

It's Over! Who Really Won? ¿Quién Gano?

By RICARDO VAZQUEZ

Hours before Vice President Al Gore conceded in a speech to the nation Wednesday evening, Latino leaders and pundits reacted to the remarkable 5-4 Supreme Court ruling Tuesday night that effectively handed the presidency of the United States to George W. Bush. The Justices, split along ideological lines, reversed the Florida Supreme Court and put a stop to any further hand counts. "We have a system, and it has played itself out. [Gore] has exhausted all the things one could do to challenge an election," commented Arturo Vargas, director of the National Association of Latino Elected and Appointed Officials (NALEO). "Still, it has left me unsettled that there are voters in Florida whose votes were not taken into account -- and I don't think that bodes well for our democracy...I think that is unfortunate."

Within the Supreme Court itself, four of the justices vigorously dissented with the majority's opinion, which said the December 12 deadline for

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Supporters greeted Vice President Al Gore, with his wife, Tipper, and Joe Lieberman on Wednesday.

Gore Wins Popular Vote by 3,000,000 Votes

SOUTHWEST COLLECTION
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Richie Valens Inducted to Rock Hall of Fame

He was the first Latino rock star who scored his trademark hit with a converted Mexican wedding song. He was a teenager when his biggest hit entered the Top 10. His untimely death on Feb. 3, 1959 made him a legend. On Tuesday, Richard Steven Valenzuela, a.k.a. Richie Valens, was inducted to the Rock and Roll Hall of Fame.

Valens, born and raised in Pacoima, California, had his biggest hit with song dedicated to his girlfriend, "Donna," in 1958. Valens was just 17 when he recorded his most influential song, "La Bamba" -- one of only a handful of songs ever to find American success despite not being sung in English. "La Bamba" was recently voted one of the 100 most influential songs in Rock history by a survey of producers, executives, artists, musicians and journalists.

Valens also toured with pop stars Buddy Holly and the Big Bopper when "La Bamba" when all three were enjoying their peak of success. But on a stormy February night in 1959, a small plane holding the three stars crashed, killing all passengers. The tragic flight and the musical lives of these three men were immortalized by Don Maclean's number one hit "American Pie" over a decade later.

"Here's a guy with one hit record, who's been dead 40-some years, but he's had his likeness on a postage stamp, they've made a motion picture on his life and he's on the Walk of Fame in Hollywood. Tell me another artist with one hit who can equal that or come near it," Del-Fi Records founder Bob Keane, who originally signed Valens, told the L.A. Times.

Valens will be inducted Tuesday along with such Rock luminaries as Michael Jackson, Paul Simon, Queen and Aerosmith.

The official ceremony takes place March 19 in New York City.

LATNN

NAHJ Objects to Court Decision Against Journalists

Washington -The National Association of Hispanic Journalists on Friday joined the Asociación de Periodistas de Puerto Rico in condemning a Nov. 30 decision by the U.S. District Court of Puerto Rico to allow journalist to be charged for trespassing on the island of Vieques.

Last week, the court denied a request by 10 journalists to dismiss trespassing charges against them for entering a naval base on the island last June while covering a protest against the U.S. Navy.

"We believe that the court could have exercised more discretion in this case," said NAHJ President Cecilia Alvear. "An open society demands that journalists be given access to the scene of important events and this decision will have a chilling effect on the coverage of a vital issue."

The journalists argued they were covering a protest when they entered Camp Garcia Naval Installation on Vieques. The U.S. Navy has the Puerto Rican principality to stage war games and conduct other military exercises for the past 40 years.

Washington-based NAHJ, which was founded in 1982, has urged the federal government to reconsider its decision to criminally prosecute the journalists. Last August, the NAHJ sent a letter to the governor of Puerto Rico protesting the arrests.

U.S.-Born Priest Honored for Work in Mexico Central

The Rev. William Bryce Wasson was honored with a \$100,000 global child advocacy award for his lifelong dedication to getting orphans and abandoned children off the streets in Mexico, Haiti and Latin America.

The 77-year-old Wasson founded Nuestros Pequeños Hermanos (NPH) in 1954 as a home for orphaned and abandoned children. Since then NPH has grown to provide safe haven to more than 25,000 children in six countries, including Mexico, Honduras, Haiti, Nicaragua, Guatemala and El Salvador.

Wasson received the third annual Kellogg's Hannah Neil World of Children Award, an international Award established in 1998 "to raise up" the voices of children by recognizing the ordinary individuals who dedicate their lives to serving them.

"In our high-tech, new-economy world, with the promise of a longer and better quality of life before us, we are sobered by the fact that vast numbers of children around the globe are still disadvantaged, still suffering and still dying too young," said Carlos Gutierrez, chairman and CEO of the Kellogg Company. "Fortunately, there are some extraordinary people who are changing the world in ways that create opportunity and fulfill the potential of children."

With one-sixth of the world's population unable to read and write, Wasson's organization provides all NPH residents with an education to help break the cycle of poverty. Residents learn a skill, life trade or are provided the means to attend college.

NPH also attempts to improve the social environment in impoverished communities. In Miacatlan, Mexico, NPH representatives, most of whom were prior orphans, arrive on school days and take more than 80 children to the orphanage who might otherwise spend their day as "combers" rummaging in the garbage dumps for food. In Honduras, NPH representatives bring mothers dying of AIDS and their children into the NPH home, operating one of several medical clinics for the residents, children and families in surrounding communities.

"Father Wasson demonstrates a lasting commitment to the world's most needy children," said Dale Hollingsworth, president of World of Children, Inc. "He is most deserving of this Award -- our 'Nobel' for child advocates."

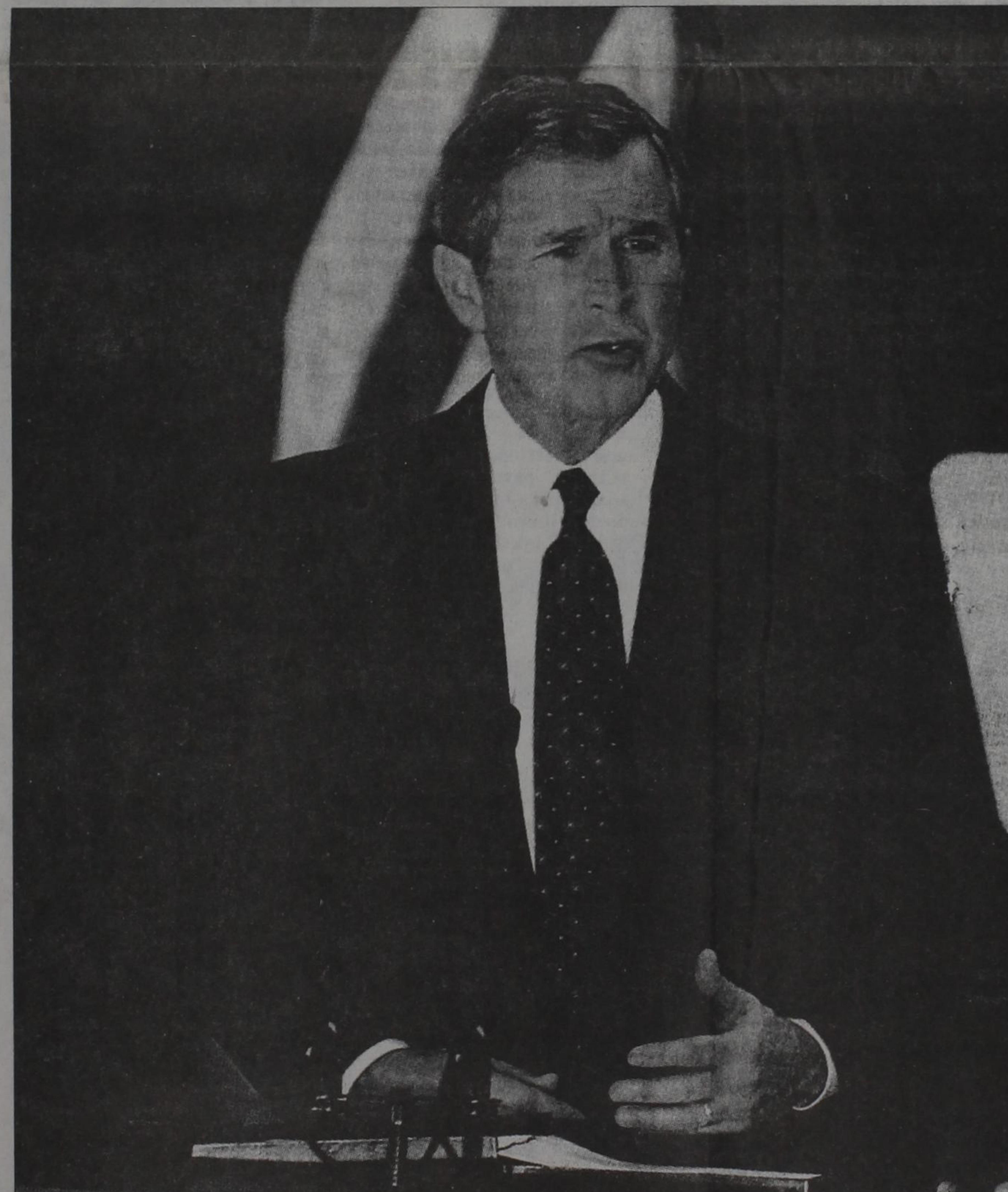
"It's surprising what you can do in a lifetime if you do it just a little at a time," said Wasson, who plans to use the \$100,000 Award money to start a vocational school in Nicaragua for blind children. Wasson was chosen by a 20-member Selection Committee comprised of internationally recognized leaders in fields such as education, science, medicine, philosophy and the arts, including former heavyweight champion and child advocate Muhammad Ali.

"Congratulations Father Wasson," said Ali, who is also the Award Honorary Chair. "You're doing a great job with kids."

In addition to his role as Award honorary chair, a special Award limited edition Kellogg's(TM) Corn Flakes cereal box signed by Ali will be part of an auction hosted by Guernsey's of New York early next year.

