

Spicy Contributions
Are wanted by The Journal. They should be tersely written and devoted to Live Topics

The Texas Stock Journal.

Devoted to the Agricultural and Live Stock Interests of Texas and the Southwest.

DALLAS, FORT WORTH AND SAN ANTONIO, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1900.

Largest Weekly Circulation in Texas Guaranteed by Advertisers.

The Journal now issues two extra editions—
The TEXAS STOCK JOURNAL
The TEXAS FARM JOURNAL
If you receive either of these editions and prefer the other, advise us to that effect on a postal card.

SHOW AT ATLANTA

BREEDERS FROM MANY STATES SENT CATTLE TO EXHIBITION

Ballways Won Blue Ribbon Over Hereford and Shorthorns—The Breeding of Fine Cattle in the Southern States, Dairy Cattle in Georgia, Tennessee and the Carolinas.

It is only within the last decade that much interest in cattle breeding has been manifested in the Gulf states east of the Mississippi river. In 1895 there was a small exhibition of livestock at Atlanta, Ga., in connection with the Cotton States exposition, and since that time considerable attention has been directed to the breeding industry with the result that a nucleus for what in days to come may prove a thriving center has been secured in Florida and Mississippi, and some little interest is also shown in the other states. Another cattle exhibit was made at the Atlanta fair, which closed a few days ago, and its success is described as follows by a correspondent of the National Stockman and Farmer:

The Jerseys were well represented by the magnificent herd from the Ballmore Farm, N. C., in which are one or two record-smashing cows and a bull that would please any Jersey breeder. There were two or three smaller herds of Jersey present, but each herd showed valuable animals.

Holstein-Friesians: Moore, of Missouri, showed a splendid herd, and there were, besides, four other fine herds, among them two very creditable Georgia herds. The Georgia herds of Holsteins and Jerseys show that purebred milk cattle are handled right here at home. This is a great dairy country and some very fine cattle are raised here.

Lindsay, of New Jersey, showed a herd of Ayrshires which he is very proud of, and he is sure that these cattle will meet the demands of the south for dairy and beef as no other breed can, and one or two Georgia exhibits of this breed seemed to show that these little cattle certainly do well in Georgia.

The Red Polls: Davis, of Indiana, showed a nice herd of the milk strain, which certainly had all the size belonging to the breeders. His aged bull was a wonder here. He certainly would go over 2500 pounds in anything like full flesh. The people here were pleased with them because they are hardy and of perfect color.

The Beef Breeds.—This line of cattle held the crowds, because such cattle as

these had never been seen here; probably entered a perfect show these breeds has never before come south. The Aberdeen-Angus were missed, but their great competitors, the beautiful, blocky Galloways, were here sure enough. Swigart, of Illinois, has his choice herd here, some of the members of which are going to figure at the great Fat Stock show at Chicago. Four of his cows in their class are almost perfect.

Shorthorns: Watson, the Ohio breeder, had the fine lot, among them two heifers and a bull calf that would show well in any company. Their lack of uniformity in color was against him in the show for sweepstakes herd. Davis, of Indiana, had a nice lot of Shorthorns, among them a very stylish young bull and an aged cow of fine color and good quality. There were other Shorthorn present.

Hereford: Murray Boocock, of the Castalia Farm, Virginia, had his fine herd here and in fine form, too. The beauty was one thing that every one could see, but their quality was the delight of the cattlemen. His imported bull, Salisbury, was confessedly the finest bull on the ground, appearance, condition and quality considered. These Herefords attracted big notice here.

The grand sweepstakes premium offered to the best beef herd drew out a contest that for the south was without a parallel. It would be hard to get together at any fair herds of the different breeds so evenly matched. Five herds entered the race for these big honors, and when they were paraded and then drawn up in order in the show pen, it was a sight one rarely sees, and never forgets. The Red Polls were outclassed and stood no chance in such a presence, so the contest lay between two Shorthorn herds, the Boocock herd of Herefords and the Swigart herd of Galloways. The cattle were all well fitted. The Galloways and Herefords had their hair curled from nose to tail. The horns of the Hereford herd would make one confess that horns were made for ornament as well as defense. I shall never forget the magnificent white points of that Hereford herd as they stood awaiting the judge's decision.

It was a close fight, and the judge was almost one hour in reaching his decision. At last the suspense was broken. The blue went to the Galloways, the red to the Herefords, and the white to Watson's Shorthorns. The perfect form of those Galloways was what won the fight. The bull was a little blubbery, but the cows were faultless. Salisbury at the head of his herd seemed to protest against the decision, but he couldn't help it.

