

Frank Miller

"WHERE THE OLD WESTERN SPIRIT LINGERS"

Joe Smith

Borden County Round-up

Volume 5

Gail, Borden County, Texas, Friday, August 17, 1956

Number 211

Other Election Results In District Races

In the district judge's race, Sterling Williams was re-elected by a vote of 3,482, with 1,999 for James Rosser.

In the district attorney's race of the 132nd Judicial District, where there will be a runoff between Wayland G. Holt and J. Ray Martin, the totals by counties for the four men in the race were as follows:

Wayland G. Holt, 2,095 in Scurry and 177 in Borden; J. Ray Martin, 1,190 in Scurry and 91 in Borden; Pat Beene, 1,121 in Scurry and 79 in Borden; Frank Sentell, 691 in Scurry and 52 in Borden.

Totals for both counties in the district attorney's race were: Holt, 2,272; Martin, 1,281; Beene, 1,200; Sentell, 743.

The second Democratic primary election will be held on August 25. Let's all be prepared to vote.

Read all proposed constitutional amendments and vote your convictions in November.

Special Election Nov. 13

There are nine Proposed Constitutional Amendments to be voted on in November. Eight of these Amendments are to be voted on at an election to be held on Nov. 6, 1956.

There will be a special election held on Nov. 13, 1956, at which time one proposed amendment House Joint Resolution, No. 30, is to be voted on.

Political Announcement Column BORDEN COUNTY

The Round-Up is authorized to announce the following candidates for public office subject to action in the Democratic primaries.

For County Commissioner,
Precinct No. 1:

JOHN STEPHENS
DEE BURRUS

For District Attorney,
132nd Judicial District:

J. RAY MARTIN
WAYLAND G. HOLT

Postmaster Irked By People Mailing Cats and Dogs

CLEVELAND—Cleveland's postmaster, Joseph Prosser, has reached the limit of his patience and has cracked down on people who have been mailing cats, dogs, cigar butts, report cards and other items that bear no resemblance to letters or packages.

"From now on," Prosser says, "we will keep a closer scrutiny on our mail-collection boxes. Any jokers caught mailing dogs, cats, and lighted cigar and cigarette butts will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law."

Prosser reported on a recent incident where an unwary postman opened a letter box and found a frantic tomcat inside.

"When our man came along and opened the box to get the mail, the cat leaped out and nearly scared him to death," Prosser said. "That was bad enough, but the cat had ruined about all the mail in the box. Why, the last the mailman saw of him, he was racing down the street with several letters stuck to his claws."

He was particularly bitter about those who can't pass a mailbox without tossing a lighted cigarette or cigar into the slit.

"That's destroying Government property," he pointed out, "punishable by up to \$500 fine, plus costs and maybe one year in prison."

Pickpockets like to use mailboxes to get rid of the billfolds and purses they have emptied.

"That last time the Cleveland Indians played at home, we picked up more than 100 stolen billfolds, from our downtown boxes and returned nearly all of them," Prosser said.

Dead Sea Mineral Reserves Are Great

WASHINGTON—Bitter waters of Israel's Dead Sea are too salty to sustain any form of life, but their fabulous mineral reserves are commercially valued at more than a trillion dollars.

The earth's lowest spot and one of the hottest, the Dead Sea contains probably two billion tons of potash, vital to fertilizers. The basin also holds some 22 billion tons of magnesium chloride, used in textile and cement manufacture; 980 million tons of bromide, essential to medicine and photography; and 11 billion tons of sodium chloride, or common salt.

Although only one-fifth the size of Utah's Great Salt Lake, the Dead Sea has nearly double the salt content—26 per cent. Ocean water has a mere five per cent salt content.

The "chemical gold mine" is simple to tap: water is pumped onto land to evaporate under a fiery sun, and the various dehydrated products are later separated and purified. Commercial extraction was begun in 1930 by British and American interests.

Boy Collects for Offer Made in 1886

CHICAGO—A Muskegon (Mich.) boy, David Pyle, 9, came to Chicago recently to collect a one-dollar reward for finding in Lake Michigan a bottle which had bobbed in its waters for nearly 70 years.

Back in 1886, the Chicago Drainage and Water Supply System used bottles, tossed into the lake and containing post cards, to trace the lake's currents. Finders of the corked bottles were asked to mail back the post cards, thus giving city officials a clue to the currents. Finders were promised a dollar reward.

Although David's find was many years late—the offer expired January 1, 1897—City officials decided to reward him. They invited the boy and his parents Don and Jean Pyle, for the presentation.

Lost Hunter's Signal Brings but Question

BAYFIELD, Wis. — Raymond Sales, a deer hunter from Chicago, underwent a hunting experience that has probably happened to many nimrods.

It was getting dark, and Sales decided to leave his 14-point buck and set out for camp.

He fell over logs, slipped over rocks and finally decided he was lost. He signaled his distress with shots from his rifle. In the distance the signal was returned.

He started toward the sound and kept shooting. Each time his signal was answered. Finally he saw a form coming toward him. Thinking he was in camp, he shouted "Where are the cabins?"

"You mean you are lost, too?" a voice asked.

For Bed Smokers

VICTORIA, B. C.—A man who likes to smoke in bed says he has figured out for bed-smokers a system that does away with the fire hazard.

J. Henry Michaud says his invention is an aluminum tube with holes in the sides which screws into a cigarette holder. No ash can escape, he says.

He got the idea recently in a hospital, where nurses were "always raising heck with me for smoking in bed," he explains.

Cabdriver Unconscious Year After Beating

CHICAGO—Cab driver John Brookhouse probably doesn't remember that he was robbed and beaten a year ago.

Brookhouse, 36, has never regained consciousness since the day police found him, propped against a fence near his empty cab. His watch and wallet containing \$18 were missing.

His frail wife visits him once and sometimes twice a day at County Hospital. She talks to him and tells him jokes. Despite the opinion of doctors, she believes he understands her.

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LAMESA

All "Proposed Constitutional Amendments (on this page of the Borden County Roundup are) To Be Voted On At An Election To Be Held On November 6, 1956," with exception of House Joint Resolution No. 30, which "Proposed Constitutional Amendments To Be Voted On At An Election To Be Held On November 13, 1956."

The additional bonds herein authorized may be sold in such installments as deemed necessary and advisable by the Veterans' Land Board. All monies received from the sale of land and for interest on, deferred payments on land purchased with the proceeds of such additional bonds, shall be credited to the Veterans' Land Fund for use in purchasing additional lands to be sold to Texas veterans, as herein provided, in like manner as provided for the sale of lands purchased with the proceeds from the sales of the bonds provided for herein, for a period ending December 1, 1959; provided, however, that so much of such monies as may be necessary to pay interest on the additional bonds herein provided for shall be set aside for that purpose. After December 1, 1965, all monies received by the Veterans' Land Board from the sale of the lands and interest on payments, or so much thereof as may be necessary, shall be set aside for the retirement of said additional bonds and to pay interest thereon, and any of such monies not so needed shall not later than the maturity date of the last maturing bond be deposited to the credit of the General Revenue Fund to be appropriated to such purposes as may be prescribed by law.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS

Section 1. That Section 49-b, Article III of the Constitution of Texas, be amended so that the same will hereafter read as follows:

Section 4-b. There is hereby created a Board to be known as the Veterans' Land Board, which shall be composed of the Commissioner of the General Land Office, and two citizens of the State who shall be appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate. The Governor shall biennially appoint one such member to serve for a term of four years, with the initial appointments to the Board under this section to be for terms of two and four years, respectively, and all subsequent appointments to be according to provisions of this section. One such appointive member shall be well versed in veterans' affairs and the other such appointive member shall be well versed in finances. The Commissioner of the General Land Office shall act as Chairman of the Board and shall be the administrator of the Veterans' Land Program under such terms and restrictions as may be now or hereafter provided by law. The compensation for said appointive members shall be as fixed by the Legislature, and each shall make bond in such amount as may be prescribed by the Legislature. The Veterans' Land Board may issue not to exceed Two Hundred Million Dollars (\$200,000,000) in bonds or obligations of the State of Texas for the purpose of creating a fund to be known as the Veterans' Land Fund. Such bonds shall be executed by said Board as an obligation of the State of Texas, in such form denominations, and upon the terms as are now provided by law or as may hereafter be provided by law; provided, however, that said bonds shall bear a rate of interest not to exceed three per cent (3%) per annum, and that the same shall be sold for not less than par value and accrued interest.

