

## Diner De Luxe at Burma Front



American field service ambulance drivers en route to the Burma front lunch on a flat car and find that the food is as good as in a de luxe diner. These volunteers are serving with British and Indian forces. They travel by boat, road and rail for long distances, always with their assigned ambulances.

## Henderson to Enlarge Grain Elevator Here

C. M. Henderson of the Henderson Grain & Seed company, today announced plans to enlarge the storage capacity at his grain elevator in this city, with work expected to start before the close of the present week. A new addition of six large bins with an overall measurement of 32x48 feet is to be made to the south side of the present structure, which will give additional storage of 25,000 bushels, boosting the total capacity to 75,000 bushels.

R. E. Plott of Amarillo, will supervise the construction work, and most of the labor will be by local men. Henderson said the material to be used in the addition was being obtained from small grain bins he recently purchased from the government.

## Accident Victim Is Buried At Bovina

Funeral services for C. L. Calaway, Jr., 13-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Calaway of the Rhea community, were conducted at the Methodist church at Bovina Thursday afternoon of last week and burial was made in the Bovina cemetery.

Young Calaway was instantly killed when he was run over by a tractor and one-way plow while plowing in a field of Elmo Dean, near the Calaway home. It is believed that he was knocked from the machine by a bolt of lightning and was then crushed to death by heavy machinery.

There were no eye-witnesses to the tragedy that took the life of one of Parker county's finest young farm lads. C. L. was named the outstanding 4-H club boy in Parker county last year.

## Gospel Meetings For Lariat Church, Aug. 16

Ebb Randol, local minister, announced the first of the week that a series of gospel meetings would be held at the Lariat Church of Christ, beginning Wednesday, August 16, and continuing through the 26th.

Bro. Paul Simon, of Florida, has been engaged as the revivalist for the series of meetings, and a cordial invitation is extended to the public.

Tribune job printing is best.

### TO OUT-OF-TOWN SUBSCRIBERS

Under new policy, a charge of 10c is made for change of address. Please include this when you notify us of such change. Otherwise, The Tribune will not be forwarded to new addresses.

### PIPKIN INJURED

O. B. Pipkin, local citizen, is off duty at the Clovis Air Base this week, due to injuries received when he fell while at work Monday. Nine stitches were required to close a wound that was made by a large bolt which ripped his flesh as he slid down a rafter in the fall. As a result of his injuries, he is eating his meals from a standing position.

### John Aldridge Assumes District Judge Office

John H. Aldridge, 39-year-old practicing attorney of this city, assumed the oath of office Tuesday afternoon and is now district judge of the 69th judicial district of Texas.

He was appointed to the position by Gov. Coke Stevenson to succeed Judge James W. Witherspoon of Hereford, resigned, but his official duties did not begin until he was sworn in.

The 69th district is composed of Parker, Deaf Smith, Oldham, Dallam, Moore, Sherman and Hartley counties.

### Basic Food Prices Must Be Posted In Cafes

A list of 40 basic food items for which the prices must be posted prominently by all eating and drinking establishments in the Lubbock district (which includes this county) effective August 16, were announced today by OPA.

Howard R. Gholson, district director, said the list was selected with the aid of the district restaurant advisory committee recently organized by OPA.

Items to be posted include fruit and vegetable juices, pies and similar items, breakfast items, soup and similar items, luncheon and dinner items a la carte, noon luncheons, evening meals, sandwiches, drinks and steaks.

### GENERAL PAGE VISITS

Gen. J. Watt Page, state director of selective service, accompanied by Major Johnson and Col. Burns of the state office in Austin, conferred officially with local board officials Wednesday morning, while returning to Austin from Santa Fe, where they had attended a regional meeting of selective service officials.

### ASSISTANT IN OFFICE

Mrs. Fred Henry has been named as assistant to Mrs. Mose Glasscock in the local ration office, taking over her duties the first of the week. Mrs. Glasscock became chief clerk upon the resignation of Mrs. Roy Bobst, who plans to leave soon for Washington state, to make her home.

# Wheat Crop Tops 2 Million Bushels

## Plans Complete For Second Dairy Show

## County Board Adds 8 Sections to Farwell

Acting on a petition signed by every taxpayer in the affected area, the County Board of Education, meeting here Monday, approved an order detaching eight sections of land along the south edge of the Bovina school district, adding them to the Farwell school district.

This order was in accordance with an agreement reached some time ago the County Board, the Farwell and Bovina boards, to attach the southern end of the old State Line district to Farwell after a consolidation with Bovina had been voted by the people of the State Line district.

Another order, affecting the transfer of school children from one district to another, was passed when it was voted to allow all applications for transfer, except grade children of the Midway district. County Judge Lee Thompson, secretary of the County Board, said the transfer of such children was declined when it was revealed that such transfers would reduce the grade scholastics of the Midway district to such an extent that state aid for the school would be terminated.

All high school students of Midway were permitted to transfer to Muleshoe.

### State Aid to School Children Upped \$4

As a result of the recent order hiking the amount of state aid to all school children in Texas, Parker county will receive an additional \$5,680.00 for the current school year, it was announced here today by County Judge Lee Thompson.

The money has been set aside to supplement salaries to teachers, who are admittedly underpaid in Texas. Supt. J. T. Carter of the Farwell school, said that the hike in state aid would mean that the Farwell school would receive approximately \$1,200.

No official action has been taken by the Farwell school board in the distribution of this additional money, but it would mean, when carried out, that each of the nine faculty members of the local school would receive an increase in salary of approximately \$170.00 per year.

### Bovina Church Will Conclude Revival

The series of revival services being held at the First Baptist Church in Bovina with Rev. T. G. Nanney, of Wewoka, Okla., as revivalist, will close this Sunday evening, August 13.

Rev. Fred Stumpp, pastor, who is in charge of the singing, stated that good crowds are attending the services, and Rev. Nanney has delivered some stirring messages.

Some of the subjects to be taken up during the week are "Glorying in the Cross", "The Greatest Love Story Ever Told", and "Heaven, and the Way There."

On Sunday morning, a fellowship dinner will be spread at the church immediately following the services.

### Nazarene Church In Summer Meeting

Rev. Nolan Culbertson, pastor, today announced that a revival meeting is in progress at the Nazarene Church in Texico, the services opening on Monday night.

Rev. Earl H. Anderson of San Diego, California, is doing the evangelistic preaching. Services will be conducted each evening, starting at 9 p. m., Texas war time, through Sunday, August 20.

Rev. Anderson is a musician of some note, and each evening he conducts a musical concert in connection with the preaching services.

A. J. Hamm, son of Mrs. Felix Monroe, who has been employed at Albuquerque the past few months, underwent an operation for the removal of his tonsils on Thursday of last week. He will visit here a few days while recuperating.



YOUNG EVANGELIST—Hershel M. Dyer, 18-year-old student at Harding College, Searcy, Ark., has been engaged to conduct a series of revival services at the Farwell Church of Christ, beginning on Friday, August 25th.

### Pre-School Children Must Be Vaccinated

Supt. B. A. Rogers of the Texico school, today called attention to a new law in New Mexico which requires that all school children under eight years of age must be given a diphtheria immunization before they will be allowed to attend school the coming year.

This requirement, he said, is in addition to the old law that requires that all pre-school children be vaccinated for smallpox before entering school.

To the end that all Texico children be will ready for the opening of school on August 28, a free clinic will be conducted at the school house on Wednesday, August 16, between the hours of one and four o'clock p. m. Dr. Newman, district health officer, will be in charge of the clinic, assisted by Mrs. Gladys Hawes, county nurse.

Supt. Rogers urged that all children of pre-school age, who had not been given the immunization tests, avail themselves of this opportunity at no cost.

### Revival at Methodist Church gets Underway

The revival meeting at the Methodist church got off according to plans last Sunday, with the pastor, Rev. Paul H. Tripp, delivering the morning sermon, and Rev. Orion W. Carter, pastor of the First Methodist church at Childress, occupying the pulpit at the evening hour.

Plans were laid at the church on Tuesday evening for some of the laymen to assist in a visitation campaign that will be run in connection with the regular preaching services.

The hour of the morning worship has been changed from 11 to 10 o'clock, to suit the convenience of many of the congregation, particularly the housewives. Evening services will start promptly at 9 o'clock. The revival effort will continue through Sunday, August 20th.

### Topping of Highway 60 Nears Completion

The re-topping and leveling-up surface coat along Highway 60 between Friona and the state line was nearing completion early this week, with predictions that the work would be finished by the latter part of this week or early next week.

Normally, work progresses at the rate of about 1½ miles per day, but breakdowns and inability to get delivery of materials has delayed the completion of the job. The crew is operating out of Bovina, where all mixing and heating of the top-coating is being done. The new coating is two inches thick.

The complete program, class divisions for entries, prizes and rules of the second annual Parker County Dairy Show have been released, with the publication of the official fair catalog, which will be available next week. The show is to be held in Bovina on August 24-25-26.

Staged primarily to encourage the use and production of high quality dairy animals, the eligibility list is restricted to either registered Jersey or Milking Shorthorn breeds. Entries must be in the show barn by 6 p. m. Thursday, August 24, with the cows entered in the butterfat contest required to be on hand by 6 o'clock the evening prior to the opening of the show, August 23.

According to the catalog, the show barn will open on August 22 to receive entries. Between 6 and 9 p. m. on August 23, the preliminary milking of cows in the production contest will be held, after which the animals will be checked by the superintendent to see that they have been milked clean.

The show proper opens on the morning of August 24, with the first butterfat test between 6 and 9 o'clock. The final test will be between 6 and 9 o'clock that evening.

The dairy program, which will be highlighted by guest speakers and will deal with all phases of the dairy business, is planned for 9:30 Thursday evening.

Judging of Milking Shorthorn cattle will open at 9 a. m. Friday, with the Jersey judging beginning at 1 o'clock. The Dairy Cattle Club Banquet will be held that evening at 9:30.

The largest crowd at the show is expected on Saturday, and officials announced that no animals could be removed before 4 o'clock. Certificates showing that the animal is free of Bangs Disease must be presented before entries are accepted. Fees are 50c for stalls, and annual club dues of \$1.

### Classes Listed

In the butterfat production contest, three classes are set up: (1) cows four years and over, (2) cows under four, and (3), the champion.

The Jersey and Milking Shorthorn classes are identical, being as follows:

**Bulls**  
Dropped between Jan. 1, 1944 and June 30, 1944; between July 1, 1943 and Dec. 31, 1943; between July 1, 1942 and June 30, 1942; between July 1, 1940 and June 30, 1942; before July 1, 1940; junior champion, senior champion and grand champion.

**Heifers**  
Dropped between Jan. 1, 1944 and June 30, 1944; between July 1, 1943 and Dec. 31, 1943.

**Cows**  
Dropped between July 1, 1942 and June 30, 1943; between July 1, 1940 and June 30, 1942; before July 1, 1940; junior champion female, senior champion; grand champion; get of sire (to be made up of two females and one bull or vice versa, all the get of one sire, may be owned by more than one person).

### 4-H Clubbers to Show

The 4-H club boys' show will be supervised by Wendol Christian, and club entries will be judged with the regular entries to save time. The winners will then be announced according to their relative placements with other club entries in the open classes.

A special 4-H Club Herdsman award of \$10 will be made to the clubber who is named by a committee as evidencing the best herdsman characteristics, by attractive display of cattle, neatness of stalls, and good showmanship.

The Dairy Club itself is also offering a prize to the 4-H club boy who has done the best dairy work in 1944, with the award to be a registered heifer. Judging will be based on general achievement, the contribution of the boy to the improvement of the dairy industry in the county and his assistance in making the show a success.

In all classes, prizes of \$5, \$3 and \$2 will be made, with banners presented the champions, and special awards of \$5 and \$2.50 to the get of sire winners. In addition, the Milking Shorthorn Society is contributing a \$5 award to the grand champion female in that division. Awards to club boys, other than those they may take in open classes, will be in (Continued on back page)

The most conservative estimates place the Parker county wheat crop this year to be at least two million bushels. This means wheat which has already been shipped from the county, as well as that yet on storage in elevators and on the farms of the county.

Figures compiled by The State Line Tribune early this week reveal that already 869 carloads of the new grain—and that includes a few cars of barley and rye—have been shipped from Parker from the 1944 harvest.

In addition to the number already shipped, it is conservatively estimated that not less than 150 carloads of the new grain still remain in the elevators of the county. There is no way to get an estimate of the grain still on the farms, but it is well known that several thousand bushels are still on the farms where it was produced.

With 1020 carloads already accounted for, grain men here believed that the total carload shipments from this county would reach 1200 before the entire crop is moved. W. Bart Osborne, of the Farwell Elevator, said that the average carload was 1700 bushels, or even more.

"You will be safe in saying that the county crop this year will reach two million bushels, and I believe it will go even higher," was the comment of C. M. Henderson of the Henderson Grain & Seed Company.

### Friona Leads Shipments

Tabulations compiled by The Tribune this week showed that Friona leads the county in the number of cars shipped out this season, with a total of 352. Second honors go to Bovina, where a total of 219 cars have been forwarded.

Farwell dropped to third place with 154 carloads, to be followed by Black with 62 and Lariat with 52. It is by heavy odds the biggest shipment of wheat ever made from one single harvest in Parker county.

Lariat, which is not considered in a wheat-growing section, stepped out; this year and loaded 52 cars as compared to about 20 for an average year. All other shipping centers of the county were proportionately high.

Most of the new crop brought an average price of \$1.28 to \$1.30 per bushel to the growers.

### Texico Resident Dies At Las Vegas Hospital

T. E. Hall, 67, who for the past eight years has been a resident of Texico, passed away at a New Mexico state hospital at Las Vegas last Saturday, and the remains were sent here for burial.

After being in the state institution for only a week, Mr. Hall, who has been in poor health for a number of years, developed pneumonia and passed away shortly thereafter.

Funeral services were conducted at the Baptist church in this city by Rev. W. C. Wright, assisted by Rev. Davis, pastor at Oklahoma Lane. Burial took place in the Texico cemetery, by the side of his mother, who died some four years ago.

Besides his wife, he is survived by eight children; four daughter, Mrs. Bessie Jesko, Clovis, Mrs. Johnnie Vestal, Bovina, Misses Alverda and Juanita Hall, Texico; and four sons, Archie, Clovis; Joe, Denver City, Texas; Douglas, now in the Navy and somewhere in the Southwest Pacific; and Herman, at the family home.

All children except Douglas were here for the funeral. Others here from a distance to attend the funeral were two of Mrs. Hall's brothers, Hinton Blalock of Dalhart, and J. S. Blalock of Marlow, Okla.

### Eight Assigned To Army, Two to Navy

Of the 11 Parker County selectees sent to Oklahoma City Wednesday of last week, eight were assigned to the army, two to the navy, and one was temporarily rejected.

Raymond Morris Robertson was deferred until the next call, pending recovery of a broken finger, sustained while playing ball recently.

Assigned to the army were William Taylor North, Jr., Audie J. Barker, Vialo Weis, Frankie Joe Ditmore, Marvin Eugene Ezell, Jack Melvin Stagner, Alvin Kenneth Gaines, Albert Clayton Taylor. Going to the navy were Robert Rundell and Raleigh Ray Rule, transferred from Willacy county.

The State Line Tribune

Entered as a second class mail matter at Farwell, Texas, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

W. H. GRAHAM, Editor and Owner

ISSUED EVERY THURSDAY

Per Year \$1.50

OUR PLEDGE

We pledge allegiance to the Flag of the United States, and to the Republic for which it stands; One Nation, indivisible, with Liberty and Justice for all.

BOVINA NEWS

Charles Caldwell and son, Charles Byrd, of Ardmore, Okla., visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Caldwell, of the Oklahoma Lane community, the first part of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Jake Calhoun, of Winslow, Arizona, are visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Calhoun.

Mrs. G. C. Danner and daughters, of Clovis, visited friends here Sunday afternoon and attended evening services at the Baptist Church.

Hubert Ellison and family left last week for Hot Springs, where he will receive treatment.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Wilson and Luther Hastings left for Savannah, Mo., last Thursday.

Mrs. Lillian Hance has returned home from Midland, Texas, where she has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Margaret Lindsay.

Mrs. C. H. Womack, of Friona, and her daughter, Mrs. Emsley Walker, of Jasper, Wyo., were Bovina visitors on Monday.

Mrs. Irene Green and Mildred Holmes, of Clovis, were visitors this week in the home of their brother, Clinton Holmes.

OKLAHOMA LANE

Mr. and Mrs. Edwards are vacationing in Seymour, Texas.

Mr. and Mrs. Bedford Caldwell and sons are visiting in Ardmore, Okla., and Lubbock.

Mr. and Mrs. John West have been vacationing in Ruidoso, N. M.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilbur Thrash and daughters, and Mr. and Mrs. Bill Hubbell and daughter attended the carnival and swimming meet in Clovis, Friday night.

Mrs. Olen Hughes, Mary Hughes and Hesta Jane Conner were in Clovis, Friday night.

The Friday Club met with Mrs. Eddie Redden last week. Due to the fact that none of the officers were present no arrangements were made for the next meeting.

Mr. and Mrs. Buddy Jones and Mr. and Mrs. Alvin Mace returned Friday from a week's visit at Clarendon.

Mrs. Jack Fegan and children, of Clovis, are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Bill Foster.

Scottie Gober spent the weekend in Clovis with Frank and Ernest Foster, Jr.

STEED Mortuary

"Serving Clovis Territory Since Clovis Began"

PHONE 14 CLOVIS, N. M.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEES

- For County Judge: LEE THOMPSON
- For County and District Clerk: D. K. ROBERTS
- For Sheriff-Assessor-Collector: EARL BOOTH
- For County Attorney: A. D. SMITH
- For County Treasurer: ROY B. EZELL
- For County Commissioner, Pct. 3: T. E. LEVY
- For County Commissioner, Pct. 2: F. T. (FLOYD) SCHLENKER
- For County Commissioner, Pct. 4: W. S. MENEFFEE
- For District Attorney: JOHN B. HONTS

PLEASANT HILL

Mr. and Mrs. Ardale Thornton are the proud parents of a 5-pound boy, born last Friday week.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Jones are expected to return from their vacation this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Donahay has purchased the Wilbur Charles farm. John Hightower left Tuesday for Carlsbad, from where he will move Victor Pierce and family to Fort Worth.

Mr. and Mrs. Pearl Singleterry and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Glenn Singleterry and boys left here Friday with Ray Singleterry, of Clovis, for a fishing trip in Colorado.

Rev. A. C. Graham, of Fort Worth, returned and preached Sunday at the Fundamental Baptist church.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Whitener plan to leave Monday for Roswell to be under medical observation.

Mr. and Mrs. Spencer Jarrell, Joe Jarrell, Mr. and Mrs. Monk Horton, Mr. and Mrs. Herman Horton and Mr. and Mrs. Eshleman left Tuesday on a fishing trip.

CARD OF THANKS

We wish to use this means of expressing our most sincere thanks to all our friends who were so kind to us in the passing of our husband and father. Your thoughtfulness is deeply appreciated and helps us to face the tasks ahead.

Mrs. Sleta Hall and Children.

Miss Edna Ruth Thomas, of Field, New Mexico, spent the weekend visiting with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Thomas, in Texico.

ARE YOU LEAVING THE FARM?

The quickest and most profitable way to dispose of your surplus livestock and farm machinery is by public auction.

Prices are good, money is plentiful and I can get you the top figure at an auction. Now is a good time to have a sale during the slack season.

Col. Dick Doshier, Farwell, Texas.

Legion Convention Place Is Changed

The place of the American Legion convention for Texas has been changed from Galveston to Fort Worth, and will be held August 15-16-17, it was announced today. The change was made due to the housing condition in Galveston. Fort Worth has always had a good convention, but the warning that facilities will be crowded is already made.

Those in charge say that rooms available are not air conditioned, and are principally "doubles". It is asked that all who plan to attend contact the hotel they wish a room in, and if none are available, the hotel will turn the request over to the chairman of the housing committee.

Foister Rector, Friona Post 206 service officer, states that the Friona Post is now taking membership fees for 1945 and cordially invite all World War I and War II buddies to send in the dues of \$3. All new members are asked to send their service records along with the remittance.

The second Tuesday night of each month is regular meeting time and Rector issued a cordial invitation to all eligibles to attend.

CARD OF THANKS

We wish to express our deep gratitude to our many friends and neighbors for the assistance, sympathy and floral offerings during the loss of our beloved husband and father.

Mrs. J. T. Hanna and children.

Mrs. Walter Moeller, of Muleshoe, is here to visit with relatives.



POVERTY WEEDS, Johnson and Bermuda grass, lie vines and all perennial growers EXTERMINATED! No chemicals. Free charts. Send stamp for particulars. TEXAS TESTIMONIALS—J. M. BAXLEY, Astro Plant Grower, 711 13th St., Modesto, Cal. 34-6tp

FOR SALE—1938 International pickup. Henderson Grain & Seed Co., Farwell. 36-tfc

WANTED—For beauty operator, furnished room with kitchen privileges, or furnished apartment. Phone 2491, Farwell. 38-tfc

FOR SALE—28-inch J. I. Case separator, good condition. See J. M. Watson, 6 1/2 mi. SW Friona. 37-3tp

FOR SALE—Two nanny goats. See Mrs. J. A. Parker, 10 mi. N. Texico. 38-3tp

WILL contract feed shocking by acre. Have plenty of help. Write

Cash In

On your Country Produce by bringing it to us regularly, where you will always find a ready cash market.

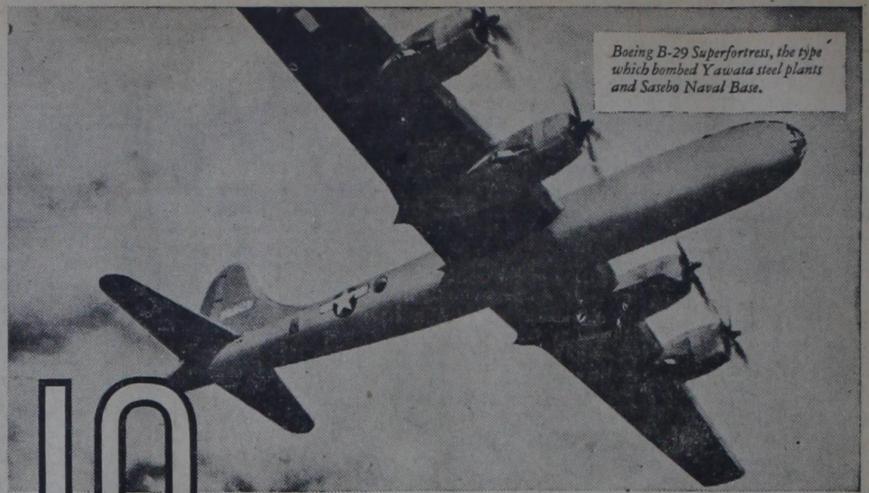
COMPLETE LINE OF POULTRY REMEDIES and POULTRY FEEDS "We Strive to Please" MALONE ICE & PRODUCE



It's Too Late When the Fabric Shows

When the fabric shows through the rubber, it's too late to do a good job of recapping. Watch your tires carefully and as soon as the tread wears down, bring them in to us.

