

# Borden Citizen.

JAMES L. DOW, Editor and Proprietor

Devoted to the Interest of Borden County.

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Lubbock is to have a new Baptist church.

The British Government has awakened to the fact that the little Boers are not yet whipped.

Edward Cudahy paid the \$25,000 ransom demanded by the kidnapers for the restoration of his son.

By a vote of 234 to 8 the English House of Commons appropriated \$80,000,000 for war purposes.

The bank and train robbers seem to have been putting in full time during the past month. The big dailies report from one to two robberies every day.

Illinois is the great whisky state of the Union. She pays one-fourth of the entire revenue tax of the nation. The Peoria District alone pays the Government the magnificent sum of \$23,000,000.

Frank H. Morris of Ohio, Auditor of the War department, was shot and instantly killed on the 17th, by Samuel MacDonald, also of Ohio, recently a disbursing clerk of the treasury in the formers office.

Gen. De Wet is making for himself a reputation of being the shrewdest general in the Boer army. About the next thing we read about, will be a big reward offered for De Wet by the British government.

Samuel MacDonald, the treasury clerk who shot and instantly killed Frank H. Morris Auditor for the war Department and then attempt suicide, is in a precarious condition and his death is hourly expected.

The exports of cotton for the month of November, according to the Treasury Bureau of Statistics was 841,846 bales, weighing 4,343,057,754 pounds, valued at \$41,376,210. The exports for the corresponding months in 1899 were 711,794 bales, valued at \$26,522,139.

Capt Hygate is at Kansas City purchasing cavalry horses and mules for the British army. He expects to purchase 50,000. It is said by the time the horses and mules are landed in South Africa they cost the British government \$760 per head, an exist on an average about six weeks after their arrival in that country.

Report reached this place early in the week that Ed F. Edgley editor and publisher of the Clipper, Colorado, Texas took morphine last week with suicidal intentions. When first discovered he was in a very critical condition and it was by a hairs breadth that his life was saved. We have failed to learn the cause for such a rash act.

## Queer Food for Humans.

The poorer classes of the Chinese eat every part of an animal and all kinds of animals, writes Frank G. Carpenter. In north China horse meat, mule meat and donkey meat are every where sold. There are butcher shops in Perkins where you can buy camel steaks. The age of the animal or the manner of its death make no difference as to the sale. Such beasts as die of old age and disease are marketable, and cattle taken off with pleuro pneumonia are not allowed to go to waste. Dead dogs and cats are eaten as well as dead fowls.—Ex.

Our Secretary of war now spends \$176,000,000 annually, our Secretary of the Navy \$87,000,000, our Pension Agent \$145,000,000 and the Government will soon let the contracts for warships to cost \$66,000,000 and the Navy Department is demanding more ships. What a record for a so-called peace-loving nation —Kaufman Sun.

We have rarely seen an opportunity for a row that we did not get into it. The late war with Spain was the result of meddling and not politics. Many Americans of today seem to be about as pugnacious and greedy as other inhabitants of the earth. The change for the better is a slow process.

The time was when all cattle reaching the markets from Texas were classed simply as "Texans" and that term stood for lank animal with long horns big brands and similar distinguishing features. The sleek, fat Herefords and shorthorns from Texas that go into the markets to-day could scarcely be classed as tenth cousins to the Texans of a few years ago. But the end of the line of improvement has not yet been reached and Texas breeders are overlooking no opportunity to improve their cattle by infusing better blood into their herds.—Texas Stock Journal.

## Played Poker for Office

Pioneer miners in British Columbia have adopted the rather novel method of deciding a parliamentary contest by a game of poker. In the Yale Canboo district the contest for representative in the Canadian house of commons has revealed a very curious condition prevailing in one of the remote settlements. At the One Hundred and Fifty Mile House, in Canboo, a mining locality, went solidly for the governmental nominee, Mr. Gallihier, neither of the other two candidates receiving a single vote. It has since developed that at this place the voters had concluded to avoid political dissensions and cast their ballots as a unit declaring that the combined vote of the three parliamentary candidates. All the candidates selected their most expert poker player, and the game started with 50 chips in front of each player. The grizzled old miner who represented Gallihier won the pot.—Ex.

## Five Thousand Dollars for Twenty Words.

One day Andrew Carnegie at Pittsburg called up one of his New York lawyers by long distance telephone.

The steelmaker wanted to ask a question, but could not make himself understood clearly over the telephone, so he asked the lawyer to come to Pittsburg.

The lawyer said he had an important appointment in New York next day and could not get away.

"Come over now, then," Mr. Carnegie said.

"Can't get train," answered the lawyer.

"Hire a special," was the answer which came back from Pittsburg.

So the lawyer engaged a special train, went to Pittsburg and saw Mr Carnegie.

The steelmaker asked the lawyer's advice as to whether the question troubling him called for "yes" or "no."

The lawyer answered, "No." "Thank you," said Mr. Carnegie. "Good night,"

The lawyer had said less than 20 words, for which he received \$5,000, said "Good night, Mr. Carnegie" and took a special train back to New York in time to keep his appointment next day.—New York Herald.

## Importance of Dress.

The following story contains an important lesson for the boy or girl in search of employment:

"A shabbily dressed young man applied to the manager of a big department store for employment.

"What can you do?" asked the manager.

"Most anything," answered the applicant.

"Can you dust?"

"Yes, indeed."

"Then why don't you begin on your hat?" The fellow had not thought of that.

"Can you clean leather goods?"

"Oh yes."

"Then it's carelessness on your part that your shoes are not clean." The fellow had not thought of that either.

"Well, can you scrub?"

"Yes, indeed," was the reply.

"Then I can give you something to do." Go out and try your strength on that collar you have on. But don't come back."

While a neat attire is not always an index of good character and ability, the fact remains that of two applicants the business men will always employ the well-dressed attractive looking boy rather than the one who is careless in his appearance.

The reason is obvious. The boy who is particular in regard to the details of his dress will be careful in his work and thus command the respect and confidence of his employer.

To be well dressed is not to have expended a great deal of money on your clothes; on the contrary, if your garments are neat in appearance and whole, if your collar is clean and necktie neatly fastened, if your shoes are polished and pants carefully pressed, the care and thought displayed in these small matters will more truly reflect character than the richness of the material of your clothes.—Ex.

## Mass Meeting.

There will be a mass meeting held at Gail January 5th 1901, for the purpose of petitioning the Legislature to abrogate the absolute lease line now fixed upon us. Every body who are interested in the development and opening up of this country should attend and do thier best toward the cause.



# Borden Citizen

JAMES L. DOW, Editor and Proprietor,  
GAIL, BORDEN COUNTY, TEX.

## KIPLING'S POPULARITY.

His Remarkable Faculty of Appealing to All Classes of Readers.