"In the sale of any such bonds, a preferential right of purchase shall be given to the administrators of the various Teacher Retirement Funds, the Permanent University Funds, and the Permanent School Funds; such bonds to be issued as needed, in the opinion of the Veterans' Land Board.

"The Veterans' Land Fund shall be used by the Board for the sole purpose of purchasing lands suitable for the purpose hereinafter stated, situated in this State, (a) owned by the United States, or any governmental agency thereof; (b) owned by the Texas Prison System or any other governmental agency of the State of Texas; or (c) owned by any person, firm, or corporation. Provided, however, the portion of the Veterans' Land Fund not immediately committed for the purchase of lands, may be invested in short term United States bonds or obligations until such funds are needed for the purchase of lands. The interest accruing thereon shall become a part of the Veterans' Land Fund.

"All lands thus purchased shall be acquired at the lowest price obtainable, to be paid for in cash, and shall be a part of the Veterans' Land Fund.

"The lands of the Veterans' Land Fund shall be sold by the State of Texas veterans of the present war or wars, commonly known as World War II, and to Texas veterans of service in the armed forces of the United States of America subsequent to 1945, as may be included within this program by legislative Act, in such quantities, and on such terms and at such prices and rates of interest, and under such rules and regulations as are now provided by law, or as may hereafter be provided by law.

"All monies received and which have been received under the Constitutional Amendment as adopted by the people of Texas at the election held on November 13, 1951 and which have not been used for repurchase of land as provided herein by the Veterans' Land Board from the sale of lands and for interest on deferred payments, shall be credited to the Veterans' Land Fund for use in purchasing additional lands to be sold to Texas veterans of World War II, and to Texas veterans of service in the armed forces of the United States of America subsequent to 1945, as may be included within this program by legislative Act, in like manner as provided for the sale of lands purchased with the proceeds from the sales of the bonds, provided for herein, for a period ending December 1, 1959; provided, however, that so much of such monies as may be necessary during the period ending December 1, 1959, to pay the principal of and interest on the bonds heretofore issued and on bonds hereafter issued by the Veterans' Land Board shall be set aside for that purpose. After December 1, 1959, all monies received by the Veterans' Land Board from the sale of the lands and interest on deferred payments or so much thereof as may be necessary, shall be set aside for the retirement of bonds heretofore issued and to pay interest thereon, and any of such monies not so needed shall not later than the maturity date of the last maturing bond or bonds be deposited to the credit of the General Revenue Fund to be appropriated to such purposes as may be prescribed by law. All bonds issued hereunder shall, after approval by the Attorney General of Texas, registration by the Comptroller of the State of Texas, and delivery to the purchasers be incontestable and shall constitute obligations of the State under the Constitution of Texas. Of the total Two Hundred Million Dollars (\$200,000,000) of bonds herein authorized, the sum of One Hundred Million Dollars (\$100,000,000) has heretofore been issued; said bonds heretofore issued are hereby in all respects validated and declared to be

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BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS

Section 1. That Section 48a of Article III of the Constitution of the State of Texas be amended so as to read as follows:

"Section 48a. In addition to the powers given the Legislature under Section 48, Article III, it shall have the right to levy taxes to establish a fund to provide retirement, disability and death benefits for persons employed in the public schools, colleges and universities supported wholly or partly by the State; provided that the amount contributed by the State to such fund each year shall be equal to the aggregate amount required by law to be paid into the fund by such employees, and shall not exceed at any time six per centum (6%) of the compensation paid each such person by the State and/or school districts, and shall in no one (1) year exceed the sum of Five Hundred Four Dollars (\$504.00) for any such person; and provided that no person shall be eligible for retirement who has not rendered ten years of creditable service in such employment, and in no case shall any person retire before either attaining the age fifty-five (55) or completing thirty (30) years of creditable service, but shall be entitled to refund of moneys paid into the fund.

"The Legislature may authorize all moneys coming into such fund to be invested in bonds or other evidences of indebtedness of the United States, or of this State, or any county, city, school district, or other municipal corporation or district of this State; or in such other securities as are now or hereafter may be permitted by law as investments for the Permanent University Fund or for the Permanent School Fund of this State; provided a sufficient sum shall be kept on hand to meet payments as they become due each year under such retirement plan, as may be provided by law; and provided that the recipients of such retirement fund shall not be eligible for any other State pension retirement funds or direct aid from the State of Texas, unless such other State pension or retirement fund, contributed by the State, is released to the State of Texas as a condition to receiving such other pension aid; provided, however, that this section shall not amend, alter, or repeal Section 2. The foregoing Constitutional

Sec. 2. The foregoing constitutional amendment shall be submitted to a vote of the qualified electors of this State at an election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1956, at which election each ballot shall have printed thereon the following words:

"FOR the constitutional amendment empowering the Legislature to revise the existing Teacher Retirement System and to broaden the benefits to employees of public schools, colleges, and universities supported wholly or partly by the State, authorizing that the State's contributions for such purposes shall equal contributions by such employees and providing that they do not exceed six per centum (6%) of the compensation paid each such employee by the State or school district or the sum of Five Hundred Four Dollars (\$504.00) for each year for any such employee, regulating the eligibility of such employees for retirement benefits and prescribing the manner of investing money accruing to the retirement fund."

"AGAINST the constitutional amendment empowering the Legislature to revise the existing Teacher Retirement System and to broaden the benefits to employees of public schools, colleges, and universities supported wholly or partly by the State, authorizing that the State's contributions for such purposes shall equal contributions by such employees and providing that they do not exceed six per centum (6%) of the compensation paid each such employee by the State or school district or the sum of Five Hundred Four Dollars (\$504.00) for each year for any such employee, regulating the eligibility of such employees for retirement benefits and prescribing the manner of investing money accruing to the retirement fund."

Each voter shall mark out one of said clauses on the ballot leaving the one expressing his vote on the proposed amendment. If it appears from the returns of said election that a majority of the votes cast were in favor of said amendment, the same shall become a part of the State Constitution and be effective from the date of determination of such result and the Governor's proclamation thereof.

Sec. 3. The Governor of the State of Texas is hereby directed to issue the necessary proclamation for said special election and shall have the same published as required by the Constitution and laws of this State.

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 30

proposing an amendment to Article III of the Constitution of the State of Texas, by adopting a new Section to be known as Section 51-b, giving the Legislature the power to provide, under such limitations and restrictions as may be deemed by the Legislature expedient, for assistance to needy individuals who are citizens of the United States, who are more than eighteen (18) years of age and less than sixty-five (65) years of age, who are permanently and totally disabled by reason of a mental or physical handicap and not feasible for vocational rehabilitation, who are residents of the State of Texas, except that the individuals who are receiving aid for the permanently and totally disabled may not, during the same period of time, receive Old Age Assistance, Aid to the Needy Blind, or Aid to Dependent Children, or be resident in any completely State supported institution; providing that the Legislature shall have the authority to accept from the Government of the United States financial aid for the permanently and totally disabled individuals; providing that the amount paid to any individual may not exceed Twenty Dollars (\$20) a month out of State funds and may never exceed the amount paid to that individual from Federal funds; providing that the amount paid out of State funds for assistance payments shall not exceed One Million, Five Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$1,500,000) per year; providing for the necessary proclamation, publication and election.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

"Section 1. That Article III of the Constitution of the State of Texas be amended by adding thereto a new Section to be known as Section 51-b which shall read as follows:

Section 51-b. The Legislature shall have the power to provide by general laws, under such limitations and restrictions as may be deemed by the Legislature expedient, for assistance to needy individuals, who are citizens of the United States, who shall have passed their eighteenth (18th) birthday but have not passed their sixty-fifth (65th) birthday, who are totally and permanently disabled by reason of a mental or physical handicap and a combination of physical and mental handicaps and not feasible for vocational rehabilitation, and who are residents of the State of Texas, who have resided in this State for at least one (1) year continuously immediately preceding the application and who have resided in the State for at least an additional five (5) years during the nine (9) years immediately preceding the application for assistance; and providing further that no individual shall receive assistance under this program for the permanently and totally disabled during any period when he is receiving old age assistance, aid to the needy blind, or aid to dependent children, nor while he is residing permanently in any completely State supported institution; and provided further that not more than Twenty Dollars (\$20) a month out of State funds may be paid to any individual recipient; and provided further that the amount paid out of State funds to any individual may never exceed the amount paid to that individual out of Federal funds; and provided further that the amount paid out of State funds for assistance payments shall not exceed One Million, Five Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$1,500,000) per year.

