

The Slaton Slatonite

Volume 4.

SLATON, LUBBOCK COUNTY, TEXAS: SEPTEMBER 18, 1914.

Number 3.

J. H. STANDEFER SELLS HIS FARM

G. J. Russell of Pandura, Tex., was in Slaton this week prospecting, and he was so well pleased with our section that he purchased the J. H. Standefer farm six miles west of town and will move here.

Mr. Standefer has not stated just what he will do since he sold the farm, but a host of friends hope that he will decide to re-invest here. In talking with him Tuesday the Slatonite editor learned some local history that is very interesting. Thirteen years ago, in 1901, Mr. Standefer came to Lubbock County and filed on 800 acres of land at a cost of five cents an acre, assuming the balance of \$1.95 an acre due the state. He could have had as much more land as he wanted on the same terms, but just didn't care to assume any more responsibility. Canyon and Big Springs were the nearest railroad towns, and the lumber that he built his house of was hauled from those two towns.

In 1908 Hurd sold 470 acres of his little ranch to W. R. Standefer and W. S. Johnson for \$2.00 an acre, the purchasers assuming the \$1.95 due the state. And a little later came the railroads, and following the railroads came northern and eastern farmers exploring for crop growing lands that were low in price. Towns along the railroad began to boast of brick business houses, and the little city of Slaton was founded. Farmers began to report crop yields that would be excellent for \$150 land, and the old days of free range were gone forever.

This week Mr. Standefer sold his remaining 330 acres at \$27.50 an acre, and the purchaser certainly picked up a bargain. We know of several people who would have bought the place at that price if they could have handled the proposition. Mr. Russell gets with the farm the splendid crop now being gathered on it.

The crop consists of 10 acres of Indian corn that will make 60 bushels to the acre, 33 acres of cotton that will make a bale to the acre, 12 acres of maize and 35 acres of kafir that will make two tons of headed grain per acre. The value of the crop is over \$3,000—more per acre than the price the land sold for in this deal. There is an acre of orchard consisting of apple, plum, and peach trees seven years old. The orchard is known as one of the best on the plains. A fine grape vineyard is just beginning to bear.

Mr. Standefer says that during the entire thirteen years he has been farming this place he has never had a crop failure. Even when short years came to other sections he raised plenty of feed and grain on his South Plains farm for his livestock. He is one of our best and most successful farmers, and his crops are always taken as a model of the best in the country.

YOU DON'T KNOW WHAT VALUE IS

Until you see the kind of suits we sell here at \$15, \$18, and \$20.



Every suit is specially made to your own measurement from fine quality all wool

fabrics and tailored in the most skillful and thorough manner of the best houses

As a Further Lesson

in clothes value see the surpassing quality of the fabrics we put into our suits selling at

\$25, \$30 and \$35

No finer suits could possibly be bought, no matter what you'd pay. Let us prove it.



PROCTOR & OLIVE

Gents Furnishing Store : : Slaton, Texas

Chas. Acker of Tyler, Texas, who recently purchased the H. D. Wood farm near Slaton, will move here Nov. 1st. This is another farm that several different people wanted to buy, and Mr. Acker was lucky in securing it.

Your attention is invited to the advertisement of the Western Telephone Company in this week's Slatonite. This company has a new ad. each week produced by a man who knows how to write good ads., and occasionally he falls into verse, as in the ad. this week. The lines certainly make novel advertising that is interesting reading, and we congratulate the Western ad. man on his versatility with the pen.

"What are you taking home?" asked the editor of Luther Nevils as the latter came out of the Forrest Hardware Tuesday with a big sack on his shoulder. "Oh, I had to get some more binders twine," Luther answered as he got into his Hupmobile, punched the self-starter, and left for the ranch. A few years ago before railroads came into this section and the cattle held sovereignty o'er the domain, if anyone had pictured Mr. Nevils, a stockman, coming to a railroad city within six miles of his place in a self-starting automobile and buying binders twine to harvest a big grain crop, he would have told them to go tell their pipe-dream to the daisies.

LITERARY SOCIETY MEETS TONIGHT

All those who are interested in organizing a literary society are requested by Prof. N. A. Terrell to meet at the high school auditorium Friday night. The school literary meets every Friday afternoon, and this new literary society is for the benefit of the general public. Some very instructive and interesting evenings can be had in a good society of this character, and Mr. Terrell will be pleased to give his assistance to the move.

Will Foster has a unique record. He stated Monday that he would be 48 years old in January and had never paid a cent of interest in his life. He has never signed a note of his own and only on one occasion has signed another man's note for security. However, he had nothing to pay on this note as the first party paid off the obligation without trouble, but Mr. Foster decided that he would never go on another note nor ask any man to sign a note with him.—Canyon News.

Henry Dryer and J. H. Harris were up from Wilson Monday and sold to the Slaton Grain and Coal Company 30 tons of threshed maize at \$20 per ton. This makes 300 tons this company has purchased already of the new crop.

Fritz Braun has a twenty-acre sod crop of maize, cane and Jerusalem corn that was planted the first week in July and the crop is very heavy. This certainly is a quick growth, and the crop was made from a very late planting.

The R. J. Murray real estate agency reports several nice sales recently of farm land to eastern people who are moving to the land. If there is one thing this country needs it is more farmers, and we are pleased to note the success this firm is having in locating them here.

Many reports of good fish catches on the streams below Snyder have come up this way, but it remained for W. L. Power of Crowell and W. L. Jolly of Missouri, gentlemen who are not unknown to Slaton people, to make the freak catch of the season. The Snyder Signal says the gentlemen came to that office Wednesday morning last week with an alligator about eighteen inches long which was caught out of the creek. Mr. Power said he thought he was catching a turtle till it came following the line to the surface of the water and then he managed to entangle the line about the alligator's legs and bring it to land. The Signal captioned the item thusly: "Reported They Caught an Alligator," and spelled the world alligator with one "l" wherever it appeared. Further than that, we refuse to become involved.

GEO. BOLES FARM A PLAINS MODEL

About 20 years ago Geo. M. Boles, owner of the Peerless Hereford Stock Farm, came to Lubbock county on a "buckskin" pony, and accepted a position as fence rider and windmill on one of the ranches near Lubbock. In the course of time, Mr. Boles, like many other cowboys, decided to live up some of the school land that was thought of little value, except for grazing purposes. Wherein Mr. Boles differed from the average cowboy, he kept his land, instead of letting it be joined to some large ranch.

We have often thought Mr. Boles must be a dreamer—one of the kind that works while he dreams—for the reason that he went to work to develop his land in a way that had never been attempted before. He actually broke land and put in a farm, and from this farm began to gather crops. In the early days of Mr. Boles' enterprises, there were not many pure bred stock in this section, but Mr. Boles argued that a pure bred could be raised with as small cost as a scrub, therefore, he began to improve his herds. Today Mr. Boles has one of the best bred herds of Hereford cattle in the United States, and his fame has traveled far and wide. Today Mr. Boles has hundreds of acres planted to feed crops, and he is harvesting hundreds of tons of as fine feed as was ever raised in the state. His 220 ton silo has just been filled, and adjoining this silo is a barn in which he feeds over 300 head of his blue-ribbon cattle at one time. Adjoining and surrounding this barn are immense sheds for sheltering others of his herds, and everywhere you turn, you are confronted with the idea of thoroughness.

Mr. Boles has a lovely home, and is furnished with every modern convenience. He has just installed an electric light plant at his home, which lights the home, the barn and the silo. He also has water piped into the house from two large, elevated tanks, and he pumps water to irrigate his large orchard, vineyard and garden.

He has had hard years to contend with—years when he made but little progress; but he has never wavered in his purpose to make an ideal stock farm, and with his 12 sections of grass, fine fields, orchards, vineyards and garden, coupled with a modern home and outbuildings, ect., he is certainly a success.—Lubbock Avalanche.

W. L. Jones and family went to Hermleigh Wednesday with the steam shovel work train, Mr. Jones having accepted the position of night watchman for the train. All the fills between Sweetwater and Slaton will be widened, and the grade raised where the track had settled during the heavy rains. It will take ten months for the steam shovel crew to complete this work.

PRICE

**is Monograms
Play Ball in Slaton**

The Clovis Santa Fe Monograms came to Slaton last Saturday for two games with the Slaton Monograms. The first game was played Saturday and resulted in an almost unanimous victory for the Slaton boys, the score being 17 to 2. The game was noteworthy on account of the classy work of the Slaton team, both on the field and with the bat. The New Mexico contingent earned one run off of Eckert, and got five hits. Seven struck out, two walked, and two were hit by the ball.

Slaton earned eleven runs on eleven hits, three walks, and

The Slaton heavy hitters gave the Clovis pitcher a royal house warming.



They Were Hitting His Curves So Hard He Might Just as Well Have Gone Home.

three being hit by the pitcher. Eight struck out.

DeLong and Red Duren got a home run each. DeLong's home run over left field was perhaps the longest hit ever made on the home grounds.

The score by innings:
Clovis . . . 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0-2
Slaton . . . 0 1 0 0 6 6 2 2 x-17

The line-up:
Clovis: Spalding s, Klein 1, Silvers 3, Copeland c, Billingsly m, Ireland 2, Crawford 1, Oliver r, Sebastian p.

Slaton: Kuykendall 2, Johnston m, Ritchie s, DeLong c, Shaw l, Eckert p, Tubbs 1, Connolly r, McReynolds r, Duren 3.

Molineux, umpire.
The game the second day was a farce-comedy. The Slaton team presented a different line-up but should have won the game by superior batting. When it comes to hitting the Slaton boys are in a class by themselves. The Clovis pitcher said that "It was the hittiest bunch he ever saw." But the boys fell down on their fielding, while the Clovis

Dry Goods Opening Announcement

We are pleased to announce that our mammoth stock of new dry goods is now ready for your inspection, and we know you will be pleased with these high grade goods. The prices are right, too.

We respectfully solicit your patronage. We can supply your wants and we want to supply you.