It has been generally suggested that the workingman's enthusiasm for Kipling is due to the omiscience of this writer of thirty-four years; that the soldier reverses him for his knowledge of a soldier's work, pleasure and woes; that the railroad man swears by him because he understands so well how an engine is built, that the sailor and fisherman, the public school boy, the city clerk, the mechanic, find the fascination in his perfect acquaintance with their life, says Review of Reviews. No doubt this clinches the charm but certainly a broader principle underlies the popularity which the poet and fictionist has won from the masses. This is that he appeals to the emotional side of his readers as well as to the intellectual. A man like Matthew Arnold, be he never so great, finds himself, perhaps with some approval, cut off from all but those readers in whom there is some unusual degree of intellectual training and refinement. Kipling masters such readers, too, with his magnificent certainty of phrase and healthful vigor, and with his soul-stirring dramatic faculty proceeds to capture the rest of the world that knows better how to feel than to think. Doubtless, too, his brilliantly early successes as a popular author is due very largely to his choice of subjects; to the vigorous launching of his genius into the topic of the hour, the present problem of the nation. Thus as good a poem as "The White Man's Burden" might easily have been unnoticed by the world at large had it none of the tremendous public interest which has brought that noble utterance into the mouths of millions of Americans. Here Mr. Kipling has in his poetic work an advantage and a danger analogous to those which are before the lesser singers of stage topical songs. A palpable hit is certain to fetch the whole house; on the other hand, the populace is expecting a hit every time, and few performers can invariably meet its demands. Mr. Kipling seems to be such an inevitable sort of a fellow that one is surprised even to hear that he even writes things over twice before giving them to us. But he assures the rare and happy interviewer that most of what he writes goes into the wastebasket.

### Paganini and the Street Player.

Among the pleasant stories told of Paganini is one similar to an incident previously related of Viotti. One day, as he was walking in Vienna, the violinist saw a poor little Italian boy scraping some Neapolitan songs before the windows of a large house. A celebrated artist who accompanied Paganini remarked to him, "There is one of your compatriots. Upon which the maestro evinced a desire to speak to the lad, and went across the street to him for that purpose. After ascertaining that he was a poor beggar boy from the other side of the Alps, and that he supported his sick mother, his only relative, the great violinist appeared touched. He literally emptied his pockets into the boy's hand, and taking the violin and bow from him, began the most grotesque and extraordinary performance possible. A crowd soon collected, the virtuoso was at once recognized by the bystanders, and when he brought the performance to an end, amid the cheers and shouts of those assembled, he handed around the boy's hat, and made a considerable collection of coin, in which silver pieces were very conspicuous. He then handed the sum to the young Italian, saying, "Take that to your mother," and rejoining his companion, walked off with him, saying, "I hope I've done a good turn to that little animal."



### Love Made in Germany.

Eloping is never heard of in Germany, and yet there is no such thing as getting married there without the consent of the parents. Certain prescribed forms must be gone through or the marriage is null and void. When a girl has arrived at what is considered a marriageable age, her parents make a point of inviting young men to the house, and usually two or three are invited at the same time, so that the attention may not seem too pointed, says the Philadelphia Times.

No young man, however, is ever invited to the house until after he has called at least once, and thus signified his wish to have social intercourse with the family. If he takes to calling on several occasions in rather close succession it is taken for granted that he has "intentions," and he may be questioned concerning them.

In Germany the man must be at least 18 years old before he can make a proposal, and when it is made and accepted the proposal is speedily followed by a betrothal. This generally takes place privately, shortly after which the father of the bride, as she is then called, gives a dinner or supper to the most intimate friends on both sides, when the fact is declared, and, naturally, afterward becomes a matter of public knowledge.

### A DAINTY GOWN



Of gray crepe de chine, with small white silk dot. The pleated waist has wide lapels of blue silk, lace and gold braid. The collar is gold cloth, edged with lace. The undersleeves and vest are of white chiffon. The sleeves have three rows of the gold cloth, edged with lace, running up and down. The

folded belt of blue silk, with gold braid in the folds, ties on the right side of the back.

### Girl Life in Spain.

According to our ideas the life of a Spanish girl is not an enviable one, for she has none of the free and happy time our boys and girls enjoy after emancipation from the drudgery of the school room and before the cares of womanhood begin.

All Spanish girls are convent bred, and their education consists very largely in learning to embroider, which is an art in which they excel. At 14 or 15, or even sometimes at 12 years old, they make their debut in society, and are considered marriageable, says the New York Telegram. Girls of 14 and boys of 16 frequently marry, and a girl of 15 or 16 has often a family of two or three little ones. These early marriages are seldom happy, but divorce is unknown in Spain. If a husband and wife cannot agree, they separate and live apart.

The "new woman" as we know her is unknown in Spain, and though the ladies of that country are often graceful and clever horsewomen, the bicycle is only just beginning to make its way among them. Not only is there among gentlewomen a prejudice against cycling, as not being a graceful accomplishment, but their natural indolence makes them prefer to be carried on horseback to having to exert their muscles to propel a "bike."

As a rule Spanish girls take a considerable interest in dress, and though they have a great love of bright colors, they contrive to wear them so they are very becoming.

Spanish women have greater need of care in the matter of dress than have English women, for they fade so much sooner. They come to maturity far earlier than their northern sisters and, perhaps on account of their earlier marriages, at 40 they often have lost every vestige of youth and beauty and are perfect old hags.

### On Friendships.

In all ages friendship has been regarded as one of the highest gifts given to man, and after love, it has been garlanded with more blossoms of poesy and fancy than any other attribute of humanity. Considering it from every point of view, it is a precious boon, and yet how many times in our lives do we allow sweet friendships to slip beyond our grasp, just from a lack of the scanty nutriment the tender plant requires to keep it alive?

An occasional call, a letter once in a while, a remembrance of dates and anniversaries, a tender word or two to show that the heart has not grown away from its once proud position of nearness—these are all that a real friendship requires to make it blossom with benefits, says the Pittsburg Press.

Love, the burning, consuming emotion, we pursue with avidity, never allowing it to rest, until with many of us it is consumed itself in the chase, but calm and tender friendship, always ready to repay the smallest care from the outstretched hand, most of us neglect until a true mutual friendship and trust is rare.

Every man is afraid of his dentist and every woman is afraid of her minister.

A young Texan is called "Lily" by his friends because he toils not.

## A PROMINENT LADY

Speaks in Highest Terms of Peruna as a Catarrh Cure.

Mrs. M. A. Theatro, member Rebecca Lodge, Iola Lodge; also member of Woman's Relief Corps, writes the following letter from 1838 Jackson street, Minneapolis, Minn.:



Mrs. M. A. Theatro, Minneapolis, Minn.

Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O. Gentlemen—"As a remedy for catarrh I can cheerfully recommend Peruna. I have been troubled with chronic catarrh for over six years. I had tried several remedies without relief. A lodge friend advised me to try Peruna, and I began to use it faithfully before each meal. Since then I have always kept it in the house. I am now in better health than I have been in over twenty years, and I feel sure my catarrh is permanently cured."

Peruna cures catarrh wherever located. As soon as Peruna removes systemic catarrh the digestion becomes good, nerves strong, and trouble vanishes. Peruna strengthens weak nerves, not by temporarily stimulating them, but by removing the cause of weak nerves—systemic catarrh. This is the only cure that lasts. Remove the cause; nature will do the rest. Peruna removes the cause.

Address The Peruna Medicine Company, Columbus, Ohio, for a book treating of Catarrh in its different phases and stages, also a book entitled "Health and Beauty," written especially for women.

**ABSOLUTE SECURITY.**  
Genuine  
**Carter's Little Liver Pills.**

Must Bear Signature of

*W. D. Wood*

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and so easy to take as a sugar.

**CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.**

FOR HEADACHE.  
FOR DIZZINESS.  
FOR BILIOUSNESS.  
FOR TORPID LIVER.  
FOR CONSTIPATION.  
FOR SALLOW SKIN.  
FOR THE COMPLEXION

Prepared by W. D. Wood, Proprietor, Littleton, Colorado. Purely Vegetable.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

To Self-Supporting Women

Without interfering with your regular duties, you can make money by means of our offer of \$17,500 FOR SUBSCRIPTIONS. Send for full particulars.

