

Casualties of War in Iraq 4,791 Afghan as of July 28, 2011

VOL. XXXIV No. 40

Week of July 28 thru August 3, 2011

www.eleditor.com

Lubbock/Midland-Odessa Region

Celebrating 35 Years of Publishing

"El Respeto al Derecho Ajeno es la Paz" Lic Benito Juarez

Estudiantes de Texas esperan por el Dream Act

Los hermanos colombianos Mauro y Marlon Arboleda son dos estudiantes documentados de Texas que tras haber agotado todos los recursos solo esperan que el Dream Act sea una realidad para poder regularizar su estatus.

Los hermanos Arboleda de 24 y 22 años respectivamente llegaron a Estados Unidos en 2004 precedentes de su natal Colombia y pidieron asilo político porque, aseguran, era "perseguidos políticos" y temen por sus vidas si regresan a su país. El asilo se les fue negado en 2007.

Lo único que pido es un camino a la legalidad", agregó Mauro, quien se graduó este año de la Facultad de Administración de Negocios de la Universidad de Houston.

El joven fue puesto en libertad bajo un orden de aplazamiento de su deportación que durará un año. Este lunes, Marlon, el menor de los Arboleda, se presentó voluntariamente a una fecha de inmigración de Houston (Texas) y también logró que se le conceda la prórroga o acción diferida de su deportación. Marlon estudia actualmente ingeniería mecánica en la Universidad de

Houston y se graduó de bachillerato con honores.

cívicos y estudiantiles a unirse a una campaña para evitar la deportación.

lucha para que el Gobierno federal apruebe el Dream Act.



El caso de los hermanos Arboleda ha motivado a varios grupos

de acción de estos estudiantes. La campaña "End our pain", que

Napolitano, Secretaria de Seguridad Nacional.

"No estamos pidiendo que se nos regale nada, sino más bien que vean nuestros méritos y a partir de allí puedan darnos la oportunidad de legalizarnos al país que nosotros llamamos nuestro hogar", sostuvo Mauro Arboleda.

Aunque las autoridades migratorias le han concedido la prórroga de deportación, los recursos para que permanezca más tiempo en territorio estadounidense se están agotando.

Según Gino Mesa, abogado en inmigración y defensor legal de los hermanos Arboleda, este tipo de casos son difíciles porque el defendido solo tiene cierto número de apelaciones.

"Y en el caso de estos hermanos, las apelaciones ya se agotaron. Lo único que se espera que en los hermanos Arboleda, este tipo de casos son difíciles porque el defendido solo tiene cierto número de apelaciones.

Según cifras del Departamento de Seguridad Nacional (DHS), en 2010 se otorgaron 542 acciones diferidas o prórrogas que no requieren la intervención del Congreso para suspender temporalmente la deportación de documentados.

Barack Obama Courts Latino Voters, Calls For Partner On Immigration

Republicans need to come forward to pass immigration reform. President Barack Obama said at a meeting of Latino advocacy group National Council of La Raza on Monday, continuing his push for Latino voters in 2012 amid concern over his record deportations of undocumented immigrants.

"I need a dance partner here, and the floor is empty," Obama said, referencing Republicans who formerly supported immigration reform and now say enforcement must be increased first. "Feel free to keep the heat on me, and keep the heat on Democrats, but here's the thing to remember: The Democrats and your president are with you. Remember who it is we need to change the laws."

But as Obama calls for immigration reform that is unlikely to pass Congress, Latinos and immigration reform supporters are becoming increasingly frustrated with the record numbers of people forced out of the country each year under his presidency.

Can." "And believe me, right now, dealing with Congress right now -- the idea of doing things on my own is very tempting. Not just on immigration reform. But that's not how our system works."

Overall, the president's record on immigration issues remains fairly stark, with little progress toward the comprehensive immigration reform he promised to pass in his first term. The DREAM Act failed in the Senate in December despite passing the House.

"There is still some unfinished

while Supreme Court Justice Sonia Sotomayor is the first Latina justice. Obama said many of his other legislative actions, such as education reform and last year's health care law were a "huge victory" for the Latino community.

"These are victories for NCLR, they are victories for America, and we did it with your help," he said. "We kept our promises."

Meanwhile, the president has made a concerted effort to court Latinos for his re-election campaign, after he won the Latino

population by large margins in 2008. His speech at National Council of La Raza's yearly conference is the third immigration-related address he has given in the last three months. Obama delivered a major immigration address at the Texas-Mexico border in May, visited Puerto Rico last month, and has hosted a number of

Latino celebrities and activists at the White House.

"They think that Republican control of the House means pro-immigrant legislative measures don't stand much of a chance in this Congress," Sharry wrote. "They want the president to use his authority to make life better in immigrant communities immediately.