LATNN

la decisión del candidato demócrata. "Por respeto al vicepresidente aguardaremos a escuchar sus comentarios antes de adoptar nuevas medidas", dijo el presidente del Senado John McKay.



esfuerzo para unir a una nación profundamente dividida por la batalla legal sin precedentes por la Casa Blanca. La bolsa de Nueva York se alegró con la resolución de la pugna electoral. Las acciones industriales subieron en Wall Street, e igual subieron los bonos y se fortaleció el dólar. La decisión de Gore de conceder la victoria a su rival fue tomada luego de que su último esfuerzo por lograr un recuento manual de votos en condados clave de la Florida fue rechazado por la Corte Suprema en la noche del martes. En su fallo, la Corte falló 7-2 por anular la decisión emitida el fin de semana por la Corte Suprema de la Florida, que ordenó un recuento en todo el estado de miles de votos en disputa. La

Corte Suprema federal consideró que dicho escrutinio no brindaría una protección por partes iguales a ambos candidatos, ya que las normas consideradas para establecer la intención de los votantes variaban de condado en condado, e incluso de mesa en mesa electoral. En una segunda opinión por 5-4, la mayoría opinó que no había un procedimiento constitucionalmente aceptable para efectuar un nuevo escrutinio antes de que expirara anoche el plazo para la selección de los delegados que votarán en el Colegio Electoral. Los 25 delegados de Florida al Colegio Electoral, que debe reunirse el lunes 18, eran decisivos para que cualquiera de los candidatos alcanzara los 270 votos electo-

Look for Our
Christmas Edition
Next Week!

Spanish for the Children

By Enrique J. Gonzales

Not too long ago, a young Mexican-American co-worker not far from me sneezed.

"Salud, I quickly said.

"What does that mean?" the young man -- an 18-year-old named Frank -- asked.

I stood there for a second, completely perplexed. "Salud means 'health,' just like gesundheit in German. The expressions both mean 'to your health.'

As Frank turned around, I noticed he had on a lowrider T-shirt with three obviously Latino faces across his back. Here was a young Hispanic man who takes pride in his ethnicity but who didn't know what *salud* meant.

A few days later, Frank volunteered an explanation: his parents, natives of New Mexico, speak Spanish, but they just never taught him. He is not alone.

In a country where the term "Spanish-speaker" passes as a synonym for "Hispanic," as much as 20 percent of the nation's Latino population does not speak the language of Cervantes, according to census data. Even Latino celebrities, including '50s rocker Richie Valens, '70s TV star Eric Estrada and '90s Tejano superstar Selena Quintanilla Pérez, grew up not speaking the

language.

Public discourse on Latinos almost always focuses on speaking Spanish as if it were some kind of Latino racial trait, one genetically hard-wired into us before birth.

The reality is that U.S. Latinos are the only ones under this ethnic umbrella on the planet who speak English at the same rate they speak Spanish. Moreover, we are the only Latinos on the globe who live, work and socialize in a country where 89 percent of the population is not Hispanic. For the most part, *aquí se habla inglés*.

Yet the mainstream public seems to continue to believe that Hispanics speak only Spanish, fueling a hysteria among a number of English speakers to protect the language of Shakespeare, as if speaking Spanish were some kind of public health threat that needs to be stamped out like polio or tuberculosis.

In the otherwise squeaky-close elections last month, the voters overwhelmingly passed propositions to enhance English as the only favored language in their states. In Utah, voters heartily endorsed English as their official language. Arizona's voters trounced bilingual education in favor of English immersion -- a measure called

"English for the Children" that mimics California's Proposition 227.

But what do the votes mean for Latinos?

So far, California's Proposition 227, making bilingual education illegal, has garnered mixed reviews, from gushing praise to stinging criticism, for its efforts to push Latinos to learn English. One thing is clear: Latino children born or educated here are losing the ability to communicate, not only with family members, but with most of residents of this hemisphere.

In an otherwise upbeat story about Proposition 227, The New York Times earlier this year reported "an unforeseen consequence" of the referendum that has affected 8-year-old Gabriela Diaz, a third-grader from Oceanside, Calif. "When my friends from Mexico come here," she said, "I don't understand what they're saying."

Is all this necessary? Latino children are usually the first in immigrant families to learn English. Even in households where the parents or guardians watch television exclusively in Spanish, the children watch more programs in English than Spanish.

Imagine what it must be like for a young Latino student, lacking in self-confidence, to succeed in math, science, history and English when he or she

cannot properly speak Spanish, something that helps define who he or she is.

To me the problem isn't learning English. It's retaining Spanish. Proper Spanish, grammar and all. But without at least some educational support for Spanish, Latino children born or educated here are losing the ability to communicate, not only with family members, but with most of residents of this hemisphere.

In the public's haste to ensure that Latinos learn English, the discourse has overlooked the consequences of emphasizing only English.

By emphasizing only English, public policy is turning U.S. Latinos into Hispanics who can't speak Spanish. In the process, the proponents of English-only are taking away our identity, our children's self-confidence and their chances of success in life.

To stem the high school dropout rate among Hispanics, maybe what schools really need isn't "English for the Children," but "Spanish for the Children."

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Seven Reasons Why Resurrection Blvd. is Important to Latinos

By Congressman Esteman Torres: President of the National Coalition for Communication in Media

Many of you have heard of Resurrection Blvd. It is the excellent new Latino dramatic television series which airs Mondays on Showtime, the cable network. Resurrection Blvd. is the first dramatic series about Latinos, produced by Latinos. Its been well received by the critics and has the potential, if successful, to galvanize the following to happen:

1. Other TV shows will add Latinos to their casts. Presently there are only 41 Latinos in lead or featured roles in English language TV shows. With over 1,477 lead and features roles in the 1999-2000 season, there's plenty of room to add more Latinos--especially if we want television to look like America looks.

2. We will see more TV shows with Latino themes. The only other English language live-action series presently is Nickelodeon's family comedy, The Brothers Garcia. We need more comedies as well as dramas. The bottom line is simple, if these shows succeed we will see more series about Latinos, produced by Latinos.

3. More Latinos behind the cameras. It takes numerous writers, directors, producers, cinematographers, as well as countless technical people to produce a TV series. For many of these positions Latinos are rarely hired. Resurrection Blvd. on the other hand, hired Latinos for the vast majority of these positions, not simply because they were Latinos, but rather because they were competent, creative Latinos.

4. We will see more movies with Latinos and Latino themes. Television producers are always watching what succeeds at the movies, and visa versa. There are hundreds of wonderful Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Salvadorian, ... stories to be told, and the time should be NOW.

5. Corporate America will view Latinos differently. For many corporate executives, their view is if it doesn't happen on network television, it either doesn't happen at all, or it is not very important. Once corporate execs start seeing more Latinos on TV--as well as Latino themed shows, we will see more marketing dollars aimed at Latinos as well as more Latinos in corporate management.

6. Spanish Language TV will pay more attention to U.S. Latinos. While Univision and Telemundo in recent years have done a better job of covering news related to Latinos in the United States, they still have lagged behind in producing significant numbers of U.S. based entertainment shows. If they see Resurrection Blvd. and other shows like it succeed, they will produce shows based in this country to keep their audience from switching networks.

7. We will raise kids with higher self-esteem. Kids today spend more time than ever in front of a television. Many of their images of the world are formed during this viewing. If they see more Latinos in roles that are positive, OUR children will grow up knowing that it is possible to be whatever they want to be, if they develop an educational expertise in that arena.

Anyway you look at it, Resurrection Blvd. is very important to the future of our community. If you already subscribe to Showtime, watch Resurrection Blvd. You'll be glad you did. If you aren't a subscriber, consider becoming one so that you too can help Resurrection Blvd. become the hit it deserves to be and provide our community with opportunities it currently does not have. For more information on receiving Resurrection Blvd. please contact your local cable operator this month about Showtime.

Espanol Para :Los Niños

Por Enrique J. Gonzales

No hace mucho, un joven mexicanoamericano compafiero mío de trabajo estornudó no lejos de mí. "¡Salud!", dije rápidamente.

"¿Qué significa eso?" preguntó el joven de 18 años, llamado Frank.

Me quedé allí un segundo, completamente perplejo. "¡Salud!" significa lo mismo que 'gesundheit' en alemán. Ambas expresiones significan 'a la salud.'

Cuando Frank se dió vuelta, advertí que él llevaba una camiseta de lowriders con tres caras evidentemente latinas en la espalda. He aquí un joven hispano que se engorulle de su etnicidad, pero que no sabía lo que significaba "salud."

Pocos días después, Frank me dió voluntariamente una explicación: Sus padres, oriundos de Nuevo México, hablan español pero nunca se lo enseñaron a él. El no está solo.

En un país donde "hispano-parlante" pasa como sinónimo de hispano, tanto como el 20 por ciento de la población latina de la nación no habla el idioma de Cervantes, según la información del Censo.

Hasta los latinos célebres, incluyendo al rockero del decenio de 1950, Richie Valens, a la estrella de televisión del decenio de 1970, Eric Estrada, y a la super-estrella Tejana del decenio de 1990, Selena Quintanilla Pérez, crecieron sin hablar el español.

El discurso público sobre los

latinos se enfoca sobre el hablar español como si fuera alguna clase de "rasgo" racial latino, genéticamente alambrado dentro de nosotros antes del nacimiento.

La realidad es que los latinos estadounidenses son los únicos bajo esta sombrilla étnica en el planeta que hablan inglés a la misma tasa que hablan español.

Más aún, somos la única población del globo teráqueo que vive, trabaja y socializa en un país donde el 89 por ciento de la población NO es hispana. En la mayor parte, aquí se habla inglés.

Sin embargo, el público parece continuar creyendo que los hispanos sólo hablamos español, alimentando a una histeria entre cierto número de anglo-parlantes para proteger al idioma de Shakespeare, como si el hablar español fuera alguna clase de amenaza a la salud pública que necesite ser eliminada como la poliomielitis o la tuberculosis.

En las elecciones del mes pasado, extremadamente apretadas, los votantes aprobaron abrumadoramente propuestas para realzar al inglés como el único idioma favorito de sus estados. En Utah, los votantes respaldaron de corazón al inglés como su idioma oficial.

Los votantes de Arizona derrotaron abrumadoramente a la enseñanza bilingüe a favor de la inmersión en inglés, una medida llamada "Inglés para los

Niños" que se asemeja a la Proposición 227 de California.

Pero, ¿qué significan esas votaciones para los latinos?

Hasta ahora, la Proposición 227 de California, que hace ilegal a la enseñanza bilingüe, ha provocado revisiones mezcladas, desde elogios estrepitosos hasta críticas mordaces, en sus gestiones para empujar a los latinos a fin de que hablen inglés.

Una cosa está clara: Los niños latinos están aprendiendo inglés -- a costa del español.

En otro relato de otro modo animado sobre la Proposición 227, el New York Times informó en este año de "una consecuencia imprevista" del referendo, que ha afectado a Gabriela Diaz, de 8 años de edad, alumna de tercer grado de Oceanside, California. El Times la mencionó diciendo: "Cuando mis amigos de México vienen acá, no entiendo lo que ellos están diciendo."