THE DELINEATOR  
7 to 17 W. 13th St., New York.



# A UNIQUE SCHOOL.

## Giving to Little Cripples a New Life and Education.

Every school morning a Fifth avenue stage rumbles over a slow round, stopping here and there in front of rickety tenements. A strong man goes up the stairs of each tenement and returns, bearing in his arms a misshapen or stunted child, with an eager face, says the New York Press. When the stage is full it makes its way to the school building in East Eighty-eighth street, where its load is discharged. Then the operation is repeated, the stage going to other houses and returning with another load. All the children are from the East Side, and most of them from homes where gaunt poverty and dull want reign. Until the school for crippled children was established by the Children's Aid Society with the means of transporting them to and from the school rooms, these little unfortunate people frequently huddled desolate and alone, suffering and neglected, while their parents were out at work and their lustier brothers and sisters at school or playing in the streets.

Too often they were an object of hatred to their parents, who looked upon them as a burden and almost a disgrace. Sometimes they were considered idiots, lack of opportunity and habitual neglect having reduced them to a state which indeed did resemble imbecility. Big boys well advanced in

great indignation against the fate that had imposed such suffering upon him. He was as truly a cynic as the man embittered by years of hard experience, disappointment and injustice. He would protest against his life's decree and rail against his circumstances with pathetic ferocity. He wanted to be big, like other boys, and he always was being told that he was a runt, a dwarf and all the hateful



they are fit to appear in the school-room. This attention alone increases their self-respect, for they are more sensitive than normal children. There is a trained nurse in the school to wash and treat the afflicted portions of their bodies and to adjust the bandages and braces properly.

Nourishing and appetizing lunches are served, and frequent changes in occupation rest the body and keep off mental fatigue. The teacher sees to it that the children go to the dispensaries for treatment, and that they wear the braces, which many of them want to cast off, thinking they tend to make them conspicuous in their infirmity.

The children have kindergarten work and the branches taught in the primary school. Much of the teaching has to be along individual lines, because no two are of the same age or have the same degree of development.

The principal of the school, who is deeply interested in these children, hopes to train those who are strong enough to do some kind of work that can be carried on at home, and not only will make them self-supporting, but add to their contentment of mind. Sewing, bent iron work, wood carving, and similar occupations could be taken up advantageously by many.

There are other children in the building, kindergarten pupils who are taken care of for the day while their parents are at work. The consideration and kindness that they show to the less fortunate children are beautiful. The principal says that the coming of the cripples has had an excellent effect upon the whole school. It is much easier to keep them quiet and



IN THE CRIPPLE SCHOOL.

their teens had to begin with the rudiments of education when they were brought into the school, and conned the alphabet and numerals as laboriously as an ordinary child of five or six would.

The moral nature of some of the crippled children seemed to be perverted as strangely as their bodies. Most of them think that every one hates them. They are keenly fearful of the ridicule to which they have been subjected always, and resent the opprobrium cast upon them by their misfortune. One little chap, dwarfed to half the size he should have been, did not want to go to school. He longed only to hide away from human sight and the unkindness of the world.

In his small body there was room for much bitterness of feeling and a

names that described his undersize. He felt that if he went into a school he simply would have more of such epithets hurled at him.

But he was coaxed out of his shell, and, to his surprise, he met with nothing but kindness. No one mentioned his size, except once or twice when a teacher remarked that he was growing or said what a nice big boy he was getting to be. These were the pleasantest words he had ever heard and his hard little heart softened under them. Now he is one of the happiest children in the school, and the greatest hardship he could imagine would be the deprivation of his school privileges.

Not mental pabulum alone is provided for the cripples. They have to be washed and decently clad before

to train them to be gentle when they have the cripples to think of, and they are eager to help them and to make things pleasant for them.

If a comfortable conveyance could be provided to take the children to and from school it would be a boon to them and a great help to the work. The jolting stage is none too easy for well folk, and for little ones suffering from diseases of hip, spine and other sensitive parts of the body it often entails extreme pain. Five hundred dollars would buy a rubber-tired vehicle built purposely for ease and comfort of transportation, and would aid greatly in the work being done to lift these crippled children from a state of degradation to a condition of enlightened mentality as well as of improved bodily health.

### Cattle in Transit.

It is a vexed question at present which is the best plan in the management of cattle in transit as regards feeding and watering. Our readers are aware that there is a law to the effect that cattle must leave the cars every 28 hours for food and water. The idea of this law was that cattle suffered badly when allowed to remain over that length of time without food or water, for many trips to market occupy much more than the length of time mentioned. It would now seem that stockmen do not like this 28 hour law and claim that it is really cruel, more so than it would be to allow the cattle to go for 40 hours without food or water. They say that the cattle have to be beaten to make them leave the cars, that they stumble and fall in the chutes, that they become bruised and spoiled for sale, all of which things would not happen were they allowed to go hungry and thirsty until arrival at their destination.

It is perfectly apparent that it would be an easy case to make out in favor of starving and thirsting the cattle by those who do not wish to go to the trouble of unshipping for feeding in transit but we are inclined to believe that the practice of allowing the cattle to suffer for lack of food and water would be worse than any evils alleged to happen to them when unshipped in transit for feeding and watering. Those who are in the business of shipping cattle long distances are, however, best able to speak from experience and the Farmers' Review would be pleased to hear from such and gain a knowledge of their experience in the matter. It is certainly a subject which deserves consideration by the press and as there is some talk of having a 40 hour law adopted we would like to have the subject discussed by our readers. The following is an article from the Drover's Journal, which will add to what has been said above:

The so-called 28-hour stock law, which stockmen hope to have changed to the 40-hour law, was the subject of active discussion before the American Humane society at Pittsburg. The address of President John W. Springer of the National Live Stock Association was a very forcible one. He presented a series of photographs showing the incidents of travel in a cattle train, and of being unloaded for feed and water at stations en route. His special mission was to convince the protectors of dumb animals that it is more humane to allow the cattle trains to be run through without stop, making the trip from range to slaughter in 40 hours, than it is to compel a stop every 28 hours, as at present, when the animals are driven from the cars, given food and water in strange surroundings and then hurried on board again. He endeavored to show the eastern people at the convention that the cattle on the western plains frequently of their own volition go 48 hours without water, visiting the streams and water holes only once in two days. He had photographs showing how the animals have to be beaten to make them leave the cars, how they stumble and fall and are trampled upon in going up and down the chutes, and how upon release frequently make the first use of their larger quarters to go to fighting. In the collection were pictures of beef killed at Chicago and Omaha, in which whole sides of meat were ruined by the contusions and bruises resulting from the rough treatment required by the law enacted at the behest of the Humane society. While the cattle are in the cars, Mr. Springer explained they are so packed together that each acts as a buffer for the other, and they suffer little actual injury. The National Live Stock exchange, all the big cattle growers' associations, and the National Live Stock Association want to have the interstate commerce law, which now fixes the limit of single trips of cattle cars at 28 hours, amended so as to make the limit of time which cattle may be carried without stops for food and water 40 hours. The aid of the National Humane society is asked in making the change purely as a humanitarian measure. If necessary a fight will probably be made in congress.



## BORDEN CITIZEN

JAMES L. DOW, ED. & PROP.

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GAIL, TEXAS, JANUARY 3, 1901.

### The New Year.

We take this, our first opportunity to wish the Citizen readers a happy New Year. The old year has been very kind to the majority of us, and it is with regret that we bid the old year good bye.