NEWS OF THE LIVE STOCK WORLD

ABERDEEN-ANGUS MEETING

The annual meeting of the Aberdeen-Angus association was held in Chicago a few days ago. The following officers were elected: President, W. F. Dickenson, Redwood Falls, Minn.; vice president, L. H. Kerrick, Bloomington, Ill. The directors were re-elected.

FINE CATTLE FOR MEXICO

The government of Mexico has commissioned Mr. Benj. Darlington, of San Antonio, to take into the republic a shipment of fine livestock, consisting of three carloads of cattle, horses and hogs recently exhibited at the San Antonio fair, and taking premiums there. The government wishes custom duties. The lot will be offered for sale to Mexicans who desire to improve their stock.

DRY IN ARIZONA

Sheep owners near Williams, Arizona, have been compelled to have the railroad company haul water for their flocks from Winslow, at Flagstaff, where the water supply was considered inexhaustible, the same conditions prevail. Pine trees are dying in the mountains by the thousands. The recent rains were not as extensive as at first reported, and in many districts the long drought still continues.

EXPERIMENTAL FEEDING

The State Agricultural college of Kansas, in its farm department, has grouped 130 calves for experimental purposes into feeding lots which will be pushed to the limit of the country and marketed in June as baby beef. One hundred head are to be fed in a test of alfalfa and prairie hay, corn, kafir corn and soy beans. Thirty head are to be fed in a test of the value of condimental foods.

TEXAS FAT STOCK SHOW

The committee appointed by the Fort Worth board of trade to arrange for the fat cattle exhibition in connection with the Texas Livestock association show, held a meeting in Fort Worth early this week. The premium lists were discussed and arrangements for the success of the exhibition furthered. It is stated that the National Hereford association and the American Shorthorn association will each offer \$500 in premiums, the city of Fort Worth to offer like amounts. In addition, other premiums will be offered.

COLORADO STOCKMEN TO MEET

Amendments and additions to the stock laws of Colorado will be discussed in a convention of stockmen to be held in Denver, Dec. 13, 14 and 15. A special meeting of the Lincoln county stock growers and the Elbert county Wool Growers was held in Denver recently with the result that a general call for a delegate convention was issued. Each live stock association of Colorado may appoint one delegate at large and one delegate for each 5000 head of stock represented. In counties lacking associations the chairman of the board of county commissioners may appoint three stockmen as delegates. The governor of the state also has the power to appoint three delegates at large who must be representative stockmen. Among the purposes of the convention will be the elimination of politics from stock legislation as well as to provide for the equitable disposition of the stray funds, and the money received from tax on brands. A strenuous endeavor will be made to have the stock laws so amended and added to, that the industry may receive direct benefit, and the politician cut out of possible interference with it.

VETERINARIANS NEEDED

Discussing the work of the bureau of animal industry in a recent interview in the Kansas City Telegram, Dr. A. D. Melvin, assistant chief of the bureau, said: "The bureau has been increasing the scope of its work recently and every effort is being made to provide the best service to the public. The recent enlargements of the service refer to the sheep inspection service. Sheepmen seem to appreciate our efforts as soon as they understand our aim. There was some complaint at first before the service was fully organized, but since we have made it efficient, it is meeting with general approval. We find a scarcity of veterinarians suitable for our work; the doctor continued, and need some yet. There are plenty of applicants, but the examinations prove too rigid and more fall than pass. In view of the recent troubles of the livestock sanitary boards of Kansas, Missouri and Illinois, among the tuberculosis question, Dr. Melvin was asked if the bureau would take any action on this question. "We already furnish tuberculin for tests to any one who requests it," he replied, "but further than that our authority is limited. Our regulations now prohibit the importation of tuberculous cattle, but the disease is too widely scattered throughout the various sections of the country for us to attempt to remedy it by a quarantine. We would not know what sections to quarantine. The disease is not so bad as some claim, though I suppose every State has it more or less. The bureau of animal industry maintains a strict most inspection service at all the public slaughter-houses, and other countries now generally accept our meats, with one or two exceptions, without assistance. Our last trouble was with Turkey. She prohibited the importation of meat from the United States a year ago this summer. However, Turkey's annual importation of United States meats is very small, amounting to only about 3500 pounds, all told, the last year she accepted

them. Since our most inspection service has been brought up to its present standard, foreign countries are more inclined to use our meats."

