spiral coiled pipe in place of the usual straight one from tank to carburetor to guard against a breakage from the constant, unremitting vibration—it isn't "stock."

Nor to use a special high priced foreign make of spark plug—the run was made on the same spark plugs with which all Maxwells are equipped.

So rigid were the rules, we were unable to carry a spare tire on the rear—it wasn't "stock." A telegram to headquarters in New York finally brought a special permit to carry a spare tire.

"It isn't stock!" "It isn't stock!"

That was the laconic reply of those A.A.A. inspectors to every last suggestion that called for anything but the precise condition of the standard, stock model Maxwell that any customer can buy from any one of 3000 dealers anywhere.

We are glad now—mighty glad—that the rules were so strict and so rigidly enforced.

Any other car that ever attempts to equal that record must do it under official supervision—and comply with the same terms.

And it will have to go some.

For Maxwell set the standard when it performed this wonderful feat.

Maxwell complied with those rules—and made good.

Every drop of gasoline and oil and water was measured out and poured in by the inspectors themselves. They would not even let our man pour it in!

Every four hours the car had to report at the official station for checking.

And it had to be there on the minute.

And every minute there was an inspector beside the driver on the front seat—two more men in the rear. One got out only to let another in—day and night for 44 days and nights!

There was one technical stop.

It is interesting to know the circumstances.

Dead of night—a driving storm—a cloudburst—suddenly another car appeared in the road ahead.

In his effort to avoid a collision the Maxwell driver stalled his motor.

At least the observers thought it stopped and so reported.

The car did not stop, however, so its momentum again started the motor (if it had indeed stalled) when the clutch was let in.

The contest board exonerated our driver on grounds that his action was necessary to save life.

That shows you how rigid were the rules—how conscientiously applied by the observers.

You who have owned and driven motor cars—you who know how small a thing may clog a carburetor or a feed pipe; "short" a spark or stall a motor—will realize what a wonderfully well made car this must be to go through that test under those conditions—44 days—22,022 miles without stopping.

The exact amount of gasoline, of oil, of water used; the tire mileage, tire troubles, tire changes; the distance and the routes are matters of official record, attested under oath and guaranteed by the A. A. A.

(By the way, the average was nearly 10,000 miles per tire.)

Any Maxwell owner—or anyone interested may see those records.

And—here's the most wonderful part—though no attempt was or could be made for economy; the Maxwell averaged 22 miles per gallon of gasoline.

Some other car may, some time, equal some one of those performances. But to equal them all in the same test—that car must be a Maxwell.