SIMMONS & ROBERTSON

The New Stock Consists of Laces, Dress Goods, Hosiery, Underwear, and Furnishing Goods for Ladies and for Men.

We have bought a complete line of Shoes which will be here as soon as the factory can make shipment. We always have one of the most complete lines of Groceries on the South Plains and make lower prices.

boys strengthened their team and played a stronger game.

Clovis got seven hits, two walks, and one was hit by the pitcher. Ten struck out.

Slaton got eleven hits and five walks. Seven struck out.

The score by innings:
Clovis . . . 3 3 0 1 1 0 0 0 2-10
Slaton . . . 3 0 0 0 2 0 0 4 0-9

Earned runs: Clovis 4, Slaton 7.
The line-up:
Clovis: Pyetzki 2, Spalding s, Klein 1, Silvers 3, P. Duren c, Oliver m, Ireland r, Crawford 1, Sebastian p.

Slaton: Kuykendall s, Johnston m, Ritchie 2, DeLong c, p, Saunders p, 1, R. Duren 3, p, c, Hays r, Connolly 1, McReynolds r, Frazier 3.

Wm. Kuykendall, umpire.
Slaton people expected the home team to win the second game and were disappointed because they did not. However, they do not begrudge the Clovis team the victory. The Clovis

The Clovis shortstop made some good plays.



Pulled Off Some Sensational Work as Short.

boys are a nice set of fellows and good ball players, and their visit to the South Plains division was a pleasure to our people. But when local fans go to touting their team as world wonders, it hurts to have to haul down the sign.

A number of Lubbock and Post City fans attended the games.

The Slaton team expects to go to Clovis soon for return games.

Barnes Family Moves to Iowa

W. M. Barnes and family left Sunday for Paris, Texas, where they will visit for several days before going to Iowa where they will make their home. Mr. Barnes resigned his position as assistant engineer in the Santa Fe switch yards, and says he has quit railroading to go to farming. He will raise wheat. The many friends of the family wish them much success in their new home.

The Farm Girl's Opportunity

A lady in Richmond, Va., has made a national reputation putting up and selling "pin-money pickles." She began a few years ago in a very modest way, but now her products are so popular that they can be found nearly everywhere in the United States. Another woman, in Washington, D. C., has built up a business making chowchow, for which she gets \$3.00 a gallon.

These are only samples of what hundreds of young women have done to earn pin money by putting up canned goods at home. People are continually demanding a better quality of canned goods and are willing to pay a better price for them. The farmer's daughter who desires to earn pin money may avail herself of this demand and with care and perseverance learn to put up canned goods that she may sell at a profit. Those who are interested in such a project may obtain detailed instructions on canning in Farmers' Bulletin 521 of the United States Department of Agriculture, which will be sent free of charge to the applicant.

The bulletin, while encouraging the young woman in her efforts to make a business proposition of putting up fruits and vegetables, cautions against over enthusiasm. It advises that the beginner experiment with a few cans before going too heavily into the project. If the first cans keep well, she may be encouraged to proceed. If she meets with a few failures, per-

haps she has overlooked some important detail outlined in the department's bulletin. It is only through failures that one gets good experience, and with a little practice and care in following the directions any farmer's daughter should be able to put up a satisfactory can of fruit or vegetables. When a young woman has succeeded in putting up a product satisfactory for home use, she may well look around for a market outside the home.

The girl with experience in canning knows the products with which she has the most success, and should endeavor to sell only those in which she excels. It is always best to spec-

ialize and work up a reputation for some particular kind of goods, as did the women already mentioned. One girl may make a feature of catchup, another may find her best product is pickles, while another may put up a specially attractive can of peppers, cauliflower, peaches, apples, or tomatoes.

W. D. Benson. Percy Spencer.

Benson & Spencer Attorneys at Law

Rooms 3, 4, and 5, Lubbock State Bank Building, Lubbock, Texas.

Complete sets abstracts Lubbock, Hockley, and Cochran Counties in office.

Buy a \$19.50 Heater at your own price at **HOWERTON'S**



Slaton Livery Barn

G. L. SLEDGE, Proprietor

Good Teams and All Livery Accommodations.

We have for sale at all times—

Hay, Grain and Feed, Chicken Feed
Ground Oyster Shells, etc.

South Park Heights

FIVE ACRE TRACTS

These tracts of land adjoin South Park and South Slaton Additions and are ideally adapted to Truck Raising or Suburban Homes. \$10 down and \$10 per month.

R. J. MURRAY, SLATON, TEXAS

SLATON PLANING MILL

R. H. TUDOR, Proprietor

Contracting and Building

Estimates furnished on short notice. All work given careful and prompt attention. Give us a trial.

North Side of the Square

McCormick Row Binders

Are the best ever put in a field. They are mechanically correct and reliable, and will give perfect satisfaction in harvesting your crops. Ask any McCormick user and see us.

We handle the popular

Deering Binder Twine

and want to supply you.

FORREST HARDWARE Hardware and Furniture

only living the policemen with them before they dy of the dead woman showed that she Lippincott sev-

and we weren't with them," said the sl. "We were a con? maids," she said &

DAIRY ON A DRY FARM

MAY BE MADE PROFITABLE UP TO CERTAIN LIMITS.

Summer Grazing, Winter Fodder and Ample Supply of Grain Are Three Questions to Be Considered— Rye Makes Good Crop.

(By PROF. THOMAS SHAW.) That dairying in dry areas is less profitable and more difficult than in humid areas or on lands supplied with irrigating waters will be apparent to those who have thought upon the subject. This does not mean, however, that it may not be made successful up to a certain limit on the ranch in the dry area.

In the prosecution of dairying under any conditions, three questions come up for consideration. The first is summer grazing, the second is winter fodders, and the third is the supply of grain—that is needed. Wherever all these may be grown on the farm in sufficient quantity, dairying may be successfully carried on.

In dry areas the first of these is the most difficult of attainment. The pasture problem is the most difficult of all problems which the dry land farmer must face, but this problem is by no means unsolvable. The difficulty with grass pastures in a dry country arises from the fact that from these the farmer may only get what nature gives him, whereas in growing other crops he is enabled to stimulate growth through the conservation of moisture. But there are other than grass pastures that will aid him materially in his work.

In all dry areas winter rye may be made to furnish much pasture. It may be sown for such a use almost any season when germination may be secured. Where the rain falls in the growing season it may be sown say in June, the time when moisture is abundant. It may be grazed during all that summer and again the following spring. When rain falls in the late autumn and winter the rye is best sown when the autumn rains begin to fall. When rye is grown for pasture it must be grazed so as to prevent jointing. Usually rye pasture may be followed by summer fallow, but to this plan there may be exceptions.

Grains mixed in character may be sown autumn or spring to provide pasture. This may be sown in mixtures. Those should be chosen which are the least costly for the time being. The grazing of these crops will cease in time to summer fallow the land. The time for sowing them will depend on the season when moisture falls.

There are locations also in which the pasture problem may be made much simpler to the dry land farmer. If his ranch is adjacent to rough lands, he may get his pasture from these in some instances, because it is open range. In other instances he may secure title to it at nominal fee. Ranchmen thus situated are so far fortunate in their location.

The pastures, especially in the autumn, may be supplemented with fodder corn where the elevation is not too high for growing the same. In yet other instances pastures may be grown that will give higher yields than those which nature furnishes unaided. Such, for instance, is bromegrass and possibly a few other grasses.

The fodder problem is not so difficult. Fodders are grown usually by the aid, more or less, of conserved moisture. The two leading fodders in most localities will be oat hay, barley hay, and, most of all, alfalfa. In many areas these will be supplemented by fodder. Even the straw of certain grains may be made to serve an excellent purpose along with other suitable adjuncts, as straw in dry areas is more valuable than in those of frequent rainfall.

MAINTAIN AN EARTH MULCH

Efficiency of Hoe Depends Greatly Upon Skill of Operator—Keep the Tool Sharpened.

The efficiency of the rake as a tillage tool depends upon the frequency of its use. If a crust is allowed to form, or the weeds to start, the rake is rendered useless, and the only resort is the hoe. This is a more effective tillage tool than it is sometimes credited with being. Its efficiency in establishing and maintaining an earth mulch depends upon the skill of the operator and the condition of the hoe. Much of the dissatisfaction in the use of a hoe is due to the misconception that a hoe is necessarily dull. As a matter of fact, to do effective work, a hoe must be kept sharp by the occasional use of a file.

Haying While Sun Shines.

The old saying about making hay while the sun shines needs to be taken judiciously, or else the leaves, the best part of the clover and alfalfa crops, will drop off.

A Man's Drink—
A Woman's Drink—
Everybody's Drink



Coca-Cola

Vigorously good -- and keenly delicious. Thirst-quenching and refreshing.

The national beverage --and yours.

Demand the genuine by full name—
Nicknames encourage substitution.

THE COCA-COLA COMPANY

Atlanta, Ga.

Whenever you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola.



WINCHESTER

"Repeater" Smokeless Shells.

If you want a good low-priced Smokeless powder "load," Winchester Factory Loaded "Repeater" Shells will surely suit you. They are loaded with the standard brands of powder and shot, good wadding and with that same care and precision which have made the Winchester "Leader" the most popular and satisfactory high-grade shell upon the market. Some shooters insist that Winchester "Repeaters" are better than other makers' highest grade shells. A trial will tell the tale. Don't forget the name: Winchester "Repeater."

THE YELLOW SHELL WITH THE CORRUGATED HOME

The Bold Fisherman.
"So you went fishing again?"
"Yes."
"Catch anything?"
"Yes. Biggest catch of the season. I had the ten, jack, king and ace of diamonds and caught the queen."

The Real Handling.
"Whom is this crook play presented by?"
"I don't know, but from what I saw of it, it ought to be presented by the grand jury."

For Burns and Scalds.
In case of burns and scalds apply Hanford's Balsam of Myrrh and get relief. Apply it to cool the skin and take the fire out. Have a bottle always on hand to use in case of accidents. Adv.

One of Nature's Laws.
"According to what law do germs propagate and destroy human life?"
"The law of eminent ptomaine."