Now that 1901 is upon us, let every one start out with fresh vigor and determination to improve its time better than any other year that has past; do your best for the improvement of our town and county.

### Married.

Sanford—Hale—Last night, Jan. 2nd, 1901, at 8: o'clock, Mr. S. W. Sanford and Miss Eva Hale were united in marriage at the Hale hotel; Elder H. D. Pruitt performing the ceremony in a very beautiful and impressive manner.

The young couple has many friends to wish them much pleasure during their wedded life.

Mr. Sanford is one of our prominent business men and is liked best by those who have known him the longest. While Miss Hale is the highly esteemed daughter of our worthy hotel man, Mr. W. T. Hale.

The occasion was a quiet one, and every thing passed off in a highly acceptable manner.

After the ceremony the guests and friends of the newly wedded couple repaired to the court house where they engaged in a few hours of merriment characteristic to the dance hall.

May they have a long and useful wedded life are the wishes of the Citizen.

G. J. Robertson called at our office Wednesday and ordered the Citizen sent to him one year and in return gave us a silver wheel, for which he will please accept our thanks.

Mr. Robertson informed us he had recently purchased the property of Mr. W. J. Cook, in A. B. Robertson's pasture and will make his future home in our county. Though we regret to lose as good a citizen as Mr. Cook has made, we are ready to welcome Mr. Robertson in his stead. Mr. Cook has moved to Sweetwater to locate in that section of the country.

### Gail Improvements.

The following are the improvements that Gail has undergone during the year of 1900:

One general merchandise store has been added to our little town with H. D. Pruitt and A. B. Spears at the head of the firm.

A brand new meat market is one of the new enterprises, with J. W. Wasson as proprietor.

Dink Smoot recently built a nice little business house on the west side of the square, now occupied by G. A. Moore's barber-shop.

J. W. Chandler has added a good length to the grain and ware house.

Sanford & Guwyn have during the year built a nice addition to their saloon.

The Hale hotel, owned by J. W. Wilbourn, has had a very commodious addition erected, which makes this hotel among the leaders of the west.

Six brand new residences have been built and seven have been moved from the country to town. Following are a list of parties who have built new homes in Gail during the past year:

O. S. Johnson, J. J. Dodson, J. W. Watson, John H. Doye, J. N. Prince and J. E. Howe.

J. N. Hopkins has added some nice improvements to his residence during the past six months.

Middleton C. Graham has built a very desirable addition to his residence.

James Dow has also added more room to his dwelling house.

And last, but not least, Gail has a brand new printing office to add to its list of improvements of 1900.

A church that any town, of even double the population of Gail, could well boast of is now under construction.

The county has had a public cistern fixed up in fine shape, which we are proud to chronicle in our list of improvements.

Several new dwelling houses are to be built which will give us a good start on this year's record.

Aside from these improvements, town property has raised in value considerably during the past year.

Now, just watch us, and see how we grow. Everybody put their shoulder to the wheel and all pull together and the improvements of Gail will go steadily on.

Extensive improvements are going on in the country close around Gail. Several nice and costly residences have been built during the year. Let the good work go on.

Everybody in the country should take their county paper, it will help you along—try the CITIZEN for a year and be convinced.

SEE

-- JAMES DOW --

For Bargains In

# GROCERIES GRAIN and RANCH SUPPLIES.

—ALSO—

A NICE LINE OF

DRY GOODS and CLOTHING, BOOTS & SHOES.

A Fine Line of HATS and SHOES

WILL ARRIVE IN A FEW DAYS

Come and See My New Stock. No Trouble to Show My Goods.

G. W. Simpson's Old stand

GAIL,

TEXAS.

When You Are Searching for

BARGAINS

IN

Dry Goods <sup>A</sup>ND <sup>N</sup>Clothing,

SEE

J. W. CHANDLER.

HE ALSO KEEPS A FULL AND COMPLETE LINE OF

STAPLE and FANCY GROCERIES,

Grain and Hay.

Call and See Me When  
in Town



Go to  
**Pruett & Spears**

For your can goods by the case. We sell

Potatoes per hundred	\$2.00.
Tomatoes per case	2.40.
Corn per case	2.20.
13 pounds sugar	1.00.
17 pounds red beans	1.00.
17 pounds Navy beans	1.00.
8 pounds dried pears	1.00.
10 pounds dried peaches	1.00.
8 pounds apricots	1.00.
11 pounds rice	1.00.
13 pounds Lima beans	1.00.
Sweet Potatoes 75 c. per bushel.	
Sorghum molasses per gal.	40c.
Fancy table syrup per gal.	50c.
Breakfast bacon 12 1-2 per lb.	
Salt bacon 1 lb.	1 lb.
Other things in proportion.	
Come and see	

**NOTICE.**

To whom it may concern.  
After the publication of this office I intend to prosecute all violations of the Sunday law committed by the business men of Gail. I publish this intention for two reasons. First, to give the business men a fair warning, and secondly, to let the citizens of Borden county know that these business men have had this warning. Some persons seem to be under the impression that just so they keep their doors closed they are obeying the law, this however, is not the case, each sale made is a separate offense and will be prosecuted as such. I not only do not intend to wink at such violations of the law, but from now on I intend to do all I can to discover and prosecute each crime. It is a violation for a provision store to sell anything after 9:00 a. m. It is a violation for a barber shop or a saloon to be opened for business at all on Sunday. A drug store can be kept open all day Sunday for the purpose of selling drugs. A druggist however, has no more right to sell anything else than a merchant or a saloon man. He is allowed to sell drugs from the necessity of life. It is just as wrong for him to sell cigars as it would be for a merchant or a saloon man.  
Now, I hope this notice will be all that is necessary, and that I will not have to prosecute anyone for violating the Sunday law. The law is kept in large places where there is more business done, and it can be kept at Gail. And it must be.

I am very respectfully etc.,  
E. R. YELLOTT,  
County Atty.

TRY

G. H. MOORE'S

**Barber shop**

For a Clean Shave and a  
Nice Haircut.  
Shop next door to Chandler's store.

**B. K. BLOOMFIELD,**

**CONTRACTOR and BUILDER,**

GAIL, TEXAS.

**New Years Dinner.**

The editor was very kindly remembered by an invitation from Mrs. J. N. Hopkins to eat New Years dinner, and of course he would not refuse such a kind remembrance.

At the hour of noon on that day the editor accompanied by the CITIZEN's typographical force, all took dinner at that hospitable home. We arrived just a little late to dine with the guests of the first table, but found a table loaded to a finish with most anything a person could wish to eat. With our appetites well whetted for the occasion we did not spare anything that was set before us.

During the dinner hour we were royally entertained by Misses Ura Allen and Lillie Clark who knows how to handle musical instruments to suit the ear of a newspaper man. We enjoyed the music fully as well as the dinner, and only those who were there know anything about a new years treat. Mrs. Hopkins and the above mentioned ladies will long be remembered by the editor and his force.

Thomas Gray, who we reported as "clean gone" last week has fooled himself and everyone by returning to Gail Monday. Tom thought he was tired of Gail and decided he would seek another "clime," and started away, "not to return," but we suppose the first night he was away he dreamed of that broken hearted girl he had left behind, and resolved to return to old Gail, which he did on a dead run. Glad to have you back, Tom, and hope you will not take another wild goose chase notion again soon.

Patronize those who advertise in the Citizen they are the one who mean business.

