

Barbecue and Basket Picnic Texico-Farwell August 7th

TEXICO-FARWELL NEWS.

A NEWSPAPER OF AND FOR TEXICO-FARWELL, AND CURRY COUNTY, N. M., AND PARMER COUNTY, TEXAS.

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"THE WORLD DO MOVE"

Cross Field, Arcadia, Calif., July 29, 1919—Pasadena has established a municipal landing field near the Altadena Country Club, covering 60 acres with all the equipment of a first class landing field.

The above news item is but another indication of the rapid growth of air-planing in this country. Back when our grandfathers were young, the people provided big tie posts around the public square and to these posts were tied farm horses which had hauled the immense lumber wagons to town with grain and to take back the month's supply of groceries and household needs.

When father was young, the towns got into the habit of putting up real substantial hitching racks—even ornamental ones—and sometimes built sheds in which the teams could stand and rest or eat their meal of oats and hay.

Then came the iron hitch racks, built in a perfect line and extending along the side of the wider streets, where the tied teams with their wagons would not interfere with traffic.

The automobile drifted in next and brought other problems. Streets were marked off as parking places; some churches even built parking sheds for the cars; downtown streets were designated as thoroughfares along which cars could be parked if they were placed close enough to the walk; garages grew up like mushrooms to care for the automobiles.

But the new era has broken in on us. Airplanes are becoming more popular. Merchandise has been shipped from Chicago to Illinois towns via airplane express. Passengers are carried regularly in airplanes in our own state. The government utilizes airplanes in fighting forest fires. Uncle Sam has his airplane mail carriers who run on regular routes. And the cities find that the old tie posts, hitch racks, wagon sheds and garages have to yield some of their popularity to the landing field with its sheds, gasoline service station, repair station and police guards.

"The world do move."
The revival closed at the Baptist church Sunday night, and likewise commenced at the Christian church tent opposite the Congregational church.

Miss Gladys Robinson of Wichita Falls, arrived here Monday morning for a visit at the Hamlin home.

PROGRAM FOR THURSDAY

9:30 to 10:00: Music by Johnson's Band.
10:00 to 12:00: Addresses by prominent men.
12 to 1:30: Dinner.
1:30 to 4:30: Races, bronc riding, etc.

4:30: Ball games.
The races will consist of most all horse races conceivable, and will bring to ones mind the frontier days of old.

The bronco busting will be one of the best ever pulled off in this section of the country.

FOSTER'S WEATHER BULLETIN

Washington, Aug. 2.—Last bulletin gave forecast of warm wave to cross continent July 30 to Aug. 3, storm wave July 31 to Aug. 4, cool wave Aug. 1 to 5.

Next warm wave will reach Vancouver about Aug. 3 and 9, and temperatures will rise on all the Pacific Slope. They will cross crest of Rockies by close of Aug. 4 and 10, plains section Aug 5 and 11, meridian 90, Great Lakes, middle Gulf States and Ohio-Tennessee valleys 6 and 12, eastern sections 7 and 13, reaching vicinity of Newfoundland Aug. 8 and 14. Storm waves will follow about one day behind warm waves and cool waves about one day behind storm waves.

Above forecasts cover from Aug. 3 to 14. Storms will be most severe near first part of this period, but no very severe storms are expected. Temperatures will average above normal east of the Rockies and below west. Rainfall of the States and Canada will be below the average of June and July. Temperatures near Aug 1 and 12 will average higher than near 6. Most rain of the period is expected near Aug. 7.

BIG ROW CROP, TOO

Much has been written and said about Curry County's million dollar wheat crop. It is going to put much money into the country, but while we are talking about this wonderful wheat yield it must not be forgotten that the county will harvest a row crop this fall which has never been excelled in the history of the county.

Mrs. Cleve Martin returned from New Wilson, Okla., Saturday, where she had been at the bedside of a sister who has been quite sick.

NURSING COURSE CLOSED

The Parmer County Chapter, A. R. C. Home Nursing Class finished their course last Saturday, the last lessons being given at Friona. These classes started out in fine shape and it was thought that a large number of women and girls in the County would take up this work, but at the close of the course it seemed as though they lost interest, or it was too hot, or something, but it is hoped that much good was accomplished in the five week's course, and that those who finished the lessons will remember what they have learned. The following persons made highest grades in the examination:

Miss Lucile Thurston, Farwell, 1st; Miss Grace Cullings, Farwell, 2nd; Mrs. Pierce McDonald, Bovina, 1st; Mrs. Tom Hastings, Bovina, 2nd; Miss Beulah Schlenker, Friona, 1st; Misses Margaret and Frances Reeves, Friona, tied for second place.

The following questions were used in the examination:

1. Define septic, aseptic and antiseptic.
2. Why is the kitchen the most important room in the home?
3. What is meant by incubation period?
4. Tell something of importance, prevention and treatment of common colds.
5. What is the proper temperature of a living room?
6. What are the three essentials of good ventilation?
7. Why is it important to scrub the hands before eating or touching food?
8. How would you dress a cut? A burn? A sprain?
9. Give the normal pulse, temperature and respiration of an adult.
10. Name five necessary medicines to keep on hand in the house.
11. How would you care for a new born baby's eyes?
12. Should water be given an infant, and if so, how, and how prepared?
13. How avoid bed sores?
14. Distinguish between heat stroke and heat exhaustion.
15. Name a counter irritant and tell when to use.

LEAGUE OF NATIONS

In far too much of the discussion of the League of Nations covenant we are being treated to dissertations on what the league does not do. Why not a few speeches and letters on what it does? It sets up, for the first time in history, a machine for preserving the peace of the world, allowing at the same time for the growth of democratic institutions. It does not promise peace automatically. Peace will always be had, like liberty, at the price of eternal vigilance.

It is not a choice between this covenant and a more perfect one. It is this plan or nothing for the present, and it would seem to ill become us as a people to stand against the only kind of agreement that can now be made.