¿Es necesario todo esto? Los niños latinos acostumbran ser los primeros en las familias inmigrantes que aprenden inglés. Aún en las familias donde los padres y custodios miran televisión exclusivamente en español, los niños ven más programas en inglés que en español.

Imagínense lo que debe ser para un estudiante latino joven, que carece de confianza propia para tener éxito en matemáticas, ciencias, historia e inglés,

cuando él o ella no puede hablar el español apropiadamente, algo que ayuda a definir quién es él o ella.

Para mí, el problema no es aprender inglés, sino conservar el español.

El español apropiado, con gramática y todo. Pero sin algún apoyo de enseñanza al menos para el español, los niños latinos nacidos o instruidos aquí están perdiendo la habilidad de comunicar no solo con sus familiares pero también con la mayoría de la gente del hemisferio oeste.

En la prisa del público por asegurarse de que los latinos aprendan el inglés, el discurso ha pasado por alto las consecuencias de hacer énfasis solamente en el inglés.

Al enfatizar solamente al inglés, el curso de acción público es convertir a los latinos estadounidenses en hispanos que no pueden hablar español. En ese proceso, los proponentes del "inglés solamente" están quitándonos nuestra identidad y la confianza propia de nuestros niños y sus oportunidades para el éxito en la vida.

Para frenar la tasa elevada de abandono de las escuelas entre los hispanos, puede que lo que realmente necesiten las escuelas no sea Inglés para los Niños, sino Español para los Niños.

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El Amigo de Mi Abuelo

Por Víctor Landa

El día del entierro de mi abuelo, Henry B. voló desde Washington para estar en el servicio fúnebre. Ellos eran antiguos camaradas políticos, que habían recibido cicatrizes y golpes en las mismas contiendas y habían celebrado victorias juntos. Era típico de Henry B. el estar allí para el adiós final.

En alguna parte de una caja hay una foto de mi Papá Grande que estuvo colgada durante años en el estudio de su casa. En ella, él está posando orgullosamente junto a Henry B. y a LBJ. En mi mente, los dos siempre están juntos.

Henry B. González prestó servicios en la Cámara de Representantes de los Estados Unidos durante 37 años. El fue elegido por primera vez en la semana de mi primer cumpleaños. Durante toda mi vida, yo no había conocido a ningún otro representante por el vigésimo-primer Distrito de San Antonio.

Cuando yo era niño, mi abuelo Johnny Esquivel nos cargaba a mí hermano y a mí en su automóvil una semana antes de Navidad y nos llevaba en su ritual anual de entregar regalos a sus amigos, principalmente tabacos puros y botellas de whisky escocés.

Inevitablemente nos detenían en la casa de Henry B. y nos sentábamos por un rato. Cuando yo era adolescente, viajé a Washington con un grupo de la escuela, y tenía instrucciones estrictas de visitar al Representante en su oficina. Tomamos una foto en las escaleras del capitolio, viajamos en el subterráneo del capitolio y almorcamos en la cafetería del capitolio.

Descanse en paz, Henry B.

Rest in peace.

(Víctor Landa es director de Telemundo affiliate KVDA-TV60 en San Antonio, Texas.)

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mi pregunta, seguida por una de las lecciones de historia de Henry B., notoriamente largas. Despues, él se acercó a mí y dijo: "Esa fué una buena pregunta, miijo."

Durante las semanas, eso continuó; cuando mis colegas me veían en la calle, inevitablemente me decían: "Hey, miijo."

En los días que siguieron a la muerte de Henry B. el mes pasado, hubo literalmente miles de anécdotas que hacían las rondas de las casas, los centros de trabajo, las iglesias y las cantinas de San Antonio. El era así de grande.

Lo que fué asombroso para mí era cómo la enormidad de su influencia estaba formada por relaciones minúsculas e interacciones íntimas.

Tómese, por ejemplo, su batalla contra el impuesto electoral en Texas. A Henry B. se le acredita justamente el haber dirigido el ataque que puso fin a una de las leyes más perjudicialmente exclusivistas en la historia. Pero fueron las relaciones pequeñas que él edificó con el pueblo las que le dieron la oportunidad de librarse aquella batalla.

¿Por qué, de otro modo, habrían las personas de escatimar y ahorrar para pagar el impuesto electoral, a fin de votar por él y hacerlo representante? Los electores de aquella época invirtieron en él porque creían en él, y creían en él porque él era uno de ellos.

Cuando pienso en Henry B., no puedo por menos que pensar en mi abuelo en la misma imagen mental. La suya fué una generación de residentes de San

Antonio que capacitó a Henry B., y Henry B. nunca les falló.

Ellos eran un grupo de personas con un propósito más allá del poder, con una meta más allá de la ganancia material.

Eran un grupo de patriotas cuya motivación principal era un sentido de equidad, y no alguna ira cansada y vacía que se destruye a ella misma. Vemos demasiado de eso en estos días.

Cuando pienso en Henry B. ahora, veo a cientos de personas alineadas a lo largo de su procesión fúnebre, con letreros caseros que decían "Adiós" y "Te queremos". Pienso en familias enteras que se alinearon a lo largo del recorrido para presentar sus últimos respetos a un hombre que los respetaba lo suficiente como para dedicar una vida entera al servicio de B.

Descansa en paz, Henry B.

Víctor Landa es director de KVDA-TV60, la afiliada de Telemundo en San Antonio, Texas.)

My Grandfather's Friend

By Victor Landa

The day of my grandfather's funeral, Henry B. flew into San Antonio from Washington for the service. They were old political buddies, had been scarred and battered in the same scuffles, and had celebrated victories together. It was just like Henry B. to be there for the final goodbye.

Somewhere in a box there is a picture of my Papa Grande that hung for years in the den of his house. In it, he's posing proudly next to Henry B. and LBJ. In my mind, the two always stand together. Henry B. González served in the U.S. House of Representatives for 37 years. He was first elected on the week of my first birthday. Throughout my entire life, I had known no other congressman from San Antonio's 21st District.

When I was a boy, my grandfather, Johnny Esquivel, would load my brother and me into his car a week before Christmas and take us on his annual ritual of delivering presents, cigars and bottles of scotch mostly, to his friends. Inevitably we'd stop at Henry B.'s and sit for while.

When I was a teenager, I traveled to Washington with a group from school and had strict instructions to visit the congressman in his office. We took a picture on the steps of the capitol, rode the capitol subway and had lunch in the capitol cafeteria. He gave me a pen with his name and an American flag printed on the side.

Many years later, after my grandfather had passed away and I'd begun reporting for a television station here in San Antonio, I was sent to cover a press conference in Henry B

Peace Hopes Rise as Fox Pulls Troops Out of Chiapas

Zapatista National Liberation Army (ELZN) leader, Subcomandante Marco, said Saturday that he would help restart peace talks, one day after newly inaugurated president Vicente Fox ordered national troops pulled back from Zapatista strongholds, to dismantle roadblocks sensitive spots in Chiapas and sent a previously rejected rebel-backed indigenous-rights bill to Congress.

"The new dialogue begins with deeds, not words. The new dialogue speaks with the sincerity of actions," said a communiqué signed by Fox's interior secretary, Santiago Creel, and Chiapas peace negotiator Luis H. Alvarez.

Encouraged by Fox's actions, Marcos said that he and his top commanders would accompany him to Mexico City next February to engage in the next round of talks and ensure that the Indigenous rights bill is approved in Congress.

"We will go and we will see what happens," the rebel said of his reportedly first trip out of the jungle in 15 years. "We are leaving to do the work our companions are counting on us to do: to bring this war to an end."

Marcos also endorsed Alvarez as a negotiator. It was as a federal senator in 1996 that Alvarez had helped negotiate the Indigenous rights bill.

Although Fox's actions showed good will, the rebel leader did complain that the troops were not pull back all the way out of Chiapas.

While troops were still sta-



Antonia López, de catorce años de edad, es atendida por familiares después de resultar herida durante un enfrentamiento entre paramilitares y la policía federal en el estado de Chiapas.

tioned in roadside camps near closed checkpoints as of Saturday, Creel, traveling with Fox in the neighboring state of Oaxaca on Saturday, told The Associated Press that the soldiers would withdraw in due time.

"There's no deadline," he said. "But there is an order for this to happen progressively."

According to the statement, the withdrawal was intended to signal

the full readiness of the federal government to meet with ELZN representatives as soon as possible.

They hoped that the pullback would "generate a climate favorable to renewing negotiations" to end the almost 7-year-old rebellion the leftist, predominantly indigenous guerrilla organization.

The Zapatistas walked out of talks with President Ernesto

Zedillo's government in 1996 ago over when disagreements arose over the language of the indigenous rights bill that proposed by a Congressional committee.

The two sides have maintained a fragile cease-fire since January 1994.

NAHJ Rechaza Decisión Contra Periodistas

Washington, 8 de diciembre (PRNewswire y LATNN) -- La Asociación Nacional de Periodistas Hispanos (NAHJ, por sus siglas en inglés) se sumó a la Asociación de Periodistas de Puerto Rico para expresar su desacuerdo con una reciente decisión adoptada por el U.S. District Court of Puerto Rico.