**LOCAL NEWS.**

Mrs. J. H. Doyle has been on the sick list this week.

Miss Lucy Kincaid has been helping us set type this week.

Mrs. W. T. Hale has been very sick for several days.

Commissioner J. S. York was over from Gavett creek Tuesday.

Mr. Johnson moved his family in the latter part of the week.

Miss Maud Nevils returned to Abilene to re-enter college Saturday.

Mr. Waggoner of the Triangle ranch was in our town a day or so this week.

Robert E. Simpson returned to the long S. ranch the fore part of the week.

Arthur Dow went to Big Springs Wednesday for freight for James Dow's store.

Mr. W. A. Clark was a pleasant caller at the office Tuesday and subscribed for the paper.

The young people enjoyed a party at Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Wesson last Saturday night.

The young people of Gail enjoyed the last 1900 social gathering at the home of Mr. Livingston Ware.

Miss Pearl Shaw and her brother Lee, of Lubbock county are here spending a few days visiting friends.

A social gathering of the cream of Gail's young people was at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James Dow, Friday night.

James S. Howe has built a small house near Mr. Mullins house for his children to stay in during the school term.

E. B. Reneau paid the Citizen office a pleasant call Tuesday and paid cash on subscription for which he has our thanks.

Subscribe for the CITIZEN for your friends and relatives in the east, west, north, or south, it will be like a letter from home.

Misses Ella and Tennis Kincaid came in from the country to attend the dance Friday night, and were the guests of Miss Lillie Clark.

Davis Shaw and family who have been spending the holidays with his father, R. B. Shaw in Lubbock county, returned home Monday.

We notice small boys standing around holding up the corner posts of the stores in town, when they should be improving their time by going to school and using their time to a better advantage.

A herd of 6,000 head of sheep passed through the first of the week enroute to the Pecos country where the owner has purchased a ranch.

Barber G. A. Moore departed for Colorado via, Big Springs Wednesday. He has gone to move his family out from that place.

Miss Ethel Cook of Lubbock, passed through our town Monday enroute to Big Springs where she will attend school this winter.

J Lumpkin Wood left Wednesday evening for Big Springs for the remainder of the lumber to be used in the construction of his residence.

Henry Hale was among the number this week, to subscribe for the CITIZEN to be sent to his brother in eastern Texas for a year. Next.

Rev. H.C. Jolly preached at the court house last Sunday. Remember he will preach again on his regular day, the first Sunday every body go to preaching that can.

Henry Price, formerly of this county but now of Howard county was in the Hub Wednesday; called at our office and ordered the CITIZEN sent to him at Big Springs.

Mr. Faskally who has been working on the Llano ranch, spent Tuesday night in Gail and departed by stage to Big Springs. He expects to take a trip into Old Mexico and will probably locate in that county.

Messrs. Will, Albert, Clay and Dan. Wristen came in from Big Springs Monday with a big load of corn each, for J. W. Chandler's grain store. This was only a part of a car that Mr. Chandler had shipped from the east.

Misses Minnie Russell, Lucy Kincaid, Belle Kincaid, Cora Doyle, and Ray Doyle, Messrs. John Clark, Jim Kincaid, and Gibson Doyle, paid the CITIZEN office a pleasant visit Thursday night on their way home from prayer meeting.

The dance at the court house last Friday was largely attended and was an enjoyable occasion for the young people who participate in that favorite amusement. It is said to have been the most orderly gathering of that kind that has ever met in Gail.

School re-opened Monday after one week holidays. Our reporter was informed that a good many pupils have not returned to school since the holidays. This should not be the case every child that can possible attend should be at school every day, from now on until the term closes.



## DAIRY AND POULTRY.

### INTERESTING CHAPTERS FOR OUR RURAL READERS.

**How Successful Farmers Operate This Department of the Farm — A Few Hints as to the Care of Live Stock and Poultry.**

#### Poultry Briefs.

Whether or not ducks will prove profitable will depend on both the situation of the farmer and on the variety of ducks to be raised. The farmer that is near a body of water or has a large water area on his farm can utilize it as a feeding ground for ducks. If he expects to sell his birds in the general market he should not depend on the common duck, but should use only the highly developed breeds like the Black Cayuga, the Rouen, the Aylesbury and Pekin. These all prove very acceptable to the growing public. The young of these breeds are very hardy and soon attain a good weight.

Stock intended for breeding should never be permitted to get fat, as the breeding powers will be greatly lessened if not entirely destroyed. The birds that are intended for the production of future flocks should be selected now and kept by themselves. We know that on most farms no such distinction is made but all are permitted to run together. At this time of year a good part of all the poultry is being fattened for market and corn is fed indiscriminately. This is the proper thing for the birds that are to be sold, but is an unwise thing for those that are to be kept for service next year. Thus, two distinct methods of feeding should be adopted, one preparatory for marketing and the other preparatory for egg production. This applies as much to the male birds as it does to the laying hens.

According to reports from South Water street, Chicago, the supply of chickens for the holiday season promises to be about the same as last year. The supply of turkeys is reported larger than usual, as is indicated by the low prices now prevailing in the retail markets. A young spring turkey of first quality can be purchased at 12 cents per pound, and this was the price even a month ago. The low prices will greatly stimulate the consumption of this kind of poultry. The cause of the large supply of turkeys is said to be the good prices that have prevailed for some years, added to the favorableness of the season for the raising of pou. s. The supply of ducks and geese is reported somewhat less than last year. We, however, see no indication that the prices for ducks and geese will be high, as the abundance of the turkey supply will have a tendency to lessen the demand for ducks and geese.

One writer on poultry, in a book issued by him, says: "As the result of my experience of nearly half a century, I do not hesitate to affirm that no one breed of fowls has been taken in hand by the fancier that has not been seriously depreciated as a useful variety." This is a very sweeping charge, and doubtless has some truth in it, though we notice that some of the writers in the poultry papers declare it untrue. There is no doubt that the work of the fanciers during the last half of a century has been more along the line of feather, symmetry and of beauty rather than along the line of utility, especially when we consider the egg producing breeds. So it is today that if a man wants a more than ordinarily useful breed he must to some extent build it up himself. The fanciers, however, are not to blame for the course they have taken. They have responded to the demands of the general market, which calls for qualities that are visible to the eye.

In some experiments carried on at one of the western stations two lots of hens were fed differently, with the

purpose of ascertaining what the effect would be on the winter production of eggs. One lot was fed merely wheat screenings and corn, while the other and more favored lot had a variety of food and meat in abundance. The lot fed on wheat and corn alone did not begin to lay till nearly March, but they laid during the year an average of 150 eggs. The better treated lot only laid 153 eggs each. But a very large share of the eggs from the well-fed hens came in December, January and February, when eggs were high and the average price obtained for them was 18 cents per dozen. The eggs from the hens fed on wheat and corn brought only 11 cents per dozen. Thus the eggs from the hens that had a mixed ration brought \$2.30 while the eggs from the other lot brought \$1.65, a difference of 65 cents per fowl for the year. The reason is obvious to every poultryman. The other hens matured very slowly and did not reach the point where laying was a necessity till the time when the price of eggs fell to the lowest point.

#### Hardness of Butter.

At the last meeting of the California Dairymen's Association the question of the hardness of butter was taken up. It is believed that the body, or hardness, of butter is largely within control of the feeder and butter maker. It is thought by some that butter made from milk containing large globules has a lower melting point than that made from milk containing small fat globules. According to this theory, butter from Channel Island stock would be softer than that made from the so-called "cheese" breeds, a proposition that was opposed by not a few. It was stated, also, that butter made from milk taken during the latter part of the period of lactation is harder than that from milk taken soon after calving. That the body of butter can be easily affected by variations in manufacture is well known.