The question is: Will the United States of America back this first faulty effort to bring the nations together and prevent war? If the League be rejected then, as soon as the war-weary peoples can get themselves together again, they must begin preparing for more wars. Of course this pact is imperfect. A perfect one will not be made now. But when one stops to reflect what the next world war will be, if it comes, is there not a reason for getting behind the League of Nations if only as a protest against such a possibility?

There is no longer any provincialism in the world except it be in the thinking of certain persons. The world must act, from this time forward, as a family of nations. Why not encourage this first effort at international understanding?

M. C. Cooke came in from Grady Saturday evening, where he had been assisting in the harvest fields for the past few weeks. He tells us that of the large amount of wheat harvested in that vicinity, it will average about 20 bushels per acre.

Little Richard Howard stood the operation for circumcision at Lubbock last week fairly well. The little fellow has been poorly for the past several months, and by this operation, he is expected to regain his health.

REGARDING LAUNDRIES

The American housewife, extremely careful and cautious in her effort to have her housework done properly, is learning that in this modern age of speculation she loses much if she does not take advantage of labor-savers.

The laundry industry has made wonderful changes in the past decade. It now offers to the housewife advantages that could not be offered twenty years ago. It agrees to take the blue out of Monday; do away with the worry lest a rain come and spoil the clothes on the line; to clean the clothes and sterilize them as few housewives are in a position to do; and to convert Monday from a worry filled day to a day in which other easier and perhaps more necessary work may be done.

Of course there are advantages in having clothes cleaned at home in a copper-bottomed boiler or in a metal washtub; and there are advantages in having these same clothes ironed in the home laundry room even if the temperature in the home laundry is near the hundred degree mark. But there are also other advantages in the commercial laundry system, and the modern housewife is beginning to insist upon more freedom while the outside world is talking of freedom of various other sorts and kinds.

A Cincinnati woman has made investigation from which she forms the opinion that the woman of America spending 7 per cent of the waking moments at the family washtub or over the ironing board. This work is greatly lightened by the electric washing machine that has been a real boon to the housewife, and also by the electric iron. But the average woman, possessing neither the electric washer nor the electric iron, labors an average of eight hours a week with the home laundry.

The man of the house has his shoes shined down town. He has his clothes pressed at the tailor shop. He has his hat blocked at the hatter's. He gets most of his shaves down town. He even has his hair shampooed at the barber's so as to save him a little time and energy. He has his screens made by a carpenter instead of working on them himself. He has his automobile cared for at the garage so that he wont have to worry over it at home. Yet there are some men who never think of insisting that friend wife save herself on Monday or Tuesday or on both days, by having the "washing" sent to the laundry.

CZECHO-SLOVAK TROOPS PASS THROUGH TEXICO

Four train loads of Czecho-Slovak soldiers passed through Texico Wednesday. These men fought with the Austrian Army when war was first declared. In the last days of the war they deserted the Austrians and joined the Russian Army on the side of the allies. Owing to the unsettled condition in Russia, they are only able to return to their native land by way of the United States. These troops were brought from Siberia by boat to San Francisco, from which place they are being carried by rail to New Port News. From New Port News they will go by boat to Brest and again by rail to their native country. On the entire trip they will be something like two months.

On the four trains there were in the neighborhood of 2,000 men, each train stopping at Clovis for a half hour or more. Here the Red Cross distributed among them writing material and also served them with peaches, oranges, pop and ice cream cones. Most of the men are over thirty five years of age and have been in the service five years, during which they have had little communication with their native land. Many of them bear marks of wounds received in battles, and all were happy that they were returning to their native land and to their loved ones.

Mr. Murphy and C. P. Hunter played the role of Good Samaritan last week and should receive the commendation of all our citizens. The "cup of cold water" administered by them will not go unnoticed by the Maker of the Universe. These men make no pretension of Christianity, but their part taken in the affair, was indeed, a blessing to the ones directly interested, as well as the community in general.

SENSELESS MEASURE STANDARDS

The metric system of measurement is decidedly simple and practical. A pupil in the eighth grade can learn the essentials of this system in a short time—while a college professor can work for years and still be puzzled by the ancient German system of measurement which obtains officially in this country.

The meter-liter-gram system of measurement was worked out primarily by James Watt. Its essentials are in three simple bases: A meter is one ten millionth of the distance between the equator and the pole; a liter is a measure of capacity, one kilo of water at maximum density, or its equivalent; a gram is the weight in a vacuum of one cubic centimeter of water at maximum density. And all other metric measurements of distance are based on these three bases.

The complexity and impossibility of the prevailing tables of measures is illustrated in the fact that in Webster's dictionary there are almost seven columns devoted to listing and defining measures used in various parts of the world, and American manufacturers and merchants must wrestle with all of these standards as long as there are different measure standards, provided we are to keep in touch with foreign trade. The metric system, however, requires only one-third of a column in which to have its measures listed and defined.

There are two hundred and twelve nations and countries that have adopted the metric system as standard and official—Germany being one of these despite the fact that it was Germany that threw the mixed-up system on the world. Even Nigeria uses the meter-liter-gram system.

The real tragedy of the measurement muddle is that the United States fails to recognize the importance and necessity of going to a sensible measurement standard at this particular time when to do so would put us into the running in international commerce and trade on an equal basis with other countries that are not utilizing the metric system. America and Britain—these two countries—continue to hold on to the ancient and obsolete style while over two hundred countries are using the sensible plan worked out by Watt.

The adoption of the metric system

would save millions in education—for who does not know the useless efforts devoted to teaching of inches, feet, cubic yards, pounds, gallons, long tons, knots, kilowatts and hundreds of other measures now in vogue here? It would make possible the simplification of factory work; do away with thousands of clerks and others who deal in figures that are complex; and save tens of millions of dollars in lost time and lost effort—at the same time that it would give an impetus to American manufacturing trade at this particular instant when we need this impetus if we are to compete with the world.

We might take a few pointers from Timboctoo and Nigeria!