Clovis Tire Exchange 6th and Main Clovis, N. M.



Boeing B-29 Superfortress, the type which bombed Yawata steel plants and Sasebo Naval Base.

10 Little Octane Numbers that will help end the war sooner!

TODAY'S SUPER-FUEL is 100-Octane, as compared with 90-Octane for pre-war aviation gasoline.

This difference of 10 octane numbers is definitely contributing toward hastening the day of victory, because these extra octane numbers represent extra fighting power... extra range and carrying capacity for our big bombers... extra speed for our fighter planes!

In thirty months, U.S. production of 100-Octane Aviation Gasoline has been multiplied ten times. Our facilities for producing this precious, fighting, super-fuel can now deliver 21,000,000 gallons daily. Think of it! This is a greater quantity of aviation gasoline alone than the combined total of all petroleum products available to Axis Europe.

Phillips Petroleum Company, among

the first to take 100-Octane gasoline out of the laboratory and into mass production, is now one of the nation's five largest producers of 100-Octane, despite the fact that Phillips operates only in the Middle West.

This production achievement suggests how competently and completely Phillips is devoting itself to the war effort, with similar special emphasis on butadiene for synthetic rubber.

Until that great day comes, when you can say "Fill 'er up with Phillips"... and the service man cranks into your tank a new and improved Phillips gasoline... remember that Phillips refineries, in addition to producing gasoline, lubricants, and fuel oils, are also gigantic chemical plants pouring out weapons for victory.

PHILLIPS PETROLEUM COMPANY Bartlesville, Okla.



CARE FOR YOUR CAR—FOR YOUR COUNTRY

FOR VICTORY... Buy U. S. War Bonds and Stamps

me at Farwell, or see me at Farwell Elevator. Joe Dubiel. 39-tfc

LOST—Sorrel horse, 9 yrs., branded 7 on left hip. \$10 for information leading to recovery. Will come for horse. H. K. Burnett, Route 2, Texico. 38-3tp

WANTED—A well driller to drill at Texico cemetery. See E. G. Blair or W. J. Mathews, Texico, Rt. 2, 3 mi. south of Texico. 38-2tc

FOR SALE—Section of land 14 mi. Friona, price \$20 per acre. Can give possession. M. A. Crum, Friona, Texas. 39-4tc

na, Texas. 39-1tp

FOR SALE—160 acres good farming land in Lazbuddy community, described as SE 1/4 Block H-Lot 39, Kelly Subdivision. Will sell small down payment. Terms. Mrs. Ola Williams, Box 1308, Willis, Texas. 39-4tc

THANKS, FRIENDS

FOR YOUR

Liberal Patronage

DURING

Wheat Harvest



We are indeed grateful to our many friends in the Texico-Farwell trade area, for it was our many farmer friends who made possible a successful business year for us by their loyal and liberal patronage at our elevator during wheat harvest.

Your co-operation, patience and undrestanding have been appreciated by the management and personnel of this elevator.

We have tried to give you the best service of which we were capable, and we only hope that our efforts will merit the opportunity of serving you again in the future.

Can furnish several loads of Soy Bean Meal or Soy Bean Nut Cake.

Henderson Grain & Seed Co

Farwell, Texas

Gospel Meeting

—AT THE—

Church of Christ

BOVINA, TEXAS

10 DAYS

BEGINNING

Thursday, August 17th

Minister Willis Kreager

EVANGELIST

SERVICES EACH EVENING AT 9 O'CLOCK

**A New Telephone Directory Goes to Press Soon**

THE MOUNTAIN STATES TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH CO.

**FREEDOM OF PRESS TO BE SPONSORED BY U. S.**

AUSTIN—The United States may be forced to carry the fight for a free exchange of information among nations after the war all alone, a University of Texas professor predicted here recently.

With the possible exception of Great Britain, the United States is the only country sincerely interested in a freedom of news gathering, Dr. Dewitt Reddick, University journalism professor, said, pointing out that even in Russia, China, and France the press is still government-restricted to a large degree.

"A lasting peace will depend upon our mutual understanding of each other as nations," Dr. Reddick declared, "and we cannot understand each other without a free, uncolored interchange of information among all peoples."



**PAMPER Your Car!**

And it will serve you well, perhaps until you can buy a new one. The best way to prevent serious trouble is to do it before it is too late. Let us help you keep it rolling by correcting minor ailments before they become serious.

**KARL'S AUTO CLINIC**

**Western Fields that feed a Nation at War**



Look to the West, America, and fill your eyes with the boundless expanse of American fields—symbol of Freedom's Food.

Today, on our western prairies, our golden fields of war are working hand in hand with our black smokestacks of war industries.

And under the plow, the drill and the combine the Good Western Earth is turning out the precious food that peoples live on, armies fight on, wars are won on.

Could there ever be a prouder time for American farmers?

**SANTA FE SYSTEM LINES**  
"ALONG THE ROUTE TO TOKYO"



TRIBUNE ADS BRING HOME THE BACON

**WEATHER FORECAST:**



**COLD WINTER ON THE WAY!**

**ORDER YOUR COAL SUPPLY**

**TODAY**

To assure the family's comfort next winter, order your coal NOW! There is hardly a possibility that we will receive any coal shipments after August for the rest of the year. We strongly advise you to lay in your coal during this month.

**Farmers Supply Co.**  
Texico-Farwell

**We Are Grateful . . .**

We greatly appreciated the business accorded us during the wheat harvest recently completed, and we thank the farmers for their understanding of the problems which we have been confronted with this year. Many things have contributed to slow down elevator service everywhere and we are grateful for your forbearance and patience.

We assure you that we did everything in our power to handle your grain for you as you would want it handled . . . with as little trouble to you as possible.

May we have the opportunity of serving you when you begin to move your row crops this Fall.

**Lariat Elevator**

BOONE ALLISON, Mgr.

**It's hot, but baby sleeps with ease . . .**  
**He's cooled by air like a mountain breeze!**

WON'T IT BE WONDERFUL to live in a house that's cool in July . . . balmy in January? Where at the flip of a finger your new Gas air-conditioning system gives you the exact temperature you want—all year 'round!

**Dinner time . . . Mom reads or knits!**  
**Precision-cooked . . . her meals are hits!**

YOUR KITCHEN will be cool and clean . . . with a new Certified Performance Gas range that would make any cook a good cook . . . that's fast and efficient . . . saves food values, and hours of work. And a silent Gas refrigerator that keeps all kinds of food fresh longer . . . saves you hours of marketing.

**On tap for washing duds or dishes**  
**As much hot water as one wishes!**

UPSTAIRS AND DOWNSTAIRS your silent servant Gas brings you gallons of hot water whenever you want it—wherever you want it . . . making all your housework easier!

**. . . This is the house that Gas runs!**

TOMORROW, yours can be one of the millions of American families who will live happily ever after in a house that runs by Gas . . . who will be benefited by the unceasing research carried on in the great laboratories of the Gas industry.

TODAY, Gas speeds war production. Use it wisely. But tomorrow . . . thanks to the miraculous flame that cools as well as heats—there'll be amazing things in store for you. Speed the day—by putting every cent you can into War Bonds! AMERICAN GAS ASSOCIATION



THE MAGIC FLAME THAT WILL BRIGHTEN YOUR FUTURE

**Southern Union Gas Company**

Use Natural Gas for Cooking, Water Heating, Refrigeration, Home Heating

Telephone 2621

**LEGAL NOTICES**

H. J. R. NO. 18

**HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION**

proposing an Amendment to Section 9 of Article 8 of the Constitution of the State of Texas, by changing said Section 9 so as to provide that the Commissioners Court in any county may re-allocate the county tax levies authorized in said section by changing the rates provided for any of the purposes authorized in said section by either increasing or decreasing the same, but in no event shall the total of such taxes exceed eighty (80) cents on the one hundred dollars valuation for any one year; providing that before such Commissioners Court may make such re-allocations and changes in such levies that the same shall be submitted to the qualified property tax paying voters of such county at a general or special election and shall be approved by a majority of the qualified property tax paying voters, voting in such election; providing that if and when such re-allocations and changes in such county tax levies have been approved by the qualified property tax paying voters of any county as herein provided, such re-allocations and changes shall remain in force and effect for a period of six (6) years from the date of the election at which same shall be approved, unless the same again shall have been changed by a majority vote of the qualified property tax paying voters of such county, voting on the proposition, after submission by the Commissioners Court at a general or special election for that purpose; providing that this section shall not be construed as a limitation on powers delegated to counties, cities or towns by any other section or sections of this Constitution; fixing the time for the election for the adoption or rejection of said proposed Constitutional Amendment; making certain provisions for said election and ballots thereof and the method thereof; directing the issuance of proclamation therefor; prescribing certain duties of the Governor of the State of Texas; and making an appropriation to defray the expenses of said election.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

Section 1. That Section 9 of Article 8 of the Constitution of the State of Texas, be so amended that the same will hereafter read as follows:

Section 9. The State tax on property, exclusive of the tax necessary to pay the public debt, and of the taxes provided for the benefit of the public free schools, shall never exceed thirty-five (35) cents on the one hundred dollars valuation; and no county, city or town shall levy more than twenty-five (25) cents for city or county purposes, and not exceeding fifteen (15) cents for roads and bridges, and not exceeding fifteen (15) cents to pay jurors, on the one hundred dollars valuation, except for the payment of debts incurred

prior to the adoption of the Amendment September 25, 1883; and for the erection of public buildings, streets, sewers, waterworks and other permanent improvements, not to exceed twenty-five (25) cents on the one hundred dollars valuation, in any one year, and except as is in this Constitution otherwise provided; provided, however, that the Commissioners Court in any county may re-allocate the foregoing county taxes by changing the rates provided for any of the foregoing purposes by either increasing or decreasing the same, but in no event shall the total of said foregoing county taxes exceed eighty (80) cents on the one hundred dollars valuation, in any one year; provided further, that before the said Commissioners Court may make such re-allocations and changes in said county taxes that the same shall be submitted to the qualified property tax paying voters of such county at a general or special election, and shall be approved by a majority of the qualified property tax paying voters, voting in such election; and, provided further, that if and when such re-allocations and changes in the aforesaid county taxes have been approved by the qualified property tax paying voters of any county, as herein provided, such re-allocations and changes shall remain in force and effect for a period of six (6) years from the date of the election at which the same shall be approved unless the same again shall have been changed by a majority vote of the qualified property tax paying voters of such county, voting on the proposition, after submission by the Commissioners Court at a general or special election for that purpose; and the Legislature may also authorize an additional annual ad valorem tax to be levied and collected for the further maintenance of the public roads; provided, that a majority of the qualified property tax paying voters of the county voting at an election to be held for that purpose shall vote such tax, not to exceed fifteen (15) cents on the one hundred dollars valuation of the property subject to taxation in such county. And the Legislature may pass local laws for the maintenance of the public roads and highways, without the local notice required for special or local laws. This section shall not be construed as a limitation of powers delegated to counties, cities or towns by any other section or sections of this Constitution.

Sec. 2. The foregoing Constitutional Amendment shall be submitted to a vote of the qualified electors of this State at a general election to be held throughout the State of Texas on the seventh day of November, 1944, at which election all voters favoring the proposed Amendment shall write or have printed on their ballots the following words:

"FOR the Amendment to Section 9 of Article 8 of the Constitution of the State of Texas, so as to provide that the Commissioners Court in any county may re-allocate the

county tax levies authorized in said section by changing the rates provided for any of the purposes authorized in said section by either increasing or decreasing the same, but in no event shall the total of such taxes exceed eighty (80) cents on the one hundred dollars valuation for any one year; providing that before such Commissioners Court may make such re-allocations and changes in such levies that the same shall be submitted to the qualified property tax paying voters of such county at a general or special election and shall be approved by a majority of the qualified property tax paying voters, voting in such election; providing that if and when such re-allocations and changes in such county tax levies have been approved by the qualified property tax paying voters of any county as herein provided, such re-allocations and changes shall remain in force and effect for a period of six (6) years from the date of the election at which same shall be approved, unless the same shall have been changed by a majority vote of the qualified property tax paying voters of such county, voting on the proposition, after submission by the Commissioners Court at a general or special election for that purpose; and providing that this Amendment shall not be construed as a limitation on powers delegated to counties, cities or towns by any other section or sections of the Constitution."

Those opposing said proposed Amendment shall write or have printed on their ballots the following words:

"AGAINST the Amendment to Section 9 of Article 8 of the Constitution of the State of Texas, so as to provide that the Commissioners Court in any county may re-allocate the county tax levies authorized in said section by changing the rates provided for any of the purposes authorized in said section by either increasing or decreasing the same, but in no event shall the total of such taxes exceed eighty (80) cents on the one hundred dollars valuation for any one year; providing that before such Commissioners Court may make such re-allocations and changes in such levies that the same shall be submitted to the qualified property tax paying voters of such county at a general or special election and shall be approved by a majority of the qualified property tax paying voters, voting in such election; providing that if and when such re-allocations and changes in such county tax levies have been approved by the qualified property tax paying voters of any county as herein provided, such re-allocations and changes shall remain in force and effect for a period of six (6) years from the date of election at which same shall be approved, unless the same shall have been changed by a majority vote of the qualified property tax paying voters of such county, voting on the proposition, after submission by the Commissioners Court at a general or special election for that purpose; and

providing that this Amendment shall not be construed as a limitation on powers delegated to counties, cities or towns by any other section or sections of the Constitution."

If it appears from the returns of said election that a majority of the votes cast are in favor of said Amendment, the same shall become a part of the State Constitution.

Sec. 3. The Governor of the State of Texas shall issue the necessary proclamation for said election, and shall have the same published as required by the Constitution and Laws of this State.

Sec. 4. The sum of Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of any funds in the Treasury of the State, not otherwise appropriated, to pay the expenses of such publication and election.

H. J. R. NO. 3

**HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION**

proposing an amendment to Section 51 of Article 3 of the Constitution of the State of Texas, by adding thereto Sections 51-e and 51-f; Section 51-e providing that cities and towns in this State shall have the power and authority to provide a system of retirement and disability pensions for its employees, provided, however, that no pension system shall be set up in any city until it has been approved at an election by qualified voters entitled to vote at an election on the question of the issuance of tax supported bonds; Section 51-f providing that the Legislature shall have authority to provide a system of retirement and disability pensions for appointive officers and employees of cities and towns to operate State-wide or by districts under such plan and program as the Legislature shall direct and shall provide that participation therein by cities and towns shall be voluntary; provided that the Legislature shall never make an appropriation to pay any of the cost of any system authorized by this Section; providing for an election on the question of the adoption or rejection of such an amendment and making an appropriation therefor; providing for the proclamation and publication therefor and prescribing the form of ballot.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

Section 1. That Section 51 of Article 3 of the Constitution of the State of Texas be amended by adding thereto Sections 51-e and 51-f, which shall read as follows:

Section 51-e. Each incorporated city and town in this State shall have the power and authority to provide a system of retirement and disability pensions for its appointive officers and employees who have become disabled as a direct and proximate result of the performance of their duties, or have passed their sixty-fifth birthday, or have been employed by such city or town for more than twenty-five (25) years and have passed their sixtieth birthday, when and if, but only when and if

such system has been approved at an election by the qualified voters of such city or town entitled to vote on the question of issuance of tax supported bonds; provided that no city or town shall contribute more than the equivalent or seven and one half (7½) per centum of salaries and wages of the officers and employees entitled to participate in its pension system, and that said officers and employees shall contribute a like amount; and this Amendment shall not reduce the authority nor duty of any city or town otherwise existing."

Section 51-f. The Legislature of this State shall have the authority to provide for a system of retirement and disability pensions for appointive officers and employees of cities and towns to operate State-wide or by districts under such plan and program as the Legislature shall direct and shall provide that participation therein by cities and towns shall be voluntary; provided that the Legislature shall never make an appropriation to pay any of the cost of any system authorized by this Section."

Sec. 2. The foregoing Constitutional Amendments shall be submitted to a vote of the qualified electors of this State at an election to be held throughout the State in November, 1944, at which all ballots shall have printed thereon, "For the Constitutional Amendment providing that the cities and towns in this State

Treasury of the State, not otherwise shall have the power and authority to provide a system of pensions for their appointive officers and employees," and "Against the Constitutional Amendment providing that all cities and towns in this State shall have the power and authority to provide a system of pensions for their appointive officers and employees." All ballots at such election shall also have printed thereon, "For the Constitutional Amendment giving authority to the Legislature to provide for a system of retirement and disability pensions for appointive officers and employees of the cities and towns" and "Against the Constitutional Amendment giving authority to the Legislature to provide for a system of retirement and disability pensions for appointive officers and employees of cities and towns." Each voter shall scratch out two (2) of said clauses on the ballot, leaving the two (2) expressing his vote on the proposed Amendments.

Sec. 3. The Governor of the State of Texas shall issue the necessary proclamation for said election and shall have the same published as required by the Constitution for Amendments thereto.

Sec. 4. The sum of Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000), or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of any funds in the Treasury of the State, not otherwise appropriated, to pay the expenses of such publication and election.

**TIRES**

PRACTICALLY ALL SIZES IN GRADE I and GRADE III IN STOCK

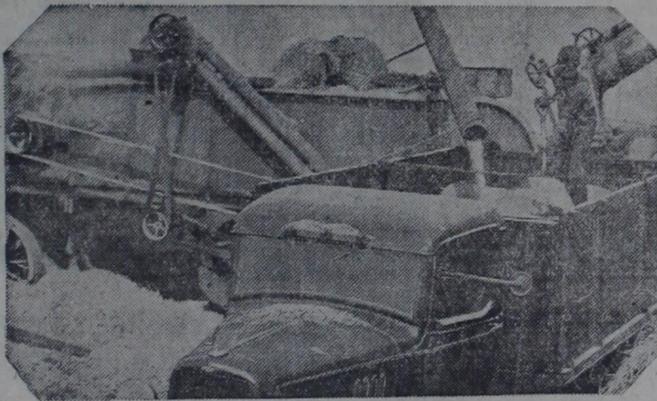
Bring Us Your Worn Tires for Factory Retreading

Eubank & Son Auto and Home Supply Co.

513 Main Street

Clovis, N. M.

**Firestone**



**THANKS**

To the Farmers of the Bovina Area

**For their Fine Patronage During Wheat Harvest**

We appreciated the opportunity of serving the farmers of the Bovina section during the difficult war-time harvest season just completed. We feel that we better understand our patrons and friends after having the privilege of assisting in the saving of one of the largest wheat crops ever produced in Parmer County . . . a crop that was harvested under adverse circumstances, but with harvest crews, truckers and producers co-operating only a minimum of delay was experienced, and the marketing problems of our elevators were greatly reduced by the wholehearted co-operation of our patrons. It has, indeed, been a

pleasure and a privilege to serve you during one of the most trying harvest seasons in the Panhandle.

As we complete the wheat harvest, we are looking forward to the harvesting of the row crop this Fall, and we are making arrangements to expedite the handling of your row crops grain. Be assured that we will make every effort to assist you in your harvesting and marketing problems during this time of shortage of labor, equipment and shipping facilities.

We invite you to call on us when we can be of service.

**Macon Elevator**

**S. E. Cone Grain Company**

**Bovina Wheat Growers, Inc.**

# Local Happenings

## Classes Are Organized For Bandage Making

Organization of two groups for the making of Red Cross surgical dressings was completed on Monday, at which time ladies of Texico-Farwell met at the Farwell home economics room for instruction.

Mrs. M. T. Jones and Mrs. Carman, of Clovis, volunteered their assistance as instructors, teaching the ladies the art of making bandages, and over 200 were made. The work is being sponsored by the local Woman's Club, and every woman of the Twin Cities is urged to contribute some of her time for this important work.

At present, the groups will make bandages to be applied on the Curry County chapter quota of the Red Cross, due to the fact that Farmer County has been assigned no material or quota for the work. Curry has been asked to turn in 125,000 complete dressings during the month of August, and assistance in Texico-Farwell will speed the work.

All work will be done in the Red Cross room (the Farwell homemaking department), with the working room open on Monday and Friday each week, both in the afternoons and evenings, in order that employed women of the town may participate. In the afternoons, the building will open at 3 o'clock. Friday night of this week, Monday and Friday evenings of next week, the group is asked to meet at 8 o'clock for one hour's work, to avoid conflict with the Methodist revival. The week of August 20, the night sessions will begin at 9 o'clock.

"This is one of the few ways that we have ever been able to assist in Red Cross work, other than the contribution of money," one of the ladies emphasized, "and we are very anxious to have a good crowd each time the Red Cross room is open. All women of the Twin Cities are urged to participate, and capable instructors will be on hand to teach beginners."

One "don't" was noted for volunteers—fingernail polish is not allowed. Inspection of bandages has disclosed minute chips of the nail paint, which might cause infection, so workers are requested to remove such polish before beginning work.

Jerry McDaniel left Friday for Pocatello, Idaho, to remain indefinitely with his mother, Mrs. Blanche Leinen.

## WE TRY TO PLEASE YOU . . .

We're on the job six days a week doing our dead level best to please our customers.

If at any time we fail to come up to your expectations we'll appreciate your friendly suggestions.

**GOLDSMITH**  
Produce Company

## PTA Asks Donation Of Food For Cafeteria

In order that the Farwell school cafeteria may continue to operate, the Parent-Teachers Association, sponsor of the dining room, is appealing this week to patrons for donations of canned goods, or for contribution of vegetables to be canned.

Mrs. Claude Rose, who is chairman of the cafeteria committee, has announced that patrons who have pressure cookers are being asked to donate cans of food for use at the cafeteria. Those who do not have pressure cookers, and who wish to donate food from gardens, are requested to contact either her or Mrs. W. H. Graham, and arrangements will be made to have the food pressure canned.

