

The Slaton Slatonite

Volume 3.

SLATON, LUBBOCK COUNTY, TEXAS: AUGUST 14, 1914.

Number 50.

GROWING SUDAN GRASS AT SLATON

Most every Slaton farmer has a sudan crop and the yield this fall is very promising. Andy Caldwell has the largest crop, as he planted seventy-five acres, and his field is a good one. In 1913 Lubbock county grew more sudan than any county in the United States and more than any other state in the union. This year Lubbock county will still maintain its lead in seed production.

A. K. Short, superintendent of the Temple-Belton Experiment Station, writing in Farm and Ranch, says that, contrary to the opinion of some, sudan grass seed will be scarce this season. The acreage is yet small and this year the demand for seed, due to its increasing popularity, will be much greater than the supply.

The reports from the Eastern states tend to establish the fact that sudan grass will make equally as large tonnage of hay as in the Western section, but the Eastern section must depend on the West for seed. This is no doubt due to the sorghum midge that is prevalent in all humid regions. This fact indicates that for several years to come there will be sufficient demand for sudan seed to warrant its growth for seed alone, and in consideration of the fact that livestock relish the threshed straw it gives great promise of becoming one of the most profitable staple crops.

The ease with which sudan crosses with all sorghums and especially its close resemblance to johnson grass makes it of the utmost importance that the purchaser should know positively that the seed has been inspected by some official who is competent to determine its purity. The director of the state experiment station will send competent men to any section of the state to inspect sudan fields and issue a certificate of inspection to the grower. This will be a guarantee as to the purity of the seed. The results of this year have clearly demonstrated the fact that there has been some impure seed put on the market and the continued high price of seed will insure that unscrupulous persons will at least attempt to market impure seed this season. If one cannot secure certified seed it is far better to wait until some future time when certified seed can be procured.

In the production of seed, says Mr. Short, our experiments and the experience of the co-operators have indicated that a regular stand in three-foot rows with from two to four pounds of seed per acre will give the highest yield. Sudan may be planted as early as corn. At the station this season it stood a temperature that destroyed all corn. It will stand a much lower temperature during the early part of the season than in the fall of the year.

Sudan may be harvested with an ordinary grain binder, and

Tape Measure Satisfaction

IF YOU WANT thorough satisfaction in your dress you must let the tape measure guide the tailor's cutter. It's the only way to get the suit to look right--to make it fit and hang correctly and appear as something that is really a part of you.

Get an International made-to-measure suit this season and note what a difference there will be in your appearance.

Don't waste time experimenting--get measured now--make your selection from the world's selected fabrics all gathered here for your approval--and choose your model from the latest and the best.

Never mind about the cost! It's lower than anyone else can give you while the values are prodigious.



PROCTOR & OLIVE
Gents Furnishing Store : : Slaton, Texas

the common grain separator is sufficient to thresh it. After each cutting, if the condition of the ground will permit, it should be cultivated. Sudan will not survive a severe frost, consequently must be sown each year. At Lampasus a bunch of sudan that was covered with straw and protected during the winter has made an enormous growth this spring and is now ten feet high and measures three feet in diameter.

From a selection of sudan grass grown at the Temple-Belton substation during the season of 1912 there was produced, in 1913, a bunch with 590 stems from one seed. Another individual bunch with very small stems grew 445 stems from the one seed. This shows the great possibilities that may be accomplished with the plant by selection. The plant will soon play a prominent part in the cropping system, and the indications are that its great adaptability and enormous yield of excellent hay under good, medium, and adverse conditions will make it the most extensively grown forage plant in existence.

It is no deep mystery why the Slaton country is the best. The altitude is just right; the lower altitudes are hot, sultry, and unhealthy, and the higher altitudes are too rarified. Farther north the rainfall is lighter and the winters severe. The cap rock we believe is responsible for the many local rains. The warm moisture laden clouds drifting up from the lower country are condensed by the cooler air just above the cap rock, and rains result.

COMPLETE RETURNS OF STATE PRIMARY

The vote in the democratic primary this year was the greatest ever polled in a Texas Democratic primary election. The total unofficial vote for Governor was 435,299, which was 97,321 votes more than those cast in the 1910 primary.

Ferguson received 237,062 votes, a majority of 45,504 over Ball.

For Lieutenant Governor W. P. Hobby received 211,197 votes and B. B. Sturgeon 203,441.

Cyclone Davis led the candidates for Congressmen at Large with 102,894. McLemore took the other place with 98,161, only 509 votes ahead of Lane. Gar-

rett was fourth in the race with 92,384. The rest of the candidates were hardly in the race.

The total vote on submission was 335,751, compared to 230,730 in 1910. The vote in favor of submission was 156,534 and against was 179,217. It is peculiar that 100,000 of those who participated in the recent primary election did not vote on submission, but it is perhaps due to the miserable way the proposition was placed on the ticket. Regarding the submission paragraphs as a preamble to the ticket or as a part of the pledge, many did not mark the proposition.

F. V. Williams said the Slatonite editor missed one of the best crops in the country in our tour of the farms, so he brought in some samples of his crops to show us. We agree with him. His cotton stalk had 187 squares on it and several boles already full grown. He has 30 acres of cotton. The kaffir heads are fine big ones, and he has 10 acres of kaffir corn. He has 20 acres of splendid maize, 7 acres of feterita, 4 acres of cane, and 1 acre of sudan. One crop he is short on, and that is weeds. F. V. says there are no weeds in his crops; that is one reason why he has good crops.

A careful checking of the columns of the Slatonite shows an absence of several businesses which are supposed to be among the foremost boosters of the town. The newspaper business in Slaton is meager for us and when several merchants hold back on their advertising it is very discouraging to our efforts.

HOW A PIT SILO SHOULD BE BUILT

The construction of pit silos is gaining in popularity, both because of the low original cost and because there is no expense nor trouble in maintaining them. A patent hoisting device constructed on the principle of a hand freight elevator makes the problem of getting the silage out as easy as with an above-ground silo. The pit silo is usually round, twenty feet or more in diameter, and thirty feet deep.

On starting a silo dig a circular trench the diameter of the silo, the trench to be six inches across and about three feet deep. Fill the trench with water, and after the water has soaked in pour the trench full of concrete. The concrete should be one part cement, two parts sand, and four parts of gravel or crushed rock. Old wire or scrap iron may be imbedded in the concrete for re-inforcement. The concrete serves as a collar for the silo and a base for a light wall of about four feet to be built above ground, adding that much to the silo at very little cost.

In digging out the dirt start down on the inside of the concrete collar and keep the walls perpendicular and smooth, with no slope in nor out. At quitting time at night run water into the pit so spading will be easy the next day. When six feet of silo has been excavated the wall should be plastered. Plaster on to the collar and down to the dirt below, using two coats for a total thickness of about one inch. For plaster use one part cement and two parts clean sharp sand. If the soil is dry dampen the dirt wall a little before applying the plaster. After the plaster has set go over the wall with a wash composed of pure cement and water, and keep the wall damp for several days. As soon as the plastering is finished dig six feet more and plaster as before. Keep the wall smooth and plumb without bulges, and don't plaster the floor of the silo.

By this method a silo of 180 tons can be constructed on a cash outlay of about fifty dollars. The dirt should be banked two feet around the silo in order to drain all water away. A shed should be built over the silo to keep out rain and snow.

The gin is being erected this week on the lots just across from the Slaton Grain and Coal Company, and the machinery will be running in time to handle the first bale of cotton that comes to town.

