

The Cotulla Record.

VOL 15, NO. 18

COTULLA, TEXAS, JULY 24, 1915

PUBLISHED WEEKLY

Heavy Showers Around Town.

A good rain fell near Woodward Wednesday, the strip covered by the rain was very narrow. South of town it began raining just across the river and rained as far South along the I. & G. N. as Encinal. About half an inch fell along the course of the Nueces, South of town and was sufficient for the farmers to begin planting. No rain fell in town.

The Nueces river at this point is lower than it has been for many years and is dry in some places between the bridges. The water in the big dams is getting very low and unless they are filled in a short time the irrigation farmers will suffer. Twelve or fifteen miles down the Nueces, in places not a drop of water can be found for a quarter of a mile.

Fishing Party Here From Laredo.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Foster, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. DaCamara, Mrs. E. N. Dew, Miss Ruth Laro, Willis Lowry, Bernardino DaCamara and Conrad Laro of Laredo who spent last week on the Nueces fishing, returned home Sunday.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given to all parties that livestock caught running at large anywhere inside of the incorporated limits of the City of Cotulla will be taken up and put in pound in accordance with the ordinance governing same. This applies to ALL.

J. K. Williams,
Deputy Marshal

Carranza Breaks Diplomatic Ties.

Washington, D. C. July 23—Diplomatic advices from Mexico today said General Carranza had given notice he would not receive communication from or transact business with foreign governments which have no diplomatic agents accredited to his government at Vera Cruz.

Enforcement of such an order practically would cut off the Carranza government from further communication with all foreign nations which have ministers resident in the City of Mexico. It would not, according to the information received, sever his informal relations with the United States Government as Carranza is understood to regard Consul Silliman at Vera Cruz as properly accredited.

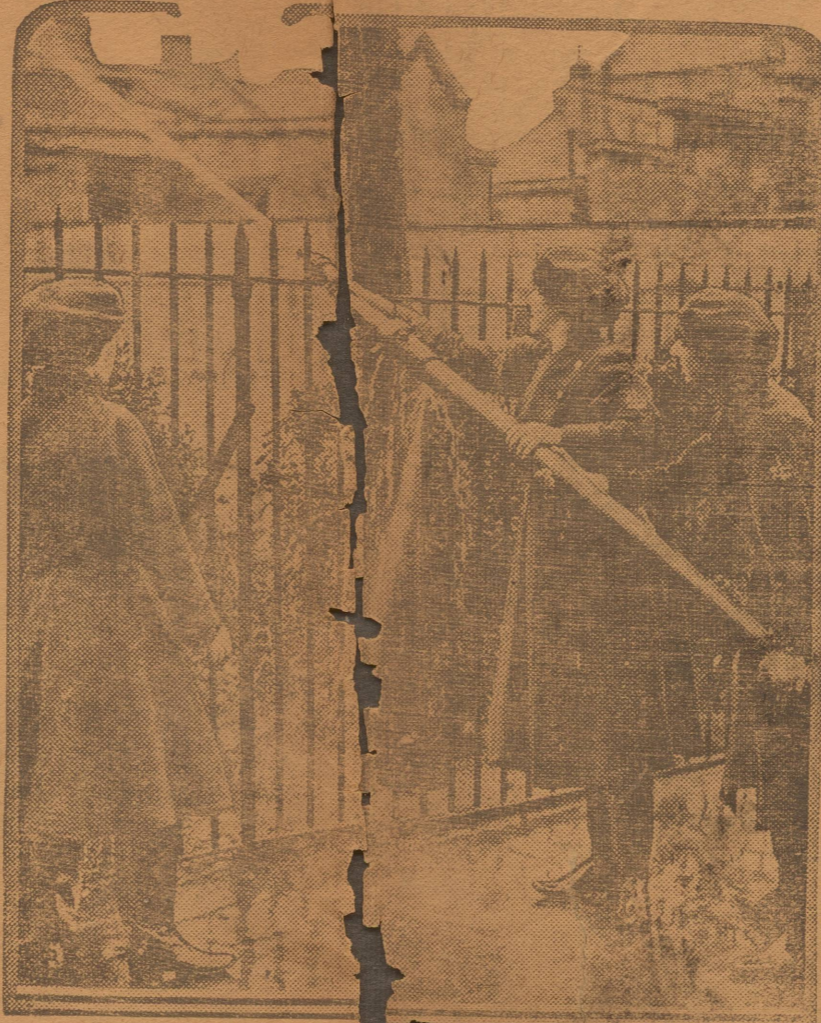
General Carranza's Washington agents tonight said they had no advices of such action. The report created surprise in official and diplomatic circles, particularly in view of the general understanding that foreign governments were awaiting action by the United States toward Mexico before recognizing any government in the Republic. It was announced recently that Great Britain had definitely determined to extend no recognition until a government had been recognized by the United States.

NOTICE

A lecture and picture show will be given at the Dixie Theater Monday and Tuesday night.

Everybody and learn of a better way to live, something new. Farmers and church going people are especially invited.

LONDON WOMEN AS FIRE FIGHTERS



Another testimonial to the fact that women are rapidly accustoming themselves to have taken the places in a great many of the places of the establishment. During the answer the call as quickly as did the men in the handling of the hose and nozzle.

Great Britain has a fire brigade where the women are trained to handle the hose and nozzle.

C. E. Neal Increases Stock

Neal's Auto Supply Co. recently received a large quantity of accessories for his cars.

your wants no matter how large or small they may be. Mr. Neal has the best equipped garage South of San Antonio with a cement floor space covering 2,500 square feet.

NOTICE

Rev. M. L. Rone will fill the pulpit at the Baptist Church, both Sunday morning and night.

SEED!

I will sell HASTINGS SEED again this year and advise you to place your orders early.

Onion Seed, yellows, per lb. \$2.
Onion Seed, wax, " \$3.
Lettuce Seed, Big Boston, lb. \$1.

Prices f. o. b. Atlanta.

H. B. MILLER

Cotulla, Texas.

SEND IN \$1.25

and I will ship you one crate, about 15 lbs. of nice sweet

TABLE GRAPES

Will sell any amount of JELLY GRAPES

at the rate of 5c a pound, but the money must be sent with order.

Address

ALBERT FREZ

Carrizo Springs, Texas.

Auto Accidents Of The Week.

On Tuesday morning a car occupied by Roy Cambell and Walter Manly, on making a sharp turn on the West side of the school house at a culvert, the car began skidding and before it could be gotten under control shot headlong into the ditch and hit the abutment of the culvert. Besides a broken windshield and other minorities the car was undamaged, while the occupants of the car got off without a scratch.

Word was received here this week that V. Battaglia, Merchant of Big Wells, ran over and killed a Mexican at that place Tuesday. From the best information obtainable it seemed that the Mexican was in the road and when he saw the car got excited and began running from one side of the road to the other and ran directly in the path of the car before it could be stopped. The Mexican lived at Laredo and had charge of a gang of men at Big Wells who were clearing land.

A young man driving a Ford on the Fowlerton road Wednesday ran over a cow belonging to Fred Dunning. After the accident the cow was missing a horn and also a broken leg, while the Ford was undamaged.

Six Amendments Voted On Today.

This is election day in Texas. Six proposed Amendments to the State Constitution will be voted on today. The one Amendment that is probably receiving the most consideration from our people is the one which provided for two additional members of the Supreme Court. This seems to be a good Amendment as the volume of business before the Court is to much for any three men.

The other five Amendments are not being considered so much by the people of Cotulla, seemingly, but the one proposing to give traveling men a right to vote at any place they may be on election day is a popular one with a great many people, and in all probability will carry.

The great trouble about an election of this kind is the people do not become interested as they should, only about 30 per cent, it is contended, vote. If this be true it makes it possible for 16 per cent the citizenship to make a constitutional law that a great majority of the people do not want. This shows the great importance of every citizen informing himself on all of these questions and voting according to as he thinks best.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that bathing will hereafter be prohibited in the river within the incorporated limits, which includes the distance from the wagon bridge to the head bridge.

HEALTH HINT.

typhoid, which is not quite one in every ten. Of the 1,428 who recovered from the immediate effects of the disease the death rate for the first three years was nearly twice the normal death rate of a similar group of persons who had not had typhoid. As the cause of death among the patients who died following recovery from typhoid, tuberculosis heads the list, with a rate of 39 per cent; with diseases of the heart following, with a rate of 14.8 per cent. In other words, the chances for having tuberculosis are increased about three times in those who have recovered from typhoid, while the chances for heart diseases are about doubled. In the United States each year 8,000 deaths occur among persons who have recovered from an attack of typhoid fever, but who, as a result of impaired vitality from the disease, succumb during the first or second year after recovery. Besides lowering the vitality so that other diseases are not to be resisted, typhoid often leaves the patient unaimed for life, and memory is frequently impaired. These considerations should bear an especial appeal to those who still tolerate flies and fly infected food and who have not yet made up their minds to be vaccinated against typhoid.

LIVE STOCK NOTES.

Jas Murray shipped 2 cars of cattle to Ft. Worth during the week.

C. F. Binkley shipped one car of cattle during the week.

C. C. Thomas recieved 650 head of cattle from McAllen during the week.

Blackaller Bros. shipped 12 cars of cattle to Ft. Worth early in the week.

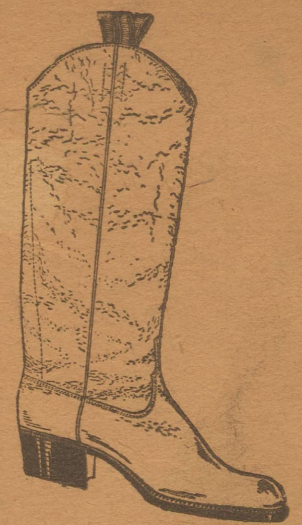
F. D. McMahon shipped 1 car of calves to Ft. Worth Thursday.

NOTICE

I Have taken up a red pig and owner can have same by paying for this ad and paying me 10c a day for my trouble.—W. L. Shillings.

Mrs. T. H. Poole and daughter, Miss Ethel, left Wednesday for Dallas where they will spend several weeks visiting relatives.

Ed Berry was among the Laredo visitors during the week.



Nettleton
BOOTS

SHOP MADE
IN STOCK

Conceded the best.
We have your size.

PRICE \$10.00

TRY A PAIR

K. BURWELL

T. S. BOND

CIVIL ENGINEER

Laredo, Texas. P. O. Box 11

Long Time Loans LANDS AND CATTLE.

REASONABLE RATES OF INTEREST.

COTULLA STATE BANK

Guaranty Fund Bank.



WE LIKE TO HAVE WOMEN WHO KNOW STYLE, QUALITY AND VALUE COME IN AND EXAMINE OUR GOODS.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED ANOTHER SHIPMENT OF OF DRESS GOODS.

IF YOU WANT A NEW DRESS, WE HAVE SOMETHING THAT WILL PLEASE YOU.

CHILDREN'S AND MISSES READY-TO-WEAR DRESSES. CHEAPER THAN YOU CAN HAVE THEM MADE. BEAUTIFUL DESIGNS AND COLORS.

SIMPSON & SONS

Merchandise Specialties

WASHINGTON PREPARING TO ENTERTAIN G. A. R.

Washington, D. C.—Fifty years ago the Union armies, fresh from the battlefields of Appomattox, marched down Pennsylvania avenue in Washington.

It was a grand review of the war scarred legions of Grant and Sherman, of Meade and Sheridan, and the other famous commanders whose "boys in blue" had preserved the Union. President Johnson and General Grant were in the reviewing stand as the veterans swung proudly past to the exulting music of their bands, while the battle flags that had flown on a hundred bloody fields waved over the triumphant host.

This thrilling pageant, of national interest, will be reproduced as far as possible during the

forty-ninth annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, which will be held in Washington, September 27-October 3, next, according to the announcement made here today.

It will be the fifteenth anniversary of the grand review. Thousands of the same veterans who marched in that review a half century ago uniformed in the Union blue, will again keep step to martial music down Pennsylvania avenue, and pass in parade before President Wilson and members of his cabinet. It will be the last time the veterans will march in Washington, and the last time that hundred of them will ever again attend an encampment, as the aged men are fast passing away.