Boehner Pushes Plan; WH Pushes Compromise



House Republicans worked to curtail support for House Speaker John Boehner's debt plan as the White House pushed for compromise Wednesday.

Boehner and other leaders expressed confidence momentum was swinging in their direction, a day after the Congressional Budget Office said neither the Boehner plan nor the measure offered by Senate Majority Leader Harry Reid captured as much in savings as they projected.

Boehner bluntly told his caucus during a closed-door meeting Wednesday to "get your ass in line" behind his plan, two Republicans who attended the meeting told CNN. Boehner confirmed to conservative radio show host Laura Ingraham's he did indeed give the directive to those members.

"I sure did," Boehner said. He said his goal was to work with members to coalesce around his plan, which he said he plans to bring to the floor Thursday. He delayed consideration of his bill after the non-partisan Congressional Budget Office said the two-step plan came in less than the hoped-for \$1.2 tril-

ion estimates and would reduce the deficit by \$850 billion in 10 years.

Concerning rallying Republicans around his proposal, Boehner said his plan was the only alternative floating that has a chance to pass the House and Senate -- and if it's the only game available, will be signed by President Obama.

"Barack Obama hates it. Harry Reid hates it. House Minority Leader Nancy Pelosi hates it," Boehner said. "Why any representative would want to be on the side of Barack Obama, Harry Reid and Nancy Pelosi (s) beyond me."

Meanwhile, White House spokesman Jay Carney said compromise was still possible to reach a plan that would raise the debt ceiling and reduce underlying debt and deficit before Tuesday when the country risks default on some of its obligations.

Referring to Boehner's remark, Carney said during Wednesday's media briefing, "If you're trying to make the case that this is something that we can come together around as a country, that this is something that represents a fair compromise

between Democrats and Republicans and the White House, that [Boehner's remark] it doesn't really hold up.

Obama believes the situation provides the chance to do something historic "that will require political will by Democrats and Republicans, a willingness to take heat from your base as opposed to placating your base," Carney said. "But it requires a will on both sides."

He also ripped House leaders for taking up a measure they know has no chance of passing the Senate or being signed by Obama.

Carney said all sides need to come together before the deadline and the United States loses its borrowing authority.

"While at midnight on Aug. 2 we don't all turn into pumpkins, we do, as a country, lose our borrowing authority for the first time in our history," the spokesman said. "And this will be a very bad thing... This is real and dangerous."

The CBO also said Senate Majority Leader Harry Reid's alternative debt plan would cut the U.S. deficit by \$2.2 trillion, not \$2.7 trillion as Reid touted.

However, Sen. Jeff Sessions, R-Ala., ranking Republican on the Senate Budget Committee, said Reid's proposal "does not achieve anything close to the promised savings."

"Far from the \$2.7 trillion in cuts claimed, the true spending cuts in this proposal are closer to \$1 billion over 10 years... while asking for a nearly \$3 trillion increase in the debt limit," Sessions said in a release. "This falls far short of the idea that a dollar in cuts should accompany every dollar increase in the debt limit."



business," National Council of La Raza President Janet Murguía said in the president's introduction, pointing out the DREAM Act students still facing deportation. Still, the president has made some inroads for Latinos: Hilda Solis, his labor secretary, is the first Latina to serve in the Cabinet.

El Editor
Informing-Educating
Creating Action.
The Job of a Real
Newspaper of

RECORD

Read us on the internet at
eleditor.com

Our mascot Pinta ~
Beloved watch dog, fishing buddy, best friend

RTP 1993-2011

Arnett Benson Neighborhood National Night Out

Arnett Benson will be hosting their National Night Out this Tuesday, August 2. Arnett Benson is the biggest barrio in Lubbock and they have worked diligently to ensure your family has the best experience while visiting their neighborhood. Special thanks to all the sponsors: El Editor, Ben Gonzalez of KEIS, RBS, Lubbock Centro Artlan, Gilbert Flores, Victor Hernandez, Mario Ybars first snow cones and DJ and friends.

Special thanks to Lee Adam Rijgas who volunteered to serve in Natalia Salazar's position as President of the Neighborhood Association since she unfortunately broke her knee and needed surgery. Rijgas reached out and recruited help from businesses and reached within the barrio and received lots of donations.

¡Adelante y todos bienvenidos!

Obama vetará la propuesta, señaló

La Casa Blanca amenazó ayer con vetar un proyecto de ley de emergencia pendiente en la Cámara de Representantes que busca impedir que el gobierno se declare en mora de pagos.