"We just don't have sufficient points to serve meals unless we can obtain some vegetables this way," Mrs. Rose reported, going on to say that a few cans from each patron of the school would put the cafeteria in tip-top shape for the coming year.

"Please don't hesitate to give food to be canned," one of the committee members said. "Of course, it would be much easier if donations were already 'in the can,' but we'll make some sort of arrangements to conserve all other contributions." The committee urged that those who could give food do so in the near future.

Arrangements were not complete the first of the week as to who would be named as chief cook at the school dining room, but it was understood that Mrs. Frank Smith was tentatively considering the position.

## Leaguers To Have Summer Camp

The Panhandle Zone of the Lone Star Walter League will hold its annual summer encampment at Ceta Glen Canyon, near Canyon, during August 7 to 11. Dr. P. E. Kretzman of Concordia College, of St. Louis, will be guest speaker.

Rev. E. R. Riese, of Littlefield, is camp director, and will be in charge of all activities.

St. John's Walther League, of Lariat, will have representatives.

## Pink and Blue Shower Given on Thursday

A pink and blue shower honoring Mrs. W. C. Wright was given at the home of Mrs. G. F. Hicks, the past Thursday evening, with Mrs. T. A. McCuiston as associate hostess.

Introducing the shower, the group sang "Showers of Blessings" and the gifts were presented Mrs. Wright.

Attendants included Mesdames John Lockhart, Olan Schleuter, Alvenia Sharpe, D. M. Whitley, Harry Whitley, Bob Barton, Evelyn Ford, J. I. Ford, Owen Ford, Bradshaw, Ben Smart, the honoree and the hostesses.

Regrets were sent from Mesdames Edd Eason, Branscum, Boyd Votaw, C. A. Cassidy, and Brown.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Davis and daughter, Glenna Ruth, departed the first of the week to spend a vacation in the mountains of New Mexico. They will also visit relatives at Belen. Ebb Randol is in charge of the Davis Mercantile during their absence.

Mr. and Mrs. Gene Lovelace and children have returned from Tipton, Oklahoma, where they had spent several days visiting relatives.

## NEWS FROM OUR BOYS IN CAMPS



### RECEIVES PROMOTION

Chaplain John B. Abbott, son of Mr. and Mrs. B. P. Abbott of Bovina, has been promoted to the rank of captain. He is serving in the South Pacific.

### VISITS IN BOVINA

Robert S. Johnston, S2-c, stationed at San Diego, made a flying visit home to be with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Johnson, of Bovina. Bob has been at Saipan, it is learned.

### MOVING TO CALIFORNIA

Earl Richards, who has been stationed at Camp Berkeley, Abilene, with his wife and children is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Richards. Earl goes to California at the end of his furlough.

### HANNA GETS WINGS

Malcolm W. Hanna, of this city, was recently graduated from the AAF pilot school at Moody Field, Ga., and appointed a Flight Officer. Hanna will be assigned to piloting multi-engine aircraft—such as light, medium or heavy bombers; transport or cargo planes. Hanna received his wings at the Clovis base while here last week attending the funeral of his father, J. T. Hanna.

### BRADSHAW IN FRANCE

Mrs. Lee Bradshaw revealed the first of the week that she had recently heard from her husband, stating that he was now in France. Captain Bradshaw added that, personally, he "preferred France to London".

### HERE ON FURLOUGH

Pfc. Clark Walling, who is stationed at the Army airfield at Waco, Texas, is here to spend a furlough with his father, J. L. Walling, and other relatives and friends of this area.

### GAST IS GUEST

Smokey Gast, stationed at the Navy base in Shumacher, Calif., has arrived for a visit with his parents Mr. and Mrs. Karl Gast in Farwell.

### WHITEHURST HOME

Harold Whitehurst, in navy training at San Diego, visited with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Whitehurst, in Bovina, the latter part of the week.

### LEVY TELLS OF LIFE IN PACIFIC THEATRE

Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Levy have recently returned from Austin, where they visited their son, Keith, in special Navy training at Texas Univer-

sity, after having spent ten months in the Pacific theatre of operations.

Levy served with the navy as a top radio man in many of the engagements, specifically stating that he had been at Guadalcanal and Munda, his father said. The life was hazardous, and food was not always at its best, he recounted ruefully, adding that he was certainly enjoying the meals "back in Texas".

He is to remain in special training for a year or more, it was understood, at the conclusion of which he will be commissioned as Ensign.

### ATKINS REPORTED STILL IN JAPANESE HANDS

A telegram was received from the War Department last weekend by W. E. Atkins, of Clarksville, Texas, stating that an "unofficial shortwave broadcast from Japan" states that "Tom Atkins sends love and regards to his parents at Clarksville and friends at Clovis, New Mexico". Sgt. Atkins formerly resided in Farwell, and the telegram was forwarded to his sister, Mrs. W. C. Hardage. Taken prisoner in the fall of the Philippines, this is the second word of Atkins to reach the States.

### TO SAN DIEGO

A card received here this week from Bob Drace, who recently completed boot training at Camp Wallace, Texas, was to the effect that he was being moved to San Diego. Bob left here last Wednesday after spending a few days with relatives.

### NOT A HOUSE LEFT

Milo Goldsmith writes his nephew, Noble Goldsmith of this city, from "somewhere in France" that he recently visited Cherbourg, and says, "It's not so bad there", but adds "not a house is left standing in Montebourg".

### MARCUS ON MOVE

The perennial Army wanderings of Pvt. Andy Marcus were brought up to date, more or less, last week, when friends received cards from Andy, one postmarked in South Dakota and the other in Denver. He is with the chemical warfare division.

### DENTAL CLINIC ASSISTANT AN VIII AIR FORCE SERVICE COMMAND STATION, ENGLAND

Pfc. Walter Kaltwasser, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Kaltwasser, Farwell, is a dental clinic assistant with the medical detachment at this strategic air depot bomber repair base. He has recently been promoted from private for efficiency in his duties. He has been stationed in the European Theatre of Operations 18 months.

### POTTS IN BOVINA

Pvt. John A. Potts, of Vernon, Texas, is home for a few days visit.

### BROTHERS' REUNION

Some time ago it was learned here that Vance and Alton Eason had met at a hospital, where Alton was confined for treatment. The fol-

lowing release has just been received from the American Red Cross:

**SOUTH PACIFIC**—Worried for fear he wouldn't see his hospitalized brother before he left with his unit, Pvt. Vance C. Eason of Farwell, turned to American Red Cross field director Charles H. Rogge, of Brookings, S. D., at a replacement center for assistance.

As the young soldier's story unfolded, it became apparent that he had been placed on the alert list and had just learned that his brother, Alton, whom he hadn't seen in many months, had been evacuated from the Solomons to a local hospital with a back injury as result of an accident.

Due to the alert Vance was unable to leave his encampment. Rogge consulted military authorities and secured a pass on condition that young Eason was provided transportation from camp and return by the Red Cross. Then he personally took the soldier to see his bedfast brother, who was greatly surprised.

Rogge sat back and listened to the boys talk of home and lay plans for things they hope to do when the war is over. To the Red Cross man it was a small service, but one that reaped a great deal of personal satisfaction.

(Word has been received here that Warrant Officer Alton Eason has arrived safely in San Francisco, and is recuperating from his injury.)

### BOBST IS CORPORAL

Mrs. Roy Bobst advises this column that her son, Dick, now serving with the air corps in Delano, California, has been recently promoted to corporal. Cpl. Bobst is in radio work.

### COMPLETES TRAINING

Pvt. Lee R. McDaniel, son of Mrs. R. P. Leinen, of Pocatello, Idaho, and grandson of Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Booth of Farwell, has completed training and graduated from the electronics school of the AAF in Chanute Field, it is learned here.

### TRIPLETT IS LIEUTENANT

Mr. and Mrs. B. S. Triplett of Texico have been informed that their son, Baylor, Jr., is now a full-fledged lieutenant in the Navy. Lt. Triplett is stationed in Washington, D. C.

### VISITS HERE

Pvt. Ivan Stark was a visitor in the homes of Bob, Edd and Frank Eason, Thursday and Friday. Pvt. Stark is with the MP detail at Santa Fe, N. M.

### RENEWAL TIME

The following subscriptions to servicemen are due for renewal if the boys are to continue to receive The Tribune:

Herbert McDaniel, Carl Denton, Cortez Billington, Tulon White, Mansell Cranfill, Fred Bolton, Murt Sullivan, Jerry Brand and John Austin Graham.  
Rates are \$1 for six months, with

## To Our Cigarette Customers . . .

We are trying to distribute our cigarette supply so there will be plenty for our local customers, and you may not be able to get yours in carton lots as heretofore.

We suggest that you get your cigarettes on the weekend—after Wednesday.

When our stocks run down to the reserve level, we will be compelled to limit purchases to two packages in order that all may have some.

**RED + PHARMACY**

no subscriptions for less than that time accepted. Please keep us advised of change of address in order that the papers may go through promptly.

## Business Meeting Held By Walther League

The Walter League of Lariat met Sunday evening in St. John's Lutheran Church for a business meeting.

The meeting was called to order by the president, Gilbert Kaltwasser. Various reports were given. Wilbert Kalbas gave a report on the Lutheran Hour fund, and Rev. H. Hartfield gave a short devotion. Fifteen members and two visitors were present.

## Beddoe Girls Meet

The Beddoe Girls Auxiliary met with Mrs. John Lockhart on Thursday afternoon, to conduct a study on Indians. Indian souvenirs, pictures, costumes, and jewelry were displayed.

A costume party representing different countries and races was planned for Monday at the home of Rada Morgan.

Refreshment of Indian pudding was served by Mrs. Lockhart.

Miss Euveta Stiles, who had spent the summer months employed in Washington, D. C., was a weekend guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Graham in Farwell, while en route to Belen, N. M., where she will teach.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Pierce were visitors in Amarillo, the past Saturday, attending business matters.

Mrs. Duncan Williams and children, of Glendale, Calif., are here for a two weeks visit with relatives.

Lawrence Overstreet, of Oklahoma City, is here for a visit with his mother, Mrs. Anne Overstreet.

**NEW TELEPHONE DIRECTORY GOING TO PRESS**

**TUESDAY, AUGUST 15th.**



- Water Bags
- Lawn Hose
- Lawn Rakes
- Hoes
- Shovels
- Grain Scoops
- Cow Kickers
- Cow Pokes
- Calf Weaners
- Soil Soakers
- Hose Washers
- Friction Tape
- LePages' Glue
- Permatex
- Neverleak
- Dish Pans
- Sash Cord
- Belt Dressing
- Mason Jar Caps and Lids
- Tin Cans
- Screen Door Springs
- Chisels
- Punches
- Steel Bits
- Flies
- Cam Separators
- Milking Machine
- Hack Saw Blades
- Binder Parts
- Binder Twine
- Bolts—Carriage, Machine
- Pipe Fittings
- Dishes
- Brushes
- Greeting Cards
- Rope
- Belting

**Harrison Hardware**

Dial 3051 Texico, N. M.



## Leave me out of it.

I'd rather skip any new car rush—worse than a nylon stocking sale after War. More cars have already gone out of the running than ever were built any year! How'll everybody get his new one overnight? But I've come this far with my engine OIL-PLATED, so I figure I'll be all right. I'll just keep it safely OIL-PLATED by staying with my good old friend Conoco N<sup>th</sup> motor oil. If you think you can beat it, okay. But remember, any engine is bound to have acids inside from every explosion. Therefore you'd risk too much grief from corrosion, as I understand, except that OIL-PLATING is made to check it.

The cans of N<sup>th</sup> oil tell you about a modern synthetic that does the OIL-PLATING. You'd imagine it's kind of magnetized to working parts, making a protective surface to shed off acids, before the worst happens. Good thing you needn't wait for an OIL-PLATED engine; you can have that whole improvement now, using Conoco N<sup>th</sup> oil.

**CONOCO N<sup>th</sup> MOTOR OIL**

**"ON-THE-SPOT" Battery Adjustments**

FORD NEW LAN SIMPLIFIES HANDLING OF BATTERIES!

When the customer buy a new Ford Battery, he is given a Battery Warranty, which will be honored by any Ford dealer.

**Sikes Motor Company**

FORD and MERCURY FORD TRACTOR FARWELL, TEXAS

**DAIRY SHOW PLANS**

(Continued from page 1) The form of ribbons. All prizes will be issued the final morning of the show.

Robert Morton will act as superintendent of the butterfat production contest, with Sam Sides in charge of the Jersey Department, and Levi Johnson supervising entries in the Milking Shorthorn group. General manager of the exhibit is County Agent Garlon A. Harper.

**Farm Machine Re-Sale Under Price Control**

Sales of used farm equipment and machinery by any person who has acquired it for re-sale have been brought under price control to protect farmers from overcharges, district OPA price executive J. B. Mooney has announced.

This action, he said, will protect farmers and farm equipment from speculators who have in the past acquired used farm machinery at or below ceiling prices and then re-sold the items at illegal prices, claiming they were not retail dealers.

**SERVICE WIVES**

Prepare quickly for interesting work, good pay, future security. Urgent demand, prompt placement. Free catalog.

*Draughon's* BUSINESS COLLEGE

Box 508, Lubbock, Texas

**WE REPAIR SHOES**

Keep your shoes in good repair by bringing them to us regularly.

Fair Prices—Prompt Service  
**Electric Shoe Shop**  
Next Door to Texico Postoffice

The amendment, effective August 2, also provides that all persons selling farm equipment must keep acquisition cost and sales records available to OPA for inspection.

All new and used farm machines are subject to price control when sold by dealers, but only combines, corn binders, corn pickers, farm and garden tractors, motor or tractor operated hay balers, hay loaders, manure spreaders, side delivery rakes, tractor-mounted mowers, and a combination of any of the items listed with other items of farm equipment specifically designed for mounting thereon are under price control when sold by farmers or auctioneers for farmers.

These ten implements, regarded by OPA and WFA as the most urgently needed, when sold "as is" may not be sold for more than 85 percent of the manufacturer's suggested retail price f.o.b. factory for items less than a year old, and for not more than 70 percent of this original price if the article is more than a year old.

**"Stretchers" Listed For Precious Fruits**

With fruits scarce and relatively expensive at this time, the problem arises as to how to include the amounts necessary to health and well-being without unduly increasing the amount spent for food. Here are some time-tested stretchers for fruit; have you tried them?

Avoid serving whole fruits—especially large ones—to children. Often much of the fruit is wasted.

Rather than serve whole peaches where the skins and some of the fruit around the seed may be wasted, peel the fruit and save peelings. Slice or cube the fruit, add a bit of sugar, dextrose, or corn sirup to suit the taste, and let it stand covered in a cold place until the sweetening has penetrated. Serve plain, with top milk, or cereals, or on puddings. The fruit apparently goes much farther.

Grind peach peelings, free from imperfections of course, through a coarse chopper and measure. To

each cup of pulp, add from one-fourth to one-third cup sugar. Add a small quantity of water to start the extraction of juice. Cook very slowly until tender. This makes an excellent fruit butter.

Used thinly sliced, lightly sweetened fruits as a topping for cream pies instead of meringue or cream.

Try sliced, sweetened fruits between graham crackers or rounds of baked pastry. Serve with some of the fruit juice, top milk, or a thin sauce.

Combine fruits and vegetables in a cooling summer salad-dessert. Pleasing combinations are: shredded sweet cabbage with oranges or raisins; grated or minced carrots with apples and a few nuts; grated carrots with raisins; finely chopped celery, apples and raisins or nuts.

Fry tart apple rings in a very little fat and serve with pork

Save the left-over single pieces of fruit and juice from canned fruits and combine in a frozen or congealed dessert, or mix with lemon juice as a beverage.

Cook the good portions of bruise or overripe fruit and use as a sauce over cake or pudding, or make into jam.

**Pilot Training Work Ends At University**

AUSTIN—After 3½ years of operation in which 1,400 fliers were trained, the University of Texas' pilot training program has officially ended with only one casualty on record.

That casualty was marked up in the early days of the program when a new cadet cracked up his ship—and lost four front teeth.

Originated as the CAA Civilian Training program with recruits from the University's student body, the pilot training has been operating as an all-Navy CAA-War Training service for the past year and a half.

Through Prof. V. I. Doughtie, coordinator, the University has administered the four-way program involving contracts and cooperation between the Navy, CAA, local flight operators, and the University.

Fourteen civilian instructors from the University staff taught the trainees ground school subjects ranging from navigation to theory of flight and code. Col. George E. Hurt, director of the University's Longhorn band, and former British army officer, handled military drill and discipline.

In the early stages of the program nine girls took the CPT course, eight completed the work, and Doughtie reports that seven are still using their flying in the war effort.

Other graduates of the school have distinguished themselves in combat, Doughtie reported. Navy Lt. Edward George Wendorf of West, Texas, a University student who took elementary and secondary training here, was hailed as "Texas toughest man" after bringing down two Jap planes and assisting in the "kill" of a third on his first mission.

**Test For Slow Leaks Perfected For Cars**

A new simple method for detecting slow leaks in tires so as to minimize the possibility of flats along the highways is outlined in detail in a pamphlet just issued by the maintenance section of ODT.

Surveys and careful tests have revealed, ODT says, that slow leaks are responsible every day for "needless destruction and premature wear" of millions of tires and tubes on cars, trucks, buses and tractors.

The test will give advance indication of punctures of air leaks. In experimental tests in which nails were driven into passenger tires and tubes, it was found that air losses seldom developed the first day. In a typical experiment, a four-penny nail was driven into each of four tires and tubes on the same car. The vehicle was then operated in the customary manner. Records showed that tire No. 1 ran over 2,300 miles before going suddenly flat, tire 2 ran over 3,900; tire 3, 5,100 miles, while tire 4 had not gone flat after 8,400 miles.

The simple test suggested by ODT is as follows: (1) make certain valve caps have been screwed on finger-tight and that each has a rubber washer; (2) before adding air, test and record pressure in each tire; (3) check variations in tire pressures—marked differences indicate slow leaks and tires showing abnormal losses should be removed for immediate inspection and repair.

**JUDGE IN ANGELO**

County Judge Lee Thompon was in San Angelo, the past Thursday, attending a meeting of the board of directors of the West Texas Judges and Commissioners Association, at which time plans for the fall meeting were laid. The convention will be held in San Angelo, Sept. 17-19.

**SANTA FE CARLOADINGS**

The Santa Fe Carloadings System's carloadings for the week ending August 5, 1944 were 28,168 compared with 21,521 for the same week in 1943. Cars received from connections totaled 14,293 compared with 12,180 for same week in 1943. Total cars moved were 42,461 compared with 33,701 for same week in 1943. Santa Fe handled a total of 42,514 cars in the preceding week of this year.

**BUTANE GAS DRUMS with appliances. See us before they are gone. Roper cook stoves, Hot water heaters, space heaters for natural or butane gas.**

**BATHROOM EQUIPMENT, including 20 and 24 inch kitchen sinks, commodes, lavatories, traps, strainers, commode bowls, commode repairs, tank balls and floats. Also all necessary material for septic tanks.**

**WE WILL CONTRACT YOUR PLUMBING.**

**WELL SUPPLIES, including cylinders, spools and ball check, also 2½ HP air cooled tubing, one 10-ft wind mill, all sizes pipe and pipe fittings.**

**FAIRBANK-MORSE and DEMPSTER deep well heads, fully automatic pressure systems, also 2½ HP air cooled gasoline engines and pump jack.**

**ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES, including Romex cable, No. 8, 10, 12 and 14 copper wire, switches, junction boxes, multibreakers, extension cord, weather heads and other miscellaneous items.**

**SHIRWIN-WILLIAMS PAINT and electric paint gun to use in applying same.**

**C. R. Elliott Company**

Bovina, Texas.

**LUNCH HIT**



**We Have Good Sandwiches**

No paper-thin fillings in our sandwiches. They are tasty, satisfying and with a glass of milk make almost a meal.

**SIZZLING STEAKS APPETIZING LUNCHEES HOME MADE PIES**

**Farwell Cafe**

**MODERATE**

We appreciate that very often there is a limited budget for the last final rites. For such clients we advise a modest funeral—the living must be regarded as well as those who have passed on.

In any case—whatever the cost—the arrangements are complete, beautiful and reverent. We do not want people to spend more than they can afford.

**BYRLE W. JOHNSON FUNERAL HOME**

Phone 1000—Clovis, N. M.

**FOX FOX**

**POULTRY REMEDIES . . .**

Now is the time to worm your hens to insure good egg production during the remaining months of summer. If its anything in poultry or stock remedies, you'll most likely find it in our stock.

**FOX DRUG STORE**

**FOX FOX**

Mrs. Vance Crume spent the weekend visiting with her husband, stationed at Camp Phillips, Kansas.

Don and Mariella Doose left on Monday for Lubbock, to spend the week with their grandparents.

Patsy and Caroline Parker, of Amarillo, and J. R. Ellison, of Pleasant Hill, are spending the week with their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Roy B. Ezell.

It is the customer who is the waiter in the restaurant nowadays. The man who never thought anything of walking ten miles a day now has a son who never thinks of it either.

The four stages of sickness are: Ill, pill, bill, will.

**TO CHECK MALARIA IN 7 DAYS take 666**  
Liquid for Malarial Symptoms.

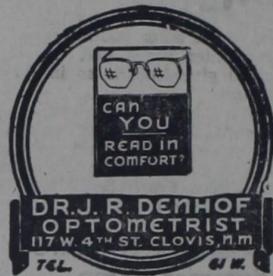
**We Need Poultry**

Don't keep a bunch of unprofitable hens around to eat up expensive feed.

Cull your flocks while the prices are good and bring the loafers to us—then invest the proceeds in War Bonds.

**WE ARE ALWAYS IN THE MARKET FOR YOUR POULTRY!**

**FORD PRODUCE COMPANY**



**DR. J. R. DENHOF OPTOMETRIST**  
117 W. 4TH ST. CLOVIS, N.M.  
TEL. 61 M.

**Farm Building are War Plants**



Get all the repair material as soon as you need it! Government recognition of farmers' needs has caused removal of repair material from priority listing

Make Needed Repairs Now for Caring for Your Products

**Houston Bros. Inc.**

Formerly Panhandle Lumber Co., Inc.

E. M. ROOP, Mgr.

Phone 3721

Texico, N. M.