The Grand Army, which survived four years of campaign and never surrendered will soon have to lower its standards, defeated by Time, the only enemy able to vanquish the vet-

erans. Because of the increasing death rate and the feebleness of the survivors of the great war it is probable that the Grand Army will never again hold a great encampment after the Washington event. As this gathering is the last in which many of them will participate, and as the anniversary of the grand review is of such historic significance to them and the country, they will make great efforts to be in Washington in September. The encampment will therefore be the largest and most successful ever held by the organization.

Washington is making elaborate preparations to receive the veterans, and the nation's capital will be en fete during the week that the famous soldiers are within her gates.

Government officials and the people of the Capital are a unit in extending invitations, through the press of the country, to the nation to visit Washington during G. A. R. week. Plans are being perfected to make the encampment and the grand review an event of national importance.

An elaborate program of entertainment for the veterans and citizens who visit the capital at that time is being prepared. The war department and the navy department are cooperating in the program.

The former has arranged for exhibition drills of U. S. troops, cavalry, artillery and infantry, at Fort Myer, which is a suburb of Washington. Some of the best soldiers in the army are stationed at Fort Myer, particularly the cavalry, which numbers among the enlisted men many of the greatest riders in the world. Crack batteries of light artillery are stationed at Fort Myer.

The navy department will give by the Wright brothers in public the Fort Myer.

The navy department will have a fleet of destroyers, and a cruiser from the Atlantic fleet, and a battleship from the Pacific fleet.

GERMANS ADMIT LIABILITY IN NEBRASKAN CASE

Government at Washington Will Accept Regrets and Offer of Compensation as Covering Matter.

Washington, D. C.—Although officials were pleased by receipt of a memorandum from Ambassador Gerard formally transmitting German's admission of liability and expression of regret for the attack by a German submarine on the American steamer Nebraskan, they practically decided that the legal points raised by the incident would require the dispatch of a note on the subject, further to conserve American rights in the war zone.

Legal officers pointed out in many reserves the case resembles that of the William Frye, an American ship sunk by the Prinz Eitel Friedrich. In both cases the German government has expressed regret at the occurrence and offered to compensate American citizens for losses sustained, but the action of the German commanders has been declared justified under the circumstances. To admit this, officials here say, would establish a dangerous precedent.

Germany in the Frye case, contended that it was a fair inference from the language of the Prussian-American treaty of 1828 that an American ship carrying contraband could be destroyed if there was no other way to stop the transportation of the contraband.

The United States objects vigorously to this construction of the treaty, and, in the case of the Nebraskan, probably will place on record its view that the attack, even though payment is assured and regrets expressed, nevertheless was an illegal act under international law and treaty relations between the United States and Germany.

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GAME WARDENS NOW SHOOT TO KILL

Texas Department Receives a Letter Showing How Laws Are enforced in Ohio.

Austin, Tex.—Ohio game wardens shoot to kill in the enforcement of the game laws of that State, according to a letter received by Chief Game Warden Bob Goodfellow. Recently several deputy game wardens of Ohio made a raid on poachers and when they resisted they were fired upon with the result that two were killed. The deputy game wardens were exonerated by the coroner's jury.

"It is sad that the lives of two men should be lost when the trivial character of their offenses is considered, but the fish and game laws of the State of Ohio must be upheld, and the deceased are to blame for the loss of life," wrote Ohio's Game Warden to Warden Goodfellow. "It is a lesson for many people, especially those living near streams who are undoubtedly familiar with the law, but who labor under a delusion as to their rights, thinking that their rights are infringed upon when they are not allowed to disobey the game laws, and who by their actions destroy all methods of conservation that the government may take to preserve our natural resources.

"It is this unsportsmanlike destruction of our game and natural resources which, if allowed to continue, would mean the disappearance of all game and resources to the detriment of every one, unless laws enacted for their protection are enforced."

RANGER SERVICE CLAIMS.

Austin, Tex.—Adjutant General Henry Hutchings has heard nothing from Washington as to the possible payment of \$259,000 claim of the state for ranger service along the border in years preceding the Civil War. Congressman John N. Garner, in an interview in San Antonio, is accredited with the statement that he has been assured before leaving Washington that the claims would be paid within a short time. It is also said to have been announced that the money paid would be used for a tuberculosis sanitarium.

According to General Hutchings no advices have been received by him. There are many old claims now outstanding against the state by rangers, which have never been settled. The announcement of Mr. Garner, it is anticipated, will lead to a flood of letters into the department asking details. General Hutchings, however, knows nothing of the proposition advanced by Mr. Garner.

men state they took nearly 3,000 prisoners, while the French, although admitting that their line momentarily gave way, declare that their counter-attacked arrested the progress of the Germans and drove them back.

There is no change reported on either the eastern, or Italian fronts, while reports that Turkey is seeking a separate peace; that some change in the Balkan situation is imminent, and that the allies have made further progress on the Gallipoli Peninsula lack official confirmation. The executive council of the South Wales union voted against recommending to the men they continue work from day to day until an agreement could be concluded.

The meeting was a protracted one, the executive council, like the miners, being sharply divided on the points at issue.

Reports received from the coal fields show that a large proportion of the men have determined to stop work.

This is particularly the case in the districts where non-unionists are numerous and no more pacific than the unionists.

A meeting of the delegates from the different collieries will be held tomorrow.

The Merthyr miners unimously voted not to resume work. They appointed delegates to attend the conference to be held here and suspended further proceedings until these delegates return and report.

'TREASURE CASE' ENDS IN PIONEERS DISMISSAL

Charges Involving Murder of Man and Boy Forty Years Ago Dismissed.

Bedford, Iowa.—The Siam "murder and treasure case" involving a double murder years ago and the reported burial of \$90,000 treasure on a Siam (Iowa) farm, ended today when the State dismissed the cases against Bates Huntsman, Samuel Scrivner and John and Henry Damewood, aged pioneers charged with the murder of Nathaniel Smith, a Missouri cattleman, and his son in 1876.

The State charged that Smith was murdered and the \$90,000 taken from him and buried. The names of families long since moved from this part of the country were brought into the case. It was said the James boys had a hand in the search for the treasure.

The state case was weakened yesterday when a story of events following the alleged murders, told by Mrs. Maria Collins Porter of Quitman, Mo., was denied by Mrs. Porter's sister, who came here from Oklahoma to testify.

The motion to dismiss came from Attorney B. J. Flick, representing Huntsman. Attorney Flick declared that the corpus delicti had not been established and that the change against his client had not been borne out by the state's evidence.

Attorney General Cosson at this point arose and announced that, while he had been impressed forcibly with the story of Mrs. Maria Collins Porter and was convinced that murder had been committed about the time she stated, the evidence to his mind, would not warrant the state in proceeding further with the case. He said he and the county prosecutor would endorse the motion to dismiss.

LUMBER AND SUPPLIES

LONG LEAF LUMBER—All Building Materials, Complete House Bills shipped anywhere. Quick shipments. Grade and count guaranteed. Examination allowed. Send estimate. Independent Co-Operative Lumber Co.,

SCHOLARSHIP FOR SALE.

(San Antonio Business College.) Regular \$84.00 Life Scholarship for \$40.00. The scholarship includes shorthand, bookkeeping, typewriting, etc. Apply Ben Schwegmann, 1114 Garden St., San Antonio, Texas.

JACK W. NEAL
321-23-25-27-29 S. Flores St. SAN ANTONIO
Hardware, Harness, De Laval Separators, Flying Dutchman Tools.
Elliott Gasoline Engines
Pump Jacks, U. S. Windmills, Studebaker Wagons and Implements.
Peter Schuttler Wagons

THERE is a difference in Dental Work. When in San Antonio, see Dr. O. Keller, 305 Brady Bldg. Gutta Percha Plates are the best. Emetine in Pyorrhea a specialty.

THE ORIGINAL REES 217
LOOK FOR THIS SIGN.

Free To You

If you wear glasses write to Charles Rees, "The Original Rees," 217 E. Houston Street, San Antonio, Texas. He will send you a new case, a glass cleaner and a book on the eye FREE. If your eyes trouble you in any way, or if your glasses need changing, write to him or call and he will make a thorough examination of your eyes and advise you WITHOUT CHARGE. Make no mistake. Look for the above sign and number, 217 E. Houston Street, San Antonio, Texas.

N. B.—Save the pieces and send your broken glasses to us. We can duplicate any broken lens.

CHARLES REES
Near Gunter Hotel.
217 East Houston Street
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

JOHN FENTIMAN
MAKES THEM TO ORDER
If You Can't Find in Our Big Stock of TRUNKS AND TRAVELING CASES What You Want, We'll Make It for You. PRICES LOW, QUALITY THE BEST.
Opposite The Alamo Alamo Trunk Factory 321 Alamo Plaza San Antonio

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR **American Overalls** MADE RIGHT IN SAN ANTONIO

BREAD! **BREAD!**
BUTTER BREAD, WHITE BREAD, RYE BREAD ANY KIND OF BREAD.
Shipped on Short Notice Anywhere. Write or Phone.
RICHTER'S STEAM BAKERY, - - San Antonio, Texas

CONCENTRATION
of effort counts in the Milling business as well as in other lines. We concentrate our efforts toward the making of good flour.
Pioneer Flour White Wings Flour
Not Bleached—Unexcelled No Chemicals.
Pioneer Flour Mills
Daily Capacity 1500 Barrels.

WAGNER AND TOP CO.
"Made in San Antonio" 744 East Houston Street SAN ANTONIO

SILOS and Silo Machinery
Let us tell you how to build your silo. Concrete silos are the cheapest and best. Get our catalog.
ALAMO IRON WORKS, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

"We Pay the Freight"
on Granite and Marble Monuments. Order now before the rush starts, you then get the finest kind of workmanship, the closest prices, and the stone is ready for setting when you want it.
Iron Fencing a Specialty
GET MY PRICES I CAN SAVE YOU MONEY
Send for Catalog
E. ROSSMANN
1002 EAST COMMERCE ST. SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

FILMS DEVELOPED
10c PER ROLL ALL SIZES
PRINTING PRICES:
Vest Pocket Size..... 2c
All sizes to and including 2 1/4 x 3 1/4..... 3c
All sizes to and including 3 1/4 x 4 1/4..... 4c
We are the oldest, most reputable finishers in South Texas, have constantly in our employ expert photographers, whose work will stand closest inspection. Mail us your films and enjoy the satisfaction of getting the best results obtainable. Write for our catalogue
THE KODAK PLACE
Potchornick-Birdsong Co.
214 E. Houston St., San Antonio.
We Carry a Complete Line of Eastman Kodaks, Films and Supplies

Wanted: In Car Load Lots CATTLE AND HOGS
WE PAY FOR INFORMATION resulting in car load shipments to us of all kinds of FAT CATTLE, CALVES and HOGS. If you can furnish either the live stock or the information, write or phone
UNION MEAT COMPANY
UNION STOCK YARDS SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

the Potomac, is located in the Head proving ground, where guns for the navy or fortifications are tested before being placed on battleships or in other coast defenses. The veterans and visitors will have an opportunity to see the operations at Indian Head, as well as scores of other places of interest in or around Washington. During encampment week opportunity will be afforded the veterans to revisit Bull Run, Antietam, Appomattox and other celebrated battlefields.

ALLEGED CROOKS RUN DOWN BY FARMERS

Pursuit of Two Men Charged With Blackmail Ends In Shooting of Both.

Chicago. — Fifteen mounted and armed farmers caught two alleged blackmailers after a running fight of a mile, in which the fleeing men were shot and dangerously wounded. Each was shot through the shoulders with rifle balls and their backs were filled with buckshot. They were taken to the Chicago Heights Hospital, where they gave their names as William Anker, a horse dealer in South Holland, and Henry Melankow, a bartender in Thornton.

Four days ago, Louis Myers, a wealthy farmer near Matteson, received a letter demanding that he place \$500 in a certain stump, death to himself and wife being the penalty for failure to comply. Myers notified the officers.

Shortly after dark, Monday night, fifteen farmers rode to the place indicated in the threatening letters, concealed their horses in the brush and surrounded the stump. Just before daylight this morning a buckboard containing two men stopped at the roadside near the stump. The men left the vehicle and the farmers made a rush for them. The men fled to their buckboard and drove away at full speed. The posse then gave chase.

MINERS WOULD CUT ENGLANDS COAL SUPPLY

Government Than News From the Front.

London.—Despite the action of the government in applying the munition of war act to coal mining, which will make the miners subject to severe fines if they strike, a large number of men probably will stop work in South Wales tomorrow, thus curtailing the supply of coal for naval vessels. The Federation of Miners of the United Kingdom, the labor leaders and the general public, upon whose support the miners would depend to make the strike a success, are urging them to continue work until an agreement can be reached, but the executive council of the South Wales union, by a majority vote, refused to support this recommendation and a large proportion of the men are preparing to lay down their tools.