SHEEP DRANK DIPPING MIXTURE

On the Black ranch near Santa Fe, N. M., 500 sheep were killed by dipping them while so thirsty that they drank the dip while swimming through it. The sheep were skinned and the carcasses piled up in great heaps. The Mexican herders are blamed for not watering the sheep before dipping them.

ILLINOIS BREEDERS MEET

The annual meeting of the Illinois Livestock Breeders' association is in session at Springfield, Ill. A fine program is offered. One entire day is to be devoted to practical lessons in stock judging. Animals will be taken as objects lessons and their merits and defects pointed out. Reasons will be given and the plainest explanations made. Types and qualities will be thoroughly discussed by competent and in some instances famous, authorities. The convention lasts three days, Nov. 13, 14 and 15.

TOO SOON TO GUESS

After a recent tour of the cattle growing sections of Texas, W. P. Anderson, livestock agent of the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe railways, repeats a peculiar condition among herds never before in his twenty-five years knowledge of them. Mr. Anderson declines to make a definite estimate of the cattle that will be fed in the State this season, but says that it will depend wholly upon the price of feedstuffs. He thinks feeders in sight now will not exceed 30,000 and that, always depending upon the price of feedstuffs, the low enough, there may be put on feed in Texas anywhere from 100,000 to 350,000 head. At this time one can not even offer a guess.

HOGS WITH UNCLEVET FEET?

K. D. Kirby, of Osbourne, Washington county, Ark., claims to have discovered a peculiar condition among his hogs, in that a few head of them have round, unclenched feet. In a recent shipment to Kansas City two shoats were said to have this strange marking, and Mr. Kirby claims to have two head similarly marked in his pens. The story may be true, the Journal will not venture the assertion that it is not; but it sounds very much like a feature of the famous story of the Cubino made immortal by Gov. Barnett Gibbs, of Dallas.

DIED FROM A BITE

Silas Carson, an Arizona cowboy, while sleeping on the range in the latter part of August near Wilcox, Arizona, was awakened by the movement of some animal that had sought refuge in his blanket. Carson sprang up and found a snarling skunk with foam dripping from its mouth. Slapping at the animal with his hand, he was bitten on the animal's head before he could kill it. The wound soon healed and was forgotten until a few days ago when Carson was seized with convulsions. Physicians were consulted and after hearing his story they decided that the unfortunate man had hydrophobia. The patient was brought to El Paso and physicians decided that the only remedy was to give him a course of the carbolic acid treatment. Terrible convulsions and indescribable suffering Carson died. The young man was originally from Blanco City, Tex., where his parents are now living. Mr. Carson was 39 years old.

ELECTION WEEK RECEIPTS

The receipts of stock at the western markets last week fell off greatly. The cattle receipts at five western points—Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis and St. Joseph, were 102,100; hogs 257,100; sheep 116,200. The week in cattle was the highest since the week of Sept. 4, and the week's receipts of hogs was the smallest since the week of Sept. 1, the receipts of sheep being less than any week since Aug. 4. The week in hogs was smaller than any week since the week of Sept. 1, the receipts of sheep being less than any week since Aug. 4. The week in hogs was smaller than any week since the week of Sept. 1, the receipts of sheep being less than any week since Aug. 4. The week in hogs was smaller than any week since the week of Sept. 1, the receipts of sheep being less than any week since Aug. 4.

INSPECTOR IN GREAT BRITAIN

At the request of a large number of cattle importers, the federal government has sent Dr. G. A. Geddes of the bureau of animal industry of the United States agricultural department to Great Britain. The doctor's duty will be to inspect cattle intended for export to this country. This new departure is caused by the alarming and increased prevalence of contagious diseases, especially tuberculosis, among the fine imported cattle. Many inspectors have had cattle condemned after reaching this country, and have thus suffered serious loss. The 90 day quarantine rule adopted last March for all imported cattle, will still operate in the doctor's residence in London being intended as an additional precaution.

INCREASE IN PRICE

The Chicago packers made a fat increase of one cent a pound on dressed beef, pork and mutton in a single day last week. It is estimated upon last week's business that the increase will yield in one year to the packers the following sum: Dressed beef \$15,000,000, dressed pork and pork products \$20,000,000, mutton \$4,000,000, making a total addition to the income of the packers of \$39,000,000. The sudden raise threw the retailers into a temporary panic, from which they recovered in time to increase the price to consumers as much as 5c on choice cuts of beef, as much on pork tenderloins and 3 cents on mutton chops. The ad-

vance by the retailer to the consumer will average 25 per cent, for the waste in carcass doubles the increase in the cost of the salable portions. The packers claim that for several years they have been selling dressed meats at a loss. Within six months the price of meat stuffs has increased \$2.50 per 100 pounds, but there has been no corresponding increase in the price of cattle, sheep and hogs.