WHEAT TURNING OUT WELL AT GRADY

Clyde Stanfield of Grady was in town Wednesday. Mr. Stanfield says the wheat is turning out fine out his way. The Stanfield & Cox thresher, he says, has more work than can be handled for some weeks. Mr. Stanfield says that last week they threshed between five thousand and six thousand bushels of wheat and the average yield per acre was twenty seven and one-half bushels.—Clovis News.

COUNTRY LOOKS GOOD TO STATE INSURANCE COMMISSIONER OF IOWA

J. W. Bailey, State Insurance Commissioner of Iowa, was a Clovis visitor last week and while here was the guest of H. F. Young, the farm loan man. Iowa insurance companies loan quite a bit of money in this part of New Mexico and before they can place their money in a locality it is first necessary for the State Insurance Commissioner to pass upon the stability of the country from a loan standpoint. Mr. Young showed Mr. Bailey over the county and after looking at some of our magnificent crops here he went away loud in his praises of Curry County and said that if insurance companies never placed their money on poorer collateral than this fine plains land they would certainly always be in the clear.—Clovis News.

The crop of cockle burs and other odnoxious weeds have been cut on the right-of-way of the Santa Fe, south of the depot, which gives the place a much better appearance.

WICHITA VALLEY REFINING COMPANY

F. J. DOOSE, Distributor

Oil, Gasoline and Lubricants of all Kinds

PHONE 8

FARWELL, TEX.

R. H. Kemp Lumber Co.

Farwell, Texas

Posts, Wire, Cement and all kinds of Building Material

W. J. LINDQUIST, Manager

SERVICE

We are after the account of farmers and stock farmers in the eastern part of Curry and Roosevelt Counties particularly and assure you we are still living up to our reputation of taking care in the proper manner of all our customers. You may need small loans to run for a short time or you may need large loans which you will expect to be renewed from time to time. We assure you we will be glad to handle your business along these lines as long as general conditions will permit well regulated institutions to do so.

When you have money, deposit it with us, and when you need money we will be glad to assist you.

Texas State Bank of Farwell
The Guaranty Fund Bank

Texico-Farwell News

ISSUED EVERY WEDNESDAY
 TEXICO NEW MEXICO
 C. A. ROBERSON, Publisher.
 JAMES McDOWELL, Editor and Manager.

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GETTING THE JOB FINISHED

The old law of impenetrability holds as true in economics and politics as it does in physics. "Two things cannot occupy the same space at the same time," is the wording of the physics law.

A jug cannot be filled with water and at the same time be filled with kerosene.

The minds of congressmen, senators, cabinet members and ordinary citizens are expected to work out soon a solution for two difficult problems. First is the League of Nations issue—almost ready for a solution if there is no more wild partisan objections raised by the Antis in Washington. Second is the cost of living problem—which is serious and which is demanding attention.

But we have learned in other days and under other circumstances, it is hardly possible for the senate to work satisfactory on these two big issues at the same time—and expect to get results. Neither is it within reason to expect the lower house to keep lined up on foreign affairs while it is getting to the bare facts of living.

There is one way out of the puzzle. Senators' minds are not unlike the minds of other folks—and two things cannot occupy those minds at the same time and expect to be worked out in perfect manner. But if the senate buckles down to the hard and grinding task of getting the League of Nations problem settled quickly, then it will be in a position, after the League's disposition is determined, to work to its limit in getting after the other big problem.

No more dilly-dallying from the senate will be sanctioned by the American people who want the two big problems attended to and what the work done mighty soon.

WHY IS AUGUST "DULL"

One of the big commercial agencies whose weekly reports are reliable guides to the trend of business activities, expressed surprise last week that the "usual midsummer lull" had not occurred either in wholesale or retail markets. It forecasted a probable slump in August when it anticipated that the usual August "dullness" would set in.

Why is August a dull month in business; in New York, in San Francisco, in Painted Post, Montana, in Albuquerque, everywhere?

Chiefly because we say it is dull; we expect a slump. We fancy that

because a considerable number of us have gone on vacations the rest of us can lay down on the job and do nothing. The result is that business has slumped in the past all over this country and the trade volume that has been fine throughout the rest of the year, has its average reduced by the August "slump."

Some energetic business organizations have taken up the problem of the dull August with a view of making new business efforts in that month, extending activities, trying out innovations; increasing business. So many have begun to give thought to finding ways and means to eliminate this "fall down" in the business year that the movement to make August a big trade month has become general in a number of cities that are awake and alive and moving. "\$70,000 more in August" has been made the slogan of half a dozen big eastern retail stores.

"Why work our heads off eleven months in the year and let the business slide in August?" asks the executive of one of these big stores. "It may be the vacation month and the business is down, but we can get business and make the same increases in August as are made in other months, if we try."

It does seem foolish to take a sort of half-vacation by staying at home, nominally at work, while letting one's business slip simply for lack of initiative, and energy.—Albuquerque Herald.

DO YOU KNOW THAT—

English-speaking peoples use a thermometer invented by Fahrenheit, a German; many of the Germans and Scandinavians use one invented by Reaumur, a Frenchman; while the French and most of the continental nations use the centigrade thermometer invented by a Swede.

Crocodiles, like ostriches, swallow pebbles and small stones for the purpose of grinding their food.

The highest waterfall in the world is Chocoma Cascade, at Yosemite, Cal., which is two thousand six hundred and thirty-four feet high, or six feet short of half a mile.

The debris left from coral made into articles of jewelry, etc, is crushed, scented and sold as tooth powder at a high price by Indian perfumers.

Baldness among Indians and negroes is almost unknown.

Men and women are political equals in Iceland. The nation numbers seventy thousand people, and is governed by representatives elected by men and women together.

In Java there is an orchid, the grammatophyllum, all the flowers of which open at once, as if at the stroke of a fairy's wand, and they also all wither together.

W. Watkins, who has been visiting in Oklahoma for the past few weeks, returned here last week. Before going he listed his farm at \$35.00 per acre, but on returning to the Plains country looked so good to him that he raised the price to \$50.00 per acre. This is the place of all places.