Taboka wants Sunday train service re-established on the Branch, and a petition to that effect has been circulated to present to the officials.

The Slaton railroad yards have been handling more business lately than the yards ever did before. The sidings have been full of wheat cars.



You May Talk to One Man

But an advertisement in this paper talks to the whole community.

Catch the Idea?



**Try....
A Made-To
Measure Suit**

....AT....

\$20.00

and you will be
thoroly convinced
that

**International
Clothes**

show the biggest
values in America.

At this price
you get a very
fine quality
fabric but if
you want a
suit from the
HIGHEST qual-
ity fabric man-
ufactured you
need pay no
more than

\$25, \$30 or \$35

Nothing finer
can be made.

On sale at

**Proctor
& Olive**

**Gents
Furnishing
Store**

SLATON, TEXAS

NEW HOME SWEEPINGS

Aug. 3, 1914.

To the Slatonite: "The lost is found," and all those who wonder what has become of Pluggitt shall be satisfied. Pluggitt is at his post full of satisfaction. He has a crop that would make any man's mouth water. You could get lost in it for there would be but one way to look out and that would be to look straight up. The neighbors are not one whit behind. They are all having a feast every day (in their minds.) Well, Mr. Editor we are having some very warm weather at present, about the hottest I believe I ever saw on the plains, but I suppose it is alright for our cotton.

The feed crop is practically made. I hear the neighbors talking about barns. Some are going to build and some are going to tear down and build larger ones. There will be no silos put in as the people have had no experience with them and know nothing of their usefulness.

If we have no disaster to the cotton crop we will have cold fingers before it is gathered. I guess we will have to call on Mexico as usual to help us.

Well, you know that it is an old saying that a good thing can't be kept. I have recently learned that some eastern parties have bought land among us and have already commenced to put down wells. You see they are going to share the joys of the plains with us. Mr. A. D. Shook of Tahoka, who bought the J. R. Miller little four or five section ranch, I learned some days ago had turned the land to Eastern parties. I have also been informed that Mr. Shook bought Ben W. Opdyck's one section farm and ranch which joins the Miller place.

A short while back Mr. P. H. Renfro, a neighbor who owns one-half section of land, bought another half-section. I am of the opinion that there will be a lot of dealing this fall, and if those homeless eastern people don't hurry up the cry will soon be "high priced land."

Crops will soon be laid by, and big meetings will be the order of the day. The Rev. A. L. Estes with the help of the Rev. W. H. Izzard is holding a meeting this week at West Point, about fifteen miles southwest of here. Mr. Estes will be in a meeting at Slide next week.

J. H. Smith, who was badly bruised up some weeks ago by a horse falling on him, is now able to be on foot again.

Jesse Allen of Hunt county is visiting his brother, John Allen, on the Higginbotham farm.

There was a new comer at Mr. Whisenant's a few nights ago.

Mrs. Will S. Johnson has been in bed sick for a few days.

All is quiet and peaceful.
I: PLUGGITT.

World's Prize Steer.

H. D. Hoover of Eureka, Greenwood county, Kansas, owns the world's prize steer, the animal, a native of Greenwood county, is fifteen feet ten inches long from nose to tail; nine feet, ten inches around the heart; ten feet around the belly; ten feet around the flank; four feet thru the heart; two feet, six inches around the arm; 17 hands, one inch high;

Simmons & Robertson's Great Reduction Sale

In order to make room for our fall stock of goods we are making a heavy reduction on the following dry goods:

Gents' Furnishing Department

\$3.50 and \$4.00 Hats now \$2.25

All off Brands of Shirts, 50 Per Cent off

Men's 2-Piece Underwear 25 Per Cent off

Shoes, any Kind, \$1.00 and sometimes more reduction on a pair.

Men's 50c Ties sell in this sale at 35c

Men's 50c Hose to sell at 40c

Great Reduction on Gloves.

25 Per Cent Reduction on all Men's Suits

Dry Goods Department

Gingham, 10c and 12c Quality for 8c

Percale, 10c and 12c Quality to sell at 8c

Hair Nets, 3 for 25c

Ladies-Silk Hose, any color
\$1.25 grade in this sale goes at 80c

Children's 15c and 20c hose,
all colors, 10c pair

One-Half off on all Lace Goods

25 Per Cent off on all Ladies Underwear

One-Third off on all Silk Goods

Towels 2 for 25c sell in this sale 3 for 25c

This Sale will run for 10 days only and the purpose is to raise cash, so these prices are for cash only. No charge slips made at these prices.

Our Grocery Department is complete and we can and do make you as good prices as any store in the west.

We sell American Lady Flour at \$3.00 per hundred. American Lady is one of the best Flours on the Market.

Yours for Square Dealing,

Simmons & Robertson

Phone No. 7

THREE GOOD REELS

For Saturday Night

At the Peoples Theatre:

PROGRAM STARTS AT 8.45. THESE REELS ARE ALL GOOD ONES ONE REEL ALONE WOULD BE WORTH THE SMALL ADMISSION WE CHARGE TO SEE ALL THREE OF THEM.

HUTCHINSON & HAMILTON
DENTISTS

Citizens National Bank
Building
Lubbock, Texas

Wall Paper and
Paint Brushes

For sale; prices very reasonable.
Come and select your patterns
from the stock.

E. S. BROOKS

PAINTER AND
PAPER HANGER

Boosting the Slatonite
is boosting for Slaton
and the Slaton country

Why Use Your



NEIGHBOR'S

Telephone when you may have
one in YOUR OWN HOME at a
little cost? See our local manager

The Western Telephone Company

LOCAL Gossip

MONEY!!

Money to loan on approved security. Long or short time. R. A. Baldwin.

Mrs. W. P. Cooper of Flagstaff, Ariz., is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Utter, in Slaton.

J. S. Edwards, president of the First State Bank, was in Sweetwater Monday on business.

Gilbert Champion is with the Harvey House at Amarillo and writes to have the Slatonite sent to him.

Band practice at the school house Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock. All members urged to be present.

The Forrest Hardware has sold McCormick row binders to F. V. Young, T. J. Abel, and S. G. Brasfield.

Andrew Pfluger and family of Coupland, Texas, visited at the Klattenhoff farm this week. Mr. Pfluger is Mrs. M. F. Klattenhoff's brother.

FOR SALE.—Lots 3 and 7 to 11 in Block 74, West Lawn Add. to Slaton. \$50 each, payable \$10 per month. Purchaser assuming \$22.50 on each lot.—Hilliard Bryan, El Paso, Texas.

W. E. Olive, G. W. Guinn, B. C. Morgan, and Bill Guinn went over to Ralls and back Tuesday in Mr. Olive's Ford. They say the crops on the C. S. P. R. R. do not equal the Slaton crops.

G. W. Dudley and family cut their vacation short this week and returned home from Lohn, Texas. They were having a splendid outing but the hot weather down there was too severe for them and they had to get back to the delightful South Plains.

Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Stokes are at home again in Slaton after an extended trip in the Panhandle.

It do seem like it can't quit raining. Several showers fell Wednesday and cooled the atmosphere.

Word from Wilson says that Santa Fe surveyors were there Monday laying out plans for a new depot.

J. C. Stewart entertained his Baptist Sunday School class of small children Wednesday with a picnic at the Bellomy farm. Lots of watermelon, cantaloup, ice cream, and cake made the day especially enjoyable for the children.