La amenaza, un ataque preventivo por parte de la Casa Blanca, se emitió mientras el presidente de la Cámara de Representantes, el republicano John Boehner, intenta reunir los votos para aprobar el plan. Boehner enfrentó críticas de algunos conservadores antes de una votación prevista para hoy.

La propuesta de ley incrementaría el límite de endeudamiento en 1 billón de dólares mientras

recurriría el gasto público federal en 1.2 billones de dólares. Los conservadores sostienen que la reducciones son insuficientes.

La medida también establecería un comité de legisladores para recomendar ahorros presupuestarios adicionales de 1.8 billones de dólares, lo cual activaría un incremento adicional de 1.6 billones de dólares en el tope de endeudamiento.

La Casa Blanca rechaza el requerimiento de una segunda votación antes de las elecciones de 2012.

El líder de la mayoría demócrata en el Senado, Harry Reid,

dijo que la medida no tiene posibilidad alguna de ser aprobada por esa cámara, incluso si se aprobada por la cámara baja. La declaró "muerta al arroyo".

Washington y el país enfrentan el 2 de agosto el vencimiento del plazo para incrementar el límite máximo de endeudamiento de se arriesgan a una mora de pagos nacional.

Rodeado de sus colegas conservadores, el legislador Jim Jordan, un republicano de Ohio, dijo a reporteros que no podía apoyar la propuesta de Boehner y agregó que el plan no cuenta con los votos para ser aprobado. En un plan de dos pasos,

Boehmer está promoviendo una primera votación el miércoles y una segunda el jueves sobre una enmienda constitucional de presupuesto balanceado.

"Creemos que hay problemas reales con este plan", dijo Jordan, quien encabeza el Grupo de Estudio Republicano. Sostuvo que los recortes de gasto son insuficientes y expresó oposición a los probables incrementos de impuestos.

"Si tuviera que votar ahora, mi voto sería no", dijo el congresista Steve Southerland, un republicano de Florida.

La rebelión conservadora

ocurrió horas después de que el presidente de la mayoría republicana de la cámara baja, Eric Cantor, emplazó a los miembros del partido a que dejaran de quejarse y apoyaran al plan de Boehner. Durante la sesión a puertas cerradas, el republicano de Virginia reconoció que hay resistencia a la ampliación de la capacidad de endeudamiento del país.

Cantor describió las opciones de los republicanos: permitir una mora de pagos y entrar en un abismo económico; apoyar al plan de los demócratas del Senado, o apoyar la propuesta republicana

para así poner en evidencia la estrategia de Obama.

Ninguna de las propuestas opuestas ofrecidas por Boehner y Reid parecía contar con los votos necesarios en el Congreso en medio de un amargo estancamiento que podría tener consecuencias graves para la frágil economía estadounidense y los mercados internacionales.

Los precios de las acciones cayeron el martes cuando los mercados financieros en Estados Unidos registraron su nerviosismo sobre el enfrentamiento en Washington entre Obama y los republicanos.

Dueling Debt Plans May Face Votes in Congress

House Speaker John Boehner was rewriting his plan to cut federal spending and raise the debt ceiling Tuesday night after the Congressional Budget Office revealed that his bill wouldn't cut as much spending as he'd promised it would.

The nonpartisan CBO determined that Boehner's plan would cut spending by \$850 billion over the next decade, less than the \$1.2 trillion promised in the bill. CBO's scoring came on the eve of a vote in the House of Representatives on Boehner's plan, which was already struggling to gain enough votes among Republican members.

"CBO estimates that legislation would reduce budget deficits by about \$850 billion between 2012 and 2021 relative to CBO's March 2011 baseline," the CBO wrote in a letter to Boehner on Tuesday.

Michael Steel, a Boehner spokesman, said the speaker is rewriting his plan on the revamped plan will occur.

"We're here to change Washington -- no more smoke and mirrors, no more phantoms cuts," Steel said. "We promised that we will cut spending more than we increase the debt limit -- with no tax hikes -- and we will keep that promise. As we speak, congressional staff are

looking at options to rewrite the legislation to meet our pledge."

Before Boehner's setback, congressional Democrats and Republicans appear headed for a clash Wednesday over dueling plans to cut spending and raise the federal debt ceiling, while the head of the International Monetary Fund warned Tuesday of dire consequences for the world economy if lawmakers fail to act by the Aug. 2 default deadline.

Senate Majority Leader Harry Reid forged ahead his own plan, which could come up for a vote as early as Thursday.

"We're in a stalemate. 'White House press secretary Jay Carney said Tuesday. "I mean, this is the problem we have, is that we need Congress to produce something that is a compromise and that, therefore, can get support from Democrats and Republicans in both houses and reach the president's desk and meet the president's approval."