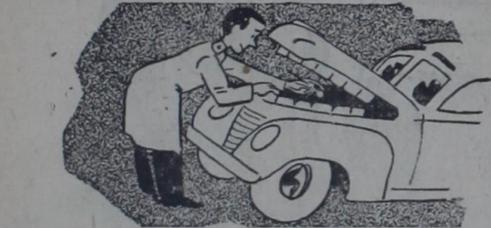
Mix Vit-A-Way With Your Feed for Better Feeding Results

CALL ON US FOR COTTONSEED MEAL

We Are Always in the Market for All Kinds of Grain

**Farwell Elevator Co.**

W. BART OSBORNE, Mgr.



**PROPER LUBRICATION**

That's nothing new—even WPB puts it up to you. Your car broke in its parts long ago. Expert, periodic lubrication alone will keep these parts in action.

**Phillips Service Station**

BOVINA, TEXAS

Clarence O. Smith, Consignee



**Binder Twine**

BULK TURNIP SEED

**Roberts Seed Co.**

Texico, N. M.

## NOTABLE NEWS EVENTS IN PICTURES



**BEACHHEAD CHAPEL**—Torn and shell-pocked, this little chapel near fighting front furnished religious services for Allied fighters in Normandy the first Sunday after D-Day. Bravely ringing out above the din of battle, the chapel's bell summoned the soldiers to prayer. (U. S. Coast Guard Photo.)



**KEY FASHION** — Black key print on white background, with its neckline, sleeve and waist band accents in coal black, is an effective study in contrasts. Gown is from Carnegie showing at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel, New York City.



**TO KEEP THE CHILDREN SAFE**—Looking brave and unafraid, these little evacuees are headed for the country and protection from Nazi random robot bombs on London. Authorities have been sending children from city limits to midlands and North England.



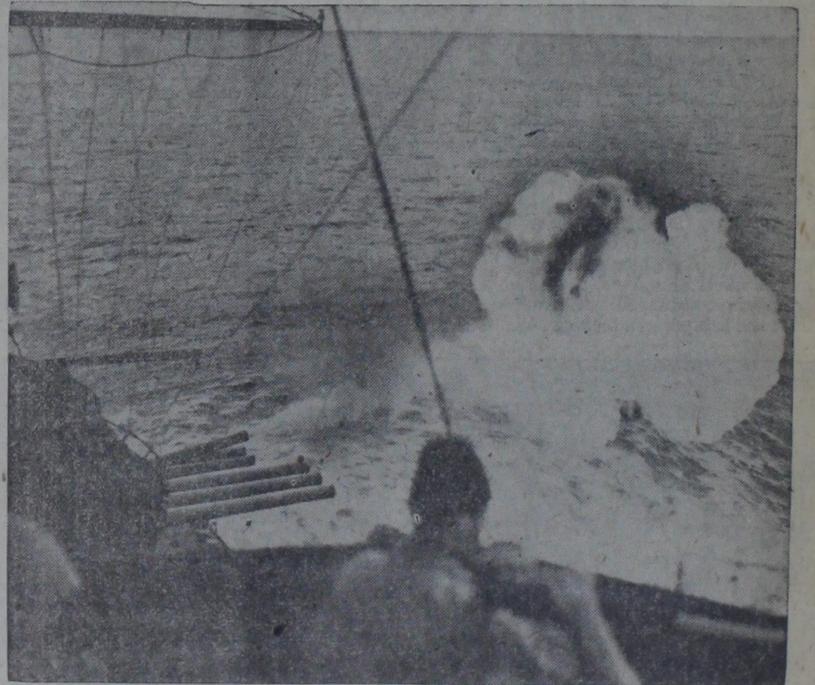
**FLOWERS FROM FRANCE**—A mademoiselle stands on street in Cherbourg to give flowers to Allies entering city. Now that Nazis have been cleared from strategic port, it will serve as funnel for huge concentration of Allied men and material bent on winning Western Battle of Europe.



**IN VICTORY GARDEN**—Back on his Pawling, N. Y., farm after traveling to Chicago to accept the Republican presidential nomination, Governor Thomas Dewey goes on an inspection tour of his boys' victory garden. Preceding the Governor, from left, are his sons John and Thomas, Jr.



**NEW WORLD ACE** — Breaking the world's record of ace RAF Group Capt. Malan, Wing Commander J. E. Johnson of Second Tactical Air Force of the RAF, has shot down 33 enemy planes. He has been awarded the American Distinguished Flying Cross.



**SPEAKS ITS PIECE**—Hurling screaming steel toward Jap positions on Saipan, this 14-inch gun aboard a U. S. battleship sends up a blast of vivid flame. Ship is part of U. S. Navy Task Force roaming the Pacific. (U. S. Navy Photo).



**HE'S GOT A GOOD PRODUCT**—U. S. War Bonds should be an easy thing to sell, but Emil Epstein has done a super job. He is shown here selling Deanna Durbin the bond that boosted his total individual sales over the \$5,000,000 mark. More than 70 per cent of sales have been low-priced bonds.



**WAC PARACHUTE CHAMP**—Pvt. Marie McMillin who set a world's record for women parachute jumpers. She is a section leader in charge of 12 WACs working on parachutes at Ft. Benning, Ga.



**BIBLE SAVED HIM**—PFC. James B. Strickland, of Waycross, Ga., displays the tiny Bible that stopped a bullet and saved his life during fighting in the Pacific. (U. S. Marine Corps Photo).



**THREE ON A MELON**—Finalists in watermelon eating contest held at Cypress Gardens, Fla., Marion Holms, Nance Stilley and Jane Morris, give a demonstration of how to sink teeth into and enjoy the flavor of melons.

# HITLER is MASTER of First Army Revolt

By EDWIN L. JAMES  
(New York Times)

THE indications are—and admittedly they come mostly from Nazi sources—that Hitler has mastered the first attempt of German Army generals to get rid of him and to take over the government of the country. But there is no room for doubt that the bomb which was planted at Hitler's headquarters and which exploded during a meeting with his Nazi generals, was evidence that the Fuehrer's position is weakening. The bomb explosion, according to German radio reports, injured Hitler and his officers, two of the officers dying later from their injuries. Through Gestapo Heinrich Himmler the Fuehrer began a drastic blood purge among army officers who were suspected of hatching up the plot to kill him. True enough, his blood purge now going on, and in which are being wiped out some of the leading military figures of Germany, may smooth things down for the time being. But the affair does represent a hole in Nazi armor. The last may not have been heard of it.

First-blush comment on the attempt to kill Hitler was to compare it with the beginning of the German revolution in October of 1918, which preceded Germany's surrender in November, 1918. There is a fundamental difference: The 1918 revolt came from the rank and file, while this attempt was engineered by high-ranking officers. There is a fundamental similarity: The sailors who didn't wish in 1918 to go out on U-boats again thought the Kaiser couldn't win and the generals who tried to kill Hitler thought the Fuehrer couldn't win.

## No Pro-Allied Undertaking

It is not to be presumed that the German generals were working for the sake of the Allies. They were working for their own sake. They quite evidently thought Hitler was leading the Reich to catastrophe and wished to take over.

They wished to take over with the idea they could make a better deal for Germany than could Hitler. Back in their minds was, of course, the desire to do something to preserve the force of the German officers clique (Prussian junkers), which had been skillful enough to survive the 1918 military catastrophe of Germany and to bring the Reich back to where it could start World War II. It is fair enough to say that it would be to the interest of the Allies to be done with Hitler because, in all the circumstances, he can fight on longer than any other German leader, it seems. But that would only end the Allied interest partly, for they have to get rid of the German officers clique just as they have to get rid of Hitler to achieve real peace in Europe.

Of course, for a long time, it has been no secret that high-ranking German officers had their differences with the Fuehrer. From this circumstance grew up the suggestion that the bomb attempt was a fake to give Hitler proper ground for a blood purge. However, the speeches made by Hitler and Goering after the bomb exploded were the speeches of frightened men.

## Revolt Will Have Repercussions

It is not easy to form a complete picture of the situation in Germany. There is little unprejudiced news com-

ing out of the Reich. But there is enough indication that the revolt was widespread. And that is significant. If it was wide enough it will not be crushed out completely in a few days. It may be forced underground, but if it was strong enough it will be heard from again.

Furthermore, it seems beyond doubt that the whole business must weaken the German war effort. It will hearten those in Germany who hate the Nazis,



REPORTED BOMB EXPLOSION AT HITLER'S ARMY HEADQUARTERS. In a radio speech, on July 26, Paul Joseph Goebbels, new German plenipotentiary, announced that Col. Count Claus von Stauffenberg planted the bomb that exploded at Hitler's army headquarters, injuring Hitler and some of his top generals. Later reports said two of the generals had died from their injuries.

and that for a variety of reasons. The generals Hitler is now killing were valuable men from a military point of view. They cannot be easily replaced from the party ranks. And the really important and unknown factor relates to how far in the ranks of the army the disaffection of the plotters has spread. There

may be enough SS troops to preserve order for the Nazis in Berlin and in other German centers, but there are not enough SS troops to fight the Russian Army and the British and Americans in France and Italy. If the plot was really broad and deep it may be months before its total effect makes itself felt.

## Situation Not Clear

Regardless of the exact situation, which is not clear, it is easily possible that the German generals may have put ideas in many heads. In 1918 the revolt of the sailors in Kiel quickly spread over the land until in a week there were soldiers and sailors committees active in all parts of Germany. As has been said, there is a basic difference in origin, but there is a certain similarity in psychology—namely, the idea that Germany is losing the war.

There is the Eastern front, where the Russians are pushing toward the Reich; there is the Normandy front where Rommel has not pushed the invaders back into the sea; there is the Italian front where the Germans are being steadily pushed back. There is the air front where the Luftwaffe is gradually fading. Perhaps, it was more than an accident that some of the Nazi spokesmen refer to the attack on Hitler as the "fifth front." Maybe that is a good description.

It is going too fast, perhaps, to compare this revolt with the sailors' revolt in 1918. It might be more accurate to compare it with the situation in March of 1918. That was when the Kaiser's generals told him he could not win. The Kaiser did not shoot them. He set them about trying to find a way out. They staged a final military effort in

France in the early summer and, in the meanwhile, explored all the peace possibilities. It was after they had no luck with the Pope at the Vatican and with the Queen of Holland that they turned to the Fourteen Points of Woodrow Wilson, after ignoring them for some five months after they had been issued by the American President. And they did a fairly good job because they ended the war they had lost with the German army intact and with the occupation of only the Rhineland.

If that comparison is good, we may have six or eight more months to go before Germany is beaten this time.

On July 23 Adolf Hitler issued a decree investing Marshal Hermann Wilhelm Goering and Propaganda Chief Paul Joseph Goebbels with sweeping powers over German public and private life, which also included Heinrich Himmler, chief of the Gestapo, as commander-in-chief of the army on the home front.

"Germany has been shaken and shot through with doubts by the three-sided Allied attacks in Europe, Secretary of War Henry L. Stimson said following the reported bomb attempt on Hitler's life, but there is no collapse in sight and no excuse for relaxing on the home front.

"There is only one sure strategy to finish this war with finality and speed," the Secretary declared in a radio report on his recent trip to Italy and Normandy.

"That is for us and our Allies to gear every resource we have in men and equipment in a final, unremitting assault on land, sea and in the air. The determination to do this is unmistakably present in our men in uniform. It must also be the guiding thought of everyone behind the lines."

## STATUE GIFT OF FRENCH

America's most familiar symbol of her freedom, the Statue of Liberty on Bedloe's Island in New York City Harbor, is the work of a French sculptor, Bartholdi, and it was made possible largely by financial contributions of the French people, who presented it to the United States in commemoration of the centenary of our independence.

The statue was finished in 1883 and unveiled three years later.

# FIGHTING ABILITY Of German-Jap Flyers

By IRA WOLFERT  
(Condensed from The Chicago Sun)

THERE are not many airmen who have fought both our major enemies in the air—Germany and Japan. But among those who have, including Gen. Jimmy Doolittle, the impression is general that the Luftwaffe (German air force) is by far the more formidable foe.

This is true very clearly on a plane-for-plane basis, and is true, too, though not so clearly, on a man-for-man basis. The German sits in a better plane than the Jap, and he is likely to be a better airman, although many Japs are very handy indeed in an airplane.

On the basis of planes, men and defenses against air assault, the following is about the comparison between our two

mering before they will burn or fall apart or the pilot can be killed. One burst generally accounts for the Zero.

Jap dive bombers are as good as the Germans', which puts them second to ours. In the medium-bomber class Japs and Germans are equal—which again puts them second to us.

The Japs have not produced a four-motored bomber to amount to anything and the more we learn of the nature of the war in the Pacific the less of a mistake we think this might be. A good argument can be advanced against regarding the Pacific war as one in which heavy bombardment planes can play any substantial part.

B-29 May Change Picture  
The B-29, with its increase in range,

plane may be described as actually impotent.

Work of some value may be expected from the high-level plane against enemy supply lines. But most often these supply lines lead through jungle or consist of ships.

The high-level bomber needs too much luck both in the jungle and against ships to be counted on as a reliable weapon for that kind of work. The high-level plane may come into its own if the fight should come within range of the Japanese mainland.

To sum up the airplane situation: Japanese fighter planes are not nearly the problem to us that German fighter planes are; Japanese bombers are about as troublesome as the Germans'; Japanese targets are less accessible to punishment from the air and therefore, on the basis of work accomplished, much more vexatious to those whose primary concern is not so much to live a little longer as to do the job with the weapons at hand.

## Question of Airmen Efficiency

On the question of airmen, a comparison is much more easily arrived at. Men green to air combat are always poor. There are exceptions, but they only prove the rule, and the rule is as true of our airmen as it is of the Germans and the Japs.

In the two months that I have spent living with our fliers in Europe, there have been marked day-to-day variations in their reports on the quality of the opposition.

Sometimes the Luftwaffe would seem "hot," as they call it—meaning eager for the kill and immensely crafty at defending itself. Sometimes the Luftwaffe would appear both bungling and timid. It seemed to depend on whether our men were up against new boys or old-timers.

This is true of the Jap, too, although unlike the German he is never timid. He will always give battle. However, the decrease in the quality of Jap airmen has been much more marked than in the Luftwaffe. There seem to be two reasons for this.

The first is that when a Jap flier loses his battle, he generally winds up dead. Either his plane burns or disintegrates under punishment or he refuses to bail out. Or, bailing out, he lands in the sea and dies there or lands in the jungle and dies there.

## Chance to Bail Out

German airmen have a chance to bail out and when they do, particularly this year, they land on German or German-occupied soil from which they can fly again the next day.

The second reason is, once the Japs had lost the top of their young population in the air and had to dip deeper into their people for replacements, they—unlike ourselves and the Germans—found themselves coming up with a type boy who, being a member of their extensive deprived classes, had had little (Continued on Page 7, column 5)

# The ROBOT BOMB Nazis Secret Weapon

By WAR STAFF EDITOR

ADOLF HITLER on June 15 unleashed his secret weapon. He had threatened for months to take vengeance for the bombing of German cities. It was one Hitler threat that was not empty. The weapon was a flying bomb, pilotless, incapable of being aimed except in a general direction, but Hitler's target was London, big enough to hit. The robot's sole military effect evidently was to divert some Allied air power to counter-measures. It took some of Britain's attention and manpower to deal with the casualties. It could not, Allied military experts agreed, affect the progress of the war against Germany.

The flying bomb is said to have an effective range of approximately 170 miles. By drawing a 170-mile circle about London it will show that Flushing, Ostend, Lille, Amiens, Rouen, Havre and Cherbourg all come well inside the circle. This obviously complicates the Allied job of locating and disposing of all the bomb sites. Search of the bomb sites found in Normandy, France, and Calais, France, has disclosed vast underground works which have already been covered over with earth, making them difficult to spot from the air.

Prime Minister Winston Churchill, in a statement which he described as brutally frank, told the world that German robot flying bombs in three weeks have killed 2,752 persons, seriously injured about 8,000, and have done extensive damage, primarily in London, which he disclosed as the previously-censored but obvious target of the enemy weapon.

## Facts About Flying Bomb

The following facts are given about the bomb by the London Daily Mail:

"Power—Jet-driven petrol engine, launched from ramp, probably with aid of take-off rocket. Noises in flight due to intermittent explosions with jet unit.

"Size—Fuselage 21 feet, 10 inches long, maximum width 2 feet 8 1/4 inches, wing span, 16 feet, overall length 25 feet, 4 1/2 inches.

"Speed—In level flight between 300 and 350 miles per hour.

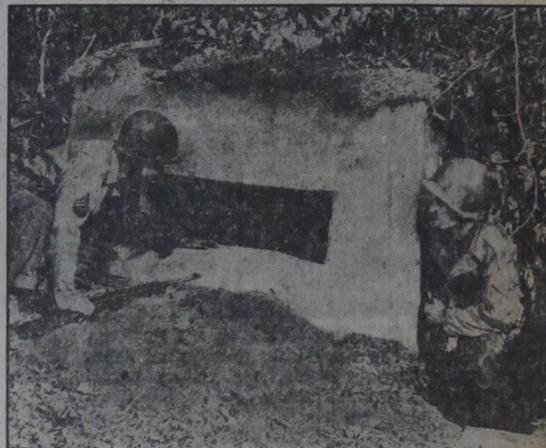
"Range—About 150 miles. All-steel construction.

"Explosive—Equal to one-ton bomb, carried in warhead, mounted in thin casing in front part of fuselage.

"Control—By automatic pilot; not radio directed. 'Pilot' set before flight, enemy having no control over direction once missile leaves launching ramp.

"Color—Usual German camouflage—dark green on top, light blue underneath."

It is now nearly a year since the Germans themselves announced that they had begun mass production of a secret weapon and they very soon afterward gave hints by radio and in the press which made it obvious that the secret



ROCKET BOMB CONTROL ROOM—Sgts. James Hughes, left, of Tulsa, Okla., and William B. Marks, of Chicago, examine a German rocket bomb base captured in France. Marks stands in the entrance way.

weapon could only be some kind of pilotless plane or rocket. Allied commanders were aware of all these preparations, and the bombing by RAF squadrons then began along seacoasts of France and Belgium and factory sites throughout the Reich in an effort to destroy plants where robots were being manufactured and the launching platforms from which they could be set into action.

## Exodus From London

Whatever the future, those who could leave London—mainly children, their mothers and the aged—were being evacuated at their own request. Youngsters by the trainload, each wearing a large identification tag and clutching a packet of food, were leaving the city for safer areas to the north. Already (Continued on Page 7, column 5)



OUR NEW AIR FORCE—Brig.-Gen. Kenneth Wolfe, inset, Riverside, Calif., heads the newly formed 20th Air Force Bombing Command which recently smacked war plants near Tokyo with giant B-29's in their maiden mission. The Superfortress, lower right, makes the B-17 Flying Fortress, upper left, look like a medium bomber. They will be used against Germany as well as Japan as 20th swings into full operation as a global task force. (USAAF photos).

principal enemies that I would judge fair after two trips to the Pacific and nearly two months with our air forces in Europe.

German fighter planes are as good as ours and take as much punishment, which means they are the superior of the Zero.

The Messerschmitt 109 and the Focke-Wulf 190 require a real, persistent, pressed-home and reiterated ham-

firepower and load over the Liberator and Flying Fortress, may change the picture, but up to now heavy bombardment work has had limited use.

There are no targets of any critical value between where we are now in the Pacific and Japan itself except troops and ships. Airplanes of any kind, including even the dive-bombing plane, are nearly impotent against dug-in personnel in the jungle. The high-level

## No. 1 Critical War Material

DONALD M. NELSON, chairman of the War Production Board, says this about waste paper, No. 1 critical war material:

"A survey recently made public by the Department of Commerce indicates 62 per cent of all salvageable waste paper in the United States is available from industry and 38 per cent from homes and farms.

"Despite the excellent co-operation of the public and the 17,000 salvage committees, waste paper collections have averaged about 588,000 tons a month in 1944, or 79,000 tons short of our monthly goal.

"Continuation of this dangerous situation will not only jeopardize war production, but cause further curtailment of the diminished allotments of civilian paper. A new study made through the courtesy of the Gallup newspaper-sponsorship reveals only 63 per cent of our families are saving waste paper regularly and only 67 per cent are convinced of the need of waste paper.

"Therefore, I appeal to every man, woman and child to redouble their efforts in the U. S. victory waste paper campaign."

## Our Secret Weapons Better Than Nazis'

America has "secret weapons far in advance of anything the enemy has yet disclosed," according to Maj. Gen. Bennett E. Meyers, commanding general of the A.A.F. Materiel Command.

"For years Hitler has been frightening people with his tales of secret weapons," said Meyers. "But Americans can now be told they have nothing to fear. We have our own, and materiel command experts are constantly at work on new inventions, new planes, and new equipment."

As an example he pointed to the B-29, which has raided the Japanese mainland twice, and said it was planned four years ago. Discussing the robot plane, he said the materiel command was at work on such a device as long ago as 1918.

Looking to the future, Brig. Gen. F. O. Carroll, chief of the materiel command's engineering division, said America's aerial fighters of 1947-48 will be powered by jet-propulsion, while greater horsepower and higher efficiency will be developed in orthodox types of gasoline engines.

## Mine-Sweepers on D-Day

Since D-Day hundreds of ships heavily laden with troops and equipment have steamed unharmed through the world's most heavily mined waters to deliver their cargoes to France. Many factors contributed to make this feat possible, but among the foremost, and probably the least heralded, are the men

on the mine-sweepers, whose job is highly dangerous and completely unromantic.

It was these men who kept open "Invasion Lane," through which seemingly endless streams of ships passed to the beachheads. They cleared the waters of mines and then marked the channels so that even the most inexperienced skippers could guide their ships through the avenues of lighted markers just as though they were entering a friendly port.

## Anniversary of Auto Invention

Since this is invasion year and election year, Americans are perhaps too busy to take notice that this also is the fiftieth anniversary of the invention of the automobile. From the days of gas buggies to the present streamlined cars is a short jump within the lifetime of most people, and the last half a century has many memories for the veteran American motorist.

It was back in 1894 that Edwood Haynes and Charles Duryea began making little trips in their first automobiles. Haynes set tongues wagging at Kokomo, Ind., when he puffed around town in that first car of his, and in Springfield, Mass., Duryea had the town agog with his early gas buggy.

Since 1894 more than 600 different makes have been presented to the public, and today 19 survive. When production begins at the end of the war the great automotive industry will begin to build the car of the future. First cars to roll off the assembly lines after the war are expected to be 1942 designs for which the plants are tooled but later automotive engineers can roll up their sleeves and concentrate on the wonders that we in the United States have dreamed about.