Judge J. C. Paul came down to Slaton Wednesday from Amarillo to visit his son, J. H. Paul, for a few days. Judge Paul is just home from a trip to his old home in Virginia, returning by the way of Washington, D. C., and Chicago, Ill. He says that on his entire trip he did not see as good crops anywhere as those around Slaton.

Mr. Wm. Kays and Miss Maud Naylor, both of Post City, were united in marriage Sunday at the residence of J. G. Wadsworth in Slaton, the Rev. C. L. McDonald pronouncing the wedding ceremony. The couple was accompanied by a Mr. Edwards and a Miss Clark, and the party stopped with the Brazzell family between trains.

G. W. Guinn and family surprised their Slaton friends last week by their return from New Wilson, Okla. New Wilson is the fabulous oil town, and Mr. Guinn went there three months ago with his well drill. But the oil business is overdone, dry weather set in, the crops burned, and the thermometer went to registering too high for comfort, so the family bethought themselves of the cool, delightful South Plains with the big crops, and they had to come home.

J. S. EDWARDS, PRESIDENT

O. L. SLATON, VICE PRESIDENT

J. G. WADSWORTH, ASST. CASHIER

Banking Service

Develops Improvements as business requirements demand them. This bank constantly aims to meet the requirements of its customer's business, consistent with legitimate banking rules.

MAKE OUR BANK YOUR BANK

FIRST STATE BANK OF SLATON, TEXAS

COLONEL SAYS WEST TEXAS IS BEST COUNTRY ON EARTH

Among the prominent delegates in attendance upon the Democratic state convention is Col. A. B. Robertson, who is representing Crosby county. "Sug" Robertson, as he is familiarly known, is one of the best known cattlemen of the state and one of the wheel horses of the West Texas Democracy.

For many years he was engaged in the banking business at Colorado, Texas, and was always to the front in every movement calculated to advance the interests of West Texas. He retired to his ranch (near Slaton) a few years ago, and is now engaged in stock farming on one of the biggest and finest ranches in the plains country.

Speaking of conditions in his section, he said that the country is in the finest shape known for years. Good rains have fallen with such unvarying regularity that the grass is fine, and stock fatter than for many years. The farmers have the best crops that portion of the country has ever known, and Crosby knows nothing but general prosperity.

Colonel Robertson is accompanied by Mrs. Robertson and they are greatly enjoying their visit to El Paso.—El Paso Morning Times of Tuesday.

M. S. Murray is down from Kansas City, Mo., this week visiting his brother, R. J. Murray, and inspecting the world beater crops on the Slaton farms. Mike was more than optimistic about the Slaton country after he saw our crops—he was enthusiastic, and decided to improve his land here.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Olive, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Proctor, and Miss Bertha Proctor visited the Pinkstons in Post City Sunday, going down in the car. Mrs. J. T. Pinkston and the baby accompanied them on the return, and are visiting in Slaton this week.

The bear grass shipments from New Mexico have stopped as an advance in the freight rate on shipments cut off the small profit there was in marketing the grass. In two years 230 cars were shipped from Fort Sumner.

The Rev. C. L. McDonald, president of the Seth Ward College at Plainview, occupied the pulpit at the Methodist Church Sunday for Pastor J. P. Calloway, and delivered two very excellent discourses.

Ladies Aid.

The Ladies Aid Society will meet Monday, August 17th. Lesson 2nd Samuel 1st to 10th chapters. All come who can.

M. F. Klattenhoff and Andrew Pfluger and their wives made a trip to Floydada Wednesday, going in the Ford.

Slaton Livery Barn

G. L. SLEDGE, Proprietor

Good Teams and All Livery Accommodations.

We have for sale at all times—

Hay, Grain and Feed, Chicken Feed
Ground Oyster Shells, etc.

SLATON PLANING MILL

R. H. TUDOR, Proprietor

Contracting and Building

Estimates furnished on short notice. All work given careful and prompt attention. Give us a trial.

North Side of the Square

City Directory and Railway Guide.

MAYOR: R. J. Murray.

CHURCHES.

METHODIST CHURCH.

J. P. Calloway, Pastor.

Sunday School every Sunday at 9.45 o'clock a. m. C. C. Hoffman, Superintendent. A. E. Arnfield, Asst. Supt.

Preaching services every second and fourth Sundays in the month at 11 o'clock a. m., and at 7:30 p. m.

Womans' Missionary Society meets every Monday afternoon at three o'clock.

Union Prayer Meeting every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock at the Methodist church. Everyone welcome.

BAPTIST CHURCH.

J. D. Lambkin, Pastor.

Sunday School every Sunday at 10 o'clock a. m. E. S. Brooks, Superintendent.

Preaching services every first and third Sundays in the month at 11 o'clock a. m., and at 7:30 p. m.

Ladies Aid Society meets every Monday at 3 o'clock p. m.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Rev. Word, Pastor

Preaching every fourth Sunday in the month at 11 o'clock a. m., and at 7:30 p. m.

LODGES.

INDEPENDENT ORDER ODD FELLOWS.

Slaton Lodge No. 861 I. O. O. F. meets every Monday at 8.30 p. m. F. V. Williams, N. G. J. G. Wadsworth, Secretary.

WOODMEN OF THE WORLD.

Slaton Camp 2871 W. O. W. meets 1st and 3rd Friday nights in each month at MacRea Hall. A. E. Arnfield, C. C. B. C. Morgan, Clerk.

WOODMEN CIRCLE.

Slaton Grove Woodmen Circle No. 1320 meets on first and third Friday evenings each month at 3.30 o'clock in the MacRea hall. Visitors cordially welcomed. Mrs. Pearl Conway, Guardian. Mrs. Carrie Blackwell, Clerk.

A. F., AND A. M.

Slaton Lodge A. F. and A. M. meets every Thursday night on or before each full moon, at 8.30 o'clock. J. H. Smith, W. M.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE.—Santa Fe South Plains Lines

SOUTH BOUND.

No. 27, Arrives from Amarillo..... 2:30 p. m.
" " Departs for Sweetwater..... 2:55 p. m.

NORTH BOUND.

No. 28, Arrives from Sweetwater..... 10:40 a. m.
" " Departs for Amarillo..... 11:05 a. m.

AMARILLO LOCAL.

No. 93, Arrives from Amarillo..... 5:15 p. m.
No. 94, Departs for Amarillo..... 6:00 a. m.

LAMESA LOCAL.

No. 803, Departs for Lamesa..... 3:20 p. m.
No. 804, Arrives from Lamesa..... 11:30 a. m.

A FEW BARGAINS FOR SALE

A practically new four-room house in best residence district, never has rented for less than \$10 per month. Can be had at a very reasonable price on terms of \$50 cash and the balance at \$20 per month. Why not OWN YOUR HOME. It will be money in your pocket to investigate.

A dandy corner lot on Grand Avenue with good well. The price on this lot is practically only the cost of the well and can be had on terms of \$5 cash and \$5 per month. Here is where you need to purchase for a home sight and the time to do so is right now.

Can offer you for a few days a beautiful, slightly, well located tract of ground, about three acres, overlooking the city, and certainly a dandy location for that little suburban ranch you have been looking for. This to go at \$200 on terms of \$5 cash and \$5 per month. Won't last long.

If interested in buying see or write C. C. HOFFMAN, CITY

McCormick Row Binders

Are the best ever put in a field. They are mechanically correct and reliable, and will give perfect satisfaction in harvesting your crops. Ask any McCormick user and see us.

We handle the popular

Deering Binder Twine

and want to supply you.