Buy your washboards, tubs and buckets at Plains Buying and Selling Association.

Jellies and jams save butter and taste mighty good any day in the year. A wise housekeeper has plenty of them in her preserve closet.

NOTICE

We have on hand a large, fresh stock of Grogan Mineral Water, which is far beyond a doubt Nature's Unsurpassed Remedy for Liver, Kidney, Bladder, and Stomach trouble and all catarrhal conditions, a natural water fresh from the wells that is stronger in its effects and more beneficial in its results than even the highly fortified and concentrated waters.

We are now in position to offer this water to you F. O. B. Clovis, N. M., at \$5.50 per crate of twelve one-half gallon bottles, refunding you \$2.00 for return of crate and bottles which makes the water actually cost you \$3.50 for six gallons.

If you are suffering from any of the above mentioned troubles, We insist that you give this water a trial. Why keep on in the same old rut paying out \$10.00 to \$50.00 per month for something that has failed to cure you? We have letters of recommendation on file from people of about 15,000 satisfied customers; to give you copies of the letters would make a book and we do not have the time and money to furnish you this for which we are sorry.

Any further information desired will be gladly furnished upon application.

Grogan Mineral Water Co.
 CLOVIS NEW MEXICO

PAYING HOMAGE TO DEVILS

Recognized Method by Which Chinese Insure Against Dire Work of Evil Spirits.

Once a year during the first 14 days of the seventh Chinese month, the curious ceremony of Yu-Nan-Whel is celebrated, being, in fact, the paying of homage to the land and sea devils, says New York Herald. Seven priests carry out the ceremony by offering up various forms of prayer and making an unearthly noise by beating large gongs.

Anyone wishing to show his respect to the devils can do so by a payment of 600 cash—about 22 cents—to each of the priests, for which amount they will continue their performance for 12 hours—a truly modest remuneration for men engaged in the ardent occupation of propitiating evil spirits. For an extra payment of 2,000 cash a number of small red paper boats, about six inches long, with lights inside, will be sent floating down the river with the current.

These lights are for the benefit of the sea devils, in order that they may be able to see their way about on dark nights—a little attention which it is hoped these maritime demons appreciate. Having finished this performance, the person on whose behalf it has been carried out goes away happy in the conviction that he will not lose any of his family throughout the year, either by sickness or drowning, so that the whole ceremony may be looked upon as an insurance policy.

CRADLES OF GREAT EDITORS

Many Editorial Giants Got Their Early Training on Village Newspapers of New England.

The old New England village newspapers nourished a race of journalistic giants. It was from a little Connecticut office, that of the Connecticut Mirror, that a keen Yankee, named George D. Prentice, went forth to prepare the way for that great light of Southern journalism, Henry Watterson.

The dingy little printing shops of Vermont trained in the service of the types many men who afterward became eminent in metropolitan and western journalism. But the case of Greeley was an epic in itself. No more uncouth and miserable little wretch ever sought employment. But he brightened up the Northern Spectator with his youthful writings, which were then, as ever after, his very own, and not mere imitation Addisonianisms. From the shop in East Poutney he went forth to an illustrious career; and, whether it liked him or not, the country had to listen to him. His brain not infrequently—so his countrymen would now express it—slipped a cog. There were strange lapses in his intellectual and moral achievement, but none in his honesty or his good will toward his fellow countrymen.

Eucalyptus-Oil Industry.

The pioneer of the Australian eucalyptus-oil industry was John White, "Surgeon General to the Settlement," who came to Sydney with the first fleet, says the Sydney Bulletin. The following passage occurs in his "Journal of a Voyage to New South Wales," published in London in 1790:

The name of peppermint tree has been given to this plant by Mr. White on account of the very great resemblance between the essential oil drawn from its leaves and that obtained from the peppermint (*Mentha piperita*) which grows in England. This oil was found by Mr. White to be much more efficacious in removing all cholicky complaints than that of the English peppermint, which he attributes to its being less pungent and more aromatic.

White not only used the oil in N. S. Wales, but sent some to England. He got it from a tree which he called *Eucalyptus piperita*, but which was afterwards renamed *E. capitellata*.

Red Light Aids Plants.

The attention of botanists has lately been recalled to experiments made at Juvisy, near Paris, by M. Flammarton on the effect of exposing the seedlings of sensitive plants to lights of different colors. Having placed four pairs of mimosa seedlings in four separate pots in a hothouse, he covered one pair with a bell of blue glass, another with a bell of green glass, a third with a bell of red glass, while the fourth was exposed to ordinary white light.

At the end of two months the plants subjected to blue light were only one inch high, having hardly grown at all. Those exposed to white light were four inches high, those that had grown in green light were five inches high, while those whose light had been red were no less than 16 inches high.

Experiments with other kinds of plants gave various results, but in every instance blue light impeded growth and development.

"Bookies" on Strike.

"No Betting Today" was the amazing notice issued on a famous race-course shortly before the war. The "bookies" had gone on strike, says a writer in London Answers. The stewards had relegated them to a new position at the sides of the approach to the grandstand and the complaint was that there was not room for the number of pencils, and also insufficient accommodation for the public who wished to "put a bit on." The bookies took up a position of their own from which the police tried to eject them. Finally a compromise was effected and the bookies were happy again.

Professional Cards

CANNON BALL HOTEL
 When in town stop at the Cannon Ball Hotel, close to the Depot.
 MRS MINNIE GREEN, Prop.

DR. G. A. FOOTE
 General Practice and Surgery
 EYES TESTED
 Glasses Fitted Correctly
 Office: Red Cross Drug Store
 Phone 20 Residence 16

V. TATE, AUCTIONEER
 "I Guarantee My Work."
 Clovis New Mexico

Lawn Mowers, Lawn Hose and Sprinklers at

Betty Hardware Co.
 THE STORE THAT STAYS

For genuine Ford Service and Ford parts, come to Peoples Auto Supply Company.