It is not believed the strike will last long, as the men are divided and the South Wales union has not the funds to finance a long struggle, and the Miners' Federation after its recommendation, is not likely to assist them. There is, also a probability the government will utilize the miners who enlisted in the army and who have not left the country to work the mines.

This dispute, which jeopardizes the work of the navy, occupies the public mind in England above all others, the official reports of the fighting taking second place. In fact, except for a sharp conflict in the Argonne, where the German official communication claims an attack by the Crown Prince army was "crowned with complete success, but which the French report says was repulsed, there has been little doing beyond the usual artillery actions and the bombardment of points of concentration.

This is the second success claimed for the Crown Prince in the Argonne during the last few weeks, but as in the previous case, there is a complete conflict of testimony between the two headquarters. The Ger-

A Woman of Good Judgement

Never discontinues trading with us after she once commences. All of our customers seem to stay right with us. We have the best class of customers in the city. And for that reason the slightest breach of honesty in our dealings would affect us more quickly than any other competitor. It is imperative that we keep the best goods and charge moderately for them.

Prompt Delivery
Phone 14.

John P. Guinn & Company

Satisfaction
Guaranteed

LOCAL NEWS

Fresh peaches always on hand at Wildenthal's restaurant.

J. G. Childers, Sr. was among the arrivals on Monday's train.

Jim Merriman was down from Pearsall one day this week.

A fine girl was born to Mr. and Mrs. O. H. Hayes July 22nd.

I am now prepared to serve short orders—Carl Wildenthal.

Rob Gardner was here from Woodward during the week.

F. M. Burkett went up to San Antonio during the week.

Lee Harper went up to San Antonio during the week.

Lee Peters spent the week in Artesia doing carpenter work.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Lee Williams, July 20th. a girl.

Regular meals served every day at Wildenthal's restaurant.

G. A. Shepard made a business trip to Laredo during the week.

Miss Lolla Rook Hill of Laredo is in the city visiting relatives.

Rob Oliver was up from Laredo on business one day this week.

Miss Maurine Reeves spent the week in Pearsall visiting friends.

Miss Jennie Cullen of Devine is in the city guest of Mrs. R. L. Graham.

Mr. and Mrs. Alanzo Neal of Fowlerton are in the city visiting relatives.

Homer Wheeler went up to San Antonio Sunday to see the ball game.

Mrs. Fred Chadwick was among the San Antonio visitors during the week.

Miss Rosalee Hurley of Melon spent several days here this week.

A dance was enjoyed at the Dixie Thursday night by the Society set.

Jack Hunt of Pleasanton spent several days here this week visiting friends.

John Wildenthal was among those that saw the ball game in San Antonio Sunday.

Jack Neal and Fred Dunning accompanied a train load of cattle to St. Louis last week.

F. D. McMahon went up to San Antonio on business first of the week.

Go to Wildenthal's restaurant when you are hungry and he will satisfy you.

Dr. Lightsey made a business trip to San Antonio during the week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Lynn returned to Runge first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Ownby were here from Woodward during the week.

Mrs. J. J. Burris of Melon spent part of the week here visiting relatives.

Gray Childers made a business trip to the Alamo city during the week.

Ray Keck and Clyde Tarver went over to Crystal city Wednesday in the former's car.

R. O. Gouger made a business trip to San Antonio during the week.

Mr. Reuben Wilson of Chester is in the city visiting his brother, J. W. Wilson.

Miss Kate Burwell is visiting friends and relatives in Kerrville.

Miss Florine Holman spent the past week in San Antonio visiting friends.

Rev. H. W. Hamilton is spending a few days at Carrizo Springs visiting friends.

W. G. Muter of Del Rio is in the city visiting his father, W. R. Muter.

We are making a special price on Swifts Pure Lard this week.—J. P. Guinn and Co.

Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Storey went up to San Antonio Saturday to see the ball game between San Antonio and Galveston.

IDE
Guaranteed Shirts
\$1.50 and up

Scores of styles—almost an endless variety of patterns.
Beautifully made and beautifully laundered.
Guaranteed color fast, perfect fitting and to wear satisfactorily.



A new garment if any shirt fails to make good.
K. BURWELL

Arthur Keaggs came over from Pleasanton Thursday and will spend several days here with his parents.

Phil Mewhirter left Saturday for Chicago where he will spend several weeks with friends and relatives.

Jack Carveland S. I. McKee were among those that went up to San Antonio to see the ball game Sunday.

Sheriff, T. H. Poole and son, Armstrong, were among the San Antonio visitors during the week.

Mrs. S. T. Dove of Pearsall returned home Wednesday after spending several weeks here with her daughter, Mrs. P. A. Kerr.

Mrs. B. A. Johnson returned first of the week from Eureka Springs Ark., where she has been for several weeks visiting relatives.

Fred Chadwick returned Tuesday after a business trip of several days in Arkansas. He was met in San Antonio by Mrs. Chadwick who went up on Tuesday's train.

Left Friday For New York.

Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Purnell and daughters, Misses Louise, Evelyn, Lolla Rook and Martha left Friday for their home in New York. They moved here about two years ago, and while here have made numerous friends who regret very much to see them leave.

Swimming Party

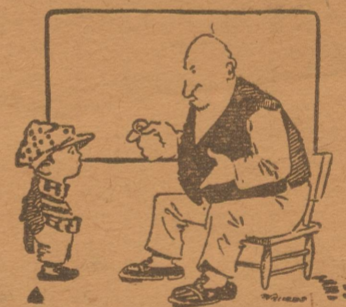
A large crowd of the society set motored down to the Traylor Lake Wednesday night where they enjoyed a delightful plunge in the placid waters of the beautiful lake. The party were chaperoned by Mrs. Dr. Lightsey and Mrs. J. J. Burris. Those who enjoyed this swim were: Misses Peters, Cullen, Tarver, Masters, Mertz, Hurley, Shaw, Burket, Mrs. Lightsey and Mrs. Burris. Messrs. Keck, Knaggs, Carvel, Oliver, Tarver, Manly, McKee, Willson, Neeley, Daniel.

Methodist Missionary Society

The weather was very threatening last Wednesday afternoon, and the Methodist ladies had no meeting of their Missionary society. Our lesson for next week will be Mission Study, taking the latter part of the subject, "The Child at Home," beginning with page sixty six in study book. Subject for roll call "charity."

Pub. Supt. M. E. Society.

Wanted the Music.



Uncle—Here's a nickel, Bobbie.
Bobbie—Haven't you got 5 pennies Uncle Dick, something I could rattle all the way to the store?—New York Globe.

What Followed Laughter.
A lady much given to laughter, each day her friends thought became daughter.
For when she'd begin
She could raise such a din
It was echoed from laughter to laughter.
—Newark (O.) Advocate.

Couldn't Faze Her.
"Some one played a dirty trick on Widow Jenkins."
"Zasso?"

"Yes. They turned out the lights in the church at her third wedding and then gave her the laugh when she found her way up to the pulpit in the dark."—Michigan Gargoyle.

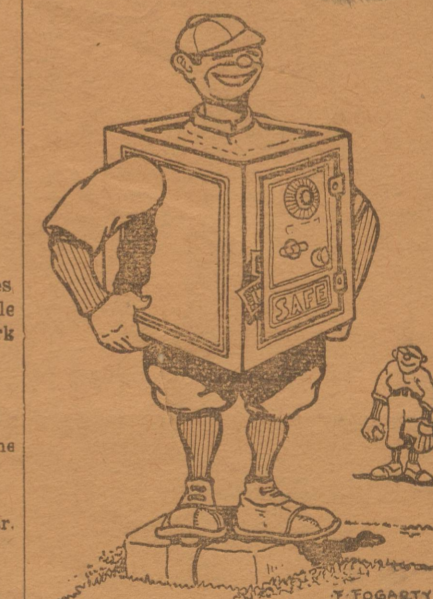
Cotulla Boys Too Much For Devine.

A large crowd witnessed the downfall of the proud Devine team, who have been making it hot all teams this year, Friday on the local diamond. The score was 3 to 0. It was a good game



Devine got a bunch of goose eggs

from start to finish and both sides played classy ball. Meitzen had too much for the Devine sluggers and made 18 of them lay down the bat. Redus for Devine got 9 strikeouts. Dutch Knaggs caught a good game and his peg to second was excellent. Carvel played a good game on first and in the seventh landed on one that looked like it was going to be good for a home run, but proved to be a foul. Peters started the fireworks in the eighth by landing on the horsehide for three sacks. He was followed by Dutch Knaggs, who put one in the same place as the



Knaggs and Peters were safe on 3rd.

same number of bases. This is the first game Cotulla has played with Devine this season. Umpire, W. L. Pease.

N O W Perfection Oil Stoves

The hot summer is no longer made "hotter" for the cook when you really want to keep her cool. The "New Perfection" is a real innovation in stove making. See it and our line of

FANCY GROCERIES

W. H. FULLERTON & SON

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EUROPEAN WAR NEWS

July 13.

Western front has again sprung into activity. The Germans have bombarded the allied positions in front of Neuport and Lombaertzyde, have attacked the British at Ypres and have delivered a heavy stroke against the French at Souchez, where in a desperate night assault they succeeded in occupying the cemetery, for the possession of which many battles have been fought.

In addition, the territory along the Aisne is the scene of furious mining operations while in the Argonne district the fighting has included both artillery and infantry actions of an important nature.

The Germans continue to shell the French positions at Pontenell and the French trenches in Alsace north of Munster.

The engagement of chief importance occurred in the neighborhood of Souchez, and while the honors in the early part of the battle went to the Germans, heavy counter attacks by the French resulted in the reoccupation of a portion of the trenches from Carency to the outskirts of Souchez. Asphyxiating gas bombs with which preparations were made for the infantry attack and fierce hand-to-hand encounters were features of this battle, which still continues.

Seemingly the Austro-Germans are resting on their victories in Galicia and Russian Poland.

The Italian advance against the Austrian front is making slow headway. Both sides claim successes.

Ninety thousand men have reported for duty as munitions workers in England. This result was attained in about two weeks by the minister of munitions, whose 600 bureaus have been in operation for the enrollment of skilled labor. Registration is to continue for many more men are required to supply the forces at the front.

King Victor Emmanuel, according to an unofficial dispatch from Rome, has signed a decree establishing a supreme committee which will have supervision of the work of increasing the supply of war munitions for the Italian army.

July 14.

A check to the army of the

ALL EXPENSES PAID to San Francisco and return, including five days at Fair. Best hotels, best meals, standard Pullman. Price, \$135. SANTA FE TOUR CO. 305 Brady Bldg., San Antonio, Texas.

DAISY FLY KILLER placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies, mosquitoes, gnats, etc. No odor, no stain, no damage to fabrics. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over. Will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Sold by dealers, or 50¢ per box by express prepaid for 50¢.

MAROLD SOMERS, 150 DeKalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.



Instruments of Torture

Until the year 1914 those things were used to wear out Clothes and Women.

The woman worked so hard that she was continually crippled in the back, and the clothes were worn and torn. In 1914 a man discovered by adding certain oils to regular soap in the wash boiler, that any kind of fabric would soon let go all dirt and stains, and that rubbing was unnecessary. The clothes were white, soft, ideal.

These oils he combined in a wax-like stick and called it—

Magic Washing Stick

Each stick is for five washings. The price is three sticks for 25¢. One-fifth of a stick is shaved up with the soap, put in the boiler—that's all. No more back-breaking, clothes-wearing, rubbing on washboard, washing machines or anything of the kind.



Wash Days Are Made Joy Days

FIFTEEN WASHINGS 25 CTS. For less than 2c a day you save two hours time, you save your clothes, you save your feelings, you save your looks. Use one stick, five washings, and it not cost you 2c. WILL BE RETURNED.

"A friend asked me to try Magic Washing Stick and now I am enthusiastic about it. Every dealer ought to have it so we can get it easily."

MRS. B., Texas.

A. B. Richards Company, Sherman, Texas.

German Crown Prince in the Argonne forest and the forces retirement of the Germans in the face of an energetic counter attack by the French is told of in the latest French official communication.