An important cause of difference in hardness is supposed to be difference in the relative proportions of the component parts of the butter fat caused by various kinds of feed. An increase in the stearin and palmitin, which are solids at ordinary temperatures, and a corresponding decrease in olein, which is an oil at ordinary temperatures, would cause butter to be harder, while changes of an opposite nature would make it softer. Practical experience and a few experiments show that the hardness of butter can be affected to a certain extent by the feeds given the cows. It was generally agreed that butter is made hard by the addition to the ration of a small amount of potatoes; cotton-seed meal has a similar effect, but too much of it will taint the butter. One person said oat hay and green corn fodder also have somewhat the same effect. On the other hand, linseed meal causes soft butter, and alfalfa hay when used alone does the same. An instance was given of a herd which had been fed on alfalfa and Bermuda grass and was changed to a pasture of young barley that had dried up before it was fully grown. The butter immediately became very hard. A commission merchant reported that the butter from one of his shippers suddenly became hard and would not melt as readily as usual. Upon investigation it was found that the herd had recently been turned onto a stubble field.

#### Maturity of Hogs.

Hogs vary to an astonishing degree as to the time in which they will mature. We hear yet of breeders that claim to have hogs that go on growing till they are five or six years old, but course of breeding in modern times has tended to eradicate this late maturing habit. Now most of our swine reach maturity in a little over a year and reach a marketable growth in ten months or less. For breeding animals it is advocated that the hogs be fed so that they will mature rapidly and make their growth during two years, it being argued that such hogs will have more vitality to transmit to their offspring.

#### Degrees of Flirtation.

"The avarice of man feeds upon the wrecks of industry and enterprise," said the crafty citizen. "Most men neglect opportunities to build up their own business in order to tear down the interests of their rivals."

"I have noticed, also," said the inveterate thinker, "that man's vanity feeds upon the wrecks of woman's happiness. I have known men to leave their wives sitting alone in the hotel parlor while they purr among the glib women on the veranda. The commercial flirtation is not the first degree offense."

Why doesn't some one build a monument to the man who is able to keep his mouth shut?

To an even-tempered person life is a constant blessing.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

All things have an end, even a protracted visit.

Save money by using Russ' Bleaching Blue, the famous bag blue, each package equals 25 or 50 cents worth of any other.

Love often justifies a great number of means.

When you want bluing buy Russ' Bleaching Blue, the famous bag blue, 1 package equals 25c or 50c worth of any other blue.

To make ends meet always be methodical.

Atkins' Rattle Snake Oil—Most powerful liniment known. Cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, etc. Texas Drug Co., Agents, Dallas.

We should practice sanitary methods at home.

#### Good Position.

Trustworthy men wanted to travel. Experience not absolutely necessary. For particulars address Pocahontas Tobacco Works, Bedford City, Va.

A choice between evils is sometimes abhorrent.

### HO! FOR OKLAHOMA!

3,000,000 acres new lands to open to settlement. Subscribe for THE KIGWA CHIEF, devoted to information about these lands. One year, \$1.00. Single copy, 10c. Subscribers receive free illustrated book on Oklahoma. Morgan's Manual (210 page Settlement Guide) with fine sectional map, \$1.00. Map 25c. All above, \$1.75. Address Dick T. Morgan, Perry, O. T.



**Magnetic Starch**  
The Wonder of the Age  
No Boiling No Cooking

It Stiffens the Goods  
It Whitens the Goods  
It polishes the Goods  
It makes all garments fresh and crisp as when first bought new.  
Try a Sample Package  
You'll like it if you try it.  
You'll buy it if you try it.  
You'll use it if you try it.  
Try it. Sold by all Grocers.

**MORPHINE** LAUDANUM, and all DRUG HABITS. ONLY PERFECT PAINLESS HOME CURE KNOWN. TRIAL SAMPLE FREE. ST. JAMES SOCIETY, 1181 Broadway, New York

## WINCHESTER

### GUN CATALOGUE FREE

Tells all about Winchester Rifles, Shotguns, and Ammunition

Send name and address on a postal now. Don't delay if you are interested.

**WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS CO.**  
20 WINCHESTER AVENUE NEW HAVEN, CONN.

NOT MADE BY THE TRUST  
**GEORGE WASHINGTON SODA**

Perfectly Pure. Best and Strongest on the market. Insist on having it. If your Grocer will not handle it, write us and give his name.

DIAMOND SODA WORKS, Milwaukee, Wis.

**PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION**  
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.  
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in Time. Sold by druggists.

To have polite children we should be Chesterfields ourselves.

#### Siberian Prisons Abolished.

Siberia is no longer to be a penal colony. The decree abolishing it is the result of the building of the Siberian railroad. Nothing can compare to the rapid settlement of the vast plains, unless it be the rapid growth of that famous dyspepsia cure, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Try it for constipation, indigestion, dyspepsia or flatulency.

Lucky is he who controls his temper.



## COME AND GO

In many forms

**Rheumatism  
Neuralgia  
Lumbago  
Sciatica**

make up a large part of human suffering. They come suddenly, but they go promptly by the use of

## St. Jacobs Oil

which is a certain sure cure.

**\$3.00 W.L. DOUGLAS SHOES \$3.50**  
UNION MADE

The real worth of W. L. Douglas \$3.00 and \$3.50 shoes compared with other makes is \$4.00 to \$5.00.

Our \$4 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price. Over 1,000,000 satisfied wearers.



WE USE FAST COLOR EYELETS  
One pair of W. L. Douglas \$3 or \$3.50 shoes will positively outwear two pairs of ordinary \$3 or \$3.50 shoes.

We are the largest makers of men's \$3 and \$3.50 shoes in the world. We make and sell more \$3 and \$3.50 shoes than any other two manufacturers in the U. S.

**BEST \$3.50 SHOE** "The reputation of W. L. Douglas \$3.00 and \$3.50 shoes for style, comfort, and wear is known every where throughout the world. They have to give better satisfaction than other makes because the standard has always been placed so high that the wearers expect more for their money than they can get elsewhere."  
**BEST \$3.00 SHOE**

THE REASON more W. L. Douglas \$3 and \$3.50 shoes are sold than any other make is because **THEY ARE THE BEST**. Your dealer should keep them! We give one dealer exclusive sale in each town. Take no substitute! Insist on having W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottom. If your dealer will not get them for you, send direct to factory, enclosing price and 2c. extra for carriage. State kind of leather, size, and width, plain or cap toe. Our shoes will reach you anywhere. Catalogue Free. W. L. Douglas Shoe Co., Brockton, Mass.

**DROPSY** NEW DISCOVERY: gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 DAYS' treatment FREE. DR. E. E. GREEN'S SOBS, Box 2, Atlanta, Ga.

**OPIUM WHISKY** and other drug habits cured in 30 days. Sanatorium treatment. Book and particulars FREE. B. M. WOOLEY, M. D., Atlanta, Ga.

W. N. U. DALLAS.—NO. 48—1900

For the Ladies.  
**PRIESMEYER SHOE CO.**  
**A. SHOES THAT WEAR.**  
Ask Your Dealer For Them.



There is such a thing as being entirely too unselfish.