FOR FEED IN NEVADA

Australian salt fish is found by people in San Diego county, Nevada, to be a fine feed and just the thing needed in their deserts and dry valleys. It gathers up what moisture it can get and keeps something like green even in the dry summer months, often having a spread of from 15 to 20 feet in its top. All animals are fond of it and after the drouth eats everything else up the salt bush is still to be depended on.

HIGHPRICED SHORTHORNS

An average of nearly \$700 a head was received at a recent Shorthorn sale in Great Britain. Many of the best head came to the United States and Canada. The cattle were the property of W. S. Marr of Uppermill and Mr. Duthie of Collynie, both of whom own very famous herds of Shorthorns. The Collynie cattle, 13 head, averaged \$718.50, at this sale the highest price ever paid for a Shorthorn. The highest price at the sale went to Violet Victor for which P. L. Mills paid 355 guineas or \$154,055. Primrose Parde went to Gloucestershire at \$188.50. There is also a constantly increasing home demand for pure bred bulls to raise the quality of cattle bred by the general farmer. Competition in the world's beef market has grown so sharp that English breeders see their only hope is in raising the very best beef cattle. The Northumberland Agricultural society is so fully determined that this is the only proper course that it has, through its committee, determined to place stud bulls all over the county at convenient stations, at the service of its members. The breeding of cavalry horses and ponies has

been greatly stimulated by the recent wars in which Great Britain has been engaged. The demand for dray and trotting horses is also very good. American Letters, which The American Together the outlook for the breeder in Great Britain, as well as elsewhere, is good.

HEREFORD SALE AT OMAHA

The Elmdorf Hereford dispersion sale took place last week in South Omaha. There were 69 lots offered and sold. Binky May, 7229, calved January 1898, sire St. Louis, dam May Flower, of the Iowa experiment farm, brought the top price for females \$500 and Lord Daylight, 71335, calved Dec. 1895, sire Earl of Shadeland 30th, dam Delight, brought the biggest sum paid for bulls, \$450. Fifty-five cows averaged \$237.33 and 65 head averaged \$213.07, the total of the sale being \$27,740. The buyers were from Missouri, Nebraska, Nevada, Iowa and other points, the cattle being scattered pretty well over the country.

POLLED DURHAMS

Not many years ago the breed now known as Shorthorns were generally called Durhams, and though they have been improved the blood is the same now. The Polled Durhams are Shorthorns with no horns at all, and while some claim them to be sports, they probably have a portion of the Polled Norfolk or some other polled breed among their ancestry. This is practically acknowledged by the admitting of Polled Durham to registry in the herdbook of that breed, if they can show 96% per cent of the Shorthorn blood. This means seven generations of Shorthorn blood practically, for the sixth generation would be only 63 parts of pure blood. There are now about 1500 animals so registered, and they are claimed to be equal to the Shorthorn in beef qualities, while some strains have a good reputation as dairy or general purpose cows. They are a breed of purely American origin, but this can scarcely be claimed as a great distinction, as many of the other breeds have been so improved since they were imported that they may be said to be naturalized Americans.

J. A. Bradford of Eastland county, bought 50 calves from Judge Pardue of Clisco.

COMBINATION PUBLIC SALE

60 Registered Shorthorn Cattle,

At the New Sale Pavilion, Kansas City, Mo., Tuesday, November 20th, 1900.

The offering will consist of 15 BULLS and 45 COWS and HEIFERS. Thirty of the cows will be bred. It has been selected out of three well known Kansas herds, that of H. M. Hill, Lafontaine, Wilson county, C. F. Wolf & Son, Ottawa, Franklin county, and B. W. Gowdy, Garnett, Anderson county. The Hill draft will consist of 8 BULLS and 17 COWS and HEIFERS; the draft of Wolf & Son 4 BULLS and 16 COWS and HEIFERS; and the Gowdy draft 3 BULLS and 12 COWS and HEIFERS. The breeding of the combined offering represents CRUICKSHANK, SCOTCH TOPPED AND CRUICKSHANK-BATES with a few SCOTCH AND ATEES TOPPED on best American families.

SALE WILL BEGIN PROMPTLY AT 1 O'CLOCK P. M.
For catalogue address:
H. M. HILL, LAFONTAINE, KAN.
B. W. GOWDY, GARNETT, KANSAS.
C. W. WOLF & SON, OTTAWA, KANSAS.
AUCTIONEERS, Col. J. W. Judy and J. W. SPARKS.