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"The Legislature shall have the authority to accept from the Government of the United States such financial aid for individuals who are permanently and totally disabled as that Government may offer not inconsistent with the restrictions herein provided."

Sec. 2. The foregoing Constitutional

Coed Possesses Rare Writing, Sales Ability

DURHAM, N. C.—"The most amazing part about my writing stories is being able to sell them." That's the way it seems to Lois Steinmetz—a young Duke University coed whose work has been appearing in America's best-known magazines since she was 15 years old.

A slim, blonde 18-year-old freshman at Duke, Lois has been "surprised" with editorial acceptance slips and checks since she was 15 and a sophomore in Sarasota (Fla.) High School.

Wonderfully Excited

Just now, she's wonderfully excited over winning first prize in "Seventeen" magazine's annual short story contest. Her winning entry, a story, called "Return," took a \$500 prize, her biggest fee so far. (No newcomer in "Seventeen" prize competition, Lois won 2nd prize in 1950, 3rd prize in 1951).

Even though she's been a professional writer for only three years, Lois hasn't confined herself to producing short stories. She writes poetry—one poem appeared in "Saturday Evening Post" last winter—and articles as well. Teen-age magazine "Senior Prom" bought some of her stories and "Seventeen" has bought both stories (in addition to her prize-winning ones) and articles.

She also won first, second and third prizes last year in the Florida-wide Laramore Rader Poetry Contest.

"I've sold several other things," Lois says, "but I write so much more than I send to publishers that it's hard to remember what I've sold." She shrugs off the minor sales of poetry and other work with "it probably wasn't very important." Much of this was sold to local publications and Sunday supplements.

Lois is by no means the typical young aspirant to the writing profession.

Her Method.

How does she go about writing a prize-winning story?

Lois doesn't have too many suggestions.

This last time—for "Return"—she read about the contest after supper one evening, sat down and wrote her story, copied it once with slight revisions, and mailed it the next morning.

Amendment shall be submitted to the electors of the State of Texas on the second Tuesday in November, 1956, at which election there shall be printed on the ballot the following clause:

"FOR the Amendment giving the Legislature the power to provide for assistance not to exceed Twenty Dollars (\$20) a month out of State funds for each needy individual, eighteen (18) years of age or older, who is a resident of the State of Texas and who is permanently and totally disabled by reason of his mental or physical handicap."

"AGAINST the Amendment giving the Legislature the power to provide for assistance not to exceed Twenty Dollars (\$20) a month out of State funds for each needy individual, eighteen (18) years of age or older, who is a resident of the State of Texas and who is permanently and totally disabled by reason of his mental or physical handicap."

Sec. 3. PROCLAMATION. The Governor of the State of Texas shall issue the necessary proclamation for an election and have the same published as required by the Constitution and Laws of the State.

BORDEN COUNTY ROUND-UP

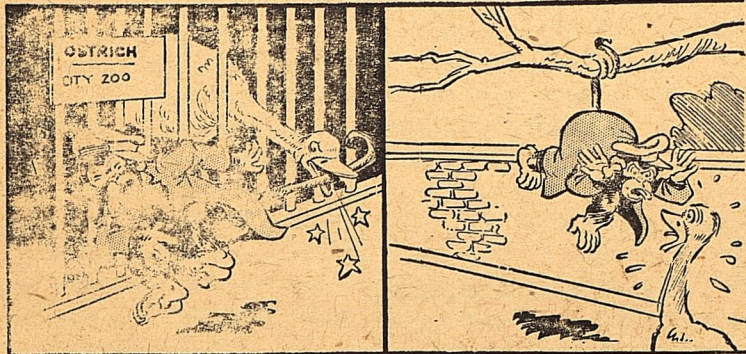
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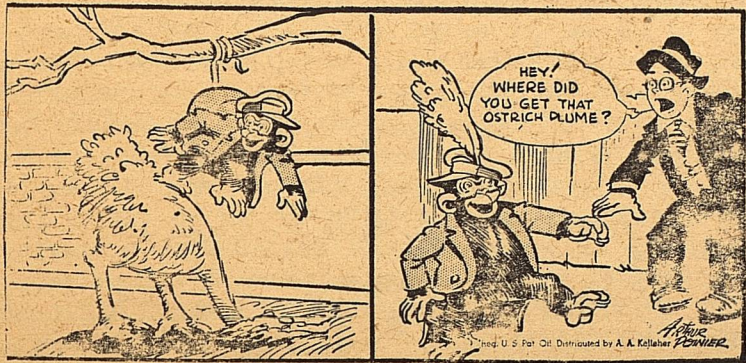
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it enables us to form opinions
without bothering to get the
facts.

Let us go ahead and make our
mistakes—as few as we can, as
many as we must; only let us go
ahead.—Jacob A. Riis.

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COMPLETE LINE LADIES READY-TO-WEAR
We Have Beautiful Dresses and Hats for All Occasions
LOVELY LINGERIE and GIFT ITEMS
COSTUME JEWELRY, BAGS, HOSE

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Be thou strong therefore...
and keep the charge of the Lord
thy God, to walk in his ways...

that thou mayest prosper in all
that thou doest, and whitherso-
ever thou turnest thyself.—1
Kings 2:2,3.

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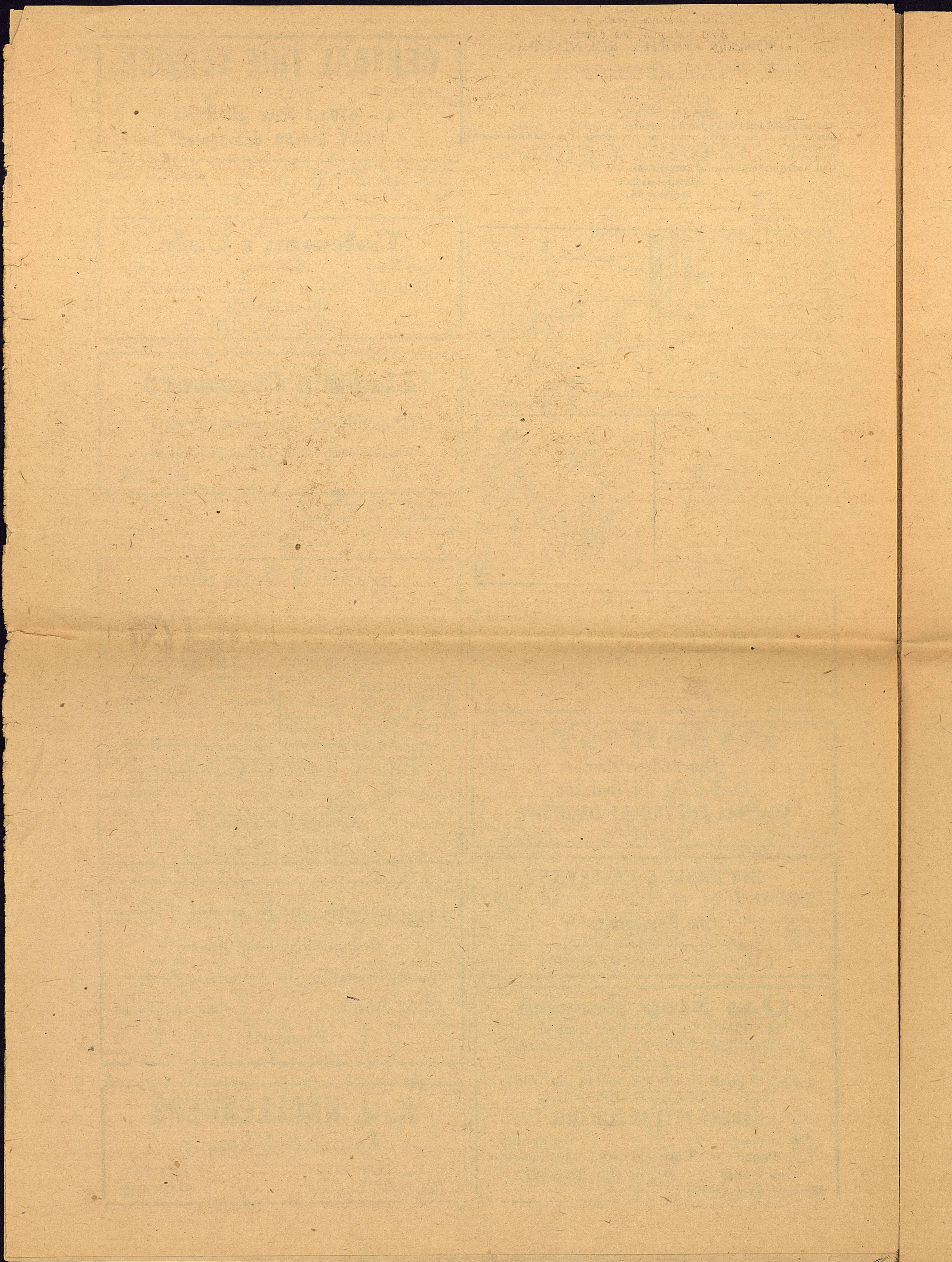
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All Proposed Constitutional Amendments (printed in this 4-page section of the Borden County Roundup are) To Be Voted On At An Election To Be Held On November 6, 1956.