FORREST HARDWARE
Hardware and Furniture

The Slaton Slatonite

L. P. Loomis, Editor and Manager

SUBSCRIPTION, A YEAR \$1.00

Entered as second-class mail matter September 15, 1911, at the post office at Slaton, Texas, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

Monday was truly clean-up day, as the trash piles affirm.

How is your subscription to the Slatonite? Don't wait for us to mail you a statement, but push your credit ahead.

Railroad building in Texas is practically at a standstill. So far this year only 35.27 miles of steel has been laid in this state.

The Amarillo Booster Crowd spent a pleasant hour in Slaton yesterday noon, and received the glad hand from our merchants and business men.

This is the time to plow deep for wheat planting. Wheat requires a firm seed bed so later plowing must be shallower as the field would not have time to settle before planting.

Perhaps the advertising patronage now in the Slatonite may be more than we deserve but it is not more than Slaton deserves, and the success or failure of the paper draws attention to the business condition of the town. Slaton is a winner but do the business men assert the fact in the Slatonite?

The Slatonite needs your support and if you are a reader and not a subscriber come in and put your name on our list. While we value your dollar and it goes a long way towards helping to make the paper business a live proposition, yet the knowledge that you are behind us in our efforts to build Slaton gives us a world of encouragement.

People from down east who come to the South Plains tell us that it is the custom down there for families to contract for a physician's services for a year, the contract fee for all services required during the year being specified at various amounts, according to the needs of each family. Usually the contract fee is \$200 or \$300. This is surprising to Plains people, many families never spending a dollar a year with a doctor for chronic illnesses or epidemics. Everybody is so healthy that if it were not for looking after baby arrivals the doctors would have to take down their signs. There are more robust babies per capita on the Plains than in any other part of Texas.

We see in our old home paper in Oklahoma that the fields there are so dry and hard that the farmers can't plow; that the dry weather is killing some orchards that the drouth last year did not kill. That land sells at from \$40 \$100 per acre, and yet for the past three years Slaton farms have far outclassed the higher priced land in crop production. Our soil is better, our climate is better, our rainfall is heavier, our water is far superior to the limited supply of gip tainted water they get in their wells, and in every comparison we can make the South Plains has every advantage over that part of Oklahoma year after year. And land can be bought here at just one-fourth the price of the Oklahoma land.

THE KINGDOMS OF EARTH.

The election of Cyclone Davis with the biggest vote given any of the candidates for congressman at large was giving the laurels to a man who had earned them. Davis is a spectacular figure before the Texas public, a man who has more personal friends and more enemies among the politicians than any other Texas patriot. The Keeper of the Fort Worth Record says that Cyclone Davis will be the sweet singer of the Democratic house. He will not remain silent in his seat after he has been sworn in as a member of the house. When he lets loose his Bull of Bashan voice all the money devils at home and abroad will hide out. In his early life he memorized Shakespeare, Plutarch's Lives, Gibbon's Rome, and Milton's "Paradise Lost," and later Coin Harvey's "Finance," and from this pot pourri was evolved a speech the like of which was never heard before.

When he was a school teacher and first entered politics he was a candidate for county judge; this was the day dreaming time of the Greenbackers. Davis made a speech, stating that if Rothschild and his foreign and domestic colleagues had invaded our capital as pirates and destroyed six hundred million dollars of our paper money, made sacred by the signature of Lincoln, our martyred President, and had then made the officers at Washington sign notes to them for the full amount of this money so burned, payable in coin of the then standard weight and fineness, 25½ grains of gold and 412½ grains of silver to the dollar, and bind the labor industry and business of our country to pay these notes in twenty years, with 6 per cent interest, and issue 80 per cent of the face value of the notes in bank bills, and exempt the notes from taxation, that the American people would rise in righteous rage, hang every American in the clan as a traitor and hang every foreigner as a pirate. That the so-called "credit strengthening act," in which they changed the war debt from a lawful money debt into a coin debt, burned into ashes six hundred million dollars in greenbacks and issued bonds to take their place, was a piece of political pillage, that for base and wanton destruction of the people's property had no rival in history since Nero took his silk-dressed concubines with a band of musicians and concerters and fiddled and frolicked in a Bacchanalian feast while he ordered Rome burned to ashes.

The speech made Davis county judge and brought him before the public. His oratory made him a national figure in political campaigns, and he says that just before he joined the Bryan forces for the campaign of 1900, Mark Hanna's friends took him on the mountain-top and showed him the kingdoms of the earth. "They came to my hotel where I was to speak at a Populist encampment in Illinois," continued Davis, "and offered me \$10,000 in cash, a \$50,000 newspaper, and \$3,000 a month for three years if I would take charge of the Populist movement, 'stand in the middle of the road,' and refuse to unite with the Bryan forces. Having been maligned, vilified and persecuted in a thousand ways because I was a Populist, and reduced almost to poverty with four little boys to raise and educate, this offer was

a sore temptation. After two hours' parley, I told them if Mark Hanna's committee could afford to pay me that much to stand in the middle of the road, I owed it to my country, my God, my honor, and my family to join Bryan."

Davis has been on the Bryan stump in every political campaign since, canvassing nine states for Wilson. Such is a character sketch of the new congressman from Texas.

Hammer the printer if you will but take off your hat to him just the same. The officials of the Illinois State penitentiary at Joliet decided to have the convicts issue a paper but were nonplussed to find there was not a single printer among the 1500 inmates. There were preachers on the prison roll, a few doctors, several lawyers, many politicians, but no printers.

H. R. Thomas of south Texas bought 320 acres of land five miles south of Slaton last week thru R. J. Murray & Company. Mr. Thomas will improve the land with fencing, buildings, and wells, and will put a large area under cultivation. He and his brother-in-law and their families will move to the land.

Uncle Sam distributed more than four billion fish to the lakes and streams of the United States last year. The Brazos near Slaton received some of Uncle's black bass.

WRITE

R. J. MURRAY & COMPANY

SLATON, TEXAS

For Information About the City of Slaton and the Surrounding Country

S. H. ADAMS

Physician and Surgeon
Office at Red Cross Pharmacy
Residence Phone 26
Office Phone 3

R. A. BALDWIN

ATTORNEY AT LAW
Office West Side of Square
Slaton, Texas

J. G. WADSWORTH
Notary Public

INSURANCE and RENTALS

Fire, Tornado, Plate Glass,
Automobile, Accident, Health
and Burglary Insurance

Office at FIRST STATE BANK
Slaton - Texas

Go After Business

In a business way—the advertising way. An ad in this paper offers the maximum service at the minimum cost. It reaches the people of the town and vicinity you want to reach.

Try It—It Pays

The Advertised Article

Is one in which the merchant himself has implicit faith—else he would not advertise it. You are safe in patronizing the merchants whose ads appear in this paper because their goods are up-to-date and never shopworn.

Founded and Owned by the Pecos & Northern Texas Ry. Company

4-Way Division Santa Fe System



SLATON LOCATION

SLATON is in the southeast corner of Lubbock County, in the center of the South Plains of central west Texas. Is on the new main Trans-Continental Line of the Santa Fe. Connects with North Texas Lines of that system at Canyon, Texas; with South Texas lines of the Santa Fe at Coleman, Texas; and with New Mexico and Pacific lines of the same system at Texico, N. M. SLATON is the junction of the Lamesa road, Santa Fe System.