GRAND SERIES OF COMBINATION SALES

During the Great International Live Stock Exposition at Dexter Park, Union Stock Yards, Chicago.

HEREFORDS.	SHORT-HORNS.
100 HEAD December 4th & 5th, 1900.	100 HEAD December 6th & 7th, 1900.

For Catalogs Apply to C. R. THOMAS, Secy, Independence, Mo.			For Catalogs Apply to J. H. PICKRELL, Secy, Springfield, Ill.
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ABERDEEN-ANGUS.	GALLOWAYS.
100 HEAD December 6th & 7th, 1900.	100 HEAD December 6th & 7th, 1900.

For Catalogs Apply to
W. C. McGAUOCK, Mgr.,
Mt. Pulaski, Ill.

Excursion Rates on All Railroads.

The Chappell-Leonard-Sawyer-Smith-Waddell

Combination Hereford Cattle Sale

At the Kansas City Stock Yards New Sale Pavilion, Wednesday and Thursday, November 21 and 22, 1900.

110-- 30 Bulls and 80 Cows and Heifers --110

These cattle are the get of our herd bulls, Grove Briton, Hestod 30th, Shadeland Dean, Earl of Shadeland 30th, Oakwood Hestod 2d, Premier (by Beau Brummel). In addition to these bulls there will be representatives of Hestod 3d, Cherry Boy, Beau Deau, Washington and Weston Stamms. About 50 of the females will have calves at foot, and the balance of breeding age will be bred. We would respectfully call the attention of the reader to the popular blood lines of our offering and we leave their worth, individually, to the judgment of the cattle breeding public.

Your Prices Will Be Ours.

Auctioneers: Col. Woods, Edmondson and Sparks. For catalogues apply to Walter B. Waddell, Lexington, Mo.
L. B. CHAPPELL, N. W. LEONARD, T. C. SAWYER, C. B. SMITH, W. B. WADDELL,
Mt. Leonard, Mo. Fayette, Mo. Lexington, Mo. Fayette, Mo. Lexington, Mo.

ARMOUR-FUNKHOUSER PUBLIC SALE!

.. Imported and American Herefords ..

New Sale Pavilion Kansas City Stock Yards,
Tuesday, Dec. 11, and Wednesday, Dec. 12.

10 Imported Bulls,	25 American Bulls.
30 Imported Cows.	45 American Cows.

We pledge ourselves to offer a grand lot of cattle from the best families of England and America, among them Young Kansas Lad, the 3-year-old bull now being used in the Armour herd; climax 4th, the 4-year-old Armour sire; Beau Real's Maid, the famous \$2,250 cow; the Queen's heifer Busybody; imported Rosecrop, and the show cows Hortensia 9th and Vernal.

KIRK B. ARMOUR, Kansas City, Mo.
JAS. A. FUNKHOUSER, Plattsburg, Mo.

CATALOGUE READY NOVEMBER 1.

Cols. Judy, Woods, Sparks, Edmondson and Jones, Auctioneers

Attention is called to the Shorthorn sale of H. C. Duncan and George Bothwell on December 13 and 14. See announcement below.

PUBLIC SALE OF

Maple Hill and Clover Blossom Shorthorns

At Kansas City, Mo., December 13 and 14.

100 Head Scotch and Scotch-Topped Bulls and Heifers

SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

George Bothwell, H. C. Duncan, OSBORN, MO.
NETLETON, MO.
COLS. WOODS AND SPARKS, Auctioneers.

Attention is called to the Hereford sale of Kirk B. Armour and James A. Funkhouser on December 11 and 12. See announcement above.

...Great Combination Sale...

Of 100 Head Hereford and Shorthorn Cattle

From REYNOLDS BROS. & ANDREWS' Well-Known Herds of Higbee, Missouri.

In this sale we will offer to the people of Texas the choice selections of these herds. Such bulls as Getchey, Shadelow, English Lad and Select Knight, and 20 other bulls of good breeding as can be had in this country of England.

This sale will consist of 50 females from one to five years old. The Shorthorn consist of such breeds as Cruikshank, Young Mary, Rose of Sharon. We especially invite all lovers of good cattle, both ladies and gentlemen, to attend this sale.

This sale will take place at

Union Stock Yards, FORT WORTH TEXAS.

Nov. 27 & 28, 1900. Don't Forget the Date.