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 46 proposing an amendment to Article XVI, Section 1, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, changing the form of the Oath of Office to include appointive officers of the State,
BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

Section 1: That Section 1 of Article XVI of the Constitution of the State of Texas be amended to hereafter read as follows:

"Section 1. Members of the Legislature, and all other elected officers, before they enter upon the duties of their offices, shall take the following Oath or Affirmation:

"I,, do solemnly swear (or affirm), that I will faithfully execute the duties of the office of of the State of Texas, and will to the best of my ability preserve, protect, and defend the Constitution and laws of the United States and of this State; and I furthermore solemnly swear (or affirm), that I have not directly nor indirectly paid, offered, or promised to pay, contributed, nor promised to contribute any money, or valuable thing, or promised any public office or employment, as a reward for the giving or withholding a vote at the election at which I was elected. So help me God."

The Secretary of State, and all other appointed officers, before they enter upon the duties of their offices, shall take the following Oath or Affirmation:

"I,, do solemnly swear (or affirm), that I will faithfully execute the duties of the office of of the State of Texas, and will to the best of my ability preserve, protect, and defend the Constitution and laws of the United States and of this State; and I furthermore solemnly swear (or affirm) that I have not directly nor indirectly paid, offered or promised to pay, contribute, nor promised to contribute any money, or valuable thing, or promised any public office or employment, as a reward to secure my appointment or the confirmation thereof. So help me God."

Sec. 2. The foregoing Constitutional Amendment shall be submitted to a vote of the qualified electors of this State at an election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1955 at which election all ballots shall have printed thereon the following:

"FOR the Constitutional Amendment providing the form

of the Oaths of Office for elective and appointive officers of the State."

"AGAINST the Constitutional Amendment providing the form of the Oaths of Office for elective and appointive officers of the State."

Sec. 3. The Governor of Texas shall issue the necessary proclamation for the election and this Amendment shall be published as required by the Constitution and laws of this State.

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 9 proposing an Amendment to Section 11 of Article 1 of the Constitution of the State of Texas by adding a new subsection to be designated as Section 11a, relating to denial of bail to a person charged with a felony less than capital who has been theretofore twice convicted of a felony, providing for the submission of the proposed Amendment to a vote of the people and for proclamation and publication thereof.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

Section 1. That Section 11 of Article 1 of the Constitution of the State of Texas be amended by adding a subsection thereto to be known as Section 11a and to read as follows:

"Section 11a. Any person accused of a felony less than capital in this State, who has been theretofore twice convicted of a felony, the second conviction being subsequent to the first, both in point of time of commission of the offense and conviction therefor may, after a hearing, and upon evidence substantially showing the guilt of the accused, be denied bail pending trial, by any judge of a court of record or magistrate in this State; provided, however, that if the accused is not accorded a trial upon the accusation within sixty (60) days from the time of his incarceration upon such charge, the order denying bail shall be automatically set aside, unless a continuance is obtained upon the motion or request of the accused; provided, further, that the right of appeal to the Court of Criminal Appeals of this State is expressly accorded the accused for a review of any judgment or order made hereunder."

Sec. 2. The foregoing Constitutional Amendment shall be submitted to a vote of the qualified electors of this State at an election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1956, at which

election all ballots shall have printed thereon the following:

"FOR the amendment to the Constitution of the State of Texas providing that a court, judge or magistrate may deny bail to a person who has been convicted of two (2) previous felonies."

"AGAINST the Amendment to the Constitution of the State of Texas providing that a court, judge or magistrate may deny bail to a person who has been convicted of two (2) previous felonies."

Sec. 3. The Governor of Texas shall issue the necessary proclamation for said election and have the same published as required by the Constitution and laws of this State.

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 31 proposing an amendment to Article III of the Constitution of the State of Texas by adding thereto a new Section to be known as Section 51-c, providing that the Legislature may grant aid and compensation to persons who have been fined or imprisoned under the laws of this State for offenses of which they are not guilty,
BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

Section 1. That Article III of the Constitution of the State of Texas be amended by adding thereto another Section, to be designated as Section 51-c, which shall read as follows:

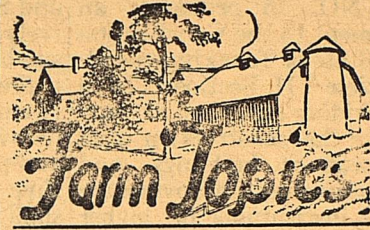
"Section 51-c. The Legislature may grant aid and compensation to any person who has heretofore paid a fine or served a sentence in prison, or who may hereafter pay a fine or serve a sentence in prison, under the laws of this State for an offense for which he or she is not guilty, under such regulations and limitations as the Legislature may deem expedient."

Sec. 2. The foregoing constitutional amendment shall be submitted to a vote of the qualified electors of this State at an election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1956; at which election all of the ballots shall have printed thereon the following:

"FOR the Constitutional Amendment granting power to the Legislature to grant aid and compensation to persons who have paid fines or have served prison sentences under the laws of this State for offenses of which they were not guilty" and

"AGAINST the Constitutional Amendment granting power to the Legislature to grant aid and compensation to persons who have paid fines or have served prison sentences under the laws of this State for offenses of which they were not guilty."

Sec. 3. The Governor shall issue the necessary proclamation for said election and have the same published as required by the Constitution and laws of this State.

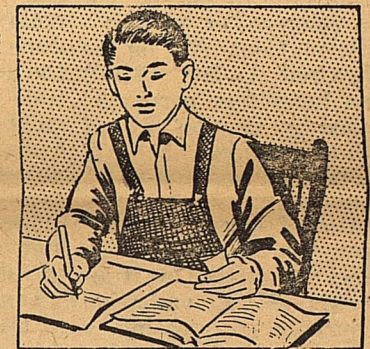


You Can Defeat Cost-Price Squeeze There Are Many Ways To Keep Profits Up

The cost-price squeeze has many farmers in a bad spot. As a result some must take adjustment in their farming methods and thinking.

Here are a number of things a farmer can do to maintain profits:

1. Study market reports and the outlook information available in making future plans.
2. Look for places to cut cash expenses—but don't overdo it. You can still get machinery by trading fewer farm products than in 1939. Big machinery can be owned jointly with neighbors to cut overhead.
3. This is no time to "economize" on fertilizer. It is one of the farmer's "best buys".
4. Take advantage of every opportunity to qualify for a support-price unless it interferes with other good management practices.