The Germans, it is asserted, had attacked with very heavy forces from the road between Binerville and Vienne Le Chateau as far as the region of Haute Chavauchee, after a preliminary bombardment of a violent character, in which asphyxiating bombs were used. The French line bent at several places under the vicious attack, but a counter attack stopped the Teutons and compelled their retirement.

Artillery duels on several other sectors of the line in France and a bombardment of the French and British positions in Belgium, when the Germans again made use of asphyxiating shells, are reported in the French communication.

Little fighting is going on along the eastern front and in the Italian zone. Nowhere in either of the theaters has there been an engagement of sanguinary character and no changes of importance have taken place.

July 15.

The Argonne forest in France the region directly west of that wood and the sector north of Arras are the scenes of the most violent infantry fighting now in progress on any of the numerous battle fronts although a belated report from Constantinople says the allied forces Monday made determined attacks by land and sea on the Gallipoli peninsula, which the Turks repulsed with heavy losses.

Elsewhere on the western line there is a continuance of the artillery action and an allied air raid on Liberocourt, between Douai and Lille, was carried out successfully by a squadron of heavy aeroplanes which threw down numerous bombs.

South of Lublin, which has been one of the objective points of the Austro-Germans in Russian Poland, where they hoped to establish themselves on a strong basis for a further advance toward Warsaw, there has been one of the objective points of the Austro-Germans in Russian Poland, where they hoped to establish themselves on a strong basis for a further advance toward Warsaw, there has been serious fighting in which the Russians claim to have captured, during the week ending July 11, officers and men to the number of 22,761. The Russian war office also reports that trenches extending over a territory of about one and a third miles on the right bank of the Pissa river in Poland captured by the Germans on July 13, were retaken by the Russians by a strong counter attack. Incidentally Paris declares the German gain in the Argonne Tuesday did not exceed at any point a depth of over a quarter of a mile.

The Italian commander in chief, General Cadorna, in his latest official report says merely that the situation in the Italo-Austro campaign is unchanged.

July 16.

The Germans are coming down from the north with their eyes still fixed on Warsaw, for the possession of which they have been reaching forward from every side from the beginning of the war. The occupation of Prasnysz, 50 miles from the Polish capital, reported by Berlin, is the first important step in the new advance. For this strongly fortified town the Germans have been contending since February; it was once before in their hands and has been the scene of many fierce encounters.

From Koltany, on the Windau river in Courland, far up on the Baltic southward to Prasnysz, the Germans and Russians are at grips at various points, with Berlin claiming success everywhere. The Austrians and Russians have again come in contact on the Dniester in Galicia, where a successful operation for the Austrians is recorded by Vienna.

The allies on the Gallipoli peninsula, says General Sir Ian Hamilton, their commander have taken, after vicious fighting, two strongly held Turkish lines defending the Dardanelles and

GERMANY DOES NOT LACK FOOD STUFF

Seven Million Belgians, However, Still Dependent On Charity

Washington, D. C.—Ernest P. Bicknell, National director of the American Red Cross, who has been directing the Rockefeller Foundation activities throughout the European war zone, and who returned here recently, says a German inventory of food supplies in Germany shows no shortage, present or prospective; that in Serbia there is considerable food shortage, but conditions are improving, and the situation is encouraging generally throughout the war area.

"In Belgium," said Mr. Bicknell, every man, woman and child, of 7,000,000, has to be fed from supplies brought in from other countries. About 1,500,000 are unable to buy their supplies, but all others do buy them under a systematic arrangement of distribution at low prices.

"Americans are supporting the Belgian people. Aside from receipts from sales of supplies, there is a deficiency of \$12,500,000 a month in the work of distributing food in Belgium."

"In Poland there are no outsiders engaged in relief work, but there is a large amount of food being sent in. Distribution to the needy people, German and Austrian military commanders are supervising through local committees of the Polish people. This food is coming only from Germany and Austria. The German government agreed not to molest any food we might send in and agreed to help in relief work. We then tried to buy wheat in Holland, Denmark, Russia, Sweden, Roumania and Bulgaria, but could not get any. Bulgaria and Roumania, by strict government prohibition are holding all their wheat, looking forward to the possibility of being drawn into the war.

"Russia has a great deal of wheat, but the supply is 1,000 miles in the interior. The Russian government told us it could not release any railroad equipment because of military needs. We found we could buy corn and barley in Russia for Polish relief, but the Polish people will not eat cornbread.

"Anyone who thinks Germany has a food shortage or will have one, is deceiving himself. The German government has just made a complete inventory and has found it has now enough to feed the German people until November 1, without counting on the new crops now coming in. Germany is in a splendid condition as to food."

Mr. Bicknell will have conferences in Washington and New York during the next two weeks and then returns to Europe.

BLACK SKUNK ATTACKS RANCHMAN AT OZONA

Ozona, Tex.—Eloee Baggett was bitten by a black hydrophobia skunk Sunday night and left immediately for the Pasteur Institute in Austin. Mr. Baggett, who is a ranchman, was asleep on a cot on the porch of the ranch house when the cat climbed up and bit him on the thigh.

PANAMA CANAL SLIDE MAY STOP WAR SHIPS

Panama—A movement of earth on the east bank of the Callaird cut today has again closed the canal to ships of more than twenty-five feet draft and may delay the passage of the United States battleships Wisconsin, Ohio and Missouri, on board of which are the naval academy cadets.

The slide is not regarded as serious. Ships passed through the canal late today after a special channel had been dredged, maintained them.

The fighting in the Italian war theater continues, according to Vienna, about in the same order as for days past—artillery engagements and here and there infantry attacks in which no great success has been gained.

GERMANS FIGHT WARSAW FROM THE NORTH

Germans Abandon Outflanking Attempt for the Moment and Aim Blow at Capital from Other Side.

London.—Abandoning for the moment their attempt to outflank Warsaw from the south, the German, probably under Field Marshal von Hindenburg, who is reported to have said a few days ago that he would astonish the world shortly, have renewed their attack on the Polish capital from the north.

They have not only captured a large number of prisoners south of Kolno, according to the report issued by Berlin, but have occupied Prasnysz, a fortified town fifty miles north of Warsaw, which was taken by Von Hindenburg in his great drive from East Prussia last winter, but was retaken by the Russians in their counter offensive.

This claim is partly confirmed by the Russian official report issued yesterday, which stated that the Russians, in the face of strong German forces, withdrew to their second line of entrenchments.

This move on the part of the Germans has taken the military critics completely by surprise. It was supposed generally that General von Mackenzen, after being strengthened, would continue his attempt to reach the Lublin-Cholm railroad, thus forcing the evacuation of Warsaw. But, as in all other operations, the Germans have done the unexpected. The new offensive probably will be general and extend from the Baltic around the East Prussian border to the Vistula, west of Warsaw, for all the Russian troops in this section must be kept to prevent them from concentrating at the point where the Germans hope to break through.

This is the second time Field Marshal von Hindenburg has tried this. His last effort, while it freed East Prussia of the Russians, cost the Germans an immense number of men and very nearly involved them in disaster, owing to the muddy condition of the ground. Now, however, there are only bad roads or lack of roads to contend with, but it is possible the Germans have built railroads to their northern front, as they have done in Central Poland.

In France the Argonne continues to be the scene of the hardest fighting, but of the operations here, as elsewhere in the west the official accounts are as contradictory as usual. At any rate, no great movement has been undertaken and no change has occurred in the line that could be recognized on any ordinary map.

Confirmation was received tonight from General Sir Ian Hamilton of the success which for some days the allies were reported to have achieved on the Gallipoli Peninsula. According to this report, two lines of Turkish trenches were captured, with 400 prisoners. The Turks, on the other hand, claim to have repulsed the allied attacks.

As anticipated, progress against the Turks is very slow, owing to the natural and strongly fortified positions they hold. But British military authorities express satisfaction with the gain of an occasional line of trenches, relying on breaking the morale of the Turks and on the exhaustion of their supply of ammunition. Germany's eagerness to have Roumania allow the passage of ammunition through the country to Turkey is taken to mean that the supply is running short.

NO ATTEMPT TO LYNCH FRANK

Atlanta, Ga.—Reports received here and in Macon that a mob would attempt to take Leo M. Frank, serving a life sentence for Mary Phagan's murder, from the State prison farm at Milledgeville and lynch him, were not confirmed.

Members of three companies of State militia, which were held in readiness at Macon throughout the night, were allowed to return to their homes and business early today.

Officials of the State farm reported from Milledgeville that the usual quiet prevailed there during the night.

TURKS DISPLAY FINE BRAVERY UNDER FIRE

All Official British Writers at the Dardanelles See Intrepid Foemen.

London.—The official British press representative with the allied forces in the Dardanelles in a dispatch dated July 7 and reaching London by way of Alexandria, Egypt, July 14, says:

"A successful allied advance on the left wing, June 28, alarmed the enemy seriously, causing him to bring up heavy reinforcements including raw troops and has been launching vigorous counter attacks ever since in a vain effort to recover his lost ground.

"Enver Pasha, the Turkish minister of war, hurried down from Constantinople to stimulate his troops, a great banner being hoisted on Aci Baba to signalize his arrival. There had been some dissensions among the Turkish eladers, especially regarding the advisability of counter attacks, but Enver Pasha insisted upon general attacks, which were undertaken repeatedly with great bravery and tremendous losses, masses of Turkish troops fading away before the allied artillery.

"The allied men all pay tribute to the extreme gallantry and indifference to death shown by the Turkish infantry, but their methods of attack are crude and wasteful. They are lacking in knowledge of how to carry out an assault scientifically.

"The Turks generally mass for an attack behind some natural barrier. Generally our artillery is informed of their massing before the attack is launched,

PREPARING FOR BIG YEAR

San Antonio—The famous system of Bookkeeping and Accounting used by 100,000 bookkeepers known as Draughon's "Double Entry Made Easy," the system used in all schools of the great Draughon Chain of Business Colleges, is to be revised and enlarged. The Revision Committee has turned final copy over to the printer, and the new books will be ready for the September opening of the big schools. No other schools than the Draughon are permitted to use this system. The Draughon Practical Business College, San Antonio, were asked to assist in furnishing data for the revision, as their Commercial Department uses more of this book than any other of the schools.

SON OF THE PHAROAH TO ENTER A. & M. COLLEGE

Austin, Tex.—According to a letter received here by Commissioner of Agriculture Fred W. Davis, Mohammed Anwar of Bielah, Egypt, contemplates entering the Texas Agricultural and Mechanical College.

The letter is from W. R. Coventry, American missionary at Tanta, who made inquiry as to the course of study at A. and M. College. Mr. Anwar is at present directing the agricultural experimental station established by Lord Kitchener.

whereupon knowing all the ranges to a foot to break up the mass with a torrent of shell.

"The Turks recently have been adding extensively to the defensive possibilities of their position in an effort to prevent any further advance by our troops and the Turkish soldiers have been given special orders prohibiting their retirement under any circumstances. Their officers have been directed to shoot soldiers who attempt to retire."

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If You Go to Church You'll Be Rewarded In This World

GO TO CHURCH because it will help you with your employer; it will help you in your business; it will help you in your profession.

The man who **GOES TO CHURCH** doesn't have to wait for his reward in the next world. He gets it right here. If you are an employee you may rest assured that you will not lose any caste with your employer when he learns that you are a regular attendant at church. If you are engaged in business people will trade with you more readily if you **GO TO CHURCH**. They rightly figure that a merchant who **GOES TO CHURCH** regularly is honest. They feel that unless he is a great hypocrite the merchant who **GOES TO CHURCH** will deal fairly.

The doctor who is a regular attendant at church can be trusted. His patients know that, in addition to his skill as a physician, he is sober, dependable and God fearing. It is plain that a physician who is a regular churchgoer soon earns the confidence of the community. The same rule applies to the lawyer. It applies to all professional men.

IT MUST BE PERFECTLY CLEAR THEN THAT, NO MATTER WHAT YOUR STATION IN LIFE MAY BE, YOU WILL BE A READY WINNER IF YOU GO TO CHURCH. THE MATERIAL BENEFITS OF GOING TO CHURCH MUST BE APPARENT TO EVERY ONE. WHO WILL DENY THE SPIRITUAL BENEFITS? EVERYBODY CAN LAY UP LASTING TREASURES. GET THE GO TO CHURCH HABIT. IT IS THE VERY BEST HABIT THAT YOU CAN ACQUIRE.

GO TO CHURCH yourself!
Induce your friends to GO TO CHURCH!