Col. R. E. EDMONDSON, Auctioneer.

POULTRY.

MRS. L. E. FOWLER GORDONVILLE... Mrs. L. E. Fowler, Gordonville, Texas, Mammoth...

T. MORRIS, BOX 145 BOWIE... T. Morris, Bowie, Texas, 100 single-combed Brown...

W. HUNTER-HANDLEY TEXAS... W. Hunter-Handley, Texas, 100 single-combed Brown...

M. LEHURST FARM, RUSSELLVILLE... M. Lehurst Farm, Russellville, Tenn., B. Duck, Poland...

E. EDWARDS, IOWA PARK TEXAS... E. Edwards, Iowa Park, Texas, Golden, Silver and White Wyandottes...

W. R. MICKLE, SHEPTON COLLIN... W. R. Mickle, Shepton Collin, Texas, Fine poultry...

W. W. JACKSON, IOWA PARK TEXAS... W. W. Jackson, Iowa Park, Texas, Eggs from White and Barred Plymouth...

J. W. PITTMAN, BENDROCK TEXAS... J. W. Pittman, Bendrock, Texas, Bendrock Poultry Farm...

P. LOCKRIDGE, AUSTIN, TEXAS... P. Lockridge, Austin, Texas, For sale, 100 White Leghorns...

EX BARZ, BENDROCK TEXAS... Ex Barz, Bendrock, Texas, Barred Plymouth Rocks...

A. L. GIVENS-DELVALE TEXAS... A. L. Givens-Delvale, Texas, Fine Birds a Specialty...

The Benedict Co. of Florida has... The Benedict Co. of Florida has eight 2500 acres of hammock land...

POULTRY

PEAFOWLS—Some breeders claim... Peafowls—Some breeders claim that the peafowl excels the turkey...

SHOW AT KANSAS CITY—The Kansas... Show at Kansas City—The Kansas City Poultry Breeders' association...

FEEDING GEESSE.—The first feed for... Feeding Geesse.—The first feed for goslings is grass, fed on corn...

HEALTH AND DISEASE.—The success... Health and Disease.—The success of poultry raising depends...

THE POULTRY CROP.—The annual... The Poultry Crop.—The annual report sent out by the Sprague commission...

It should not be necessary to... It should not be necessary to prove that the substance will cause...

DAIRY

PRESERVATIVES IN MILK.—The... Preservatives in Milk.—The Arizona experiment station has issued...

One morning in July the writer... One morning in July the writer stood at the weigh can of a creamery...

Secret of Beauty is health. The secret of health... Secret of Beauty is health. The secret of health is the power to digest...

SWINE

THE CANADIAN HOG.—A Canadian... The Canadian Hog.—A Canadian newspaper correspondent writes...

PORK FROM HORSEFLESH.—The... Pork from Horseflesh.—The western ranchmen have found a new outlet...

TO BREED OUT CHOLERA.—George... To Breed Out Cholera.—George Murphy is quoted by the Sioux City Tribune...

D. C. GLASSCOCK, a cattleman of... D. C. Glasscock, a cattleman of ten years' residence in Memphis county...

It should not be necessary to... It should not be necessary to prove that the substance will cause...

Are You Prickly Ash Bitters. The Kidney Remedy and System Regulator. Includes image of a man and text describing kidney troubles.

STOCK ON THE PLANS I have suggested... Stock on the plans I have suggested have lost scarcely 5 per cent...

THE BEST EGGS FOR MARKET.—A... The Best Eggs for Market.—A little study of the market for eggs...

RATIONS FOR AUTUMN FEED... Rations for Autumn Feed.—W. A. Henry, director of the Wisconsin experiment station...

WASHED EGGS always command... Washed Eggs always command special attention, and what are called "dirties" in the market...

BRISCOE COUNTY is turning out... Briscoe county is turning out splendid crops this year...

Are You Prickly Ash Bitters. The Kidney Remedy and System Regulator. Includes image of a man and text describing kidney troubles.

Southern Hotel, Elite Hotel, Loustannau & Bergeron, LA CLEDE HOTEL, G. SENTER, LAWYER.

SHEEP--GOATS

Geo. Baylor of Montell, sold to I. D. Pepper of Edwards county, one Angora willy goat for \$75.

J. T. Brown of Sutton, bought of Geo. Baylor of Montell, 7 Angora billies, paying \$40 each.

Geo. Baylor of Montell, received \$50 each, for two Angora billies, sold to Wm. McKee of Junction.