The best way to find "soft" spots in your business is by a complete and adequate set of records. One operation may be making you money, but another may be losing you twice as much.

5. Keep a good set of records and study them carefully for the "soft" spots in your business.
6. A dollar spent to retire a debt is always a "good buy". But that can be carried to extremes. If your payments on short-term debts are burdensome and cut you short on operating capital, consider consolidating them into long term mortgage debt at lower interest rates.

Feed Good Hay

Be sure to save some of the highest quality legume hay for the poultry. Such hay can take the place of some expensive grain. Before feeding the hay cut it into one to four-inch lengths with an ensilage or straw cutter. Then it can be fed on the floor or in racks.

Fashion Forecast

One of the accepted conversation starters in milady's wardrobe is bound to be a handbag fashioned of fur. It adds an elegant touch to the simplest costume and is an excellent substitute for a fur piece. There's a new version in suits out that looks very interesting as well as wearable. The skirt is very straight and slender.

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 15 proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Texas by amending Article VII, Sections 17 and 18, providing a method of payment for the construction and equipment of buildings and other permanent improvements at State institutions of higher learning and repealing Chapter 330, Acts, Regular Session, Fifty-third Legislature; and proposing an amendment to Article VII of the Constitution of the State of Texas by adding a new section after Section 11 thereof to be designated as Section 11a, providing for the improved support of The University of Texas and the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas from a source other than tax revenue by providing for the broader investment of the Permanent University Fund in corporate bonds and stocks under certain conditions and limitations; providing for an election and the issuance of a proclamation therefor.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

Section 1. That Sections 17 and 18 of Article VII of the Constitution of the State of Texas be amended so as to hereafter read as follows:

"Section 17. In lieu of the State ad valorem tax on property of Seven Cents (7c) on the One Hundred Dollar (\$100) valuation heretofore permitted to be levied by Section 51 of Article 3, as amended, there is hereby levied, in addition to all other taxes permitted by the Constitution of Texas, a State ad valorem tax on property of Two Cents (2c) on the One Hundred Dollars (\$100) valuation for the purpose of creating a special fund for the continuing payment of Confederate pensions as provided under Section 51, Article 3, and for the establishment and continued maintenance of the State Building Fund as provided in Section 51b, Article 3, of the Constitution.

"Also there is hereby levied in addition to all other taxes permitted by the Constitution of Texas, a State ad valorem tax on property of Five Cents (5c) on the One Hundred Dollars (\$100) valuation for the purpose of creating a special fund for the purpose of acquiring, constructing and initially equipping buildings, or other permanent improvements at the designated institutions of higher learning; and the governing board of each of such institutions of higher learning is fully authorized to pledge all or any part of said funds allotted to such institution as hereinafter provided, to secure bonds or notes issued for the purpose of acquiring, constructing and initially equipping such buildings or other permanent improvements at said respective institutions. Such bonds or notes shall be issued in such amounts as may be determined by the governing boards of said respective institutions, shall bear interest not to exceed three per cent (3 per cent) per annum and shall mature serially or otherwise not

later than September 1, 1968, and September 1, 1978, respectively; provided, the power to issue bonds or notes hereunder is expressly limited to a period of twenty (20) years from the effective date of this amendment; and provided further, that the Five Cent (5c) tax hereby levied shall expire finally upon payment of all bonds or notes hereby authorized; provided, further, that the State tax on property as heretofore permitted to be levied by Section 9 of Article VIII, as amended, exclusive of the tax necessary to pay the public debt, and of the taxes provided for the benefit of the public free schools, shall never exceed Thirty Cents '30c' on the One Hundred Dollars '\$100' valuation. All bonds shall be examined and approved by the Attorney General of the State of Texas, and when so approved bonds shall be registered in the office of the Comptroller of Public Accounts of the State of Texas. Said bonds shall be sold only through competitive bids and shall never be sold for less than their par value and accrued interest.

"Funds raised from said Five Cent (5c) tax levy for the ten-year period beginning January 1, 1958, shall be allocated by the Comptroller of Public Accounts of the State of Texas on June 1 of that year, based on the average long session full-time student equivalent enrollment (fifteen '15' semester credit hours shall constitute one full-time student) for the preceding five-year period of time, to the following State institutions of higher learning then in existence, to wit:

Texas State College for Women at Denton; Texas College of Arts and Industries at Kingsville; Texas Technological College at Lubbock; East Texas State Teachers College at Commerce; North Texas State College at Denton; Sam Houston State Teachers College at Huntsville, Southwest Texas State Teachers College at San Marcos; Stephen F. Austin State College at Nacogdoches; Sul Ross State College at Alpine; West Texas State College at Canyon; Texas Southern University at Houston; Lamar State College of Technology at Beaumont.

"Not later than June first of the beginning year of each succeeding ten-year period, the Comptroller of Public Accounts of the State of Texas, based on the average long session full-time student equivalent enrollment (fifteen '15' semester credit hours shall constitute one full-time student) for the preceding five-year period of time, shall re-allocate, to the above designated institutions of higher learning then in existence, all funds to be derived from said Five Cent '5c' ad valorem tax for said ten-year period; and all such designated institutions of higher learning which participate in the allocation or re-allocation of such funds shall not thereafter receive any General Revenue funds for the acquiring or constructing of buildings or other permanent improve-

ments for which said Five Cent '5c' ad valorem tax is herein provided, except in case of fire, flood, storm, or earthquake occurring at any such institution, in which case an appropriation in an amount sufficient to replace the uninsured loss so incurred may be made by the Legislature out of any General Revenue funds. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts shall draw all necessary and proper warrants upon the State Treasury in order to carry out the purpose of this amendment; and the State Treasurer shall pay warrants so issued out of the special fund hereby created for said purpose. This amendment shall be self-enacting; provided, however, it shall not become operative or effective upon its adoption so as to supersede or repeal the former provisions of this Section, but shall become so operative and effective on January 1, 1958; provided, further, that nothing herein shall be construed as impairing the obligation incurred by any outstanding notes or bonds heretofore issued by any State institution of higher learning under this Section prior to the adoption of this amendment, but such notes or bonds shall be paid, both as to principal and interest, from the fund as heretofore allocated to any such institution under the Section, nor shall the provisions of this amendment affect in any way the prior allocation of the revenue for the ten-year period beginning January 1, 1948, as heretofore authorized by the provisions of Section 17 of Article VII of this Constitution as adopted August 23, 1947. Chapter 330, Acts, Regular Session, Fifty-third Legislature is repealed upon the effective date of this Amendment; but the principal and interest due on any obligations incurred by the governing boards of Lamar State College of Technology at Beaumont and of Texas Southern University at Houston under the provisions of said Chapter 330 prior to its repeal shall be paid from the allocations to Lamar State College of Technology and Texas Southern University from the funds raised by the Five Cent '5c' ad valorem tax levy as provided in this Section and the annual allocations to these institutions under this Section shall be first devoted to current requirements for meeting such obligations in accordance with their terms.

"Section 18. For the purpose of constructing, equipping, or acquiring buildings or other permanent improvements for the Texas Agricultural and Mechanical College System, including the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas at College Station, Arlington State College at Arlington, Prairie View Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas at Prairie View, Tarleton State College at Stephenville, Texas Agricultural Experiment Stations, Texas Agricultural Extension Service, Texas Engineering Experiment Station at College Station, Texas Engineering Extension Service, at College Station, and the Texas

Grass Silage Use Growing, AD Says

The United States Department of Agriculture reports a rapid increase in grass silage making during the past few years. The increase has been from 1.5 million tons in 1944 to eight million tons in 1951, when latest figures are available.

U. S. D. A. gives the following three reasons for the rapid growth:

1. Increased acreage and yield of grassland crops.
2. Need for preserving more and better feed for livestock.
3. Better methods of harvesting, storing and feeding grass silage.