WISDOM AFTER THE EVENT

Ordinary Man So Confident That It Is Great Delight For Him To Say "I Told You So"

How wise men are after the event! It matters not how sagely a project is planned, or how vigorously its execution is pushed, if it turns out ill; nor how ill considered and quixotic it be, if it turns out well. Failure blinds us to the merits of any enterprise, and success to its folly.

It is useless for the unsuccessful man to show that it was through no fault of his own, but through unexpected causes which no human sagacity could have foreseen or provided for, that he failed—in short, that he deserved success. The result shows that "there was a screw loose somewhere," either in the plan or execution and his explanations fall on deaf ears.

What aggravates our impatience with the plausible blockhead who fails is that we could have told him at the start how visionary his enterprise was, or how, by different management, he might have succeeded.

Had not Alexander the Great been interrupted for three days in his march on Persia by a sickness caused by a cold bath in the River Hydus, he would have encountered with his small force the overwhelming army of the enemy on the plains instead of the narrow mountain passes of Cilicia, and would therefore in all probability have been defeated instead of winning the great victory that founded the third monarchy in the world.

How, in the former event, would the double-chinned wisecracker of Macedon have shaken their heads at the foolhardiness of the young king's expedition! And how sagely would all subsequent historians have declared that the catastrophe was what every sane man must have expected!

LEFT MAIL IN HOLLOW STUMP

"Post Office" Used by Pioneer Easily the Oldest Building Used for That Purpose in America

The pioneers of the Northwest often made use of huge trees hollowed out by fire or decay. Some of these "tree houses" they occupied as temporary residences. Others they used as shelters for stock or as primitive barns. Only one, however, ever had the distinction of being a United States post office. That stump is in Clallam county, in the state of Washington.

In early days the settlers were widely scattered, and it was a long journey over rough trails to the post office. Carriers could do no more than leave mail at some central point, the big cedar stump, 12 feet in diameter and reduced to a shell by fire. The base from which a number of roads radiated. By common consent the stump was the post office for a wide territory.

Settlers put on a roof of cedar shakes and nailed boxes round its interior, which they marked with their names. There was a large box for the outgoing mail. There were no locks, but the mails were never tampered with.

This primitive post office was used for more than a year. It has been carefully preserved and is annually visited by hundreds of interested sight-seers. The stump is believed to be over 2,000 years old, which clearly establishes its right to the distinction of being the oldest post office building in America!—Youth's Companion.

Submarines Dive Slowly

Many people have the idea that as soon as a submarine sees an enemy, the officer in command gives a sharp order, and almost before it has left his lips the submarine is diving beneath the waves. As a matter of fact the very latest submarines of the "F" class take a clear five minutes before they can become submerged. Many of the older submarines took ten minutes to a quarter of an hour to sink.

The reason why a submarine cannot dive quickly, like a fish, is that the water which must be let into her tanks to make her heavy enough to sink must be let in comparatively slowly. If it were let in with a rush the chances are the vessel would not go down on an even keel, but would heel over and be in great danger of disaster. If water, too, were let in too quickly there is a danger of letting in too much and in that case the submarine would sink like a stone to the bottom of the sea. The water that is let in the ballast tanks is just sufficient to "balance" the vessel in the sea, without rising or sinking.

Preventing Train Wrecks

When a troop or provision train is traveling through an enemy's country every precaution is taken to guard against its being blown up or destroyed in some way.

Occasionally another train is sent ahead to clear the way for the one following, but more often two trucks, heavily loaded with worthless materials, are placed in front of the engine and act as a sort of "dummy head." Should explosive or mine be placed on the line these trucks come into contact with it before the engine and bear the brunt of the damage. They are, of course, blown to pieces, but they are worth little, and the engine remains intact.

Weather Predictions

Bill—I see the weather bureau is reporting the weather condition at 31 points in Arizona and furnishing forecasts to its subscribers.

Jill—So I believe. The forecasts are all different, but the weather is all the same.



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SUBMARINE TORPEDOES.

They Can Play Only a Small Part in Long Range Naval Battles.

Torpedoes will play a very small part in great actions in which only battleships take part. Their principal function in a battleship is that they be fired defensively when the ship's big guns are disabled and the enemy is approaching to complete the destruction. Then a torpedo might be fired as a last hope. All future naval battles will be fought at such extreme ranges that the torpedoes at present in use would be unable to reach the enemy.

It is in destroyers and submarines that the torpedo plays its important part in modern warfare. The torpedo boat or destroyer runs in on the enemy's fleet at high speed, under cover of darkness or a screen of smoke, and fires her torpedoes. Then, if it is quick enough and clever enough, it gets away practically unharmed.

But it remains for the submarine to bring the torpedo into the most effective use, to bring the unseen, unexpected death, and the fact that rules regulating the use of this weapon have not been established as yet does not alter the fact that torpedoes and submarines have come to stay, and are a most valuable arm of the service. The United States is building new submarines that will have a cruising radius of 3,000 miles and a greater efficiency than any yet attempted by a foreign navy.—Rush M. Hoag in Leslie's.

HEZEKIAH'S MEMORY.

It Was Subjected to a Severe Test, but It Stood the Strain.

I once heard of an old negro named Hezekiah, who, it was said, had the most wonderful memory ever known to man. Indeed, it was so great that the devil, it is said, was envious of it and often dreamed of how much better he could conduct the affairs of his dominion at home and abroad if he only had Hezekiah's memory.

Hezekiah had let it be known that if at any time anybody should ever catch him forgetting anything that somebody could have his power of memory. This is where the devil saw his chance and laid his plans. So one day the "old scratch" dressed himself in citizen's clothes and approached Hezekiah where he was plowing in his field. Each greeted the other and passed the compliments of the day; then presently the devil said:

"Hezekiah, of all the good things that there are in the world to eat, what one thing do you like best?"

After a moment of reflection Hezekiah replied: "Chicken."

Without further words the devil turned and walked away. He stayed away from Hezekiah for twenty years. Then one morning, as he was about to approach him as he was there at work in the field. He looked at him for a moment and said, "How?"

Hezekiah looked up, scratched his head, smiled a little and replied, "Fried."—Birmingham News.

Wasted Knowledge. He speaks a dozen languages With grace and fluency; He is a court of last resort On etymology.

Yet when it is his fate to miss A simple little part, The only words that he can speak Are "Fiddle!" or "Tut tut!" —Peoria Journal.

HIGH EXPLOSIVES IN WARFARE

Fearfully Destructive Shells Employed to Clear the Way for the Advance of the Infantry.

The shell question for our army in France concerns the supply not of shrapnel but of shell containing high explosive, says a writer in London Tit-Bits. These high-explosive shells are strong steel cases with a fuse, usually placed in the base. The charge employed may be either lydite—which is a preparation of picric acid—or trinitrotoluol.

The metal in the shell is fairly thick. The explosion is very violent, and has a thoroughly destructive effect upon anything near the point where the shell explodes—concrete, walls, entanglements, steel shields for the trenches or for guns. The French and Germans use these shells to prepare the way for assaults on hostile trenches, demolishing with them all obstacles.

Shrapnel are quite different projectiles, and are serviceable against infantry in the open or lightly entrenched. They are thin steel cases containing a very small charge of low or moderate power explosive, which opens the cases and liberates a large number of bullets in them. These cover an oval area as they scatter and kill unprotected men. Shrapnel are useless against fortified positions, strongly built houses, or deep and well-planned intrenchments.

Modern Intrenching.

The idea of digging oneself in is comparatively modern, dating from the time when the speed of rifle bullets became so great as to make it possible to kill a soldier a mile or more away.

The soldier has had to take cover in consequence for no shield has been discovered which stops a rifle bullet half so effectively as a few feet of soft earth.

Such intrenching is only just over a hundred years old, in fact. The great Napoleon for years fought many of his campaigns without the use of the spade, and it was not till the campaign of Jena in 1806 that he "dug himself in!"

A few years later the great French commander admitted that trenches were "useful, never harmful, when properly understood."

Education in Demand.

The British army schoolmaster is a vanishing quantity, because the modern soldier, no matter what his social rank, is able at least to read and write. And the change is rapidly proceeding. The first question nowadays to all applicants for employment is—what education? This demand will tend to increase. Your slipshod artisan is moribund and the high-class specialist will take his place.

A Strenuous Finale.

"When Professor Scrapes plays the violin his very soul seems on fire," exclaimed Mrs. Prebson after the concert.

"Umph!" replied Mr. Prebson, whose favorite amusement is baseball. "I don't know about his soul, but when he was finishing up that last piece I expected at any moment to see his fiddle strings smoking."

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Do You Continually Feel Sluggish, Disinterested

If you do it is probably caused by your liver. When the liver fails to perform its functions properly, the system becomes clogged with poisonous matter, that weights you down mentally and physically.

The liver gets out of order easily, and if neglected, chronic trouble usually results. Don't delay if you feel badly. You knowingly lay yourself open to life long pain, when you allow yourself to continue in a run down condition. Cure yourself quickly and harmlessly with the natural vegetable remedy, Liv Ver-Lax. It has all the effectiveness, but not the effect of

calomel.

Genuine Liv-Ver-Lax bears the likeness and signature of L. K. Grisby, and is guaranteed to give satisfaction or money refunded, insist on it. For sale by Caddis' Pharmacy.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed. In ten cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by Druggists, etc.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

For Sale—1 young red Poll bull or will trade for cows—W. Zell

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First Class Service
Hot and Cold Baths
Agency for Laundry Deluxe
PANAMA HATS MADE NEW

Oh; You calomel, get out of the way and let LIVER-LAX do the work, purely vegetable. Vny drug store.

NOTICE

After this date the Ice House will be open on Sundays from 7:30 to 11:30 a. m. and from 3 to 4:30 p. m. Week days will be open from 7:30 a. m. to 7:30 p. m. If you want ice it will be necessary for you to get it within the hours named.—W. L. Shillings, Mgr.

Detroit Vapor Stoves

BEST ON EARTH

Why sweat in a kitchen this summer when a "DETROIT" will save you hours of unpleasantness. It's economy to use one of these gasoline stoves. It doesn't require near the fuel as wood or coal stoves.

Good bakers and guaranteed in every respect. Many sizes and styles on display. We are selling them every day.

LET US SHOW YOU
COME IN AND GET OUR PRICES.

Cotulla Merc. Co.

BEEKEEPERS NOTES

By E. G. LeSturgeon

Any question pertaining to Beekeeping or Honey-making will be gladly replied, either directly or through these columns. Address letters to P. O. Box 1048, San Antonio, Texas.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

Bee Paralysis.

"I have one colony of Italian bees in my yard that are dying from some cause. The adult bees are dying by the hundreds. They come dragging out of the hive, and sometimes crawl part way up the front; others fall off the run board; they are trembling or jerking and moving their wings; sometimes they just turn around in a very small circle, and sometimes they lie on the ground for two days kicking or moving their legs until they finally die. Some have greatly enlarged abdomens, and look almost as large as a young queen; while others look shiny like they had just crawled out of grease or syrup. They have considerable honey and brood, but do not gain any."

1. Do you think this is what they call May disease?
2. What is the cause?
3. Is it contagious?
4. Do you think it would do any good to requeen?
5. What can I do to get rid of this disease?

MISSOURI.

Answers.—1. Your excellent description marks the disease quite clearly as the disease called in Europe Mal de Mai or Maikrankheit (May disease), and generally called in this country bee paralysis.

2. It is believed to be due to a microbe called Bacillus gaytoni and also Bacillus depilis.

3. It is not considered contagious; yet sometimes affects a whole apiary.

4. I don't know. Some have claimed that as a cure; others say it does no good.

5. I don't know. Many cures have been reported successful, only to fail when tried further, and as the disease has a way of disappearing of its own accord the supposed cures may have no effect. O. O. Poppleton sprinkles sulphur on the bees and combs. This destroys the sick bees, but it also destroys the unsealed larvae, unless this be removed. — Dr. C. C. Miller.

Our own experience has been that this disease only appears in damp weather or just after a protracted rainy spell, and usually upon examination of the affected hive we have found it to be one of the most populous in the apiary and that the combs are some of them musty from lack of ventilation. This suggested open ventilation and sunshine as a cure and many experiments have proven it. Our opinion is that soured or partly soured honey is eaten by the bees causing the paralysis above described. A few days of good hot sunshine will usually check the trouble. The cure can be aided by transferring into a dry clean hive and providing plenty of ventilation. Especially is it well to raise the hive off the damp ground.