Hector McKenzie of San Angelo, purchased 6000 head of sheep in the Panhandle country, at private terms. The sheep will be driven to Tom Green county and pastured.

GOAT HAIR.—There are two classes of hair growing on the goat; one is known as mohair and the other as fine hair developed originally from the fine undergrowth of hair found on the original wild Asiatic goat, while the kemp is the remainder of the original coarse hair of the wild goat, writes J. Hobson.

Upon examining the best grade of goats, we find that the kemp is very short, about three-quarters of an inch long, and the mohair about eight inches long, and weighs five pounds.

The kemp hair will always be known by being shorter, very coarse, chalky white in color, and having none of the luster which is characteristic of mohair. This kemp character is most on the goat first on the sides and along the ribs, and the last place is along the top of the neck, down the back bone and on the hocks.

There is no person who can tell what length of fleece will grow in a year or how regular this length will be. Hence, to form an accurate judgment as to the value of the fleece it should be examined when there is a full year's growth. A lock of the hair when clipped should be as large as the outer end as the inner end, showing that all the hairs are of the same length.

It will be easily gathered from the above condensation that those who know most about goats have a good deal to learn yet.

WOOL CLASSING.—An English correspondent of wool markets and sheep says: On the majority of sheep stations the classing and "getting up" the clip is given most careful attention. In the classing of small fleeces, it is not always quite sufficient trouble to class their wool properly, and consequently the price of farmers' wool is frequently much below that shown to be its value.

Wool-growers who manage their wool to get more money for it by sending it to market in a heavy, dirty condition, leaving on the sheep anything that is readily disposed of, are really making a mistake. Buyers estimate the value of a clip principally on the net yield of clean wool, and they are not likely to underrate the probable loss during scouring.

Parke, Davis & Company, Detroit, Michigan. BRANCHES: New York City, Kansas City, Mo., Baltimore, Md., New Orleans, La., Walkersville, Ont., and Montreal, Que.

ram should be permanently retained at the head of the flock and bred to the same ewes year after year, as long as it is possible to do so. In this way the flock continues to be similar in the basis of the flock. Then, in choosing a new ram to mate with the get of the other, look for those qualities that are absent in the ewes to be bred to him. It is by balanced breeding that the greatest progress is to be made.

It may be accepted as a truth that every sheep has a fault, and when the ewes are uniformly faulty in any feature of fleece or form, the aim of the shepherd should be to secure a ram to correct it.

Complete election returns from Oklahoma Territory show that the unionists will have a majority of two to one in the legislative house, and the republicans a majority of two in the senate.

SPARROWS EAT GRAPES.—The English sparrow has destroyed a large part of the grape crop in some parts of Oklahoma this year. The crop is not bothered in any way until the fruit begins to ripen. The sparrow then splits the berry on one or two sides and eats part of the pulp.

NEW MEXICO. J. P. White bought of Usher & Adam of Roswell, N. M., 62 head of Short-horns at \$32 each.

Hurd & Clement, New Mexico sheepmen, will add sixty-five fine Michigan-bred bucks to their herds.

Emil Fritz of Lincoln county, N. M., has sold 12,500 head of sheep to Godard & Garrett of Roswell, N. M.

Tom Inglis of Las Vegas, N. M., has about 600 head of cattle on the Ben Cochran on Alamosa creek for the winter.

W. S. Washington of Chaves county, N. M., bought 5000 acres of land from the Roswell Land & Water company. Mr. Washington with the new purchase has 1500 acres all in one body.

THE TWIN TERRITORIES. Near Wellston, O. T., 1000 acres of land have been purchased by about 100 negroes from Texas. The land will be divided into cotton patches. About 150 negroes, the first contingent of the colony, arrived on the ground last week.

MISTAKES OF HORSE BREEDING. HOW FARMERS FAIL TO GET THE BEST RESULTS. (By Prof. W. L. Williams, New York Veterinary College.) It is too frequent a weakness of man to imitate the aristocrats, and whether in dress or horse breeding the result is the same.

STATEHOOD CONVENTION.—At a conference held in Oklahoma City, O. T., between Judge S. B. Bradford, of Ardmore, D. C. Lewis and other prominent men of the Territory, steps were taken to call a convention in the interests of statehood, delegates to be invited both from Oklahoma and Indian territories.

DAVIS, McDONALD & DAVIS, LIVE STOCK COMMISSION MERCHANTS. CENTRAL STOCK YARDS, KENTUCKY ST., WEST OF FAIR GROUNDS, DALLAS, TEXAS.