## Saipan Victory

Completion of the conquest of Saipan in the bloodiest fighting of the Pacific war established U. S. forces within bombing range of Japan and the Philippines.

Saipan, with two large airfields and deep water harbors, opened a new springboard for further amphibious operations westward to the China coast and eventually to Japan itself.

Complete conquest of the 75-mile square, administrative center of the Marianas, was announced by Admiral Chester W. Nimitz who said U. S. Marines and Army troops broke the last Japanese organized resistance in the northern tip of Saipan.

The 25-day campaign for Saipan involved the fiercest fighting of the Pacific and resulted in heavy losses to both the United States and Japan.

Possession of the island enables Nimitz to project his air and naval power deep into the last big sea area farther

westward under Japanese control and open bases for submarines closer to the fields where they have been harassing enemy supply lines since the war started.

## High-Protein Stock Feed from Sawdust

Those thick, juicy steaks you're going to get again some day may be fattened, not on the traditional diet of corn, but on sawdust.

Not that yearlings and steers will chew the dry stuff directly out of the manger; they will get quantities of highly nutritious dried yeast. Yeast is made mostly from sugar and sugar can be made from wood waste, Erwin M. Schaefer, anti-Nazi German industrialist now living in this country, told the recent meeting of the Annual Chemurgic Conference.

The technique is not new and untried; it was conducted on a large scale at Mr. Schaefer's big plant at Tornesch, near Hamburg, before Nazi overlords cast covetous eyes on it and "acquired" it. Now Schaefer is preparing to supervise the erection of a large government-owned plant in the great timber region of the Pacific Northwest where the process will be put into operation primarily to produce alcohol for wartime purposes.

To convert the cellulose in wood into sugar by the Tornesch process, tall steel towers are packed with sawdust, shavings or other wood waste. Dilute sulfuric acid is trickled down from the top, while high temperature and pressure are maintained in the towers. The liquid that flows out at the bottom is a thin syrup—6% sugar in water.

## Manpower of U. S. Armed Forces

The Navy has reached its desired strength of 3,650,000, bringing the combined strength of the armed forces up to its scheduled peak of 11,350,000 and putting further induction calls on a replacement basis, says the United Press.

Naval officials stated that, as of June 30, the Navy, Marine Corps and Coast Guard numbered 3,632,381 men and women—just 18,000 short of the Sept. 1 goal—and estimated that by now that peak had been passed.

The Navy stood at 2,987,311, the Marine Corps at 475,835 and the Coast Guard at 169,235. This tabulation showed an increase since April 30 of about 250,000 men, by far the largest part of manpower inducted since that time.

The Army has been on a replacement basis for three and one-half months after reaching its scheduled strength of 7,700,000 on April 1.

Unless future military operations require sudden and increased demands for manpower, it was expected that monthly induction quotas could be cut below 100,000. The Army has required replace-

ments in the neighborhood of 70,000 a month and the Navy ordinarily less than 10,000.

Youths reaching 18 years of age number approximately 100,000 a month, with an average of more than 60,000 fit for military service.

## Gunfire System of B-29

The revolutionary gunfire-control system and turbo-supercharger developments which take the B-29 and its crew to new heights may now be described.

By concentrating accurately more lead on a more distant target than any plane ever built, the gunfire system enables the B-29 to fly through swarms of enemy planes without fighter escort, a new concept in aerial warfare.

The system comprises not only power turrets, multiple gun installations, and computing gunsights which automatically correct for various factors, but also means to put the sight directly on the target. In a matter of seconds most of the plane's armament can be swung about to concentrate terrific fire on one spot.

The B-29 is the largest bombing and fighting plane in the world and recently bombed Japan from Chinese bases.

## Wolf Dogs Help to Fight Germans

Helping to keep the Nazis jumping in France, Alsatian wolf-dogs are being used by the Americans to accompany sentries guarding important areas.

The ferocious dogs point out their quarry quietly in the familiar bird-dog fashion, and their masters need only to give a command and they dive for a man's right arm, biting through to the bone. Highly trained by the British, the dogs were loaned to the Americans for patrol and sentry duty.

Accompanying his master on a tour of inspection, the dog will act on a moment's notice when the command is given. When the sentry asks for the countersign, and the intruder cannot give it, a shot either rings out or a command send the dogs into snarling action.

Trained to be calm under battle noises and shell fire, the dogs obey only their masters and will follow commands given them even though death is the inevitable result of their actions. The fact that they do their work quietly and act with lightning speed when given the order has made the wolf-dogs an invaluable ally in fighting the Germans.

## Wildcatting for Oil Expensive

New oil is discovered by drilling wells, which costs money which, in turn, has to be recouped from production earnings. Nobody will spend money drilling if the gambling odds against him are too great. Therefore, if we desire to discover more petroleum, we must give wildcatting—those who do speculative drilling—more run for their investment dollars by raising the price of oil products.

That's the argument petroleum experts are presenting as they clamor for increases in the selling rate of oil, which the OPA has fixed at \$1.25 a barrel for the mid-western area and which oil men are pressing to be raised to \$2 a barrel.

Estimates of the amount of petroleum remaining under American ground vary from a 14 to 200-year supply. Only continued exploration by trained geophysicists, plus wildcat drilling, will locate new fields.

## German Prisoners in France

"German prisoners captured in the fighting in and around Normandy, France, are part fanatics and part defeatists," says Richard Stokes, war correspondent.

"A military photographer, a 22-year-old Nazi blond from Westphalia with staring blue eyes, said 'you'll see—at the right moment our Fuehrer will give the word, and then you'll see him a world conqueror.'"

"Hitler is a madman," said a 32-year-old private from Bavaria. "He has brought Germany down to destruction. We were told that the Americans never could land in Europe. I always knew better and said so. What the Americans say they will do, they do."

"The Bavarian, who had been wounded three times in Russia, said he was snatched from a hospital before recovery and rushed to France a few weeks ago. He recently found

American troops on both sides of La Haye du Puits and gave up. He said he would have been crazy not to surrender. He has had enough of war and is glad to be out of it.

"He and others declared that German artillery was blind without air observation; that it is impossible to move supplies by day because convoys are bombed on the roads by American planes. But the prisoners maintained that the Germans have an abundance of ammunition and sufficient food although they get only one hot meal a day, at night. They said the effect of American artillery is shocking and far surpasses anything suffered in Russia."

## Airplane Ambulance

Doing double duty as troop transport carriers and flying ambulances, airplanes are taking American troops into battle and, if their luck is bad, are carrying them back for medical care with such speedy service that in many cases only three hours separates a wounded soldier on a beach in France from an operating table in England.

By lessening the danger of shock and infection, this quick air evacuation program is expected to go a long way toward cutting down the rate of deaths from wounds during the campaign on the European continent.

Army medical officers say many soldiers would not be alive today if it had not been for the airplane ambulance service. For example, one captain in the medical corps pointed to a soldier who had been hit by a sniper's bullet in France at 4:30 o'clock in the afternoon. The slug punctured his heart. At 7:30 p. m. the soldier was on an operating table in England, and the bullet was being extracted.

"I can be optimistic," the medical captain explained, "because the flying ambulance got him here so soon after he was hit. With that speed, we can begin work on serious cases before deadly infection sets in and before shock gets such a strong hold on the patient that it becomes extremely difficult to snap him out of it."

## Over 88,000,000 Potential Voters in U.S.

Candidates for national offices in November will have a potential field of more than 88,600,000 voters in which to contest for support (more than 8,000,000 in excess of what they had four years ago), according to figures released by the Bureau of the Census in answer to a series of questions on what the war has done to the structure of the voting public.

In the estimated total, there will be more voters for the first time, the excess being nearly 600,000. This comparison includes the total of men voters (about 7,860,000) who are in the armed services.

The estimate of those of voting age was fixed by the Census Bureau at 88,666,555 as of Jan. 1, 1944, divided into 44,043,669 men and 44,622,886 women.

At the time of the 1940 Presidential election, the total of potential voters (defined by the bureau as citizens of 21 years of age and over) was 79,863,452, of which 40,111,436 were men and 39,752,016 were women.

Ballots cast in the 1940 election totaled 49,815,312, or 62.4 per cent of the potential total. If, therefore, there were no abnormal factors to affect the volume of voting this year and the ratio of election participation to potential voters were the same as in 1940, the number to go to the polls in November would reach the all-time-high total of 55,327,930.

In whom we have redemption through his blood, the forgiveness of sins, according to the riches of his grace. Eph. 1:7.

# Grass Root Reveries

By JOE GANDY  
Winnboro, Texas.

(Copyright, 1944, by the Southwest Magazine Co.)

AFTER going through the July heat, which took some joy out of life, we have August, runner up, with a bad reprieve for torrid days. Some jokers blame politics for the July heat—saying it was generated at the Chicago Democratic convention and at the July primaries. Be that as it may, I have stripped down to the waist, ready to combat August heat. History says the month of August was named for Augustus Caesar and July for Julius Caesar, two Roman rulers. Julius played politics, made himself dictator for the fourth term and finally for life. He was stabbed to death by Brutus, a disgruntled New Dealer. It appears that politics runs true to form and that politics 2,000 years ago is pretty much like politics today.



"They murmured against Him and worshiped idols."

the end of 340 years wound up with a national debt of \$200,000,000,000, a bureaucratic government and a threat of inflation.

A candidate for the Legislature promised, if elected, he would introduce a bill for an appropriation to kill off all the crows. Before we start killing crows we had better save the ammunition to kill Japs and Germans, who are a greater nuisance than crows. A smart bird, the crow, he keeps out of gun range and lives to a ripe old age. I believe crows have a vocabulary of cuss words. When I come upon them while plowing in the field they emit a series of loud caws that sound like, "dam-you—dam-you, go-to-hell—go-to-hell."

Hens have done so well producing food—for freedom that they have piled up a surplus of eggs. In order to get rid of the surplus the government has attempted to convert eggs into livestock feed. But this might be expensive feed. I have two sows that could eat four dozen eggs a day, either raw, fried, boiled or scrambled. May be the labor unions can do something about the egg problem by organizing and educating the hens to work shorter hours.

A biologist says the human race is going through a social revolution, that revolutions occur every 200 to 300 years. He attributes World War I and World War II to social revolution. I know very little about biology, but I do know that God, for centuries, has been trying to make the human race better. He tried to make the Israelites better by releasing them from bondage, but they mur-

mured against Him and worshiped idols. So it is today. Men forget God's help in time of need and adopt strange ideologies. Social unrest is nothing more or less than plain squawking and lack of appreciation for the blessings of a wise and beneficent Creator.

The richest woman in the world, Doris Duke Cromwell, heiress to the Duke tobacco millions, has gone to work at a salary of \$1 a year. She is training for a position in the United Seaman's Service in New Orleans. It is a war job and Doris says, "I am happier now than I have ever been in my life. I feel that I am doing something worthwhile." She has set a fine example for idle rich women. Not only does she set a fine example, but she proves that work is the road to health and happiness. Busy people get more out of life than idle people. We kid ourselves if we think loafing will make us contented and happy. The most miserable man I ever knew was old Bill Scroggins, who never worked a lick in his life, was mean to his family and everybody else and died friendless.

Several newspaper writers who have lived in Germany hint that Hitler planted the bomb that exploded at his headquarters recently during a conference with army generals. The bomb reportedly killed two of the officers and injured others, including Hitler. Reason for believing Hitler planted the bomb is because he wanted to arouse public sympathy for himself, needed material for propaganda and an excuse for another blood purge. The revolt began in the army, not among privates but among leading officers, and spread to the three Reich battlefronts in Italy, France and Russia-Poland. Hitler put down the revolt by ordering all suspects executed, from top generals down. The Fuehrer's days are numbered. He will get by for a while, but the handwriting is on the wall. His Nazi kingdom is weighed in the balance and found wanting.

## My, How Sonny Boy Has Changed!



# TEXAS BRIEF NEWS --- from Over the State

**SEVEN BROTHERS IN UNIFORM**  
Mrs. M. L. Pope of Marshall (Harrison County) has three brothers in the Navy, two in the Army and two in the Seabees.

**SAME PISTOL FATHER CARRIED**  
Lieut. Richard L. Saunders, of El Paso, who recently went overseas, is wearing the same pistol carried by his father during World War I.

**OLD-TIMER PICNIC**  
Mrs. Roy Barker, of Crystal City (Zavala County), recently was host at a picnic to 29 men, all of whom were more than 70 years old. Four local ministers joined the party.

**BETTER LATE THAN NEVER**  
Forty former students of Calhoun College in Hunt county recently formed an alumni association at a meeting in Dallas. The college closed its doors 50 years ago.

**WAR PRISONERS AVAILABLE**  
Officers of Eighth Service Command have announced that 4500 war prisoners soon will be available for farm labor in Texas. The prisoners can be obtained by application to the extension service of A. & M. College.

**FUNDS FOR CANCER RESEARCH**  
Mrs. Rosalie B. Hite, of Houston, last survivor of a pioneer Texas family, has given an estimated \$640,000 to the cancer research clinic of the University of Texas. The bequest is in real estate and bonds and stocks.

**CARRIED KNIFE AND GUITAR**  
Pvt. Ernest Barker, of Eastland (Eastland County), was seen embarking from England for France with a rifle over one shoulder and a guitar over the other.

**MOTHER AND DAUGHTER JOIN WAC**  
Mrs. Anita Andrews, of Bellville (Austin county) and her daughter, Maurine Wilson of Houston, enlisted together in the WAC at Fort Crockett. Both are natives of Bellville.

**COW TAIL HAIR GOES UP**  
The city of Austin, which operates a slaughter house, has received \$92.80 from the sale of hair clipped from the tails of cattle killed there. Shortage of hog bristles has brought a demand for this new hair for manufacture of brushes.

**DALLAS LEADS NATION IN BOND SALE**  
Dallas was the first major city of the nation to reach its Fifth War Loan quota of \$75,000,000, which was oversubscribed several hundred thousand dollars.

**EXPENSIVE DUST CLOTH**  
Spontaneous combustion ignited a dust cloth in the desk of a stenographer at the State Capitol, Austin. The alarm which followed brought out every fire engine in Austin as it was thought the Capitol building was on fire. Result, no damage.

**BIRD SANCTUARY**  
Recent inspections show the new bird sanctuary near Houston has many rare varieties of birds already. Included are terns, wood ibis, roseate spoonbills, white glossy cheeked ibis, and several species of rare herons. The sanctuary is a group of small islands in Trinity Bay.

**101-YEAR-OLD MOTHER ATTENDS FUNERAL OF 81-YEAR-OLD DAUGHTER**  
Mrs. Mary Holcomb, of Fort Worth, attended the funeral of her 81-year-old daughter, Mrs. Sarah Jane Payne. The family tried to keep information of the daughter's death from the aged mother, but she sensed something was wrong. When told of it she replied, "I'll go to the funeral service."

**ONLY THREE WOMEN ON ONE PACIFIC ISLAND**  
Mrs. Burl Simpson, former English teacher in Athens (Henderson county) high school, has gone to join her husband on a Southwest Pacific island. She will be the third woman to live there. Two other officers have their wives with them at the post where Lt. Simpson is a communications officer. Before going to the Southwest Pacific, Lt. Simpson spent 17 months in the Aleutian Islands.

**THE FIRST RODEO**  
The Pecos Enterprise recently carried a story about the first rodeo. According to this paper, four ranch outfits were in town on July 4—and that meant something was liable to happen. Cowboy bragging led to the suggestion that a contest be staged. Many details of the arrangements have been forgotten, but the contest was held in Pecos July 4, 1883, with 1000 people on hand for the fun and a barbecue. The article concluded: "from that humble beginning sprang the colorful and spectacular form of entertainment now known throughout the world as 'rodeo.'"

**LONG-DELAYED REUNION**  
Four sisters, who had not been together at the same time in 51 years, held a reunion at Mound (Coryell County). One of the sisters came from Tennessee for the event.

**SHOE-SHINE-BOY REWARDED**  
Customers of a Houston barber shop chipped in \$127 to pay for the operation when their favorite "shine boy" was sent to the hospital. The 36-year-old Negro has worked in the shop for 12 years.

**TEXAN BAKES PIE FOR FILM STAR**  
S/Sgt. Claren Thompson of Waxahachie (Ellis county) was complimented for his cooking by Film Star Marlene Dietrich after she ate the pineapple custard which the Texan baked for her when she appeared with a USO show touring Italy.

**CAN YOU REMEMBER WHEN?**  
Recent conversation about the high cost of living sent a Bay City (Mata-gorda county) citizen on a search for information. He found that in 1920 local stores charged 78c for pound of butter, 92c for dozen of eggs, 27c per pound for sugar, 10c per pound for potatoes and a bed sheet cost \$2.81. Coal sold for \$12.50 per ton.



**WHEAT ON PANHANDLE PAVEMENT**—Not phased by acute shortage of manpower, storage space and transportation facilities, Texas growers of Panhandle's 72-million-bushel wheat crop got together and found solution for their difficulties. They simply sweep the little-used paved streets in small towns and stack the wheat on pavements, as shown here.

**TEXAS SOLDIER WANTS FLOWER SEEDS**  
Lieut. Thomas Purl has written from India to his parents in Georgetown (Williamson county) asking for some flower seeds to plant around the new barracks at his post. Included in the shipment were bluebonnet seeds.

**CONSCIENCE MONEY**  
Sec. Roy Rupard, of the State Fair of Texas, Dallas, recently received a letter containing \$5 and a note which said "in payment for the times I slipped into the fair by the back gate without paying."

**HOT WATER ROUTS PROWLER**  
A Houston woman heard a noise in the front of her house while she was cooking breakfast. She slipped to a door and saw a man trying to pry open a window screen. Hurrying to the kitchen she got a pan of boiling water which she threw into the man's face. He ran away howling with pain.

**PORCUPINE ONLY EATS CORN BREAD**  
Many residents of Milam county got their first glimpse of a porcupine when one was captured on the Mrs. E. Fisher ranch near Hanover. It was the first one ever heard of in that region by old-timers. Of the many bits of food offered the animal, it would only eat corn-bread.

**PAINFUL ACCIDENT**  
Three small boys of Marlin (Falls county) were badly burned when they tried a dangerous stunt. They poured gasoline into an old well, then threw a lighted match down to "see the gasoline burn on the water." The flash, which ensued, came near the surface of the well and caused hospitalization for two of the boys and the other one was painfully burned.

**VICIOUS RAT**  
A rat that weighed five pounds attacked and bit three men working on the docks at Galveston. After a lively battle the rodent was finally killed and examined for rabies.

**103-YEAR-OLD WOMAN DIES**  
Mrs. L. B. Stribling of Llano (Llano county) died at the age of 103. She was believed to be the oldest resident of that section.

**SPARROW CAUSES FIRE**  
Investigators reported that a two-alarm fire in a Dallas church was caused when nesting sparrows carried a lighted cigarette into a small crack in the wall.

**ANOTHER "MEANEST THIEF"**  
From El Paso comes the story of another of those meanest thieves. This one, a bus passenger, filched the purse of a blind girl who was on her way to California to purchase a seeing-eye dog. The loot was a money order for \$125 and \$25 in cash.

**LUCKY BOOTS**  
At least 12 Army fliers in England have worn the same pair of high-heeled boots while on air missions over Europe. Capt. Lyster A. Brumley of Del Rio (Val Verde county) had them first and they got him through a full tour of duty. When he was relieved he passed the charmed boots along. Others who have worn them are Lieut. Ernal W. Bridwell of Winters (Runnels county). Next in line is Lieut. Robert L. Deveney of Waco.

**TEXAS FIRST IN PLASMA**  
Texas, one of the first States in the nation to establish a blood plasma program for civilian use, operates a mobile bleeding unit through the State Health Department. The plasma is sent upon request to any community.

**BEAUTIFYING A MAIN STREET**  
Citizens of Palestine (Anderson county) are busy beautifying one of the city's main streets, chiefly through plantings of redbud and dogwood trees. Property owners cooperate by planting the space between curb and sidewalk.

**WAR BABIES INCREASE BIRTH RATE**  
The birth rate in Texas increased 62 per cent between 1938 and 1943, according to a report from the State Health Department. The department also reported maternal care of nearly 13,000 mothers and babies of service men.

**IRON LUNG REPAIRED QUICKLY**  
A Groesbeck (Limestone county) garageman is being praised by local citizens for a rush repair job which he did on an iron lung machine. The machine developed trouble and mechanics rushed from Dallas were delayed en route. The patient was able to return to use of the lung without serious complications.

**TEMPTING RAT BAIT**  
During a rat extermination campaign in Beaumont (Jefferson county) poisoned pecan candy was used as bait.

**SAME BIRTHDAY**  
Four members of the Jack V. Ashley family have the same birthday—June 14. The youngest member was born on that day this year.

**NEW BUG CATCHER**  
Inventors of a new bug-catcher, which is gaining favor in West Texas, have opened a branch manufacturing plant in Sonora (Sutton county). Main plant is in San Angelo (Tom Green county).

**YOUNGSTERS CATCH BIG 'UN**  
Two Fort Worth youngsters, the oldest 15 and the youngest 11, fought a big catfish four hours before they finally landed it from the Trinity river.

**ROOSTER ATTACKS CHILD**  
Janice Graham, age 5, of Palestine (Anderson county) was painfully hurt when a pet game rooster attacked her. She was injured about the head, shoulders and chest.

**U. S. USES MUCH TEXAS GASOLINE**  
Texas sold 207,120,000 gallons of gasoline to Uncle Sam during the month of April, according to a report just released. Civilian sales during the same period were slightly more than 108,000,000 gallons.

**GIANT RADISH**  
E. D. Lutz, of Waco, found a radish in his Victory Garden which measured 14 inches long and 10 inches in diameter. Other radishes in the same row at the same time showed only normal growth.

**GROWS INTO BOTTLE**  
Gus Schulle's Victory Garden at Kansas City (Karnes county) turned up with an oddity when the owner found in the garden, a well-formed cucumber which had grown into a bottle.

**THREE UNUSUAL PATIENTS**  
Attendants at a hospital in Abilene (Taylor county) reported admittance of three patients in one day from unusual causes, two from rattlesnake bite and one from spider bite.

**PEDALS 2600 MILES**  
Marguerite Stovall, age 24, arrived in Dallas on a bicycle after pedaling more than 2600 miles. She began the trip in Portland, Oregon, after having been turned down for enlistment in the WAC because of a knee injury.