News Notes.

The threatened decline in bees wax has materialized and prices are ruling from 20 to 25 cents per pound. There is little promise of any better prices until the foundation season opens next spring or unless peace is declared.

The mesquite flow is still on in most parts of Southwest Texas and gives promise of continuance for some time. The honey appears of a little better grade than usual, owing, per-

haps, to the fact that the cotton is also yielding nectar simultaneously with the mesquite.

Send for Farmer's Bulletin No. 353, "Honey and Its Uses in the Home." It is a good one. The Department Agriculture will send it to you for the asking.

Indications point to the beekeepers paying more attention to the production of comb honey than last year. In the meantime, importation of foreign honey is increasing, and exportation suffering because of diminished foreign demand. The domestic production is rapidly expanding, and will continue to increase. The beekeepers have their work cut out for them to keep pace with the supply.

Mr. C. C. Pothernick of Pleasanton is conducting a beekeepers' department in the Southland Farmer that is a continued source of delight to the readers. His answers to questions, published every month are some of the best in beekeeping.

A movement is on foot to have a regular day named as National Honey Day and request everyone to observe it by eating and serving of honey. A honey week would be still better. The date has not yet been selected, but when it is we must all help in giving it publicity and getting the attention of the grocers. We must get their general co-operation to make a success of the effort.

Use honey for canning and baking. It is better than sugar. It aids instead of hinders, digestion.

Cakes made with honey do not get hard and dry up. They will keep for months if butter is not used. Butter gets rancid in a short time.

Honey Market Conditions. The supply of the better grades of table honey has been about all cleaned up. The dark grades of extracted, domestic and imported, are rather a drag on the market, and the very low prices of these grades is felt on the better grade.

For the first time in a twelve-month there is a strong demand for good light extracted honey. We are getting inquiries every day for considerable quantities. If you have a supply and no market drop a line to the writer.

The man who asks a good price for first-class honey not only get it, but he wins the respect of his customer. The man who sells below the market loses the respect of his customer, and is laughed at when he goes away.

It will be well to get your comb honey on the market as possible while the present strong demand lasts. As one large jobber remarked last week: "The season is getting rather for advanced and unless orders are filled promptly we are expecting wholesale cancellations."

The beekeeper who has a home market for all his honey and who gives his customers a square deal need not be alarmed for the future. He can get his price for his honey, let the general market be what it may. Cultivate your home market to the full capacity, and supplement your own honey with that of your less fortunate neighbor

MULTITUDES DIE BY FLOOD IN CHINA

Fire Adds to the Destruction By Water and Property Loss Is Enormous.

Washington, D. C.—Consul General Anderson at Hongkong reported that Canton was isolated except to powerful steamers, thousands have been drowned and tens of thousands are taking refuge on high places. Thousands of houses have been burned. American mission property has either been damaged or destroyed, and foreigners are taking refuge at the British consulate at Fu Chow. No American lives have been lost so far as known.

A fire-swept area of one mile and raging floods are handicapping the work of rescue in Canton. The city was in darkness last night, the water having inundated the machinery of the electric light plant. The last report received here from Canton before communication was cut said that the Christian hospital was in danger from fire.

The State Department summarized its dispatches on the flood situation as follows:

"Canton is isolated except to powerful steamers. On Shamen (an island in Canton Harbor) the foreign section is under ten feet of water. Thousands have been drowned. Tens of thousands are taking refuge on the housetops and other high places in Canton have been burned. American mission property in the region between Canton, Kongmoon and Wuchow is either destroyed or badly damaged. All foreigners at Wuchow have taken refuge at the British consulate, which is situated on a high bluff. So far as is known, no American lives have been lost.

"The American consul general at Hongkong says further that he has been unable for five days to communicate by telegraph with Consul General Cheshire at Canton. The Hongkong government and citizens there are organizing relief. American naval vessels are proceeding up the West River to rescue those in distress. The consul general at Canton is making arrangements for Cross assistance, inasmuch as there will be widespread famine. He asked for a temporary allowance of \$20,000."

FURTHER REDUCTIONS IN PENSION PAYMENTS

For Current Quarter Indigent Confederates Will Get But \$10.00.

Austin, Tex. — Confederate pensions for the quarter ending August 31, 1915, will amount to only \$10 for indigent soldiers, sailors and their widows. This is \$3 less than the last quarter and was made necessary because of the slow collection of taxes to be deposited in the state treasury to the account of the pension fund.

State Pension Commissioner Jones has advised the Comptroller's department that pension allowances for the quarter will be \$10 for indigent pensioners and \$25 for totally disabled Confederate soldiers. This latter amount is fixed by law, while the pension amount to others is dependent upon the amount of tax collections.

The Comptroller's department will at once proceed to the issuance of proper forms which will be sent out. Pensioners will also suffer slightly from the possibility of the treasury going on a deficiency basis. Should this be true before warrants can be returned pensioners must discount their warrants, which will make the pension allowance drop below \$10.

Upon the issuance of the warrants for the last quarter amounting to \$13 hundreds of pensioners wrote into the Comptroller's department asking reasons for the low amount. Inasmuch as the department has nothing to do with the fixing of the amount, and since this is done solely and exclusively by the Pension Commissioner, Commissioner, Comptroller Tetterell has announced that no letters relating to pensions will be answered hereafter. It was necessary on the former occasion to issue a form letter.

REAL ESTATE MEN TURN CARS TO PROFIT

When Business Conditions Prove Dull Compete With Street Railway Lines.

Among the competitors of street railway companies for "fares" in several cities have been found numerous real estate dealers, who recognize the opportunity for turning their business equipment to profit. A real estate dealer without an automobile in these days finds it hard sledding.

There is some advantage, other than in moneys, gained by the realty men who are in the transportation business. Quite often they find among their fares a prospective buyer, or get track of a deal that nets a goodly return. The Studebaker sales of station auto-wagons has reached the point where the buyers come to the factory to get the cars as by the way. Some of this style were sold recently for the operation of an suburban line out of Memphis.

DENTIST PERFORMS FEAT TRANSPLANTING TEETH

The transplanting of natural teeth into the mouth and making them grow and become firm like the other teeth in the head so the person in whose head they were placed does not hardly know them from his other teeth and uses them with the same freedom in eating or chewing as he does his other teeth is one of the remarkable achievements that have been accomplished recently by a prominent San Antonio dentist, Dr. J. H. Weisenberger.

Dr. Weisenberger was rather reticent in talking for publication, but after a good deal of persuasion consented to tell of the operation.

"A very prominent stockman and ranchman whose name, were I to mention same would be known by almost everyone, came to me in despair suffering from a well developed case of pyorrhea alvaris with pus exuding from the roots of his teeth and so painful that he could not eat or soft foods after having tried several other dentists, who told him that the only thing they could do for him would be to extract his teeth and make plates for him which he did not want at any price, if he could possibly avoid it, as he wanted to retain his own teeth, and having heard of me he wanted me to examine his teeth and see what I could do for

him. Upon examination I found he had a well developed case of Pyorrhea Alvaris. I told him I could cure him if he would start treatment and on one week's time he was eating and devoid of pain; in one month's time he was entirely well and he was so appreciative that he wanted to know if I could transplant the teeth that he had lost and I told him I could, and started the work of transplanting, four front and five back teeth. At first several of them would not attach themselves but with patient work I finally got all of them to hold firmly."

Dr. Weisenberger was asked if there was not any way to avoid a condition like this and he answered that there were only two causes for any trouble with the teeth and the mouth, one of which, the most common, was carelessness in a person not keeping the mouth clean and the other was infection.

A great many diseases are caused directly by the neglect of teeth; tuberculosis and stomach trouble being the most prominent. The decay of the teeth being caused by a germ and after having decayed and food particles finding lodgment in same and becoming decomposed, the passing food carrying with it pus matter directly into the stomach to be absorbed in the intestines into the general circulation, can not but help to cause tuberculosis. Stomach trouble is caused by not having all the teeth necessary to properly masticate food and throwing more work on the stomach than was intended by nature.

READ THIS LETTER.

"Mr. Ed Jungkind, City. Dear Sir: I wish to compliment you on the excellent qualities of your CHLOROLIN, both as a disinfectant and as a destroyer of insects. Having used it in our show rooms and on the farm I feel that I can safely recommend its use to anyone that may be troubled with insects or disease in their poultry yards, I am very respectfully, (Signed) F. V. HUFFMEYER, Secy. Lone Star Poultry Assn."

The above letter tells its own story. Follow in their foot steps, and profit like they did—use Chlorolin Dip and be successful. If your dealer does not handle Chlorolin Dip, it will be sent express prepaid for \$1.50 per gallon.

ED. C. JUNGKIND, 111 Ave. C, San Antonio, Tex.

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Complete stocks of all drugs and proprietary Remedies.
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407 East Houston Street
If Your Home Druggist hasn't got it, send to us.

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All Kinds of Help Furnished and Positions Secured

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Near Grand Opera House, 125 Losoya St
Rates, 75c up.

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Makers of Marble and Granite Monuments.
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Paints, Wall Paper, Etc.

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SHEET METAL WORKS
Galvanized Iron and Copper Cornices, Fire-Proof Metal Window Frames, Wire Glass, Doors and Shutters, Oily Waste Cans, Trash Cans, Ventilators, Steel Ceilings, Skylights, Tin, Slate and All Classes of Roofing. Write us for Prices and Catalogue. 1216-18-20 W. Commerce St.

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Largest stock of sheet music in the South, vocal and instrumental. Special attention to Mail Orders.
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Give your boy a practical education in a trade where ability is always in demand. We are completely equipped and employ skilled instructors who impart to our pupils thorough knowledge of construction, repair and driving. Write for catalogue.

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Cheap rates. Good table fare. First-class instruction. Safety for the daughter. Ask any first-class San Antonio business man. For catalog 22 write J. E. HARRISON, Station A, San Antonio, Texas.

ST. MARY'S HALL

Established 1879 by Bishop Elliott.
Thirty-sixth year opens September 16, under management of Bishop William Theodotus Capers, D. D.; Miss L. L. Dorsey, principal.
Open air school, class rooms, gymnasium, sleeping rooms out of doors. Strong faculty, new buildings. Primary to college preparatory. Best residential location. Woodlawn and San Pedro Avenues. Catalogues. Telephone Crockett 1662.

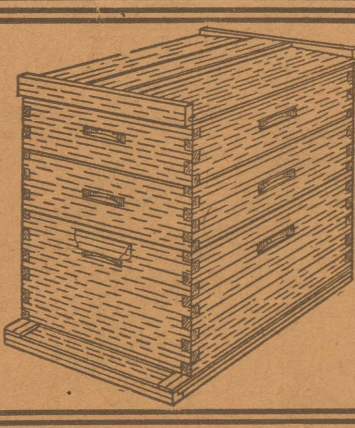
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NEARLY 10,000 successful graduates, located from New York to Mexico—from the Atlantic to the Pacific, holding lucrative positions. Thirty years established success and twenty-one years under Shafer & Downey management, affords advantages and gives rating to a student that no other Texas School can offer. If you are an "Alamo" Graduate the thoroughness of your preparation is not questioned. Shafer & Downey personally teach and direct the work of their school—hence guarantee the BEST attention, BEST Courses, BEST Positions. IMPORTANT—Buy your scholarship now, after August first the tuition fee will be much higher.
Address SHAFER & DOWNEY, Proprietors.
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BRYAN TALKS OF WAR.

Hermosa Beach, Cal.—In an address here W. J. Bryan, former Secretary of State, declared the people would discard the standards of the duelist, but if war should come the United States would have all the volunteers it needed. He said: "I believe that if what I have done should pro-

mote the cause of peace, I have the great mass of the American people with me. That does not mean that the American people will not fight if it should become necessary. If war should come there would be all the volunteers that could be used. "I believe the people in calm, better judgment would reject and discard forever the standards of the duelist."



Bee-Keepers Supplies

We have just issued our new complete catalogue of modern beekeeping appliances, comb foundations and cans. We will be glad to send it on request.

We Buy Wax at Highest Prices Write for Catalog.

Southwestern Bee Co.

"The Place to Buy Bee Supplies" 1026 S. Flores Street, San Antonio

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The Cotulla Record.

C. E. MANLY & COMPANY
Publishers.

C. E. MANLY, Editor

Entered in the Postoffice at Cotulla, Texas, as
Second Class Mail Matter.

ISSUED EVERY SATURDAY

Subscription \$1.50 Per Annum.