TIME TABLE

Plains Division A. T. & S. F. Ry.
EAST BOUND
 918, Galveston -----8:03 a. m.
 118, Kansas City -----8:12 a. m.
 74 Local
WEST BOUND
 913 Roswell -----7:20 a. m.
 113 California -----9:16 a. m.
 73 Local -----2:52 p. m.

LODGES

I. O. O. F.
 Texico Lodge, No. 27, meets every Friday night in Taffinder Hall. Visiting brothers welcome.
C. P. WORTH, N. G.
H. N. PORTER, Secretary.
A. F. & A. M.
 Farwell Lodge, No. 977, meets Tuesday night, on or before full moon.

J. DeOLIVEIRA, W. M.
G. EADS, Clerk.

O. E. S.
 Farwell Chapter No. 566 meets second Saturday in each month.

W. O. W.
 Texico Camp No. 34, meets every Tuesday night at 8 o'clock, in Taffinder hall.

R. D. WILLIAMS, C. C.
M. A. BROWN, Clerk.

WOODMEN CIRCLE
 Meets second and fourth Monday nights at 8:30 p. m.
MATTIE BLAKE, Guardian.
MARY S. HINER, Clerk.

W. O. W.
 R. D. Williams, C. C.
 J. L. Walling, P. C. C.
 F. J. Doose, A. L.
 C. H. Haber, E.
 M. A. Brown, Clerk.
 Meets each Tuesday evening at 9 o'clock.

TIRE DEALERS NOTICE

THE WESTERN TIRE MFG. CO., IS NOW READY TO CONTRACT WITH PARTIES TO SELL ITS PRODUCT. WE WILL BE PREPARED TO MAKE DELIVERIES ABOUT JULY 10th. WE GUARANTEE OUR TIRES AND WILL MAKE OUR GUARANTEE GOOD. COMMISSIONS ARE RIGHT AND QUALITY OUR MOTTO.

ADDRESS ALL COMMUNICATIONS TO

Western Tire Mfg. Co.
 TEXICO, NEW MEXICO

C. A. ROBERSON BROKERAGE CO.
 (Incorporated)

Home Office: Texico, N. M.

We have for sale: Stocks, Bonds and High Grade Securities.

Persons who wish to invest some money in stocks that offer big returns on the money invested should write this Company for information and particulars.

A FEW SALES REPRESENTATIVES WANTED
 and a
COMPETENT OFFICE MANAGER FOR EACH OF THE FOLLOWING STATES

New Mexico, Colorado, Wyoming, Utah, Washington, Oklahoma, Nevada, Oregon and Idaho.

Only Reliable People Need Apply

Finish your furniture the way you want it

You can finish your furniture and woodwork the way you want it with

Lowe Brothers VERNICOL
 Floor and Varnish Stain

Vernicol renews the finish that has become dull and marred. It's good for chairs, tables, refrigerators and other articles of household furniture. Vernicol is also fine for floors and woodwork—old or new. Easy to put on, and dries with a hard, firm gloss.

Ask for Vernicol color card.

Kemp Lumber Company

TOWN TOPICS

F. A. Cooke was a Clovis visitor Monday morning.

Binder twine, coal, feed, gasoline and oil at Plains Buying and Selling Association.

Miss Eunice Smith and Miss Louise Arnett of Lubbock came up from that place Sunday for a short visit with Miss Mildred Hamlin.

G. W. Thomas of Lubbock motored to Farwell Sunday. His family had been visiting here for a few days previous at the home of Mrs. S. C. Thomas, and went back with him Monday.

We have a full line of automobile accessories, tires, tubes, gas and oils, and genuine Ford parts. We are at your service. Peoples Auto Supply Company.

Mrs. John Miller and two sons, Rudolph and Walter, leave for a six weeks' visit in Illinois, next Sunday. They had first intended going via automobile, but finally concluded to take the train instead.

Thelma Horn and Bertha Collins, returned from East Las Vegas, Saturday, where they had been in attendance at the summer term of the college.

It is our desire to give all motorists the best service possible at the lowest possible charge. Peoples Auto Supply Company.

Everything seems to be in readiness for the big day tomorrow, when Texico-Farwell will do herself proud. There will be a lot of strangers in town, who will have no place to sleep, as the hotels will be filled to their capacity. Most every home can accommodate one more. Every one who will, will notify either of the following: Fent Stallings, Ray James or F. W. McElroy in plenty time tomorrow morning, so that all may be accommodated.

The Dycus Commission Co. made a big land deal this week, whereby W. D. Monroe of Farwell comes in possession of a section of land one mile east of Bellview. The two resident properties in Farwell were traded in on the deal. County Commissioner Phillips at Bellview is the other party to the deal. \$1,000 was the consideration.

J. D. Cross and daughters, Elsie and Katie, went to Hereford Sunday morning, where they met relatives, who joined them for a trip to Tulsa, where a family reunion will be held today. Four brothers, as well as one sister, are expected to be in attendance. Mr. Cross and daughters will return here about Friday or Saturday of this week.

Land Loans

7 1-2 Per Cent

Loans on Farms and Ranches in amounts of \$3,000.00 and up

Smaller Loans at 8 per cent.

E. S. IRELAND

Inspector

DIMMITT TEXAS

Slim King is taking in a three days barbecue at Camanche this week.

W. J. Linquist was a business caller in Claude Friday.

Bill Larson opens up the Highway Garage. He will do vulcanizing and general garage work. Best of oils and gas will be sold as well.

Queensware, Glassware and Chinaware at



MUSIC

Mrs. Chauchon, teacher of piano and voice will give private lessons.

Mrs. Jesse Rher and Mrs. G. A. Jenkins accompanied Mr. Rhea to Hurley and Muleshoe last Wednesday, returning the same evening.

H. W. Jennings and family left for Comanche, Sunday, where they will enjoy a three days barbecue there this week.

Mrs. Bettles arrived here Monday morning from Stratford, Texas, where she had been looking after her interests there. She reports that grass and crops in general are looking fine.