**BIRTHDAY PARTY FOR CENTURIAN**  
William L. Bain of Ferris (Ellis county) was given a party on his 100th birthday which was attended by men 70 years old and over. Part of the festivities included a horse and buggy ride through the town.

**OVERLOOKING BIG OPPORTUNITY**  
Dr. K. F. Pence, of the University of Texas research staff, says imports of ceramics into Texas has increased from \$10,000,000 to \$20,000,000 annually in a short time. He says we are overlooking a big opportunity as 30 to 40 ceramic plants in the state turn out mostly brick and tile while ignoring fine porcelain, art pottery and other items.

**HISTORIC FIGURE DIES**  
Oscar Flato, aged 78, died in Kingsville (Kleberg county) and was buried in Flatonia, (Fayette county), the town named for his father when he came to Texas in the 1870's.

**MORE DAMS FOR BRAZOS**  
Contracts have been signed for preparation of plans and specifications for three more dams on Brazos River. The contract was let by the Brazos River Conservation and Reclamation district. This is part of the district's post war program.

**HUNTING LEASES IN DEMAND**  
Fredericksburg (Gillespie county) chamber of commerce officials report a heavy mail inquiry for deer hunting leases. They say it indicates the 1944 hunting season will be as large as any in the past.

**MENTAL MARVEL**  
Chief Warrant Officer Hugh B. McManus, of Fort Bliss (El Paso county), is a memory expert who can recite the Constitution of the United States and its amendments, the Declaration of Independence, Lincoln's Gettysburg address, and dozens of long poems, such as the "Rhyme of the Ancient Mariner." Mr. McManus, who has been in the army 32 years, started his hobby more than 20 years ago.

**GOOD FISHING**  
Residents of Eliasville (Young county) really had two days of fishing luck when big catfish swarmed against the mill dam. The catch, estimated at 1000 pounds in two days, averaged from five to 20 pounds to each fisherman.

**TAR AND FEATHERS**  
Amarillo mothers had a busy time when their youngsters tried to rescue a lot of birds which had become stuck in fresh tar being used for street paving. The youngsters, many of them, wound up covered with tar and feathers.

**OLD FORT RINGGOLD MAY BECOME SANITARIUM**  
Mayors of the Rio Grande Valley section organized a campaign to have Fort Ringgold converted into a tuberculosis sanitarium. The fort recently was abandoned by the Army as a military establishment.

**MEAT THAT GLOWED**  
Health officials were much concerned when some meat sold in Mexia gave off a strange glow. First report came from a negro who said that when he opened his ice box the meat was "all lit up." Persons who cooked and ate the meat suffered no ill effects.

## THE FLOP FAMILY



By SWAN

# A LITTLE FUN Jokes to Make You Laugh

## Typographical Error

Typographical errors occur in the best regulated newspaper offices. This one got by the proofreader:  
"Mrs. Elmer Wilkinson, of Arlington, spent a day decently in this city."  
It should have read: "Mrs. Elmer Wilkinson, of Arlington, spent a day recently in this city."

## Never Heard of 'Em

We were told this one about ex-Gov. Lehman of New York, who decided that war bonds were not selling too well among the farmers up-State, so Gov. Lehman went himself to help peddle them. After motoring around over dirt roads, he encountered a farmer driving a surrey with no fringe on the top. . . "Hi," called out the Governor, "did you ever hear of Herbert Lehman of Albany?"

"Nope," was the indifferent reply.  
"Ever hear of Franklin Roosevelt?"  
"Nope," said the farmer.  
"Pearl Harbor?" continued Lehman.  
"Never heard of her either."  
"Ever hear of Churchill?"  
"Nope, what of it?"  
"Well," said Gov. Lehman, "I'm here to see you about bonds."  
"Ain't interested," said the farmer as he drove on.

Scene 2: The farmer's wife who was watching through a window greeted her husband with: "Who was that? What did he want?"

"Oh," said the farmer, biting off a chew of tobacco, "some city slicker from Albany — named Lehman — told me about a fellow named Roosevelt—who got into trouble with a girl named Pearl Harbor—from some place near Church Hill—wanted me to go his bond."

A pilot flying alone in the South Pacific radioed, on encountering a flock of enemy planes: "Hurry on up here. I've got 20 Jap zeroes cornered."

## Henry Kaiser Story

GARRY MOORE—"Jimmy, what I'm trying to find out is what you are doing to improve your health?"

JIMMY DURANTE—"Well, I drink four quarts of milk a day, I take 18 different kinds of vitamins and last week I took enough iron to build a battleship."

GARRY MOORE—"You did?"  
JIMMY DURANTE—"Yeah, and the last time I saw Henry Kaiser, he hit me over the stomach with a bottle of champagne!"

## Going Too Far

Two American soldiers in Egypt lived for months on dehydrated beef, dehydrated milk, dehydrated butter and vegetables. Visiting a Cairo museum they saw their first mummy.

"This is going too far," said one.  
"Now they're dehydrating the women!"

## Those Americans

Camping on muddy locale, several soldiers in Italy appropriated a stack of straw as flooring for their tents.

Later a gesticulating Italian appeared and demanded payment. Unable to make themselves understood, one of the soldiers took a scrap of paper and carefully wrote something on it. This seemed to satisfy the complainant for the moment, but the next day he was back.

The scrap of paper had been inscribed, "Good for 100 rides on the merry-go-round at Coney Island."

# Poultry News

## Culling the Laying Flock

Walter S. Chansler, in American Poultry Journal, says:

The importance of culling the laying flock can hardly be over-estimated. For not only will it save the cost of feeding a number of unprofitable layers, but it will very materially improve the breeding quality of the stock.

Is there a time for culling? Definitely, yes—and that time is from the early days of brooding until age, disease, overstrain, or other cause has ended the usefulness of the fowl as a layer. For there are many causes that are quite likely to produce culls now and then in the best of laying flocks, even under ideal management. Culling is especially necessary at the present time because of the need to save feed.

## Running Water a Great Help

One of the big time and labor savers in poultry production is running water. At this time of the year especially, when the growing stock is on range, considerable time and labor can be saved by having water piped out to various sections of the range. At all times of the year, a saving can be made by having water piped into the laying house.

When it is considered that just about 55% of the hen's body and 65% of the egg she produces consist of water, the importance of water in poultry production can readily be seen. As water is so necessary, the poultryman cannot afford to let his chickens or adult birds, be without it for any length of time. Poultrymen and flock owners will do well, therefore, if they can find some way to pipe water to their laying houses and out on range.

Installing a home water system is one of the best ways of meeting the problem of labor shortage on the farm and maintaining efficiency in the poultry flock. The amount of labor that such a water system would save, can be summed up in the statement recently made by a poultry flock owner who was

showing his flock off to visitors. Said he: "I never dreamed how nice it would be to have water piped into my poultry house." Such an installation will bear looking into at once.

## Keep After Intestinal Worms

A regular inspection of the birds' droppings should be made in warm weather in order to make sure that no infestation of worms exists in the flock. It is a wise and safe practice to cut open any birds that die and examine their internal organs, especially slitting the intestines the entire length, to see whether or not worms are present. If they are found, then a worm remedy should be given at once to the entire flock, and after the worming, it is wise to remove litter and droppings for several days in order to make sure that no re-infestation takes place.

## Give Eggs Extra Care

One of the reasons why eggs with watery whites are prevalent in some flocks during the late summer and early fall is that pullets are ending their first laying year and it is natural for the reproductive organs to become tired, according to F. B. Jeffrey, assistant professor of poultry at the N. J. Agricultural Experiment Station. According to this authority, observations at the experiment station have shown that certain flocks produced eggs which are 25% more watery at the end of the laying year than at the beginning. Individual birds, however, which tended to produce eggs with stronger albumen at the beginning of the year still produced the best eggs at the end of a year.

Because of this tendency towards watery whites, it is extremely important in late summer and early fall to gather eggs frequently during the day and cool them as quickly as possible, hold them at a temperature not exceeding 60 degrees, and sell them as soon as possible. Taking these precautions should prevent egg quality from deteriorating rapidly.

## POPULATION AND WORLD CONTROL

Everyone knows that world forces are shifting, but few save technicians realize the depth and scope of impending shifts.

To emphasize this point Assistant Secretary of State Adolf A. Berle, Jr., speaking at Duke University, recently cited predictable shifts in national populations of both hemispheres.

The U. S., he said, could look for a population of 165,000,000 in 1970; Brazil, with 45,000,000 now, may expect 90,000,000 then; while in all northwestern and central Europe populations are declining, southeastern Europe and the Soviet Union are areas with rising populations.

The technicians at the Office of Population Research, Princeton University, working closely with the League of Nations' Economic, Financial & Transit Det., have surveyed this field and have published "The Future Population of Europe and the Soviet Union."

These technicians, fully realizing the hazards of projecting populations in the midst of the war, show that birthrates can be expected to resume their prewar trend after a war slump and a post-war boom.

This war will hit only the chief participants—Germany and Russia—hard enough to alter final projections for 1970; Germany may have a population of 64,000,000 instead of 69,000,000; the U. S. S. R. only 222,000,000 instead of 251,000,000 (1939 frontiers).

But for economists the pattern of population growth—or decline—is a gage to future markets and competition. The U. S. may reach a static population—barring wholes a le immigration—of 165,000,000 by 1970 at a time when northwestern and central Europe population has begun to decline.

In Latin America, the U. S. S. R., and the Far East, populations will not yet have reached their peak, yet the U. S. S. R. alone will have both productive and military populations larger than northwestern and central Europe and nearly half again as large as the United States.

Of all the world's rapidly growing populations, only that of the Soviet Union is rapidly approaching a degree of industrial efficiency adequate to challenge U. S. industrial leadership.

Therefore, the success of United Nations plans for post-war security will depend on economic and political collaboration between these two powers.

## GENERAL MONTGOMERY RATES GERMAN SOLDIERS

General Montgomery is quoted in the Military Review as having made a speech in which he rated the German soldier as follows:

"The German soldier is a very good fighting man. First, he is very good technically in handling his weapons. He is very good with his tanks, and also very good is the German organization for keeping his tanks in action, for picking up damaged tanks on the battlefield, repairing them and getting them back into action.

"Secondly, the German soldier has a very good eye for country and the reason for that is that German children play their games as military game. He is quite first-class in making the best use of the ground he finds himself in.

"The third point is his com-

plete and absolute obedience. He obeys because he does not know what is going on, and he obeys blindly. Early in the pursuit battle we captured a German soldier at some crossroads at Mersa Matruh. The intelligence officer asked him what he belonged to and what he was, and his reply was: 'I do not know. I was flown over here from Vienna and I was told to stay at these crossroads and here I am.'

"I would say that the chief difference between the German and the British soldier is that the German soldier laughs at other people's misfortunes while the British soldier laughs at his own misfortunes. The German soldier cannot stand up to really heavy concentrated artillery fire combined with air bombing, and that is one way in which we can do him in.

"The German soldier is not the strong, robust sort of man that people think he is. The sick rate among the Germans was always far higher than it was in the Eighth Army. He suffered a great deal from rheumatism and stomach complaints and was not as healthy and fit as the average British soldier."

## THE AMAZON BASIN

The Amazon river basin, in South America, the greatest in the world, has an area—2,700,000 square miles—and is a million square miles larger than all Europe exclusive of Russia. The basin laps over into four adjacent countries, is equivalent in its entirety to 80 per cent of the area of Brazil, the fourth largest country in the world.

A million square miles of timber have scarcely known axe or saw in the Amazon basin. Hundreds of species of trees, from the strong, light balsa wood, to the heavy deep red aita, one of the hardest of all woods, promise unlimited interest for science, industry, and the elaboration of synthetic products.

The dominant tree nearly everywhere is the towering Brazilian nut tree, linked with our own Christmas festivities, as a rich palatable nut, which sometimes reaches a circumference of forty feet. Merely the medicinal potentialities of the Amazon will multiply present drug resources many times with new discoveries. There also are extensive mineral deposits.

Through vast extensions of the Amazon basin the climate is quite endurable. The mean average temperature for the hotter parts is 80 degrees, or the same as Panama City, where residents live as comfortably as the people of New York or Texas in summer. Only about five per cent of the vast region is below normal flood level. Elsewhere the forest becomes open and can be traversed for the most part even without a machete to cut underbrush. Much of the region is high and healthful.

Despite the fact that the greater part of the Amazon empire eventually can be populated by white men, the problems remain tremendous. Difficulty of transportation heads the list of obstacles. The rivers probably will continue to provide the main arteries; but to utilize them properly and get around rapids or falls, expensive canals and locks, railroads or roads must be built.

The main Amazon rises in a chain of glacier-fed lakes in central Peru. The Amazon is only exceeded in length by the Mississippi-Missouri—Science Digest.

## GASOLINE AND COAL FROM PLANTS

Gasoline to run the world's automobiles, coal to fuel its industries, oil to keep them all moving smoothly, can be made from potatoes, sugarcane, sawdust, even wayside weeds, after the present reserve in the ground have been used up, Prof. E. Berl, of the Carnegie Institute of Technology, announced recently at the meeting of the American Chemical Society.

Man can now duplicate in hours the products which slow nature took millions of years to form, through process which he has developed, involving the use of pressure and temperature, Prof. Berl declared. There is no need to anticipate a fuel famine so long as the sun shines and makes plants grow.

Production of motor fuel from starchy or fiber crops grown year by year would not place an undue tax on American agricultural capacity, according to Dr. Berl's figures. In 1941, for example, America's 32,000,000 automobiles used 55,600,000 tons of liquid fuel. To make that same amount of fuel from sugarcane, "4% of the cropland harvested in the United States (320,000,000 acres) and 21% of the land available for crops (570,000,000 acres) would be necessary."

If the world ever goes wholly on a fuel-from-plants economy, the nations with large cultivable areas in the tropics will enjoy a tremendous advantage. Starchy plants grow at terrific rates in the tropics, and it is there that sun-power could be converted into engine-power most abundantly.

## DOG TEAMS RESCUE FLIERS

Dog teams and airplanes work together in a new Army Air Forces section especially organized for seeking and rescuing fliers who may be downed in the Far North. This combination of ancient Eskimo skill and modern American science was demonstrated recently in the snowy White Mountains, near Manchester, N. H., by a group under the command of Maj. Norman D. Vaughan, chief, Search and Rescue Section, Air Transport Command.

The dog-team rescue squads travel light, for greatest possible speed. Planes follow them, dropping food for men and dogs. Often, too, planes are able to scout out the best routes for the ground teams to follow, signaling directions by zooming right or left.

All told, the Search and Rescue Section has about 300 sled dogs. Best breed, they find, is the Siberian husky. Two teams, of nine dogs each, operate from each of the North Atlantic bases. The unit has also trained a number of big dogs (St. Bernards, Newfoundlands, and Indian dogs) as pack animals, carrying loads of about 80 pounds each over terrain unsuitable for sled operations.—Dr. Frank Thone in Science Service.

## POISONING FROM HEADACHE POWDERS

A warning against the danger of bromide intoxication, or poisoning, from headache powders taken to overcome the effects of war worries is issued by Dr. Roy R. Kracke and Dr. William R. Platt, of Emory University, Ga., in a recent issue of the Journal of the American Medical Association.

There seems to be an increase in this type of intoxi-

## "CONSTIPATION GONE—THREW PILLS AWAY"

"Year's trial convinces me All-Bran's a better way"

Why go on dosing? Read this sincere, unsolicited letter from an ex-constipation sufferer:

"I'm a regular listener to radio programs featuring KELLOGG'S ALL-BRAN. Pleased to say my breakfast every morning for over a year has been a generous bowl of ALL-BRAN. It gives such wonderful relief I've thrown out all pills and other purgatives. ALL-BRAN'S a much gentler way to aid regularly. Others with constipation like mine really should try it." Mrs. J. F. Grubb, 4408 N. Broadway, Fountain City, Knoxville, Tenn.

This seeming magic makes plain common sense. You see, KELLOGG'S ALL-BRAN can really get at a common cause of constipation—lack of dietary cellulose elements—because it is one of Nature's most effective sources of these elements. They help the friendly flora to fluff up and prepare colonic contents for easy elimination. KELLOGG'S ALL-BRAN is not a purgative! Doesn't sweep you out. It's a gentle-acting, "regulating" food.

If you have constipation of this kind, eat KELLOGG'S ALL-BRAN, or several ALL-BRAN muffins regularly. Drink plenty of water. See if you don't find real lasting relief. Insist on the genuine ALL-BRAN, made only by Kellogg's in Battle Creek.

cation caused, according to the Federal Trade Commission, by increased consumption of various agents designed to soothe the nerves of a population at war that finds itself living amid a great scarcity of doctors.

Learn something about your War Bonds from this fellow!



THE BEST THING a bulldog does is HANG ON! Once he gets hold of something, it's mighty hard to make him let go!

And that's the lesson about War Bonds you can learn from him. Once you get hold of a War Bond, HANG ON TO IT for the full ten years of its life.

There are at least two very good reasons why you should do this. One is a patriotic reason . . . the other a personal reason.

You buy War Bonds because you want to put some of your money into fighting this war. But . . . if you don't hang on to those War Bonds, your money isn't going to stay in the battle.

Also, you want to set aside some money for the future. No one knows just what's going to happen after the War. But the man with a fistful of War Bonds knows he'll have a roof over his head and 3 squares a day no matter what happens!

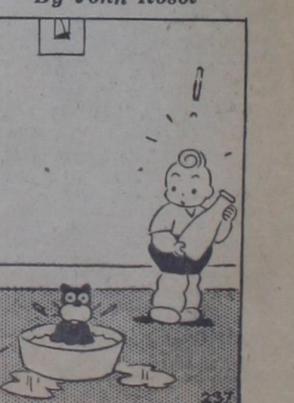
War Bonds pay you back \$4 for every \$3 in 10 years. But, if you don't hang on to your Bonds for the full ten years, you don't get the full face value, and . . . you won't have that money coming in later on.

So buy War Bonds . . . then keep them. You will find that War Bonds are very good things to have . . . and to hold!

WAR BONDS to Have and to Hold

By John Rosol

## THE CAT AND THE KID



# Texas Farm News Reports

Year-round growing of carrots will have a good test in the region around Taft (San Patricio county). A large company is joining a big truck farmer in the experiment, which will comprise 2800 acres. Soil analysis shows carrots produced in that region have very high quality. The project calls for harvesting carrots during 10 months out of the year.

Miss Helen Dunlap, Hill county home demonstration agent, has been displaying a cabbage stalk which bore 10 heads. The entire freak plant weighed four pounds. Miss Dunlap said she had seen stalks with two or three heads before, but never anything like the 10 on this one.

Farmers around Sunset (Montague county) report fine growth from hairy vetch and Austrian winter peas which were planted last fall. Some who planted did so as protection against wind erosion. Others for a hay crop. Others seeded the legumes as part of a soil building program. And some intend to harvest seed for sale as a money crop.

George Mixon, member of the Boys' 4-H Club of Montgomery county, has tested the adage, "sow a little and reap a lot," and found it profitable. According to Assistant County Agricultural Agent James R. Hart, George planted 400 pounds of certified white seed potatoes the last week in February on one acre of well prepared and fertilized land. On May 29 he harvested 153 bushels of grade 1 and 2, which sold for an average of \$1.50 a bushel. The land has been replanted to purple hull peas.

Gilbert Kuretsch of Marlin (Falls county) planted two rows of sweet sudan in a field seeded to regular sudan this year. An inspection showed calves sought out the two sweet rows and kept them grazed off even with the ground while rows of regular sudan on each side remained ungrazed. County Agent W. I. Ross says the sweet sudan is more resistant to some foliage diseases than other varieties. He thinks farmers who use sudan and find they have to mow stems after the foliage is grazed off could save this mowing trouble if they used the sweet stem variety.

Veterinarians are urging livestock producers to use every possible precaution against "hardware disease" in cattle. The disease is caused by an accumulation of metal objects in an animal's stomach, such as bits of tin, nails, staples, pieces of wire, etc. More attention to the use of "clean" feed will reduce this disease, it is said. The metal often punctures an animal's stomach and causes peritonitis, which brings death. In other cases the objects work themselves into the flesh and cause condemnation of parts of the carcass when the animal is slaughtered. Medicine has little power to cure the disease, so the main remedy is to keep the premises free from harmful metal objects and the feed troughs clean. Extra care should be taken when building fences.

## FARMERS - RANCHMEN

**DOGIE BRAND**  
FARM AND RANCH PRODUCTS  
Are Quality Made Especially For You

U.S.D.A. Formula No. 62, Worm-icide, Phenothiazine Drench, Ear Tick Smear, Fly Smear & Wound Dressing, Ant-Id, Roost Paint & Poultry House Spray, Stock Spray, Plant Spray, Household Insect Spray. Ask Your Dealer or Write to  
**Great State Chemical Co.**  
San Marcos, Texas

**RADIATORS**  
We have plenty material for new radiator cores. All sizes. Reasonable prices. No priority required. Factory guarantee.  
**FORT WORTH RADIATOR MANUFACTURING CO.**  
2356 N. Main Fort Worth 6, Texas.

The tomato crop around Troup (Smith-Cherokee counties) was heavier this year than for many years. This one small shipping point moved its 100th carload early in the shipping season.

R. L. Martin of Picton (Hopkins county) has a chicken which never did sprout any wings. The bird can not rise when laid on its side, but once on its feet the chicken (a White Wyandotte) walks as easily as a normal bird.

Recruiting of farm workers for use in sugar beet fields of other States has cost the South Texas area, from San Antonio south to the Mexican border, at least 30,000 workers formerly available to farmers of that region. This estimate was made by the extension department of Texas A & M College.

Alvin Hansen, aged 13, of Weslaco (Hidalgo county) has an amazing record for nine years of 4-H Club work. Alvin has been the active manager of his father's 200-acre farm due to his father's ill health. During his club work Alvin has had seven swine projects, five beef cattle projects, five of cotton, three of corn, two of vegetables and one each of citrus, poultry and dairy products. Records show his income from all of them to have been \$25,271. Experts say Alvin's farm practices are tops.

More than 3500 farm ponds have been built in Fannin county during recent months. The Bonham chamber of Commerce is working with other interested agencies in getting these ponds stocked with fish. Fish can be obtained free if pond owners desire. An educational program is in progress to show owners the desirability of fertilizing their ponds. Records show unfertilized ponds produce from 72 to 200 pounds of fish per surface acre, while fertilized ponds yield from 300 to 600 pounds per acre. Stocking is gauged on the basis of whether or not the ponds have been fertilized.