School gardens at first blush seem like a harmless fad to keep school children out of mischief. Yet they should add greatly to the sum of useful knowledge and perhaps skill. At least they give an opportunity to a youngster so inclined to learn the secrets of the soil, of vegetation and production. The net results of school gardens in way of profit have only a local interest. If there should be loss instead of profit the balance sheet would be as satisfactory as that of any other branch of public education. The whole system is perhaps one of sowing blindly for an uncertain harvest, but now and then a farmer tries to use city bred muscle because country bred is not to be had. If he gets a graduate of the school garden he may at least expect a helper who knows that potatoes, onions and radishes grow at the foot of the stalk and not on top. He will also be broken in to weeding and will know that stones are not good fertilizers.

It would be poor judgment to bank heavily upon the efficiency of our organized militia or national guard for a big war emergency. At the same time it is unwise to the verge of foolishness to decry the service value of the guard and militia establishments. They represent military organization which has been put to the test and in several of the states a latent esprit du corps which only needs opportunity to vitalize the whole force. In the ranks and behind them as retired or discharged guardsmen are upward of 300,000 men who have been broken to military discipline and drilled in the A B C of soldiering—yes, even to the Fourth reader. Rifle practice, army maneuvers and state camps have given to these amateurs everything which war service can give except the match game with the enemy. Trust the first law of nature to help the novice through that ordeal.

The meat and wheat producing country of Argentina is reaping prosperity from the war in Europe and expects this prosperity to continue. The same process of reasoning makes the case of the United States a hopeful one. Surely it is nobler to feed the hungry belligerents than to make guns and ammunition to kill them. The United States is one of four great wheat producing countries of the world; Russia, Canada and Argentina being the other three. Russia will not count in 1918, and Canada's product will doubtless be absorbed by England if she can get it past the German submarines.

Book publishers wish to induce readers to buy books more liberally and propose a sort of propaganda to that end. One essential may be stated off-hand—that is, to publish books worthy of permanent ownership. Books may be had at libraries to "skim through," and the meat of them is often spread broadcast in newspapers and reviews. To put from \$1.50 to \$5 in a book of ephemeral value is not to be thrifty. A book to be well worth that amount should have merit not alone for a day, but for a year, and even for a generation.

It has been suggested in Europe that war indemnities in future can best be collected by seizing government owned railways. This might be an improvement upon the old device of seizing the delinquent nation's custom houses as a business proposition, but would be likely to prove more aggravating to the conquered people.

The European allies seem to be finding out the truth of certain old war maxims. For instance, "overpreparedness is better than underpreparedness" and "overestimating the foe is better than underestimating."

The incoming and outgoing of aliens since the European war began is about even. With the exception of Russia the nations at war sent more emigrants over than they received back "reservists."

Anti-suffragists say that women have no warrior stuff in their makeup. But it required some sort of sand in Jane Addams to venture into Berlin on a peace mission.

This is sun spot year, and it's perfectly neutral to blame all untoward events which must be accounted for on the sun spots.

The new Light of Asia is that dove of peace hovering over Japan and China, with the rest of the world at war or talking war.

LIGHTS FOR BATTLEFIELDS.

Our Army Officials Are Making a Study of the Newest Devices.

The secretary of war has directed the engineer corps of the United States army to make an exhaustive study of searchlights, flares, star bombs, and such other lights as the Europeans are now using in war.

According to the Army and Navy Journal, searchlights are for obvious reasons kept dark until the field artillery has ceased firing and the enemy is charging. To illuminate a field over which the enemy is to advance, star bombs and flares are also used.

Flares, which are merely modified fireworks, are like the familiar red, white and blue lights used in Fourth of July celebrations to illuminate streets and parks. Sappers go out in front of the trenches with flares, which are then connected with the headquarters of the officers in command of the first line, who by setting them off at intervals throughout the night can keep the battle front continually lighted.

Star bombs are also adaptations of modern fireworks. They are shot from mortars into the sky, where for twenty minutes they will give off an intense light over a wide circle of the surrounding country. Before one bomb dies out another is shot into the air. A kind of star bomb, shot into the sky like an ordinary rocket, is used by both armies for signaling at night.

It is with such lights as these that our own engineer corps is now conducting experiments at the barracks in Washington.

Alaska's Rivers and the Railroad. The rivers of interior Alaska, of which the Yukon is the main artery, flow generally from east to west. The Yukon itself, from the point where it enters Alaska at Eagle to its outlet at the Bering sea, is more than 1,400 miles. It receives another 1,500 miles of navigable tributaries in the Tanana, the Chandlar, the Porcupine, the Koyukuk and the Innoko. The Kuskokwim, the second largest river in Alaska, has 600 miles of navigable water, with which the branch railroad through the Kuskokwim valley will connect at McGrath. In all, these rivers give 3,500 miles of navigable waterways in interior Alaska, besides water in Canada, ready made to serve as feeders for the government railroad the day it reaches Tanana, 412 miles from Seward, with the short branch to McGrath.

Substitute For Icebox. The housewife who does not have an icebox or ice in the summer will find the following a very good plan for keeping food fresh: Place vegetables, butter, opened cans of milk, etc., in a deep basin, with about two inches of cold water in the bottom. Take a piece of old linen, soak it in water, wring out and spread it over all that is in the basin, and the food will keep fresh for several days.

The same authority forbids the following: Sugar, meat, meat soups, lentils, peas and beans (except the soy bean), most of the cereals, white bread, candy, beer and other alcoholic drinks.

If some sweetening be desired in coffee and tea saccharin may be used, but it should be remembered that this is more than six hundred times as sweet as sugar, so a very minute quantity of it is enough.

Physicians have for some time about made up their minds that the use of oxygen in lung affections of the aged is, in spite of the promise at its introduction, of very little service, unless perhaps to prolong fading life for a few hours. It is interesting to find, then, that just at this time comes the announcement that this gas in connection with mechanical artificial respiration may actually be life saving for infants just born, in whom breathing has not been established normally as yet.

Such is the way of life. Young initial vitality can take advantage of the slightest help offered to it. Age with waning vital force loses its grasp even of what seems sure aid. Youth will be served.

The human faculties of perception, judgment, discriminative feeling, mental activity, and even moral preference, are exercised only in making a choice. He who does anything because it is the custom makes no choice. He gains no practice either in discerning or desiring what is best. The mental and moral, like the muscular powers, are improved only by being used. The faculties are called into no exercise by doing a thing merely because others do it.

He who lets the world or his portion of it, choose his plan of life for him has no need of any other faculty than the apellike one of imitation. He who chooses his plan for himself employs all his faculties.—John Stuart Mill.

When a witness under cross-examination is admonished to answer "Yes" or "No" to all questions and is asked "Have you ever stopped to think your wife?" he feels that this thing is wrong with a system of procedure that puts him in a position. Either "yes" or "no" will give him a chance and does not do so.—New York Comm.

WOMAN IS GROWING YOUNGER.

Improvement of the Home and Lightening of its Drudgery is Uplifting the Whole Race.

Our women are carrying their years better. Not only is the length of life increasing, but they are making their youth last longer. They are raising stronger children. There is an uplift to the whole race. Many explanations are offered, but the big cause underlying the whole effect is the improvement of the home and the lightening of its drudgery. There is now more time for improving the members of the family; more time for culture and travel; more time for civic and other public matters.

Staying younger is largely a matter of keeping interested in things, and to keep interested there must be variety, a writer in the Woman's World states. So the current criticism that woman is flying from one thing to another and undertaking too much and wearing out her nerves is not altogether sound. Some of them do, doubtless, but they are the exceptions. Woman's great trouble in the past has been routine.

Doctors found that the reason so many cases of mental disease came from the farms was that farm women did not have enough interests. Their loneliness was disastrous. Now that the farm women have the telephone and the automobile and social societies and other means of diversion and employment, conditions are improving.

So the lessening of woman's work by system and the use of all labor-saving devices possible really means that besides the enjoyment of better hours she has time for things that will broaden and stimulate her mind, and bring her in association with other women and give her the opportunity to be part of the larger life and progress of the age.

WHAT DIABETICS SHOULD EAT

Famous Specialist Gives a Safe Diet for Persons With Tendency to That Disease.

Many folk ask what is a safe diet for a person suffering from a tendency to diabetes. Dr. Arnold Lorand of Carlisbad, a famous specialist in diabetes and author of a book on the subject, says that the following foods may be eaten: Milk, rice, eggs, green vegetables in large quantities, especially spinach; white flaked fish, cakes made of buckwheat, from which the cellulose has been removed, macaroni, spaghetti, butter, small quantities of yeast and grain bread, potatoes (in the form of salad), oysters, clams, mussels, apples, peaches, plums, cherries, strawberries, raspberries, blackberries, blueberries, and currants.

The same authority forbids the following: Sugar, meat, meat soups, lentils, peas and beans (except the soy bean), most of the cereals, white bread, candy, beer and other alcoholic drinks.

If some sweetening be desired in coffee and tea saccharin may be used, but it should be remembered that this is more than six hundred times as sweet as sugar, so a very minute quantity of it is enough.

Physicians have for some time about made up their minds that the use of oxygen in lung affections of the aged is, in spite of the promise at its introduction, of very little service, unless perhaps to prolong fading life for a few hours. It is interesting to find, then, that just at this time comes the announcement that this gas in connection with mechanical artificial respiration may actually be life saving for infants just born, in whom breathing has not been established normally as yet.

Such is the way of life. Young initial vitality can take advantage of the slightest help offered to it. Age with waning vital force loses its grasp even of what seems sure aid. Youth will be served.

The human faculties of perception, judgment, discriminative feeling, mental activity, and even moral preference, are exercised only in making a choice. He who does anything because it is the custom makes no choice. He gains no practice either in discerning or desiring what is best. The mental and moral, like the muscular powers, are improved only by being used. The faculties are called into no exercise by doing a thing merely because others do it.

He who lets the world or his portion of it, choose his plan of life for him has no need of any other faculty than the apellike one of imitation. He who chooses his plan for himself employs all his faculties.—John Stuart Mill.

When a witness under cross-examination is admonished to answer "Yes" or "No" to all questions and is asked "Have you ever stopped to think your wife?" he feels that this thing is wrong with a system of procedure that puts him in a position. Either "yes" or "no" will give him a chance and does not do so.—New York Comm.

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ADOPTION OF AMENDMENT MAY ENCOURAGE FRAUD

Number of Legislators Do Not Want Citizens to Vote Away from Home.

Austin, Tex.—In a statement to voters, issued here and signed by many members of the Senate and House of Representatives, these men go on record as opposing the adoption in the primaries July 24 of the amendment to the Constitution permitting voters away from home to cast their ballot elsewhere in the State. Signers of the statement intimate the adoption of the amendment would open the gates for greater fraud in elections. The statement follows:

To the Voters of Texas: In view of the fact that the regular session of the Thirty-fourth Legislature passed House joint resolution No. 1, it being a proposed amendment to Section 6 of Article 6 of the State Constitution, dealing with the right of franchise, of which Legislature the undersigned were members, and

A careful study and close investigation of the provisions of said resolution have induced us to believe that we should make the following statement with reference thereto:

The caption to the resolution was in the following language: "A joint resolution proposing an amendment to Section 2 of Article 6 of the Constitution of the State of Texas, by adding thereto a provision authorizing a qualified voter to vote for State officers, or on any proposition submitted to the voters of this State in a precinct other than the precinct of his residence under certain conditions, and making an appropriation therefor."

Of course, restrictions in the present Constitution as to the right of franchise works a great hardship on a number of people who are good citizens and as a matter of right ought to have a voice in the government of the State, but under the terms of the proposed amendment, it seems to us, that we would be laying down the bars and opening the doors for all kinds of fraud and corruption in the ballot box of this State; for instance, a poll tax receipt might be issued to a person in any county in which such person now resided, and that person, under the terms of the proposed amendment, might then present himself at the polls and vote without presenting his poll tax receipt.

It is a common practice in many, if not all of the counties in the State, for the election judges merely to ascertain from the list of the qualified voters furnished him by the tax collector of the county, as to whether or not such person offering himself is entitled to vote at the voting box, and no affidavit of loss or misplacement of his poll tax receipt is required. The records in possession of the election officers showing that the party is entitled to vote in that county and precinct at that election is furnished a ballot and is permitted to vote. In the meantime, however, the poll tax receipt issued to that person might be placed in the hands of some other person who might present himself in an adjoining or some other county and demand the right to vote. This proposed amendment should be adopted.