Cures Old Sores, Other Remedies Won't Cure.
The worst cases, no matter of how long standing, are cured by the wonderful, old reliable Dr. Porter's Antiseptic Healing Oil. It relieves Pain and Heals at the same time. 25c, 50c, \$1.00.

As Usual.
"What was the most pleasant feature of your vacation?"
"Getting home again."

How To Give Quinine To Children
FEBRILINE is the trade-mark name given to an improved Quinine. It is a Tasteless Syrup, pleasant to take and does not disturb the stomach. Children take it and never know it is Quinine. Also especially adapted to adults who cannot take ordinary Quinine. Does not nauseate nor cause nervousness nor ringing in the head. Try it the next time you need Quinine for any purpose. Ask for genuine original package. The name FEBRILINE is blown in bottle. 25 cents.

Some men would die young if they were compelled to work for a living.

Eskimo Sleds for Stefansson.
When Vilhjalmur Stefansson started on his Arctic expedition which was brought to an abrupt end January 16, 1913, by the sinking of his ship Karluk in the ice floes, he carried dog sleds made by Eskimos at Nome, Alaska. The plans were furnished by the explorer, but the work was left entirely to the natives under the guidance of a mission priest. Strength and lightness were the two essential features in the construction work. A minimum amount of lumber was used, but every joint was braced and reinforced. Eight of the snow vehicles were made, and when completed they were strong enough to carry all that could be loaded into them.

Possibly Both.
If amateur golf players are to be considered as jeopardizing their status because they write newspaper articles describing their game, golf literature will suffer a serious eclipse—or should it be called a reform?—New York World.

To Kill Weeds.
If a small can, such as is used to oil a machine, is filled with kerosene, and one drop is put at the root of each weed, it will die at once. After one treatment there never will be any more trouble.

Belgrade's fire loss is about eleven thousand dollars a year.

We hear of new uses of Hanford's Balsam of Myrrh. In dehorning cattle, light applications help to stop bleeding, making the use of a hot iron unnecessary. Adv.

When one gets on the right side of him the tough is generally an easy mark.

ENTIRELY A PRIVATE AFFAIR

Group of Surveyors Really Had No Right to "Peek" at Couple Far Out on the Lake.

Far out on Lake Erie, nearly a mile from Edgewater park beach, there was a speck of black on the water.

Nearer shore there were other and larger specks. Close in the specks became boats, containing fishermen and other people. There must have been a hundred, all told.

On the hill that borders the park beach a party of city engineers were at work.

Resting for a moment, an engineer looked out over the lake. He saw the farthest tiny speck.

"I wonder what that boat is doing way out there," he mused. And he remarked to the others about him.

So they brought one of those things surveyors look through to ascertain distance and straighten a line. They trained it on the speck, and, taking turns at looking, they saw as plainly as if the boat rested only a few hundred feet away.

A man wearing a white shirt and a girl wearing a white waist were in that boat. They sat together on the center seat. An arm of each embraced the other.

A stir. The girl used her other arm to reach into the man's pocket. She extracted a cigarette, lighted it, and then blew smoke in the man's face.

"Oh, let's quit and be gentlemen," said the surveyors. "They wouldn't enjoy it at all if they knew somebody was looking."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

The Cook.

Little Lillian's parents were well to do, and kept several servants. She was allowed to go for a visit to a friend's house whose family did their own housework. When Lillian returned home, she was telling her mother about the good time she had.

"But, mother, dear," confided the child, solemnly, "they do one thing that is very dreadful! I hate to tell you about it, for it is really kind of cruel, and I'm afraid you won't let me go there again."

"Why, Lillian," urged the mother, in some alarm, "you must tell me, dear."

"Well, mother," replied the child, in a shocked whisper, "they use their own grandmother for a cook!"—Harper's Magazine.

Helpful Parent.

"Young Twillerby is always boasting of the big business enterprises he is interested in."

"I fear he draws on his imagination."

"Perhaps so. I know he draws on his father."

Modest Admission.

The intensely patriotic Cambrian, of course, took a personal interest in the recent victory of "Freddie" Welsh at Olympia. A flushed and elated man from Cardiff was asked who had won the fight. "Welsh," he replied—"if I do say it myself."—London Globe.

Her Advantage.

The Slum Worker—You look like a very worthy person.

The Flattered One—Oh, I'm all right, ma'am. I manage to get along first rate. I ain't got nobody to support. I'm a single woman.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

YOUR OWN DRUGGIST WILL TELL YOU
Try **Marine Eye Remedy** for Red, Weak, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. No Smarting—Just Eye Comfort. Write for Book of the Eye by mail free. Marine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

A man may be a cheerful neighbor and still be a dangerous business partner.

Kind words are never lost—unless a woman puts them in a letter and gives it to her husband to mail.

To stop bleeding use Hanford's Balsam. Adv.

If the bride has seven gowns the honeymoon will last at least a week.

TAKES "GRIT" TO WIN

This really means keeping the system full of vim and vigor, the blood pure and the general health good, all of which must come from perfectly digested food, and liver and bowel regularity. This is an especially good reason why you should try

HOSTETTER'S
Stomach Bitters

Both Changed.
"You used to sit and hold my hands before we were married."
"And you used to sit and hold your tongue."

If you wish beautiful, clear, white clothes, use Red Cross Ball Blue. At all good grocers. Adv.

Were it not for wine and passion, some men would never speak the truth.

You can safely place faith in Hanford's Balsam of Myrrh. Adv.

People who live in glass houses should have rubber proof curtains.

DICKEY'S OLD RELIABLE EYE WATER
cools and soothes sore eyes. Adv.

Swedish mines employ 166 women and 2,764 children.

Backache Is a Warning

Nature always gives fair warning whenever anything is going wrong inside the body. When warned of kidney weakness by an aching back or disordered urination, give the kidneys prompt help and avoid more serious troubles.

Kidney trouble is a dangerous thing, because the kidneys are the blood filters, and weak kidneys soon upset the healthiest system, causing rheumatic attacks, gravel, dropsy and Bright's disease.

Doan's Kidney Pills is a most reliable kidney remedy. Doan's are used successfully all over the civilized world and publicly recommended by thousands of grateful people.

An Oklahoma Case.

Mrs. J. S. Taylor, McKinley Ave. and C St., Blackwell, Okla., says: "My back ached all the time and my hips were affected, too. The pains were terribly sharp and I was in misery all the time. Soon after I used Doan's Kidney Pills, the trouble left me and from that day to this I haven't suffered. I can't be too grateful."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box
DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

BLACK LEG

LOSSES SURELY PREVENTED
by Cutter's Blackleg Pills. Low-priced, fresh, reliable, preferred by Western fishermen, because they protect where other venous pills write for booklet and testimonials. 10-cent pkg., Blackleg Pills \$1.00. 50-cent pkg., Blackleg Pills 4.00.

The superiority of Cutter products is due to over 20 years of specializing in venous and serum only. Insist on Cutter's. If unsatisfied, order direct. The Cutter Laboratory, Berkeley, Cal., or Chicago, Ill.

Tutt's Pills

will remedy these troubles. Price, 25 cents.

W. N. U., Oklahoma City, No. 34-1914

What is Castoria

CASTORIA is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrup. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhoea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep.

The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

Genuine Castoria always bears the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

You Look Prematurely Old

Because of those ugly, grizzly, gray hairs. Use "LA SCOCLE" HAIR DRESSING. PRICE

There's much satisfaction in one package of

BANK STATEMENT.

Official statement of the financial condition of the FIRST STATE BANK at Slaton, State of Texas, at the close of business on the 12th day of Sept., 1914, published in the Slatonite, a newspaper printed and published at Slaton, State of Texas, on the 18th day of September, 1914.

RESOURCES	
Loans and Discounts, personal or collateral	\$28,001.65
Loans, real estate	2,400.00
Overdrafts	22.77
Real Estate (banking house)	3,600.00
Collection account	1,000.00
Furniture and Fixtures	1,400.00
Due from Approved Reserve Agts., net	\$8,587.31
Cash Items	553.95
Currency	1,877.00
Specie	344.75
Interest on Depositors Guarantee Fund	458.44
Other Resources as follows:	
Assessment for Guarantee Fund	78.86
Total	\$48,324.73
LIABILITIES	
Capital Stock paid in	\$15,000.00
Surplus Fund	600.00
Undivided profits, net	1,109.07
Individual Deposits, subject to check	27,226.42
Time Certificates of Deposit	3,500.00
Cashier's Checks	889.24
Total	\$48,324.73

State of Texas,
County of Lubbock.
We, J. S. Edwards, as president, and J. G. Wadsworth, Asst. cashier of said bank, each of us, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.
J. S. EDWARDS, President.
J. G. WADSWORTH, A. Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 17th day of September, A. D. 1914.
(SEAL) C. C. HOFFMAN,
Notary Public Lubbock County, Texas.
CORRECT—ATTEST:
J. S. EDWARDS }
O. L. SLATON } Directors.
W. S. POSEY }

ROLL TOP DESK for sale; a good one, very low price. Ask at Slatonite office.

LOCAL Gossip

Mrs. A. I. Kuykendall went to Alpine, Texas, this week to visit a daughter for two weeks.

Walter Ritchie of east Texas is prospecting in Slaton this week, and will probably buy a farm here.

The Ladies of the Missionary Society of the M. E. Church are planning for a Christmas Bazaar to be held in November.

The Ladies Aid will meet at the Baptist church Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock. Lesson, 2nd Book of Kings. Ladies cordially invited to attend.

JUST RECEIVED—A new and complete line of fall and winter samples of dress goods, stamped fancy work, table linen, towel-ing, handkerchiefs, etc. Call and see them or phone Mrs. G. L. Sledge.

The Rev. J. P. Callaway has resigned as pastor of the Slaton and Tahoka M. E. Churches, and will move to Cleburne to be near his wife who is in a hospital seriously ill. Brother Callaway has a host of friends over the South Plains who regret that it was imperative for him to go elsewhere. In his church work and his conduct he has made friends of all he met, and he can well be proud of the legacy he takes with him. He is an able minister and his good bye sermons at Slaton Sunday were splendid discourses. A new pastor for Brother Callaway's charge has not been announced at this time.