Achievement becomes a habit with 4-H Club boys. Accordingly, selling more than \$10,000 worth of war bonds may not seem extraordinary to Bill Tanner, 18, of the Idalou community of Lubbock county during the Fifth War loan drive. Although occupied all day and often at night helping on his father's farm and with his 4-H Club demonstrations of 100 acres of milo and 50 acres of cotton, he volunteered as a salesman and through June wrote orders for \$8,550 worth of bonds and obtained pledges for \$3,000 more. Last year Bill was awarded a \$100 scholarship in the state-wide 4-H Club cotton production contest.

The Fall Garden School of the Air will afford the million Victory Gardeners in Texas an opportunity to receive complete garden information from Texas A. & M. College, says A. D. Jackson of A. & M. Extension Service. This unique short course of the air will be presented by radio on the Texas Farm and Home Program. The College horticulturist, entomologist, and food preservation specialist will offer eight practical "down-to-earth" lessons which will cover every phase of the fall garden program from the selection of the garden plot to the utilization and preservation of the food products grown in the garden. The program will be presented each Monday and Friday at 6:00 a. m. during the month of September, and will be carried by the radio stations comprising the Texas Quality Network.

Counters on the livestock docks at Fort Worth said the millionth sheep arrived at this market on June 7. The same figure was not reached until August 2 last year.

Saving garden seeds for next year's planting should be a definite part of every gardener's program, declares Miss Hazel McCoy, home demonstration agent in Tom Green county.

Contracts will be signed within two weeks for construction of a frozen foods locker plant at Athens. Machinery has been ordered for delivery during August.

Inability of government officials to obtain necessary help forced cancellation of a rat extermination campaign planned in Yorktown (Dewitt county).

When the citrus season closed in the Rio Grande Valley, the citrus peel products plant had converted 58,500 tons of citrus peel into livestock feed. A total of 8500 tons of feed was obtained in this manner during the season.

One of the biggest ram-billy sales of the season will be staged by the junior chamber of commerce of Fredericksburg (Gillespie county) on Aug. 25-26. Considerable cash is listed for premiums.

J. W. Thompson, farmer who lives near Mesquite (Dallas county), got more than his share. Two fires in four days did considerable damage. The first was in the farm home and was caused by lightning. The second was in a tenant house and started from an oil stove.

One of the largest 4-H boys club encampment of the year was the joint Burnet and Lampasas crowd, joined by their fathers on Inks Lake. More than 150 visited the lake, fish hatchery, Longhorn Cavern and other interesting points.

C. C. Thompson of Atlanta (Cass county) discovered a record-breaking tomato cluster in his field. The cluster had 11 well-formed tomatoes. Last year Mr. Thompson sold \$620 worth of tomatoes from a half acre which he planted. This year he enlarged the patch to one acre.

Arval A. Richardson of El Paso started raising rabbits as a hobby two years ago. Now he is planning to expand his project to 500 head. He says each rabbit will produce from 15 to 20 ounces of wool each year, which now brings \$9 per pound.

Fayette County 4-H Club girls, numbering 383, among other contributions to the home food supply are raising or helping to raise 61,741 baby chicks. In this work they added 559 chick feeders and 489 water containers. The girls planted a total of 1,044,526 row feet of vegetables, most of which have been harvested. Mrs. Florence W. Low, county home demonstration agent, estimates the value of the vegetable crop at \$52,226.

Wolves have become so predatory in McLennan county that the county commissioners have hired a trapper. Ranchers appealed for help when their livestock losses from wolves began to increase. One rancher is reported to have "closed shop" and moved out of the county because his losses ran so high. Farmers hope the trapper will get rid of a lot of bobcats which also infest the region, particularly in the northwest part of the county.

# MAD clear Through-

Mrs. S. A. Lewis of Silsbee (Hardin county) has a turkey hen which, she says, laid two eggs within one hour.

Less Dillard of Comanche (Comanche county) sold \$351 worth of strawberries from a patch of one-eighth acre. On this basis he would have received \$2800 from a whole acre.

Plums, which grow in bunches like grapes, are being raised by W. E. Porter in his yard at Abilene (Taylor county). They are of the Black Dutch variety and have a grape-like seed. One stem bore 28 plums this year.

Richard Ringgold, of West Columbia, former 4-H Club boy and producer of champion capons, recently was presented with the air medal, says County Agricultural Agent W. S. Millington. Meanwhile his brother Billy is keeping up on club demonstrations which Richard left when he went into the armed service.

The Texas pig crop which boomed a few months ago due to the war demand, now is on the decline. A recent government estimate placed the Texas spring pig crop at 1,392,000 compared to 2,148,000 past year. This year's crop still is 22 per cent more than the 10-year average for Texas.

James H. Burch, of the Texas Cannery Association, has revealed that during the 1943-44 season Texas produced 7,900,000 cases of canned grapefruit juice with a sale value of \$17,775,000. Three million cases of the juice has been purchased already for use of the nation's armed forces.

Through her efforts the family of Doris Haumann, demonstrator for the Sandy Hill girls' 4-H Club of Washington county, has a garden for the first time this year. County Home Demonstration Agent Katharine Kelley says the entire family is interested in it and the vegetables are being used as fast as they are produced. None are allowed to go to waste.

Because he learned to pull the garden plow and do other smart tricks, an 18-month-old yearling is alive today. Mr. and Mrs. Noble Blakey of Sherman (Grayson county) purchased a young calf last year, intending to put him into steam-pressure cans, but when he got to the "canning age" he was too useful. Not only does the calf pull the plow, but he also "hitches up" to cart to haul the youngsters around the neighborhood. He does lots of tricks like going through a hoop, playing dead, shaking hands, etc.

Mrs. James Elrod of Milam county thinks ducks are a fine farm crop. Last year she raised and sold almost 100 before Thanksgiving at a good profit. This year she set her goal at 200. She sets duck eggs under chicken hens because they do not mash the little ducks in the nest as badly as mother ducks. She does not let the young ducks get wet until they are two weeks old, and they are not permitted to swim in the farm pond until fully feathered. Most of her ducks are sold dressed. She prefers the quackless variety and says hers do not have mites or lice and "they don't catch every disease that comes along."

Any stockman deserves to be — when he goes to the expense of vaccinating, and still loses valuable animals!

Who's to blame? Here's a clue: you can't buy vaccines like tractors. Either a vaccine's good — or worse than no good. It protects your animals — or it doesn't. That's why it pays to insist on CUTTER — for horses, cattle, sheep, hogs or poultry. Cutter Vaccines & Serums do a job — the same fine job of protecting your animals that they do protecting humans. Cutter Laboratories, Berkeley, Calif.

## CUTTER VACCINES & SERUMS

War Food Administrator Marvin Jones has announced that the 1945 wheat acreage goal will be 70 million, which is three million more than that for this year. Texas 1945 goals have not yet been announced.

As a result of training at the canning center which her mother supervises, Ethel Willis, member of the Nat girls' 4-H Club of Nacogdoches county, has canned 200 containers of green beans, and 200 cans of other kinds of vegetables. Ethel donated one half of the beans to her school lunch room.

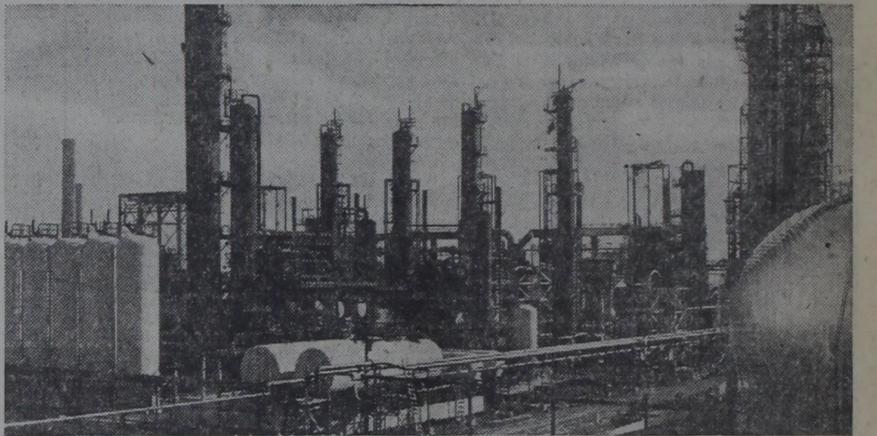
Wright Kerr, of Lubbock, (Lubbock county) is recommending this to farmers who have joined in an anti-Johnson grass campaign: Mr. Kerr says several years ago his brother, a farmer, began using a flock of 100 geese as an exterminator of the Johnson grass pest. He has kept up the practice since and today has no Johnson grass on his

farm at all. He says the geese do not bother cotton and other crops while grazing.

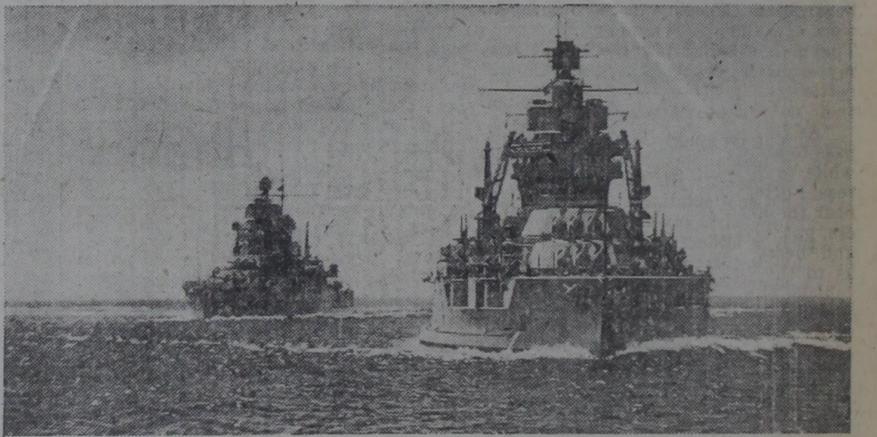
Dennis L. Brack, stereotyper, raised in his Victory Garden near Fort Worth some very fine purple-top turnips, one weighing three pounds, three ounces. Brack believes this is the largest turnip produced in Texas this year.

For the BEST SALES and SERVICE  
Send Your CATTLE, HOGS and SHEEP to  
**DAGGETT - KEEN COM. CO.** FORT WORTH, TEXAS  
ESTABLISHED 1909  
CHAS. DAGGETT Cattle Salesman  
FRANK LISLE Hog Salesman  
BOB BRAMLETT Sheep Salesman

# NEW PLANTS SPEED 100-OCTANE PRODUCTION



NEW AVIATION GASOLINE UNITS of most modern design at Sinclair refineries, are now producing 100-octane gasoline. Sinclair's output of this vital fuel runs into thousands of barrels a day.



TO BACK OUR BOYS in the Army, Navy and Coast Guard, Sinclair is also producing vast quantities of fuel oil for battleships, lubricating oil for planes, tanks and jeeps, toluene for bombs and butylene for synthetic rubber.



SINCLAIR DEALERS have a war job, too. Four out of five workers use private cars to get to their jobs. Sinclair Dealers are giving these cars the kind of service they need to keep running. Let the Sinclair Dealer care for your car, too.

BUY MORE WAR BONDS AND STAMPS

# SINCLAIR

# THE PRAETORIANS

Home Office, Praetorian Bldg., Dallas, Tex.  
**FRATERNAL LIFE INSURANCE.**  
**JUVENILE—ADULT ON THE MONTHLY PAYMENT PLAN.**  
 Budget Year Life Insurance Payments Like You Do Year Household Bills.  
**Straight Life. Twenty Pay.**  
**Retirement Income. Term.**  
**"Attached Draft" Policies.**  
 How would you like to have the exclusive contract in your home town, or, if you are employed, would you like to save by turning your spare time into dollars? Write The Praetorians at above address.  
**Organized 1898. 45 Years of Service**

## SUN BULGES LITTLE AROUND ITS EQUATOR

Most high school and college students learn that the earth is not a perfect sphere. It is shaped somewhat like a grapefruit, with its polar diameter 27 miles less than its equatorial diameter. This oblateness or flattening of the poles is caused by the centrifugal force of the earth's rotation.

The sun, unlike the earth which rotates completely every 24 hours, takes a minimum of 24 days to rotate once. Thus, in spite of its large size, the centrifugal force does not produce an observable bulge at the equator. The gaseous character of the sun handicaps observation, making its "surface" hard to define or observe.

Were the sun like some of the dwarf, helium stars recently discovered by Dr. W. W. Morgan of Yerkes Observatory of the University of Chicago, its flattening would be so great it would look very much like a football in the sky.

Dr. Morgan reported to the American Astronomical Society that some of these small, hot stars appear to rotate completely in as little as seven hours. This is by far the most rapid rotation yet discovered in stars. In such cases the centrifugal force must be very strong, so that regardless of its mass, the star would be distorted greatly from the spherical shape of the sun.—Science News Letter.

## PUBLIC RIDICULED ROBERT FULTON

"When I was building my first steamboat, the project was viewed by the public either with indifference, or with contempt, as a visionary scheme," wrote Robert Fulton, inventor of the steamboat. "My friends, indeed, were civil, but they were shy. They listened with patience to my explanations, but with a settled cast of incredulity on their countenances.

"As I had occasion daily to pass to and from the shipyard while my boat was in progress, I often loitered unknown near the idle group of strangers, gathering in little circles, and heard various inquiries as to the object of this new vehicle. The language was uniformly that of scorn, sneer, or ridicule. The loud laugh often rose at my expense; the dry jest; the wise calculation of losses and expenditures; the dull but endless repetition of Fulton's folly.

"Never did a single encouraging remark, a bright hope, a warm wish, cross my path. Silence itself was politeness, veiling its doubts, or hiding its reproaches." Fulton concluded.—George V. Woodling, patent attorney, in "Machine Design."

**HEDGECOCK**  
 A TEXAS INSTITUTION  
  
**HEDGECOCK** ARTIFICIAL LIMB & BRACE MFG. CO.  
 2827 COMMERCE ST. DALLAS  
 OUT WHERE YOU CAN PARK

# JOHN M. SPELLMAN

U. S. PATENT LAWYER  
 ESTABLISHED 30 YEARS  
 GULF STATES BLDG.  
 DALLAS, TEXAS.  
**INVENTORS**  
 Problems Intel-  
 ligently Solved  
 and Protected.

## FARMS FOR SALE

**LAMAR COUNTY CATTLE RANCH**  
 Located 19 miles Paris, Texas. 940 acres divided in 6 pastures, 5 pools, two houses, barn storage 7,000 bales of hay. Electric lighting; all-weather road. Over 100 head cattle, purchase optional. Ranch will support 250 head cattle, 250 acres timber. Red sandy loam soil \$22.50 acre. Will cooperate with agents. Owner, JOHN SCARBOROUGH, Paris, Texas. Phone 1898.

**WE SELL FARMS AND RANCHES**  
 In Texas and New Mexico. Write us the size property you want.

**TOM W. COTTEN COMPANY**  
 Box 1855 Amarillo, Texas

**160 ACRES**, 80 cultivation, balance good grass; all tillable but 10 acres; fair improvements; retains one-half oil rights; \$3,500. C. M. REA, Cleveland, Okla.

**WRITE FOR NEW CATALOGUE**, farms of all sizes. **BENTON COUNTY REALTY CO.**, Rogers, Arkansas.

**40 ACRES**, small improvements, 13 miles from Prairie Grove, Ark., gravel highway most all the way, on mail route, fine pasture, orchard and timber, 10 acres under cultivation, \$490. **ED H. RICH**, Prairie Grove, Arkansas.

**SOUTH OF ST. LOUIS** about 100 miles; about 4,000 acres Ozark timbered land; must sell only \$5 per acre. **BEN SANDERS**, Nehman's Store, Grove, Oklahoma.

**FOR REAL BARGAINS** see us. Ranches, farms acreages and city property. **BIGGS REAL ESTATE OKLA.** City Okla.

**FOR SALE—118 acres** land, three miles east of West Plains, Mo., on Highway No. 63. Has 5 room house, 2 barns, poultry house, well and cistern. Blue grass pasture. Orchard of peaches, plums, apples and berries. **EVAN SMITH**, Box 463, West Plains, Mo.

**135 ACRES** near Alvarado. Modern improvements. All utilities. Fine orchard. \$75 per acre. Terms, A. A. Ritchson 213 Construction Bldg. Dallas.

## FOR SALE—Miscellaneous

**100 MIXED U. S. stamps**, many commemoratives and old issues. Only 35c. **JUNGKIND**, Box 806 F. W. Little Rock, Arkansas.

**RADIO TUBE pamphlet** listing 100 interchangeable substitutes for hard-to-get tubes, including 50L5, 1M5, 3Z5 etc. Price 25c. **TYPEWRITER CLINIC**, Box 578-B, Frederick, Oklahoma.

## WANTED TO BUY

**SONG POEMS** wanted to be set to music. Send poem for immediate consideration. **FIVE STAR MUSIC MASTERS**, 483 Beacon Building, Boston, Mass.

## MACHINERY

**SELL OR TRADE** Parks special 12-inch zip saw, 10-inch cut-off saw, 22-inch hand saw, 12-inch jointer-mortise-chaper. Exchange for single end tenoner or thickness planer. **W. E. MARR**, Rt. 3, Box 676, Texarkana, Ark., 3423 County.

**PORTABLE VISE AND DRILL** now available. Repair your machinery on the job without dismantling. Literature free. **W. F. ELKINS TOOL COMPANY**, Box 385, Floydada, Texas.

## FORT WORTH SPUDDERS

Drilling Machines—Tools—Cable—Engines.

Pipe—Pumps—Samson Windmills—Towers  
 Cypress—Redwood and Galvanized Tanks.  
 Belting—Hose—Rope—Blocks—Winches  
 Mill—Gin—Waterworks—Contractors  
 Equipment and Supplies—Heavy Hardware.

## WELL MACHINERY & SUPPLY COMPANY

FORT WORTH, TEXAS.

## BE A GOOD SOLDIER, SAYS PAUL

Paul was not a defender of the institution of slavery when he offered some wholesome Christian counsel to a master and a runaway slave; he was not an apologist for war when he used the terms of warfare and soldiering to define the nature of the Christian life.

Endurance is the great, ultimate mark of the true and effective soldier. The long process of training is to make him hard and strong and firm of muscle and spirit, as well as efficient.

And so Paul exhorts Timothy, whom he loves as if he were his own son, to "endure hardness" as a good soldier of Jesus Christ. Paul knew from experience that a Christian could not live in the hostile environment of that ancient pagan world without suffering.

Even Paul suffered persecution at the hands of the Pharisees. He was beaten, stoned and thrown into prison for preaching the Word of God.

Paul calls himself the servant, or slave, of Jesus Christ. "For me to live," he wrote, "is Christ."

The earthly soldier does not always serve under perfect commanders. He may be called on to obey orders that are mistaken, and he may even know that they are mistaken—"Into the valley of death rode the six hundred." But the Divine commander never asks us to say or do anything that is not the right course.

The rule of Christ is from within. It is not a law from without. Christ leads, not compels. We cannot be a true Christian soldier until our whole being responds to Him. Hence Paul's exhortation to Timothy to be a good soldier of Jesus Christ.

Penicillin was first discovered by Dr. A. Fleming, of St. Mary's Hospital, London, in 1929.

# Our Boys and Girls

## THE KANGAROO

(From "Our Dumb Animals")

The animal that popularly symbolizes Australia is the kangaroo, a timid, harmless creature. It has been known to die simply of fright. Yet, driven to it by its enemies, it has revealed a dramatic courage.

The common gray species, called the Old Man, is the largest living of these amazing hoppers. It has a head about the size of a sheep and stands as high as eight feet. However, there was a larger, now extinct form of kangaroo that had a head as large as that of a Shetland pony, and which stood ten feet high, and even more.

The kangaroo of today has a relatively small head and large ears. Its hind legs are very long and powerful and these are adapted to swift covering of ground by hopping. Normally the distance of each hop is about six to eight feet, but when going at full speed each leap may be three or four times the distance of the ordinary bound.

The short forelimbs possess great strength and rarely touch the ground, except when the animal is feeding. The tail is long, tapering, and very heavy. It is used for balancing during the rapid ground "flight." In sitting, standing, or walking with the body erect, the tail acts as a prop. In the erect position the animal is alert to sense danger, and when alarmed moves off quickly in a series of great bounds.

Most kangaroos live in open glades and upon plains. They are entirely vegetable feeders. Because of their peculiar way of grazing they are destructive to pastures and growing crops in the sparsely settled sections of Australia. Their enlarged median lower incisors point forward and clip the grass or leaves like a pair of shears.

The number of baby kangaroos produced at birth is usually but one or two, but sometimes there are three. When born a kangaroo is blind and naked and exceedingly small—an inch or less in length. They are taken by the mother, with her lips, and placed in the pouch on a teat, to which they firmly cling. Incapable of sucking or swallowing, the milk is pumped down their throats by the compression of certain muscles of the mother kangaroo. Their windpipes are so formed that neither swallowing nor breathing interfere one with the other.

Entirely helpless to do anything for themselves, the young remain in the brood-pouch



The kangaroo's hind legs are long and powerful.

for weeks, or even months. At a certain stage in its growth the little kangaroo leaves the pouch. But not to venture far. It keeps near its mother, and whenever it thinks danger threatens it comes bounding back to her and the pouch. It is at this time that it is often seen with its head protruding from the pouch.

Kangaroos have been and still are so relentlessly hunted in some parts of the continent that they have been practically exterminated; hunted because of the great damage they do, for their flesh, and for their hides, which make valuable leather.

When cornered by dogs the larger species of kangaroos will slash out with the large claws on its hind feet—its only weapon of defense. And a single blow, fairly delivered, from its hind foot will kill the average dog.

The chief enemies of the kangaroo are man and the native dog, called the dingo. The animal is naturally meek and inoffensive. But when infuriated, it will seize an enemy by its forefeet, hug him like a bear, then rip him with its knife-like claws.