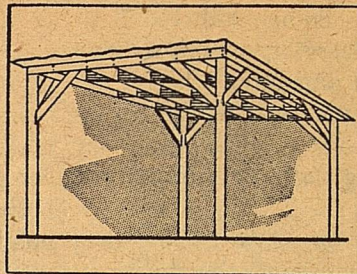
All grass silages properly made from fresh green crops, or with dry materials added, will provide enough carotene, if fed liberally, to produce milk with a good yellow color and a high vitamin A content. Wilted silage will also contain enough carotene for the production of high vitamin A milk, if properly made from an early-cut crop.

Maximum utilization of pasture and low-cost grass silage will provide the lowest feed cost. Grass silage with a moderate moisture content (65 to 75 per cent) made from forage cut at an early stage of maturity will come nearest meeting all the essential requirements of such a program, U.S.D.A. reports.

Asphalt Spray

The University of Illinois reports that spraying thin asphalt coating over the soil after seeding stops soil from washing while seedlings develop. Tests show the asphalt breaks down with one year, and has no bad effect on soil.

Sun Shades



Shade is important in bull lots and small fields where there are no trees. This type structure is easy to build and will offer animals adequate shade during the hottest part of the day. It should be constructed out of material heavy enough to stand rubbing and pushing. Instead of metal, some farmers use straw and like material for the roofing.

2 Million Gallons Water Lost Daily

BALTIMORE—As much as 2,000,000 gallons of water is leaking out of the Baltimore water system every day and nothing can be done about it—that is until March, 1956, says the City's acting chief water engineer.

Bernard L. Werner said the water is being lost through a series of leaks caused by contraction of the joints in a large tunnel carrying water to about half the city. And that's the problem.

Because the tunnel handles so much of the city's supply, it cannot be shut down for repairs until other major installations are completed. This will be in March, 1956, or thereabouts.

Forest Service, the Board of Directors of the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas is hereby authorized to issue negotiable bonds or notes not to exceed a total amount of one-third (1-3) of twenty per cent (20 per cent) of the value of the Permanent University Fund exclusive of real estate at the time of any issuance thereof; provided, however, no building or other permanent improvement shall be acquired or constructed hereunder for use by any part of The Texas Agricultural and Mechanical College System, except at and for the use of the general academic institutions of said System, namely, the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, Arlington State College, Tarleton State College, and Prairie View A. and M. College, without the prior approval of the Legislature or of such agency as may be authorized by the Legislature to grant such approval; and for the purpose of constructing, equipping, or acquiring buildings or other permanent improvements for The University of Texas System, including the Main University of Texas at Austin, The University of Texas Medical Branch at Galveston, The University of Texas Southwestern Medical School at Dallas, The University of Texas Dental Branch at Houston, Texas Western College of The University of Texas at El Paso, The University of Texas M. D. Anderson Hospital and Tumor Institute at Houston, The University of Texas Postgraduate School of Medicine, The University of Texas School of Public Health, McDonald Observatory at Mount Locke, and the Marine Science Institute at Port Aransas, the Board of Regents of the University of Texas is hereby authorized to issue negotiable bonds and notes not to exceed a total amount of two-thirds (2-3) of twenty per cent (20 per cent) of the value of the Permanent University Fund exclusive of real estate, at the time of any issuance thereof; provided, however, no building or other permanent improvement shall be acquired or constructed hereunder for use by any institution of the University of Texas System, except at and for the use of the general academic institutions of said System, namely, the Main University and Texas Western College, without the prior approval of the Legislature or of such agency as may be authorized by the Legislature to grant such approval. Any bonds or notes issued hereunder shall be payable solely out of the income from the Permanent University Fund. Bonds or notes so issued shall mature serially or otherwise not more than thirty (30) years from their respective dates.

"The Texas Agricultural and Mechanical College System and all of the institutions constituting such System as hereinabove enumerated, and the University of Texas System, and all of the institutions constituting such System as hereinabove enumerated, shall not, after the effective date of this Amendment, receive any General Revenue funds

for the acquiring or constructing of buildings or other permanent improvements, except in case of fire, flood, storm, or earthquake occurring at any such institution, in which case an appropriation in an amount sufficient to replace the uninsured loss so incurred may be made by the Legislature out of General Revenue funds.

"Said Boards are severally authorized to pledge the whole or any part of the respective interests of the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas and of The University of Texas in the income from the Permanent University Fund, as such interests are now apportioned by Chapter 42 of the Acts of the Regular Session of the Forty-second Legislature of the State of Texas for the purpose of securing the payment of the principal and interest of such bonds or notes. The Permanent University Fund may be invested in such bonds or notes.

"All bonds or notes issued pursuant hereto shall be approved by the Attorney General of Texas and when so approved shall be incontestable. This amendment shall be self-enacting and shall become effective January 1, 1958; provided, however, that nothing herein shall be construed as impairing any obligation heretofore created by the issuance of any outstanding notes or bonds under this section by the respective Boards prior to the adoption of this amendment but any such outstanding notes or bonds shall be paid in full, both principal and interest, in accordance with the terms of such contracts."

Sec. 2. That Article VII of the Constitution of the State of Texas shall be amended by adding after Section 11 thereof a new Section to be designated Section 11a, which shall read as follows:

"Section 11a. In addition to the bonds now enumerated in Section 11 of Article VII of the Constitution of the State of Texas, the Permanent University Fund may be invested in first lien real estate mortgage securities guaranteed in any manner in whole by the United States Government or any agency thereof and in such corporation bonds, preferred stocks and common stocks as the Board of Regents of the University of Texas may deem to be proper investments for said fund; and the interest and dividends accruing from the securities listed in Section 11 and Section 11a, except the portion thereof which is appropriated by the operation of Section 18 of Article VII for the payment of principal and interest on bonds or notes issued thereunder, shall be subject to appropriation by the Legislature to accomplish the purposes declared in Section 10 of Article VII of this Constitution. In making each and all of such investments said Board of Regents shall exercise the judgment and care under the circumstances then prevailing which men of ordinary prudence, discretion, and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs not in regard to speculation, but in regard to the permanent disposition of their funds, considering

the probable income therefrom as well as the probable safety of their capital; provided, however, that not more than fifty per cent (50 per cent) of said fund shall be invested at any given time in corporate stocks and bonds, nor shall more than one per cent (1 per cent) of said fund be invested in securities issued by any one (1) corporation, nor shall more than five per cent (5 per cent) of the voting stock of any one (1) corporation be owned; and provided, further, that stocks eligible for purchase shall be restricted to stocks of companies incorporated within the United States which have paid dividends for ten (10) consecutive years or longer immediately prior to the date of purchase and which, except for bank stocks and insurance stocks, are listed upon an exchange registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission or its successors. This amendment shall be self-enacting, and shall become effective upon its adoption, provided, however, that the Legislature shall provide by law for full disclosure of all details concerning the investments in corporate stocks and bonds and other investments authorized herein."

Sec. 3. The foregoing Constitutional Amendment shall be submitted to a vote of the qualified electors of this State at the General Election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, A. D. 1956, at which election all ballots shall have printed thereon:

"FOR the Amendment to Article VII of the Constitution of the State of Texas by amending Sections 17 and 18 thereof, providing a method of payment for the construction and equipment of buildings and other permanent improvements at State institutions of higher learning, and by adding a new section thereto to be designated as Section 11a, providing for the improved support of The University of Texas System and the Texas Agricultural and Mechanical College System by authorizing the investment of the Permanent University Fund in Corporate bonds and stocks under certain conditions and limitations."

"AGAINST the Amendment to Article VII of the Constitution of the State of Texas by amending Sections 17 and 18 thereof, providing a method of payment for the construction and equipment of buildings and other permanent improvements at State institutions of higher learning; and by adding a new section thereto to be designated as Section 11a, providing for the improved support of The University of Texas System and the Texas Agricultural and Mechanical College System by authorizing the investment of the Permanent University Fund in corporate bonds and stocks under certain conditions and limitations."

Sec. 4. The Governor shall issue the necessary proclamation for said election and have the same published as required by the Constitution and laws of this State.

Nation Registered Top Population Gain During 1954

NEW YORK—The population of the United States, including the members of the armed forces overseas, rose to 163,930,000 at the end of 1954.