J. S. EDWARDS, PRESIDENT

O. L. SLATON, VICE PRESIDENT

J. G. WADSWORTH, ASST. CASHIER

The management of this Bank has endeavored to preserve a progressive policy, to be liberal in its treatment, and to adhere to the legitimate line of Banking in supplying the constant needs of its customers. Now that the harvest is on we will certainly appreciate a goodly portion of your business.

FIRST STATE BANK OF SLATON, TEXAS

Mrs. Jas. O'Connor is visiting in Boerne, Texas.

Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Smith and their son returned this week from a visit with Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Buntin near Pecos. Mrs. Buntin is Mr. Smith's sister.

FOR TRADE—My Slaton residence property for a farm near town, or will sell. Have 160 acres near Floydada to trade for Slaton land. JOE H. SMITH.

The teacher was instructing the class in the rudiments of the English language, "John," she said, "make a sentence using the word 'indisposition.'" John assumed an aggressive pose and announced, "When youse wants to fight you stands in dis position."—Youth's Companion.

F. V. Williams says his maize crop produced two and one-fourth tons of headed grain per acre, counting heads fully dried. The crop was very prolific, a large per cent of the stalks having six fully developed heads to each stalk. On one stalk of kafir corn he counted eleven fully developed heads.

H. D. Talley is sponsor for the following story about Slaton crops. One of our good farmers laid by his corn crop and went to east Texas visiting. Before leaving the farm, however, he stuck a twelve-foot stick in the field beside a corn stalk to see on his return how much the corn had grown. Arriving home he went out to the stick and saw beside it a twelve-foot stalk of corn with two big ears on it; he also found a nubbin' on the stick. We have been looking for Hurd Standefer to learn whether or not he will verify the story.

The Mexican war situation is the thing of most importance now before the public, so the news that West Brothers' Big Show, "A Texas Ranger," is soon to be seen in our city is of great interest to all, as the show depicts life along the Texas-Mexican border and gives an insight into conditions there at the present time. The character of the Mexicans, the Texas Rangers, the U. S. Soldiers, the Indians, and the Cowboys are all true to life. A big battle is staged during the show, the Mexicans and Indians attacking the stockade fort, and the U. S. Soldiers and Texas Rangers defending it. The scenes in the Indian village, the Council of War, the Apache War Dance, the sports and pastimes of the Cowboys and Cowgirls, and the patrolling of the border along the Rio Grande by the Texas Rangers is all shown. This performance takes place in the big tent, which has seats for more than 2,000 people and lasts over two and one-half hours. The Cowboy Band plays a concert in front of the tent at 7 p. m., and the show starts at 8.15. At Slaton, Tuesday, Sept. 22.

Paris, Sept. 15.—Among the German prisoners who passed through Paris yesterday was a General of Division, with the officers of his staff, captured near Vitry. Although his guards refused information, L'Intransigeant says it is assured that a parchment was found in his pocket signed by the Kaiser, appointing him Governor of Paris.

W. D. Benson. Percy Spencer.

Benson & Spencer Attorneys at Law

Rooms 3, 4, and 5, Lubbock State Bank Building, Lubbock, Texas.

Complete sets abstracts Lubbock, Hockley, and Cochran Counties in office.

SLATON PLANING MILL

R. H. TUDOR, Proprietor

Contracting and Building

Estimates furnished on short notice. All work given careful and prompt attention. Give us a trial. North Side of the Square

To The People of Northwest Texas:

We Take Pleasure in Announcing the Second Annual Exposition of the

Panhandle State Fair

at Amarillo Friday, Sept. 25th to Thursday, October 1st, 1914

The Exhibition Facilities of

the Fair have been greatly enlarged this year, owing to the increased demand for space from every section of the Panhandle.

With the marvelous agricultural showing thruout our country this season, visitors may rest assured that the exhibition of products of the farm at the Fair will compare most favorably with that of any similar exhibition in the entire country.

In the Live Stock Divisions there will be nothing wanting, the entries promising a showing which would do credit to a live stock exhibition of national pretensions.

In the Poultry, Milling, Manufacturing, Garden, Kitchen, and other departments the exhibits promise a revelation to all.

THE RACING PROGRAM

Will include several fast events each day, many of the famed harness horses of the country having secured entry in the various races.

ALLMAN BROTHERS CARNIVAL COMPANY

The classiest carnival attraction in the United States, carrying 18 carloads of equipment and a Band of Thirty Pieces, has been engaged for the Entire Fair, thus assuring to Fair visitors the best of entertainment.

All Panhandle People, All

Texas people, all the people of all the States, are invited to the Fair. Come and enjoy a week's holiday. We promise you an enjoyable and profitable time at the Fair. Special Fair Rates on all Railroads. For any information address

Panhandle State Fair Association

J. F. McGregor, Secretary, Amarillo, Texas

A FEW BARGAINS FOR SALE

A practically new four-room house in best residence district, never has rented for less than \$10 per month. Can be had at a very reasonable price on terms of \$50 cash and the balance at \$20 per month. Why not OWN YOUR HOME. It will be money in your pocket to investigate.

A dandy corner lot on Grand Avenue with good well. The price on this lot is practically only the cost of the well and can be had on terms of \$5 cash and \$5 per month. Here is where you need to purchase for a home sight and the time to do so is right now.

Can offer you for a few days a beautiful, slightly, well located tract of ground, about three acres, overlooking the city, and certainly a dandy location for that little suburban ranch you have been looking for. This to go at \$200 on terms of \$5 cash and \$5 per month. Won't last long.

If interested in buying see or write C. C. HOFFMAN, CITY

GOING—GOING—GONE!

"I'm going away from here," quoth she.
"Not going away?" quoth they.
"Yes, going away—" "Away from here?"
"Uh, huh—away to stay!"

"But you can't be going away from here!"
"Yes, alas! I go away."
"But—going away—away from here?"
"Uh, huh, on Saturday."

"I read *The Riders of The Purple Sage*
Where love is always rife,
And now I'll hit that dusty trail
And seek the simple life.

"No more will I punch the plug in the jack,
I'll cease to turn the crank;
I go instead to punch the cows,
And turn the old churn crank.

"I yearn to ride the purple sage
Atop my trusty bronc,
And hear the Love Song of the geese
And not the auto's honk.

"So weep not at my going away,
Away from here to there;
I seek a cowboy of my own
With flowing, wind-tossed hair."

And thus one of our operators leaves us.
The Western Telephone Company.

The Clovis Farm and Ranch Gives Misleading
Publicity to South Plains of Texas

The Clovis Farm and Ranch Touring Party which made an automobile tour of three weeks duration over West Texas, the South Plains, the Panhandle, Eastern New Mexico, and a part of Southwest Texas, made a report of the trip in the Farm and Ranch of September 12, and said report is one which makes South Plains people indignant because of the injustice and blasphemy of the article. And the harm done to our country by the wrong impressions given to people of other sections is a hurt to the development and settling of our lands.

The touring party came up the Cap Rock in this section, but so far as the Slatonite knows did not make their presence known in Slaton. The word picture report of the trip appeared in the Farm and Ranch under the caption, "Prosperity in the Golden West," and contained these opening paragraphs:

"Twenty years from now the people of West Texas will still speak of the 'great crop of 1914.' For the past six years crops have been almost a failure throughout the greater part of the semi-arid West. They have planted, but they have not reaped—for it has not rained. The farmers have been hard pressed, the business men have been 'just squeezing along,' and the cattlemen haven't had an altogether easy time of it. The uncultivated lands have been almost a barren waste—no grass, not even any weeds. The farms have produced a little, to be sure, but so little. None but the strong hearts of pioneers could have withstood the strain of debt and want.

"But the turn came. The winter of 1913-14 was one of the wettest in the history of the Southwest, and the rainy season, without letting up, extended on into the summer." Etc., thru the entire article, the writer of the trip having kept the idea prominently to the front that drouth and failure has been the reward of our farmers until this year when accidental conditions gave us one real crop.

From the sentiment of the article we take it that this is the first time the personnel of the Holland touring party has ever looked at West Texas, and from the pessimistic expressions as to the former years and gloomy forebodings as to the next twenty years they must have "wised" themselves before coming on this trip and were always ready to give information but never willing to accept it. Invariably, eastern journalists make their maiden trip to this section with a super knowledge of local conditions that they think enables them to enlighten people who have lived here for twenty years.

From the fanciful way, the vivid G. Randolph Chester style of imagination, that the opening paragraphs of the article play upon our land, we must conclude that the basis of the manuscript was formed from car seat impressions on a record-breaking auto endurance trip of gaity thru our summer vacation land where cool breezes spurred the party on to make even greater records. The article reads like a meaningless space killer.

Perhaps the intentions behind the article were good, but featured as it was in a journal of the circulation of Farm and Ranch, the comparison of former years is a harmful. Perhaps the comparison was not intended for the Slaton South Plains, but the article, like the gubernatorial campaign mother hubbard, is made to cover everything.

The western part of Texas is a big scope of country—the Holland party traveled 2,500 miles in making the trip—and has four different sections with as many different climatic conditions. It's West Texas until you reach the Cap Rock. Then here is the South Plains; to the north is the Panhandle, on the south is Southwest Texas. Too big a territory to be covered by one blanket article. We do not have a personal knowledge of the other sections of western Texas, but we do know about the South Plains for the six years referred to in Farm and Ranch. There have been good crops raised here every one of those years, and the yields would have been called large for any country. Having heard of the big crops here year after year, The Dallas Morning News in November, 1912, sent Frank A. Briggs out here to prepare a series of articles for the News on the South Plains' crop prosperity, which he did. South Plains products have been repeatedly taking premiums at the state fair, and Indian corn at Slaton last year was nearly as good as this year's crop. In another column of this paper is a statement about one of our good citizens who has been farming one place for thirteen years successively without a crop failure—thirteen good crops in thirteen years. Many of our pioneer farmers have become wealthy.