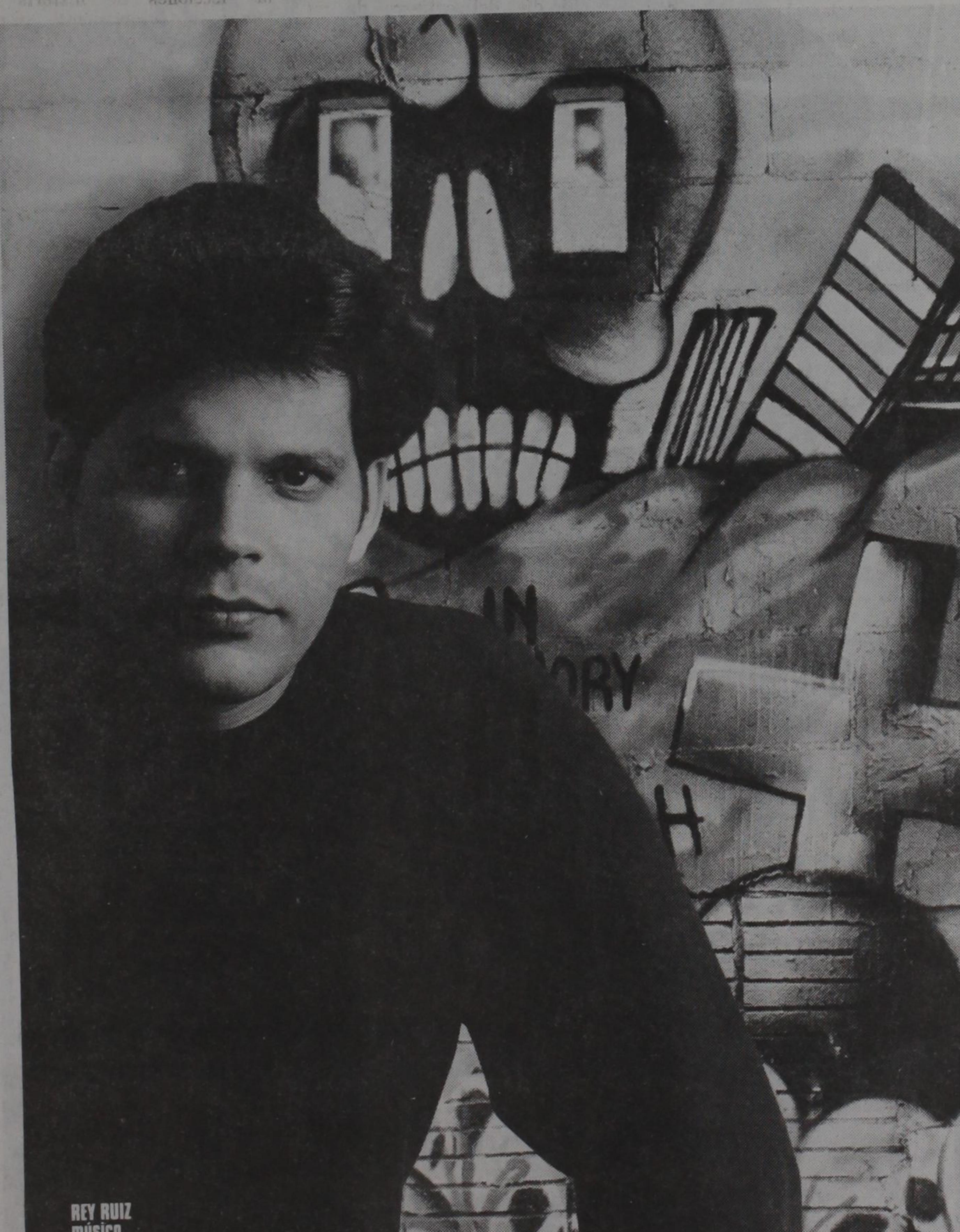
El 30 de noviembre, el tribunal denegó una petición en la que 10 periodistas solicitan que se declarara sin lugar las acusaciones de asalto a la propiedad que pesaban contra

ellos por entrar en una base naval en la isla de Vieques en junio pasado mientras cubrían una protesta contra la Marina de los Estados Unidos.

"Creemos que el tribunal pudo haber ejercido más discreción en este caso", sostuvo Cecilia Alvear, presidenta de NAHJ. "Una sociedad abierta requiere que los periodistas tengan acceso al escenario de los hechos importantes y esta decisión tendrá un efecto disuasivo en la cobertura de un problema vital".

Los periodistas alegaron que cubrían una protesta cuando entraron en Camp García Naval Installation, de Vieques. La Marina de los Estados Unidos ha usado la municipalidad de Puerto Rico para montar maniobras de simulacro bélico en los últimos 40 años.

NAHJ ha instado que el gobierno federal a reconsiderar su decisión de someter los periodistas a juicio penal. En agosto pasado, la NAHJ había enviado una carta al gobernador de Puerto Rico en protesta contra las detenciones.

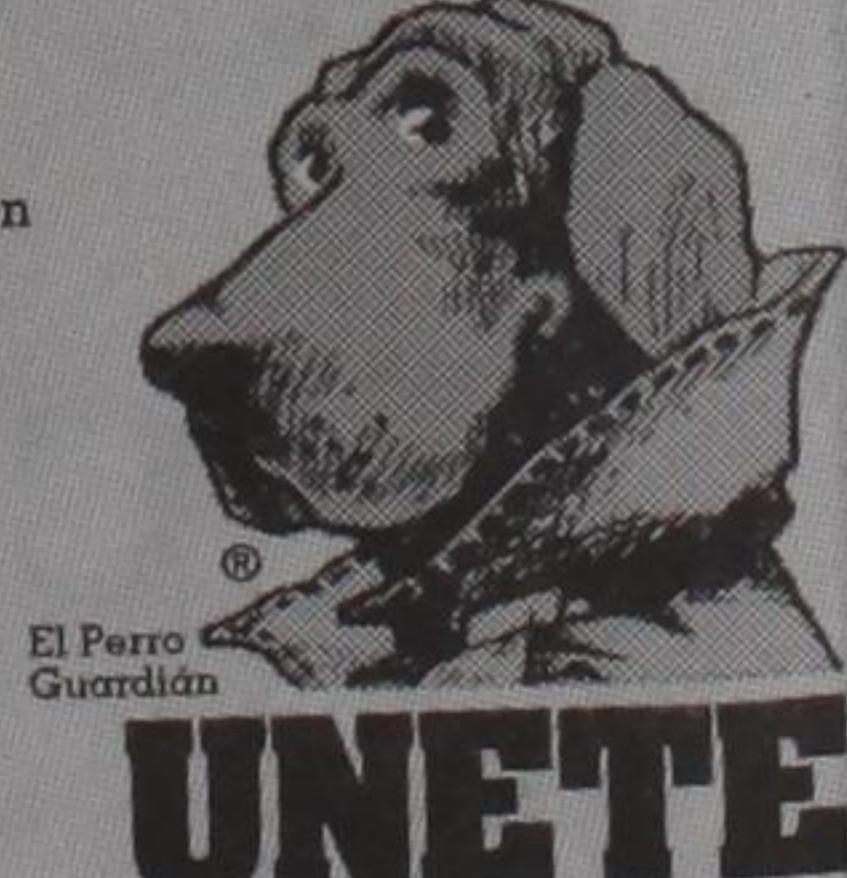


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Crime Prevention Coalition and U.S. Department of Justice

Sweatshop Hearing Set for Tuesday in San Antonio

While Texas Gov. George W. Bush was waiting word on his presidential chances, the working conditions of in U.S.-owned assembly plants in Mexico will be in the spotlight Tuesday in San Antonio, Texas as 20 current and former workers are scheduled to testify about health and safety abuses in their workplaces.

Technologies -- will testify at the hearing. They will provide evidence about severe health hazards in their workplaces, including repeated exposure to open containers of chemicals containing benzene, toluene, methyl chloroform, and other known carcinogens.

Workers at Custom Trim and Auto Trim have reported coughing up blood, fainting spells, respiratory distress, and uncommonly high rates of birth defects and miscarriages. They also report various unsafe work practices leading to severe repetitive strain injuries and cuts, gouges and other hand, face and body injuries.

The U.S. Department of Labor hearing is pursuant to a complaint filed under the terms of the North American Agreement on Labor Cooperation, aside accord to the North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA).

From Page One

the selection of electors made it impossible for Florida to come up with both a uniform standard for counting the votes and do it before the deadline. "In the interest of finality," wrote Justice John Paul Stevens in his dissenting opinion, "...the majority effectively orders the disenfranchisement of an unknown number of voters whose ballots reveal their intent -- and are therefore legal votes under state law -- but were for some reason rejected by ballot-counting machines."

But according to San Francisco political science professor Francisco Wong-Díaz, it is not unusual for the court to split this way. For example, he cites other controversial cases like The Regents of the University of California vs. Bakke, in which the Supreme Court by a 5 to 4 majority found affirmative action quota systems to be unlawful.

"What's new here is the reversal of the Florida Supreme Court," Wong-Díaz said. "Traditionally, the conservative judges in this court have been very protective of state rights. But here, the more liberal judges were the ones who wanted to show deference to the Florida high court." For Vargas,

however, the most important issue to have come out of the battle over the presidency is the need for real reform on how we carry out our elections," he argued. "I think it's an embarrassing situation that the world's leading democracy has such antiquated methods for exercising that democracy." For his part, Wong-Díaz asserted his belief that the contentious and bitter court battle over the Florida vote has diminished the standing of both candidates. He added that he expected Gore to fully accept the court's decision and to unite the nation behind

Bush. At the same time, Wong-Díaz said "Bush needs to be humble and appear confident but conciliatory." In the end, both Wong-Díaz and Vargas agree that it will be a challenge for Bush to govern such a divided country. "Everything is going to be negotiable," said Wong-Díaz, referring to many of the hot issues in the campaign like tax cuts, social security reform, school vouchers and others. Vargas added his prediction that Bush's nominations to the Supreme Court when he becomes President will be "very much scrutinized by not just the Senate, but the public."

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Read
El Editor

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HEALTH NEWS

Ear Infections Common in Infants

LUBBOCK - Acute otitis media, more commonly known as a middle ear infection, is one of the more common childhood illnesses. According to the American Academy of Pediatrics (AAP), most children have had at least one ear infection by the time they are 3 years old. If ear infections are not treated properly, they can lead to hearing loss and other damages.

According to the AAP, parents should be aware of warning signs of ear infections in their children, including:

- * Pain. Older children are able to tell parents when they are in pain. Younger children may appear irritable, cry, rub their ears and have a loss of appetite;

- * Fever ranging from 100 to 104 degrees Fahrenheit;

- * Ear drainage, such as a yellow or white fluid, coming from the child's ear; and

- * Difficulty hearing. Fluid behind the eardrum may get in the way of sound transmission. A child may have difficulty hearing for several weeks during and after an ear infection.

"Although some children develop an ear infection after every time they catch a cold, little babies have more ear infections than older children because the Eustachian tubes, which drain fluids from the middle ear to the throat, do not function as well in smaller children as in older children," said Steven Stripling, M.D., a pediatrician on staff at Covenant Children's Hospital.

When the Eustachian tube is blocked, fluids in the ear may become infected and result in an ear infection.

According to the AAP, children who are male, have a family history of ear infections, are bottle-fed, have allergies or breathe in second-hand smoke have a higher incidence of middle ear infections than other children.

If a parent notices any signs of an ear infection, or if a child is in pain, is not eating as well as usual, or is lethargic and not responding well to the mother, a physician should be consulted immediately," Dr. Stripling said.

El Editor**Look for Warning Signs to Catch Lymphedema Early**

LUBBOCK - Lymphedema is a condition that affects 250 million people worldwide. Yet it is often misunderstood, misdiagnosed and mistreated.