Advantages and Improvements

The Railway Company has Division Terminal Facilities at this point, constructed mostly of reinforced concrete material and including a Round House, a Power House, Machine and Blacksmith Shops, Coal Chute, a Sand House, Water Plant, Ice House, etc. Also have a Fred Harvey Eating House, and a Reading Room for Santa Fe employees. Have extensive yard tracks for handling a heavy trans-continental business, both freight and passenger, between the Gulf and Atlantic Coast and the Pacific Coast territories, and on branch lines to Tahoka, Lamesa and other towns.

BUSINESS SECTION AND RESIDENCES BUILT

3000 feet of business streets are graded and macadamized and several residence streets are graded; there are 26 business buildings of brick and reinforced concrete, with others to follow; 200 residences under construction and completed.

SURROUNDED BY A FINE, PRODUCTIVE LAND

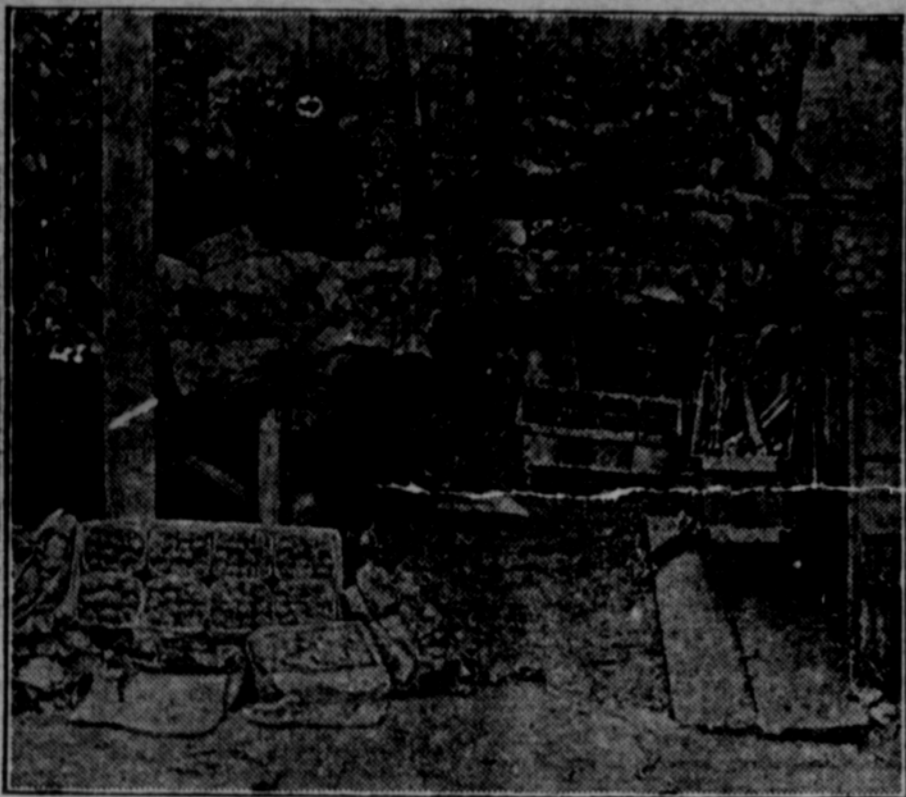
A fine agricultural country surrounds the town, with soil dark chocolate color, sandy loam, producing Kafir Corn, Milo Maize, Cotton, Wheat, Oats, Indian Corn, garden crops and fruit. An inexhaustible supply of pure free stone water from wells 40 to 90 feet deep.

THE COMPANY OFFERS for sale a limited number of business lots remaining at original low list prices and residence lots at exceedingly low prices. For further information address

P. & N. T. RAILWAY CO., Owners.

SOUTH PLAINS LAND COMPANY, and HARRY T. McGEE,
Local Townsite Agents, Slaton, Texas.

INCREASE IN PRICES OF FARM PRODUCTS



Modern Farm Packing Shed—Vegetables and Fruit.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The level of prices paid producers of the United States for the principal crops increased about 1.3 per cent during April; in the past six years the price level has increased during April 3.2 per cent; thus, the increase this year is less than usual.

Since December 1, the index figure of crop prices has advanced 2.4 per cent; during the same period a year ago the advance was 5.3 per cent, and the average for the past six years has been an advance of 11.1 per cent.

On May 1 the index figure of crop prices was about 17 per cent higher than a year ago, but 18.3 per cent lower than two years ago and 1.3 per cent higher than the average of the past six years on May 1.

The level of prices paid to producers of the United States for meat animals increased 0.4 per cent during the month from March 15 to April 15, which compares with an increase of 2.7 per cent in the same period a year ago, an increase of 10.7 per cent two years ago, a decrease of 4.7 per cent three years ago, and an increase of 4.8 per cent four years ago.

From December 15 to April 15 the advance in prices for meat animals has been 8 per cent; whereas during the same period a year ago the advance was 14.5 per cent, and two years ago 17.3 per cent, while three years ago there was a decline in price of 6.6 per cent during this period.

On April 15 the average (weighted) price of meat animals—hogs, cattle, sheep and chickens—was \$7.40 per 100 pounds, which is 0.7 per cent higher than the prevailing price a year ago, 17.5 per cent higher than two years ago, 27.6 per cent higher than three years ago, and 4.4 per cent lower than four years ago on April 15.

Number of Honey Bees in the Country.
The number of colonies of bees in the United States this year appears to be about four per cent above the number last year, and 2 per cent above recent years. Decreases compared both with last year and recent years are reported in the New England states, Pennsylvania, Georgia, Missouri, Nebraska, Kansas, Mississippi, Louisiana and California. The loss in California and in a majority of the other states named was due to a severe epidemic of foul-brood disease. Increases are particularly marked in the North Central, Rocky mountains and Pacific coast states, except as already noted.

The condition of the colonies is reported to be about 98 per cent of a normal, taking the United States as a whole. The condition is about 5 per cent above normal, however, in the Rocky mountain and Pacific coast

states. The condition of colonies compared with last spring is about 4 per cent better, being reported as inferior only in Maine, Massachusetts, Connecticut, Virginia, West Virginia, Georgia, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Kansas, Kentucky and Mississippi. It is generally better than last spring in the North central states and very much better in the Rocky mountain and Pacific coast states.

The condition of nectar-bearing plants averages about 99 per cent of a normal for the United States as a whole, ranging in the neighborhood of 95 in all the country east of the Rockies, excepting Texas, where it is 115, and about 105 per cent in the Rocky mountain and Pacific coast states, being highest, 120 per cent, in California. Compared with last year the condition of nectar-bearing plants averages 3 per cent higher for the United States, being generally slightly below last year east of the Rockies, except in Texas, where it is 50 per cent better, and decidedly better in the Rocky mountain and Pacific coast states, reaching the very high figure of 175 per cent compared with last year in California, where moisture conditions in the white sage country presage a bountiful nectar flow.

In the important honey-producing states of Texas, Colorado and California the outlook is very promising, showing numbers of colonies compared with recent years of 115, 115 and 85, and compared with last year of 112, 120 and 93 per cent, respectively; colony conditions compared with normal of 115, 107 and 120, as compared with last year, or 150, 107 and 175 per cent, respectively.

The number of colonies in the white clover belt of the North central states is at least 5 per cent above the number last year, and, taken as a whole, the condition of the colonies is equal to that of last year; but the condition of nectar plants in these states is reported as not quite so good as last year, due partly to a late spring and partly to loss of clover from the drought in some sections.