L. E. Cannon and wife will leave this week for Electra on a prospecting tour. If they are well impressed with the out look there, they will locate there.

Miss Ethel Rogers arrived here from California Wednesday morning for a visit with her sister, Mrs. Fred Maxwell, and family for a few weeks. Miss Rogers is an Illinois school teacher, having been spending her vacation in California with relatives. She will return in time for the fall term.

Motor Rates

Minimum horse power served on motor service 1 h. p. Rate: \$1.00 per horse power connected load and five cents per kilowatt for current consumed. The usual meter deposit will be required. Power motors only, take this special rate. Fractional horse power motors and fans do not come under this rate as the current consumption is so small that customer would not be justified in having premises wired for special circuit, and making meter deposit; and the company would not be justified in going to the expense of extra service wires and equipment.

Detailed information gladly given.

Southwest Utilities Co
Farwell, Texas

Luther Rogers was a Canyon visitor last Friday.

Wait Mille of Larriet was a caller here Saturday morning.

Thelma Jones returned from East Las Vegas Friday morning, where she had been attending summer normal.

Attorney Lokey was a legal caller in Hereford and Canyon Friday and Saturday.

Staple and fancy groceries, overalls and work shirts at the Plains Buying and Selling Association.

Chas. Smart returned from overseas Friday, having been 33 days on the road. He saw service mostly in Belgium, having been gone something over a year.

Bring in your cream, butter and eggs. We pay the highest market price. Plains Buying and Selling Association.

Mrs. Cannon returned from Memphis, Tenn., Wednesday of last week, where she has been visiting for the past several weeks. She reports everything looking fine in her home state.

W. H. Fuqua returned to Amarillo Friday, after several days in attendance at the round-up at and near his ranch southeast of town. These round-ups have been the largest in this community for several years.

A son of Mr. Purcell was badly bruised Thursday when the car in which they were riding turned turtle. Mr. Purcell had been assisting in Gerald with his threshing outfit, and was returning home when he met with the accident between here and Clovis.

Hess Martin and wife of Bovina were Texico callers last week. They have just lately returned from their honeymoon trip in New Mexico, where they were married a few weeks ago.

T. A. Brown has taken several big contracts of late. He has just finished the foundation for the community high school at Claude. The building is to be 56x80 feet, with four rooms, and the contract price being \$11,250.

The J. C. Berry & Co., of Amarillo and Clovis are the architects. Mr. Brown will start a \$12,640 school building at Bellview about the middle of this month. He also has several other big contracts on the string. He does a good honest job and for that reason his services are in great demand. His daughter, Miss Vivian, and Miss Fannie Twaddell are serving the meals for them while on these jobs.

All former Illinois residents, are requested to meet at the court house in Farwell Saturday afternoon about 5 o'clock to make arrangements for the entertainment of visitors here on Illinois day, July 28th. J. S. Butcher will have charge of the meeting. All interested as above stated be sure and attend.

Friends of Mrs. L. E. Cannon gave her a pleasant surprise Monday afternoon, in a sort of a farewell party. A pleasant social afternoon was enjoyed by all present, the friends leaving wishing them the best of luck and prosperity in their new home. The community is sorry to lose these good people.

It appears that the creamery will sure make a go of it at this time. Mr. Xanders has been keeping the wires pretty busy of late, in order that proper arrangements could be made for the resuming operation at the plant, which is one of the best equipped little creameries in the state. At the large creamery at Hamilton, Texas, the churns are but 50 gallons capacity, while the one here is 300. Mr. Xanders is figuring with an experienced butter maker, who has papers from the state man, showing him to be one of the highest ranking butter maker in the state, in respect to quality.

W. A. Ally, who was so anxious to leave the plains last fall that he sold out his place, crop and all, arrived in Texico this week, looking for a location. They all come back, once they get a good taste of this wonderful country.

The Tire factory is a mighty busy place now, with two shifts at work. They are making up for lost time, they were forced to waste on account of waiting for material. Just as soon as the cement is properly set the rest of the machinery will be put in place. As it now is, the place looks like a real factory already. Every week brings us nearer to the time, when we will see the smoke roll out of the furnaces, tires out of the front door, and the kale into the pockets of all concerned. Selah.

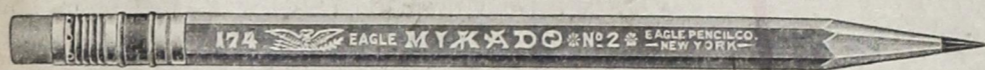
C. A. Roberson returned Tuesday from a business trip in New Mexico.

TRIPLETT BROS.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

We are here to Serve the People
Stock Always Kept Up and in Good Shape
We keep anything in the General Merchandise line you might wish
Bring Us Your Produce

Eagle "Mikado" Pencil No. 174



For Sale at your dealer 5c each or 50c per dozen--Made in 5 Grades
Conceded to be the Finest Pencil made for general use.

Eagle Pencil Company, New York

FOR SALE COLUMN

640 acres, 7 miles northwest, highly improved, good orchard and shade trees, well, buildings, etc. Price \$40.00 per acre.

960 acres, 7 miles northwest, good improvements. Price \$35.00 per acre.

For Sale—148 acres farm, 75 acres under cultivation. Close to school and church. Enquire at News office. 6-25-4t

283 acres, 11 miles northwest, well improved. Price \$30.00 per acre.

280 acres, about 5 miles north of Texico, fenced, cross fenced, well, windmill, house, sheds. Price \$28.00 per acre.

320 acres, six miles northwest of Texico, fenced, about 75 acres in cultivation, on Rural Route and Rural Telephone line. Price \$20 per acre.

For Sale—320 acres of the best farm land in this section. 100 acres under cultivation. Fenced and cross fenced. Close to Amarillo highway. Enquire at News office. 6254t

454 acres, 4 miles southeast, well improved including buildings and well, 170 acres in cultivation. Price \$30.00 per acre.