This represents a gain of 2,830,000 during the year, and exceeds by more than 100,000 the previous high gain registered in 1951. It was the eighth year in succession in which the population gain has been more than 2.5 million. Contributing to the 1954 gain were the new high number of births, an all-time low death rate, and a moderate addition through immigration.

Every state except West Virginia shared in the 1954 population increase. The rate of population growth was highest along the Pacific Coast, 3.7 per cent, or approximately double the national gain of 1.8 per cent. Since April of 1950, California alone has added more than 2.3 million inhabitants. Its population now numbers about 12.9 million, and is exceeded only by that of New York State.

The Rocky Mountain States also experienced a vigorous population growth during the year. Arizona and Nevada have been the fastest growing states in the country, each having doubled its population since 1940.

Florida's population increased by about 5.7 per cent in 1954, and by more than 6 per cent annually in the years immediately preceding.

Increases well above the national average also occurred in the District of Columbia, New Mexico, Delaware, Maryland, Utah, Connecticut, Michigan, Louisiana and Texas.

World Brotherhood Meeting Planned

NEW YORK—The fifth anniversary of the founding of the World Brotherhood organization will be marked by a four-day assembly to be held July 11-15 at Brussels, Belgium.

Established in 1950 as a civic, non-political international organization promoting an educational program for better group relations, World Brotherhood will keynote the Brussels' meeting to the theme of "Brotherhood for Peace and Freedom" according to Nobel Prize physicist Arthur H. Compton, general chairman.

World figures of renown in government, religion, science, education, business and the media of mass communications will exchange ideas for increased cooperation among men and women of good will for the attainment of higher moral and material standards of life, Dr. Compton said. Some 500 delegates are expected from Asia, Africa, Europe, and North America.

Scheduled speakers include Carlos P. Romulo, former president of the UN Assembly; Paul Reynaud, former Premier of France; Paul-Henry Spaak, Minister of Foreign Affairs for Belgium and Mrs. Theodore Chapman, General Federation of Women's Clubs.

WASHINGTON — Bell-bottom uniforms will continue to be standard wear for Navy men says Navy Secretary Charles Thomas.

There was a postwar campaign for the Navy to change the uniform, as the Army is doing. Many wartime sailors complained bitterly about what they had to wear.

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 23 proposing an amendment to Section 9 of Article VIII of the Constitution of Texas so as to provide that the Commissioners Court in each county may levy whatever sums may be necessary for general fund purposes, permanent improvement fund purposes, road and bridge purposes and jury purposes so long as the total of these tax rates does not exceed Eighty Cents (80c) on the One Hundred Dollars (\$100) valuation in any one (1) year, and providing further that the Commissioners Court shall not impair any outstanding bonds or other obligations; providing for the necessary election and form of ballot; and providing for the necessary proclamations and publications.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

Section 1. That Section 9, Article VIII of the Constitution of the State of Texas be amended so as to hereafter read as follows:

"Section 9. The State tax on property, exclusive of the tax necessary to pay the public debt, and of the taxes provided for the benefit of the public free schools, shall never exceed Thirty-five Cents (35c) on the One Hundred Dollars (\$100) valuation; and no county, city or town shall levy a tax rate in excess of Eighty Cents (80c) on the One Hundred Dollars (\$100) valuation in any one (1) year for general fund, permanent improvement fund, road and bridge fund and jury fund purposes; provided further that at the time the Commissioners Court meets to levy the annual tax rate for each county it shall levy whatever tax rate may be needed for the four (4) constitutional purposes: namely, general fund, permanent improvement fund, road and bridge fund and jury fund so long as the Court does not impair any outstanding bonds or other obligations and so long as the total of the foregoing tax levies does not exceed Eighty Cents (80c) on the One Hundred Dollars (\$100) valuation in any one (1) year. Once the Court has levied the annual tax rate, the same shall remain in force and effect during that taxable year; and the Legislature may also authorize an additional annual ad valorem tax to be levied and collected for the further maintenance of the public roads; provided that a majority of the qualified property tax paying voters of the county voting at an election to be held for that purpose shall vote such tax, not to exceed Fifteen Cents (15c) on the One Hundred Dollars (\$100) valuation of the property subject to taxation in such county. And the Legislature may pass local laws for the maintenance of the public roads and highways, without the local notice required for special or local laws. This Section shall not be construed as a limitation of powers delegated to counties, cities or towns by any other Section or Sections of this Constitution."

Sec. 2. The foregoing Constitutional Amendment shall be submitted to a vote of the qualified electors of this State at an election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1956, at which election all ballots shall have printed thereon the following: "FOR the Constitutional Amendment authorizing the Commissioners Court in each county to levy whatever sums may be necessary for general fund, permanent improvement fund, road and bridge fund and jury fund purposes so long as the total of these funds does not exceed a maximum tax rate of Eighty Cents '80c' on the One Hundred Dollars '\$100' valuation in any one '1' year and so long as the Court does not impair any outstanding bonds or other obligations."

"AGAINST the Constitutional Amendment authorizing the Commissioners Court in each county to levy whatever sums may be necessary for general fund, permanent improvement fund, road and bridge fund and jury fund purposes so long as the total of these funds does not exceed a maximum tax rate of Eighty Cents '80c' on the One Hundred Dollars '\$100' valuation in any one '1' year and so long as the Court does not impair any outstanding bonds or other obligations."

Sec. 3. The Governor of Texas shall issue the necessary proclamation for the election and this Amendment shall be published in the manner and for the length of time as required by the Constitution and laws of this State,

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 11 proposing an amendment to Article 1 of the Constitution of the State of Texas by adding thereto another section, to be designated as Section 15-a, requiring medical or psychiatric testimony for commitment of persons of unsound mind, and authorizing the Legislature to provide for trial and commitment of such persons and for waiver of trial by jury where the person under inquiry has not been charged with commission of a criminal offense.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

Section 1. That Article 1 of the Constitution of the State of Texas be and the same is hereby amended by adding another section thereto following Section 15, to be designated Section 15-a, to read as follows:

"Section 15-a. No person shall be committed as a person of unsound mind except on competent medical or psychiatric testimony. The Legislature may enact all laws necessary to provide for the trial, adjudication of insanity and commitment of persons of unsound mind and to provide for a method of appeal from judgments rendered in such cases. Such laws may provide for a waiver of trial by jury, in cases where the person under inquiry

has not been charged with the commission of a criminal offense, by the concurrence of the person under inquiry, or his next of kin, and an attorney ad litem appointed by a judge of either the County or Probate Court of the county where the trial is being held, and shall provide for a method of service of notice of such trial upon the person under inquiry and of his right to demand a trial by jury."

Sec. 2. The foregoing Constitutional Amendment shall be submitted to a vote of the qualified electors of this State at an election to be held throughout the State on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November 1956, at which election all ballots shall have printed thereon:

"FOR the Constitutional Amendment requiring medical testimony for commitment of persons of unsound mind, and authorizing the Legislature to provide for trial and commitment of such persons and for waiver of the right of trial by jury by a person alleged to be of unsound mind or his next of kin, and his attorney ad litem"

"AGAINST the Constitutional Amendment requiring medical testimony for commitment of persons of unsound mind, and authorizing the Legislature to provide for trial and commitment of such persons and for waiver of the right of trial by jury by a person alleged to be of unsound mind or his next of kin, and his attorney ad litem."

Each voter shall scratch out one of said clauses on the ballot, leaving the one expressing his vote on the proposed amendment. In counties or other subdivisions using voting machines the above provision for voting for and against this Constitutional Amendment shall be placed on said machines in such manner that each voter shall vote on the machine for or against the Constitutional Amendment.

Sec. 3. The Governor of the State of Texas shall issue the necessary proclamation for said election and have the same published as required by the Constitution and laws of this State.

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7-Day School Week Is Predicted by Education Professor

ANN ARBOR, Mich.—The school of the future will be in session all-year-round, seven days a week, predicts a University of Michigan educator.

Prof. Max Wingo, of the University's School of Education claims that the 12-month development is almost bound to come about in answer to social pressures which are demanding that some now neglected services to youth be met. "The school of the near future will have to take over some of these services or face the consequences," he warns.