An inquiry will be made in July regarding honey production, and another inquiry on the same subject will be made later in the season. It is hoped in the meantime to secure the agreement of a large number of experienced and up-to-date beekeepers to furnish reports on the honey crop in order that the estimates may be approximately correct and therefore of real value to honey producers and others interested.

Fight the Weeds.

Every farmer is called upon to fight the weeds.

Eradicator of Weeds.

Experiments at the Wisconsin experiment station show that hemp is an eradicator of weeds. Land that was badly infested with quack grass and Canada thistle and wild mustard and other type of weeds was cleaned by a crop of hemp which grew to a height of ten to twelve inches.

Best Quality of Hay.

The best quality of hay is made from alfalfa when it is harvested immediately after the first blossoms appear on the field. The leaves while they are curing, adhere to the stalks much better when the hay is harvested at that stage of its growth, and the entire plant is free from any woody, indigestible formation.

Stick to One Breed.

Fifty-seven varieties may be all right in the pickle business, but the dairyman had better stick to one breed.

Size of Silo.

A silo 18 feet in diameter and 20 feet high will preserve silage in good condition.

Tillage or Mulching.

The war still wages between the factions—shall it be tillage or mulching? The problem is easy of solution. Just use a little wee bit of horse sense. Orchardists on sites that erode badly and where soil fertility is not plentiful mulch if possible. On sites the reverse, till.

Use of Manure.

A considerable number of dairy farmers who do little but produce milk, haul the manure to the fields every day.

Make Better Farmer of Boy.

Give the boy a calf. It will make a better farmer of him and possibly save him from being a street car conductor.

Water for Calf.

Water the calf often. He will not be so liable to gorge himself with milk if you do.

Improving Soils.

To improve a poor, acid soil, lime it first, then fertilize, and grow clover to plow under.

TAFFETAS ALL LOVELY

DESIGNERS WOULD SEEM TO HAVE WROUGHT WONDERS.

Easily the Favorite Material for Calling Gowns and Deserves All the Popularity Which Has Been Accorded It.

Some of the most effective summer calling costumes show a combination of taffeta with chiffon and odd touches of embroidery, writes Lillian Young in a letter from Paris to the Washington Star. As the embroideries come mostly in strange, even garish, colors, they have, of course, to be used with discretion even in this season when delicate, harmonious colorings have given place to bolder treatments.

And as for the taffetas—all that the designers promised of them has been fulfilled, and more. They have never been so lovely. Delightful things that were never thought of in the old days of this material are accomplished, and its popularity is increasing every day.

The silks themselves are so beautiful that even a moderate amount of ingenuity is sufficient to transform them into ravishing frocks, suits, or hats, or coats, for they are put to many purposes. No other fabric lends itself with such grace to unique trimming effects



Taffeta is the Favorite Material for Calling Gowns.

or unusual designs. With no other material has originality such free play. Each individual maker works out her own schemes, as she would not feel inclined to take the liberty of doing with satins or worsteds.

A charming idea was developed in the model sketched, which reproduces a calling costume of hydrangea blue taffeta and chiffon to match. The latter made its appearance only in the second flourish of the tunic, which, with the skirt proper, was mounted to a hip-length foundation of china silk, this, in turn, being covered by the interesting upper tunic flourish of taffeta. It was laid in box folds under the belt, with the spaces between slightly gathered and the end of each box fold was oddly scalloped and effectively, though simply embroidered in blue and rose colorings.

The blouse was cut with elbow sleeves and in front and back the material was gathered a little on the line of the shoulders, then covered with a scalloped and embroidered medallion of the taffeta, repeating the design of the tunic border. The V-neck was filled in with white chiffon ruffling, and a crushed girdle of black satin drew the fullness of the blouse in at the waist line and was caught up under the bust in front and tied in a flat bow, the space just below being filled in with a section of embroidered taffeta.

Silver and Gold Laces.

Silver and gold laces, woven with an extremely open mesh and showing large flower designs, are favored for trimming the evening frocks of the more expensive class.

Tassels of silk or beads of unusually large proportions appear on suits, afternoon frocks and evening costumes. The latter are adorned with handsome white silk tassels.

Buckles play an important part in trimming the pretty frocks. They are jeweled with brilliants or colored stones and enameled in designs which suggest the dainty dresden china patterns. Other buckles are embroidered with heavy silk or braid, or fashioned of silk in odd design.

BABY'S NEEDS IN SUMMER

Lightness of Clothing is One of the First Requisites During the Hot Weather.

Warm weather is a dangerous period for children, and all mothers dread the summer for their little ones. As the weather grows warmer and warmer, fewer and lighter clothes should be worn by the baby. So many mothers have a mistaken idea that flannel bands must be kept around baby's abdomen, next to the skin, no matter what the weather. The treatment is not only wrong, but actually cruel.

To keep flannel next to the young sensitive skin when the weather is so hot that every turn of the little body against the flannel causes severe irritation is almost barbarous. Yet how many mothers believe in it! There are fewer each year, for which we should be grateful, but still there are left a large enough number of such deluded mothers to keep a great many babies in comparative torture during the summer time.

The little body should feel nothing but the sheerest, softest materials next to it. When it is very hot the young baby may be totally undressed, except for his little shirt. During the hottest hours of the day the little one should be placed on a wide bed dressed in this garb, or rather lack of garb, and allowed to play or sleep until the sun is setting.

TO DECORATE DINING ROOM

Pottery and Chinaware Should Be Selected With a Good Deal of Taste and Discretion.

If you have a blue dining room and have some really good Japanese or Chinese porcelain, or china in blue and white, use it, and use nothing else, unless it be some interesting little Japanese or Chinese knickknacks in brass—a gong or a tiny idol perhaps.

Wedgwood is a beautiful plate-rail decoration if it is used alone; but unfortunately, there are few who possess enough of it to furnish a whole plate rail.

If modern pottery is used, it is well to choose the whole furnishing of the plate rail at once. There is a certain brown and cream colored ware in the market now that could be used effectively in the room where yellow or brown predominates. The ware is decorated with peasant scenes.

There are many good designs in royal doulton of various sorts that can be chosen. Only they should be selected with a definite idea in mind of the other pieces with which they are to rank and of the room they are to decorate.

Smartening Black Frock.

To brighten and smarten a black frock in satin or crepe de chine, there is nothing equal to golden-colored material on the collar, the cuffs and the sash end. Depending entirely upon the age of a woman and the occasion for which she needs the frock, these golden touches must be applied. The collar, the cuffs and the sash end may be wholly of gold lace veiling cloth of gold; the satin or crepe may have gold motif and medallion incrustations, applique, or there may be merely bands of gold cloth.

On Summer Days.

A sweater coat and cap that are lovely, and seem exactly planned for the outdoor girl or woman in the summer are knitted of silk in mauve and silver-gray. The coat is gray with a belt at the back, and cuffs, neck and front border in the mauve. The gray cap has a deep round band of mauve with the points of the square crown caught down on the band by mauve silk buttons. The colors reversed would be good, too.

SUMMER BAG



White moire with clusters of opal-escence.

SICK? TIRED? WEAK?

If this describes your present condition you should immediately get a bottle of

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

It will help Nature overcome all Stomach, Liver and Bowel ills, restore the appetite, promote health and vigor.

The shortest mile in Europe is the Russian verst, which is only 1,165 yards.

Makes the laundress happy—that's Red Cross Ball Blue. Makes beautiful, clear white clothes. All good grocers. Adv.

Charity covers a multitude of sins, and tailors cover a multitude of sinners.