There has always been grass on our prairies, except possibly a range that has been overstocked and the cattle kept there even after the grass was eaten down. There are no barren wastes here. Our farmers have planted every year, it has rained every year from 20 to 35 inches, and our farmers have reaped every year. To insinuate that the 1914 crop is the first real crop ever raised on the prosperous agricultural commonwealth known as the South Plains, and that it likely will be the only big crop for the next twenty years is a slander and an injury, altho perhaps thoughtlessly done, and we hope the press will join the Slatonite in resenting it.

The World's Greatest War
The greatest war of history is taking place in Europe. More than half the earth's population is directly concerned, and the other half is under the shadow cast by this world conflict. No other war approaches it in numbers of men involved, in the tremendous sacrifice of life and property that the Nations are making, in results that will spread to the remotest corners of the earth.

It is an epoch in history that for suddenness and stirring events stands alone. Those who are alive today will remember the great war always as the most remarkable spectacle of their lives. They will recall what they read of battles where armies as large as small Nations fought on a front miles and miles in extent. The stories of conflict, of heroism, will never leave the memories of this generation.

For the story of this war as it is being written Texans must turn to their newspapers. The Dallas Morning News, the Dallas Evening Journal, and the Dallas Semi-Weekly Farm News have the sources of the world news at their command. At a nominal cost the reader has collected and arranged for him on the printed page the record of this momentous struggle.

Every Texan can keep thoroly informed on the progress of the war by reading the newspapers named above.


S. H. ADAMS
Physician and Surgeon
Office at Red Cross Pharmacy
Residence Phone 26
Office Phone 3

R. A. BALDWIN
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Office West Side of Square
Slaton, Texas

HUTCHINSON & HAMILTON
DENTISTS
Citizens National Bank Building
Lubbock, Texas

J. G. WADSWORTH
Notary Public
INSURANCE and RENTALS
Fire, Tornado, Plate Glass, Automobile, Accident, Health and Burglary Insurance . . .
Office at FIRST STATE BANK
Slaton -:- Texas

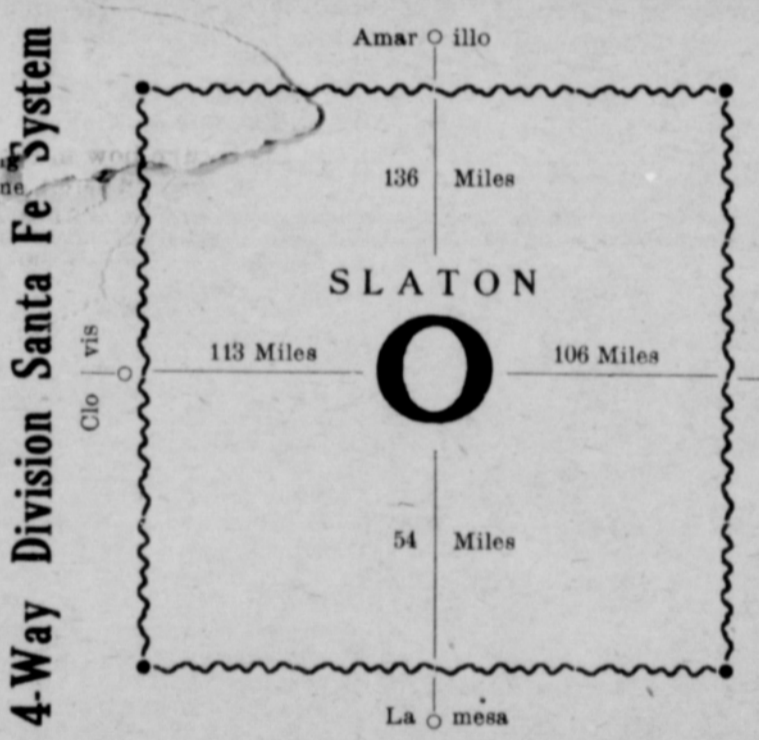
Buy a \$19.50 Heater at your own price at **HOWERTON'S**



South Park Heights
FIVE ACRE TRACTS
These tracts of land adjoin South Park and South Slaton Additions and are ideally adapted to Truck Raising or Suburban Homes. \$10 down and \$10 per month.
R. J. MURRAY, SLATON, TEXAS

Slaton Livery Barn
G. L. SLEDGE, Proprietor
Good Teams and All Livery Accommodations.
We have for sale at all times—
**Hay, Grain and Feed, Chicken Feed
Ground Oyster Shells, etc.**
Dealers Who Want Your Trade Solicit It by Ads

Founded and Owned by the Pecos & Northern Texas Ry. Company



SLATON LOCATION

SLATON is in the southeast corner of Lubbock County, in the center of the South Plains of central west Texas. Is on the new main Trans-Continental Line of the Santa Fe. Connects with North Texas Lines of that system at Canyon, Texas; with South Texas lines of the Santa Fe at Coleman, Texas; and with New Mexico and Pacific lines of the same system at Texico, N. M. SLATON is the junction of the Lamesa road, Santa Fe System.

Advantages and Improvements

The Railway Company has Division Terminal Facilities at this point, constructed mostly of reinforced concrete material and including a Round House, a Power House, Machine and Blacksmith Shops, Coal Chute, a Sand House, Water Plant, Ice House, etc. Also have a Fred Harvey Eating House, and a Reading Room for Santa Fe employees. Have extensive yard tracks for handling a heavy trans-continental business, both freight and passenger, between the Gulf and Atlantic Coast and the Pacific Coast territories, and on branch lines to Tahoka, Lamesa and other towns.

BUSINESS SECTION AND RESIDENCES BUILT

3000 feet of business streets are graded and macadamized and several residence streets are graded; there are 26 business buildings of brick and reinforced concrete, with others to follow; 200 residences under construction and completed.

SURROUNDED BY A FINE, PRODUCTIVE LAND

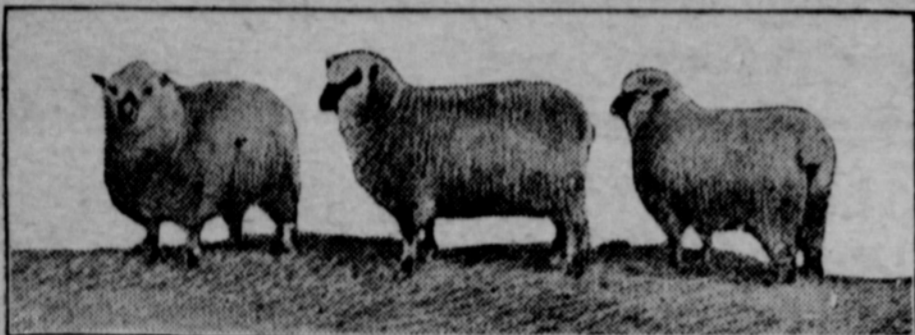
A fine agricultural country surrounds the town, with soil dark chocolate color, sandy loam, producing Kaffir Corn, Milo Maize, Cotton, Wheat, Oats, Indian Corn, garden crops and fruit. An inexhaustible supply of pure free stone water from wells 40 to 90 feet deep.

THE COMPANY OFFERS for sale a limited number of business lots remaining at original low list prices and residence lots at exceedingly low prices. For further information address

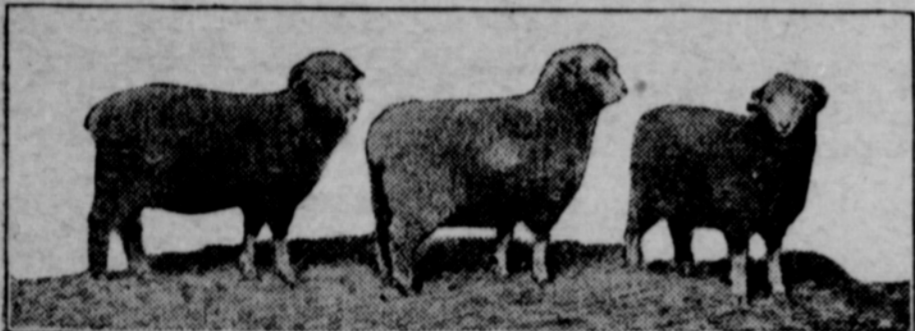
P. & N. T. RAILWAY CO., Owners.

SOUTH PLAINS LAND COMPANY, and HARRY T. McGEE,
Local Townsite Agents, Slaton, Texas.

DOMESTIC BREEDS OF SHEEP IN AMERICA



Three Representative Shropshire Ewes.



Three Representative Rambouillets (French Merinos.)

All the domestic sheep in America have originated from importations, most of which have been made from European countries since the beginning of the nineteenth century. The fine wools are found upon the western ranges and to a lesser extent through the Ohio fine-wool region. They are undergoing some changes to improve the carcass and increase the length of wool; some foreign blood is being used to do it; nevertheless these sections may still be regarded as being fine wool in character.

In Tennessee, Virginia and Kentucky, the spring lamb region of America, Southdown rams are very popular. Through the central farming sections of the country the medium-wool breeds have taken possession, the long wools largely being in locations more favorable to them in the North and Northwest, notably Canada, Utah, Idaho, Montana and Oregon.

It is not always possible to say that there is one best breed for any section. There may be two or three that would do equally as well, but it is undeniable that some breeds are far more suitable than others for a given location. All the breeds have their good qualities and most of them, if properly handled, will give good results in some section of America. The problem is to get the ones best adapted to particular conditions. Some breeds have a larger number of high-class individuals than others, but a truly successful breeder can improve any of them.

As a rule, but one breed should be selected. Where there is more than one breed upon a farm it is a difficult matter to keep the gates all closed at the proper time and prevent crossing. If several farms are available more breeds can be handled, but the difficulties in management are much increased. The most successful sheep breeders in America handle but one breed. The fact that there are more breeds than in any other class of farm animals may in itself make the selection of one breed rather difficult. Some of the deciding factors should be climatic conditions, feeds available, altitude, the particular line of the industry to be followed, and popularity of the breed in the section in which the farmer is located.