A good store building for sale at a bargain. Good location tf

Here is a bonanza: 3835 acres of land 7 miles north of Bovina. Improvements: 2 houses, 3 wells, 250 acres under cultivation. In shallow water district. Terms: \$20.00 per acre, with \$3.00 per acre cash, and the remainder in 6 equal payments, drawing 6 per cent. There are 6 sections additional that can be leases, adjoining. Address News.

320 acres near Farwell, 150 acres under cultivation. A bargain. Address News.

160 acres near Farwell, improved. 100 acres in crop. Address News.

160 acres near Farwell, partly improved. 50 acres under cultivation. Address News.

For information about any of the above, enquire at the News office.

BAND CONCERT FRIDAY NIGHT

The band concert will be held on Friday evening of this week instead of Saturday. An especial program has been prepared for this week's concert. In addition to the regular numbers on the printed program, L. Ansel White will render two or three trombone solos. Mr. White is a gifted musician and all who attend the Friday night concert will certainly get a treat.—Clovis News.

Floyd Dotson of Amarillo is here visiting relatives and friends.

Call at the Quick Service Station
For Good Service

BEST OF TIRES

Gasoline and Oil Station

Free Water and Air

Quick Service Station

WANT TO BUY

A few hundred shares of the capital stock of the Western Tire Mfg. Co. Quote lowest price per share, and the number of shares you have to offer. In answering, address,

10-6. Care Texico-Farwell News.
Texico, New Mexico.

We Treat You White

Both You and Your Laundry Work
SEND IT TO US

Sheets, pillow tops, flat work of all kinds done up with the fresh, cleanly appearance and embodiment of good thorough work.

Men's wear: collars, shirts and so on have the precision of well starched and pressed spotliness which makes it a pleasure for him to know that his laundry has arrived.

No see-saw collars or accordion pleated cuffs and no spots left in flat work which may by any means removed.

Clovis Steam Laundry
Phone 48

WILLARD MUST GIVE THIRD TO UNCLE SAM

Jess Willard will have to pay Uncle Sam almost one-third of his receipts from the big title fight.

The income tax man will collect \$31,950 from the deposed champion next year when the taxes fall due.

On the \$101,000 there will be a normal tax of four per cent. on the first \$4,000 and eight per cent on the rest.

uates upward on all incomes over \$5,000. Jess will have to pay \$23,510 on the \$100,000 and \$520 on the additional \$1,000.

Dempsey will have to pay \$3,530 to the government as income tax from his share of the purse. His normal tax will be \$2,040, and his surtax, \$1,490.

Furniture and Kitchen Supplies at



If you are looking for the BEST enquire for

"The Modern"

Large Cool Dining Room, Appetizing Meals or Short Orders
Clean Sleeping Rooms

Just Across the Street from the Depot

MRS. K. W. JONES, Proprietress

MARCH'S TWO BIRTHSTONES

Persons Born in That Month May Have Choice of the Bloodstone or the Aquamarine.

The month of March has two birthstones. The one sanctioned by ancient tradition is the bloodstone. As an alternate the aquamarine is given in the list of birthstones adopted by the National Jewelers' Association. The bloodstone is a variety of chalcedony, dull green with blood-red spots. It is sometimes called heliotrope. The principal mines are in India, though it is found in Scotland, Brazil, Uruguay and Australia. It was supposed in old times to have therapeutic virtues and was used especially to cure hemorrhages and inflammatory diseases. Because of this fancied curative value it was widely worn cut in the form of a heart in Mexico in the days succeeding the conquest by Spaniards and Indians. The stone is still believed by the superstitious to be an amulet bringing good luck. An ancient Egyptian parchment says: "If anyone have this stone with him he will be given whatever he asks for and whatever the wearer says will be believed."

The aquamarine is a transparent variety of beryl, characteristically of a bluish green color. Its name, translated, means "sea water," and it looks like the green-blue water of the ocean frozen into a flashing crystal. Large aquamarines are especially beautiful as brooches or necklace pendants.

WALK MUCH AND LIVE LONG

Overwhelming Evidences That Pedestrianism Is by Long Odds the Best Form of Exercise.

"Walk, walk, walk, every day, and while walking give the arms full play. By so doing the bones, blood, muscles, nerves and brain will be kept in healthy activity. Moreover, never mind the weather. Take your exercise, be the day wet or fine, hot or cold. Above all, avoid sitting over a fire. Nothing is more conducive to senility." This is the prescription of Sir Herman Weber, the eminent European physician, who died at the age of ninety-five years. Certainly there could be no better recommendation of the virtues of walking than the life of Sir Herman.

Walking is something that cannot be overdone, and at the same time much out of fashion at the present time. In this day of automobiles the man who walks is the exception, and while the man in the motorcar derives a vast amount of benefit from his trips into the country and through getting his lungs pumped full of fresh air, he does not obtain the great variety of health-giving features that come with walking.

Many Glacial Periods.

One often hears of "the glacial period" or "the ice age" of the earth, but, strictly speaking, this expression is not correct. It is now established beyond all reasonable doubt that this planet has experienced not one but a great many glacial periods. Evidence has been found which proves that the latest or Pleistocene glacial epoch, has several important subdivisions, and that all of the present continents have experienced glacial epochs at different ages. Great ice sheets were formed at different periods back to the Proterozoic age; that is, the age of the oldest known sedimentary rocks, a great many million years ago. One of the most recent discoveries of the old glacial deposits was made by Professor W. W. Atwood, of the United States geological survey, near Ridgway, in southwestern Colorado. These deposits were found beneath tertiary lavas of the San Juan mountains, and resting upon upper cetaceous beds. They have, it is believed, been formed in early Eocene times.

Time and Watch on Shipboard.