According to the Lymphedema/Edema Center of the Joe Arrington Cancer Research and Treatment Center (JACC), lymphedema is an abnormal accumulation of fluid in the arms, legs, face, neck or trunk. Primary lymphedema can occur at birth or later in life without any obvious cause. Secondary lymphedema can develop at any time after cancer therapy, immediately after surgery or many years later.

"Lymphedema is a chronic condition that has no known cure. If it is not treated, it may lead to cellulitis, infection, skin breakdown and can result in further hospitalization," said Dan Johnson, lymphedema therapist at JACC. "Typical cases of lymphedema are seen in an individual who has had some type of cancer surgery or lymph node removal. Most of these are due to breast cancer therapy."

Some early signs of lymphedema are:

- * Warmth and redness of skin;
- * Decreased limb strength;
- * Reduced or restricted limb movement; and
- * Rings, watches or socks leaving an impression on the skin or fitting tighter than usual.

"If an individual notices any of the warning signs, he or she should contact their physician immediately. Lymphedema will not go away without treatment," Johnson said.

The Lymphedema/Edema Center at JACC has begun a new quarterly support group for individuals who have lymphedema and their families and friends. Participants meet to ask questions about the condition, see what is and is not helping others cope with the condition and learn how to handle life with lymphedema.

"People with lymphedema often experience discomfort, achiness, frustration, anxiety and body image disturbances due to a swollen extremity," Johnson said. "The support group allows them to talk about their feelings and realize they are not alone."

For information about lymphedema call (806) 725-8019.

ARTURO GUDIÑO

San José, Costa Rica - Alrededor de dos millones de adolescentes, muchas de ellas abusadas sexualmente en su propia familia, se convierten en madres cada año en América Latina, una cifra impresionante que ha causado alarma en los organismos que velan por los derechos de la infancia.

Un estudio del Fondo de Naciones Unidas para la Infancia (UNICEF) aseguró que "de los 13 millones de partos registrados anualmente en la región, dos millones corresponden a adolescentes de entre 15 y 19 años".

El tema de las madres adolescentes fue uno de los puntos que se abordó en la X Cumbre Iberoamericana realizada en Panamá el

17 y 18 de noviembre, bajo el lema de "Unidos por la niñez y la adolescencia, base de la justicia y la equidad en el nuevo milenio".

Las niñas y adolescentes también son utilizadas por proxenetas en países que se han convertido en centros de turismo sexual, como Río de Janeiro, República Dominicana, Lima, San José, entre otros, de acuerdo con denuncias de organismos no gubernamentales.

Según UNICEF, "la iniciación sexual puede darse con algún grado de abuso que, en muchos casos, trae como consecuencia inmediata el embarazo. El ataque incestuoso, la violación o la seducción coercitiva del hombre mayor proviene, por lo general, de su entorno social o laboral".

No pocas de esas adolescentes

quedan embarazadas, y muchas forman parte de las 65,000 personas que entre los 15 y los 24 años son infectadas de SIDA anualmente en Latinoamérica, según las Naciones Unidas.

Un buen porcentaje de esas madres adolescentes comenzaron a ser abusadas cuando sólo tenían cinco años en el seno de su propia familia, de acuerdo con un estudio realizado en Costa Rica sobre víctimas femeninas del maltrato doméstico.

En Ecuador un estudio similar reveló que en un 50% de los casos de abusos sexuales los agresores vivían con los niños y en Argentina un 75% de los abusadores son familiares directos.

En República Dominicana un análisis reveló que al menos

900,000 niños y niñas que viven en extrema pobreza se encuentran en situación de riesgo de ser explotados sexualmente, y las niñas en peligro de convertirse en madres adolescentes.

Entretanto, en Brasil, "niñas de 9 a 14 años han sido víctimas explotación sexual".

La mayoría de las madres adolescentes proviene de hogares pobres o desintegrados.

"En los sectores de menores ingresos, en las zonas urbanas la maternidad temprana es de un 32% y de un 40% entre las adolescentes que viven en zonas rurales", apuntó el estudio de UNICEF.

Un estudio de la Comisión Económica para la América Latina y el Caribe (CEPAL) señaló que "los hogares pobres encabezados por mujeres presentan los niveles más críticos y persistentes de la pobreza".

"Se habla de la 'feminización de la pobreza' como un fenómeno que ha venido teniendo expresión en la región en las últimas décadas. Los menores ingresos de las mujeres pobres se explican, en parte, por su menor nivel educativo o porque las remuneraciones que reciben son sistemáticamente inferiores" a las de los hombres, precisó CEPAL.

Pobreza, abuso sexual de niñas y adolescentes y embarazos tempranos, van de la mano en América Latina y el Caribe, de acuerdo con los estudios efectuados por los organismos especializados.

■ AFP

Millones de niñas se convierten en madres

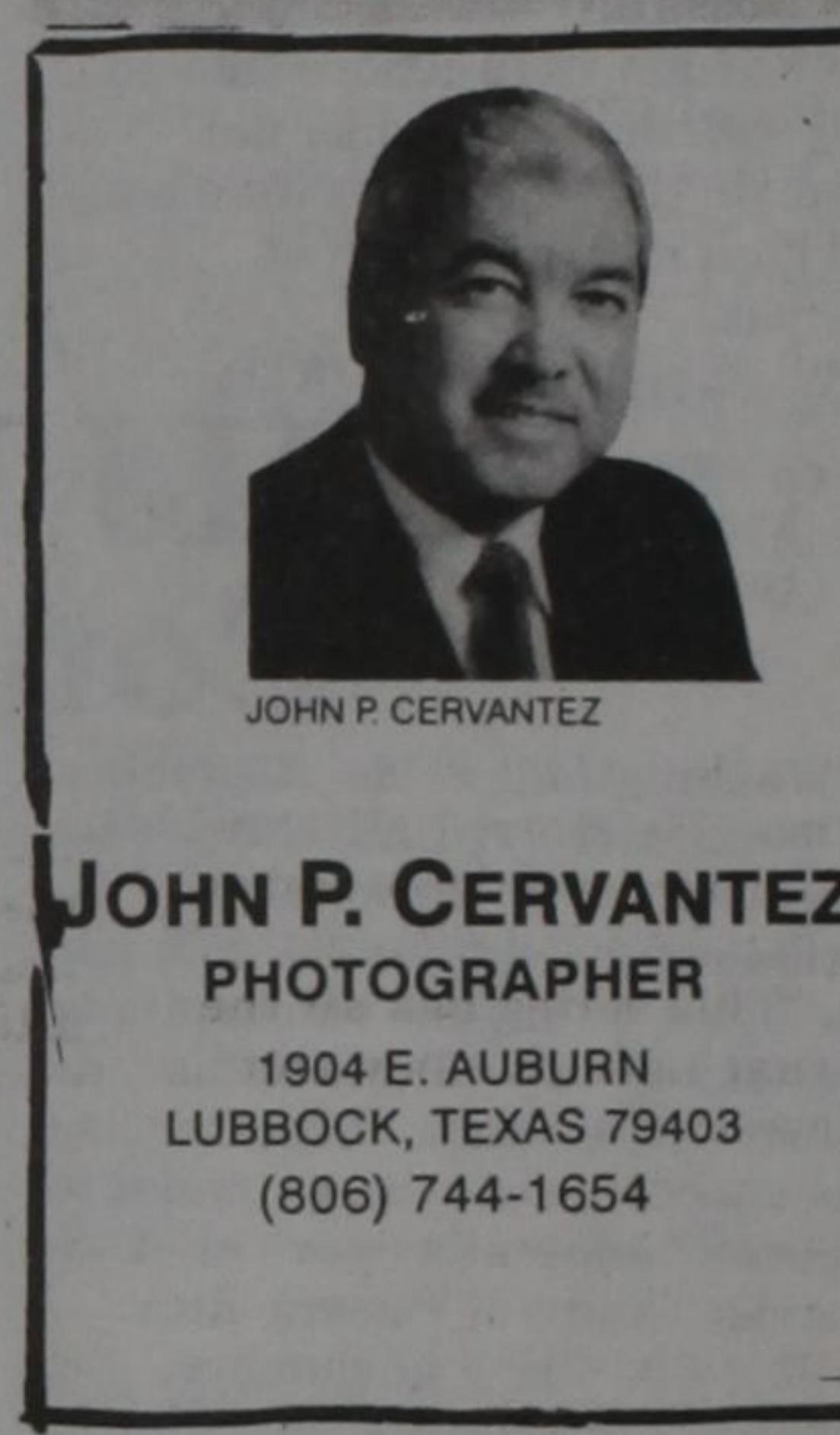
Martinez Elected to Chair Lubbock Hispanic Chamber



photo by John P. Cervantez

Local Lubbock attorney David Martinez was elected as chairman of the Lubbock Hispanic Chamber of Commerce last Friday evening during its annual membership board of directors meeting.

A good attendance of members were at the election. Other officers elected include: left to right in photo: Albert Brazo-membership director; Robert Narvaez-international trade and government affairs director; David Martinez-Chairman; Richard Calvillo-vice chairman; Dela Esqueda-secretary and Judy Ortiz-education director.



No se puede determinar quién está encinta con sólo mirar en el espejo.

Para eso son las pruebas.

El grupo Childbirth Network (Red de Partos) le ofrece pruebas del embarazo, gratuitas y confidenciales de 8 AM a 5 PM de lunes a viernes. Sencillo, rápido, y recibirá los resultados de inmediato.

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La Childbirth Network es un programa de apoyo a las madres y los bebés, patrocinado por el Centro Médico Highland, el Centro de Manejo de Pacientes Externos de Diabetes de West Texas (The Diabetes Outpatient Management Center of West Texas) y el March of Dimes. Nosotros ofrecemos información de todo, desde cuidados durante el embarazo hasta medidas de seguridad para su bebé, y cualquier persona puede participar.



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La Pasión de Tony Plana Por Resurrection Blvd.

Escrito por Gladys M. Rosa

Cuando miramos la televisión hoy día vemos a los Latinos representados como ladrones, drogadictos, vendedores de drogas, prostitutas, pandilleros o matones. Así es como la televisión en Estados Unidos nos ha pintado. Los Latinos no somos percibidos con valor o importancia por los medios de habla Ingles.

Por eso es que Tony Plana, una de las estrellas de la serie de Showtime 'Resurrection Blvd.', cuyos nuevos episodios se transmiten todos los lunes a las 10 p.m. hora del este, se siente tan convencido de la

conmovedora y entretenida serie. Plana hace el papel de Roberto Santiago, el patriarca de la familia Santiago. Es el padre viudo de tres hijos y dos hijas que ha tenido que tomar el lugar de madre y madre después de la muerte de su esposa Teresa. Un ex-boxeador, Roberto una vez tuvo el sueño de ser campeón, pero nunca pudo ver su sueño convertirse en realidad.