The effect of climate is strikingly illustrated in the evolution of the sheep industry of the extreme Northwest. The Willamette Valley in Oregon, now so famous for its long wools, was once partly occupied by fine-wool sheep. The large amount of rainfall, which comes in a long-continued drizzle, caused the hay and weed seeds that became lodged in the wool to grow and become green upon the sheep's back. The Merino breeds were decidedly out of place there. After a time the Lincoln and other long-wool

breeds were introduced and the industry assumed a different aspect. Their long locks act as a thatch, carrying the water off, and these breeds thrive as they do in few places except their native counties in England.

The kind of feed produced is of importance. The large breeds have been developed upon land that has produced abundantly. They are capable of taking care of a larger amount of feed, such as the moist fertile lowlands produce, while the smaller breeds succeed better upon the less abundant fare of drier and less fertile pastures. There is evidently some connection between the general high quality of the smaller breeds and the scanty, more nutritious feeds that they receive under natural conditions. If they are removed to the lowlands they lose much of their characteristic type and quality.

The effect of altitude upon a breed is also apparent, but how much of this effect is due to the amounts and kinds of feed it is difficult to determine. Certain it is that the mountain breeds are smaller, more active, more hardy, and better able to care for themselves than their lowland neighbors.

The importance of hardness in the mountain breeds was shown during the last century along the Scottish border.

Whether the breeder expects to specialize upon some particular line of sheep farming should likewise be instrumental in making a decision. If winter lambs are to be produced a breed must be secured that will breed at the right season of the year, and not all will do this. The Dorset, Merino and Tunis have given the best satisfaction thus far.

The popularity of a breed will often have its effect in influencing one's decision. Some breeds have been developed under conditions that are more general, or else they have a wider range of adaptability than others. The popularity of several breeds in this country is due to this fact. No better illustrations of these can be mentioned than the Merinos and Shropshires that are found from Maine to California. Some of the minor breeds need men who will place them before the public, as there can be no doubt as to the effect of a wide-awake breed association in advancing a breed.

Some breeds are regarded as needing more care than others; at any rate they become more unsightly if denied this attention. However, no flock will thrive upon mismanagement. Good appearance is always desirable, and sometimes it is of prime importance. The use of sheep for keeping the lawns of parks and country places in trim has been in effect in this country for years and here attractiveness is indispensable.

NEW FABRIC FOR CAPES

IS CALLED THE TEDDY BEAR, AND IS POPULAR.

Sort of Woolen Velour, Light of Weight But Warm—Shirtings and Plaitings for the Autumn and Winter Seasons.

(By MARY DEAN.)

Capes have become too common, excepting those made from the new material called teddy bear; this fabric is very popular. The teddy bear material is a sort of woolen velour, woven with long, hairy threads, exceedingly soft and supple, and although light of weight it has considerable warmth and is ideal for wear at shore resorts.

Another new material not less favored for mountain or shore resort wear or for excursion trips is a rough woolen weave which is likely to be much in vogue during the coming winter. This goods is of a silky texture and has a ground work of color subdued by the long dark hairs.

The increasing fullness of the skirt is exciting interest among students of the modes and there seems no shadow of doubt that we are in for an autumn and winter of shirtings and plaitings. Just how far the movement will go remains to be seen. The flowing movement of sheer supple stuffs over clinging foundations which characterize many of the midsummer models is a very different thing from fullness and drapery in heavier material.

Sleeves are becoming longer, and a Paris correspondent writes that women are wearing high-necked bodices. One such frock described was of white taffeta and buttoned from neck to foot. The waistband was twisted round the hips, from it a deep embroidered tulle flounce fell nearly to the bottom of the skirt, hiding it entirely. A narrow bias band of taffeta encircled this flounce at the bottom, which was shaped in scallops. The bodice was made high at the neck and had long sleeves.

As has been said, capes are becoming too common, but occasionally one sees a model with perhaps some individual touch, or made of novel material which differentiates it from the general display. Among those recently seen, for instance, was an unusually attractive wrap, the distinctive note being the shaped collar at the back, which falls in graceful folds from a black velvet ribbon which encircles the neck and is held in place at the back of a pearl buckle. This cape was lined throughout with lobster red silk. There was a fold of the red silk on each side of the cape collar at the back, and down the front.

As has been said, capes are becoming too common, but occasionally one sees a model with perhaps some individual touch, or made of novel material which differentiates it from the general display. Among those recently seen, for instance, was an unusually attractive wrap, the distinctive note being the shaped collar at the back, which falls in graceful folds from a black velvet ribbon which encircles the neck and is held in place at the back of a pearl buckle. This cape was lined throughout with lobster red silk. There was a fold of the red silk on each side of the cape collar at the back, and down the front.

As has been said, capes are becoming too common, but occasionally one sees a model with perhaps some individual touch, or made of novel material which differentiates it from the general display. Among those recently seen, for instance, was an unusually attractive wrap, the distinctive note being the shaped collar at the back, which falls in graceful folds from a black velvet ribbon which encircles the neck and is held in place at the back of a pearl buckle. This cape was lined throughout with lobster red silk. There was a fold of the red silk on each side of the cape collar at the back, and down the front.

GAY STRIPE NOT FOR STREET

Is a Little Too Much in the Livelier Effect—Good Taste Suggests Quieter Ones.

Striped gaberdine is the material much in favor for costumes made in the sleeveless bolero style. The skirt is rather full at the hips, made with a seam down the front, on the diagonal. The small bolero hangs loosely over a draped band, showing the long sleeve in white muslin, with a band of embroidery and another of velvet giving a touch of novelty.

A straight jacket in the same striped material is worn with this skirt and bolero, making the costume a little less sensational for the streets. But it must be acknowledged that the striped materials are not tempting women of taste, unless these stripes be of the darkest description of green and blue.

The hats now worn in Paris are small or large, with a ruching of taffeta and a couple of wings.

Handsome Afternoon Frock.



Black chiffon is mounted over a tight-fitting foundation of satin in this summer frock. Sash of black velvet tied below the hips in the back is a feature.

HAIR ORNAMENTS THE FAD

May Be as Elaborate as One Wishes, Always Within the Bounds of Good Taste.

Elaborate hair ornaments are worn by young girls this season. There are shell pins with hinged tops with gems that may be turned in different directions to suit the coiffure, and simulated caps of strings of pearls with tiny chin straps of pearls to match to wear in the evenings.

Narrow bandeaux of rhinestones that widen out in a barrette in the back and which are matched by the high spans in combs set with rhinestones are very pretty.

There are also caps formed of strings of jewels set wide apart, with two straight feathers up the front, their quills outlined with gems.

Square-topped pins, inlaid with gold, matching gold-topped side combs and a high open-work back comb with a filigree design in the gold, are all shown, as are also hairpins with filigree gold tops, shaped like a ball, the center filled with compressed sachet balls and thin bands of gold ending in gold tassels to wear across the front of the hair, the tassels hanging back of the ears like simulated earrings.

Glass as a material for coiffure ornaments is steadily making its way into favor. Under a strong light spun glass aligrettes are most effective, especially when of white combined with emerald green, sapphire, blue, ruby, red or golden yellow.

Some glass tiaras show a design in flowers and leaves attached to a skeleton latticing in silver or gold. Rosebuds with their foliage are favorites, but so are white wild daisies and any of the smaller field blooms.

Clusters of oak or mistletoe leaves are used with good effect in glass tiaras, and, in fact, any sort of foliage that is not overlarge may correctly be used, excepting, of course, the strawberry leaves sacred to the English duchess.

Coiffure ornaments and tiaras in amber or in amber colored glass are stunning looking on a brunette beauty, and for blondes there are fetching effects in all-jet or in jet combined with paste, pearls or opals.

HEALTH AND BEAUTY

A cupful of strong coffee will remove the odor of onions from the breath.

One in a faint should be laid flat on the back, the clothes loosened and let alone.

A cupful of hot water drunk before meals will sometimes relieve nausea and dyspepsia.

It is not practical to wash the hands too often during the day, neither is it advisable to use hard water; either makes the skin hard. But should the hands get hard, use olive oil or cocoa butter.

SPUR FARM LANDS

Many farmers are making a hard or doubtful living on high-priced lands in localities cursed with insect pests, or floods, or drought, or weed plagues, or other enemies to successful farming. The end of each year finds time and energy practically wasted—no progress made. Spur Farm Lands offer relief from these conditions.

The tenant on the high-priced lands further east can make a payment and be master of his own acres here. Any good farmer can pay for them from the products thereof. The Spur Farm Lands offer productive, virgin lands—easily cultivated—at low prices and on easy terms. Splendid crops are raised without irrigation. No boll weevil ever known here. Altitude 2,000 to 2,600 feet.

Considering the reliable production of these lands, prices are lowest in Texas; new country, settling fast; splendid climate, no malaria, chills or fever; good churches and schools. We offer the homeseeker a wide range for selection and are selling direct—no commission to anyone. The purchaser receives full value in his lands in dealing direct with the owner as opposed to paying a middleman several dollars per acre.

Stock Farms and Small Ranch Tracts. We also offer fine grazing tracts, perfectly adapted to this purpose—one section to fifty—at prices from \$5.00 per acre up. Free illustrated booklet, giving all particulars, on application to Chas. A. Jones, Manager for S. M. Swenson & Sons, Spur, Dickens County, Texas.—Adv.

It is always better to live so that your neighbors will not feel like congratulating your widow.

CHINESE NO-BOTTLE BLEUING
The only scientifically correct bleuing. Does not leave rust in the clothes or settle to the bottom of the tub. Fine for hard water. Send 10c and grocer's name for supply. Chinese Bleuing Co., Detroit, Mich. Adv.

Not the Least.
"Why do you call the baby Bill?"
"He was born on the first of the month."—Buffalo Express.

His Class.
"What a temper that man has, a regular furnace."
"Well, he's a hot air turn."

Pa Explains.
"Pa, what is a straterary?"
"That's the kind of error you make, my boy, when your mother is giving a party and he forgets to enter the house by the back door."