The bell on shipboard is struck every half-hour. In the morning one bell sounds at 12:30 a. m. and every half-hour increases until eight bells at 4 p. m.; then one bell again at 4:30 a. m. to eight bells at 8 a. m.; one bell again at 8:30 a. m.; and eight bells at noon. In the afternoon one bell sounds at 12:30 p. m. and eight bells at 4 p. m. after which is the first dog watch (one bell 4:30, two bells 5, three bells 5:30, four bells 6), and the second dog watch (one bell 6:30, two bells 7, three bells 7:30, eight bells 8), and then one bell at 8:30 to eight bells at midnight.

The day is divided into seven watches, as follows: Afternoon watch, noon to 4 p. m.; first dog watch, 4 p. m. to 6 p. m.; second dog watch, 6 p. m. to 8 p. m.; first watch 8 p. m. to midnight; middle watch, midnight to 4 a. m.; morning watch, 4 a. m. to 8 a. m.; forenoon watch, 8 a. m. to noon.

"Swan" Is Really Goose.

The Chinese "swan" is not really a swan, but a goose. It has achieved a vicarious reputation as a swan merely because of an extremely long neck, not properly belonging to a goose, but altogether swanlike.

The lady swan, instead of pursuing the birdlike motherly habit of sitting on her eggs in order to transform them from mere eggs into baby swans, carefully covers them up with a mound of sticks and things.

The Chinese swan is known in high-brow circles as a *Cygnopsis cygnoides*. It is a most peculiar bird with a large wart on its bill, which is as yellow as the royal dragon of China. It has a disposition as mild as that of the Chinese nation itself, is given to secret diplomacy, has a large appetite and is extremely loquacious in a swan-like, restrained, Chinese manner.

WISE MEN SAY—

That success comes in cans; failures in can'ts.

That a diplomat is a man who remembers his wife's birthday but not her age.

That we must have respect for others or we can not expect the respect of others.

That getting on is largely a matter of getting up each time you are knocked down.

That the fun is in the struggle, not the reward.

That the biggest little thing is kindness.

That no tyranny of circumstances can permanently imprison a determined will.

That we should judge ourselves by what we feel capable of doing, not by what we have done.

That we never think of limiting ourselves to what we have done if we have a proper estimate of ourselves.

That the optimist is never afraid of the worst, because he knows that the worst never happens.

That a man is a real hero who keeps stout-hearted and undismayed when troubles and tribulations are piled on. He knows that the chances are that no man but himself can pull him out.

AIN'T IT FINE TODAY

Sure this world is full of trouble— I aint said it ain't.

Lord, I've had enough, and double Reason for complaint;

Rain and storm have come to fret me, Skys were often gray;

Thorns and branches have beset me On the road—but, say,

Ain't it fine today?

What's the use of always weepin', Making trouble last?

What's the use of always keepin' Thinkin' of the past?

Each must have his tribulation— Water with his wine;

Life, it ain't no celebration; Trouble—I've had mine—

But, today is fine!

It's today that I am Irvin', Not a month ago,

Havin' losin'; takin'; given'; As time wills it so.

Yesterday a cloud of sorrow Fell across the way;

It may rain again tomorrow, It may rain—but, say,

Ain't it fine today? —Whitcomb Riley

NEW DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL HYGENE

It was discovered during the physi-

cal examinations of young men drafted for the army, that a large percentage of our population is needlessly defective, and one of the permanent results of discoveries made during the war is a determination on the part of the federal government to eliminate needless poor health of its citizens.

To meet this end, the federal government has appropriated money to maintain a department of hygiene at one educational institution in each state. The University of New Mexico has been selected as the site of this government school.

This department will teach hygiene in all its branches. Without charge to the student, twice each year the student will be given a thorough physical examination. This goes so far as to include care and condition of the teeth and eyes. The best men and women physicians of the community will be assigned to this work. This is in line with the preventive work done by the large life insurance companies, which have found that years of excellent health and freedom of illness are the result of correcting minor difficulties at the proper time. Not only does the student get the benefit of this excellent medical advice but it is the intention to so present it to him that he may carry the information derived back to his home community. Thus this department will extend its influence to all parts of the state.

The department will conduct health surveys and research, and will establish lecture courses in different communities. All athletic work of the University will be carried on in close cooperation with the department of hygiene.

To house this department, the Regents of the University have voted to erect a modern building of about 50,000 cu. ft. capacity. This building will be ready for use at about the time of the opening of the college year.

The entire staff of the department of hygiene both full time and part time instructors and clerical force, will consist of about seven persons.

INFORMATION FROM JACK

Young Jack was talking to the new visitor soon after her arrival. He eyed her critically for a few moments, then looked up and said:

"So you're my grandmother, are you?"

"Yes, dear. On your father's side," remarked the old lady smiling.

"Well, you're on the wrong side; you'll find that out," replied Jack.

Jesse Rhea was a business caller in Amarillo over the week end

WANT TO BUY

Real Estate in tracts of 40 to 1000 acres each, highest prices paid. Send description, location and price. Address

A-4. Care Texico-Farwell News
Texico, New Mexico

Big Barbecue

AND

Basket Dinner

Texico, N. M. and Farwell, Texas

August 7, 1919

Texico-Farwell invites you to attend this big celebration on August 7th, at the factory building of the Western Tire Mfg. Co. and Cannon Ball Motor Co., and promises to furnish ample shade for the comfort and convenience of all.

Music by Johnson's Noted Band

FORENOON

Beginning at 10:30 o'clock, addresses will be delivered by Hon. Jas. D. Hamlin, Introductory; C. A. Roberson, Address of Welcome; Hon. Marvin Jones, U. S. Congressman; Hon. Sam G. Bratton, District Judge and Jas. M. Bickley, Supt. of Schools.

AFTERNOON

Swimming Races, Burro Races, Drill and Parade by Returned Soldiers.

(It is requested by the Committee that all soldiers attending will please wear their uniforms)

Ball Game Between Western Tire Team and Others

Plenty of comfortable seats in factory buildings of Western Tire and Cannon Ball Motor Companies. Refreshment stands to accommodate everybody. Barbecued Meat, Bread, Pickles and Coffee furnished. Everybody Invited to Come and Spend One Day of Real Pleasure With Us. (Committee.)