"'Resurrection Blvd.' es una novela de alta clase", explica Plana quien ha actuado en más de 30 películas. Plana comenzó su carrera en el teatro después

de graduarse de la universidad como becario Fulbright. "Esta serie contiene todo el drama con que los Latinos nos podemos entretener y relacionar," dice Plana. Se trata de una familia como cualquier otra que trata de hacer del 'Sueño Americano' una realidad en sus vidas. El sueño de poder disfrutar de una buena y exitosa vida — de tener seguridad, dinero y felicidad — algo que desea todo el mundo. Los Santiago son una familia Latina.

Roberto Santiago es el entrenador y manager de su hijo menor, Alex (Nicholas González),

Tony Plana's Passion for Resurrection Blvd

By Gladys M. Rosa

When we tune in to television today, we see Latinos usually depicted as thieves, drug addicts, dealers, prostitutes, gang members or killers. That is how the English language television depicts us today. Latinos are not made to look valuable or important.

That is why Tony Plana, one of the stars of Showtime's series 'Resurrection Blvd.', with all-new episodes airing on Mondays at 10 pm Eastern time, feels so strongly about the intriguing and entertaining series. Plana stars as Roberto Santiago, the patriarch of the Santiago family. The widowed father of three sons and two daughters is forced to become both father and mother to his children following the death of his wife Teresa. A former boxer, Roberto once had the dream of becoming champion, but was never able to realize his dream.

"'Resurrection Blvd.' is a story who has made more than 30 movies. He started his career in the theater after graduating as a Fulbright scholar from college. "This series has all the drama that Latinos enjoy and can relate to. It is about a typical family trying to make the American Dream a reality in their lives. The dream of being able to live a good and successful life — of having security, money and happiness — something everyone desires. The Santiagos just happen to be Latino.

Roberto Santiago is the trainer and manager of his younger son, Alex (Nicholas Gonzalez), the most adventurous and sexy of the Santiagos. His dedication to his son's career is evident: he wakes up every morning before dawn to make sure that Alex gets up and out into the pre-dawn darkness of East L. A. to run five miles. Fueled by papi's desires, Alex trains with the hope of becoming a boxing champion.

Before dedicating himself to Alex's boxing career, Roberto trained his older son, Carlos (Michael DeLorenzo). Carlos was a talented boxer with a promising career. Unfortunately, his boxing career was ended prematurely by a gang member who shot Carlos and left him for dead for having defended his sister's honor. Carlos lives and escapes paralysis, but is not able to box anymore.

Miguel (Mauricio Mendoza) the attractive and playful yet serious older son, puts aside his own dreams and hopes to help

make something of his younger brothers. Miguel stands by his father's side, helping him with family business matters, tending to his brothers' wounds, and often acting as family referee.

Yolanda (Ruth Livier), is the intelligent, dedicated and correct older daughter who works full time for a law firm, while simultaneously trying to fill her mother's shoes — she does the cooking, cleaning, worrying about her family and caring for her younger sister, Victoria.

Victoria (Marisol Nichols) is the youngest of the Santiagos. A beautiful, sensitive, yet strong young woman, Victoria faces the typical teenage conflict of the barrio: she tries to remain a loyal and respectful daughter, while struggling to be accepted by her peers at school.

The wise, sexy and lighthearted aunt Bibi (Elizabeth Peña), still mourning the death of her sister, and Roberto's wife, Teresa, plays an important role in the lives of the Santiagos. With the infinite wisdom of a mother and a woman's intuition, aunt Bibi intervenes in family matters to maintain the peace and harmony. And the serious Ruben (Daniel Zacapa), a man with deep emotions, is a loving, but mentally impaired uncle who has suffered too many blows while boxing, as well as the

"Five out of seven writers are Latinos. When we deal with any subject, it actually is a true depiction, rather than the regular stereotypes we see on television," says Plana. "We have negative and positive portrayals in this series, just as we have in real life. However, one of the major differences is that the characters are hard working people and are portrayed with respect, decency, passion and intelligence. Take, for instance, Roberto Santiago. He is a widower who lives for his children. In most television programming, a Latino father either has abandoned his children, is in jail, abuses his wife, or does drugs. This is one of the many reasons, in addition to the great entertainment the series provides, why it is so important for Latinos to support 'Resurrection Blvd.'

Tony Plana feels passionately that 'Resurrection Blvd.' can help change the future perception of Latinos. "When you watch 'Resurrection Blvd.', you see that Latinos are portrayed as being dedicated to our families and also believe in

the American Dream," Plana says. "We work hard, love deeply, and we are passionate and respectful. We are multi-dimensional. This series can be the signal and the catalyst to a cultural revolution on television."

When asked how Latinos are responding to 'Resurrection Blvd.', Plana's voice saddens when he says, "We need to wake up Latinos. Many Latinos have not heard of the show. We need more outreach. If more Latinos subscribed to Showtime, then 'Resurrection Blvd.' would be the biggest hit on television. That could open the doors to many Hispanic oriented shows and lead to a more positive depiction of Latinos overall."

Plana is concerned that the Spanish language media has not really turned on the heat for 'Resurrection Blvd.' "Maybe they (the Spanish language media) have not heard enough about 'Resurrection Blvd.'," Plana says. He hopes this is the case, because it would be too disheartening to think that Latinos do not support their own. "This is the first time in the history of television that we have a series about boxing, and the first time that we have a Latino family series that's entertaining to watch. Our children can turn on the television and see themselves as the dominant culture."

"Do you realize that in the year 2050, Hispanics will represent 25 percent of the population in the United States? That is awesome! If we could bring this audience together, just imagine the power we would have", says Plana.

The veteran actor says, "we have a window of opportunity, a chance to really make a difference, not only on television, but also in the lives of so many Latinos." Showtime is the first network to commit to a series featuring Latinos in front of and behind the camera," Plana says. "We should applaud Showtime for recognizing the potential and the importance of Latinos. The network put its money where its mouth is, and that is not easy to do."

The question now remains - will a substantial percentage of the almost 35 million Latinos in the U.S. today tune in to Showtime on Monday nights at 10 pm? Tony Plana only hopes that they will. If Latinos can help make other series on television popular, then why not make a success out of a show about their own?

el más aventurero y sexy de los Santiago. Su dedicación a la carrera de su hijo es evidente: se despierta todas las mañanas antes del amanecer para asegurarse de que Alex se levante y salga a correr 5 millas en la oscuridad aun nocturna del este de Los Angeles. Impulsado por los deseos de papi, Alex entrena con la esperanza de convertirse en campeón de boxeo.

Antes de dedicarse a la carrera boxística de Alex, Roberto entrenaba a su hijo mayor, Carlos (Michael DeLorenzo). Carlos era un boxeador con mucho talento y porvenir. Desafortunadamente, su carrera fue truncada prematuramente por un miembro de pandilla, quien le disparó y lo dejó por muerto por defender el honor de su hermana menor. Carlos vive y vuela a caminar, pero no puede volver a boxear.

Miguel (Mauricio Mendoza), el atractivo, serio, y a veces juguetón hermano mayor, ha puesto a un lado sus propios sueños y deseos para ayudar en la formación de sus hermanos. Miguel está siempre al lado de su padre, ayudándole a manejar las finanzas familiares, atendiendo las heridas de sus hermanos, y ocasionalmente haciendo de árbitro en las disputas familiares.

Yolanda (Ruth Livier), es la inteligente, dedicada y correcta hija mayor. Además de trabajar tiempo completo para un bufete de abogados, Yolanda toma el lugar de su madre, cocinando, limpiando, y preocupándose por su familia y el cuidado de su hermana menor, Victoria.

Victoria (Marisol Nichols), es la más joven de los Santiago. Una bella y sensible pero fuerte joven, Victoria se enfrenta con los típicos conflictos de la adolescencia en el barrio: siempre intenta ser una leal y respetuosa hija, mientras lucha por ser aceptada por sus contemporáneos en la escuela.

La sabia, sensual y humorística tía Bibi (Elizabeth Peña), que aún está de luto por la muerte de su hermana y la esposa de Roberto, Teresa, juega un papel importante en la vida de los Santiago. Con su infinita sabiduría de madre y su intuición de mujer, Bibi interviene para mantener la paz y la armonía de familia cuando algo anda mal. Y el serio Rubén (Daniel Zacapa), un hombre de

profunda emoción, es un tío amoroso que quedó mentalmente incapacitado por haber sufrido demasiados golpes a la cabeza mientras boxeaba, al igual que las cicatrices de guerra.

"Cinco de los siete escritores son Latinos. Estamos representando a los Latinos como somos realmente, y no con los comunes estereotipos que vemos en la televisión," dice Plana. "Como en la vida real, la serie muestra aspectos negativos y positivos de nuestra gente. Sin embargo, una de las mayores diferencias es que los personajes son trabajadores y son presentados con respeto, decencia, pasión e inteligencia. Tome por ejemplo a Roberto Santiago. Es un viudo que vive para sus hijos. En la mayoría de los programas de televisión, un padre Latino ha abandonado a sus hijos, está en la cárcel, abusa de su esposa o está tomando drogas. Esta es una de las razones por la cual los Latinos debemos apoyar a 'Resurrection Blvd.'"

Tony Plana siente apasionadamente que 'Resurrection Blvd.' puede ayudar a cambiar la futura percepción de los Latinos. "En 'Resurrection Blvd.', se puede ver que somos dedicados a nuestras familias y que también creemos en el Sueño Americano," dice Plana. "Trabajamos fuertemente, amamos profundamente, y somos apasionados y respetuosos. Somos multi-dimensionales. Esta serie será la señal y el catalizador de una revolución cultural en la televisión."

Al preguntarle como están respondiendo los Latinos hacia 'Resurrection Blvd.', la voz de Plana se entristece al decir,

"Necesitamos despertar a los Latinos. Muchos Latinos no conocen la serie. Necesitamos alcanzar a más personas. Si más Latinos se suscriben a Showtime, 'Resurrection Blvd.' sería el éxito más grande de la televisión. Esto podría abrir las puertas a muchos más programas de orientación Hispana y lograr una mejor presentación de los Latinos en general."