The election officers, under the terms of the proposed amendment, would be authorized to require him to make an affidavit before he would be entitled to vote, showing,

1. That he is absent from home and that it will be impossible for him to return to his home in time to vote on that day.
2. That he has not voted at any other election on that day and will not offer to vote at any other precinct on that day.
3. That he personally paid his poll tax within the time prescribed, etc.

Of course, if a person wanted to cast a fraudulent vote, and was the type of man who would indulge in that kind of practice, this affidavit would mean nothing to him, for as a matter of fact, it would be true at the time of making the affidavit, that he was away from home; and it might also be equally true that the person then holding the poll tax receipt had not offered to vote at any other place on that day, but if he was the kind of man suggested, and was willing to violate the election laws, and cast an illegal vote, this portion of the affidavit would mean nothing to him, and the latter half means nothing, for it deals only with his intention to do or not to do an act in the future upon which no indictment for perjury or false swearing could be predicated. In other words, it appears to us that if there is any fraud or corruption now being practiced in this State that the adoption of this amendment would tear down every barrier in the way of it and open wide the gates for all kinds of wrongdoing.

Another reason why we think it would be a mistake to adopt this amendment is that under present conditions, outside of the cities of the State, few negroes are permitted to participate in the primary election, which in this State absolutely determines who shall be the officers and what shall be the political policy of the State. In fact, in many of the counties they have what is known as

U. S. NOT TO SURRENDER ANY OF ITS RIGHTS

United States in Next Communication to Impress Upon German Government There Will Be No Receding from Its Stand.

Washington, D. C.—Formal study of the official text of Germany's reply to the American note on submarine warfare, as it affects neutral rights, strengthens the conviction of high officials that a most critical point in the relations between the two countries has been reached. Not only do they feel the United States must refuse to accept the German proposals for the future conduct of American citizens on the high seas, but the failure of Germany to disavow the sinking of the Lusitania, with the loss of more than a hundred Americans, in their view, has brought on a crisis, the outcome of which it is difficult at present clearly to foresee.

That there will be no action by the United States for at least another week was indicated today. Several days will be required to measure fully the consequences and responsibilities which will be incurred by the American government in framing a new policy to meet the situation firmly.

Secretary Lansing will go to Cornish, N. H., within a day or two to confer with President Wilson. He said tonight he would study the note carefully and then communicate with the President. Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, intends to call on Secretary Lansing during the week to learn informally whether he is for some other similar organization that entirely puts the new out of politics.

If this amendment becomes a law, then it occurs to us that it would be a mighty easy thing for the poll tax receipts had been issued to negro counties of this kind, to be turned up and all voted in cities. We do not charge this would be done under the present law, which requires the payment of a poll tax receipt can be issued by a tax collector, for taxes due on property, it will be necessary for several thousand negroes in the State to be in possession of poll tax receipts. It would be a very simple thing for people who were disposed to, to get possession of these receipts and use them in the counties containing a large city.

It is absolutely certain that under the proposed amendment these negroes could be "colonized" in the cities on election days and legally voted. There is no provision made, and in our judgment, we seriously question if the Legislature would have the power to make any provision for the protection of the purity of the ballot box against corruption of this kind, as the amendment is self-enacting and would preclude the Legislature from enacting further laws that might possibly tend to minimize this evil.

We make the above statement in justice of ourselves and the people of Texas, because if this amendment should by any chance be adopted and serious wrong would flow therefrom, we feel that our participation in the submission of it places a responsibility upon us that makes it necessary for us to give the public the above statement at this time. Respectfully submitted.

Signed: F. O. Fuller, Bruce W. Bryant, L. C. Stewart, W. Nugent, E. L. Bruce, T. McGregor, A. R. McCollum, George M. Hopkins, Sam Dixon, J. F. Harris, C. E. U. church, A. C. Hartman, W. Hall, W. D. Lanier, George Mendell Jr., J. W. Standford, E. Thompson, W. A. Johnson, E. J. Weber, Sam D. W. L. H. P. Taylor, W. M. Ellis, Gates, J. H. Roach, Joseph Nichols, Eugene S. Norwood, Roger Byrne, James Greaves, John H. Veatch, H. J. R. H. Jones, R. F. C. D. Page, A. C. Murrell, Bland, W. T. Louder, Holland, J. R. A. Beard, John W. Jordan, R. R. V. Burton, W. C. Williams, W. Naburs, H. E.

CAMERON BANDIT HUNT JUST LIKE 'MOVIE SHOW'

Brownsville—The chase of Mexican bandits by Cameron and Hidalgo County posses has become almost a moving picture "bad man" hunt. So far the bandits have stolen eleven horses and several articles of more or less value, besides forcing one Mexican to travel with them several hours to show them a way out of a dangerous place. He finally escaped by running into the brush, sending his horse in one direction while he footed it in another.

The hunt has been almost continuous for ten days. The officers gave up the chase temporarily Saturday night, and hardly had they done so when a report came in from Lyford of the looting of a store of a quantity of crackers, meat and other food supplies. The bandits promptly disappeared.

be of any service in the situation. No engagement has been made for a conference, but it probably will take place Tuesday or Wednesday.

The official note was delayed in transmission because of the time required for enciphering and decoding.

In all quarters here the reply was the single topic of concern. What the action of the American government will be is doubtful, largely in the sense that the means of expressing the ideas and purposes of the United States have not yet been decided. It was authoritatively indicated that obviously there would be no surrender of rights and no acceptance of the German proposal to guarantee immunity to American ships under arrangements to be agreed upon by the naval authorities of the two counties concerning the marking of the neutral ships.

There is no intention from indications in official quarters to force a situation, but in whatever policy is followed the American government's endeavor will be to place full responsibility on Germany for the frequent rupture of relations. Since on May 7, there has been no violation of the principles for which the United States has contended, unless the mishap to the Nebraska can be included and in that case the Washington government has not finally reached a conclusion as to whether a mine or a torpedo caused the explosion.

In the view of many officials, should German submarine commanders continue in practice to respect American rights, discussion could continue. There were indications, however, that in the next communication the United States most likely would impress upon the German government the serious consequences which will ensue from any further violation of American rights, as proclaimed in the treaties already sent.

The chief obstacle, it appears, however, to permitting virtually a status quo to continue while further notes are exchanged, is the treatment which Germany has given to the Lusitania case. The United States has asked for disavowal of intent to kill Americans and for reparation, although the latter has been subordinated to the greater consideration of whether Germany legally justified the action of the submarine commander or would admit liability. No direct answer on the questions of law involved were given in the last note and the quick sinking of the vessel was attributed to "peculiar circumstances," such as the presence of high explosives. High officials regard this as an evasion, pointing out that even if there were explosives on the vessel, which is not admitted, they never would have been ignited but for the German torpedo.

Opinion in German quarters here is much the same as that which has been reflected in press comment from Berlin. Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, is satisfied the German reply and offers a basis for negotiation. He does not believe a treaty between Germany and the United States is now probable and is satisfied that the suggestion carried by Dr. Mayer should urge the German government to adopt a friendly attitude in its reply, were followed.

WILL TAKE TESTIMONY AGAINST PACKING CO.

Special Commissioner Appointed to Act on Behalf of the State.

Austin, Tex.—Judge Charles A. Wilcox of the Twenty-sixth District Court today heard and granted the application of the Attorney General to take testimony in the case of the State of Texas vs. Swift & Co., et al. Harry Bickler of Austin received the appointment.

In this case the State charges that Swift & Co., Armour & Co. and Morris & Co. have violated the anti-trust statutes in that it is alleged that these corporations jointly own and operate a number of oil mills and gins in the State, thereby suppressing competition in the purchase of cotton seed, as well as eliminating competition between said corporations in the purchase of cotton seed oil. Testimony will be taken in the case before the special commissioner, both within and without the State. The date for beginning the taking of evidence has not been fixed, but it is probable hearings will be had in Chicago some time during the month of August.

MANY WAREHOUSES LICENSED

Austin, Tex.—It was announced at the State Warehouse and Co-operative Marketing Department that an average of four applications for licenses are being received daily. Sixty-three licenses have been issued up to this time. The warehouses licensed recently are:

Unit State Bonded Warehouse Company, San Benito; Mills County Farmers' Union Warehouse Company, Goldthwaite; Mount Pleasant State Warehouse Company, Mount Pleasant; South Texas Haymakers' Association, Houston; Titus County State Bonded Warehouse Company, Mount Pleasant; McAllen State Bonded Warehouse Company, McAllen; Kingsbury Warehouse Company, Kingsbury; Pleasanton Warehouse Company, Pleasanton; San Mar Warehouse Company, San

Mar Warehouse Company, San Mar; State Bonded Warehouse Company, Donna; Jourdan State Bonded Warehouse Company, Jourdan; Charlotte State Warehouse Company, Charlotte; Lavernia Warehouse Association, Lavernia; Dille Bonded Warehouse Company, Dille; Hamilton Bonded Warehouse Company, Hamilton; Mercedes State Bonded Warehouse Company, Mercedes; Elrain Unit State Bonded Warehouse Company, Elrain; Pharr Unit Bonded Warehouse Company, Pharr; Harlingen Unit State Bonded Warehouse Company, Harlingen; Emory Warehouse Company, Emory; Brady Warehouse Company, Brady; Rockdale State Warehouse Company, Rockdale; Groveton Bonded Warehouse Company, Groveton; Farmers' Union Warehouse Company, Hondo.

Back to the old town came a visitor whose inquiries ran through a long line of boyhood acquaintances, at last reaching one whose habits had not been noted for sobriety. "What about Big Bill?" he asked. "Oh, he went away long ago and is now dead." "Well, well, where is he buried?" "Nowhar." "Not buried Why, what did they do with the remains?" "Oh, they just poured 'em back into the bottle."

BERLIN WARNS ROUMANIA

London.—A Berlin dispatch received by Reuter's via Amsterdam gives the substance of what is described as a thinly veiled threat at Roumania contained in an article in the semi-official Frankfurter Zeitung which, under the heading "Roumania's Hour of Fate," charges that country with holding up war material en route from Germany to Turkey.

The Frankfurter Zeitung claims that under her treaties with the central powers Roumania is bound to adopt a friendly attitude toward them and says, according to the dispatch: "As Roumania has no present need to fear Russia and does not act upon the American theory which is accepted by the entente powers regarding the export of war material, Roumania's maintenance of prohibition upon transit is dictated by considerations of her own interests, well or ill comprehended. She therefore desires to weaken Turkey and support attacks on the Dardanelles."

The Frankfurter Zeitung concludes:

"Germany and Austria-Hungary are now free to decide whether they will or will not consider themselves bound by their agreement with Roumania. Their interests in the further independence of Roumania continue to exist but we can conceive a case arising perhaps in the coming peace negotiations when this interest, in support of which no obligation any longer exists, must take rank behind more important interests of the central powers themselves."

SAVING DEPOSITS GROW.

Austin, Tex.—A condensed monthly statement of the condition of the savings departments of the twenty-nine State banks maintaining such departments at the close of business June 30, 1915, issued today by the Commissioner of Insurance and Banking, shows total savings deposits, \$3,580,701; required reserve, \$536,973; actual cash, \$98,051; excess of legal requirements, \$391,077. The statement in detail follows:

Resources: First liens on real estate, \$2,273,601.06; bonds of city, county, town or school districts, \$235,484.02; bonds of steam railroad, \$47,634.81; due from banks and trust companies, \$268,765.99; other resources, \$124,070.13; cash currency, \$440,542; specie, \$212,319.35; total, \$3,602,317.36.

Liabilities: Due depositors, \$3,574,887.96; undivided profits, net, \$18,971.95; interest due depositors, \$281.12; other liabilities, \$8,276.33; total, \$3,602,417.36.

Savings deposits, \$3,580,701.29; required reserve, \$536,973.98; actual cash, \$98,051.84; excess of legal requirements, \$391,077.86.

There are twenty-nine State banks conducting savings departments in the following places:

Abilene, Beaumont, Brownsville, Dallas, Del Rio, El Paso, Denison, Galveston, Lufkin, San Antonio, Marshall, Marlin, Terrell, Longview, Paris, Temple, Waco.

One farmer was bragging about his eyesight and the other about his hearing. Said the first: "You see that fly walking on that barn away over there?" The other man replied: "No, but I can hear the shingles rattle as it walks along."



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