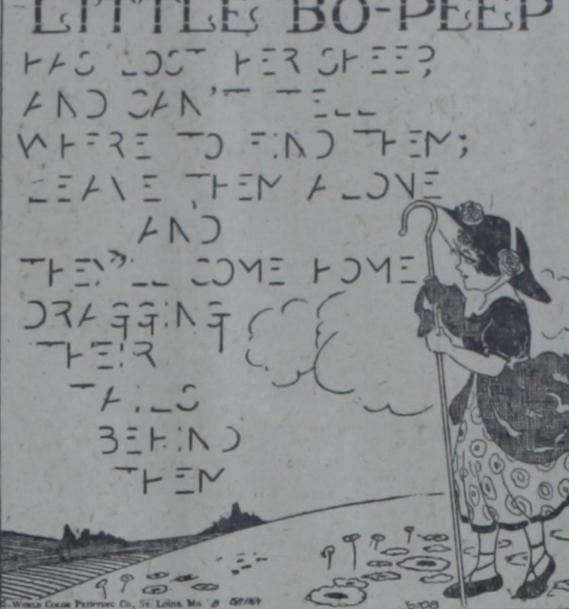
## HITCHHIKERS OF THE SEA

By L. E. EUBANKS

The shark suckers may be called the sea's hitchhikers. Instead of swimming under their own power they attach themselves to some more powerful creature, usually, but not always, a shark, that will carry them along from one part of the sea to another. These sucking-fishes have a large sucking disk on their backs behind their heads, by which they can attach themselves so firmly to any object that it is almost impossible to remove them without tearing either their bodies or their disks.

## Kiddies-Can-Do-It

By Uncle Cobb Shinn



If you will be real careful you can take a lead pencil and fill in the missing parts of the letters, so that it will look as if the artist had finished the drawing. Just one line is all that is needed to complete each letter.

They will fasten themselves to almost any moving object, if they take the notion, and have been seen clinging to the sides of ships and boats, to turtles, whales and different kinds of fish. One specimen taken in British waters was attached to a cod. Sometimes they will fasten themselves to the albacore, a fish that will eat the shark sucker whenever it can catch one. The ancient writer, Aristotle, reported that the Mediterranean variety attaches itself to the dolphin. As the name indicates, they usually prefer a shark for a companion, and the sea monsters sometimes carry a number of sucker passengers. They can slide all over the shark's body without letting go, and relax their grip when the shark is hooked by a fisherman and lifted into the air. It is not clear just why the sucking-fish prefer to associate with a larger swimmer in this way. It is safer perhaps than it would be if alone, but what would seem to be the most plausible explanation is that it follows the shark for the chance of snatching up morsels of food when its larger companion is feeding. The shark sucker is not dependent on this, however, and is perfectly capable of hunting its own food.

Even in ancient times, sailors were familiar with the habits of this odd creature. When they saw the sucking-fishes anchoring themselves to stones on the bottom, they believed this indicated an approaching gale and got their vessel ready to meet the storm. It was believed that this fish could attach itself to sailing vessels and hold the craft motionless in the water no matter how strongly the wind blew against the sails above. This story is reflected in the scientific names given the fish, *Echeneis*, meaning "shipholder" and *Remora*, signifying "delay."

To land the fish, the angler must be very quick about drawing it out of the water as soon as it is hooked and before it has a chance to get itself anchored anywhere.

## SYMBOL OF SOVEREIGNTY

The bald eagle has been the symbol of our national sovereignty ever since the committee appointed by the Continental Congress in 1776 ordered a picture of this bird to be placed on the first seal of the United States of North America, the official name of our new country.

This committee consisted of John Adams, Thomas Jefferson and Benjamin Franklin, and it took them six years to decide upon the design for our first seal. Jefferson and Adams wanted the eagle on it but Benjamin Franklin was opposed to the eagle. He wanted to have the wild turkey designated as our national bird. He didn't like the eagle because he believed that the bird obtained its living dishonestly, was a bird of prey. But Adams and Jefferson finally persuaded him to accept the eagle. The new seal was decided upon finally in 1782, but New York state had set the eagle before this on his coat of arms and State flag.

The eagle was first used on coins on Massachusetts State money in 1787. A little later New York State put the eagle on its half-penny and penny pieces, and before long the eagle began to be seen on our national coins where it still appears.

The eagle with wings outspread is in the center of the President's flag, and also in that of the Secretary of War's flag and of a general of the Army's flag.

In the House of Representatives standing to the right of the Speaker's chair may be seen the Speaker's mace, or symbol of his legal power, upon a pedestal. This mace is topped by a globe on which a silver eagle sits.

It is an interesting fact that the family crest of Washington's ancestors at Sulgrave, England, had an eagle on it from 1588 on.

Once produced by blowing, glass bottles are now produced by machines capable of turning out 4,000 an hour.

## Fighting Ability of German-Jap Flyers

(Continued from page 2)

His previous experience with machines. German anti-aircraft fire (known as flak) is profuse and murderous, even at high altitudes. Fighter pilots have told me that German ground guns shooting through overcast sky with only radio equipment to guide them had their whippy, racy, twisting little Mustangs in flak at 20,000 feet. That is shooting in any league.

It is the kind of shooting we are proud of when we do it and the kind of shooting the Japs are unable to do. This is not because of any deficiency in the Japs. It is largely because of lack of practice.

The anti-aircraft gunners now in Germany are probably the best in the world at the moment because they have had the most practice. The Japs practically never get a shot at a plane traveling higher than 20,000 feet and seldom at one traveling above 12,000.

## German Flak Increased

The amount of German flak has increased steadily during the last year. At first it used to be concentrated around the targets we were hitting. Then it ran along the roads leading to those targets. But there were valleys-between the mountains of flak. Now the flak valleys are fewer and thinner and in some parts of Europe are practically non-existent. There is almost solid flak around such a target as Berlin.

The Japs have never had anything like this, nor are they ever likely to around any target short of the mainland of Japan itself. The reasons are the difficulties involved in transporting and feeding such a quantity of guns over the vast blank spaces of the Pacific and the futility of expending so much strength in defending any one part of a battlefield that is 4,000 miles long and nearly as wide.

However, when our planes go in against Japanese warships they meet flak problems like those over Europe.

In the five or six miles that a moderate-sized task force covers and the 30 or more miles covered by a considerable battle force, it is not possible — not for the Germans nor even for us — to put more flak than the Japs do without having one shell rub out another.

But flying a bomber or fighter plane is a task that requires iron nerves and perfect co-ordination of a multitude of reflexes. Fatigue is the greatest single enemy of the nerves and the mind, and it seems to this inexperienced, unmedicated observer that the amount of fatigue in our airmen in the Pacific, caused by a combination of the living and flying conditions and the Japs, is greater than the fatigue caused in Europe by the Germans and by the high altitudes at which the planes fly.

## The Robot Bomb

Nazis Secret Weapon

(Continued from Page 2)

most 70,000 have departed. For the millions who had to stay behind, the deep public shelters built after the earlier blitz were being opened up. Capable of caring for a maximum of 360,000 persons, these shelters are described as vast underground cities, carved out of clay and chalk and more than 100 feet below the surface. They are cool, quiet and clean, and are equipped with canteens, sick bays and recreation rooms. Most of the people who went down into the shelters brought blankets and pillows with them and cups for their tea. They looked tired and worn but their spirit was high, their morale unbroken.

In the view of Army experts who have examined the robots, it will take some time before they can be used for very much greater ranges than at present. For one thing, the Germans appear to have obtained the maximum power possible from the jet fuel. But bigger, faster more powerful and more destructive robots are considered a definite possibility for the future. Scientific services of all the warring powers are studying the mechanism of the pilotless craft and improvements that are held almost certain to come.

As late as July 30, six weeks from the first robot bombing of London, the Germans were still launching their secret weapon over the city, spreading death through southern England. Some days there is a respite, but not for long, although there are fewer robot bombs reaching London than when the first attack was made.

Antiaircraft batteries hurl aloft great barrages, and with the help of fighter planes are knocking the robots out of the sky at the rate of one every two minutes.

Many are destroyed before reaching the English Channel coastline, while others are downed in rural areas where little or no damage is done.

## THE ALLEN ACADEMY

BRYAN, TEXAS

(Sixtieth Year Begins Sept. 20th)  
**MILITARY TRAINING**—Only Texas school with highest Government Rating—Cadets enter Officers' Candidate Schools U. S. Army—Appointments U. S. Military and Naval Academies—2,500 men in the Service—Special training leading to O.C.S. Specialized Army, Navy Programs—cadets to Marines, Army and Navy Air Corps, Army and Navy-R.O.T.C., Government equipment liberal, Aviation.

**ATHLETICS**—National and State Championships—Program for each cadet.

**BAND**—Undeclared for years in contests. (Orchestra, Glee Club.)

**SCHOLARSHIP**—Certificate privilege with all Colleges and Universities accepting on certificates—Men in more than 150 leading Colleges and Universities—1000 men many universities—Sixth Grade through first year Senior College—Small classes, individual attention—strong faculty.

**PATRONAGE**—All sections Texas, number of States, six Foreign Countries—Enrollment limited—Rates reasonable.

For Catalogue, Address

## THE ALLEN ACADEMY

BRYAN, TEXAS

## AMERICANS' LONGEVITY

The average length of life of the American people reached a peak of 64.82 years, the highest on record to date, in 1942, statisticians of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company report.

The average girl baby who celebrated her first birthday that year can expect to live longer than the proverbial three-score and ten years. She can expect to live till she is 71 years, the statisticians have figured.

She gains almost two years over the average expectation of life at birth by surviving the first, dangerous year of life, and gains still more by being a girl. Among white males, the average age at death will be over 70 only for those who have reached their fortieth birthday.

The longevity record established in 1942 probably will not be equalled in 1943 or 1944 because of the war, it is pointed out.

"A very large proportion of those now at work will live to the usual retirement age," the statisticians state in discussing the 1942 longevity record. "Age 65 will be attained by more than two-thirds of the persons now between 25 and 35, by almost three-quarters of those now 45, and by four-fifths of persons 55 years old. The number of years remaining after 65 is quite appreciable; for the average person it is 13.12 years, while for those in a state of health better than average the outlook is even more favorable."

## AMERICA'S BIGNESS

The biggest office-building in the world is The Pentagon, headquarters of the U. S. War Department in Arlington, Virginia.

The biggest single apartment group building in the world is The Parkchester, owned by the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, in The Bronx, New York City.

The biggest cache of gold in the world is buried near Fort Knox, Kentucky, owned by Uncle Sam.

The tallest skyscraper in the world is the Empire State Building in New York City. About 100 stories.

The biggest single industrial plant in the world is the airplane engine factory of the Dodge Division, Chrysler Corporation of America, in Chicago.

The biggest industrial corporation in the world is the Defense Plants Corporation, a subsidiary of the government-owned Reconstruction Finance Corporation, which owns approximately 25 billion dollars' worth of goods and equipment and plants.

## THE TILLERS



# HOUSEHOLD HELPS

MRS. MARGARET STUTE, Editor, 1809 Ashland, Fort Worth, Texas.

## WOMEN'S BUSY WORK BASKET

### SUN FLOWERS

By MRS. ANNE CABOT

Handsome big sunflower holders are made of various colors of crochet thread—worked out in different color combinations. A set of three of them makes a colorful, practical and very inexpensive gift. And they're very simple to make. Just crochet two separate circles for the center—hold them together and start to crochet your petals on to the center. So simple a child can crochet them.

To obtain complete crocheting instructions for the Sunflower Holders (Pattern No. 5738) send 15 cents in COIN, plus 1 cent postage, YOUR NAME, ADDRESS and the PATTERN NUMBER to Anne Cabot (Southwest Magazine) 1150 Sixth Avenue, New York 19, N. Y.



Please do not send order to Mrs. Margaret Stute, Fort Worth. Send order to Anne Cabot,

Southwest Magazine, 1150 6th Avenue, New York 19, N. Y.

## HEALTH AND PERSONALITY

By CALVIN T. RYAN  
(Condensed from Hippia)

What is personality? Something that must be important, since it looms so perceptibly in every person's life. Those who have studied the subject say that personality rates better than three-fourths in winning friends, securing a position and in holding one after it is secured. Certainly it cannot be anything superficial nor artificial. It is not one thing alone but a number of things working together. It is not beauty alone, nor character alone, nor clothes alone, nor speech alone. On the other hand, all these things work together for good or ill. Even if we fail to define it, we all recognize it. Watch the effect one person has on another, or on a group. The effect will be determined by every trait of the person—that is, their physical, mental, emotional and social traits work together either to contribute to or hinder his or her social effectiveness.

Certainly health—physical, mental and emotional—is significant in personality. Any observation of children who have been sick will show that the unhappy experience tells on their personality. If they are sick a great deal, the pampering and spoiling which they receive carries over into their adult behavior. Furthermore, the washed out, listless person is seldom attractive and rarely influential in a group.

A person's physical condition is likely to disrupt the whole personality. An aching tooth, a sore eye or a severe headache may be nature's warning to the sufferer, but they are also everybody's warning to keep away. Compare such a person with the man or woman who is in buoyant health. A person in such perfect health that it is a joy to be alive can have more than one disfigurement and still rate as a charming person. Here is a friend who says she has "disgustingly" good health. She ushers in optimism whenever she calls. Her eyes sparkle. Her skin is without blemish. Obviously, she has a personality that wins. Good health does reflect in one's skin, in one's eyes and in one's walk. Of course, it shows in one's speech, too. The woman with good health possesses the kind of beauty that is lasting.

In the popular mind, the body is the self; at least it is symbolic of the self. Perhaps that attitude is more pronounced in youth than in adulthood, but it is always more or less true. My body is for all practical purposes the most realistic thing in the world. I can see it and touch it. It is real. Others may see it and touch it. For them I am real. Whatever impression my physical self makes is going to count either for me or against me. It reflects my emotional, intellectual and social traits and attitudes.

My voice is also an essential part of my personality, and my voice is conditioned by my health. A too great disturbance of my normal speech interferes with my livelihood. A weak personality displays itself most perceptibly in a person's speech. Some organic disturbance in the so-called speech organs may cause a person to leave the wrong impression. Consciousness of one's bad speech habits will reflect on each one's personality. Stutterers are no more common among those of low or average intelligence than among those of high I. Q. On the other hand, the child who is a persistent stutterer

is likely to be retarded in his school work, and that retardation is bound to reflect on his personality.

What a woman deeply wants to get from life, her sense of values, has much to do with personality. One definition of personality is the likes and dislikes of the individual "that determine her behavior and become crystallized into permanent attitude." If the essential values are harmonious and valid, then the person will have an "integrated personality." Think of the opposite: If the values are incompatible, the result will be mental conflict. The "beautiful but dumb" ladies of the silent movies were outmoded when talking pictures came in. Personality is not all looks and not even all "acting." Part of it is intelligence of another order. It requires intelligence of a kind to adjust oneself to a group. It requires a definite mental poise to get along with people. The mentally unbalanced adjust themselves less readily to others than normal people do.

The child needs affection in order to grow, and it seems that no one who remains human ever outgrows the need of affection. We may need the affection of one or of many. Naturally, we should not expect others to shower their affection on us if we are not worthy or if we do not reciprocate. Affection goes with the sense of belonging. The stranger in our city does not have that feeling, but it is likely that he longs to have it.

Historically speaking, personality approval has changed from time to time. For instance, in the eighteenth century a lady was considered attractive when she appeared a little frail. Her tendency to faint, always, you will recall, with some man ready to catch her before she reached the floor, lent considerable personality appeal. To be healthy looking was much against the feminine appeal. For women to have minds of their own and show it too vociferously was something too much for any man to endure.

The perfect personality is perhaps a dream. All of us have fallen short of the glory attendant on wholesome personality as most specialists in the field would define the term. Nevertheless, nature makes some phenomenal adjustments and some amazing compensations. The first world war gave us plastic surgery as an aid to nature, sometimes as a corrective of the mistakes of nature. It seems likely now that the use of blood transfusions and the new drugs will be our chief blessings from the present war. Certainly the war will not idealize weak personalities!

Knowing the importance of having a passable personality, knowing some of the things which prevent our being liked and which prevent our having influence, should start us on a check-up of ourselves. Human beings can be modified. We can learn unfavorable attitudes and offensive habits; at least, we are not born with them. We can learn the more favorable ones as easily as those which are unattractive. But we must have a desire to learn them. Realizing the competition we shall face in all fields of livelihood when this war is over, we shall need as winsome a personality as we can acquire. It will give us greater personal happiness. It may mean the difference between failure and success.

## TESTED RECIPES

### Nut Bread

Here is a good recipe for nut bread that can be made in a jiffy.

4 teaspoons baking powder  
1/2 to 3/4 cup sugar  
2 cups flour  
1 teaspoon salt

1 1/2 cups milk  
1 egg, if desired  
1 cup nut meats, chopped or broken

Mix and sift the sugar, flour, baking powder, and salt. Add the nut meats, mixing until nuts are well distributed. Then lightly stir in milk and eggs.

Take care to mix as little as possible. Over mixing toughens the dough and makes long streak-like holes. Pour the batter into a buttered loaf pan 4x8 inches and let stand at room temperature 30 minutes before putting in the oven. Bake at 325 degrees (slow oven) for one hour.

When cold, wrap the loaf in waxed paper.

Bread improves in flavor with ripening. Store in a covered container.

### Baked Beans for Outdoor Menu

What picnic would be complete without baked beans. Whether you serve the beans hot or cold, you won't have to worry about bringing any home with you. There'll be nary a bean left.

So that there will be no wishful looks over not enough salt pork to go around, order a large piece to fill the center of the baked bean container.

Soak a quart of navy beans overnight in cold water. Drain and cover with two quarts of fresh water. Cook slowly one to one and one-half hours, or until skins burst readily when a bean is removed from pan and blown upon.

Put in a large baking pan. Remove rind from one and one-half pounds salt pork or bacon squares, score in squares, bury in top of beans, leaving only scored portions exposed.

Mix one tablespoon of salt, three tablespoons sugar, one teaspoon mustard, one-third cup molasses, one cup boiling water, and pour over beans, adding enough additional water to cover beans.

Cover dish and bake six to eight hours in a slow oven (250 degrees). Add hot water as needed. During last hour, uncover to brown. Serves 12.

(Continued top next column)

### Pot Roast

4 pounds boneless chuck  
1 tablespoon lard  
Salt, pepper and flour  
2 carrots, sliced  
1 cup hot water

Rub meat with flour, salt, and pepper mixture. Place in heated lard in skillet and brown on all sides. Remove from skillet and place in a large kettle and cook on top of stove or put in a covered casserole and cook at 250 degrees two and one-half hours. One hour before ready to serve, add vegetables. Make gravy from liquid left in casserole or kettle.

### Sour Milk Chocolate Cake

1 cup sugar  
1/2 cup flour  
1/2 cup cocoa  
1 egg, separated  
1 cup sour milk  
1 teaspoon soda

Mix sugar and butter together. Add egg yolk. Add flour, salt, and cocoa, and blend well. Add three-fourths cup sour milk, beaten egg white, and then the soda mixed with remaining one-fourth cup milk. Beat well and turn into two greased layer tins. Bake at 350 degrees for about 23 minutes, testing with a toothpick. Ice the cake with mocha icing.

### Cocoa Squares

2 eggs  
1/2 cup whole bran  
1/2 teaspoon salt  
1 teaspoon vanilla  
1/2 cup shortening  
1 cup sugar  
1/2 cup cocoa  
2-3 cup sifted flour  
extract

Beat eggs until light; add whole bran, salt and flavoring and let stand 10 minutes. Blend shortening and sugar thoroughly; add soaked whole bran and mix well. Stir in cocoa and flour, sifted together, and nutmeats. Spread in greased baking pan and bake in moderate oven (350 F.) 30-35 minutes.

### Stuffed Tomato

An edible delight is the whole tomato, cored and stuffed with any filling you may choose. For a hearty stuffing use protein foods—cottage cheese with chopped celery or onion, or chopped peanuts. Left-over fish, chicken, or meat make excellent stuffing for

fresh tomatoes. And that precious rationed Cheddar cheese can be extended by serving a spoonful of the grated cheese in the top of the whole peeled tomato.

### Vitamin C in Peel

The peel of oranges, lemons, and other citrus fruits contains about three times as much Vitamin C as the pulp and juice, according to the United States Department of Agriculture. Thin slices or gratings of peel make a perfect flavoring for sauces, puddings, and other desserts.

### Use Bone for Soup

Save that bone from the roast. Put it in cold water to cover, add salt, an onion, a carrot, celery, and simmer for a couple of hours to get fine stock for soup or scalloped dishes.

Egg stains on silver can be removed by rubbing them with salt and then washing in warm water with a little soap.

### LONDON POOR STILL SLEEP IN SUBWAY

One of the more unpleasant conditions of Britain in war time is that of the continued use of London subways as sleeping quarters.

Although it is definitely known that large new shelters, with adequate sleeping, bathing and toilet facilities, exist in London, it is not definitely explained why the poor of the city are not allowed to use them instead of undergoing their nightly stays in the noisy, dirty underground tubes.

Some investigators believe that new shelters are being held in reserve for the invasion and a possible counter-invasion or great air blitz

Everybody Loves Them!

# Kellogg's CORN FLAKES

"THE GRAINS ARE GREAT FOODS"—K.A. Kellogg

• Kellogg's Corn Flakes bring you nearly all the protective food elements of the whole grain declared essential to human nutrition.

staged by the desperate Nazis. Some feel that these new modern quarters deep under the earth might be used as hospitals in case such last-chance efforts are made by the enemy. But still this does not explain why several thousand people are given no better quarters than London tubes. Many of the aged women and men, accompanied by small children, have been bombed out of their homes, while others continue to stay underground in the foul air each night as a safety measure, still remembering the blitz of 1940.

They bid until they get it—

"The Chesterfield buyers have been on all the sales I've run for the last 20 years. When they see a basket of tobacco they want they bid until they get it... and what I mean, it's good, ripe cigarette tobacco."

W.A. Baker  
Tobacco Farmer and Warehouseman,  
Timmonsville, S. C.

5 KEY WORDS TO MORE SMOKING PLEASURE

## RIGHT COMBINATION WORLD'S BEST TOBACCOS

NATURE AND SCIENCE unite in making Chesterfields a better cigarette. Nature, with the farmers' help, grows the WORLD'S BEST TOBACCOS. Science then takes a hand and blends them together in Chesterfield's RIGHT COMBINATION to give you the cigarette that's Milder —that Tastes Better.

ASK FOR Chesterfield They Satisfy

BUY ANOTHER BOND

Food Fights for Freedom—

## SALT SOME AWAY!

MORTON'S SALT

WHEN IT RAINS IT POURS