The fate of both plans was uncertain Tuesday.

In the House of Representatives, Rep. Jim Jordan, a tea party-backed Republican from Ohio, said there aren't 218 GOP votes to pass Boehner's two-step plan to cut federal spending by \$1.2 trillion and extend the debt ceiling for about six months. Many conservatives think it wouldn't cut spending enough.

House Democratic Whip Steny Hoyer of Maryland said Boehner shouldn't push to House Democrats to help him push his plan through, Hoyer predicted that "very few" Democrats would vote for it.

Carney repeated President Barack Obama's demand to vote. Boehner's shell could make it through Congress, which he said isn't going to happen because the Senate would never pass it.

The Boehner solution suffered an other club for growth came out against it, calling it a poor alternative to the so-called "cut, cap and balance" measure that passed the House last week. That measure died in the Democratic-controlled Senate.

"The Boehner plan does not achieve the goals of cut, cap and balance, and doesn't fix our fiscal mess," club President Chris Chocola said in a statement. "We are urging club members to call their members of Congress and ask them to oppose it."

The U.S. Chamber of Commerce, on the other hand, backed the Boehner plan. In a letter to all House members, the chamber urged them to vote for the plan, saying that "this legislation is critical. Default on our debt obligations is not an acceptable option. The time for

Congress to act is now."

On the Senate side of the Capitol, Reid was having a hard time mustering enough Republican support to get the 60 votes he needs to pass his plan, which is similar to Boehner's. The major difference is that Reid's plan would extend the federal government's borrowing authority through 2012 -- beyond the presidential and congressional elections -- while Boehner's would extend it for about six months, requiring another extension battle next winter, when electoral politics will be even more intense.

The bitter tug-of-war over the debt ceiling and deficit plans is making international financial markets nervous, said Christine Lagarde, managing director of the International Monetary Fund. Speaking to the Council on Foreign Relations in New York, she said that "the clock is ticking, and clearly the issue needs to be resolved immediately" for the world's sake.

"Indeed, an adverse fiscal shock in the United States could have serious spillover for the rest of the world," Lagarde said. Either a default or downgrading of U.S. debt by ratings agencies "would be a very, very, very serious event, not just for the United States but for the global economy at large."

Guadalupe Economics

BIGGEST

Garage Sale

Wednesday, August 3rd &
Thursday, August 4th
8 A.M. - 8 P.M.

1502 Erskine Street
(4th & Q then 1 mile north)

EXPRESS

ARNETT-BENSON

NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOCIATION

will be hosting

National Night Out

Tuesday, August 2nd

Maggie Trejo Supercenter

from 6pm to 9pm.

National Night Out is an annual event designed to strengthen our neighborhoods and communities. We encourage all to come out and get to know your neighbors.

Bring your lawn chairs and enjoy what our community has to offer.

My Paloma

Embracing Life in a New Age

PACE (A Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly)
is designed to improve the quality of your life.

4010 22nd Street Lubbock, Texas
(806)740-1500

- ◆ Comprehensive medical services
- ◆ All prescription medications
- ◆ All Hospitalizations
- ◆ All physician services
- ◆ Transportation

- ◆ Home Health Care
- ◆ Activity Center
- ◆ Therapeutic pool
- ◆ Physical Therapy
- ◆ Wellness

Eligibility Requirements:

- 55 Years of Age or Older
- Live in Lubbock County
- Medical Needs determination
- Live Safely at Home

Payment information: Program is fully funded for individuals with both Medical & Medicare. Private pay is also available.

PACE participants may be fully and personally liable for the cost of unauthorized or out of the PACE program agreement services.

Now Open Every Sat & Sun at 2pm!

Over 30 Rides and Attractions

Featuring the 140 foot

DARE TO DEFY

Through April bring 2 cans of food for the Food Bank and get \$4 off the price of a regular armband Saturdays & Sundays!

Directions, Details and Discount Coupons at

www.joylandpark.com
4th and 127, Lubbock. 806 763 2719

JOYLAND

AMUSEMENT PARK



Va a haber un mejor Walmart en Midland.

Se está remodelando tu Walmart de Midland. Pronto tendrás una tienda con un nuevo y luminoso aspecto, que hará más fácil encontrar las marcas que conoces y en las que confías.

Ven y consigue precios bajos todos los días en cualquier cosa, desde electrónica y cosméticos a mejoras del hogar, artículos deportivos y una sección completa de comestibles.

**Ven a visitar nuestro recién remodelado
Walmart de Midland. La remodelación
estará acabada el 29 de julio.**

4517 North Midland Drive



Walmart 
Ahorra más. Vive mejor.

© 2011 Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.