YOUR OWN DRUGGIST WILL TELL YOU
Try Murine Eye Remedy for Red, Weak, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. No Smarting—Just Eye Comfort. Write for Book of the Eye by mail from Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

Ark Lights.

Church—What kind of lights did Noah have in the ark?
Gotham—Two tapirs, I believe.

Inhuman.

"Dabbs is the meanest husband I know."
"You don't say so?"
"Yes; he won't give his wife a chance to find fault with him."

What He Feared.

He was watching his neighbor's troublesome boy climb a tree, and he had a look of painful anxiety on his countenance.
"Are you afraid the lad will fall?" he was asked.
"No," he replied: "I'm afraid he won't."

Where He Had Seen It.

Traveling in Donegal not long ago, a clergyman engaged a loquacious boatman to row him on one of the lakes and show him the sights. They inspected a ruined castle with the legend of a banshee. The clergyman, thinking he would put a poser to the loquacious Irishman, who knew everything, inquired:
"Have you ever seen a banshee, Pat?"
"Aye, bedad, that I have, your reverence."
"Indeed!" said the clergyman, with an incredulous smile. "And pray, where did you see one?"
"Stuffed, in a museum," replied the unabashed Celt, without any hesitation.

Keep Cool and Comfortable

Don't spend so much of your time cooking during hot weather; and your family will be healthier without the heavy cooked foods.

Give them

Post Toasties

They're light and easily digested and yet nourishing and satisfying. No bother in preparation—just pour from the package and add cream and sugar—or they're mighty good with fresh berries or fruit.

"The Memory Lingers"

GOING IN SAME DIRECTION

One Fact Doctor Was Willing to Admit to Hypochondriac Patient Who Had Become a Bore.

Once there was a hypochondriac who used to think that he was dying about three times a week. One day he was driving out in his automobile, and one of these spells came over him. On the road ahead of him he happened to see his family doctor speeding along in his roadster. He felt so sick that he applied all his power in order to catch up with the doctor as soon as possible.

But the doctor saw him coming and he used all the gas he had to get away from him. For about three miles they had a close race. Finally, however, the doctor had some tire trouble, and the hypochondriac drew up alongside.

"Doctor," he shouted, "stop a minute! I am dying. Darn it all! I'm dying!"

"You must be," grunted the physician. "I never saw anybody going so fast as you are!"

Abe Martin on Spring Fever.

Abe Martin, the famous Indiana funny man, writes an amusing piece about spring fever. Following is an extract:

"When a feller gets spring fever he don't rush t' a doctor. He knows what t' do. He knows he needs rest an' quiet. He don't pay somebody t' tell him t' cut coffee and terbacker, an' he don't take t' his bed. He takes t' a settee or a bread box. Spring fever don't require no dietin' an' ther' hain't no habits t' eliminate but workin'. If ther's urgent plowin' t' be done th' patient has th' cool hours before th' sun rounds th' K. of P. hall an' after it sinks majestically behind th' tile mill.

"In a little town where you don't have t' pay \$60 for a cotton-an' wool fiber business suit an' \$50 per month for one-half o' a double house, with your choice o' any three-cent wallpaper, a feller kin afford t' take advantage of spring fever."—American Magazine.

Art for Art's Sake.

Our friend Reginald was telling about an artist of his acquaintance. "Why," said he, "the fellow painted cobwebs in all the corners of his studio and made the things so natural that the servant girl worked for all of two hours trying to get rid of them."

"Ridiculous," said Ermytrude, "perfectly ridiculous. I'm quite willing to believe the artist is as clever as you say. But I know there was never a servant girl so industrious."

One Way to Kill Ants.

Take a ham bone, from which the meat has not been entirely removed, and place it on the lawn. The ants will gather on the bone from about a hundred feet surrounding. The bone can then be doused into hot water and the ants killed.

One Name for It.

"That fellow from the backwoods is as bashful as can be, isn't he?" "Yes. Sort of forest reserve, eh?"

WRONG BREAKFAST. Change Gave Rugged Health.

Many persons think that for strength, they must begin the day with a breakfast of meat and other heavy foods. This is a mistake as anyone can easily discover for himself.

A W. Va. carpenter's experience may benefit others. He writes:

"I used to be a very heavy breakfast eater but finally indigestion caused me such distress, I became afraid to eat anything.

"My wife suggested a trial of Grape-Nuts and as I had to eat something or starve, I concluded to take her advice. She fixed me up a dish and I remarked at the time that the quality was all right, but the quantity was too small—I wanted a saucerful. "But she said a small amount of Grape-Nuts went a long way and that I must eat it according to directions. So I started in with Grape-Nuts and cream, two soft boiled eggs and some crisp toast for breakfast.

"I cut out meats and a lot of other stuff I had been used to eating all my life and was gratified to see that I was getting better right along. I concluded I had struck the right thing and stuck to it. I had not only been eating improper food, but too much.

"I was working at the carpenter's trade at that time and thought that unless I had a hearty breakfast with plenty of meat, I would play out before dinner. But after a few days of my "new breakfast" I found I could do more work, felt better in every way, and now I am not bothered with indigestion."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

ROOSEVELT-WILLARD WEDDING PARTY AT MADRID



The first photograph of the Roosevelt-Willard wedding party, showing the bride, the groom, the groom's father and the bridesmaids who attended the beautiful Belle Willard, daughter of the United States ambassador to Spain, at her wedding to Kermit Roosevelt, son of Col. Theodore Roosevelt. The groom is at the right, with arms behind him. The bride is seated at the right. Colonel Roosevelt is standing almost directly behind her.

SAVING ART WORKS

How Paintings Hacked by Women Are Restored.

Professionals Only Need a Hot Iron. Strong Fish Glue, Manila Paper and New Canvas—Many Men Are Experts.

London.—Although Mr. Sargent's portrait of Mr. Henry James, the novelist, was badly hacked by a cleaver wielded by a suffragette at the opening of the Royal academy, it will not be an over difficult task to repair it. The work of restoration has been entrusted to Maj. George C. Roller, says London Tit-Bits.

In restoring the portrait the canvas, after the painted surface has been protected with tissue paper, will be placed on a slate table. The back will then be covered with a sticky fluid, which will be pressed through to the surface of the picture with a heated iron. In this way the canvas will contract, and the cuts in it will close up. The canvas will finally be relined, and many spots where paint may be missing will be filled in by the restorer with a special preparation.

There are men in London who follow the profession of picture restoring, who are able to restore old paintings of value which have large holes in them, or the materials on which they are executed hanging in threads. Moreover, they can, when necessary, transfer a painting to a new canvas.

If a picture of which the canvas is cracked, torn or rotted with age is handed to a clever restorer, the first thing he does is to purchase a new canvas the same size as the old one. Having obtained this, he glues a sheet of stout manila paper to the picture. He then carefully scrapes away the old canvas. This is a job that might occupy him for several days, or weeks.

HAM BONE LURE FOR ANTS

Cleveland Official Advises Lawn Owners How to Eliminate a Disagreeable Pest.

Cleveland, O.—Complaints have been pouring in to City Forester Boddy concerning the invasion of some of our best and most exclusive lawns by the ant.

Brown, mottled patches appear on the greensward before the startled eyes while they are admiring the smooth beauty. Then the lawn owners ring up Boddy.

"Bait them," is Boddy's advice. "Take a ham bone, from which the meat has not been entirely removed, and place it on the lawn. The ants will gather on the bone from about 100 feet surrounding. The bone can then be doused into hot water, and the ants killed."