PAINT TALKS XXXIV. CONCERNING LINED OIL. It may be possible that in time something superior to lined oil for painting purposes will be discovered; it may be that even now something better is known but for practical everyday needs, lined oil is the most important item that goes to the making of good paint.

SOUTHWESTERN RATES TO INTERNATIONAL LIVE STOCK EXPOSITION. Referring to previous correspondence relative to rates to Chicago, account International Live Stock Exposition, the arrangements which have finally been decided upon are as follows:

SPECIAL RATES VIA H. & T. C. R. R. DENISON.—Account Teachers' Association, Agents for Sherman, Mich., will sell round trip tickets to Denison at the child's fare, Nov. 26th, limited to Texas and North of the Gulf.

QUARANTINE ORDER.—Following is the text of the quarantine proclamation recently issued by Governor Hetero: Whereas, it has been represented to the undersigned, the Governor of the Territory of New Mexico, by the Cattle Sanitary Board of said Territory, that the Bureau of Animal Industry of the United States by its order No. 78, dated in Washington, D. C., October 3, 1900, provides that from November 3, 1900, cattle from an area designated, including New Mexico, shall be moved upon authority procured from the proper authorities of the State or Territory which is destined, and without restriction, other than may be enforced by the local authorities at the points of destination, and

Pueblo, Col., has organized a State Fair association, with a capital of \$50,000 and next fall will have a fair, with races and the usual features.

THE KANSAS CITY STOCK YARDS. Finest Equipped, Most Modern and Best Facilities. The Kansas City market, owing to its central location, offers greater advantages than any other. Twenty-two railroads sector at these yards. Largest stock and feeder market in the world. Buyers from the Armour Packing Co., Swift & Co., Schwarzshild & Sulzberger Co., Jacob Dold Packing Co., Cudahy Pkg. Co., Geo. Fowler, Son & Co., Ltd. Principal buyers for Export and Domestic Markets in constant attendance.

ELMORE-COOPER LIVE STOCK COMMISSION CO. Capital Stock \$100,000.00 FULLY PAID UP. DIRECTORS: Frank Cooper, Wm. Elmore, National Live Stock Commission. MONEY TO LOAN ON TEXAS CATTLE.

Tamblyn & Tamblyn, Live Stock Commission Agents, KANSAS CITY, CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS, TEXAS DEPARTMENT. B. T. WARE, Mgr., Fort Worth, Tex. J. T. SPEAR, Mgr., Quanah, Tex. GEO. W. WOLFFARTH, Agt., Amarillo, Tex.

ALBERT MONTGOMERY & CO., LD. Commission Merchants. CATTLE, HOGS AND SHEEP. Stock Landings, NEW ORLEANS, LA. P. O. Box 558. Established in 1850. We do exclusively a Commission Business.

THE LIVE STOCK MARKET OF ST. LOUIS. The St. Louis NATIONAL STOCK YARDS. Located at E. St. Louis, Ill., Directly Opposite the City of St. Louis. Shippers should see that their stock is billed directly to the NATIONAL STOCK YARDS.

THE BURLINGTON'S GREAT PUBLICATION ON NEBRASKA, ENTITLED "THE CORN BELT". The possibilities of Nebraska's fertile soil are now beginning to be appreciated. Nebraska is second among the sugar beet producing, and has already become one of the great corn growing and stock raising states.

THE NEW ROUTE OPEN. Coon's Belt Will Have Two Trains a Day North of Fair Oaks. The extension of the Chicago & Eastern Illinois road from Merion, Ill., to Chicago, to connect with the Cotton Belt, was completed some months ago. The new train in shape for last passenger service May 15th.

"Pastor Vaccine" SAVES CATTLE FROM BLACKLEG. "BLACKLEG" WORTH BLACKLEG. Nearly 2,000,000 successfully treated in U. S. and Canada during the last 5 years. Cheap, safe and easy to use. Pamphlet with full particulars, official endorsements and testimonials sent FREE on application.

Pastor Vaccine Co., Chicago. BRANCHES: St. Paul, Kansas City, Omaha, Ft. Worth, San Francisco. YOU CAN PREVENT BLACKLEG among your cattle by the use of Parke, Davis & Co's BLACKLEG VACCINE. Every lot is tested on cattle and found reliable before a single dose is put on the market. It will prevent BLACKLEG if fresh product is used, the same as vaccination prevents Smallpox in the human family. Operation simple, and easy to perform. Specific P. D. & Co.'s, and get the kind that is always reliable. For sale by all druggists. Write us for literature and full information, free on request.