Plana está preocupado por el hecho de que los medios de prensa Hispanos no han encendido el interés por 'Resurrection Blvd.' "Quizás ellos (los medios de prensa Hispana) no han oido lo suficiente sobre 'Resurrection Blvd.'", dice Plana. El veterano

actor dice que espera que éste sea el caso, porque sería muy decepcionante pensar que los Latinos no les damos apoyo a los nuestros. "Esta es la primera vez en la historia de la televisión que tenemos una serie sobre sobre una familia Latina y sobre el boxeo. Nuestros niños pueden prender la televisión y verse a sí mismos como la cultura dominante."

"En el año 2050 los Hispanos representaremos el 25% de la población de los Estados Unidos. Eso es asombroso! Si podríamos unir esta audiencia, imagínate el poder que tendríamos", dice Plana.

Plana dice que "tenemos una oportunidad única, una ocasión para hacer una gran diferencia, no sólamente en televisión pero también en la vida de muchos Latinos. Showtime es la primera cadena que se ha comprometido a hacer una serie que presenta Hispanos en frente y detrás de las cámaras," dice Plana. "Deberíamos aplaudir a Showtime por reconocer el potencial y la importancia de los Latinos".

La pregunta es: sintonizarán Showtime los casi 35 millones de Latinos en los Estados Unidos, los lunes a las 10 p.m. hora del este? Tony Plana espera que así sea. Si los Latinos pueden ayudar a hacer un éxito de otras series en la televisión, entonces porqué no hacer un triunfo de una serie que trata de nuestra gente?

Entre Los Tamales.

Un Regalo Exótico de Navidad Para Olivia

Por Olivia Muñoz

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Primero hacemos la fiesta. Las formalidades como preparar la mesa nunca se observan. Nos sentamos cuando hay un espacio disponible, comiendo nuestra

continued on page 6

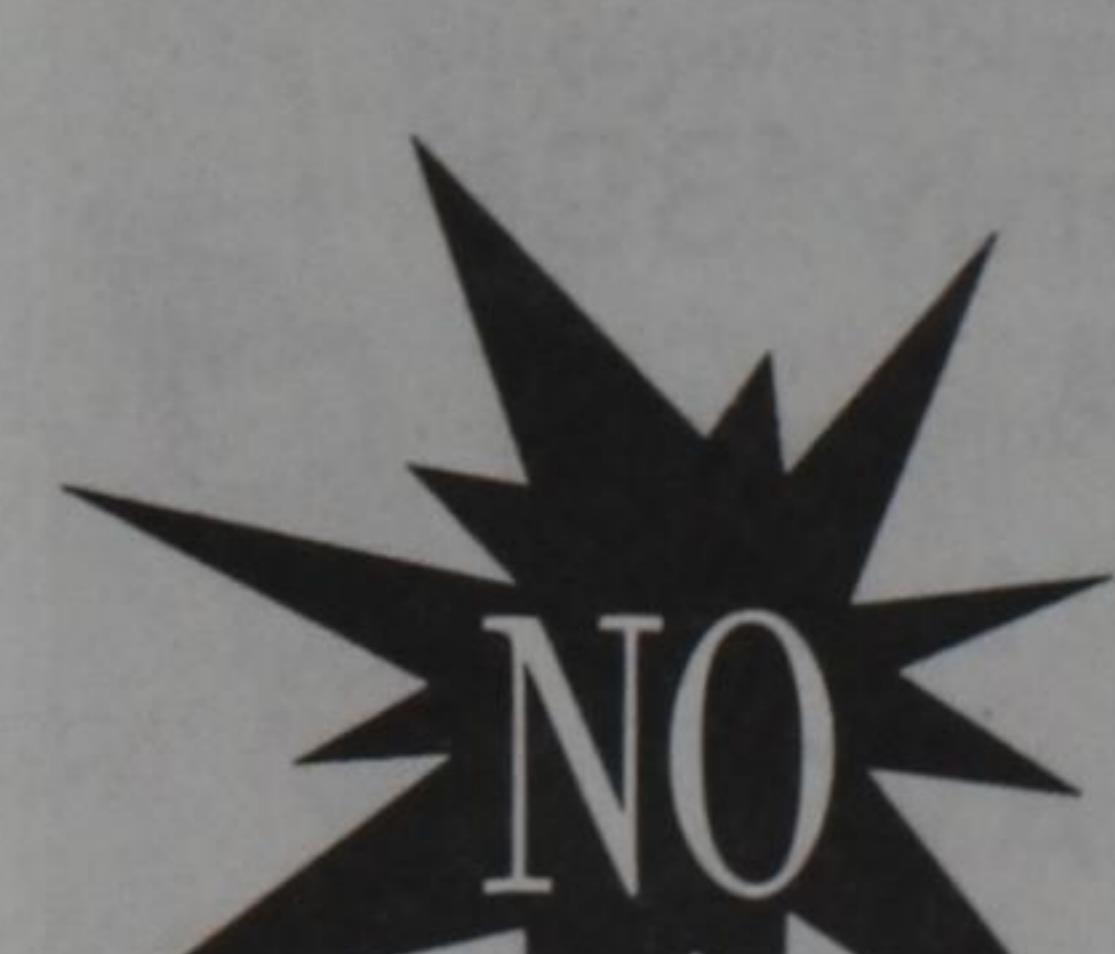
LOS MENORES & EL TABACO

Los menores no deben ni fumar ni tener productos de tabaco a su alcance. Creemos que sobre este importante tema existe un consenso amplio.

En Philip Morris USA, nos hemos comprometido a confrontar responsablemente el problema complejo del uso del tabaco por los menores de edad. Este problema no tiene solución fácil ni única. Muchos expertos sugieren que la mejor manera de actuar es hacerlo ampliamente, integrando la comunicación, la educación, la participación de la comunidad y la prevención del acceso a los cigarrillos.

Parte de nuestro compromiso es ejercer un papel activo en la reducción del uso del tabaco entre los menores de edad. Por eso creamos el Departamento de Prevención del Uso Juvenil del Tabaco con el único propósito de desarrollar y promover programas que ayuden a reducir la incidencia del uso juvenil del tabaco. Hemos dedicado recursos substanciales — más de \$100 millones el año pasado — a iniciativas basadas en los componentes mencionados arriba. Este año invertiremos la misma cantidad en estas iniciativas.

Nuestro esfuerzo incluye el apoyo de programas escolares, uno de los cuales ha sido reconocido por su excelente labor preventiva por los Centros para el Control y la Prevención de Enfermedades (Centers for Disease Control and



EL TABACO HOY EN DÍA

primero de una serie de mensajes

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Prevention) y otras organizaciones nacionales. También lanzamos campañas publicitarias nacionales: una para aconsejar a los jóvenes a que no fumen y otra que exhorta a los padres a hablarle a sus hijos de no fumar.

Para ayudar a prevenir el acceso de los menores de edad a productos de tabaco, contribuimos económicamente al programa nacional "Identificate" ("We Card"). Este programa de educación y capacitación para comerciantes fue iniciado por la Coalición para la Venta Responsable de Productos Derivados del Tabaco en Negocios Detallistas (Coalition for Responsible Tobacco Retailing). El programa ha entrenado a más de 500,000 empleados de tiendas para de tabaco por menores de edad.

Ayudar a prevenir el uso del tabaco entre los menores de edad es una labor importante, y es lo correcto tanto para nuestra compañía como para nuestros empleados. También es lo correcto para nuestros accionistas y clientes adultos. A todos nos corresponde resolver el problema del uso del tabaco entre los jóvenes. En Philip Morris USA, nos esforzamos en hacer nuestra parte.

Para más información acerca de nuestros esfuerzos para evitar que los menores fumen, visite nuestro sitio en el Internet en www.philipmorrisusa.com. Si no tiene acceso al Internet, por favor llame al 1-877-PMUSAWE.

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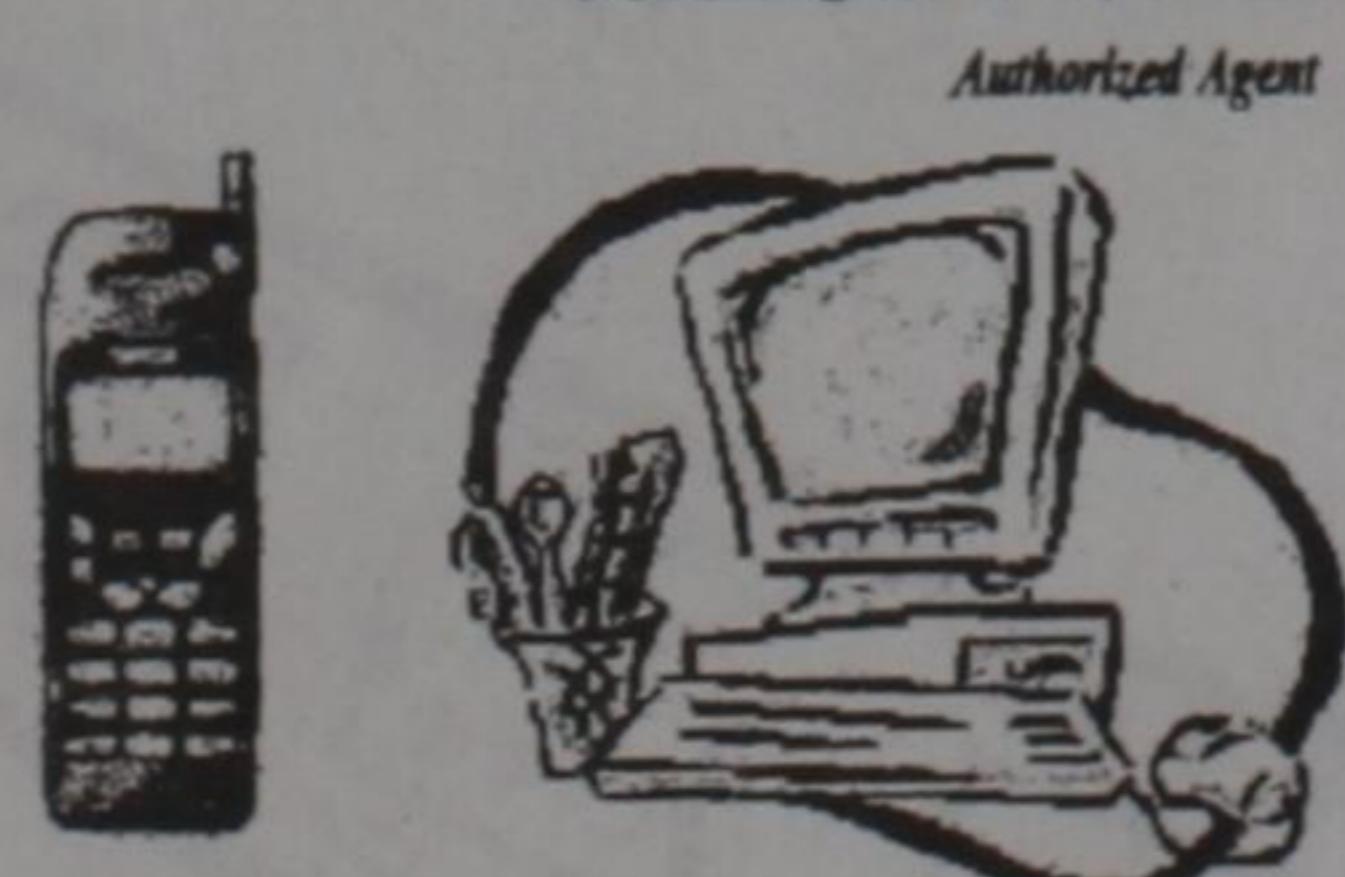
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Among the Tamales, An Exotic Gift for Olivia

By Olivia Muñoz

The gifts I get for Christmas every year are literally priceless. I receive them on Christmas Eve, when everything else happens. We attend early evening mass -- my mom and dad and four sisters and brothers. Then we all come together -- about 30 aunts, uncles, cousins, grandparents, godparents, boyfriends, girlfriends and just friends -- to eat and open our presents at a chosen house, rotating among families throughout the years.