He charges that in the last generation the school has resisted just about every effort to increase its responsibilities. "In the initial stages it balked at feeding children at noon, at driver's training, and at offering recreational programs. The assumption of these responsibilities was forced on the schools by a great groundswell of social necessity. The school simply hasn't been able to resist so powerful a force. We do teach teen-agers to drive cars now, we have increased our vocational departments, and in my judgment we will continue to do so," the professor declares.

But there's still a vast area of necessary services—complex and controversial issues—now for the most part by-passed by the schools and other social institutions.

Professor Wingo asks who is going to give instruction in the physiological, emotional and ethical aspects of sex behavior? Who is going to take systematic responsibility for maintaining the health of our younger generation? Who is going to be responsible for systematic religious instruction? Who is going to help children develop worthwhile avocational interests and skills?

If the school does not, he warns, it will become increasingly removed from the people.

One Way to Cut Down Milk Surplus

EAST LANSING, Mich.—Here, perhaps, is the way to solve the milk surplus problem.

A Michigan State College graduate student survey showed that many people will drink milk instead of coffee—if they're given a choice for their restaurant meal.

The students took their survey at a college center which serves lunches and dinners to hundreds

Bottle of Champagne Goes to Two Survivors

GREAT FALLS, Mont.—A bottle of champagne, now aging in the vault of a Great Falls bank, will be drunk by the last two survivors of Company A, First Montana Volunteer Infantry.

The original plan was for the wine to go to the last survivor. But, not only the wine has mellowed with the years. Members of the Last Man's Club of the Spanish-American War veterans in their last annual convention passed the new resolution. It met with wholehearted approval from everyone present.

The thoughts of all were expressed by one who said: "In my imagination I see myself with that bottle, but I know I couldn't drink it; I wouldn't want to drink it."

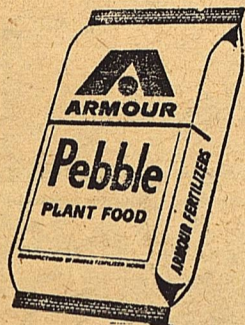
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True humility is not an object groveling, self-despising spirit; it is but a right estimate of ourselves as God sees us.—Tryon Edwards.

No one ever found happiness who did not manufacture it for himself.—Charles Morgan.



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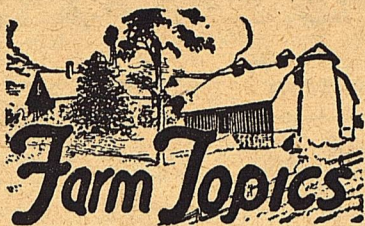
Humbleness is always grace
always dignity.—James Russell
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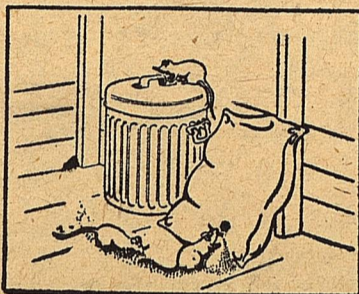


It Costs Plenty To Keep Rodents

One Rat's Board Bill Is \$2 A Year

Rats cost the American farmer millions of dollars a year, approximately \$2 per head. This includes what the rat eats, what it wastes, and the damage it does.

If you don't know whether or not you need a campaign to clean out the rats on your farm, it might be well to say that even one rat is one too many. But here is a way to



Rats are destroying millions of dollars a year on America's farms. It has been estimated that one rat eats \$2 worth of grain a year.

estimate how badly your farm is infested:

If rats are never seen but rat signs are visible, you have from one to 100 rats.

If rats are seen occasionally at night, you have approximately from 100 to 500.

If rats are seen every night and occasionally during the day, the total may range anywhere from 500 to 1,000.

If lots of rats are seen at night and several every day, the total number on the farm is between 1,000 and 5,000.

It seems fantastic that a farm would have 1,000 rats, but many do, experts report. And they are costing the farmer \$2 a head every year.

The best time of year to conduct rat campaigns is in late October or early November, when rat damage is usually apparent around the farmstead. Next best time is in early spring, when rats begin to move out of buildings.

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SHORT STORY

Wild Horse Charlie

By James Harsh

CHARLES Carter, better known as "Wild Horse Charlie," peered long at the sight below him. He noticed that the buckskin was among the herd of wild range ponies, and his old eyes sparkled. Charlie had a terrible hankering to call that pony his own. But an old worn has-been with a twisted knee and a few other ailing limbs doesn't up and take the finest looking wild stud in the country without some tall thinking afore-hand.

3-Minute Fiction

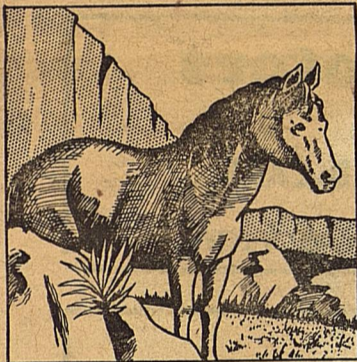
When he turned and moved toward the camp he caught sight of the boy by the fire. Old Charlie noticed his fine features and the look of admiration in his youthful eyes. It was then that Charlie knew he couldn't let his sister's boy down. He had promised Billy the chance to see an untamed horse captured.

"No time like the present, Billy. First off we'll plan a minute. A wrong move, boy, a careless loop and the critter's off to kingdom come and all you got left is a circle of air."

"You mean you miss sometimes, Uncle Charlie?"

"It's been known to happen, boy."

Charlie mounted, giving instructions to Billy to watch from



The buckskin stopped suddenly against the rising wall of granite, spun and faced Charlie.

the cliff and to keep out of the way of any danger. Then Charlie cut down the rugged trail that led to the green basin below.

He sized up the location of the grazing herd, checked all avenues of escape, and cut his little mare in the direction of the big buckskin stud.

He was a rope's throw from the buckskin. The air was thick with the heavy dust set in motion by the herd as it moved toward the closed end of the draw. The buckskin stopped suddenly against the rising wall of granite. He spun and faced Charlie as the horse wrangler shook his rope out between stiff fingers.

The loop circled the air and landed over the buckskin's head. Charlie took his turns around the horn with the loose end of the rope. Leaning back in the saddle Charlie waited nervously for the wild one to start the fireworks. Charlie blinked. The big buck stood his ground calmly and let Charlie snub him up close to the little mare he was riding.

Plumb feared of me, though Charlie, as he led his captive back in the direction where Billy was waiting, eyes shining with pride.

Jess Fulton met them at the ranch. He owned the spread next to Charlie's. He had a huge smile on his sun baked face as he walked up to Charlie and Billy. "Guess I owe you a heap of thanks, Charlie. I been looking nearly two months for that buckskin you're leading."

Charlie sent Billy on into the house where his mother was waiting. Then he turned back to weigh Jess' remark. "Ain't we all been looking for this wild one, Jess. I guess he's all mine."

"Hold on, Charlie." Jess' smile faded. "I always thought you were a little hard of seeing; but to go and mistake a horse with a brand on it for free takings, Charlie. Well, it's about time you got some glasses."

Charlie dismounted feeling the pain in his knee again. He walked stiffly behind the buck and placed his hand on the horse's flank. Jess Fulton's brand lay clean across the horse's glossy flank. "I'll be jiggered," said Charlie. "Should of known right off that this horse'd been handled before."

Jess thanked him again and moved on leading the buckskin stud. Charlie went toward the cook shack wondering what he'd tell Billy, and wondering what the city boy would think after he was told.

He paused outside the door, listening to the voices filtering out into the dusk. He heard Billy talking to his mother . . . "and I saw the brand on the horse, mom, but I guess Uncle Charlie's eyes aren't so good. But it doesn't matter whether the horse was tame or not; 'cause Uncle Charlie can sure rope and ride. No wonder they call him 'Wild Horse,' he's the best cowboy in the West."

Charlie Carter smiled to himself as he walked into the kitchen. Suddenly he felt twenty years younger.

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They that know God will be humble! they that know themselves cannot be proud.—John Flavel.

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