Passing the Time.
Spokane wants to change from western to mountain time in order to gain an hour in the evening. Why go to all this trouble when, by getting up earlier in the morning, the Spokanites can gain all they want and have an interesting hour in the garden?—Tacoma News.

The Young Idea.
Johnny was putting some questions to his father on the subject of astronomy, in the course of which he asked if the moon was inhabited.
"Oh, yes," said the parent; "there are people living in the moon."
"Are there many?" queried the youngster.
"Yes, lots," was the reply; "far more than in this world."
"Why, then," said the youth, "aren't they crowded a good deal at half-moon?"

DISAPPEARED

Coffee Ails Vanish Before Postum.

It seems almost too good to be true, the way headache, nervousness, insomnia, and many other obscure troubles vanish when coffee is dismissed and Postum used as the regular table beverage.

The reason is clear. Coffee contains a poisonous drug—caffeine—which causes the trouble, but Postum contains only the food elements in choice hard wheat with a little molasses.

A Phila. man grew enthusiastic and wrote as follows:

"Until 18 months ago I used coffee regularly every day and suffered from headache, bitter taste in my mouth, and indigestion; was gloomy and irritable, had variable or absent appetite, loss of flesh, depressed in spirits, etc.

"I attribute these things to coffee, because since I quit it and have drunk Postum I feel better than I had for 20 years, am less susceptible to cold, have gained 20 lbs. and the symptoms have disappeared—vanished before Postum."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Postum comes in two forms: Regular Postum—must be well boiled. 15c and 25c packages.

Instant Postum—is a soluble powder. A teaspoonful dissolves quickly in a cup of hot water and, with cream and sugar, makes a delicious beverage instantly. 30c and 50c tins.

The cost per cup of both kinds is about the same.

"Reason" for Postum. —sold by Grocers.

SWEET CLOVER GAINS FAVOR

Increasing Attention Being Given Crop as Forage Plant—Used Successfully as Ensilage.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

For the past two years increasing attention has been given to sweet clover as a forage plant. County agricultural agents in several states last year gave the crop some attention in an experimental way. Those in Kansas and South Dakota were particularly active, and the results were so satisfactory that the area seeded this year has been enormously increased. A report from Allen county, Kansas, states that more than 2,000 acres were seeded in that county this year. Last year a farmer in Clinton county, Iowa, conducted an excursion to a farm on which is grown annually 60 to 100 acres of sweet clover for hay and ture on land worth more than \$100 per acre. On June 9 and 10 this year two Illinois county agents joined in an excursion to a 300-acre sweet clover farm in Ogle county, Illinois. One

county sent 21 automobiles with 109 farmers representing 25 townships. A total of 45 automobiles made up the train. Among the interesting things done on the farm visited is the pasturing of 60 head of cattle on 40 acres of sweet clover. The clover is also used successfully as ensilage.

Take Care of Your Sheep.
There is an old adage which if kept in mind and acted on by every feeder not only with his sheep, but with all his live stock, he would do much better than the average feeder; and that adage is simply this: "An animal well summered is half wintered, and an animal well wintered is half summered," which means that the year through you should keep your animals in nice smooth plump condition.

Produce Succulent Food.
Generally speaking it is more economical to produce succulent feed in the form of roots for a small number of cows than to produce it in the form of silage, though small silos are now manufactured and used to some extent.

Ad
a
cou
the t
tr

There's much satisfaction in a package of bits of perfection. The French way of stopping the French touch the way.

ESPIONAGE OVER HARRY K. THAW IS CONSIDERED IN LIGHT OF JOKE

Stanford White's Slayer Recently Got Lost While Fishing, But Made No Effort to Escape—Refugee From Matteawan Quietly Waits at Gorham, N. H., for the Next Move in His Long and Strenuous Fight for Liberty.

Gorham, N. H.—Harry K. Thaw, who is quartered here with his secretary and two bodyguards, appointed by the court to see he does not escape, can walk out of his hotel, jump into an automobile and flee practically any time it suits his mood.

Apparently, however, the slayer of Stanford White, whose extradition to New York state and return to the state hospital for the criminal insane at Matteawan is sought, has no desire to quit Gorham. Whether this is because he believes the courts will ultimately free him or he is content with his surroundings, is problematical.

When the village thawed out last May, White's slayer packed his baggage and came here from Concord with Sheriff Holman A. Drew, in whose charge he had been placed; Deputy Sheriff C. D. Stevens, assistant to Drew, and H. J. Rice, who for some time has acted as Thaw's secretary. A suite of four rooms and bath had been engaged for the party on the third floor of the Mount Madison house, and here they have since enjoyed life pending the next legal move in the famous case.

Gorham was selected as a summer headquarters from which to direct Thaw's "liberty campaign," because it is but a few miles from Berlin, the home of Sheriff Drew. The sheriff is an elderly, stout and good natured official whose duties do not appear to weigh heavily upon him. He spends much time as suits his convenience in the Thaw suite and the balance where he pleases—usually at home.

Bodyguard Stevens is a bit more attentive to his charge, but his cares

have not whitened his hair. Possibly the only time he has been at all worried was a few days ago when Thaw got lost on a trout fishing trip. He struck in at one point on Nineteen Mile brook and Stevens on another. Along about nine o'clock in the evening, when nothing had been heard of Thaw, the deputy sheriff called up the hotel and a searching party was organized.

This was led by Rice. With the aid of lanterns Thaw was found about two o'clock in the morning seated on a rock in the middle of the stream calmly and with good sense waiting for some one to come for him. He was hungry and wet, but not otherwise the worse for his experience. He might have been deeply buried in the Maine woods by that hour had

he been so inclined. This episode, as well as others, is pretty good proof that Thaw can escape if he is so minded. Gorham is a smart little summer resort in the Androscoggin valley, and is one of the gateways to the White mountains. The Haze range flanks it in the rear, while in the front rise the twin peaks of Mount Madison, and the sharp crags of Carter, the Imp, Surprise and other peaks of Carter range. Roads and paths radiate from it like spokes in a wheel.

When Thaw first came here all the year round residents evinced great curiosity in the slayer. Not knowing the symptoms of paranoia, they expected to see a veritable madman, wild eyed and at least crazily erratic. They were disappointed. It is true that Thaw today has the same staring eyes which have marked him for years and that he is erratic, but he hasn't come up to expectations by a long shot. So after a time they gave up paying much attention to him.

Visitors from the city are equally curious upon their arrival, but their inquisitiveness shortly subsides. They find Thaw to be very much like the other guests, save that he is somewhat exclusive. Much of his time is spent in offices he has established in the Noyes building, centrally located in one of the few streets this little village boasts. The rest of his day is occupied in automobiling, fishing and tramping.

Thaw recently bought a five-passenger car. The report that he mixes with the guests and takes them on his outings is erroneous. In truth, this is quite contrary to the facts, as, with but one exception, his parties have been made up of the sheriffs, his secretary and himself. The exception has to do with a tramp up Mount Washington early in the month. This was made over the northern end of the Presidential range by way of Crystal Cascade trail and was uneventful. A friend from Concord made up the fifth member of the party. The jaunt proved Thaw to be as hard as nails and an excellent candidate for the Alpine Climbers' society.

Thaw is too busy with his "liberty campaign" to pay much attention to the guests of his hotel or to the residents of the place. He has the reputation of being uniformly courteous to women and to such men as seek his acquaintance, but he seldom seeks an introduction on his own account. He prefers to remain in the background, which is unusual in view of his past performances.

The refugee from Matteawan is a fair trout fisherman when it comes to landing fish in Moose river, Nineteen Mile brook and Peabody's river, but what he would do with a trout over eight inches long can't be prophesied, for the reason that they don't grow any longer than that up here. When he fishes, Stevens goes along, but he whips a different section of the brook, that being the way of real sportsmen.

Every one around Gorham is under the impression that Thaw has an income of \$100,000. It is known that he has just come into over \$160,000 from his father's estate. The amount of his income has been industriously and mysteriously circulated, but not by Thaw. Whatever the figure may be, Thaw is not spending as large amounts as the natives hoped he would. He pays well for what he gets, but he doesn't want much.

He lives on the same fare the others get, and there is no reason why he shouldn't, in view of its excellence. He patronizes the local stores when he happens to need what they can supply, and when they fall him he sends to New York or Boston. It is an excellent guess he hasn't expended much for clothing, for he is fairly slovenly in appearance. At any rate, if he has bought much apparel he hasn't seen fit to wear it.

Dr. Austin Flint, alienist for New York state in the Thaw trials and hearings, and William Travers Jerome, chief of the state's prosecuting officers, have said Thaw's great danger lies in alcohol. They have stated to the courts that should the slayer take so much as one drink, especially of champagne, he would likely enough again develop homicidal tendencies.

Thaw hasn't had a drink since he came here, although he has had plenty of opportunities. There is a bar in the hotel for guests, and wines and liquors may be had on the table or in the rooms. So far as can be ascertained Thaw has never been in the bar nor



William Travers Jerome.

has he had intoxicants sent to his room. He is now a total abstainer. His one vice, if it can be called a vice, is smoking.

Outside the fact that he doesn't drink and is more moderate in his speech, Thaw doesn't seem to have changed much since the days when he was a well-known character on Broadway. He is still nervous, arrogant, excitable and suspicious. His mandatory nature continually asserts itself, but he can be wise if he chooses.

It is unquestionably a fact that Thaw is trying his best to conduct himself properly and to win support in that way. In a measure he is succeeding, but the natives will never condone his offense against society. Some have no hesitancy in thus declaring themselves, but a good many believe he has been amply punished. Others openly declare he should be returned to Matteawan to spend the balance of his life.

Thaw expects the next move in his fight will be made in September. He is optimistic as to the outcome, and the chances are he will remain here quietly to await results. If he has reason to change his mind he will have no difficulty in escaping.

Troubles Settled by a Kiss.

Trenton, N. J.—The marital troubles of Stephen and Laura Kiss have been settled by a kiss. A year ago the wife sued for divorce. Recently Kiss told his wife he would rather face anything than a court and they patched up their difficulties.