#### At This Season of the Year

It is necessary to take some medicine to tone up the system, and no other medicine will do this as effectively as Wolfe's Aromatic Schiedam Schnapps. It has a most pleasant taste and once used no family will be without it. It has cured thousands of obstinate cases of Colic, Flatulency, Pains in the Stomach and Bowels, and is a specific for all cases of Kidney and Bladder troubles. Ask your druggist for it. Refuse worthless substitutes and insist on having Wolfe's Schnapps.

Do not be controlled too much by dyspepsia.

FREE IF YOU WRITE AT ONCE.

An illustrated catalogue of 264 pages, and 3,500 engravings, has just been issued which must interest all who read this notice. It is issued by the Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., Broadway, corner Locust st., St. Louis, and it is full of new and desirable articles suitable for Christmas gifts, ranging in price from 25 cents to \$1,000. It is so complete that one cannot buy Christmas goods to advantage without consulting it, especially as the house is known by the well-earned title of "The Lowest Priced House in America for Fine Goods." All that is new and desirable in diamonds, watches, silverware, cut glass, clocks, china wares, umbrellas, art wares, optical goods, fine stationery, etc., are contained in this great catalogue, and St. Louis is brought right to your doors, as the firm sells at St. Louis prices and pays express charges to any part of the United States. To each of the first 10,000 who send in their names and addresses, a copy of this catalogue will be mailed, postage paid. Write at once to insure receiving it.

Small boys are on the look out for Santa Claus.

#### Best for the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. CASCARETS Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

Perfume is a good thing, but it should be used sparingly.

Agents—It's out: "Destruction of Galveston"; most pathetic description of the greatest disaster by water since the flood of Noah, in song; agents get rich quick. For song or agency address the author, J. L. MERRITT, Tecumseh, O. T.

Spelling bees and stinging bees are warm members.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES are fast to sunlight, washing and rubbing.

If we could but correct life's proof sheet!

#### Carter's Ink

Used by millions, which is a sure proof of its quality. Send for free booklet, "Inklings." Address Carter's Ink Co., Boston, Mass.

One can have no higher ideal in life than to be good.

#### The Best Prescription for Chills

and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price, 50c.

Courage is a good quality, but avoid rashness.

Atkins' Rattle Snake Oil—Most powerful liniment known. Cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Sprains, Backache, Crick in Neck, Headache, Lumbago. Texas Drug Co., Agents, Dallas.

Remember, that we all have failings without adding to same.

#### Catarh Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, price 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Never give away a present with an ill grace.

Frimley's California Fruit Gum contains the most delicious qualities of western fruits.

It is a favorite business aphorism that three partners were never known to get along.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of the throat and lungs.—Wm. O. ENDSLEY, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

You can't blame the star actor for trying to run the show.

#### GEORGE WASHINGTON SODA.

Strongest, best and perfectly pure. Makes the lightest biscuits. Insist on having it.

Birds of a feather flock together, particularly sparrows.

Luxuriant hair with its youthful color assured by using PARKER'S HAIR BALM. HINDERCOMBS, the best cure for corns. 15c.

Lucre, more than love, leads many to matrimony.

#### STONE IN THE BLADDER.

My son has suffered with stone in the bladder eight years. I have taken him to several watering places, also to Cincinnati, New York, Chicago and Nashville, where he was put under eminent physicians, with no improvement; on the contrary, it was gradually getting larger, until I lost all hope of getting him cured, when I was told of Smith's Sure Kidney Cure. I had him try it, and to my surprise he began to improve at once, and he was cured with two bottles. His general health has improved wonderfully. JOHN E. DEDMAN, Memphis, Tenn. Price 50 cents. For sale by all druggists.

Sweet is the sympathy of a bona fide friend.

FITS Permanently Cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE \$2.00 trial bottle and treatise. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

How sweet the love of our ideal is to us!

#### Saddle Making Our Specialty.

Write for Catalog. CAN SAVE YOU MONEY. \$25 Saddle for \$20. Our work guaranteed, sent subject to examination before you pay. E. C. Dodson & Co., Dallas, Tex.

A fair form sometimes conceals a foul heart.

"A plain duty for stockman," says R. W. Hall, Esq., of Vernon, Texas, with reference to the International Livestock exposition. Santa Fe route will sell excursion tickets to Chicago for this occasion.

An envious nature is certainly to be pitied.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE TABLETS. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on the box. 25c.

He who earns his own education appreciates it.

#### MARRIAGE PAPER.

Best Published—FREE. J. W. GUNNELS, Toledo, Ohio.

Some men's political fields are potato patches only.

"University for Stockman"—the International Livestock exposition at Chicago, Dec. 1st to 8th, 1900. Ask Santa Fe agents about low excursion rates to Chicago.

#### Oklahoma Opportunities

Is the title of a little book published by the Passenger Department of the Great Rock Island Route, giving detailed description of the Kiowa and Comanche Reservations, commonly known as the "Fort Sill Country," which is to be opened for settlement in the near future. It also contains the laws under which settlers can obtain homesteads, together with other valuable information for those who propose to obtain a home in the fertile Indian Territory.

Copy of book will be mailed free upon application to

CHAS. B. SLOAT, G. P. A., C. R. I. & T. Ry., Fort Worth, Texas.

"It is to the cattle interests what Yale is to the educational interests"—International Livestock exposition. Reduced rates to Chicago and return for this occasion. Ask Santa Fe agents about it.

# "Oh! Dear I'm so Tired."



The ordinary every-day life of most of our women is a ceaseless treadmill of work.

How much harder the daily tasks become when some derangement of the female organs makes every movement painful and keeps the nervous system all unstrung!

One day she is wretched and utterly miserable; in a day or two she is better and laughs at her fears, thinking there is nothing much the matter after all; but before night the deadly backache reappears, the limbs tremble, the lips twitch—it seems as though all the imps of Satan were clutching her vitals; she goes to pieces and is flat on her back.

No woman ought to arrive at this terrible state of misery, because these symptoms are a sure forerunner of womb troubles. She must remember that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is almost an infallible cure for all female ills, such as irregularity of periods, which cause weak stomach, sick headache, etc., displacements and inflammation of the womb, or any of the multitudes of illnesses which beset the female organism.

**Mrs. Gooden wrote to Mrs. Pinkham when she was in great trouble. Her letter tells the result.**

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I am very grateful to you for your kindness and the interest you have taken in me, and truly believe that your medicines and advice are worth more to a woman than all the doctors in the world. My troubles began with inflammation and hemorrhages from the kidneys, then inflammation, congestion and falling of the womb, and inflammation of the ovaries. I underwent local treatment every day for some time; then, after nearly two months, the doctor gave me permission to go back to work. I went back, but in less than a week was compelled to give up and go to bed. On breaking down the second time, I decided to let doctors and medicines alone and try your remedies. Before the first bottle was gone I felt the effects of it. Three bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and a package of Sanative Wash did me more good than all the doctors' treatments and medicine. I have gained twelve pounds during the last two months and am better in every way. Thanking you for your kind advice and attention, I remain, Yours gratefully, "MRS. E. J. GOODEN, Ackley, Iowa."



**\$5000 REWARD** Owing to the fact that some skeptical people have from time to time questioned the genuineness of the testimonial letters we are constantly publishing, we have deposited with the National City Bank, of Lynn, Mass., \$5,000, which will be paid to any person who will show that the above testimonial is not genuine, or was published before obtaining the writer's special permission.—LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO.

**PATENTS** WITHOUT FEE unless successful. Send description and get free opinion. MILO R. STEVENS & CO., Estab. 1864. Div. 2, 317-14th Street, WASHINGTON, D. C. Branch offices: Chicago, Cleveland and Detroit.