First, we feast. Formalities like setting the table are never observed.

We belly up to it when a spot becomes available, eating our yule meal in shifts. Or we sit on the couch or the floor in front of the television, or in the basement, using an unsteady Ping-Pong table or a well-worn, well-stained pool table to spread food and drink.

Just like us, the meal is a cultural blend. Tamales are the *piece de résistance*, often supported by a Southern ham. There's Mexican cheese and Kraft spreads, fruit *ponche* and Midwestern pop, *Chocolate Abuelita* and Taster's Choice coffee. And culturally schizoid pastas and salads.

Sometimes my mom or some of us older kids, tamales in hand, have to interrupt our eating rituals to chase after the younger kids, who prefer to play.

Oh, tamales! Let other people open their expensive gifts. I'm usually content -- last year was the one big exception -- as long as I get to unwrap as many tamales as I want. My godmother makes them every year, and no one will ever convince me that they are not the best, stuffed with hot, spicy pork, chicken with chile, Mexican cheese with chile and my favorite, beans with cheese.

For dessert there are sweet tamales, dyed pink and green,

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From Page 5

cena de Navidad por turnos. O nos sentamos en el sofá, o en el piso, delante del televisor, o en el sótano, usando una mesa de Ping-Pong tambaleante o una mesa de billar bien gastada y manchada, para extender los alimentos y las bebidas.

I cocked my head to the side and gave him a quit-being-stupid look.

"What?"

"This is really what I want," he insisted. Then I remembered that I had just requested bobby pins as a gift.

I'd been wanting those trendy hair pins for months, but I felt guilty buying something that I didn't really need. A pack of 15 iridescent bobby pins cost almost two dollars because they were a different color.

I could buy 200 bobby pins at the dollar store with those same two bucks. But they were a gift. I didn't feel guilty at all.

It was the same with my brother and his shampoo. My sister Margarita decided she wanted a bottle for herself.

"Man, *Amé*'s gonna be mad that we're buying expensive hair stuff," I thought as we walked over to the cash register. But I got over it. I got everything I wanted last Christmas.

Doesn't a person with a fortune as grand as mine have the right to own the very finest bobby pins?

Olivia Muñoz is a journalism fellow with Hispanic Link News Service in Washington, D.C. She may be reached by e-mail at zapotec@ aol.com. As usual, she'll join her family in Saginaw, Mich., for Christmas this year.)

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de la nobleza más elevada.

Cuando todos terminamos de comer -- un ritual que se lleva tres horas -- rezamos el rosario en español. Despues, los niños menores se arrodillan y se turnan para arrullar al Niño Jesús en el pesebre, mientras todos cantamos.

Entonces abrimos los regalos. Los chicos se emocian, pero para entonces los regalos más preciosos de todos han sido compartidos ya -- nuestro amor y nuestras tradiciones. Nuestra cena de tamales se retrotrae a siglos de existencia. Nuestras oraciones y canciones en español me recuerdan cuán afortunados somos de ser una familia verdadera. No hay necesidad de regalos extravagantes. En los demás días del año, andamos en muchas direcciones diferentes; algunas veces somos invisibles los unos para los otros.

Puesto que nunca tuvimos que tratar con mucha riqueza material, nunca nos preocupamos mucho por los regalos de un todo. Exceptuando al año pasado. En la mañana del Día de Navidad, mi hermano Francisco, quien con sus 17 años era dos años menor que yo, y yo, anduvimos alrededor de la ciudad con Margarita, de 10 años, a remolque, buscando una tienda que estuviera abierta. No nos habíamos comprado regalos unos a los otros. Advertimos una farmacia de Walgreen que me imagino que necesitaría de un desastre natural importante para cerrar, y nos aventuramos a entrar.

"De modo que, ¿qué quieres tú?" preguntó Francisco. "Sólo tengo cuatro dólares."

"¿Qué tal estos pasadores?" levanté dos paquetes de pasadores iridiscentes con etiquetas de precio de \$1.99.

"Bueno, si eso es lo que

quieres," dijo él, adelantando por el pasillo. "Yo quiero esto," me dijo él, sujetando una botella de champú Herbal Essence para la caspa, que estaba en venta especial por \$2.29 en ese día. Mamá nunca gasta más de un dólar en champú.

Moví la cabeza hacia un lado y le dirigí una mirada como diciéndole:

"Deja de ser estúpido."

"¿Qué?"

"Esto es realmente lo que quiero," insistió él. Entonces recordé que yo sólo había pedido los pasadores como regalo.

Yo había estado deseando esos pasadores de moda durante meses, pero me sentí culpable comprando algo que no necesitaba en realidad. Un paquete de 15 pasadores iridiscentes costaba casi dos dólares, sólo porque eran de distinto color. Podría comprar 200 pasadores en la Tienda del Dólar con esos mismos dos dólares. Pero eran un regalo. No me sentí culpable del todo. Fué igual con mi hermano y su champú. Mi hermana Margarita decidió que quería una botella

"Mamá se va a enojar porque hayamos comprado ese champú caro para el cabello," pensé yo, mientras íbamos hacia la caja registradora. Pero me sobrepuso a ello. Yo tuve todo lo que deseaba en la Navidad anterior.

"No tiene una persona con una fortuna tan grande como la mía el derecho a poseer los mejores pasadores?"

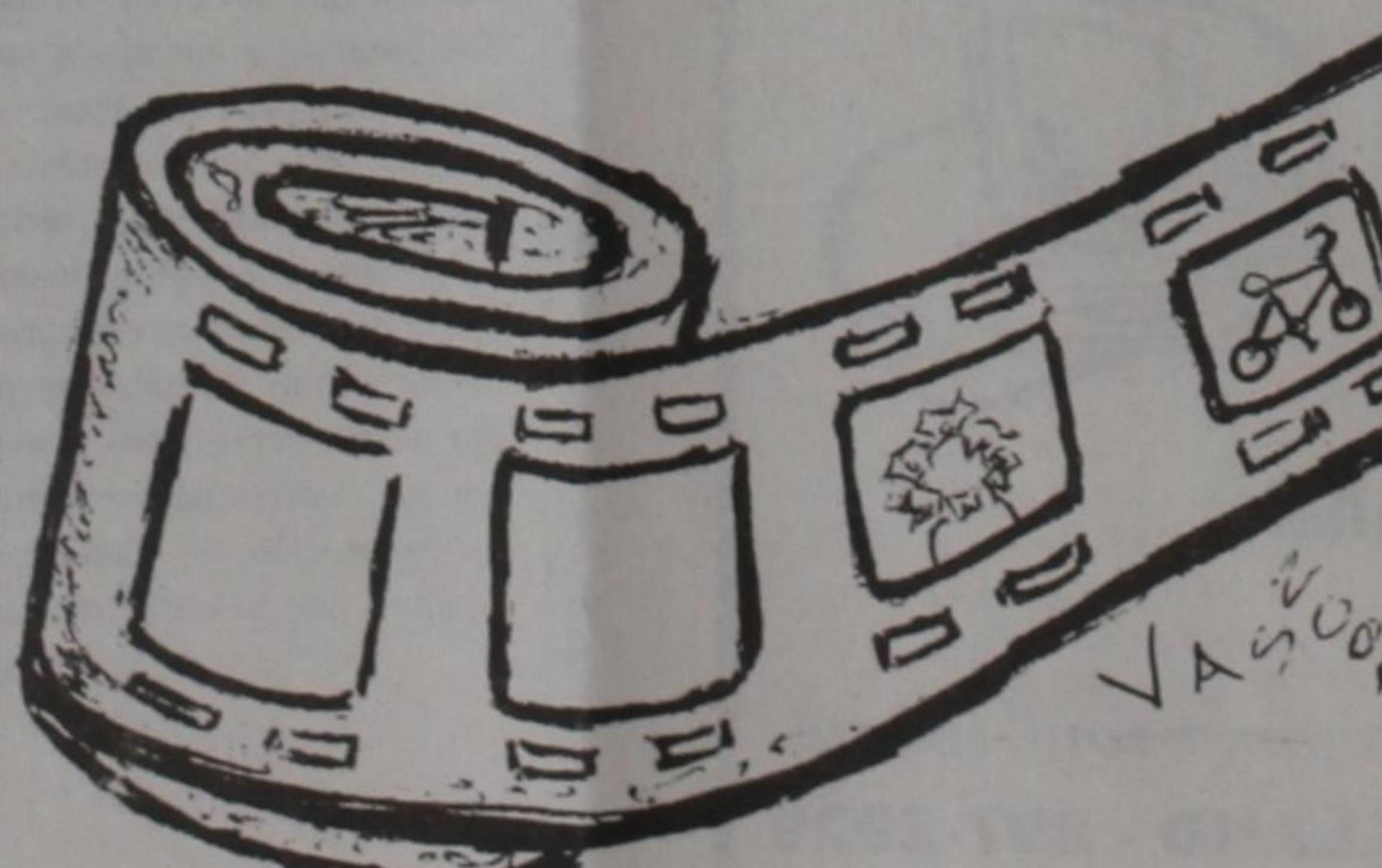
(Olivia Muñoz es becada de periodismo en Hispanic Link News Service en Washington, D.C. Como acostumbra hacerlo, ella se unirá a su familia en Saginaw, Mich., para celebrar la Navidad en este año.)

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The Wonderous Santa Claus Suit

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