Bulldog Lies in State.

Bellevue, Ky.—"Nick," an English bulldog, owned by Mrs. M. A. Winn, after lying in state for two days, was buried in a silver and gold trimmed coffin. The coffin was lined with white plush.

COOKED CHEESE BEST

DAINTY TITBITS THAT ARE NOT INDIGESTIBLE.

Toasted and Served on Saltine Crackers With a Dash of Worcestershire is an English Favorite—Variations of the Rabbit.

Cheese is credited with containing as much nutriment in one pound as is contained in two pounds of beef. It bothers the digestion of some, but the melting or cooking of it does away with this trouble, and there are many who believe that the merits of cheese are all on the side of ease of digestion and that is one reason why it has always remained the last dish of the dinner.

In the old days when heavy feeding and many bottles of port were dinner fashions, the dish of cheese was of immense importance. It was not a morsel then as it is now to give zest to the meal. Huge cheeses were brought whole to the banquet board and were carved and served with a great flourish. Big Stilton cheeses were scooped out and filled with champagne for special occasions, and many mixtures were made of the softer creams with butter and wine, forming a paste to spread on crackers.

Toasted cheese is a great English delicacy, but for some reason it is not much in favor in this country except in the "rabbit." The old London tavern on Fleet street, the Cheshire cheese, got its name from the excellence of its toasted cheese. A handy way to cook cheese in the manner called toasted is to chop or grate a quantity of it—the mild American cream is best—and then spread it neatly on saltine crackers. Place them side by side on a flat pan and put them in under the broiler long enough to melt the cheese. With a drop of Worcestershire these are very dainty and appetizing.

The ordinary rabbit made with melted cheese blended with ale or beer and poured over buttered toast satisfies most people, but there are variations. One way is to boil large onions, chop them and mix them with butter, cream, salt, mustard and a small cup of grated cheese. This can be poured over toast or crackers.

Broiled sardines also mix nicely in a rabbit. They are placed on the toast, skinned and boned, and the cheese is poured over them.

A Mexican way is to use tomatoes. Break up half a cupful of American cream cheese and rub it to a paste with butter, mixed mustard, a little cream and tabasco sauce. Stir this as it melts and have this sauce ready as it melts. Three peeled tomatoes, an onion and a chopped pepper cooked together.

Treating a Smoked Wall.

If the ceiling of your wall is smoked, or even, as in the case of kitchens, the entire surface is befogged from the accumulation of cooking fumes, it will be well to go over the surface with lime water first before applying a coat of paint. Walls done this way will be renewed with one coat of paint, when two would be needed to eradicate the damage from smoke and grease. The lime water may be applied hastily with a whitewash brush, and a five-cent piece of lime will make enough to cover the surface of any good-sized room, while the cost and labor of applying an extra coat of paint would be considerable.

Haddock With Tomato Sauce.

One pound of haddock, one tablespoonful of salt, one tablespoonful of butter, one-half saltspoonful of pepper, one tablespoonful of flour, one slice of onion, and one cupful of cooked and strained tomato, melt the butter, add the flour and seasonings and the tomato. Add the haddock and cook slowly one hour. Serve with the sauce around it.

How to Utilize Turnip Cups.

As a little variety in serving vegetables try small peas or lima beans packed in turnip cups set in cream sauce.

Peel and scoop out turnips and after boiling the shells until transparent they are ready to fill.

Chinese Salad.

Equal parts of cold macaroni cut into small bits, minced ham, lobster and cold boiled carrots, chopped. Mix well and add some good mayonnaise dressing, with a few capers.

Avoid Rusty Flatirons.

To keep flatirons from rusting when exposed to dampness, melt paraffin to the depth of half an inch in pans large enough to hold two or more irons. Wait until it is nearly cold, and then put the irons in. In that way they will not sink to the bottom of the pan.

To Stone Raisins.

Place the raisins on a tin plate in a hot oven. When they are heated through they can be split open and the stones easily removed.

Throw away the washboard. Use RUB-NO-MORE CARBO NAPHTHA SOAP. Save your back—save your temper—save your clothes—make washday play-day. "Carbo" kills germs. "Naphtha" cleans. Watch results.



RUB-NO-MORE CARBO NAPHTHA SOAP is harmless to the finest fabric and makes your wash sweet and sanitary. It does not need hot water.

Carbo Disinfects RUB-NO-MORE Carbo Naphtha Soap

Naphtha Cleans RUB-NO-MORE Washing Powder

Five Cents—All Grocers

The Rub-No-More Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

University of Notre Dame

NOTRE DAME, INDIANA

Thorough Education, Moral Training. Twenty-one courses leading to degrees in Classics, Modern Letters, Journalism, Political Economy, Commerce, Chemistry, Biology, Pharmacy, Engineering, Architecture, Law. Preparatory School, various courses. For Catalogues address BOX H, NOTRE DAME, INDIANA

Throw Away

your complexion troubles with your powder puff—no need of either when you use pure, harmless

Zona Face Pomade

"The ALL DAY BEAUTY POWDER"

At all dealers or by mail 50c. Zona Co., Wichita, Kansas.

Polo for Women.

Englishwomen were ever splendid horsewomen, so one wonders why it has been left to American women to be first in the field with polo for women. Many a hard match has been played in the United States during the last twelve months by mixed teams, sometimes consisting of three men captained by one woman, and by women's teams. As one thinks of the wonderful pluck of our women here who ride to hounds, their dash and enthusiasm, it naturally occurs to one that they are born for polo if ever women were.—London Daily Mail.

BABY HAD SCALP TROUBLE

Carthage, Texas.—"My little girl had some kind of breaking out on her head that came in white blisters and when the blisters burst they formed something like scales. If I washed her head and combed the scales off they would come again in just a few days. The trouble looked something like dandruff but was hard and scaly and when the scales would come off all of the hair came also and would leave the head raw.

"I had tried salves which only softened the scales so I decided to use Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I washed her head with warm water and Cuticura Soap and then applied the Cuticura Ointment and let it remain over night. I used only one box of Cuticura Ointment and one bar of Cuticura Soap and her head was well." (Signed) Mrs. Luella Biggs, Jan. 28, 1914.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."—Adv.

Even an artist may not be able to draw a matrimonial prize.

For mosquito bites apply Hanford's Balsam. Adv.

Spain last year produced 1,422,035 tons of olives.

Red Cross Ball Blue makes the laundress happy, makes clothes whiter than snow. All good grocers. Adv.

Their Class.

"Don't you like these sheer stuff fashions?" "I think they're sheer nonsense."

Only One "BROMO QUININE"

To get the genuine, call for full name, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for signature of E. W. GROVE. Cures a Cold in One Day. Stops cough and headache, and works off cold. 25c

Heard at the Beach.

"Why are the breakers like book keepers?" "Give it up. Why?" "Because they pour over figures."

Whenever You Need a General Tonic Take Grove's

The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It acts on the Liver, Drives out Malaria, Enriches the Blood and Builds up the Whole System. 50 cents

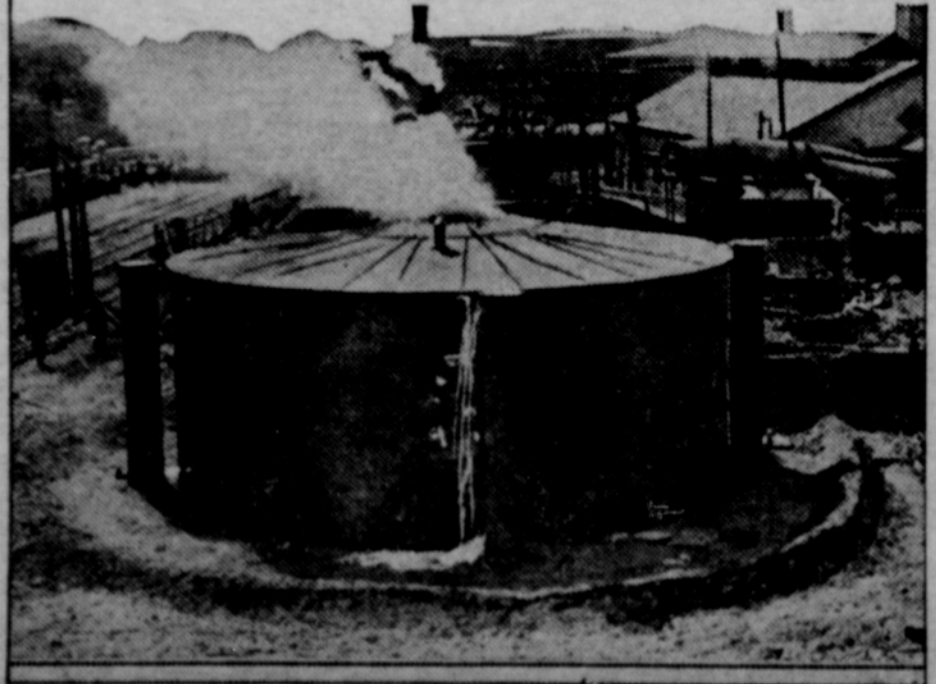
WIFE'S WAGES HELD ILLEGAL

Housework "a Duty Owed to Husband," Master in a New Jersey Court Decides.

Jersey City, N. J.—An agreement between husband and wife to the effect that the latter receive a weekly wage for performing household duties was held by an advisory master in the chancery court in this city to be illegal. Work performed in the home by the wife, the opinion declared, was rendered in discharge of a duty she owes the husband and could not be construed as her sole separate account. The opinion was handed down in a case having for its basis a mortgage claim for \$5,592 by Mrs. Herman M. Wendt, against property owned by her husband.

Woman Causes Riot on Beach.

Chicago.—A young woman wearing an X-ray skirt almost caused a riot at a bathing beach here and it was necessary for a policeman and life guards to hold the crowd back while the woman and her friends argued the matter.



A new extinguisher was tried out on an oil tank at Bayonne, N. J. One of the tanks was set on fire, the heat immediately melted a copper wire which released the chemical from the extinguisher, quenching the fire in two seconds.