**PARALYSIS** Locomotor Ataxia conquered at last. Doctors puzzled. Specialists amazed at recovery of patients thought incurable. DR. CHASE'S BLOOD AND NERVE SOUP. Write me about your case. Advice and proof of cure FREE. DR. CHASE, 224 N. 10th St., PHILADELPHIA, PA.

# "La Creole" Will Restore those Gray Hairs

La Creole Hair Restorer is a Perfect Dressing and Restorer Price \$1.00



### The Passing Century.

From Eternity with greeting  
Came He to the sons of men.  
Now behold his steps retreating  
To Eternity again.

Nineteen Christian centuries passing  
Time hath marshaled; and the last.  
All his fears in fame surpassing  
Joineth soon the storied Past.

Forth he goes with memories tender,  
Gracious gifts and faults that mar,  
Hastening his account to render  
At stern History's Judgment Bar.

Buried epochs rise to meet him,  
Praise and plaudit fill his ears,  
Saints and heroes throng to greet him,  
Envoys of the Elder Year.

Fruitful Industry is flinging  
Myriad trophies at his feet,  
Learning, science, art, are bringing  
Garlands for the victor meet.

O'er them all one laurel noted  
High above his brow is set,  
To his loftiest fame devoted  
This unrivaled coronet.

Raise the shout and fill the flagon  
For that hour of manly prime  
When he met and slew the dragon,  
Crushed forever slavery's chain.

Yet no idle exaltation  
Doth with pride his bosom swell,  
Nor may strains of self laudation  
Trumpet-tongued his triumphs tell.

But in counsel and prediction  
See the aged Century wait,  
Hail outstretched in benediction  
Toward the conqueror at the gate.

One about to die saluteth  
Thee the latest child of time.  
Sacred task to thee imputeth,  
Thou shalt make thine age sublime.

"Nigh two thousand years have vanished  
Since the primal Christmas morn,  
Yet hath warfare not been banished,  
Peace on Earth is still unborn.

"Twentieth Century, may thy mission  
Bid the noise of battle cease,  
Bring to pass the Prophet's vision  
Of the promised Age of Peace."

MARY HALL LEONARD, in the National Magazine.

The life boats around the  
British coast during the last year  
rescued 690 people.

Felix Doherty, a millionaire  
living in McCarty's Station,  
Ariz., died a few days ago.

A German doctor finds that  
only in one case out of fifteen are  
both eyes in good condition.

Another case of kidnapping;  
in California this time, soon that  
will get as common as train robbing.

The United States is to have  
a fleet of fifty torpedo boats, the  
cost of which will be \$231,000  
each.

Mineral production in the  
United States last year it is said  
will reach a value of nearly \$1,  
000,000,000.

It is estimated that the number  
if Germans and their descendants  
in the United States is about 15,  
000,000.

"Shanghai" Pierce, the cattle  
king of Texas, died suddenly on  
Dec. 26th. His wealth is estimat-  
ed at \$10,000,000.

Kentucky is in the lead with  
Christmas tragedies; quite a  
number being reported in the  
St. Louis Republic, of Dec. 27th.

It is said that in the United  
States last year one passenger  
killed for every 2,189,023, carried  
and one injured for every 151,-  
998 carried.

The largest nugget of gold ever  
found on the North American  
continent was recently picked up  
in the Klondike. It weighed 71  
ounces and was valued at \$13,500.

Remember the mass meeting  
Saturday. Don't fail to be there  
on time. Put your fist to the  
petition and thereby show the  
members of the Legislature that  
you want this country opened up  
for settlement.

Miss Rockefeller, daughter of  
John D. Rockefeller, the Stan-  
dard Oil King, is to wed Mr. E.  
Parmelee, Prentice of Chicago,  
which will take place on Jan. 17th.  
More than 3,000 invitations  
have been sent out.

If the present absolute lease  
law was done away with, there  
would not be one section of school  
land unsold in a very short time.  
The whole country would be set-  
tled with people who want homes  
and who are willing to pay for  
them.

Fifty millions of dollars are to  
be expended on five new battle  
ships and six new cruisers  
the bids have already been opened  
The United States, as fits her  
station and necessity, is deter-  
mined to stand among the first-  
class naval powers.

According to the newspaper  
report, a new effort is likely to  
be made to induce Congress to  
grant recognitions of some kind  
to Naval Constructor, Richmond  
P. Hobson, for his gallant con-  
duct in sinking the Collier Mer-  
rimac in the harbor of Santiago.

More persons were killed and  
injured in factories in the state of  
New York last year than fell in  
Uncle Sam's army and navy dur-  
ing the Spanish-American war.  
The figures were as follows:  
Killed in factories, 910; injured,  
40,000. Killed in Spanish-Amer-  
ican war, 203; wounded 1,557.-  
Ex.

Get your job printing done  
at the CITIZEN office, we have  
good type, and know how to use  
it.

### Reward for Kidnappers.

Mr. Cudahy whose son was  
kidnapped a short time ago has  
now given out the following  
statement:

"I offer and will pay a reward  
of \$5,000 for the arrest and con-  
viction of any one of the men  
who kidnapped my son, Edward  
Cudahy; \$15,000 for the arrest  
and conviction of all three.

This is a standing offer, and will  
be paid cash down without ques-  
tion at any time when the above  
conditions have been complied  
with."

### A Close Call.

E. F. Edgely now lies in his  
room at the St. James Hotel, re-  
covering from a heavy dose of  
opiates administered by himself  
to induce sleep and rest at a time  
when he was enduring great  
physical pain. When found he  
had been under the influence of  
the drug for 20 hours.

It was noticed that Mr. Edgely  
did not visit the clipper office all  
day Wednesday, and as he has  
been faithful and regular during  
the past this attracted attention.  
Late in the afternoon Mr. Simp-  
son and the editor of this paper  
decided that Mr. Edgely must be  
sick, and Mr. Simpson partly  
upon our suggestion decided to  
visit Mr. Edgely's room, where  
he found Mr. Edgely in a very  
deep sleep. Dr. Homan was  
called in and succeeded in bring-  
ing him around all right.

Mr. Edgely is a constant suf-  
ferer, and he commands the  
sympathy and respect of every-  
body in Colorado. He is a quiet,  
pleasant gentleman and every-  
body hopes to see him well soon.  
—Colorado Spokesman.

### Mr. Bryan's Paper.

Hon. W. J. Bryan has given  
out the following interview con-  
cerning his paper, the Commoner  
the publication of which he will  
soon begin: "I have had for  
several years in contemplation  
the establishment of a weekly  
newspaper, and this seems an  
opportune time for undertaking  
it. I intend to devote my life to  
study and discussion of public  
questions. I have taken this  
method because it will best accom-  
plish the purpose which I have  
in view. Through a paper will  
be able to keep in touch with  
social, economic, political prob-  
lems. The paper will at the  
same time, if successful, provide  
an income sufficient for many  
pecuniary needs and the work  
will allow more time with my  
family than I have been able to  
enjoy for several years past. I  
expect to lecture occasionally,  
especially in college towns, where  
I can speak to students, but my  
principal work will be done with  
pen or perhaps I should say,  
with the pencil.

"The paper will be called the  
'Commoner,' and I will defend the  
principle set forth in the Kan-  
sas City platform. I shall be  
publisher and editor. Lincoln will  
be the place of publication."  
—Colorado Spokesman.

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