This cure, however effective, does not appeal to the aristocratic person at the other end of the wire. But it's the only thing to do if the lawn is to be saved. Boddy asserts.

if the canvas is a large one. Having removed every bit of canvas, the grounds upon which paint lies are taken away by solvents or gentle scraping, until nothing remains but the fragile shell of pigment adhering to the paper.

The new canvas is then covered with the strongest fish glue obtainable, and pressed firmly down upon the paper bearing the picture. As soon as the painting is firmly attached to its new foundation nothing remains but to take off the manila paper. This can be done with hot water, and the surface of the painting has only to be cleaned to look as bright as it was when the artist painted it.

We believe it was M. Haquin, a French artist of note, who first successfully transferred a panel painting to canvas. He glued a sheet of paper over the surface of the painting, and afterward upon this a fine layer of muslin. When the glue was dry he planed down the panel until it was of the thickness of match wood, when he scraped off the remainder with a long, flexible knife. This done, the mere skin of color held together by the paper and muslin was left, and it was a comparatively easy task to glue this to a canvas and remove the paper and muslin.

If an old picture has a portion of its pigment missing this may be replaced by an artist with colors from a brush, but sometimes old but worthless paintings are used for the purpose.

When the coloring of the drapery, flesh, foliage or sky, as the case may be, is found to match exactly the missing portion it is cut out to size and glued on the canvas, the edges of the joint being made imperceptible by the aid of the brush.

Hypnotize Battling Nelson.

Gary, Ind.—Battling Nelson, former lightweight champion, was knocked out by "Professor" Griffin, a hypnotist, exhibiting at a local theater, who made the fighter slng and dance until he was "released." Nelson had bet \$300 he could not be hypnotized. He lost.

"17 DRY YEARS" PREDICTED

Director of French Observatory Says There Will Be Slight Rainfall From 1918 to 1935.

Paris.—The Abbe Moreux, director of the observatory at Bourges, predicts a dry cycle of 17 years from 1918 to 1935.

"Seventeen years of dryness," he says, "followed by as many years of humidity, such is the consequence of our being directly dependent on the sun. The last great maximum was to occur, according to my calculations, toward 1906 to 1907. It was this which enabled me, in 1902, to predict the rainy period which has persisted over almost the whole surface of the globe and which brought us the great floods of 1910.

"The rainy maximum which I had announced for 1913 has just ceased. We are about to enter into a dry period, which will last more particularly from 1918 to 1935."

Already, says the astronomer, there are signs of reawakening activity. The sun spots have appeared in the

TUMULTY IS AVERSE TO CATS

Secretary to President Refuses to Sign Lease for Cottage Until Felines Are Barred.

Washington.—Secretary to the President Joseph P. Tumulty refused to sign a lease for his summer cottage at Avon-by-the-Sea until a clause stat-



Joseph P. Tumulty.

ing that the vicinity was free from cats was inserted. Mr. Tumulty was greatly annoyed by nocturnal gatherings of cats last year.

Paroled Prisoner Drops Dead.

Leavenworth, Kan.—Overjoyed at his parole, "Davy" Truas, eighty-two, a prisoner for 25 years, dropped dead as he was preparing to leave the federal penitentiary.

high altitude of the central planet. The seasons are about to become more marked, the winters colder and the summers warmer.

DEMAND HORSE RIGS OR NONE

Delegates to International Union of Journeymen Horseshoers' Convention Bar Automobiles.

Memphis, Tenn.—A serious break between the delegates to the International Union of Journeymen Horseshoers' convention which opened here recently and the entertainment committee appointed by the local union was threatened when the committee announced that arrangements had been made to give the delegates an automobile ride about the city. A number of delegates immediately objected, declaring that unless horses and carriages were furnished, they would refuse to take part in the ride "We are not going to favor the auto in any way," said H. B. Marshall of Cincinnati. "We want horse rigs or none." The change was made.

COULD NOT STAND ON FEET

Mrs. Baker So Weak—Could Not Do Her Work—Found Relief in Novel Way.

Adrian, Mich.—"I suffered terribly with female weakness and backache and got so weak that I could hardly do my work. When I washed my dishes I had to sit down and when I would sweep the floor I would get so weak that I would have to get a drink every few minutes, and before I did my dusting I would have to lie down. I got so poorly that my folks thought I was going into consumption. One day I found a piece of paper blowing around the yard and I picked it up and read it. It said 'Saved from the Grave,' and told what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for women. I showed it to my husband and he said, 'Why don't you try it?' So I did, and after I had taken two bottles I felt better and I said to my husband, 'I don't need any more,' and he said 'You had better take it a little longer anyway.' So I took it for three months and got well and strong."—Mrs. ALONZO E. BAKER, 9 Tecumseh St., Adrian, Mich.



Not Well Enough to Work. In these words is hidden the tragedy of many a woman, housekeeper or wage earner who supports herself and is often helping to support a family, on meagre wages. Whether in house, office, factory, shop, store or kitchen, woman should remember that there is one tried and true remedy for the ills to which all women are prone, and that is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It promotes that vigor which makes work easy. The Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

Correct.

"One touch of nature makes the whole world kin," quoted the sage. "Yes, but 90 per cent of us continue to be poor relations," added the fool.

LADIES CAN WEAR SHOES One size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, the Antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes. It makes tight or new shoes feel easy. Just the thing for dancing. Refuse substitutes. For FREE trial package, address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

A woman likes to see something nice about her husband in the papers so that she can ask him for a new dress and get it.

Don't be misled. Ask for Red Cross Ball Blue. Makes beautiful white clothes. At all good grocers. Adv.

An eminent surgeon is one who can open a man's anatomy and relieve him of a bank balance.

For men of weak eyes, use DICKEY'S OLD RELIABLE EYE WATER. Don't hurt. Adv.

It may be to a man's credit to forget a lot that he knows.

It takes a brave man to fight a battle that he is almost sure of losing.

Throw Away your complexion troubles with your powder puff—no need of either when you use pure, harmless

Zona Face Pomade

"The ALL DAY BEAUTY POWDER"

At all dealers or by mail 50c.

Zona Co., Wichita, Kansas.

DEFIANCE STARCH

is constantly growing in favor because it Does Not Stick to the Iron and it will not injure the finest fabric. For laundry purpose it has no equal. 16 oz. package 10c. 1-3 more starch for same money.

DEFIANCE STARCH CO., Omaha, Nebraska

Certainly.

"Does your wife believe every word other people tell her about you?"

"Always, unless it happens to be complimentary."

Cures Old Sores, Other Remedies Won't Cure.

The worst cases, no matter how long standing, are cured by the wonderful, old reliable Dr. Porter's Antiseptic Healing Oil. It relieves Pain and Heals at the same time. 25c, 50c, \$1.00.

Whither Are We Drifting?

She—Man will wake up some fine morning and find the universe ruled by women.

He—Just like a woman to take advantage of a man while he sleeps.

How To Give Quinine To Children

FERRILINE is the trade-mark name given to an Improved Quinine. It is a Tasteless Syrup, pleasant to take and does not disturb the stomach. Children take it and never know it is Quinine. Also especially adapted to adults who cannot take ordinary Quinine. Does not nauseate nor cause nervousness nor ringing in the head. Try it the next time you need Quinine for any purpose. Ask for 2-cent original package. The name FERRILINE is blown in bottle—25 cents.

About 55 per cent of all criminals in prison are between the ages of twenty-one and forty.